

Ohio Literacy Conference for K-3rd Grade Teachers

December 8, 2011 - December 9, 2011

D-10 Can't Miss Vocabulary Strategies! (Gr. 1-3)

Terri Berning

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NAME _____

DIRECTIONS: Read the selection inferring what the word in the first column means. Write your possible definition in the second column. Then look up the definition in the glossary or dictionary. If you were correct with the possible meaning, draw a star in the third column. If you were incorrect, draw an X through your inference and write the correct definition in the third column.

Words for Crypto Kids

unlike	dislike	uncommon	replace
preview	prepay	reorder	untie
painful	disappear	unable	painless
careless	retirement	enjoyment	government
thankful	joyful	harmless	useful
graceful	advertisement	agreement	bicolor
mismatched	misbehave	unprepared	triangle
unicycle	disrespect	replay	unhappily
unripe	unorganized	disconnected	unpacked
displeased	unafraind	dishonest	pregame
recopy	preschool	preteen	unfair
discomfort	disobey	mispronounce	unable
sadness	hopeless	sickness	kindness
sleepless	neatness	darkness	weakness
homeless	colorless	worthless	readable
hairless	refillable	peaceful	youthful
breakable	bendable	washable	endless
spotless	shyness	comfortable	retell
reopened	unhappily	unlikable	misuse

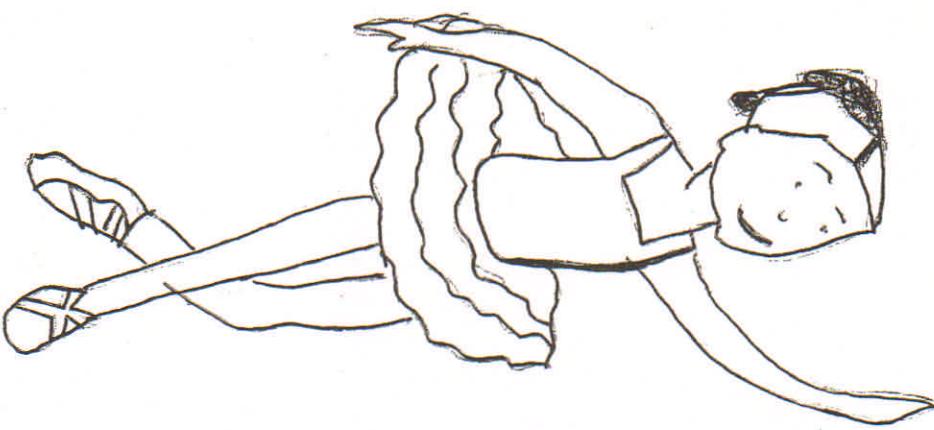
AFFIXES WE MUST KNOW...

Beginning of the year affixes...

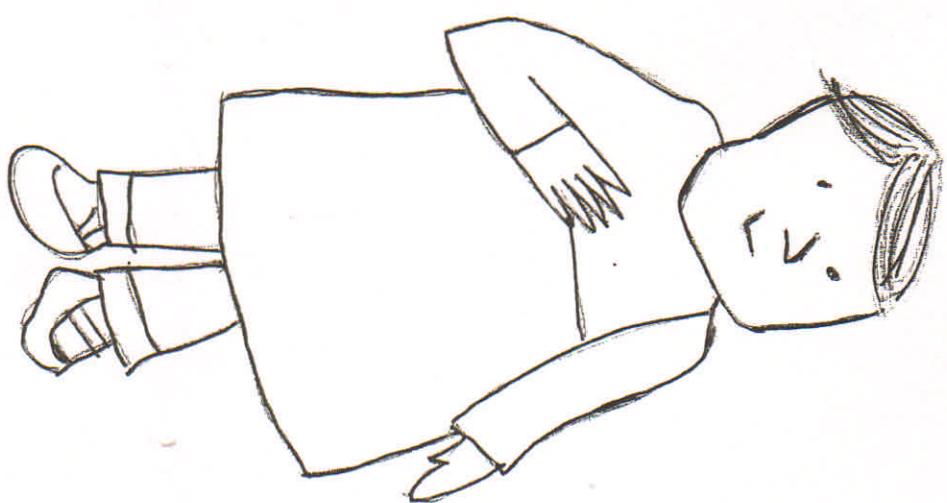
PREFIXES	SUFFIXES
bi – two	s - plural
uni - one	ed – past tense
tri - three	ous – full of
dis- not	ful – full of
im/in – not	er – one who
re – again	ness – state of
pre - before	er – used to compare two things
un - not	est – used to compare three or more things
	able – able to
	less - without

In January, I introduce a few more.

