Pulaski County Intervention System (PCIS)

Pulaski County Preschool/Lake Cumberland Head Start



The Pulaski County School System will ensure a quality, comprehensive education for each student.

2016-2017

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Introduction

On December 3, 2004, Congress reauthorized the Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act (IDEA 2004). The language that Congress uses in IDEA 2004 and No Child Left Behind (NCLB 2001) stresses the use of professionally sound interventions and instruction based on defensible research, as well as the delivery of effective academic and behavior programs to improve student performance. Congress believes that as a result, fewer children will require special education services. Provisions of IDEA 2004 allow school districts to use scientific, research-based interventions as an alternative method for identifying students with specific learning disabilities (SLD). This process is generally referred to as Response to Intervention (RTI).

"Response to Intervention (RTI) integrates assessment and intervention within a multi-level prevention system to maximize student achievement and to reduce behavior problems. With RTI, schools identify students at risk for poor learning outcomes, monitor student progress, provide evidence-based interventions and adjust the intensity and nature of those interventions depending on a student's responsiveness, and identify students with learning disabilities" (National Center on Response to Intervention).

The components of RTI serve as a framework in the design of the Pulaski County Intervention System (PCIS):

- Universal screening
- Measurable definition of problem area
- Baseline data prior to an intervention
- · Establishment of a written plan detailing accountability
- Progress monitoring
- Comparison of pre-intervention data to post-intervention data for efficacy
- Multi-tiered service delivery
- Data-based decision making
- Parent involvement
- Fidelity of implementation
- Professional development

Information regarding child find requirements and referral system from the Kentucky Administrative Regulations revised August 26, 2008.

707 KAR 1:300

Section 1. Child Find Requirements. (1) An LEA shall have in effect policies and procedures that plan and implement a child find system to locate, identify, and

evaluate each child: (a) Whose age is three (3) to twenty-one (21); (b) Who resides in a home, facility, or residence within the LEA's geographical boundaries, including children with disabilities who attend private schools located within the LEA boundaries, children who are highly mobile such as migrant children, homeless children as described in 704 KAR 7:090, children who are wards of the state or are in state custody, and students who are advancing grade to grade resulting from passing a grade but who still may have a disability; (c) Who is either in or out of school; and (d) Who may need special education and related services.

- (2) For preschool age children with disabilities, an LEA must ensure a smooth and effective transition from the early intervention program to preschool.
- (3) Each LEA shall participate in transition planning conferences for children with disabilities served by early intervention programs.

Section 3. Referral System. (1) An LEA shall have a referral system that explains how referrals from district or non-district sources will be accepted and acted upon in a timely manner. (2) The referral system shall be conducted in such a manner as to prevent inappropriate over identification or disproportionate representation by race and ethnicity of children in special education by ensuring that each child has been provided appropriate instruction and intervention services prior to referral. (3) The LEA shall ensure that: (a) Prior to, or as a part of the referral process, the child is provided appropriate, relevant research-based instruction and intervention services in regular education settings, with the instruction provided by qualified personnel; and (b) Data-based documentation of repeated assessments of achievement or measures of behavior is collected and evaluated at reasonable intervals, reflecting systematic assessment of student progress during instruction, the results of which were provided to the child's parents. (4) If the child has not made adequate progress after an appropriate period of time during which the conditions in subsection (3) of this section have been implemented, a referral for an evaluation to determine if the child needs special education and related services shall be considered.

Preschool Enrollment Requirements

If your child is 3: The child must have a disability
If your child is 4: The child must have a disability or be income eligible. Some tuition spots available.

Head Start Enrollment Requirements

Children from birth to age five from families with income below the poverty line are eligible for Head Start (preschool age children) and Early Head Start services (birth to age three and pregnant women). Children from families receiving public assistance (TANF or SSI) are also eligible for Head Start and Early Head Start services regardless of family income. Foster children are also Head Start and Early Head Start eligible regardless of their foster family's income. (Programs may, however, enroll up to 10% of their children from families that do not meet the above requirements.)

Multi-tiered Service Delivery Model & Data-Based Decision Making

The PCIS approach incorporates a three-tiered system of service delivery in which each tier represents an increasingly intense level of services. Students move fluidly from tier to tier. A three-tiered concept aligns all available resources to support and address students' needs. PCIS is not a placement model of defining where students are placed within the tiers, but a service delivery model that guides the services to the students in an organized structured format.

In Tier 1, all students receive high quality, scientifically-based, developmentally appropriate academic and behavior instruction within the general education classroom or the core instruction.

Screening Procedures:

Age/Enrollment Status	Screening Process
3- and 4-year-old: Not enrolled in school	 District screening days are scheduled throughout the school year. Parent/guardian takes child to the local school to participate in the screening. Child is screened in 5 developmental areas (cognition, language, personal-social, adaptive and motor). All screening results are discussed with the parent/guardian.

3-year-old: Attending preschool due to a disability	If the teacher has a concern in an additional area the teacher will screen the student in the area of concern. A screening will occur for all First Steps students in areas not receiving services.
4-year-old: Enrolled in preschool due to income	 All income eligible 4-year-olds will be screened within the first 30 school days of enrollment.

If screening results indicate that children are not meeting standards, those children will receive appropriate instruction in the classroom that is differentiated to meet their needs.

If no concerns are noted during the screening process, these children will not proceed any further in the screening process. If concerns are noted, the children will have the opportunity to receive interventions. The problem solving team will meet and develop an intervention plan for the child.

- * For children currently enrolled in preschool, interventions will be provided in the preschool classroom.
 - * For children not enrolled in preschool, interventions may be provided by:
 - a) the child attending an intervention group at the preschool; or
 - b) the parent

Interventions are implemented for a minimum of 12 sessions. The child will be screened after approximately 6 sessions of interventions and then again after approximately 6 sessions of interventions.

If the problem solving team determines the student has made sufficient progress based on data during the interventions, the student will not proceed any further in the intervention process and will not be eligible to attend preschool, unless already enrolled as a 4-year-old or as a student with a disability.

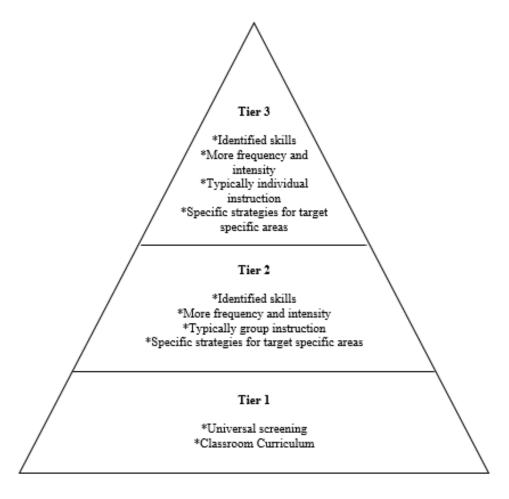
If the problem solving team determines the child has made insufficient progress during the interventions, the problem solving team may recommend to continue interventions, increase the intensity and duration of the interventions or refer for

a special education evaluation.

In addition to the core instruction provided in Tier 1, Tier 2 and Tier 3 provides interventions for students not making adequate progress in the core curriculum. Students in Tier 2 receive academic and/or behavior instruction matched to their needs, based on screening results. Instruction in Tier 2 typically involves small groups of students focused on the targeted area(s) identified by the screener. Students in Tier 3 receive increasingly intensive academic and/or behavior instruction matched to their needs, based on results of continuous progress monitoring. Instruction in Tier 3 typically involves individual instruction focused on the targeted area(s). The frequency and duration of the intervention(s) is determined by the data.

Interventions and strategies may include: modeling, direct instruction, small group, paraphrasing, redirection, controlled choices, most to least prompting, least to most prompting, constant time delay, delayed responses, social narratives, task analysis, hand over hand, redirection, prompting/cueing, paraphrasing, etc.

Tiered Pyramid



Sample Decision-Making Rubric

	Entry	Exit
Tier I	N/A	N/A
Tier II	Student that demonstrates	Progress monitoring reflects a
	below average scores or	minimum of 6 data points
	potential delay based on	demonstrating progress and/or average
	screening indexes.	scores based on screening indexes.
Tier III	Student does not	Progress monitoring reflects a
	demonstrate adequate	minimum of 6 data points
	progress during Tier II	demonstrating progress and/or average
	interventions.	scores based on screening indexes.

Matrix Using Three-Tiered Model

This matrix represents corresponding roles and activities for implementation of universal screening, progress monitoring, and scientific, research-based interventions within a two-tiered system.

SCREENING	Tier I	Tier II	Tier III
When:	Universal screening	N/A	N/A
What:	Brigance Dial - 3 Lap-3	N/A	N/A
Who:	All school staff	N/A	N/A
PROGRESS MONITORING	Tier I	Tier II	Tier III
When:	N/A	Weekly	Weekly
What:	N/A	Interventions Goals Data	Interventions Goals Data
Who:	N/A	Interventionist, classroom teacher, instructional assistants, and other trained personnel	Interventionist, classroom teacher, instructional assistants, and other trained personnel
INTERVENTIONS	Tier I	Tier II	Tier III
When:	N/A	Minimum 30-90 minute sessions, 1 or more times per week	Minimum 30-90 minute sessions, 2 or more times per week

What:	N/A	Research based	Research based
		interventions and	interventions and
		strategies	strategies
Who:	N/A	Interventionist, classroom teacher, instructional assistants, and other	Interventionist, classroom teacher, instructional
		trained personnel	assistants, and other trained personnel

Problem Solving Process Model

In the event that progress monitoring data indicates current interventions are not effective, each school will create problem-solving teams composed of school-based individuals and parents. These problem-solving teams will clarify the needs of the individual student, gather information to assist in decision making, and analyze available data for modification and planning of academic and/or behavioral interventions. The problem-solving team may consist of, but not limited to the following individuals: parent(s), principals, student's teacher(s), school psychologists, liaisons, FRYSC and community providers. Additional members may be included on the problem-solving team when their area of expertise is of assistance to the team.

