MOORS & CABOT, INC.

Banking & Advisory Group

NEW ISSUE

Moody's: Aa3 S&P: AA-

In the opinion of Bond Counsel, under existing statutes and court decisions, and assuming compliance with certain covenants, interest on the Bonds will be excludable from gross income of the owners thereof for federal income tax purposes pursuant to Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), and such interest will not be treated as a preference item to be included in calculating alternative minimum taxable income under the Code with respect to individuals and corporations; however, such interest will be taken into account in the computation of certain taxes that may be imposed with respect to corporations, including, without limitation, the alternative minimum tax and the foreign branch profits tax. Bond Counsel is also of the opinion that the interest paid on the Bonds is exempt from income tax imposed upon individuals by the State of Maine (the "State") under existing statutes, regulations and judicial decisions. The Town will designate the Bonds as "qualified tax-exempt obligations" for purposes of Section 265(b)(3) of the Code. See "THE BONDS - TAX MATTERS" and "APPENDIX B" herein.

TOWN OF SCARBOROUGH, MAINE \$4,000,000 2007 GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS

Dated: May 15, 2007 Due: November 1, as shown below

Year of <u>Maturity</u>	<u>Amount</u>	Interest <u>Rate</u>	Yield or <u>Price</u>	Year of <u>Maturity</u>	<u>Amount</u>	Interest <u>Rate</u>	Yield or <u>Price</u>
2007	\$550,000	4.00%	3.56	2015	\$225,000	4.00%	3.70
2008	550,000	4.00	3.58	2016	225,000	4.00	3.75
2009	550,000	4.00	3.60	2017	25,000	4.00	3.80
2010	550,000	4.00	3.60	2018	25,000	4.00	3.85
2011	550,000	4.00	3.60	2019	25,000	4.00	3.90
2012	225,000	4.00	3.60	2020	25,000	4.00	3.95
2013	225,000	4.00	3.61	2021	25,000	4.00	100
2014	225 000	4 00	3 66				

The Bonds will be issued as fully-registered certificates without coupons and, when issued, will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as Bondowner and nominee for The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("DTC"). DTC will act as securities depository for the Bonds. Purchases of the Bonds will be made in book-entry form, in the denomination of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof. Purchasers will not receive certificates representing their interest in Bonds purchased. See "THE BONDS—BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM" herein. Principal and interest on the Bonds will be paid to DTC by The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A., Boston, Massachusetts, as Paying Agent. Interest on the Bonds will be payable on November 1, 2007 and semi-annually on each May 1 and November 1 thereafter until maturity or redemption prior to maturity.

The legal opinion of Bernstein, Shur, Sawyer & Nelson, Portland, Maine, Bond Counsel, will be provided to the original purchaser and will indicate that the Bonds are valid general obligations of the Town of Scarborough, Maine and unless paid from other sources, are payable as to both principal and interest from ad valorem taxes that are subject to limitation unless certain procedural requirements under Title 30-A, Section 5721-A of the Maine Revised Statutes, as amended, are met, in which case such ad valorem taxes may then be levied without limit as to rate or amount upon all the property within the territorial limits of the Town and taxable by it except to the extent that the Town may enter into an agreement under Title 30-A, Chapter 223, Subchapter V as amended, to share its assessed valuation with another municipality and except to the extent that the Town establishes or has established either development districts as tax increment financing districts or affordable housing development districts pursuant to Title 30-A, Chapters 206 and former 207 of the Maine Revised Statutes, as amended, the captured tax increment of which may not be available for payment of debt service on the Bonds. The \$1,351,830 of Bonds issued for the School Department are not subject to the property tax limit set forth in Section 5721-A. See "THE BONDS—SOURCE OF PAYMENTS AND REMEDIES-Limitation on Municipal Property Tax" herein. The Town has established tax increment financing districts and has elected to retain portions of the tax increment on the captured assessed values of the properties in the districts to pay costs of the development project within the districts. See "TOWN FINANCES—TAX INCREMENT FINANCING DISTRICTS" herein. Within the limits established by statute, the Town has the right to designate additional development districts or affordable housing development districts pursuant to Chapter 206 of Title 30-A of the Maine Revised Statutes, as amended. The opinion will indicate that the enforceability of the obligations of the Town, including the Bonds, is subject to and may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency, moratorium and other laws affecting the rights and remedies of creditors generally, and are subject to general principles of equity. The opinion will be dated and given on and will speak as of the date of original delivery of the Bonds to the original purchasers.

Bonds maturing on and before November 1, 2016 are not subject to redemption prior to their stated dates of maturity. The Bonds maturing after November 1, 2016 are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the Town, on and after November 1, 2016 as more fully set forth herein. See "THE BONDS—OPTIONAL REDEMPTION PRIOR TO MATURITY" herein.

The Bonds are offered when, as and if issued, subject to the approval of legality by Bernstein, Shur, Sawyer & Nelson of Portland, Maine, Bond Counsel. It is expected that the Bonds in definitive form will be available for delivery to DTC in New York City, New York on or about May 15, 2007.

No dealer, broker, salesman or other person has been authorized by the Issuer or the Underwriter to give any information or to make any representations, other than those contained in this Official Statement, in connection with the offering of the Bonds, and if given or made, such information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized by any of the foregoing. This Official Statement does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy, nor shall there be any sale of the Bonds by any person in any jurisdiction in which it is unlawful for such person to make such offer, solicitation or sale. The information set forth herein has been obtained from the Issuer and other sources which are believed to be reliable, but is not guaranteed as to accuracy or completeness by, and is not to be construed as a representation by, any party other than the Issuer. The information and expressions of opinion herein are subject to change without notice, and neither the delivery of this Official Statement nor any sale made hereunder shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the condition or affairs of the Issuer since the date hereof.

IN CONNECTION WITH THIS OFFERING, THE UNDERWRITER MAY OVERALLOT OR EFFECT TRANSACTIONS WHICH STABILIZE OR MAINTAIN THE MARKET PRICE OF THE BONDS AT A LEVEL ABOVE THAT WHICH MIGHT OTHERWISE PREVAIL IN THE OPEN MARKET. SUCH STABILIZING TRANSACTIONS, IF COMMENCED, MAY BE DISCONTINUED AT ANY TIME.

THE BONDS HAVE NOT BEEN REGISTERED UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED, NOR HAS ANY INDENTURE BEEN QUALIFIED UNDER THE TRUST INDENTURE ACT OF 1939, AS AMENDED, IN RELIANCE UPON EXEMPTIONS CONTAINED IN SUCH ACTS. THE REGISTRATION OR QUALIFICATION OF THE BONDS IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE PROVISIONS OF SECURITIES LAWS OF THE STATES IN WHICH THE BONDS HAVE BEEN REGISTERED OR QUALIFIED, AND THE EXEMPTION FROM REGISTRATION OR QUALIFICATION IN OTHER STATES, CANNOT BE REGARDED AS A RECOMMENDATION THEREOF. NONE OF THESE STATES NOR ANY OF THEIR AGENCIES HAVE PASSED UPON THE MERITS OF THE BONDS OR THE ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS OF THIS OFFICIAL STATEMENT. ANY REPRESENTATION TO THE CONTRARY MAY BE A CRIMINAL OFFENSE.

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CERTIFICATE CONCERNING OFFICIAL STATEMENT

The information contained herein has been prepared by the Town of Scarborough, Maine with the assistance of Moors & Cabot, Inc., its Financial Advisor, from the records of the Town and from various other public documents and sources which are believed to be reliable. There has been no independent investigation of such information by its Financial Advisor or by Bernstein, Shur, Sawyer & Nelson, Bond Counsel, and such information is not guaranteed as to accuracy or completeness and is not intended to be a representation by the Financial Advisor or Bond Counsel.

This Official Statement is not to be construed as a contract or agreement between the Town and the purchasers or holders of any of the Bonds. Any statements made in this Official Statement involving matters of opinion, whether or not expressly so stated, are intended merely as opinion and not as representations of fact. The information and expressions of opinion herein are subject to change without notice and neither the delivery of this Official Statement nor any sale made hereunder shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the Town or its agencies and authorities, since the date hereof.

To the best of the knowledge and belief of the Finance Director, this Official Statement does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact and does not omit to state any material fact necessary to make the statements made herein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading, subject to the condition that while information in the Official Statement obtained from sources other than the Town is not guaranteed as to accuracy, completeness or fairness, she has no reason to believe that such information is materially inaccurate or misleading. A certificate to this effect, with such if any corrections, changes and additions as may be necessary, will be signed by the Finance Director and furnished at the closing.

This Official Statement is in a form "deemed final" by the issuer for purposes of Securities and Exchange Commission's Rule 15c2-12(b) [17 C.F.R. §240.15c2-12(b)].

Ruth D. Porter Finance Director Town of Scarborough, Maine

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

TOWN OF SCARBOROUGH, MAINE \$4,000,000 2007 GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS

This Official Statement is provided for the purpose of presenting certain information relating to the Town of Scarborough, Maine (the "Town" or "Scarborough") in connection with the sale of its 2007 General Obligation Bonds (the "Bonds" or the "2007 Bonds").

THE BONDS

DESCRIPTION OF THE BONDS

The Bonds will be issued in fully-registered form without coupons, one certificate per maturity, and, when issued, will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for The Depository Trust Company, New York City, New York ("DTC"). DTC will act as the securities depository for the Bonds. Purchases of the Bonds will be made in book-entry form, in the denomination of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof. The Bonds will be dated May 15, 2007 and will bear interest, payable on November 1, 2007, and semi-annually thereafter on May 1 and November 1 of each year until maturity or redemption prior to maturity. The Bonds will mature annually as follows:

<u>Amount</u>	Nov. 1,	<u>CUSIP</u>	<u>Amount</u>	Nov. 1,	<u>CUSIP</u>
\$550,000	2007	806075SG3	\$225,000	2015	806075SQ1
550,000	2008	806075SH1	225,000	2016	806075SR9
550,000	2009	806075SJ7	25,000	2017	806075SS7
550,000	2010	806075SK4	25,000	2018	806075ST5
550,000	2011	806075SL2	25,000	2019	806075SU2
225,000	2012	806075SM0	25,000	2020	806075SV0
225,000	2013	806075SN8	25,000	2021	806075SW8
225,000	2014	806075SP3			

It is expected that the Bonds will be available for delivery at DTC on or about May 15, 2007.

Principal of and interest on the Bonds will be payable in Clearing House Funds to DTC, or its nominee, as registered owner of the Bonds by The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A., Boston, Massachusetts, as paying agent (the "Paying Agent"). Transfer of principal and interest payments to Participants of DTC will be the responsibility of DTC. Transfer of principal and interest payments to Beneficial Owners (as hereinafter defined) will be the responsibility of such Participants and other nominees of Beneficial Owners. The Town will not be responsible or liable for maintaining, supervising or reviewing the records maintained by DTC, its Participants or persons acting through such Participants. See "THE BONDS - BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM" herein.

OPTIONAL REDEMPTION PRIOR TO MATURITY

Bonds maturing on or before November 1, 2016 are not subject to redemption prior to their stated dates of maturity. Bonds maturing after November 1, 2016 are subject to redemption prior to their stated dates of maturity, at the option of the Town, on and after November 1, 2016, as a whole or in part at any time, in such order of maturity as the Town, in its discretion, may determine at the respective redemption price (expressed as percentages of the principal amount of Bonds to be redeemed) set forth in the following table, together with interest accrued and unpaid to the redemption date:

Redemption Period

November 1, 2016 and thereafter

Redemption Price

100%

GENERAL PROVISIONS REGARDING REDEMPTION OF THE BONDS

Notice of Redemption

In the case of every redemption of the Bonds, the Town shall cause notice of such redemption to be given to the registered owner of any Bonds designated for redemption in whole or in part, at his or her address as the same shall last appear upon the registration books kept by the Paying Agent by mailing a copy of the redemption notice by first class mail not less than thirty (30) days prior to the redemption date. Any notice mailed shall be conclusively presumed to have been duly given, whether or not the Bondholder actually receives notice. The failure of the Town to give notice to a Bondholder or any defect in such notice shall not affect the validity of the redemption of any Bond of any other owner.

Each notice of redemption shall specify the date fixed for redemption, the place or places of payment, that payment will be made upon presentation and surrender of the Bonds to be redeemed, that interest, if any, accrued to the date fixed for redemption will be paid as specified in said notice, and that on and after said date interest thereon will cease to accrue. If less than all the Bonds outstanding are to be redeemed, the notice of redemption shall specify the numbers of the Bonds or portions thereof (in denominations of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof) to be redeemed.

The Town shall notify the Securities Depository (see "THE BONDS - BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM" herein) in the same manner as the Bondholders, with a request that the Securities Depository notify its Participants who in turn notify the beneficial owners of such Bonds. Any failure on the part of the Securities Depository, or failure on the part of a nominee of a Beneficial Owner (having received notice from the Town, a Participant or otherwise) to notify the Beneficial Owner so affected, shall not affect the validity of the redemption of such Bond.

Bonds Due and Payable on Redemption Date; Interest Ceases to Accrue

On any redemption date, the principal amount of each Bond to be redeemed, together with the premium, if any, and accrued interest thereon to such date, shall become due and payable. Funds shall be deposited with the Paying Agent to pay, and the Paying Agent is authorized and directed to apply such funds to the payment of the Bonds called for redemption, together with accrued interest thereon to the redemption date and redemption premium, if any. After such redemption date, notice having been given in the manner described above, then, notwithstanding that any Bonds called for redemption shall not have been surrendered, no further interest shall accrue on any of such Bonds. From and after such date of redemption (such notice having been given), the Bonds to be redeemed shall not be deemed to be outstanding.

Cancellation

All Bonds that have been redeemed shall be canceled by the Paying Agent and either destroyed by the Paying Agent with counterparts of a certificate of destruction evidencing such destruction furnished by the Paying Agent to the Town or returned to the Town at its request.

Partial Redemption of Bonds

Bonds or portions of Bonds to be redeemed in part shall be selected by the Town by lot or in such other manner, as the Town in its discretion may deem appropriate.

RECORD DATE; PAYMENT

The principal of the Bonds is payable upon surrender thereof at the principal corporate trust office of the Paying Agent. Payment of the interest on the Bonds will be made to the person appearing on the registration books of the Paying Agent as the registered owner thereof at the close of business on the fifteenth day of the month preceding each interest payment date for the Bonds, and if such day is not a regular business day of the Paying Agent the next day preceding which is a regular business day of the Paying Agent, by check, wire or draft mailed to each registered owner at such person's address as it appears on the registration books, or at another address as is furnished to the Paying Agent in writing by the owner. Interest which is not timely paid or provided for shall cease to be payable to the registered owner as of the regular record date and shall be payable to the registered owner at the close of business on a special record date to be fixed by the Paying Agent.

AUTHORIZATION AND PURPOSE

The authority to issue the Bonds is granted under Title 30-A, Section 5772 of the Maine Revised Statutes, as amended, and Sections 204.3, 901.3 and 905 of the Town's Charter (the "Charter"). Section 204.3 of the Charter authorizes the Town Council to make ordinances. Section 901.3 of the Charter provides for a petition for overrule of Council action of orders or resolves authorizing bond issues of \$100,000 or more for a single capital improvement or capital equipment, by the initiative and referendum provisions of Article IX of the Town's Charter providing that the procedure is within twenty days following the enactment of such ordinance. Section 905 of the Town's Charter requires voter referendum approval for bond issues of \$400,000 or more for a single capital improvement or capital equipment. The Bonds of this financing comply with the provisions of the Charter.

The Projects

The Bonds are being issued pursuant to orders adopted by the Town Council at its meetings held on September 15, 2000, February 16, 2005, March 1, 2006 and November 1, 2006 (the "Orders") in order to provide funds to finance various capital improvement programs of the Town. The various projects being financed by the Bonds are itemized in the following table, "THE BONDS - THE PROJECTS".

Abandoned Projects or Excess Bond Proceeds

In the event that any proceeds of the Bonds remain unspent upon completion of the Projects, or the Town abandons any portion of the Projects, the Town reserves the right to reallocate unspent proceeds to the costs of other qualified projects approved, or to be approved, by the Town Council, or to apply unspent proceeds to the payment of debt service on the Bonds.

THE PROJECTS

<u>CIP Y</u>	<u>ear</u>		Bond Order		Total <u>Authorized</u>	2007 <u>Bonds</u>	Authorized <u>Unissued</u>
2006 /	2007	Muni - Eq	06-128	F.D. SCBA Replacement Project	111,250	111,250	0
2006 /	2007	Muni - Eq	06-128	P.D. Building Renovation/Arch & Eng	395,000	0	395,000
2006 /	2007	Muni - Eq	06-128	DPW Plow Truck #4006	165,000	164,000	1,000
2006 /	2007	Muni - Proj	06-128	C.S. Black Point Park	350,000	350,000	0
2006 /	2007	Muni - Proj	06-128	C.S. High School Athletic Field Synthetic Turf	395,000	394,000	1,000
2006 /	2007	Muni - Proj	06-128	C.S. High School Track Resurfacing with fence	150,000	150,000	0
2006 /	2007	Muni - Proj	06-128	IT Integrated-Townwide Data/Phone		ŕ	
2006 /	2007	Mani Dani	06-128	Fiber Network	125,000	23,190	101,810
2006 /	2007	Muni - Proj	06-128	DPW Higgins Beach Drainage Project	180,000	180,000	0
2006 /	2007	Muni - Proj		DPW Schooner Road Drainage	365,563	365,563	0
		Muni - Proj	06-128	DPW Hillside Drainage Study	35,000	35,000	0
2006 /	2007	Muni - Proj	06-128	DPW Building Roof Repair	290,230	225,667	64,563
2006 /	2007	Muni - Proj	06-128	Purchase Prop from MTA	60,000	60,000	0
2006 /	2007	Muni - Proj	06-128	Library Capital Budget - Amend Budget 10/18	299,500	299,500	0
2005 /	2006	Muni - Proj	06-18	F.D. Training Building	150,000	0	150,000
2004 /	2005	Muni - Proj	05-07	IS Fiber Infrastructure town & school Minor Collector Program,	95,000	95,000	0
2002 /	2003	Muni - Proj	06-128	Broadturn/Burnham to Route 22	95,000	95,000	0
2002 /	2003	Muni - Proj	06-18	Minor Collector Program, Broadturn/Burnham to Route 22	155,000	0	155,000
2000 /	2001	Muni - Proj	00-140	Purchase parks & conservation lands (NOTE: \$2.8MM balance of \$4MM auth)	2,802,504	100,000	2,702,504
				Total Municipal	6,219,047	2,648,170	3,570,877
				•	- , ,	_,,	-,,,,,,
2006 /	2007	School	06-129	Technology: Replace of Equip &	0.00		
				Applications	251,450	251,450	0
2006 /	2007	School	06-129	Technology: New Equipment & Applications	69,380	69,380	0
2006 /	2007	School	06-129	Facilities Support Equipment	70,000	70,000	ő
2006 /	2007	School	06-129	Roofing System-wide	200,000	200,000	ŏ
2006 /	2007	School	06-129	Security & Access Management Systems	60,000	60,000	ő
2006 /	2007	School	06-129	District-wide Flooring	60,000	60,000	0
2006 /	2007	School	06-129	District-wide Movable Equipment	103,480	50,000	53,480
2006 /	2007	School	06-129	District-wide Building Envelope	30,000	30,000	30,000
2006 /	2007	School	06-129	HVAC Systems	30,000	30,000	30,000
2006 /	2007	School	06-129	Blue Point Parking Expansion & Water	·		
				Main Replace Middle School HVAC & Operable Wall	210,000	50,000	160,000
2006 /	2007	School	06-129	Replace	50,000	50,000	0
2006 /	2007	School	06-129	Long Range Planning	150,000	150,000	0
2006 /	2007	School	06-19	WW Modulars	350,000	58,200	291,800
2006 /	2007	School	06-19	MS HVAC/Wall	30,000	30,000	0
2006 /	2007	School	06-19	Maintenance-Security System	25,000	25,000	0
2006 /	2007	School	06-19	District Wide Long Range Planning	300,000	149,800	150,200
2006 /	2007	School	06-19	Information Systems-HS-Tech Equipment	48,000	48,000	0
2005 /	2006	School	05-08	System Wide ADA	119,000	0	119,000
				Total School	2,156,310	1,351,830	804,480
				Totals	8,375,357	4,000,000	4,375,357
				:	- /		

AMORTIZATION OF THE BONDS

			Municipal			School				
	Equip		Projects							The
Nov. 1,	5 yr	5 yr	10 yr	15 yr	Total		5 yr	10 yr	Total	Bonds
2007	\$54,651	\$30,416	\$166,224	\$46,879	\$298,170		\$217,102	\$34,728	\$251,830	\$550,000
2008	55,150	30,693	172,720	41,437	300,000		219,132	30,868	250,000	550,000
2009	55,150	30,693	172,720	41,437	300,000		219,132	30,868	250,000	550,000
2010	55,150	30,693	172,720	41,437	300,000		219,132	30,868	250,000	550,000
2011	55,150	30,693	172,720	41,437	300,000		219,132	30,868	250,000	550,000
2012	0	0	163,413	41,587	205,000			20,000	20,000	225,000
2013	0	0	163,413	41,587	205,000			20,000	20,000	225,000
2014	0	0	163,413	41,587	205,000			20,000	20,000	225,000
2015	0	0	163,413	41,587	205,000			20,000	20,000	225,000
2016	0	0	163,413	41,587	205,000			20,000	20,000	225,000
2017	0	0	0	25,000	25,000					25,000
2018	0	0	0	25,000	25,000					25,000
2019	0	0	0	25,000	25,000					25,000
2020	0	0	0	25,000	25,000					25,000
2021	0	0	0	25,000	25,000					25,000
Totals	\$275,250	\$153,190	\$1,674,167	\$545,563	\$2,648,170		\$1,093,630	\$258,200	\$1,351,830	\$4,000,000

SOURCE OF PAYMENT AND REMEDIES

The Bonds are general obligations of the Town and their payment is not limited to a particular fund or revenue source. Municipalities in the State of Maine (the "State" or "Maine") have the right to tax their inhabitants to pay municipal indebtedness. The Bonds are payable as to both principal and interest from limited ad valorem property taxes unless the Town follows certain procedural requirements under Title 30-A, Section 5721-A of the Maine Revised Statutes, as revised, in which case the Town has the power to levy such ad valorem taxes which may be levied, subject to certain procedural limitations under Section 5721-A of the Maine Revised Statutes as amended and supplemented to date, without limit as to rate or amount upon all the property located within the territorial limits of the Issuer and taxable by it, except to the extent that the Town may enter into an agreement under Title 30-A, Chapter 223, Subchapter V of the Maine Revised Statutes, as amended, to share its assessed valuation with another municipality, and except to the extent that the Town establishes or has established development districts as either tax increment financing districts or affordable housing development districts pursuant to Title 30-A, Chapters 206 and former 207 of the Maine Revised Statutes, as amended, the captured tax increment of which may not be available for payment of debt service on the Bonds. The \$1,592,884 portion of Bonds issued for the School Department are not subject to the property tax limit set forth in Section 5721-A. The Finance Director has certified that a tax base sharing agreement does not now exist. The Town has established certain tax increment financing districts and elected to retain a portion of the tax increment on the captured assessed value of the property in these districts to pay costs of the development project within the districts (see "TOWN FINANCES - TAX INCREMENT FINANCING DISTRICTS AND AFFORDABLE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT DISTRICTS" section herein). Within the limits established by statute, the Town has the right to designate additional development districts or affordable housing development districts pursuant to Chapter 206 of Title 30-A of the Maine Revised Statutes, as amended. There is no statutory provision for a lien on any portion of the tax levy to secure bonds or notes, or judgments thereon, in priority to other claims.

