

# **Project Manual**

# ROOF REPLACEMENT John Adams Elementary School

5651 Rayburn Avenue, Alexandria, Virginia



prepared for Alexandria City Public Schools

March 11, 2020

Division	Section Title	Pages
DIVISION 00	PROCUREMENT AND CONTRACTING DOCUMENTS GROUP - PROCUREMENT AND CONTRACTING REQUIREMENTS	
00 0101	PROJECT TITLE PAGE	1
00 3143	PERMIT APPLICATION	1
00 4321	ALLOWANCE FORM	1
00 4322	UNIT PRICES FORM	4
DIVISION 01	SPECIFICATIONS GROUP  General Requirements Subgroup  GENERAL REQUIREMENTS	
01 1000	SUMMARY	5
01 2100	ALLOWANCES	6
01 2200	UNIT PRICES	5
01 3233	PHOTOGRAPHIC DOCUMENTATION	2
DIVISION 02	Facility Construction Subgroup - EXISTING CONDITIONS	
02 4119	SELECTIVE DEMOLITION	5
DIVISION 03	- CONCRETE	
03 5413.10	GYPSUM DECK REPAIR	4
DIVISION 04	- MASONRY	
04 0120.63	BRICK MASONRY REPAIR & REPOINTING	15
DIVISION 05	- METALS	
05 3100	STEEL DECKING	6
05 5133	METAL LADDERS	4
DIVISION 06	- WOOD, PLASTICS, AND COMPOSITES	

John Adams El	ementary School, ACPS	Bid Set ROOF REPLACEMENT	March 11, 2020
06 1053	MISCELLANEOUS ROL	IGH CARPENTRY	5
06 1600	SHEATHING		3
DIVISION 07	- THERMAL AND MOIST	URE PROTECTION	
07 0150.19	PREPARATION FOR RE	EROOFING	7
07 4213.13	FORMED METAL WALI	_ PANELS	7
07 5419	POLYVINYL-CHLORIDE	E (PVC) ROOFING	14
07 6200	SHEET METAL FLASHI	NG AND TRIM	17
07 7200	ROOF ACCESSORIES		6
07 8413	PENETRATION FIREST	OPPING	4
07 9200	JOINT SEALANTS		7
DIVISION 08	- OPENINGS		
08 6200	UNIT SKYLIGHTS		4
08 6223	TUBULAR SKYLIGHTS		6
DIVISION 09	- FINISHES		
09 9600	HIGH-PERFORMANCE	COATINGS	5
DIVISION 22	- PLUMBING	acility Services Subgroup	
22 0529	HANGERS AND SUPPO	ORTS FOR PLUMBING PIPING AND EQUIPMENT	6
22 1413	FACILITY STORM DRA	INAGE PIPING	6
22 1423	STORM DRAINAGE PIF	PING SPECIALTIES	4

END OF TABLE OF CONTENTS

-0 2/2

#### **DOCUMENT 00 0101 - PROJECT TITLE PAGE**

- 1.1 PROJECT MANUAL VOLUME 1 Bid Set
  - A. Roof Replacement.
  - B. John Adams Elementary School Roof Replacement.
  - C. Alexandria Public Schools.
  - D. Engineer Project No. 908.024.
  - E. Restoration Engineering, Inc. .
  - F. 10503 West Drive, Suite A.



G.

- H. Phone: 703-272-7787.
- I. Fax: 703-272-7786.
- J. Website: www.rei1.com.
- K. Issued: March 5, 2020.
- L. Copyright 2020 Restoration Engineering, Inc., . All rights reserved.

END OF DOCUMENT 00 0101

#### **DOCUMENT 00 3143 - PERMIT APPLICATION**

#### 1.1 PERMIT APPLICATION INFORMATION

- A. This Document with its referenced attachments is part of the Procurement and Contracting Requirements for Project. They provide Owner's information for Bidders' convenience and are intended to supplement rather than serve in lieu of the Bidders' own investigations. This Document and its attachments are not part of the Contract Documents.
- B. Permit Application: Complete building permit application and file with authorities having jurisdiction within five days of the Notice to Proceed .

END OF DOCUMENT 00 3143

### **DOCUMENT 00 4321 - ALLOWANCE FORM**

1.1	BID INFORMATION				
A.	Bidder:				
В.	Project Name: John Adams Elementary School Roof Replacement.				
C.	Project Location: Alexandria, Virginia, 22331.				
D.	Owner: Alexandria Public Schools.				
E.	Architect: Restoration Engineering, Inc				
F.	Architect Project Number: 908.024 .				
1.2	BID FORM SUPPLEMENT				
A.	This form is required to be attached to the Bid Form.				
В.	The undersigned Bidder certifies that Base Bid submission to which this Bid Supplement is attached includes those allowances described in the Contract Documents and scheduled in Section 01 2100 "Allowances."				
1.3	SUBMISSION OF BID SUPPLEMENT				
A.	Respectfully submitted this day of, 2020 .				
В.	Submitted By:(Insert name of bidding firm or corporation).				
C.	Authorized Signature:(Handwritten signature).				
D.	Signed By:(Type or print name).				
E.	Title:(Owner/Partner/President/Vice President).				

END OF DOCUMENT 00 4321

ALLOWANCE FORM-00 4321 1/1

#### **DOCUMENT 00 4322 - UNIT PRICES FORM**

1.1	BID INFORMATION				
A.	Bidder:				
В.	Project Name: Roof Replacement - John Adams Elementary School.				
C.	Project Location: 5651 Rayburn Avenue, Alexandria, VA 22311.				
D.	Owner: Alexandria City Public Schools.				
E.	Engineer: Restoration Engineering, Inc.				
F.	Engineer Project Number: 908.024.				
1.2	BID FORM SUPPLEMENT				
A.	This form is required to be attached to the Bid Form.				
В.	The undersigned Bidder proposes the amounts below be added to or deducted from the Contract Sum on performance and measurement of the individual items of Work and for adjustment of the quantity given in the Unit-Price Allowance for the actual measurement of individual items of the Work.				
C.	If the unit price does not affect the Work of this Contract, the Bidder shall indicate "NOT APPLICABLE."				
1.3	UNIT PRICES FOR MISCELLANEOUS REPAIRS				
A.	Unit-Price No. 1: Workcode G1MR: General Maintenance & Repair				
	1. See Section 02 4119 "Selective Demolition", Para 3.1				
	2 Dollars (\$) per Unit.				
1.4	UNIT PRICES FOR GYPSUM DECK REPAIRS				
A.	Unit-Price No. 2: Workcode <b>R1GP</b> : Gypsum Deck Patch/Repair - Small Repair)				
	1. See Section 03 5413.10 "Gypsum Deck Repair", Para. 3.2				
	2 Dollars (\$) per Unit.				

Unit-Price No. 3: Workcode **X1GP**: Gypsum Deck Patch/Repair - Large Repair)

В.

1.	See Section 03 5413.10 "Gypsum Deck Repair", Para. 3.3	
2.	Dollars (\$	) per Unit.
UNIT	PRICES FOR BRICK MASONRY REPAIR AND REPOINTING	
Unit-	Price No. 4: Workcode <b>X1MS:</b> Brick Removal and Replacement	
1.	See Section 04 2613 "Brick Masonry Repair and Repointing", Para 3.3	
2.	Dollars (\$	) per Unit.
Unit-	Price No. 5: Workcode <b>R1MS:</b> Brick Masonry Repointing	
1.	See Section 04 2613 "Brick Masonry Repair and Repointing", Para 3.4	
2.	Dollars (\$	) per Unit.
Unit-	Price No. 6: Workcode <b>R2MS:</b> Horizontal Bed Joint Reinforcing	
1.	See Section 04 2613 "Brick Masonry Repair and Repointing", Para 3.5	
2.	Dollars (\$	) per Unit.
Unit-	Price No. 7: Workcode <b>R3MS:</b> Install Helical Wall Ties	
1.	See Section 04 2613 "Brick Masonry Repair and Repointing", Para 3.6	
2.	Dollars (\$	) per Unit.
Unit-		
1.	See Section 04 2613 "Brick Masonry Repair and Repointing", Para 3.7	
2.	Dollars (\$	) per Unit.
Unit-	Price No. 9: Workcode <b>R2SE:</b> Reseal Control Joints	
1.	See Section 04 2613 "Brick Masonry Repair and Repointing", Para 3.8	
2.	Dollars (\$	) per Unit.
Unit-		
1.	See Section 04 2613 "Brick Masonry Repair and Repointing", Para 3.9	
2.	Dollars (\$	) per Unit.
	2.  UNIT Unit- 1. 2. Unit- 1. 2. Unit- 1. 2. Unit- 1. 2. Unit- 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	UNIT PRICES FOR BRICK MASONRY REPAIR AND REPOINTING Unit-Price No. 4: Workcode X1MS: Brick Removal and Replacement  See Section 04 2613 "Brick Masonry Repair and Repointing", Para 3.3  Dollars (\$

1	6	LIMIT PRICES	FOR STEEL	DECK REPAIRS
Ι.	. U	CHALL LIMES		- 171 (71) 131 1 (41) 13

A.	k					
	1. See Section 05 3100 "Steel Decking", Para 3.4					
	2.		Dollars (\$	) per Unit.		
В.	Unit	Price No. 12: Workcode <b>R1SD:</b> Reinforcement	of Deteriorated Roof Deck			
	1.	See Section 05 3100 "Steel Decking", Para 3	3.5			
	2.		Dollars (\$	) per Unit.		
C.	Unit	ching at small Deficiencies/V	oids '			
	1.	See Section 05 3100 "Steel Decking", Para	3.6			
	2.		Dollars (\$	) per Unit.		
1.7	UNIT	PRICES FOR WOOD BLOCKING REPAIRS				
A.	Blocking					
	2.		Dollars (\$	) per Unit.		
В.	Unit Price No. 15: Workcode <b>R2/8WD</b> : Replacement of Deteriorated 2 X 8 Wood Blocking					
	1.	See Section 06 1053 "Miscellaneous Rough	n Carpentry", Para 3.3.C			
	2.		Dollars (\$	) per Unit.		
C.	Unit	Price No. 16: Workcode <b>R2/10WD</b> : Replaceme	ent of Deteriorated 2 X 10 Wo	od Blocking		
	1.	See Section 06 1053 "Miscellaneous Rough	n Carpentry", Para 3.3.D			
	2.		Dollars (\$	) per Unit.		
D.	Unit	Price No. 17: Workcode <b>R2/12WD</b> : Replaceme	ent of Deteriorated 2 X 12 Wo	od Blocking		
	1.	See Section 06 1053 "Miscellaneous Rough	n Carpentry", Para 3.3.E			
	2.		Dollars (\$	) per Unit.		

1.8	UNIT PRICES FOR SHEATHING REPLACEMENT
-----	---------------------------------------

A.	Unit Price No	Unit Price No. 18: Workcode R1SH: Replace existing Parapet Sheathing								
	1. See S	Section 06 1600 "	Sheathing", F	Para. 3.3						
	2				Dollars (\$			) per	Unit.	
1.9	UNIT PRICES	S FOR ADDITIONA	L DRAINS &	DRAINLINE	:S					
A.	Unit Price No	o. 19: Workcode <b>)</b>	(1RD: Install	Additional I	Orain Body					
	1. See S	ection 22 1423 "S	Storm Drainaç	ge Piping S	pecialties", Para	3.4				
	2.				Dollars (\$			) per	Unit.	
В.	Unit Price No	o. 20: Workcode )	(1PIPE: Insta	II Additiona	l Drain Piping					
	1. See Section 22 1413 "Facility Storm Drainage Piping", Para 3.9									
	2				Dollars (\$			) per	Unit.	
1.10	SUBMISSION	N OF BID SUPPLE	MENT							
A.	Respectfully	submitted this	day of		, 2020.					
В.	Submitted corporation)	Ву:			(Insert	name	of	bidding	firm	or
C.	Authorized S	Authorized Signature:(Handwritten signature).								
D.	Signed By:_	Signed By:(Type or print name).								
E.	Title:	Title: (Owner/Partner/President/Vice President).								

END OF DOCUMENT 00 4322

#### **SECTION 01 1000 - SUMMARY**

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

#### A. Section Includes:

- 1. Project information.
- 2. Work covered by Contract Documents.
- 3. Phased construction.
- 4. Work under Owner's separate contracts.
- 5. Contractor's use of site and premises.
- 6. Coordination with occupants.
- 7. Work restrictions.
- 8. Specification and Drawing conventions.
- 9. Miscellaneous provisions.

#### B. Related Requirements:

1. Section 01 5000 "Temporary Facilities and Controls" for limitations and procedures governing temporary use of Owner's facilities.

#### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. Work Package: A group of specifications, drawings, and schedules prepared by the design team to describe a portion of the Project Work for pricing, permitting, and construction.

#### 1.4 PROJECT INFORMATION

- A. Project Identification: John Adams Elementary School Roof Replacement.
  - 1. Project Location: Alexandria, Virginia.
- B. Owner: Alexandria City Public Schools, Alexandria, Virginia, 22314.
  - 1. Owner's Representative: Alex Alexander, P.E..
- C. Architect: Restoration Engineering, Inc., Fairfax, Virginia, 22030.

SUMMARY-01 1000 1/5

- 1. Architect's Representative: G. Blake Giddens, P.E., Restoration Engineering, Inc. .
- D. Project Coordinator for Multiple Contracts: Owner shall serve as Project coordinator.

#### 1.5 WORK COVERED BY CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

- A. The Work of Project is defined by the Contract Documents and includes, but is not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Removal of the existing coal tar built-up roofing system, insulation and CSPE recovery roof system and installation of new insulation and PVC Roofing Membrane and other Work indicated in the Contract Documents.

#### B. Type of Contract:

1. Project will be constructed under a single prime contract.

#### 1.6 PHASED CONSTRUCTION

- A. Construct the Work in phases, with each phase substantially complete as indicated on Drawings.
- B. Before commencing Work of each phase, submit an updated copy of Contractor's construction schedule, showing the sequence, commencement and completion dates for all phases of the Work.

#### 1.7 WORK PERFORMED BY OWNER

A. Cooperate fully with Owner, so work may be carried out smoothly, without interfering with or delaying Work under this Contract or work by Owner. Coordinate the Work of this Contract with work performed by Owner.

#### 1.8 WORK UNDER OWNER'S SEPARATE CONTRACTS

- A. Work with Separate Contractors: Cooperate fully with Owner's separate contractors, so work on those contracts may be carried out smoothly, without interfering with or delaying Work under this Contract or other contracts. Coordinate the Work of this Contract with work performed under Owner's separate contracts.
- B. Concurrent Work: Owner will award and will assign to Contractor separate contract(s) for the following construction operations at Project site. Those operations will be conducted simultaneously with Work under this Contract.
  - 1. Kitchen Renovation 200017: To for Kitchen Renovation. This work will include extensive renovations to the kitchen including rooftop mechanical equipment.
    - a. This work is scheduled to be performed during the Summer of 2020, concurrent with Phase I of this work. The Contractor should coordinate operations with ongoing Kitchen Renovation work to avoid potential conflicts.

SUMMARY-01 1000 2/5

#### 1.9 CONTRACTOR'S USE OF SITE AND PREMISES

- A. Restricted Use of Site: [**Each** ]Contractor shall have limited use of Project site for construction operations as indicated on Drawings by the Contract limits and as indicated by requirements of this Section.
- B. Limits on Use of Site: Limit use of Project site to Work in areas areas within the Contract limits indicated. Do not disturb portions of Project site beyond areas in which the Work is indicated.
  - 1. Driveways, Walkways and Entrances: Keep driveways loading areas, and entrances serving premises clear and available to Owner, Owner's employees, and emergency vehicles at all times. Do not use these areas for parking or for storage of materials.
    - a. Schedule deliveries to minimize use of driveways and entrances by construction operations.
    - b. Schedule deliveries to minimize space and time requirements for storage of materials and equipment on-site.
- C. Condition of Existing Building: Maintain portions of existing building affected by construction operations in a weathertight condition throughout construction period. Repair damage caused by construction operations.
- D. Condition of Existing Grounds: Maintain portions of existing grounds, landscaping, and hardscaping affected by construction operations throughout construction period. Repair damage caused by construction operations.

#### 1.10 COORDINATION WITH OCCUPANTS

- A. Partial Owner Occupancy: Owner will occupy the premises during entire construction period, with the exception of areas under construction. Cooperate with Owner during construction operations to minimize conflicts and facilitate Owner usage. Perform the Work so as not to interfere with Owner's operations. Maintain existing exits unless otherwise indicated.
  - Maintain access to existing walkways, corridors, and other adjacent occupied or used facilities. Do not close or obstruct walkways, corridors, or other occupied or used facilities without written permission from Owner and authorities having jurisdiction.
  - 2. Provide not less than 72 hours' notice to Owner of activities that will affect Owner's operations.

#### 1.11 WORK RESTRICTIONS

- A. Comply with restrictions on construction operations.
  - 1. Comply with limitations on use of public streets, work on public streets, rights of way, and other requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. On-Site Work Hours: Limit work to between 7:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, unless otherwise indicated. Work hours may be modified to meet Project requirements if approved by Owner and authorities having jurisdiction.

SUMMARY-01 1000 3/5

- 1. Weekend Hours: Saturday work is permitted with prior approval. Sunday work will not be permitted.
- 2. Early Morning Hours: The Contractor may work early morning hours provided construction operations comply with applicable noise/work ordinances. Note that the project site is surrounded by residential development.
- 3. Work in Existing Building: The Contractor will be granted access to the interior of the building to perform necessary work (i.e., drain and drainline installation, checking for leaks, miscellaneous mechanical work, etc.) Access to the interior of the building will be limited to personnel who are performing necessary interior work.
- 4. Hours for Utility Shutdowns: In instances where existing utilities must be interrupted (i.e. rerouting of existing electrical/refrigerant lines for rooftop equipment, etc.), coordinate with Owner to ensure that this work will not disrupt ongoing building operations.
- 5. Hours for Hammer Drilling, Demolition, or other "Noisy" construction activity: Comply with applicable City of Alexandria Noise Ordinance.
- C. Existing Utility Interruptions: Do not interrupt utilities serving facilities occupied by Owner or others unless permitted under the following conditions and then only after arranging for temporary utility services according to requirements indicated:
  - 1. Notify Architect Owner not less than Seven days in advance of proposed utility interruptions.
  - 2. Obtain Owner's written permission before proceeding with utility interruptions.
- D. Smoking and Controlled Substance Restrictions: Use of tobacco products, alcoholic beverages, and other controlled substances within the existing buildingoron Project site is not permitted.
- E. Employee Identification: Provide identification tags for Contractor personnel working on Project site. Require personnel to use identification tags at all times.
- F. Employee Screening: Comply with Owner's requirements for drug and background screening of Contractor personnel working on Project site.
  - 1. Maintain list of approved screened personnel with Owner's representative.

#### 1.12 SPECIFICATION AND DRAWING CONVENTIONS

- A. Specification Content: The Specifications use certain conventions for the style of language and the intended meaning of certain terms, words, and phrases when used in particular situations. These conventions are as follows:
  - Imperative mood and streamlined language are generally used in the Specifications. The words "shall," "shall be," or "shall comply with," depending on the context, are implied where a colon (:) is used within a sentence or phrase.
  - 2. Text Color: Text used in the Specifications, including units of measure, manufacturer and product names, and other text may appear in multiple colors or underlined as part of a hyperlink; no emphasis is implied by text with these characteristics.
  - 3. Specification requirements are to be performed by Contractor unless specifically stated otherwise.

SUMMARY-01 1000 4/5

- B. Division 00 Contracting Requirements: General provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions, apply to all Sections of the Specifications.
- C. Division 01 General Requirements: Requirements of Sections in Division 01 apply to the Work of all Sections in the Specifications.
- D. Drawing Coordination: Requirements for materials and products identified on Drawings are described in detail in the Specifications. One or more of the following are used on Drawings to identify materials and products:
  - 1. Terminology: Materials and products are identified by the typical generic terms used in the individual Specifications Sections.
  - 2. Abbreviations: Materials and products are identified by abbreviations scheduled on Drawings and published as part of the U.S. National CAD Standard.
  - 3. Keynoting: Materials and products are identified by reference keynotes referencing Specification Section numbers found in this Project Manual.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION 01 1000

SUMMARY-01 1000 5/5

#### **SECTION 01 2100 - ALLOWANCES**

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements governing allowances.
- B. Types of allowances include the following:
  - 1. Unit-cost allowances.
- C. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 01 220 "Unit Prices" for procedures for using unit prices, including adjustment of quantity allowances when applicable.

#### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. Allowance is a quantity of work or dollar amount established in lieu of additional requirements, used to defer selection of actual materials and equipment to a later date when direction will be provided to Contractor. If necessary, additional requirements will be issued by Change Order.

#### 1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Submit proposals for purchase of products or systems included in allowances in the form specified for Change Orders.

#### 1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit invoices or delivery slips to show actual quantities of materials delivered to the site for use in fulfillment of each allowance.
- B. Submit time sheets and other documentation to show labor time and cost for installation of allowance items that include installation as part of the allowance.
- C. Coordinate and process submittals for allowance items in same manner as for other portions of the Work.

ALLOWANCES-01 2100 1/6

#### 1.6 UNIT-COST ALLOWANCES

- A. Allowance shall include cost to Contractor of specific products and materials ordered by SCPS or selected by Engineer under allowance and shall include taxes, freight, and delivery to Project site.
- B. Unless otherwise indicated, Contractor's costs for receiving and handling at Project site, labor, installation, overhead and profit, and similar costs related to products and materials ordered by SCPS or selected by Engineer under allowance shall be included as part of the Contract Sum and not part of the allowance.
- C. Unused Materials: Return unused materials purchased under an allowance to manufacturer or supplier for credit to SCPS, after installation has been completed and accepted.
  - 1. If requested by Engineer, retain and prepare unused material for storage by SCPS. Deliver unused material to SCPS's storage space as directed.

#### 1.7 ADJUSTMENT OF ALLOWANCES

- A. Allowance Adjustment: To adjust allowance amounts, prepare a Change Order proposal based on the difference between purchase amount and the allowance, multiplied by final measurement of work-in-place where applicable. If applicable, include reasonable allowances for cutting losses, tolerances, mixing wastes, normal product imperfections, and similar margins.
  - 1. Include installation costs in purchase amount only where indicated as part of the allowance.
  - 2. If requested, prepare explanation and documentation to substantiate distribution of overhead costs and other markups.
  - 3. Submit substantiation of a change in scope of Work, if any, claimed in Change Orders related to unit-cost allowances.
  - 4. SCPS reserves the right to establish the quantity of work-in-place by independent quantity survey, measure, or count.
- B. Submit claims for increased costs because of a change in scope or nature of the allowance described in the Contract Documents, whether for the purchase order amount or Contractor's handling, labor, installation, overhead, and profit.
  - 1. Do not include Contractor's or subcontractor's indirect expense in the Change Order cost amount unless it is clearly shown that the nature or extent of Work has changed from what could have been foreseen from information in the Contract Documents.
  - 2. No change to Contractor's indirect expense is permitted for selection of higher- or lower-priced materials or systems of the same scope and nature as originally indicated.

ALLOWANCES-01 2100 2/6

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

#### **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine products covered by an allowance promptly on delivery for damage or defects. Return damaged or defective products to manufacturer for replacement.

#### 3.2 PREPARATION

A. Coordinate materials and their installation for each allowance with related materials and installations to ensure that each allowance item is completely integrated and interfaced with related work.

#### 3.3 SCHEDULE OF ALLOWANCES FOR GENERAL MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR

- A. Allowance No. 1: Quantity Allowance: Include **250 manhours** of Workcode **G1MR** "Miscellaneous General Maintenance & Repair" as specified in Section 02 4119 "Selective Demolition", Paragraph 3.1.
  - 1. Coordinate quantity allowance adjustment with unit-price requirements in Section 01 2200 "Unit Prices."

#### 3.4 SCHEDULE OF ALLOWANCES FOR GYPSUM DECK REPAIRS

- A. Allowance No. 2: Quantity Allowance: Include <u>40 each</u> of Workcode **R1GP** "Gypsum Deck Patch/Repair Small Repair" as specified in Section 03 5413.10, Para 3.2
  - 1. Coordinate quantity allowance adjustment with unit-price requirements in Section 01 2200 "Unit Prices."
- B. Allowance No. 3: Quantity Allowance: Include **200** square feet of Workcode **X1GP** "Gypsum Deck Patch/Repair Large Repair" as specified in Section 03 5413.10, Para 3.3
  - 1. Coordinate quantity allowance adjustment with unit-price requirements in Section 01 2200 "Unit Prices."

#### 3.5 SCHEDULE OF ALLOWANCES FOR BRICK MASONRY REPAIR AND REPOINTING

- A. Allowance No. 4: Quantity Allowance: Include <u>150 each</u> of Workcode **X1MS** "Brick Removal and Replacement" as specified in Section 04 2613 "Brick Masonry Repair and Repointing", Para 3.3
  - 1. Coordinate quantity allowance adjustment with unit-price requirements in Section 01 2200 "Unit Prices."

ALLOWANCES-01 2100 3/6

- B. Allowance No. 5: Quantity Allowance: Include **2,000 lineal feet** of Workcode **R1MS** "Brick Masonry Repointing" as specified in Section 04 2613 "Brick Masonry Repair and Repointing", Para 3.5
  - 1. Coordinate quantity allowance adjustment with unit-price requirements in Section 01 2200 "Unit Prices."
- C. Allowance No. 6: Quantity Allowance: Include **200 lineal feet** of Workcode **R2MS** "Horizontal Bed Joint Reinforcing" as specified in Section 04 2613 "Brick Masonry Repair and Repointing", Para 3.6
  - 1. Coordinate quantity allowance adjustment with unit-price requirements in Section 01 2200 "Unit Prices."
- D. Allowance No. 7: Quantity Allowance: Include **100 ties (each)** of Workcode **R3MS** "Install Helical Wall Ties" as specified in Section 04 2613 "Brick Masonry Repair and Repointing", Para 3.7
  - 1. Coordinate quantity allowance adjustment with unit-price requirements in Section 01 2200 "Unit Prices."
- E. Allowance No. 8: Quantity Allowance: Include **20 locations (each)** of Workcode **R4MS** "Masonry Unit Patching" as specified in Section 04 2613 "Brick Masonry Repair and Repointing", Para 3.8
  - 1. Coordinate quantity allowance adjustment with unit-price requirements in Section 01 2200 "Unit Prices."
- F. Allowance No. 9: Quantity Allowance: Include **500 lineal feet** of Workcode **R2SE** "Reseal Control Joints" as specified in Section 04 2613 "Brick Masonry Repair and Repointing", Para 3.9
  - 1. Coordinate quantity allowance adjustment with unit-price requirements in Section 01 2200 "Unit Prices."
- G. Allowance No. 10: Quantity Allowance: Include **200 lineal feet** of Workcode **X2SE** "Install New Control Joint in Masonry Veneer"as specified in Section 04 2613 "Brick Masonry Repair and Repointing", Para 3.10
  - 1. Coordinate quantity allowance adjustment with unit-price requirements in Section 01 2200 "Unit Prices."

#### 3.6 SCHEDULE OF ALLOWANCES FOR STEEL DECK REPAIRS

- A. Allowance No. 11: Quantity Allowance: Include **200 square feet** of Workcode **X1SD** "Replacement of Deteriorated Steel Deck" as specified in Section 05 3100 "Steel Decking", Para 3.4
  - 1. Coordinate quantity allowance adjustment with unit-price requirements in Section 01 2200 "Unit Prices."
- B. Allowance No. 12: Quantity Allowance: Include **200 square feet** of Workcode **R1SD** "Reinforcement of Deteriorated Steel Deck" as specified in Section 05 3100 "Steel Decking", Para 3.5

ALLOWANCES-01 2100 4/6

- 1. Coordinate quantity allowance adjustment with unit-price requirements in Section 01 2200 "Unit Prices."
- C. Allowance No. 13: Quantity Allowance: Include <u>50 each</u> of Workcode **R2SD** "Metal Deck Patching at Small Deficiencies/Voids" as specified in Section 05 3100 "Steel Decking", Para 3.6
  - 1. Coordinate quantity allowance adjustment with unit-price requirements in Section 01 2200 "Unit Prices."

#### 3.7 SCHEDULE OF ALLOWANCES FOR WOOD BLOCKING REPAIRS

- A. Allowance No. 14: Quantity Allowance: Include **200 lineal feet** of Workcode **R2/6WD** "Replace 2 x 6 Wood Blocking" as specified in Section 06 1053 "Miscellaneous Rough Carpentry", Para 3.3B
  - 1. Coordinate quantity allowance adjustment with unit-price requirements in Section 01 2200 "Unit Prices."
- B. Allowance No. 15: Quantity Allowance: Include **100 lineal feet** of Workcode **R2/8WD** "Replace 2 x 8 Wood Blocking" as specified in Section 06 1053 "Miscellaneous Rough Carpentry", Para 3.3C
  - 1. Coordinate quantity allowance adjustment with unit-price requirements in Section 01 2200 "Unit Prices."
- C. Allowance No. 16: Quantity Allowance: Include **100 lineal feet** of Workcode **R2/10WD** "Replace 2 x 10 Wood Blocking" as specified in Section 06 1053 "Miscellaneous Rough Carpentry", Para 3.3D
  - 1. Coordinate quantity allowance adjustment with unit-price requirements in Section 01 2200 "Unit Prices."
- D. Allowance No. 17: Quantity Allowance: Include **100 lineal feet** of Workcode **R2/12WD** "Replace 2 x 12 Wood Blocking" as specified in Section 06 1053 "Miscellaneous Rough Carpentry", Para 3.3.E
  - 1. Coordinate quantity allowance adjustment with unit-price requirements in Section 01 2200 "Unit Prices."

#### 3.8 SCHEDULE OF ALLOWANCES FOR SHEATHING REPLACEMENT

- A. Allowance No. 18: Quantity Allowance: Include <u>300 square feet</u> of Workcode **R1SH** "Replace Existing Parapet Sheathing" as specified in Section 06 1600 "Sheathing", Para 3.3
  - 1. Coordinate quantity allowance adjustment with unit-price requirements in Section 01 2200 "Unit Prices."

ALLOWANCES-01 2100 5/6

#### 3.9 SCHEDULE OF ALLOWANCES FOR ADDITIONAL DRAINS AND DRAINLINES

- A. Allowance No. 19: Quantity Allowance: Include <u>4 each</u> of Workcode **X1RD** "Install additional Drain Body" as specified in Section 22 1423 "Storm Drainage Piping Specialties", Para 3.4
  - 1. Coordinate quantity allowance adjustment with unit-price requirements in Section 01 2200 "Unit Prices."
- B. Allowance No. 20: Quantity Allowance: Include **200 lineal feet** of Workcode **X1PIPE** "Install Additional Drain Piping" as specified in Section 22 1413 "Storm Drainage Piping Specialties", Para 3.9
- C. Coordinate quantity allowance adjustment with unit-price requirements in Section 01 2200 "Unit Prices."

END OF SECTION 01 2100

ALLOWANCES-01 2100 6/6

#### **SECTION 01 2200 - UNIT PRICES**

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for unit prices.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 01 210 "Allowances" for procedures for using unit prices to adjust quantity allowances.

#### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. Unit price is an amount incorporated into the Agreement, applicable during the duration of the Work as a price per unit of measurement for materials, equipment, or services, or a portion of the Work, added to or deducted from the Contract Sum by appropriate modification, if the scope of Work or estimated quantities of Work required by the Contract Documents are increased or decreased.

#### 1.4 PROCEDURES

- A. Unit prices include all necessary material, plus cost for delivery, installation, insurance, applicable taxes, overhead, and profit.
- B. Measurement and Payment: See individual Specification Sections for work that requires establishment of unit prices. Methods of measurement and payment for unit prices are specified in those Sections.
- C. Owner reserves the right to reject Contractor's measurement of work-in-place that involves use of established unit prices and to have this work measured, at Owner's expense, by an independent surveyor acceptable to Contractor.
- D. List of Unit Prices: A schedule of unit prices is included in Part 3. Specification Sections referenced in the schedule contain requirements for materials described under each unit price.

UNIT PRICES-01 2200 1/5

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

#### **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

#### 3.1 SCHEDULE OF UNIT PRICES FOR MISCELLANEOUS REPAIRS

- A. Unit Price Workcode **G1MR** General Maintenance & Repair
  - 1. Description: Perform miscellaneous maintenance and repair work according to Section 02 4119 "Selective Demolition", Paragraph 3.1.
  - 2. Unit of Measurement: per manhour.
  - 3. Quantity Allowance: Coordinate unit price with allowance adjustment requirements in Section 01 21.00 "Allowances."

#### 3.2 SCHEDULE OF GYPSUM DECK REPAIRS

- A. Unit Price Workcode **R1GP** Gypsum Deck Patch/Repair Small Repair
  - 1. Description: Perform repairs to existing gypsum decking at isolated, small (less than 2 square feet) locations according to Section 03 5413.10 "Gypsum Deck Repair", Paragraph 3.2
  - 2. Unit of Measurement: per location (less than 2 square feet)
  - 3. Quantity Allowance: Coordinate unit price with allowance adjustment requirements in Section 01 2100 "Allowances."
- B. Unit Price Workcode **X1GP** Gypsum Deck Patch/Repair Large Repair
  - 1. Description: Perform repairs to existing gypsum decking at large repair areas according to Section 03 5413.10 "Gypsum Deck Repair", Paragraph 3.3
  - 2. Unit of Measurement: per square foot
  - 3. Quantity Allowance: Coordinate unit price with allowance adjustment requirements in Section 01 2100 "Allowances."

#### 3.3 SCHEDULE OF UNIT PRICES FOR BRICK MASONRY REPAIR & REPOINTING

- A. Unit Price Workcode **X1MS** Brick Removal and Replacement
  - 1. Description: Perform replacement of cracked/deteriorated brick masonry units according to Section 04 2613 "Brick Masonry Repair & Repointing", Paragraph 3.3.
  - 2. Unit of Measurement: per brick (each).
  - 3. Quantity Allowance: Coordinate unit price with allowance adjustment requirements in Section 01 21.00 "Allowances."
- B. Unit Price Workcode **R1MS** Repointing Brick Masonry Veneer
  - 1. Description: Perform miscellaneous repointing of brick masonry veneer according to Section 04 2613 "Brick Masonry Repair & Repointing", Paragraph 3.4.

UNIT PRICES-01 2200 2/5

- 2. Unit of Measurement: per lineal foot.
- 3. Quantity Allowance: Coordinate unit price with allowance adjustment requirements in Section 01 21.00 "Allowances."

#### C. Unit Price Workcode **R2MS** – Horizontal Bed Joint Reinforcing

- 1. Description: Reinforce existing masonry veneer bed joints according to Section 04 2613 "Brick Masonry Repair & Repointing", Paragraph 3.5.
- 2. Unit of Measurement: per lineal foot.
- 3. Quantity Allowance: Coordinate unit price with allowance adjustment requirements in Section 01 21.00 "Allowances."

#### D. Unit Price Workcode **R3MS** – Install Helical Wall Ties

- 1. Description: Resecure existing masonry veneer to back-up wall with helical wall ties according to Section 04 2613 "Brick Masonry Repair & Repointing", Paragraph 3.6.
- 2. Unit of Measurement: per location (each).
- 3. Quantity Allowance: Coordinate unit price with allowance adjustment requirements in Section 01 21.00 "Allowances."

#### E. Unit Price Workcode **R4MS** – Masonry Unit Patching

- 1. Description: Perform miscellaneous patching of brick masonry veneer according to Section 04 2613 "Brick Masonry Repair & Repointing", Paragraph 3.7.
- 2. Unit of Measurement: per location (each).
- 3. Quantity Allowance: Coordinate unit price with allowance adjustment requirements in Section 01 21.00 "Allowances."