To facilitate the problem-solving process at Tier II and Tier III, the information collected during assessment must inform instructional decision-making. Data is gathered by sampling information from instruction, curriculum, and the environment before focusing on the learner. Consideration of data includes a review of records and products, interviews of teachers and parents, observations and assessment of specific concerns.

In making decisions, teams should use the following approach:

- **Define the problem** When a concern is raised, the first step is to review the concern and attempt to identify the problem. The problem-solving team should first review existing student data to determine specific problems. For example, a student should not be identified as simply having an academic or a behavior problem. The team should try to narrow the problem (based upon available data) to identify the deficit skill area(s) (e.g., concepts, language, articulation, motor, social-emotional skills, adaptive behavior skills).
- Analyze the cause Once the problem is defined, the problem-solving team needs to develop a hypothesis as to why the problem is occurring and continuing. This involves analyzing those variables that can be altered through instruction in order to find a solution. This includes questions of fidelity,

missing skills, motivational factors, or lack of exposure to the general curriculum. The team should focus on explanations of the problem that can be addressed through intervention. In addition to the cause of the problem, the team needs to consider the student's rate of learning and/or adaptive behavior. In doing this, the team reviews the student's progress (e.g., learning trend) and exposure to skills in the identified areas.

- **Develop a plan** Once the problem has been analyzed, the problem-solving team identifies academic and/or behavioral interventions that will meet the student's needs. The team does this by developing a plan that includes: an implementation timeframe (e.g., 4 weeks, 6 weeks, or 8 weeks); the frequency of the interventions (how often the intervention will be provided and for how many minutes per week); who will provide the intervention (e.g., general education teacher, therapist); and a timeframe to evaluate the effectiveness of the intervention. The student's plan will outline the goal for progress.
- Implement the plan- Academic and/or behavioral interventions must be implemented with fidelity. To ensure fidelity, qualified staff must deliver the interventions according to the prescribed process and timeframe. Problemsolving teams should document their delivery of the interventions.
- Evaluate the plan- In order to determine if the academic and/or behavioral intervention is working for a student, the problem-solving team must collect data through progress monitoring. The frequency of progress monitoring depends on the tier, but in all cases the process is similar. For example, a student's current performance and progress is compared to their projected level of performance. If the student is not making adequate progress, the problem-solving team should revisit the intervention plan to make appropriate modifications or revisions.

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Appendices



Child Development Skills for Three-to Four-Year-Old Children

GROSS AND FINE MO	GROSS AND FINE MOTOR DEVELOPMENT		
Normal Characteristics	What Parents Can Do		
Runs, jumps, and begins to climb ladders; starts to	Carefully supervise physical activities. Set		
ride tricycles; is very active.	necessary limits. Expose children to playground		
	settings while monitored.		
Scribbles spontaneously (circles, etc); likes to play	Provide materials and activities to develop		
with mud, sand, finger paints, etc; begins to put	coordination, e.g. sand, crayons, paint, puzzles and		
together simple puzzles and constructs with blocks.	blocks.		
Dresses self fairly well; cannot tie shoes.	Provide opportunities for your child to dress		
	themselves. Let him or her choose their clothes.		
Uses scissors to snip paper	Monitor child while snipping paper with scissors.		
Can feed self with a spoon or fork with some spillage.	Let your child feed themselves.		
Takes care of toilet needs more independently, but	Label all body parts without judgment and answer		
may need some assistance; can stay dry all day but	questions about body functions simply and honestly.		
perhaps not all night; becomes very interested in own			
body and how it works.			
INTELLECTUAL	DEVELOPMENT		
Normal Characteristics	What Parents Can Do		
Continues to learn through senses.	Provide many sensory experiences, e.g. sand, water,		
	pictures, music		
Uses imagination a lot; starts dramatic play and role	Provide props for dramatic play, e.g. old clothes,		
playing; likes to play grown-up roles e.g. Mommy,	shoes, paper, pencils		
Daddy, firefighter, teacher			
Begins to see cause and effect relationships.	Point out and explain common cause and effect		
	relationships—how rain helps flowers grow, how		
	dropping makes glass break and hitting hurts a		
	person.		
Is curious and inquisitive.	Explain things to your child, answer questions		
	honestly, and help your child put feelings and ideas		
	into words.		
Demonstrates matching skills, finding items that are	Have children to help match socks while doing		
the same	laundry, find pictures in books that are the same,		
	label items		
Shows interest in age-appropriate books	Read books with your child, label pictures in books,		
	have child to discuss what they see in the book		
SOCIAL AND EMOTIONAL DEVELOPMENT			
Normal Characteristics	What Parents Can Do		
Is sensitive about the feelings of other people and	Develop a warm relationship with your child.		
understands some emotions.	Express and show love for and confidence in your child.		
Is developing some independence and self-reliance.	Encourage independent activity.		
is developing some independence and sen-renance.	Encourage independent activity.		

May have fear of strangers, animals, or the dark.	Never force your child to participate in frightening activities. Don't ridicule. Provide a night light if necessary.
Is anxious to please adults and is dependent on their approval, love and praise.	Give approval through facial expressions, gestures, and verbal responses. Avoid negative remarks about your child. Emphasize the family's love for your child.
May strike out emotionally at situations or person when having troublesome feelings.	Offer love, understanding, and patience. Help your child work with and understand his own emotions. (Note: Some temporary regression and jealously are common if a new baby arrives.)
Can leave caregivers for short periods of time.	Express interest in what your child has been doing while away from you.
Begins to notice differences in the way men and women act, imitates adults.	Model the things you want your child to do since at the start of gender role development your child will imitate adults.
Starts to be more interested in others; begins group play; likes company. Is not ready for games or competition; groups are not well formed.	Provide enough materials so that several children can use them together. Help your child find socially acceptable ways of dealing with others.
LANGUAGE D	
Normal Characteristics	What Parents Can Do
Produces basic four to five word sentences	Talk to child using complete sentences. Model
Vocabulary includes pronouns (I, you, me), plurals, prepositions, verbs, and nouns.	language.
Answers questions logically,	Ask questions relating to activities children are
Understands most simple questions	completing or understand.
Understands some concepts including quantity, color, and more/most	Count items, identify colors, discuss size comparison during play or activities.
Begins to categorize objects	Categorize items at home and in community
Follow multi-step directions	Begin with simple directions and increase in difficulty
ADAPTIVE SKILLS DEVELOPMENT	
Normal Characteristics	What Parents Can Do
Wipes nose when reminded.	Model and encourage practice.
Initiates and completes dressing and undressing,	Provide opportunities for your children to dress
except fasteners.	themselves. Let him or her choose their clothing.
Snaps or hooks clothing.	Allow opportunity for the child to snap or hook
	clothing will getting dressed.



Child Development Skills for Four-to Five-Year-Old Children

GROSS AND FINE MOTOR DEVELOPMENT		
Normal Characteristics	What Parents Can Do	
Is very active and consistently on the go.	Provide plenty of play space both indoors and out.	
	Provide for rest, as your child will tire easily.	
	Promote safety during play.	
Has rapid muscle growth.	Provide ample protein in diet since nutrition is	
	important.	
Walks up and down stairs without assistance.	Monitor child while walking up and down stairs.	
	Encourage independence.	
Running is more controlled. Can start, stop, and turn.	Ensure safety when children are running. Provide	
	opportunities to play outside.	
Can easily catch, throw and bounce a ball.	Play ball with children, demonstrate turn taking	
	skills.	
Can brush teeth, comb hair, wash and dress with little	Model skills for children while teaching. Provide	
assistance.	encouragement.	
Copies vertical and horizontal lines, crosses, and	Provide models and opportunities for children to	
circles.	draw or write.	
Prints some letters.	Provide models and opportunities for children to	
	play with letters and write letters.	
Uses table utensils skillfully.	Let children explore with spoon and fork, age	
·	appropriate size. Monitor use and safety.	
Cuts on a line.	Provide opportunities for children to cut using child	
	safe scissors. Monitor use and safety. Do not leave	
	children alone with scissors.	
INTELLECTUAL	DEVELOPMENT	
Normal Characteristics	What Parents Can Do	
Has large vocabulary, 1500+ words; has strong interest	Provide interesting words and stories. Play word	
in language; is fascinated by words and silly sounds.	games.	
Understands words that relate one idea to another-if,	Answer questions with detailed, but brief	
why, when	information.	
Demonstrates curiosity, talks consistently, and asks	Answer questions patiently.	
numerous questions.		
Nightmares are common	Accept the fright as real. Help your child gain	
	power over the experience (e.g. a "magic" light to	
	freeze the monster.)	
Understands, mostly, the difference between fantasy	Pretend plays but also realizes the rules of games.	
and reality		
Continues to learn through experience and the senses.	Encourage play and provide learning experiences.	
Understands number and space concepts-more, less,	Talk about position of items and self (the book is on	
bigger, in, under, behind	the table).	
Thinks literally; starting to develop logical thinking		
Begins to grasp that pictures and symbols can	Labels items in pictures.	
represent real objects.		

