



In Bedrock
Vocabulary,
we are
Learning...





Definition: (noun)

- mutual trust and friendship

camaraderie



camaraderie

/ˌkəməˈrɑːd(ə)ri, ˌkəməˈrad(ə)ri/

Origin

FRENCH

camarade → camaraderie
comrade mid 19th century

mid 19th century: from French, from *camarade* 'comrade'.

Synonyms:

- friendship
- solidarity



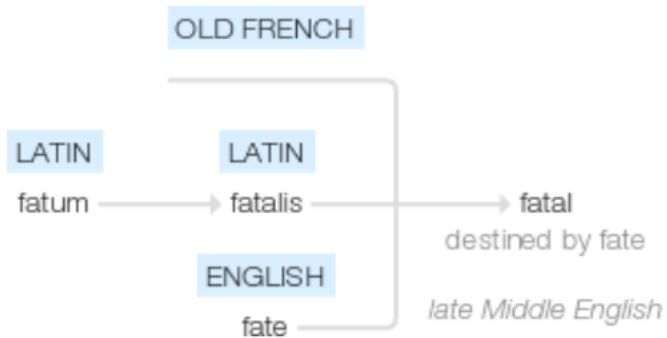
Definition: (adjective)

- causing death/ destruction

fatal

 fatal
/ˈfeɪt(ə)l/

Origin



late Middle English (in the senses ‘destined by fate’ and ‘ominous’): from Old French, or from Latin *fatalis*, from *fatum* (see [fate](#)).

Synonyms:

- deadly
- lethal



Definition: (noun)

- a line or a border
- an extreme limit

frontier



frontier

/ˈfrʌntɪə,frʌnˈtɪə/

Origin

LATIN

OLD FRENCH

frons
front-
front

→

frontiere

→

frontier

late Middle English

late Middle English: from Old French *frontiere*, based on Latin *frons*, *front-* 'front'.

Synonyms:

- edge
- boundary



Definition: (noun)

- a tool for precision work
- a measuring device

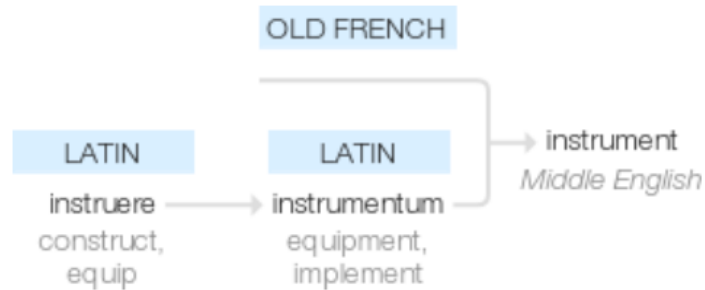
instrument



instrument

/ˈɪnstrʊm(ə)nt/

Origin



Middle English: from Old French, or from Latin *instrumentum* 'equipment, implement', from the verb *instruere* 'construct, equip'.

Synonyms:

- implement
- apparatus



Definition:

- to twist or pull (verb)
- a tightening tool (noun)
- a feeling of sadness (noun)

wrench



wrench

/rɛn(t)ʃ/

Origin

OLD ENGLISH

wrencan → wrench

late Old English *wrencan* 'twist', of unknown origin.

Synonyms:

- implement
- apparatus



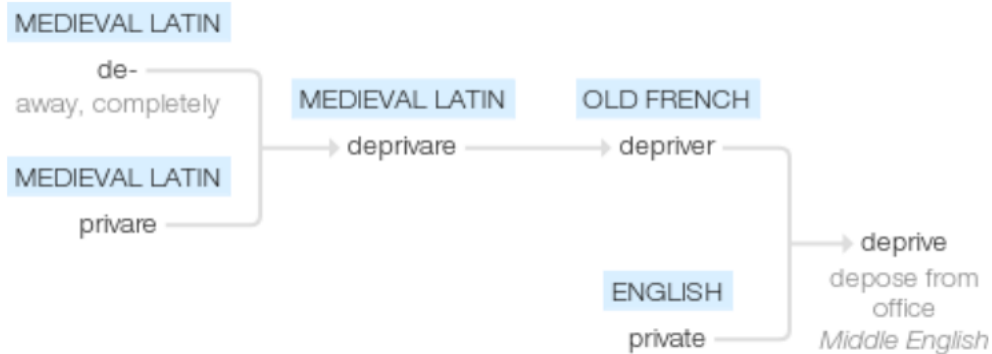
Definition: (verb)

- to prevent or take away

deprive

 deprive
/dɪˈpraɪv/

Origin



Middle English (in the sense 'depose from office'): from Old French *depriver*, from medieval Latin *deprive*, from *de-* 'away, completely' + *privare* (see [private](#)).

