TULOSO-MIDWAY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019.



LOVVORN & KIESCHNICK, LLP



TULOSO-MIDWAY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT DIRECTORY OF OFFICIALS AUGUST 31, 2019

BOARD OF TRUSTEES

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FELIX LANDIN, JR. VICE-PRESIDENT

STEPHEN HOELSCHER SECRETARY

JAN MOSTELLA VICE-SECRETARY

BILLY LERMA MEMBER

KIM SCHICK MEMBER

JOHN E.SAMANIEGO MEMBER

OTHER OFFICIALS

RODNEY SUMNER SUPERINTENDENT

PHILIP CARROLL BUSINESS MANAGER

VANESSA R. RIGGS ASSISTANT BUSINESS MANAGER



Tuloso-Midway Independent School District Annual Financial Report For The Year Ended August 31, 2019

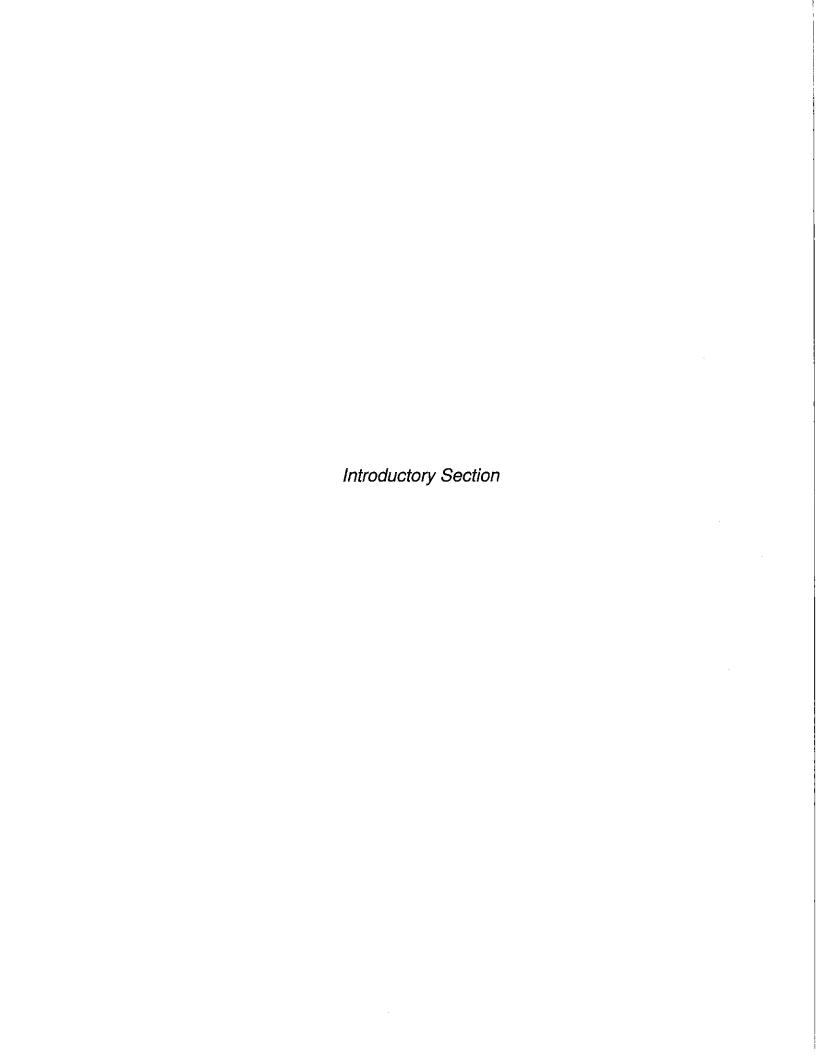
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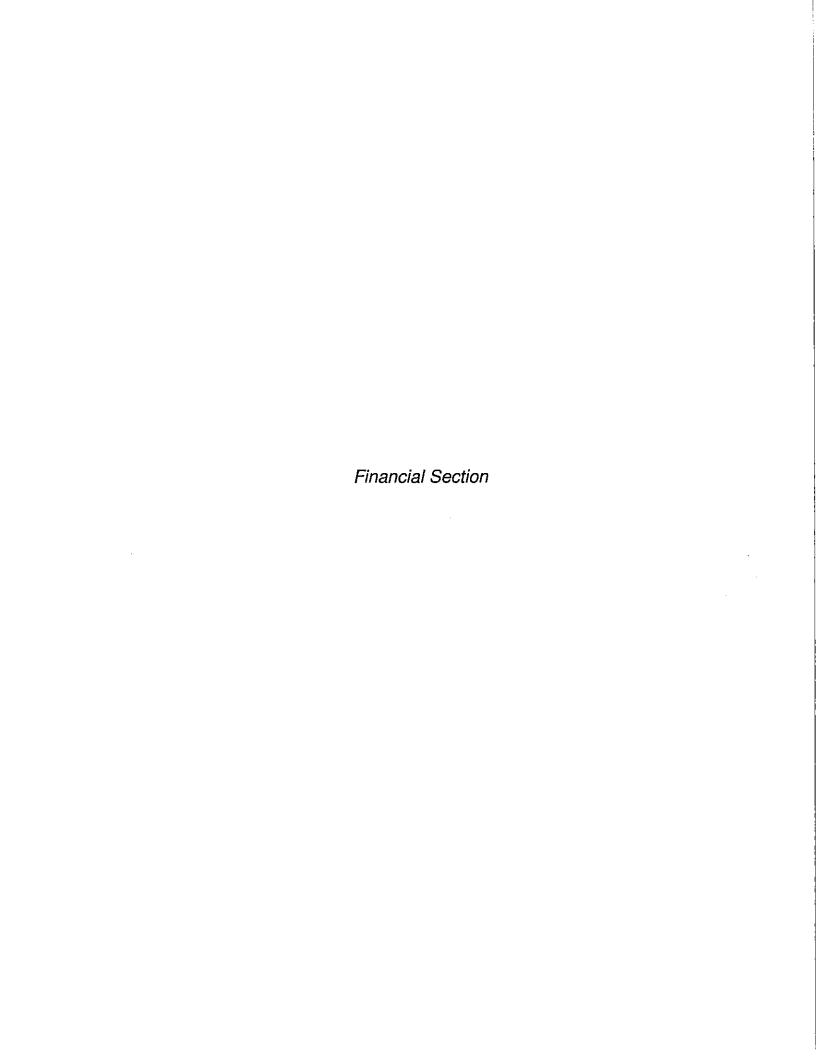




CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Tuloso-Midway independent School District Name of School District	Nueces County	<u>178-912</u> CoDist. Number
We, the undersigned, certify that the attached annua		
were reviewed and (check one)approved	disapproved for th	e year ended August 31, 2019,
at a meeting of the board of trustees of such school dist	rict on the Lethay of _	December, 2019.
Signature of Board Secretary	Signature	1 Billington
If the board of trustees disapproved of the auditor's repo (attach list as necessary)	ort, the reason(s) for dis	approving it is (are):







Lovvorn & Kieschnick, LLP

418 Peoples Street, Ste. 308 Corpus Christi, TX 78401

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Trustees Tuloso-Midway Independent School District 9760 La Branch Drive Corpus Christi, Texas 78410

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Tuloso-Midway Independent School District ("the District") as of and for the year ended August 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Tuloso-Midway Independent School District as of August 31, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note A to the financial statements, in 2019, Tuloso-Midway Independent School District adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowing and Direct Placements. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

As described in Note A to the financial statements, in 2019, Tuloso-Midway Independent School District adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, and budgetary comparison information and schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability and schedule of District pension contributions, and schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability and schedule of District OPEB contributions identified as Required Supplementary Information in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Tuloso-Midway Independent School District's basic financial statements. The introductory section is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 9, 2019 on our consideration of Tuloso-Midway Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Tuloso-Midway Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

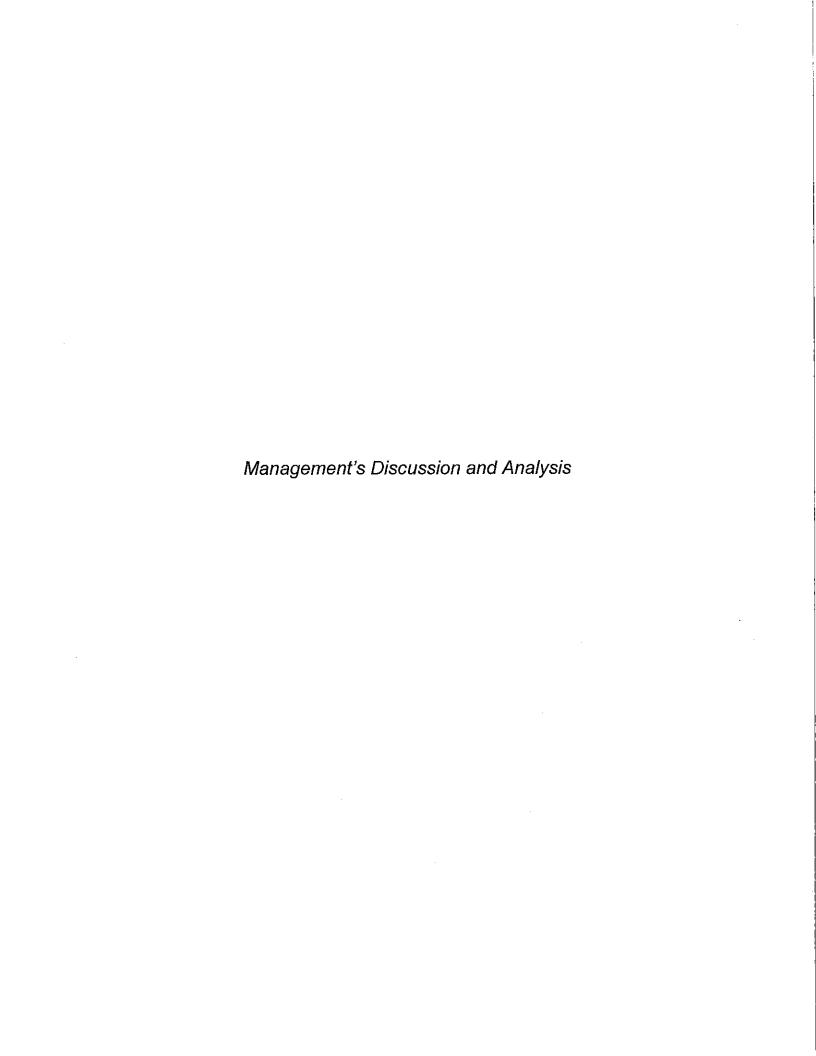
Respectfully submitted,

Lovvorn & Kieschnick, LLP

Lowern + Kuschnick, 271

Corpus Christi, TX December 9, 2019







TULOSO-MIDWAY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019 UNAUDITED

This section of Tuloso-Midway Independent School District's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year ended August 31, 2019. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

Tuloso-Midway Independent School District (T-MISD) is located in South Texas, specifically in the Northwest area of Corpus Christi. Below are some district highlights:

- District Tagline: All Students Can Learn Believe It and Achieve It
- The mission of the Tuloso-Midway Independent School District is to educate every student to be a lifelong learner, a person of integrity, and a positive contributor to society.
- District Goals include:
 - Exceed increasing academic standards by addressing the needs of each student and enable students to develop and pursue their vision for success in education, life and career
 - Recruit, retain and develop highly qualified employees with a sense of responsibility for the success of a new generation of students
 - o Commit to fostering a community that will support the success of all students
 - Provide a safe, healthy and drug-free environment that promotes positive lifestyles
 - Aggressively obtain and allocate resources to facilitate optimal student achievement
 - o Incorporate innovative technologies to optimize teaching, learning, and working
 - o Demonstrate effective planning of maintenance, options and facilities
- T-MISD is known as the "School District of Choice in the Coastal Bend" with 750 out-ofdistrict transfer students.
- The District operates on a year-round calendar that provides one week of intercession after each six weeks of instruction.
- The Texas Education Agency rated T-MISD as a B on the A-F Accountability scale during the 2018-2019 school year.
- Annual drop-out rate for the District is less than 1%.
- T-MISD consists of 5 campuses throughout the district.
 - o High School Serves grade 9 through 12
 - o Academic Career Center Serves as an alternative high school
 - o Middle School Serves grade 6 through 8
 - o Intermediate School Serves grade 3 through 5
 - Primary School Serves Pre-Kindergarten through 2nd grade.
- T-MISD is a small 5A school district that encompasses 415 square miles in Nueces County. Industrial (oil and gas) and agriculture provide the economic base of the district.
- The enrollment of the district increased about 1.36%. Enrollment approached 3,941, with the average daily attendance approximating 3,668.92 students daily.
- The School Nutrition department services up approximately 2,497 breakfasts and 2,744 lunches daily, for a total of approximately 5,242 meals a day.