#### F. Unit Price Workcode **R2SE** – Reseal Control Joint

- 1. Description: Replace existing sealant at control joint in brick masonry veneer according to Section 04 2613 "Brick Masonry Repair & Repointing", Paragraph 3.8.
- 2. Unit of Measurement: per lineal foot.
- 3. Quantity Allowance: Coordinate unit price with allowance adjustment requirements in Section 01 21.00 "Allowances."

#### G. Unit Price Workcode **X2SE** – Install new Control Joint in Brick Masonry Veneer

- 1. Description: Saw cut new control joint in brick masonry veneer and seal joint according to Section 04 2613 "Brick Masonry Repair & Repointing", Paragraph 3.9.
- 2. Unit of Measurement: per lineal foot.
- 3. Quantity Allowance: Coordinate unit price with allowance adjustment requirements in Section 01 21.00 "Allowances."

#### 3.4 SCHEDULE OF UNIT PRICES FOR STEEL DECK REPAIRS

A. Unit Price Workcode **X1SD**: Replacement of Deteriorated Steel Roof Deck

UNIT PRICES-01 2200 3/5

#### Bid Set

#### **ROOF REPLACEMENT**

- 1. Description: Remove and replace deteriorated steel decking according to Section 05 3100 "Steel Decking", Paragraph 3.4
- 2. Unit of Measurement: Per Square Foot
- 3. Quantity Allowance: Coordinate unit price with allowance adjustment requirements in Section 01 2100 "Allowances."
- B. Unit Price Workcode **R1SD**: Reinforcement of Deteriorated Steel Roof Deck
  - 1. Description: Reinforce deteriorated steel decking according to Section 05 3100 "Steel Decking", Paragraph 3.5
  - 2. Unit of Measurement: Per Square Foot
  - 3. Quantity Allowance: Coordinate unit price with allowance adjustment requirements in Section 01 2100 "Allowances."
- C. Unit Price Workcode **R2SD**: Metal Deck Patching at small Deficiencies/Voids
  - 1. Description: Repair small voids/deficiencies in existing steel decking according to Section 05 3100 "Steel Decking", Paragraph 3.6.
  - 2. Unit of Measurement: Per Location (each)
  - 3. Quantity Allowance: Coordinate unit price with allowance adjustment requirements in Section 01 2100 "Allowances."

#### 3.5 SCHEDULE OF UNIT PRICES FOR WOOD BLOCKING REPAIRS

- A. Unit Price Workcode **R2/6WD**: Replace Existing Deteriorated 2 x 6 wood blocking.
  - 1. Description: Replace deteriorated 2 x 6 wood blocking according to Section 06 1600 "Miscellaneous Rough Carpentry", Paragraph 3.3.B
  - 2. Unit of Measurement: per lineal foot.
  - 3. Quantity Allowance: Coordinate unit price with allowance adjustment requirements in Section 01 2100 "Allowances."
- B. Unit Price Workcode **R2/8WD**: Replace Existing Deteriorated 2 x 6 wood blocking.
  - 1. Description: Replace deteriorated 2 x 8 wood blocking according to Section 06 1600 "Miscellaneous Rough Carpentry", Paragraph 3.3.C
  - 2. Unit of Measurement: per lineal foot.
  - 3. Quantity Allowance: Coordinate unit price with allowance adjustment requirements in Section 01 2100 "Allowances."
- C. Unit Price Workcode **R2/10WD**: Replace Existing Deteriorated 2 x 6 wood blocking.
  - 1. Description: Replace deteriorated 2 x 10 wood blocking according to Section 06 1600 "Miscellaneous Rough Carpentry", Paragraph 3.3.D
  - 2. Unit of Measurement: per lineal foot.
  - 3. Quantity Allowance: Coordinate unit price with allowance adjustment requirements in Section 01 2100 "Allowances."

UNIT PRICES-01 2200 4/5

#### Bid Set

#### **ROOF REPLACEMENT**

- D. Unit Price Workcode **R2/12WD**: Replace Existing Deteriorated 2 x 12 wood blocking.
  - 1. Description: Replace deteriorated 2 x 6 wood blocking according to Section 06 1600 "Miscellaneous Rough Carpentry", Paragraph 3.3.E
  - 2. Unit of Measurement: per lineal foot.
  - 3. Quantity Allowance: Coordinate unit price with allowance adjustment requirements in Section 01 2100 "Allowances."

#### 3.6 SCHEDULE OF UNIT PRICES FOR SHEATHING REPLACEMENT

- A. Unit Price Workcode **R1SH**: Replace Existing Parapet Sheathing
  - 1. Description: Replace deteriorated parapet sheathing according to Section 06 1600 "Sheathing", Paragraph 3.3
  - 2. Unit of Measurement: per square foot
  - 3. Quantity Allowance: Coordinate unit price with allowance adjustment requirements in Section 01 2100 "Allowances."

#### 3.7 SCHEDULE OF UNIT PRICES FOR ADDITIONAL DRAINS & DRAINLINES

- A. Unit Price Workcode **X1RD**: Install Additional Drain Body
  - 1. Description: Install additional drain body (above and beyond drain locations shown on Drawings) according to Section 22 1423 "Storm Drainage Piping Specialties", Paragraph 3.4.
  - 2. Unit of Measurement: Per Location (each)
  - 3. Quantity Allowance: Coordinate unit price with allowance adjustment requirements in Section 01 2100 "Allowances."
- B. Unit Price Workcode **X1PIPE**: Install Additional Drain Piping
  - 1. Description: Install additional drain piping (above and beyond drain piping shown on Drawings) according to Section 22 1413 "Facility Storm Drainage Piping", Paragraph 3.9.
  - 2. Unit of Measurement: Per Lineal Foot
  - 3. Quantity Allowance: Coordinate unit price with allowance adjustment requirements in Section 01 2100 "Allowances."

END OF SECTION 01 2200

UNIT PRICES-01 2200 5/5

#### **SECTION 01 3233 - PHOTOGRAPHIC DOCUMENTATION**

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for the following:
  - 1. Preconstruction photographs.
  - 2. Periodic construction photographs.

#### B. Related Requirements:

- 1. Section 01 7700 "Closeout Procedures" for submitting photographic documentation as Project Record Documents at Project closeout.
- 2. Section 02 4119 "Selective Demolition" for photographic documentation before selective demolition operations commence.

#### 1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Digital Photographs: Submit image files within three days of taking photographs.
  - 1. Submit photos electronically; or, on CD-ROM or thumb-drive. Include copy of key plan indicating each photograph's location and direction.
  - 2. Identification: Provide the following information with each image description:
    - a. Name of Project.
    - b. Name of Contractor.
    - c. Date photograph was taken.
    - d. Description of location, vantage point, and direction.
    - e. Unique seguential identifier keved to accompanying key plan.

#### 1.4 FORMATS AND MEDIA

- A. Digital Photographs: Provide color images in JPG format, produced by a digital camera with minimum sensor size of 12 megapixels, and at an image resolution of not less than 3200 by 2400 pixels. Use flash in low light levels or backlit conditions.
- B. Metadata: Record accurate date and time from camera.

C. File Names: Name media files with and sequential numbering suffix.

#### 1.5 CONSTRUCTION PHOTOGRAPHS

- A. General: Take photographs with maximum depth of field and in focus.
  - 1. Maintain key plan with each set of construction photographs that identifies each photographic location.
- B. Preconstruction Photographs: Before commencement of the Work, take photographs of Project site and surrounding properties, including existing items to remain during construction, from different vantage points, as directed by Architect.
  - 1. Take 20 photographs to show existing conditions adjacent to property before starting the Work.
- C. Periodic Construction Photographs: Take 20 photographs coinciding with the cutoff date associated with each Application for Payment. Select vantage points to show status of construction and progress since last photographs were taken.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION 01 3233

#### **SECTION 02 4119 - SELECTIVE DEMOLITION**

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Demolition and removal of selected portions of building or structure.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 01 1000 "Summary" for restrictions on use of the premises, Owner-occupancy requirements, and phasing requirements.

#### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Remove: Detach items from existing construction and dispose of them off-site unless indicated to be salvaged or reinstalled.
- B. Remove and Salvage: Detach items from existing construction, in a manner to prevent damage, and deliver to Owner ready for reuse .
- C. Remove and Reinstall: Detach items from existing construction, in a manner to prevent damage, prepare for reuse, and reinstall where indicated.
- D. Existing to Remain: Leave existing items that are not to be removed and that are not otherwise indicated to be salvaged or reinstalled.
- E. Dismantle: To remove by disassembling or detaching an item from a surface, using gentle methods and equipment to prevent damage to the item and surfaces; disposing of items unless indicated to be salvaged or reinstalled.

#### 1.4 MATERIALS OWNERSHIP

A. Unless otherwise indicated, demolition waste becomes property of Contractor.

- B. Historic items, relics, antiques, and similar objects including, but not limited to, cornerstones and their contents, commemorative plaques and tablets, and other items of interest or value to Owner that may be uncovered during demolition remain the property of Owner.
  - 1. Carefully salvage in a manner to prevent damage and promptly return to Owner.

#### 1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Predemolition Photographs or Video: Show existing conditions of adjoining construction, including finish surfaces, that might be misconstrued as damage caused by demolition operations. Comply with Section 01 3233 "Photographic Documentation." Submit before Work begins.
- B. Warranties: Documentation indicating that existing warranties are still in effect after completion of selective demolition.

#### 1.6 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

#### 1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Refrigerant Recovery Technician Qualifications: Certified by an EPA-approved certification program.

#### 1.8 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Owner will occupy portions of building immediately adjacent to selective demolition area. Conduct selective demolition so Owner's operations will not be disrupted.
- B. Conditions existing at time of inspection for bidding purpose will be maintained by Owner as far as practical.
- C. Notify Architect of discrepancies between existing conditions and Drawings before proceeding with selective demolition.
- D. Storage or sale of removed items or materials on-site is not permitted.
- E. Utility Service: Maintain existing utilities indicated to remain in service and protect them against damage during selective demolition operations.
  - 1. Maintain fire-protection facilities in service during selective demolition operations.

#### 1.9 COORDINATION

A. Arrange selective demolition schedule so as not to interfere with Owner's operations.

#### **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

#### 2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with governing EPA notification regulations before beginning selective demolition. Comply with hauling and disposal regulations of authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Standards: Comply with ASSE A10.6 and NFPA 241.

#### **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that utilities have been disconnected and capped before starting selective demolition operations.
- B. Review Project Record Documents of existing construction or other existing condition and hazardous material information provided by Owner. Owner does not guarantee that existing conditions are same as those indicated in Project Record Documents.
- C. Verify that hazardous materials have been remediated before proceeding with building demolition operations.
- D. Survey of Existing Conditions: Record existing conditions by use of preconstruction photographs or video .
  - 1. Comply with requirements specified in Section 01 3233 "Photographic Documentation."
  - 2. Inventory and record the condition of items to be removed and salvaged. Provide photographs or video of conditions that might be misconstrued as damage caused by salvage operations.
  - 3. Before selective demolition or removal of existing building elements that will be reproduced or duplicated in final Work, make permanent record of measurements, materials, and construction details required to make exact reproduction.

#### 3.2 PREPARATION

A. Refrigerant: Before starting demolition, remove refrigerant from mechanical equipment according to 40 CFR 82 and regulations of authorities having jurisdiction.

#### 3.3 UTILITY SERVICES AND MECHANICAL/ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

A. Existing Services/Systems to Remain: Maintain services/systems indicated to remain and protect them against damage.

#### 3.4 PROTECTION

- A. Temporary Protection: Provide temporary barricades and other protection required to prevent injury to people and damage to adjacent buildings and facilities to remain.
  - 1. Provide protection to ensure safe passage of people around selective demolition area and to and from occupied portions of building.
  - 2. Provide temporary weather protection, during interval between selective demolition of existing construction on exterior surfaces and new construction, to prevent water leakage and damage to structure and interior areas.
  - 3. Protect walls, ceilings, floors, and other existing finish work that are to remain or that are exposed during selective demolition operations.
  - 4. Cover and protect furniture, furnishings, and equipment that have not been removed.
- B. Remove temporary barricades and protections where hazards no longer exist.

#### 3.5 SELECTIVE DEMOLITION, GENERAL

- A. General: Demolish and remove existing construction only to the extent required by new construction and as indicated. Use methods required to complete the Work within limitations of governing regulations and as follows:
  - 1. Proceed with selective demolition systematically, from higher to lower level. Complete selective demolition operations above each floor or tier before disturbing supporting members on the next lower level.
  - 2. Neatly cut openings and holes plumb, square, and true to dimensions required. Use cutting methods least likely to damage construction to remain or adjoining construction. Use hand tools or small power tools designed for sawing or grinding, not hammering and chopping. Temporarily cover openings to remain.
  - 3. Cut or drill from the exposed or finished side into concealed surfaces to avoid marring existing finished surfaces.
  - 4. Do not use cutting torches until work area is cleared of flammable materials. At concealed spaces, such as duct and pipe interiors, verify condition and contents of hidden space before starting flame-cutting operations. Maintain portable fire-suppression devices during flame-cutting operations.
  - 5. Maintain fire watch during and for at least 4 hours after flame-cutting operations.
  - 6. Maintain adequate ventilation when using cutting torches.
  - 7. Remove decayed, vermin-infested, or otherwise dangerous or unsuitable materials and promptly dispose of off-site.
  - 8. Locate selective demolition equipment and remove debris and materials so as not to impose excessive loads on supporting walls, floors, or framing.
  - 9. Dispose of demolished items and materials promptly.

#### B. Removed and Reinstalled Items:

- 1. Clean and repair items to functional condition adequate for intended reuse.
- 2. Protect items from damage during transport and storage.

3. Reinstall items in locations indicated. Comply with installation requirements for new materials and equipment. Provide connections, supports, and miscellaneous materials necessary to make item functional for use indicated.

#### 3.6 SELECTIVE DEMOLITION PROCEDURES FOR SPECIFIC MATERIALS

- A. Roofing: Remove no more existing roofing than what can be covered in one day by new roofing and so that building interior remains watertight and weathertight. See Section 07 5419 "PVC Roofing" for new roofing requirements.
  - 1. Remove existing roof membrane, flashings, copings, and roof accessories.
  - 2. Remove existing roofing system down to substrate.

#### 3.7 DISPOSAL OF DEMOLISHED MATERIALS

- A. Remove demolition waste materials from Project site and dispose of them in an EPA-approved construction and demolition waste landfill acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
  - 1. Do not allow demolished materials to accumulate on-site.
  - 2. Remove and transport debris in a manner that will prevent spillage on adjacent surfaces and areas.
  - 3. Remove debris from elevated portions of building by chute, hoist, or other device that will convey debris to grade level in a controlled descent.
- B. Burning: Do not burn demolished materials.

#### 3.8 CLEANING

A. Clean adjacent structures and improvements of dust, dirt, and debris caused by selective demolition operations. Return adjacent areas to condition existing before selective demolition operations began.

END OF SECTION 02 4119

#### **SECTION 03 5413.10 - GYPSUM DECK REPAIR**

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Patching of existing poured-in-place gypsum decking.

#### 1.3 ALLOWANCES

A. Allowances for gypsum deck patching are specified in Section 01 2100 "Allowances. .

#### 1.4 UNIT PRICES

- A. Work of this Section is affected by unit prices specified in Section 01 2200 "Unit Prices".
  - 1. Unit prices apply to authorized work covered by quantity allowances.
  - 2. Unit prices apply to additions to and deletions from Work as authorized by Change Orders.

#### 1.5 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For the following:
  - 1. Gypsum cement patching material.
  - 2. Reinforcement.
  - 3. Primer.

#### 1.6 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Limitations: Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for substrate temperature, ventilation, ambient temperature and humidity, and other conditions affecting underlayment performance.
  - 1. Place gypsum cement patching material only when ambient temperature and temperature of substrates are between 50 and 80 deg F.

#### **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

#### 2.1 GYPSUM PATCH COMPOUND

- A. Gypsum Patching Compound: Specially formulated compound, consisting of calcined gypsum and wood chips or shavings, designed specifically for patching of gypsum roof decks.
  - 1. Available Products: Provide the following:
    - a. Securock Brand Gypsum-Concrete Patch (Formerly "Pyrofill") by USG Roofing Solutions
  - 2. Compressive Strength: 500 psi minimum
  - 3. Set Time: 60 minutes maximum

#### 2.2 ACCESSORIES

- A. Formboard (Option 1): 5/8 inch thick, USG Securock Brand Glass-Mat Roof Board
- B. Formboard (Option 2): 5/8 inch thick, USG Securock Brand Gypsum-Fiber Roof Board
- C. Water: Potable
- D. Bulb Tees: Match existing bulb tees
  - 1. Available Products: #218 Bulb Tees by The Western Fireproofing Company of Kansas, Inc. or equivalent
- E. Woven Wire Mesh: 2 inch hexagonal mesh composed of woven 19-gauge galvanized wires with an additional 16-gauge galvanized longitudinal wire placed at every 3" interval of its width
  - 1. Available Products: Keystone Keydeck Reinforcing Mesh #2160-2-1619 by RedBrand or equivalent

#### **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, with Installer present, for conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Proceed with application only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

#### 3.2 GYPSUM DECK PATCH/REPAIR (WORKCODE **R1GP**) - SMALL PATCH

A. At locations where deteriorated gypsum roof deck is identified following removal of the existing roofing membrane; and, the deterioration is isolated and does not include deterioration of formboard, patch existing decking in accordance with the procedure outlined below.

- B. Remove gypsum fill in area of deteriorated area, down to the surface of the existing formboard. Do NOT cut wire mesh.
- C. Mix and place gypsum patch material in accordance with manufacturer's instructions. Place material above surface of adjacent decking and screed flush with decking.
- D. Allow material to set in accordance with manufacturer's instructions prior to proceeding with installation of new roofing insulation.
- E. An allowance of 40 locations (each) of Workcode R1GP shall be included in the base bid (see Section 00 4321 "Allowance Form" and Section 01 2100 "Allowances"). In the event that total quantity of R1GP exceeds 40 locations, the additional quantity shall be reimbursed on a unit price basis, per location (see Section 00 4322 "Unit Prices Form" and Section 01 2200 "Unit Prices"). Each location shall be considered to be less than 2 square feet.
- F. The Contractor must maintain accurate records and shop drawings of where gypsum deck patching is performed and submit updated documentation with each payment application.

#### 3.3 GYPSUM DECK PATCH/REPAIR (WORKCODE **X1GP**) - LARGE PATCH

- A. At locations where deteriorated gypsum roof deck is identified following removal of the existing roofing membrane; and, the deterioration is such that a small, isolated repair cannot be performed, patch existing decking in accordance with the procedure outlined below.
- B. Remove gypsum fill in area of deterioration between extends of existing formboard panel. Cut wire mesh and remove mesh and formboard. Leave 3 inches of existing wire mesh extending into patch area.
- C. Install new formboards matching size of existing formboard. Install additional steel bulb tees, extending between joists, at end joints that do not fall directly over structural supports. Secure bulb tees to steel joist with four self drilling screws.
- D. Install new wire mesh and tie mesh to remnants of existing wire mesh.
- E. Mix and place gypsum patch material in accordance with manufacturer's instructions. Prime substrates of bulb tees with gypsum slurry to ensure good adhesion. Place material above surface of adjacent decking and screed flush with decking.
- F. Allow material to set in accordance with manufacturer's instructions prior to proceeding with installation of new roofing insulation.
- G. An allowance of 200 square feet (sf) of Workcode **X1GP** shall be included in the base bid (see Section 00 4321 "Allowance Form" and Section 01 2100 "Allowances"). In the event that total quantity of X1GP exceeds 200 square feet, the additional quantity shall be reimbursed on a unit price basis, per square foot (see Section 00 4322 "Unit Prices Form" and Section 01 2200 "Unit Prices").
- H. The Contractor must maintain accurate records and shop drawings of where gypsum deck patching is performed and submit updated documentation with each payment application.

## 3.4 PROTECTION

A. Protect underlayment from concentrated and rolling loads for remainder of construction period.

END OF SECTION 03 5413.10

## SECTION 04 0120.63 - BRICK MASONRY REPAIR & REPOINTING

## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

### A. Section Includes:

- 1. Repairing brick masonry, including replacing units.
- 2. Removing abandoned anchors.

#### 1.3 ALLOWANCES

- A. Allowances for brick masonry repair are specified in Section 01 210 "Allowances."
- B. Brick removal and replacement is part of brick removal and replacement allowance.

#### 1.4 UNIT PRICES

- A. Work of this Section is affected by unit prices specified in Section 01 220 "Unit Prices."
  - 1. Unit prices apply to authorized work covered by quantity allowances.
  - 2. Unit prices apply to additions to and deletions from Work as authorized by Change Orders.

#### 1.5 DEFINITIONS

- A. Low-Pressure Spray: 100 to 400 psi; 4 to 6 gpm.
- B. Rebuilding (Setting) Mortar: Mortar used to set and anchor masonry in a structure, distinct from pointing mortar installed after masonry is set in place.
- C. Saturation Coefficient: Ratio of the weight of water absorbed during immersion in cold water to weight absorbed during immersion in boiling water; used as an indication of resistance of masonry units to freezing and thawing.

#### 1.6 SEQUENCING AND SCHEDULING

- A. Work Sequence: Perform brick masonry repair work in the following sequence, which includes work specified in this and other Sections:
  - 1. Remove plant growth where present.
  - 2. Inspect masonry for open mortar joints, deteriorated ladder reinforcing and other miscellaneous deficiencies and perform repairs, as shown on Drawings, to prevent the intrusion of water and other cleaning materials into the wall.
  - 3. Clean masonry.
  - 4. Rake out mortar from joints surrounding masonry to be replaced and from joints adjacent to masonry repairs along joints.
  - 5. Repair masonry, including replacing existing masonry with new masonry materials.
  - 6. Rake out mortar from joints to be repointed.
  - 7. Point mortar and replace sealant joints as specified in Section 07 9200 "Joint Sealants".
  - 8. After repairs and repointing have been completed and cured, perform a final cleaning to remove residues from this work.

#### 1.7 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
  - 1. Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes.
  - 2. Include recommendations for product application and use. Include test data substantiating that products comply with requirements.
- B. Samples for Initial Selection: For the following:
  - 1. Colored Mortar: Submit sets of mortar that will be left exposed in the form of sample mortar strips, 6 inches long by 1/2 inch wide, set in aluminum or plastic channels.
    - a. Have each set contain a close color range of at least six Samples of different mixes of colored sands and cements that produce a mortar matching existing, cleaned mortar when cured and dry.
    - b. Submit with precise measurements on ingredients, proportions, gradations, and source of colored sands from which each Sample was made.
  - 2. Sand Types Used for Mortar: Minimum 8 oz. of each in plastic screw-top iars.
  - Patching Compound: Submit sets of patching compound Samples in the form of plugs (patches in drilled holes) in sample units of masonry representative of the range of masonry colors on the building.
    - Have each set contain a close color range of at least six Samples of different mixes of patching compound that matches the variations in existing masonry when cured and dry.
  - 4. Include similar Samples of accessories involving color selection.
- C. Samples for Verification: For the following:

- 1. Each type of brick unit to be used for replacing existing units. Include sets of Samples to show the full range of shape, color, and texture to be expected. For each brick type, provide straps or panels containing at least four bricks. Include multiple straps for brick with a wide range.
- 2. Each type of patching compound in the form of briquettes, at least 3 inches long by 1-1/2 inches wide. Document each Sample with manufacturer and stock number or other information necessary to order additional material.
- 3. Accessories: Each type of accessory and miscellaneous support.

#### 1.8 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Preconstruction Test Reports: For existing masonry units and mortar and replacement masonry units.
- B. Quality-control program.

#### 1.9 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Brick Masonry Repair Specialist Qualifications: Engage an experienced brick masonry repair firm to perform work of this Section. Firm shall have completed work similar in material, design, and extent to that indicated for this Project with a record of successful in-service performance. Experience in only installing masonry is insufficient experience for masonry repair work.
  - 1. Field Supervision: Brick masonry repair specialist firm shall maintain experienced full-time supervisors on Project site during times that brick masonry repair work is in progress.
- B. Quality-Control Program: Prepare a written quality-control program for this Project to systematically demonstrate the ability of personnel to properly follow methods and use materials and tools without damaging masonry. Include provisions for supervising performance and preventing damage.
- C. Mockups: Prepare mockups of brick masonry repair to demonstrate aesthetic effects and to set quality standards for materials and execution and for fabrication and installation.
  - 1. Masonry Repair: Prepare sample areas for each type of masonry repair work performed. If not otherwise indicated, size each mockup not smaller than two adjacent whole units or approximately 48 inches in least dimension. Construct sample areas in locations in existing walls where directed by Engineer unless otherwise indicated. Demonstrate quality of materials, workmanship, and blending with existing work. Include the following as a minimum:
    - a. Replacement: Four brick units replaced.
    - b. Patching: Three small holes at least 1 inch in diameter for each type of brick indicated to be patched.
  - 2. Approval of mockups does not constitute approval of deviations from the Contract Documents contained in mockups unless Engineer specifically approves such deviations in writing.
  - 3. Subject to compliance with requirements, approved mockups may become part of the completed Work if undisturbed at time of Substantial Completion.

#### 1.10 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver masonry units to Project site strapped together in suitable packs or pallets or in heavy-duty cartons and protected against impact and chipping.
- B. Deliver packaged materials to Project site in manufacturer's original and unopened containers, labeled with manufacturer's name and type of products.
- C. Store cementitious materials on elevated platforms, under cover, and in a dry location. Do not use cementitious materials that have become damp.
- D. Store hydrated lime in manufacturer's original and unopened containers. Discard lime if containers have been damaged or have been opened for more than two days.
- E. Store sand where grading and other required characteristics can be maintained and contamination avoided.
- F. Handle masonry units to prevent overstressing, chipping, defacement, and other damage.

#### 1.11 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Weather Limitations: Proceed with installation only when existing and forecasted weather conditions permit brick masonry repair work to be performed according to product manufacturers' written instructions and specified requirements.
- B. Temperature Limits, General: Repair masonry units only when air temperature is between 40 and 90 deg F and is predicted to remain so for at least seven days after completion of the Work unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Cold-Weather Requirements: Comply with the following procedures for masonry repair unless otherwise indicated:
  - 1. When air temperature is below 40 deg F, heat mortar ingredients, masonry repair materials, and existing masonry walls to produce temperatures between 40 and 120 deg F.
  - 2. When mean daily air temperature is below 40 deg F, provide enclosure and heat to maintain temperatures above 32 deg F within the enclosure for seven days after repair.
- D. Hot-Weather Requirements: Protect masonry repairs when temperature and humidity conditions produce excessive evaporation of water from mortar and repair materials. Provide artificial shade and wind breaks, and use cooled materials as required to minimize evaporation. Do not apply mortar to substrates with temperatures of 90 deg F and above unless otherwise indicated.
- E. For manufactured repair materials, perform work within the environmental limits set by each manufacturer.

#### **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

## 2.1 MATERIALS, GENERAL

A. Source Limitations: Obtain each type of material for repairing brick masonry (brick, cement, sand, etc.) from single source with resources to provide materials of consistent quality in appearance and physical properties.

## 2.2 MASONRY MATERIALS

- A. Face Brick: As required to complete brick masonry repair work.
  - 1. Brick Matching Existing: Units with colors, color variation within units, surface texture, size, and shape that match existing brickwork and with physical properties
    - a. Physical Properties: Comply with ASTM C67, Grade SW
    - b. For existing brickwork that exhibits a range of colors or color variation within units, provide brick that proportionally matches that range and variation rather than brick that matches an individual color within that range.
  - 2. Special Shapes:
    - a. Provide molded, 100 percent solid shapes for applications where core holes or "frogs" could be exposed to view or weather when in final position and where shapes produced by sawing would result in sawed surfaces being exposed to view.
    - b. Mechanical chopping or breaking brick, or bonding pieces of brick together by adhesive, are unacceptable procedures for fabricating special shapes.
  - 3. Tolerances as Fabricated: According to tolerance requirements in ASTM C 216, Type FBX.

## 2.3 MORTAR MATERIALS

- A. Portland Cement: ASTM C 150/C 150M, Type I or Type II, except Type III may be used for cold-weather construction; white or gray, or both where required for color matching of mortar.
  - 1. Provide cement containing not more than 0.60 percent total alkali when tested according to ASTM C 114.
- B. Hydrated Lime: ASTM C 207, Type S.
- C. Pre-Blended Portland Cement/Lime Mortar: Pre-blended, Type S, Portland Cement / Hydrated Lime mortar complying with ACI 530 and including pigments complying with ASTM C979.
  - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide the following:
    - a. Glen-Gery Corporation; Glen-Gery Mortar, Type S
  - 2. Color: Match Existing (provide a minimum of four color mock-ups for initial selection)
- D. Masonry Cement: ASTM C 91/C 91M.
  - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following
    - a. Hanson Brick and Tile;Lehigh Hanson; Lehigh Flamingo Masonry Cement.

- ). Lafarge North America Inc.: Lafarge Masonry Cement.
- 2. Color: Match Existing (provide a minimum of four color mock-ups for initial selection)
- E. Mortar Sand: ASTM C 144.
  - 1. Exposed Mortar: Match size, texture, and gradation of existing mortar sand as closely as possible. Blend several sands if necessary to achieve suitable match.
  - 2. Colored Mortar: Natural sand or ground marble, granite, or other sound stone of color necessary to produce required mortar color.
- F. Aggregate for Grout: ASTM C 404.
- G. Water: Potable.

#### 2.4 CLEANING MATERIALS

A. See Section 04 0110 "Masonry Cleaning".

## 2.5 MANUFACTURED REPAIR MATERIALS

- A. Brick Patching Compound: Factory-mixed cementitious product that is custom manufactured for patching brick masonry.
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the following:
    - a. Cathedral Stone Products, Inc. M100 Terra Cotta and Brick Repair Mortar
  - 2. Use formulation that is vapor and water permeable (equal to or more than the masonry unit), exhibits low shrinkage, has lower modulus of elasticity than masonry units being repaired, and develops high bond strength to all types of masonry.
  - 3. Use formulation having working qualities and retardation control to permit forming and sculpturing where necessary.
  - 4. Formulate patching compound in colors and textures to match each masonry unit being patched. Provide sufficient number of colors to enable matching of the color, texture, and variation of each unit.

#### 2.6 TIES AND ANCHORS

- A. General: Ties and anchors shall extend at least 1-1/2 inches into veneer but with at least a 5/8-inch cover on outside face.
- B. Materials: Provide ties and anchors specified in this article that are made from materials that comply with the following unless otherwise indicated:
  - 1. Hot-Dip Galvanized, Carbon-Steel Wire: ASTM A 82/A 82M, with ASTM A 153/A 153M, Class B-2 coating.
  - 2. Steel Sheet, Galvanized after Fabrication: ASTM A 1008/A 1008M, Commercial Steel, with ASTM A 153/A 153M, Class B coating.

- C. Non Adjustable Anchors for Connecting to Concrete or CMU Backup Wall: Provide anchors that allow nominal horizontal adjustment but resist tension and compression forces perpendicular to plane of wall.
  - 1. <u>Products:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following

#### **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

#### 3.1 PROTECTION

- A. Prevent mortar from staining face of surrounding masonry and other surfaces.
  - 1. Cover sills, ledges, and other projecting items to protect them from mortar droppings.
  - 2. Keep wall area wet below rebuilding and repair work to discourage mortar from adhering.
  - 3. Immediately remove mortar splatters in contact with exposed masonry and other surfaces.

## 3.2 MASONRY REPAIR, GENERAL

A. Appearance Standard: Repaired surfaces are to have a uniform appearance as viewed from 50 feet away by Engineer.

## 3.3 BRICK REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT (Workcode X1MS)

- A. At locations where existing brick masonry is cracked and removal is approved by the Engineer, remove bricks that are damaged, spalled, or deteriorated. Carefully remove entire units from joint to joint, without damaging surrounding masonry, in a manner that permits replacement with full-size units.
- B. Support and protect remaining masonry that surrounds removal area.
- C. Maintain flashing, reinforcement, lintels, and adjoining construction in an undamaged condition.
- D. Notify Engineer of unforeseen detrimental conditions including voids, cracks, bulges, and loose units in existing masonry backup, rotted wood, rusted metal, and other deteriorated items.
- E. Remove in an undamaged condition as many whole bricks as possible.
  - 1. Remove mortar, loose particles, and soil from brick by cleaning with hand chisels, brushes, and water.
  - 2. Remove sealants by cutting close to brick with utility knife and cleaning with solvents.
- F. Clean masonry surrounding removal areas by removing mortar, dust, and loose particles in preparation for brick replacement.
- G. Replace removed damaged brick with other removed brick in good condition, where possible, matching existing brick. Do not use broken units unless they can be cut to usable size.

- H. Install replacement brick into bonding and coursing pattern of existing brick. If cutting is required, use a motor-driven saw designed to cut masonry with clean, sharp, unchipped edges.
  - 1. Maintain joint width for replacement units to match existing joints.
  - 2. Use setting buttons or shims to set units accurately spaced with uniform joints.
- I. Lay replacement brick with rebuilding (setting) mortar and with completely filled bed, head, and collar joints. Butter ends with enough mortar to fill head joints and shove into place. Wet both replacement and surrounding bricks that have ASTM C 67 initial rates of absorption (suction) of more than 30 g/30 sq. in. per min. Use wetting methods that ensure that units are nearly saturated but surface is dry when laid.
  - 1. Tool exposed mortar joints in repaired areas to match joints of surrounding existing brickwork.
  - 2. Rake out mortar used for laying brick before mortar sets according to Section 04 01 "Brick Masonry Repointing." Point at same time as repointing of surrounding area.
  - 3. When mortar is hard enough to support units, remove shims and other devices interfering with pointing of joints.
- J. Curing: Cure mortar by maintaining in thoroughly damp condition for at least 72 consecutive hours, including weekends and holidays.
  - 1. Hairline cracking within the mortar or mortar separation at edge of a joint is unacceptable. Completely remove such mortar and repoint.
- K. An allowance of 150 bricks (each) of Workcode X1MS shall be included in the base bid (see Section 00 4321 "Allowance Form" and Section 01 2100 "Allowances"). In the event that total quantity of X1MS exceeds 150 bricks, the additional quantity shall be reimbursed on a unit price basis, per square foot (see Section 00 4322 "Unit Prices Form" and Section 01 2200 "Unit Prices").
- L. The Contractor must maintain accurate records and shop drawings of where brick masonry replacement is performed and submit updated documentation with each payment application.

#### 3.4 BRICK REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT FOR THROUGH-WALL FLASHING

- A. At locations indicated, remove bricks that are damaged, spalled, or deteriorated or are to be reused. Carefully remove entire units from joint to joint, without damaging surrounding masonry, in a manner that permits replacement with full-size units.
  - 1. When removing single bricks, remove material from center of brick and work toward outside edges.
- B. Remove and salvage at least 75% of existing brick masonry as required to install new flashings as shown on the Drawings or as stated in these Specifications. Provide temporary shoring so masonry is supported a maximum of two feet on center.
- C. Support and protect remaining masonry that surrounds removal area.
- D. Install new through-wall flashings in accordance with Section 07 6200 "Sheet Metal Flashing and Trim".

## E. Maintain flashing, reinforcement, lintels, and adjoining construction in an undamaged condition.

Coordinate with new flashing installation, which is specified in other Sections.