Synonyms:

- deny
- remove



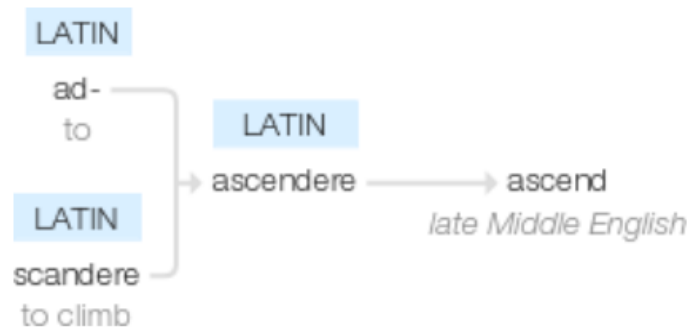
Definition: (verb)

- to rise or move up

ascend

 ascend
/əˈsɛnd/

Origin



late Middle English: from Latin *ascendere*, from *ad-* 'to' + *scandere* 'to climb'.

Synonyms:

- climb
- soar



Definition:

- strong, warm, friendly (adj)
- a sweet drink (noun)

cordial



cordial

/ˈkɔːdiəl/

Origin



Middle English (also in the sense 'belonging to the heart'): from medieval Latin *cordialis*, from Latin *cor*, *cord-* 'heart'.

Synonyms:


- pleasant (adj)
- squash (noun)



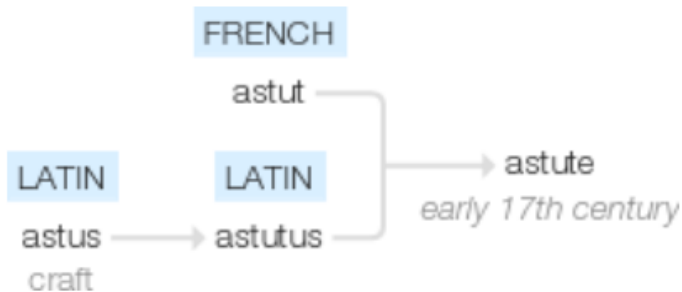
Definition: (adjective)

- smart and perceptive at working things out

astute

 astute
/ə'stju:t/

Origin



early 17th century: from obsolete French *astut* or Latin *astutus*, from *astus* 'craft'.

Synonyms:

- incisive
- judicious



Definition: (noun)

- lack of interest, care or concern

apathy



apathy

/ˈapəθi/

Origin

early 17th century: from French *apathie*, via Latin from Greek *apatheia*, from *apathēs* 'without feeling', from *a-* 'without' + *pathos* 'suffering'.

Synonyms:


- indifference
- unconcern



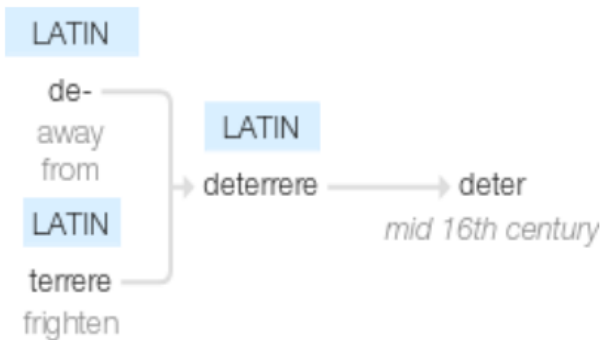
Definition: (verb)

- to discourage someone from doing something

deter

 **deter**
/dɪˈteɪ/

Origin



mid 16th century: from Latin *detertere*, from *de-* 'away from' + *terrere* 'frighten'.

Synonyms:

- prevent
- dissuade



Definition:

- to try to achieve a goal (verb)
- an ambition (noun)

endeavour



endeavour

/ɪnˈdeɪvə, ɛnˈdeɪvəl/

Origin

MIDDLE ENGLISH

put oneself in devoir
do one's utmost

ENGLISH

devoir

endeavour
exert oneself
late Middle English

late Middle English (in the sense 'exert oneself'): from the phrase *put oneself in devoir* 'do one's utmost' (see [devoir](#)).

