Guidelines for reviewing books on Native Americans for culturally appropriateness (Beverly Slapin, 2003):

Culturally Inappropriate	Culturally Appropriate
"E" for Eskimo and "I" for Indian in an ABC Book; in counting books, "Indians" counted, children are shown playing "Indian"? Animals dressed as Indians?	Images of Natives are not only in the past, but also in contemporary settings, with accuracy to individuality and distinctions in types of homes, clothing , food, hairstyles, etc.
Natives are portrayed as savages or simple tribal people, now extinct	Natives are shown as human beings, members of highly defined and complex societies?
Native societies are oversimplified and generalized, ie. all one color.	Native societies presented as separate from each other with unique culture and language
The art is a mishmash of "generic Indian" designs.	Attention is paid to accurate, appropriate design and color, with careful attention to detail.
Natives depicted as stereotypically alike.	Native people depicted as genuine individuals.
Native Nations are presented as being responsible for their own "disappearance"	History is in the proper perspective: the Native struggle for self-determination and sovereignty
Children are encouraged to believe that Natives accepted defeat passively.	The story show the ways in which Native peoples actively resisted the invaders.
Native heroes are those who aided in the conquest of their own people.	Natives heroes are admired because of what they have done for their own people.
Native cultures are presented in a condescending manner, with a paternalistic	The focus is on respect for Native peoples and understanding the sophistication and complexities
Native peoples are discussed in the past tense as the "Vanished Indian."	The continuity of cultures is represented, with values rooted in and connected to the past.
Society is portrayed in a limited way— traditions are described as "superstitions", with backward or primitive connotations.	Indian religions and traditions are described accurately, in the context of their civilizations.
Native people speak in the oratorical style of the "stoic noble savage".	Native People use language with the consummate and articulate skills of an oral tradition.
Native people are shown as "relentlessly ecological."	Native societies are described as coexisting with nature in a delicate balance.
In modern times, Natives are portrayed as childlike and helpless, with a white au-	Natives are portrayed as mature individuals who work hard, make sacrifices in order to take care of
Native people and their communities contrast unfavorably with the norm of white middle-class suburbia.	Native people and their communities are seen as their own cultural norm.
"White" standards are followed for Native people to get ahead.	Native values of cooperation, generosity, sharing, honesty and courage are seen as integral to growth and development.
Women are completely subservient to men and do all the work, while the men wait around to be served.	Women are portrayed as the integral and respected part of Native societies that they really are.
Elders are treated as a dispensable burden to be abandoned in times of trouble or famine; querulous, petulant, demanding, nagging, irritating, and boring.	Elders are treated as loved and valued custodians of a People's history, culture, and lifeways.
There are things in the story that would embarrass or hurt a Native child.	There are one or more positive role models with which a Native child can identify.
The background of the author and illustrator is lacking in the qualities that enable them to write about Native peoples in an accurate, respectful manner; there is an ethnocentric bias which leads to distortions or omissions.	There are things in the author or illustrator's background qualifying them to write about Native people and their perspectives strengthen their work. <u>Adapted from Sign of Cultural Appropriateness, "Through Indian Eyes", 2003</u>