- T-MISD employees approximately 662 full-time and part-time employees, including 286 teachers.
- The district is considered a wealthy school district based on property tax revenue per student accounting to the Texas Education Agency. The district sent \$1,022,269 of local property tax revenue to the State of Texas to fund other school districts during the current fiscal year.
- The oldest school building in use in the district is the Middle School gym built in 1952 and the newest building in use is the Intermediate classroom addition built in 2017.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's total combined net position was \$13,989,684 at August 31, 2019.
- During the year, the District's expenses were \$8,012,123 less than the \$58,666,458 generated in taxes and other revenues for governmental activities.
- The general fund reported a fund balance this year of \$15,869,445.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts—management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the government, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
- Proprietary fund statements offer short- and long-term financial information about the activities the government operates like businesses, such as after-school care.
- Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the
 District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in
 question belong.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial

Management's Basic Required Financial . Supplementary Discussion Information Statements Analysis Notes Government-Wide Fund Financial Financial to the Statements Statements Financial Statements

Detail

Summary

Figure A-1. Required Components of the

statements. Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of

Figure A-2. Major Features of the District's Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements Fund Statement Type of Statements Government-wide Governmental Funds Proprietary Funds Fiduciary Funds The activities of the district Activities the district Instances in which the operates similar to private fistrict is the trustee or (except fiduciary funds) that are not proprietary or agent for someone else's nusinesses; after-school care and the Agency's compo fiduciary esources Statement of net a *Side went of revenues; Accounting basis occurating and Accrual accounting and Accrual accounting and economic resources focus economic resources focus ecounting and current economic resources focus financial resources focus o hybranical and capital of alternational long both Briencial and capit short-terminand to meter onitalisasels included All revenues and Revenues for which cash All revenues and expenses All revenues and expenses during year, s received during or soon during year, regardless of nses during year regardless of when cash regardless of when cash of the end of the year; when cash is received or Type of is received or paid expenditures when goods paid is received or paid inflow/outflow or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter

net position includes all of the government's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position—the difference between the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources—is one way to measure the District's financial health or *position*.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position is an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District, one needs to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's tax base.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include the *Governmental activities*. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as instruction, extracurricular activities, curriculum and staff development, health services and general administration. Property taxes, state formula revenue, and grants finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant *funds*—not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.

• The Board of Trustees establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants.

The District has the following kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds—Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statement, or on the subsequent page, that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Proprietary funds—Services for which the District charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both long-term and short-term financial information.
- We use *internal service funds* to report activities that provide supplies and services for the District's other programs and activities.
- Fiduciary funds—The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for certain funds. It is also responsible for other assets that—because of a trust arrangement—can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. We exclude these activities from the District's government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

(continued)

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Net position

The District's combined net position was \$13,989,684 at August 31, 2019. (See Table A-1.)

Table A-1Tuloso-Midway Independent School District's Net Position

· ·	Governm Activiti		Business Activiti		Total		Total Percentage Change
	2019	2018*	2019	2018	2019	2018*	2019-2018
Current Assets:							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	18,368,139	6,824,843	227,844	200,925	18,595,983	7,025,768	164.7%
Property Taxes Receivable (Delinquent)	1,132,296	3,936,163	-	-	1,132,296	3,936,163	-71.2%
Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	(377,428)	(1,727,600)	-	-	(377,428)	(1,727,600)	-78.2%
Due from Other Governments	3,087,652	1,626,178	-	-	3,087,652	1,626,178	89.9%
Other Receivables, Net	3,178	4,067,513	-	-	3,178	4,067,513	-99.9%
Inventories	53,868	72,736	-	-	53,868	72,736	-25.9%
Other Current Assets	498,075	461,893	702	-	498,777	461,893	8.0%
Total Current Assets:	22,765,780	15,261,726	228,546	200,925	22,994,326	15,462,651	48.7%
Noncurrent Assets:							
Land	995,733	995,733	-	-	995,733	995,733	0.0%
Buildings, Net	77,563,214	81,560,709	-	-	77,563,214	81,560,709	-4.9%
Furniture and Equipment, Net	2,000,352	1,948,488	-	-	2,000,352	1,948,488	2.7%
Capital Leases, Net	61,433	71,672		-	61,433	71,672	_ - 14.3%
Total Noncurrent Assets	80,620,732	84,576,602	-		80,620,732	84,576,602	-4.7%
Total Assets	103,386,512	99,838,328	228,546	200,925	103,615,058	100,039,253	3.6%
Deferred Outflows of Resources:							_
Deferred Charge for Refunding	767,641	785,041	-	-	767,641	785,041	-2.2%
Deferred Outflow Related to TRS Pensions	5,711,533	2,370,037	-	=	5,711,533	2,370,037	141.0%
Deferred Outflow Related to TR\$ OPEB	2,252,064	198,000	-	-	2,252,064	198,000	1037.4%
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	8,731,238	3,353,078	-	-	8,731,238	3,353,078	160.4%
Current Liabilities:							
Accounts Payable	547,432	593,935	5	_	547,437	593,935	-7.8%
Interest Payable	123,973	136,586	-		123,973	136,586	-9.2%
•	•	199,889	6,451	8,885	205,174	208,774	-1.7%
Accrued Liabilities	198,723	•	0,451	0,000	•	•	-76.1%
Due to Other Governments	166,545	697,040	-	•	166,545	697,040 15,002	-76.1% -0.6%
Due to Student Groups	14,910	15,002	-	•	14,910 17,518	96,091	-0.6% -81.8%
Unearned Revenue	17,518	96,091	- 450	0.005	1,075,557	1,747,428	-38.4%
Total Current Liabilities	1,069,101	1,738,543	6,456	8,885	1,070,007	1,/4/,428	-30.4%
Non-current Liabilities:	5 007 040	4.054.000			E 007 040	4 054 000	5.5%
Due Within One Year	5,227,348	4,954,200	-	-	5,227,348	4,954,200 67,576,243	-7.9%
Due in More Than One Year	62,261,298	67,576,243	-	•	62,261,298 10,352,593	5,741,626	80.3%
Net Pension Liability (District's Share)	10,352,593	5,741,626	-	•	14,238,832	11,555,072	23.2%
Net OPEB Liability (District's Share)	14,238,832	11,555,072	6,456	8,885	93,155,628	91,574,569	_ 23.2% 1.7%
Total Liabilities	93,149,172	91,565,684	6,436	6,660	93, 133,020	91,014,009	- 1.7.70
Deferred Inflows of Resources:					_		
Deferred Inflow Related to TRS Pensions	698,322	1,036,740	-	-	698,322	1,036,740	-32.6%
Deferred Inflow Related to TRS OPEB	4,502,662	4,833,508	-		4,502,662	4,833,508	-6.8%
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	5,200,984	5,870,248		-	5,200,984	5,870,248	11.4%
Net Position: Net Investment In Capital Assets	14,706,178	14,224,962	-	-	14,706,178	14,224,962	3.4%
Restricted For: Federal and State Programs	1,074,853	535,915	_	_	1,074,853	535,915	100.6%
Debt Service	2,101,401	258,007	-	_	2,101,401	258,007	714.5%
Capital Projects	2, 101,401	990,090	-	_	2,101,701	990,090	-100.0%
Other Purposes	-	1,171,216	-	_		1,171,216	-100.0%
Unrestricted	(4,114,838)	(11,424,716)	222,090	192,040	(3,892,748)	(11,232,676)	-65.3%
Total Net Position	13,767,594	5,755,474	222,090	192,040	13,989,684	5,947,514	135.2%
Total Not 1 Obligon	10,701,004	0,100,117	222,000	102,010	10,000,000		=

^{*}Restated

Changes in net position

The District's total governmental revenues were \$58,666,458. A significant portion, 67%, of the District's revenue comes from taxes. 9% comes from state aid, while 2% relates to charges for services.

The total cost of all governmental programs and services was \$50,654,335.

Table A-2
Changes in Tuloso-Midway Independent School District's Net Position

	Changes III Tuloso-wildway independent School Districts Net Position						
	Governi Activ		Business-type Activities Total			al	Totat Percentage Change
	2019	2018*	2019	2018	2019	2018*	2019-2018
Program Revenues:							
Charges for Services	1,389,279	672,695	280,051	278,314	1,669,330	951,009	75.53%
Operating Grants and Contrib.	7,715,549	(1,785,724)	-	-	7,715,549	(1,785,724)	-532.07%
General Revenues:							
Property Taxes	39,204,926	35,796,711	-	-	39,204,926	35,796,711	9.52%
State Aid – Formula	5,665,930	5,244,430	-	-	5,665,930	5,244,430	8.04%
Investment Earnings	463,717	261,666	-	-	463,717	261,666	77.22%
Other	4,227,057	4,051,242	-		4,227,057	4,051,242	4.34%
Total Revenues	58,666,458	44,241,020	280,051	278,314	58,946,509	44,519,334	32.41%
Expenses:							
Instruction	26,059,963	16,993,220	_	-	26,059,963	16,993,220	53.36%
Instruc.I Res.and Media Serv.	485,892	333,690	-	-	485,892	333,690	45.61%
Curricu. Dev. & Instr. Staff Dev.	222,366	172,769		-	222,366	172,769	28.71%
Instructional Leadership	691,986	453,800	-	-	691,986	453,800	52.49%
School Leadership	2,342,140	1,515,994	-	-	2,342,140	1,515,994	54.50%
Guid., Couns. and Eval. Srvs	1,818,405	1,138,681	-	-	1,818,405	1,138,681	59,69%
Social Work Services	18,223	18,762	-	-	18,223	18,762	-2.87%
Health Services	434,643	280,421	-	-	434,643	280,421	55.00%
Student (Pupil) Transportation	1,252,805	1,164,495	-	-	1,252,805	1,164,495	7.58%
Food Services	2,812,975	2,387,436	-	-	2,812,975	2,387,436	17.82%
Curricular/Extracurr. Activities	2,828,696	2,519,278	-	-	2,828,696	2,519,278	12.28%
General Administration	1,795,717	1,553,204	-	-	1,795,717	1,553,204	15.61%
Plant Maintenance & Oper.	5,728,280	5,326,262	-	-	5,728,280	5,326,262	7.55%
Security & Monitoring Services	310,480	324,809	-	-	310,480	324,809	-4.41%
Data Processing Services	519,759	561,767	=	-	519,759	561,767	-7.48%
Community Services	22,616	(84,671)	-	-	22,616	(84,671)	-126.71%
Debt Service	2,026,008	3,425,047	-	-	2,026,008	3,425,047	-37,56%
TMPM After School Care	-	-	249,999	220,317	249,999	220,317	13.47%
Capital Outlay - non-cap.	-	14,833	-	-	-	14,833	-100.00%
Contracted Instruct, Services	808,662	1,231,715	-	-	808,662	1,231,715	-34.35%
Payments to Juvenile Justice	36,331	40,555	-	-	36,331	40,555	-10.42%
Other Intergovernmental	438,388	435,302		-	438,388	435,302	0.71%
Total Expenses	50,654,335	39,807,369	249,999	220,317	50,904,334	40,027,686	27.17%
Increase (Dec.) in Net Position	8,012,123	4,433,651	30,052	57,997	8,042,175	4,491,648	79.05%
Net Position Beginning	6,956,907	22,781,753	192,038	134,043	7,148,945	22,915,796	-68.80%
Prior Period Adjustment	(1,201,436)	(20,258,497)	-	-	(1,201,436)	(20,258,497)	-94.07%
Net Position Ending	13,767,594	6,956,907	222,090	192,040	13,989,684	7,148,947	95.69%

- The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$50,654,335.
- However, the amount that our taxpayers paid for these activities through property taxes was \$39,204,926.
- Some of the cost was paid by those who directly benefited from the programs, 1,389,279, or
- By grants and contributions \$7,715,549.

Table A-3 presents the cost of each of the District's largest functions as well as each function's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid). The net cost reflects what was funded by state revenues as well as local tax dollars.

Table A-3

Net Cost of Selected Tuloso-Midway Independent School District Functions

Total Cost of Services					
2019	2018*	% Change	2019	2018*	% Change
26,059,963	16,993,220	53.36%	21,894,667	19,779,861	10.69%
1,795,717	1,553,204	15.61%	1,688,406	1,795,960	-5.99%
5,728,280 2,026,008	5,326,262 3,425,047	7.55% -40.85%	5,329,362 1,981,333	5,895,722 3,425,047	-9.61% -42.15%
	Service 2019 26,059,963 1,795,717	Services 2019 2018* 26,059,963 16,993,220 1,795,717 1,553,204 5,728,280 5,326,262	Services 2019 2018* % Change 26,059,963 16,993,220 53.36% 1,795,717 1,553,204 15.61% 5,728,280 5,326,262 7.55%	Services Services 2019 2018* % Change 2019 26,059,963 16,993,220 53.36% 21,894,667 1,795,717 1,553,204 15.61% 1,688,406 5,728,280 5,326,262 7.55% 5,329,362	Services Services 2019 2018* % Change 2019 2018* 26,059,963 16,993,220 53.36% 21,894,667 19,779,861 1,795,717 1,553,204 15.61% 1,688,406 1,795,960 5,728,280 5,326,262 7.55% 5,329,362 5,895,722

^{*}The functional expenses reported for 2018 in Tables A-2 and A-3 were significantly reduced due to negative NECE expenses due to changes in benefits within the TRS-care plan.

