Early Years Foundation Stage

查查查查查查查查查查查查查查查查查查查查查













How you can help...

春春春春春春春春春春春春

How you can help TALK and LISTEN Talk about pictures in books, things you see when you are out, stories you have read together, TV programmes they have watched, anything that interests them PLAY Pretend games, board games, Snap, I Spy, silly word games, ball games, play station games WORK Involve them in cleaning, tidying, shopping, digging, baking or cooking, helping to fetch can carry things WALK OR DRIVE To the shops, to the park, to feed the ducks, to the fields, to have a picnic, to a cafe READ Books and comics together, signs, food labels and cooking instructions, books from the library, books from school, instructions for computer games COUNT Anything and everything! LOOK FOR NUMBERS On car number plates, houses, fire hydrants, in shops, on telephones, in games, on lamp posts VALUE WHATEVER THEY DO Paintings, scribblings, drawings, lists, trying to help, letters, cards

Activities to encourage motor development 'Funky Fingers'

- ► Threading and linking: paper clips, buttons, sewing cards, treasury tags
 - ► Curling, twisting: pipe cleaner models
 - Screwing things on: bottle tops, nuts and bolts
 - ▶ Building towers, paper cup pyramids, building with small Lego parts
- Applying pressure, hole punches, stampers, staplers, construction toys that 'click' together, pegging laundry/pegs onto card
 - ► Cutting: using scissors
 - ▶ Play dough: squeezing, rolling, balling, finger print stamping
 - Dough disco!: Google Dough disco to find some fun YouTube links
- ▶ Pencil grip activities: holding a pen lid in your hand to keep the 'extra fingers' busy, making a writing sock, use the pinch and flip technique

Letters and Matching Actions

<u>Letters</u>	<u>Actions</u>
a	Wide mouth as if eating an apple
b	Bounce a ball
С	Pretend coughing with hand over mouth
d	Hit a drum
е	Form arm into trunk and wave it like an elephant
f	Wrap arms around yourself as if you are freezing
g	Make index finger and middle finger 'walk' along so they are going
h	Pant as though you are out of breath
i	Make hand crawl up arm like an insect
j	Shake whole body as though you are a jelly
k	Make gently kicking action with leg
1	Pretend to be licking a lolly
m	Rub tummy saying mmmm
n	Rub nose as if it tickles
o	Put hands together with thumbs folded in and make an octopus
р	Point with your index finger
q	Pretend to place a crown on your head
r	Put hands at side of face to indicate a roaring animal
S	Make snake movement with hand and arm
t	Bend arm at elbow and turn into a ticking hand
u	Put up an imaginary umbrella
V	Pretend to drive a van
W	Wave your fist in the air - I'm a winner!
х	Blow a kiss
у	Play with a pretend yo-yo
Z	Pretend to do up a zip

Aa Bb Cc Dd

Ee Ff Gg Hh Ii

Jj Kk Ll Mm

Nn Oo Pp Qq

Rr Ss Tt Un VN

Ww Xx Yy Zz



Recipe for cooked dough You will need: A pan 1 cup of salt 2 tablespoons of cooking oil, olive oil or baby oil 2 teaspoons of cream of tartar 2 cups of plain flour 2 cups of water A few drops of food colouring Use the same size cup for flour, salt and water Mix all ingredients in the pan 1. Cook over a medium heat, stirring constantly until the mixture thickens and comes away from the sides of the pan 3. Cool and store in an airtight container P

Useful Websites

Phonics games:

http://www.phonicsplay.co.uk/InteractiveResources.htm

http://mrthorne.com/

Online books:

http://www.oxfordowl.co.uk/

CBBC Numbers:

https://www.bbc.co.uk/cbeebies/shows/numberblocks

Useful Apps

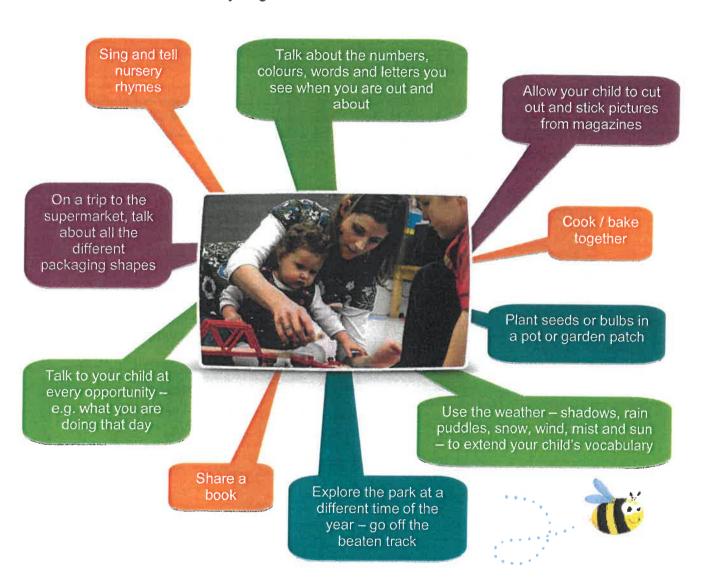
Phonics games: TwinklLTE

Story making: Puppet Pals

As a mum or dad, how can I help with my child's learning?

