

WESTPORT BOARD OF EDUCATION BOARD OF EDUCATION REGULAR MEETING

PACKET

JUNE 6, 2022 07:00 PM

WESTPORT BOARD OF EDUCATION

BOARD OF EDUCATION REGULAR MEETING AGENDA*

(AGENDA SUBJECT TO MODIFICATION IN ACCORDANCE WITH LAW)

PUBLIC CALL TO ORDER

6:00 p.m., Staples High School, 1025C

EXECUTIVE SESSION: Non-Union Personnel Compensation 2022-2023

RESUME PUBLIC SESSION/PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

7:00 p.m., Staples High School, Cafeteria B (Room 301)

ANNOUNCEMENTS FROM BOARD AND ADMINISTRATION

PUBLIC QUESTIONS/COMMENTS ON NON-AGENDA ITEMS (15 MINUTES)

MINUTES

May 16 and 31, 2022

 Attachment:
 Meeting
 May 16
 2022
 Staples High School.pdf

 Attachment:
 Meeting
 May 31
 2022
 Westport Town Hall.pdf

DISCUSSION

A. Holistic Recommendation for the Long Lots School Building

Mr. Thomas Scarice Mr. Marc Sklenka Colliers Project Leaders Dave Symonds QA&M Architects

Attachment: 2022 0601 - Long Lots Draft Budgets and Schedule_draft.pdf
Attachment: 2022-05-31 Long Lots Elementary School Assessment.pdf
Attachment: DRAFT EDUCATIONAL SPECIFICATIONS LLS 2022.pdf
Attachment: Westport Long Lots Macro Schedule 6-1-22.pdf

Attachment: Long Lots ES High-Low DRAFT Budget 8 Escalation.pdf
Attachment: Long Lots ES High-Low DRAFT Budget 4 Escalation.pdf
Attachment: A.P. Construction 2022 1Q Const Cost Data.pdf

Attachment: Consigli Market Update - April 2022.pdf
Attachment: Turner Market Conditions Report Q4 2021.pdf

DISCUSSION/ACTION

A. Approval of 2022-2023 School Year Tuition Rates

Mr. Elio Longo

Attachment: Tuition Rates 2022-23.pdf

B. Non-Union Personnel Compensation 2022-2023

Mr. Thomas Scarice

ADJOURNMENT

*A 2/3 vote is required to go to executive session, to add a topic to the agenda of a regular meeting, or to start a new topic after 10:30 p. m.

The meeting can also be viewed on Cablevision on channel 78; Frontier channel 6021 and by video stream @www.westportps.org PUBLIC PARTICIPATION WELCOME USING THE FOLLOWING GUIDELINES:

- Comment on non-agenda topics will occur during the first 15 minutes except when staff or guest presentations are scheduled.
 Board will not engage in dialogue on non-agenda items.
 Public may speak as agenda topics come up for discussion or information.
 Speakers on non-agenda items are limited to 2 minutes each, except by prior arrangement with chair.
 Speakers on agenda items are limited to 3 minutes each, except by prior arrangement with chair.

- Speakers on agenta items are limited to 3 minutes each, except by phor arrangement with chair.
 Speakers must give name and address, and use microphone.
 Per Board policy, speakers must be town residents or employees
 Responses to questions may be deferred if answers not immediately available.
 Public comment is normally not invited for topics listed for action after having been publicly discussed at one or more meetings.

June 6, 2022 @ 07:00 pm

General Attachments

- BOE Meeting Memo June 6 2022.pdf



110 Myrtle Avenue Westport, Connecticut 06880 Telephone: (203) 341-1025 Fax: (203) 341-1029

tscarice@westportps.org

To: Westport Board of Education Members
From: Thomas Scarice, Superintendent of Schools
Re: June 6, 2022 Board of Education Meeting

Date June 3, 2022

Provided below for Board consideration is an overview of the meeting agenda items for June 6, 2022. The meeting will be held in-person.

Discussion

1. Holistic Recommendation for the Long Lots School Building

As the Board arrives at the time to take action on advancing a long-term holistic solution for the Long Lots Elementary School building, the administration will provide a recommendation based on previously established criteria. It is recommended that the Board take action to initiate the process of a new construction of an elementary school on the Long Lots campus, built to serve the students of Long Lots and the Stepping Stones Preschool. It is also recommended that the building be constructed consistent with option "2A" from the previously presented test fit at the May 16 Board of Education meeting.

This recommendation is based on the information provided in the enclosed memorandum from Charles Warrington, , P.E., Director, Project Management, Colliers International, the correspondence from Principal Architect, Dave Symonds, QA&M regarding renovation status eligibility, and an analysis of the constraints of the current Long Lots facility, provided by Kimberly Ambrosio, Principal Long Lots Elementary School, and Ali Moran, K-5 Curriculum Coordinator.

Also in the meeting packet for Board consideration is an updated macro schedule that illustrates the entire construction process from pre-grant application to project completion, high/low budget estimates, and three sources of inflation analysis that impact overall cost.

Given this item is "discussion only" for Monday evening, the administration is working with our partners from Colliers to determine the necessary motion language, and timing of Board action, in alignment with the Office of School Construction Grants and Review (OSCGR). In addition, the administration will provide the Board with any additional action items for the June 13 meeting that might be warranted to initiate any summer work (i.e. RFP for educational specifications, preliminary geotechnical studies, environmental site assessments, etc.).

Discussion/Action

1. Approval of 2022-2023 School Year Tuition Rates

The district annually establishes tuition rates to cover the following circumstances:

- to provide the basis for calculating the 25% tuition rate for the non-resident children of school employees;
- 2. to cover students who move out of Westport before April 1, who are permitted to complete the school year on a pro-rated basis;
- to cover exceptional cases, such as when families enroll children expecting to move to Westport, and then fail to establish residency, or other unforeseen circumstances; and
- 4. to cover instances when students are accepted as tuition students for the year.

During the current 2021-22 school year there were 44 children of employees who attended our schools. It is anticipated that approximately the same number will enroll for the 2022-2023 school year.

Several years ago, in response to a Board request, a formula was developed for tuition rates for the various grade levels which gave a close approximation of actual costs. (The base tuition figures do not include the cost of bus transportation between home and school as this service is not provided to non-resident students. It also does not include special education costs, which are assessed on an individual basis for students requiring special education.)

	For the upcoming 2022-23 school year the administration applied the total general budget increase of 3.11% to the 2021-2022 rates. The enclosed chart shows the current rates and the new rates for 2022-2023.
2.	Non-Union Personnel Compensation 2022-2023 Each year the Board approves compensation for non-union personnel. This includes all salaries for its non-represented
	Each year the Board approves compensation for non-union personnel. This includes all salaries for its non-represented employees.

Meeting: May 16, 2022 **Staples High School**

WESTPORT BOARD OF EDUCATION

Board Members Present: Administrators Present:

Thomas Scarice Superintendent of Schools Lee Goldstein Chair

Liz Heyer Vice Chair Anthony Buono Asst. Superintendent, Teaching and Learning Neil Phillips Secretary Michael Rizzo Asst. Superintendent, Pupil Personnel Services

Chief Financial Officer Christina Torres (*) Elio Longo

Dorie Hordon Asst. Superintendent, Human Resources and John Bayers (*) Robert Harrington

General Admin.

(*) Absent

Kevin Christie

PUBLIC CALL TO ORDER: 6:00 p.m., Staples High School, Room 1025C

EXECUTIVE SESSION: Non-Union Personnel Compensation 2022-2023

Lee Goldstein moved at 6:20 p.m. to enter into executive session to discuss Non-Union Personnel Compensation 2022-2022; seconded by Liz Heyer and passed unanimously. All Board members participated, except for Christina Torres. Thomas Scarice, Elio Longo and John Bayers joined the executive session at the invitation of the Board. John Bayers was absent for the Public Session. The executive session adjourned at 7:00 p.m.

RESUME PUBLIC SESSION/PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE: 7:10 p.m., Staples High School, Cafeteria B (Room 301)

ANNOUNCEMENTS FROM BOARD AND ADMINISTRATION

PUBLIC QUESTIONS/COMMENTS ON NON-AGENDA ITEMS

MINUTES: Neil Phillips moved to approve the minutes of May 2, 2022; seconded by Kevin Christie and passed unanimously.

DISCUSSION

Review of LLS Test Fit

AP Science Program Overview

Cooperative Games: Using Games to Study and Develop Group Process, Individual Roles and Effective Problem Solving

Mid-Quarter Financial Update

DISCUSSION/ACTION

Approval of Pathways Academy as Alternative Education Program for 2022-2023 School Year

Be it resolved, that upon the recommendation of the Superintendent of Schools, the Board of Education approves the Pathways Academy as an Alternative Education Program for the FY 2022 - 2023 school year, and further authorizes the Superintendent of Schools and the Chair of the Board of Education to submit an application to the State Department of Education for such program.

MOTION: Neil Phillips SECOND: Dorie Hordon

RESULT: Passed unanimously

VOTE: 6-0

Approval of Tentative Agreement with Westport School Custodians

Be it resolved, that upon the recommendation of the Superintendent of Schools, the Board of Education approves the tentative agreement dated May 10, 2022, between the Westport Board of Education and the Westport School Custodians, a copy of which will be appended to the minutes of the Board of Education meeting of May 16, 2022.

MOTION: Kevin Christie
SECOND: Lee Goldstein
RESULT: Passed unanimously

VOTE: 6-0

Approval of Tentative Agreement with Westport Educational Association of Paraprofessionals

Be it resolved, that upon the recommendation of the Superintendent of Schools, the Board of Education approves the tentative agreement dated May 10, 2022, between the Westport Board of Education and the Westport Educational Association of Paraprofessionals, a copy of which will be appended to the minutes of the Board of Education meeting of May 16, 2022.

MOTION: Kevin Christie SECOND: Lee Goldstein RESULT: Passed unanimously

VOTE: 6-0

Budget Reconciliation 2022-2023

Be it resolved that the Westport Board of Education adopts a final budget for the 2022-2023 school year in the amount of \$129,500,574, said amount representing a 3.11% increase from the 2021-2022 budget, as approved by the Representative Town Meeting of the Town of Westport on May 3, 2022.

MOTION: Liz Heyer SECOND: Kevin Christie RESULT: Passed unanimously

VOTE: 6-0

	to adjourn at 9:35 pm; seconded by Dorie Hordon and passed unanimous	Í
Respectfully submitted, Neil Phillips, Secretary		
(Minutes written by Lisa Marriott)		

Meeting: May 31, 2022

Westport Town Hall, Rom 307

WESTPORT BOARD OF EDUCATION

Board Members Present:

Lee Goldstein Chair
Liz Heyer Vice Chair
Neil Phillips Secretary
Christina Torres

Dorie Hordon Robert Harrington Kevin Christie

PUBLIC CALL TO ORDER/PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE: 11:00 a.m., Westport Town Hall, room 307.

EXECUTIVE SESSION: Performance Evaluation of the Superintendent of Schools

Lee Goldstein moved at 11:00 a.m. to enter into executive session to discuss Performance Evaluation of the Superintendent of Schools; seconded by Liz Heyer and passed unanimously. All Board members participated.

ADJOURNMENT: Liz Heyer moved to adjourn at 12:40 p.m.; seconded by Dorie Hordon and passed unanimously.

Respectfully submitted, Neil Phillips, Secretary

(Minutes written by Jennifer Caputo)

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Project Leaders

June 1, 2022

Mr. Thomas Scarice Superintendent Westport Public Schools 110 Myrtle Avenue Westport, CT 06880

Subject: Long Lots Elementary School Replacement Recommendations and Considerations

Dear Mr. Scarice:

Contained in this letter is Colliers Project Leaders early recommendations for the Long Lots Elementary School as well a draft schedule and draft high-low budget ranges for a proposed new school. These recommendations take into account many different factors as outlined below.

Based on our experience in multiple districts managing both renovation projects as well as new construction projects, as well as many factors of the existing building and site, Colliers recommendation to the district is to replace the existing facility with a new elementary school. We do so based on the specific criteria listed below.

- As noted in our letter to you dated January 13, 2022, the building envelope (walls, roofs, and slabs)
 and mechanical systems are severely compromised and past their useful life. Please refer to that
 letter for further details.
- The existing building layout was originally designed to serve as a middle school and has had
 multiple additions over its life span. As noted by the QA+M letter dated May 31, 2022, the existing
 footprint of the building is not programmatically appropriate for an elementary school.
- The existing site, based on preliminary test-fits developed by QA+M, indicates that we can
 construct a new 108,000 gross square foot school concurrently while the existing school remains
 in operation. Please note that operations of the school will most likely need to be modified to
 accommodate construction. We would recommend the use of a construction manager to facilitate
 proper phasing of the construction.
- Renovation of the facility is feasible however we suspect the renovations would be extensive in
 nature. We also suspect, based on our experience on past projects, that we would encounter many
 unforeseen conditions and conditions that are not in compliance with today's construction
 standards. These conditions would lead to numerous additional costs during construction that we
 cannot forecast until the building is being partially demolished.
- Renovation of schools, especially elementary schools, have a significant impact on the school
 operations. Occupied renovations require multiple phases, multiple moves, significant disruption
 and the need for both construction personnel and school occupants to be in the building at the
 same time, which is not ideal for elementary schools.

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- Occupied renovations will take longer due to the multiple phases and the need to find swing space
 within the building. We estimate that that a renovation project could take between 6 and 12 months
 longer than a new construction project. General conditions for the construction manager typically
 range from \$60k to \$80k per month. That's a total of \$720k to \$960k in additional general
 conditions costs alone.
- Abatement of hazardous materials in elementary schools while being occupied is very restricted by the Department of Public Health. Typically, abatement cannot occur while students are in the building for obvious safety reasons. In addition, we've found that this places additional stress and concern onto the parents, administration and teachers.
- With respect to constructing a new school, they can be programmatically designed to meet the
 educational needs of the district as well as be constructed to meet the space needs of the school.
- New schools allow the district to consider all the available building systems being used in schools
 today to allow not only maximum comfort but also maximum efficiency. Renovation of existing
 buildings typically restrict the type of systems that can be installed within the existing structure
 of the building thus limiting the districts choices for systems.
- New schools also allow the district to incorporate all the school safety requirements as needed
 without being limited by the physical structure and geometry of the building. Vehicular and
 pedestrian access can also be designed appropriately as well as the playground and other site
 amenities.
- Typically, with a renovation project, parts of the existing building remain but are not necessarily
 desirable in a like-new school. Construction of a new school eliminates this undesirable aspect.