Business-type Activities

Revenues of the District's business-type activities increased \$1,737 and expenses increased \$29,682 from the preceding year.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Revenues from governmental fund types totaled \$55,856,655, an increase of 13% from the preceding year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the Board of Trustees reviewed the District budget and made budget amendments. Even with these adjustments, actual expenditures were \$2,591,332 below final budget amounts. The most significant favorable variance in expenditures was for Instruction and plant maintenance and operations.

Resources available were \$1,648,562 above the final budgeted amount.

(continued)

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of 2018-19, the District had invested \$131,918,803 in a broad range of capital assets, including land, equipment, buildings, and vehicles. (See Table A-4.) This amount represents a net decrease (including additions and deductions) of \$1,369,344 or 1% from last year.

Table A-4Tuloso-Midway Independent School District's Capital Assets

		Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities			Percentage Change	
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019-2018	
Land	995,733	995,733	-	_	995,733	995,733	0.00%	
Buildings and Improvements	122,142,406	123,048,051	-	-	122,142,406	123,048,051	-0.74%	
Vehicles	3,378,725	3,352,177	_	-	3,378,725	3,352,177	0.79%	
Equipment	5,155,582	5,645,829	-	_	5,155,582	5,645,829	-8.68%	
Capital Leases	246,357	246,357	-	-	246,357	246,357	0.00%	
Totals at Historical Cost	131,918,803	133,288,147	-	-	131,918,803	133,288,147	-1.03%	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	51,298,070	48,711,545	-	_	51,298,070	48,711,545	5.31%	
Net Capital Assets	80,620,733	84,576,602	-	-	80,620,733	84,576,602	-4.68%	
							=	

Long-Term Obligations

More detailed information about the District's obligations is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

(continued)

The District had the following obligations at August 31, 2019:

Table A-5
Tuloso-Midway Independent School District's Long-Term Obligations

T-4-1

							i otai
	Governmental		Busines	s-type			Percentage
	Activ	rities	Activi	ties	То	Change	
	2019	2018*	2019	2018	2019	2018*	2019-2018
Bonds Payable	61,697,367	66,361,807	-	-	61,697,367	66,361,807	-7.03%
Bond Premium	5,664,915	6,053,150		-	5,664,915	6,053,150	-6.41%
Sub-Total	67,362,282	72,414,957	-		67,362,282	72,414,957	-6.98%
Compensated Absences	126,364	115,486	-	_	126,364	115,486	9.42%
Net Pension Liability	10,352,593	5,741,626	-	-	10,352,593	5,741,626	80.31%
Net OPEB Liability	14,238,832	11,555,072			14,238,832	11,555,072	23.23%
Total Long-Term Obligations	92,080,071	89,827,141			92,080,071	89,827,141	2.51%
					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

^{*}Restated

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The 2019 State Legislative session significantly changed education funding calculations for fiscal year 2019-2020 and beyond.

In developing the 2019-2020 budget the effects of the following factors were taken into consideration:

- Tax rate compression eliminated the results of the tax ratification election (TRE) passed by the District's voters in September 2010. The M&O tax rate for 2019-2020 was compressed from the maximum \$1.17 to \$1.06835. The M&O tax rate for 2020-2021 will be compressed by an as yet unknown additional amount dependent upon statewide and local property value growth. Before a District can seek voter approval to raise M&O rates above state calculated maximums an efficiency audit must be completed and posted on the District's website at least 30 days before the election.
- Increase in the Basic Allotment from \$5,140 to \$6,160. Thirty percent of a district's budget increase must go to increase compensation and 75% of this total must go to teachers, librarians, counselors, and nurses, with priority given to veteran classroom teachers (greater than 5 years' experience).
- New Early Education Allotment with a 0.10 weight per ADA for each student in grades K-3 who is educationally disadvantaged or Limited English Proficient (LEP) to support implementing early literacy and mathematics proficiency plans that lead to improved third grade proficiency.
- Full day Pre-K for all eligible 4 year olds TMISD added four additional Pre-K teachers and para-professionals each for 2019-2020.
- New Dyslexia Allotment with a 0.10 weight per ADA for each student that has been identified as having Dyslexia or a related disorder.

- Career and Technology (CTE) funding expansion with addition of Technology Application to funding weight and extending CTE and Tech Apps courses offered down to Grade 7.
- College, Career and Military Readiness (CCMR) established CCMR Outcomes Bonuses paid for each annual graduate above a certain threshold percentage.
- Additional Special Education weight from 1.1 to 1.15 for students served in a mainstream setting.
- New Compensatory Education Spectrum Increased State Comp Ed funding from 0.20 to a range of 0.225 -0.275 per student based on the census block group of the student's home address. The majority of TMISD's educationally/economically disadvantaged students are located in Tier 4 of the funding spectrum (0.2625). Only Tier 5 census block tracks have a lower socio-economic population/rating.
- Repeal of the Cost of Education Index
- Repeal of the High School Allotment
- Switch to utilizing current year property values (vs. prior tax year property values) for the local share calculation.
- Removal of the Gifted & Talented (GT) Allotments as a discrete, stand-alone Tier One
 Allotment with reallocation into the basic allotment. Districts are still required to provide
 GT programs.
- Amended statute for transportation from linear density to a simple \$1.00 per mile reimbursement.
- Recapture now based on local revenue in excess of entitlement instead of on a wealth per WADA basis.

Property Values

The 2019-2020 property values have increased \$393.3 million (14.1% increase) for M&O values and \$393.3 million (10.7% increase) for I&S values.

Recapture

Recapture for the 2018-2019 fiscal year was originally projected to be over \$2 million. After certified tax value adjustments due to the tax value reduction granted to the District's largest taxpayer Flint Hills Resources, 2018-2019 recapture decreased to \$1.1 million. Projected recapture for 2019-2020 is less than \$400,000.

Enrollment

October 2019 snapshot enrollment is 3,926, a decrease of 15 students or 0.38%. However, the District has experienced a decrease in transfer students from 751 on October 2018 snapshot to 586 during October 2019 snapshot for a net resident student growth of 150.

Chapter 313 Partner

The manufacturing corporation M&G Resins USA, LLC has been purchased by Corpus Christi Polymers, LLC. All delinquent tax payments and Chapter 313 supplemental and hold harmless payments from fiscal year 2017-2018 were paid during fiscal year 2018-2019 in addition to all current 2018-2019 obligations. The facility continues to be under construction and is tentatively scheduled for completion in the fall of 2020. The 2019 tax values for this property were identical to the previous year, therefore there is no hold harmless payment due to the District during 2019-2020.

Employee Compensation

Due to funding increases from House Bill 3 salaries for 2019-2020 were increased \$1.4 million in total with the following average increases by employment category:

• Teachers/Counselors/Librarians/RNs 6.95% (less than 6 years of service 5.2%)

Clerical/Paraprofessional 7.00%
 Maintenance/Transportation 9.00%
 Administrators/Professional Support 5.00%

Debt Service Fund

The collection of delinquent and current tax payments from M&G Resins, USA, LLC/Corpus Christi Polymers, LLC during fiscal year 2018-2019 results in the District to have excess collections. This limits how the subsequent year's I&S tax rate is determined. For fiscal year 2019-2020 the I&S tax rate is reduced \$0.05656 from \$0.2022 to \$0.14564. The Debt Service Fund is projected to have expenditures in excess of revenues of approximately \$800,000. The projected fund balance for the Debt Service Fund as of August 31, 2020 is approximately \$1.2 million.

Food Service Fund

Fiscal year 2018-2019 was the first year the District participated in the Community Eligibility Program (CEP) as part of the National School Lunch/Breakfast Program. All students eat for free and the District is reimbursed for 96% of eligible reimbursed meals served. The Food Service Fund Balance is in excess of three months of operating expenditures. The District has submitted an acceptable plan to the Texas Department of Agriculture detailing the capital improvement and equipment replacements scheduled to expend this excess fund balance. The current CEP application expires at the end of fiscal year 2021-2022.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Business Office, Tuloso-Midway Independent School District at (361) 903-6400.







TULOSO-MIDWAY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2019

_			1		2		3
Data Control		(Governmental	Bu	siness-type		
Codes			Activities		Activities		Total
	ASSETS:	_					
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	18,368,139	\$	227,844	\$	18,595,983
1225	Property Taxes Receivable (Net)		754,868				754,868
1240	Due from Other Governments		3,087,652				3,087,652
1290	Other Receivables (Net)		3,178				3,178
1300	Inventories		53,868				53,868
1410	Unrealized Expenses Capital Assets:		498,075		702		498,777
1510	Land		995,733				995,733
1520	Buildings and Improvements, Net		77,563,214				77,563,214
1530	Furniture and Equipment, Net		2,000,352				2,000,352
1550	Capital Lease Assets, Net		61,433				61,433
1000	Total Assets		103,386,512		228,546	_	103,615,058
	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:						
1701	Deferred Charge for Refunding		767,641				767,641
1705	Deferred Outflow Related to Pensions		5,711,533				5,711,533
1706	Deferred Outflow Related to OPEB	_	2,252,064				2,252,064
1700	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		8,731,238			_	8,731,238
	LIABILITIES:						
2110	Accounts Payable		547,432		5		547,437
2140	Interest Payable		123,973				123,973
2165	Accrued Liabilities		198,723		6,451		205,174
2180	Due to Other Governments		166,545				166,545
2190	Due to Student Groups		14,910				14,910
2300	Unearned Revenue		17,518		-		17,518
	Noncurrent Liabilities:						
2501	Due Within One Year		5,227,348				5,227,348
2502	Due in More Than One Year		62,261,298				62,261,298
2540	Net Pension Liability		10,352,593				10,352,593
2545	Net OPEB Liability	_	14,238,832				14,238,832
2000	Total Liabilities	-	93,149,172		6,456	_	93,155,628
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:						
2605	Deferred Inflow Related to Pensions		698,322				698,322
2606	Deferred Inflow Related to OPEB	_	4,502,662			_	4,502,662
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	5,200,984			_	5,200,984
	NET POSITION:						
3200	Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted For:		14,706,178				14,706,178
3820	Federal and State Programs		1,074,853				1,074,853
3850	Debt Service		2,101,401				2,101,401
3900	Unrestricted		(4,114,838)		222,090		(3,892,748)
3000	Total Net Position	\$_	13,767,594	\$	222,090	\$_	13,989,684

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

TULOSO-MIDWAY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

			1		3		4
					Program	Reveni	Jes
Data					<u> </u>		Operating
Control				C	Charges for	(Grants and
Codes	Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services	С	ontributions
	Governmental Activities:						
11	Instruction	\$	26,059,963	\$	879,523	\$	3,285,773
12	Instructional Resources and Media Services		485,892				34,660
13	Curriculum and Staff Development		222,366				152,420
21	Instructional Leadership		691,986				143,957
23	School Leadership		2,342,140				176,545
31	Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation Services		1,818,405				332,694
32	Social Work Services		18,223				
33	Health Services		434,643				33,961
34	Student Transportation		1,252,805				81,581
- 35	Food Service		2,812,975		386,985		2,655,594
36	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		2,828,696		122,771		70,928
41	General Administration		1,795,717				107,311
51	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		5,728,280				398,918
52	Security and Monitoring Services		310,480				14,113
53	Data Processing Services		519,759				138,532
61	Community Services		22,616				18,685
72	Interest on Long-term Debt		2,019,758				44,675
73	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees		6,250				
91	Contracted Instructional Services between Schools		808,662				25,202
95	Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative Ed. Programs		36,331				
99	Other Intergovernmental Charges		438,388				
TG	Total Governmental Activities		50,654,335		1,389,279		7,715,549
	Business-type Activities:						
01	After School Care		249,999		280,051		
TB	Total Business-type Activities	_	249,999		280,051		
TP	Total Primary Government	.s	50,904,334	s —	1,669,330	<u>s</u> -	7,715,549
''	Total Timaly Government	Ψ=	00,00 1,00 1	Ψ_	1,000,000	Ψ=	7,710,040
MT	Genera Prone		renues: axes, Levied for G	eneral i	Purnoses		
DT	•	•	axes, Levied for D		•		
ĪĒ			Earnings	00,00.			
GC			Contributions No	t Restric	eted to Specific I	Program	79
			3 Payments		to opposite.	. og. a	
MI	Misce		•				
			y Items:				
E1			ary Item Inflow				
TR			neral Revenues				
CN			n Net Position				
NB			- Beginning (Rest	ated)			
NE			- Ending	,			
	140(1 0)						

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

6 7 8

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	_	Total
\$ (21,894,667) (451,232) (69,946) (548,029) (2,165,595) (1,485,711) (18,223) (400,682) (1,171,224) 229,604 (2,634,997) (1,688,406) (5,329,362) (296,367) (381,227) (3,931) (1,975,083) (6,250) (783,460) (36,331) (438,388) (41,549,507)		\$	(21,894,667) (451,232) (69,946) (548,029) (2,165,595) (1,485,711) (18,223) (400,682) (1,171,224) 229,604 (2,634,997) (1,688,406) (5,329,362) (296,367) (381,227) (3,931) (1,975,083) (6,250) (783,460) (36,331) (438,388) (41,549,507)
 (41,549,507)	\$ 30,052 30,052 30,052	- -	30,052 30,052 (41,519,455)
32,375,866 6,829,060 463,717 5,665,930 1,005,412 219,691	 		32,375,866 6,829,060 463,717 5,665,930 1,005,412 219,691
\$ 3,001,944 49,561,630 8,012,123 5,755,471 13,767,594	30,052 192,038 \$ 222,090	- - \$_	3,001,944 49,561,630 8,042,175 5,947,509 13,989,684