- F. Notify Engineer of unforeseen detrimental conditions including voids, cracks, bulges, and loose units in existing masonry backup, rotted wood, rusted metal, and other deteriorated items.
- G. Remove in an undamaged condition as many whole bricks as possible.
  - 1. Remove mortar, loose particles, and soil from brick by cleaning with hand chisels, brushes, and water.
  - 2. Remove sealants by cutting close to brick with utility knife and cleaning with solvents.
  - 3. Store brick for reuse. Store off ground, on skids, and protected from weather.
- H. Clean masonry surrounding removal areas by removing mortar, dust, and loose particles in preparation for brick replacement.
- I. Replace removed damaged brick with other removed brick in good condition, where possible, or with new brick matching existing brick. Do not use broken units unless they can be cut to usable size.
- J. Install replacement brick into bonding and coursing pattern of existing brick. If cutting is required, use a motor-driven saw designed to cut masonry with clean, sharp, unchipped edges.
  - 1. Maintain joint width for replacement units to match existing joints.
  - 2. Use setting buttons or shims to set units accurately spaced with uniform joints.
- K. Lay replacement brick with rebuilding (setting) mortar and with completely filled bed, head, and collar joints. Butter ends with enough mortar to fill head joints and shove into place. Wet both replacement and surrounding bricks that have ASTM C 67 initial rates of absorption (suction) of more than 30 g/30 sq. in. per min. Use wetting methods that ensure that units are nearly saturated but surface is dry when laid.
  - 1. Tool exposed mortar joints in repaired areas to match joints of surrounding existing brickwork.
  - 2. When mortar is hard enough to support units, remove shims and other devices interfering with pointing of joints.
- L. Curing: Cure mortar by maintaining in thoroughly damp condition for at least 72 consecutive hours, including weekends and holidays.
  - 1. Hairline cracking within the mortar or mortar separation at edge of a joint is unacceptable. Completely remove such mortar and repoint.
- M. Removal and Reinstallation of brick veneer in conjunction with installation of new through-wall flashing is part of the Base Bid and will NOT be reimbursed on a unit price basis.

## 3.5 REPOINTING BRICK MASONRY (Workcode R1MS)

- A. Rake out and repoint joints to the following extent:
  - 1. All joints in areas indicated on Drawings

- 2. All joints designated by Engineer.
- 3. Joints at locations of the following defects:
  - a. Holes and missing mortar.
  - b. Cracks that can be penetrated 1/4 inch or more by a knife blade 0.027 inch thick.
  - c. Cracks 1/16 inch or more in width and of any depth.
  - d. Hollow-sounding joints when tapped by metal object.
  - e. Eroded surfaces 1/4 inch or more deep.
  - f. Deterioration to point that mortar can be easily removed by hand, without tools.
  - g. Joints filled with substances other than mortar.
- B. Do not rake out and repoint joints where not required.
- C. Rake out joints as follows, according to procedures demonstrated in approved mockup:
  - 1. Remove mortar from joints to depth of at least 1 1/4 inches, but not less than that required to expose sound, unweathered mortar. Do not remove unsound mortar more than 2 inches deep; consult Engineer for direction.
  - 2. Remove mortar from masonry surfaces within raked-out joints to provide reveals with square backs and to expose masonry for contact with pointing mortar. Brush, vacuum, or flush joints to remove dirt and loose debris.
  - 3. Do not spall edges of masonry units or widen joints. Replace or patch damaged masonry units as directed by Engineer.
- D. Notify Engineer of unforeseen detrimental conditions including voids in mortar joints, cracks, loose masonry units, rotted wood, rusted metal, and other deteriorated items.
- E. Pointing with Mortar:
  - 1. Rinse joint surfaces with water to remove dust and mortar particles. Time rinsing application so, at time of pointing, joint surfaces are damp but free of standing water. If rinse water dries, dampen joint surfaces before pointing.
  - 2. Apply pointing mortar first to areas where existing mortar was removed to depths greater than surrounding areas. Apply in layers not greater than 1/4 inch until a uniform depth is formed. Fully compact each layer and allow it to become thumbprint hard before applying next layer.
  - 3. After deep areas have been filled to same depth as remaining joints, point joints by placing mortar in layers not greater than 1/4 inch. Fully compact each layer and allow to become thumbprint hard before applying next layer. Where existing masonry units have worn or rounded edges, slightly recess finished mortar surface below face of masonry to avoid widened joint faces. Take care not to spread mortar beyond joint edges onto exposed masonry surfaces or to featheredge the mortar.
  - 4. When mortar is thumbprint hard, tool joints to match original appearance of joints as demonstrated in approved mockup. Remove excess mortar from edge of joint by brushing.
  - 5. Cure mortar by maintaining in thoroughly damp condition for at least 72 consecutive hours, including weekends and holidays.
  - 6. Hairline cracking within mortar or mortar separation at edge of a joint is unacceptable. Completely remove such mortar and repoint.
- F. Where repointing work precedes cleaning of existing masonry, allow mortar to harden at least 30 days before beginning cleaning work.

- G. An allowance of 2,000 lineal feet of Workcode R1MS shall be included in the base bid (see Section 00 4321 "Allowance Form" and Section 01 2100 "Allowances"). In the event that total quantity of R1MS exceeds 2,000 lineal feet, the additional quantity shall be reimbursed on a unit price basis, per lineal foot (see Section 00 4322 "Unit Prices Form" and Section 01 2200 "Unit Prices").
- H. The Contractor must maintain accurate records and shop drawings of where brick masonry repointing is performed and submit updated documentation with each payment application.

#### 3.6 HORIZONTAL (BED) JOINT REINFORCING (Workcode R2MS)

- A. At locations where existing bed joints in the brick masonry veneer have spalled due to corrosion/deterioration of the embedded ladder reinforcing, and removal is approved by the Engineer, remove deteriorated mortar and reinforcing and reinforce bed joint with stainless steel helical reinforcing as shown on Drawings and as detailed below.
  - Cut out deteriorated mortar joints at deteriorated ladder reinforcing a minimum of 20 inches beyond the extent of deterioration. Cut out and remove existing deteriorated portion of embedded galvanized steel ladder reinforcing, leaving sound reinforcing in place at either end of repair section.
  - 2. Thoroughly clean/flush cut out mortar joints with water and thoroughly soak the substrates within the joint.
  - 3. Using the manufacturer's approved pointing gun/tool, apply a bead of the manufacturer's bonding mortar/grout in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, to a depth and width required to provide full embedment of reinforcing as shown on Drawings.
  - 4. Using the manufacturer's approved insertion tool, push a continuous strand of stainless steel, helical joint reinforcement into bonding mortar/grout. Apply additional grout over reinforcing per manufacturer's requirements, up to a depth of ½ inch from the outside face of the masonry veneer. Where length of repair exceeds maximum length of available reinforcement, lap reinforcement in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
  - 5. Repoint remainder of joint in accordance with Paragraph "Repointing Brick Masonry". Please note that this work will be reimbursed in accordance with Workcode X4MS and will not also be reimbursed in accordance with the workcode/unit cost for repointing. As such, the unit cost for Workcode X4MS shall include repointing costs.
- B. An allowance of 200 lineal feet of Workcode R2MS shall be included in the base bid (see Section 00 4321 "Allowance Form" and Section 01 2100 "Allowances"). In the event that total quantity of R2MS exceeds 200 lineal feet, the additional quantity shall be reimbursed on a unit price basis, per lineal foot (see Section 00 4322 "Unit Prices Form" and Section 01 2200 "Unit Prices").
- C. The Contractor must maintain accurate records and shop drawings of where bed joint reinforcement is performed and submit updated documentation with each payment application.

## 3.7 INSTALL HELICAL WALL TIES (Workcode R3MS)

A. At locations designated by the Engineer, install stainless steel, helical wall ties to stabilize/anchor the brick masonry veneer to the concrete masonry back-up wall. Install wall ties in strict accordance with manufacturer's instructions and at spacings designated by Engineer.

## **ROOF REPLACEMENT**

- B. Drill pilot hole using manufacturer's approved drilling bit and drilling apparatus (typically rotary percussion drilling).
- C. Select ties with sufficient length to provide necessary embedment in back-up substrate.
- D. Install wall ties using the manfacturer's approved, proprietary installation apparatus being sure to set the tie below the surface of the mortar/brick.
- E. Repoint void in brick masonry veneer or mortar joint in accordance with Paragraph "Repointing Brick Masonry" or "Masonry Unit Patching". Please note that this work will be reimbursed in accordance with Workcode R3MS and will not also be reimbursed in accordance with the workcode/unit cost for repointing or patching. As such, the unit cost for Workcode R3MS shall include repointing or patching costs.
- F. An allowance of 100 ties (each) of Workcode R3MS shall be included in the base bid (see Section 00 4321 "Allowance Form" and Section 01 2100 "Allowances"). In the event that total quantity of R3MS exceeds 100, the additional quantity shall be reimbursed on a unit price basis, per tie (see Section 00 4322 "Unit Prices Form" and Section 01 2200 "Unit Prices").
- G. The Contractor must maintain accurate records and shop drawings of where masonry repointing is performed and submit updated documentation with each payment application.

## 3.8 MASONRY UNIT PATCHING (Workcode R4MS)

- A. Patch the following masonry units unless another type of repair or replacement is indicated:
  - 1. Units indicated to be patched.
  - 2. Units with holes.
  - 3. Units with chipped edges or corners. Patch chipped edges or corners measuring more than 3/4 inch in least dimension.
  - 4. Units with small areas of deep deterioration. Patch deep deteriorations measuring more than 3/4 inch in least dimension and more than 1/4 inch deep.
- B. Remove and replace existing patches unless otherwise indicated or approved by Engineer.
- C. Patching Bricks:
  - 1. Remove loose material from masonry surface. Carefully remove additional material so patch does not have feathered edges but has square or slightly undercut edges on area to be patched and is at least 1/4 inch thick, but not less than recommended in writing by patching compound manufacturer.
  - 2. Mask adjacent mortar joint or rake out for repointing if patch extends to edge of masonry unit.
  - 3. Mix patching compound in individual batches to match each unit being patched. Combine one or more colors of patching compound, as needed, to produce exact match.
  - 4. Rinse surface to be patched and leave damp, but without standing water.
  - 5. Brush-coat surfaces with slurry coat of patching compound according to manufacturer's written instructions.

- 6. Place patching compound in layers as recommended in writing by patching compound manufacturer, but not less than 1/4 inch or more than 2 inches thick. Roughen surface of each layer to provide a key for next layer.
- 7. Trowel, scrape, or carve surface of patch to match texture and surrounding surface plane or contour of masonry unit. Shape and finish surface before or after curing, as determined by testing, to best match existing masonry unit.
- 8. Keep each layer damp for 72 hours or until patching compound has set.
- 9. Remove and replace patches with hairline cracks or that show separation from brick at edges, and those that do not match adjoining brick in color or texture.
- D. An allowance of 20 locations (each) of Workcode R4MS shall be included in the base bid (see Section 00 4321 "Allowance Form" and Section 01 2100 "Allowances"). In the event that total quantity of R4MS exceeds 20 locations, the additional quantity shall be reimbursed on a unit price basis, per location (see Section 00 4322 "Unit Prices Form" and Section 01 2200 "Unit Prices").
- E. The Contractor must maintain accurate records and shop drawings of where brick masonry patching is performed and submit updated documentation with each payment application.

## 3.9 SEALING CONTROL JOINTS (Workcode R2SE)

- A. Comply with requirements of Section 17 9200 "Joint Sealants"
- B. After raking out, keep joints dry and free of mortar and debris.
- C. Clean and prepare joint surfaces. Prime joint surfaces unless sealant manufacturer recommends against priming. Do not allow primer to spill or migrate onto adjoining surfaces.
- D. Fill sealant joints with specified joint sealant.
  - 1. Install cylindrical sealant backing beneath the sealant. Where space is insufficient for cylindrical sealant backing, install bond-breaker tape.
  - 2. Install sealant using only proven installation techniques that ensure that sealant is deposited in a uniform, continuous ribbon, without gaps or air pockets, and with complete wetting of the joint bond surfaces equally on both sides. Fill joint flush with surrounding masonry and matching the contour of adjoining mortar joints.
  - 3. Install sealant as recommended in writing by sealant manufacturer but within the following general limitations, measured at the center (thin) section of the bead:
    - a. Fill joints to a depth to joint width ratio as shown on Drawings, but not more than 1/2 inch deep or less than 1/4 inch deep.
- E. Tool sealant to form smooth, uniform beads, slightly concave. Remove excess sealant from surfaces adiacent to ioint.
  - 1. Do not allow sealant to overflow or spill onto adjoining surfaces, or to migrate into the voids of adjoining surfaces, particularly rough textures. Remove excess and spillage of sealant promptly as the work progresses. Clean adjoining surfaces by the means necessary to eliminate evidence of spillage, without damage to adjoining surfaces or finishes, as demonstrated in an approved mockup.

- F. An allowance of 500 lineal feet of Workcode R2SE shall be included in the base bid (see Section 00 4321 "Allowance Form" and Section 01 2100 "Allowances"). In the event that total quantity of R2SE exceeds 500 lineal feet, the additional quantity shall be reimbursed on a unit price basis, per lineal foot (see Section 00 4322 "Unit Prices Form" and Section 01 2200 "Unit Prices").
- G. The Contractor must maintain accurate records and shop drawings of where control joint installation is performed and submit updated documentation with each payment application.

## 3.10 INSTALL NEW CONTROL JOINT IN MASONRY VENEER (Workcode X2SE)

- A. At locations designated by the Engineer, install new masonry control joints, extending from ground level, to the top of the brick veneer. Perform work in accordance with requirements of this section and related sections and as shown on Drawings.
- B. An allowance of 200 lineal feet of Workcode X2SE shall be included in the base bid (see Section 00 4321 "Allowance Form" and Section 01 2100 "Allowances"). In the event that total quantity of X2SE exceeds 200 lineal feet, the additional quantity shall be reimbursed on a unit price basis, per lineal foot (see Section 00 4322 "Unit Prices Form" and Section 01 2200 "Unit Prices").
- C. The Contractor must maintain accurate records and shop drawings of where control joint installation is performed and submit updated documentation with each payment application.

## 3.11 FINAL CLEANING

- A. After mortar has fully hardened, thoroughly clean exposed masonry surfaces of excess mortar and foreign matter; use wood scrapers, stiff-nylon or -fiber brushes, and clean water applied by low-pressure spray.
  - 1. Do not use metal scrapers or brushes.
  - 2. Do not use acidic or alkaline cleaners.
- B. Clean adjacent nonmasonry surfaces. Use detergent and soft brushes or cloths.
- C. Remove masking materials, leaving no residues that could trap dirt.

#### 3.12 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Engineer's Project Representatives: Engineer will assign Project representatives to help carry out Engineer's responsibilities at the site, including observing progress and quality of portion of the Work completed. Allow Engineer's Project representatives use of lift devices and scaffolding, as needed, to observe progress and quality of portion of the Work completed.
- B. Notify inspectors and Engineer's Project representatives in advance of times when lift devices and scaffolding will be relocated. Do not relocate lift devices and scaffolding until inspectors and Engineer's Project representatives have had reasonable opportunity to make inspections and observations of work areas at lift device or scaffold location.

## 3.13 MASONRY WASTE DISPOSAL

- A. Salvageable Materials: Unless otherwise indicated, excess masonry materials are Contractor's property.
- B. Masonry Waste: Remove masonry waste and legally dispose of off SCPS's property.

END OF SECTION 04 0120.63

## **SECTION 05 3100 - STEEL DECKING**

## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

## 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Steel Roof deck repairs.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 01 2100 "Allowances" for allowances of repair work to be included in Base Bid.
  - 2. Section 01 2200 "Unit Prices" for repair work to be performed on a unit price basis.
  - 3. Section 02 4110 "Selective Demolition"

#### 1.3 ALLOWANCES

A. Specific repairs to existing steel decking (Workcodes R1SD & R2SD) are included in Allowances.

#### 1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For the following:
  - 1. Roof deck.

## 1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Welding certificates.
- B. Product Certificates: For each type of steel deck.

#### 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Welding Qualifications: Qualify procedures and personnel according to AWS D1.3/D1.3M, "Structural Welding Code - Sheet Steel."

STEEL DECKING-05 3100 1/6

## Bid Set

#### **ROOF REPLACEMENT**

#### 1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Protect steel deck from corrosion, deformation, and other damage during delivery, storage, and handling.
- B. Stack steel deck on platforms or pallets and slope to provide drainage. Protect with a waterproof covering and ventilate to avoid condensation.

## **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

## 2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. AISI Specifications: Comply with calculated structural characteristics of steel deck according to AISI's "North American Specification for the Design of Cold-Formed Steel Structural Members."
- B. Fire-Resistance Ratings: Comply with ASTM E119; testing by a qualified testing agency. Identify products with appropriate markings of applicable testing agency.
  - 1. Indicate design designations from UL's "Fire Resistance Directory" or from the listings of another qualified testing agency.

#### 2.2 ROOF DECK

- A. Roof Deck: Fabricate panels, without top-flange stiffening grooves, to comply with "SDI Specifications and Commentary for Steel Roof Deck," in SDI Publication No. 31, and with the following:
  - 1. Galvanized-Steel Sheet: ASTM A653/A653M, Structural Steel (SS),, G90 zinc coating.
  - 2. Deck Profile: Match Existing (Type A or similar).
  - 3. Profile Depth: Match Existing (1-1/2 inches typical).
  - 4. Design Uncoated-Steel Thickness: Match existing 0.0295 inch.
  - 5. Span Condition: Match existing.
  - 6. Side Laps: Overlapped.

## 2.3 ACCESSORIES

- A. Provide manufacturer's standard accessory materials for deck that comply with requirements indicated.
- B. Mechanical Fasteners: Corrosion-resistant, low-velocity, power-actuated or pneumatically driven carbon-steel fasteners; or self-drilling, self-threading screws.
- C. Side-Lap Fasteners: Corrosion-resistant, hexagonal washer head; self-drilling, carbon-steel screws, No. 10 minimum diameter.
- D. Flexible Closure Strips: Vulcanized, closed-cell, synthetic rubber.

STEEL DECKING-05 3100 2/6

- E. Miscellaneous Sheet Metal Deck Accessories: Steel sheet, minimum yield strength of 33,000 psi, not less than 0.0359-inch design uncoated thickness, of same material and finish as deck; of profile indicated or required for application.
- F. Galvanizing Repair Paint: ASTM A780/A780M.

#### **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine supporting frame and field conditions for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

## 3.2 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Install deck panels and accessories according to applicable specifications and commentary in SDI Publication No. 31, manufacturer's written instructions, and requirements in this Section.
- B. Locate deck bundles to prevent overloading of supporting members.
- C. Place deck panels on supporting frame and adjust to final position with ends accurately aligned and bearing on supporting frame before being permanently fastened. Do not stretch or contract side-lap interlocks.
- D. Place deck panels flat and square and fasten to supporting frame without warp or deflection.
- E. Cut and neatly fit deck panels and accessories around openings and other work projecting through or adjacent to deck.
- F. Provide additional reinforcement and closure pieces at openings as required for strength, continuity of deck, and support of other work.
- G. Comply with AWS requirements and procedures for manual shielded metal arc welding, appearance and quality of welds, and methods used for correcting welding work.
- H. Mechanical fasteners may be used in lieu of welding to fasten deck. Locate mechanical fasteners and install according to deck manufacturer's written instructions.
- I. Miscellaneous Roof-Deck Accessories: Install finish strips, end closures, and reinforcing channels according to deck manufacturer's written instructions. Weld or mechanically fasten to substrate to provide a complete deck installation.

STEEL DECKING-05 3100 3/6

## 3.3 INSTALLATION OF ROOF DECK, GENERAL

- A. Fasten roof-deck panels to steel supporting members by arc spot (puddle) welds of the surface diameter indicated or arc seam welds with an equal perimeter that is not less than 1-1/2 inches long, and as follows:
  - 1. Weld Diameter: 3/4 inch. nominal.
  - 2. Weld Spacing: Weld edge and interior ribs of deck units with a minimum of two welds per deck unit at each support. Space welds 12 inches apart in the field of roof and 6 inches apart in roof corners and perimeter, based on roof-area definitions in FM Loss Prevention Data Sheet 1-28.
  - 3. Weld Washers: Install weld washers at each weld location.
- B. Side-Lap and Perimeter Edge Fastening: Fasten side laps and perimeter edges of panels between supports, at intervals not exceeding the lesser of one-half of the span or 18 inches, and as follows:
  - 1. Mechanically fasten with self-drilling, No. 10 diameter or larger, carbon-steel screws.
- C. End Bearing: Install deck ends over supporting frame with a minimum end bearing of 1-1/2 inches, with end joints as follows:
  - 1. End Joints: Lapped 2 inches minimum.

## 3.4 REPLACEMENT OF DETERIORATED ROOF DECK – WHOLE SECTION (X1SD)

- A. At locations where existing roof decking exhibits severe deterioration, as determined by the Engineer, replace entire section of existing steel decking with new steel decking in accordance with the requirements of this section.
  - 1. An allowance of 200 square feet of Workcode X1SD shall be included in the base bid (see Section 00 4321 "Allowance Form" and Section 01 2100 "Allowances"). In the event that total quantity of X1SD exceeds 100 square feet, the additional quantity shall be reimbursed on a unit price basis, per sheet (see Section 00 4322 "Unit Prices Form" and Section 01 2200 "Unit Prices").

## 3.5 REINFORCEMENT OF DETERIORATED ROOF DECK (Workcode **R1SD**)

- A. At locations where existing roof decking exhibits deterioration, as determined by the Engineer, reinforce existing steel decking with new steel decking, lapping over and onto existing steel decking, as shown on Drawing and in accordance with the requirements of this section.
  - 1. See Drawing Detail 1B.3/A5.8 for information
- B. An allowance of 200 square feet of Workcode R1SD shall be included in the base bid (see Section 00 4321 "Allowance Form" and Section 01 2100 "Allowances"). In the event that total quantity of R1SD exceeds 5 Sheets, the additional quantity shall be reimbursed on a unit price basis, per sheet (see Section 00 4322 "Unit Prices Form" and Section 01 2200 "Unit Prices").

STEEL DECKING-05 3100 4/6

## 3.6 METAL DECK PATCHING AT SMALL DEFICIENCIES/VOIDS (Workcode R2SD)

- A. At locations where existing roof decking exhibits isolated, small deficiencies/deterioration (i.e. holes, abandoned pipe penetrations, etc.), as determined by the Engineer, patch existing steel decking with new galvanized steel plate, lapping over and onto existing steel decking, as shown on Drawing and in accordance with the requirements of this section.
  - 1. See Drawing Detail 1B.1/A5.8 for information
- B. An allowance of 30 locations (each) of Workcode R2SD shall be included in the base bid (see Section 00 4321 "Allowance Form" and Section 01 2100 "Allowances"). In the event that total quantity of R2SD exceeds 30 locations, the additional quantity shall be reimbursed on a unit price basis, per locations (see Section 00 4322 "Unit Prices Form" and Section 01 2200 "Unit Prices").

#### 3.7 METAL DECK PATCHING AT ABANDONED EQUIPMENT PENETRATIONS

- A. At locations where existing equipment penetrations are abandoned, patch roof decking as shown on Drawings and in accordance with the requirements of this section.
  - 1. See Drawing Detail 1B.2/A5.8 for information
- B. Deck patching at abandoned equipment locations will NOT be paid for by adjusting the Contract Sum according to unit prices included in the Contract Documents. The contractor should include costs related to deck patching at abandoned roof drain locations in their submitted BASE BID pricing.

## 3.8 REPAIR

A. Galvanizing Repairs: Prepare and repair damaged galvanized coatings on both surfaces of deck with galvanized repair paint according to ASTM A780/A780M and manufacturer's written instructions.

#### 3.9 GENERAL

- A. Comply with applicable provisions of Division 1 Section "Quality Requirements" for requirements for Contractor's Quality Control Program.
- B. The following describes the minimum inspection and testing required in the Contractor's Quality Control (CQC) Plan and Program for the work of this section and is for the CQC only. The implementation of the Contractor Quality Control Program does not relieve the Contractor from the responsibility to provide the work in accordance with the contract documents, applicable codes, regulations and governing authorities. The CQC plan and program shall include, but not be limited to, the following testing and inspection elements. These elements are provided only as a minimum starting point for the contractor to use to generate his complete CQC Program. The contractor shall engage an independent testing agency to perform sampling, testing, and inspection specified herein, meeting requirements specified below.
- C. Special Inspections:

STEEL DECKING-05 3100 5/6

- 1. Special Inspections are to be performed by the Authority's agent.
- 2. Special Inspector shall perform all "Special Inspections", as defined by Section 1704 of IBC 2015.
- 3. Special Inspections coordination should be discussed at weekly progress meetings and scheduled dates for Special Inspections carried on the two-week look ahead. Contractor shall be responsible for coordination of and notification to the Authority for Special Inspections.

END OF SECTION 05 3100

STEEL DECKING-05 3100 6/6

## **SECTION 05 5133 - METAL LADDERS**

## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Aluminum fixed vertical ladders.

## 1.2 REFERENCES

- A. ANSI A14.3: Ladders Fixed Safety Requirements.
- B. OSHA 1910.23: Ladders.
- C. OSHA 1910.29: Fall protection systems and falling object protection-criteria and practices.

#### 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Manufacturer's data sheets on each product to be used, including:
  - 1. Preparation instructions and recommendations.
  - 2. Storage and handling requirements and recommendations.
  - 3. Installation methods.
- B. Shop Drawings for Ladders:
  - 1. Plan and section of ladder installation.
- C. Verification Samples: For each finish product specified, two samples, minimum size 6 inches (150 mm) square representing actual product, color, and patterns.

#### 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Minimum 5 year experience manufacturing similar products.
- B. Installer Qualifications: Minimum 2 year experience installing similar products.
- C. Mock-Up: Provide a mock-up for evaluation of surface preparation techniques and application workmanship.
  - 1. Finish areas designated by Architect.
  - 2. Do not proceed with remaining work until workmanship is approved by Architect.
  - 3. Rebuild mock-up area as required to produce acceptable work.

METAL LADDERS-05 5133 1/4

#### 1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver and store products in manufacturer's unopened packaging bearing the brand name and manufacturer's identification until ready for installation.
- B. Store products in manufacturer's unopened packaging until ready for installation. Store stairway until installation inside under cover. If stored outside, under a tarp or suitable cover.
- C. Handle materials to avoid damage.

#### 1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Maintain environmental conditions including temperature, humidity, and ventilation within limits recommended by manufacturer for optimum results. Do not install products under environmental conditions outside manufacturer's recommended limits.

#### 1.7 SEQUENCING

A. Ensure that products of this section are supplied to affected trades in time to prevent interruption of construction progress.

#### 1.8 WARRANTY

A. Limited Warranty: Provide manufacturer's standard limited five year warranty against defective material and workmanship, covering parts only, no labor or freight. Defective parts, if deemed so by the manufacturer, will be replaced at no charge, freight excluded, upon inspection at manufacturer's plant which warrants same.

## **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Acceptable Manufacturer: Precision Ladders, LLC, which is located at: P. O. Box 2279; Morristown, TN 37816-2279; Toll Free Tel: 800-225-7814; Tel: 423-586-2265; Fax: 423-586-2091; Email:request info (info@PrecisionLadders.com); Web:http://www.PrecisionLadders.com
- B. Web: http://www.PrecisionLadders.com.
- C. Substitutions: Not permitted.
- D. Requests for substitutions will be considered in accordance with provisions of Section 01 6000 Product Requirements.

3/4

## 2.2 ALUMINUM FIXED VERTICAL LADDERS

- A. Aluminum Fixed Vertical Ladder and Components: Ladder, cage, rest platforms, floor mounting brackets, security doors, walk-thru, and side rails.
  - 1. Model: Model FL -\*\*\* Aluminum Fixed Vertical Ladder as manufactured by Precision Ladders LLC.
  - 2. Capacity: Unit shall support a 1500 lb (680 Kg) loading without failure, and individual treads shall withstand a 3,000 lb (1361 Kg) loading without failure.
  - 3. Performance Standard: Units shall be designed and manufactured to meet or exceed ANSI A14.3 and OSHA 1910.23, 1910.28, & 1910.29.

## B. Components:

- 1. Ladder Stringer: 2-1/2 inch by 1-1/16 inch by 1/8 inch (64 mm by 27 mm by 3 mm) extruded 6005-T5 aluminum channel. Pitch: 90 degrees.
- 2. Ladder Tread: 2-1/4 inch by 3/4 inch by 1/4 inch (57 mm by 19 mm by 6 mm) extruded 6005-T5 aluminum with deeply serrated top surface.
- 3. Ladder Mounting Bracket: 8-1/2 inch by 2 inch by 3 inch by 1/4 inch thick (216 mm by 51 mm by 76 mm by 6 mm) aluminum angle.
- 4. Walk-Thru:
  - a. Hand Rails: 1-1/4 inch (32 mm) aluminum square tube with rounded edges.
  - b. Mounting Brackets: 4 inch by 4 inch by 1/4 inch (102 mm by 102 mm by 6 mm)
  - c. Side Rails: 42 inch (1067 mm) side rail extension for through ladder exits.
- 5. Safety Cage: Vertical and Horizontal Bars: 1/4 inch by 2 inch (6 mm by 51 mm) 6005-T5 aluminum flat bar.
- 6. Rest Platform:
  - a. Material: Bar grating.
  - b. Platform Size: 30 inches by 48 inches (762 mm by 1219 mm) standard.
  - c. Toe Boards. 6005 T-5 aluminum.
  - d. Handrails: 1-1/4 inches (32 mm) aluminum square tube 42 inches (1067 mm) high.
- 7. Finish: Mill finish (standard).

#### 2.3 FABRICATION

- A. Completely fabricate ladder ready for installation before shipment to the site.
- B. Completely fabricate handrail components ready for field assembly to ladder before shipment to site.

## **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

## 3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Do not begin installation until substrates have been properly prepared.

B. If substrate preparation is the responsibility of another installer, notify Architect of unsatisfactory preparation before proceeding.

## 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Clean surfaces thoroughly prior to installation.
- B. Prepare surfaces using the methods recommended by the manufacturer for achieving the best result for the substrate under the project conditions.
- C. Examine materials upon arrival at site. Notify the carrier and manufacturer of any damage.

## 3.3 INSTALLATION

A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and approved submittals. Install in proper relationship with adjacent construction.

## 3.4 PROTECTION

- A. Protect installed products until completion of project.
- B. Touch-up, repair or replace damaged products before Substantial Completion.

END OF SECTION 05 5133

METAL LADDERS-05 5133 4/4

## **SECTION 06 1053 - MISCELLANEOUS ROUGH CARPENTRY**

## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Framing with dimension lumber.
  - 2. Wood blocking and nailers.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 06 1600 "Sheathing" for sheathing, and underlayment.

## 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Boards or Strips: Lumber of less than 2 inches nominal size in least dimension.
- B. Dimension Lumber: Lumber of 2 inches nominal or greater size but less than 5 inches nominal size in least dimension.

### 1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of process and factory-fabricated product. Indicate component materials and dimensions and include construction and application details.
  - 1. Include data for wood-preservative treatment from chemical treatment manufacturer and certification by treating plant that treated materials comply with requirements. Indicate type of preservative used and net amount of preservative retained.
  - 2. For products receiving a waterborne treatment, include statement that moisture content of treated materials was reduced to levels specified before shipment to Project site.

#### 1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Evaluation Reports: For the following, from ICC-ES:
  - 1. Preservative-treated wood.

- 2. Power-driven fasteners.
- 3. Post-installed anchors.
- 4. Metal framing anchors.

#### 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

## 1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Stack lumber flat with spacers beneath and between each bundle to provide air circulation. Protect lumber from weather by covering with waterproof sheeting, securely anchored. Provide for air circulation around stacks and under coverings.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 WOOD PRODUCTS, GENERAL

- A. Lumber: DOC PS 20 and applicable rules of grading agencies indicated. If no grading agency is indicated, provide lumber that complies with the applicable rules of any rules-writing agency certified by the ALSC Board of Review. Provide lumber graded by an agency certified by the ALSC Board of Review to inspect and grade lumber under the rules indicated.
  - 1. Factory mark each piece of lumber with grade stamp of grading agency.
  - 2. Dress lumber, S4S, unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Maximum Moisture Content of Lumber: 15 percent for 2-inch nominal thickness or less; no limit for more than 2-inch nominal thickness unless otherwise indicated.

## 2.2 WOOD-PRESERVATIVE-TREATED MATERIALS

- A. Preservative Treatment by Pressure Process: AWPA U1; Use Category UC2 for interior construction not in contact with ground, Use Category UC3b for exterior construction not in contact with ground, and Use Category UC4a for items in contact with ground.
  - 1. Preservative Chemicals: Acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction and containing no arsenic or chromium.
- B. Kiln-dry lumber after treatment to a maximum moisture content of 19 percent. Do not use material that is warped or does not comply with requirements for untreated material.
- C. Mark lumber with treatment quality mark of an inspection agency approved by the ALSC Board of Review.
- D. Application: Treat all miscellaneous carpentry unless otherwise indicated.

## 2.3 DIMENSION LUMBER FRAMING

- A. Other Framing: No. 2 grade of any of the following species:
  - 1. Southern pine; SPIB.
  - 2. Southern pine or mixed southern pine; SPIB.
  - 3. Spruce-pine-fir: NLGA.
  - 4. Douglas fir-larch (north); NLGA.
  - 5. Spruce-pine-fir (south); NeLMA, WCLIB, or WWPA.

#### 2.4 FASTENERS

- A. General: Provide fasteners of size and type indicated that comply with requirements specified in this article for material and manufacture.
  - 1. Where carpentry is exposed to weather, in ground contact, pressure-preservative treated, or in area of high relative humidity, provide fasteners of Type 304 stainless steel.
- B. Nails, Brads, and Staples: ASTM F1667.
- C. Screws for Fastening to Metal Framing: ASTM C954, length as recommended by screw manufacturer for material being fastened.
- D. Power-Driven Fasteners: Fastener systems with an evaluation report acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, based on ICC-ES AC70.
- E. Post-Installed Anchors: Fastener systems with an evaluation report acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, based on ICC-ES AC01 ICC-ES AC58 ICC-ES AC193 or ICC-ES AC308 as appropriate for the substrate.
  - 1. Material: Carbon-steel components, zinc plated to comply with ASTM B633, Class Fe/Zn 5.
  - 2. Material: Stainless steel with bolts and nuts complying with ASTM F593 and ASTM F594, Alloy Group 1 or 2.

## 2.5 METAL FRAMING ANCHORS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. Simpson Strong-Tie Co., Inc.
  - 2. USP Structural Connectors.
- B. Hot-Dip, Heavy-Galvanized Steel Sheet: ASTM A653/A653M; Structural Steel (SS), high-strength low-alloy steel Type A (HSLAS Type A), or high-strength low-alloy steel Type B (HSLAS Type B); G185 coating designation; and not less than 0.036 inch thick.
  - 1. Use for wood-preservative-treated lumber and where indicated.