In the opinion of Bond Counsel, the Town is subject to suit on the Bonds. The Maine statutes provide that executions against a town shall be issued against the personal property of the residents of that town and real estate within its boundaries, whether or not owned by the town. Only town real estate not used

for public purposes, however, is subject to such execution. In addition, the Maine statutes provide that the personal property of the residents and the real estate within the boundaries of any town may be taken to pay any debt of the town. There has been no judicial determination as to whether the statutory remedy of taking property to satisfy debts or judgments is constitutional under current due process and equal protection standards and Bond Counsel expresses no opinion thereon.

Funds to meet Town expenses, including debt service, are not included in the tax levy to the extent they are expected to be met with other non-tax revenues. Amounts necessary to repay sums borrowed temporarily in anticipation of bonds or grants are similarly excluded because they would normally be expected to be paid from the anticipated bond proceeds or grants. Enforcement of a claim for payment of principal of or interest on bonds or notes would be subject to the applicable provisions of federal bankruptcy laws and to the provisions of statutes, if any, hereafter enacted by the Congress or the State Legislature extending the time for payment or imposing other constraints upon enforcement insofar as the same may be constitutionally applied. The Bonds are not guaranteed by the State of Maine.

Limitation on Municipal Property Tax Levy

Effective July 1, 2005, the Legislature enacted LD 1, codified in part as Title 30-A, Section 5721-A of the Maine Revised Statutes, as amended, which, subject to certain procedural overrides, establishes a limit on municipal property tax levies. This limit is referred to as "Property Tax Levy Limit". With certain exceptions, a municipality may not adopt a property tax levy that exceeds its Property Tax Levy Limit from one year to the next by more than a specified growth limitation factor.

The growth limitation factor is: (a) the 10-year average real personal income growth (but no more than 2.75%) plus a property growth factor (when, as currently is the case, the state and local tax burden ranks in the highest 1/3 of all states); or (b) the 10-year average real personal income growth plus forecasted inflation plus a property growth factor (when the state and local tax burden ranks in the middle 1/3 of all states).

In addition, a municipality is required to lower its Property Tax Levy Limit in any year by an amount equal to net new funds provided by the State for existing services funded in whole or in part by the property tax levy.

The Town may increase the Property Tax Levy Limit by a majority vote of the entire Town Council on a separate article that specifically identifies the intent to exceed the Property Tax Levy Limit. Pursuant to Section 5721-A this action, however, is subject to override by initiative upon a petition signed by at least 10% of the number of voters voting in the last gubernatorial election in the municipality submitted within 30 days of the council's vote.

In lieu of increasing the Property Tax Levy Limit, the Town Council may vote to exceed the Property Tax Levy Limit for extraordinary circumstances. Exceeding the Property Tax Levy Limit permits the property tax levy to exceed the Property Tax Levy Limit only for the year in which the extraordinary circumstance occurs and does not increase the base for purposes of calculating the Property Tax Levy Limit for future years. Extraordinary circumstances include:

- (1) Catastrophic events such as natural disaster, terrorism, fire, war or riot;
- (2) Unfunded or underfunded state or federal mandates;
- (3) Citizens' initiatives or other referenda;
- (4) Court orders or decrees; or
- (5) Loss of state or federal funding.

Extraordinary circumstances do not include changes in economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, increases in salaries or benefits, new programs or program expansions that go beyond existing program criteria and operation.

Section 5721-A does not limit the amount of taxes which may be raised by a municipality to pay items included in the school budget, governed by and appropriated in accordance with Title 20-A, Chapter 606-B of the Maine Revised Statutes, as amended. The debt service of the school project portion of the Bonds is includable in the school budget and the Town is therefore able to levy ad valorem property taxes without limit as to rate or amount to pay the debt service on that portion of the Bonds.

TAX MATTERS

In the opinion of Bernstein, Shur, Sawyer & Nelson, Bond Counsel, based on existing statutes, regulations and court decisions interest on the Bonds is not includable in the gross income of the owners of the Bonds for purposes of federal income taxation. Interest on the Bonds will not be treated as a preference item in calculating alternative minimum taxable income of individuals; however, interest on the Bonds will be includable in the adjusted net book income or adjusted current earnings of a corporation for purposes of calculation of the alternative minimum tax upon corporations and will be taken into account in the computation of the foreign branch profits tax. In addition, interest payable on the Bonds is not subject to Maine income taxes imposed upon individuals under existing statutes, regulations and decisions.

Bond Counsel's opinion will state that the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), establishes certain requirements regarding use, expenditure and investment of the proceeds of the Bonds and the timely payment of certain investment earnings to the U.S. Treasury that must be met subsequent to the issuance and delivery of the Bonds in order that interest on the Bonds be and remain excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes pursuant to Section 103 of the Code. Noncompliance with such requirements may cause interest on the Bonds to be included in the gross income of the owner thereof retroactive to the date of issuance of the Bonds, regardless of when such noncompliance occurs.

The opinion will further state that Bond Counsel has examined the Arbitrage and Use of Proceeds Certificate and the General Certificate of the Treasurer and the Issuer's Certificate regarding Qualified and Designated status (the "Tax Certificates") all delivered by the Town concurrently with the Bonds, which will contain provisions and procedures regarding compliance with the requirements of the Code. The Town, in executing the Tax Certificates, will certify to the effect that the Town will comply with the provisions and procedures set forth therein and do and perform all acts and things necessary or desirable in order to assure that interest paid on the Bonds shall not be included in the gross income of the owner thereof for federal income tax purposes. In rendering its opinion Bond Counsel will rely upon the representations of the Town set forth in the Tax Certificates and assume that the Town will comply with the provisions and procedures set forth in the Tax Certificates.

Ownership of tax-exempt obligations may result in collateral federal income tax consequences to certain taxpayers, including, without limitation, financial institutions, property and casualty insurance companies, certain foreign corporations doing business in the United States, certain S corporations with excess passive income, individual recipients of Social Security or Railroad Retirement benefits and taxpayers who may be deemed to have incurred or continued indebtedness to purchase or carry tax-exempt obligations. Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should consult their tax advisors as to applicability of any such collateral consequences.

The Town <u>will</u> designate the Bonds as "qualified tax-exempt obligations" for purposes of Section 265(b)(3) of the Code.

Original Issue Discount/Premium

For federal income tax purposes, original issue discount with respect to a bond is equal to the excess, if any, of the stated redemption price at maturity of such bond over the initial offering price thereof to the public, excluding underwriters and other intermediaries, at which price a substantial amount of all substantially identical Bonds were sold. Original issue discount accrues over the term of a bond in accordance with Section 1272 of the Code. Purchasers of the Bonds should consult their own tax advisers with respect to the computation of original issue discount on such accruals of interest during the period in which any such Bond is held.

The excess, if any, of the tax basis of the Bonds to a purchaser (other than a purchaser who holds such Bonds as inventory, stock in trade or for sale to customers in the ordinary course of business) over the amount payable at maturity is "bond premium." For federal income tax purposes, bond premium is amortized over the term of such Bonds, is not deductible and reduces the purchaser's adjusted tax basis. Bond purchasers should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the tax consequences of bond premium.

Bond Counsel will not express an opinion regarding the treatment of original issue discount or bond premium for federal income tax purposes.

BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM

The Bonds initially will be issued solely in book-entry form to be held in the book-entry only system maintained by The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), New York, New York. So long as such bookentry system is used, only DTC will receive or have the right to receive physical delivery of Bonds and, except as otherwise provided herein with respect to Beneficial Owners of Beneficial Ownership Interests, Beneficial Owners will not be or be considered to be, and will not have any rights as, owners or holders of the Bonds under the Indenture.

The following information about the book-entry only system applicable to the Bonds has been supplied by DTC. None of the Issuer, the Paying Agent or the Underwriter makes any representations, warranties or guarantees with respect to its accuracy or completeness.

DTC will act as securities depository for the Bonds. The Bonds will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. One fully-registered Bond certificate will be issued for the Bonds in the aggregate principal amount of such issue, and will be deposited with DTC.

DTC, the world's largest depository, is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 2.2 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity, corporate and municipal debt issues, and money market instruments from over 100 countries that DTC's participants ("Direct Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC").

DTCC, in turn, is owned by a number of Direct Participants of DTC and Members of the National Securities Clearing Corporation, Fixed Income Clearing Corporation, and Emerging Markets Clearing Corporation (NSCC, FICC and EMCC, also subsidiaries of DTCC), as well as by the New York Stock Exchange, Inc., the American Stock Exchange LLC, and the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants"). DTC has Standard & Poor's highest rating: AAA. The DTC Rules applicable to its Participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtc.com and <a hr

Purchases of Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Bonds on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Bond ("Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants' records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Bonds are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in Bonds, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Bonds is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Bonds deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Bonds; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time.

Beneficial Owners of Bonds may wish to take certain steps to augment transmission to them of notices of significant events with respect to the Bonds, such as redemptions, tenders, defaults, and proposed amendments to the security documents. For example, Beneficial Owners of Bonds may wish to ascertain that the nominee holding the Bonds for their benefit has agreed to obtain and transmit notices to Beneficial Owners, in the alternative, Beneficial Owners may wish to provide their names and addresses to the registrar and request that copies of the notices be provided directly to them.

Redemption notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of the Bonds within an issue are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such issue to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor such other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to the Bonds unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's Procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to the Issuer as soon as possible after the record date. The

Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts the Bonds are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Redemption proceeds, distributions, and dividend payments on the Bonds will be made to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts, upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from Issuer or Paying Agent on payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC nor its nominee, Paying Agent, or Issuer, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of redemption proceeds, distributions, and dividend payments to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of Issuer or Paying Agent, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

A Beneficial Owner shall give notice to elect to have its Bonds purchased or tendered, through its Participant, to the Paying Agent, and shall effect delivery of such Bonds by causing the Direct Participant to transfer the Participant's interest in the Bonds, on DTC's records, to the Paying Agent. The requirement for physical delivery of Bonds in connection with an optional tender or a mandatory purchase will be deemed satisfied when the ownership rights in the Bonds are transferred by Direct Participants on DTC's records and followed by a book-entry credit of tendered Bonds to Tender Agent's DTC account.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as securities depository with respect to the Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice to Issuer or Paying Agent. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor securities depository is not obtained, Bond certificates are required to be printed and delivered.

The Issuer may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry_only transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, Bond certificates will be printed and delivered to DTC.

The information in this section concerning DTC and DTC's book-entry system has been obtained from sources that the Town believes to be reliable, but the Town takes no responsibility for the accuracy thereof.

RATINGS

The Town has applied to Moody's Investors Service, Inc. ("Moody's") and Standard & Poor's Corporation ("S&P") for ratings on the Bonds. The Town has furnished the rating agencies certain information and materials, some of which may not have been included in this Official Statement. The ratings, if obtained, will reflect only the view of Moody's or S&P and will be subject to revision or withdrawal, which could affect the market price of the Bonds. Moody's or S&P should be contacted directly for its rating on the Bonds and their explanation of such rating.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE

In order to assist the underwriter in complying with the Securities Exchange Commission's Rule 15c2-12 (the "Rule") the Town will covenant for the benefit of the owners of the Bonds to provide certain financial information and operating data relating to the Rule by not later than 270 days after the end of each fiscal year (the "Annual Report") and to provide notices of the occurrence of certain enumerated events, if material. The covenants will be contained in a "Continuing Disclosure Certificate" (the

"Certificate"), the proposed form of which is provided in APPENDIX C. The Certificate will be executed by the signers of the Bonds, and incorporated by reference in the Bonds.

Town's Compliance

Except for a late filing for fiscal year ended June 30, 2003, due to its initial compliance with GASB Rule 34, the Town has never failed to comply in all material respects with any previous undertakings to provide financial information or notices of material events in accordance with the Rule. Recognizing the importance of the Rule, and prompt compliance thereon, the Town amended Section 215.1 of its Charter on November 2, 2004, effective December 1, 2004, such that "The audit shall be completed and delivered to the Town Council not later than December 30th following the end of the municipal year of the subject audit".

NRMSIRs Apparent Non-compliance

The above notwithstanding, the Town has sent its other annual financial filings to the NRMSIRs each year from 1999. However, with the exception of its filing of fiscal years ended June 30, 2005, 2004 and 2003 there these filings do not appear to be posted on the NRMSIRs' sites. Therefore, in complying with the Town's undertaking pursuant to the Securities Exchange Commission's Rule 15c2-12 (the "Rule"), on January 31, 2006 the Town sent each NRMSIR, via receipted overnight mail, Annual Financial Reports that include the respective fiscal years' financial statements for the fiscal years ended June 30, 1999, 2000, 2001 and 2002. This was not to be construed as "late filings" but rather to bring the Town into recognized compliance with its undertaking under the Rule. Subsequent to this action, the Town's Financial Advisor has received receipt copies from the NRMSIRs that the above information was received by them; however the respective information continues to be absent from their sites.

CUSIP IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS

It is anticipated that CUSIP numbers will be printed on the Bonds. All expenses in relation to the printing of CUSIP numbers on the Bonds will be paid for by the Town provided, however, that the Town assumes no responsibility for any CUSIP Service Bureau charge or other charge that may be imposed for the assignment of such numbers.

FINANCIAL ADVISOR

Moors & Cabot, Inc. has acted as Financial Advisor to the Town of Scarborough, Maine with respect to the issuance of the Bonds pursuant to Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board Rule G-23. Moors & Cabot, Inc. does not intend to submit its bid or participate in the public bidding for the Bonds.

STATUTORY REFERENCES

All quotations from and summaries and explanations of laws herein do not purport to be complete, and reference is made to said laws for full and complete statements of their provisions.

CONDITIONS PRECEDENT TO DELIVERY

The following, among other things, are conditions precedent to the delivery of the Bonds to the original purchasers thereof.

No Litigation

Upon delivery of the Bonds, the Town shall deliver or cause to be delivered a certificate of the Finance Director, and attested to by the Town Clerk, dated the date of delivery, to the effect that there is no litigation pending or, to the knowledge of such officers, threatened, affecting the validity of the Bonds or the power of the Town to levy and collect taxes to pay them, and that neither the corporate existence nor boundaries of the Town, nor the title of any of said officers to their respective offices, is being contested.

Approval of Legality

The legality of the Bonds will be approved by Bernstein, Shur, Sawyer & Nelson of Portland, Maine, Bond Counsel. The unqualified approving opinion of such counsel with respect to the Bonds will be delivered at the time of original delivery of the Bonds and a copy of the opinion will be provided to the original purchasers. Bond Counsel are not passing upon and do not assume responsibility for the accuracy or adequacy of the statements made in this Official Statement (other than matters expressly set forth as their opinion) and make no representations that they have independently verified the same. See also "PROPOSED FORM OF LEGAL OPINION" in APPENDIX B herein.

Certification of the Bonds

The Bonds will be certified as to their genuineness by The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A., Boston, Massachusetts, which certificate will appear on the Bonds.

Certificate With Respect to Debt Limits

At the time of the original delivery of and payment for the Bonds, the Town will deliver a certificate of the Finance Director of the Town which certifies that the Town has not exceeded its debt limitations and that issuance of the Bonds will not cause the Town to exceed the debt limit.

Certificate With Respect to Finance Director

At the time of the original delivery of and payment for the Bonds, the Town will deliver a certificate of the Finance Director of the Town which certifies that no agreements under Title 30-A, Chapter 223, Subchapter V of the Maine Revised Statutes, as amended, to share its assessed valuation with another municipality, now exist.

Certificate With Respect to Official Statement

At the time of the original delivery of and payment for the Bonds, the Town will deliver a certificate of the Finance Director to the effect that she has examined this Official Statement and the financial and other data contained therein and that, to the best of her knowledge and belief, both as of its date and as of the date of delivery of the Bonds, the Official Statement does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact and does not omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading, subject to the condition that while information in the Official Statement obtained from sources other than the Town is not guaranteed as to accuracy, completeness or fairness, she has no reason to believe that such information is materially inaccurate or misleading.

TOWN OF SCARBOROUGH

GENERAL

The Town of Scarborough is located on the southern coast of the State of Maine in the southeastern most section of the County of Cumberland, the State's most populous county, and is approximately seven miles southeast of Portland, the State's largest city. The shape of the Town is nearly square. Scarborough's entire eastern width is on Spurwink River and on the Atlantic Ocean; its northeastern border is formed by the cities of South Portland, Westbrook and the Town of Cape Elizabeth; the towns of Gorham and Buxton are contiguous on its northwest; and its southwest boundaries align the City of Saco and Town of Old Orchard Beach. Sections of the Town include, North Scarborough, Oak Hill, Black Point, Pleasant Hill, Higgins Beach, Pine Point (first called Blue Point) and Prouts Neck. Originally know as Libby's Neck, Prouts Neck is a broadening point of land extending into the sea. On the outer northeastern side of Prouts Neck the Town's oceanfront begins with Scarborough Beach, about 2 miles in length, going north to Higgins Beach which succeeds and continues to the Spurwink River at the Town's line. On the western side of Prouts Neck, is a small harbor facing Pine Point and Ferry Rock, nearly enclosing from the sea a considerable basin into which waters of the several streams are discharged.

Access to Scarborough is provided by US Route 1 (also forming a portion of State Route 9) and, running on a parallel to the US Route 1's northwest, US Interstate Route 95 (the Maine Turnpike) each bisecting the Town throughout its interior from northeast to southwest. State Route 77 follows the Town's oceanfront, then continuing as State Route 207. At Dunstan, State Route 9 splits off from US Route 1 and traverses southeasterly to the ocean border. State Route 114 starts at the Oak Hill section of the Town, at its north-center, from US Route 1 and then northwesterly along Scarborough's northern line to Gorham. The Portland International Jetport, located in Portland, provides convenient air travel for the region. Bus transit by major carriers operate from terminals in Portland, providing regularly scheduled inter and intra-state transportation. The Maine Central Railroad, Boston & Maine Corporation and the St. Lawrence & Atlantic Railroad Company provide the area with rail links to the United States and Canada.

A 1,500-acre tract of land between Prouts Neck, then called Black Point, and the Spurwink River was granted to Capt. Thomas Cammock, a nephew of the English Earl of Warwick. The Indian name for the area was "Owascoag" which signifies the place of much grass. In 1633, Thomas Cammock and his wife moved from Richmond's Island to Prouts Neck and was the first legal proprietor in Scarborough. In the course of a few years other settlers joined Cammock, mostly as tenants. By 1650 there were 50 homes at the Black Point settlement. In 1651 there developed a further principal settlement inland, as Dunstan. The Town was incorporated as the 6th town in the Province of Maine on July 14, 1658 named for Old Scarborough, England. By October, 1676 Scarborough, comprised three settlements of more than 100 houses. In 1681 a strong fortification was erected at Black Point, but the inhabitants were so harassed by the attacks of Native Americans that, in 1690, the town was wholly abandoned. A resettlement appears to have been in 1702, by a band of seven persons who came in a sloop from Lynn, Massachusetts. Scarborough is the birthplace of William King (1768-1852), the State of Maine's first governor. The studio and home of the famous artist Winslow Homer are located at Prouts Neck. The Black Point Inn, built by the Kaler family in 1878 and originally known as "The Southgate", is also located at Prouts Neck and is included in the National Registry of Historic Hotels of America. The Scarborough Marsh, a great salt marsh in the Town encompassing approximately 3,100 acres, is Maine's largest tidal marsh.

Scarborough is an affluent suburban coastal community beautifully situated on the Maine Coast. The Town has primarily single family dwellings, of which 63.4% are owner occupied. The land area of the Town is comprised of residential, local business, industrial, medical, commercial and resource protection zones, as well as recreation, oceanfront, open space, farmland and woodland areas. The area of the Town totals 27,919 acres or approximately 54 square miles.

GOVERNMENT

The Town operates under a charter first adopted on October 7, 1969, (the "Charter"), providing for a Council-Manager form of government with a seven-member Town Council, elected at-large who serve for three-year staggered terms. The Charter grants to the Town Council all powers to enact, amend, or repeal rules, ordinances and resolutions relating to the Town's property, affairs and government, to preserve the public peace, health and safety, to establish personnel policies, giving effect to any vote of the Town authorizing the issuance of debt, and providing for an annual audit of the Town's accounts. Voter approval is required for a single capital improvement that requires the issuance of \$400,000 or more issuance of debt. The Town Manager is the chief administrative officer of the Town.

