POSTERS

Elementary

Refer to the fair guide for “Poster” requirements.
Note: the following images were created for past fair topics.


Benjamin Franklin
100
100
Armonica
bifocals
100
100

BETSY ROSS

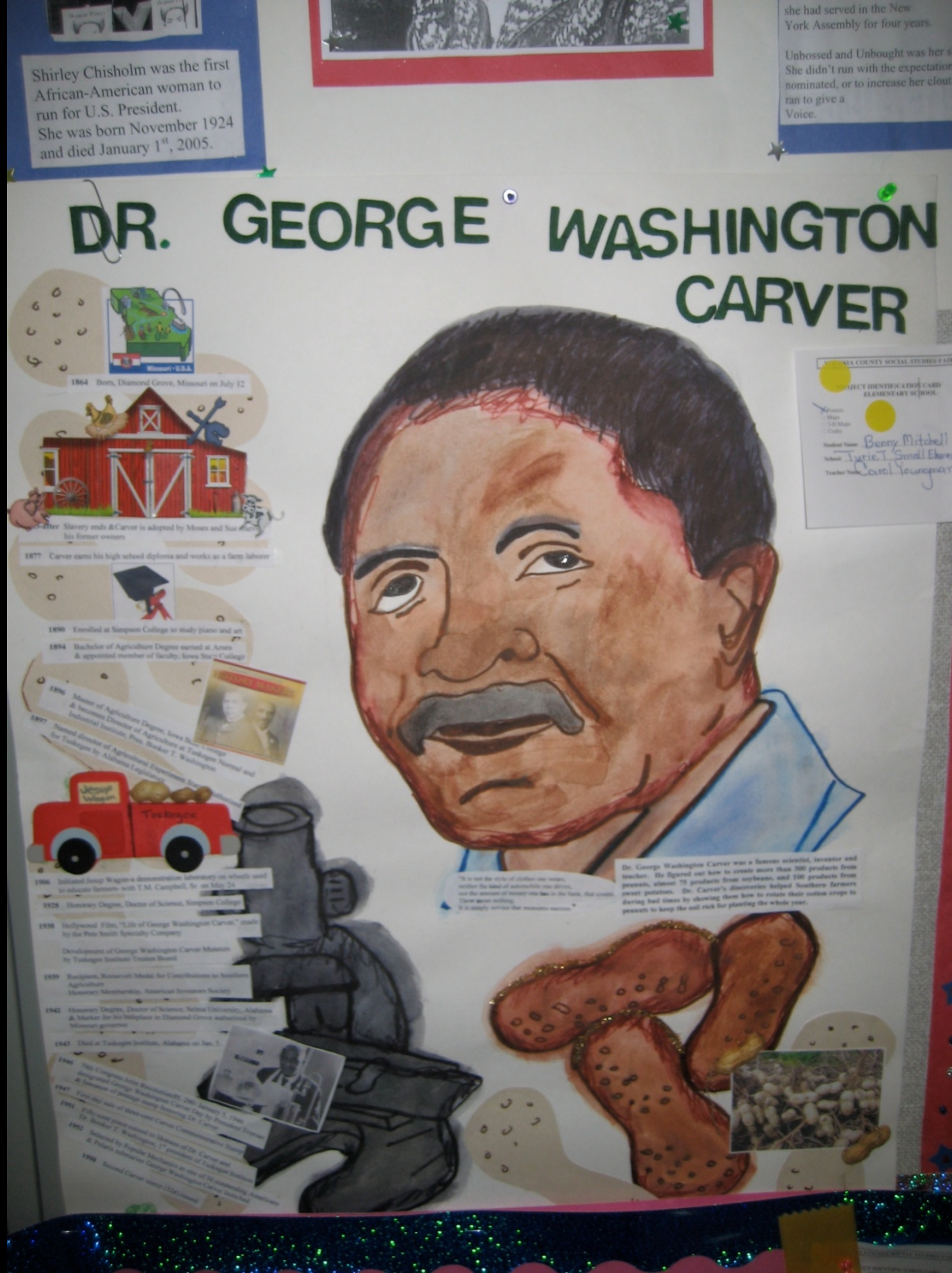


Said Washington to Betsy Ross, "A flag our nation needs".
To lead our valiant soldiers on high and noble deeds.
Now can you make one for us to which she made reply.
"I am not certain if I can; At least I'll gladly try".

Chorus:
So she took some red for the blood they shed.
Some white for purity.
Some stars so bright from sky overhead.
Some blue for loyalty.
And sewed them all together
For loyal hearts and true.
And hand in hand as one we stand
For the red, the white, the blue.

Said Betsy Ross to Washington "Your country's flag behold!"
And through his tear-dimmed eyes he saw the stars and stripes unfold.
Then to his breast he clasped it, and looked to heaven above.
"Oh may it ever stand", he cried, "For rights and truth and love".

-Popular school song, Anne Dreisbach, an American patriot


Shirley Chisholm was the first African-American woman to run for U.S. President. She was born November 1924 and died January 1st, 2005.
she had served in the New York Assembly for four years.
Unbossed and Unbought was her slo
DR. GEORGE WASHINGTON CARVER
Missouri • U.S.A.
1864 Born, Diamond Grove, Missouri on July 12
Slavery ends &Carver is adopted by Moses and Sue his former owners
1877 Carver earns his high school diploma and works as a farm laborer
1890 Enrolled at Simpson College to study piano and art
1894 Bachelor of Agriculture Degree earned at Ames & appointed member of faculty, Iowa State College
1906 Initiated Jesup Wagon-a demonstration laboratory on wheels used to educate farmers- with T.M. Campbell, Sr. on May 24
1928 Honorary Degree, Doctor of Science, Simpson College
1938 Hollywood Film, "Life of George Washington Carver," made by the Pete Smith Specialty Company
Development of George Washington Carver Museum by Tuskegee Institute Trustee Board
1939 Recipient, Roosevelt Medal for Contributions to Southern Agriculture
Honorary Membership, American Inventors Society
1942 Honorary Degree, Doctor of Science, Selma University, Alabama & Marker for his birthplace in Diamond Grove authorized by Missouri governor
1943 Died at Tuskegee Institute, Alabama on Jan. 5
Tuskegee
Dr. George Washington Carver was a famous scientist, inventor and teacher. He figured out how to create more than 300 products from peanuts, almost 75 products from soybeans, and 100 products from sweet potatoes. Dr. Carver's discoveries helped Southern farmers during bad times by showing them how to rotate their cotton crops to peanuts to keep the soil rich for planting the whole year.
Benny Mitchell
Carol Youngman

MARJORY STONEMAN DOUGLAS

FRIEND OF THE EVERGLADES



Mangrove trees – of the Florida Everglades



I am holding a baby alligator at Everglades City, Florida



FACT: Everglades is HUGE – about 4,500 square miles- the swamps and marshes stretch from Lake Okeechobee in the north, towards the Mangrove estuaries of the Gulf of Mexico.