#### **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

## 3.1 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Framing Standard: Comply with AF&PA's WCD 1, "Details for Conventional Wood Frame Construction," unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Set carpentry to required levels and lines, with members plumb, true to line, cut, and fitted. Fit carpentry accurately to other construction. Locate nailers, blocking, and similar supports to comply with requirements for attaching other construction.
- C. Install metal framing anchors to comply with manufacturer's written instructions. Install fasteners through each fastener hole.
- D. Do not splice structural members between supports unless otherwise indicated.
- E. Provide blocking and framing as indicated and as required to support facing materials, fixtures, specialty items, and trim.
- F. Sort and select lumber so that natural characteristics do not interfere with installation or with fastening other materials to lumber. Do not use materials with defects that interfere with function of member or pieces that are too small to use with minimum number of joints or optimum joint arrangement.
- G. Comply with AWPA M4 for applying field treatment to cut surfaces of preservative-treated lumber.
  - 1. Use inorganic boron for items that are continuously protected from liquid water.
- H. Where wood-preservative-treated lumber is installed adjacent to metal decking, install continuous flexible flashing separator between wood and metal decking.
- I. Securely attach carpentry work to substrate by anchoring and fastening as indicated, complying with the following:
  - 1. As shown or indicated on Drawings; or,
  - 2. Table 2304.9.1, "Fastening Schedule," in ICC's International Building Code.
  - 3. ICC-ES evaluation report for fastener.
- J. Use steel ringshank nails unless otherwise indicated. Select fasteners of size that will not fully penetrate members where opposite side will be exposed to view or will receive finish materials. Make tight connections between members. Install fasteners without splitting wood. Drive nails snug but do not countersink nail heads unless otherwise indicated.

#### 3.2 INSTALLATION OF WOOD BLOCKING AND NAILER

A. Install where indicated and where required for attaching other work. Form to shapes indicated and cut as required for true line and level of attached work. Coordinate locations with other work involved.

B. Attach items to substrates to support applied loading. Recess bolts and nuts flush with surfaces unless otherwise indicated.

#### 3.3 WOOD BLOCKING REPAIRS (WORKCODES R2/6-8-10-12WD)

- A. At locations where existing wood blocking designated to remain, exhibits deterioration and requires replacement, replace with new treated wood blocking, matching profile and layout of existing blocking, in accordance with the requirements of this Section.
- B. Workcode **R2/6WD** "Replace 2 x 6 Wood Blocking": An allowance of 200 lineal feet of Workcode R2/6WD shall be included in the base bid (see Section 00 4321 "Allowance Form" and Section 01 2100 "Allowances"). In the event that total quantity of R2/6WD exceeds 200 lineal feet, the additional quantity shall be reimbursed on a unit price basis, per location (see Section 00 4322 "Unit Prices Form" and Section 01 2200 "Unit Prices").
- C. Workcode **R2/8WD** "Replace 2 x 8 Wood Blocking": An allowance of 100 lineal feet of Workcode R2/8WD shall be included in the base bid (see Section 00 4321 "Allowance Form" and Section 01 2100 "Allowances"). In the event that total quantity of R2/8WD exceeds 100 lineal feet, the additional quantity shall be reimbursed on a unit price basis, per location (see Section 00 4322 "Unit Prices Form" and Section 01 2200 "Unit Prices").
- D. Workcode **R2/10WD** "Replace 2 x 10 Wood Blocking": An allowance of 100 lineal feet of Workcode R2/10WD shall be included in the base bid (see Section 00 4321 "Allowance Form" and Section 01 2100 "Allowances"). In the event that total quantity of R2/10WD exceeds 100 lineal feet, the additional quantity shall be reimbursed on a unit price basis, per location (see Section 00 4322 "Unit Prices Form" and Section 01 2200 "Unit Prices").
- E. Workcode **R2/12WD** "Replace 2 x 12 Wood Blocking": An allowance of 100 lineal feet of Workcode R2/12WD shall be included in the base bid (see Section 00 4321 "Allowance Form" and Section 01 2100 "Allowances"). In the event that total quantity of R2/12WD exceeds 100 lineal feet, the additional quantity shall be reimbursed on a unit price basis, per location (see Section 00 4322 "Unit Prices Form" and Section 01 2200 "Unit Prices").
- F. The Contractor must maintain accurate records and shop drawings of where wood blocking replacement is performed and submit updated documentation with each payment application.

#### 3.4 PROTECTION

A. Protect miscellaneous rough carpentry from weather. If, despite protection, miscellaneous rough carpentry becomes wet, apply EPA-registered borate treatment. Apply borate solution by spraying to comply with EPA-registered label.

END OF SECTION 06 1053

## **SECTION 06 1600 - SHEATHING**

## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Parapet sheathing.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 06 1053 "Miscellaneous Rough Carpentry"

## 1.3 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Stack panels flat with spacers beneath and between each bundle to provide air circulation. Protect sheathing from weather by covering with waterproof sheeting, securely anchored. Provide for air circulation around stacks and under coverings.

### **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

## 2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

## 2.2 WOOD PANEL PRODUCTS

- A. Emissions: Products shall meet the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Public Health's "Standard Method for the Testing and Evaluation of Volatile Organic Chemical Emissions from Indoor Sources Using Environmental Chambers."
- B. Thickness: As needed to comply with requirements specified, but not less than thickness indicated.
- C. Factory mark panels to indicate compliance with applicable standard.

#### 2.3 PARAPET SHEATHING

A. Plywood Sheathing: Either DOC PS 1 or DOC PS 2, sheathing.

SHEATHING-06 1600 1/3

## Bid Set

## **ROOF REPLACEMENT**

- 1. Span Rating: Not less than [16/0] [20/0] [24/0] 32/16 [40/20] [48/24].
- 2. Nominal Thickness: Not less than 1/2 inch.

#### 2.4 FASTENERS

- A. General: Provide fasteners of size and type indicated that comply with requirements specified in this article for material and manufacture.
  - 1. For parapet sheathing, provide fasteners of Type 304 stainless steel.
- B. Nails, Brads, and Staples: ASTM F1667.
- C. Power-Driven Fasteners: Fastener systems with an evaluation report acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, based on ICC-ES AC70.
- D. Screws for Fastening Sheathing to Wood Framing: ASTM C1002.
- E. Screws for Fastening Wood Structural Panels to Cold-Formed Metal Framing: ASTM C954, except with wafer heads and reamer wings, length as recommended by screw manufacturer for material being fastened.

### 2.5 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

A. Adhesives for Field Gluing Panels to Wood Framing: Formulation complying with ASTM D3498 that is approved for use with type of construction panel indicated by manufacturers of both adhesives and panels.

#### **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

## 3.1 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Do not use materials with defects that impair quality of sheathing or pieces that are too small to use with minimum number of joints or optimum joint arrangement. Arrange joints so that pieces do not span between fewer than three support members.
- B. Cut panels at penetrations, edges, and other obstructions of work; fit tightly against abutting construction unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Securely attach to substrate by fastening as indicated, complying with the following:
  - 1. Table 2304.9.1, "Fastening Schedule," in the ICC's International Building Code.
  - 2. ICC-ES evaluation report for fastener.
- D. Use common wire nails unless otherwise indicated. Select fasteners of size that will not fully penetrate members where opposite side will be exposed to view or will receive finish materials. Make tight connections. Install fasteners without splitting wood.

SHEATHING-06 1600 2/3

- E. Coordinate parapet sheathing installation with flashing and joint-sealant installation so these materials are installed in sequence and manner that prevent exterior moisture from passing through completed assembly.
- F. Do not bridge building expansion joints; cut and space edges of panels to match spacing of structural support elements.
- G. Coordinate sheathing installation with installation of materials installed over sheathing so sheathing is not exposed to precipitation or left exposed at end of the workday when rain is forecast.

#### 3.2 WOOD STRUCTURAL PANEL INSTALLATION

- A. General: Comply with applicable recommendations in APA Form No. E30, "Engineered Wood Construction Guide," for types of structural-use panels and applications indicated.
- B. Fastening Methods: Fasten panels as indicated below:
  - 1. Wall and Roof Sheathing:
    - a. Nail to wood framing.
    - b. Screw to cold-formed metal framing.
    - c. Space panels 1/8 inch apart at edges and ends.

### 3.3 PARAPET SHEATHING REPLACEMENT (WORKCODE **R1SH**)

- A. At locations where existing sheathing exhibits deterioration and requires replacement, install new sheathing, matching thickness and profile of existing sheathing, in accordance with the requirements of this Section.
- B. An allowance of 300 square feet of Workcode R1SH shall be included in the base bid (see Section 00 4321 "Allowance Form" and Section 01 2100 "Allowances"). In the event that total quantity of R1SH exceeds 300 square feet, the additional quantity shall be reimbursed on a unit price basis, per location (see Section 00 4322 "Unit Prices Form" and Section 01 2200 "Unit Prices").
- C. The Contractor must maintain accurate records and shop drawings of where sheathing replacement is performed and submit updated documentation with each payment application.

END OF SECTION 06 1600

SHEATHING-06 1600 3/3

## **SECTION 07 0150.19 - PREPARATION FOR REROOFING**

## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

#### A. Section Includes:

- 1. Full tear-off of roof system at areas indicated on Drawings.
- 2. Removal of flashings and counterflashings.

#### B. Related Requirements:

- 1. Section 01 1000 "Summary" for use of premises and for phasing requirements.
- 2. Section 01 5000 "Temporary Facilities and Controls" for temporary construction and environmental-protection measures for reroofing preparation.

#### 1.3 ALLOWANCES

- A. Allowance for removal of existing deteriorated metal roof deck, and replacement with new metal roof deck, is specified under Section 01 2100 "Allowances."
- B. Allowance for removal of existing deteriorated wood nailers and curbs, and replacement with new wood, is specified under Section 01 2100 "Allowances."
- C. Allowance for patching of existing gypsum roof deck is specified under Section 01 2100 "Allowances".

## 1.4 UNIT PRICES

- A. Work of this Section is affected by metal deck replacement/repair unit prices X1SD, R1SD & R2SD.
- B. Work of this Section is affected by gypsum deck repair unit prices X1GP and R1GP.
- C. Work of this Section is affected by wood blocking replacement unit prices R2/6WD, R2/8WD, R2/10WD & R2/12WD.

#### 1.5 DEFINITIONS

- A. EPS: Molded (expanded) polystyrene.
- B. Full Roof Tear-off: Removal of existing roofing system down to existing roof deck.
- C. OSB: Oriented strand board.
- D. Roofing Terminology: Definitions in ASTM D 1079 and glossary of NRCA's "The NRCA Roofing Manual: Membrane Roof Systems" apply to work of this Section.

#### 1.6 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

- A. Preliminary Roofing Conference: Before starting removal Work, conduct conference at Project site.
  - 1. Meet with Owner, Engineer, Owner's insurer if applicable, testing and inspecting agency representative, roofing Installer, and installers whose work interfaces with or affects roofing, including installers of roof accessories and roof-mounted equipment.
  - 2. Review methods and procedures related to roofing tear-off, including, but not limited to, the following:
    - a. Reroofing preparation, including roofing system manufacturer's written instructions.
    - b. Temporary protection requirements for existing roofing system components that are to remain
    - c. Existing roof drains and roof drainage during each stage of reroofing, and roof-drain plugging and plug removal.
    - d. Construction schedule and availability of materials, Installer's personnel, equipment, and facilities needed to avoid delays.
    - e. Existing roof deck conditions requiring Engineer notification.
    - f. Existing roof deck removal procedures and Owner notifications.
    - g. Condition and acceptance of existing roof deck and base flashing substrate for reuse.
    - h. Structural loading limitations of roof deck during reroofing.
    - i. Base flashings, special roofing details, drainage, penetrations, equipment curbs, and condition of other construction that affect reroofing.
    - j. HVAC shutdown and sealing of air intakes.
    - k. Shutdown of fire-suppression, -protection, and -alarm and -detection systems.
    - I. Governing regulations and requirements for insurance and certificates if applicable.
    - m. Existing conditions that may require Engineer notification before proceeding.

## 1.7 ACTION SUBMITTALS

#### 1.8 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Photographs or Videotape: Show existing conditions of adjoining construction and site improvements, including exterior and interior finish surfaces, that might be misconstrued as having been damaged by reroofing operations.
  - 1. Submit before Work begins.

#### 1.9 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Regulatory Requirements:
  - 1. Comply with governing EPA notification regulations before beginning roofing removal.
  - 2. Comply with hauling and disposal regulations of authorities having jurisdiction.

#### 1.10 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Existing Roofing System: Built-up coal-tarroofing membrane, 3 inches of polyisocyanurate insulation and CSPErecovery membrane roofing.
- B. Owner will not occupy portions of building immediately below reroofing area.
  - 1. Conduct reroofing so Owner's operations are not disrupted.
  - 2. Provide Owner with not less than 72 hours' written notice of activities that may affect Owner's operations.
  - Coordinate work activities daily with Owner so Owner has adequate advance notice to place
    protective dust and water-leakage covers over sensitive equipment and furnishings, shut down
    HVAC and fire-alarm or -detection equipment if needed, and evacuate occupants from below
    work area.
  - 4. Before working over structurally impaired areas of deck, notify Owner to evacuate occupants from below affected area.
    - Verify that occupants below work area have been evacuated before proceeding with work over impaired deck area.
- C. Protect building to be reroofed, adjacent buildings, walkways, site improvements, exterior plantings, and landscaping from damage or soiling from reroofing operations.
- D. Maintain access to existing walkways, corridors, and other adjacent occupied or used facilities.
- E. Conditions existing at time of inspection for bidding will be maintained by Owner as far as practical.
  - 1. A roof moisture survey of existing roofing system is available for Contractor's reference.
  - 2. The results of an analysis of test cores from existing roofing system are available for Contractor's reference.
- F. Limit construction loads on existing roof areas to remain, and existing roof areas scheduled to be reroofed to 150 pounds for rooftop equipment wheel loads and 30 pounds per square foot for uniformly distributed loads.
- G. Weather Limitations: Proceed with reroofing preparation only when existing and forecasted weather conditions permit Work to proceed without water entering existing roofing system or building.
  - 1. Remove only as much roofing in one day as can be made watertight in the same day.
- H. Hazardous Materials: It is not expected that hazardous materials, such as asbestos-containing materials, will be encountered in the Work.

### Bid Set

#### **ROOF REPLACEMENT**

- 1. Existing roof will be left no less watertight than before removal.
- 2. If materials suspected of containing hazardous materials are encountered, do not disturb; immediately notify Engineer and Owner.
  - a. Hazardous materials will be removed by Owner under a separate contract.
- I. Hazardous Materials: A report on the presence of hazardous materials is on file for review and use. Examine report to become aware of locations where hazardous materials are present.
  - 1. Hazardous material remediation is specified elsewhere in the Contract Documents.
  - 2. Do not disturb hazardous materials or items suspected of containing hazardous materials except according to procedures specified elsewhere in the Contract Documents.
  - 3. Coordinate reroofing preparation with hazardous material remediation to prevent water from entering existing roofing system or building.

#### **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

#### 2.1 TEMPORARY PROTECTION MATERIALS

- A. EPS Insulation: ASTM C 578.
- B. Plywood: DOC PS 1, Grade CD, Exposure 1.
- C. OSB: DOC PS 2, Exposure 1.

#### 2.2 INFILL AND REPLACEMENT MATERIALS

- A. Use infill materials matching existing roofing system materials unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Infill materials are specified in Section 07 5419 "Polyvinyl-Chloride (PVC) Roofing" unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Steel deck is specified in Section 05 3100 "Steel Decking."
- C. Wood blocking, curbs, and nailers are specified in Section 06 1053 Miscellaneous Rough Carpentry."
- D. Plywood roof sheathing is specified in Section 06 1600 "Sheathing."
- E. Fasteners: Factory-coated steel fasteners with metal or plastic plates listed in FM Approvals' RoofNav, and acceptable to new roofing system manufacturer.

#### **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

#### 3.1 PREPARATION

A. Protection of In-Place Conditions:

- 1. Protect existing roofing system that is not to be reroofed.
- 2. Loosely lay 1-inch- minimum thick, EPS insulation over existing roofing in areas not to be reroofed.
  - a. Loosely lay 15/32-inch plywood or OSB panels over EPS. Extend EPS past edges of plywood or OSB panels a minimum of 1 inch.
- 3. Limit traffic and material storage to areas of existing roofing that have been protected.
- 4. Maintain temporary protection and leave in place until replacement roofing has been completed. Remove temporary protection on completion of reroofing.
- 5. Comply with requirements of existing roof system manufacturer's warranty requirements.
- B. Seal or isolate windows that may be exposed to airborne substances created in removal of existing materials.
- C. Shut off rooftop utilities and service piping before beginning the Work.
- D. Test existing roof drains to verify that they are not blocked or restricted.
  - 1. Immediately notify Engineer of any blockages or restrictions.
- E. Coordinate with Owner to shut down air-intake equipment in the vicinity of the Work.
  - 1. Cover air-intake louvers before proceeding with reroofing work that could affect indoor air quality or activate smoke detectors in the ductwork.
- F. During removal operations, have sufficient and suitable materials on-site to facilitate rapid installation of temporary protection in the event of unexpected rain.
- G. Maintain roof drains in functioning condition to ensure roof drainage at end of each workday.
  - 1. Prevent debris from entering or blocking roof drains and conductors.
    - a. Use roof-drain plugs specifically designed for this purpose.
    - b. Remove roof-drain plugs at end of each workday, when no work is taking place, or when rain is forecast.
  - 2. If roof drains are temporarily blocked or unserviceable due to roofing system removal or partial installation of new roofing system, provide alternative drainage method to remove water and eliminate ponding.
    - a. Do not permit water to enter into or under existing roofing system components that are to remain.

#### 3.2 ROOF TEAR-OFF

- A. Notify Owner each day of extent of roof tear-off proposed for that day and obtain authorization to proceed.
- B. Lower removed roofing materials to ground and onto lower roof levels, using dust-tight chutes or other acceptable means of removing materials from roof areas.
- C. Full Roof Tear-off: Where indicated on Drawings, remove existing roofing and other roofing system components down to the existing roof deck .

- 1. Remove roof insulation.
- 2. Remove base flashings and counter flashings.
- 3. Remove perimeter edge flashing and gravel stops.
- 4. Remove copings.
- 5. Remove expansion-joint covers.
- 6. Remove flashings at pipes, curbs, mechanical equipment, and other penetrations.
- 7. Remove roof drains and patch roof deck at locations where roof drains will be relocated as indicated on Drawings .
- 8. Remove wood blocking, curbs, and nailers designated to be removed and patch deteriorated wood blocking, curbs and nailers designated to remain.
- 9. Bitumen and felts that are firmly bonded to concrete decks are permitted to remain if felts are dry.
  - a. Remove unadhered bitumen, unadhered felts, and wet felts.
- 10. Remove excess asphalt from steel deck.
  - a. A maximum of 15 lb/100 sq. ft. of asphalt is permitted to remain on steel decks.
- 11. Remove fasteners from deck or cut fasteners off slightly above deck surface.

#### 3.3 DECK PREPARATION

- A. Inspect deck after tear-off of roofing system.
- B. If broken or loose fasteners that secure deck panels to one another or to structure are observed, or if deck appears or feels inadequately attached, immediately notify Engineer.
  - 1. Do not proceed with installation until directed by Engineer.
- C. If deck surface is unsuitable for receiving new roofing or if structural integrity of deck is suspect, immediately notify Engineer.
  - 1. Do not proceed with installation until directed by Engineer.
- D. Replace or patch steel deck as directed by Engineer.
  - 1. Deck replacement will be paid for by adjusting the Contract Sum according to unit prices included in the Contract Documents.
- E. Replace plywood roof sheathing as indicated on Drawings.
- F. Replace plywood roof sheathing as directed by Engineer.
  - 1. Roof sheathing replacement will be paid for by adjusting the Contract Sum according to unit prices included in the Contract Documents.

#### 3.4 BASE FLASHING REMOVAL

- A. Remove existing base flashings.
  - 1. Clean substrates of contaminants, such as asphalt, sheet materials, dirt, and debris.

- B. Do not damage metal counterflashings that are to remain.
  - 1. Replace metal counterflashings damaged during removal with counterflashings specified in Section 07 6200 "Sheet Metal Flashing and Trim."
- C. When directed by Engineer, replace parapet framing, wood blocking, curbs, and nailers to comply with Section 06 1053 Miscellaneous Rough Carpentry."

#### 3.5 DISPOSAL

- A. Collect demolished materials and place in containers.
  - 1. Promptly dispose of demolished materials.
  - 2. Do not allow demolished materials to accumulate on-site.
  - 3. Storage or sale of demolished items or materials on-site is not permitted.
- B. Transport and legally dispose of demolished materials off Owner's property.

END OF SECTION 07 0150.19

#### **SECTION 07 4213.13 - FORMED METAL WALL PANELS**

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

#### A. Section Includes:

1. Concealed-fastener, lap-seam metal wall panels.

#### 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
  - 1. Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes for each type of panel and accessory.

#### B. Shop Drawings:

- 1. Include fabrication and installation layouts of metal panels; details of edge conditions, joints, panel profiles, corners, anchorages, attachment system, trim, flashings, closures, and accessories; and special details.
- 2. Accessories: Include details of the flashing, trim, and anchorage systems, at a scale of not less than 1-1/2 inches per 12 inches.
- C. Samples for Verification: For each type of exposed finish, prepared on Samples of size indicated below:
  - 1. Metal Panels: 12 inches long by actual panel width. Include fasteners, closures, and other metal panel accessories.

#### 1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Sample Warranties: For special warranties.

#### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Mockups: Build mockups to verify selections made under Sample submittals and to demonstrate aesthetic effects and set quality standards for fabrication and installation.
  - 1. Build mockup of typical metal panel assembly, including corner, supports, attachments, and accessories.
  - 2. Approval of mockups does not constitute approval of deviations from the Contract Documents contained in mockups unless Architect specifically approves such deviations in writing.
  - 3. Subject to compliance with requirements, approved mockups may become part of the completed Work if undisturbed at time of Substantial Completion.

#### 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver components, metal panels, and other manufactured items so as not to be damaged or deformed. Package metal panels for protection during transportation and handling.
- B. Unload, store, and erect metal panels in a manner to prevent bending, warping, twisting, and surface damage.
- C. Stack metal panels horizontally on platforms or pallets, covered with suitable weathertight and ventilated covering. Store metal panels to ensure dryness, with positive slope for drainage of water. Do not store metal panels in contact with other materials that might cause staining, denting, or other surface damage.
- D. Retain strippable protective covering on metal panels during installation.

### 1.7 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Weather Limitations: Proceed with installation only when existing and forecasted weather conditions permit assembly of metal panels to be performed according to manufacturers' written instructions and warranty requirements.

#### 1.8 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate metal panel installation with rain drainage work, flashing, trim, , and other adjoining work to provide a leakproof, secure, and noncorrosive installation.

#### 1.9 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty on Panel Finishes: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair finish or replace metal panels that show evidence of deterioration of factory-applied finishes within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Exposed Panel Finish: Deterioration includes, but is not limited to, the following:
    - a. Color fading more than 5 Delta E units when tested according to ASTM D2244.

- b. Chalking in excess of a No. 8 rating when tested according to ASTM D4214.
- c. Cracking, checking, peeling, or failure of paint to adhere to bare metal.
- 2. Finish Warranty Period: 20 years from date of Substantial Completion.

#### **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

#### 2.1 CONCEALED-FASTENER, LAP-SEAM METAL WALL PANELS

- A. Provide factory-formed metal panels designed to be field assembled by lapping and interconnecting side edges of adjacent panels and mechanically attaching through panel to supports using concealed fasteners in side laps. Include accessories required for weathertight installation.
- B. Flush-Profile, Concealed-Fastener Metal Wall Panels : Formed with vertical panel edges and a flat pan between panel edges; with flush joint between panels.
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. CENTRIA Architectural Systems.
    - b. Dimensional Metals, Inc.
    - c. MBCI.
    - d. Morin A Kingspan Group Company.
  - 2. Aluminum Sheet: Coil-coated sheet, ASTM B209, alloy as standard with manufacturer, with temper as required to suit forming operations and structural performance required.
    - a. Thickness: 0.032 inch.
    - b. Surface: Smooth, flat finish.
    - c. Exterior Finish: Two-coat fluoropolymer.
    - d. Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.
  - 3. Panel Coverage: 12 inches.
  - 4. Panel Height: 1.0 inch.

#### 2.2 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

- A. Miscellaneous Metal Subframing and Furring: ASTM C645, cold-formed, metallic-coated steel sheet, ASTM A653/A653M, G90 coating designation or ASTM A792/A792M, Class AZ50 aluminum-zincalloy coating designation unless otherwise indicated. Provide manufacturer's standard sections as required for support and alignment of metal panel system.
- B. Panel Accessories: Provide components required for a complete, weathertight panel system including trim, copings, fasciae, mullions, sills, corner units, clips, flashings, sealants, gaskets, fillers, closure strips, and similar items. Match material and finish of metal panels unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Closures: Provide closures at eaves and rakes, fabricated of same metal as metal panels.
  - 2. Backing Plates: Provide metal backing plates at panel end splices, fabricated from material recommended by manufacturer.

- 3. Closure Strips: Closed-cell, expanded, cellular, rubber or crosslinked, polyolefin-foam or closed-cell laminated polyethylene; minimum 1-inch- thick, flexible closure strips; cut or premolded to match metal panel profile. Provide closure strips where indicated or necessary to ensure weathertight construction.
- C. Flashing and Trim: Provide flashing and trim formed from same material as metal panels as required to seal against weather and to provide finished appearance. Locations include, but are not limited to, bases, drips, sills, jambs, corners, endwalls, framed openings, rakes, fasciae, parapet caps, soffits, reveals, and fillers. Finish flashing and trim with same finish system as adjacent metal panels.
- D. Panel Fasteners: Self-tapping screws designed to withstand design loads. Provide exposed fasteners with heads matching color of metal panels by means of plastic caps or factory-applied coating. Provide EPDM or PVC sealing washers for exposed fasteners.
- E. Panel Sealants: Provide sealant type recommended by manufacturer that are compatible with panel materials, are nonstaining, and do not damage panel finish.
  - 1. Sealant Tape: Pressure-sensitive, 100 percent solids, gray polyisobutylene compound sealant tape with release-paper backing. Provide permanently elastic, nonsag, nontoxic, nonstaining tape 1/2 inch wide and 1/8 inch thick.
  - 2. Joint Sealant: ASTM C920; elastomeric polyurethane or silicone sealant; of type, grade, class, and use classifications required to seal joints in metal panels and remain weathertight; and as recommended in writing by metal panel manufacturer.
  - 3. Butyl-Rubber-Based, Solvent-Release Sealant: ASTM C1311.

#### 2.3 FABRICATION

- A. Fabricate and finish metal panels and accessories at the factory, by manufacturer's standard procedures and processes, as necessary to fulfill indicated performance requirements demonstrated by laboratory testing. Comply with indicated profiles and with dimensional and structural requirements.
- B. Provide panel profile, including major ribs and intermediate stiffening ribs, if any, for full length of panel.
- C. Fabricate metal panel joints with factory-installed captive gaskets or separator strips that provide a weathertight seal and prevent metal-to-metal contact, and that minimize noise from movements.
- D. Sheet Metal Flashing and Trim: Fabricate flashing and trim to comply with manufacturer's recommendations and recommendations in SMACNA's "Architectural Sheet Metal Manual" that apply to design, dimensions, metal, and other characteristics of item indicated.
  - 1. Form exposed sheet metal accessories that are without excessive oil canning, buckling, and tool marks and that are true to line and levels indicated, with exposed edges folded back to form hems.
  - 2. Seams for Aluminum: Fabricate nonmoving seams with flat-lock seams. Form seams and seal with epoxy seam sealer. Rivet joints for additional strength.
  - 3. Sealed Joints: Form nonexpansion, but movable, joints in metal to accommodate sealant and to comply with SMACNA standards.

# 4. Conceal fasteners and expansion provisions where possible. Exposed fasteners are not allowed on faces of accessories exposed to view.

- 5. Fabricate cleats and attachment devices from same material as accessory being anchored or from compatible, noncorrosive metal recommended in writing by metal panel manufacturer.
  - a. Size: As recommended by SMACNA's "Architectural Sheet Metal Manual" or metal wall panel manufacturer for application but not less than thickness of metal being secured.

#### 2.4 FINISHES

- A. Protect mechanical and painted finishes on exposed surfaces from damage by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering before shipping.
- B. Appearance of Finished Work: Variations in appearance of abutting or adjacent pieces are acceptable if they are within one-half of the range of approved Samples. Noticeable variations in same piece are not acceptable. Variations in appearance of other components are acceptable if they are within the range of approved Samples and are assembled or installed to minimize contrast.
- C. Aluminum Panels and Accessories:
  - 1. Two-Coat Fluoropolymer: AAMA 2605. Fluoropolymer finish containing not less than 70 percent polyvinylidene fluoride (PVDF resin by weight in color coat. Prepare, pretreat, and apply coating to exposed metal surfaces to comply with coating and resin manufacturers' written instructions.

#### **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances, metal panel supports, and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
  - 1. Examine wall framing to verify that girts, angles, channels, studs, and other structural panel support members and anchorage have been installed within alignment tolerances required by metal wall panel manufacturer.
  - 2. Examine wall sheathing to verify that sheathing joints are supported by framing or blocking and that installation is within flatness tolerances required by metal wall panel manufacturer.
    - a. Verify that air- or water-resistive barriers have been installed over sheathing or backing substrate to prevent air infiltration or water penetration.
- B. Examine roughing-in for components and systems penetrating metal panels to verify actual locations of penetrations relative to seam locations of metal panels before installation.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

#### 3.2 PREPARATION

A. Miscellaneous Supports: Install subframing, furring, and other miscellaneous panel support members and anchorages according to ASTM C754 and metal panel manufacturer's written recommendations.

#### 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Install metal panels according to manufacturer's written instructions in orientation, sizes, and locations indicated. Install panels perpendicular to supports unless otherwise indicated. Anchor metal panels and other components of the Work securely in place, with provisions for thermal and structural movement.
  - 1. Shim or otherwise plumb substrates receiving metal panels.
  - 2. Flash and seal metal panels at perimeter of all openings. Fasten with self-tapping screws. Do not begin installation until air- or water-resistive barriers and flashings that will be concealed by metal panels are installed.
  - 3. Install screw fasteners in predrilled holes.
  - 4. Locate and space fastenings in uniform vertical and horizontal alignment.
  - 5. Install flashing and trim as metal panel work proceeds.
  - 6. Locate panel splices over, but not attached to, structural supports. Stagger panel splices and end laps to avoid a four-panel lap splice condition.
  - 7. Align bottoms of metal panels and fasten with blind rivets, bolts, or self-tapping screws. Fasten flashings and trim around openings and similar elements with self-tapping screws.

#### B. Fasteners:

- 1. Aluminum Panels: Use aluminum or stainless steel fasteners for surfaces exposed to the exterior; use aluminum or galvanized-steel fasteners for surfaces exposed to the interior.
- C. Metal Protection: Where dissimilar metals contact each other or corrosive substrates, protect against galvanic action as recommended in writing by metal panel manufacturer.
- D. Lap-Seam Metal Panels: Fasten metal panels to supports with fasteners at each lapped joint at location and spacing recommended by manufacturer.
  - 1. Lap ribbed or fluted sheets one full rib. Apply panels and associated items true to line for neat and weathertight enclosure.
  - 2. Provide metal-backed washers under heads of exposed fasteners bearing on weather side of metal panels.
  - 3. Locate and space exposed fasteners in uniform vertical and horizontal alignment. Use proper tools to obtain controlled uniform compression for positive seal without rupture of washer.
  - 4. Install screw fasteners with power tools having controlled torque adjusted to compress washer tightly without damage to washer, screw threads, or panels. Install screws in predrilled holes.
  - 5. Flash and seal panels with weather closures at perimeter of all openings.
- E. Accessory Installation: Install accessories with positive anchorage to building and weathertight mounting, and provide for thermal expansion. Coordinate installation with flashings and other components.

- 1. Install components required for a complete metal panel system including trim, copings, corners, seam covers, flashings, sealants, gaskets, fillers, closure strips, and similar items. Provide types indicated by metal wall panel manufacturer; or, if not indicated, provide types recommended by metal panel manufacturer.
- F. Flashing and Trim: Comply with performance requirements, manufacturer's written installation instructions, and SMACNA's "Architectural Sheet Metal Manual." Provide concealed fasteners where possible, and set units true to line and level as indicated. Install work with laps, joints, and seams that are permanently watertight.
  - 1. Install exposed flashing and trim that is without buckling and tool marks, and that is true to line and levels indicated, with exposed edges folded back to form hems. Install sheet metal flashing and trim to fit substrates and achieve waterproof performance.
  - 2. Expansion Provisions: Provide for thermal expansion of exposed flashing and trim. Space movement joints at a maximum of 10 feet with no joints allowed within 24 inches of corner or intersection. Where lapped expansion provisions cannot be used or would not be sufficiently waterproof, form expansion joints of intermeshing hooked flanges, not less than 1 inch deep, filled with mastic sealant (concealed within joints).

#### 3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to test and inspect completed metal wall panel installation, including accessories.
- B. Remove and replace metal wall panels where tests and inspections indicate that they do not comply with specified requirements.
- C. Additional tests and inspections, at Contractor's expense, are performed to determine compliance of replaced or additional work with specified requirements.
- D. Prepare test and inspection reports.

#### 3.5 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Remove temporary protective coverings and strippable films, if any, as metal panels are installed, unless otherwise indicated in manufacturer's written installation instructions. On completion of metal panel installation, clean finished surfaces as recommended by metal panel manufacturer. Maintain in a clean condition during construction.
- B. After metal panel installation, clear weep holes and drainage channels of obstructions, dirt, and sealant.
- C. Replace metal panels that have been damaged or have deteriorated beyond successful repair by finish touchup or similar minor repair procedures.

END OF SECTION 07 4213.13

### **SECTION 07 5419 - POLYVINYL-CHLORIDE (PVC) ROOFING**

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

#### A. Section Includes:

- 1. Adhered polyvinyl chloride (PVC) roofing system.
- 2. Roof insulation.
- 3. Cover board.
- 4. Walkways.

#### B. Related Requirements:

- 1. Section 06 1053 "Miscellaneous Rough Carpentry" for wood nailers, curbs, and blocking; and for wood-based, structural-use roof deck panels.
- 2. Section 06 1600 "Sheathing" for wood-based, structural-use roof deck panels.
- 3. Section 07 6200 "Sheet Metal Flashing and Trim" for metal roof flashings and counterflashings.
- 4. Section 07 9200 "Joint Sealants" for joint sealants, joint fillers, and joint preparation.
- 5. Section 22 1423 "Storm Drainage Piping Specialties" for roof drains.

#### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. Roofing Terminology: Definitions in ASTM D1079 and glossary in NRCA's "The NRCA Roofing Manual: Membrane Roof Systems" apply to work of this Section.

### 1.4 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

- A. Preliminary Roofing Conference: Before starting roof deck construction, conduct conference at Project site .
  - 1. Meet with Owner, Engineer, Owner's insurer if applicable, testing and inspecting agency representative, roofing Installer, roofing system manufacturer's representative, deck Installer, air barrier Installer, and installers whose work interfaces with or affects roofing, including installers of roof accessories and roof-mounted equipment.
  - 2. Review methods and procedures related to roofing installation, including manufacturer's written instructions.

### Bid Set

#### **ROOF REPLACEMENT**

- 3. Review and finalize construction schedule, and verify availability of materials, Installer's personnel, equipment, and facilities needed to make progress and avoid delays.
- 4. Review deck substrate requirements for conditions and finishes, including flatness and fastening.
- 5. Review structural loading limitations of roof deck during and after roofing.
- 6. Review base flashings, special roofing details, roof drainage, roof penetrations, equipment curbs, and condition of other construction that affects roofing system.
- 7. Review governing regulations and requirements for insurance and certificates if applicable.
- 8. Review temporary protection requirements for roofing system during and after installation.
- 9. Review roof observation and repair procedures after roofing installation.

#### 1.5 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
  - 1. For insulation and roof system component fasteners, include copy of FM Approvals' RoofNav listing.
- B. Samples for Verification: For the following products:
  - 1. Roof membrane and flashing, of color required.
  - 2. Walkway pads or rolls, of color required.
- C. Wind Uplift Resistance Submittal: For roofing system, indicating compliance with wind uplift performance requirements.