MUNICIPAL SERVICES

The Town provides general governmental services for the territory within its boundaries, including police and fire protection, emergency medical services, solid waste disposal, maintenance of highways, sewers, streets, sidewalks, parks, recreation and coastal areas, and a library. Public education is provided for grades Kindergarten ("K") through 12.

The Scarborough Sanitary District, a wholly separate quasi-municipal entity whose operation and obligations are not part of the Town, provides wastewater treatment service for portions of the Town that are sewered. The Portland Water District, also a quasi-municipal entity, and the Biddeford-Saco Water Company, a wholly separate privately-owned water utility whose operation and obligations are not part of the Town, provide water service to the Town's inhabitants (see "INDEBTEDNESS - CONTINGENT DEBT - Portland Water District" herein).

Public Safety

The Police Department is staffed by employees which include a Police Chief, two Captains, six Sergeants, three detectives and 21 patrol officers and three full-time civilian personnel. In addition, the Town employs a Marine Resource Officer/Harbor Master, an Animal Control Officer, ten Dispatchers, and 69 part-time personnel. The Police Department maintains 19 vehicles, which are in excellent repair.

The Fire Department operates from one central fire station and five sub-stations lead by a Fire Chief, a Deputy Fire Chief and approximately 140 per diem and call Firefighters. Under the Fire Department, the Town's Rescue Service consists of a Deputy Rescue Chief of Emergency Medical Service, nine full-time Paramedics and approximately 50 per diem and call personnel. Through its Fire Department, the Town operates two Marine Units, on a seasonal basis.

Public Works

The Public Works Department is comprised of divisions managed by a Director of Publics Works. The Operations Division is comprised of a manager, a foreman and 16 crew members and is responsible for maintenance of Town-owned roads, sidewalks, beaches, boat landings, cemeteries, trees and for waste collection and recycling. The Operations Division processes "Excavator Licenses," "Street Opening Permits," and "Building Permit Coordination Forms." The Vehicle Maintenance Division consists of a manager and ten mechanics and parts department crew and is responsible for the maintenance of all Town-owned vehicles including Fire Trucks, Rescue Vehicles, Police Cruisers, School Buses, Public Works equipment, Electrical Department trucks, Code Enforcement vehicles, Community Services and Harbormaster equipment.

In 1996 the Town ceased using its landfill and has closed the site in conformance with the State of Maine Department of Environmental Protection procedures. The Town began transporting its solid waste to the ecomaine (formerly Regional Waste Systems, Inc.), a Maine Corporation with 21 member municipalities ("Member Municipalities"), including the Town, maintains a waste-to-energy resource recovery system ("RRS") for which the Member Municipalities are obligated severally to deliver certain of the solid waste produced within each such Member Municipality to ecomaine for processing. In 1991, six participating municipalities ("Participating Municipalities") entered into an agreement with ecomaine, along with its Member Municipalities, to establish a Material Recycling Facility ("MRF") at ecomaine's demolition debris and recycling facility in Gorham. See "INDEBTEDNESS – CONTINGENT DEBT – ecomaine" herein.

Public Education

The Town operates its educational program for grades K through 12 under its own supervision. Article IV of the Town's Charter, as amended, provides that the Department of Education for the Town be administered by a Board of Education (the "School Board") comprised of seven members, who are elected by the voters of the Town at-large for three-year staggered terms. The School Board performs all duties and functions in regard to the care and management of the public schools of the Town. The School Board prepares and submits its budget to the Town Manager, who includes it in the budget process. See also "TOWN FINANCES - BUDGETARY PROCESS" section herein. The School's staff consists of a Superintendent, an Assistant Superintendent one Business Manager, one Director of Special Education, 10 full-time equivalent Principals or Assistant Principals, 520 teachers and various other professional and non-professional staff.

Schools	Grade	Estimated Capacity	Enrollment ⁽²⁾
Blue Point School	K-2	$250^{(1)}$	284
Eight Corners School	K-2	$250^{(1)}$	237
Pleasant Hill School	K-2	$200^{(1)}$	203
Benjamin Wentworth Intermediate	3-5	$750^{(1)}$	790
Scarborough Middle	6-8	$800^{(1)}$	803
Scarborough High	9-12	1,200	1,007

NOTE: (1) Does not include Portable Classrooms. (2) "Previous Year Pupils" from Maine Educational Directory, School Year 2005-2006, State of Maine, Department of Education, dated August 23, 2006.

School Enrollments

			Total			
April 1,	K-2	3-5	6-8	9-12	Other	Enrollment
2006	724	790	803	1007	0	3,324
2005	727	799	805	977	0	3,308
2004	723	777	811	923	0	3,234
2003	715	789	754	850	102	3,210
2002	724	754	782	785	92	3,137
2001	746	736	729	749	77	3,037
2000	728	702	658	721	84	2,893
1999	709	699	633	692	52	2,785
1998	674	681	597	668	56	2,676
1997	679	621	590	590	67	2,547

SOURCE: State of Maine, Department of Education, "April 1 Census of Students Educated at Public Expense". NOTE: "Other" includes: Elementary Special, Pre-Kindergarten, Secondary Special and Post-Graduate Students.

Labor Relations

The Town employs approximately 545 full-time and various part-time personnel, and approximately 793 employees who are employed by the School Department. The following lists the various bargaining units that are represented by a union, and the status of its current contract. Town employees not included in the below table are not represented by unions. The various contracts for employees represented by unions are effective and expire as follows:

Labor Contracts

			Date of Contract			
Union ⁽¹⁾	Bargaining Unit	Members	Effective	Expiration		
SPBA	Police	30	July 1, 2005	June 30, 2008		
SPSDA	Dispatchers	10	July 1, 2005	June 30, 2008		
SPA	Paramedics	10	July 1, 2006	June 30, 2009		
SEA	Teachers	289	Sept 1, 2006	Aug 31, 2009		
SEAA	School Administrators	11	July 1, 2006	June 30, 2009		
SESA	School Staff and Teacher's Aids	131	July 1, 2005	June 30, 2008		
SEA	School Custodians	26	July 1, 2004	June 30, 2007		
SEA	Bus Drivers	25	July 1, 2006	June 30, 2009		
SEA	Maintenance Workers	6	July 1, 2004	June 30, 2007		
SEA	Food Service Workers	28	Sept 1, 2005	Aug 31, 2007		

NOTE: (1) "SPBA" indicates the Scarborough Police Benevolent Association, and "SPSDA" indicates the Scarborough Public Safety Dispatchers Association, as respective unaffiliated local associations operating as separate bargaining units; "SPA" indicates Scarborough Paramedics Association, affiliated with the International Association of Firefighters ("IAFF") affiliate of the American Federation of Labor & Congress of Industrial Organizations ("AFL/CIO") as a separate bargaining unit; "SEA" indicates the Scarborough Educators Association, "SEAA" indicates the Scarborough Educational Administrators Association, and "SESA" indicates the Scarborough Educational Support Association, of which the various components are affiliated with the Maine Teachers Association s ("MEA"), as separate bargaining units.

THE SCARBOROUGH PUBLIC LIBRARY

Inspired by a group of women of the First Parish Church on the Black Point Road in Scarborough who collected and shared books, on August 2, 1899 a first meeting was held of people desiring to become incorporated as proprietors of a social library. Appearing before a Justice of the Peace, the Scarborough Public Library Corporation was organized and recorded. By-laws were drawn up, officers elected and, on December 6, 1899, it was voted to build a library building for use by the corporation. Architect Fred A. Thompson, donating his time, drew up plans for a one room building. On August 28, 1900, the first meeting of trustees was held in the new library building. Annie Louise Cary, world famous Metropolitan Opera singer and summer patroness of the Atlantic House, established the Atlantic House Fund for the benefit of the library. Following her death, in 1921, a trust fund was left for the library. On April 29, 1919, in memory of his son who was killed in World War One, Chas E. Libby donated \$1,000 to be expended for books for the library. Another guest of the Atlantic House, Margaret Jewell, gave generously to the building fund, and upon her death, in 1970, she left an endowment fund to the library.

Since 1934, the Town has included the library in its budget, appropriating funds at its pleasure. In 1937, the Town purchased land on the south side of the corporation's building and, with a gift of two additional parcels of land on the north and west sides of the building, an addition to the one-room library was planned. The north wing, known as the Fiction Room, was completed in 1938. Another building fund.

starting in 1947, led to a south wing completion in October 1951, to become the Reference Room. In 1976, the library underwent extensive renovation including an addition to the rear of the building for an expansion of the children's section, added office space and moving the circulation desk to a central location. Additionally, a public meeting room was built and storage space provided. Finally, a new one-floor 12,000 square feet library building, located in the central Oak Hill area, opened in 1990 after a successful community-wide fundraising drive.

The Scarborough Public Library operates as a private, non-profit, tax-exempt corporation. A 14-member Board of Trustees (comprised of Town residents including one member of the Town Council and the President of the Friends of the Library) is responsible for policy, planning and fiscal control of the corporation. Funds to operate the library come primarily, but not exclusively, from the Town. Each year, a library budget is presented to the Town Council using the same procedures required of town departments. The library's current collection exceeds 55,500 items of print and audiovisual materials. Averages of 2,000 visitors per week circulate approximately 152,000 items per year. The Library Director oversees a staff of five full-time and 16 part-time employees and various volunteers.

EMPLOYMENT

The following table displays the residential component of the Town's workforce, the respective component of its workers as a percentage of their local (i.e., home) workforce; and the geographic place of employment for the Town's residents:

People who work in Scarborough, but live in:	Number of Workers	% Scarborough Workforce	People who live in Scarborough, but work in:	Number of Workers	% Scarborough Workers
1110 1111	TYUIKUIS	TTOXIMOTEC	WOLK III.	TTOLKERS	WUIKCIS
Scarborough	2,387	24.52%	Portland	2,709	31.05%
Portland	1,061	10.90	Scarborough	2,387	27.36
South Portland	649	6.67	South Portland	1,410	16.16
Saco	525	5.39	Westbrook	380	4.36
Biddeford	448	4.60	Gorham	223	2.56
Old Orchard Beach	414	4.25	Saco	220	2.52
Westbrook	389	4.00	Freeport	119	1.36
Gorham	338	3.47	Falmouth	116	1.33
Buxton	311	3.20	Biddeford	115	1.32
Windham	246	2.53	Cape Elizabeth	106	1.22
Cape Elizabeth	224	2.30	Yarmouth	101	1.16
Standish	224	2.30	Old Orchard Beach	68	0.78
All Other	2,517	25.86	All Other	770	8.83
	9,733	100.00%		8,724	100.00%

SOURCE: State of Maine, Department of Labor, Labor Market Information Services; U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Census - 2000 data.

Representative Employers

Representative Employer	Type of Business	Approximate Number of Employees		
Hannaford Brothers	Supermarket Chain, Corporate Office	1,157		
NorDx	Laboratory	262		
Wal-Mart	Retail Department Store	249		
Shaw's	Supermarket	183		
R.C. Moore Trucking	Trucking	150		
Sam's Wholesale Club	Wholesale Department Store	146		
Rich Tool & Die	Metals Fabrication	111		
Inverness Medical Innovations	Medical Diagnostic Products	109		
RTS Packaging	Packaging Materials	98		

SOURCE: Scarborough Economic Development Corporation.

RETAIL TRADE

Retail Sales by Product Group and Consumer Sales (\$/000)

	Business/ Operating	Building Supply	Food Store	General Mdse.	Other Retail	Auto/ Transp.	Rest. & Lodging	Group Total	Consumer Sales
2006	74.315	31,488	19.928	126,295	19,820	27,612	41,945	341,402	267.087
2005	68,185	27,150	18,506	126,793	15,588	28,556	40,234	325,012	256,827
2004	62,321	23,339	17,834	132,900	14,943	28,496	39.085	318,919	256,598
2003	51,560	19,497	16,803	128,069	14,519	29,183	36,786	296,416	244.856
2002	48,284	18,740	15,445	122,010	13,074	24,926	37,267	279,747	231,462
2001	55,189	18,181	15,819	115,495	12,988	21,018	35,720	274,410	219,221
2000	66,947	18,406	17,990	102,166	12,338	20,615	34,305	272,766	205,820

SOURCE: State of Maine, Department of Taxation, Sales Tax Section. The State Department of Taxation cautions that the 2003 statistics are correcting for an overstatement in 2002 on a statewide basis.

BUILDING PERMITS

Year		Commerc	ial (\$/000)			Residentia		Total		
Ended	New Cor	New Construction Alterations		ations	New Con	struction	Alterations		(\$/000)	
Dec. 31,	Permits	Cost	Permits	Cost	Permits	Cost	Permits	Cost	Permits	Cost
2006	86	40,296.6	72	12,103.9	86	24,508.5	356	9,163.6	600	86,072.6
2005	6	2,495.0	298	5,637.5	107	26,146.9	300	10,086.7	711	44,366.1
2004	14	26,077.8	222	11,033.8	120	32,104.1	286	10,286.1	642	79,501.8
2003	10	8,210.0	61	6,770.5	169	36,338.5	243	7,717.7	483	59,036.7
2002	7	5,357.0	214	5,037.8	147	30,400.4	366	6,697.9	734	47,493.1
2001	7	2,318.0	261	6,048.2	214	38,743.1	309	6,869.3	791	53,978.6
2000	13	42,617.0	270	1,030.9	263	45,594.7	289	4,715.1	835	93,957.8
1999	16	38,450.0	259	2,736.4	201	29,769.7	325	5,238.3	801	76,194.4
1998	12	7,639.0	315	6,137.1	203	28,816.2	338	4,562.3	868	47,154.5

SOURCE: Town of Scarborough, Maine, Code Enforcement Office

ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS

	***		6 Change	
	Town of		Ü	
Population	Scarborough	Town	State	USA
1960	6,418	NA	6.1%	18.5%
1970	7,845	22.2	2.4	13.4
1980	11,347	44.6	13.4	11.4
1990	12,518	10.3	9.2	9.8
2000	16,970	35.6	3.8	13.2
2005	18,812	10.9		-
Population Characteristics	Town of	Cumberland	State of	
1 opuration Characteristics	Scarborough	County	Maine	USA
Median age (years)	38.8	37.6	38.6	35.3
% School age	19.1%	17.5%	18.1%	18.9%
% Working age	61.0%	63.4%	62.0%	61.9%
% 65 and over	12.0%	13.3%	14.4%	12.4%
Persons/household	2.59	2.38	2.39	2.59
Income	Town of	Cumberland	State of	
	Scarborough	County	<u>Maine</u>	<u>USA</u>
Median family income	\$65,137	\$54,485	\$45,179	\$50,046
% Below poverty level (individuals)	4.0%	7.9%	10.9%	12.4%
Per capita income	\$26,321	\$23,949	\$19,533	\$21,587
Housing	Town of	Cumberland	State of	
Housing	Scarborough	County	Maine	<u>USA</u>
% Owner occupied	81.5%	66.8%	71.5%	66.2%
% Built 1939 or earlier	16.1%	29.0%	29.1%	15.0%
% Built since 1990	25.6%	13.7%	14.6%	17.0%
Owner occupied med. value	\$159,800	\$131,200	\$98,700	\$119,600
Median gross rent	\$804	\$615	\$497	\$602
Occupied housing units	6,462	107,989	518,200	-

SOURCE: 2000 Census, U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census.

Unemployment	Town of <u>Scarborough</u>	Cumberland <u>County</u>	State of <u>Maine</u>	<u>USA</u>
2005	3.0%	3.6%	4.8%	5.1%
2004	2.9	3.3	4.6	5.5
2003	2.2	3.0	5.1	6.0
2002	2.0	2.8	4.4	5.8
2001	1.8	2.3	4.0	4.8
2000	1.4	2.0	3.5	4.0
1999	1.8	2.3	4.1	4.2
1998	1.9	2.4	4.4	4.5

SOURCE: State of Maine, Department of Labor, Division of Economic Analysis and Research.

TOWN FINANCES

BUDGETARY PROCESS

Article V of the Town's Charter provides for a budget process. The fiscal year (or "budget year") of the Town begins on the first day of July and ends on the thirtieth day of June of the following year. The Charter provides that the Town Manager submit a budget to the Council at least 60 days prior to the beginning of each budget year. The budget is compiled from detailed information furnished by the School Committee, administrative officers and boards designated by the Town Manager. The proposed budget is reviewed by the Council, with the prerogative of amendment (except the Council has only total, not line item, appropriation authority for the Department of Education). The Council orders a public hearing with prior public notification. The Charter directs the Council to adopt their budget prior to the first day of the next budget year. If the Council fails to adopt the budget no later than 60 days of its submission to the Council, the budget as presented by the Town Manager and the Board of Education automatically becomes the budget for the fiscal year. If the Appropriation Resolve establishes a property tax levy that exceeds the Property Tax Levy Limit, then the excess of the appropriation must be approved in a separate article by a majority of the entire Town Council (i.e., a "super majority"). The Property Tax Levy Limit of one year may not exceed the Property Tax Levy Limit from the prior year by more than a specified Growth Limitation Factor (see "THE BONDS - SOURCE OF PAYMENT AND REMEDIES -Limitation on Municipal Property Tax" herein). Upon adoption of the budget, a property tax levy is then established and filed with the Town Assessor. The following table sets forth the trends in the General Fund's budgets for the Town for the last four fiscal years and for the current fiscal year.

Budgets for Fiscal Year Ending June 30,

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
EXPENDITURES					
General government	\$3,327,474	\$3,451,097	\$3,728,756	\$3,759,665	\$4,093,567
Public services	2,346,363	2,425,129	2,593,119	2,685,032	2,869,959
Public safety	5,261,532	5,779,263	5,904,193	6,361,045	6,755,786
Public works	4,929,598	5,256,770	5,516,714	5,683,601	6,135,470
Education	24,993,542	27,358,715	28,741,171	30,745,456	32,033,553
County Tax	1,306,425	1,441,610	1,519,714	1,584,344	1,614,651
Debt service	3,192,192	3,775,731	4,309,239	4,098,398	4,409,714
CIP	1,286,555	329,946	1,741,927	596,200	1,368,569
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	46,643,681	49,818,261	54,054,833	55,513,741	59,281,269
REVENUES					
Taxes	34,084,632	36,815,070	39,968,877	41,182,213	42,800,875
Licenses and permits	376,800	397,595	495,949	536,235	713,008
Intergovernmental	7,778,714	7,600,966	7,149,779	8,562,141	9,368,710
Interest earned	120,000	120,000	120,000	130,000	182,000
Other	2,964,123	3,221,163	2,996,528	3,035,745	3,957,635
TOTAL REVENUES	45,324,269	48,154,794	50,731,133	53,446,334	57,022,228
OTHER SOURCES					
Operating transfers	291,801	892,492	1,687,259	1,580,562	1,149,718
Prior year fund balance	0	730,000	478,840	475,000	475,000
Overlay	(99,039)	(121,025)	(74,899)	(369,155)	(101,427)
Bond and note proceeds	1,126,650	162,000	1,232,500	381,000	735,750
TOTAL OTHER	1,319,412	1,663,467	3,323,700	2,067,407	2,259,041
TOTAL BUDGET	\$46,643,681	\$49,818,261	\$54,054,833	\$55,513,741	\$59,281,269

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

The Town forms a Capital Improvement Program ("CIP"). The CIP includes a Capital Budget for the current year and the next five years that includes funds, and financing sources, necessary to acquire or improve buildings, lands, major equipment and other commodities that are of significant value and have a useful life of several years. The Town Manager prepares and submits a five-year capital program which includes a list of all capital improvements proposed over the next five fiscal years. This includes costs, methods of financing and time schedules as well as the annual cost to operate and maintain the proposed improvement. The CIP is reviewed by the Council who adopt the program, as amended if necessary, following a public hearing. The following page displays the current capital improvements schedule:

Current Capital Improvement Plan Fiscal Year Ending June 30,

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	T . 4 . 1
Community Services	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	Total
Capital Projects	\$1,985,000	\$150,000	\$50,000	\$0	\$0	#3 105 000
Equipment	0 0	25,000	\$30,000	30,000		\$2,185,000
Municipal Building	U	23,000	Ü	30,000	0	55,000
Capital Projects	0	0	0	0	0	
Equipment	20,000	0	0	0	0	0
Equipment MIS	20,000	U	U	0	0	20,000
Capital Projects	135 000	0	0	0	0	125 000
	125,000	0	0	0	0	125,000
Equipment	77,419	U	U	0	0	77,419
Public Safety	205.000	4 22 6 500	0	20.000	^	4.751.500
Capital Projects	395,000	4,336,500	0	30,000	0	4,761,500
Equipment	80,400	20,200	50,300	79,000	15,000	244,900
Fire Department			40.77.000	•		
Capital Projects	0	0	425,000	0	0	425,000
Equipment	450,250	462,313	386,153	297,000	173,000	1,768,716
Public Works	0.000.000					
Capital Projects	3,860,602	2,077,420	1,910,188	1,200,000		9,048,210
Equipment	241,000	358,000	279,000	430,000	400,000	1,708,000
Library				_		
Capital Projects	0	0	0	0	0	0
Equipment	299,500	0	0	0	0	299,500
Total Town						
Capital Projects	6,365,602	6,563,920	2,385,188	1,230,000	0	16,544,710
Equipment	1,168,569	865,513	715,453	836,000	588,000	4,173,535
Total Town	7,534,171	7,429,433	3,100,641	2,066,000	588,000	20,718,245
A O COM A O 11 A1	7,554,11	7,427,433	3,100,041	2,000,000	366,000	20,710,243
School						
Technology	320,833	306,000	316,000	296,000	336,000	1,574,833
Facilities	813,480	601,250	648,063	735,466	648,488	3,446,747
Planning	150,000	0	0	0	0	150,000
Total School	1,284,313	907,250	964,063	1,031,466	984,488	5,171,580
Total CIP	\$8,818,484	\$8,336,683	\$4,064,704	\$3,097,466	\$1,572,488	\$25,889,825
						1 / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /

SUBSEQUENT PROPERTY TAX LEVY LIMIT

As previously discussed, unless the Town follows certain procedural requirements under Title 30-A, Section 5721-A of the Maine Revised Statutes, as amended the Town is limited to an increase in the Town's property tax levy from one year to the next to an amount not more than its Property Tax Levy Limit (see "THE BONDS - SOURCE OF PAYMENT AND REMEDIES - Limitation on Municipal Property Tax Levy" herein). The Property Tax Limit for subsequent fiscal years is the Property Tax Levy Limit for the preceding year multiplied by the Growth Limitation Factor. Therefore, in cases where the amount of the prior year's Property Tax Levy Limit exceeds the amount of the Town's actual property tax levy ("Property Tax Levy"), the Town may carry-forward that difference in establishing its future years' property tax levy.