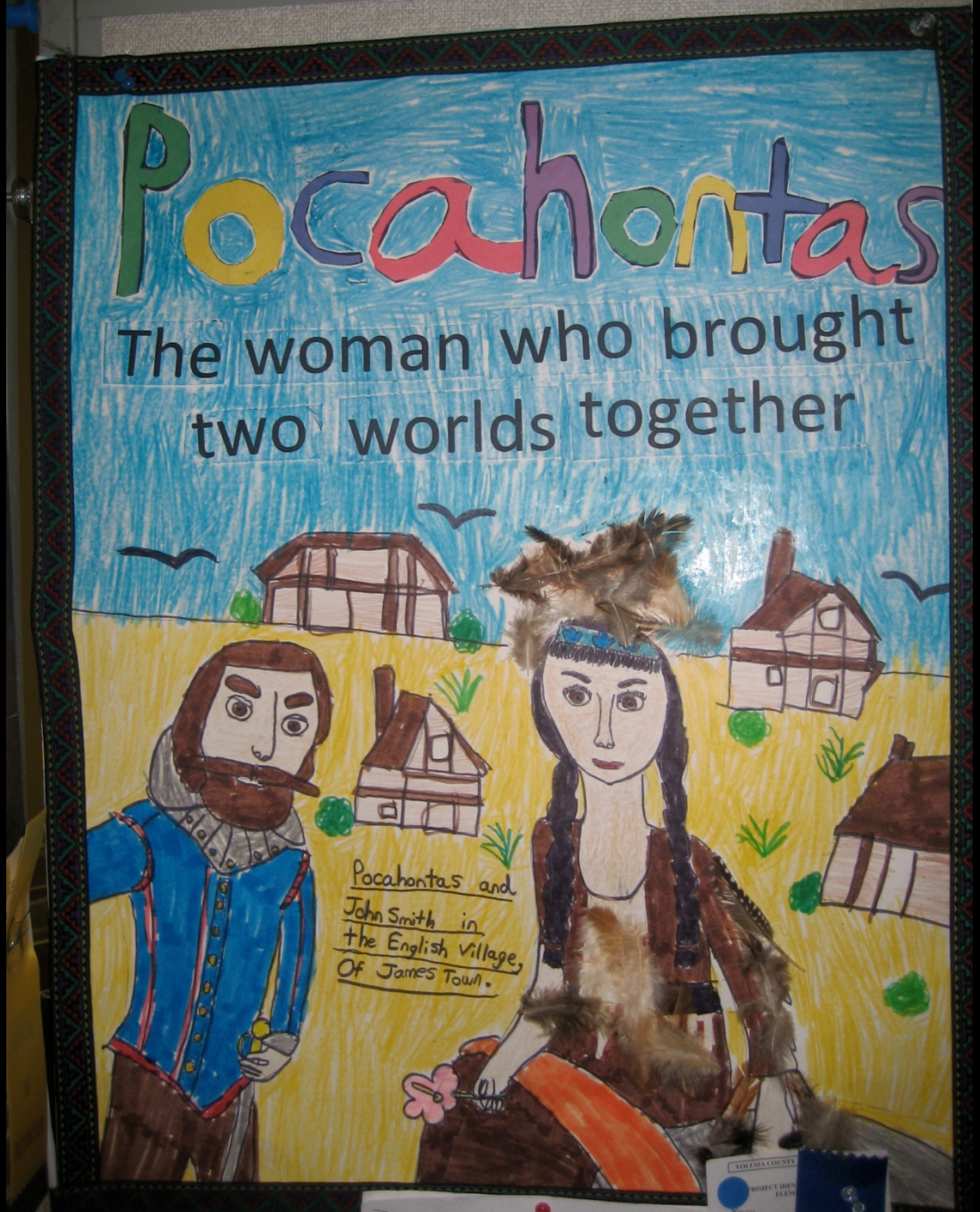
Alligators sunning themselves in the sawgrass of the Florida Everglades



Airboat ride through the Florida Everglades – many beautiful birds

The Everglades is full of life – thousands of species of plants, birds, animals, fish and reptiles call the everglades home. Mangrove trees, sawgrass, and slash pines also grow throughout the everglades.

April 7, 1890 - May 14, 1998
MARJORY STONEMAN DOUGLAS


Pocahontas
The woman who brought two worlds together
Pocahontas and John Smith in the English village, Of James Town.