Starts to recognize patterns among objects- round things, soft things, animals	Characterize items in the home or environment.	
Grasps the concepts of past, present, and future but	Discuss what child did yesterday, today, and plans	
does not understand the duration of time	to do tomorrow.	
SOCIAL AND EMOTIONAL DEVELOPMENT		
Normal Characteristics	What Parents Can Do	
Takes turns, shares, cooperates	Plays games with children, demonstrate turn taking and sharing.	
Often tests people to see who can be controlled.	Establish limits and adhere to them.	
Expresses anger verbally rather than physically.	Teach child to express feelings in appropriate manner.	
Has growing confidence in self and world.	Strengthen positive self-esteem by pointing out the things your child can do for himself.	
Is beginning to develop some feeling of insecurity, can feel jealousy.	Assure your child that she/he is loved.	
Really needs to play with others; has relationships that are often stormy; when playing in groups, will be selective about playmates.	Send your child to a good preschool or play group. If not possible, encourage group play but don't be surprised by disagreements or child's behavior toward different children.	
Likes to imitate adult activities; has good imagination.	Allow your child to participate in adult activities which he/she can mange, e.g. dusting, setting the table, filling pets' water dish.	
Relies less on physical aggression; is learning to share,	Expect your child to take simple responsibilities and	
accept rules, takes turns.	follow simple rules such as taking turns.	
LANGUAGE DE	CVELOPMENT	
Normal Characteristics	What Parents Can Do	
Names object by use or description,	Can identify that a cup is something you drink from,	
Names categories.	describe items while using them (spoon, shoes, etc).	
Repeats longer words and sentences.	State clear sentences for child to repeat.	
Expresses ideas and feelings rather than just the world around them.	Encourage children to express thoughts and describe feelings.	
Responds to more complex questions.	Be patient while child answers questions.	
Understands more descriptive language such as adjectives.	Describe items using adjective, play description games (I see something that is big, blue, and	
A D A DUDINE CIZIL I C	bounces)	
ADAPTIVE SKILLS	•	
Normal Characteristics	What Parents Can Do	
Avoid poisons and harmful substances.	Discuss dangers with children. Explain and show children warning labels (i.e., labels/signs for danger).	
Unbutton own clothing.	Allow opportunity for child to practice with buttons.	
Washes hands and face.	Model task and teach steps for washing hands and face. Give child opportunity to practice.	
Use correct utensils for foods.	Let children explore with spoon and fork, age appropriate sized. Monitor the use and safety.	
Bathes self except for back, neck and ears.	When child starts to show interest in bathing self, allow child to practice. Monitor and assist with back, neck and ears.	



Child Development Guide Five to Six Years

GROSS AND FINE MOTOR DEVELOPMENT		
Normal Characteristics	What Parents Can Do	
Can dress and undress self.	Allow independence with clothing.	
May be farsighted, a common condition, causing hand and eye coordination problems.	Have your child's eyes examined if problem persists. Accept awkwardness as normal condition at this time.	
Is able to care for own toilet needs independently.	Praise achievement.	
May have stomachaches or vomit when asked to eat disliked foods; prefers plain cooking but accepts wider choice of foods; may have larger appetite. INTELLECTUAL	Offer appealing varieties in food, but don't force child to eat anything. DEVELOPMENT	
Normal Characteristics	What Parents Can Do	
May stutter if tired or nervous; may lisp.	Do not emphasize language disturbance since it is probably only temporary.	
Tries only what he/she can accomplish; will follow instructions and accept supervision	Reinforce mastered skills and give your children opportunities to be successful in new, simple activities.	
Knows colors, numbers, etc.; can identify penny,	Provide opportunities for your child to make change	
nickel, dime; may be able to print a few letters; a few	(e.g. in restaurants, stores) and to print own name	
children learn to read on their own.	and short names of favorite people and objects.	
SOCIAL AND EMOTIO	NAL DEVELOPMENT	
Normal Characteristics	What Parents Can Do	
In general, is reliable and well-adjusted.	Treat child with love and patience.	
May show some fear of the dark, falling, dogs, or bodily harm, though this is not a particularly fearful age.	Don't dismiss fears as unimportant.	
If tired, nervous, or upset, may exhibit the following behaviors; nail biting, eye blinking, throat clearing, sniffling, nose twitching, and/or thumb sucking.	Try not to appear overly concerned since an increase in nervous habits is temporary and normal. Deal with the cause of the tension rather than the habit exhibited. Help your child structure time to include quiet play and rest. Read your child a story.	
Is concerned with pleasing adults.	Show your love by recognizing positive behaviors.	
Is easily embarrassed.	Be sensitive about embarrassing things and help your child avoid them.	
May fear mother won't return, since mother is the center of your child's world.	Avoid leaving until your child is prepared for mother's departure and return.	
Copies adults and likes their praise.	Your child needs reassurance.	
Plays with boys and girls; is calm and friendly; is not too demanding in relations with others; can play with one child or a group of children, though prefers members of the same sex.	Give opportunities for group play.	
Likes conversation during meals.	Allow and respond to child-initiated conversation.	

Knows differences in sexes and is more modest.	Don't shame your child for interest in sexual
Knows differences in sexes and is more modest.	differences or for touching self.
Is interested in where babies come from.	Offer simple accurate explanations.
If doesn't like school, may develop nausea and	Encourage your child to find enjoyable activities at
vomiting.	school.
Is experiencing an age of conformity; is critical of	Help your child learn the value of individual
those who do not conform.	differences.
Is interested in being good, but may tell untruths or	Do not be shocked by your child's untruthfulness.
blame others for wrongdoings because of intense	"Lying" is not a trait to come down hard on at this
desire to please and do right.	age. Help your child learn to accept responsibility
desire to pieuse und do right.	for her own actions in a positive, caring manner.
Wants to do what he/she believes is right and avoid	Acknowledge your child's attempt to act in
what is wrong	accordance with own beliefs. Don't punish him for
what is wrong	inability to always behave properly.
LANGUAGE DI	
Normal Characteristics	What Parents Can Do
Understands passive voice.	That I arong can be
Continues to understand more complex sentences and	
concepts such as time sequence and complex quantity	
concepts.	
Demonstrates appropriate syntax or sentence structure	
and can identify grammatically incorrect sentences.	
Formulates meaningful and grammatically correct	
questions and sentences.	
Describes similarities and differences.	
ADAPTIVE SKILLS	S DEVELOPMENT
Normal Characteristics	What Parents Can Do
Selects appropriate clothing for temperature and	Allow child to help pick out clothing. Discuss
occasions.	weather with child and explain why they should pick
	certain articles of clothing.
Stops at curb/street, looks both ways, and crosses	Explain dangers of crossing the road without
street without verbal reminders.	looking.
Is responsible for one daily household tasks (i.e.,	Assign child a daily household chore to teach
setting table, taking out trash).	responsibility of completing tasks. Make sure to
	choose a chore that can easily be accomplished.
	Praise child for even attempting the task.
Finds correct (male/female) bathroom in public place.	Teach child to understand bathroom symbols for
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	male and female.
Opens ½ pint milk carton.	Monitor performance. Allow for practice and
	independence.
	1 " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "

Playing the Role

Role-playing is great fun for both you and your child, and it also helps build self-confidence and self-awareness. Your child will learn to see herself from different angles and explore new feelings and ideas in a safe environment. It also helps prepare your child for real situations that may someday occur.

Many preschoolers love to pretend they're keeping house, going to work, flying an airplane, and so on, and they especially love it when you play along. Once a child reaches eight or so, inhibitions about performing often kick in. So reassure your child that there's no such thing as a mistake in these imaginary interactions.

DISPLAYING YOUR CHILD'S MASTERWORKS

Does your child want his/her pictures hanging in their room, or would it mean more to him/her to have their work displayed on a wall in the family room, dining room, kitchen or living room? Frames for the artwork can be simple; after all, it's what's inside the frame that counts. Here are some suggestions for framing and display:

- Tape several small pictures on a large sheet of construction paper or colored poster board.
- Set aside a large bulletin board just for your child's work.
- Hang a long, broad strip of colored ribbon on the wall, and then attach several pictures up and down the length of the ribbon. That way, you avoid lots of tape marks or holes in the wall and you can easily change the display.
- © Frame art projects with a border of wallpaper, newspaper, or wrapping paper.

Memorial Education Center

222 Langdon Street Somerset, KY 42501 (606) 678-4100

SCREENING RESULTS FOR THE BRIGANCE® SCREEN

Child's Name:			
Parent's/Guardian's Name:			
Date of Screening:	Conference Dat	e:	
Teacher's/Scorer's Name:			
Developmental Screening is to determine the child instructional decisions for the child. The BRIGAN that are predictors of school success in the areas of and social-emotional skills.	ICE® screener provides an	n easy and accur	ate screening of skills
Results of the BRIGANCE® Screen:			
Score Compared to Cutoffs:	ff □ Above Cutoff	□ Above	e Gifted Cutoff
TOTAL BRIGANCE® SCORE:	_ Chronological Age: _		
Domain levels:			
	Below Average	Average	Above Average
Physical Development			
Language Development			
Academic Skills/Cognitive Development			
Self-Help Skills			
Social-Emotional Development			
Note: Indicate the score received for each area in the	ne box provided above.		
Area(s) of Strength:			
Area(s) of Weakness:			
Recommendations: (Refer for interventions, res	creen in 6+ months, prov	vide interventio	ns for family, etc.)
			•
Resources provided for family (please list-speed etc.)	h information, RTI infor	mation, parent	guides to standards,
Thank you for the opportunity to screenhave any questions or information to share.	(ch	ild's name). Ple	ase contact us if you
Sincerely,			
Amy Smíth			
Pulaski County Schools			
Preschool Coordinator			
I have received recommended activities/strategi	es to improve my child's	skill levels.	
Parent/Guardian Signature	——————————————————————————————————————		_