### 1.6 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Qualification Data: For Installer and manufacturer.
- B. Field Test Reports:
  - 1. Fastener-pullout test results and manufacturer's revised requirements for fastener patterns.
- C. Field quality-control reports.
- D. Sample Warranties: For manufacturer's special warranties.

#### 1.7 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

#### 1.8 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Manufacturer Qualifications: A qualified manufacturer that is listed in FM Approvals' RoofNav for roofing system identical to that used for this Project.

B. Installer Qualifications: A qualified firm that is approved, authorized, or licensed by roofing system manufacturer to install manufacturer's product and that is eligible to receive manufacturer's special warranty.

#### 1.9 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver roofing materials to Project site in original containers with seals unbroken and labeled with manufacturer's name, product brand name and type, date of manufacture, approval or listing agency markings, and directions for storing and mixing with other components.
- B. Store liquid materials in their original undamaged containers in a clean, dry, protected location and within the temperature range required by roofing system manufacturer. Protect stored liquid material from direct sunlight.
  - 1. Discard and legally dispose of liquid material that cannot be applied within its stated shelf life.
- C. Protect roof insulation materials from physical damage and from deterioration by sunlight, moisture, soiling, and other sources. Store in a dry location. Comply with insulation manufacturer's written instructions for handling, storing, and protecting during installation.
- D. Handle and store roofing materials, and place equipment in a manner to avoid permanent deflection of deck.

#### 1.10 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Weather Limitations: Proceed with installation only when existing and forecasted weather conditions permit roofing system to be installed according to manufacturer's written instructions and warranty requirements.
- B. Temporary Roofing: When adverse job conditions or weather conditions prevent permanent roofing and associated work from being installed according to requirements, and Contractor determines that roofing cannot be delayed because of need for job progress or protection of other work, install temporary roofing.
  - 1. Installation and removal of temporary roofing, as required prior to proceeding with permanent roofing, shall be performed at no additional cost to COM.
  - 2. Temporary roofing must be removed entirely prior to installation of roofing membrane unless otherwise directed by Engineer/Architect.

#### 1.11 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of roofing system that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Special warranty includes roof membrane, base flashings, roof insulation, fasteners, cover boards, and other components of roofing system.

- 2. Warranty Period: 20 years from date of Substantial Completion.
- B. Special Project Warranty: Submit roofing Installer's warranty, on warranty form at end of this Section, signed by Installer, covering the Work of this Section, including all components of roofing system such as roof membrane, base flashing, roof insulation, fasteners, cover boards, and walkway products, for the following warranty period:
  - 1. Warranty Period: Two years from date of Substantial Completion.
  - 2. Wind Speed Provisions: Up to and including wind speeds of 115 miles per hour.

#### **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

#### 2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. General Performance: Installed roofing and base flashings shall withstand specified uplift pressures, thermally induced movement, and exposure to weather without failure due to defective manufacture, fabrication, installation, or other defects in construction. Roof system and flashings shall remain watertight.
  - 1. Accelerated Weathering: Roof membrane shall withstand 2000 hours of exposure when tested according to ASTM G152, ASTM G154, or ASTM G155.
  - 2. Impact Resistance: Roof membrane shall resist impact damage when tested according to ASTM D3746, ASTM D4272/D4272M, or the "Resistance to Foot Traffic Test" in FM Approvals 4470.
- B. Material Compatibility: Roofing materials shall be compatible with one another and adjacent materials under conditions of service and application required, as demonstrated by roof membrane manufacturer based on testing and field experience.
- C. Wind Uplift Resistance: Design roofing system to resist the following wind uplift pressures when tested according to FM Approvals 4474, UL 580, or UL 1897:
  - 1. Zone 1 (Roof Area Field): < Insert lbf/sq. ft.>.
  - 2. Zone 2 (Roof Area Perimeter): < Insert lbf/sq. ft.>.
    - a. Location: From roof edge to <**Insert dimension>** inside roof edge.
  - 3. Zone 3 (Roof Area Corners): < Insert lbf/sq. ft.>.
    - a. Location: < Insert dimension > in each direction from building corner.
- D. SPRI's Directory of Roof Assemblies Listing: Roof membrane, base flashings, and component materials shall comply with requirements in FM Approvals 4450 or FM Approvals 4470 as part of a roofing system, and shall be listed in SPRI's Directory of Roof Assemblies for roof assembly identical for that specified for this Project.
  - 1. Wind Uplift Load Capacity: 90 psf.
- E. ENERGY STAR Listing: Roofing system shall be listed on the DOE's ENERGY STAR "Roof Products Qualified Product List" for low -slope roof products.

### Bid Set

#### **ROOF REPLACEMENT**

- F. Energy Performance: Roofing system shall have an initial solar reflectance of not less than 0.70 and an emissivity of not less than 0.75 when tested according to CRRC-1.
- G. Exterior Fire-Test Exposure: ASTM E108 or UL 790, Class A; for application and roof slopes indicated; testing by a qualified testing agency. Identify products with appropriate markings of applicable testing agency.

### 2.2 POLYVINYL CHLORIDE (PVC) ROOFING

- A. PVC Sheet: ASTM D4434/D4434M, Type II, internally fabric or scrim reinforced, uniform, flexible PVC sheet.
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. Carlisle SynTec Incorporated.
    - b. Sika Sarnafil.
    - c. Soprema.
    - d. Versico Roofing Systems.
  - 2. Thickness: 60 mils.
  - Exposed Face Color: White .
- B. Source Limitations: Obtain components for roofing system from roof membrane manufacturer or manufacturers approved by roof membrane manufacturer.

#### 2.3 AUXILIARY ROOFING MATERIALS

- A. General: Auxiliary materials recommended by roofing system manufacturer for intended use and compatible with other roofing components.
  - 1. Adhesives and Sealants: Comply with VOC limits of authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Sheet Flashing: Manufacturer's standard sheet flashing of same material, type, reinforcement, thickness, and color as PVC sheet.
- C. Bonding Adhesive: Manufacturer's standard, water based.
- D. Metal Termination Bars: Manufacturer's standard, predrilled stainless steel or aluminum bars, approximately 1 by 1/8 inch thick; with anchors.
- E. Fasteners: Factory-coated steel fasteners and metal or plastic plates complying with corrosion-resistance provisions in FM Approvals 4470, designed for fastening roofing components to substrate, and acceptable to roofing system manufacturer.
- F. Miscellaneous Accessories: Provide pourable sealers, preformed cone and vent sheet flashings, preformed inside and outside corner sheet flashings, T-joint covers, lap sealants, termination reglets, and other accessories.

#### 2.4 ROOF INSULATION

- A. General: Preformed roof insulation boards manufactured or approved by PVC roof membrane manufacturer, approved for use in SPRI's Directory of Roof Assemblies listed roof assemblies.
- B. Polyisocyanurate Board Insulation: ASTM C1289, Type II, Class 1, Grade 2; or, Type II, Class 2, Grade 2, felt or glass-fiber mat facer on both major surfaces.
  - 1. Compressive Strength: 20 psi.
  - 2. Size: 48 by 48 inches (for adhered insulation)48 by 96 inches (for mechanically fastened insulation).
  - 3. Thickness:
    - a. Base Layer: 2-1/2 inches .
    - b. Upper Layer: 2-1/2 inches .
- C. Tapered Insulation: Provide factory-tapered insulation boards.
  - 1. Material: Match roof insulation .
  - 2. Minimum Thickness: 1 inch. **DO NOT use "AA" Panels**
  - 3. Slope:
    - a. Roof Field: 1/8 inch per foot unless otherwise indicated on Drawings.
    - b. Saddles and Crickets: 1/4 inch per foot unless otherwise indicated on Drawings.

#### 2.5 INSULATION ACCESSORIES

- A. General: Roof insulation accessories recommended by insulation manufacturer for intended use and compatibility with other roofing system components.
- B. Fasteners: Factory-coated steel fasteners and metal or plastic plates complying with corrosion-resistance provisions in FM Approvals 4470, designed for fastening roof insulation to substrate, and acceptable to roofing system manufacturer.
- C. Insulation Adhesive: Insulation manufacturer's recommended adhesive formulated to attach roof insulation to substrate or to another insulation layer as follows:
  - 1. Bead-applied, low-rise, one-component or multicomponent urethane adhesive; OR.
  - 2. Full-spread, spray-applied, low-rise, two-component urethane adhesive.
- D. Cover Board: ASTM C208. Type II. Grade 2. cellulosic-fiber insulation board. 1/2 inch thick: OR.
- E. Cover Board: ASTM C1289 Type II, Class 4, Grade 1, 1/2-inch thick polyisocyanurate, having a minimum compressive strength of 80 psi.

#### 2.6 WALKWAYS

A. Flexible Walkways: Factory-formed, nonporous, heavy-duty, slip-resisting, surface-textured walkway pads or rolls, approximately 3/16 inch thick and acceptable to roofing system manufacturer.

- 1. Size: Approximately 36 by 60 inches.
- 2. Color: Contrasting with roof membrane.

#### **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
  - 1. Verify that roof openings and penetrations are in place, curbs are set and braced, and roof-drain bodies are securely clamped in place.
  - 2. Verify that wood blocking, curbs, and nailers are securely anchored to roof deck at penetrations and terminations and that nailers match thicknesses of insulation.
  - 3. Verify that any damaged sections of gypsum decking have been repaired or replaced.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

#### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Clean substrate of dust, debris, moisture, and other substances detrimental to roofing system installation according to roofing system manufacturer's written instructions. Remove sharp projections.
- B. Prevent materials from entering and clogging roof drains and conductors and from spilling or migrating onto surfaces of other construction. Remove roof-drain plugs when no work is taking place or when rain is forecast.
- C. Perform fastener-pullout tests according to roof system manufacturer's written instructions.
  - 1. Submit test result within 24 hours of performing tests.
    - a. Include manufacturer's requirements for any revision to previously submitted fastener patterns required to achieve specified wind uplift requirements.
- D. Install sound-absorbing insulation strips according to acoustical roof deck manufacturer's written instructions.

#### 3.3 INSTALLATION OF ROOFING, GENERAL

- A. Install roofing system according to roofing system manufacturer's written instructions, SPRI's Directory of Roof Assemblies listed roof assembly requirements, and FM Global Property Loss Prevention Data Sheet 1-29.
- B. Complete terminations and base flashings and provide temporary seals to prevent water from entering completed sections of roofing system at end of workday or when rain is forecast. Remove and discard temporary seals before beginning work on adjoining roofing.

C. Install roof membrane and auxiliary materials to tie in to existing roofing to maintain weathertightness of transition.

#### 3.4 INSTALLATION OF INSULATION

- A. Coordinate installing roofing system components so insulation is not exposed to precipitation or left exposed at end of workday.
- B. Comply with roofing system and insulation manufacturer's written instructions for installing roof insulation.
- C. Installation Over Metal Decking:
  - 1. Install base layer of insulation with end joints staggered not less than 12 inches in adjacent rows and with long joints continuous at right angle to flutes of decking.
    - a. Locate end joints over crests of decking.
    - b. Trim insulation neatly to fit around penetrations and projections, and to fit tight to intersecting sloping roof decks.
    - c. Make joints between adjacent insulation boards not more than 1/4 inch in width.
    - d. At internal roof drains, slope insulation to create a square drain sump with each side equal to the diameter of the drain bowl plus 24 inches.
      - 1) Trim insulation so that water flow is unrestricted.
    - e. Fill gaps exceeding 1/4 inch with insulation.
    - f. Cut and fit insulation within 1/4 inch of nailers, projections, and penetrations.
    - g. Mechanically attach base layer of insulation using mechanical fasteners specifically designed and sized for fastening specified board-type roof insulation to metal decks.
      - Fasten insulation according to requirements in SPRI's Directory of Roof Assemblies for specified Wind Uplift Load Capacity.
      - 2) Fasten insulation to resist specified uplift pressure at corners, perimeter, and field of roof.
  - 2. Install upper layers of insulation and tapered insulation with joints of each layer offset not less than 12 inches from previous layer of insulation.
    - a. Staggered end joints within each layer not less than 24 inches in adjacent rows.
    - b. Install with long joints continuous and with end joints staggered not less than 12 inches in adjacent rows.
    - c. Trim insulation neatly to fit around penetrations and projections, and to fit tight to intersecting sloping roof decks.
    - d. Make joints between adjacent insulation boards not more than 1/4 inch in width.
    - e. At internal roof drains, slope insulation to create a square drain sump with each side equal to the diameter of the drain bowl plus 24 inches.
    - f. Trim insulation so that water flow is unrestricted.
    - g. Fill gaps exceeding 1/4 inch with insulation.
    - h. Cut and fit insulation within 1/4 inch of nailers, projections, and penetrations.
    - Adhere each layer of insulation to substrate using adhesive according to SPRI's Directory of Roof Assemblies listed roof assembly requirements for specified Wind Uplift Load Capacity and FM Global Property Loss Prevention Data Sheet 1-29, as follows:

- 1) Set each layer of insulation in ribbons of bead-applied insulation adhesive, firmly pressing and maintaining insulation in place; OR
- 2) Set each layer of insulation in a uniform coverage of full-spread insulation adhesive, firmly pressing and maintaining insulation in place.
- D. Installation Over Concrete and Gypsum Decks:
  - 1. Install base layer of insulation with joints staggered not less than 24 inches in adjacent rows .
    - a. Make joints between adjacent insulation boards not more than 1/4 inch in width.
    - b. At internal roof drains, slope insulation to create a square drain sump with each side equal to the diameter of the drain bowl plus 24 inches.
      - 1) Trim insulation so that water flow is unrestricted.
    - c. Fill gaps exceeding 1/4 inch with insulation.
    - d. Cut and fit insulation within 1/4 inch of nailers, projections, and penetrations.
    - e. Adhere base layer of insulation to concrete roof deckor gypsum roof deck according to SPRI's Directory of Roof Assemblies listed roof assembly requirements for specified Wind Uplift Load Capacity and FM Global Property Loss Prevention Data Sheet 1-29, as follows:
      - 1) Set insulation in ribbons of bead-applied insulation adhesive, firmly pressing and maintaining insulation in place.; OR
      - 2) Set insulation in a uniform coverage of full-spread insulation adhesive, firmly pressing and maintaining insulation in place.
  - 2. Install upper layers of insulation and tapered insulation with joints of each layer offset not less than 12 inches from previous layer of insulation.
    - a. Staggered end joints within each layer not less than 24 inches in adjacent rows.
    - b. Trim insulation neatly to fit around penetrations and projections, and to fit tight to intersecting sloping roof decks.
    - c. Make joints between adjacent insulation boards not more than 1/4 inch in width.
    - d. At internal roof drains, slope insulation to create a square drain sump with each side equal to the diameter of the drain bowl plus 24 inches.
      - 1) Trim insulation so that water flow is unrestricted.
    - e. Fill gaps exceeding 1/4 inch with insulation.
    - f. Cut and fit insulation within 1/4 inch of nailers, projections, and penetrations.
    - g. Adhere each layer of insulation to substrate using adhesive according to SPRI's Directory of Roof Assemblies listed roof assembly requirements for specified Wind Uplift Load Capacity and FM Global Property Loss Prevention Data Sheet 1-29, as follows:
      - 1) Set each layer of insulation in ribbons of bead-applied insulation adhesive, firmly pressing and maintaining insulation in place.; OR
      - 2) Set each layer of insulation in a uniform coverage of full-spread insulation adhesive, firmly pressing and maintaining insulation in place.

#### 3.5 INSTALLATION OF COVER BOARDS

A. Install cover boards over insulation with long joints in continuous straight lines with end joints staggered between rows. Offset joints of insulation below a minimum of 6 inches in each direction.

### Bid Set

### ROOF REPLACEMENT

- 1. Trim cover board neatly to fit around penetrations and projections, and to fit tight to intersecting sloping roof decks.
- 2. At internal roof drains, conform to slope of drain sump.
  - a. Trim cover board so that water flow is unrestricted.
- 3. Cut and fit cover board tight to nailers, projections, and penetrations.
- 4. Adhere cover board to substrate using adhesive according to SPRI's Directory of Roof Assemblies listed roof assembly requirements for specified Wind Uplift Load Capacity and FM Global Property Loss Prevention Data Sheet 1-29, as follows:
  - a. Set cover board in ribbons of bead-applied insulation adhesive, firmly pressing and maintaining insulation in place; OR,
  - b. Set cover board in a uniform coverage of full-spread insulation adhesive, firmly pressing and maintaining insulation in place.

#### 3.6 INSTALLATION OF ADHERED ROOF MEMBRANE

- A. Adhere roof membrane over area to receive roofing according to roofing system manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Unroll roof membrane and allow to relax before installing.
- C. Start installation of roofing in presence of roofing system manufacturer's technical personnel.
- D. Accurately align roof membrane, and maintain uniform side and end laps of minimum dimensions required by manufacturer. Stagger end laps.
- E. Bonding Adhesive: Apply to substrate and underside of roof membrane at rate required by manufacturer, and allow to partially dry before installing roof membrane. Do not apply to splice area of roof membrane.
- F. In addition to adhering, mechanically fasten roof membrane securely at terminations, penetrations, and perimeter of roofing.
- G. Apply roof membrane with side laps shingled with slope of roof deck where possible.
- H. Seams: Clean seam areas, overlap roofing, and hot-air weld side and end laps of roof membrane and sheet flashings to ensure a watertight seam installation.
  - 1. Test lap edges with probe to verify seam weld continuity. Apply lap sealant to seal cut edges of roof membrane and sheet flashings.
  - 2. Verify field strength of seams a minimum of twice daily, and repair seam sample areas.
  - 3. Repair tears, voids, and lapped seams in roof membrane that do not comply with requirements.
- I. Spread sealant bed over deck-drain flange at roof drains, and securely seal roof membrane in place with clamping ring.

#### 3.7 INSTALLATION OF BASE FLASHING

- A. Install sheet flashings and preformed flashing accessories, and adhere to substrates according to roofing system manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Apply bonding adhesive to substrate and underside of sheet flashing at required rate, and allow to partially dry. Do not apply to seam area of flashing.
- C. Flash penetrations and field-formed inside and outside corners with cured or uncured sheet flashing.
- D. Clean seam areas, overlap, and firmly roll sheet flashings into the adhesive. Hot-air weld side and end laps to ensure a watertight seam installation.
- E. Terminate and seal top of sheet flashings and mechanically anchor to substrate through termination bars.

#### 3.8 INSTALLATION OF WALKWAYS

- A. Flexible Walkways: Install walkway products according to manufacturer's written instructions.
  - 1. Install flexible walkways at the following locations:
    - a. Perimeter of each rooftop unit.
    - b. Between each rooftop unit location, creating a continuous path connecting rooftop unit locations.
    - c. Between each roof hatch and each rooftop unit location or path connecting rooftop unit locations.
    - d. Top and bottom of each roof access ladder.
    - e. Between each roof access ladder and each rooftop unit location or path connecting rooftop unit locations.
    - f. Locations indicated on Drawings.
    - g. As required by roof membrane manufacturer's warranty requirements.
  - 2. Provide 6-inch clearance between adjoining pads.
  - 3. Heat weld to substrate or adhere walkway products to substrate with compatible adhesive according to roofing system manufacturer's written instructions.

#### 3.9 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Testing Agency: Engage a qualified testing agency to inspect substrate conditions, surface preparation, roof membrane application, sheet flashings, protection, and drainage components, and to furnish reports to Engineer.
- B. Perform the following tests:
  - 1. Infrared Thermography: Testing agency shall survey entire roof area using infrared color thermography according to ASTM C1153.
    - a. Perform tests before overlying construction is placed.
    - b. After infrared scan, locate specific areas of leaks by electrical capacitance/impedance testing or nuclear hydrogen detection tests.

### Bid Set

#### **ROOF REPLACEMENT**

- c. After testing, repair leaks, repeat tests, and make further repairs until roofing and flashing installations are watertight.
  - 1) Cost of retesting is Contractor's responsibility.
- d. Testing agency shall prepare survey report of initial scan indicating locations of entrapped moisture, if any.
- 2. Electrical Capacitance/Impedance Testing: Testing agency shall supplement Infrared Thermography to more accurately identify entrapped water within roof assembly according to ASTM D7954/D7954M.
  - a. After testing, repair leaks, repeat tests, and make further repairs until roofing and flashing installations are watertight.
    - 1) Cost of retesting is Contractor's responsibility.
  - b. Testing agency shall prepare survey report indicating locations of entrapped moisture, if any.
- 3. Testing agency shall prepare survey report indicating locations of initial discontinuities, if any.
- C. Final Roof Inspection: Arrange for roofing system manufacturer's technical personnel to inspect roofing installation on completion, in presence of Engineer, and to prepare inspection report.
- D. Repair or remove and replace components of roofing system where inspections indicate that they do not comply with specified requirements.
- E. Additional testing and inspecting, at Contractor's expense, will be performed to determine if replaced or additional work complies with specified requirements.

#### 3.10 PROTECTING AND CLEANING

- A. Protect roofing system from damage and wear during remainder of construction period. When remaining construction does not affect or endanger roofing, inspect roofing system for deterioration and damage, describing its nature and extent in a written report, with copies to Engineer and Owner.
- B. Correct deficiencies in or remove roofing system that does not comply with requirements, repair substrates, and repair or reinstall roofing system to a condition free of damage and deterioration at time of Substantial Completion and according to warranty requirements.
- C. Clean overspray and spillage from adjacent construction using cleaning agents and procedures recommended by manufacturer of affected construction.

#### 3.11 ROOFING INSTALLER'S WARRANTY

A.	WHEREAS	of				, herein
	called the "Roofing Installer," has performed roofing	g and	associated wo	rk ("work")	on the	following
	project:					

- 1. Owner: < Insert name of Owner>.
- 2. Address: < Insert address>.
- 3. Building Name/Type: < Insert information >.

- Address: <Insert address>.
   Area of Work: <Insert information>.
   Acceptance Date: \_\_\_\_\_\_.
   Warranty Period: <Insert time>.
   Expiration Date: \_\_\_\_\_.
- B. AND WHEREAS Roofing Installer has contracted (either directly with Owner or indirectly as a subcontractor) to warrant said work against leaks and faulty or defective materials and workmanship for designated Warranty Period,
- C. NOW THEREFORE Roofing Installer hereby warrants, subject to terms and conditions herein set forth, that during Warranty Period Roofing Installer will, at Roofing Installer's own cost and expense, make or cause to be made such repairs to or replacements of said work as are necessary to correct faulty and defective work and as are necessary to maintain said work in a watertight condition.
- D. This Warranty is made subject to the following terms and conditions:
  - 1. Specifically excluded from this Warranty are damages to work and other parts of the building, and to building contents, caused by:
    - a. lightning;
    - b. peak gust wind speed exceeding 90 miles per houir;
    - c. fire:
    - d. failure of roofing system substrate, including cracking, settlement, excessive deflection, deterioration, and decomposition;
    - e. faulty construction of parapet walls, copings, chimneys, skylights, vents, equipment supports, and other edge conditions and penetrations of the work;
    - f. vapor condensation on bottom of roofing; and
    - g. activity on roofing by others, including construction contractors, maintenance personnel, other persons, and animals, whether authorized or unauthorized by Owner.
  - 2. When work has been damaged by any of foregoing causes, Warranty shall be null and void until such damage has been repaired by Roofing Installer and until cost and expense thereof have been paid by Owner or by another responsible party so designated.
  - 3. Roofing Installer is responsible for damage to work covered by this Warranty but is not liable for consequential damages to building or building contents resulting from leaks or faults or defects of work.
  - 4. During Warranty Period, if Owner allows alteration of work by anyone other than Roofing Installer, including cutting, patching, and maintenance in connection with penetrations, attachment of other work, and positioning of anything on roof, this Warranty shall become null and void on date of said alterations, but only to the extent said alterations affect work covered by this Warranty. If Owner engages Roofing Installer to perform said alterations, Warranty shall not become null and void unless Roofing Installer, before starting said work, shall have notified Owner in writing, showing reasonable cause for claim, that said alterations would likely damage or deteriorate work, thereby reasonably justifying a limitation or termination of this Warranty.
  - During Warranty Period, if original use of roof is changed and it becomes used for, but was not originally specified for, a promenade, work deck, spray-cooled surface, flooded basin, or other use or service more severe than originally specified, this Warranty shall become null and void on date of said change, but only to the extent said change affects work covered by this Warranty.

- 6. Owner shall promptly notify Roofing Installer of observed, known, or suspected leaks, defects, or deterioration and shall afford reasonable opportunity for Roofing Installer to inspect work and to examine evidence of such leaks, defects, or deterioration.
- 7. This Warranty is recognized to be the only warranty of Roofing Installer on said work and shall not operate to restrict or cut off Owner from other remedies and resources lawfully available to Owner in cases of roofing failure. Specifically, this Warranty shall not operate to relieve Roofing Installer of responsibility for performance of original work according to requirements of the Contract Documents, regardless of whether Contract was a contract directly with Owner or a subcontract with Owner's General Contractor.

E.	IN	WITNESS	THEREOF,	this	instrument	has	been	duly	executed	this		 day	of
	1.		, zed Signatu			•							
	2. Name:										<b>'</b>		
	3.	Title:							·				

END OF SECTION 07 5419

#### **SECTION 07 6200 - SHEET METAL FLASHING AND TRIM**

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

#### A. Section Includes:

- 1. Formed roof-drainage sheet metal fabrications.
- 2. Formed low-slope roof sheet metal fabrications.
- 3. Formed wall sheet metal fabrications.

### B. Related Requirements:

- 1. Section 06 1053 "Miscellaneous Rough Carpentry" for wood nailers, curbs, and blocking.
- 2. Section 07 4213.13 " Formed Metal Wall Panels" for sheet metal flashing and trim integral with metal wall panels.
- 3. Section 07 5419 "Polyvinyl-Chloride (PVC) Roofing" for membrane and flashing installation.
- 4. Section 07 7200 "Roof Accessories" for set-on-type curbs, equipment supports, roof hatches, vents, and other manufactured roof accessory units.

#### 1.3 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate sheet metal flashing and trim layout and seams with sizes and locations of penetrations to be flashed, and joints and seams in adjacent materials.
- B. Coordinate sheet metal flashing and trim installation with adjoining roofing and wall materials, joints, and seams to provide leakproof, secure, and noncorrosive installation.

#### 1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each of the following
  - 1. Underlayment materials.
  - 2. Elastomeric sealant.
  - 3. Butyl sealant.

#### **ROOF REPLACEMENT**

- B. Shop Drawings: For sheet metal flashing and trim not specifically detailed on the Contract Drawings. In situations where conflicts exist between the shop drawings and the contract drawings the requirements of the contract drawings shall supersede the shop drawings.
  - 1. Include plans, elevations, sections, and attachment details.
  - 2. Detail fabrication and installation layouts, expansion-joint locations, and keyed details. Distinguish between shop- and field-assembled Work.
  - 3. Include identification of material, thickness, weight, and finish for each item and location in Project.
  - 4. Include details for forming, including profiles, shapes, seams, and dimensions.
  - 5. Include details for joining, supporting, and securing, including layout and spacing of fasteners, cleats, clips, and other attachments. Include pattern of seams.
  - 6. Include details of termination points and assemblies.
  - 7. Include details of expansion joints and expansion-joint covers, including showing direction of expansion and contraction from fixed points.
  - 8. Include details of roof-penetration flashing.
  - 9. Include details of special conditions.
  - 10. Include details of connections to adjoining work.
  - 11. Detail formed flashing and trim at scale of not less than 1-1/2 inches per 12 inches < Insert scale >.
- C. Samples: For each exposed product and for each color and texture specified, 12 inches long by actual width.

#### 1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Qualification Data: For fabricator.
- B. Sample Warranty: For special warranty.

#### 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Fabricator Qualifications: Employs skilled workers who custom fabricate sheet metal flashing and trim similar to that required for this Project and whose products have a record of successful in-service performance.
  - 1. For copings and roof edge flashings that are ANSI/SPRI/FM 4435/ES-1 tested , shop shall be listed as able to fabricate required details as tested and approved.
- B. Mockups: Build mockups to verify selections made under Sample submittals, to demonstrate aesthetic effects, and to set quality standards for fabrication and installation.
  - 1. Build mockup of typical roof edge, including fascia fascia trim, approximately 10 feet long, including supporting construction cleats, seams, attachments, underlayment, and accessories.
  - 2. Approval of mockups does not constitute approval of deviations from the Contract Documents contained in mockups unless Owner specifically approves such deviations in writing.
  - 3. Subject to compliance with requirements, approved mockups may become part of the completed Work if undisturbed at time of Substantial Completion.

#### 1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Do not store sheet metal flashing and trim materials in contact with other materials that might cause staining, denting, or other surface damage.
  - 1. Store sheet metal flashing and trim materials away from uncured concrete and masonry.
  - 2. Protect stored sheet metal flashing and trim from contact with water.
- B. Protect strippable protective covering on sheet metal flashing and trim from exposure to sunlight and high humidity, except to extent necessary for period of sheet metal flashing and trim installation.

#### 1.8 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty on Finishes: Manufacturer agrees to repair finish or replace sheet metal flashing and trim that shows evidence of deterioration of factory-applied finishes within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Exposed Panel Finish: Deterioration includes, but is not limited to, the following:
    - a. Color fading more than 5 Delta E units when tested in accordance with ASTM D2244.
    - b. Chalking in excess of a No. 8 rating when tested in accordance with ASTM D4214.
    - c. Cracking, checking, peeling, or failure of paint to adhere to bare metal.
  - 2. Finish Warranty Period: 20 years from date of Substantial Completion.

#### **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

#### 2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Sheet metal flashing and trim assemblies, including cleats, anchors, and fasteners, shall withstand wind loads, structural movement, thermally induced movement, and exposure to weather without failure due to defective manufacture, fabrication, installation, or other defects in construction. Completed sheet metal flashing and trim shall not rattle, leak, or loosen, and shall remain watertight.
- B. Sheet Metal Standard for Flashing and Trim: Comply with NRCA's "The NRCA Roofing Manual: Architectural Metal Flashing, Condensation and Air Leakage Control, and Reroofing" and SMACNA's "Architectural Sheet Metal Manual" requirements for dimensions and profiles shown unless more stringent requirements are indicated.
- C. SPRI Wind Design Standard: Manufacture and install copings and roof edge flashings tested in accordance with ANSI/SPRI/FM 4435/ES-1 and capable of resisting the following design pressure:
  - 1. Design Pressure: As indicated on Drawings .

#### 2.2 SHEET METALS

A. Protect mechanical and other finishes on exposed surfaces from damage by applying strippable, temporary protective film before shipping.

#### **ROOF REPLACEMENT**

- B. Aluminum Sheet: ASTM B209, alloy as standard with manufacturer for finish required, with temper as required to suit forming operations and performance required; with smooth, flat surface.
  - 1. Exposed Coil-Coated Finish:
    - a. Two-Coat Fluoropolymer: AAMA 2605. Fluoropolymer finish containing not less than 70 percent polyvinylidene fluoride (PVDF) resin by weight in color coat. Prepare, pretreat, and apply coating to exposed metal surfaces to comply with coating and resin manufacturers' written instructions.
  - 2. Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.
  - Concealed Finish: Pretreat with manufacturer's standard white or light-colored acrylic or polyester backer finish, consisting of prime coat and wash coat with minimum total dry film thickness of 0.5 mil.
- C. Stainless Steel Sheet: ASTM A240/A240M, Type 304, dead soft, fully annealed; with smooth, flat surface.
  - 1. Finish: ASTM A480/A480M, No. 2D (dull, cold rolled).
    - a. Surface Preparation: Remove tool and die marks and stretch lines, or blend into finish.
    - b. Polished Finishes: Grind and polish surfaces to produce uniform finish, free of cross scratches.
      - 1) Run grain of directional finishes with long dimension of each piece.
      - 2) When polishing is completed, passivate and rinse surfaces. Remove embedded foreign matter and leave surfaces chemically clean.

#### 2.3 UNDERLAYMENT MATERIALS

- A. Self-Adhering, High-Temperature Sheet Underlayment: Minimum 30 mils thick, consisting of a slip-resistant polyethylene- or polypropylene-film top surface laminated to a layer of butyl- or SBS-modified asphalt adhesive, with release-paper backing; specifically designed to withstand high metal temperatures beneath metal roofing. Provide primer in accordance with underlayment manufacturer's written instructions.
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. Carlisle WIP Products; a brand of Carlisle Construction Materials.
    - b. GCP Applied Technologies Inc.
    - c. Henry Company.
  - 2. Source Limitations: Obtain underlayment from single source from single manufacturer.
  - 3. Low-Temperature Flexibility: ASTM D1970/D1970M; passes after testing at minus 20 deg F or lower.

#### 2.4 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

A. Provide materials and types of fasteners , solder, protective coatings, sealants, and other miscellaneous items as required for complete sheet metal flashing and trim installation and as recommended by manufacturer of primary sheet metal unless otherwise indicated.

#### **ROOF REPLACEMENT**

- B. Fasteners: Wood screws, annular threaded nails, self-tapping screws, self-locking rivets and bolts, and other suitable fasteners designed to withstand design loads and recommended by manufacturer of primary sheet metal.
  - 1. General: Blind fasteners or self-drilling screws, gasketed, with hex-washer head.
    - a. Exposed Fasteners: Heads matching color of sheet metal using plastic caps or factory-applied coating. Provide metal-backed EPDM or PVC sealing washers under heads of exposed fasteners bearing on weather side of metal.
    - b. Blind Fasteners: High-strength aluminum or stainless steel rivets suitable for metal being fastened.
    - c. Spikes and Ferrules: Same material as gutter; with spike with ferrule matching internal gutter width.
  - 2. Fasteners for Sheet: Copper, hardware bronze or passivated Series 300 stainless steel.
  - 3. Fasteners for Aluminum Sheet: Aluminum or Series 300 stainless steel.
  - 4. Fasteners for Stainless Steel Sheet: Series 300 stainless steel.
  - 5. Fasteners for Steel Sheet: Series 300 stainless steel or hot-dip galvanized steel in accordance with ASTM A153/A153M or ASTM F2329.

#### C. Solder:

- 1. For Stainless Steel: ASTM B32, Grade Sn60 , with acid flux of type recommended by stainless steel sheet manufacturer.
- D. Sealant Tape: Pressure-sensitive, 100 percent solids, polyisobutylene compound sealant tape with release-paper backing. Provide permanently elastic, nonsag, nontoxic, nonstaining tape 1/2 inch wide and 1/8 inch thick.
- E. Elastomeric Sealant: ASTM C920, elastomeric polyurethane polymer sealant; of type, grade, class, and use classifications required to seal joints in sheet metal flashing and trim and remain watertight.
- F. Butyl Sealant: ASTM C1311, single-component, solvent-release butyl rubber sealant; polyisobutylene plasticized; heavy bodied for hooked-type expansion joints with limited movement.
- G. Epoxy Seam Sealer: Two-part, noncorrosive, aluminum seam-cementing compound, recommended by aluminum manufacturer for exterior nonmoving joints, including riveted joints.
- H. Bituminous Coating: Cold-applied asphalt emulsion in accordance with ASTM D1187/D1187M.
- I. Asphalt Roofing Cement: ASTM D4586, asbestos free, of consistency required for application.

#### 2.5 FABRICATION, GENERAL

- A. Custom fabricate sheet metal flashing and trim to comply with details indicated and recommendations in cited sheet metal standard that apply to design, dimensions, geometry, metal thickness, and other characteristics of item required.
  - 1. Fabricate sheet metal flashing and trim in shop to greatest extent possible.
  - 2. Fabricate sheet metal flashing and trim in thickness or weight needed to comply with performance requirements, but not less than that specified for each application and metal.