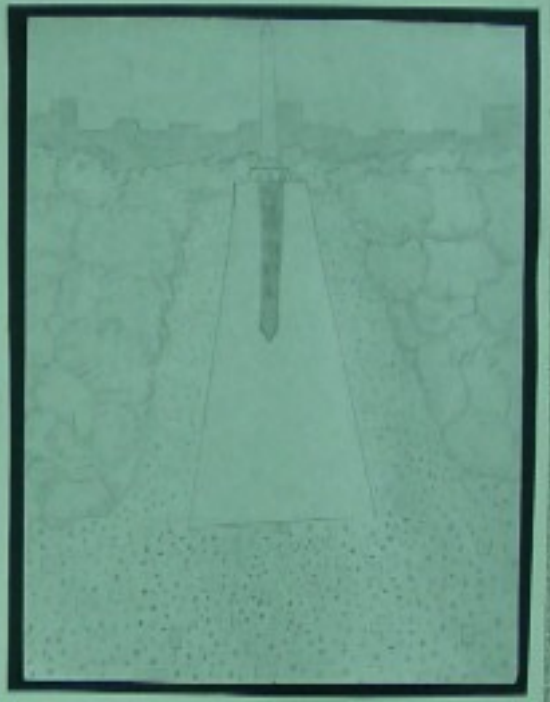
MARTIN LUTHER KING JR
A LIFE OF FAITH AND FREEDOM



Born January 15, 1924 on Auburn Ave Atlanta, Georgia

March on Washington August 28, 1963 gave "I have a dream" speech

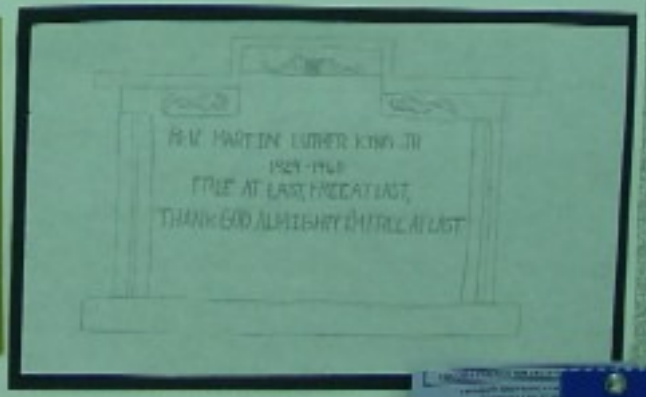


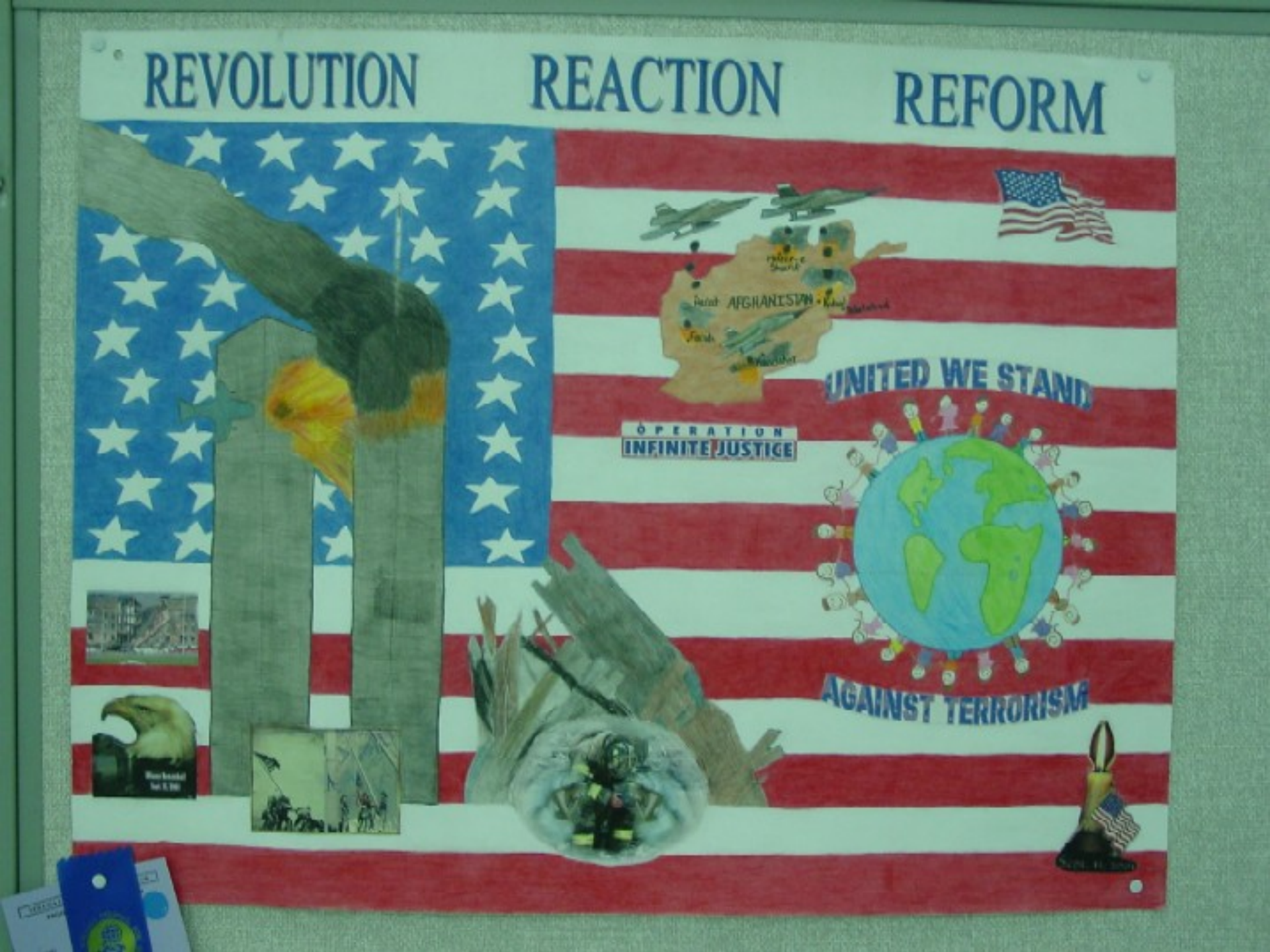


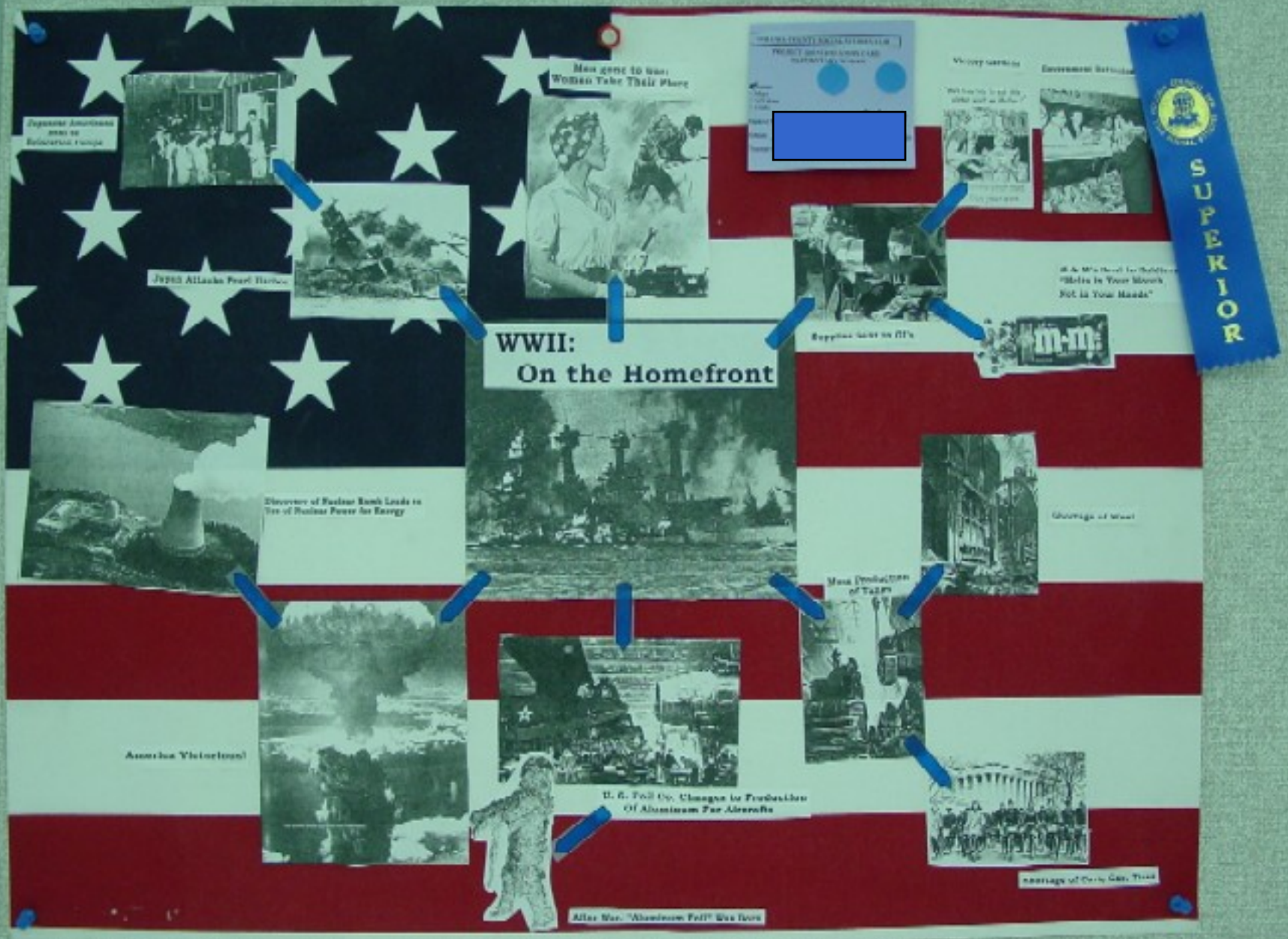


Rosa Parks arrested Dec. 1, 1955 start of the Montgomery Bus Boycott

Shot and killed April 4, 1968, laid to rest in Atlanta Georgia