Pulaski County Preschool Intervention System Summary of Data & Intervention Form

Student Name: SSID:	Age:	DOB:
School: Gender		
Student represented by:	Self Surrogate	
Does student live with parents?		
If No, with whom does the student live?(name)	Relationship:	
Mother's Name:	Father's Name:	
Home Address:	Home Address:	
Home Address:	Home Address:	
Home Phone: Work : Cell:	Home Phone: Work :	Cell:
Primary mode of communication? Used by Student:	Used in the Home:	
Is Student Currently Enrolled? Yes N	0	
Current Teacher(s):	Grade:	
Referred By:		
☐ Knowledge of Sound/Letter Association☐ Other - Specify:☐ No		
Responds to reading materials Knowledge of the alphabet Draws meaning from pictures Understanding of numbers & counting Understand writing is for communication Understanding of units of measure	ollows simple directions hows interest & understanding of print mergent phonemic/phonological awareneed a story ecognize shapes oduces marks or pictures and symbols ecognize colors her- Specify:	ess

Student's Full Name:						
General Intelligence						
Understanding New C Complete Simple Puzz Uses Attributes to Des Perceptual Discrimina Knows Personal Inform Identifying Pictures Other-Specify:	zles scribe Objects tion	Predicting Events/Results Problem Solving Applying Knowledge Memory (recall from previous Identifying Colors Identifying Body Parts	experiences)			
Check all assessments/screeners below that apply to the student. MUST attach scores. Kindergarten Screener						
Comments:						
Health, Vision, Hearing and Mo	tor Abilities					
Gross Motor Skills Body Control Locomotion Vision Developmental History	<i>(</i>	Fine Motor Skills Perceptual Motor Sensory Hearing Other-Specify				
Student has a current Health, Vis	on, Hearing or Motor condition?	Yes No If yes, spe	ecify:			
Is student currently on medication	? Yes No Specify type	e and dosage:				
Comments:						
Physical Functioning: Attach documentation for results	of each screening. A NEW screen	ing MUST be completed if current of	ones are more than a year old.			
VISION	HEARING	MOTOR Currently Not Applicable	COMMUNICATION Currently Not Applicable			
Required for all students re	ferred for special education	Required when Specific Learning Disability suspected as determined by the ARC	Required as determined by the ARC			
Screening Date: Passed Failed	Screening Date: Passed Failed	Screening Date: Passed Failed	Screening Date: Passed Failed			

Student's Full Name:
Social and Emotional Status
☐ Interaction with Peers ☐ Mood Swings ☐ Interaction with Adults ☐ Repetitive Behaviors ☐ Acceptance of Rules ☐ Self-Concept ☐ Acceptance of Correction ☐ Inactivity or Withdrawal ☐ Acceptance of Redirection ☐ Cooperation ☐ Self-Help Skills/Play Skills ☐ Self-Control ☐ Team or Membership ☐ Expression of Feelings/Affect ☐ Other Specify: ☐ Student is currently monitored in PBIS (behavior RTI). Mood Swings Repetitive Behaviors Self-Concept Enactivity or Withdrawal Cooperation Expression of Feelings/Affect Other Specify: MUST attach documentation.
Attach Discipline Reports and any behavioral screening data if this is an area of concern.
Comments:
Work Skills/Technical/Vocational Functioning
Attending to Task Following Directions Independent Work Habits Seeking Assistance When Needed Identifying Preferences/Interests Maintaining Physical Stamina Sustains working on activities Completing Work Organizing Materials/Belongings Recognizing Personal Limitations Other-Specify Other-Specify
Specialized equipment used by student: Yes No Explain:
School Information: Student Attendance: Please complete and check all that apply. MUST attach copy of attendance/enrollment report. Attended RTI sessions Participated in First Steps therapy sessions Student has attended multiple schools/daycares Student has preschool curriculum data
Comments:

Student's Full Name:	
Summary of Past and Present Support:	
Has this student been evaluated for special education If yes, • when was the student evaluated? • what was the suspected area of disability?	previously? Yes No
Does student currently or has he/she had an IFSP? [If yes, when was the student evaluated? what was the suspected area of delay?	☐ Current ☐ Past
Involvement with outside agency(ies): Yes Describe services that are being provided to this studer Describe the parental involvement in the RTI process, i	
Has this student attended any previous daycares or pre List:	eschool settings?
NTERVENTION STRATEGIES AND DOCUMENTATION OF STRATEGIES AND DOCUMENT ATTEMPTS TO MEET STUDENT NEEDS WITHIN UN Indicate strategies/accommodations/modifications used to in reading materials Alternative reading materials Provide study sheet for review and drill Flexible small groups (teacher directed) Cooperative learning groups Individualized reading instruction One-on-one with teacher Increase use of manipulatives Help from parent/volunteer tutor/paraeducator Alternative math materials Increase repetition and drill Skill-based learning groups	IVERSAL/CORE INSTRUCTION (TIER I)

Student's Full Name:		

INTERVENTIONS IMPLEMENTED: (Documentation of progress data MUST be attached for EACH intervention listed.)

TIER 2 Cognitive Interven	itions (first atten	npt to interve	ne beyond att	empts in core i	instruction)		
Title of Intervention(s)	Frequency of	Amount of			Impact on Targeted Area (progress data must show impact)		
	Service	Time	From	To			
Notes:	ı						

Title of Intervention(s)	Frequency of	of	Dates			Impact on Targeted Area (progress data must show impact)
	Service	Time	From	To		
Modeling Direct Instruction Delayed Response Most-to-Least Prompts Least-to-Most Prompts Time Delay Social Stories Prompting/Cueing Other:						

Student's Full Name:		

INTERVENTIONS IMPLEMENTED: (Documentation of progress data MUST be attached for EACH intervention listed.)

TIER 2 Self-Help/Adaptive Interventions (first attempt to intervene beyond attempts in core instruction)								
Title of Intervention(s)	Frequency of	Amount of	Dates		Impact on Targeted Area (progress data must show impact)			
	Service	Time	From	То	, ,			
Notes:								

Title of Intervention(s)	Frequency of	Amount of			Dates		Impact on Targeted Area (progress data must show impact)
	Service	Time	From	To			
Modeling Direct Instruction Delayed Response Most-to-Least Prompts Least-to-Most Prompts Time Delay Social Stories Prompting/Cueing Other:							

Student's Full Name:		

INTERVENTIONS IMPLEMENTED: (Documentation of progress data MUST be attached for EACH intervention listed.)

TIER 2 Social/Emotional Interventions (first attempt to intervene beyond attempts in core instruction)						
Title of Intervention(s)	Frequency of	Amount of Time	D	ates	Impact on Targeted Area (progress data must show impact)	
	Service		From	То	(progress data mast ones impast)	
Modeling Direct Instruction Delayed Response Most-to-Least Prompts Least-to-Most Prompts Time Delay Social Stories Prompting/Cueing Other: Other:						
Notes:						

Title of Intervention(s)	Frequency of	Amount of	Dates		Impact on Targeted Area (progress data must show impact)
	Service	Time	From	То	
Modeling Direct Instruction Delayed Response Most-to-Least Prompts Least-to-Most Prompts Time Delay Social Stories Prompting/Cueing Other:					

Student's Full Name:		

INTERVENTIONS IMPLEMENTED: (Documentation of progress data MUST be attached for EACH intervention listed.)

TIER 2 Motor Interventions (first attempt to intervene beyond attempts in core instruction)					
Title of Intervention(s)	Frequency of	Amount of	Dates From To		Impact on Targeted Area (progress data must show impact)
	Service	Time			
Notes:	•				

Title of Intervention(s)	Frequency of	Amount of	Dates		Impact on Targeted Area (progress data must show impact)
	Service	Time	From	То	
Modeling Direct Instruction Delayed Response Most-to-Least Prompts Least-to-Most Prompts Time Delay Social Stories Prompting/Cueing Other:					

Student's Full Name:		

INTERVENTIONS IMPLEMENTED: (Documentation of progress data MUST be attached for EACH intervention listed.)

TIER 2 Communication Interventions (first attempt to intervene beyond attempts in core instruction)					
Title of Intervention(s)	s) Frequency Amount Dates of of		ates	Impact on Targeted Area (progress data must show impact)	
	Service	Time	From	То	
Notes:					

Title of Intervention(s)	Frequency of	Amount of	Dates		Impact on Targeted Area (progress data must show impact)
	Service	Time	From	То	
Modeling Direct Instruction Delayed Response Most-to-Least Prompts Least-to-Most Prompts Time Delay Social Stories Prompting/Cueing Other:					

Student's Full Name:		ļ

TIER 2 Other Interventions (first attempt to intervene beyond attempts in core instruction)					
List Area Targeted:					
Title of Intervention(s)	Frequency	Amount	Dates		Impact on Targeted Area
	of	of			(progress data must show impact)
	Service	Time	From	То	
(
Notes:					

TIER 3 Other Interventions (must reflect a change in type or intensity of Tier 2 intervention) List Area Targeted:					
Title of Intervention(s)	Frequency	Amount of	Da	ates	Impact on Targeted Area (progress data must show impact)
	Service	Time	From	То	(13
Notes:					
INUIGS.					