The State's Personal Income Factor for fiscal year 2006/2007 is 2.62%; the Town's Property Growth Factor for 2006/2007 is 1.83% for a 2006/2007 Growth Limitation Factor of 4.45%. The Town's 2006/2007 Municipal Property Tax Levy Limit is \$11,297,115; the Town's 2006/2007 Municipal Property Tax Levy is \$11,210,876; or \$86,239 below the Property Tax Levy Limit. This allows the Town to establish next year's Municipal Property Tax Levy based on this year's \$10,831,236 Municipal Property Tax Levy Limit times the next year's Growth Limitation Factor. The Town's 2005/2006 Municipal Property Tax Levy was \$10,564,959; or \$266,277 below the 2005/2006 Municipal Property Tax Levy Limit.

INVESTMENT POLICY

While the Town has not established a formal Investment Policy, pursuant to applicable Maine law [Title 30-A, Section 5706 et seq. of the Maine Revised Statutes, as amended (the "Act")] all investments of the Town must be made with the judgment and care that persons of prudence, discretion and intelligence, under circumstances then prevailing, exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation but for investment considering (i) safety of principal and maintenance of capital, (ii) maintenance of sufficient liquidity to meet all operating and cash requirements with which a fund is charged, that is reasonably expected, and (iii) return of income commensurate with avoidance of unreasonable risk. Under its policy, the Town's investment practice is to maintain a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds and consists of short-term investments. The Town is invested principally in direct obligations of the United States government and its agencies. The Town is not invested in any obligations typically referred to as derivatives, meaning obligations created from, or whose value depends on or is derived from the value of one or more underlying assets or indexes of asset values in which the municipality owns no direct interest. For further information regarding the Town's investments see "APPENDIX A – FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – Notes to Basic Financial Statements – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS" herein.

FUND BALANCE POLICY

The Town has established, and follows, a formal Fund Balance Policy that recognizes the importance of maintaining an appropriate level of undesignated fund balance. After evaluating the Town's operating characteristics, property tax base, reliability of non-property tax revenue sources, working capital needs, state and local economic outlooks, emergency and disaster risks, and other contingent issues, the Town establishes goals regarding to the undesignated fund balances of the General Fund of the Town. This policy has been established to recognize the importance of a stable and sufficient level of undesignated fund balance. However, the Council reserves the right to re-appropriate funds from undesignated fund balance for emergencies and other items it feels necessary to be of the Town's best interest.

The Town's goal is to maintain, as undesignated, a level of fund balance in an amount equal to 8.3% (or 1/12th) of its annual Operating Budget. Once the Town achieves an undesignated fund balance equal to 8.3% of the Town's Operating Budget, any excess is to be designated for capital needs of the Town; thereby, reducing amounts required to be financed and in turn, the related interest costs. At year-end, capital and certain other budget items, in which appropriated amounts exceed actual expenditures, are reviewed to determine if they should be designated to be carried over to the next year. Annually, the Finance Director presents to the Town Manager a list of items for approval to be designated to be carried forward.

Fund Balance as % Revenues

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,						
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006		
Unreserved General Fund Balance	\$5,752,698	\$6,211,542	\$5,918,858	\$7,062,882	\$7,455,082		
Total Revenues (Current Year)	45,131,670	48,313,362	50,509,302	54,158,598	56,600,224		
Fund Bal as % Revenues	12.7%	12.9%	11.7%	13.0%	13.17%		
Undesignated General Fund Balance	\$4,064,287	\$4,669,251	\$4,693,564	\$4,366,474	\$5,519,830		
Total Revenues (Current Year)	45,131,670	48,313,362	50,509,302	54,158,598	56,600,224		
Fund Bal as % Revenues	9.0%	9.7%	9.3%	8.1%	9.75%		

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Title 30-A, Chapter 223, Subchapter VIII of the Maine Revised Statutes, as amended, and Article II, Section 215 of the Town's Charter provide for independent annual audits of the Town's accounts and establishes procedures for such audits. The Town, in conformance with this statute and its Charter currently engages the services of Runyon Kersteen Ouellette, Certified Public Accountants for this review.

In order to ensure timely review of the Town's financial position, on November 2, 2004, and effective December 1, 2004, the Town amended Section 215.1 of its Charter such that "The audit shall be completed and delivered to the Town Council not later than December 30th following the end of the municipal year of the subject audit".

The Town's fiscal year 2006 Annual Financial Report, audited by Runyon Kersteen Ouellette, Certified Public Accountants, is presented as APPENDIX A to this Official Statement. The Town has not requested the consent of Runyon Kersteen Ouellette for the incorporation of the Financial Statements included in APPENDIX A, nor has it been received.

The Government Finance Officers Association (the "GFOA") awarded a *Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting* to the Town for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("CAFR") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005. This is the first year that the Town has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded the certificate, the Town published an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR that satisfies both generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") and applicable legal requirements.

FUNDS

The accounts of the Town are organized and operated on the basis of funds and account groups. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds are

maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements. Account groups are a reporting device to account for certain assets and liabilities of the governmental funds not recorded directly in those funds. The Town has the following fund types and account groups:

Governmental Fund Types

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions of the Town are financed. The acquisition, use, and balances of the Town's expendable financial resources and the related liabilities. (except those that would be accounted for in proprietary funds) are accounted for through governmental funds. The measurement focus is upon determination of changes in financial position, rather than upon net income determination. The following are the Town's Governmental Fund Types:

General Fund - This fund accounts for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trust, or major capital projects) requiring separate accounting because of legal or regulatory provisions or administrative action.

Capital Project Funds - Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources segregated for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the Town's own programs.

The Town reports on both the private purpose trust fund and the agency fund. Private purpose trust funds are used to report all of the Scarborough School Department's scholarship programs. Student Activity Funds are recorded as Agency funds and are used to account for funds raised by and on behalf of the various student groups organized within the Scarborough School Department.

Permanent Funds.

Permanent Funds are used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the Town's programs, that is, for the benefit of the government or its citizenry. Permanent funds are established by the Town for the following purposes: Scarborough Memorial Cemetery Perpetual Care, Dunstan Cemetery Perpetual Care and Mary A. Tucker Perpetual Care.

TOWN OF SCARBOROUGH COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET GENERAL FUND (As of June 30,)

	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$6,551,527	\$9,421,858	\$6,885,074	\$9,194,945	\$3,965,364
Investments	3,307,048	533,400	2,692,139	907,364	2,654,419
Receivables:					
Taxes receivable	59,797	60,561	75,740	71,205	111,882
Tax liens	407,661	421,274	364,515	359,964	658,429
Accounts receivable	403,966	472,345	535,740	414,811	1,523,279
Due from State	0		52,814	26,087	40,573
Interfund receivable	1,041,875	265,420	1,438,719	1,172,604	1,811,384
Tax acquired property	7,231	7,231	7,231	7,231	3,030
TOTAL ASSETS	11,779,105	11,182,089	12,051,972	12,154,211	10,768,360
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	695,103	586,549	809,838	666,405	501,795
Accrued wages	2,457,799	2,419,588	2,274,593	2,187,754	1,960,455
Accrued absences	0		375,384	341,810	288,388
Interfund payable	0		1,526,628	1,575,276	288,754
Taxes collected in advance	17,928	15,944	36,187	19,582	31,806
Deferred tax revenue	382,000	400,000	400,000	400,000	717,000
Performance bond	0		0	0	427,149
TOTAL LIABILITIES	3,552,830	3,422,081	5,422,630	5,190,827	4,215,347
EQUITY					
Fund balances:					
Reserved	771,193	697,126	710,484	751,842	800,315
Unreserved:			,	•	·
Undesignated	5,519,830	4,366,474	4,693,564	4,669,251	4,064,287
Designated	1,935,252	2,696,408	1,225,294	1,542,291	1,688,411
TOTAL EQUITY	8,226,275	7,760,008	6,629,342	6,963,384	6,553,013
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND					
EQUITY	\$11,779,105	\$11,182,089	\$12,051,972	\$12,154,211	\$10,768,360

Prepared from Audited Financial Statements.

TOWN OF SCARBOROUGH COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GENERAL FUND

(For the Years Ended June 30,)

REVENUES						
Taxes \$41,345,663 \$40,003,836 \$37,104,562 \$34,581,649 \$32,380,000 Licenses and permitis 611,420 566,483 480,440 428,593 412,845 Intergovernmental 10,828,778 10,242,806 9,756,365 7,622,220 9,805,334 Interest earned 200,661 159,450 10,034 123,995 157,722 Other 3,553,702 3,186,023 3,062,901 3,036,510 2,375,769 TOTAL REVENUES 56,600,224 54,158,598 50,509,302 45,792,967 45,131,670 EXPENDITURES General government 4,340,348 3,727,031 3,568,303 3,422,319 3,041,249 Public services 2,849,393 2,642,914 2,572,389 2,653,341 2,325,304 Public services 2,849,393 2,642,914 2,572,389 2,653,341 2,325,304 Public service 2,849,393 2,542,914 2,572,389 2,653,341 2,325,304 Public services 2,849,393 2,513,144,144 1,51		2006	2005	2004	2003	2002
Taxes \$41,345,663 \$40,003,836 \$37,104,562 \$34,581,649 \$32,380,000 Licenses and permitis 611,420 566,483 480,440 428,593 412,845 Intergovernmental 10,828,778 10,242,806 9,756,365 7,622,220 9,805,334 Interest earned 200,661 159,450 10,034 123,995 157,722 Other 3,553,702 3,186,023 3,062,901 3,036,510 2,375,769 TOTAL REVENUES 56,600,224 54,158,598 50,509,302 45,792,967 45,131,670 EXPENDITURES General government 4,340,348 3,727,031 3,568,303 3,422,319 3,041,249 Public services 2,849,393 2,642,914 2,572,389 2,653,341 2,325,304 Public services 2,849,393 2,642,914 2,572,389 2,653,341 2,325,304 Public service 2,849,393 2,542,914 2,572,389 2,653,341 2,325,304 Public services 2,849,393 2,513,144,144 1,51	REVENUES					
Licenses and permits						
Intergovernmental 10,828,778 10,242,806 9,756,365 7,622,200 9,805,334 Interest earned 260,661 159,450 105,034 123,995 157,722 157,722 3,186,023 3,062,901 3,036,510 2,375,769 TOTAL REVENUES 56,600,224 54,158,598 50,509,302 45,792,967 45,131,670 EXPENDITURES General government 4,340,348 3,727,031 3,568,303 3,422,319 3,041,249 Public services 2,849,393 2,642,914 2,572,389 2,653,341 2,325,304 Public safety 6,179,751 5,921,309 5,933,594 5,277,917 4,705,436 Public works 5,702,033 5,370,322 44,877,211 4,767,202 4,108,009 Education 32,791,793 30,919,216 28,862,018 24,171,344 25,091,349 County tax 1,584,344 1,519,714 1,441,610 1,306,425 1,061,578 Other 0 40,638 0 148,018 102,550 Debt service 4,065,377 4,304,201 5,046,242 3,192,012 3,039,920 Capital improvements 1,114,864 1,111,917 653,352 1,209,004 1,233,457 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 58,627,903 55,565,262 52,954,719 46,147,582 44,708,852 EXCESS OF REVENUES (068,069) (795,906) (755,14) (897,846) (1,049,986) CPRE EXPENDITURES 2,469,394 2,161,097 2,111,375 3,019,175 2,813,884 EXCESS OF REVENUES 466,267 754,433 (334,042) 2,664,560 3,236,702 Reconciliation to GAAP 0 (187,837) 0 0 (187,8						
Total review County tax C		•			,	412,845
Other 3,553,702 3,186,023 3,062,901 3,036,510 2,375,769 TOTAL REVENUES 56,600,224 54,158,598 50,509,302 45,792,967 45,131,670 EXPENDITURES General government 4,340,348 3,727,031 3,568,303 3,422,319 3,041,249 Public services 2,849,393 2,642,914 2,572,389 2,653,341 2,325,304 Public works 5,702,033 5,370,322 4,877,211 4,767,202 4,108,009 Education 32,791,793 30,919,216 28,862,018 24,171,344 25,091,349 County tax 1,584,344 1,519,714 1,441,610 1,306,425 1,061,578 Other 0 40,638 0 148,018 102,550 Debt service 4,065,377 4,304,201 5,046,242 3,192,012 30,399,20 Capital improvements 1,114,864 1,119,917 653,352 1,209,004 1,233,457 TOTAL EXPENDITURES (2,027,679) (1,406,664) (2,445,417) (354,615)				, ,		
EXPENDITURES						
Capital improvements				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
General government	TOTAL REVENUES	56,600,224	54,158,598	50,509,302	45,792,967	45,131,670
Public services 2,849,393 2,642,914 2,572,389 2,653,341 2,325,304 Public safety 6,179,751 5,921,309 5,933,594 5,277,917 4,705,436 Public works 5,702,033 5,370,322 4,877,211 4,767,202 4,108,009 Education 32,791,793 30,919,216 28,862,018 24,171,344 25,091,349 County tax 1,584,344 1,519,714 1,441,610 1,306,425 1,061,578 Other 0 40,638 0 148,018 102,550 Debt service 4,065,377 4,304,201 5,046,242 3,192,012 3,039,920 Capital improvements 1,114,864 1,119,917 653,352 1,209,004 1,233,457 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 58,627,903 55,565,262 52,954,719 46,147,582 44,708,852 EXCESS OF REVENUES (2,027,679) (1,406,664) (2,445,417) (354,615) 422,818 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Operating transfers out (608,069) (795,906) (755,514)	EXPENDITURES					
Public services 2,849,393 2,642,914 2,572,389 2,653,341 2,325,304 Public safety 6,179,751 5,921,309 5,933,594 5,277,917 4,705,436 Public works 5,702,033 5,370,322 4,877,211 4,767,202 4,108,009 Education 32,791,793 30,919,216 28,862,018 24,171,344 25,091,349 County tax 1,584,344 1,519,714 1,441,610 1,306,425 1,061,578 Other 0 40,638 0 148,018 102,550 Debt service 4,065,377 4,304,201 5,046,242 3,192,012 3,039,920 Capital improvements 1,114,864 1,119,917 653,352 1,209,004 1,233,457 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 58,627,903 55,565,262 52,954,719 46,147,582 44,708,852 EXCESS OF REVENUES (2,027,679) (1,406,664) (2,445,417) (354,615) 422,818 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Operating transfers out (608,069) (795,906) (755,514)	General government	4,340,348	3,727,031	3,568,303	3.422.319	3.041.249
Public safety 6,179,751 5,921,309 5,933,594 5,277,917 4,705,436 Public works 5,702,033 5,370,322 4,877,211 4,767,202 4,108,009 Education 32,791,793 30,919,216 28,862,018 24,171,344 25,091,349 County tax 1,584,344 1,519,714 1,441,610 1,306,425 1,061,578 Other 0 40,638 0 148,018 102,550 Debt service 4,065,377 4,304,201 5,046,242 3,192,012 3,039,920 Capital improvements 1,114,864 1,119,917 653,352 1,209,004 1,233,457 TOTAL EXPENDITURES (2,027,679) (1,406,664) (2,445,417) (354,615) 422,818 OFFERINANCING SOURCES: Operating transfers out (608,069) (795,906) (755,514) (897,846) (1,049,986) Prior year designated funds 0 0 0 2,066,352 1,241,818 Bond or note proceeds 936,000 870,175 1,562,000 1,210						
Public works 5,702,033 5,370,322 4,877,211 4,767,202 4,108,009 Education 32,791,793 30,919,216 28,862,018 24,171,344 25,091,349 County tax 1,584,344 1,519,714 1,441,610 1,306,425 1,061,578 Other 0 40,638 0 148,018 102,550 Debt service 4,065,377 4,304,201 5,046,242 3,192,012 3,039,920 Capital improvements 1,114,864 1,119,917 653,352 1,209,004 1,233,457 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 58,627,903 55,565,262 52,954,719 46,147,582 44,708,852 EXCESS OF REVENUES 0VER EXPENDITURES (2,027,679) (1,406,664) (2,445,417) (354,615) 422,818 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Operating transfers out (608,069) (795,906) (755,514) (897,846) (1,049,986) Prior year designated funds 0 0 0 2,066,352 1,241,818 Bond or note proceeds 936,000 870,175 <td>Public safety</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>, ,</td> <td></td> <td></td>	Public safety			, ,		
Education 32,791,793 30,919,216 28,862,018 24,171,344 25,091,349 County tax 1,584,344 1,519,714 1,441,610 1,306,425 1,061,578 Other 0 40,638 0 148,018 102,550 Debt service 4,065,377 4,304,201 5,046,242 3,192,012 3,039,920 Capital improvements 1,114,864 1,119,917 653,352 1,209,004 1,233,457 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 58,627,903 55,565,262 52,954,719 46,147,582 44,708,852 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (2,027,679) (1,406,664) (2,445,417) (354,615) 422,818 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Operating transfers in (608,069) (795,906) (755,514) (897,846) (1,049,986) Prior year designated funds 0 0 0 0 2,066,352 1,241,818 Bond or note proceeds 936,000 870,175 1,562,000 1,210,085 1,191,655 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING: 2,493,946 2,161,097 2,111,375 3,019,175 2,813,884 EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES 466,267 754,433 (334,042) 2,664,560 3,236,702 Reconciliation to GAAP 0 (187,837) 0	2					
County tax Other 1,584,344 1,519,714 1,441,610 1,300,425 1,061,578 Other 0 40,638 0 148,018 102,550 Debt service 4,065,377 4,304,201 5,046,242 3,192,012 3,039,920 Capital improvements 1,114,864 1,119,917 653,352 1,209,004 1,233,457 TOTAL EXPENDITURES OVER EXPENDITURES OVER EXPENDITURES OVER EXPENDITURES Operating transfers in 2,166,015 2,086,828 1,304,889 640,584 1,430,397 Operating transfers out (608,069) (795,906) (755,514) (897,846) (1,049,986) Prior year designated finds 0 0 0 2,066,352 1,241,818 Bond or note proceeds 936,000 870,175 1,562,000 1,210,085 1,191,655 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING: 2,493,946 2,161,097 2,111,375 3,019,175 2,813,884 EXCESS OF REVENUES AND <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>						
Other Debt service 4,065,377 4,304,201 5,046,242 3,192,012 3,039,920 Capital improvements 1,114,864 1,119,917 653,352 1,209,004 1,233,457 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 58,627,903 55,565,262 52,954,719 46,147,582 44,708,852 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (2,027,679) (1,406,664) (2,445,417) (354,615) 422,818 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Operating transfers in Operating transfers out Operating transfers out Operating transfers out Operating transfers out Operating transfers out (608,069) (795,906) (755,514) (897,846) (1,049,986) Prior year designated funds Bond or note proceeds 936,000 870,175 1,562,000 1,210,085 1,191,655 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING: 2,493,946 2,161,097 2,111,375 3,019,175 2,813,884 EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES 466,267 754,433 (334,042) 2,664,560 3,236,702 Reconciliation to GAAP 0 (187,837) 0 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR (or as restated) 7,760,008 7,005,575 6,963,384 <t< td=""><td>County tax</td><td></td><td>· ·</td><td>, ,</td><td></td><td>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</td></t<>	County tax		· ·	, ,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Debt service Capital improvements 4,065,377 1,14,864 4,304,201 5,046,242 3,192,012 3,039,920 1,233,457 1,209,004 1,233,457 1,233,457 1,209,004 1,233,457 1,233,457 1,209,004 1,233,457 1,				, ,		
Capital improvements 1,114,864 1,119,917 653,352 1,209,004 1,233,457 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 58,627,903 55,565,262 52,954,719 46,147,582 44,708,852 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (2,027,679) (1,406,664) (2,445,417) (354,615) 422,818 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Operating transfers in Operating transfers out Operating transfers out Operating transfers out Operating transfers out Operating transfers out (608,069) (795,906) (755,514) (897,846) (1,049,986) Prior year designated funds Don't or note proceeds 936,000 870,175 1,562,000 1,210,085 1,191,655 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING: 2,493,946 2,161,097 2,111,375 3,019,175 2,813,884 EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES 466,267 754,433 (334,042) 2,664,560 3,236,702 Reconciliation to GAAP 0 (187,837) 0 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR (or as restated) 7,760,008 7,005,575 6,963,384 6,553,013 4,558,129 (Less prior year designated funds) 0 0 0 (2,06	Debt service	4,065,377		5.046.242		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES 58,627,903 55,565,262 52,954,719 46,147,582 44,708,852 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (2,027,679) (1,406,664) (2,445,417) (354,615) 422,818 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Operating transfers in Operating transfers out Prior year designated funds Bond or note proceeds 2,166,015 (608,069) 2,086,828 (795,906) 1,304,889 (755,514) 640,584 (897,846) 1,430,397 (1,049,986) Prior year designated funds Bond or note proceeds 0 0 0 2,066,352 (1,211,375) 1,241,818 (3,019,175) 1,562,000 (2,111,375) 1,210,085 (3,019,175) 1,191,655 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING: 2,493,946 2,161,097 2,111,375 3,019,175 2,813,884 EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES 466,267 754,433 (334,042) 2,664,560 3,236,702 Reconciliation to GAAP 0 (187,837) 0 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR (or as restated) (Less prior year designated funds) 7,760,008 0 7,005,575 0 6,963,384 0 6,553,013 0 4,558,129 (1,241,818)	Capital improvements	· · ·	· ·			
OVER EXPENDITURES (2,027,679) (1,406,664) (2,445,417) (354,615) 422,818 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Operating transfers in Operating transfers in Operating transfers out (608,069) 2,166,015 2,086,828 1,304,889 640,584 1,430,397 Operating transfers out Operating transfers out Prior year designated funds Operating transfers out Prior year designated funds Operating transfers out (608,069) 0 0 0 2,066,352 1,241,818 1,241,818 1,91,055 1,562,000 1,210,085 1,191,655 1,191,655 1,241,818 1,241,81					····	
OVER EXPENDITURES (2,027,679) (1,406,664) (2,445,417) (354,615) 422,818 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Operating transfers in Operating transfers in Operating transfers out (608,069) 2,166,015 2,086,828 1,304,889 640,584 1,430,397 Operating transfers out Operating transfers out Prior year designated funds Operating transfers out Prior year designated funds Operating transfers out (608,069) 0 0 0 2,066,352 1,241,818 1,241,818 1,91,055 1,562,000 1,210,085 1,191,655 1,191,655 1,241,818 1,241,81	EXCESS OF REVENUES					
Operating transfers in 2,166,015 2,086,828 1,304,889 640,584 1,430,397 Operating transfers out (608,069) (795,906) (755,514) (897,846) (1,049,986) Prior year designated funds 0 0 0 2,066,352 1,241,818 Bond or note proceeds 936,000 870,175 1,562,000 1,210,085 1,191,655 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING: 2,493,946 2,161,097 2,111,375 3,019,175 2,813,884 EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES 0 6,267 754,433 (334,042) 2,664,560 3,236,702 Reconciliation to GAAP 0 (187,837) 0 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR (or as restated) 7,760,008 7,005,575 6,963,384 6,553,013 4,558,129 (Less prior year designated funds) 0 0 0 (2,066,352) (1,241,818)		(2,027,679)	(1,406,664)	(2,445,417)	(354,615)	422,818
Operating transfers in 2,166,015 2,086,828 1,304,889 640,584 1,430,397 Operating transfers out (608,069) (795,906) (755,514) (897,846) (1,049,986) Prior year designated funds 0 0 0 2,066,352 1,241,818 Bond or note proceeds 936,000 870,175 1,562,000 1,210,085 1,191,655 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING: 2,493,946 2,161,097 2,111,375 3,019,175 2,813,884 EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES 0 6,267 754,433 (334,042) 2,664,560 3,236,702 Reconciliation to GAAP 0 (187,837) 0 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR (or as restated) 7,760,008 7,005,575 6,963,384 6,553,013 4,558,129 (Less prior year designated funds) 0 0 0 (2,066,352) (1,241,818)	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Operating transfers out (608,069) (795,906) (755,514) (897,846) (1,049,986) Prior year designated funds 0 0 0 2,066,352 1,241,818 Bond or note proceeds 936,000 870,175 1,562,000 1,210,085 1,191,655 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING: 2,493,946 2,161,097 2,111,375 3,019,175 2,813,884 EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES 466,267 754,433 (334,042) 2,664,560 3,236,702 Reconciliation to GAAP 0 (187,837) 0 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR (or as restated) 7,760,008 7,005,575 6,963,384 6,553,013 4,558,129 (Less prior year designated funds) 0 0 0 (2,066,352) (1,241,818)		2 166 015	2 086 828	1 304 889	640 584	1 //30/307
Prior year designated funds 0 0 0 2,066,352 1,241,818 Bond or note proceeds 936,000 870,175 1,562,000 1,210,085 1,191,655 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING: 2,493,946 2,161,097 2,111,375 3,019,175 2,813,884 EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES 466,267 754,433 (334,042) 2,664,560 3,236,702 Reconciliation to GAAP 0 (187,837) 0 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR (or as restated) 7,760,008 7,005,575 6,963,384 6,553,013 4,558,129 (Less prior year designated funds) 0 0 0 (2,066,352) (1,241,818)					*	
Bond or note proceeds 936,000 870,175 1,562,000 1,210,085 1,191,655 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING: 2,493,946 2,161,097 2,111,375 3,019,175 2,813,884 EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES 466,267 754,433 (334,042) 2,664,560 3,236,702 Reconciliation to GAAP 0 (187,837) 0 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR (or as restated) 7,760,008 7,005,575 6,963,384 6,553,013 4,558,129 (Less prior year designated funds) 0 0 0 (2,066,352) (1,241,818)						
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING: 2,493,946 2,161,097 2,111,375 3,019,175 2,813,884 EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES 466,267 754,433 (334,042) 2,664,560 3,236,702 Reconciliation to GAAP 0 (187,837) 0 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR (or as restated) (Less prior year designated funds) 7,760,008 7,005,575 6,963,384 6,553,013 4,558,129 (Less prior year designated funds) 0 0 (2,066,352) (1,241,818)		•				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES 466,267 754,433 (334,042) 2,664,560 3,236,702 Reconciliation to GAAP 0 (187,837) 0 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING 0 7,760,008 7,005,575 6,963,384 6,553,013 4,558,129 (Less prior year designated funds) 0 0 0 (2,066,352) (1,241,818)						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES 466,267 754,433 (334,042) 2,664,560 3,236,702 Reconciliation to GAAP 0 (187,837) 0 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING 0 7,760,008 7,005,575 6,963,384 6,553,013 4,558,129 (Less prior year designated funds) 0 0 0 (2,066,352) (1,241,818)	EVOPEC OF DEVICATION AND					
OVER EXPENDITURES 466,267 754,433 (334,042) 2,664,560 3,236,702 Reconciliation to GAAP 0 (187,837) 0 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR (or as restated) 7,760,008 7,005,575 6,963,384 6,553,013 4,558,129 (Less prior year designated funds) 0 0 0 (2,066,352) (1,241,818)						
Reconciliation to GAAP 0 (187,837) 0 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING 7,760,008 7,005,575 6,963,384 6,553,013 4,558,129 (Less prior year designated funds) 0 0 0 (2,066,352) (1,241,818)		166 267	754 422	(224 042)	2 664 560	2 22 6 702
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR (or as restated) 7,760,008 7,005,575 6,963,384 6,553,013 4,558,129 (Less prior year designated funds) 0 0 0 (2,066,352) (1,241,818)	OVER EAFENDITURES	400,207	734,433	(334,042)	2,004,300	3,236,702
OF YEAR (or as restated) 7,760,008 7,005,575 6,963,384 6,553,013 4,558,129 (Less prior year designated funds) 0 0 0 (2,066,352) (1,241,818)	Reconciliation to GAAP			0	(187,837)	0
OF YEAR (or as restated) 7,760,008 7,005,575 6,963,384 6,553,013 4,558,129 (Less prior year designated funds) 0 0 0 (2,066,352) (1,241,818)	FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING					
(Less prior year designated funds) 0 0 (2,066,352) (1,241,818)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	7,760,008	7,005.575	6,963.384	6,553.013	4,558.129
		\$8,226,275	\$7,760,008	_		