REVOLUTION
REACTION
REFORM
AFGHANISTAN
OPERATION
INFINITE JUSTICE
UNITED WE STAND
AGAINST TERRORISM


Men gone to war.
Women Take Their Place
WWII:
On the Homefront
SUPERIOR

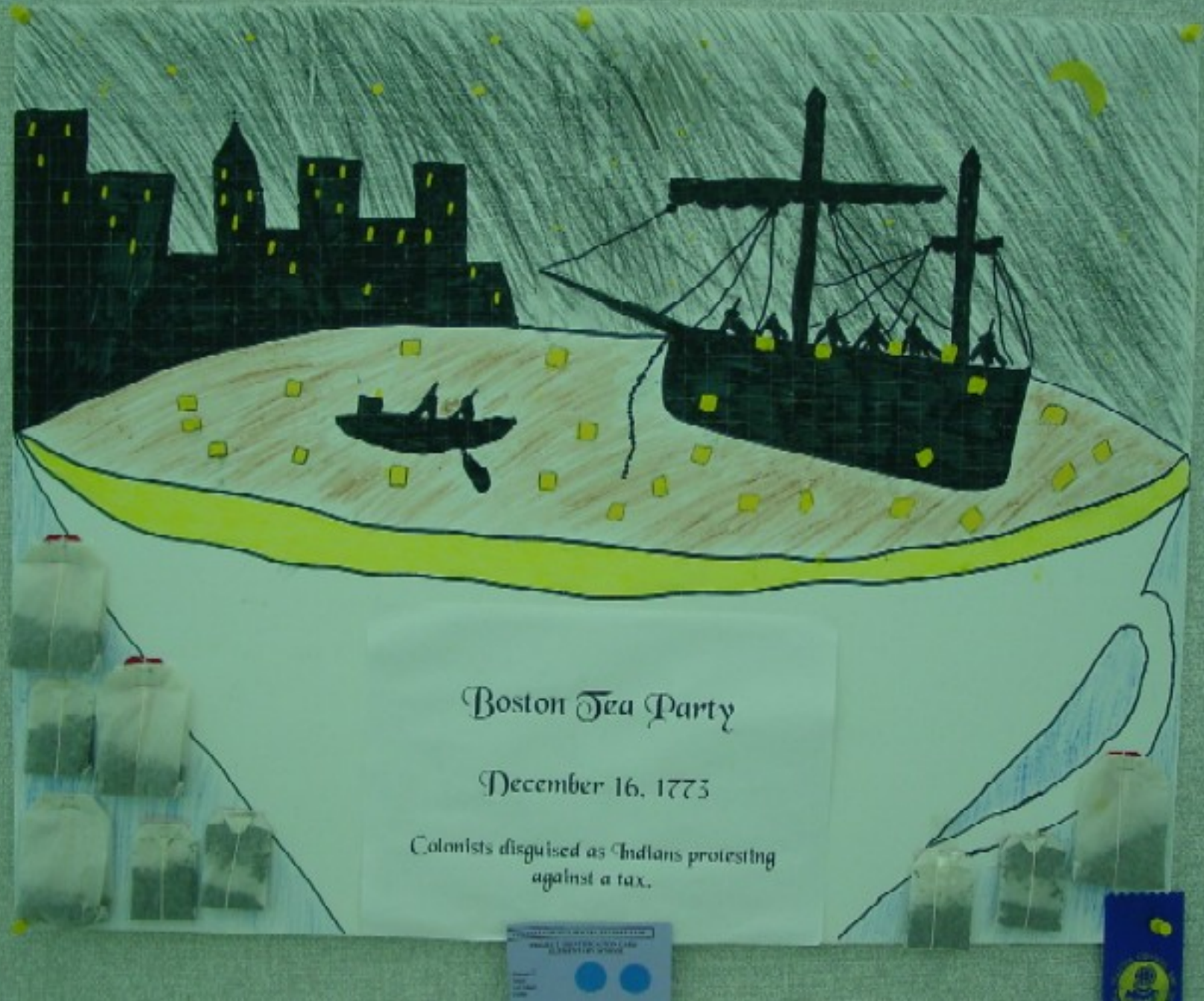
THE BOSTON TEA PARTY
DECEMBER 16, 1773

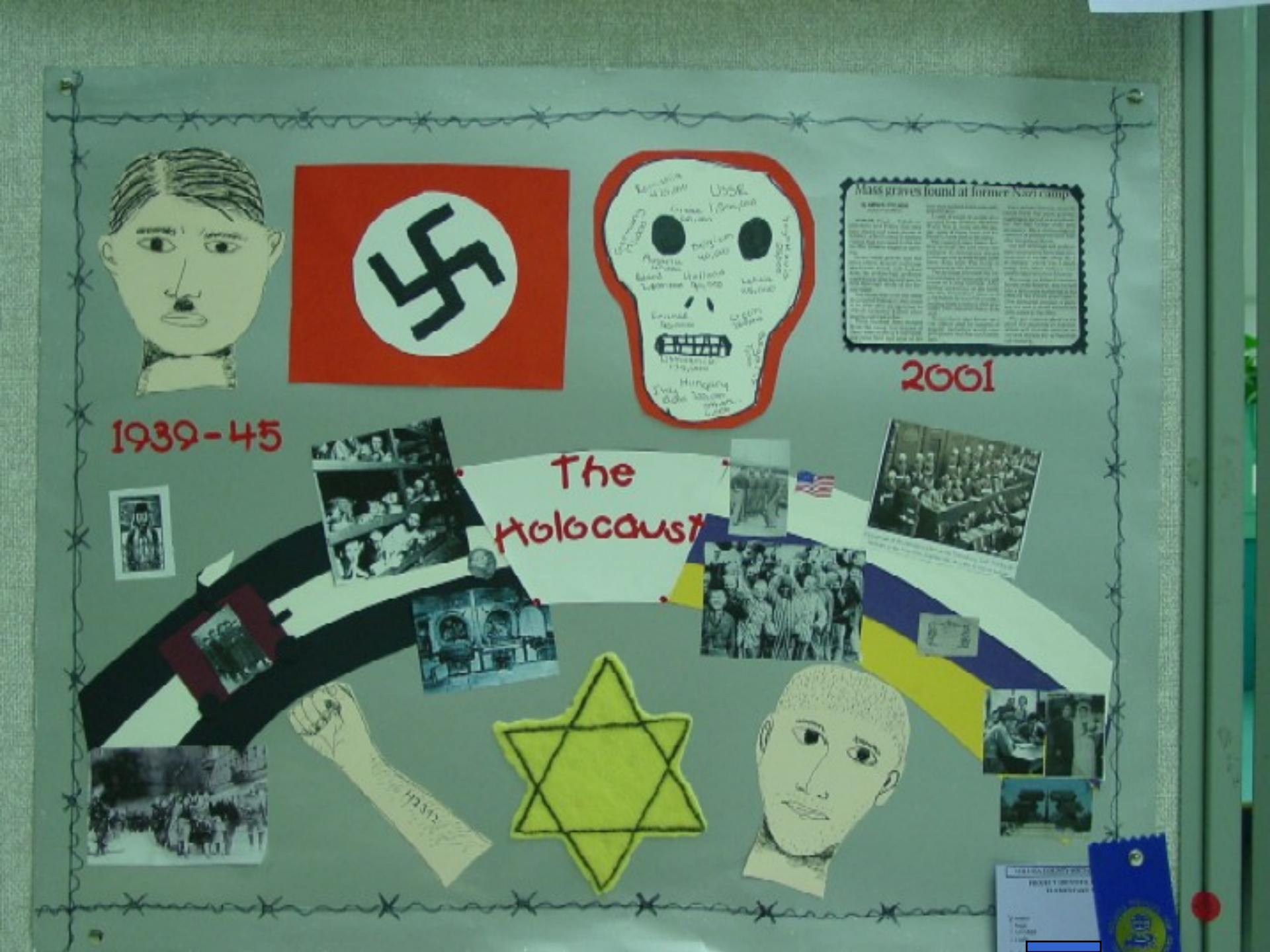
Carolyn
P 21



GRIFFIN'S WHARF

Samuel Adams led a group of Americans dressed as Indians and dumped 342 chests of tea into the ocean. They were angry over the TEA ACT in which the British could sell tea lower than Americans and put American tea merchants out of business. The Boston Tea Party was a step toward independence.


Boston Tea Party
December 16, 1773
Colonists disguised as Indians protesting against a tax.


1939-45
The Holocaust
Mass graves found at former Nazi camp
2001

HARRIET TUBMAN & THE UNDERGROUND RAILROAD









Harriet's Life

1844 Harriet married John Tubman who died in 1867.

1849

1850

1862 - 1864
Harriet was a nurse in the Civil War.