Student's Full Name:
Date of RTI Team Meeting:
Names of Those in Attendance:
Committee Decisions:
☐ Move from Tier 2 to Tier 3 Intervention Level
Continue Tier 3 Interventions with modifications/adaptations (continue tracking data and updates)
Next RTI team meeting scheduled for: (date)
Refer to 504 committee
Refer for multi-disciplinary evaluation (all information goes to special education liaison)
Other services needed: (Inform appropriate staff members)
Meeting Notes:

Student's Full Name:
Date of RTI Team Meeting:
Names of Those in Attendance:
Committee Decisions:
☐ Move from Tier 2 to Tier 3 Intervention Level
☐ Continue Tier 3 Interventions with modifications/adaptations (continue tracking data and updates)
Next RTI team meeting scheduled for: (date)
Refer to 504 committee
Refer for multi-disciplinary evaluation (all information goes to special education liaison)
Other services needed:
(Inform appropriate staff members)
Meeting Notes:

Pulaski County Schools Preschool/Head Start Intervention

Parent Permission Letter

Date:												
Dear Parent,												
Pulaski County School Preschool or Lake Cumberland Head Start is requesting your consent for your child to participate in the intervention process provided by your local school.												
You have been explained the intervention process and by providing the consent, you are allowing your child to participate in the intervention process.												
You also have the opportunity to deny this process.												
 ☐ Yes, I accept the opportunity for my child to participate in the intervention process. I have been explained the process and will provide information needed. ☐ No, I deny the opportunity for my child to participate in the intervention process, although I have been explained the concerns identified through screenings. 												
Signature of parent Date												

Adaptive Skills

Student Name:			Person responsible for interventions:											
Child □ is/ □ is not enro		(school). Goal:												
*Highlight only weakn	nesses identified by s	creener.				•								
Adaptive Skills	D	ate:												
-			+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-
Avoids common dange	ers													
Puts toys away when a	isked													
Uses utensils to eat wi	th assistance													
Uses utensils to eat wi	thout assistance													
Drinks from a cup with	h assistance													
Drinks from a cup with	hout assistance													
Removes clothing with	hout fasteners with as	sistance (shoes,												
coat, shirt, pants)														
Removes clothing with		t assistance												
(shoes, coat, shirt, pan														
Puts on simple clothin	_													
Puts on simple clothin	_													
Washes and/or dries ha														
Expresses the need to words	go to the bathroom th	rough gestures or												
Accurately responds to	"ves/no" when aske	d to go to the												
bathroom	yes/110 when asked	a to go to the												
Teacher/Parent/Gu	ardian contact: Ple	ease initial.												
		ions/ Strategies:												
		List number here:												
*Interventions/Strategies	1 - prompting/cueing	4 – small group	7 – choic	ces	и.	10 – least	to most pro	mpting				data or th	e numbe	r of trials
	2 – modeling	5 – paraphrasing	8 – delayed response		se	11- time delay			EX-	EX- 80% or 4/5				
	3 – direct instruction	6 – redirection	9 – most	most-to-least prompting		12-Social Stories								
Parent □ accepts/ □ denie	es the opportunity to bri	ng their child into the	e school d	istrict for	developm	ental interv	entions du	e to low sc	reening so	cores on			_·	
Interventions began on	and ended o	on .									(ua	ate)		
	(date)	(date)	Pa	arent Sign	ature									

Articulation Skills

Student Name	e:		Person responsible for interventions:											
Child □ is/ □	is not enrolled at		(school). Goal:											
*Highlight or	nly weaknesses identifie	d by scr	eener.											
Γ	DATE:													
	<u> </u>	. 1	. 1	. /	. 1		. 1	. 1	. /	. /	. 1	. /		
		+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	
Th/D	nt/Guardian contact: Please initial.													
reactier/Farei	nt/Guardian contact: Flease initial.													
*S1	trategies/Interventions:													
	List number here:													
*Interventions		small group	7 –	choices	l	10 – least to	o most promp	ting	List the percentage of data or the number of trials: EX- 80% or 4					
									_	_				
	2 - modeling $5 - p$	araphrasin	g 8 –	delayed resp	onse	11- time de	elay							
	3 – direct instruction 6 – r	edirection	9_	most-to-leas	t prompting									
					. I									
Parent accente	s/ \(\sigma\) denies the opportunity to	bring thei	r child int	o the school	ol district for	develonmen	ital intervent	ions due to	low screeni	ng scores or	1			
с иссори	series are opportunity to									555165 01	(dat	e)		
Interventions be	gan on and ende	ed on		·							`	•		
	(date)		(date)		Parent Sign	ature		Teach	er Signature					

Cognitive Skills

Student Name:		Person responsible for interventions:												
Child □ is/ □ is not en	nrolled at	(school). Goal:												
*Highlight only weal	knesses identified	by scr	eener.											
Cognitive Skills	Date:													
		+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	
Joins in saying nursery	y rhymes													
Identifies objects in a	picture													
Recalls information														
Repeats 3 word phrase	es													
Sorts objects by color,	shape, or type													
Follow directions (in,	out, on)													
Identifies (#) pr	rimary colors													
Identifies circle and sq	juare, other:													
Identifies up and down	ı													
Understands fast and s	slow													
Understands big and li	ittle													
Understands one and o	one more													
Understands quantity ((2 or 3)													
Attends to activities for 3 minutes														
Understands tall and s														
Understands a "why do														
e.g., "why do we wear														
Places shapes in a form														
Completes a two-piece	*													
Match shapes (circle, s														
Attends to activities for														
	an contact; Please initial.													
	tions/ Strategies:													
	List number here:											<u> </u>		
*Interventions/Strategies	1 - prompting/cueing	4 –	small grou	p 7-	choices		10 – least to	o most prom	npting	List 1	List the percentage of data or the number of tri			
	2 – modeling				delayed resp	onse	11- time de	-	_ -	EX-	80% or 4/5			
	3 – direct instruction	6 – 1	redirection	9 –	most-to-least	ost-to-least prompting 12- social s								
Parent □ accepts/ □ denie	es the opportunity to be	ring thei	ir child in	to the scho	ol district fo	or developm	ental interve	entions due	to low scree	ening scores			•	
Interventions become		0.00									(0	date)		
Interventions began on	and ended (date)		(date)	·	Parent Si	gnature		Teac	her Signatu	re	_			
		()			6				-					

Expressive Language Skills Person responsible for interventions:

Student Name:							Perso	Person responsible for interventions:									
Child □ is/ □ is not e	nrolled at			(scho	ool).		Goal:_	Goal:									
*Highlight only wea	knesses identified	l by scre	eener.				_										
Expressive Skills	DATE:																
		+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/	- +/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-				
Names common object	cts when																
seen/heard																	
Names 8 or more pict	ures of common																
objects																	
Uses at least □50 wor	ds (3 years)																
	ords (4 years)																
Names pictures of fan	niliar objects																
e.g., ball, doll, truck																	
Requests objects or ac	ctivities with																
words/signs	•.1 1 / •																
Greets familiar people																	
Asks simple questions																	
Asks "yes/no" questions																	
Requests assistance (h																	
Conversational turn taking																	
Uses words to describe toys (size, color,																	
shape, texture)																	
Uses □ 2-word / □ 3-v																	
Uses "s" on the ends																	
form plurals (cats, do																	
Uses "ing" on verbs (
Uses personal pronou	ns (e.g., me, your,																
mine) Teacher/Parent/Guardi	ian contact: Please initial.																
*Interventions/ Str																	
	List number here:	1	11	7 – choi			10 1		T int ti	ho nomoontoo	a of dota on th	a numbar of	triola EV				
*Intervention/Strategies	1 - prompting/cueing	4 – Sn	nall group	/ — cnoi	ces		10 – least to mo	st prompting		List the percentage of data or the number of trials: EX-80% or 4/5							
	2 – modeling	5 – pa	raphrasing	8 – dela	yed response		11- time delay										
	6 – rec	direction															
Parent □ accepts/ □ deni	es the opportunity to b	oring their	child into	the school	district for de	evelonme	ental intervention	ons due to lov	v screening	scores on							
z = accepto, = uem	opportunity to t	uion		5511661	ioi u	- , cropine			. sereeming		(date)	·					
Interventions began on	and ended (date)			·													
	(date)]	Parent Signat	ture		Teacher S	ignature									

Fine Motor Skills

Child is/ is not en *Highlight only weal Fine Motor Skills Plays with messy mate Doh	knesses identified by DATE:	screene +/-	r.	(school).			Goal:						
Fine Motor Skills Plays with messy mate	DATE:		r.										
Plays with messy mate		+/-							,				
•	rials such as Play-	+/-											
•	rials such as Play-		+/-	<u>+ / -</u>	<u>+ / -</u>	<u>+ / -</u>	<u>+ / -</u>	<u>+ / -</u>	<u>+ / -</u>	<u>+ / -</u>	<u>+ / -</u>	<u>+ / -</u>	<u>+ / -</u>
Doh													
Builds a tower of 6 blo	ocks												
Unscrews cap from sm	all bottle												
Screws on lids													
Makes simple forms w balls, worms)	rith Play-Doh (e.g.,												
Strings large beads													
Pulls apart large popbe	eads												
Holds bowl and stirs													
Transfers material with	n a spoon												
Uses small wood hamr	ner to pound in												
objects	_												
Imitates vertical stroke)												
Imitates horizontal stro	oke												
Spontaneously scribble	es												
Copies a circle													
Copies a cross (4 years	s)												
Draws with intent for repicture of self, family,	house, pets)												
Snips with scissors (3	years)												
Cuts on thick line with													
Teacher/Parent/Gua	ardian contact: Please initial.												
*Interv	ventions/Strategies: List number here:												
				·I	l .	l			l		I.	I.	
*Interventions/Strategies	1 - prompting/cueing	4 – small g	group	7 – choices		10 – le	ast to most p	rompting			e percenta EX- 80%		or the number
	2 – modeling	5 – paraph	rasing	8 – delayed re	esponse	11- tin	ne delay						
	3 – direct instruction	6 – redirec	tion	9 – most-to-le	east prompting	7							
Parent 🗆 accepts/ 🗆 denie	es the opportunity to bring	their child	d into the s	chool distric	et for develo	pmental int	erventions of	due to low so	reening sco	ores on _	(1.4.)	·	
Interventions began on	and ended on						_				(date)		
<i>C</i> —	(date)	(date)		Parent	Signature		T	eacher Sign	ature				