Prepared from Audited Financial Statements.

PROPERTY TAXATION

Fiscal	Equalized State	Assessed	Tax	Tax	Collections (after Supplements and Abatemen		
Yr. End June 30,	Valuation (000)	Valuation (000)	Rate (000)	Levy (000)	Year End (000)	% of Levy	% of Levy A/O 8/31/06
2007	\$3,255,800	\$3,317,498	\$11.48	\$38,085		In Proces	S
2006	2,873,200	3,256,842	11.30	36,802	36,442	99.92%	99.94%
2005	2,538,800	2,057,589	17.34	35,678	36,367	99.13	99.97
2004	2,158,300	2,002,987	16.46	32,969	32,747	99.33	99.99
2003	1,864,800	1,930,576	15.70	30,311	30,104	99.20	99.99
2002	1,571,700	1,858,345	15.30	28,433	28,121	98.84	99.99
2001	1,374,950	1,313,684	19.60	25,748	25,339	98.35	99.99
2000	1,253,450	1,259,330	19.20	24,179	23,716	98.06	99.99
1999	1,155,300	1,206,144	18.40	22,193	21,746	97.68	99.99
1998	1,109,500	1,186,155	18.40	21,825	21,382	97.68	99.99
1997	1,060,350	1,138,964	18.20	20,729	20,114	96.92	99.99

The principal tax of the Town is the tax on real and personal property. A single tax applies for each fiscal year to the assessed value of the taxable real or personal property. The Town's Tax Collector receives the tax commitment from the Town Assessor, with assessed values as of April 1 of each year, after which time the tax bills are mailed. For fiscal 2006/2007 the tax due dates are October 16, 2006 and March 15, 2007. All taxes paid after the due date will be subject to interest, at the rate of 11% per annum.

Collection of real estate taxes is ordinarily enforced in the Town by the "tax lien" procedure as provided in the Maine Revised Statutes, as amended, to the collection of delinquent real estate taxes. Real Estate Tax Liens are recorded against the individual property at the County Registry of Deeds. This lien has priority over all mortgages, liens, attachments and encumbrances of any nature, subject to any paramount federal tax lien and subject to bankruptcy and insolvency laws. If the account is not satisfied within 18 months, the property becomes tax acquired and may be disposed of by the Town. However, Article 3 of the Town's *Policy for Disposition of Tax Acquired Property*, adopted October 16, 2003, provide for the Town and the property owner of a single residence property to enter into a plan and an installment sales contract in order to waive the foreclosure process and to secure prompt payment of outstanding and current taxes, related interest and costs.

CHANGES IN PROPERTY TAX LEGISLATION

On April 29, 2006 the Maine Legislature enacted LD 2056 which prospectively exempts from taxation most types of tangible business personal property subject to an allowance for depreciation and some specialty types of real property improvements. The exemption does not apply to:

- (1) Office furniture;
- (2) Lamps and lighting fixtures used to provide general purpose office or worker lighting;
- (3) Property owned or used by public utilities and persons providing certain television/telecommunications services:
- (4) Telecommunications personal property subject to the tax imposed by section 457 of Title 36:
- (5) Gambling machines or devises and associated equipment;
- (6) Property located at a retail sales facility unless such facility is more than 100,000 square feet in size and owned by a business whose Maine-based operations derive less than 30% of their total annual revenue from sales in the State.

The exemption also does not apply to certain energy facilities and pollution control facilities.

The exemption is purely prospective and applies to all qualifying property that is first installed in Maine after April 1, 2007 and would therefore, if not for the law, have become subject to taxation on or after April 1, 2008.

In order for any personal property to be exempted from taxation under LD 2056, the property owner must file a complete list of that property with the municipal assessor by May 1 every year. If the owner fails to file for the exemption in a timely manner or fails to follow other statutory procedures in the legislation, the property in question is not exempt from taxation for that year.

The State will reimburse municipalities with respect to the lost property taxes associated with this new exemption through one of two formulas, whichever is most beneficial to the municipality, as follows:

- 1. Basic reimbursement formula For all municipalities in the first year after the exemption, and for a majority of the municipalities thereafter, the reimbursement would be 100% for the lost property taxes in the first tax year after the exemption takes effect (i.e., FY 2009), 90% in the second year after the exemption takes effect (i.e., FY 2010), 80% in FY 2011, 70% in 2012, 60% in 2013, and 50% in 2014 and every subsequent year. The State Constitution requires a minimum reimbursement of at least 50%.
- 2. Enhanced formula Municipalities that have a total property tax base that is made up of at least 5% personal property will be eligible for an alternative reimbursement formula if it provides a higher level of reimbursement in any year than the basic reimbursement formula. Those municipalities will be eligible to receive the 50% minimum reimbursement plus 50% of their tax base percentage that is made up of personal property. For example, if a town's tax base is 64% personal property, it would be eligible for a reimbursement rate of 82%, which is a combination of the minimum 50% reimbursement plus one-half of that municipality's 64% "personal property factor".

For the purposes of identifying the municipality's valuation for determining the local property tax rate, the value of all property made exempt by this legislation in the municipality must be considered part of that municipality's local valuation to the extent the municipality is being reimbursed for its lost property taxes by the state with an additional adjustment for property in a tax increment financing district.

The value of all property made exempt by this legislation in the municipality will also be considered part of that municipality's equalized State Valuation to the extent the municipality is being reimbursed for its lost property taxes by the state with an additional adjustment for exempt property in a tax increment financing district effective prior to April 1, 2008.

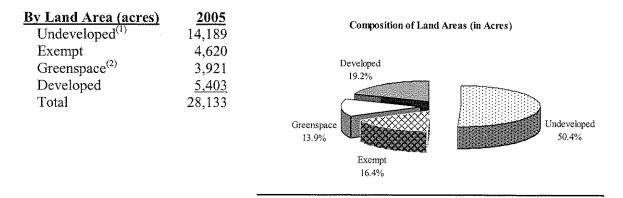
The legislation provides some additional security for the municipal reimbursement system by funding the reimbursements described above directly from State Income Tax receipts before those receipts are deposited into the State's General Fund, rather than as an annual General Fund appropriation.

LARGEST TAXPAYERS

		As of April 1, 2006						
		Real	Personal	Assessed	Property	% of		
Taxpayer	Business	Estate	Property	Total	Tax	Levy		
Maine Life Care	Senior Housing	\$59,119,500	\$2,277,800	\$61,397,300	\$704,841	1.85%		
Hannaford Brothers	Supermarket, Corp Offices	15,325,800	14,582,500	29,908,300	343,347	0.90		
Walmart/Sam's Club	Wholesale/Retail	27,383,500	2,179,000	29,562,500	339,377	0.89		
Black Point Inn	Hotel	15,332,500	430,300	15,762,800	180,956	0.48		
Gavin Ruotolo	Commercial Leases	13,151,400	1,885,500	15,036,900	172,623	0.45		
MMC Realty	Medical	12,084,900	2,872,700	14,957,600	171,713	0.45		
ERP Operating LP	Residential Apartments	11,747,600	175,100	11,922,700	136,872	0.36		
Davric Maine Corp	Harness Racing/OTB	9,697,500	350,000	10,047,500	115,345	0.30		
Scarborough Gallery	Development	9,749,500	0	9,749,500	111,924	0.29		
Shaw's	Supermarket	8,312,800	1,239,300	9,552,100	109,658	0.29		
Top Ten Tax	payers as % of Total	\$181,905,000	\$25,992,200	\$207,897,200	\$2,386,656	6.27%		

CURRENT TAX BASE AND TAX BASE GROWTH

The Town's land area is comprised of 28,133 acres. The below table and chart displays the composition of land area available for tax base, and the potential for future tax base by the conversion of land from undeveloped to developed.



NOTE: (1) May include an undetermined amount of land that cannot be developed.

The following table displays the changes in the Town's tax base over the last decade, by valuation of class of property:

	1995		2000	2000		2005		
	Value (\$)	% Total	Value (\$)	% Total	Value (\$)	% Total		
Commercial	189,525,000	17.27%	204,136,700	15.93%	425,931,300	13.08%		
Industrial	67,125,300	6.12%	65,155,000	5.08%	133,337,500	4.09%		
Residential	813,984,700	74.17%	929,093,200	72.51%	2,508,175,200	77.01%		
Undeveloped	Included in Re	esidential	60,606,400	4.73%	100,424,700	3.08%		
Other	26,793,100	2.44%	22,379,300	1.75%	88,973,200	2.73%		
Assessed Value	1,097,428,100	100.00%	1,281,372,600	100.00%	3,256,841,900	100.00%		

NOTE: "Other" includes tax-exempt properties, greenspace, wetlands or non-developable property.

⁽²⁾ Includes Resource Protection; Parks & Open Space; and Stream Protection, which land is not currently viewed as developable by the Town.

TAX INCREMENT FINANCING DISTRICTS AND AFFORDABLE HOUSING DISTRICTS

Chapter 206 and former 207 (now repealed) of Title 30-A of the Maine Revised Statutes, as amended, enables a municipality to finance qualified development by borrowing against the future increased property tax receipts attributable to that development. Under the statutory framework, the municipality designates a tax increment financing ("TIF") district or an affordable housing development district (a "housing district") for a period of up to 30 years and adopts a development program (the "Development Program") stating the means and objectives for the development of that district. The municipality may designate, or "capture", all or a portion of the increase in assessed value resulting from development within the district and dedicates the increased property taxes it receives in future years generated by the "captured" assessed value to payment of the costs of the Development Program, which may include debt service on borrowing to fund such costs. Such districts are subject to statutory limits on their size, including the following limitations: (a) the total area of a single district may not exceed 2% of the total acreage of the municipality, (b) the total area of all TIF districts or housing districts within a municipality each may not exceed 5% of the total acreage of the municipality, and (c) the aggregate original assessed value of all TIF districts and the aggregate original assessed value of all housing districts within the municipality as of the April 1st preceding the date the Commissioner of the Department of Economic and Community Development, with respect to TIF Districts, or the Director of the Maine State Housing Authority, with respect to housing districts, approves the designation of any such district each cannot each exceed 5% of the municipality's total value of taxable property. Excluded from this limit as applicable to TIF districts is any district involving project costs in excess of \$10,000,000, the geographic area of which consists entirely of contiguous property owned by a single taxpayer with an assessed value in excess of 10% of the municipality's total assessed value. In addition, the foregoing limitations do not apply to approved downtown TIF districts, TIF districts included within Pine Tree Development Zones or TIF districts that consist solely of a community wind power generator or generators certified pursuant to Title 36, section 5219-AA, subsection 3.

The increase in assessed value captured by the municipality is excluded from the municipality's equalized just value for each year's State valuation filed with the Secretary of State in accordance with Title 36, Sections 208 and 305 of Maine Revised Statutes, as amended, and is therefore not included in calculating that municipality's share of State educational aid, State municipal revenue sharing, the county tax or the 15% debt limitation for the municipality pursuant to Title 30-A, Section 5702 of the Maine Revised Statutes, as amended.

The Town has designated various tax increment financing districts and may consider proposals for other districts on an ongoing basis. All districts will be evaluated based upon the Town's comprehensive plan for economic development, which includes tax increment financing as one of its aspects. In no event will the Town's districts exceed the statutory limitation of total area and aggregate equalized value within all districts, determined as of their date of designation, as set out above.

STATE AID

The State provides aid to the Town in a number of areas including education, welfare assistance, road maintenance and revenue sharing. The amount of aid in each category is based upon a number of formulas, many of which contain variables that change annually. Further, most categories of State aid are governed by laws that may be changed by the State Legislature are subject to appropriation by the State Legislature in its budgetary process.

In accordance with the provisions of applicable Maine law, the State subsidizes most local school administrative units. Recent changes in Maine law, effective July 1, 2005, have changed the manner in which the State will calculate and distribute education subsidies. Gone is the old subsidy formula that

distributed state aid on the basis of the foundation allocation and state approved debt service. In its place is the Essential Programs and Services ("EPS") model of calculating and distributing state education aid. All education expenditures, including state approved debt service, now flow through the EPS model. EPS utilizes a number of factors that are subject to change each year. In addition, the EPS model itself is subject to change by the Legislature. Furthermore, subsidies for school administrative units are an annual item in the State's budgetary process and are subject to legislative appropriation in that process. No assurance can be given that future legislation will not have an adverse impact on school funding in Maine. Because of these uncertainties, it is not possible to predict the level of State subsidy to local units in future years or whether the State's subsidy program will continue in its present form.

In 1998 the State of Maine adopted the Homestead Exemption Program, which is administered locally. For the fiscal years ending through June 30, 2005, up to \$7,000 in value of the primary residence of a Maine resident property taxpayer was exempt from property taxation. Further, the State reimbursed each municipality 100% of the property tax exempted under the Program and a portion of the municipality's administrative costs. Beginning with the fiscal year starting July 1, 2005, the maximum amount of the exemption is \$13,000, however, the State will reimburse municipalities for only 50% of the property tax reduction due to the exemption. The State annually estimates state aid but actual payments may vary from the estimate. The following table displays state aid received by the Town for the last five audited fiscal periods:

Fiscal	State				Other	Total
Yr. End	Revenue	School	Homestead	General	State	From
June 30,	Sharing	Aid	Exemption	Assistance	Aid	State
2006	\$1,432,953	\$5,715,173	\$305,211	\$1,184	\$822,354	\$8,276,875
2005	1,341,589	4,503,857	300,361	7,868	274,000	6,427,675
2004	1,358,586	4,669,174	341,272	2,657	315,470	6,687,159
2003	1,347,996	5,352,036	453,515	3,563	552,062	7,709,172
2002	1,362,254	5,104,603	443,988	7,253	410,628	7,328,726

INDEBTEDNESS

LIMITATIONS AND EXCLUSIONS

In accordance with Title 30-A, Section 5702 of the Maine Revised Statutes, as amended, "No municipality shall incur debt which would cause its total debt outstanding at any time, exclusive of debt incurred for school purposes, for storm or sanitary sewer purposes, for energy facility purposes or for municipal airport purposes to exceed 7 ½% of its last full state valuation, or any lower percentage or amount that a municipality may set. A municipality may incur debt for school purposes to an amount outstanding at any time not exceeding 10% of its last full state valuation, or any lower percentage or amount that a municipality may set, for storm and sewer purposes to an amount outstanding at any time not exceeding 7 ½% of its last full state valuation, or any lower percentage or amount that a municipality may set, and for municipal airport and special district purposes to an amount outstanding at any time not exceeding 3% of its last full state valuation, or any lower percentage or amount that a municipality may set; provided, however, that in no event shall any municipality incur debt which would cause its total debt outstanding at any time to exceed 15% of its last full state valuation, or any lower percentage or amount that a municipality may set."

Title 30-A, Section 5703 of the Maine Revised Statutes, as amended, provides that the limitations on municipal debt contained in Section 5702 do not apply "... to any funds received in trust by any municipality, any loan which has been funded or refunded, notes issued in anticipation of federal or state aid or revenue sharing money, tax anticipation loans, notes maturing in the current municipal year.

indebtedness of entities other than municipalities, indebtedness of any municipality to the Maine School Building Authority, debt issued under Chapter 235 and Title 10, chapter 110, subchapter IV, obligations payable from revenues of the current municipal year or from other revenues previously appropriated by or committed to the municipality, and the state reimbursable portion of school debt."