Draft Project Budget for a New School

Enclosed for your consideration is a draft budget for construction of a new elementary school that would house grades K-5 as well as the Stepping Stones program. Please note that our draft budget estimates the size of the building based on the enrollment projections, but the final budget will be based upon the approved educational specification yet to be completed.

The low draft budget is approximately \$80M and the high draft budget is \$102M. The proposed size of the building ranges from 101,000 gross square feet to 108,000 gross square feet. We have assigned a range of \$400 per square foot to \$450 per square foot for the building only. Please note these values are based on bids received for a comparable new elementary school this past November. The budget includes the abatement and demolition of the existing school but this should be discussed further given considerations to future swing space for Coleytown Elementary School.

A major factor in budgeting projects presently is escalation. We are currently utilizing an eight percent escalation factor carried through the mid-point of construction which is fourth quarter of 2025. This value alone represents \$15.6M on the low budget and \$20M on the high budget. We have collaborated with some of the construction management firms in the state to confirm the escalation value. Unfortunately, we cannot predict if this will come back down to the rates we've been using over the recent years (4%).

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The draft budgets are total project budgets and also include FF&E (Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment), Fees and Expenses (e.g., architect fees, hazmat consultant fees, owner's rep fees, commissioning agent, legal, permits, testing, moving fees, etc.) and owner's contingency. Please note we have not included financing costs for bonding of the project as we typically request those from the town financing department for inclusion in the budget.

Assuming a grant funding will be provided by the state, we estimate the district share to range from \$73M to \$93M. This assumes a 11.07% reimbursement rate (2022 rates), 5 % ineligible costs for the project, and a space standard reduction of approximately 85%. This reduction is an estimated reduction of the reimbursement rate based on the anticipated size of the building compared to the statutory space standard calculation. Such a reduction would reduce the reimbursement rate to 9.43%. This is subject to the final audit by the state.

Project Schedule

Enclosed for your consideration is a draft project schedule. Due to the long duration of the project, we anticipate that with a funding approval in spring of 2023, that the schools can be designed, constructed and occupied by fall of 2026. This assumes a 15-month design phase starting in July 2023 and a 15-month building period followed by miscellaneous site work to follow.

In the draft macro-schedule, we have outlined some of the major components of the pre-grant application and pre-funding approval process. Please note that this process is subject to change but based on our experience with multiple projects, this schedule appears to be fairly reasonable and achievable. It assumes a grant application would be submitted by June 30, 2023.

Next Steps

In order to meet the enclosed schedule, we recommend continuing the due diligence phase of the project with the preparation of preliminary geotechnical studies, a Phase 1 Environmental Site Assessment (required for the grant application), and development of educational specifications.

Should you have any questions regarding this letter and the attachments, please do not hesitate to call me directly.

Sincerely,

Chan Carf

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	Colliers
	Project Leaders
	Charles E. Warrington, Jr., P.E. Director, Project Management
	Attachment – High Low Draft Budgets dated June 1, 2022, Draft Macro-Schedule dated June 1, 2022 cc: Mr. Elio Longo, Chief Financial Officer
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	Accelerating success. ——
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June 1, 2022

Mr. Thomas Scarice Superintendent of Schools Westport, Connecticut

Re: Long Lots Elementary School and Coleytown Elementary School

assessment of viability for Renovate Like New status.

Mr. Scarice,

As you requested, I have toured both Long Lots Elementary School and Coleytown Elementary School. Based on these walk throughs, and with the information provided to me (existing Long Lots assessments and Coleytown floor plans), I offer my professional opinion for each school as follows:

Concerning Long Lots Elementary School, it is my professional opinion that a Renovate Like New project would not be cost effective or practical compared to constructing a new facility on the existing site. There are numerous envelop deficiencies that have been noted in previous reports (and are very clear visually), mechanical systems are beyond their current life expectancy and the existing construction would make replacement with modern, efficient systems very difficult. As the building was originally designed as a middle school, portions of the existing area are not programmatically appropriate for an Elementary school. Also, knowing there is the potential that the existing building continue to be used as swing space for future projects, it would be my recommendation that a new Elementary School be constructed. Attempting to Renovate and brings the facility to like new condition would require a long construction process with multiple phases, and this will not necessarily provide a facility that is as efficient (cost wise or from a programmatic standpoint) as a new facility.

Concerning Coleytown, having only performed a walk through/visual inspection and not having any assessment reports to review, I do feel this facility has more potential for as a Renovate like New project. While the available site of Coleytown is smaller than at Long Lots, knowing the student population is intended to remain at a similar level to current and that during a renovation project the school can be moved off site, additions and full renovations would provide a more effective way to update the facility to be more efficient and effective programmatically. This assessment of Coleytown was made with limited information, so I would recommend further analysis of the existing systems and structure take place before making a final decision regarding a Renovate like new process for Coleytown.

Sincerely,

David C. Symonds, Jr. AIA Principal – QA+M Architecture

Quisenberry Arcari Malik

195 Scott Swamp Road Farmington, CT 06032 + (860) 677-4594 + qamarch.com

EDUCATIONAL PROGRAMMING LONG LOTS SCHOOL

Westport Public Schools Westport, CT 06880

Kimberly Ambrosio Principal Long Lots Elementary School

Alison Moran K-5 Curriculum Coordinator

Thomas Scarice Superintendent of Schools





BACKGROUND

Long Lots School was originally constructed in 1953 and designed to be a Junior High School. Additions were constructed in the 1960s and 1970s while it was still functioning as a junior high school. It is currently used as an elementary school.

ENROLLMENT

Between 2017 and 2022 the enrollment in Long Lots Elementary School has increased from 546 students to 576 students. The projected enrollment, as of June 3, 2022, for 2022-2023 is 597, which is almost a 10% increase in population in the past few years.

LLS ROOM ALLOCATION SHIFTS

Over the past several years, there has been an increase in demand for classroom and office space at Long Lots due to programmatic changes and an increase in enrollment. At the same time, the number of usable rooms has decreased at Long Lots. Therefore, some classes and programs are forced to be located in spaces that are poorly designed for their needs (i.e. rooms that are too small, multiple shared spaces, etc.)

In 2016, the science curriculum dictated the need for a science laboratory at each elementary school. In 2018, an Intensive Resource program was moved from Coleytown Elementary School to Long Lots Elementary School. This IR Program has required the use of a full size classroom. Due to an increase in demand, in 2022-2023 the IR Program will require two classrooms.

Due to enrollment, the number of homeroom sections has increased to 28 in the 2021-2022 school year, which is higher than it has been in years. The projected enrollment for 2022-2023 would require an additional homeroom section (29 total homeroom sections).

Since 2018, air quality and ventilation concerns have prevented some rooms within Long Lots from being occupied as operational student work spaces. Since 2018, three classroom spaces (Rm 9, Rm 132, Rm 133) and additional offices (PE office and two Music offices) are now restricted from students/staff use.

DISTRICT VISION: Contributing Citizens

The mission of the Westport Public Schools is to prepare all students to reach their full potential as lifelong learners and socially responsible contributors to our global community. We strive to help all students become contributing citizens who possess the necessary skills and mindset to work toward the betterment of themselves and the society in which they live. Contributing Citizens are emotionally and socially aware, principled in thought and action, kind with sincerity, and always learning.

Key Designs of a 21st Century Classroom for Contributing Citizens

• Collaborative Spaces

- $\circ \quad \text{Actively listen and respond to the ideas of others} \\$
- Engage in thoughtful discussion with peers in multiple settings
- Work with others toward a common goal
- Demonstrate flexibility and experiment with a variety of roles and responsibilities within a group
- LLS Limitations:



 LLS Classrooms have less than recommended square footage (some fewer than 600 square feet); limited designated collaborative work spaces

• Flexible furniture

- LLS Limitations:
 - Limited storage space at LLS discourages flexible seating arrangements (must take advantage of under desk storage)
- Lighting
 - O LLS Limitations:
 - Natural lighting is beneficial; with outdated windows and HVAC at LLS, the blinds must remain closed, therefore limiting natural light
- Hands-on learning
 - o Pursue interests and curiosities
 - o Take risks and thinking divergently
 - Seek new and original solutions and products
 - Utilize resources in practical and innovative ways
 - LLS Limitations:
 - Limited space for "Learning by doing" or maker space, design/create center
- Technology
 - o Communicators: Utilize varied media to communicate ideas
 - LLS Limitations:
 - Smartboard placement less than optimal in some classrooms
 - Limited collaborative technology spaces

CURRENT LLS CLASSROOM CONFIGURATIONS

28 current sections of K-5 Classrooms, 29 projected for 2022-2023

- Class sizes range from 18-21 per K-2 classroom and 21-24 students per classroom
- One certified elementary teacher per classroom with support from paraprofessional(s)
- Tables are used for students in kindergarten
- Desks are used for students in grades 1-5
- A small group instruction table is utilized in all classrooms
- A rug area is required for morning meeting and instruction
- An easel, whiteboard, and smartboard are utilized in each classroom
- A chromebook cart is housed in K-2 classrooms
- Some classrooms include a closet this is ideal for all classrooms
- Some classrooms include a sink this is ideal for all classrooms
- Classrooms range from 550-896 square feet (smaller space projected to be used in 2022-2023)
- Classrooms located in separate, disconnected wings of the building

CORE CLASSROOM LIMITATIONS

- Square footage below current CT guidelines
 - o Guidelines: PreK-K: 1,200 square feet
 - o Guidelines Gr. 1-5: 900 square feet
 - LLS Classrooms range from 550-896 square feet
- Lack of storage in classrooms for books and materials
- Lack of space for designated centers: writing center, math center, classroom library

- Limited space for small group work or stations (movement area, take a break area, sensory/kinesthetic area, vertical wipe board small group area)
- Smart boards are not always positioned in an optimal area
- Travel across the building is inefficient and time consuming due to the disconnected wings
- Oddly shaped rooms leads to space inefficiencies
- "Research seems to show that how a class is arranged accounts for 16% of the impact on a student's learning...Yet another study indicated that a classroom layout may have a 25% impact on learning, either positive or negative, depending on how the class is designed. With the appropriate classroom layout, concentration can be increased, behavior can be improved, and teachers can support learning outcomes more effectively. Much like previous studies, researchers noted several factors that might influence academic outcomes." https://www.educationcorner.com/classroom-design-layout.html

OTHER LIMITATIONS OF THE CURRENT BUILDING

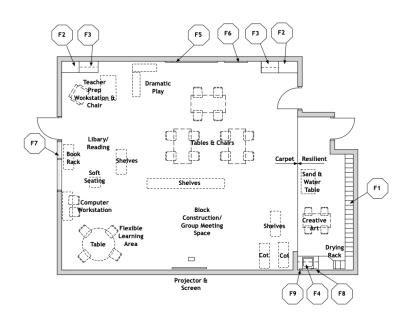
- The cafeteria capacity is less than the number of students per grade
- The large auditorium takes up a significant amount of space, but can only accommodate
 one activity at a time; It is a shared space, so assigning a class to the auditorium has
 implications whenever the auditorium is needed for a program/function
- There is a lack of professional meeting space for
 - o RTI, 504, and PPTs
 - o Grade level team meetings
 - o Collaborative planning
 - o Professional development
- There is a lack of flexible instructional space for small groups
- Poorly configured main office with limited visibility of administrators
- Only 1 classroom currently has a bathroom
- Many classrooms do not have sinks
- · Library media and technology lab design is not conducive to flexible use
- Computer lab is not conducive to collaboration or group work
- Room 9, 132, 133, and three office spaces are no longer viable spaces due to air quality
- Special area classrooms, with the exception of PE, are all under the recommended 1200 square feet
- Lack of instrument storage within proximity of the band and orchestra spaces

SAMPLE EDUCATIONAL CLASSROOM DESIGN FEATURES

- Student work spaces: Group/table configurations
- Carpet area with view of smartboard, wipe board, easel
- Classroom Storage (built in, closet, cabinets)
- Countertops
- Bathroom (K)
- Sinks
- Flexible group space
- Teacher small group space
- Create/design area
- Classroom Library (with seating)
- Sensory area
- Single student work space

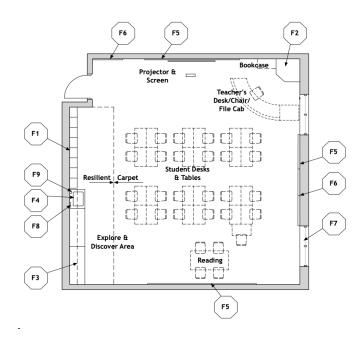
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Teacher desk and work space	
Technology area/storageTeacher locked area	
 Supply area (writing center, math manipulatives, science, art supplies, games, etc.) Play areas if age appropriate (blocks, dramatic play, etc.) 	
Ample space for safe, frequent movement within the room	

RECOMMENDED KINDERGARTEN CLASSROOM DESIGN



Fixed Equipment	Loose Furnishings
F1 Open casework/cubbies F2 Tall wardrobe with file drawers F3 Base & wall cabinets F4 Sink base cabinet F5 Marker board F6 Tack board F7 Exterior windows F8 Towel dispenser F9 Soap dispenser	Student activity tables – various sizes/shapes Computer workstation Student chairs Teacher workstation and chair File cabinet Low bookcases (fixed or mobile) Book display rack Sand table Water table Small refrigerator Art storage/drying rack

RECOMMENDED ELEMENTARY CLASSROOM DESIGN



Fixed Equipment	Loose Furnishings
F1 Open casework/cubbies	Student desks/tables
F2 Tall wardrobe with file drawers	Computer workstation
F3 Base & wall cabinets	Student chairs
F4 Sink base cabinet	Teacher workstation and chair
F5 Marker board	File cabinet
F6 Tack board	Low bookcases (fixed or mobile)
F7 Exterior windows	Reading table
F8 Towel dispenser	
F9 Soap dispenser	

SOURCES

Educational and Learning Space Standards

Connecticut School Construction Standards and Guidelines, State of Connecticut Department of Administrative Services

 $\frac{https://portal.ct.gov/-/media/DAS/Office-of-School-Construction-Grants/Task-113---Office-of-School-Construction-Grants-and-Review/CT-Standards-and-Guidelines/CT-Standards-and-Guidelines-APPRVD-09-22-2016.pdf?la=en$