TULOSO-MIDWAY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2019

			10		24
Data				Na	itional School
Contro			General	Bre	eakfast/Lunch
Codes	i e		Fund		Program
	ASSETS:	<u>-</u>			
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	13,127,075	\$	1,016,203
1225	Taxes Receivable, Net		628,524		
1240	Due from Other Governments		2,266,895		326,652
1260	Due from Other Funds		480,363		
1290	Other Receivables		3,178		
1300	Inventories		46,413		7,455
1410	Unrealized Expenditures		498,075		
1000	Total Assets		17,050,523	_	_1,350,310
		_			
	LIABILITIES:				
	Current Liabilities:				
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	198,095	\$	253,092
2120	Short-Term Debt Payable		510		
2150	Payroll Deductions & Withholdings		1,649		
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		193,865		
2170	Due to Other Funds				
2180	Due to Other Governments		154,260		
2190	Due to Student Groups				14,910
2200	Accrued Expenditures		2,615		
2300	Unearned Revenue		1,560		7,455
2000	Total Liabilities	_	552,554		275,457
		_			
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:				
2601	Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		628,524		
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	628,524		
	FUND BALANCES:				
	Nonspendable Fund Balances:				
3410	Inventories		46,413		7,455
3430	Prepaid Items		498,075		
	Restricted Fund Balances:				
3450	Federal/State Funds Grant Restrictions				1,067,398
3480	Retirement of Long-Term Debt				
3490	Other Restrictions of Fund Balance				
	Assigned Fund Balances:				
3570	Capital Expenditures for Equipment		2,000		
3590	Other Assigned Fund Balance		3,000,000		
3600	Unassigned		12,322,957		<u></u>
3000	Total Fund Balances		15,869,445		1,074,853
	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow				
4000	of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	17,050,523	\$	1,350,310
		_			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

50 Debt Service	Other Governmental	98 Total Governmental
Fund	Funds	Funds
\$ 2,091,580 126,344 7,450	\$ 1,284,114 486,655	\$ 17,518,972 754,868 3,087,652
7,450		480,363
<u></u>		3,178
		53,868
		498,075
2,225,374	1,770,769	22,396,976
\$	\$ 9,666	\$ 460,853
	==	510
		1,649
	84	193,949
	480,363	480,363
	12,285	166,545
		14,910
	 8,503	2,615 17,518
	510,901	1,338,912
126,344		754,868
126,344	<u>,</u>	754,868
		53,868
		498,075
	<u></u>	1,067,398
2,099,030		2,099,030
	680,086	680,086
		2,000
	579,782	3,579,782
		12,322,957
2,099,030	1,259,868	20,303,196
\$ <u>2,225,374</u>	\$ <u>1,770,769</u>	\$ <u>22,396,976</u>



RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2019

Total fund balances - governmental funds balance sheet	\$	20,303,196
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position ("SNP") are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds.		80,620,732
Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds.		754,868
The assets and liabilities of internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the SNP.		762,589
Payables for bond principal which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.		(61,697,367)
Payables for bond interest which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.		(123,973)
Payables for compensated absences which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.		(126,364)
Deferred charge for refunding is expended in the funds, but is amortized in the statement of net position.		767,641
Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability is not reported in the funds.		(10,352,593)
Deferred Resource Inflows related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds.		(698,322)
Deferred Resource Outflows related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds.		5,711,533
Bond premiums are amortized in the SNA but not in the funds.		(5,664,915)
Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability is not reported in the funds.		(14,238,832)
Deferred Resource Inflows related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds.		(4,502,662)
Deferred Resource Outflows related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds.	_	2,252,064
Net position of governmental activities - Statement of Net Position	\$_	13,767,594

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

		10	24
Data			National School
Control	l	General	Breakfast/Lunch
Codes		Fund	Program
	REVENUES:		
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 34,501,715	\$ 387,888
5800	State Program Revenues	6,086,660	9,844
5900	Federal Program Revenues	1,032,887	2,689,753
5020	Total Revenues	41,621,262	3,087,485
			
	EXPENDITURES:		
	Current:		
0011	Instruction	20,221,712	
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services	401,797	
0013	Curriculum and Staff Development	63,040	
0021	Instructional Leadership	441,074	
0023	School Leadership	1,949,238	
0031	Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation Services	1,293,064	
0032	Social Work Services	950	
0033	Health Services	376,132	
0034	Student Transportation	959,953	
0035	Food Service		2,528,972
0036	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	1,670,519	
0041	General Administration	1,579,310	
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations	5,019,782	41,796
0052	Security and Monitoring Services	301,341	
0053	Data Processing Services	484,629	
0061	Community Services		
0071	Principal on Long-term Debt	669,440	
0072	Interest on Long-term Debt	263,412	
0073	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees	400	
	Capital Outlay	166,049	
0091	Contracted Instructional Services		
0091	Between Public Schools	808,662	
0095	Payments to Juvenile Justice Altermative		
0095	Education Programs	36,331	=-
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges	438,388	
6030	Total Expenditures	37,145,223	2,570,768
	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)		
1100	Expenditures	4,476,039	516,717
	Other Financing Sources and (Uses):		
7912	Sale of Real or Personal Property	4,587	509
7080	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	4,587	509
	EXTRAORDINARY ITEM:		
7919	Extraordinary Item (Resource)	3,001,944	
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances	7,482,570	517,226
_		0.5	 as-
	Fund Balances - Beginning	8,386,875	557,627
3000	Fund Balances - Ending	\$ <u>15,869,445</u>	\$ <u>1,074,853</u>

50		98
Debt	Other	Total
Service	Governmental	Governmental
Fund	Funds	Funds
\$ 7,936,992	\$ 905,040	\$ 43,731,635
44,675	591,789	6,732,968
	1,669,412	5,392,052
7,981,667	3,166,241	55,856,655
	<u> </u>	
	1,640,290	21,862,002
		401,797
	153,192	216,232
	109,555	550,629
	10,138	1,959,376
	229,732	1,522,796
		950
		376,132
	200,600	1,160,553
	200,000	2,528,972
	819,795	2,490,314
		1,579,310
	68,832	5,130,410
		301,341
	119,922	604,551
	18,728	18,728
3,995,000		4,664,440
2,139,794		2,403,206
5,850		6,250
	126,500	292,549
to and		808,662
		36,331
		438,388
6,140,644	3,497,284	49,353,919
		
1,841,023	(331,043)	6,502,736
		5,096
		5,096
		
		3,001,944
1,841,023	(331,043)	9,509,776
258,007	1,590,911	10,793,420
\$ 2,099,030	\$ <u>1,259,868</u>	\$

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 9,509,776

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities ("SOA") are different because:

Capital outlays are not reported as expenses in the SOA.	747,983
The depreciation of capital assets used in governmental activities is not reported in the funds.	(4,350,831)
Trade-in or disposal of capital assets decrease net position in the SOA but not in the funds.	(353,022)
Certain property tax revenues are deferred in the funds. This is the change in these amounts this year.	(1,453,694)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.	4,664,440
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest from beginning of period to end of period.	12,613
The net revenue (expense) of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	104,804
Compensated absences are reported as the amount earned in the SOA but as the amount paid in the funds.	(10,878)
Amortization of bond premium and deferred amount is an expense in the SOA but not in the funds.	370,835
The District's share of the unrecognized deferred inflows and outflows for the pension plan was amortized.	(931,053)
The District's share of the unrecognized deferred inflows and outflows for the OPEB plan was amortized.	(298,850)

Change in net position of governmental activities - Statement of Activities

8,012,123

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2019

		Nonmajor Enterprise Fund	Nonmajor Internal Service Fund
Data			
Contro	I	After School	Insurance
Codes		Care	Fund
	ASSETS:		
	Current Assets:		
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 227,844	\$ 849,168
1410	Unrealized Expenses	702	
	Total Current Assets	228,546	849,168
1000	Total Assets	228,546	849,168
	LIABILITIES:		
	Current Liabilities:		
2110	Accounts Payable	\$ 5	\$ 86,579
2160	Accrued Wages Payable	6,451	·
	Total Current Liabilities	6,456	86,579
2000	Total Liabilities	6,456	86,579
	NET POSITION:		
3900	Unrestricted	222,090_	762,589
3000	Total Net Position	\$222,090	\$ 762,589

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

		1	Vonmajor	1	Vonmajor
		E	Enterprise	Inte	rnal Service
			Fund		Fund
Data					
Contro	l	A	fter School	I	nsurance
Codes	i		Care		Fund
	OPERATING REVENUES:				_
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	280,051	\$	263,568
5020	Total Revenues	_	280,051		263,568
	OPERATING EXPENSES:				
6100	Payroll Costs		234,160		
6200	Professional and Contracted Services		458		54,810
6300	Supplies and Materials		4,428		
6400	Other Operating Costs		3,699		103,954
6600	Capital Outlay - Land, Buildings & Equipment		7,254		
6030	Total Expenses	_	249,999		158,764
1300	Change in Net Position		30,052		104,804
0100	Total Net Position - Beginning		192,038		657,785
3300	Total Net Position - Ending	\$	222,090	\$	762,589

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

	Enterprise Funds	
	After School Care	Internal Service Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Cash Received from Customers	\$ 280,051	\$
Cash Receipts (Payments) for Quasi-external		
Operating Transactions with Other Funds		263,568
Cash Payments to Employees for Services	(236,594)	
Cash Payments to Other Suppliers for Goods and Services	(16,536)	(173,597)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	26,921	89,971
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	26,921	89,971
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	200,923	759,197
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 227,844	\$ 849,168
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 30,052	\$ 104,804
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash	+ ++1+==	*,
Provided by Operating Activities		
Depreciation		
Change in Assets and Liabilities:		
Decrease (Increase) in Prepaid Expenses	(702)	
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable	` 5 [′]	(14,833)
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Wages Payable	(2,434)	
Total Adjustments	(3,131)	(14,833)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ 26,921	\$89,971

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2019

		_	Agency Fund
Data Contro Codes	•	_	Student Activity
	ASSETS:		
	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	143,517
1000	Total Assets	_	143,517
	LIABILITIES: Current Liabilities:		
2190	Due to Student Groups	\$	143,517
2000	Total Liabilities	_	143,517
	NET POSITION:		
3000	Total Net Position	\$	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of Tuloso-Midway Independent School District (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") applicable to governmental units in conjunction with the Texas Education Agency's Financial Accountability System Resource Guide ("Resource Guide"). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

1. Reporting Entity

The Board of School Trustees ("Board"), a seven-member group, has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of the District. The Board is elected by the public and has the exclusive power and duty to govern and oversee the management of the public schools of the District. All powers and duties not specifically delegated by statute to the Texas Education Agency ("TEA") or to the State Board of Education are reserved for the Board, and the TEA may not substitute its judgment for the lawful exercise of those powers and duties by the Board. The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of those funding entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity and there are no component units included within the District's reporting entity.

2. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

a. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the District. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the District and for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, with separate statements presented for each fund category. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund: This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Food Service Fund: This fund is used to account for child nutrition service operations financed from the

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

NSLP program and user charges.

Debt Service Fund: This fund is used to account for the District's debt service property tax revenue and related debt service expenditures for bonded debt.

In addition, the District reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds: These funds are used to account for revenues and expenses related to services provided to parties inside the District. These funds facilitate distribution of support costs to the users of support services on a cost-reimbursement basis. Because the principal users of the internal services are the District's governmental activities, this fund type is included in the "Governmental Activities" column of the government-wide financial statements.

Fiduciary funds are reported in the fiduciary fund financial statements. However, because their assets are held in a trustee or agent capacity and are therefore not available to support District programs, these funds are not included in the government-wide statements.

b. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

Government-wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements: These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

When the District incurs an expenditure or expense for which both restricted and unrestricted resources may be used, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources.

3. Financial Statement Amounts

a. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, highly liquid investments are considered to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

b. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

and business personal property in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period.

Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General and Debt Service Funds are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

c. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories of supplies on the balance sheet are stated at weighted average cost, while inventories of food commodities are recorded at market values supplied by the Texas Department of Human Services. Inventory items are recorded as expenditures when they are consumed. Supplies are used for almost all functions of activity, while food commodities are used only in the food service program. Although commodities are received at no cost, their fair market value is supplied by the Texas Department of Human Services and recorded as inventory and deferred revenue when received. When requisitioned, inventory and deferred revenue are relieved, expenditures are charged, and revenue is recognized for an equal amount. Inventories also include plant maintenance and operation supplies as well as instructional supplies.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

d. Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of the donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used.

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Lives
Buildings and Improvements Vehicles	15-50 7-15
Office Equipment	8

e. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of financial position (the government-wide and proprietary Statements of Net Position and governmental funds balance sheet) will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position and/or fund balance that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

f. Receivable and Payable Balances

The District believes that sufficient detail of receivable and payable balances is provided in the financial statements to avoid the obscuring of significant components by aggregation. Therefore, no disclosure is provided which disaggregates those balances.