1869

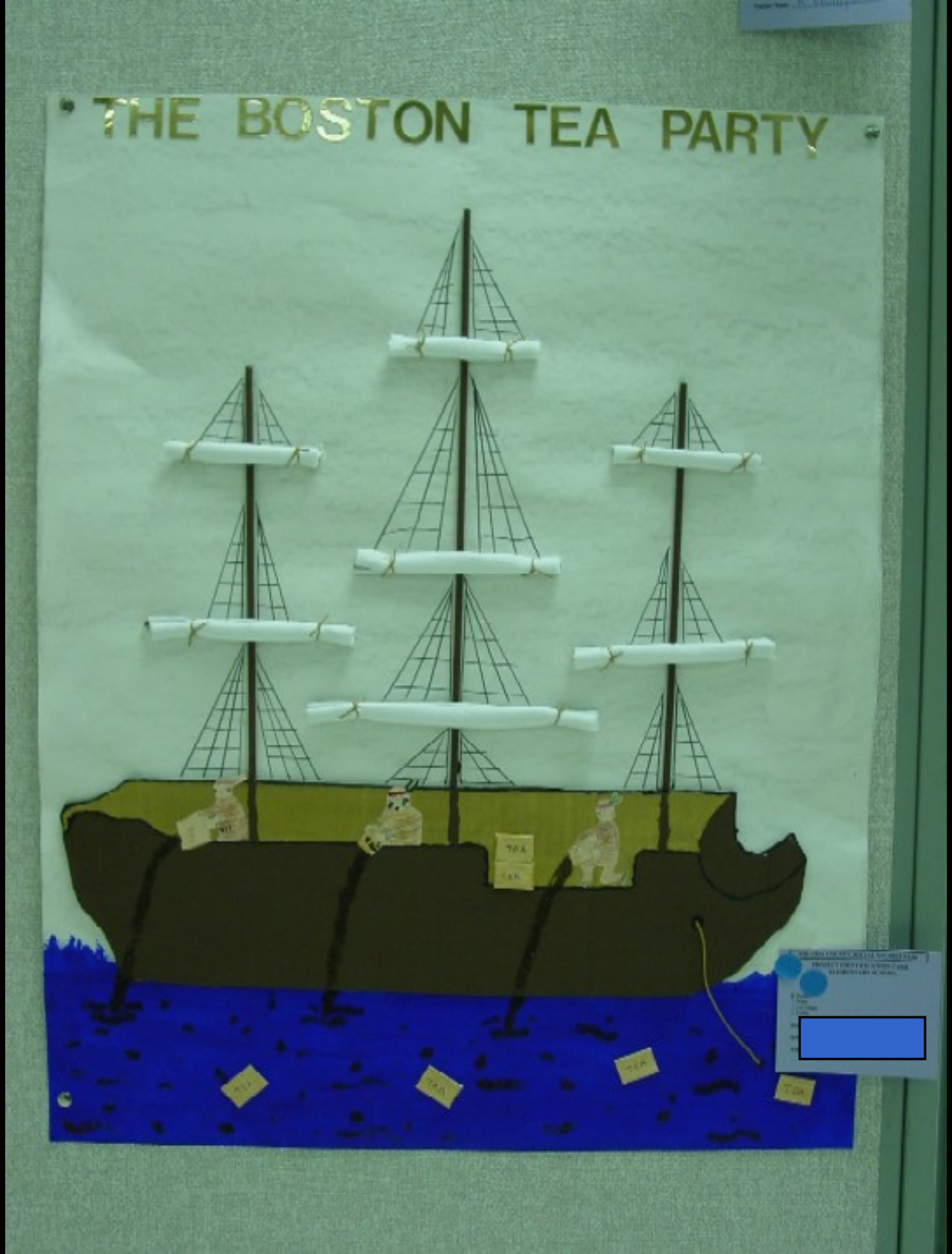
1869 Second marriage

DID YOU KNOW








THE BOSTON TEA PARTY


"ONE SMALL STEP FOR MAN,
ONE GIANT LEAP FOR MANKIND."
JULY 20,1969
SUPERIOR

HISTORY + REFORM OF

1600's *ENGLISH SHILLINGS* AND *SPANISH PIECES OF 8* COINS USED IN AMERICAN COLONIES



1652 MASSACHUSETTS BAY COLONY MAKES FIRST US COIN *(PINE TREE SHILLING)*



1690 FIRST PAPER MONEY MADE IN MASSACHUSETTS- *BILLS OF CREDIT* WERE GIVEN TO PEOPLE WHO LOANED GOVERNMENT MONEY- PAID FOR FRENCH INDIAN WAR





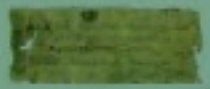
1775 *CONTINENTALS* PRINTED TO PAY FOR REVOLUTIONARY WAR

1776 AFTER REVOLUTIONARY WAR, COLONIES STARTED PRINTING THEIR OWN BILLS AND COINS



1781 1ST CONTINENTAL CONGRESS SETS UP *BANK OF NORTH AMERICA* IN PHILADELPHIA AND MAKES SINGLE OFFICIAL CURRENCY FOR COLONIES TO USE

1788 U.S. CONSTITUTION GIVES GOVERNMENT POWER OVER MONEY



1791 *FIRST BANK OF UNITED STATES* UNTIL 1811 SUPPORTS BANK NOTES WITH GOLD COINS

1792 *COINAGE ACT* MAKES DOLLAR AS BASIC UNIT OF MONEY. *FIRST U.S. MINT* OPENS IN PHILADELPHIA FIRST U.S COINS MADE IN 1793

1816 2ND *BANK OF U.S.* UNTIL 1836- SUPPORT BANK NOTES WITH GOLD COINS



1837 CONGRESS PASSES LAW TO REMOVE FOREIGN COINS FROM OUR MONEY SYSTEM

1861 FIRST OFFICIAL U.S. PAPER MONEY *DEMAND NOTES/GREENBACKS* COULD NOT BE EXCHANGED FOR GOLD OR SILVER, USED TO PAY FOR CIVIL WAR/ISSUED UNTIL 1971)





1861 SOUTHERN *CONFEDERATE* STATES ISSUE OWN MONEY





1863/1864 CONGRESS PASSES *NATIONAL BANK ACTS*- PRIVATE BANKS ARE DIRECTED BY FEDERAL GOVERNMENT TO ISSUE MONEY

1865 *GOLD CERTIFICATES* ISSUED FOR GOLD COINS



1865 (JULY 5) *SECRET SERVICE* FORMED IN DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY TO CONTROL COUNTERFEITING