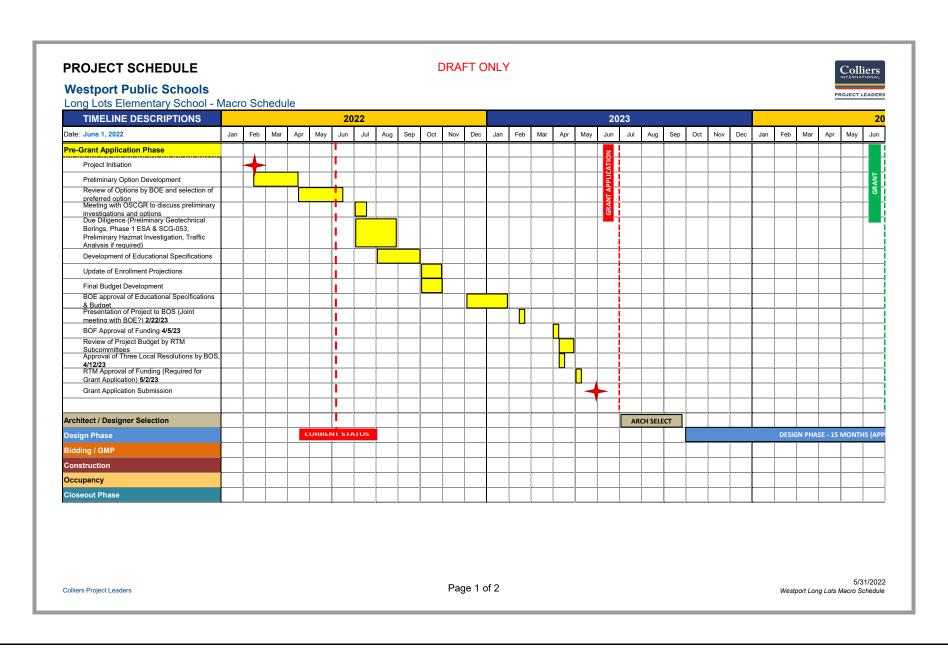
Sample Educational Specifications

Jeffrey School Madison Public Schools

https://meetings.boardbook.org/Public/Agenda/2416?meeting=490702

Candlewood Lake School, Brookfield Public Schools

https://candlewoodlakeschool.brookfieldps.org/documents-presentations-results



PROJECT SCHEDULE DRAFT ONLY Colliers **Westport Public Schools** PROJECT LEADERS Long Lots Elementary School - N **TIMELINE DESCRIPTIONS** 24 2025 2026 Date: June 1, 2022 Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec Jan Feb May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec Jan Feb Mar Apr Jun Jul Sep Oct Nov **Pre-Grant Application Phase** Project Initiation Preliminary Option Development Review of Options by BOE and selection of preferred option Meeting with OSCGR to discuss preliminary investigations and options Due Diligence (Preliminary Geotechnical Borings, Phase 1 ESA & SCG-053, Preliminary Hazmat Investigation, Traffic Analysis if required) Development of Educational Specifications Update of Enrollment Projections Final Budget Development BOE approval of Educational Specifications & Budget Presentation of Project to BOS (Joint meeting with BOE?) 2/22/23 BOF Approval of Funding 4/5/23 Review of Project Budget by RTM Subcommittees Approval of Three Local Resolutions by BOS, 4/12/23 RTM Approval of Funding (Required for Grant Application) 5/2/23 Grant Application Submission Architect / Designer Selection ROXIMATE) Design Phase Bidding / GMP CONSTRUCTION - SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION (15 MONTHS) Construction Occupancy Closeout Phase 5/31/2022 Page 2 of 2 Colliers Project Leaders Westport Long Lots Macro Schedule



Westport Public Schools

Long Lots Elementary School Replacement

DOLLAR DILLO		
DRAFT BIID	GET FOR NEW LONG LO	TS (MITH STEDDING STONES)
		10 (WITH STEFFING STUNES)

PROPOSED BUDGET B	Date: June 1, 2022		
New Flage Enrollment	,	PROPOSED	PROPOSED
8-Year High Enrollment 682 682			
8-Year High Enrollment 682 682		(HIGH RANGE)	(LOW RANGE)
New Construction of K-6 Program, GSF	8-Year High Enrollment		
New Construction of K-S Program, GSF Stepping Stones, GSF (Based on Space Summary) 20,721 20,7			
Stepping Stones, GSF Gased on Space Summary 20.721 20.727 Total GSF 108,020 100,742 New Construction S(GSF - Current \$ 450,00 \$ 400,00 New Construction S(GSF - Escalated \$ 589,10 \$ 523,70 Stepping Stones, S(GSF - Escalated \$ 589,10 \$ 523,70 Stepping Stones, S(GSF - Escalated \$ 589,10 \$ 523,70 Stepping Stones, S(GSF - Escalated \$ 589,10 \$ 523,70 Total Construction wis site S(GSF \$ 589,10 \$ 523,70 Total Construction wis site S(GSF \$ 946,55 \$ 798,55 Stepping Stones Construction \$ 39,24.3 \$ 8,288 Stepping Stones Construction \$ 9,324.3 \$ 8,288 C. Other Construction \$ 9,324.3 \$ 8,288 C. Other Construction \$ 9,324.3 \$ 8,288 Stepping Stones Construction \$ 12,152.3 \$ 8,059,4 Stepping Stones Construction \$ 1,000,0 \$ 1,000,0 Stepping Stones Co		87 300	80 025
Total GSF			
New Construction \$(SGF - Current			100,745
New Construction \(\) (SGSF - Escalated \(\)			\$ 400.00
Stepping Stones, \$\(\text{Stores} \) \$ \$ 523.7\(\text{Total Construction} \) \$\(\text{stores} \) \$\	Stepping Stone \$/GSF - Current	\$ 450.00	\$ 400.00
Total Construction Site S/GSF \$ 184.47 \$ 155.0°	New Construction \$/GSF - Escalated		\$ 523.70
Total Project \$/GSF			
Building Construction			\$ 155.01
A. New Building Construction B. Stepping Stones Construction C. Other Construction C. Sitework C. Wethnow Site Prep C. Wethnow Mitigation C. Wisite prep C. Steppe C. Wisite prep C. Steppe C. Wisite prep C. Wisite pre	Total Project \$/GSF	\$ 946.55	\$ 798.52
B. Stepping Stones Construction C. Other Construction C. Sitework C. Sitework C. Exterior Improvements C. Exterior Improvements C. Exterior Improvements C. Wetlands Mitigation C. Building Demolition C. Wetlands Materials Removal C. Wetlands Mitigation C. Wetlands Mitigation C. Wetlands Mitigation C. Wetlands Mitigation C. Building Demolition C. Building Demolition C. Building Demolition C. Building Demolition C. Wetlands Mitigation C. Wet	I. <u>Building Construction</u>		
C. Other Construction Total Building Construction A. Sitework 1 Earthwork / Site Prep 2 Exterior Improvements a. Paving - Asphalt / Concrete / Other b. Sidewalks / Paths c. Wetlands Mitigation d. Landscape & Planting e. Athletic / Recreational Surfaces f. Fencing / Gates g. Retaining Walls h. Misc Site Improvements b. Site Very g. Retaining Walls h. Misc Site Improvements b. Site Very g. Retaining Walls a. Fire Protection 2 Sanitary Sewage 3 Storm Drainage 4 Gas 5 Steam 6 Chilled Water 6 Chilled Water 7 Electric 8 Data & Communications 9 Site Lighting C. Building Demolition C. Building Demolition C. Building Demolition C. Buste Py Assume PPA 2 Wind Power Generation 3 Geothermal Wells C. Data / Total Related Construction Total Related Construction Total Related Construction C. Data / Total Construction - Escalated C. Data / Total Site Construction Total Related Construction C. Data / Telecomm Equipment C. Data / Grown Equipment C. Data / Total Site Construction C. Data / Total Site Construction Total Related Construction Total Related Construction C. Data / Total Site Construction C. Data / Total Related Construction C. Data / Total Site Construction - Current \$ City Sewer City Sewer W. Construction W. Data W. Construction W. Construction W. Data W. Construction W. Construction W. Construction W. Construction W. Construction C. South Construction W. Data W. Construction W.	A. New Building Construction	\$ 39,284.8	\$ 32,009.9
		•	*
A. Sitework Site Prep		48,609.1	40,298.2
1 Earthwork / Site Prep 2 Exterior Improvements a. Paving - Asphalt / Concrete / Other b. Sidewalks / Paths c. Wetlands Mitigation d. Landscape & Planting e. Athletic / Recreational Surfaces f. Fencing / Gates g. Retaining Walls h. Misc Site Improvements b. Site Utility Systems 1 Water & Wells a. Fire Protection 2 Sanitary Sewage 3 Storm Drainage 4 Gas 5 Steam 6 Chilled Water 6 Chilled Water 7 Electric 8 Data & Communications 9 Site Lighting 9 Site Lighting 1 Total Site Construction 1 Solar Panels / PV Array 2 Wind Power Generation 2 Wis Bite prep 3 Geothermal Wells 4 Rain Garden 5 Waste Water Treatment Plants 5 Waste Water Treatment Plants 6 C / CM Mark-ups 7 Total Construction 7 Electric 8 Data / Total Construction 9 Subtotal Construction - Current \$ 1 Solar Panels / PV Array 2 Wind Power Generation 5 Susay Assume PPA 6 A,481.4 5 Solar Panels / PV Array 5 Suste Water Treatment Plants 6 City Sewer 7 Electric Sustainable Elements 7 Electric Sustainable Elements 8 Sustainable Elements 9 Sustainable Elements 1 Solar Panels / PV Array 2 Wind Power Generation 5 Waste Water Treatment Plants 6 Communications Sustainable Elements 9 Sustainable Elements 1 Cabling / Wall Jack / Devices 1 Total Construction 1 Total Related Construction 1 Solar Panels / PV Array 2 Wind Power Generation 5 Waste Water Treatment Plants 6 Goodhermal Wells 9 Paygrounds (Assume 3 total) 1 Cabling / Wall Jack / Devices 1 Construction 1 Cabling / Wall Jack / Devices 1 Construction 1 Construction 1 Cabling / Wall Jack / Devices 1 Construction 1 Cabling / Wall Jack / Devices 1 Construction 1 Construction 1 Cabling / Wall Jack / Devices 1 Cabling / Wall Jack / Devices 1 Construction 2 Construction 3 Construction 4 Construction 4 Construction 5 Construction 6 Construction 7 Construction 7 Construction 8	<u>Atolatoa Gollott action</u>		
2 Exterior Improvements a. Paving - Asphalt / Concrete / Other b. Sidewalks / Paths c. Wetlands Mitigation d. Landscape & Planting e. Athletic / Recreational Surfaces f. Fencing / Gates g. Retaining Walls h. Misc Site Improvements w/ Site prep w/ Site		12 152 3	8 050 6
a. Paving - Asphalt / Concrete / Other b. Sidewalks / Paths c. Wetlands Mitigation d. Landscape & Planting e. Athletic / Recreational Surfaces f. Fencing / Gates g. Retaining Walls h. Misc Site Improvements b. Site Utility Systems li Water & Wells a. Fire Protection 2 Sanitary Sewage 3 Storm Drainage 6 Chilled Water 7 Electric 8 Data & Communications 9 Site Lighting 9 Site Lighting 1 Solar Panels / PV Array 2 Wind Power Generation 5 Waste Walter Treatment Plants 6 GC / CM Mark-ups 7 Total Related Construction 7 Subtotal Construction 7 Furniture, Fixtures & Equipment 8 Pangrounds (Assume 3 total) C. Data / Telecomm Equipment 9 Panel Andio/Nisual Equipment 1 Cabling / Wall Jack / Devices 1 Captiny Site prep M Site prep		12,132.3	0,039.0
b. Sidewalks / Paths c. Wetlands Mitigation d. Landscape & Planting e. Athletic / Recreational Surfaces f. Fencing / Gates g. Retaining Walls h. Misc Site Improvements b. Site Utility Systems li Water & Wells a. Fire Protection 2 Sanitary Sewage 3 Storm Drainage 4 Gas 5 Steam 6 Chilled Water 7 Electric 8 Data & Communications 9 Site Lighting 1 Site Lighting 1 Southards Removal E. Sustainable Elements 1 Sustainable Elements 2 Sustainable Elements 3 Geothermal Wells 4 Rain Garden 5 Waste Water Treatment Plants F. GC / CM Mark-ups 5 Waste Vaster Treatment Plants F. GC / CM Mark-ups 5 Waste Vaster Flex 6 Chilled Construction 1 15,852.3 10,219.4 Rain Garden 5 Waste Water Treatment Plants F. GC / CM Mark-ups 5 Waste Water Treatment Flex 6 City Sewer 7 Lectric Sustainable Elements 8 Data Related Construction 1 15,852.3 1 10,219.1 Subtotal Construction Sustoria Sustoria Sustoria Sustoria Sustoria Sustoria Current \$ 1 Solar Panels / PV Array 2 Wind Power Generation 3 Geothermal Wells 5 Waste Water Treatment Plants 6 City Sewer 7 Lectric Security Equipment 8 Subtotal Construction Construction 1 15,852.3 1 10,219.1 Subtotal Construction Escalated 8 Sal,388.4 8 66,134. IV. Furniture, Fixtures & Equipment (FF&E) 1 Loose Furnishings 1 1,227.6 1 1,023.0 1 1,023.0 1 1,023.0 1 1,023.0 1 1,027.6 1 1,023.0 1 1,023.0 1 1,000.0 1 1,		w/ Site prep	w/ Site prep
c. Wetlands Mitigation d. Landscape & Planting e. Athletic / Recreational Surfaces f. Fencing / Gates g. Retaining Walls h. Misc Site Improvements b. Site Utility Systems 1 Water & Wells a. Fire Protection 2 Sanitary Sewage 3 Storm Drainage 4 Gas 5 Steam 6 Chilled Water 7 Electric 8 Data & Communications 9 Site Lighting 1 Site Lighting 1 Solar Panels / PV Array 2 Wind Power Generation 5 Waste Water Treatment Plants 6 C. / CM Mark-ups 7 Waste Water Treatment Plants 7 Gar / CM Mark-ups 8 Weste Water Treatment Plants 9 Furniture, Fixtures & Equipment (FF&E) 1 Cabing / Wall Jack / Devices 1 Cabing / Wall Jack / Devi			
d. Landscape & Planting e. Athletic / Recreational Surfaces f. Fencing / Gates g. Retaining Walls h. Misc Site Improvements b. Site Utility Systems 1 Water & Wells a. Fire Protection 2 Sanitary Sewage 3 Storm Drainage 4 Gas 6 Chilled Water 7 Electric 8 Data & Communications 9 Site Lighting Total Site Construction C. Building Demolition E. Sustainable Elements 1 Solar Panels / PV Array 2 Wind Power Generation 3 Geothermal Wells City Sewer City Sewer City Sewer City Sewer F. GC / CM Mark-ups C. Data / Telecomm Equipment Total Construction - Escalated N. Ferniture, Fixtures & Equipment C. Data / Telecomm Equipment C. Da			
f. Fencing / Gates g. Retaining Walls h. Misc Site Improvements b. Site Utility Systems 1 Water & Wells a. Fire Protection 2 Sanitary Sewage 3 Storm Drainage 4 Gas 5 Steam 6 Chilled Water 7 Electric 8 Data & Communications 9 Site Lighting 9 Site Lighting 1 Water at Steam wisher part of the property o			
f. Fencing / Gates g. Retaining Walls h. Misc Site Improvements b. Site Utility Systems 1 Water & Wells a. Fire Protection 2 Sanitary Sewage 3 Storm Drainage 4 Gas 5 Steam 6 Chilled Water 7 Electric 8 Data & Communications 9 Site Lighting 9 Site Lighting 1 Water at Steam wisher part of the property o	e. Athletic / Recreational Surfaces	w/ Site prep	w/ Site prep
g. Retaining Walls h. Misc Site Improvements b. Site Utility Systems 1 Water & Wells a. Fire Protection 2 Sanitary Sewage 3 Storm Drainage 4 Gas 4 Gas 5 Steam 6 Chilled Water 7 Electric 8 Data & Communications 9 Site Lighting Total Site Construction C. Building Demolition E. Sustainable Elements 1 Solar Panels / PV Array 2 Wind Power Generation 3 Geothermal Wells 4 Rain Garden 5 Waste Water Treatment Plants 5 GC / CM Mark-ups City Sewer City Sewer City Sewer City Sewer Total Construction - Current \$ 1, 2,70.0 Total Construction - Current \$ 1, 2,12.3 Subtotal Construction - Current \$ 1, 2,12.7 Subtotal Construction - Current \$ 1, 2,27.6 Loose Furnishings - 1,227.6 Loose Furnishings - 1,22			
B. Site Utility Systems	g. Retaining Walls	w/ Site prep	
1	h. Misc Site Improvements	w/ Site prep	w/ Site prep
a. Fire Protection	B. Site Utility Systems		
2 Sanitary Sewage W Site prep W Si	1 Water & Wells	w/ Site prep	
3 Storm Drainage W/ Site prep			
4 Gas			
Steam	S S		
6 Chilled Water w/ Site prep w/ Site prep 7 Electric w/ Site prep w/ Site prep 8 Data & Communications w/ Site prep w/ Site prep 9 Site Lighting w/ Site prep w/ Site prep Total Site Construction 12,152.3 8,059.2 D. Hazardous Materials Removal 2,700.0 2,160.0 E. Sustainable Elements w/ Bidg Demo w/ Bidg Demo I. Solar Panels / PV Array Assume PPA Assume PPA 2 Wind Power Generation 1,000.0 - 3 Geothermal Wells 1,000.0 - 4 Rain Garden - - - 5 Waste Water Treatment Plants City Sewer City Sewer City Sewer F. GC / CM Mark-ups w/ construction 15,852.3 10,219.4 Subtotal Construction - Current \$ 64,461.4 50,517.4 III. Escalation - Mid-point Construction (4th Qtr 2025) 19,927.0 19,613.4 V.	. 040		
Total Site Construction			
Ste			
9 Site Lighting			
Total Site Construction			
C. Building Demolition 2,700.0 2,160.0 D. Hazardous Materials Removal W/ Bidg Demo W/ Bidg Demo W/ Bidg Demo		12 152 3	
D. Hazardous Materials Removal W/ Bidg Demo W/ Bidg Demo E. Sustainable Elements			
E. Sustainable Elements 1 Solar Panels / PV Array Assume PPA Assume PPA 2 Wind Power Generation			
2	E. Sustainable Elements	_	=
3		Assume PPA	Assume PPA
Rain Garden Waste Water Treatment Plants City Sewer W/ construction W/ construction W/ construction Total Related Construction 15,852.3 10,219.6		-	-
5		1,000.0	-
F. GC / CM Mark-ups		-	-
Total Related Construction 15,852.3 10,219.4			
Subtotal Construction - Current \$ 64,461.4 50,517.6 III. Escalation - Mid-point Construction (4th Qtr 2025) 19,927.0 15,616.0 Total Construction - Escalated \$ 84,388.4 \$ 66,134.0 IV. Furniture, Fixtures & Equipment (FF&E)			
Total Construction - Escalated \$ 84,388.4 \$ 66,134.4 N. Furniture, Fixtures & Equipment (FF&E) A. Loose Furnishings 1,227.6 1,091.2 B. Playgrounds (Assume 3 total) 850.0 700.6 C. Data / Telecomm Equipment 1,227.6 1,023.6 1. Cabling / Wall Jack / Devices w/ construction w/ construction D. Audio/Visual Equipment w/ construction w/ construction w/ construction E. Security Equipment w/ construction w/ construction 1. Cabling / Wall Jack / Devices w/ construction F. Specialty Signage 100.0 50.0 Specialty Signage 100.0 50.0 Oscillation - Interval - Int			
N. Furniture, Itxtures & Equipment (FF&E)			
A. Loose Furnishings 1,227.6 1,091.2 B. Playgrounds (Assume 3 total) 850.0 700.0 C. Data / Telecomm Equipment 1,227.6 1,023.0 1. Cabling / Wall Jack / Devices w/ construction w/ construction D. Audio/Visual Equipment w/ construction w/ Data E. Security Equipment w/ construction w/ construction 1. Cabling / Wall Jack / Devices w/ construction w/ construction F. Specialty Signage 100.0 50.0		y 04 ,300.4	y 00,134.4
B. Playgrounds (Assume 3 total) 850.0 700.0 C. Data / Telecomm Equipment 1,227.6 1,023.1 1. Cabling / Wall Jack / Devices w/ construction w/ construction D. Audio/Visual Equipment w/ Data w/ Data E. Security Equipment w/ construction w/ construction 1. Cabling / Wall Jack / Devices w/ construction w/ construction F. Specialty Signage 100.0 50.0		1 227 6	1 091 2
C. Data / Telecomm Equipment 1,227.6 1,023.0 1. Cabling / Wall Jack / Devices w/ construction w/ construction D. Audio/Visual Equipment w/ Data w/ Data E. Security Equipment w/ construction w/ construction 1. Cabling / Wall Jack / Devices w/ construction w/ construction F. Specialty Signage 100.0 50.0			
1. Cabling / Wall Jack / Devices w/ construction w/ construction D. Audio/Visual Equipment w/ Data w/ Data E. Security Equipment w/ construction w/ construction 1. Cabling / Wall Jack / Devices w/ construction w/ construction F. Specialty Signage 100.0 50.0	A. Loose Furnishings		
D. Audio/Visual Equipment w/ Data w/ Data E. Security Equipment w/ construction w/ construction 1. Cabling / Wall Jack / Devices w/ construction w/ construction F. Specialty Signage 100.0 50.0	Loose Furnishings Playgrounds (Assume 3 total)	850.0	
E. Security Equipment w/ construction 1. Cabling / Wall Jack / Devices w/ construction F. Specialty Signage w/ construction w/ construction w/ construction w/ construction sylvation w/ construction construction w/ construction construction w/ construction construc	Loose Furnishings Playgrounds (Assume 3 total) Data / Telecomm Equipment	850.0 1,227.6	1,023.0
1. Cabling Wall Jack / Devices w/ construction F. Specialty Signage 100.0	A Loose Furnishings B. Playgrounds (Assume 3 total) C. Data / Telecomm Equipment 1. Cabling / Wall Jack / Devices	850.0 1,227.6 w/ construction	1,023.0 w/ construction
F. Specialty Signage 100.0 50.0	A. Loose Furnishings B. Playgrounds (Assume 3 total) C. Data / Telecomm Equipment 1. Cabling / Wall Jack / Devices D. Audio/Visual Equipment	850.0 1,227.6 w/ construction w/ Data	1,023.0 w/ construction w/ Data
	A. Loose Furnishings B. Playgrounds (Assume 3 total) C. Data / Telecomm Equipment 1. Cabling / Wall Jack / Devices D. Audio/Visual Equipment E. Security Equipment	850.0 1,227.6 w/ construction w/ Data w/ construction	1,023.0 w/ construction w/ Data w/ construction
Total FF & E \$ 3,405.2 \$ 2,864.2	A. Loose Furnishings B. Playgrounds (Assume 3 total) C. Data / Telecomm Equipment 1. Cabling / Wall Jack / Devices D. Audio/Visual Equipment E. Security Equipment 1. Cabling / Wall Jack / Devices	850.0 1,227.6 w/ construction w/ Data w/ construction w/ construction	1,023.0 w/ construction w/ Data w/ construction