Except for delinquent taxes, there are no significant receivables which are not scheduled for collection within one year of year end.

g. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity results from loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers In and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfers" line on the government-wide statement of activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line of the government-wide statement of net position.

h. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of management's estimates.

i. Data Control Codes

Data Control Codes appear in the rows and above the columns of certain financial statements. The TEA requires the display of these codes in the financial statements filed with TEA in order to ensure accuracy in building a statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

j. Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

Fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid insurance) or legally required to remain intact (such as notes receivable or principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted Fund Balance - represents amounts that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance - represents amounts that can only be used for a specific purpose because of a formal action by the District's Board of Trustees. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Trustees removes those constraints by taking the same type of formal action. Committed fund balance amounts may be used for other purposes with appropriate due process by the Board of Trustees. Commitments are typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. Committed fund balance amounts differ from restricted balances in that the constraints on their use do not come from outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Assigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which the District intends to use for a specific purpose, but that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent may be stipulated by the Board of Trustees or by an official or body to which the Board of Trustees delegates the authority. Specific amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue, capital projects, debt service or permanent fund are assigned for purposes in accordance with the nature of their fund type or the fund's primary purpose. Assignments within the general fund convey that the intended use of those amounts is for a specific purpose that is narrower than the general purposes of the District itself.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Unassigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which are unconstrained in that they may be spent for any purpose. Only the general fund reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds might report a negative balance in this classification because of overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

4. Pensions

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

At August 31, 2019, the District reported the following:

Net Pension Asset

\$

Net Pension Liability

\$ 10,352,593

5. Other Post-Employment Benefits

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to / deductions from TRS Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as-you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

6. Implementation of New Standards

In the current fiscal year, the District implemented the following new standards. The applicable provisions of the new standards are summarized below. Implementation is reflected in the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements.

GASB 88 - Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowing and Direct Placements

The primary objective of this statement is to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt.

This statement defines debt for purposes of disclosure in notes to financial statements as a liability that arises from a contractual obligation to pay cash (or other assets that may be used in lieu of cash) in one or more payments to settle an amount that is fixed at the date the contractual obligation is established. This statement requires that additional essential information related to debt be disclosed in notes to financial statements, including unused lines of credit; assets pledged as collateral for the debt; and terms specified in debt agreements related to significant events of default with finance-related consequences, significant termination events with finance-related consequences, and significant subjective acceleration clauses.

For notes to financial statements related to debt, this Statement also requires that existing and additional information be provided for direct borrowings and direct placements of debt separately from other debt.

GASB Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations

This statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability based on the guidance in this statement.

The District does not currently have any AROs and does not expect that implementation of the pronouncement will have an impact on the financial statements.

B. Compliance and Accountability

1. Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

in accordance with GASB Statement No. 38, "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures," violations of finance-related legal and contractual provisions, if any, are reported below, along with actions taken to address such violations:

Violation None reported Action Taken
Not applicable

. Deficit Fund Balance or Fund Net Position of Individual Funds

Following are funds having deficit fund balances or fund net position at year end, if any, along with remarks which address such deficits:

Deficit

Fund Name None reported Amount Not applicable Remarks Not applicable

C. Deposits and Investments

Legal and Contractual Provisions Governing Deposits and Investments

The Public Funds Investment Act (Texas Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the Discrict to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar- weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the District to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. Agencies, and the State of Texas; (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) Mutual Funds, (8) Investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, (10) and common trust funds. The Act also requires the District to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The District is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

1. Cash Deposits:

At August 31, 2019, the carrying amount of the District's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit, and interest-bearing savings accounts included in temporary investments) was 611,058 and the bank balance was 1,134,223. The District's cash deposits at August 31, 2019 and during the year ended August 31, 2019, were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

name.

Investments:

As of August 31, 2019 the District had the following investments and maturities:

Investment Maturities (In Years)

Investment Type		Fair Value	 Less than 1		1 to 2		2 to 3
Investment Pools:							
Investment in TexPool	\$	204,977	\$ 204,977	\$		\$	
Investment in Lone Star Pool		15,974,758	15,974,758				
Investment in LOGIC		723,996	723,996				-
Investment in Texas Class		1,224,712	1,224,712				
Total Fair Value	\$_	18,128,443	\$ 18,128,443	\$_		\$_	

Interest Rate Risk - In accordance with state law and District policy, the District does not purchase any investments with maturities greater than 10 years.

Credit Risk - In accordance with state law and the District's investment policy investments in mutual funds, and investment pools must be rated at least AAA, commercial paper must be rated at least A-1 or P-1, and investments in obligations from other states, municipalities, counties, etc. must be rated at least A. The District's investments in investment pools were rated AAA.

Concentration of Credit Risk - The District does not place a limit on the amount the District may invest in any one issuer. The District does not have a concentration of credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District does not have a custodial credit risk.

The local government investment pools such as TexPool and Lone Star Pool are not evidenced by securities in physical form. They are managed conservatively to provide safe, efficient and liquid investments to Texas governmental entities. The pools both seek to maintain a \$1 value per share as required by the Texas Public Funds Investment Act.

Federated Investors manages the assets, provides participant services, and arranges for all custody and other functions in support of TexPool operations under a contract with the State Comptroller of Public Accounts. The state comptroller maintains oversight responsibility for TexPool, including the ability to influence operations, designation of management and accountability for fiscal matters. Although TexPool is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, it operates in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. GASB 31 allows 2a7-like pools to use amortized cost (which excludes unrealized gains and losses) rather than market value to report net assets to compute share price. The fair value of the District's position in TexPool is the same as the value of TexPool shares.

Lone Star Investment Pool is administered by FIRST Public. The fair value of the funds in Lone Star is also the same as the value of Lone Star shares.

Texas Class is administered by Cutwater Investor Services Corporation. The fair value of the funds in Texas Class is also the same fair value as Texas Class shares.

LOGIC is co-administered by First Southwest Company and J.P Morgan Investment Management, Inc. The fair value of the funds in LOGIC is also the same fair value as LOGIC shares.

Limitations exist for withdrawals in this way: ACH (Automated Clearing House) withdrawals from Lone Star or

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

TexPool are restricted to the account designated by the direct deposit form currently on record. The current authorized direct deposit form designates only the District Depository Bank as the entitiy to use for deposits or withdrawals by ACH. The Superintendent must authorize any new or replacement direct deposit form that would alter or replace the depository bank.

Limitations exist for wire transfers in this way: A Wire Transfer to or from Lone Star or TexPool requires two signatures from authorized representatives in order to be processed.

D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended August 31, 2019, was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Governmental activities:	Datatices	IIICIEdaea	Decreases	Dalarices
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
	995,733 \$	\$	\$	995,733
•	990,700 q	φ	ψ	990,700
Construction in progress				
Total capital assets not being depreciated	995,733			995,733
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	123,048,051	323,297	1,228,942	122,142,406
Equipment	5,645,829	224,086	714,333	5,155,582
Vehicles	3,352,177	200,600	174,052	3,378,725
Capital Leases	246,357			246,357
Total capital assets being depreciated	132,292,414	747,983	2,117,327	130,923,070
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(41,487,342)	(3,969,715)	(877,866)	(44,579,191)
Equipment	(5,007,260)	(167,603)	(712,387)	(4,462,476)
Vehicles	(2,042,258)	(203,273)	(174,052)	(2,071,479)
Capital Leases	(174,685)	(10,239)		(184,924)
Total accumulated depreciation	(48,711,545)	(4,350,830)	(1,764,305)	(51,298,070)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	83,580,869	(3,602,847)	353,022	79,625,000
Governmental activities capital assets, net \$	84,576,602 \$	(3,602,847) \$	353,022 \$	80,620,733

Depreciation was charged to functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 2,342,260
Instructional Resources and Media Services	53,872
Curriculum and Staff Development	2,627
Instructional Leadership	100,896
School Leadership	221,871
Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation Services	183,222
Social Work Services	17,273
Health Services	27,467
Student Transportation	226,299
Food Services	284,003
Extracurricular Activities	255,190
General Administration	130,258
Plant Maintenance and Operations	491,902
Security and Monitoring Services	13,494
Data Processing Services	11
Community Services	185
	\$ 4,350,830

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

E. Interfund Balances and Activities

1. Due To and From Other Funds

Balances due to and due from other funds at August 31, 2019, consisted of the following:

Due To Fund	Due From Fund		Amount	Purpose
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds Total	\$_ \$_	480,363 480,363	Short-term loans

All amounts due are scheduled to be repaid within one year.

2. Transfers To and From Other Funds

There are no transfers to and from other funds at August 31, 2019.

F. Long-Term Obligations

1. Long-Term Obligation Activity

Long-term obligations include debt and other long-term liabilities. Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended August 31, 2019, are as follows:

Description	Interest Rate Payable	Amounts Original Issue	Amounts Outstanding 9/1/18	Issued	Retired	Amounts Outstanding 8/31/19	Amounts Due Within One Year
Maintenance Tax Notes Series, 2008	4.38%	2,649,941	1,066,807		195,440	871,367	204,016
Unlimited Tax School Building	&	2,010,011	1,000,007		100,110	0. 1,00.	20 (10 10
Refunding Bond Series 2009	5.00% to	5,638,700	435,000		160,000	275,000	170,000
Unlimited Tax Sch Building Bonds Series 2012		9,530,000	7,235,000		425,000	6,810,000	435,000
Unlimited Tax Sch Building Bonds Series 2013		15,300,000	7,305,000		610,000	6,695,000	635,000
Unlimited Tax Sch Building Bonds Series 2014		9,380,000	8,360,000		420,000	7,940,000	430,000
Limited Tax Refunding Bond Series 2014	ls 2.31%	2,002,000	1,430,000		189,000	1,241,000	192,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonc 2.00% to Series 2014 4.00%	7,645,000	4,765,000		1,120,000	3,645,000	1,155,000
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonc 2.00% to Series 2015 4.00%	5,615,000	4,585,000		605,000	3,980,000	625,000
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonc 2.00% to Series 2016 5.00%	11,125,000	10,905,000		350,000	10,555,000	360,000
Maintenance Tax Notes 3.00% to Series, 2016 5.00%	5,310,000	4,815,000		285,000	4,530,000	295,000
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonc 2.00% to Series 2017 4.00%	7,810,000	7,390,000		280,000	7,110,000	290,000
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonc 3.00% to Series 2017-A 4.00%	8,220,000	8,070,000 66,361,807		25,000 4,664,440	8,045,000 61,697,367	25,000 4,816,016
Bond Premium		6,053,150		388,235	5,664,915	388,235
Net Pension Liability		5,741,626	5,244,574	633,607	10,352,593	
Net OPEB Liability		11,555,072	2,880,487	196,727	14,238,832	
Compensated Absences		115,486	10,878		126,364	23,097
Total governmental activities		\$89,827,141_\$	<u>8,135,939</u> \$	5,883,009 \$	92,080,071 \$	5,227,348

2. Debt Service Requirements

Debt service requirements on long-term debt at August 31, 2019, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities					
	Gene	General Obligation Bonds			Maintenance Tax Debt	
Year Ending August 31,	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 4,125,000 \$	2,011,969 \$	6,136,969 \$	691,016 \$	241,885 \$	932,901
2021	3,380,000	1,892,119	5,272,119	716,968	216,617	933,585
2022	3,495,000	1,773,831	5,268,831	748,313	190,394	938,707
2023	3,615,000	1,650,231	5,265,231	775,069	159,857	934,926
2024	3,755,000	1,521,044	5,276,044	565,000	128,038	693,038
2025-2029	16,200,000	5,723,594	21,923,594	2,241,000	347,603	2,588,603
2030-2034	15,130,000	2,683,906	17,813,906	905,000	40,950	945,950
2035-2039	5,355,000	461,200	5,816,200			
Totals	\$ 55,055,000 \$	17,717,894 \$	72,772,894 \$	6,642,366 \$	1,325,344 \$	7,967,710

General obligation bonds are paid by the Debt Service Fund with the support of the General Fund. Maintenance Tax Notes are paid by the General Fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the general obligation bond indenture. Management has indicated that the District is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions

The District had \$5,280,000 in defeased bonds outstanding at August 31, 2019.

Tuloso-Midway Independent School District has entered into a continuing disclosure undertaking to provide Annual Reports and Material Events Notices to the State Information Depository of Texas (SID), which is the Municipal Advisory Council. This information is required under SEC rule 15c2-12 to enable investors to analyze the financial condition and operations of Tuloso-Midway Independent School District.

G. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage or destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2019, the District purchased commercial insurance to cover general liabilities. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

H. Pension Plan

1. Plan Description

The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) and is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67, and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

2. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detail information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at https://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

3. Benefits Provided

TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3% (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description in (1.) above.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Contributions

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year. Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. Senate Bill 1458 of the 83rd Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and established employee contribution rates for fiscal years 2014 through 2017. The 85th Texas Legislature, General Appropriations Act (GAA) affirmed that the employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2018 and 2019 would remain the same.