Gross Motor Skills

Student Name:						Person 1	responsib	le for int	erventio	ons:		
Child □ is/ □ is not enrolled at			_(school).			Goal:						
*Highlight only weaknesses identified by	y screene	er.										
Gross Motor Skills DATE:												
	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-
Walks backward 5 feet												
Walks on all types of surfaces, rarely falling												
Runs 10 feet without falling												
Spontaneously avoids large obstacles when												
running												
Walks up 3 steps, using same-step placement, holding rail or with support												
Walks down 3 steps, using same-step												
placement, holding rail or with support												
Jumps with both feet												
Stands on 1 leg for 1 -2 seconds												
Walks along a 10" line												
Kicks a ball 1' to 3' without falling												
Kicks a ball 4' to 6' without falling												
Throws an 8" ball in intended direction												
Catches an 8" ball, arms straight out												
Climbs on playground equipment												
Teacher/Parent/Guardian contact: Please initial.												
*Interventions/ Strategies:												
List number here:												
*Interventions/Strategies 1 - prompting/cueing	4 – small	group	7 – choices		10 – le	ast to most pr	rompting					ata or the numbe
2 – modeling	5 – paraph	rasing	8 – delayed r	esponse	11- tin	ne delay			of	trials: EX-	80% or 4/	75
3 – direct instruction	6 – redirec	ction	9 – most-to-le	east prompting	12-soc	ial stories						
Parent \(\sigma \text{ accepts/} \(\sigma \text{ denies} \) the opportunity to bring	g their chil	d into the s	school distric	ct for develop	mental int	erventions d	due to low so	creening sc	ores on _		·	
				1				Č	_	(date)		
Interventions began on and ended on (date)	(date))	Parent	t Signature		– — 	eacher Sign	ature				

Personal Social Skills

Student Name:						Person re	esponsible	for int	ervention	s:			
Child □ is/ □ is not en	nrolled at			(school).			Goal:						
*Highlight only wea	knesses identified	by screene	r.										
Social Skills	DATE:												
		+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-
Expresses feelings (ha	appy, sad, mad)												
Tells his/her first nam	e												
Shows pride in accommod hands, smiles)	plishments (claps												
Answers correctly wh is a boy/girl	en asked if he/she												
Tells his/her first and	last name												
Greets familiar adults	spontaneously												
Shares food/toys with													
Plays alongside with out disturbing pla													
Expresses affections f	or certain peers												
Initiates interactions v	vith peers												
Takes turns with peers	S												
Separates easily from surrounding	parent in familiar												
Participates in group a minimal guidance	activities with												
Teacher/Parent/Guardi	an contact: Please initial.												
	tions/ Strategies: List number here:												
Interventions/Strategies	1 - prompting/cueing	4 – small gro	oup	7 – choices		10 – leas	st to most pro	ompting		List the petrials: EX-			e number of
	2 – modeling	5 – paraphra	sing	8 – delayed res	sponse	11- time	e delay			triais: EA-	00 % OF 4/	3	
	3 – direct instruction	6 – redirectio	on	9 – most-to-lea	ast prompting	12- Soc	eial Stories						
Parent □ accepts/ □ deni	es the opportunity to br	ing their child	into the	school distric	ct for develop	mental inte	erventions of	due to low so	creening s	cores on _	(date)	·	
Interventions began on	and ended	on									(uale)	1	
	(date)	(date)		Paren	t Signature		T	eacher Sign	ature				

Receptive Language Skills

2 - modeling 5 - paraphrasing 8 - delayed response 11- time delay 3 - direct instruction 6 - redirection 9 - most-to-least prompting Parent accepts/ denies the opportunity to bring their child into the school district for developmental interventions due to low screening scores on (date) Interventions began on and ended on	Student Name:							Person r	esponsibl	le for inte	erventio	ns:		
Company Comp	*Highlight only weaknesses identified by scr				(school).			Goal:						
Understands look, stop, no	*Highlight only weal	knesses identified	by screer	ner.										
Understands look, stop, no Gentifies pictures of familiar objects	Receptive Skills	DATE:												
Understands look, stop, no Gentifies pictures of familiar objects			+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-
Identifies pictures of familiar objects	Understands look, stop	o, no												
Follows 1 step directions (3 years)														
Follows 2 step directions (4 years) Identifies up to 6 body parts Identifies objects by usage Responds appropriately to "where" questions Responds appropriately to "why" questions Responds appropriately to "yes/no" questions Responds appropriately to "why" questions Responds appropriately to "yes/no" questions Responds appropriately to "why" questions Responds appropriately to "why" questions Responds appropriately to "why" questions Responds appropriately to "yes/no" questions Responds appropriately to "why" questions qu		·												
Identifies up to 6 body parts	•													
Identifies objects by usage	•													
Questions		_												
Responds appropriately to "why" questions Responds appropriately to "yes/no" questions with worlds/gestures Identifies pictures of objects by use	Responds appropriatel	y to "where"												
questions Responds appropriately to "yes/no" questions with words/gestures Identifies pictures of objects by use Identifies pictures	questions													
Responds appropriately to "yes/no" questions with worlds/gestures Identifies pictures of objects by use Identifies pictures of object		y to "why"												
Questions with words/gestures														
Identifies pictures of objects by use														
*Interventions/Strategies 1 - prompting/cueing 4 - small group 7 - choices 10 - least to most prompting 2 - modeling 3 - direct instruction 6 - redirection 9 - most-to-least prompting 3 - direct instruction and ended on														
*Interventions/ Strategies: List number here:	Identifies pictures of o	bjects by use												
*Interventions/ Strategies: List number here:														
*Interventions/ Strategies: List number here:														
*Interventions/ Strategies: List number here:														
*Interventions/ Strategies: List number here:														
*Interventions/ Strategies: List number here:														
*Interventions/Strategies 1 - prompting/cueing 4 - small group 7 - choices 10 - least to most prompting 2 - modeling 3 - direct instruction 6 - redirection 9 - most-to-least prompting 3 - direct instruction 6 - redirection 9 - most-to-least prompting 11 - time delay 11 - time delay 12 - modeling 3 - direct instruction 6 - redirection 9 - most-to-least prompting 13 - time delay 14 - small group 7 - choices 10 - least to most prompting 11 - time delay 11 - time delay 12 - modeling 3 - direct instruction 6 - redirection 9 - most-to-least prompting 13 - time delay 14 - small group 15 - paraphrasing 8 - delayed response 11 - time delay 11 - time delay 12 - modeling 13 - prompting 13 - prompting 14 - small group 15 - paraphrasing 15 - paraphras	, ,													
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Parent accepts/ denies the opportunity to bring their child into the school district for developmental interventions due to low screening scores on (date) Interventions began on and ended on	J	List number here:											1	
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3 − direct instruction 6 − redirection 9 − most-to-least prompting Parent □ accepts/ □ denies the opportunity to bring their child into the school district for developmental interventions due to low screening scores on (date) Interventions began on and ended on		2 1.1	-	1	0 11 1		11	1.1				number of	trials: EX-	80% or 4/5
Parent accepts/ denies the opportunity to bring their child into the school district for developmental interventions due to low screening scores on (date) Interventions began on and ended on		2 – modeling	5 – paraj	onrasing	8 – delayed i	response	11- tin	ie delay						
Interventions began on and ended on (date)		3 – direct instruction	6 – redir	ection	9 – most-to-l	east prompting								
Interventions began on and ended on	Parent □ accepts/ □ denie	es the opportunity to br	ing their ch	ild into th	e school distri	ct for develop	mental int	erventions of	due to low s	creening sc	ores on .		·	
	Interventions becomes	and and - 1	20									(date))	
	interventions began on	(date)			Paren	t Signature		T	eacher Sign	ature				

Sensory

Student Name:Child is/ is not enro	lled at	(sc	chool).					ponsible						
*Highlight only weakn	esses identified by se	creener.												
Sensory	Date	:												
			+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-
Teacher/Parent/Gu	ardian contact: Ple	ase initial.												
, ,	* Intervent	ions/Strategies:												
	L	ist number here:												
*Interventions/Strategies	1 - prompting/cueing	4 – small group	7 – choic	ces		10 – least	to most proi	mpting	List	t the perc - 80% or	entage of 6	data or th	e numbe	r of trials
	2 – modeling	5 – paraphrasing	8 – delay	ed respons	e	11- time d	elay			00,001	., .			
	3 – direct instruction	6 – redirection	9 – most	-to-least pr	ompting	12- social s	stories							
L	l													
Parent □ accepts/ □ denie	s the opportunity to bri	ng their child into the	e school d	istrict for	developm	ental interv	entions du	e to low sc	reening so	cores on		ate)	_·	
Interventions began on											(di	,		
	(date)	(date)	Pa	arent Sign	ature		Tea	acher Signa	ture					

MEMORIAL EDUCATION CENTER PBIS Manual 2015-2016



Building a Better Foundation

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Mission Statement

Memorial Education Center provides early childhood experiences for all eligible children, birth through five, including those with special needs; focusing on their physical, intellectual, social, and emotional development thus ensuring their access to comprehensive developmentally appropriate programs and services.