Colliers Project Leaders

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Long Lots ES High-Low DRAFT Budget_8% Escalation



Westport Public Schools

Long Lots Elementary School Replacement

DRAFT BUDGET FOR NEW LONG LOTS (WITH STEPPING STONES)

Data	lune 1, 2022		•
Date:	June 1, 2022	PROPOSED	PROPOSED
		BUDGET	BUDGET
		(HIGH RANGE)	(LOW RANGE)
8-Voor	High Enrollment	682	682
	except \$/GSF	002	002
	Fees and Expenses		
Α.	Fees		
A. 1	Existing Conditions & Space Program	_	_
2	Architect	5,706.6	4,484.9
a	Civil Engineering	w/ architect	w/ architect
b	Landscape Architect	w/ architect	w/ architect
С	Structural Engineering	w/ architect	w/ architect
d	MEP/FP Engineering	w/ architect	w/ architect
е	Interior / Furniture Designer	w/ architect	w/ architect
f	Lighting Consultant	w/ architect	w/ architect
g	Acoustical Consultant	w/ architect	w/ architect
h	Signage Consultant	w/ architect	w/ architect
i	LEED Designer	w/ architect	w/ architect
j	Referendum Services	w/ architect	w/ architect
k	Code Consultant	w/ architect	w/ architect
3	Designer's Cost Estimator Special Consultants	w/ architect	w/ architect
	Special Consultants Haz. Mat. Consultant	200.0	150.0
a	Audio / Visual	w/ architect	w/ architect
b	Technology / Security Systems Design	w/ architect	w/ architect
d	Geo-Tech Engineering	w/ architect	w/ architect
e e	Traffic Engineer	w/ architect	w/ architect
f	Ecologist / Soil Sample	50.0	35.0
g	Peer Reviews	35.0	25.0
h	Green Building Consultant	w/ architect	w/ architect
i	Storm Water Monitoring	50.0	50.0
4	Project Management	850.0	700.0
5	Building Commissioning	115.0	100.0
6	Owner's Cost Estimator	w/ CM	w/ CM
7	CM Preconstruction Fee	175.0	150.0
8	Owner's Legal Fees	50.0	50.0
9	Site Survey	w/ architect	w/ architect
10	Utility Assessment	50.0	40.0
В.	Sub-total Fees Expenses	7,281.6	5,784.9
В. 1	Owner's Insurance	126.6	99.2
2	Permits	25.0	25.0
a.	Building	w/ Construction	w/ Construction
b.	Town / Site	-	-
3	Printing	15.0	15.0
4	Construction Utilities Use	w/ Construction	w/ Construction
5	Site Borings	w/ architect	w/ architect
6	Materials Testing	150.0	125.0
7	Special Inspections	25.0	20.0
8	Consultant Reimbursables	40.0	25.0
9	Moving / Relocation	100.0	75.0
10	Temporary Space / Operations	25.0	25.0
11	Advertising	20.0	20.0
12	Physical Plant Expenses	20.0	20.0
13 14	Misc. Expenses	15.0	26.0
14 15	Financing Costs / Bond Origination Site Acquisition	TBD NA	TBD NA
15 a.	Real Estate Fees	IVA	INA
a. b.	Closing Costs		
	Sub-total Expenses	561.6	475.2
	Total Fees and Expenses	7,843.2	6,260.1
٧.	Contingency	1,040.2	0,200.1
Α.	Construction	4,219.4	3,306.7
В.	Owner's Project	2,390.9	1,881.5
	Total Contingency	6,610.3	5,188.2
	Total Project	\$ 102,247.1	\$ 80,446.9
	Construction Cost vs. Total Project Co		82%
	Soft Cost vs. Total Project Co		18%

Colliers Project Leaders

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Long Lots ES High-Low DRAFT Budget_8% Escalation



Westport Public Schools

Long Lots Elementary School Replacement

DRAFT B	SUDGET FOR NEW LO	ONG LOTS	(WITH STEPPING STONES)
	ODGETT ON NEW E		(WITH STEFFING STUNES)

Date: June 1, 2022		
	PROPOSED	PROPOSED
	BUDGET	BUDGET
	(HIGH RANGE)	(LOW RANGE)
8-Year High Enrollment	682	682
\$(000) except \$/GSF		
New Construction of K-5 Program, GSF	87,300	80,025
Stepping Stones, GSF (Based on Space Summary)	20,721	20,721
Total GSF	108,020	100,745
New Construction \$/GSF - Current	\$ 450.00	\$ 400.00
Stepping Stone \$/GSF - Current New Construction \$/GSF - Escalated	\$ 450.00 \$ 516.20	\$ 400.00 \$ 458.90
Stepping Stones, \$/GSF - Escalated	\$ 516.20	\$ 458.90 \$ 458.90
Total Construction w/ site \$/GSF	\$ 87.81	\$ 73.78
Total Project \$/GSF	\$ 836.05	\$ 705.66
I. Building Construction	1	
A. New Building Construction	\$ 39,284.8	\$ 32,009.9
B. Stepping Stones ConstructionC. Other Construction	\$ 9,324.3 \$ -	\$ 8,288.3 \$ -
Total Building Construction	48,609.1	40,298.2
II. Related Construction	40,000.1	70,230.2
A. Sitework		
1 Earthwork / Site Prep	12,152.3	8,059.6
2 Exterior Improvements		
a. Paving - Asphalt / Concrete / Other	w/ Site prep	w/ Site prep
b. Sidewalks / Paths	w/ Site prep	w/ Site prep
c. Wetlands Mitigation	w/ Site prep	w/ Site prep
d. Landscape & Planting	w/ Site prep	w/ Site prep
e. Athletic / Recreational Surfaces	w/ Site prep	w/ Site prep
f. Fencing / Gates	w/ Site prep	w/ Site prep
g. Retaining Walls	w/ Site prep	w/ Site prep
h. Misc Site Improvements	w/ Site prep	w/ Site prep
B. Site Utility Systems	/ 01/	
1 Water & Wells	w/ Site prep	w/ Site prep
a. Fire Protection	w/ Site prep	w/ Site prep
2 Sanitary Sewage	w/ Site prep	w/ Site prep
3 Storm Drainage 4 Gas	w/ Site prep	w/ Site prep
	w/ Site prep	w/ Site prep
5 Steam 6 Chilled Water	w/ Site prep	w/ Site prep w/ Site prep
7 Electric	w/ Site prep w/ Site prep	w/ Site prep w/ Site prep
7 Electric 8 Data & Communications	w/ Site prep w/ Site prep	w/ Site prep w/ Site prep
9 Site Lighting	w/ Site prep	w/ Site prep
Total Site Construction	12,152.3	8,059.0
C. Building Demolition	2,700.0	2,160.0
D. Hazardous Materials Removal	w/ Bldg Demo	w/ Bldg Demo
E. Sustainable Elements		g v
1 Solar Panels / PV Array	Assume PPA	Assume PPA
2 Wind Power Generation	-	-
3 Geothermal Wells	1,000.0	-
4 Rain Garden	-	-
5 Waste Water Treatment Plants	City Sewer	City Sewer
F. GC / CM Mark-ups	w/ construction	w/ construction
Total Related Construction	15,852.3	10,219.0
Subtotal Construction - Current \$	64,461.4	50,517.8
III. Escalation - Mid-point Construction (4th Qtr 2025)	9,484.9	7,433.2
Total Construction - Escalated	\$ 73,946.3	\$ 57,951.0
IV. Furniture, Fixtures & Equipment (FF&E) A. Loose Furnishings	1,227.6	1,091.2
Playgrounds (Assume 3 total)	850.0	700.
C. Data / Telecomm Equipment	1,227.6	1,023.
Cabling / Wall Jack / Devices	w/ construction	w/ construction
D. Audio/Visual Equipment	w/ Data	w/ Data
E. Security Equipment	w/ construction	w/ construction
Cabling / Wall Jack / Devices	w/ construction	w/ construction
F. Specialty Signage	100.0	50.0
Total FF & E	\$ 3,405.2	\$ 2,864.2