# 3. Verify shapes and dimensions of surfaces to be covered and obtain field measurements for accurate fit before shop fabrication.

- 4. Form sheet metal flashing and trim to fit substrates without excessive oil-canning, buckling, and tool marks; true to line, levels, and slopes; and with exposed edges folded back to form hems.
- 5. Conceal fasteners and expansion provisions where possible. Do not use exposed fasteners on faces exposed to view.

#### B. Fabrication Tolerances:

- 1. Fabricate sheet metal flashing and trim that is capable of installation to a tolerance of 1/4 inch in 20 feet on slope and location lines indicated on Drawings and within 1/8-inch offset of adjoining faces and of alignment of matching profiles.
- 2. Fabricate sheet metal flashing and trim that is capable of installation to tolerances specified.
- C. Expansion Provisions: Form metal for thermal expansion of exposed flashing and trim.
  - 1. Form expansion joints of intermeshing hooked flanges, not less than 1 inch deep, filled with butyl sealant concealed within joints.
  - 2. Use lapped expansion joints only where indicated on Drawings.
- D. Sealant Joints: Where movable, nonexpansion-type joints are required, form metal in accordance with cited sheet metal standard to provide for proper installation of elastomeric sealant.
- E. Fabricate cleats and attachment devices from same material as accessory being anchored or from compatible, noncorrosive metal.
- F. Fabricate cleats and attachment devices of sizes as recommended by cited sheet metal standard for application, but not less than thickness of metal being secured.

#### G. Seams:

- 1. Fabricate nonmoving seams with flat-lock seams. Tin edges to be seamed, form seams, and solder
- 2. Fabricate nonmoving seams with flat-lock seams. Form seams and seal with elastomeric sealant unless otherwise recommended by sealant manufacturer for intended use. Rivet joints where necessary for strength.
- 3. Seams for Aluminum: Fabricate nonmoving seams with flat-lock seams. Form seams and seal with epoxy seam sealer. Rivet joints where necessary for strength.
- H. Do not use graphite pencils to mark metal surfaces.

#### 2.6 ROOF-DRAINAGE SHEET METAL FABRICATIONS

#### A. Hanging Gutters:

- 1. Fabricate to cross section required, complete with end pieces, outlet tubes, and other accessories as required.
- 2. Fabricate in minimum 96-inch- long sections.

#### **ROOF REPLACEMENT**

- 3. Furnish flat-stock gutter brackets and flat-stock gutter spacers and straps fabricated from same metal as gutters, of size recommended by cited sheet metal standard, but with thickness not less than twice the gutter thickness.
- 4. Fabricate expansion joints, expansion-joint covers, and gutter accessories from same metal as gutters. Shop fabricate interior and exterior corners.
- 5. Gutter Profile: Style K in accordance with cited sheet metal standard.
- 6. Expansion Joints: Butt type with cover plate.
- 7. Accessories: .
- 8. Gutters with Girth 16 to 20 Inches: Fabricate from the following materials:
  - a. Aluminum: 0.040 inch thick.
- 9. Gutters with Girth 21 to 25 Inches: Fabricate from the following materials:
  - a. Aluminum: 0.050 inch thick.
- B. Downspouts: Fabricate rectangular downspouts to dimensions indicated on Drawings, complete with mitered elbows. Furnish with metal hangers from same material as downspouts and anchors. Shop fabricate elbows.
  - 1. Fabricated Hanger Style: Fig. 1-35A in accordance with SMACNA's "Architectural Sheet Metal Manual."
  - 2. Fabricate from the following materials:
    - a. Aluminum: 0.032 inch thick.
- C. Parapet Scuppers: Fabricate scuppers to dimensions required, with closure flange trim to exterior, 4-inch-wide wall flanges to interior, and base extending 4 inches beyond cant or tapered strip into field of roof. Fabricate from the following materials:
  - 1. Stainless Steel: 0.0188 inch thick.
- D. Conductor Heads: Fabricate conductor heads with flanged back and stiffened top edge and of dimensions and shape required, complete with outlet tubes, exterior flange trim, and built-in overflows. Fabricate from the following materials:
  - 1. Aluminum: 0.032 inch thick.

#### 2.7 LOW-SLOPE ROOF SHEET METAL FABRICATIONS

- A. Roof Edge Flashing (Gravel Stop) and Fascia Cap: Fabricate in minimum 96-inch- long, but not exceeding 12-foot- long sections. Furnish with 6-inch- wide, joint cover plates. Shop fabricate interior and exterior corners.
  - 1. Joint Style: Provide 12 inch wide back-up plates at joints. Butt joints with expansion space and provide separate 6 inch wide, exposed cover plate.
  - 2. Fabricate with scuppers spaced at dimensions shown on Drawings, to dimensions required with 4-inch- wide flanges and base extending 4 inches beyond cant or tapered strip into field of roof. Fasten gravel guard angles to base of scupper.
  - 3. Fabricate from the following materials:
    - a. Stainless Steel: 0.0188 inch thick.

#### **ROOF REPLACEMENT**

- B. Copings: Fabricate in minimum 96-inch- long, but not exceeding 12-foot- long, sections. Fabricate joint plates of same thickness as copings. Furnish with continuous cleats to support edge of external leg and drill elongated holes for fasteners on interior leg. Miter corners, fasten and seal watertight. Shop fabricate interior and exterior corners.
  - 1. Coping Profile: Fig. 3-4A in accordance with SMACNA's "Architectural Sheet Metal Manual."
  - 2. Joint Style: Butted with expansion space and 6-inch- wide, exposed cover plate. Strip joints with 5 inch wide strip of high temperature sheet membrane underlayment prior to installation of cover plate.
  - 3. Fabricate from the following materials:
    - a. Aluminum: 0.032 inch or 0.040 inch thick as shown on Drawings.
- C. Roof and Roof-to-Wall Transition Roof-to-Roof Edge-Flashing (Gravel-Stop) Transition Roof-to-Roof Edge-Flashing (Gravel-Stop) and Fascia-Cap Transition Expansion-Joint Cover: Shop fabricate interior and exterior corners. Fabricate from the following materials:
  - 1. Stainless Steel: 0.0188 inch thick.
- D. Counterflashing: Fabricate from the following materials:
  - 1. Aluminum: 0.032 inch thick.
  - 2. Stainless Steel: 0.0188 inch thick.
- E. Flashing Receivers: Fabricate from the following materials:
  - 1. Stainless Steel: 0.0188 inch thick.
- F. Roof-Penetration Flashing: Fabricate from the following materials:
  - 1. Stainless Steel: 0.0188 inch thick.

#### 2.8 WALL SHEET METAL FABRICATIONS

- A. Through-Wall Flashing: Fabricate continuous flashings in minimum 96-inch- long, but not exceeding 12-foot- long, sections, under copings, and at shelf angles. Fabricate discontinuous lintel, sill, and similar flashings to extend 6 inches beyond each side of wall openings; and form with 2-inch- high, end dams. Fabricate from the following materials:
  - 1. Stainless Steel: 0.0156 inch thick.
    - a. Available Products:
      - 1) "Sawtooth Thru-Wall Flashing" by Cheney Flashing
      - 2) "MFL-STF Metal Sawtooth Flashing" by Hohmann & Barnard
- B. Opening Flashings in Frame Construction: Fabricate head, sill, jamb, and similar flashings to extend 4 inches beyond wall openings. Form head and sill flashing with 2-inch- high, end dams. Fabricate from the following materials:
  - 1. Aluminum: 0.032 inch thick.

#### 2.9 MISCELLANEOUS SHEET METAL FABRICATIONS

#### **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances, substrate, and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
  - 1. Verify compliance with requirements for installation tolerances of substrates.
  - 2. Verify that substrate is sound, dry, smooth, clean, sloped for drainage, and securely anchored.
  - 3. Verify that air- or water-resistant barriers have been installed over sheathing or backing substrate to prevent air infiltration or water penetration.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

#### 3.2 INSTALLATION OF UNDERLAYMENT

- A. Self-Adhering, High-Temperature Sheet Underlayment:
  - 1. Install self-adhering, high-temperature sheet underlayment; wrinkle free.
  - 2. Prime substrate if recommended by underlayment manufacturer.
  - 3. Comply with temperature restrictions of underlayment manufacturer for installation; use primer for installing underlayment at low temperatures.
  - 4. Apply in shingle fashion to shed water, with end laps of not less than 6 inches staggered 24 inches between courses.
  - 5. Overlap side edges not less than 3-1/2 inches. Roll laps and edges with roller.
  - 6. Roll laps and edges with roller.
  - 7. Cover underlayment within 14 days.

### 3.3 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Install sheet metal flashing and trim to comply with details indicated and recommendations of cited sheet metal standard that apply to installation characteristics required unless otherwise indicated on Drawings.
  - 1. Install fasteners, solder, protective coatings, separators, sealants, and other miscellaneous items as required to complete sheet metal flashing and trim system.
  - 2. Install sheet metal flashing and trim true to line, levels, and slopes. Provide uniform, neat seams with minimum exposure of solderand sealant.
  - 3. Anchor sheet metal flashing and trim and other components of the Work securely in place, with provisions for thermal and structural movement.
  - 4. Install sheet metal flashing and trim to fit substrates and to result in watertight performance.
  - 5. Install continuous cleats with fasteners spaced not more than 6 inches o.c.
  - 6. Space individual cleats not more than 12 inches apart. Attach each cleat with at least two fasteners. Bend tabs over fasteners.

### Bid Set

#### **ROOF REPLACEMENT**

- 7. Install exposed sheet metal flashing and trim with limited oil-canning, and free of buckling and tool marks.
- 8. Do not field cut sheet metal flashing and trim by torch.
- 9. Do not use graphite pencils to mark metal surfaces.
- B. Metal Protection: Where dissimilar metals contact each other, or where metal contacts pressuretreated wood or other corrosive substrates, protect against galvanic action or corrosion by painting contact surfaces with bituminous coating or by other permanent separation as recommended by sheet metal manufacturer or cited sheet metal standard.
  - Coat concealed side of uncoated-aluminum and stainless steel sheet metal flashing and trim with bituminous coating where flashing and trim contact wood, ferrous metal, or cementitious construction.
  - 2. Underlayment: Where installing sheet metal flashing and trim directly on cementitious or wood substrates, install underlayment and cover with slip sheet.
- C. Expansion Provisions: Provide for thermal expansion of exposed flashing and trim.
  - 1. Space movement joints at maximum of 10 feet with no joints within 24 inches of corner or intersection.
  - 2. Form expansion joints of intermeshing hooked flanges, not less than 1 inch deep, filled with sealant concealed within joints.
  - 3. Use lapped expansion joints only where indicated on Drawings.
- D. Fasteners: Use fastener sizes that penetrate wood blocking or sheathing not less than 1-1/4 inches for nails and not less than 3/4 inch for wood screwsand/orsubstrate not less than recommended by fastener manufacturer to achieve maximum pull-out resistance.
- E. Conceal fasteners and expansion provisions where possible in exposed work and locate to minimize possibility of leakage. Cover and seal fasteners and anchors as required for a tight installation.
- F. Seal joints as required for watertight construction.
  - 1. Use sealant-filled joints unless otherwise indicated.
    - a. Embed hooked flanges of joint members not less than 1 inch into sealant.
    - b. Form joints to completely conceal sealant.
    - c. When ambient temperature at time of installation is between 40 and 70 deg F, set joint members for 50 percent movement each way.
    - d. Adjust setting proportionately for installation at higher ambient temperatures.
      - 1) Do not install sealant-type joints at temperatures below 40 deg F.
  - 2. Prepare joints and apply sealants to comply with requirements in Section 07 9200 "Joint Sealants."
- G. Soldered Joints: Clean surfaces to be soldered, removing oils and foreign matter.
  - 1. Pretin edges of sheets with solder to width of 1-1/2 inches; however, reduce pretinning where pretinned surface would show in completed Work.
  - 2. Do not solder metallic-coated steel and aluminum sheet.
  - 3. Do not use torches for soldering.
  - 4. Heat surfaces to receive solder, and flow solder into joint.

- a. Fill joint completely.
- b. Completely remove flux and spatter from exposed surfaces.
- 5. Stainless Steel Soldering:
  - a. Tin edges of uncoated sheets, using solder for stainless steel and acid flux.
  - b. Promptly remove acid-flux residue from metal after tinning and soldering.
  - c. Comply with solder manufacturer's recommended methods for cleaning and neutralization.
- H. Rivets: Rivet joints in uncoated aluminum where necessary for strength.

### 3.4 INSTALLATION OF ROOF-DRAINAGE SYSTEM

A. Install sheet metal roof-drainage items to produce complete roof-drainage system in accordance with cited sheet metal standard unless otherwise indicated. Coordinate installation of roof perimeter flashing with installation of roof-drainage system.

# B. Hanging Gutters:

- 1. Join sections with joints sealed with sealant.
- 2. Provide for thermal expansion.
- 3. Attach gutters at eave or fascia to firmly anchor them in position.
- 4. Provide end closures and seal watertight with sealant.
- 5. Slope to downspouts.
- 6. Fasten gutter spacers to front and back of gutter.
- 7. Anchor and loosely lock back edge of gutter to continuous eave or apron flashing.
- 8. Anchor gutter with gutter brackets straps spaced not more than 30 inches apart to roof deck unless otherwise indicated, and loosely lock to front gutter bead.
- 9. Install gutter with expansion joints at locations indicated on Drawings, but not exceeding, 50 feet apart. Install expansion-joint caps.

# C. Downspouts:

- 1. Join sections with 1-1/2-inch telescoping joints.
- 2. Provide hangers with fasteners designed to hold downspouts securely to walls.
- 3. Locate hangers at top and bottom and at approximately 60 inches o.c.
- 4. Provide elbows at base of downspout to direct water away from building.
- Connect downspouts to underground drainage system.

# D. Parapet Scuppers:

- 1. Continuously support scupper, set to correct elevation, and seal flanges to interior wall face, over cants or tapered edge strips, and under roofing membrane.
- 2. Anchor scupper closure trim flange to exterior wall and solder to scupper.
- 3. Loosely lock front edge of scupper with conductor head.
- 4. Solder exterior wall scupper flanges into back of conductor head.
- E. Overflow Scuppers: Provide completely soldered stainless steel scuppers through parapets as shown on the Drawings. Locate bottom of scupper approximately 2 to 3 inches above membrane, as shown

on Drawing, but never more than 6 inches above the finished roofing membrane adjacent to the nearest roof drain.

- Fasten flanges of scupper liners to the masonry with nailins or to metal/wood blocking with stainless steel screws.
- 2. Patch masonry around scupper liner with grout.
- 3. Extend outside flange under coping or counterflashing where shown on the Drawing.
- 4. Prime metal and strip in scupper with membrane stripping. Cover openings with hardware cloth.
- 5. Cover outside flanges of scupper with prefinished aluminum cover to match the coping. Hook cover over bottom of scupper flange and fasten top with 2 nailins. Cover top termination of scupper flanges on outside face of the wall with coping above.
- F. Conductor Heads: Fabricate and install conductor head from prefinished aluminum in accordance with SMACNA Figures 1-25C and 1-28 and as shown on the Drawing.
  - 1. Pop-rivet all joints and seal with butyl mastic.
  - 2. Provide a locked seam between the scupper and conductor head.
  - 3. Pop-rivet and seal outlet tube flanges to conductor head and extend a minimum of 2 inches into downspout.
  - 4. Tie downspout into existing storm drain lines or discharge onto roof below using elbow and precast concrete paver at bottom of downspout.
  - 5. Cover top of conductor heads with hardware cloth and fasten with stainless steel screws.
- G. Scupper Through Gravel Stop: Install 0.018 inch thick stainless steel scuppers through the gravel stop at locations shown on Drawing. Fabricate each scupper with soldered joints and a four inch flange in accordance with SMACNA Figure 1-29A and as shown on the Drawing. Set scupper in a full bed of mastic and fasten to perimeter wood nailer with stainless steel nails. Strip in scupper flanges with membrane stripping before installing adjacent sections of gravel stop.

# 3.5 INSTALLATION OF ROOF FLASHINGS

- A. Install sheet metal flashing and trim to comply with performance requirements and cited sheet metal standard.
  - 1. Provide concealed fasteners where possible, and set units true to line, levels, and slopes.
  - 2. Install work with laps, joints, and seams that are permanently watertight and weather resistant.
- B. Roof Edge Flashing:
  - 1. Install roof edge flashings in accordance with ANSI/SPRI/FM 4435/ES-1.
  - 2. Anchor to resist uplift and outward forces in accordance with recommendations in cited sheet metal standard unless otherwise indicated. Interlock bottom edge of roof edge flashing with continuous cleat anchored to substrate at staggered 3-inch centers.
  - 3. Anchor to resist uplift and outward forces in accordance with recommendations in FM Global Property Loss Prevention Data Sheet 1-49 for FM Approvals' listing for required windstorm classification.
  - 4. After membrane installation, field verify dimensions, fabricate gravel stops and install as shown on Drawings. Fasten outside continuous cleat with stainless steel nails (wood), stain-

less steel screws (metal) or nailins (masonry), spaced 6 inches on center or as shown on approved Shop Drawings. Provide full 3/4 inch lock at cleat. Install gravel stop in full bed of SBS mastic and fasten 4 inch flange to wood nailer with stainless steel nails spaced 3 inches on center staggered. At joints, install a 12 inch wide back-up plate and gravel stop sections centered over backup plate with 1/4 inch gap between sections; then, install self adhering sheet underlayment stripping and 6 inch wide cover plates embedded in mastic and nailed through the opening between the gravel stop sections. Inspect to ensure the gravel stop is uniform in appearance and has no oil canning, dings or warps. Replace defective sections prior to installing stripping. Prime metal and install membrane stripping.

- 5. Prefabricate corners and ends in shop with mitered and sealed joints. Form outside corners by cutting roof side flange and bending gravel stop fascia around corner. Rivet flanges where lapped and seal with sealant. At ends against vertical surfaces, install a stainless steel end dam with soldered joints, strip in with self adhering sheet underlayment and install 6 inch wide cover plate covering as much stainless steel as possible. Solder all joints in the end dam watertight and extend a minimum 4 inches away from gravel stop against the vertical surfaces as shown on the Drawings. Cover end dams with counterflashing or other flashing indicated on Drawings. Prime and paint all stainless steel exposed to view from the ground.
- 6. All terminations shall be made watertight without relying on sealant. Where a particular detail is not provided, provide a shop drawing for the proposed detail to be installed. Flashings must be installed similar to those shown on Drawings.

# C. Copings:

- 1. Install roof edge flashings in accordance with ANSI/SPRI/FM 4435/ES-1.
- 2. Anchor to resist uplift and outward forces in accordance with recommendations in cited sheet metal standard unless otherwise indicated.
- 3. Anchor to resist uplift and outward forces in accordance with recommendations in FM Global Property Loss Prevention Data Sheet 1-49 for specified FM Approvals' listing for required windstorm classification.
- 4. Coping must lap base flashing fasteners a minimum of two inches. The outside face must extend down 2 inch minimum below the wood nailers as shown on Drawing (Note: the 2 inch minimum includes the break or lock with the continuous cleat). Fasten outside continuous cleat with stainless steel nails (wood), stainless steel screws (metal) or nailins (masonry), spaced 6 inches on center. Provide full 3/4 inch lock at cleat and coping. At all joints including corners, install 1 inch high standing seams with dog-eared ends. Anchor interior leg of coping with washers and screw fasteners through slotted holes at 24-inch centers.
- 5. At ends against vertical surfaces, install a stainless steel end dam with soldered joints, strip in with self-adhering sheet membrane and cover with coping. Solder all joints in the end dam watertight and extend a minimum 4 inches away from coping against the vertical surfaces as shown on Drawings. Cover end dams with counterflashing or other flashing indicated on Drawings.
- 6. All terminations shall be made watertight without relying on sealant. Where a particular detail is not provided, provide a shop drawing for the proposed detail to be installed. Flashings must be installed similar to those shown on Drawings.
- D. Fascia: Field verify dimensions, fabricate fascia and install as shown on Drawings. Fasten continuous cleat with stainless steel nails (wood), stainless steel screws (metal) or nailins (masonry), spaced 16 inches on center or as shown on approved Shop Drawings. Provide full 3/4 inch lock at cleat. Fasten top of fascia with stainless steel nails or screws spaced 16 inches on center.

- E. Expansion Joint Curbs: Install wood nailers and plywood as shown on Drawing. Do NOT fasten high side of plywood cap to curb; this edge must be left unfastened to allow for movement. Fasten wood nailers to deck with screws. Install membrane and flashings, then cover top of curb with self-adhering sheet membrane as shown on Drawings. Fabricate and install continuous cleat and cover. Fasten continuous cleat with stainless steel nails spaced 6 inches on center. See Drawing for specific dimensions to be provided at the lock between the cover and cleat.
  - 1. For cover, lap seams 4 inches, and cover with 4 inch wide strip of self-adhering sheet membrane and 6 inch wide cover plate. At ends, provide prefinished aluminum closure locked with gravel stop cleat at bottom and expansion joint cover at top. All terminations shall be made watertight without relying on sealant. Where a particular detail is not provided, provide a shop drawing and obtain the Engineer's approval for the proposed flashings detail.
- F. Through-Wall Flashing Installation: Remove and salvage existing brick masonry as required to install new flashings as shown on the Drawings or as stated in these Specifications.
  - 1. Provide temporary shoring so masonry is supported a maximum of two feet on center.
  - 2. At locations indicated on Drawings, fabricate and install stainless steel through-wall flashing/receiver as shown on Drawing. Lap joints 3 inches and strip with 8 inch strip of self-adhering sheet membrane and 12 inch cover plate. At terminations, solder end dams watertight to the flashing. Fasten 4 inch vertical back leg of flashing to backup wall and strip in with self-adhering sheet membrane as shown on Drawing.
  - 3. General: Reinstall salvaged and new brick masonry in accordance with Section 04 0120.63 "Brick Masonry Repair & Repointing. Match bonding and coursing pattern of existing brick. If cutting is required, use power driven saw designed to cut masonry with clean, sharp unchipped edges. Lay replacement units with completely filled bed, head and collar joints. Butter ends with sufficient mortar to fill head joints and shove into place. Wet clay brick which have ASTM C 67 initial rates of absorption (suction) of more than 30 grams per 30 square inch per minute. Use wetting methods which ensure that units are nearly saturated but surface dry when laid. Maintain joint width for replacement units to match existing.
  - 4. Provide mortar weep vents, 16 inches on center in base course. Tool exposed mortar joints in repaired areas to match joints of surrounding existing brickwork. Completely remove mortar and debris from surrounding surfaces.
- G. Reglet-Mounted Receiver: Where required, saw cut 1/4 inch wide by 1 1/2 inch deep reglet into masonry joint. Insert receiver, with 1/4 inch upturned lip, sloping out of wall so flange extends 1-1/2 inches into reglet. Lap and solder all joints watertight, except to provide for expansion joints at 30 feet on center. Secure with lead wedges spaced 16 inches on center. Repoint reglet with mortar, matching color of adjacent mortar (DO NOT point joint with sealant). Flush joints with clean water immediately before applying mortar to remove all dirt and debris and saturate joint. Apply mortar in thin (1/4 inch) layers. Each layer should become "thumb-print" hard before applying next layer. Tool joints to match adjacent existing joints. Clean excess mortar from face of brick within 24 hours.
- H. Pipe or Post Counterflashing: Install counterflashing umbrella with close-fitting collar with top edge flared for elastomeric sealant, extending minimum of 4 inches over base flashing. Install stainless steel draw band and tighten.
- I. Counterflashing: Coordinate installation of counterflashing with installation of base flashing.

- 1. Insert counterflashing in reglets or receivers and fit tightly to base flashing.
- 2. Extend counterflashing 4 inches over base flashing.
- 3. Lap counterflashing joints minimum of 4 inches.
- 4. Secure in waterproof manner by means of anchor and washer spaced at 12 inches o.c. along perimeter and 6 inches o.c. at corners areas unless otherwise indicated.

### 3.6 INSTALLATION OF WALL FLASHINGS

- A. Install sheet metal wall flashing to intercept and exclude penetrating moisture in accordance with cited sheet metal standard unless otherwise indicated. Coordinate installation of wall flashing with installation of wall-opening components such as windows, doors, and louvers.
- B. Opening Flashings in Frame Construction: Install continuous head, sill, jamb, and similar flashings to extend 4 inches beyond wall openings.

### 3.7 INSTALLATION OF MISCELLANEOUS FLASHING

- A. Equipment Support Flashing:
  - 1. Coordinate installation of equipment support flashing with installation of roofing and equipment.
  - 2. Weld or seal flashing with elastomeric sealant to equipment support member.
- B. Exhaust Fan, Gravity Vent, Roof Jack and Roof Hatch Curbs:
  - Install treated wood nailers, manufacturer's sheet metal curb, membrane and flashing for equipment curbs as shown on Drawing. Fasten wood nailers to deck, and curb to wood nailers, with screws, minimum two per side.
  - 2. Install curbs to provide 10 inch minimum vertical clearance above the finished membrane. Field verify dimensions and install stainless steel receiver and counterflashing as shown on Drawing. Solder all joints, except as noted.
  - 3. Secure equipment to wood curb in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.
- C. Louver Sill Flashing: Install new self-adhering sheet membrane and sill flashings as shown on the Drawings. Prime surfaces and install self-adhering sheet membrane to configurations shown on Drawings. Seal ends of self-adhering sheet membrane with liquid membrane. Fold (do not cut) the membrane at all corners to provide continuously watertight end dams. Field verify dimensions, fabricate and install cleats and thermally broken sill flashings with end dams as shown on Drawings. Lap and solder all flashing joints watertight. Secure cleats with hammer-screws (masonry or concrete) spaced six inches on center. Secure the flashing to the substrate so the flashing slopes out of the wall. At the end dams, apply self-adhering sheet membrane to metal flashings and the masonry. The membrane should start four inches above the metal flashings and extend to the bottom of the metal flashings. After metal flashing installation, reinstall louvers in accordance with subsequent paragraphs. Install backer rod and sealant (minimum 1/4 inch wide) between the flashing and substrate, providing 3 weep tubes filled with cotton wicks per window. Cut weep tubes at angle to protect the wicks from direct exposure to rains.
- D. Flexible Conduit Penetration Enclosure: Install treated wood nailers, membrane and flashing for conduit enclosures as shown on Drawing. Fasten wood curbs to the deck with screws, minimum two

per side. Install curbs to provide 10 inch minimum vertical clearance above the finished membrane. Route electrical conduit and refrigerant lines through curb to configuration shown on Drawing, sloping lines downward to ensure water does not enter the opening along these lines. Field verify dimensions and install stainless steel receiver and counterflashing as shown on Drawing. Fabricate and install removable enclosure with separate removable front cover, and fasten with two stainless steel screws with neoprene washers per side. Solder all joints, except as noted. Install batt insulation inside curb as shown on the Drawing.

- E. Rigid Pipe Enclosures: Install treated wood nailers, membrane and flashing for pipe enclosures as shown on Drawing. Fasten wood curbs to the deck with screws, minimum two per side. Install curbs to provide 10 inch minimum vertical clearance above the finished membrane. Route pipes through curb to configuration shown on Drawing, sloping pipes downward 1 inch per foot to ensure water does not enter the opening along these pipes. Field verify dimensions and install stainless steel receiver and counterflashing as shown on Drawing. Fabricate and install removable enclosure with separate removable front cover with half round hood slightly larger than the pipe to be flashed. Fasten with two stainless steel screws with neoprene washers per side. Solder all joints, except as noted. Install batt insulation inside curb as shown on Drawing.
- F. Round Penetrations: Flash round penetrations (i.e. posts, hot flues, etc.) with sheet metal boot and rain shield. Ensure penetrations are a minium of 8 inches from the nearest parapet or other penetration. Flash penetrations with stainless steel boots and separate rain shields as shown on Drawing. Set flashing boot in a full bed of mastic, prime flanges and install membrane stripping. Install rain shield lapping boot a minimum of 3 inches and secure with a stainless steel band clamp. Seal top edge of rain shield with urethane sealant. Where in-service temperatures exceed 240 deg F, seal rain shield with silicone sealant.

### 3.8 INSTALLATION TOLERANCES

A. Installation Tolerances: Shim and align sheet metal flashing and trim within installed tolerance of 1/4 inch in 20 feet on slope and location lines indicated on Drawings and within 1/8-inch offset of adjoining faces and of alignment of matching profiles.

# 3.9 CLEANING

- A. Clean exposed metal surfaces of substances that interfere with uniform oxidation and weathering.
- B. Clean and neutralize flux materials. Clean off excess solder.
- C. Clean off excess sealants.

### 3.10 PROTECTION

- A. Remove temporary protective coverings and strippable films as sheet metal flashing and trim are installed unless otherwise indicated in manufacturer's written installation instructions.
- B. On completion of sheet metal flashing and trim installation, remove unused materials and clean finished surfaces as recommended in writing by sheet metal flashing and trim manufacturer.

- C. Maintain sheet metal flashing and trim in clean condition during construction.
- D. Replace sheet metal flashing and trim that have been damaged or that have deteriorated beyond successful repair by finish touchup or similar minor repair procedures, as determined by Engineer.

END OF SECTION 07 6200

# **SECTION 07 7200 - ROOF ACCESSORIES**

# PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

### A. Section Includes:

- Roof hatches.
- 2. Pipe and Duct Supports

### B. Related Requirements:

- 1. Section 07 6200 "Sheet Metal Flashing and Trim" for shop- and field-formed metal flashing, roof-drainage systems, roof expansion-joint covers, and miscellaneous sheet metal trim and accessories.
- 2. Section 08 6200 "Unit Skylights" for single- and double-glazed domed plastic skylights with curb frame.

### 1.3 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate layout and installation of roof accessories with roofing membrane and base flashing and interfacing and adjoining construction to provide a leakproof, weathertight, secure, and noncorrosive installation.
- B. Coordinate dimensions with rough-in information or Shop Drawings of equipment to be supported.

### 1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of roof accessory.
  - 1. Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes.
- B. Shop Drawings: For roof accessories.
  - 1. Include plans, elevations, keyed details, and attachments to other work. Indicate dimensions, loadings, and special conditions. Distinguish between plant- and field-assembled work.

### **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

### 2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. General Performance: Roof accessories shall withstand exposure to weather and resist thermally induced movement without failure, rattling, leaking, or fastener disengagement due to defective manufacture, fabrication, installation, or other defects in construction.

### 2.2 ROOF HATCHES

- A. Roof Hatches: Metal roof-hatch units with lids and insulated single -walled curbs, welded or mechanically fastened and sealed corner joints, continuous lid-to-curb counterflashing and weathertight perimeter gasketing, straight sides, and integrally formed deck-mounting flange at perimeter bottom.
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. Babcock-Davis.
    - b. BILCO Company (The).
    - c. Milcor; a division of Hart & Cooley, Inc.
- B. Type and Size: Single-leaf lid, 30 by 36 inches .
- C. Loads: Minimum 40-lbf/sq. ft. external live load and 20-lbf/sq. ft. internal uplift load.
- D. Hatch Material: Aluminum sheet.
  - 1. Thickness: Manufacturer's standard thickness for hatch size indicated .
  - 2. Finish: Mill.

# E. Construction:

- 1. Insulation: 1-inch- thick, glass-fiber board.
  - a. R-Value: 4.3 according to ASTM C1363.
- 2. Nailer: Factory-installed wood nailer continuous around hatch perimeter.
- 3. Hatch Lid: Opaque, insulated, and double walled, with manufacturer's standard metal liner of same material and finish as outer metal lid.
- 4. Curb Liner: Manufacturer's standard, of same material and finish as metal curb.
- 5. Fabricate curbs to minimum height of 12 inches above roofing surface unless otherwise indicated.
- F. Hardware: Spring operators, hold-open arm, stainless steel spring latch with turn handles, stainless steel butt- or pintle-type hinge system, and padlock hasps inside and outside.
- G. Safety Railing System: Roof-hatch manufacturer's standard system including rails, clamps, fasteners, safety barrier at railing opening, and accessories required for a complete installation; attached to roof hatch and complying with 29 CFR 1910.23 requirements and authorities having jurisdiction.

### **ROOF REPLACEMENT**

- 1. Height: 42 inches above finished roof deck.
- 2. Posts and Rails: Galvanized-steel pipe, 1-1/4 inches in diameter or galvanized-steel tube, 1-5/8 inches in diameter.
- 3. Flat Bar: Galvanized steel, 2 inches high by 3/8 inch thick.
- 4. Maximum Opening Size: System constructed to prevent passage of a sphere 21 inches in diameter.
- 5. Self-Latching Gate: Fabricated of same materials and rail spacing as safety railing system. Provide manufacturer's standard hinges and self-latching mechanism.
- 6. Post and Rail Tops and Ends: Weather resistant, closed or plugged with prefabricated end fittings.
- 7. Provide weep holes or another means to drain entrapped water in hollow sections of handrail and railing members.
- 8. Fabricate joints exposed to weather to be watertight.
- 9. Fasteners: Manufacturer's standard, finished to match railing system.
- 10. Finish: Manufacturer's standard.
  - a. Color: As indicated by manufacturer's designations.

# 2.3 PIPE AND DUCT SUPPORTS

A. Adjustable-Height Roller-Bearing Pipe Supports: Polycarbonate pipe stand base, pipe support, and roller housing, with stainless steel threaded rod designed for adjusting support height, accommodating up to 4 inc diameter pipe or conduit; with provision for pipe retainer and with manufacturer's support pad or deck plate as recommended for penetration-free installation over roof membrane type; as required for quantity of pipe runs and sizes.

### 2.4 METAL MATERIALS

- A. Aluminum Sheet: ASTM B209, manufacturer's standard alloy for finish required, with temper to suit forming operations and performance required.
  - 1. Mill Finish: As manufactured.
  - 2. Factory Prime Coating: Where field painting is indicated, apply pretreatment and white or light-colored, factory-applied, baked-on epoxy primer coat, with a minimum dry film thickness of 0.2 mil.
  - 3. Concealed Finish: Pretreat with manufacturer's standard white or light-colored acrylic or polyester-backer finish consisting of prime coat and wash coat, with a minimum total dry film thickness of 0.5 mil.
- B. Aluminum Extrusions and Tubes: ASTM B221, manufacturer's standard alloy and temper for type of use, finished to match assembly where used; otherwise mill finished.
- C. Stainless Steel Sheet and Shapes: ASTM A240/A240M or ASTM A666, Type 304.
- D. Steel Shapes: ASTM A36/A36M, hot-dip galvanized according to ASTM A123/A123M unless otherwise indicated.
- E. Steel Tube: ASTM A500/A500M, round tube.

# F. Galvanized-Steel Tube: ASTM A500/A500M, round tube, hot-dip galvanized according to ASTM A123/A123M.

G. Steel Pipe: ASTM A53/A53M, galvanized.

### 2.5 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

- A. Provide materials and types of fasteners, protective coatings, sealants, and other miscellaneous items required by manufacturer for a complete installation.
- B. Glass-Fiber Board Insulation: ASTM C726, nominal density of 3 lb/cu. ft., thermal resistivity of 4.3 deg F x h x sq. ft./Btu x in. at 75 deg F, thickness as indicated.
- C. Wood Nailers: Softwood lumber, pressure treated with waterborne preservatives for aboveground use, acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, containing no arsenic or chromium, and complying with AWPA C2; not less than 1-1/2 inches thick.
- D. Bituminous Coating: Cold-applied asphalt emulsion complying with ASTM D1187/D1187M.