1877 *BUREAU OF PRINTING AND ENGRAVING* (WHERE BILLS ARE PRINTED) TO PRINT U.S. MONEY



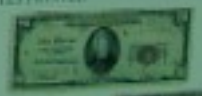
1878 *SILVER CERTIFICATES* ISSUE IN EXCHANGE FOR SILVER DOLLARS. PRINTED UNTIL 1957



1929 *MONEY STANDARDIZED WITH PORTRAITS, MONUMENTS AND SYMBOLS*



1913 *FEDERAL RESERVE ACT* PASSED TO REGULATE MONEY IN 12 FEDERAL RESERVE AREAS. FEDERAL RESERVE NOTES PRINTED





1957 *IN GOD WE TRUST* ADDED TO U.S. CURRENCY

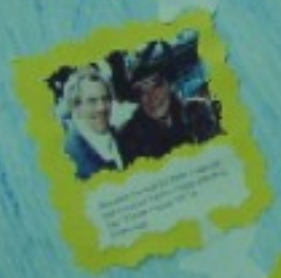
U.S. MONEY

Conch Republic: Reform or Revolt?

1982

CONCH REPUBLIC











"We Seceded Where Others Failed"

MAPS

Elementary & Middle

Refer to the fair guide for “Map” requirements.
Note: the following images were created for past fair topics.


key
1492 Columbus's Route and year
City name Port Cities
Equator
Gifts from the New World (corn, Indians, parrots, little gold and sweet potatoes)
N
NW
NE
W
E
SW
SE
S
ATLANTIC OCEAN
NORTH AMERICA
SPAIN
PORTUGAL
Lisbon
Palos
Cadiz
AZORES
MADEIRA
CANARY ISLANDS
1493
1492
BAHAMAS
SAN SALVADOR
GULF OF MEXICO
CUBA
Cayman Islands
HONDURAS
PUERTO RICO
HISPANIOLA
VIRGIN ISLANDS
CARIBBEAN SEA
CAPE VERDE ISLANDS
Fogo
Sao Tiago
AFRICA
COSTA RICA
PANAMA
VENEZUELA
EQUATOR
SOUTH AMERICA
PACIFIC OCEAN
300 200 100 0 100 200 300
NAUTICAL MILES
Columbus's Discovery Of The New World
SUPERIOR


Columbus's
Maiden Voyage To
The New World
1492-1493
N
W
E
S
NORTH AMERICA
ATLANTIC OCEAN
EUROPE
SPAIN
PORTUGAL
Lisbon
Palos
Cadiz
AZORES
1493
BERMUDA
MADEIRA
August
CANARY ISLANDS
September
October
September
BAHAMAS
GULF OF MEXICO
FIRST VOYAGE-1492
SAN SALVADOR
CUBA
PUERTO RICO
HISPANIOLA
HONDURAS
CARIBBEAN SEA
VIRGIN ISLANDS
CAPE VERDE ISLANDS
AFRICA
NICARAGUA
COSTA RICA
PANAMA
VENEZUELA
EQUATOR
SOUTH AMERICA
PACIFIC OCEAN
300 200 100 0 100 200 300
NAUTICAL MILES
LEGEND
Columbus's Route in 1492
Important Ports
Equator
September
Daily progress of 1492 voyage to the New World
PROJECT IDENTIFICATION CARD
MIDDLE SCHOOL

Darius The Great:King of Kings





Darius The Great



Ancient Persian Art



Symbol of Iran



Persepolis Symbol



Persian Empire about 500 B.C.

Amelia Earhart's Flight Around the World





PEARL HARBOR
December 7, 1941

Legend

Red Solid Lines = the path of the first wave of Japanese planes.

Red Dotted Lines = the path of the second wave of Japanese planes.

Gray = Ships

White Numbers:

1. Nevada
2. Arizona
3. West Virginia
4. Tennessee
5. Oklahoma
6. Maryland
7. California
8. Utah
9. Raleigh
10. [illegible]
11. Pennsylvania
12. New Orleans
13. San Francisco
14. Honolulu
15. Sub Base
16. Fuel Storage
17. Dry Docks
18. Air Field
19. Seaplane and Ship Area
20. Ford Island
21. Hickam Field
22. West Loch
23. Middle Loch
24. East Loch
25. Southeast Loch

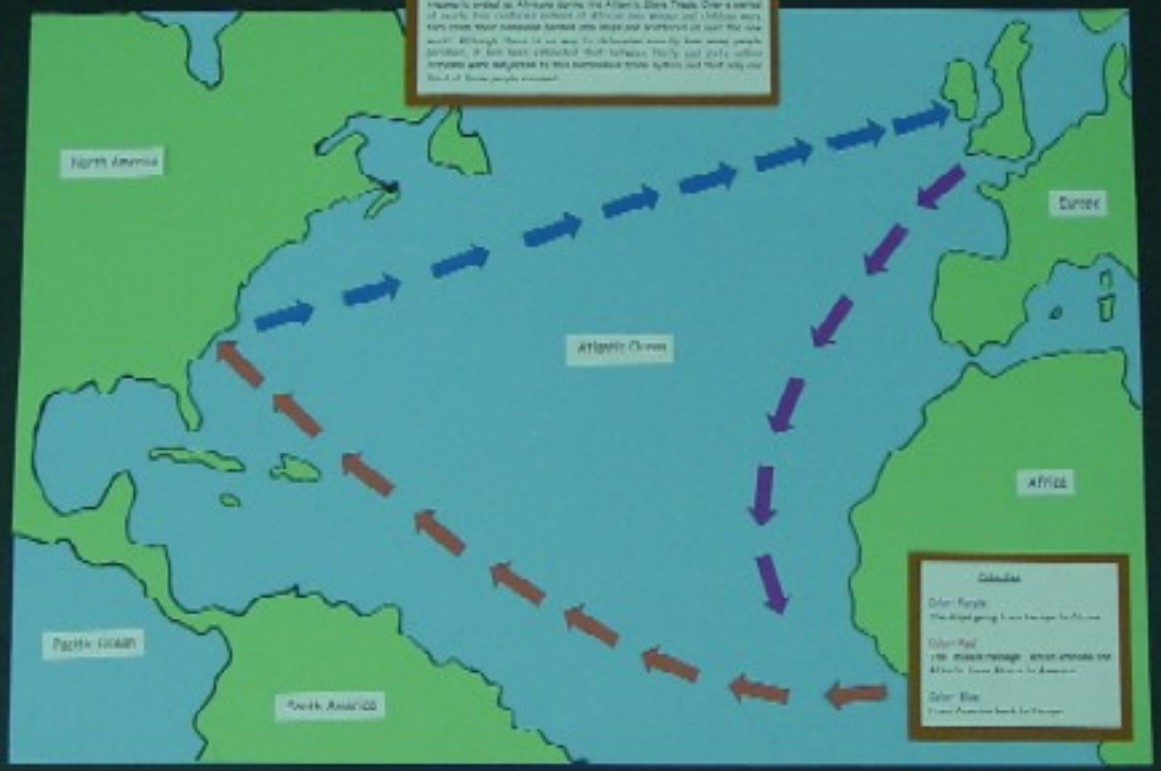
Scale: 1 inch = approximately 0.4 miles. Please note that ships are not drawn to scale.