Colliers Project Leaders

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Long Lots Replacement Budget HLP_4% Escalation



Westport Public Schools

Long Lots Elementary School Replacement

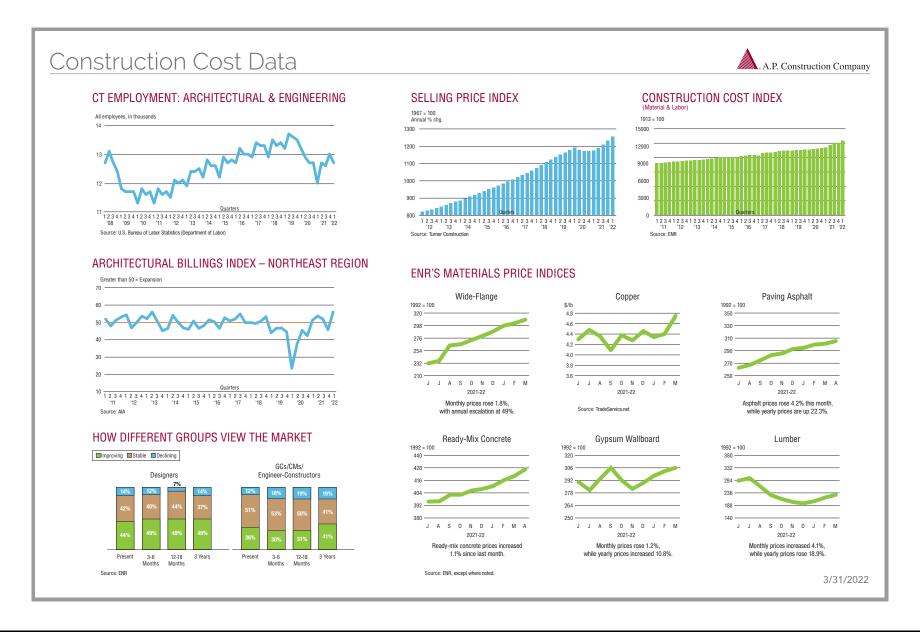
DRAFT BUDGET FOR NEW LONG LOTS (WITH STEPPING STONES)

Date:	June 1, 2022		
		PROPOSED	PROPOSED
		BUDGET	BUDGET
		(HIGH RANGE)	(LOW RANGE)
	r High Enrollment	682	682
_) except \$/GSF		
٧.	Fees and Expenses		
Α.	Fees		
1	Existing Conditions & Space Program		- 0.050.0
2 a	Architect Civil Engineering	5,027.8 w/ architect	3,953.0 w/ architect
a b	Landscape Architect	w/ architect	w/ architect
C	Structural Engineering	w/ architect	w/ architect
d	MEP/FP Engineering	w/ architect	w/ architect
e	Interior / Furniture Designer	w/ architect	w/ architect
f	Lighting Consultant	w/ architect	w/ architect
g	Acoustical Consultant	w/ architect	w/ architect
h	Signage Consultant	w/ architect	w/ architect
i	LEED Designer	w/ architect	w/ architect
j	Referendum Services	w/ architect	w/ architect
k	Code Consultant	w/ architect	w/ architect
_ 1	Designer's Cost Estimator	w/ architect	w/ architect
3	Special Consultants		
a	Haz. Mat. Consultant	200.0	150.0
b	Audio / Visual Technology / Security Systems Design	w/ architect w/ architect	w/ architect w/ architect
d	Geo-Tech Engineering	w/ architect	w/ architect
e	Traffic Engineer	w/ architect	w/ architect
f	Ecologist / Soil Sample	50.0	35.0
g	Peer Reviews	35.0	25.0
h	Green Building Consultant	w/ architect	w/ architect
i	Storm Water Monitoring	50.0	50.0
4	Project Management	850.0	700.0
5	Building Commissioning	115.0	100.0
6	Owner's Cost Estimator	w/ CM	w/ CM
7	CM Preconstruction Fee	175.0	150.0
8	Owner's Legal Fees	50.0	50.0
9 10	Site Survey	w/ architect 50.0	w/ architect 40.0
10	Utility Assessment Sub-total Fees	6,602.8	5,253.0
В.	Expenses	0,002.0	3,233.0
1	Owner's Insurance	110.9	86.9
2	Permits	25.0	25.0
a.		w/ Construction	w/ Construction
b.	. Town / Site	-	-
3	Printing	15.0	15.0
4	Construction Utilities Use	w/ Construction	w/ Construction
5	Site Borings	w/ architect	w/ architect
6	Materials Testing	150.0	125.0
7	Special Inspections	25.0	20.0
8	Consultant Reimbursables	40.0 100.0	25.0
10	Moving / Relocation Temporary Space / Operations	25.0	75.0 25.0
11	Advertising	20.0	20.0
12	Physical Plant Expenses	20.0	20.0
13	Misc. Expenses	15.0	26.0
14	Financing Costs / Bond Origination	TBD	TBD
15	Site Acquisition	NA	NA
a.		-	-
b.	3	-	-
	Sub-total Expenses	545.9	462.9
	Total Fees and Expenses	7,148.7	5,715.9
٧.	Contingency		
Α.	Construction	3,697.3	2,897.6
B.	Owner's Project	2,112.5	1,663.3
	Total Contingency	5,809.8	4,560.9
	Total Project	\$ 90,310.0 ost 82%	\$ 71,092.0 82%
	Construction Cost vs. Total Project C Soft Cost vs. Total Project C		82% 18%
	Soft Cost vs. Total Project C	001 10/0	1070

Colliers Project Leaders

Page 2 of 2

Long Lots Replacement Budget HLP_4% Escalation





CONSIGLI MARKET UPDATE: APRIL 2022

Peter Capone, Director of Purchasing & Jared Lachapelle, VP of Pre-construction

The hopeful trend towards price stabilization and supply chain improvements in early 2022 is now complicated by new challenges. The war in Ukraine has reduced the supply of raw materials, port congestion from China to Los Angeles continues to delay shipments on all goods, while new COVID-19 variants have continued, leading to a **forecasted overall escalation of 7-9% in 2022**. But our industry has proven resilient. To support appropriate, proactive planning, we compiled the following information from our subcontractors and vendors across all of our regions, as well as trusted data from the industry.

CURRENT TRENDS

- ▶ Product Availability Overall demand for materials will remain high with supply moderately low.
 - · A recent Covid-19 outbreak in China is slowing chip manufacturing due to reduced labor resources.
 - The war in the Ukraine has reduced the supply of manufacturing materials such as aluminum, iron ore, nickel, and copper sourced from Ukraine and Russia. It has also put a strain on the production and delivery of materials manufactured throughout Europe, such as security glass from Germany. Normal shipping routes from Asia to Europe have been altered to avoid the war zone, which is adding time to deliveries.
 - Port congestion is showing little signs of improvement. West Coast ports appear to be improving, but this is primarily a cause of shipping vessels diverted to ports on the East Coast. Shipping analysts are reporting that a high volume of vessels are scheduled to depart from Asia within the next couple months which will further add to delays.
- Pricing Challenges Contributing factors to the rising costs of construction pricing include the increased fuel prices raising the cost of production and transportation of materials, sanctions on Russia are affecting the commodity market by driving up prices of raw materials, and wage increases are increasing overall labor costs due to inflation.
- Labor The construction industry continues to stay strong with no immediate signs of slowing. Acquiring workforce, the Northeast in particular, remains an area of concern. Currently, Boston union pipefitters, sheetmetal workers, and insulators are employing upwards of 480 travelers from other states on the east coast from as far as Florida. Many subcontractors, Union and Non-Union, are booking up to capacity for 2022 and focused on 2023 and beyond. These strong backlogs will challenge workforce availability and contunue to drive prices up.

Material	4/1/2022 (fabrication after release)	
Mechanical Equip. (Large)	8 - 11+ months	
Mechanical Equip. (Small)	4 - 6 months	
Electrical Equipment (Large)	11- 13 months	
Electrical Equipment (Small)	4 - 6 months	
Roof Materials & Insulation	6 - 8 months	
Electrified Hardware	8 - 10 months	
Elevators	6 months	
Lab Casework	4 - 5 months	
Steel Joist	3 months	
Appliances	4 months	
Steel Deck	3 months	
Structural Steel	3 months	
A Significant delays		

墨》MATERIAL COST INCREASES	
Critical Material	Expected Escalation 2022
Roofing Membranes & Insulation*	10 - 15%
Electrical Equipment	10 - 15%
Mechanical Equipment	8 - 12%
Ductile piping	15%
Lumber	5 - 10%
Gypsum Wall Board & Associated Materials*	5 - 10%
Aluminum	5 - 10%
Finish Door Hardware	3 - 5%
Structural Steel	5%
Copper Wiring/Cabling	5%

MAATERIAL COCT INCREACE

*Large manufacturers are not willing to take the risk of price escalation & are refusing to hold prices. As a result, subcontractors are being charged market increases at the time of delivery.

CONSIGLI MARKET UPDATE

APRIL 2022

CONSIGLI MARKET UPDATE: APRIL 2022



ITEMS TO WATCH

- ▶ ILWU Contract Negotiations International Longshoreman Warehouse Union Contract Negotiation could further disrupt U.S. freight markets. Contract negotiations scheduled for July of this year will affect 22,000 long shoreman working at 79 ports of call.
- ▶ Infrastructure Bill The incoming \$1 billion, Federal Stimulus funding will place additional burden on the labor workforce. The Economic Development Administration (EDA) will ultimately award 20-30 regional coalitions across the 50 states between \$25 and \$100 million each to invest in the future of their regional economy. Something to keep an eye on for late 2022 and beyond.
- Field Labor Approximately half of our larger subcontractors are noting that they have 85% of their backlog secured for 2022 and quickly filling for 2023. Understanding windows of availability will become extremely important in order to successfully staff projects with qualified subcontractors. Making it a priority to frequently discuss backlog with preferred subcontractors is recommended.

STRATEGIES FOR RISK MANAGEMENT

THOUGHTFUL PRE-QUALIFICATION.

Conduct pre-bid conversations with subcontractors to assess current capacities and increase the interest in upcoming bid opportunities early.

PRE-PURCHASE & STORE MATERIALS.

Identify high risk materials that should be prepurchased early to avoid price increases. Negotiate offsite storage with suppliers or increase on-site storage areas. If necessary, consider leasing off-site storage facilities

PRIORITIZE AND EXPEDITE APPROVALS.

Collaborate with the design team to identify materials that require expedited approvals due to long-lead times or volatile pricing. This will assist in early procurement of materials.

PARTNER THROUGH DESIGN-ASSIST.

Consider using design-assist trades to secure labor, materials, and a collaborative partner to work through current market risks early in the process.

SOURCE ALTERNATE SUPPLIERS.

Collaboratively work with design partners to broaden range of suitable manufacturers and products to insure on time deliveries.

LEVERAGE BUYING POWER.

Bulk purchase and package projects whenever possible to avoid costly piece-meal cost premiums and material delays.

BUY DOMESTIC.

Purchase materials manufactured in the United States to minimize supply chain delays.

MATERIAL DELIVERY VERIFICATION.

Focus on weekly on-site and off-site material verification utilizing technology and plant visits to ensure quality and schedule certainty.

IDENTIFY PEAK MANPOWER.

Define schedule and workforce requirements with subcontractors to receive firm commitments to staff projects.

UTILIZE PRE-FABRICATION.

Identify opportunities to maximize pre-fabrication strategies to take labor off-site and lock in resources and materials earlier in the project.

CONSIGLI MARKET UPDATE APRIL 2022

Turner

MARKET CONDITIONS

BOSTON Q4 2021





EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The second half of 2021 has continued the expansion of the market in the Greater Boston region. This expansion was lead by the lab science sector, both commercial and institutional. This expanding market, along with global and local supply chain and manufacturing challenges, has brought significant challenges to our industry. Further, continuation of the COVID-19 pandemic, variants, and subsequent vaccines have created additional uncertainty to how our industry will react in 2022 and beyond. These challenges and market conditions are described further in this report.

To gain the best possible insight on these conditions and how they impact our markets, we have collected data from owners, architects, trade partners, and equipment suppliers. To further help us understand the current and future climate, we studied job starts, anticipated projects in the future pipeline, material supply chains, and construction price indicators.

2021 had significant escalation in materials and construction pricing, with the market peak of these increases being in late Q3 /early Q4 this year. Although there has been some leveling on the commodities indexes as of late, the very busy subcontractor market currently bidding new projects and forecasted project starts suggest that higher than normal escalation will continue into 2022. The predictability of project schedules will also be challenging with material shortages. The amount of escalation will likely be driven by the number of project starts and the supply chain issues will likely persist with the delayed return to normal. The timeline of recovery will be driven by whether or not there is a tightening of capital driving less demand, and the continuing effect of COVID-19 on manufacturers.