Goals

- 1. To provide a developmentally appropriate early childhood curriculum.
- 2. To provide developmentally appropriate evaluation in alignment with the curriculum.
- 3. To provide qualified teachers and assistants trained in early childhood development.
- 4. To involve parents as partners.
- 5. To provide free and appropriate preschool education and related services for all three-and four-year-old children with disabilities.

PBIS Overview

Our school district has chosen to participate in a state initiative called Positive Behavior Intervention and Supports (PBIS). According to the National Center for PBIS (www.pbis.org), "PBIS is a framework or approach for assisting school personnel in adopting and organizing evidence-based behavioral interventions into an integrated continuum that enhances academic and social behavior outcomes for all students."

Critical elements of this framework include:

- 1) Oversight of implementation by a leadership team
- 2) Faculty and family involvement
- 3) Development of school-wide behavioral expectations
- 4) Procedures for teaching these expectations
- 5) A continuum of procedures to encourage and acknowledging meeting of the school-wide expectations
- 6) A continuum of procedures for responding to challenging behavior
- 7) Procedures for monitoring and evaluating the effectiveness of these practices
- 8) A multi-tiered system of behavioral supports
- 9) Ongoing professional development and staff support

Leadership Team

Our leadership team provides development, support and oversight for our framework of PBIS. The team is to have broad representation, administrative involvement and support, meet at least monthly, and include family involvement as appropriate (in some cases confidential information will be discussed). See Appendix A for our current leadership team listing and Appendix B for the current PBIS Action Plan developed by the leadership team.

Faculty and Family Involvement

Our leadership team works to ensure active involvement, buy-in and awareness from all stake holders including staff, families and community members. Input will be obtained through surveys, invitations to meetings, and other means. Information about program implementation and outcome and progress monitoring data will be shared on an ongoing basis with these stake holders as appropriate.

School-Wide Behavioral Expectations

Our PBIS mission statement is: To provide a positive, safe, and nurturing learning environment for all students and stakeholders. Expectations we will teach our students are:

The Three B's at MEC Be Safe, Be Kind, Be Helpful



Teaching School-Wide Behavioral Expectations

During the school year, these expectations are posted on bulletin boards, in newsletters, and in classrooms. These expectations are explicitly taught in class-wide lessons four times per year; after summer break, fall break, Christmas break, and spring break. They are also taught and reinforced daily through formal lessons, teacher interactions with students, daily announcements and newsletters. Rewards for good behavior are directly connected to these expectations as are corrections of inappropriate behavior. The Expectations Matrix in Appendix C outlines how these expectations apply to various settings in our building.

Encouraging and Acknowledging School-Wide Behavioral Expectations

Throughout the school day staff will watch for students to display our school-wide behavior expectations. As these behaviors are observed they will be acknowledged verbally and through other means. Parents and other stake holders are also encouraged to acknowledge and reward students for displaying these behavioral expectations.

Each teacher chooses one student weekly to receive a bee bracelet. The bee bracelet represents a student who has met all behavior expectations during the week. Bee stamps are used throughout the day when students demonstrate appropriate behavior.

Responding to Challenging Behavior

A continuum of procedures are in place to respond to challenging behaviors. Staff work with students to correct challenging behavior through reminders and re-teaching of the school-wide expectations. Other methods used to teach correct behavior are social narratives, task-analysis and modeling.

Staff and families are also trained in procedures from the 1-2-3 Magic behavior program by Thomas W. Phelan. When used at school and at home it has proven to be very effective. Corporal punishment is never used a Memorial. It is the goal of our program to teach self-control, to verbally give students the words to settle their conflicts, and to model correct behavior for them.

Procedures for Monitoring and Evaluating Effectiveness

In PBIS, three types of assessments are used:

- 1) Screening data
- 2) Diagnostic and intervention planning data
- 3) Progress monitoring

Screening data is for the purpose of identifying the need for additional support. We use this data to determine individual students in need of additional support, as well as, the need for other program supports (such as the need to provide additional support to groups of students in certain locations like the cafeteria).

All students are screened with the Memorial Education Center Behavior Screening Tool along with other applicable methods. See Appendix D for the Memorial Education Center Behavior Screening Tool. Another method used in collecting behavior data is through the use of a Discipline Referral Form (see Appendix E). Data regarding specific challenging behaviors are collected and entered into a data management system to allow for efficient analysis of both individual and school-wide behavior challenges. "Minor" challenging behaviors are generally managed by the classroom teacher, while "major" challenging behaviors may involve increased support and involvement from the student's family and school administrator.

Screening and other data that are collected are used to guide the selection of evidence-based practices and interventions that will be used with students. Information such as the time of day, type and function of problem behavior, location, etc. will be considered when selecting appropriate interventions. The effectiveness of selected interventions will be monitored through ongoing data collection and analysis.

Screening Procedures:

Age/Enrollment Status	Screening Process
3- and 4-year-old:	 District screening days are scheduled
Not enrolled in school	throughout the school year.
	 Parent/guardian takes child to the local
	school to participate in the screening.
	Child is screened in 5 developmental
	areas (cognition, language, personal-
	social, adaptive and motor).

	 All screening results are discussed with the parent/guardian.
3-year-old: Attending preschool due to a disability	 If the teacher has a concern in an additional area the teacher will screen the student in the area of concern. A screening will occur for all First Steps students in areas not receiving services.
4-year-old: Enrolled in preschool due to income	 All income eligible 4-year-olds will be screened within the first 30 school days of enrollment.

If no concerns are noted during the screening process, these children will not proceed any further in the screening process. If concerns are noted, the children will have the opportunity to receive interventions. The problem solving team will meet and develop an intervention and progress monitoring plan for the child as described in the Multi-tiered Service Delivery Section on p. 5 and in the Problem Solving Process Model on p.9.

Multi-tiered Systems of Behavioral Support

PBIS, as with PCIS, incorporates a multi-tiered system of service delivery in which each tier represents an increasingly intense level of services. Students move fluidly from tier to tier.

Tier 1 provides all students high quality, scientifically-based, developmentally appropriate behavioral instruction within the general education classroom or the core instruction. As previously described, the behavioral expectations taught to our students include:

The Three B's at MEC Be Safe, Be Kind, Be Helpful

These expectations are posted on bulletin boards, in newsletters, and in classrooms. These expectations are explicitly taught in class-wide lessons four times per year; after summer break, fall break, Christmas break, and spring break. They are also taught and reinforced daily through formal lessons, teacher interactions with students, daily announcements and newsletters. Rewards for good behavior are directly connected to these expectations as are corrections of inappropriate behavior.

At Tier 2 and Tier 3, students receive additional behavior instruction matched to their needs, based on screening results and teacher observations of behavior. Specific behavioral skills will be identified, instructed and reinforced. A plan for monitoring progress with these new interventions will be developed. If the progress monitoring data indicates that this additional level of support is insufficient, additional support will added. If needed, additional data on the behaviors of concern may be collected including Functional Behavioral Assessments.

Instruction in Tier 3 typically involves individual instruction focused on the targeted area(s). The frequency and duration of the intervention(s) is determined by the assessment data collected.

Professional Development and Staff Support

The PBIS Leadership team is comprised of members who have received professional development in PBIS practices. Ongoing professional development will occur with this leadership team as needed for areas of development to stay abreast of ongoing research and emerging information regarding changes in evidence-based practice. The PBIS coach and administrator are primarily responsible for coordinating and facilitating this ongoing professional development. The PBIS Leadership team will share this information with staff, families and other stake-holders as it is made available to them.



Kentucky Center for Instructional Discipline

SCHOOL-WIDE POSITIVE BEHAVIORAL INTERVENTIONS AND SUPPORTS LEADERSHIP TEAM KENTUCKY PBIS IMPLEMENTATION

School Name:	_Memorial Education Center	_ District: _	_Pulaski	_ Date:

Name	School Position	Team Role	Email
Amy Smith	Principal	Team Leader/Recorder	
Jamie Godby	*Parent	Communicator/Team Member	
Andrea England	School Psychologist	Coach/Data Technology	
Keena Norton	Teacher	Communicator/List & Time Keeper/Team Member	
Amy Wooldridge	Teacher	Communicator/Team Member	
Stacy Brown	Teacher	Communicator/Team Member	
Oreida Whiles	Teacher	Communicator/Team Member	
Dot Rowe	Clerical Aide	Keeper of Manual	

PBIS Team Meeting Dates

Month	Meeting Date(s)	Month	Meeting Date(s)	Month	Meeting Date(s)
July		November		March	
August		December		April	
September		January		May	
October		February		June	

^{*}The school leadership team should contain a representative who is uniquely a parent, not a staff member who also has children in the school. It is acceptable, but less beneficial if the parent is unable to attend the training but will participate on the leadership team at the school level. If the team can recruit more than one parent, the benefit for the students, families, staff and school can increase exponentially.

^{**}If the school has a Family Resource Center or a Youth Service Center the Director of the FRYSC should be a member of the team.

PBIS TIER 1 ACTION PLAN

FUSITIVE BEHAVIORAL INTERVENTIONS AND SUPPORTS

SCHOOL YEAR:

Include the development, implementation, and management activities of your plan. All Critical Elements should be addressed within your plan.

Critical Element	Action/Activity	Who is responsible?	When will it be started?	When will it be completed?	How will it be monitored?	When will we evaluate it?