On January 1, 2007 the Town's equalized state valuation ("equalized State Valuation") was reported to be \$3,255,800,000. The 15% debt limit is \$488,370,000. As of June 30, 2006 the Town's long-term debt was \$68,844,000 or 2.11% of the equalized State Valuation. The Town will certify on the date of issue of the Bonds that the Town has not exceeded the foregoing debt limits and that issuance of the Bonds will not cause the Town to exceed such debt limits.

DEBT SUMMARY

The Town's general obligation bonds payable at June 30, 2006 (audited) and projected for June 30, 2007(unaudited) are comprised of the following individual issues:

	Date of	Issue	Date of	As of	Payments	Projected
Series	Issue	Amount	Final Mat	06/30/06	2006/2007	06/30/07
1987	10/25/87	\$3,300,000	10/25/07	\$250,000	\$(125,000)	\$125,000
1988	04/25/88	6,615,000	10/25/08	825,000	(275,000)	550,000
1989	12/15/89	2,300,000	12/15/08	320,000	(110,000)	210,000
1990	11/01/90	7,415,000	11/01/10	1,635,000	(335,000)	1,300,000
1993	05/01/93	1,135,000	11/01/12	175,000	(25,000)	150,000
1994	10/15/94	6,775,000	10/15/14	2,070,000	(230,000)	1,840,000
1995B	12/15/95	6,160,000	11/01/15	2,650,000	(265,000)	2,385,000
1997	04/15/97	4,230,000	11/01/16	1,305,000	(205,000)	1,100,000
1998	02/15/98	1,475,000	11/01/07	185,000	(100,000)	85,000
1999	06/15/66	6,493,000	11/01/18	1,890,000	(400,000)	1,490,000
2000	06/15/00	4,770,000	12/15/19	1,980,000	(210,000)	1,770,000
2001	06/15/01	4,932,000	11/01/20	2,065,000	(190,000)	1,875,000
2002	06/15/02	4,000,000	11/01/06	845,000	(845,000)	0
2003	06/01/03	24,579,000	06/01/34	22,310,000	(890,000)	21,420,000
2004	03/15/04	14,628,000	11/01/33	12,975,000	(975,000)	12,000,000
2005	03/15/05	10,665,000	11/01/34	10,350,000	(340,000)	10,010,000
2006	05/15/06	7,014,000	11/01/20	7,014,000	(479,000)	6,535,000
				\$68,844,000	\$(5,999,000)	\$62,845,000
2007	05/15/07	4,000,000	11/01/21	0	Ó	4,000,000
						\$66,845,000

DEBT SERVICE COMPONENT OF OPERATING EXPENSES

		Budgeted				
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Total Current Year Debt Service:	\$6,458,394	\$6,549,468	\$7,443,062	\$8,513,265	\$8,756,803	\$8,827,404
Budgeted Operating Expense:	43,524,232	46,665,834	49,818,261	54,054,833	55,448,913	58,796,769
Debt Service as % Oper. Expense:	14.84%	14.03%	14.94%	15.75%	15.79%	15.01%

NOTE: Due to the institution of EPS in 2005 (see "TOWN FINANCES - STATE AID" herein), the itemization of annual Debt Service Allocation previously paid by the State Department of Education is no longer separately reported. Therefore, the amounts for Subsidized School Debt in the above not included.

DEBT RATIOS

Fiscal Yr. End		Equalized State Val.	Assessed Valuation	Total	Debt as %	Per Capita
June 30,	Population	(000)	(000)	Debt	Eq. Val.	Debt
2007	18,812	\$3,255,800	\$3,317,498	\$66,845,000	2.05%	\$3,553.32
2006	18,812	2,873,200	3,256,842	68,844,000	2.40	3,659.58
2005	18,812	2,538,800	2,057,589	67,737,433	2.67	3,600.76
2004	16,970	2,158,300	2,023,583	62,952,163	2.92	3,709.61
2003	16,970	1,864,800	1,959,463	54,759,228	2.94	3,226.83
2002	16,970	1,571,700	1,858,345	35,095,667	2.23	2,068.10
2001	16,970	1,374,950	1,313,684	35,787,515	2.60	2,108.87
2000	16,970	1,253,450	1,259,330	35,059,806	2.80	2,065.99
1999	12,518	1,155,300	1,206,144	34,071,571	2.95	2,721.81
1998	12,518	1,109,500	1,186,155	31,531,840	2.84	2,518.92
1997	12,518	1,060,350	1,138,964	32,499,641	3.06	2,596.23

PROJECTED DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS

Fiscal		Prior Debt		Projec	ted Debt (This	Issue)	Projected
Yr. End			Total	(Pro F	orma)	Total	Total
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Debt	Principal	Interest	Debt	Debt
2007	\$5,999,000	\$2,820,923	\$8,819,923	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$8,819,923
2008	5,480,000	2,596,091	8,076,091	550,000	151,701	701,701	8,777,793
2009	4,960,000	2,377,320	7,337,320	550,000	134,938	684,938	8,022,258
2010	4,090,000	2,189,039	6,279,039	550,000	111,563	661,563	6,940,601
2011	3,970,000	2,021,929	5,991,929	550,000	88,188	638,188	6,630,116
2012	3,325,000	1,870,361	5,195,361	550,000	64,813	614,813	5,810,174
2013	3,450,000	1,728,609	5,178,609	225,000	48,344	273,344	5,451,953
2014	2,875,000	1,593,623	4,468,623	225,000	38,781	263,781	4,732,404
2015	2,650,000	1,471,809	4,121,809	225,000	29,219	254,219	4,376,028
2016	2,435,000	1,359,370	3,794,370	225,000	19,656	244,656	4,039,026
2017	1,945,000	1,264,044	3,209,044	225,000	10,094	235,094	3,444,138
2018	1,980,000	1,179,219	3,159,219	25,000	4,781	29,781	3,189,000
2019	2,135,000	1,090,715	3,225,715	25,000	3,719	28,719	3,254,434
2020	2,245,000	996,349	3,241,349	25,000	2,656	27,656	3,269,005
2021	2,320,000	898,936	3,218,936	25,000	1,594	26,594	3,245,530
2022	2,180,000	803,423	2,983,423	25,000	531	25,531	3,008,954
2023	2,395,000	705,004	3,100,004				3,100,004
2024	1,050,000	630,241	1,680,241				1,680,241
2025	1,100,000	583,200	1,683,200				1,683,200
2026	1,150,000	533,344	1,683,344				1,683,344
2027	1,200,000	481,184	1,681,184				1,681,184
2028	1,260,000	426,439	1,686,439				1,686,439
2029	1,315,000	368,758	1,683,758	ROOMAN CALLER			1,683,758
2030	1,375,000	308,265	1,683,265	ALLEAN TO THE PARTY OF THE PART			1,683,265
2031	1,440,000	244,153	1,684,153				1,684,153
2032	1,505,000	176,278	1,681,278				1,681,278
2033	1,575,000	105,298	1,680,298				1,680,298
2034	960,000	46,500	1,006,500				1,006,500
2035	480,000	12,000	492,000				492,000
TOTAL	\$68,844,000	\$30,882,420	\$99,726,420	\$4,000,000	\$710,576	\$4,710,576	\$104,436,997

PROJECTED PRINCIPAL PAYMENTS, BY ISSUE

(000/\$)

Total Debt	5,999	6,030	5,510	4,640	4,520	3,875	3,675	3,100	2,875	2,660	2,170	2,005	2,160	2,270	2,345	2,205	2,395	1,050	1,100	1,150	1,200	1,260	1,315	1,375	1,440	1,505	1,575	960 480	72,844
2007	0	550	550	550	550	550	225	225	225	225	225	25	25	25	25	25													4,000
2006	479	999	069	805	835	480	510	515	530	505	185	190	195	210	220														7,014
2005	340	510	520	525	385	390	395	305	315	250	230	240	250	260	270	280	290	300	315	325	340	355	370	385	405	420	440	460 480	10,350
2004	975	975	985	999	089	089	069	555	215	225	235	245	255	265	280	290	305	320	335	350	365	385	400	420	440	460	480	200	12,975
2003	068	995	655	685	750	840	925	595	685	780	885	1,005	1,135	1,280	1,435	1,610	1,800	430	450	475	495	520	545	570	595	625	655		22,310
2002	845																												845
2001	190	180	180	180	180	120	115	115	115	115	115	115	115	115	115														2,065
2000	210	210	205	205	115	115	115	115	115	115	115	115	115	115															1,980
1999	400	395	395	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70																1,890
1998	100	85																											185
1997	205	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110																		1,305
1995B	265	265	265	265	265	265	265	265	265	265																			2,650
1994	230	230	230	230	230	230	230	230	230																				2,070
1993	25	25	25	25	25	25	25																						175
1990	335	325	325	325	325																								1,635
1989	110	110	100																										320
1988	275	275	275																										825
1987	125	125																											250
Yr. End June 30,	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034 2035	Totals

OVERLAPPING DEBT

County of Cumberland

The Town is subject to an annual assessment of its proportional share of the County of Cumberland's (the "County") expenses, including debt repayment, as determined by the percentage of the Town's equalized State Valuation to the County's equalized State Valuation. At January 1, 2007 the Town's equalized State Valuation of \$3,255,800,000 was 8.56% of the County's equalized State Valuation of \$38,041,800,000. The Town's share is 8.56%, or \$875,532, of the County's \$10,230,000 long-term debt projected to be outstanding as of December 31, 2006.

CONTINGENT DEBT

Portland Water District

The Water Division of the PWD also provides water to the inhabitants of ten cities and towns within the Greater Portland Area (the "PWD Municipalities"), including the Town. The Water Division's debt is not a debt or obligation of the Town. However, under Title 35-A, Section 6103 of the Maine Revised Statutes, as amended (the "Act"), and pursuant to an agreement with nine of the ten PWD Municipalities, the exception being the Town of Standish (the "Section 6103 Members"), in compliance with subsection 6 of the Act, the PWD possesses authority for taxation in the event of default in the payment of the indebtedness of the PWD incurred for water purposes (the "Water Fund Debt"). In the event of a default by PWD in the payment of the principal of, or interest on, its Water Fund Debt, the Trustees of the PWD have the authority to issue a warrant for payment of amounts necessary to cure the default to the assessors in each Section 6103 Member municipality within the PWD, including the Town. Such assessment is allocated, pro-rata, to each Section 6103 Member municipality based upon 100% of its respective equalized State Valuation. On this basis, at January 1, 2007 the Town was responsible for 13.32%, or \$2,445,933, of the PWD's \$18,362,858 Water System Debt projected to be outstanding as of December 31, 2006.

ecomaine

ecomaine (formerly Regional Waste Systems, Inc., a Maine Corporation with 21 participating municipalities ("Member Municipalities"), including the Town, has issued debt to fund a resource recovery system ("RRS") (the "RRS Debt"). The RRS Debt is a special revenue obligation of ecomaine, payable from and secured by a pledge of ecomaine revenues. The debt does not constitute a debt or liability within the meaning of any constitutional or statutory provision, or a pledge of the full faith and credit of any political subdivision of the State of Maine. ecomaine has no taxing power. Notwithstanding the foregoing, pursuant to the Waste Handling Agreements, the participating municipalities are obligated severally to deliver certain of the solid waste produced within each such participating municipality to ecomaine for processing and to make service payments and pay tipping fees for such processing in amounts which, when added to other available monies, will be at least equal required debt service on the RRS Debt. The obligations of the Member Municipalities under the Waste Handling Agreements are secured by the full faith and credit of the participating municipalities subject to certain limitations. On June 30, 2006, outstanding RRS Debt of ecomaine totaled \$43,076,000, of which the Town's share, based on estimated tonnage to be delivered, amounts to 8.29% or \$3,573,014.

The Town has also entered into an agreement with ecomaine, as one of 20 RWS original Member Municipalities along with an additional seven Participating Municipalities, to establish a Material Recycling Facility ("MRF") at ecomaine's demolition debris and recycling facility. It is anticipated that the Town's share of debt incurred for this project will also be paid through user charges and service fees

over the life of the project. At June 30, 2006 the Town's share is 6.30% or \$3,889,841 of ecomaine's outstanding MRF debt of \$5,029,000.

ecomaine operates a licensed balefill and ashfill site for which projected landfill closure and postclosure care costs approximate \$20,737,626 at June 30, 2006. The Town's proportionate share of these estimated landfill closure and postclosure care costs is 8.11% or \$1,681,692.

TOTAL GENERAL OBLIGATION, OVERLAPPING AND CONTINGENT DEBT

	Direct Debt	Overlapping	Contingent	Total Debt
Town of Scarborough	\$68,844,000			\$68,844,000
County of Cumberland (1)		\$875,532		\$875,532
Portland Water District ⁽¹⁾			\$2,445,933	2,445,933
ecomaine (RRS)			3,573,014	3,573,014
ecomaine (MRF)			3,889,841	3,889,841
ecomaine (Landfill)			1,681,692	1,681,692
Total A/O June 30, 2006	\$68,844,000	\$875,532	\$11,590,480	\$81,310,012

NOTE: (1) As of fiscal year ended December 31, 2006.

FUTURE FINANCING

The Town Manager develops a formal Capital Improvement Program that is submitted to the Town Council (see "TOWN FINANCES - CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM" herein). The CIP includes an inventory of possible capital projects, some of which may ultimately be included in the CIP, and is be an indication of future projects that may be financed through the issuance of debt. Council orders or resolves authorizing bond issues of \$100,000 or more for a single capital improvement or capital equipment are subject to a petition for overrule of Council action, by the initiative and referendum provisions of Article IX of the Town's Charter. Further, Section 905 of the Town's Charter requires voter referendum approval for bond issues of \$400,000 or more for a single capital improvement or capital equipment.

The following are projects that have been authorized but, following the financing of the Bonds, will remain unissued:

Parks and Conservation Lands

By referendum on November 7, 2000 and November 4, 2003, the voters of the Town authorized the issue of bonds in an amount not to exceed \$1,500,000 and \$2,500,000, respectively, to provide funds to finance purchase of parks and conservation lands. A portion of the proceeds of the Town's 2004 Bonds, in the amount of \$1,000,000, were used to purchase parcels identified by the Town; and a portion of the proceeds of the Town's 2005 Bonds, in the amount of \$197,496, were used to purchase parcels identified by the Town for this purpose. A portion of the Bonds of this financing, in the amount of \$100,000, will also be used for this purpose. As the Town identifies, and successfully negotiates the purchase price of, suitable properties it plans to finance such purchase(s) through the issuance on its bonds.

Following the above purchases, the Town has \$2,702,504 remaining of authorized but unissued debt for this purpose.

Additional CIP

The Town has a variety of CIP projects that have been authorized by the Council but the projects have not matured to the extent that significant funds need be available over the next several months. These may be financed, if completed, by future bond issues, as follows:

Authorized Projects but Unissued Debt

Bond <u>Order</u>		Total <u>Authorized</u>	2007 <u>Bonds</u>	Authorized <u>Unissued</u>
06.100		000		***
06-128	P.D. Building Renovation/Arch & Eng	\$395,000	\$0	\$395,000
06-19	WW Modulars	350,000	58,200	291,800
06-129	Blue Point Parking Expan & Water Main Replace	210,000	50,000	160,000
06-18	Minor Collector Program, Broadturn/Burnham to Route 22	155,000	0	155,000
06-19	District Wide Long Range Planning	300,000	149,800	150,200
06-18	F.D. Training Building	150,000	0	150,000
05-08	System Wide ADA	119,000	0	119,000
06-128	IT Integrated-Townwide Data/Phone Fiber Network	125,000	23,190	101,810
06-128	DPW Building Roof Repair	290,230	225,667	64,563
06-129	District-wide Movable Equipment	103,480	50,000	53,480
06-129	District-wide Building Envelope	30,000	0	30,000
06-128	DPW Plow Truck #4006	165,000	164,000	1,000
06-128	C.S. High School Athletic Field Synthetic Turf	395,000	394,000	1,000
		\$2,787,710	\$1,114,857	\$1,672,853
00-140	Previously discussed purchase parks & conservatn lands	2,802,504	100,000	2,702,504
		\$5,590,214	\$1,214,857	\$4,375,357

Other than the above discussions, the Town has no authorized but unissued debt that it expects to finance through bond issues over the next year.

RETIREMENT

A. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Description of the Plan

The Town contributes to the Maine State Retirement System ("MSRS") Consolidated Plan ("CRP"), a cost sharing multiple-employer retirement system established by the Maine State legislature. The MSRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-or-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The authority to establish and amend benefit provisions rests with the State legislature. The MSRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Consolidated Plan. That report may be obtained by writing to Maine State Retirement, 46 State House Station, Augusta, ME 04333-0046 or by calling 1-800-451-9800.

Funding Policy

Plan members are required to contribute 6.5% of their annual covered salary and the Town is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. These rates are designed to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits, when due. Normal cost employer contributions are calculated using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Additionally, upon entering the CRP, non-teaching school personnel or other

qualified educators not participating in the MSRS's teacher group (see below) had its separate, individual existing unfunded actuarial liability calculated. The School Department will pay this initial unpooled unfunded liability ("IUUAL") on a scheduled basis, in addition to making the normal contribution to the plan. The IUUAL is being amortized over nineteen years. The current rate is 2.8% of annual covered payroll for School employees participating in the District Plan and 2.8% for Town employees and 4.0% for Police. The contribution rates of plan members and the Town are established and may be amended by the Maine State Retirement Board of Trustees. The Town's contributions to the MSRS-CRP for the year ended June 30, 2006 were \$49,282 including an annual IUUAL payment of \$14,376.

Following the Town's 2006 fiscal year close, on April 1, 2007 the Town has paid its IUUAL with MSRS and has no more obligation to MSRS for this IUUAL.

B. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - TEACHERS GROUP

Description of the Plan

All schoolteachers, plus other qualified educators, participate in the MSRS's teacher group. The teacher's group is a cost-sharing plan with a special funding situation, established by the Maine State legislature. The MSRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-or-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The authority to establish and amend benefit provisions rests with the State legislature. The MSRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Teacher's Group. That report may be obtained by writing to Maine State Retirement System, 46 State House Station, Augusta, ME 04333-0046 or by calling 1-800-451-9800.

Funding Policy

Plan members are required to contribute 7.65% of their compensation to the retirement system. The State of Maine Department of Education is required, by the same statute, to contribute the employer contribution which amounts to \$2,308,471 (19.15%) for the fiscal year 2006. This amount has been reported as an intergovernmental revenue and retirement expenditure in the Town's GAAP basis financial statements.

C. DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

The Town has instituted a contributory Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a) plan which is available to all eligible employees of the Town. The Town contributes to the International City Manager's Association ("ICMA") Money Purchase Plan, which is a defined contribution pension plan administered by the ICMA. A defined contribution pension plan provides pension benefits in return for services rendered, provides an individual account for each participant, and specifies how contributions to the individual's account are to be determined instead of specifying the amount of benefits the individual is to receive. Under a defined contribution pension plan, the benefits a participant will receive depend solely on the amount contributed to the participant's account, the returns earned on investments of those contributions, and forfeitures of other participant's benefits that may be allocated to such participant's account. All municipal employees of the Town have the option of participating in the plan or the MSRS. Contributions made by the employer vest upon completion of three years of service. An employee who leaves the employment of the Town is entitled to all contributions and earned income in his account at that time. Each employee must contribute a minimum of 6% of his or her gross earnings to the pension plan, while the Town is required to contribute an amount equal to 6% of the employee's gross earnings.

During the year, the Town's required and actual contributions amounted to \$344,932, which was 6% of its current year covered payroll. The covered payroll amounted to \$5,866,371 while the Town's total payroll was \$8,344,289. Employee's required contributions amounted to \$344,932, which was 6% of the Town's current year covered payroll. No pension provision changes occurred during the year that affected the required contributions to be made by the Town or its employees. The ICMA Money Purchase Plan held no securities of the Town or other related parties during the year or as of the close of the fiscal year.

D. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The Town offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Section 457(k) of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended. The plan, available to all Town employees at their option, permits participants to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. In applying the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 32, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans, the Town has determined that effective July 1, 1997 it is no longer required to record assets and associated liability of the plan.

ENVIRONMENTAL MATTERS

The Town is subject to a wide variety of federal and State laws and regulations relating to land use, water resources, sewage disposal, the use, storage, discharge, emission and disposal of wastes and other environmental matters. While the Town believes that its properties and operations are presently in material compliance with all land use and environmental laws, failure to comply with such laws could result in the imposition of severe penalties on operations by government agencies or courts that could adversely affect the Town. The Town is not aware of any environmental conditions or non-compliance, the remediation or correction of which the Town believes would have a material adverse impact on the financial condition of the Town. The Town is not subject to any pending or threatened proceedings or actions involving environmental matters that, if adversely decided, would have a material adverse impact upon the Town's financial condition or ability to pay debt service on the Bonds as and when due. While not having a material adverse impact upon the Town's financial condition, or its ability to meet its debt service obligations, the Town is voluntarily making the following disclosure with respect to environmental liabilities:

The Town is not subject to any pending legal proceedings involving environmental matters that would require disclosure under the Regulation were the Town subject to its provisions.