NEW JOB STARTS - GREATER BOSTON

- In the Greater Boston Area, new job starts in 2021 returned to pre-pandemic levels. The largest volume of construction starts was recorded in 2019 and it will be rivaled by the totals from 2021 and very likely be surpassed in 2022. The new construction starts in 2021 have been driven mainly by the lab science sector. This sector has had a significant increase in its share of the market as compared to other sectors. This will continue in 2022, with the vacancy rate in lab / science properties at 0-1%.
- Other sectors that returned in 2021 were institutional and healthcare work. Though not as strong as pre-pandemic, universities and our local area hospitals had projects return to the pipeline, up from the low points in 2020.
 Office buildings were more modest compared to previous levels and hospitality and high-end residential remained very limited.

AIA ARCHITECTURAL BILLINGS INDEX (Northeast Region)

 As 2021 comes to a close, this year marks one of the most dramatic shifts for the architects business volume. During the 12-month period, a shift from the lowest levels recorded to the highest levels since 2006. This busy pace in the design shops further reinforces the rising volume projections for the construction market in 2022 and 2023.

SOURCEBLUE COST INDEX (formerly Turner Logistics)

 The SourceBlue, formerly Turner Logistics, equipment pricing index continued to show the highest level of escalation since the index was created. This now spans three full quarters of increase, driven by steel pricing, electrical component pricing, and shipping / delivery challenges.

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Page 3

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

NATIONAL COST INDICES

- Producer Price Index (PPI- WPUID612) = 21.0% from 11/2020 to 11/2021. This number reflects the intermediate demand by commodity type materials and components for construction. While Lumber has leveled after a very steep increase, steel, aluminum and other building materials have historically high price increases.
- Consumer Price Index (CPI) = 6.8% from 11/2020 to 11/2021. This documents the steepest increase and highest levels of the CPI in the last 13 years.
- Turner's National Cost Index is reporting a national escalation of 1.68% for Q3 of 2021, up from 1.28% in Q2 of 2021. This documents two quarters of significant increase nationally. A pace that would exceed 6% annually.

LOCAL SUBCONTRACTOR SURVEY Q2

- Over the past six months, the subcontractor market spent energy trying to secure backlog for 2022.
 Many of their estimating departments have gotten busier and they are seeing more project starts than they saw the first half of 2021. A number of them were successful in landing work and are now being selective with choosing the jobs they want. They will do this to fill dips in their backlog and to hold onto their company workers in anticipation for increased workload in 2023.
- The subcontractor market continued to see major increases in materials pricing, as well as impact to lead times. Many that were absorbing these increases in the first half of 2021 are less likely to do so now. Instead, they are passing these increases along without adjusting their OH&P down.

- A few of the trades believe we will continue to see increases in some materials attributed to issues with the supply chain. However, the majority have stated that the major increases have slowed back to historical escalation and have seen some dips in materials costs. We believe the subcontractors will be looking to pass along the material costs and will be qualifying any concerns over availability of certain materials in their proposals.
- Regarding labor availability, many of the union forces are close to 100% working, with not many workers left on the bench. There are a few union agreements that will expire this year and we expect their deals to be similar to the deals finished with the pipefitters and Allied trades earlier this year. As more work is released, we expect that additional travelers will enter the market and that there will be impact to the productivity impacting the way the market prices certain projects.

LOCAL ESCALATION

 The high escalation we saw in 2021 was due to the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic on materials and supply chain challenges. We project that the supply chain challenges will continue and the escalation for 2022 will remain high. We will keep an eye on the number of project starts, as this will determine how escalation will change.

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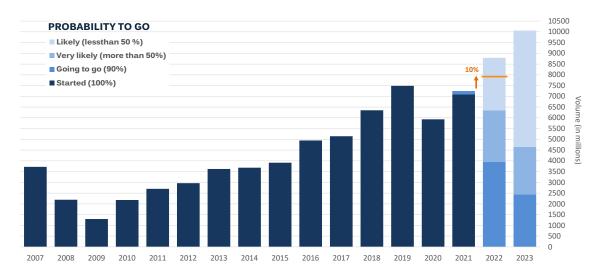
NEW JOB STARTS

The Greater Boston Area

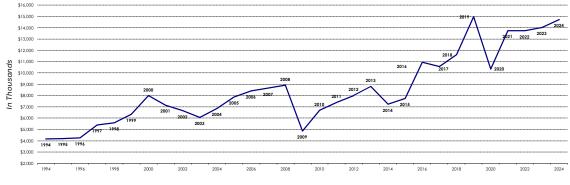
Q4 2021

Project-Specific Study

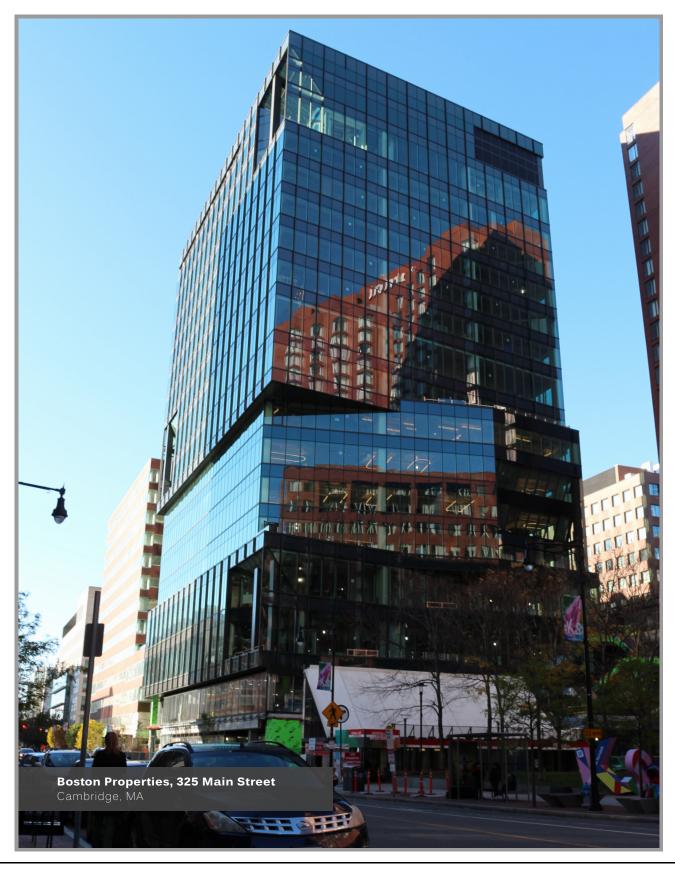
The onset of the COVID-19 pandemic stalled many construction starts in 2020. In 2021, we saw development fears subside as project starts nearly reached 2019's total. Our regional market has been bolstered by investment in life sciences. With many projects returning from the sideline and a healthy pipeline ahead of us, we see construction starts for the Greater Boston Area returning to pre-pandemic levels.







Turner Page 6



Board of Education Regular Meeting - PACKET - (Page 40 of 56)

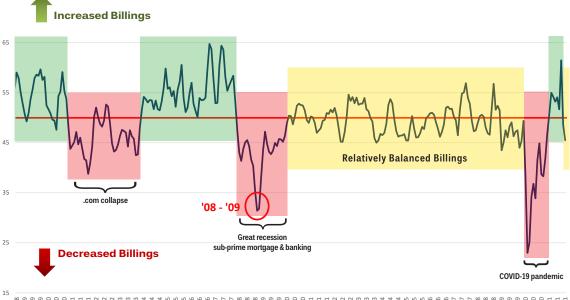
ARCHITECTURAL BILLINGS INDEX

Northeast Region



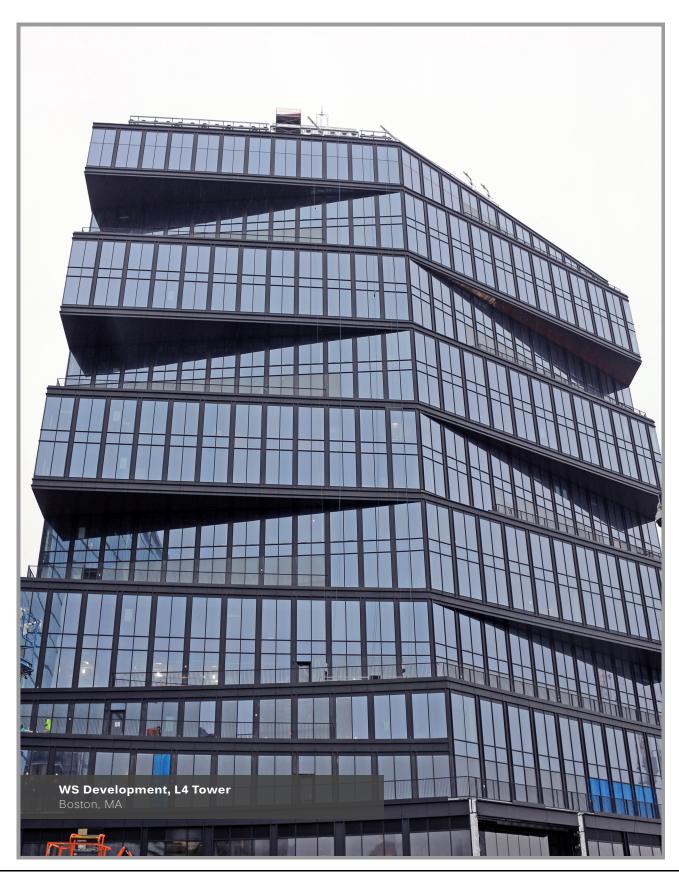
The business volume for architectural services and engineering services has increased significantly in 2021. From historic industry low points in 2020 the increase has been dramatic. This dramatic increase will likely settle into a steady pattern of continued project designs. This is both depicted by the chart below, and from feedback from our local design partners. This design business volume is a significant leading indicator to a busy and well funded construction market. It backs up our project by project construction volume study on the previous pages.

% of Architecture Firms with Higher Billings than Month Before



Move 98 March 99 Marc

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SOURCEBLUE COST INDEX

(FORMERLY TURNER LOGISTICS)

SourceBlue is increasing its 2021 Cost Index from 155 to 157. This represents an increase of +7.5% in equipment pricing over 2020.

MEP equipment manufacturers continue to publish price increases. Some recent announcements have been in the +10% to +15% range. Factors contributing to this increase are due to the continued elevated demand from the large data center market segment, significant increases in raw material costs (most notably steel, copper, aluminum, and petroleum products), and increased pricing for global transportation and freight.

Lead times for electrical and mechanical equipment continue to increase across most product lines. Supply chain issues and component shortages are largely responsible for manufacturing delays and missed delivery commitments. HVAC equipment manufacturers are reporting significant production delays due to long lead times of both plastic and stainless steel piping, motor, ECM fans, and PLC components. Similarly, electrical distribution equipment manufacturers and generator manufacturers are extending lead times and quoting price increases due to alternator, microchip (touch panels, displays, amplifiers, microphones), and lug shortages. Light fixture manufacturers are beginning to indicate delays in components from China, particularly drivers. Battery manufacturers are quoting longer lead times from China - lithium ion batteries manufactured in Japan currently have slightly better lead times. Electrical and mechanical equipment field technicians for on-site services such as equipment start-up continue to be in short supply, and we have seen increases in daily rates for these services. On site resources required for complex projects should be secured and scheduled as early as practical.

Year to date industry data for 2021 versus the same time period in 2020 shows electrical equipment orders decreased (-3.3%) and shipments also decreased (-2.3%). For the same time period, mechanical equipment orders increased (+14.7%) and shipments increased (+11.1%).

We will continue to provide updates on price increases and any significant supply chain information as it becomes available.



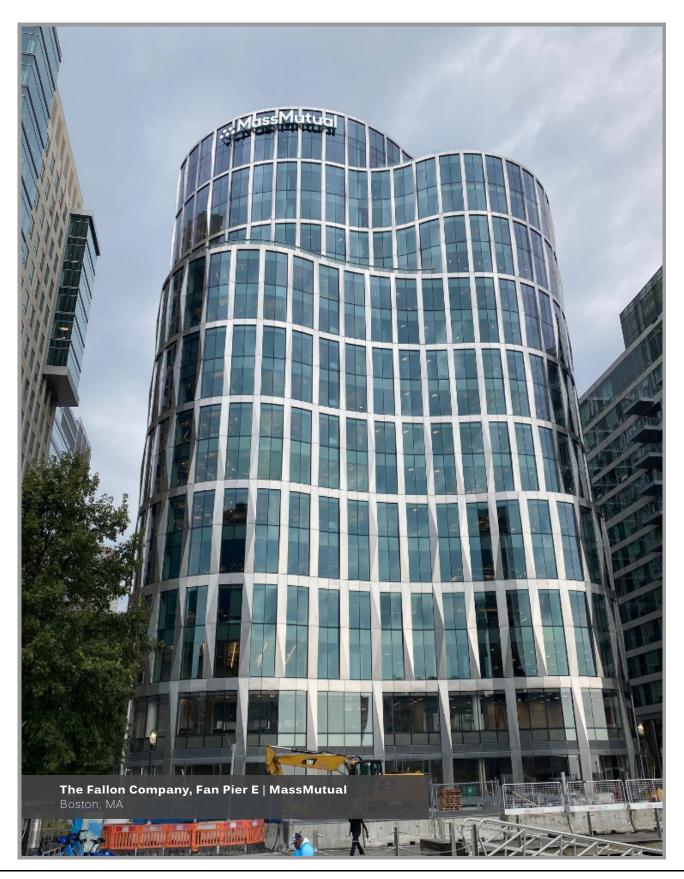
Q3 2021

Estimated Equipment Lead Times (Varies due to Equipment Sizing)

	Previous Report	Current Report
Cooling Towers	10 - 14 wks	10 - 18 wks
Chillers	20 - 30 wks	16 - 28 wks
Air Handling Units	14 - 42 wks	14 - 45 wks
Generators	18 - 46 wks	19 - 40 wks
Switchgear	14 - 32 wks	20 - 52 wks
Uninterruptible Power Supply	14 - 22 wks	16 - 20 wks

Year	Avg. Index	% Change
2021 (Projected)	157	个 7.5%
2020 (Corrected)	146	1 2.8%
2019 (Corrected)	142	↑ 3.0%
2018 (Corrected)	138	↑ 3.8%
2017 (Corrected)	133	↑ 3.0%
2016 (Corrected)	129	↑ 1.5%
2015 (Corrected)	127	↑ 1.0%
2014 (Corrected)	126	个 2.0%
2013 (Corrected)	124	↑ 2.5%
2012 (Corrected)	121	↓ 3.5%
2011 (Corrected)	117	↓ 2.5%
2010 (Corrected)	114	4.5%
2004	100	Base Year

This index is created using the average content of mechanical and electrical equipment on a new construction project. This index does not necessarily conform to other published indices. Historic records and interpretations of the national index for local market conditions may be obtained by contacting Torry Guardino, tguardino@sourceblue.com or by phone (201) 722-3809.