# E. Underlayment:

- 1. Self-Adhering, High-Temperature Sheet: Minimum 30 to 40 mils thick, consisting of slip-resisting polyethylene-film top surface laminated to layer of butyl or SBS-modified asphalt adhesive, with release-paper backing; cold applied. Provide primer when recommended by underlayment manufacturer.
- F. Fasteners: Roof accessory manufacturer's recommended fasteners suitable for application and metals being fastened. Match finish of exposed fasteners with finish of material being fastened. Provide nonremovable fastener heads to exterior exposed fasteners. Furnish the following unless otherwise indicated:
  - 1. Fasteners for Aluminum Sheet: Aluminum or Series 300 stainless steel.
  - 2. Fasteners for Stainless Steel Sheet: Series 300 stainless steel.
- G. Gaskets: Manufacturer's standard tubular or fingered design of neoprene, EPDM, PVC, or silicone or a flat design of foam rubber, sponge neoprene, or cork.
- H. Elastomeric Sealant: ASTM C920, elastomeric polyurethaneorsilicone polymer sealant as recommended by roof accessory manufacturer for installation indicated; low modulus; of type, grade, class, and use classifications required to seal joints and remain watertight.
- I. Butyl Sealant: ASTM C1311, single-component, solvent-release butyl rubber sealant; polyisobutylene plasticized; heavy bodied for expansion joints with limited movement.
- J. Asphalt Roofing Cement: ASTM D4586/D4586M, asbestos free, of consistency required for application.

### 2.6 GENERAL FINISH REQUIREMENTS

- A. Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.
- B. Appearance of Finished Work: Noticeable variations in same piece are not acceptable. Variations in appearance of adjoining components are acceptable if they are within the range of approved Samples and are assembled or installed to minimize contrast.

### **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Installer present, to verify actual locations, dimensions, and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Verify that substrate is sound, dry, smooth, clean, sloped for drainage, and securely anchored.
- C. Verify dimensions of roof openings for roof accessories.
- D. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

### 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install roof accessories according to manufacturer's written instructions.
  - 1. Install roof accessories level; plumb; true to line and elevation; and without warping, jogs in alignment, buckling, or tool marks.
  - 2. Anchor roof accessories securely in place so they are capable of resisting indicated loads.
  - 3. Use fasteners, separators, sealants, and other miscellaneous items as required to complete installation of roof accessories and fit them to substrates.
  - 4. Install roof accessories to resist exposure to weather without failing, rattling, leaking, or loosening of fasteners and seals.
- B. Metal Protection: Protect metals against galvanic action by separating dissimilar metals from contact with each other or with corrosive substrates by painting contact surfaces with bituminous coating or by other permanent separation as recommended by manufacturer.
  - 1. Coat concealed side of uncoated aluminum and stainless steel roof accessories with bituminous coating where in contact with wood, ferrous metal, or cementitious construction.
  - 2. Underlayment: Where installing roof accessories directly on cementitious or wood substrates, install a course of underlayment and cover with manufacturer's recommended slip sheet.
- C. Roof Curb Installation: Install each roof curb so top surface is level.
- D. Roof-Hatch Installation:

- 1. Verify that roof hatch operates properly. Clean, lubricate, and adjust operating mechanism and hardware.
- 2. Attach safety railing system to roof-hatch curb.
- E. Pipe Support Installation: Comply with MSS SP-58 and MSS SP-89. Install supports and attachments as required to properly support piping. Arrange for grouping of parallel runs of horizontal piping, and support together.
  - a. Pipes of Various Sizes: Space supports for smallest pipe size or install intermediate supports for smaller diameter pipes as specified for individual pipe hangers.

# 3.3 REPAIR AND CLEANING

- A. Touch up factory-primed surfaces with compatible primer ready for field painting according to Section 09 9113 "Exterior Painting."
- B. Clean exposed surfaces according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- C. Clean off excess sealants.
- D. Replace roof accessories that have been damaged or that cannot be successfully repaired by finish touchup or similar minor repair procedures.

END OF SECTION 07 7200

# **SECTION 07 8413 - PENETRATION FIRESTOPPING**

# PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

### A. Section Includes:

- 1. Penetration firestopping systems for the following applications:
  - a. Penetrations in fire-resistance-rated walls.
  - b. Penetrations in horizontal assemblies.

### 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

### 1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Qualification Data: For Installer.
- B. Product Test Reports: For each penetration firestopping system, for tests performed by a qualified testing agency.

### 1.5 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Installer Certificates: From Installer indicating that penetration firestopping systems have been installed in compliance with requirements and manufacturer's written instructions.

### 1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Limitations: Do not install penetration firestopping system when ambient or substrate temperatures are outside limits permitted by penetration firestopping system manufacturers or when substrates are wet because of rain, frost, condensation, or other causes.
- B. Install and cure penetration firestopping materials per manufacturer's written instructions using natural means of ventilations or, where this is inadequate, forced-air circulation.

### 1.7 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate construction of openings and penetrating items to ensure that penetration firestopping systems can be installed according to specified firestopping system design.
- B. Coordinate sizing of sleeves, openings, core-drilled holes, or cut openings to accommodate penetration firestopping systems.

# **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

# 2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics:
  - 1. Perform penetration firestopping system tests by a qualified testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
  - 2. Test per testing standards referenced in "Penetration Firestopping Systems" Article. Provide rated systems complying with the following requirements:
    - a. Penetration firestopping systems shall bear classification marking of a qualified testing agency.
      - 1) UL in its "Fire Resistance Directory."
      - 2) Intertek Group in its "Directory of Listed Building Products."
      - 3) FM Approval in its "Approval Guide."

# 2.2 PENETRATION FIRESTOPPING SYSTEMS

- A. Penetration Firestopping Systems: Systems that resist spread of fire, passage of smoke and other gases, and maintain original fire-resistance rating of construction penetrated. Penetration firestopping systems shall be compatible with one another, with the substrates forming openings, and with penetrating items if any.
- B. Penetrations in Fire-Resistance-Rated Walls: Penetration firestopping systems with ratings determined per ASTM E814 or UL 1479, based on testing at a positive pressure differential of 0.01-inch wg.
  - 1. F-Rating: Not less than the fire-resistance rating of constructions penetrated.
- C. Penetrations in Horizontal Assemblies: Penetration firestopping systems with ratings determined per ASTM E814 or UL 1479, based on testing at a positive pressure differential of 0.01-inch wg.
  - 1. F-Rating: At least one hour, but not less than the fire-resistance rating of constructions penetrated.
- D. Manufactured Piping Penetration Firestopping System: Penetration firestopping systems with ratings determined per ASTM E814 or UL 1479, based on testing at a positive pressure differential of 0.01-inch wg.

- 1. F-Rating: At least one hour, but not less than the fire-resistance rating of constructions penetrated.
- 2. Sleeve: Molded-PVC plastic, of length to match slab thickness and with integral nailing flange on one end for installation in cast-in-place concrete slabs.
- 3. Special Coating: Corrosion resistant on interior of fittings.
- E. Accessories: Provide components for each penetration firestopping system that are needed to install fill materials and to maintain ratings required. Use only those components specified by penetration firestopping system manufacturer and approved by qualified testing and inspecting agency for conditions indicated.
  - 1. Permanent forming/damming/backing materials.
  - 2. Substrate primers.
  - 3. Steel sleeves.

### 2.3 FILL MATERIALS

- A. Mortars: Prepackaged dry mixes consisting of a blend of inorganic binders, hydraulic cement, fillers and lightweight aggregate formulated for mixing with water at Project site to form a nonshrinking, homogeneous mortar.
- B. Silicone Sealants: Single-component, silicone-based, neutral-curing elastomeric sealants.

### 2.4 MIXING

A. Penetration Firestopping Materials: For those products requiring mixing before application, comply with penetration firestopping system manufacturer's written instructions for accurate proportioning of materials, water (if required), type of mixing equipment, selection of mixer speeds, mixing containers, mixing time, and other items or procedures needed to produce products of uniform quality with optimum performance characteristics for application indicated.

### **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for opening configurations, penetrating items, substrates, and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

### 3.2 PREPARATION

A. Surface Cleaning: Before installing penetration firestopping systems, clean out openings immediately to comply with manufacturer's written instructions and with the following requirements:

- 1. Remove from surfaces of opening substrates and from penetrating items foreign materials that could interfere with adhesion of penetration firestopping materials.
- 2. Clean opening substrates and penetrating items to produce clean, sound surfaces capable of developing optimum bond with penetration firestopping materials. Remove loose particles remaining from cleaning operation.
- 3. Remove laitance and form-release agents from concrete.
- B. Prime substrates where recommended in writing by manufacturer using that manufacturer's recommended products and methods. Confine primers to areas of bond; do not allow spillage and migration onto exposed surfaces.

# 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install penetration firestopping systems to comply with manufacturer's written installation instructions and published drawings for products and applications.
- B. Install forming materials and other accessories of types required to support fill materials during their application and in the position needed to produce cross-sectional shapes and depths required to achieve fire ratings.
  - 1. After installing fill materials and allowing them to fully cure, remove combustible forming materials and other accessories not forming permanent components of firestopping.
- C. Install fill materials by proven techniques to produce the following results:
  - 1. Fill voids and cavities formed by openings, forming materials, accessories and penetrating items to achieve required fire-resistance ratings.
  - 2. Apply materials so they contact and adhere to substrates formed by openings and penetrating items.
  - 3. For fill materials that will remain exposed after completing the Work, finish to produce smooth, uniform surfaces that are flush with adjoining finishes.

#### 3.4 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Clean off excess fill materials adjacent to openings as the Work progresses by methods and with cleaning materials that are approved in writing by penetration firestopping system manufacturers and that do not damage materials in which openings occur.
- B. Provide final protection and maintain conditions during and after installation that ensure that penetration firestopping systems are without damage or deterioration at time of Substantial Completion. If, despite such protection, damage or deterioration occurs, immediately cut out and remove damaged or deteriorated penetration firestopping material and install new materials to produce systems complying with specified requirements.

END OF SECTION 07 8413

# **SECTION 07 9200 - JOINT SEALANTS**

# PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Silicone joint sealants.

# 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each joint-sealant product.
- B. Samples for Initial Selection: Manufacturer's color charts consisting of strips of cured sealants showing the full range of colors available for each product exposed to view.
- C. Samples for Verification: For each kind and color of joint sealant required, provide Samples with joint sealants in 1/2-inch- wide joints formed between two 6-inch- long strips of material matching the appearance of exposed surfaces adjacent to joint sealants.

# 1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Preconstruction Field-Adhesion-Test Reports: Indicate which sealants and joint preparation methods resulted in optimum adhesion to joint substrates based on testing specified in "Preconstruction Testing" Article.
- B. Field-Adhesion-Test Reports: For each sealant application tested.

# 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Mockups: Install sealant in mockups of assemblies specified in other Sections that are indicated to receive joint sealants specified in this Section. Use materials and installation methods specified in this Section.

JOINT SEALANTS-07 9200 1/7

### 1.6 PRECONSTRUCTION TESTING

- A. Preconstruction Field-Adhesion Testing: Before installing sealants, field test their adhesion to Project joint substrates as follows:
  - 1. Locate test joints where indicated on Project or, if not indicated, as directed by Architect.
  - 2. Conduct field tests for each kind of sealant and joint substrate.
  - 3. Notify Architect seven days in advance of dates and times when test joints will be erected.
  - 4. Arrange for tests to take place with joint-sealant manufacturer's technical representative present.
    - a. Test Method: Test joint sealants according to Method A, Field-Applied Sealant Joint Hand Pull Tab, in Appendix X1.1 in ASTM C 1193 or Method A, Tail Procedure, in ASTM C 1521.
      - 1) For joints with dissimilar substrates, verify adhesion to each substrate separately; extend cut along one side, verifying adhesion to opposite side. Repeat procedure for opposite side.
  - 5. Report whether sealant failed to adhere to joint substrates or tore cohesively. Include data on pull distance used to test each kind of product and joint substrate. For sealants that fail adhesively, retest until satisfactory adhesion is obtained.
  - 6. Evaluation of Preconstruction Field-Adhesion-Test Results: Sealants not evidencing adhesive failure from testing, in absence of other indications of noncompliance with requirements, will be considered satisfactory. Do not use sealants that fail to adhere to joint substrates during testing.

### 1.7 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Do not proceed with installation of joint sealants under the following conditions:
  - 1. When ambient and substrate temperature conditions are outside limits permitted by joint-sealant manufacturer.
  - 2. When joint substrates are wet.
  - 3. Where joint widths are less than those allowed by joint-sealant manufacturer for applications indicated.
  - 4. Where contaminants capable of interfering with adhesion have not yet been removed from joint substrates.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 JOINT SEALANTS, GENERAL

- A. Compatibility: Provide joint sealants, backings, and other related materials that are compatible with one another and with joint substrates under conditions of service and application, as demonstrated by joint-sealant manufacturer, based on testing and field experience.
- B. Colors of Exposed Joint Sealants: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

JOINT SEALANTS-07 9200 2/7

# 2.2 SILICONE JOINT SEALANTS

- A. Silicone, S, NS, 50, NT: Single-component, nonsag, plus 50 percent and minus 50 percent movement capability, nontraffic-use, neutral-curing silicone joint sealant; ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade NS, Class 50, Use NT.
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. GE Construction Sealants; Momentive Performance Materials Inc.
    - b. Pecora Corporation.
    - c. Sika Corporation; Joint Sealants.
    - d. The Dow Chemical Company.

### 2.3 JOINT-SEALANT BACKING

- A. Sealant Backing Material, General: Nonstaining; compatible with joint substrates, sealants, primers, and other joint fillers; and approved for applications indicated by sealant manufacturer based on field experience and laboratory testing.
- B. Cylindrical Sealant Backings: ASTM C 1330, Type C (closed-cell material with a surface skin), Type O (open-cell material), Type B (bicellular material with a surface skin); or any of the preceding types, as approved in writing by joint-sealant manufacturer for joint application indicated, and of size and density to control sealant depth and otherwise contribute to producing optimum sealant performance.
- C. Bond-Breaker Tape: Polyethylene tape or other plastic tape recommended by sealant manufacturer for preventing sealant from adhering to rigid, inflexible joint-filler materials or joint surfaces at back of joint. Provide self-adhesive tape where applicable.

### 2.4 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

- A. Primer: Material recommended by joint-sealant manufacturer where required for adhesion of sealant to joint substrates indicated, as determined from preconstruction joint-sealant-substrate tests and field tests.
- B. Cleaners for Nonporous Surfaces: Chemical cleaners acceptable to manufacturers of sealants and sealant backing materials, free of oily residues or other substances capable of staining or harming joint substrates and adjacent nonporous surfaces in any way, and formulated to promote optimum adhesion of sealants to joint substrates.
- C. Masking Tape: Nonstaining, nonabsorbent material compatible with joint sealants and surfaces adjacent to joints.

JOINT SEALANTS-07 9200 3/7

### **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine joints indicated to receive joint sealants, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for joint configuration, installation tolerances, and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

# 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Surface Cleaning of Joints: Clean out joints immediately before installing joint sealants to comply with joint-sealant manufacturer's written instructions and the following requirements:
  - 1. Remove all foreign material from joint substrates that could interfere with adhesion of joint sealant, including dust, paints (except for permanent, protective coatings tested and approved for sealant adhesion and compatibility by sealant manufacturer), old joint sealants, oil, grease, waterproofing, water repellents, water, surface dirt, and frost.
  - Clean porous joint substrate surfaces by brushing, grinding, mechanical abrading, or a combination of these methods to produce a clean, sound substrate capable of developing optimum bond with joint sealants. Remove loose particles remaining after cleaning operations above by vacuuming or blowing out joints with oil-free compressed air. Porous joint substrates include the following:
    - a. Concrete.
    - b. Masonry.
    - c. Exterior insulation and finish systems.
  - 3. Remove laitance and form-release agents from concrete.
  - 4. Clean nonporous joint substrate surfaces with chemical cleaners or other means that do not stain, harm substrates, or leave residues capable of interfering with adhesion of joint sealants. Nonporous joint substrates include the following:
    - a. Metal.
    - b. Glass.
- B. Joint Priming: Prime joint substrates where recommended by joint-sealant manufacturer or as indicated by preconstruction joint-sealant-substrate tests or prior experience. Apply primer to comply with joint-sealant manufacturer's written instructions. Confine primers to areas of joint-sealant bond; do not allow spillage or migration onto adjoining surfaces.
- C. Masking Tape: Use masking tape where required to prevent contact of sealant or primer with adjoining surfaces that otherwise would be permanently stained or damaged by such contact or by cleaning methods required to remove sealant smears. Remove tape immediately after tooling without disturbing joint seal.

JOINT SEALANTS-07 9200 4/7

### 3.3 INSTALLATION OF JOINT SEALANTS

- A. General: Comply with joint-sealant manufacturer's written installation instructions for products and applications indicated, unless more stringent requirements apply.
- B. Sealant Installation Standard: Comply with recommendations in ASTM C 1193 for use of joint sealants as applicable to materials, applications, and conditions indicated.
- C. Install sealant backings of kind indicated to support sealants during application and at position required to produce cross-sectional shapes and depths of installed sealants relative to joint widths that allow optimum sealant movement capability.
  - 1. Do not leave gaps between ends of sealant backings.
  - 2. Do not stretch, twist, puncture, or tear sealant backings.
  - 3. Remove absorbent sealant backings that have become wet before sealant application, and replace them with dry materials.
- D. Install bond-breaker tape behind sealants where sealant backings are not used between sealants and backs of joints.
- E. Install sealants using proven techniques that comply with the following and at the same time backings are installed:
  - 1. Place sealants so they directly contact and fully wet joint substrates.
  - 2. Completely fill recesses in each joint configuration.
  - 3. Produce uniform, cross-sectional shapes and depths relative to joint widths that allow optimum sealant movement capability.
- F. Tooling of Nonsag Sealants: Immediately after sealant application and before skinning or curing begins, tool sealants according to requirements specified in subparagraphs below to form smooth, uniform beads of configuration indicated; to eliminate air pockets; and to ensure contact and adhesion of sealant with sides of joint.
  - 1. Remove excess sealant from surfaces adjacent to joints.
  - 2. Use tooling agents that are approved in writing by sealant manufacturer and that do not discolor sealants or adjacent surfaces.
  - 3. Provide concave joint profile per Figure 8A in ASTM C 1193 unless otherwise indicated.

# 3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Field-Adhesion Testing: Field test joint-sealant adhesion to joint substrates as follows:
  - 1. Extent of Testing: Test completed and cured sealant joints as follows:
    - a. Perform 10 tests for the first 1000 feet of joint length for each kind of sealant and joint substrate.
    - b. Perform one test for each 1000 feet of joint length thereafter or one test per each floor per elevation.
  - 2. Test Method: Test joint sealants according to Method A, Field-Applied Sealant Joint Hand Pull Tab, in Appendix X1 in ASTM C 1193 or Method A, Tail Procedure, in ASTM C 1521.

JOINT SEALANTS-07 9200 5/7

# For joints with dissimilar substrates, verify adhesion to each substrate separately;

- extend cut along one side, verifying adhesion to opposite side. Repeat procedure for opposite side.
- 3. Inspect tested joints and report on the following:
  - a. Whether sealants filled joint cavities and are free of voids.
  - b. Whether sealant dimensions and configurations comply with specified requirements.
  - c. Whether sealants in joints connected to pulled-out portion failed to adhere to joint substrates or tore cohesively. Include data on pull distance used to test each kind of product and joint substrate. Compare these results to determine if adhesion complies with sealant manufacturer's field-adhesion hand-pull test criteria.
- 4. Record test results in a field-adhesion-test log. Include dates when sealants were installed, names of persons who installed sealants, test dates, test locations, whether joints were primed, adhesion results and percent elongations, sealant material, sealant configuration, and sealant dimensions.
- 5. Repair sealants pulled from test area by applying new sealants following same procedures used originally to seal joints. Ensure that original sealant surfaces are clean and that new sealant contacts original sealant.
- B. Evaluation of Field-Adhesion-Test Results: Sealants not evidencing adhesive failure from testing or noncompliance with other indicated requirements will be considered satisfactory. Remove sealants that fail to adhere to joint substrates during testing or to comply with other requirements. Retest failed applications until test results prove sealants comply with indicated requirements.

# 3.5 CLEANING

A. Clean off excess sealant or sealant smears adjacent to joints as the Work progresses by methods and with cleaning materials approved in writing by manufacturers of joint sealants and of products in which joints occur.

### 3.6 PROTECTION

A. Protect joint sealants during and after curing period from contact with contaminating substances and from damage resulting from construction operations or other causes so sealants are without deterioration or damage at time of Substantial Completion. If, despite such protection, damage or deterioration occurs, cut out, remove, and repair damaged or deteriorated joint sealants immediately so installations with repaired areas are indistinguishable from original work.

### 3.7 JOINT-SEALANT SCHEDULE

- A. Joint-Sealant Application: Exterior joints in vertical surfaces and horizontal nontraffic surfaces [].
  - 1. Joint Locations:
    - a. Construction joints in cast-in-place concrete.
    - b. Control and expansion joints in unit masonry.
    - c. Joints between metal panels.
    - d. Joints between different materials listed above.

JOINT SEALANTS-07 9200 6/7

- e. Perimeter joints between materials listed above and frames of doors windows and louvers.
- f. Other joints as indicated on Drawings.
- 2. Joint Sealant: Silicone, nonstaining, S, NS, 50, NT.
- 3. Joint-Sealant Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range of colors .

END OF SECTION 07 9200

JOINT SEALANTS-07 9200 7/7

# **SECTION 08 6200 - UNIT SKYLIGHTS**

# PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

# 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Unit skylights mounted on prefabricated curbs.

# 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of unit skylight.
  - 1. Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes for unit skylights.
- B. Shop Drawings: For unit skylight work.
  - 1. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and connections to supporting structure and other adjoining work.

# 1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Qualification Data: For qualified [and] .
- B. Sample Warranty: For special warranty.

### 1.5 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance Data: For unit skylights to include in maintenance manuals.

UNIT SKYLIGHTS-08 6200 1/4

### 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

# 1.7 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of unit skylights that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. Uncontrolled water leakage.
    - b. Deterioration of metals, metal finishes, and other materials beyond normal weathering.
    - c. Yellowing of acrylic glazing.
  - 2. Warranty Period: Five years from date of Substantial Completion.

# **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide the following:
  - 1. Wasco Part of VELUX Commercial; Ecosky

### 2.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Unit Skylight Standard: Comply with AAMA/WDMA/CSA 101/I.S.2/A440 for definitions and minimum standards of performance, materials, components, accessories, and fabrication unless more stringent requirements are indicated.
  - 1. Performance Class and Grade: Class CW-PG 35.
  - 2. Certification: AAMA-, WDMA-, or CSA-certified unit skylights with label attached to each.
- B. Thermal Transmittance: NFRC 100 maximum U-factor of 0.60 Btu/sq. ft. x h x deg F.
- C. Solar Heat-Gain Coefficient (SHGC): NFRC 200 maximum SHGC of 0.35.
- D. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.

# 2.3 UNIT SKYLIGHTS

- A. General: Provide factory-assembled unit skylights that include glazing, extruded-aluminum glazing retainers, gaskets, and inner frames and that are capable of withstanding performance requirements indicated.
- B. Unit Shape and Size: Match sizes of existing skylights to be replaced.

UNIT SKYLIGHTS-08 6200 2/4

# **ROOF REPLACEMENT**

- C. Acrylic Glazing: ASTM D 4802, thermoformable, monolithic sheet, category as standard with manufacturer, Finish 1 (smooth or polished), Type UVF (formulated with UV absorber).
  - 1. Double-Glazing Profile: Dome, 25 percent rise.
    - a. Thicknesses: Not less than thicknesses required to exceed performance requirements .
    - b. Outer Glazing Color: White, translucent .
    - c. Inner Glazing Color: Colorless, transparent.
  - 2. Self-Ignition Temperature: 650 deg F or more for plastic sheets in thickness indicated when tested according to ASTM D 1929.
  - 3. Smoke-Production Characteristics: Smoke-developed index of 450 or less when tested according to ASTM E 84, and smoke density of 75 or less when tested according to ASTM D 2843
  - 4. Burning Characteristics: Tested according to ASTM D 635. Class CC2, burning rate of 2-1/2 inches per minute or less for nominal thickness of 0.060 inch or thickness indicated for use.
- D. Glazing Gaskets: Manufacturer's standard.
- E. Prefabricated Curb: Manufacturer's standard pre-fabricated curb designed to integrate with skylight assembly.
- F. Condensation Control: Fabricate unit skylights with integral internal gutters and nonclogging weeps to collect and drain condensation to the exterior.
- G. Thermal Break: Fabricate unit skylights with thermal barrier separating exterior and interior metal framing.
- H. Protective Screens: Manufacturer's standard to protect against falling glass.

# 2.4 ACCESSORY MATERIALS

- A. Fasteners: Same metal as metal being fastened, nonmagnetic stainless steel, or other noncorrosive metal as recommended by manufacturer. Finish exposed fasteners to match material being fastened.
  - 1. Where removal of exterior exposed fasteners might allow access to building, provide nonremovable fastener heads.
- B. Bituminous Coating: Cold-applied asphalt mastic, compounded for 15-mil dry film thickness per coat.

# 2.5 ALUMINUM FINISHES

A. Mill Finish: Manufacturer's standard.

### **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine openings, substrates, structural support, anchorage, and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

# 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Coordinate installation of unit skylight with installation of substrates, vapor retarders, roof insulation, roofing membrane, and flashing as required to ensure that each element of the Work performs properly and that combined elements are waterproof and weathertight.
- B. Comply with recommendations in AAMA 1607 and with manufacturer's written instructions for installing unit skylights.
- C. Install unit skylights level, plumb, and true to line, without distortion.
- D. Anchor unit skylights securely to supporting substrates.
- E. Where aluminum surfaces of unit skylights will contact another metal or corrosive substrates, such as preservative-treated wood, apply bituminous coating on concealed metal surfaces or provide other approved permanent separation recommended in writing by unit skylight manufacturer.

### 3.3 CLEANING

- A. Clean exposed unit skylight surfaces according to manufacturer's written instructions. Touch up damaged metal coatings and finishes.
- B. Remove excess sealants, glazing materials, dirt, and other substances.
- C. Remove and replace glazing that has been broken, chipped, cracked, abraded, or damaged during construction period.
- D. Protect unit skylight surfaces from contact with contaminating substances resulting from construction operations.
- E. Unit Skylight Operating System: Clean and lubricate joints and hardware. Adjust for proper operation.

#### END OF SECTION 08 6200

UNIT SKYLIGHTS-08 6200 4/4

# **SECTION 08 6223 - TUBULAR SKYLIGHTS**

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS:

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

### 1.2 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Tubular daylighting devices and accessories.

### 1.3 RELATED SECTIONS

- A. Section 075419 Thermoplastic Membrane Roofing: Flashing of skylight base.
- B. Section 076200 Flashing and Sheet Metal: Metal curb flashings.
- C. Section 086200 Unit Skylights: Skylights without reflective tube.

### 1.4 REFERENCES

- A. ASTM B 209 Standard Specification for Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Sheet and Plate.
- B. ASTM E 84 Standard Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials.
- C. ASTM E 283 Test Method for Rate of Air Leakage Through Exterior Windows, Curtain Walls, and Doors Under Specified Pressure Differences Across the Specimen.
- D. ASTM E 330 Structural Performance of Exterior Windows, Curtain Walls and Doors.
- E. ASTM E 547 Test Method for Water Penetration of Exterior Windows, Skylights, Doors and Curtain walls by Cyclic Air Pressure Difference.
- F. ASTM D 635 Test Method for Rate of Burning and/or Extent of Time of Burning of Self-Supporting Plastics in a Horizontal Position.
- G. ASTM D 1929 Test Method for Ignition Properties of Plastics.
- H. AAMA/WDMA/CSA 101/I.S.2/A440 Standard/Specification for Windows, Doors, and Unit Skylights; 2011.
- I. OSHA 29 CFR 1910.23 (e)(8) (Guarding Requirements for Skylights); 1926 Subpart M (Fall Protection); 1926.501(b)(4)(i); 1926.501(i)(2); 1926.501(b)(4)(ii).

# 1.5 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. SOLAMASTER 330 DS-0 / 330 DS-C (OPEN/CLOSED CEILING)
  - 1. AAMA/WDMA/CSA 101/IS2/A440, Class CW-PG80, size tested 21 inch (530 mm) diameter, Type TDDOC and Type TDDCC.
    - a. Air Infiltration Test:
      - 1) Air infiltration will not exceed 0.30 cfm/sf aperture with a pressure delta of 1.57 psf across the tube when tested in accordance with ASTM E 283.
    - b. Water Resistance Test:
      - 1) Passes water resistance; no uncontrolled water leakage with a pressure differential of 10.7 psf (512 Pa) or 15 percent of the design load (whichever is greater) and a water spray rate of 5 gallons/hour/sf for 24 minutes when tested in accordance with ICC-ES AC-16, ASTM E 547 and ASTM E 331.
    - Uniform Load Test: All units tested with a safety factor of (3) for positive pressure and
       (2) for negative pressure, acting normal to plane of roof in accordance with ASTM E
       330.
      - 1) No breakage, permanent damage to fasteners, hardware parts, or damage to make daylighting system inoperable or cause excessive permanent deflection of any section when tested at a Positive Load of 150 psf (7.18 kPa) or Negative Load of 70 psf (3.35 kPa).

# 2. Fire Testing:

- a. Fire Rated Roof Assemblies:
  - 1) When used with the Dome Edge Protection Band, all domes meet fire rating requirements as described in the International Building Code for Class A, B, and C roof assemblies.
- b. Self-Ignition Temperature Greater than 650 degrees F per ASTM D-1929.
- c. Smoke Density: Rating no greater than 450 per ASTM E 84 in way intended for use. Classification C.
- d. Rate of Burn and/or Extent: Maximum Burning Rate: 2.5 inches/min (64 mm/min) Classification CC-2 per ASTM D 635.
- e. Rate of Burn and/or Extent: Maximum Burn Extent: 1 inch (25 mm) Classification CC-1 per ASTM D 635.

# 3. Fall Protection Performance:

- a. Passes fall protection test: No penetration of dome or curb cap when subject to 400 lb (160 Kg)/42 inch (1066 mm) impact drop test when tested in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1926.506(c) Safety Net Systems.
- b. Passes fall protection test: California State OSHA Fall Protection Code of Regulations, Title 8, Section 3212 (e)(1) Skylight Screens.

# 1.6 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit under provisions of Section
- B. Product Data: Manufacturer's data sheets on each product to be used, including:
  - 1. Preparation instructions and recommendations.

- 2. Storage and handling requirements and recommendations.
- 3. Data sheets showing roof dome assembly, flashing base, reflective tubes, diffuser assembly, and accessories.
- 4. Installation requirements.
- C. Shop Drawings. Submit shop drawings showing layout, profiles and product components, including rough opening and framing dimensions, anchorage, roof flashings and accessories.
- D. Electrical wiring diagrams and recommendations for power and control wiring.
- E. Verification Samples: As requested by Architect.

# 1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver products in manufacturer's original containers, dry, undamaged, seals and labels intact.
- B. Store products in manufacturer's unopened packaging until ready for installation.

#### 1.8 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Maintain environmental conditions (temperature, humidity, and ventilation) within limits recommended by manufacturer for optimum results. Do not install products under environmental conditions outside manufacturer's absolute limits.

### 1.9 WARRANTY

- A. Daylighting Device: Manufacturer's standard warranty for 10 years.
- B. Electrical Parts: Manufacturer's standard warranty for 5 years, unless otherwise indicated.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Acceptable Manufacturer: Solatube International, Inc., which is located at: Solatube International 2210 Oak Ridge Way; Vista, CA 92081-8341; Toll Free Tel: 888-765-2882; Tel: (760) 477-1120; Fax: (760) 597-4488; Email:request info (commsales@solatube.com); Web:http://www.solatube.com
- B. Requests for substitutions will be considered in accordance with provisions of Section 01 600.

# 2.2 TUBULAR DAYLIGHTING DEVICES

A. Tubular Daylighting Devices General: Transparent roof-mounted skylight dome and self-flashing curb, reflective tube, and ceiling level diffuser assembly, transferring sunlight to interior spaces; complying with ICC AC-16.

### **ROOF REPLACEMENT**

- B. SolaMaster Series: Solatube Model 330 DS, 21 inch (530 mm) Daylighting System:
  - 1. Model:
    - a. Solatube Model 330 DS-C Closed (Penetrating) Ceiling. AAMA Type TDDCC.
  - 2. Capture Zone:
    - a. Roof Dome Assembly: Transparent, UV and impact resistant dome with flashing base supporting dome and top of tube.
      - 1) Dome Glazing: Type DP, 0.115 inch (3 mm) minimum thickness polycarbonate classified as CC1 material.
      - 2) Tube Ring: Attached to top of base section; 0.090 inch (2.3 mm) nominal thickness injection molded high impact PVC; to prevent thermal bridging between base flashing and tubing and channel condensed moisture out of tubing. Attached to the base of the dome ring using butyl glazing rope 0.24 inch (6 mm) diameter: to minimize air infiltration.
      - 3) Dome Seal: Adhesive backed weatherstrip, 0.63 inch (16 mm) tall by 0.28 inch (7 mm) wide.
      - 4) LightTracker Reflector, made of aluminum sheet, thickness 0.015 inch (0.4 mm) with Spectralight Infinity. Positioned in the dome to capture low angle sunlight.
    - b. Dome Options:
      - 1) Security Bar: Type B Security Bar 0.375 inch (9.5 mm) stainless steel bar across flashing diameter opening.
      - 2) Secondary Diffuser: Type SS, Acrylic plastic classified as CC2 material. Thickness shall not be less than 0.100 inches.
    - c. Flashings:
      - 1) Roof Flashing Base:
    - d. One Piece: One piece, seamless, leak-proof flashing functioning as base support for dome and top of tube. Sheet steel, corrosion resistant conforming to ASTM A 653/A 653M or ASTM A 463/A 463M or ASTM A792/A 792M, 0.028 inch (0.7 mm) plus or minus .006 inch (.015 mm) thick.
      - 1) Base Style: Type FC, Curb cap, with inside dimensions of 27 inches by 27 inches (685 mm by 685 mm) to cover curb as specified in Section 07 600.
  - 3. Transfer Zone:
    - a. Extension Tubes: Aluminum sheet, thickness 0.018 inch (0.5 mm).
      - 1) Reflective Tubes:
    - b. Reflective extension tube, Type EXX and Type EL with total length of run as indicated on the Drawings.
    - c. Interior Finish: Spectralight Infinity with INFRAREDuction Technology combining ultrahigh Visible Light reflectance with Ultra-low Infrared (IR) reflectance.
      - 1) Tube Options
    - d. Extension Tube Angle Adapter: Provide manufacturer's standard adapters for applications requiring:
      - 1) Type A1 one 0 to 90 degree extension tube angle adapter.
      - 2) Type A2 two 0 to 90 degree extension tube angle adapters.
    - e. Top Tube Angle Adapter and Bottom Tube Angle Adapter Kit: Type AK, reflective 45 degree adjustable top and bottom angle adapters (one each), 16 inches (406 mm) long
    - f. Wire Suspension Kit: Type E, Use the wire suspension kit when additional bracing to the structure is required.
    - g. Spectralight Infinity SoftLight Extension Tube: Type ES, 24 inch (610 mm) Superreflective extension tube with structured surface providing precise light spread for

enhanced visual comfort. Replaces one standard 24 inch (610 mm) extension tube in the tube assembly.