Contribution Rates

	2018	2019
Member	7.7%	7.7%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (NECE - State)	6.8%	6.8%
Employers	6.8%	6.8%

The contribution amounts for the District's fiscal year 2019 are as follows:

District's 2019 Employer Contributions	\$ 619,867
District's 2019 Member Contributions	\$ 1,809,658
2018 NECE On-Behalf Contributions (state)	\$ 1,285,760

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities or the State of Texas as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- --- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- --- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- --- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.
- --- When the employing district is a public junior college or junior college district, the employer shall contribute to the retirement system an amount equal to 50% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two additional surcharges an employer is subject to:

--- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System the employer shall pay both the member contribution

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.

When a school district or charter school does not contribute to the Federal Old-Age, Survivors and Disability Insurance (OASDI) Program for certain employees, they must contribute 1.5% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the August 31, 2017 actuarial valuation rolled forward to August 31, 2018 was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date August 31, 2017 rolled forward to

August 31, 2018

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method Market Value Single Discount Rate 6.907% Long-term expected Investment Rate of Return 7.25%

Inflation 2.30%

Salary Increases including inflation 3.05% to 9.05%

Payroll Growth Rate 3.00% Benefit Changes during the year None Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes None

The actuarial methods and assumptions are based primarily on a study of actual experience for the three year period ending August 31, 2017 and adopted in July, 2018.

6 Discount Rate

The single discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.907%. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on the pension plan investments of 7.25% and a municipal bond rate of 3.69%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was sufficient to finance the benefit payments until the year 2069. As a result, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through the year 2069, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all benefit payments after that date. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of August 31, 2018 are summarized below:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Teacher Retirement System of Texas Asset Allocation and Long-Term Expected Rate of Return As of August 31, 2018 Expected Long-term Expected Contribution Geometric to Long-term Portfolio Real Rate of Target **Asset Class** Allocation Return Returns * Global Equity U.S. 18.0% 5.7% 1.0% Non-U.S. Developed 6.9% 0.9% 13.0% **Emerging Markets** 9.0% 8.9% 0.8% Directional Hedge Funds 4.0% 3.5% 0.1% Private Equity 13.0% 10.2% 1.3% Stable Value U.S. Treasuries 11.0% 1.1% 0.1% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Absolute Return Stable Value Hedge Funds 4.0% 3.1% 0.1% 1.0% -0.3% 0.0% Cash Real Return 0.0% Global Inflation Linked Bonds 3.0% 0.7% Real Assets 14.0% 5.2% 0.7% **Energy & Natural Resources** 5.0% 7.5% 0.4% Commodities 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% **Risk Parity** Risk Parity 5.0% 3.7% 0.2%

100.0%

7. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

Inflation Expectation

Alpha Total

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net Pension Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (6.907%) in measuring the Net Pension Liability.

2.3% -0.8%

7.2%

	1%		1%
	Decrease in	Discount	Increase in
	Discount Rate	Rate	Discount Rate
	5.907%	6.907%	7.907%
District's proportionate			
share of the net pension liability	\$ 15,624,545	\$ 10,352,593	\$ 6,084,635

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources
 Related to Pensions

At August 31, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$10,352,593 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

Target allocation are based on the FY 2016 policy model.

^{**} The expected contribution to Returns incorporates the volatility drag resulting from the conversion between Arithmetic and Geometric mean returns.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability \$ 10,352,593

State's proportionate share that is associated with District 21,021,291

Total \$ 31,373,884

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2017 and rolled forward to August 31, 2018 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2017 rolled forward to August 31, 2018. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2017 through August 31, 2018.

At August 31, 2018 the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.0188084%, which was an increase (decrease) of 0.0008516% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2017.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation -

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability since the prior measurement period.

- --- The Total Pension Liability as of August 31, 2018 was developed using a roll-forward method from the August 31, 2017 valuation.
- --- Demographic assumptions including post-retirement mortality, termination rates, and rates of retirement were updated based on the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017.
- --- Economic assumptions including rates of salary increase for individual participants was updated based on the same experience study.
- --- The discount rate changed from 8.0% as of August 31, 2017 to 6.907% as of August 31, 2018.
- --- The long-term assumed rate of return changed from 8.0% to 7.25%.
- --- The change in the long-term assumed rate of return combined with the change in the single discount rate was the primary reason for the increase in the Net Pension Liability.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

For the year ended August 31, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$3,631,468 and revenue of \$2,080,548 for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2019, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS' deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources: (The amounts below will be the cumulative layers from the current and prior years combined)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	64,530 \$	254,012	
Changes in actuarial assumptions		3,732,608	116,644	
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings			196,433	
Changes in proportion and difference between the District's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions		1,294,528	131,233	
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date [to be calculated by employer]		619,867		
Total	\$	5,711 <u>,533</u> \$	698,322	

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pension		
Year Ended		Expense	
August 31		Amount	
2020	_\$_	1,192,960	
2021	\$	779,579	
2022	\$	657,667	
2023	\$	682,087	
2024	\$	642,640	
Thereafter	\$	438,411	

1. <u>Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans</u>

1. Plan Description

The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered through a trust by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) Board of Trustees. It is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575.

2. OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detail information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately-issued TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

3. Benefits Provided

TRS-Care provides a basic health insurance coverage (TRS-Care 1), at no cost to all retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible retirees and their dependents not enrolled in Medicare may pay premiums to participate in one of two optional insurance plans with more comprehensive benefits (TRS-Care 2 and TRS-Care 3). Eligible retirees and

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

dependents enrolled in Medicare may elect to participate in one of the two Medicare health plans for an additional fee. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes, including automatic COLAs.

The premium rates for the optional health insurance are based on years of service of the member. The schedule below shows the monthly rates for a retiree with and without Medicare coverage.

TRS-Care Monthly for Retirees January 1, 2018 thru December 31, 2018					
Medicare Non-Medicare					
Retiree*	\$ 135	\$ 200			
Retiree and Spouse	529	689			
Retiree* and Children	468	408			
Retiree and Family	1,020	999			

^{*} or surviving spouse

4. Contributions

Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS board of trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is 0.75% of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25% or not more than 0.75 percent of the salary of each active employee of the public. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

Contribution Rates					
	2018	2019			
Active Employee	0.65%	0.65%			
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	1.25%	1.25%			
Employers	0.75%	0.75%			
Federal/private Funding remitted by Employers	1.25%	1.25%			

District's 2019 Employer Contributions	\$ 189,850
District's 2019 Member Contributions	\$ 152,766
2018 NECE On-Behalf Contributions (state)	\$ 291,769

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (regardless of whether they participate in the TRS Care OPEB program). When hiring a TRS retiree, employers are required to pay to TRS-Care a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$182.6 million in fiscal year 2018. The 85th Texas Legislature, House Bill 30 provided an additional \$212 million in one-time, supplemental funding for the FY2018-19 biennium to continue to support the program. This was also received in FY2018 bringing the total appropriations received in fiscal year 2018 to \$394.6 million.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the August 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was rolled forward to August 31, 2018. The actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

The actuarial valuation of TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuations performed on the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. All of the demographic assumptions, including rates of retirement, termination, and disability, and most of the economic assumptions, including general inflation, salary increases, and general payroll growth, used in the OPEB valuation were identical to those used in the respective TRS pension valuation. Since the assumptions were based upon a recent actuarial experience study performed and they were reasonable for this OPEB valuation, they were employed in the 2018 CAFR for the Teacher Retirement System of Texas.

The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2017 TRS pension actuarial valuation that was rolled forward to August 31, 2018:

Rates of Mortality

Rates of Retirement

Rates of Termination
Rates of Disability Incidence

General Inflation Wage Inflation

Expected Payroll Growth

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date	August 31, 2017 rolled forward to August 31, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Inflation	2.30%
Single Discount Rate *	3.69% *
Aging Factors	Based on plan specific experience
Expenses	Third-party administrative expenses related to the delivery of health care benefits are included in the age-adjusted claims costs.
Payroll Growth Rate	3.00%
Projected Salary Increases	3.05% to 9.05%, including inflation ***
Healthcare Trend Rates **	8.50% **
Election Rates	Normal Retirement: 70% participation prior to age
	65 and 75% after age 65.
Ad Hoc Post-Employment	
Benefit Changes	None

^{*}Sourced from fixed income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federal tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of August 31, 2018.

Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 3.69% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was an increase of .27% in

^{**8.50%} for FY2019, decreasing 0.5% per year to 4.50% for FY2027 and later years.

^{***} Includes inflation at 2.5%.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

the discount rate since the previous year. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

7. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used in measuring the net OPEB liability.

	1% Decrease in	Current Single	1% Increase in
	Discount Rate	Discount Rate	Discount Rate
	(2.69%)	(3.69%)	(4.69%)
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 16,949,103	\$14,238,832	\$ 12,094,834

8. OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At August 31, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$14,238,832 for its proportionate share of the TRS's Net OPEB liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$ 14,238,832
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	\$ 21,147,981
Total	\$ 35 386 813

The Net OPEB liability was measured as of August 31, 2017 and rolled forward to August 31, 2018 and the Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the Net OPEB liability was based on the District's contributions to OPEB relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2017 thru August 31, 2018.

At August 31, 2018 the District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was 0.0285171%, which was an increase (decrease) of 0.0019453% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2017.

The following schedule shows the impact of the net OPEB liability if a healthcare trend rate that is 1% less than and 1% greater than the assumed 8.5% rate is used.

	1% Decrease in	Current Single	1% Increase in
	Healthcare Trend	Healthcare Trend	Healthcare Trend
	Rate (7.5%)	Rate (8.5%)	Rate (9.5%)
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 11,825,582	\$ 14,238,832	\$ 17,417,135

9. Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

- --- Adjustments were made for retirees that were known to have discontinued their health care coverage in fiscal year 2018. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.
- --- The health care trend rate assumption was updated to reflect the anticipated return of the Health Insurer Fee (HIF)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

in 2020. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.

- --- Demographic and economic assumptions were updated based on the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.
- --- The discount rate was changed from 3.42% as of August 31, 2017 to 3.69% as of August 31, 2018. This change lowered the Total OPEB Liability \$2.3 billion.
- --- Change of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date Please see the 2018 TRS CAFR, page 68, section for a list of changes made effective September 1, 2017 by the 85th Texas Legislature.

In this valuation the impact of the Cadillac Tax has been calculated as a portion of the trend assumption. Assumptions and methods used to determine the impact of the Cadillac Tax include:

- --- 2018 thresholds of \$850 / \$2,292 were indexed annually by 2.50%.
- --- Premium data submitted was not adjusted for permissible exclusions to the Cadillac Tax.
- --- There were no special adjustments to the dollar limit other than those permissible for non-Medicare retirees over 55.

Results indicate that the value of the excise tax would be reasonably represented by a 25 basis-point addition to the long term trend rate assumption.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements; and changes in plan provision or applicable law.

Changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period are listed below:

The 85th Legislature, Regular Session, passed the following statutory changes in House Bill 3976 which became effective on September 1, 2017:

- --- Created a high-deductible health plan that provides a zero cost for generic prescriptions for certain preventive drugs and provides a zero premium for disability retirees who retired as a disability retiree on or before January 1, 2017 and are not eligible to enroll in Medicare.
- Created a single Medicare Advantage plan and Medicare prescription drug plan for all Medicare-eligible participants.
- --- Allowed the System to provide other appropriate health benefit plans to address the needs of enrollees eligible for Medicare.
- --- Allowed eligible retirees and their eligible dependents to enroll in TRS-Care when the retiree reaches 65 years of age, rather than waiting for the next enrollment period.
- --- Eliminated free coverage under TRS-Care, except for certain disability retirees enrolled during Plan Years 2018 through 2021, requiring members to contribute \$200 per month toward their health insurance premiums.

For the year ended August 31, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$1,257,937 and revenue of \$769,237 for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2019, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

	Deferred Outflow of Resources	Deferred Inflow of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 755,602 \$	224,710
Changes in actuarial assumptions	237,608	4,277,952
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings	2,490	
Changes in proportion and difference between the District's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	1,066,514	
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	189,850	
Total	\$ 2,252,064 \$	4,502,662

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended August 31,		Amount		
2020	\$	(427,733)		
2021	\$	(427,733)		
2022	\$	(427,733)		
2023	\$	(428,204)		
2024	\$	(428,473)		
Thereafter	\$	(300,571)		

10. Medicare Part D Subsidies

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003, which was effective January 1, 2006, established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. One of the provisions of Medicare Part D allows for the Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) to receive retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. For the current fiscal year ended August 31, 2019, the subsidy payment received by TRS-Care on behalf of the District was \$92,039.

J. Employee Health Care Coverage

During the year ended August 31, 2019, employees of the District were covered by a health insurance plan (the Plan). The District paid premiums of \$225 per month per employee and dependents to the Plan. Employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay premiums for dependents. All premiums were paid to a third party administrator, acting on behalf of the licensed insurer. The Plan was authorized by Section 21.922, Texas Education Code and was documented by contractual agreement.

The contract between the District and the third party administrator is renewable September 1, 2019, and terms of coverage and premium costs are included in the contractual provisions.