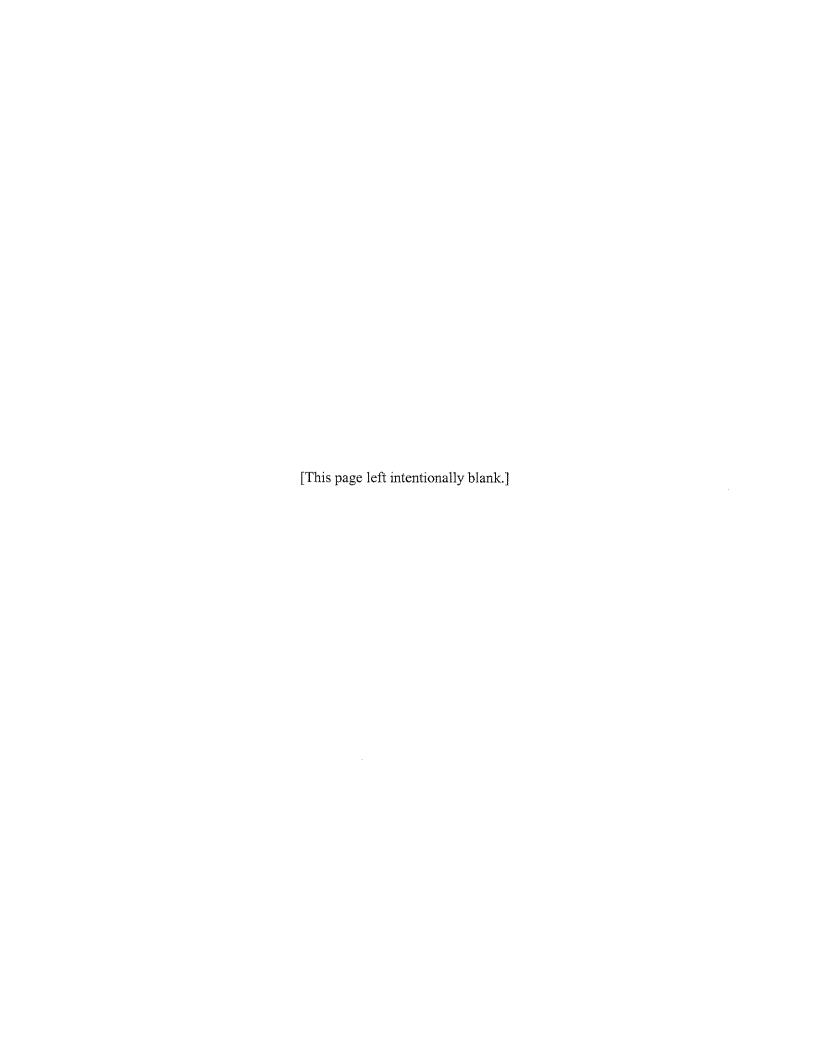
LITIGATION

In the opinion of Town officials there is no litigation pending against the Town which, either individually or in the aggregate, would result in judgments that would have a materially adverse effect on the Town's financial position or its ability to meet its debt service obligations.

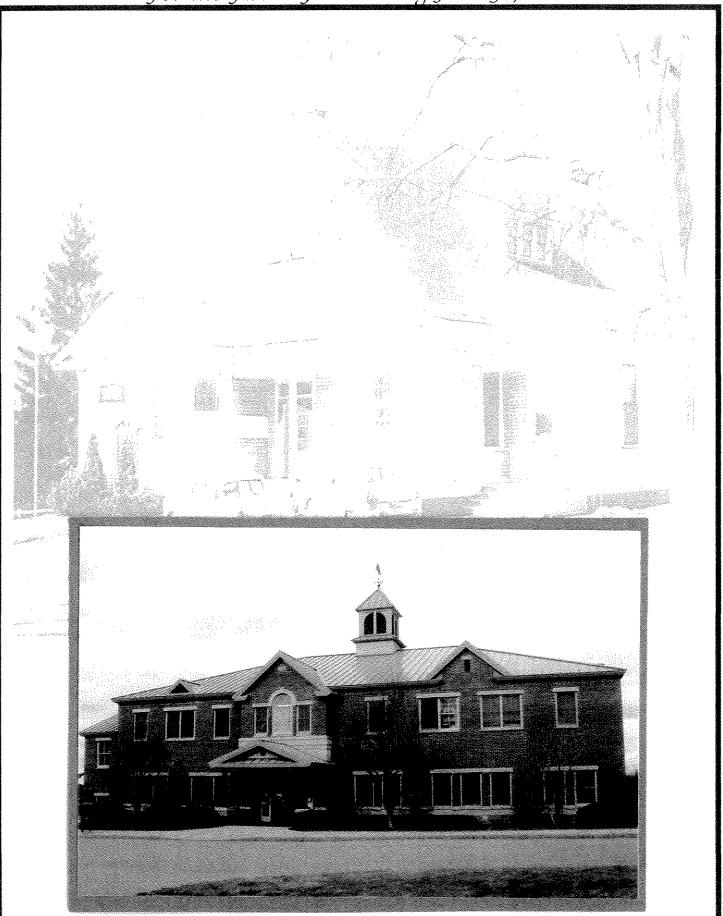
APPENDIX A

TOWN OF SCARBOROUGH, MAINE COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

(With Report of Independent Auditors' Thereon)



Town of Scarborough, Maine Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2006

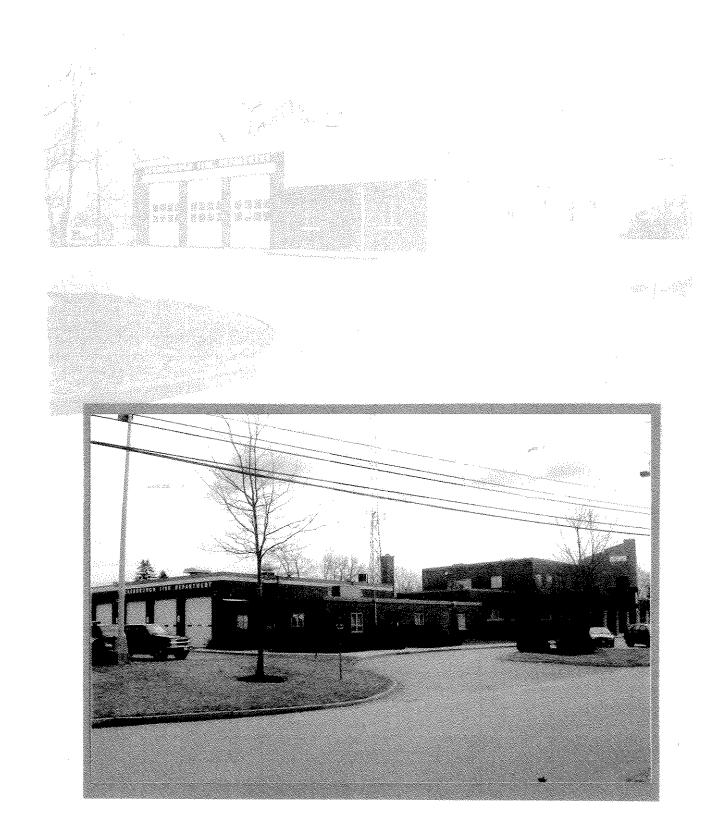


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Town of Scarborough, Maine Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2006

Then and Now

Ruth D. Porter Finance Director



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TOWN OF SCARBOROUGH, MAINE Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Year ended June 30, 2006

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TOWN OF SCARBOROUGH, MAINE Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Year ended June 30, 2006

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Introduction



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November 21, 2006

RUTH D. PORTER FINANCE DIRECTOR TREASURER

Jeffrey Messer, Council Chairman And Distinguished Members of the Town Council Scarborough, Maine

In accordance with the requirements of our Town Charter and state statutes, we hereby issue to the citizens of the Town of Scarborough and to all interested parties, the comprehensive annual financial report of the Town of Scarborough, Maine for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006.

Responsibility for the accuracy, completeness and reliability of the financial information, including all disclosures, rests with the Town of Scarborough and its management. Management has established a framework of internal controls that afford us the knowledge and belief, that all of the data is accurate in all material respects and reported in a manner that presents fairly the financial position of the Town of Scarborough. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the Town's financial activities are included.

Please take this opportunity to review the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately following the independent auditor's report. The MD&A provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the Town's financial statements. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and we encourage readers to view it in conjunction with it.

The comprehensive annual financial report is prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted (GAAP) in the United States of America. This report is presented in three sections: introductory, financial and statistical. The first section, introductory, is unaudited and includes this transmittal letter. The second section, financial, includes the management's discussion and analysis of the Town's financial activities, the basic financial statements and the combining and individual fund statements and schedules. The final section, statistical, includes selected financial and demographic information, generally presented on a multi-year basis.

TOWN'S ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE AND SERVICES PROVIDED

The Town of Scarborough is located on the southern coast of the State of Maine in the southeastern most section of the County of Cumberland, the State's most populous county. Scarborough is bordered by the Spurwink River and the Atlantic Ocean on its eastern side and is bordered by the communities of Westbrook, South Portland, Cape Elizabeth, Gorham, Buxton, Saco and Old Orchard Beach.

The Town, first settled in 1633, was incorporated as the sixth town in the Province of Maine on July 14, 1658. The Town operates under a charter first adopted on October 7, 1969 and provides for a Town Council and Town Manager form of government. The legislative body consists of a seven-member town council. A seven-member school board has general authority for the public schools. The Town Council is responsible for, passing ordinances, adopting the annual budget, appointing committees and hiring both the Town Manager and the Town Assessor. The Town Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the Town Council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the government, and for appointing the administrators of the various departments.

Although legally separate entities, blended component units are, in substance, part of the Town's primary government operations. We have included the Scarborough Economic Development Corporation as part of the primary government's operations.

The Scarborough Public Library is a discretely presented component unit in a separate column in the government wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the Town of Scarborough and to differentiate their financial position and results of operations and cash flows from those of the Towns.

Financial statements for the following entities are not included in this report as they are administered by boards that are legally separate from and independent of the Town Council and otherwise have not met the established criteria for inclusion in this report. A brief description, however, is incorporated in the notes to the financial statements:

Portland Water District ecomaine (formerly Regional Waste)

Scarborough Sanitary District Biddeford Saco Water District

In accordance with the provisions of Article V of the Town Charter, the annual budget serves as the foundation for Scarborough's financial planning and control. The Town's budget year begins July 1 and ends June 30 of the following year. The Charter provides that the Town Manager submit a budget to the Town Council. The Finance Committee reviews the proposed budget and makes recommendations to the Town Council. The Council orders a public hearing with prior public notification. If the Council does not adopt the annual budget prior to July 1, then the budgets presented by the Town Manager and the Board of Education becomes the budget for the fiscal year. Department Administrators and the Board of Education may make transfers of appropriations within their departments. Transfers of appropriations between departments, however, require the approval of the Town Council.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND FUTURE OUTLOOK

Maine Economy. By nearly every measure, the Maine economy grew slowly in 2006. Gasoline and energy prices also affected growth, however, there were a few positives such as a strong job growth and improvements in the housing permit and residential construction numbers. Maine's unemployment rate has been below the national average for nearly seven years. In 2006, employment increased by .7% or 5,800 jobs. The major industry groups creating the most jobs were education and health services, leisure and hospitality, construction and the tradetransportation-utilities group. The largest declines were in manufacturing and financial services. Maine taxable sales were up 6.5% over the same period of last year. Low interest rates continued to fuel home sales, refinancing activity, and construction. Housing permits for the state were up 8.8%. Interest rates have begun to rise over the past year. The interest rates are likely to continue rising and will cause a slowdown in the housing industry. The scheduled closing of the Brunswick Navel Air Station is not likely to have much effect for another year or

Local Economy. The Town of Scarborough is primarily a suburban residential community that enjoys a favorable economic environment and local indicators continue to point to stability and growth. Approximately 1,150 businesses are located within Scarborough reflecting a 9% increase in businesses over last year. As well as being home to two excellent major medical research facilities, the Town of Scarborough continues to attract high tech and biotech industries. Additionally, the Town of Scarborough is an active participant in the development of private industrial and commercial facilities. The Town of Scarborough has a varied manufacturing, industrial and commercial base that adds to the relative stability of the unemployment rate. For more information, please review the Statistical Section of this report.

The business community in Scarborough is diverse and is located primarily in distinct areas of the Town. U.S. Route One, one of three major routes through the community, is primarily a commercial business district serving the daily needs of Scarborough's residents. It is a mix of retail, business, and professional offices. Payne Road, a continuation of the Maine Mall Road, is home to many larger, big box type retailers and serves a regional clientele. Industrial development is largely contained in the Scarborough Industrial Park and the Pleasant Hill Road areas. A fourth business area is being developed along the corridor connecting Maine Turnpike Exit 42 and U.S. Route One, known as the Haigis Parkway. The Town recently installed utilities along this stretch of roadway and plans call for development of approximately 360 acres as a high-end business park over the next 15 years.

Interstate 95 also known as the Maine Turnpike, bisects the Town of Scarborough, north to south, and Scarborough has direct access to Interstate 95 at Exit 42. Interstate 295 and the aforementioned U. S. Route One and Interstate 95 give Scarborough an enviable location advantage. Additionally, Scarborough is located ten minutes from downtown Portland, five minutes to the Portland International Jetport, and less than two hours from Boston. Access to the Downeaster train service to Boston is located just north and south of Scarborough.

The Town of Scarborough is one of the fastest growing residential centers in the State of Maine. This growth has necessitated Scarborough's need to develop a strong and stable commercial base to help meet the ever-growing demands of its residents. To foster that development, the Town of Scarborough created a private non-profit Corporation, Scarborough Economic Development Corporation (SEDCo) in 1985 to encourage new business and retain and grow existing businesses and assist the community in its long term economic development planning.

Comprehensive Plan. In August 2006, the Town Council adopted an update to the 1994 Comprehensive Plan. This update provides for a comprehensive growth strategy for both residential and commercial development. Key components are the creation of several mixed-use districts to promote a mix of commercial and residential uses in a development plan, increased residential density in the developed areas of the community and expansion of business and industrial development in selected areas west of the Maine Turnpike. The overall plan is designed to insure that the Town realizes and maintains approximately 20% to 25% of its tax base as commercial and industrial properties. The updated plan was adopted after a three-year process that included the creation of a vision document for the Town's future; a series of meetings in all geographic areas of the community; and the creation of a Plan Update Committee consisting of both demographic and political cross sections of the community.

Major Initiatives

For the year. The Haigis Parkway utility expansion project off Exit 42 of the Maine Turnpike was completed.

Plans were presented by private developers to create a 70-acre business and retail development within the Haigis Parkway named the Scarborough Gateway. The Scarborough Gateway development would include the destination retailer Cabela's, a preeminent hunting, fishing and outdoor gear retail operation; several smaller retail stores; a hotel; restaurants and several office and banking buildings. This development when completed in two years should have an estimated value of approximately \$74,000,000.

The Enterprise Business Park, a private business park, developed in partnership with the Town of Scarborough, is filling up with the completion of the sixth building. Presently, industrial and hitech research and development facilities, professional offices and a day care facility are currently located in the Enterprise Business Park.

The new 400,000 square foot, state of the art, United States Post Office Distribution Center, located off Mussey Road, for Southern Maine was completed in September.

As noted earlier, Scarborough continues to be a focal point for the development of small biotech start-up companies. In May, Maine Medical Center broke ground for a new ambulatory surgery center in Scarborough. This is an exciting new development for the Town and its citizens.

A state of the art Mercedes Benz dealership and service facility, located on US Route One, was completed this summer.

In the Scarborough Industrial Park, 21 commercial condominiums are now available to meet the needs of small trades' people, mail-order facilities, warehouse and distribution tenants, and other small industrial business users in Town.

The Town has successfully created a Municipal Campus consisting of the Municipal Building, High School, Middle School, Intermediate School, a municipal day care facility, Library and the Memorial Park. The Memorial Park is a multi-generational park with a bandstand for summer concerts, walking trails, a skateboard park and various sporting facilities. The High School, which is a part of the Municipal Campus was completely renovated and expanded and the work was completed in 2006.

A new trail section along the Eastern Trail, which is part of the East Coast Greenway Trail System that extends the off-road segment from the Old Orchard Beach town line to the Nonesuch River, was completed. The next Eastern Trail project involves spanning the river and connecting with the South Portland Greenway, a distance of about 2 miles.

The Fire Department continues their quest for grant funding and currently has a pending competitive grant, through the Assistance to Firefighters Grant program, to replace the current self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). If approved, this grant would fund 95% of the purchase cost. Because the units have a limited testing life and are no longer National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) compliant, the proposed grant is to replace all the SCBA as well as to add some additional units so every riding position will be properly equipped in all the front line apparatus.

During 2006, the Fire Department placed in service a third pumper vehicle. This vehicle is almost identical to the two previously purchased. These three units incorporate the new *Compressed Air Foam* technology (CAFS). All three vehicles are housed in fire stations that serve the Community's rural water supply area north of the Maine Turnpike. This new technology allows the firefighters to fight fires with less water and less labor by adding a foam

mixture partially propelled by air pressure that extinguishes class A type materials quicker with less water damage.

The Public Works Department completed work on a streetscape park in front of the Public Safety Building through the M.D.O.T.'s Community Gateway Grant.

Public Works staff continues their efforts in the National Pollution Elimination System program (NPDES). Currently, the town is two years ahead of schedule with the drainage system mapping and we continue to work with the Inter-local storm-water committee to fulfill our EPA requirements.

For the future.

The Town is entering into a partnership with developers that will include an \$8,250,000 credit enhancement package to the existing Haigis Parkway Tax Increment Financing District to assist the developers with the substantial site development and infrastructure costs associated with the project. The anticipated return from this private investment will substantially reimburse the Town for our investment in providing utility infrastructure along the Parkway.

Both Super Wal-Mart and Lowes will anchor the Scarborough Gallery, a 500,000 square foot shopping destination. Restaurants and smaller retail establishments will also be included in this project. Lowe's will be opening in early 2007, and the remaining businesses are projecting to open by the fall of 2007.

Groundwork has begun on the installation of an artificial turf at the High School athletic field.

After exploring various avenues for improved garbage pickup and recycling, Public Works will implement an automated curbside recycling and trash collection system. While the Town has provided curbside trash collection in the past, this is the first time the Town will provide curbside recycling to all residential homes on public streets. With a recycling rate of about 20%, we expect recycling to increase once the program begins.

The Town approved a wetlands mitigation project that will result in the rehabilitation of a former gravel pit into a wetlands conservation area and ultimately a town park that stresses conservation with trails through the rehabilitated areas. The plan will protect over 280 acres of land and a mile on both sides of the Nonesuch River and provide a twenty-acre upland site for the possible location of a new school or other municipal facility.

A growing trend is the revitalization of U.S. Route One. As was previously discussed, a new Mercedes dealership combined seven previous properties and entrances into one new project. A number of other projects also evidence this trend. The former high school, Bessey School, which was has been used for warehouse and office space, will be converted into subsidized housing for the elderly. Phase I, as proposed, includes 54 housing units.

The Orion Center will involve the complete makeover of an older shopping center into a more village-like atmosphere emphasizing a pedestrian connection. Bessey Square, a proposed mixed-use project directly across from the municipal building, envisions 10 live/work units as well as offices and a coffee shop. This project also emphasizes pedestrian connection within the site and to its neighboring properties.

Dunstan Crossing is a mixed residential project combining single-family homes, condominiums, townhouses, rental units and elderly housing for a total number of 264 units. This project is

located in the Dunstan area and will have a positive impact on revitalization of the Dunstan neighborhood.

Acquisition and preservation of open space and environmentally sensitive areas continue as priorities for the citizens of Scarborough. In 2002, the citizen approved a \$1.5 million bond for open space preservation and these funds were used in partnership with the Scarborough Land Trust to acquire two farms, one of which remains a working farm with an agricultural easement. Of the original bond issue, \$300,000 is currently available. The voters also approved an additional \$2.5 million for open space preservation in 2003.

A grant was awarded to the Public Works Department from the Maine Forestry Service to allow for the creation of a tree inventory and management program.

Long-term Financial Planning. Scarborough utilizes a five year Capital Improvement Plan. We use this plan, not only to make decisions regarding equipment replacement, building, land and infrastructure improvements and purchases, but also for open space purchases and improvements. This plan is updated on an annual basis.

The Town of Scarborough is one of twenty-one (21) communities that own and operate a waste to energy facility. This facility was re-organized over the past two years and is now named **ecomaine**. The original operation, formerly known as Regional Waste Systems (RWS) was established in 1974 to dispose of the participating community's trash. The new entity, **ecomaine**, was successful in attracting new business by accepting the City of Saco as a participating community beginning in 2007. Additionally, **ecomaine** is moving forward with the expansion of a landfill for ash disposal without the issuance of any new debt and adding single stream recycling in an expanded recycling building.

During 2006, the Fire Department presented a comprehensive staffing analysis to the Town Council. This analysis includes a long-range plan for gradually adding full time personnel over the next ten years. This program will allow the fire department to keep up with the increasing demands of the residential and commercial growth in the Community.

As the Town grows, the needs of the Public Safety police department have also grown. With the changes in technology, staffing and increasing service demands, the present facility no longer meets the requirements of a full service twenty-four per day operation. The Town has begun a review to study the infrastructure needs of the police department facility.

Also as the Town's population continues to grow, existing school buildings, already at or near capacity, are being stretched to the point that effective instruction for all students is becoming increasingly difficult to guarantee and is a top priority for the Town.

Scarborough Middle School for grades six through eight, reached its physical capacity of 600 when the building opened its doors in September 1996. By 2006, enrollment exceeded 800 and fifteen modular classrooms were needed. Future enrollment of the middle school population is projected to be above 900. Proposed development projects will likely push this figure even higher.

Similarly, the Wentworth Intermediate School, with a 2006 enrollment of over 780 is not conducive to currently accepted best practices in intermediate education. Additionally, building mechanicals (heating, lighting) and various building entrances create security concerns.

Two school referendum questions were presented to the public in November 2006 to expand the Middle School and build a new Intermediate School, both of which would have been funded by the citizens of Scarborough. Both referendum questions were not accepted. The School Department will be considering options over the next few months. One option will be to apply for State assisted school construction for these two schools. In June 2007, the State will begin their process for State assisted school construction funding. Applications will be due December 2007 and by the summer of 2008, the State will publish their listings in order of the schools with the greatest need.

The Scarborough School system currently has three K-2 schools. As continued home construction and subdivisions are proposed and built, it may be necessary to build a fourth K-2 school.