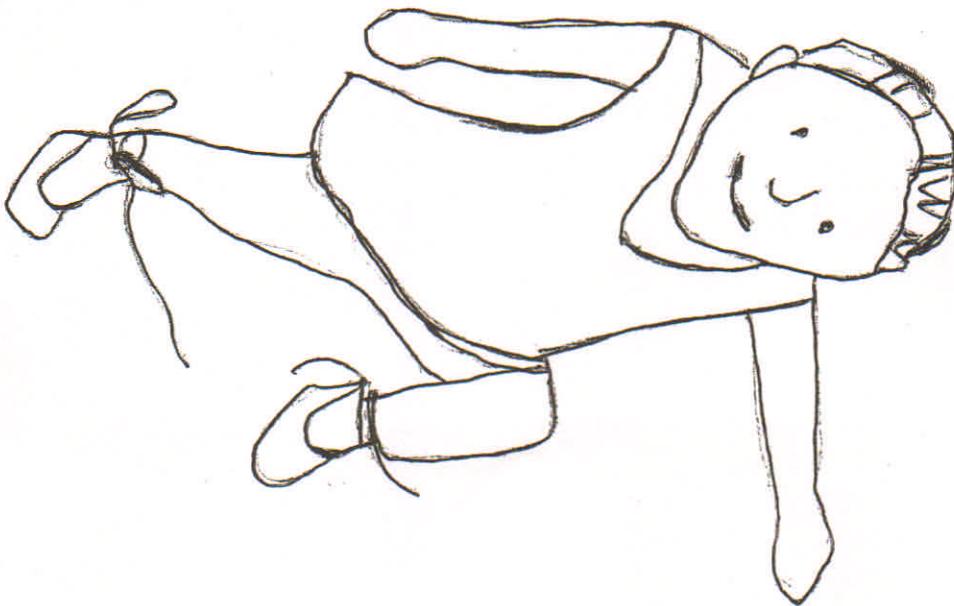
PREFIXES	SUFFIXES
non – not	tion/sion – act of _____ ing
mis - wrongly	or – one who
	ly – in a _____ manner
	ment – act of _____ ing



Pretty in Pink
Priscilla Prefix



Big in Blue
Bertha Base Word



Sneaky in Silver
Sheila Suffix

VOCABULARY every THIRD GRADER should KNOW

achieve	council	fatigue
agricultural	culture	flexible
ancient	current	forgiveness
apply	customs	formula
arrangement		fossil
assist	damage	frightful
awareness	darkness	frigid
	democracy	furious
beliefs	description	
blustery	develop	glistening
bravo	device	government
	difficult	graceful
campaign	discover	
candidate	drowsy	habitat
career		halves
celebration	endangered	
century	energy	illuminate
ceremonies	entertainment	imaginary
climate	erupt	impossible
coast	examine	improve
community	exhibit	investigate
confidence	expansion	invisible
construct	experience	
cooperate	extinct	journey

loyal	region	uncover
	renew	unequal
memorial	repair	unite
mislead	reply	unusual
misplace	represent	
	request	vacant
natural	research	valuable
nutritious	review	
	rural	
occur		
oppose	secure	
	shallow	
pollute	shiver	
population	shriek	
possible	similar	
precaution	situation	
prehistoric	sturdy	
prejudge	survive	
prepay		
	temperature	
rapidly	tradition	
recently	tranquil	
recognize	transform	
recycle		



ANALOGIES are word relationships!

Synonym analogies: words similar in meaning

Antonym analogies: words opposite in meaning

Part/whole analogies: something is a part of something else

Homophone analogies: words that have the same sound

Classification analogies: a word that belongs to a group

On Mondays we play a variety of word vocabulary games.

What's missing is when the students study four words for a little while. Then one card is pulled from the four, and the student tries to decide which one it is.

Alphabetize the words.

Add illustrations, synonyms, and antonyms.

Word wizard is when the students engage in any conversation while trying to use their vocabulary in a coherent conversation. You could have a word monitor who pays attention to the conversation.

We also do analogy reviews.

I also encourage them use them in their writing. (See examples.) *journal*

Vocabulary password is when a partner tries to explain one of the vocabulary words to the student by using clues to figure it out.

20 questions with one of the vocabulary words

sentence writing – write seven sentences using as many vocabulary words as you can

page 45 of vocabulary book

expanding vocabulary websites on my home page

Prefixes come at the beginning of base words.

Prefixes never change the spelling of a base word.

Prefixes always change the meaning of a base word.

Suffixes come at the end of base words.

Suffixes sometimes change the spelling of a base word.

Suffixes always change the meaning of a base word.

Affixés, Affixes,

Unlock many words; they really work.

Prefixes come at the beginning of words,

Suffixes come at the end of them.

They change the meaning of Bertha Base Word.

Affixes!

LIST OF RELATED CITATIONS

“MAKING VOCABULARY WORK FOR YOU!”

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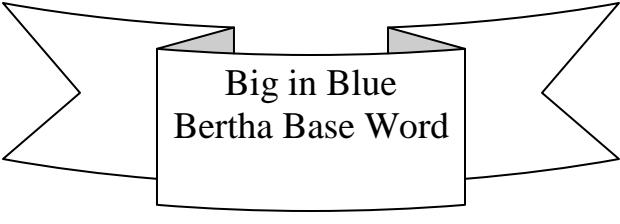
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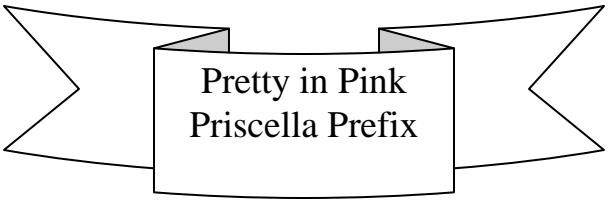
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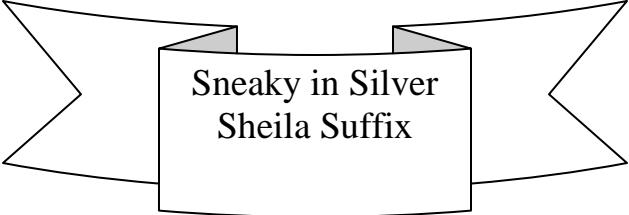
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