Latest financial statements for Aetna are available and have been filed with the Texas State Board of Insurance, Austin, Texas, and are public records.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

K. Commitments and Contingencies

Contingencies

The District participates in grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectibility of any related receivable may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying basic financial statements for such contingencies.

2. Litigation

As of august 31, 2019, the District was not involved in any lawsuits or other legal actions which, in Administration's opinion (based on discussions with legal counsel) would result in any direct loss to the District which would be material to its financial position.

Due From Other Governments

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to partially or fully finance certain activities. In addition, the District receives entitlements from the State through the School Foundation and Per Capita Programs. Amounts due from federal and state governments as of August 31, 2019, are reported on the combined financial statements as Due from Other Governments and are summarized below:

Fund	State Entitlements				Other Total		
General National School	\$	2,255,798 \$	8,558	\$	2,539 \$	2,266,895	
Lunch Program			326,652			326,652	
Debt Service		7,131			319	7,450	
Other Governmental			486,655			486,655	
Total	\$_	2,262,929	821,865	\$	2,858 \$	3,087,652	

M. <u>Unearned Revenue</u>

Unearned revenue at year end consisted of the following:

				Other		
		General		Governmental		Unearned
Revenue Description		Fund		Funds		Amount
Grant Programs	\$_		`\$ ⁻	7,455	\$	7,455
Other		1,560		8,503		10,063
Total Unearned Revenue	\$_	1,560	_\$ _	15,958	\$_	17,518

N. Fund Balances

The following is a summary of Governmental Fund fund balances of the District at the year ended August 31, 2019:

General Fund

Nonspendable:	
Inventories	\$ 46,413
Prepaid Items	498,075
·	 544,488

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Assigned	
Lawsuits/Settlements	1,000,000
Insurance Deductibles	1,000,000
Construction/Maintenance Projects	1,000,000
Equipment	2,000
-4	3,002,000
Unassigned:	12,322,957
•	
Total General Fund fund balance	15,869,445
Child Nutrition Fund	
Restricted:	
Child Nutrition	1,067,398_
Total Debt Service Fund fund balance	1,067,398
Debt Service Fund	
Restricted:	
Retirement of Long-Term Debt	2,099,030
T. 15 1/0 1 5 1/ 1) 1	0.000.000
Total Debt Service Fund fund balance	2,099,030
Other Governmental Funds	
Other Governmental Funds	
Mananandahlar	
Nonspendable: Inventories	7,455
Inventories	7,400
Restricted:	
Restricted for Capital Acquisition	680,086
nestricted for Capital Acquisition	000,000
Assigned:	
Campus Activity Funds	579,782
Odinpus Activity Funds	
Total Other Governmental Fund fund balance	1,267,323
1938 while the following the following	
Total Governmental fund balance	\$ 20,303,196
	· ————

O. <u>Tax Abatements</u>

The Tuloso-Midway ISD Board of Trustees has approved agreements with various companies for a Limitation on Appraised Value of Property for School Distict Maintenance and Operations Taxes pursuant to the Chapter 313 of the Texas Tax Code, i.e., the Texas Economic Development Act, as set forth in Chapter 313 of the Texas Tax Code, as amended.

Value limitation agreements are a part of a state program, originally created in 2001 which allows school districts to limit the taxable value of an approved project for Maintenance and Operations (M&O) for a period of years specified in statute. The project(s) under the Chapter 313 agreement must be consistent with the state's goal to "encourage large scale capital investments in this state." Chapter 313 of the Tax Code grants eligibility to companies engaged in manufacturing, research and development, renewable electric energy production, clean coal projects, nuclear power generation and date centers.

In order to qualify for a value limitation agreement, each applicant has been required to meet a series of capital

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

investment, job creation, and wage requirements specified by state law. At the time of the application's approval, the agreement was found to have done so by both the District's Board of Trustees and the Texas Comptroller's Office, which recommended approval of the projects. The applications, the agreements and state reporting requirement documentation can be viewed at the Texas Comptroller's website: https://www.comptroller.texas.gov/economy/local/ ch313/agreement-docs.php.

After approval, the applicant company must maintain a viable presence in the district for the entire period of the value limitation plus a period of years thereafter. In addition, there are specific reporting requirements, which are monitored on an annual and biennial basis in order to ensure relevant job, wage, and operational requirements are being met.

In the event that a company terminates this Agreement without the consent of the District, or in the event that the company or is successor-in-interest fails to comply in any material respect with the terms of this Agreement or to meet any material obligation under this Agreement, the the District shall be entitled to the recapture of all ad valorem tax revenue lost as a result of this Agreement together with the payment of penalty and interest, on that recaptured ad valorem tax revenue. Penalties on said amounts shall be calculated in accordance with the methodology set forth in Texas Tax Code Sec 33.01(a), or its successor statute. Interest on said amounts shall be calculated in accordance with the methodology set forth in Texas Tax Code Sec. 33.01(c), or its successor statute. The agreement provides an administrative procedure to determine any company liability. Ultimately, enforcement of any payment obligation is through the local state district court.

Below is the abatement information that is required by GASB Statement No. 77 for M&O purposes. It includes the net benefit to the District but does not include any I&S impact.

	< A >	< B >	< C >	< D <	< E >	<f></f>	< G >
		Project's			Company	Company	Net Benefit
		Value	Amount of	Amount of	Revenue Loss	Supplemental	(Loss) to the
	Project	Limitation	Applicant's	Applicant's	Payment to	Payment to	School District
	Value	Amount	M&O Taxes	M&O Taxes	School District	School District	2018
Project	2018	2018	Paid 2018	Reduced 2018	2018	2018	(C+E+F)
1.	\$532,193,993	\$30,000,000	\$351,000	\$5,875,670	\$626,698	\$378,714	\$1,356,412

Project Description

 M&G Resins USA, LLC (Application #277)
 First Year Value Limitation: 2016

P. Extraordinary Item - Other Resources

The Extraordinary Item - Other Resources amount of \$3,001,944 is the payment received from the State of Texas for property values affected by a State of Disaster (Hurricane Harvey) under TEC, Section 42.2523. This is a one-time state revenue adjustment that was made for the 2018-2019 school year only to hold eligible school districts harmless for 100% of projected (not actual) losses in local M&O revenue.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

O. Restatement of Net Position

During the year, management determined certain bond premiums and deferred amounts related to prior bond issuances were not reflected in the financial statements.

	Governmental Activities Net Position
Beginning Net Position, as previously stated	\$ 6,956,907
Bond premiums not previously recorded Deferred amounts on refunding not	(1,986,474)
previously recorded	785,041
Beginning Net Position, as restated	\$ <u>5,755,474</u>



	mentary Information	nuired by the Governments
Required supplementary information includes financial Accounting Standards Board but not considered a part of the	e basic financial statements.	quiled by the developmental

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Data			1		2		3		/ariance with Final Budget
Control			Budgete	d An	nounts				Positive
Codes		-	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)
	REVENUES:	_		_		_		_	<u>, </u>
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	33,741,662	\$	34,019,377	\$	34,501,715	\$	482,338
5800	State Program Revenues		5,419,523		5,419,523		6,086,660		667,137
5900	Federal Program Revenues		533,800		533,800		1,032,887		499,087
5020	Total Revenues	_	39,694,985	_	39,972,700		41,621,262	_	1,648,562
	EXPENDITURES:								
	Current:								
	Instruction & Instructional Related Services:								
0011	Instruction		20,574,689		20,685,302		20,221,712		463,590
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		405,992		401,980		401,797		183
0013	Curriculum and Staff Development		110,503		112,307		63,040		49,267
00.0	Total Instruction & Instr. Related Services	_	21,091,184	_	21,199,589	-	20,686,549	-	513,040
	Total Historian & History totales Convises	-	21,001,101	-	21,100,000	-		-	0.0,0.0
	Instructional and School Leadership:								
0021	Instructional Leadership		486,349		476,234		441,074		35,160
0023	School Leadership		1,988,426		1,955,019		1,949,238		5,781
	Total Instructional & School Leadership		2,474,775		2,431,253	_	2,390,312	_	40,941
						_			
	Support Services - Student (Pupil):								
0031	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		1,314,661		1,343,460	•	1,293,064		50,396
0032	Social Work Services		1,000		1,000		950		50
0033	Health Services		394,589		388,676		376,132		12,544
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation		1,037,868		1,032,747		959,953		72,794
0036	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	_	1,698,364	_	1,740,616		1,670,519	_	70,097
	Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)	_	4,446,482	_	4,506,499		4,300,618	_	205,881
	Administrative Comment Complete								
0044	Administrative Support Services:		1 507 600		1 700 054		1 570 010		147044
0041	General Administration	_	1,597,629	_	1,726,354	_	1,579,310	-	147,044
	Total Administrative Support Services	_	1,597,629	-	1,726,354	-	1,579,310	-	147,044
	Support Services - Nonstudent Based:								
0051	Plant Maintenance and Operations		5,443,649		5,313,015		5,019,782		293,233
0051	Security and Monitoring Services		343,009		317,093		301,341		15,752
0052	Data Processing Services		560,420		510,315		484,629		25,686
0000	Total Support Services - Nonstudent Based	-	6,347,078	_	6,140,423	-	5,805,752	-	334,671
	Total Support Services - Nonstituent based	-	0,07,170,0	-	0,140,420	-	3,000,73E	-	1,101,400
	Ancillary Services:								
0061	Community Services		300		300				300
	Total Ancillary Services	_	300	_	300	_		_	300
	Debt Service:								
0071	Principal on Long-Term Debt		669,441		669,441		669,440		1
0072	Interest on Long-Term Debt		263,412		263,412		263,412		
0073	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees	_	400	_	400	_	400	_	<u></u>
	Total Debt Service	_	933,253	_	933,253	_	933,252	-	1
	Capital Outlay:								
0081	Capital Outlay		176,450		166,050		166,049		1
0001	Total Capital Outlay	-	176,450	-	166,050	-	166,049	-	
	Total Capital Cullay	-	1,0,400	-	100,000	-	100,048	-	<u>'</u> _
	Intergovernmental Charges:								
0091	Contracted Instr. Services Between Public School	s	2,149,914		2,146,414		808,662		1,337,752
					• •		•		

EXHIBIT G-1 Page 2 of 2

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

		1	2	3	Variance with
Data					Final Budget
Control		Budgeted	d Amounts		Positive
Codes		Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
0095	Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative				
0095	Education Programs	34,000	37,500	36,331	1,169
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges	448,920	448,920	438,388	10,532
	Total Intergovernmental Charges	2,632,834	2,632,834	1,283,381	1,349,453
6030	Total Expenditures	39,699,985	39,736,555	37,145,223	2,591,332
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)				
1100	Expenditures	(5,000)	236,145	4,476,039	4,239,894
	Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
7912	Sale of Real or Personal Property	5,000	5,000	4,587	(413)
7080	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	5,000	5,000	4,587	(413)
	EXTRAORDINARY ITEM:				
7919	Extraordinary Item (Resource)		3,000,000	3,001,944	1,944
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance		3,241,145	7,482,570	4,241,425
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning	8,386,875	8,386,875	8,386,875	
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 8,386,875	\$ 11,628,020	\$ 15,869,445	\$ 4,241,425

NATIONAL SCHOOL BREAKFAST AND LUNCH PROGRAM BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Data	Data		1	2			3	Variance with Final Budget		
Control			Budgete	d An	nounts			1	Positive	
Codes		_	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
	REVENUES:	_								
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	183,500	\$	326,000	\$	387,888	\$	61,888	
5800	State Program Revenues		9,750		9,750		9,844		94	
5900	Federal Program Revenues		2,480,000		2,660,000		2,689,753		29,753	
5020	Total Revenues	_	2,673,250	_	2,995,750	_	3,087,485	_	91,735	
	EXPENDITURES:									
	Current:									
	Support Services - Student (Pupil):									
0035	Food Services		2,624,750		2,947,760		2,528,972		418,788	
	Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)	_	2,624,750	_	2,947,760	_	2,528,972	_	418,788	
	Support Services - Nonstudent Based:									
0051	Plant Maintenance and Operations		48,500		48,500		41,796		6,704	
	Total Support Services - Nonstudent Based		48,500	_	48,500	_	41,796		6,704	
6030	Total Expenditures	-	2,673,250	_	2,996,260	_	2,570,768	_	425,492	
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)									
1100	Expenditures	_		_	(510)	_	516,717		517,227	
	Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
7912	Sale of Real or Personal Property				510		509		(1)	
7080	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	-		_	510	_	509		(1)	
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	-		_		_	517,226	_	517,226	
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning		557,627		557,627		557,627			
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$_	557,627	\$_	557,627	\$_	1,074,853	\$	517,226	

TULOSO-MIDWAY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

	Measurement Year Ended August 31,									
		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.	0188083878%	0.0	0179568271%	0.6	0184805858%	0.0	D188781000%	0.0	106957000%
District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	10,352,593	\$	5,741,626	\$	6,983,539	\$	6,673,157	\$	2,856,969
States Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) associated with the District		21,021,291		12,393,506		14,773,498		13,686,138		11,728,072
Total	_\$	31,373,884	\$	18,135,132		21,757,037	<u>\$</u>	20,359,295	_\$_	14,585,041
District's Covered Payroll	\$	23,774,796	\$	22,656,661	\$	22,128,117	\$	20,359,295	\$	14,585,041
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a percentage of its Covered Payroll		43.54%		25.34%		31.56%		32.78%		19.59%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the Total Pension Liability		73.74%		82.17%		78.00%		78.43%		83.25%