All the fun activities that you do with your child at home are important in supporting their learning and development, and have a really long lasting effect on your child's learning as they progress through school.

Even when your child is very young and is not yet able to talk, talking to them helps them to learn and understand new words and ideas. If you make the time every day to do some of the following things with your child it will make a real difference to your child's confidence as a young learner.



If you're looking for new ideas for things to do then find out what is on offer at your local children's centre. Many offer 'messy play' activities which you and your child can join in with, and many of the activities they provide are free. Staff can also give you advice about the kinds of books or other activities your child might enjoy at different ages.

The seven areas of learning and development

There are 3 prime areas. These are particularly important for building a foundation for igniting children's curiosity and enthusiasm for learning, forming relationships and thriving.

COMMUNICATION AND LANGUAGE

The development of children's spoken language underpins all seven areas of learning and development. Children's back-and-forth interactions from an early age form the foundations for language and cognitive development. The number and quality of the conversations they have with adults and peers throughout the day in a language-rich environment is crucial. By commenting on what children are interested in or doing, and echoing back what they say with new vocabulary added, practitioners will build children's language effectively. Reading frequently to children, and engaging them actively in stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems, and then providing them with extensive opportunities to use and embed new words in a range of contexts, will give children the opportunity to thrive. Through conversation, story-telling and role play, where children share their ideas with support and modelling from their practitioner, and sensitive questioning that invites them to elaborate, children become comfortable using a rich range of vocabulary and language structures.

PERSONAL, SOCIAL AND EMOTIONAL DEVELOPMENT

Children's personal, social and emotional development (PSED) is crucial for children to lead healthy and happy lives, and is fundamental to their cognitive development. Underpinning their personal development are the important attachments that shape their social world. Strong, warm and supportive relationships with adults enable children to learn how to understand their own feelings and those of others. Children should be supported to manage emotions, develop a positive sense of self, set themselves simple goals, have confidence in their own abilities, to persist and wait for what they want and direct attention as necessary. Through adult modelling and guidance, they will learn how to look after their bodies, including healthy eating, and manage personal needs independently. Through supported interaction with other children, they learn how to make good friendships, co-operate and resolve conflicts peaceably. These attributes will provide a secure platform from which children can achieve at school and in later life.

PHYSICAL DEVELOPMENT

Physical activity is vital in children's all-round development, enabling them to pursue happy, healthy and active lives7. Gross and fine motor experiences develop incrementally throughout early childhood, starting with sensory explorations and the development of a child's strength, co-ordination and positional awareness through tummy time, crawling and play movement with both objects and adults. By creating games and providing opportunities for play both indoors and outdoors, adults can support children to develop their core strength, stability, balance, spatial awareness, coordination and agility. Gross motor skills provide the foundation for developing healthy bodies and social and emotional well-being. Fine motor control and precision helps with hand-eye coordination, which is later linked to early literacy. Repeated and varied opportunities to explore and play with small world activities, puzzles, arts and crafts and the practice of using small tools, with feedback and support from adults, allow children to develop proficiency, control and confidence.

There are 4 specific areas through which the three prime areas are strengthened and applied. These are:

LITERACY

It is crucial for children to develop a life-long love of reading. Reading consists of two dimensions: language comprehension and word reading. Language comprehension (necessary for both reading and writing) starts from birth. It only develops when adults talk with children about the world around them and the books (stories and non-fiction) they read with them, and enjoy rhymes, poems and songs together. Skilled word reading, taught later, involves both the speedy working out of the pronunciation of unfamiliar printed words (decoding) and the speedy recognition of familiar printed words. Writing involves transcription (spelling and handwriting) and composition (articulating ideas and structuring them in speech, before writing).

MATHEMATICS

Developing a strong grounding in number is essential so that all children develop the necessary building blocks to excel mathematically. Children should be able to count confidently, develop a deep understanding of the numbers to 10, the relationships between them and the patterns within those numbers. By providing frequent and varied opportunities to build and apply this understanding - such as using manipulatives, including small pebbles and tens frames for organising counting - children will develop a secure base of knowledge and vocabulary from which mastery of mathematics is built. In addition, it is important that the curriculum includes rich opportunities for children to develop their spatial reasoning skills across all areas of mathematics including shape, space and measures. It is important that children develop positive attitudes and interests in mathematics, look for patterns and relationships, spot connections, 'have a go', talk to adults and peers about what they notice and not be afraid to make mistakes.

UNDERSTANDING THE WORLD

Understanding the world involves guiding children to make sense of their physical world and their community. The frequency and range of children's personal experiences increases their knowledge and sense of the world around them – from visiting parks, libraries and museums to meeting important members of society such as police officers, nurses and firefighters. In addition, listening to a broad selection of stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems will foster their understanding of our culturally, socially, technologically and ecologically diverse world. As well as building important knowledge, this extends their familiarity with words that support understanding across domains. Enriching and widening children's vocabulary will support later reading comprehension.