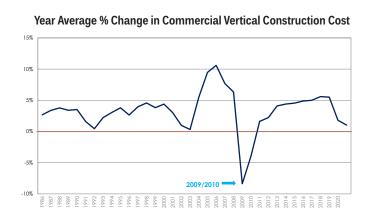
TURNER NATIONAL COST INDICES

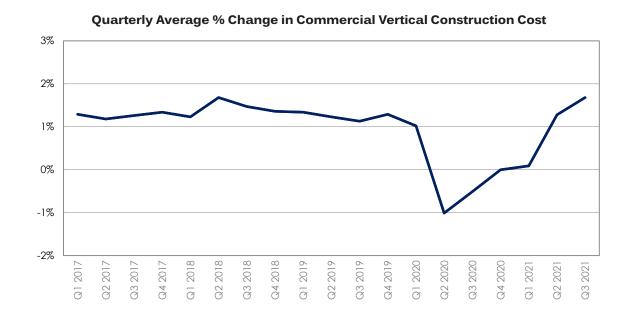
Turner National Report

Q3 2021

Percent Change in Commercial Vertical Construction

Quarter	Cost Index	Δ%
3 rd Quarter 2021	1207	1.68
2 nd Quarter 2021	1187	1.28
1 st Quarter 2021	1172	0.09
4 th Quarter 2020	1171	0.00
Total for last four	quarters	3.05



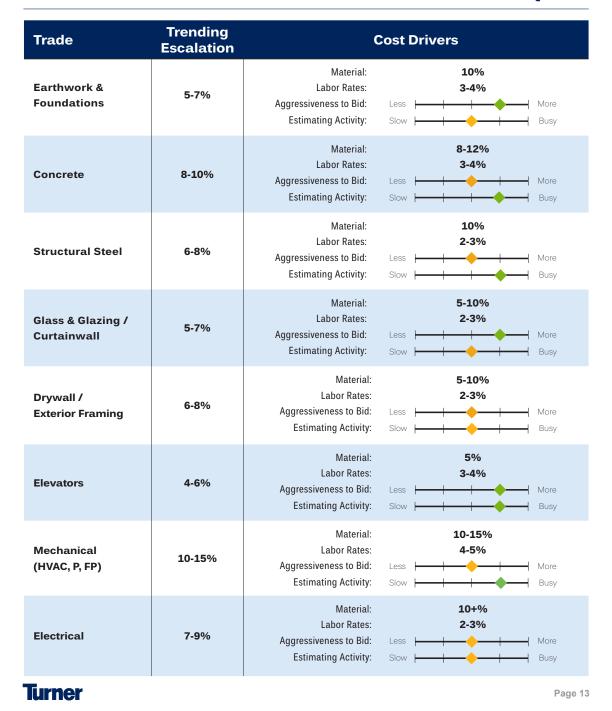


For a complete Cost Index Report please go to: www.turnerconstruction.com/cost-index

Turner

TURNER LOCAL SUBCONTRACTOR SURVEY

Q4 2021



TURNER LOCAL SUBCONTRACTOR SURVEY

Q4 2021

Cost Drivers (more details)

In 2021, the Earthwork trade saw pricing increases in PVC pipe, ductile pipe, sheeting, and other steel products. Many of these items doubled in price over the past 12 months. Steel sheeting lead times vary depending on roll dates and availability. On many jobs we are looking to obtain design information early in order to pre-purchase the sheet prior to an earthwork award. Earthwork subcontractors anticipate additional increases of around 10% in 2022 in cost of ductile and PVC products. As the operating engineers and laborers union agreements expire this year, we believe they will be looking to get increases similar to the Allied Trades and MEP trade agreements. Estimating departments are steady and they are looking to secure additional backlog in 2022 and into 2023.

While there have been sizable material price increases to rebar, lumber, and accessories over the course of 2021, subcontractors are reporting that material pricing has begun to stabilize over the past month. Bidders are rolling potential material escalation into their bids, but are not changing their OH&P drastically to be more aggressive. Estimating departments are busy, but not overwhelmed, and are picking favorable jobs to go after. Bidders are pursuing work mostly for the second half of 2022 and into 2023. Currently, the expectation is that material pricing will continue to level out, with only a few confirmed price increases already relayed from vendors. Lead times have mostly stabilized, with some subcontractors noting long leads for larger orders of wire mesh products.

We saw increases in steel products over the past 6 months, however not as substantial as the increases we saw from the end of 2020 to the middle of 2021. The backlog for both fabricators and erectors is close to booked for work requiring steel on the job in 2022. Employment is between 90% and 100%, with only a few iron workers on the bench and erectors are holding onto company guys. They are expecting they will be able to maintain good productivity with their current crews on upcoming work. More aggressive pricing will be focused on projects that require fabrication of materials in late 2022 and a start in the field in the middle of 2023 and later.

In 2021, we saw cost increases of roughly 10% for glass and 20-30% for steel and aluminum. Over the past few months, metals have held steady, but other costs (transportation & costs to convert raw metals into steel/alum shapes) have continued to increase. The curtainwall trade should be procured 18-24 months prior to product needed on site, as lead times for custom extrusions, paint, and glass continue to rise. Subcontractors do not see issues with labor availability and productivity on projects in 2022. For a number of curtainwall subcontractors, estimating departments are steady and have the ability to bid on more work. A number of the fabricators are looking for additional backlog and will be pricing certain projects aggressively.

Drywall contractors saw 10-20% increases in GWB every few months, 20% increases for metal stud every month for the past 6 months, and a cumulative increase of 30-40% for mud, batt insulation, and mineral wool. More standard increases are anticipated over the next 6 months, as contractors are seeing the start of a leveling off going into 2022. Lead times have fluctuated in both directions, some showing a trend towards normalcy. Some products remain harder to get as the housing market has a high demand for drywall and mineral wool. Fluctuations in material pricing have resulted in a more conservative approach to bidding in the short-term, but for real opportunities, bidders are attempting to off-set by reducing labor and overhead in order to remain competitive. We may be trending towards normalcy, but bidders are wary of conditions sliding back due to logistics and the evolving COVID situation.

While the elevator trade has seen some supply chain disruptions for materials, the factories have been able to react accordingly to avoid any impacting lead time increase. However, the high-rise traction elevator equipment out of China has a current lead time of 30 weeks. For our region, overseas equipment has been shipping to east coast ports, avoiding disruption on those products. Pricing and lead times are expected to remain stable over the next 6 months, but a labor contract renewal starting in Q3 of 2022 has not yet been finalized. The labor pool is fully employed and many significant projects are currently booked, but larger elevator contractors are aggressively bidding while smaller ones have consistent backlog and are more selective for the short term.

In 2021, we saw overall HVAC/Plumbing/FP escalation approaching 20-25%, led mainly by a cost increase in and scarcity for materials. As we head into 2022, most subcontractors are in agreement that as demand remains strong, future escalation will be in the range of 10-15%, influenced mainly by supply chain issues, labor shortages, and increase in profit margins. We expect continued escalation for equipment to be around 20-30% for 2022, and expect lead times for all equipment to continue to rise for all of 2022 until all vendors are 3x pre-pandemic lead time durations. Pipe fitters and plumbers union halls are currently operating at close to 100%. In 2023, we expect to see increased labor costs due to a decrease in productivity.

Substantial pricing increases were seen in 2021; equipment (generators, gear, switchboards), light fixtures/controls/components increased 15-25%, while steel pipe/fittings, wire, boxes, and fittings saw 60-65%. PVC products saw the most significant increase, more than doubling in price the past 12 months. Estimating departments remain busy and most have work for 2022 and are looking to fill backlog on projects for 2023 and 2024. With the Local 103 hall close to empty, they are looking to win work to hold onto their company workers in preparation for the increase in volume expected in 2023 and beyond. By maintaining their company workers they believe they can maintain the current productivity and continue to provide competitive pricing. A major concern is the long lead times on equipment, as well as products from overseas (Chinese components), as the shipping and transportation timeline remains unstable.

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TURNER CONSTRUCTION MARKET LEAD TIME STUDY

No delays to <2 weeks 2 to 4 week delays	4+ weeks of delay	Q4 202
tem Description	Typical Lead Time	Current Lead Time
CONCRETE		
Wood Materials	1 week	1-2 weeks
Wire Mesh Products	2 weeks	2-3 months
Formwork Accessories	1 week	2-3 weeks
Stud Rails	3-5 weeks	5-8 weeks
Reinforcing Material	5 days	15 days
Post Tension Material	3-5 weeks	5-8 weeks
Cement	1 week	1 week
STRUCTURAL STEEL		
Decking	16 weeks	26-32 weeks
Small Joists	16 weeks	40-50 weeks
Large Joists	16 weeks	50 weeks
W-Sections (fab'd)	5 - 6 months	7-8 months
Steel Plate	4 - 6 weeks	10 - 26 weeks
ARTHWORK & SPECIAL FOUNDATIONS		
Steel Sheeting (Domestic)	1-2 weeks	cold rolled: 8-10 weeks hot rolled: 26-28 weeks
Steel Sheeting (Overseas)	12 weeks	cold rolled: 8-16 weeks hot rolled: 26-28 weeks
Ductile Iron Pipe/Fittings	1 week	8-16 weeks
Plastic Conduit/Pipe	1 week	12-16 weeks
ADS (HDPE Pipe)	1 week	8-16 weeks
Precast	1-2 weeks	2-4 weeks
Casting (Frame & Covers)	2-3 weeks	4-8 weeks (except for Handhole covers - maybe several month
ROOFING		
Insulation	4-6 weeks	8-9 months
TPO Membrane	1-2 weeks	2-3 months
EPDM Membrane	2-3 weeks	3 months
PVC Membrane	2-3 weeks	3 months
Adhesives	1-2 weeks	2-3 months+
Fasteners	1-2 weeks	6 months
DOORS, FRAMES & HW		
Stile and Rail Wood doors	3-6 weeks	14-18 weeks
Flush Wood Doors	4-6 weeks	15-16 weeks
Residential Grade Doors and Prehungs	7-9 weeks	up to 22 weeks
Hollow Metal Frames	4-5 weeks	19 weeks
Finish Hardware	5-6 weeks	8-10 weeks
EXTERIOR WALL & INTERIOR GLASS		
Aluminum Extrusions	10-12 weeks	18-30+ weeks
Glass	12-16 weeks	16-18 weeks
Laminated Glass	3 weeks	7 weeks
Mineral Wool	2-3 weeks	30 weeks
Steel Shapes & Coil	4 weeks	18-20 weeks
PVC Extrusions	10-12 weeks	16-18 weeks
Silicon Gaskets	6 weeks	10-12 weeks
Cladding (Alum Plate + Sheet)	4-6 weeks	10-12 weeks
	4-6 weeks	8-10 weeks
Silicon, Hardware, General		

Item Description	Typical Lead Time	Current Lead Time
GWB / ACT		
Paint & Caulking	1 - 3 days	2 - 3 weeks
Drywall	1 week	4 weeks
Mud	2-5 days	4 weeks
Wood	2-4 weeks	2-4 weeks
Metal Studs	1 week	4 weeks
Batt Insualtion	1-2 weeks	4 weeks
Ceiling Grid & Ceiling Tiles	2-4 weeks	2-4 weeks
Specialty Products - Metal Tiles, Linear Metal, Wood Ceilings	12 weeks	18 weeks
SPECIALTIES Toilet Partitions	4 weeks	4 weeks
Accessories	4 weeks or Less	4 weeks 4 weeks or Less
Shades	3-4 weeks	3-4 weeks
Fire Extinguishers	1-2 weeks	1-2 weeks
Operable Partitions (Corbin Hufcor)	8 -10 weeks	12 - 16 weeks
Appliances	2 - 4 weeks	10- 12 weeks
Metal Based Products (Handrails, wall protection)	3-4 weeks	6-8 weeks
Shade Pockets	3-4 weeks	6-8 weeks
Lockers	8-10 weeks	12-16 weeks
Access Flooring (with finished floor)	5 - 6 weeks	16 weeks+
ELEVATORS	2 2 30110	
MRLs	14-16 weeks	16-24 weeks
High Speed	24-28 weeks	24-34 weeks
Low Rise	12-14 weeks	14-16 weeks
PIPE & FITTINGS		
Copper Pipe & Fittings	1-2 weeks	Depends on size can be 4-weeks
Steel Pipe & Fittings	1-2 weeks	4 weeks
PVC Pipe	1-2 weeks	6-8 weeks
HVAC EQUIPMENT		
AHU's (custom)	16-20 weeks	48-52 weeks
Pumps	6-8 weeks	12-14 weeks
Valves	1-2 weeks	8 weeks
Major Equipment (Chillers, Boilers, etc)	8-10 weeks	20 weeks
PLUMBING FIXTURES & EQUIPMENT		
Plumbing Fixtures / Specialty Valves	6-8 weeks	20 weeks with imports extended
Water Heaters	2-4 weeks	20 weeks
Drainage Pumps / Ejectors	10-12 weeks	20 weeks
Fiberglass/ Acrylic Showers	10-12 weeks	18-20 weeks
Kohler Toilets (fancy / residential)	6-8 weeks 6-8 weeks	15-20 weeks 20 weeks
Touchless Faucets & Flush Valves FIRE PROTECTION & EQUIPMENT	6-8 weeks	20 weeks
Fire Pump	8-12 weeks	16-20 weeks
Steel Pipe & Fittings	1-2 weeks	2-4 weeks
Valves (FCVA's, FDV's, Dry valves, PA valves)	1-4 weeks (depending on valve)	2-8 weeks (depending on valve)
PA Panels & Detection Devices	2-4 weeks	16-20 weeks
Flexible Sprinkler Heads	1 week	3-6 weeks
ELECTRICAL		
Lighting (Standard Fixtures)	4-6 weeks	6-10 weeks
Lighting (Custom / Linear Fixtures)	8-10 weeks	16-20 weeks
Lighting Controls	8-10 weeks	10-12 weeks
Generator	10-20 weeks	24-30 weeks
ATS	10-20 weeks	18-24 weeks
Fire Alarm Components	2-5 weeks	6-10 weeks
Gear	6-10 weeks	12-20 weeks
Steel Pipe & Fittings	A few days	2-4 weeks
PVC Pipe	A few days	2-4 weeks
Wire	A few days	3-6 weeks, MI 20 weeks
Boxes and Fittings	A few days	2-4 weeks
Switchboards	6-10 weeks	12-20 weeks

LOCAL ESCALATION

Material Escalation

The Bureau of Labor Statics shows an average material escalation of 21.0% change over the past 12 months. This number reflects the intermediate demand by commodity type - materials and components for construction.