Note: Only five years of data is presented in accordance with GASB #68, paragraph 138. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

TULOSO-MIDWAY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR PENSIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

				Fisca	ıl Ye	ar Ended Augu	ıst 31	,		
	2019			2018		2017		2016		2015
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	619,867	\$	629,986	\$	588,046	\$	587,175	\$	588,989
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		(619,867)	_	(629,986)		(588,046)		(587,175)		(558,989)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)			\$	<u></u>		<u>-</u>	\$		\$	30,000
District's Covered Payroll	\$	23,502,063	\$	24,903,114	\$	22,656,661	\$	22,128,177	\$	20,650,249
Contributions as a percentage of Covered Payroll		2.64%		2.53%		2.60%		2.65%		2.85%

Note: Only five years of data is presented in accordance with GASB #68, paragraph 138. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

TULOSO-MIDWAY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

	Measurement Y			ear Ended August 31,		
		2018	2017			
District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	0	.0285170667%	0	.0265717836%		
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	14,238,832	\$	11,555,072		
State's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) associated with the District		21,147,981		18,300,293		
Total		35,386,813		29,855,365		
District's Covered Payroll	\$	23,774,796	\$	22,656,661		
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a percentage of its Covered Payroll		59.89%		51.00%		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		1.57%		0.91%		

Note: Only two years of data is presented in accordance with GASB #75, paragraph 245. "The information for all fiscal years for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

TULOSO-MIDWAY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

		Fiscal Year Ended August 31,					
		2019		2018			
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	189,850	\$	196,192			
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		(189,850)		(196,192)			
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$</u>		\$	<u>-</u>			
District's Covered Payroll	\$	23,502,063	\$	23,774,796			
Contributions as a percentage of Covered Payroll		0.81%		0.83%			

Note: Only two years of data is presented in accordance with GASB #75, paragraph 245. "The information for all fiscal years for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

<u>Budget</u>

The official budget was prepared for adoption for all Governmental Fund Types. The budget was prepared in accordance with accounting practices generally accepted in the United States of America. The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data.:

- a. Prior to August 21 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after ten days' public notice of the meeting has been given.
- c. Prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board.

Once a budget is approved, it can be amended at function and fund level only by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings.

Each amendment must have Board approval. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board and are not made after fiscal year end as required by law.

Each amendment is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Under Texas law, appropriations lapse at August 31, and encumbrances outstanding at that time are to be either cancelled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget. There were no end-of-year outstanding encumbrances that were provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Changes of benefit terms

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

Changes of assumptions

There were no changes of assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.



Other Supplementary Information
This section includes financial information and disclosures not required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and not considered a part of the basic financial statements. It may, however, include information which is required by other entities.

SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

		1	3 Assessed/Appraised			
Year Ended	_		es		alue For School	
August 31		Maintenance		Debt Service		Tax Purposes
2010 and Prior Years	\$	Various	\$	Various	\$	Various
2011		1.17		.1622		1,449,712,425
2012		1.0905		.2417		1,659,418,082
2013		1.0686		.2636		1,827,721,060
2014		1.04		.2771		2,195,544,346
2015		1.09		.3045		2,212,755,633
2016		1.1056		.2718		2,406,366,842
2017		1.17		.2389		2,690,525,631
2018		1.17		3,165,916,701		
2019 (School Year Under Audit)		1.17		.2022		3,297,621,077
1000 Totals						

	10 Beginning Balance 9/1/18	20 Current Year's Total Levy	31 Maintenance Collections	32 Debt Service Collections	40 Entire Year's Adjustments		50 Ending Balance 8/31/19
	144,157	\$ 	\$ 2,869	\$ 808	\$ (32,029)		108,451
	69,796		4,028	558	(70)		65,140
	107,924		3,507	777	(855)		102,785
	48,988		5,863	1,446	(866)		40,813
	78,872		7,043	1,876	(132)		69,821
	74,137		3,550	992	(5,763)		63,832
	113,491		10,381	2,552	(633)		99,925
	186,999		23,046	4,706	(6,524)		152,723
	3,111,799	- -	436,358	1,018,953	(1,507,095)		149,393
		39,145,747	32,079,647	6,559,430	(227,257)		279,413
\$	3,936,163	\$ 39,145,747	\$ 32,576,292	\$ 7,592,098	\$ (1,781,224)	\$-	1,132,296

Levies and Collections												
Fiscal Year	Levy	Adjusted	Current	Percent								
End	Year	Tax Levy	Collections	of Levy								
08/31/18	2017	37,160,579	34,048,780	91.63%								
08/31/19	2018	38,918,490	38,639,077	99.28%								

EXHIBIT J-2

TULOSO-MIDWAY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

FUND BALANCE AND CASH FLOW CALCULATION WORKSHEET (UNAUDITED) GENERAL FUND AS OF AUGUST 31, 2019

Data		
Control		
Codes	Explanation	Amount
1	Total General Fund Fund Balance as of August 31, 2019 (Exhibit C-1 object 3000 for the General Fund only)	\$ 15,869,445
2	Total General Fund Nonspendable Fund Balance (from Exhibit C-1 - total of object 341X-344X for the General Fund only)	544,488_
3	Total General Fund Restricted Fund Balance (from Exhibit C-1 - total of object 345X-349X for the General Fund only)	
4	Total General Fund Committed Fund Balance (from Exhibit C-1 - total of object 351X-354X for the General Fund only)	
5	Total General Fund Assigned Fund Balance (from Exhibit C-1 - total of object 355X-359X for the General Fund only)	3,002,000
6	Estimated amount needed to cover fall cash flow deficits in the General Fund (net of borrowed funds and funds representing deferred revenues)	
7	Estimate of two months' average cash disbursements during the fiscal year	6,500,000
8	Estimate of delayed payments from state sources (58XX)	2,262,929
9	Estimate of underpayment from state sources equal to variance between Legislative Payment Estimate (LPE) and District Planning Estimate (DPE) or District's calculated earned state aid amount	<u></u>
10	Estimate of delayed payments from federal sources (59XX)	821,865
11	Estimate of expenditures to be reimbursed to General Fund from Capital Projects Fund (uses of General Fund cash after bond referendum and prior to issuance of bonds)	
12	General Fund Optimum Fund Balance and Cash Flow (Lines 2+3+4+5+6+7+8+9+10+11)	13,131,282
13	Excess (Deficit) Unassigned General Fund Fund Balance (1-12)	\$2,738,163

If Item 13 is a Positive Number

Explanation of need for and/or projected use of net positive Unassigned General Fund Fund Balance:

Excess will be kept as an additional emergency reserve in the event of a significant tax value fluctuation from the District's two primary taxpayers. In addition, excess will be used to pay for several HVAC projects needed Districtwide.

EXHIBIT J-3

DEBT SERVICE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

			1		2		3
Data							Variance
Control							Positive
Codes			Budget		Actual		(Negative)
	REVENUES:						
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	6,614,227	\$	7,936,992	\$	1,322,765
5800	State Program Revenues		50,000		44,675		(5,325)
5020	Total Revenues		6,664,227		7,981,667		1,317,440
	EXPENDITURES:						
	Debt Service:						
0071	Principal on Long-Term Debt		3,995,000		3,995,000		
0072	Interest on Long-Term Debi		2,139,794		2,139,794		
0073	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees		15,000		5,850		9,150
	Total Debt Service	_	6,149,794		6,140,644		9,150
6030	Total Expenditures		6,149,794	_	6,140,644	_	9,150
4400	France (Deficiency) of Developes Over (Under)	_					
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)		E14 400		1 041 000		1 000 500
1100	Expenditures	_	514,433		1,841,023	_	1,326,590
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance		514,433		1,841,023		1,326,590
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning		258,007		258,007		<u></u>
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$_	772,440	\$	2,099,030	\$	1,326,590



Lovvorn & Kieschnick, LLP 418 Peoples Street, Ste. 308 Corpus Christi, TX 78401

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Board of Trustees Tuloso-Midway Independent School District 9760 La Branch Drive Corpus Christi, Texas 78410

Members of the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Tuloso-Midway Independent School District, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Tuloso-Midway Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 9, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Tuloso-Midway Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Tuloso-Midway Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Tuloso-Midway Independent School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Tuloso-Midway Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Lovvorn & Kieschnick, LLP

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Corpus Christi, TX December 9, 2019

Lovvorn & Kieschnick, LLP 418 Peoples Street, Ste. 308

Corpus Christi, TX 78401

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Board of Trustees Tuloso-Midway Independent School District 9760 La Branch Drive Corpus Christi, Texas 78410

Members of the Board of Trustees:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Tuloso-Midway Independent School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Tuloso-Midway Independent School District's major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2019. Tuloso-Midway Independent School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Tuloso-Midway Independent School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Tuloso-Midway Independent School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Tuloso-Midway Independent School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Tuloso-Midway Independent School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2019.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Tuloso-Midway Independent School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Tuloso-Midway Independent School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Tuloso-Midway Independent School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we considered to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Lovvorn & Kieschnick, LLP

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Corpus Christi, TX December 9, 2019

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

A. Summary of Auditor's Results

	1.	Financial Statements					
		Type of auditor's report issued:		<u>Unm</u>	odified		
		Internal control over financial reporting:					
		One or more material weaknesses	identified?		Yes	X	No
		One or more significant deficiencies are not considered to be material w			Yes	X_	None Reported
		Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?			Yes	_X	No
	2.	Federal Awards					
		Internal control over major programs:	,				
		One or more material weaknesses	identified?		Yes	X	No
		One or more significant deficiencles are not considered to be material w			Yes	_X	None Reported
	Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Version of compliance supplement used in audit:		<u>U</u> nm	odified			
			in audit:	Augu	ust 2019		
		Any audit findings disclosed that are req reported in accordance with Title 2 U.S Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200?			Yes	<u>X</u> _	No
		Identification of major programs: CFDA Number(s) 84.010A 84.027A 84.173A 84.027A	Name of Federal Pr Title I, Part A - Impr IDEA-B Cluster IDEA-B Formula IDEA-B Preschool Evaluation Capaci	oving E	Basic Progr	ams	
		Dollar threshold used to distinguish betw type A and type B programs:	veen	\$750	0,000		
		Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		X	Yes		No
В.	Eina	ancial Statement Findings					
	NO	NE					
C.	Fed	deral Award Findings and Questioned Cos	sts				
	NO	NE					

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Finding/Recommendation	Current Status	Management's Explanation If Not Implemented
NIA Namina Hadinaa		

N/A - No prior findings

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Program Corrective Action Plan

N/A No corrective action required

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

(1)	(2)	(2A)		(3)
Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass- Through Entity Identifying Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Federal Expenditures
U. S. Department of Defense Passed Through State Department of Education: DFAS NJROTC Total U. S. Department of Defense	12.000	178-912	\$ <u></u>	\$ 67,715 67,715
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed Through Texas Health and Human Services Commission: Medicaid Administration Claiming Program Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services	93.778	178-912		20,161 20,161
U. S. Department of Education Passed Through State Department of Education: ESEA Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs ESEA Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs Total CFDA 84.010A		186101011789 196101011789		2,967 599,171 602,138
IDEA-B Cluster: IDEA-B Formula IDEA-B Formula IDEA-B Preschool IDEA-B Preschool Evaluation Capacity Grant Total IDEA-B Cluster	84.027A 84.173A 84.173A	186600011789 196600011789 186610011789 196610011789 H027A170008)1)1	565,761 135,087 22,472 1,132 7,770 732,222
Career and Technical - Basic Grant	84.048A	194200061789	01	47,126
ESEA Title II Part A - Supporting Effective Instruction	84.367A	196945011789	91	102,985
Restart Hurricane Recovery	84.938A	185117011789)1	161,757
Title IV, Part A, Subpart 1	84.424A	196801011789)1	23,184
Summer School LEP Total Passed Through State Department of Education Total U. S. Department of Education	84.369A	178-912	 	1,252 1,670,664 1,670,664
U. S. Department of Agriculture Passed Through Texas Department of Agriculture: Child Nutrition Cluster:				
School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program Total Child Nutrition Cluster	10.553 10.555	099580680 099580680		959,246 1,607,707 2,566,953
Commodity Supplemental Food Program Total Passed Through Texas Department of Agriculture Total U. S. Department of Agriculture	10.565	099580680		122,800 2,689,753 2,689,753
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$	\$4,448,293
The second of th				

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Federal Assistance Reconciliation

Federal Grants and Contracts Revenues per Exhibit C-2	5,392,052
Less: School Health & Related Services (SHARS) reported in General Fund	(943,759)
Total Federal Revenues per Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	4,448,293

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards ("the Schedule") includes the federal grant activity of Tuloso-Midway Independent School District. The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200 Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards ("Uniform Guidance"). Therefore, some amounts may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. These expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule, if any, represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

Tuloso-Midway Independent School District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.