EXPRESSIVE ARTS AND DESIGN

The development of children's artistic and cultural awareness supports their imagination and creativity. It is important that children have regular opportunities to engage with the arts, enabling them to explore and play with a wide range of media and materials. The quality and variety of what children see, hear and participate in is crucial for developing their understanding, self-expression, vocabulary and ability to communicate through the arts. The frequency, repetition and depth of their experiences are fundamental to their progress in interpreting and appreciating what they hear, respond to and observe.

The Early Learning Goals

The level of development children should be expected to have attained by the end of the EYFS is defined by the early learning goals (ELGs) which are set out below.

COMMUNICATION AND LANGUAGE

ELG: Listening, Attention and Understanding

Children at the expected level of development will:

- Listen attentively and respond to what they hear with relevant questions, comments and actions when being read to and during whole-class discussions and small group interactions;
- Make comments about what they have heard and ask questions to clarify their understanding;
- Hold conversation when engaged in back-and-forth exchanges with their practitioner and peers.

ELG: Speaking

- Participate in small group, class and one-to-one discussions, offering their own ideas, using recently introduced vocabulary;
- Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate;
- Express their ideas and feelings about their experiences using full sentences, including use of past, present and future tenses and making use of conjunctions, with modelling and support from their practitioner.



PERSONAL, SOCIAL AND EMOTIONAL DEVELOPMENT

ELG: Self-Regulation

Children at the expected level of development will:

- Show an understanding of their own feelings and those of others, and begin to regulate their behaviour accordingly;
- Set and work towards simple goals, being able to wait for what they want and control their immediate impulses when appropriate;
- Give focused attention to what the practitioner says, responding appropriately even when engaged in activity, and show an ability to follow instructions involving several ideas or actions.

ELG: Managing Self

Children at the expected level of development will:

- Be confident to try new activities and show independence, resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge;
- Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly;
- Manage their own basic hygiene and personal needs, including dressing, going to the toilet and understanding the importance of healthy food choices.

ELG: Building Relationships

- Work and play cooperatively and take turns with others;
- Form positive attachments to adults and friendships with peers;
- Show sensitivity to their own and to others' needs.



PHYSICAL DEVELOPMENT

ELG: Gross Motor Skills

Children at the expected level of development will:

- Negotiate space and obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves and others;
- Demonstrate strength, balance and coordination when playing;
- Move energetically, such as running, jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping and climbing.

ELG: Fine Motor Skills

Children at the expected level of development will:

- Hold a pencil effectively in preparation for fluent writing using the tripod grip in almost all cases;
- Use a range of small tools, including scissors, paintbrushes and cutlery;
- Begin to show accuracy and care when drawing.

LITERACY

ELG: Comprehension

Children at the expected level of development will:

- Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary;
- Anticipate where appropriate key events in stories;
- Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems and during role-play.

ELG: Word Reading

Children at the expected level of development will:

- Say a sound for each letter in the alphabet and at least 10 digraphs;
- Read words consistent with their phonic knowledge by sound-blending;
- Read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge, including some common exception words.

ELG: Writing

- Write recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed;
- Spell words by identifying sounds in them and representing the sounds with a letter or letters;
- Write simple phrases and sentences that can be read by others.

MATHEMATICS

ELG: Number

Children at the expected level of development will:

- Have a deep understanding of number to 10, including the composition of each number;
- Subitise (recognise quantities without counting) up to 5;
- Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) number bonds up to 5 (including subtraction facts) and some number bonds to 10, including double facts.

ELG: Numerical Patterns

Children at the expected level of development will:

- Verbally count beyond 20, recognising the pattern of the counting system;
- Compare quantities up to 10 in different contexts, recognising when one quantity is greater than, less than or the same as the other quantity;
- Explore and represent patterns within numbers up to 10, including evens and odds, double facts and how quantities can be distributed equally.

UNDERSTANDING THE WORLD

ELG: Past and Present

Children at the expected level of development will:

- Talk about the lives of the people around them and their roles in society;
- Know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class;
- Understand the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling.

ELG: People, Culture and Communities

- Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, non-fiction texts and maps;
- Know some similarities and differences between different religious and cultural communities in this country, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class;
- Explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, non-fiction texts and when appropriate maps.

ELG: The Natural World

Children at the expected level of development will:

- Explore the natural world around them, making observations and drawing pictures of animals and plants;
- Know some similarities and differences between the natural world around them and contrasting environments, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class;
- Understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons and changing states of matter.

EXPRESSIVE ARTS AND DESIGN

ELG: Creating with Materials

Children at the expected level of development will:

- Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function;
- Share their creations, explaining the process they have used;
- Make use of props and materials when role-playing characters in narratives and stories.

ELG: Being Imaginative and Expressive

- Invent, adapt and recount narratives and stories with peers and their practitioner;
- Sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs; Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others, and – when appropriate – try to move in time with music.