Synonyms:

- attempt
- effort



Definition: (adjective)

- Quick or hasty, not thorough or detailed

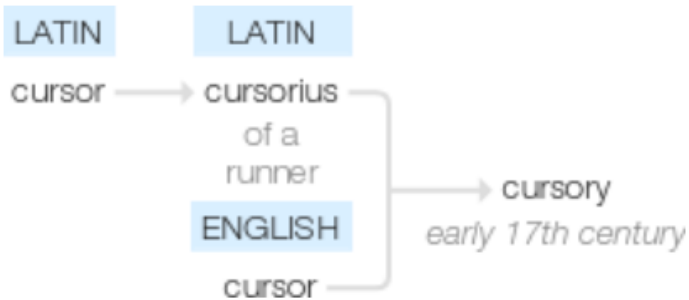
cursor



cursor

/ˈkəːs(ə)ri/

Origin



early 17th century: from Latin *cursorius* 'of a runner', from *cursor* (see [cursor](#)).

Synonyms:

- superficial
- perfunctory



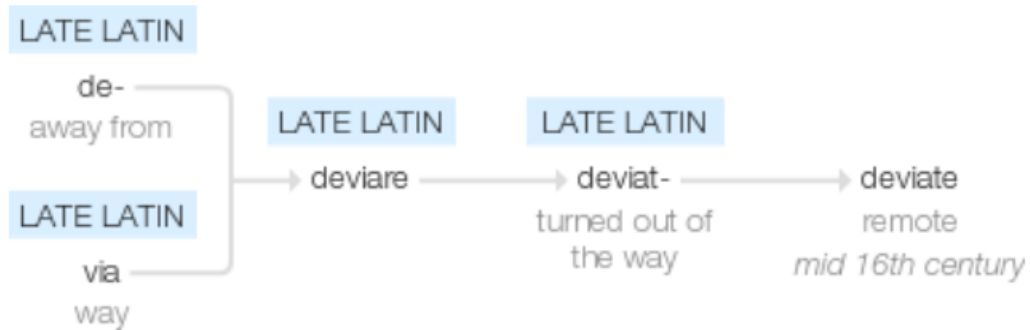
Definition: (verb)

- to go against what is required or expected

deviate

deviate

Origin



mid 16th century (as an adjective in the sense 'remote'): from late Latin *deviat-* 'turned out of the way', from the verb *deviare*, from *de-* 'away from' + *via* 'way'. The verb dates from the mid 17th century.

Synonyms:

- stray
- digress



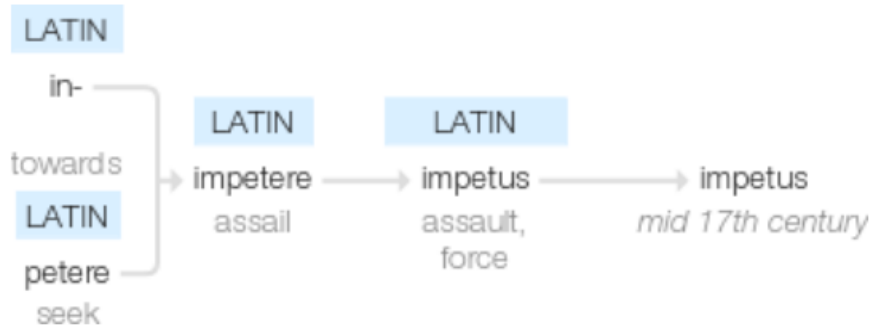
Definition: (noun)

- the force or drive to make something move or happen

impetus

 **impetus**
/'impɪtəs/

Origin



mid 17th century: from Latin, 'assault, force', from *impetere* 'assail', from *in-* 'towards' + *petere* 'seek'.

Synonyms:

- motivation
- energy



‘The athlete’s disappointment gave him the **impetus** to succeed in the following race.’





‘You mustn’t deviate from the route.’





‘A cursory glance at your coding tells me you’ve understood.’





‘Good luck
with your
next
endeavour.’





‘To deter citizens from vandalism, the council installed a security camera.’





‘It takes an **astute** thinker to understand cumulative frequency.’



‘Everyone
loved the
cordial; it
received a
cordial
response!’





‘Christians
believe that
Jesus **ascended**
into Heaven
after the
resurrection.’





‘The soldiers in the
trenches showed
camaraderie.’





‘The market segmentation highlighted people’s **apathy** towards the product.’



‘It was a wrench for the two characters to part.’





‘There was every
instrument imaginable
in the orchestra!’





‘Choose
the
correct
instrument
to add the
solution.’





‘The actors’
camaraderie
really shone
through
in the
performance.’



‘The painting
challenged all
existing
frontiers of
the time.’





‘I’ll endeavour to speak Spanish on my holiday.’





‘To deprive
people of
good care is
to ruin their
quality of
life.’



‘Use an
adjustable
wrench to
tighten the
bolt.’



‘Macbeth’s **fatal** flaw is
his hubris.’