CRITICAL ELEMENTS

- 1. PBIS Team established (membership, meeting times, roles, mission)
- 2. Faculty commitment
- 3. Effective procedures for dealing with discipline
- 4. Data entry and analysis plan established
- 5. Expectations and rules developed

- 6. Reward/recognition program established
- 7. Lesson plans for teaching expectations/rules
- 8. Implementation plan
- 9. Classroom systems
- 10.Evaluation



Memorial Education Center Ways to Be



Ways To Be	Classroom	Hallways	Playground/ Recess	Cafeteria	Restrooms	Arrival/ Dismissal	Gross Motor	Bus
Be Safe	Feet on floor	₩alking feet	Ask for help when needed	Stay in line	₩ash and dry hands	₩alk with your grown-up	Use equipment appropriately	Back to back and bottom to
	Hands to self	Stay in line	Use equipment appropriately	₩alk Stay in seat	ॐ Walk		Good hands, good feet Follow directions	Follow directions
Be Kind	Talk nicely Share Take turns	Inside voices Listening ears Hands to yourself	Share with your friends Good hands, good feet	Have inside voice Good hands, good feet	Wait your turn on the waiting wall	Walk in the hallway Say hello and goodbye to teachers and staff	Take turns Share Inside voices	Finside voices Good hands, good feet
Be Helpful	Clean up with friends Push in chairs Put garbage in trash	Stay in line	Put toys away when finished Line up when asked to go in	Clean up your area	Go, flush, wash Throw away towel Stay in line	Put backpack/folder away Wash hands	Put toys/equipment away Line up when asked	Keep backpacks zipped and safe



Memorial Education Center Behavioral Screening Tool

DIRECTIONS:

Listed below is your student roster. Please rate the degree to which each student listed meets your school-wide expectations based on the key at the bottom of the page. Please mark every item. If you don't know or are unsure of your response to an item, then give your best approximation.

Last Name	First Name	DOB	Safe	Kind	Helpful
_					

Key

1 = Always

2 = Almost

Always

3 = Sometimes

4 = Rarely

5 = Almost Never

7/24/2015

Appendix E – Discipline Referral Form and Definitions

Student:	Memorial Education Center DISCIPLINE REFERRAL FOR		Date of Inc	cident:			
Grade/Team:	Time of Offense:	Referring Staff's Signature:					
	Lagation						
Location:							
Guidelines for Success not followed:							
Be Safe							
Be Kind							
Be Helpful	ontions or consequences						
The teacher has used the following interv	-		naraaaad na				
Re-teaching (practicing) correct behavior Parent contact (phone, note, etc)	☐Time Out ☐Changed Student Seat			ositive intervention problem solving meeting			
Restructuring environment	Loss of privileges		Self-monitori				
Behavior improvement plan	Sit with Teacher		Student/Teacher conference				
Recording behavior on daily chart	☐Intra-team Time out		Parent Conference				
Discipline log	Restitution/Repair/Replace	□F	Planned ignoring				
Refer to counselor	Referral to FRC		Other				
Problem Behavior Mir	nor Offense Major Offense	Perceived Mo	otivation	Action Taken			
Primary Tracked Behaviors:	Cheating/Lying	Obtain Peer		☐Time in office			
Defiance/Insubordination/Non-Compliance		Obtain Adul		Loss of privileges			
Physical Aggression	False Fire Alarm	Obtain Item/		Student Conference			
Property Damage/Vandalism	☐ Fighting ☐ Forgery	Avoid Task/Ad		Parent Contact			
Running Away/AWOL Self-Injurious Behaviors	☐ Gang Affiliation Display ☐ Avoid Peer☐ Harassment/Discrim ☐ Avoid Adult			Time Out/Detention			
Profanity/Obscenity	Physical Aggression	Unclear/Unk		Restitution/Repair/			
Bullying	Possession/Use of Tobacco	Other	ATIOWIT	Individualized			
Балушу	☐ Inapprop Display of Affection			Instruction			
Other Possible Problem Behaviors:	Tardy			Bus Suspension			
Alcohol	Technology Violation			Action Pending			
☐Arson	☐Theft			Other			
Bomb Threat	Weapons Use/Poss						
Bullying	☐Other:						
Others Involved in Incident: None	Peer(s) Teacher Staff	Substitute	Other	Unknown			
Restraint/Seclusion:	Restraint Seclusion Restraint &	Seclusion					
Description of Incident:							
Administrator's Comments:							
Administrator's Comments:				_			
Administrative Referral to:		utside Agency	□SRO				
	Student Services RTI PI	BIS Team	Other				
Student Signature	Parent Signature		Principal	l Signature			

Office Discipline Referral Definitions

Note: Running Away/AWOL is to be recorded as "Inappropriate Location" in SWIS. Self-Injurious Behaviors will be recorded as "Other Behavior" in SWIS, and Profanity/Obscenity will be recorded as "Abusive Language."

SWIS - PROBLEM BEHAVIOR	Definition for Problem Behavior			
ABUSIVE	Student engages in profane, vulgar or obscene behaviors. Student			
LANGUAGE/INAPPROPRIATE	causes, creates or distributes or attempts to cause, create or distribute			
LANGUAGE/PROFANITY	profane, vulgar, or obscene material.			
ARSON	Student plans and/or participates in malicious burning of property.			
BOMB THREATS/FALSE ALARM	Student delivers a message of possible explosive materials being on- campus, near campus, and/or pending explosion.			
BULLYING	The student engages in behaviors such as, hazing, menacing, taunting, intimidation, subjecting others to physical contact, or other threatening language or behavior, including but not limited to the use of electronic or online methods.			
DEFIANCE/INSUBORDINATION/NON -COMPLIANCE	Student engages in refusal to follow directions or talks back.			
DISRESPECT	Student delivers socially rude or dismissive messages to adults or students.			
DISRUPTION	Student engages in behavior causing an interruption in a class or activity. Disruption includes sustained loud talk, yelling, or screaming; noise with materials; horseplay or roughhousing; and/or sustained out-of-seat behavior, any conduct that materially or substantially interferes with another student's access to educational opportunities or programs, including the ability to attend, participate in and benefit from instructional and extracurricular activities.			
DRESS CODE VIOLATION	Student wears clothing that does not fit within the dress code guidelines practiced by the school/district.			
FIGHTING	The student assaults, batters, or physically, sexually or verbally abuses a teacher, another student or other school personnel.			
FORGERY/THEFT/PLAGIARISM	Forgery: The student has signed a person's name without that person's permission or claims someone else's work as their own. Theft: Student is involved by being in possession of, having passed on, or being responsible for removing someone else's property.			
GANG AFFILIATION DISPLAY	Student uses gesture, dress, and/or speech to display affiliation with a gang.			

Office Discipline Referral Definitions

HARASSMENT	Harassment/Discrimination is intimidation, annoyance, or alarm to			
	another person by threats of or actual physical contact or violence; the creation, by whatever means, of a climate of hostility, intimidation, fear of harm, humiliation, or embarrassment; or the use of language, conduct or symbols in such manner as to be commonly understood to convey hatred, contempt, or prejudice or to have the effect of insulting or stigmatizing an individual. Harassment/Discrimination is behavior based on race, color, national origin, age, religion, marital status, political beliefs, sex or disability that is sufficiently severe, pervasive, or objectively offensive that it adversely affects a student's education or creates a hostile or abusive educational environment. Threats that are independent of discrimination should be coded in Infinite Campus as "Threats" Students shall not threaten to cause injury or harm to another person. Threat shall refer to a communication made by any means including but not limited to electronic and/or online methods.			
INAPPROPRIATE DISPLAY OF AFFECTION	Student engages in inappropriate, consensual (as defined by school) verbal and/or physical gestures/contact, of a sexual nature to another student/adult.			
INAPPROPRIATE LOCATION/ OUT OF BOUNDS AREA	Student is in an area that is outside of school boundaries (as defined by school).			
LYING/CHEATING	Cheating: The student falsifies a document, delivers a message that is not true, or claims someone else's work as their own. Lying: Student delivers message that is untrue.			
OTHER BEHAVIOR	Student engages in problem behavior not otherwise listed.			
PHYSICAL AGRESSION	Student engages in actions involving serious physical contact where injury may occur (e.g., hitting, punching, hitting with an object, kicking, hair pulling, scratching, etc.).			
PROPERTY/DAMAGE/ VANDALISM (Also Property Misuse)	Any student, organization, or group of students that participates in activities that destroy, deface, damage or remove school property or personal property on school property or at school-sponsored activities.			
SKIP CLASS	Student leaves or misses class or leaves the building without permission.			
TARDY	Student is late (as defined by the school) to class or the start of the school day.			
TECHNOLOGY VIOLATION	Student engages in inappropriate (as defined by Acceptable Use Policy and Procedure) use of cell phone, pager, music/video players, camera, computer and/or other device.			
USE POSSESSION OF WEAPONS	Student is in possession of knives and/or fire arms (real or look alike). See school/district policy.			

Office Discipline Referral Definitions

USE/POSESSION OF ALCOHOL	Includes the purchase, possession, attempt to possess, use, being under the influence, selling, or transferring of alcoholic beverages on school property, at any location of a school-sponsored activity, or en route to or from school or a school-sponsored activity.
USE/POSSESSION OF DRUGS	Includes the purchase, possession, attempt to possess, use, being under the influence, selling, or transferring of the following on school property, at any location of a school-sponsored activity, or en route to or from school or a school-sponsored activity: 1) Controlled drug substances and drug paraphernalia; 2) Substances that "look like" a controlled substance. In instances involving look-alike substances, there must be evidence of the student's intent to pass off the item as a controlled substance; or 3) Unauthorized prescription, OTC (over-the-counter), and other abused or controlled substances.
USE/POSESSION OF TOBACCO	Student is in possession of or is using tobacco.