# 4. Delivery Zone:

- a. Diffuser Assemblies for Tubes Penetrating Ceilings: Ceiling mounted box transitioning from round tube to square ceiling assembly, supporting light transmitting surface at bottom termination of tube 23.8 inches by 23.8 inches (605 mm by 605 mm) square frame to fit standard suspended ceiling grids or hard ceilings.
  - 1) Metal Transition Box: Type TM, Metal 2 Round to Square transition box comprised of Spectralight Infinity SoftLight material with structured finish on exposed reflective surface, .015 inch (0.4 mm) thick. Color: a\* and b\* (defined by CIE L\*a\*b\* color model) shall not exceed plus 2 or be less than minus 2 as determined in accordance to ASTM E 308.
  - 2) Lens: Type L1 OptiView Fresnel lens design to maximize light output and diffusion with extruded aluminum frame and EPDM foam seal to minimize condensation and bug, dirt and air infiltration per ASTM E 283. Visible Light Transmission shall be greater than 90 percent at 0.022 inch (0.5 mm) thick. Classified as CC2.

# b. Delivery Zone Options

- Local Dimmer Control utilizing a butterfly baffle design of Spectralight Infinity reflective material to minimize shadowing when in use: Provided with dimmer switch and cable.
- 5. Catalog Number: S330DS-C-DP-B-SS-FC-AK-EXX-A1-A2-E-ES-TM -L1

### 2.3 ACCESSORIES

- A. Fasteners: Same material as metals being fastened, non-magnetic steel, non-corrosive metal of type recommended by manufacturer, or injection molded nylon.
- B. Suspension Wire: Steel, annealed, galvanized finish, size and type for application and ceiling system requirement.
- C. Sealant: Polyurethane or copolymer based elastomeric sealant as provided or recommended by manufacturer.

### **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

# 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Do not begin installation until substrates have been properly prepared.
- B. Examine openings, substrates, structural support, anchorage, and conditions for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions.
- C. If substrate and rough opening preparation is the responsibility of another installer, notify Architect of unsatisfactory preparation before proceeding.

### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Clean surfaces thoroughly prior to installation.
- B. Coordinate requirements for power supply, conduit and wiring.
- C. Prepare surfaces using the methods recommended by the manufacturer for achieving the best result for the substrate under the project conditions.

### 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's printed instructions.
- B. Coordinate installation with substrates, air and vapor retarders, roof insulation, roofing membrane, and flashing to ensure that each element of the Work performs properly and that finished installation is weather tight.
  - 1. Install flashing to produce weatherproof seal with curb and overlap with roofing system termination at top of curb.
  - 2. Provide thermal isolation when components penetrate or disrupt building insulation. Pack fibrous insulation in rough opening to maintain continuity of thermal barriers.
  - 3. Coordinate attachment and seal of perimeter air and vapor barrier material.
- C. Where metal surfaces of tubular unit skylights will contact incompatible metal or corrosive substrates, including preservative-treated wood, provide permanent separation as recommended by manufacturer
- D. Align device free of warp or twist, maintain dimensional tolerances.
- E. After installation of first unit, field test to determine adequacy of installation. Conduct water test in presence of Owner, Architect, or Contractor, or their designated representative. Correct if needed before proceeding with installation of subsequent units.
- F. Inspect installation to verify secure and proper mounting. Test each fixture to verify operation, control functions, and performance. Correct deficiencies.

#### 3.4 CLEANING

A. Clean exposed surfaces according to manufacturer's written instructions. Touch up damaged metal coatings and finishes. Remove excess sealants, glazing materials, dirt, and other substances.

#### 3.5 PROTECTION

- A. Protect installed products until completion of project.
- B. Touch-up, repair or replace damaged products before Substantial Completion.

#### END OF SECTION 08 6223

# **SECTION 09 9600 - HIGH-PERFORMANCE COATINGS**

# PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes surface preparation and the application of high-performance coating systems on the following substrates:
  - 1. Exterior Substrates:
    - a. Steel.
    - b. Galvanized metal.
    - c. Stainless steel.

# 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. MPI Gloss Level 5: 35 to 70 units at 60 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.
- B. MPI Gloss Level 6: 70 to 85 units at 60 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.
- C. MPI Gloss Level 7: More than 85 units at 60 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.

### 1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product. Include preparation requirements and application instructions.
  - 1. Include printout of current "MPI Approved Products List" for each product category specified, with the proposed product highlighted.
  - 2. Indicate VOC content.
- B. Samples for Initial Selection: For each type of topcoat product indicated.
- C. Samples for Verification: For each type of coating system and each color and gloss of topcoat indicated.
  - 1. Submit Samples on rigid backing, 8 inches square.
  - 2. Apply coats on Samples in steps to show each coat required for system.
  - 3. Label each coat of each Sample.
  - 4. Label each Sample for location and application area.

### 1.5 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Furnish extra materials, from the same product run, that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
  - 1. Coatings: 5 percent, but not less than 1 gal. of each material and color applied.

### 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Mockups: Apply mockups of each coating system indicated to verify preliminary selections made under Sample submittals and to demonstrate aesthetic effects and set quality standards for materials and execution.
  - 1. Architect will select one surface to represent surfaces and conditions for application of each coating system.
    - a. Other Items: Architect will designate items or areas required.
  - 2. Final approval of color selections will be based on mockups.
    - a. If preliminary color selections are not approved, apply additional mockups of additional colors selected by Architect at no added cost to Owner.
  - 3. Approval of mockups does not constitute approval of deviations from the Contract Documents contained in mockups unless Architect specifically approves such deviations in writing.
  - 4. Subject to compliance with requirements, approved mockups may become part of the completed Work if undisturbed at time of Substantial Completion.

# 1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Store materials not in use in tightly covered containers in well-ventilated areas with ambient temperatures continuously maintained at not less than 45 deg F.
  - 1. Maintain containers in clean condition, free of foreign materials and residue.
  - 2. Remove rags and waste from storage areas daily.

### 1.8 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Apply coatings only when temperature of surfaces to be coated and ambient air temperatures are between 50 and 95 deg F.
- B. Do not apply coatings when relative humidity exceeds 85 percent; at temperatures less than 5 deg F above the dew point; or to damp or wet surfaces.
- C. Do not apply exterior coatings in snow, rain, fog, or mist.

#### **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

## 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. Benjamin Moore & Co.
  - 2. PPG Paints.
  - 3. Sherwin-Williams Company (The).
  - 4. Tnemec Inc.
- B. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the products listed in the Exterior High-Performance Coating Schedule for the coating category indicated.

## 2.2 HIGH-PERFORMANCE COATINGS, GENERAL

- A. MPI Standards: Products shall comply with MPI standards indicated and shall be listed in its "MPI Approved Products Lists."
- B. Material Compatibility:
  - 1. Materials for use within each paint system shall be compatible with one another and substrates indicated, under conditions of service and application as demonstrated by manufacturer, based on testing and field experience.
  - 2. For each coat in a paint system, products shall be recommended in writing by topcoat manufacturers for use in paint system and on substrate indicated.
  - 3. Products shall be of same manufacturer for each coat in a coating system.
- C. Colors: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range .

## **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

## 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates and conditions, with Applicator present, for compliance with requirements for maximum moisture content and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Verify suitability of substrates, including surface conditions and compatibility, with existing finishes and primers.
- C. Proceed with coating application only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.
  - 1. Application of coating indicates acceptance of surfaces and conditions.

#### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions and recommendations in "MPI Architectural Painting Specification Manual" applicable to substrates and coating systems indicated.
- B. Remove hardware, covers, plates, and similar items already in place that are removable and are not to be painted. If removal is impractical or impossible because of size or weight of item, provide surface-applied protection before surface preparation and painting.
  - 1. After completing painting operations, use workers skilled in the trades involved to reinstall items that were removed. Remove surface-applied protection if any.
- C. Clean substrates of substances that could impair bond of coatings, including dust, dirt, oil, grease, and incompatible paints and encapsulants.
  - 1. Remove incompatible primers and reprime substrate with compatible primers or apply tie coat as required to produce coating systems indicated.
- D. Steel Substrates: Remove rust, loose mill scale, and shop primer if any. Clean using methods recommended in writing by paint manufacturer [.] but not less than the following:
  - 1. SSPC-SP 11.
- E. Galvanized-Metal Substrates: Remove grease and oil residue from galvanized sheet metal by mechanical methods to produce clean, lightly etched surfaces that promote adhesion of subsequently applied coatings.
- F. Aluminum Substrates: Remove loose surface oxidation.

#### 3.3 APPLICATION

- A. Apply high-performance coatings according to manufacturer's written instructions and recommendations in "MPI Architectural Painting Specification Manual."
  - 1. Use applicators and techniques suited for coating and substrate indicated.
  - 2. Coat surfaces behind movable equipment and furniture same as similar exposed surfaces. Before final installation, coat surfaces behind permanently fixed equipment or furniture with prime coat only.
  - 3. Coat backsides of access panels, removable or hinged covers, and similar hinged items to match exposed surfaces.
  - 4. Do not apply coatings over labels of independent testing agencies or equipment name, identification, performance rating, or nomenclature plates.
- B. Tint each undercoat a lighter shade to facilitate identification of each coat if multiple coats of the same material are to be applied. Tint undercoats to match color of finish coat, but provide sufficient difference in shade of undercoats to distinguish each separate coat.
- C. If undercoats or other conditions show through final coat, apply additional coats until cured film has a uniform coating finish, color, and appearance.

D. Apply coatings to produce surface films without cloudiness, spotting, holidays, laps, brush marks, runs, sags, ropiness, or other surface imperfections. Produce sharp glass lines and color breaks.

#### 3.4 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. At end of each workday, remove rubbish, empty cans, rags, and other discarded materials from Project site.
- B. After completing coating application, clean spattered surfaces. Remove spattered coatings by washing, scraping, or other methods. Do not scratch or damage adjacent finished surfaces.
- C. Protect work of other trades against damage from coating operation. Correct damage to work of other trades by cleaning, replacing, and recoating, as approved by Architect, and leave in an undamaged condition.
- D. At completion of construction activities of other trades, touch up and restore damaged or defaced coated surfaces.

#### 3.5 EXTERIOR HIGH-PERFORMANCE COATING SCHEDULE

#### A. Steel Substrates:

- 1. Epoxy System MPI EXT 5.1F:
  - a. Prime Coat: Primer, epoxy, anti-corrosive, for metal, MPI #101.
  - b. Intermediate Coat: Epoxy, high build, low gloss, MPI #108.
  - c. Topcoat: Epoxy, gloss, MPI #77.

#### B. Galvanized-Metal Substrates:

- 1. Epoxy System MPI EXT 5.3C:
  - a. Prime Coat: Primer, epoxy, anti-corrosive, for metal, MPI #101.
  - b. Intermediate Coat: Epoxy, matching topcoat.
  - c. Topcoat: Epoxy, gloss, MPI #77.

#### C. Stainless-Steel Substrates:

- 1. Epoxy System MPI EXT 5.6D:
  - a. Prime Coat: Primer, epoxy, anti-corrosive, for metal, MPI #101.
  - b. Intermediate Coat: Epoxy, matching topcoat.
  - c. Topcoat: Epoxy, gloss, MPI #77.

#### END OF SECTION 09 9600

## SECTION 22 0529 - HANGERS & SUPPORTS FOR PLUMBING PIPING & EQUIPMENT

## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

#### A. Section Includes:

- 1. Metal pipe hangers and supports.
- 2. Trapeze pipe hangers.
- 3. Metal framing systems.

#### 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Delegated-Design Submittal: For trapeze hangers indicated to comply with performance requirements and design criteria, including analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.
  - 1. Detail fabrication and assembly of trapeze hangers.
  - 2. Include design calculations for designing trapeze hangers.

## 1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

## **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

## 2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Delegated Design: Engage a qualified professional engineer, as defined in Section 01 4000 "Quality Requirements," to design trapeze pipe hangers and equipment supports.
- B. Structural Performance: Hangers and supports for plumbing piping and equipment shall withstand the effects of gravity loads and stresses within limits and under conditions indicated according to ASCE/SEI 7.

## Bid Set

#### ROOF REPLACEMENT

- 1. Design supports for multiple pipes, including pipe stands, capable of supporting combined weight of supported systems, system contents, and test water.
- 2. Design equipment supports capable of supporting combined operating weight of supported equipment and connected systems and components.

## 2.2 METAL PIPE HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

- A. Carbon-Steel Pipe Hangers and Supports:
  - 1. Description: MSS SP-58, Types 1 through 58, factory-fabricated components.
  - 2. Galvanized Metallic Coatings: Pregalvanized, hot-dip galvanized, or electro-galvanized.
  - 3. Nonmetallic Coatings: Plastic coated or epoxy powder coated.
  - 4. Padded Hangers: Hanger with fiberglass or other pipe insulation pad or cushion to support bearing surface of piping.
  - 5. Hanger Rods: Continuous-thread rod, nuts, and washer made of carbon steel.

## 2.3 TRAPEZE PIPE HANGERS

A. Description: MSS SP-58, Type 59, shop- or field-fabricated pipe-support assembly, made from structural-carbon-steel shapes, with MSS SP-58 carbon-steel hanger rods, nuts, saddles, and U-bolts.

#### 2.4 METAL FRAMING SYSTEMS

- A. MFMA Manufacturer Metal Framing Systems:
  - 1. Description: Shop- or field-fabricated pipe-support assembly, made of steel channels, accessories, fittings, and other components for supporting multiple parallel pipes.
  - 2. Standard: Comply with MFMA-4, factory-fabricated components for field assembly.
  - 3. Channels: Continuous slotted carbon-steel channel with inturned lips.
  - 4. Channel Width: Selected for applicable load criteria.
  - 5. Channel Nuts: Formed or stamped nuts or other devices designed to fit into channel slot and, when tightened, prevent slipping along channel.
  - 6. Hanger Rods: Continuous-thread rod, nuts, and washer made of carbon steel .
  - 7. Metallic Coating: No coating.

## 2.5 MATERIALS

- A. Aluminum: ASTM B 221.
- B. Carbon Steel: ASTM A 1011/A 1011M.
- C. Structural Steel: ASTM A 36/A 36M carbon-steel plates, shapes, and bars; black and galvanized.
- D. Stainless Steel: ASTM A 240/A 240M.

- E. Grout: ASTM C 1107/C 1107M, factory-mixed and -packaged, dry, hydraulic-cement, nonshrink and nonmetallic grout; suitable for interior and exterior applications.
  - 1. Properties: Nonstaining, noncorrosive, and nongaseous.
  - 2. Design Mix: 5000-psi, 28-day compressive strength.

#### **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

#### 3.1 APPLICATION

- A. Comply with requirements in Section 07 8413 "Penetration Firestopping" for firestopping materials and installation, for penetrations through fire-rated walls, ceilings, and assemblies.
- B. Strength of Support Assemblies: Where not indicated, select sizes of components, so strength will be adequate to carry present and future static loads within specified loading limits. Minimum static design load used for strength determination shall be weight of supported components plus 200 lb.

## 3.2 HANGER AND SUPPORT INSTALLATION

- A. Metal Pipe-Hanger Installation: Comply with MSS SP-58. Install hangers, supports, clamps, and attachments as required to properly support piping from building structure.
- B. Metal Trapeze Pipe-Hanger Installation: Comply with MSS SP-58. Arrange for grouping of parallel runs of horizontal piping, and support together on field-fabricated trapeze pipe hangers.
  - 1. Pipes of Various Sizes: Support together and space trapezes for smallest pipe size, or install intermediate supports for smaller-diameter pipes as specified for individual pipe hangers.
  - 2. Field fabricate from ASTM A 36/A 36M carbon-steel shapes selected for loads being supported. Weld steel according to AWS D1.1/D1.1M.
- C. Metal Framing System Installation: Arrange for grouping of parallel runs of piping, and support together on field-assembled metal framing systems.
- D. Install hangers and supports complete with necessary attachments, inserts, bolts, rods, nuts, washers, and other accessories.
- E. Install hangers and supports to allow controlled thermal and seismic movement of piping systems, to permit freedom of movement between pipe anchors, and to facilitate action of expansion joints, expansion loops, expansion bends, and similar units.
- F. Install lateral bracing with pipe hangers and supports to prevent swaying.
- G. Install building attachments within concrete slabs or attach to structural steel. Install additional attachments at concentrated loads, including valves, flanges, and strainers, NPS 2-1/2 and larger and at changes in direction of piping. Install concrete inserts before concrete is placed; fasten inserts to forms, and install reinforcing bars through openings at top of inserts.

## **ROOF REPLACEMENT**

- H. Load Distribution: Install hangers and supports, so that piping live and dead loads and stresses from movement will not be transmitted to connected equipment.
- I. Pipe Slopes: Install hangers and supports to provide indicated pipe slopes and to not exceed maximum pipe deflections allowed by ASME B31.9 for building services piping.
- J. Insulated Piping:
  - 1. Attach clamps and spacers to piping.
    - a. Piping Operating Below Ambient Air Temperature: Use thermal hanger-shield insert with clamp sized to match OD of insert.
  - 2. Install MSS SP-58, Type 39 protection saddles if insulation without vapor barrier is indicated. Fill interior voids with insulation that matches adjoining insulation.
    - a. Option: Thermal hanger-shield inserts may be used. Include steel weight-distribution plate for pipe NPS 4 and larger if pipe is installed on rollers.
  - 3. Install MSS SP-58, Type 40 protective shields on cold piping with vapor barrier. Shields shall span an arc of 180 degrees.
    - a. Option: Thermal hanger-shield inserts may be used. Include steel weight-distribution plate for pipe NPS 4 and larger if pipe is installed on rollers.
  - 4. Shield Dimensions for Pipe: Not less than the following:
    - a. NPS 1/4 to NPS 3-1/2: 12 inches long and 0.048 inch thick.
    - b. NPS 4: 12 inches long and 0.06 inch thick.
    - c. NPS 5 and NPS 6: 18 inches long and 0.06 inch thick.
  - 5. Thermal Hanger Shields: Install with insulation of same thickness as piping insulation.

#### 3.3 METAL FABRICATIONS

- A. Cut, drill, and fit miscellaneous metal fabrications for trapeze pipe hangers .
- B. Fit exposed connections together to form hairline joints. Field weld connections that cannot be shop welded because of shipping size limitations.
- C. Field Welding: Comply with AWS D1.1/D1.1M procedures for shielded, metal arc welding; appearance and quality of welds; and methods used in correcting welding work; and with the following:
  - 1. Use materials and methods that minimize distortion and develop strength and corrosion resistance of base metals.
  - 2. Obtain fusion without undercut or overlap.
  - 3. Remove welding flux immediately.
  - 4. Finish welds at exposed connections, so no roughness shows after finishing and so contours of welded surfaces match adjacent contours.

#### 3.4 ADJUSTING

- A. Hanger Adjustments: Adjust hangers to distribute loads equally on attachments and to achieve indicated slope of pipe.
- B. Trim excess length of continuous-thread hanger and support rods to 1-1/2 inches.

## 3.5 PAINTING

- A. Touchup: Clean field welds and abraded, shop-painted areas. Paint exposed areas immediately after erecting hangers and supports. Use same materials as those used for shop painting. Comply with SSPC-PA 1 requirements for touching up field-painted surfaces.
  - 1. Apply paint by brush or spray to provide a minimum dry film thickness of 2.0 mils.
- B. Galvanized Surfaces: Clean welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas, and apply galvanizing-repair paint to comply with ASTM A 780/A 780M.

## 3.6 HANGER AND SUPPORT SCHEDULE

- A. Specific hanger and support requirements are in Sections specifying piping systems and equipment.
- B. Comply with MSS SP-58 for pipe-hanger selections and applications that are not specified in piping system Sections.
- C. Use hangers and supports with galvanized metallic coatings for piping and equipment that will not have field-applied finishes.
- D. Use nonmetallic coatings on attachments for electrolytic protection where attachments are in direct contact with copper tubing.
- E. Use carbon-steel pipe hangers and supports metal trapeze pipe hangers and metal framing systems and attachments for general service applications.
- F. Horizontal-Piping Hangers and Supports: Unless otherwise indicated and except as specified in piping system Sections, install the following types:
  - 1. Adjustable, Steel Clevis Hangers (MSS Type 1): For suspension of noninsulated or insulated, stationary pipes NPS 1/2 to NPS 30.
  - 2. Clips (MSS Type 26): For support of insulated pipes not subject to expansion or contraction.
- G. Vertical-Piping Clamps: Unless otherwise indicated and except as specified in piping system Sections, install the following types:
  - 1. Carbon- or Alloy-Steel Riser Clamps (MSS Type 42): For support of pipe risers NPS 3/4 to NPS 24 if longer ends are required for riser clamps.
- H. Hanger-Rod Attachments: Unless otherwise indicated and except as specified in piping system Sections, install the following types:
  - 1. Steel Turnbuckles (MSS Type 13): For adjustment of up to 6 inches for heavy loads.
  - 2. Malleable-Iron Sockets (MSS Type 16): For attaching hanger rods to various types of building attachments.
- I. Building Attachments: Unless otherwise indicated and except as specified in piping system Sections, install the following types:

- 1. Steel or Malleable-Concrete Inserts (MSS Type 18): For upper attachment to suspend pipe hangers from concrete ceiling.
- 2. Top-Beam C-Clamps (MSS Type 19): For use under roof installations with bar-joist construction, to attach to top flange of structural shape.
- 3. Side-Beam or Channel Clamps (MSS Type 20): For attaching to bottom flange of beams, channels, or angles.
- 4. Center-Beam Clamps (MSS Type 21): For attaching to center of bottom flange of beams.
- 5. Top-Beam Clamps (MSS Type 25): For top of beams if hanger rod is required tangent to flange edge.
- 6. Side-Beam Clamps (MSS Type 27): For bottom of steel I-beams.
- 7. Welded-Steel Brackets: For support of pipes from below or for suspending from above by using clip and rod. Use one of the following for indicated loads:
  - a. Light (MSS Type 31): 750 lb.
- J. Saddles and Shields: Unless otherwise indicated and except as specified in piping system Sections, install the following types:
  - 1. Protection Shields (MSS Type 40): Of length recommended in writing by manufacturer to prevent crushing insulation.
- K. Comply with MSS SP-58 for trapeze pipe-hanger selections and applications that are not specified in piping system Sections.
- L. Comply with MFMA-103 for metal framing system selections and applications that are not specified in piping system Sections.
- M. Use pipe-positioning systems in pipe spaces behind plumbing fixtures to support supply and waste piping for plumbing fixtures.

END OF SECTION 22 0529

## **SECTION 22 1413 - FACILITY STORM DRAINAGE PIPING**

## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

## 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Hubless, cast-iron soil pipe and fittings.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 22 1423 "Storm Drainage Piping Specialties" for new roof drains and overflow roof drains.

## 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Shop Drawings: For roof drainage system. Include calculations, plans, and details.

## 1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

## 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Piping materials shall bear label, stamp, or other markings of specified testing agency.

## 1.6 FIELD CONDITIONS

## **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

## 2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Components and installation shall be capable of withstanding the following minimum working pressure unless otherwise indicated:

1. Storm Drainage Piping: 10-foot head of water.

## 2.2 HUBLESS, CAST-IRON SOIL PIPE AND FITTINGS

- A. Pipe and Fittings:
  - 1. Marked with CISPI collective trademark and NSF certification mark.
  - 2. Standard: ASTM A 888 or CISPI 301.
- B. CISPI, Hubless-Piping Couplings:
  - 1. Couplings shall bear CISPI collective trademark.
  - 2. Standards: ASTM C 1277 and CISPI 310. .
  - 3. Description: Stainless-steel corrugated shield with stainless-steel bands and tightening devices; and ASTM C 564, rubber sleeve with integral, center pipe stop.

#### **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

#### 3.1 PIPING INSTALLATION

- A. Drawing plans, schematics, and diagrams indicate general location and arrangement of piping systems.
  - 1. Indicated locations and arrangements were used to size pipe and calculate friction loss, expansion, pump sizing, and other design considerations.
  - 2. Install piping as indicated unless deviations from layout are approved on coordination drawings.
- B. Install piping in concealed locations unless otherwise indicated and except in equipment rooms and service areas.
- C. Install piping indicated to be exposed and piping in equipment rooms and service areas at right angles or parallel to building walls. Diagonal runs are prohibited unless specifically indicated otherwise.
- D. Install piping above accessible ceilings to allow sufficient space for ceiling panel removal.
- E. Install piping to permit valve servicing.
- F. Install piping at indicated slopes.
- G. Install piping free of sags and bends.
- H. Install fittings for changes in direction and branch connections.
- I. Install piping to allow application of insulation.
- J. Make changes in direction for piping using appropriate branches, bends, and long-sweep bends.

- 1. Do not change direction of flow more than 90 degrees.
- 2. Use proper size of standard increasers and reducers if pipes of different sizes are connected.
  - a. Reducing size of drainage piping in direction of flow is prohibited.
- K. Install piping at the following minimum slopes unless otherwise indicated:
  - 1. Horizontal Storm Drainage Piping: 2 percent downward in direction of flow.
- L. Install cast-iron soil piping according to CISPI's "Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings Handbook," Chapter IV, "Installation of Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings."
- M. Do not enclose, cover, or put piping into operation until it is inspected and approved by authorities having jurisdiction.
- N. Install sleeves for piping penetrations of walls, ceilings, and floors.
- 0. Install sleeve seals for piping penetrations of concrete walls and slabs.

## 3.2 JOINT CONSTRUCTION

- A. Hubless, Cast-Iron Soil Piping Coupled Joints:
  - 1. Join according to CISPI 310 and CISPI's "Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings Handbook" for hubless-piping coupling joints.
- B. Joint Restraints and Swav Bracing:
  - 1. Provide joint restraints and sway bracing for storm drainage piping joints to comply with the following conditions:
    - a. Provide axial restraint for pipe and fittings 5 inches and larger, upstream and downstream of all changes in direction, branches, and changes in diameter greater than two pipe sizes.
    - b. Provide rigid sway bracing for pipe and fittings 4 inches and larger, upstream and downstream of all changes in direction 45 degrees and greater.
    - c. Provide rigid sway bracing for pipe and fittings 5 inches and larger, upstream and downstream of all changes in direction and branch openings.

#### 3.3 INSTALLATION OF HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

- A. Comply with requirements for hangers, supports, and anchor devices specified in Section 22 0529 "Hangers and Supports for Plumbing Piping and Equipment."
  - 1. Install carbon-steel pipe hangers for horizontal piping in noncorrosive environments.
  - 2. Vertical Piping: MSS Type 8 or Type 42, clamps.
  - 3. Install individual, straight, horizontal piping runs:
    - a. 100 Feet and Less: MSS Type 1, adjustable, steel clevis hangers.
    - b. Longer Than 100 Feet: MSS Type 43, adjustable roller hangers.
    - c. Longer Than 100 Feet if Indicated: MSS Type 49, spring cushion rolls.

- 4. Base of Vertical Piping: MSS Type 52, spring hangers.
- B. Install hangers for cast-iron soil piping, with maximum horizontal spacing and minimum rod diameters, to comply with MSS-58, locally enforced codes, and authorities having jurisdiction requirements, whichever are most stringent.
- C. Support horizontal piping and tubing within 12 inches of each fitting and coupling.
- D. Support vertical cast-iron and piping to comply with MSS-58, locally enforced codes, and authorities having jurisdiction requirements, whichever are most stringent, but as a minimum at base and at each floor.

#### 3.4 CONNECTIONS

- A. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.
- B. Connect interior storm drainage piping to exterior storm drainage piping. Use transition fitting to join dissimilar piping materials.
- C. Connect storm drainage piping to roof drains and storm drainage specialties.
  - 1. Comply with requirements for cleanouts and drains specified in Section 22 1423 "Storm Drainage Piping Specialties."
- D. Where installing piping adjacent to equipment, allow space for service and maintenance.

#### 3.5 IDENTIFICATION

A. Identify exposed storm drainage piping.

## 3.6 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. During installation, notify authorities having jurisdiction at least 24 hours before inspection must be made. Perform tests specified below in presence of authorities having jurisdiction.
  - 1. Roughing-in Inspection: Arrange for inspection of piping before concealing or closing-in after roughing-in.
  - 2. Final Inspection: Arrange for final inspection by authorities having jurisdiction to observe tests specified below and to ensure compliance with requirements.
- B. Test storm drainage piping according to procedures of authorities having jurisdiction or, in absence of published procedures, as follows:
  - 1. Test for leaks and defects in new piping and parts of existing piping that have been altered, extended, or repaired.
    - a. If testing is performed in segments, submit separate report for each test, complete with diagram of portion of piping tested.

## RUUF REPLACEMENT

- 2. Leave uncovered and unconcealed new, altered, extended, or replaced storm drainage piping until it has been tested and approved.
  - a. Expose work that was covered or concealed before it was tested.
- 3. Test Procedure:
  - a. Test storm drainage piping, except outside leaders, on completion of roughing-in.
  - b. Close openings in piping system and fill with water to point of overflow, but not less than 10-foot head of water. From 15 minutes before inspection starts until completion of inspection, water level must not drop. Inspect joints for leaks.
- 4. Repair leaks and defects with new materials and retest piping, or portion thereof, until satisfactory results are obtained.
- 5. Prepare reports for tests and required corrective action.
- C. Piping will be considered defective if it does not pass tests and inspections.
- D. Prepare test and inspection reports.

## 3.7 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Clean interior of piping. Remove dirt and debris as work progresses.
- B. Protect drains during remainder of construction period to avoid clogging with dirt and debris and to prevent damage from traffic and construction work.
- C. Place plugs in ends of uncompleted piping at end of day and when work stops.

## 3.8 PIPING SCHEDULE

- A. Aboveground storm drainage piping NPS 6 and smaller shall be the following:
  - 1. Hubless, cast-iron soil pipe and fittings; CISPI, hubless-piping couplings; and coupled joints.
  - 2. Dissimilar Pipe-Material Couplings: , nonpressure transition couplings.

## 3.9 ADDITIONAL DRAINLINES (WORKCODE X1PIPE)

- A. If necessary and as directed by ACPS Representative and Engineer, install additional drainlines, above and beyond the extent of new drains/drainlines shown on Contract Drawings. This additional unit cost item shall be included to cover the cost to add additional drains, during construction, as necessitated by field conditions.
- B. An allowance of 200 lineal feet of Workcode X1PIPE shall be included in the base bid (see Section 00 4321 "Allowance Form" and Section 01 2100 "Allowances"). In the event that total quantity of X1PIPE exceeds 200 lineal feet, the additional quantity shall be reimbursed on a unit price basis, per location (see Section 00 4322 "Unit Prices Form" and Section 01 2200 "Unit Prices").
- C. The Contractor must maintain accurate records and shop drawings of where additional pipe (above and beyond new piping shown on Contract Drawings) and submit updated documentation with each payment application.

END OF SECTION 22 1413

## **SECTION 22 1423 - STORM DRAINAGE PIPING SPECIALTIES**

## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Metal roof drains.
  - 2. Miscellaneous storm drainage piping specialties.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 07 6200 "Sheet Metal Flashing and Trim" for penetrations of roofs.
  - 2. Section 07 8413 "Penetration Firestopping" for firestopping roof penetrations.

#### 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

#### 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Drainage piping specialties shall bear label, stamp, or other markings of specified testing agency.

## **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

## 2.1 METAL ROOF DRAINS

- A. Cast-Iron, Large-Sump, General-Purpose Roof Drains:
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. Jay R. Smith Mfg Co; a division of Morris Group International.
    - b. Josam Company.
    - c. Wade; a subsidiary of McWane Inc.
    - d. Zurn Industries, LLC.
  - 2. Standard: ASME A112.6.4.

#### **ROOF REPLACEMENT**

- 3. Body Material: Cast iron .
- 4. Dimension of Body: Nominal 14-to 16-inch < Insert dimension > diameter.
- 5. Combination Flashing Ring and Gravel Stop: Required.
- 6. Flow-Control Weirs: Required.
- 7. Outlet: BottomandSidedepending upon location and field conditions.
- 8. Outlet Type: No hub.
- 9. Extension Collars: Not required.
- 10. Underdeck Clamp: Requiredin some instances.
- 11. Expansion Joint: Not required.
- 12. Sump Receiver Plate: Required, typically.
- 13. Dome Material: Cast iron.
- 14. Perforated Gravel Guard: Not required.
- 15. Vandal-Proof Dome: Not required .
- 16. Water Dam: [2 inches high], required at overflow drain locations only.
- B. Cast-Iron, Medium-Sump, General-Purpose Roof Drains:
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. Jay R. Smith Mfg Co; a division of Morris Group International.
    - b. Josam Company.
    - c. Wade; a subsidiary of McWane Inc.
    - d. Zurn Industries, LLC.
  - 2. Standard: ASME A112.6.4.
  - 3. Body Material: Cast iron .
  - 4. Dimension of Body: 8- to 12-inch diameter.
  - 5. Combination Flashing Ring and Gravel Stop: Required.
  - 6. Flow-Control Weirs: Required.
  - 7. Outlet: BottomorSide depending upon location and field conditions.
  - 8. Outlet Type: No hub.
  - 9. Extension Collars: Not required.
  - 10. Underdeck Clamp: Requiredin some instances.
  - 11. Expansion Joint: Not required.
  - 12. Sump Receiver Plate: Required, typically.
  - 13. Dome Material: Cast iron.
  - 14. Wire Mesh: Not required.
  - 15. Perforated Gravel Guard: Not required.
  - 16. Vandal-Proof Dome: Not required.
  - 17. Water Dam: 2 inches highat overflow drain locations only.

#### 2.2 MISCELLANEOUS STORM DRAINAGE PIPING SPECIALTIES

- A. Metal Downspout Nozzles:
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. JAY R. SMITH MFG. CO.
    - b. Josam Company.

- c. Zurn Industries, LLC.
- 2. Description: Nozzle with wall flange and mounting holes to cover rough opening and serve as anchor..
- 3. Size: Same as connected downspout.
- 4. Material: Cast bronze or nickel bronze nozzle and flange.
- 5. Piping Connection Type: Threaded or No-hub.
- 6. Finish: brushed.
- 7. Opening Protection: Birdscreen.

## **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

#### 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install roof drains at locations designated on Drawings in accordance with roof membrane manufacturer's written installation instructions.
  - 1. Install flashing collar or flange of roof drain to prevent leakage between drain and adjoining roofing. Maintain integrity of waterproof membranes where penetrated.
  - 2. Position roof drains for easy access and maintenance.
- B. Install downspout nozzles at exposed bottom of conductors where they spill onto grade.
- C. Install through-penetration firestop assemblies for penetrations of fire- and smoke-rated assemblies.
  - 1. Comply with requirements in Section 07 8413 "Penetration Firestopping."

#### 3.2 CONNECTIONS

A. Comply with requirements for piping specified in Section 22 1413 "Facility Storm Drainage Piping." Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.

#### 3.3 PROTECTION

- A. Protect drains during remainder of construction period to avoid clogging with dirt or debris and to prevent damage from traffic or construction work.
- B. Place plugs in ends of uncompleted piping at end of each day or when work stops.

## 3.4 INSTALL ADDITIONAL DRAIN BODY (WORKCODE X1RD)

A. If necessary, and as directed by ACPS Representative or Engineer, install additional roof drain body (above and beyond the number of new roof drain bodies shown on the Contract Drawings) as shown on Drawings and in accordance with the requirements of this Section. This unit cost item is provided

to account for situations where additional drains may need to be installed to address low points in the roof deck or other unforeseen construction conditions.

- B. An allowance of 4 additional drains (each) of Workcode X1RD shall be included in the base bid (see Section 00 4321 "Allowance Form" and Section 01 2100 "Allowances"). In the event that total quantity of X1RD exceeds 4 each, the additional quantity shall be reimbursed on a unit price basis, per drain location (see Section 00 4322 "Unit Prices Form" and Section 01 2200 "Unit Prices").
- C. The Contractor must maintain accurate records and shop drawings of where additional drains are installed and submit updated documentation with each payment application.

END OF SECTION 22 1423