N
W
E
S

VOLUSIA COUNTY SOCIAL STUDIES FAIR

PROJECT IDENTIFICATION CARD
MIDDLE SCHOOL

The Triangle Trade




British Possessions
Oregon Territory
Spanish Possessions
Louisiana Territory
Indiana Territory
Claimed by U.S. and Britain
Lewis and Clark Expedition
First US overland exploration of the American West and Pacific Northwest. This journey was commissioned by Pres. Thomas Jefferson in 1803 and set out a water connection between the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans. No water connection was found, but the expedition succeeded in making contact with Native Americans and uncovering a wealth of knowledge in the western U.S.
LEGEND
Westward 1804 - 1805 St. Charles to Pacific
Eastward 1806 Pacific to St. Charles

THE COLD WAR
1945~1960



The Cold War:

The Cold War was the post-World War II tension between the United States and its allies and the USSR and their allies. The Cold War started shortly after World War II and lasted until 1991 when the Union broke up. There was never any fighting though, just heated talks and threats from the USSR that started in Europe and spread quickly to the rest of the World. The Cold War brought about the Cuba War where one in which the United States and Russia became involved in proxy military conflicts. The Cold War was a conflict in history that changed the World and a victory by the United States and its allies to the USSR it meant the Communism above the division of countries in the Cold War 1945 1960


KANSAS
MISSOURI
ILLINOIS
INDIANA
KENTUCKY
TENNESSE
INDIAN TERRITORY OKLAHOMA
ARKANSAS
MISSISSIPPI
ALABAMA
GEORGIA
CHEROKEE NATION (EAST)
TEXAS
LOUISIANA
Old Dwight Mission
Fayetteville
Smithville
Batesville
Cadron
Memphis
Montgomery's Point
Miles
Routes of Emigration
Overland
By Water
THE "TRAIL OF TEARS"

VIETNAM WAR MAP



Entry #10
Grade 4

3-D MAPS

Elementary & Middle

Refer to the fair guide for “3-D Map” requirements.
Note: the following images were created for past fair topics.


Jeramey L. Rice 7th Grade
THE CONFEDERATES TAKE THE OFFENSIVE IN THE CIVIL WAR
As George McClellan lead the Union army, they threatened Richmond from the east in June 1862. At the same time, Robert E. Lee launched a counterattack which stopped the Federal drive on the capital. Lee's Army of Northern Virginia pushed their enemy from the Chickahominy River south to the James in a few of battles called the Seven Days' Battles. Lee struck down. Faced by General John Pope's forces in the Rappahannock, Lee sent half of his army on a flanking march through Thoroughfare Gap to Pope's rear to sever his Railroad still link with Washington. Lee then reunited the two wings of his army near Manassas for a second major clash at that town."
THE USE OF VIRGINIA RAILROADS DURING THE CIVIL WAR
PENNSYLVANIA
NEW JERSEY
OHIO
MARYLAND
DELAWARE
BLUE RIDGE MOUNTAINS
SHENANDOAH VALLEY
Richmond
VIRGINIA
CHESAPEAKE BAY
ATLANTIC OCEAN
N
NW
NE
W
E
SW
SE
S
LEGEND
NORTH CAROLINA

KOREA

A NATION DIVIDED BY WAR



Removal of the Indian Tribes from the Southeast 1830-1840



The Cherokee Trail

The legend [illegible] the route [illegible] whenever the tears of the Cherokee mourners fall. The white is for their tears. The gold is for every one [illegible] The leaves are for different Indian clans.



Revolution

In the early 1800's the white settlers were moving south toward Florida and west toward the Mississippi Valley. There were already a lot of Indian tribes living there. Most of the Indians had died, starved and farmed one land.

Reaction

In 1815 Andrew Jackson led the plot to move the Indians so that the region could be opened to certain plantations. But the Indians didn't want to give up their land. He drew the Indian Removal Act forced 60,000 Indians from their lands to the territory west of the Mississippi River.

Reform

The Indians were forced to travel up to 1,000 miles to the new Indian Territory. Many of them walked the whole way. It took 6 months. The journey was called the Trail of Tears. Thousands of Indians died because they did not have enough food, blankets, shelter and medicine.


HARPER'S FERRY, 1859
Potomac River
MARYLAND
Virginia
Potomac Street
← To Charlestown
B & O RAILROAD
Hall's Rifle Works
Shenandoah River
Charlestown 1859
Court House
KEY
canal
dirt road
Bridge
RAIL ROAD
December 2, 1859
N
W
E
S


GETTYSBURG
TANEYTOWN RD
THE GETTYSBURG BATTLEFIELD
Evening, 2 July 1863
Union
Confederate


PEARL HARBOR ANCHORAGE
7:55 A.M. Dec. 7, 1941
Pearl City
Waipio Peninsula
PEARL
HARBOR
N
Hospital Point
Hickam Field
0
.5
1mi

The Underground Railroad



A Reaction To Slavery

AMY NICHOLL NSBMS SIXTH GRADE

CRAFTS

Elementary & Middle

Refer to the fair guide for “Craft” requirements.
Note: the following images were created for past fair topics.








Freedom Stands Forever