The all items index rose 6.8% for the 12 months ending November, the largest 12-month increase since the period ending November 1990. The index for all items less food and energy rose 4.6% over the last 12 months, the largest 12-month increase since the period ending August 1991. The energy index rose 30% over the last 12 months, and the food index increased 5.3%.

These historic increases bring the possibility for broad based inflationary pressures. With the CPI and PPI at highs not seen in 30+ years, it is likely that in 2022 the federal reserve will increase interest rates to take on inflation. While this threat of inflation can create rising interest rates and a tightening of investments, we have not experienced a change in business fluidity. Again, this is driven locally by heavy investment in lab science.



12-month
% Change
41.1%
8.4%
37.8%
141.6%
8.4%
20.9%
12.2%
6.2%

Producer Price Index (WPUID612)

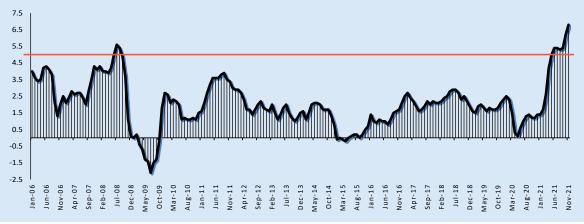
Average Material Escalation: 21.0%

Consumer Price Index (CPI)

6.8% / year escalation

Consumer Price Index Over the Past 15 Years

Consumer prices accelerated at their fastest pace in nearly 40 years with the CPI hitting 6.8% in November. Over the last month the Federal Reserve has changed its stance on inflation and retired it's description as transitory. The tapering of asset purchases has increased and they are now projecting a minimum of two rate hikes in 2022.



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LOCAL ESCALATION

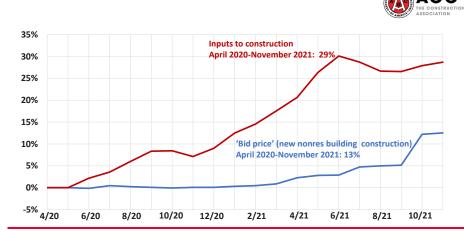
Commodity Index & Construction Pricing

November 2021

13%

Input costs for general contractors have soared by 13% from April 2020 to November 2021. This chart shows the input costs have been absorbed prior to March 2021.

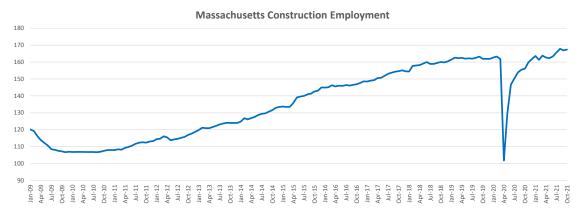
cumulative change in PPIs, April 2020 -November 2021 (not seasonally adjusted)



1 | Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, producer price indexes, www.bls.gov/ppi

Construction Employment

Construction employment has been dramatically effected by the COVID-19 pandemic. In 2020, we were focused on how this workforce "comes back to work." There has been increased demand and increased work, which has resulted in the highest construction employee numbers we have seen in quite some time, just above what they were prior to the pandemic.



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LOCAL ESCALATION

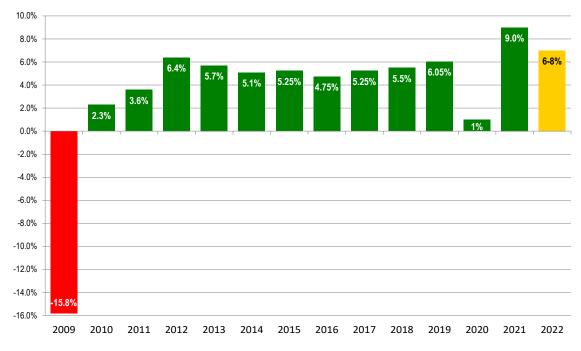
Local Market Q4 2021

In 2021, we experienced the highest escalation documented in the last decade. This is due to the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic on commodity materials that become products in the construction industry, along with supply chain challenges, and the increasing construction volume in our market. The projection looking forward is for this to continue. The supply chain challenges will continue and the increasing volume will challenge the industry's ability to supply the necessary workforce. This will stress productivity, and the future pipeline of projects will keep trade contractors full to capacity.

Variance from Previous	us Quarter
Material	7
Labor	\leftrightarrow
Market Conditions	7
Overall	7

The escalation for 2022 will remain high. How high will depend on the number of project starts, and the very hard to predict anomalies that can occur in such a fragile supply chain.

Greater Boston Area Year to Year Local Escalation



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COLLIERS INTERNATIONAL MARKET STATISTICS

Q3 2021



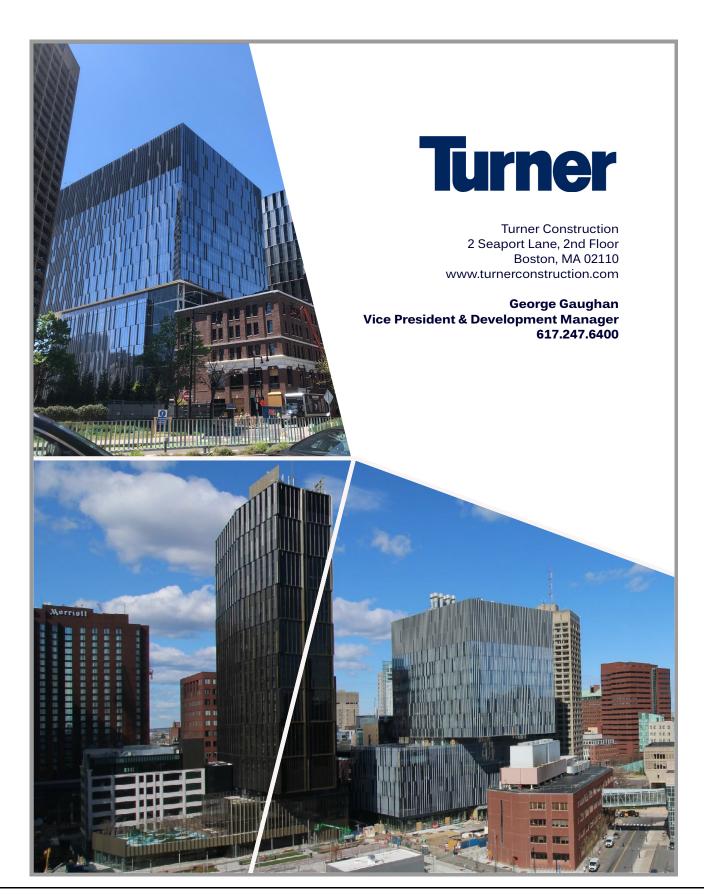
Submarket/Class	Total Inventory SF	Direct Availability	Sublease Availability	Availability Rate	Availability Rate Previous	Net Absorption Current	Net Absorption YTD	Under Construction	Deliveries YTD	Avg Direct Asking Rent (FSG)
Boston										
Back Bay	13,379,652	838,391	308,524	8.6%	10.0%	196,496	199,180	-	-	\$67.60
Downtown	34,251,697	4,700,798	1,296,382	17.5%	17.2%	(113,773)	(706,001)	772,422	-	\$64.33
Allston / Brighton	758,521	33,952	47,056	10.7%	10.7%	-	(6,862)	-	-	\$55.00
Charlestown	2,067,701	274,395	265,956	26.1%	27.6%	29,641	(208,846)	-	-	\$47.14
Crosstown	504,000	40,230	10,997	10.2%	11.0%	4,243	2,950	-	-	\$41.00
Fenway / Kenmore	1,918,948	36,854	16,940	2.8%	3.1%	6,059	88,037	275,000	-	\$53.00
North Station	2,245,004	292,162	134,663	19.0%	21.2%	48,475	100,502	1,715,212	-	\$54.26
Seaport	9,556,423	992,891	509,092	15.7%	16.7%	98,594	(485,305)	730,000	-	\$60.80
South Station	1,256,141	209,971	7,367	17.3%	20.3%	37,510	(9,855)	660,000	-	\$53.47
TOTAL	65,938,087	7,419,644	2,596,977	15.2%	15.7%	307,245	(1,026,200)	4,152,634	-	\$62.66
Cambridge										
Alewife Station / Route 2	1,681,993	163,141	92,972	15.2%	12.6%	(44,752)	(2,353)	-	-	\$74.12
East Cambridge	8,842,083	428,176	263,673	7.8%	9.5%	150,477	116,135	420,000	-	\$90.51
Harvard Square / Mass Ave	1,817,408	95,127	72,170	9.2%	9.2%	-	(27,783)	-	-	\$79.71
TOTAL	12,341,484	686,444	428,815	9.0%	9.9%	105,725	85,999	420,000	-	\$85.12
Suburbs										
Inner Suburbs	5,377,085	653,256	168,047	15.3%	15.8%	25,656	54,689	379,312	-	\$36.51
Route 128 North	7,056,551	1,244,690	61,151	18.5%	16.5%	(15,835)	(1,573)	220,000	154,000	\$23.24
Route 128 Northwest	17,595,526	2,297,656	263,677	14.6%	14.2%	(59,686)	(237,366)	-	-	\$30.91
Route 128 Mass Pike	20,726,606	2,866,143	608,663	16.8%	16.4%	(69,199)	108,515	253,810	-	\$38.23
Route 128 South	16,159,772	2,217,015	325,652	15.7%	15.6%	(17,257)	(134,789)	116,334	-	\$24.85
Route 495 North	18,740,522	4,062,098	542,466	24.6%	25.5%	175,340	(61,591)	220,000		\$19.62
Route 495 West	19,435,736	3,691,436	656,048	22.4%	23.1%	145,681	43,897	-	150,000	\$20.19
Route 495 South	3,196,097	432,791	90,623	16.4%	16.6%	7,308	(98,071)	-	-	\$20.68
Worcester	1,988,183	352,702	100,000	22.8%	21.8%	(20,000)	11,291	-	-	\$23.47
TOTAL	110,276,078	17,817,787	2,816,327	18.7%	18.8%	172,008	(314,998)	1,189,456	-	\$25.81
TOTAL	188,555,649	25,923,875	5,842,119	16.8%	17.1%	584.978	(1,255,199)	5.762.090	304.000	

Market	Square Feet (SF) Supply	Direct SF Available	Sublease SF Available	Vacancy*		YTD Absorption
Boston	5,842,522	18,048	18,048 - 0		264,219	609,966
Financial District	102,567	-	-	0.0%	-	-
Allston / Brighton	203,922	-	-	0.0%	32,811	19,000
Charlestown	773,475	-	-	0.0%	-	57,781
Crosstown	521,000	-	-	0.0%	-	-
Fenway / Kenmore	2,339,047	-	-	0.0%	-	-
Seaport	1,843,511	18,048	-	1.0%	231,408	533,185
South Station	59,000	-	-	0.0%	-	-
Cambridge	12,804,859	1,272	-	0.0%	27,617	233,621
Alewife Station / Route 2	1,358,621		-	0.0%	28,889	148,783
East Cambridge	11,364,151	1,272	-	0.0%	(1,272)	84,838
Harvard Square / Mass Ave	82,087	-	-	0.0%	-	-
Suburbs	13,414,878	142,330	130,182	2.0%	570,089	1,125,805
Inner Suburbs	1,524,906	-	8,000	0.5%	49,674	120,387
Route 128 North	515,850	-	=	0.0%	-	-
Route 128 Northwest	3,774,697	46,196	96,050	3.8%	109,899	218,558
Route 128 Mass Pike	2,265,782	28,595	-	1.3%	205,385	350,621
Route 128 South	440,927	7,299	16,531	5.4%	8,817	(16,531)
Route 495 North	1,838,794	31,363	-	1.7%	109,915	340,515
Route 495 West	1,927,925	28,877	9,601	2.0%	73,910	99,766
Route 495 South	200,000	=	=	0.0%	-	-
Worcester	925,997	-	÷	0.0%	12,489	12,489
TOTAL	32,062,259	161,650	130,182	0.9%	861,925	1,969,39

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LAB MARKET

OFFICE MARKET





110 Myrtle Avenue Westport, Connecticut 06880 Telephone: (203) 341-1025 Fax: (203) 341-1029 tscarice@westportps.org

To: Members of the Board of Education

From: Mr. Elio Longo, Chief Financial Officer

Mr. Thomas Scarice, Superintendent of Schools

Re: Tuition Rates for 2022-23

Date: June 3, 2022

We annually establish tuition rates to cover the following circumstances:

- 1. to provide the basis for calculating the 25% tuition rate for the non-resident children of school employees;
- 2. to cover students who move out of Westport before April 1, who are permitted to complete the school year on a pro-rated basis;
- 3. to cover exceptional cases, such as when families enroll children expecting to move to Westport, and then fail to establish residency, or other unforeseen circumstances; and
- 4. to cover instances when students are accepted as tuition students for the year.

During the current 2021-22 school year there were 44 children of employees who attended our schools. We anticipate approximately the same number for the 2022-2023 school year.

Several years ago, in response to a Board request, a formula was developed for tuition rates for the various grade levels which gave a close approximation of actual costs. (The base tuition figures do not include the cost of bus transportation between home and school as this service is not provided to non-resident students. It also does not include special education costs, which are assessed on an individual basis for students requiring special education.)

For the upcoming 2022-23 school year we have applied the total general budget increase of 3.11% to the 2021-2022 rates. The chart on the following page shows the current rates and the new rates for 2022-2023.

TUTION RATE: 2022-23 GRADES K-12

Grade Level	Full Non-Residen 21-22	nt Tuition 22-23	Employee Tuitio 21-22	n 22-23
K-5	\$18,308	\$18,877	\$4,577	\$4,719
6-8	\$25,636	\$26,433	\$6,409	\$6,608
9-12	\$27,464	\$28,318	\$6,866	\$7,080

TUTION RATES: 2022-23 PRE-SCHOOL

The full rates for our integrated pre-school were established during the 2022-23 budget process by the Pupil Services Department in collaboration with the Business Office, and are competitive with other area pre-schools. Westport residents' children with special needs receive free tuition, as per federal mandate. Westport residents' children without special needs are admitted to the program at the tuition rates shown below. Employees' children are admitted only after all residents' children have been accommodated. As with K-12 tuition, employees pay 25% of the full rate.

	Full Rate	Employee Rate		
3-5 year olds 5 days per week	\$ 7,329	\$1,832		
3-5 year olds (Extended day)	\$11,305	\$2,826		