The Scarborough Library is experiencing an increase in demand for services. The current structure is 17 years old and is in need of mechanical improvements and expansion. Voters did vote down a nonbinding referendum question that would have allowed the Library to borrow funds from the Department of Agriculture's Rural Economic Development Program. The Library Board of Trustees is reviewing their options for funding the building improvements and perhaps a more modest expansion than what was presented in the non-binding referendum question.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Assessed Valuation and Collections. An indicator of our strong local economy is reflected in the growth of the Town's assessed value of real and personal property. The taxable valuation of Scarborough has more than tripled since 1990. For the 2006 tax year, the valuation was \$3,256,842,000 compared to the 1990 valuation of \$995,448,900.

Below is a list of unpaid property taxes, for the last five years:

\$329,712 in 2002, \$244,195 in 2003, \$221,223 in 2004, \$311,646 in 2005, \$297,237 in 2006.

Cash Management Policies and Practices. The Town of Scarborough invests cash, temporarily idle during the year, in demand deposits, certificates of deposit, U.S. Government obligations and repurchase agreements. The average yield on all investments was approximately 4.52%. Total investment income during the year amounted to \$718,020 compared to \$480,095 last year.

Risk Management. The Town of Scarborough continues to manage all aspects of its risk management program aggressively. The Human Resource staff is responsible for all employment, workers' compensation and ADA related issues. As claims arise, the staff identifies the situations that may cause injury or illness to employees, and they work to resolve safety issues and health concerns. An ADA Advisory Committee, consisting of Scarborough residents, was created to address any ADA matters that may arise.

The Administrative Assistant to the Town Manager is responsible for the property and casualty, police professional and general liability claims. The Town's risk pool insurance provider, as a part of their insurance service, provides safety training to the Town along with loss prevention analysis on a regular basis.

OTHER INFORMATION

Independent Audit. The Town Charter requires an annual financial audit by independent certified public accountants appointed by the Town Council. The firm of Runyon, Kersteen, and Ouellette was engaged to perform the annual audit for the Scarborough Town Council for the fiscal year 2006. This audit is designed to meet the requirements of the federal Single Audit Act of 1984 and related OMB Circular A-133. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

Awards. The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Town of Scarborough for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005. This is the first year that the Town of Scarborough has submitted and achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgements. I would like to extend my appreciation to the Scarborough Town Council for their full support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the Town's finances. I would like to acknowledge my gratitude for the information provided by all of the Departments and their staff. A special note of appreciation is extended to Mr. Rodney Laughton for his contribution of the historic town photographs included in this document. The preparation of the comprehensive annual financial report is possible due to the dedicated service of each member of the Scarborough Finance Department. For his unfailing support for the work performed by the Accounting staff, I would also like to acknowledge the Town Manager, Ronald W. Owens. Furthermore, I would like to acknowledge the efforts and assistance of the accounting firm of Runyon Kersteen Ouellette.

Respectfully Submitted,

Ruth D. Porter Finance Director

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Town of Scarborough Maine

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2005

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

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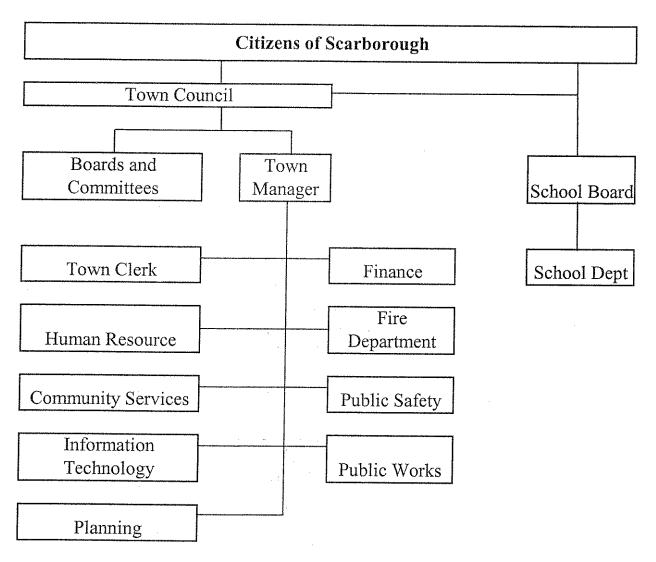
President

Executive Director

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Town of Scarborough, Maine

Organizational Chart



TOWN OF SCARBOROUGH, MAINE

PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

AS OF JUNE 30, 2006

Elected Town Council

Jeffrey A. Messer, Chair

Shawn A. Babine Sylvia J. Most Patrick J. O'Reilly Robert E. Patch Carol S. Rancourt Steve N. Ross

Appointed Town Staff

Ronald W. Owens

Town Manager

Yolande P. Justice

Town Clerk

Ruth D. Porter

Finance Director

Paul G. Lesperance

Assessor

Thomas P. Guter

Human Resource Director

Stephen Tewhey

Information Systems

Joseph F. Ziepniewski

Town Planner

Bruce W. Gullifer

Community Services Director

B. Michael Thurlow

Fire Chief

Robert A. Moulton

Police Chief

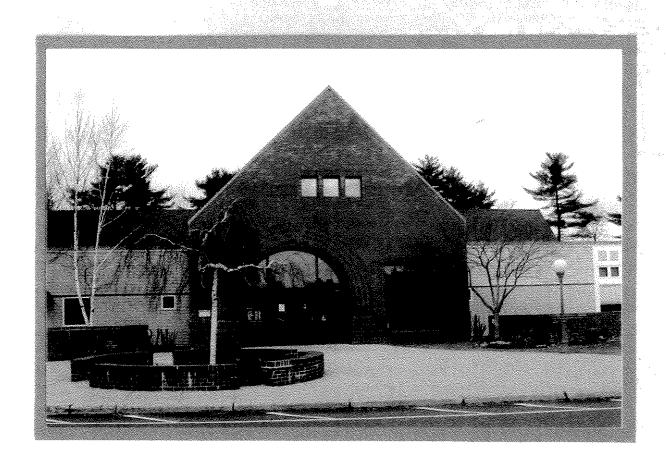
Michael E. Shaw

Public Works Director

William J. Michaud

Superintendent of Schools

Financial Section



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Independent Auditor's Report

Town Council
Town of Scarborough, Maine

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Scarborough, Maine, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Town of Scarborough, Maine's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Scarborough, Maine, as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated November 21, 2006 on our consideration of the Town of Scarborough, Maine's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis, as listed in the table of contents, is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Town Council Page 2

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Scarborough, Maine's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining statements and individual fund schedules and statistical tables are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining statements and individual fund schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and in our opinion, are fairly presented, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section and statistical tables have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

November 21, 2006

South Portland, Maine

Runyon Kersteen Ouellette

TOWN OF SCARBOROUGH, MAINE

Management Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2006

As management of the Town of Scarborough, we are presenting our narrative overview and analysis of the Town's financial activities during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. Please consider this information in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the front of this report and the Town's basic financial statements following this section. All dollar amounts are expressed in thousands of dollars unless otherwise indicated.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the Town of Scarborough exceeded liabilities at the close of the 2006 fiscal year by \$54,485 (net assets).
- The Town's total net assets increased \$7,096. Most of the increase is the difference between the capital outlays reported as expenditures on Statement 2 and the cost of those assets allocated over the useful life as depreciation expense.
- As of June 30, 2006, the Town's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$20,689, an increase of \$1,376 compared with the prior year. Of the approximately \$19,793 reported as unreserved fund balance, \$8,180 are special revenue funds authorized for specific projects, \$4,085 are for major capital construction projects and \$73 is for maintenance of the Town's cemeteries. The remaining amount of \$7,455 is available for the discrete purposes for which these funds are collected.
- As of June 30, 2006, unreserved undesignated fund balance for the general fund was \$5,520 or 9.42% of the total general fund expenditures of \$58,628. The Town of Scarborough's Fund Balance policy calls for 8.33% of the total operating budget or \$4,884.
- The Town of Scarborough's total debt increased by \$1,107 from the prior year. Total debt retired was \$5,907. Total debt issued was \$7,014 in general obligation bonds.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of Scarborough's basic financial statements. The Town of Scarborough's basic financial statements comprise three components; 1) government-wide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements; and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements. Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Town finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all Town of Scarborough's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town of Scarborough is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how Scarborough's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused sick leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town of Scarborough that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the Town of Scarborough include general government, public service (recreation, library, economic development), public safety, public works (highways, streets and solid waste disposal), capital improvements, education and county tax.

TOWN OF SCARBOROUGH, MAINE Management Discussion and Analysis, Continued

The government-wide financial statements include not only the Town of Scarborough (known as the *primary government*), but also the legally separate public library for which the Town of Scarborough is financially accountable. Financial information for this component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the Town of Scarborough itself. The Scarborough Economic Development Corporation, although also legally separate, functions for all practical purposes as a department of the Town of Scarborough, and therefore has been included as an integral part of the primary government.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 31-32 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Scarborough, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate finance-related legal compliance. All of the funds in the Town of Scarborough are divided into two categories, governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the governmental-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statement, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near term financial decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet (Statement 3) and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances (Statements 4 and 5) provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The Town of Scarborough maintains 32 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Performance Bonds, Haigis Parkway, General Town Improvements, and the General School Improvements all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the remaining 27 funds (Special Revenue, Capital Projects, and Permanent) are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements in Exhibit C-1 through Exhibit E-2.

The basic governmental funds financial statements can be found on pages 33-34 of this report.

Capital Projects Funds. The Capital Projects Fund was established to account for resources obtained and expended for the acquisition and improvement of major capital facilities, land improvements and purchases. The Town of Scarborough's individual capital projects funds were established for the following purposes:

- The Municipal Building Fund was established to account for grants, awards, and money appropriated by the Town Council for a study, development, and the related tax increment financing district for the construction of a Town Center facility.
- The General Town Improvements Account was established to account for grants, awards, and money appropriated by the Town Council or approved by voter referendum for major municipal capital projects.
- The General School Improvements Account was established to account for grants, awards and money appropriated by the Town Council or approved by voter referendum for major school capital projects.

The Municipal Building Fund is not considered a major fund and is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. The capital projects fund financial statements can be found on pages 81-82 of this report.

Permanent Funds. Permanent Funds are used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the Town of Scarborough's programs, that is, for the benefit of the government or its citizenry. Permanent funds are established by the Town of Scarborough for the following purposes:

- Scarborough Memorial Cemetery Perpetual Care
- Dunstan Cemetery Perpetual Care
- Mary A. Tucker Perpetual Care

The Permanent Fund is not considered a major fund and the fund data for this fund is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The permanent fund financial statements can be found on pages 85-86 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary Funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the Town of Scarborough's own programs.

The Town of Scarborough reports on both the private purpose trust fund and the agency fund. Private purpose trust funds are used to report all of the Scarborough School Department's scholarship programs. Student Activity Funds are recorded as Agency funds and are used to account for funds raised by and on behalf of the various student groups organized within the Scarborough School Department.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 89-91 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the information provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 39-57.

Other Information. The combining statements referred to earlier in conjunction with non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 61-96 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net assets may serve, over time, as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Town of Scarborough, assets exceeded liabilities by \$54,485 as of June 30, 2006.

By far the largest portion of the Town of Scarborough's net assets (66.7%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Town of Scarborough uses these capital assets to provide services to our citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the Town of Scarborough's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Town of Scarborough's Net Assets

Governmental Activities

	2006	 2005
Assets:		
Current and other assets	\$ 26,360	\$ 25,832
Capital Assets not depreciated	44,366	37,629
Capital assets	60,874	60,136
Total Assets	 131,600	 123,597
Liabilities:		
Long term liabilities outstanding	64,208	62,352
Other liabilities	 12,907	13,857
Total Liabilities	 77,115	 76,209
Net assets:		
Invested in capital assets,		
net of related debt	36,323	29,885
Restricted	4,210	7,631
Unrestricted	13,952	 9,873
Total Net Assets	\$ 54,485	\$ 47,389

7.73% of the Town of Scarborough's net assets represent resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets, in the amount of \$13,952, may be used to meet the Town of Scarborough's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year and the prior fiscal year, the Town of Scarborough is able to report positive balances for its net assets.

The Town of Scarborough saw a decrease of \$3,421 in restricted net assets due mainly to the completion of the High School construction and expansion project.

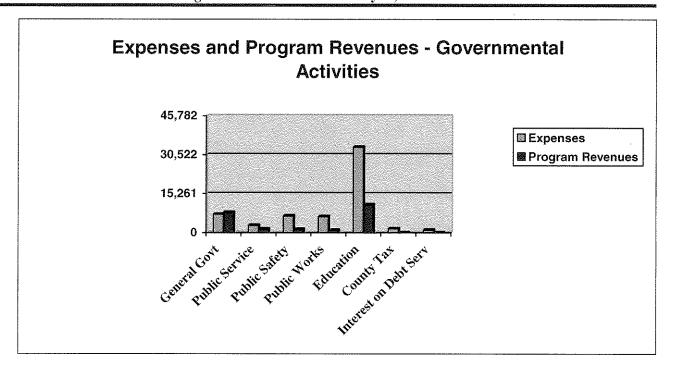
During the fiscal year, the Town of Scarborough's net assets increased by \$7,096. Most of the increase is the difference between the capital outlays reported as expenditures on Statement 2 and the cost of those assets allocated over the useful life as depreciation expense.

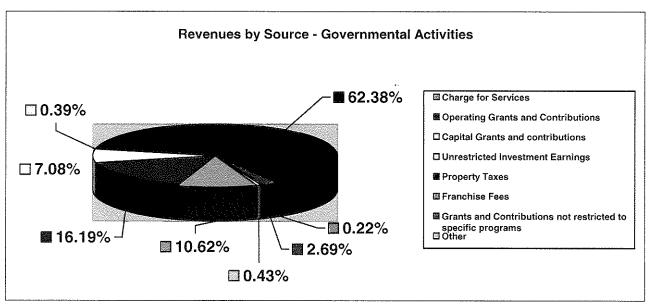
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES. All of the increase pertaining to the Town of Scarborough's net assets, of \$7,096, is due to the governmental activities of the Town. Key components of this increase are shown below:

Town of Scarborough's Changes in Net Assets

	2006	2005
Revenues:		
Program Revenues:		
Charge for services	\$ 7,024	\$ 6,488
Operating grants and contributions	10,706	9,297
Capital grants and contributions	4,681	-
General Revenues:		
Property and excise taxes, levied for general purposes	41,260	39,932
Franchise Fees	145	143
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs	1,777	1,850
Unrestricted investment earnings	261	160
Other	285	101
Total revenues	 66,139	 57,971
Expenses:	- 100	
General government	7,199	3,984
Public Services	2,871	2,658
Public Safety	6,552	6,194
Public Works	6,277	5,883
Education	33,491	28,695
County Tax	1,584	1,520
Interest on Debt Service	1,069	1,168
Capital Improvements		1,770
Program and Other Expenditures	 ÷	 2,680
Total expenses	 59,043	 54,552
Increase in net assets	7,096	3,419
Net assets beginning	47,388	43,969
Net assets ending	\$ 54,484	\$ 47,388

Capital Grants and Contributions increased by \$4,681 as a result of the implementation of the Haigis Parkway assessments. These assessments will help to fund a portion of the debt service for the Haigis Parkway infrastructure improvements recently completed.





FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN'S FUNDING

As noted earlier, the Town of Scarborough uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The general government functions are contained in the General, Special Revenue, Capital Project and Permanent Funds. The focus of the Town's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of Scarborough's financial requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of a fiscal year.

At June 30, 2006, the Town of Scarborough's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$20,689, an increase of \$1,376 in comparison with the prior year. This increase is the result of the creation of the

Haigis Parkway Special Revenue Fund and High School construction project. The revenues generated for the Haigis Parkway will be used to pay the long-term debt service payments on the Haigis Parkway infrastructure construction. The high school construction project was mostly completed at June 30, 2006 and available funds were expended.

Governmental Fund Balance Comparison

	 2006	 2005
General Fund	\$ 8,226	\$ 7,760
Special Revenue Funds	8,195	4,418
Capital Project Funds	4,085	6,963
Permanent Funds	183	 172
Total	\$ 20,689	\$ 19,313

As noted earlier, governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$20,689, an increase of \$1,376 compared with the prior year. Of the \$19,793 reported as unreserved fund balance, \$8,180 are special revenue funds authorized for specific projects, \$4,085 are for major capital construction projects and \$73 is for maintenance of the town's cemeteries. The remaining amount of \$7,455 is available for the discrete purposes for which these funds are collected.

The remaining \$896 of fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed to:

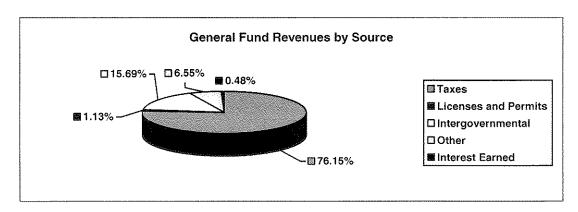
\$771	Non-current l	Fund Balance:	s in the Spec	ial Revenue an	d Capital Pro	jects Fund
7 , , ,			p r .			J

- 110 Perpetual Care of Municipal Cemeteries
- 15 Food Service Inventory
- \$896 Total Governmental Fund Reserved Fund Balance

General Fund Highlights

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Town of Scarborough. As of June 30, 2006, unreserved fund balance in the General Fund was \$7,455 compared to total fund balance of \$8,226. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, we believe it is useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unreserved fund balance represents 12.72% of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 14.03% of the same amount. Thus, the year-end fund balance is in compliance with the Town's policy of maintaining a minimum fund balance of 8.33% of the total operating budget for the General Fund.

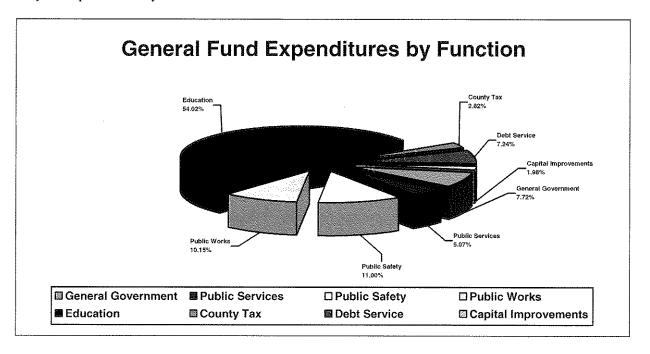
Current fiscal year revenues by source for the General Fund are as follows:



Property Tax revenues increased \$1,102 from 2005 to 2006 compared to the 2004 to 2005 increase of \$2,687.

A comparison of the actual revenues to estimated revenues can be found on page 36 of the financial statements.

Current fiscal year expenditures by function for the General Fund are as follows:



Total general fund expenditures increased \$3,251 or 6.14%. Some of the key factors in this increase are:

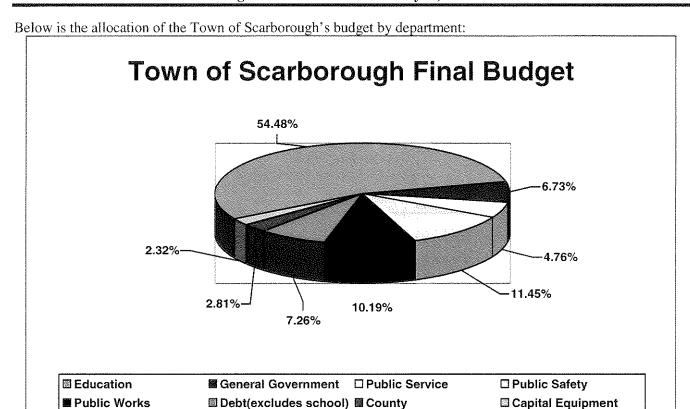
- General Government increased 16.46% due to the addition of a code enforcement officer, the increased usage of charge cards and the related fees, and legal fees.
- Public Service increased 7.81% due to the Community Service's programs although the program revenues help to offset this increase.
- Education increased 7.29% mostly due to the increase in debt as a result of the high school construction debt.

Capital Projects Fund Highlights

During this fiscal year, the Town of Scarborough's fund balances for Capital Projects decreased from \$6,963 in 2005 to \$4,085 in 2006. Expenditures decreased from \$21,699 in 2005 to \$9,259 in 2006 due to the completion or near completion of a number of capital projects including the high school construction and renovation project.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The final budget for the Town's General Fund represents the original budget plus any previously appropriated funds set aside for the purpose of honoring legally incurred obligations (prior year encumbrances and commitments) plus any supplementary appropriations that may occur during the fiscal year. In fiscal year 2006, a total of \$1,935 has been set aside for prior year encumbrances and commitments. Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget amounted to an increase of \$985. The original General Fund budget for fiscal year 2006 was \$55,449.



CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. The Town's investment in capital assets for its governmental fund, as of June 30, 2006, amounts to \$105,239 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, vehicles, improvements, machinery, equipment, and roads. The total increase in the Town's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 7.65%.

Town of Scarborough's Capital Assets

(net of depreciation)

Governmental Activities

	2006	2005
Land	\$ 3,921	\$ 3,625
Buildings	32,941	32,766
Vehicles	5,280	4,705
Equipment & Furniture	1,595	1,281
Infrastructure	21,057	21,384
Construction in Progress	40,445	34,004
Total	\$ 105,239	\$ 97,765

The Town's infrastructure assets are recorded at historical or estimated historical costs in the government-wide financial statements as required by GASB Statement No. 34.

Additional information on the Town of Scarborough's capital assets can be found in Notes to the Basic Financial Statements on pages 46-47 of this report.

Long-term Debt. As of June 30, 2006, the Town had long-term bonds outstanding of \$68,844 compared to \$67,737 in the prior year. This debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the Town of Scarborough. Additional information relating to the Town's long-term debt can be found in the Notes to Financial Statements on pages 48-49 of this report.

Outstanding Debt General Obligation Bonds

	 2006	 2005
Municipal	\$ 18,477	\$ 15,552
Education	39,846	41,204
Sewer	 10,521	 10,981
Total Debt	\$ 68,844	\$ 67,737

Moody's Investors Service has affirmed a bond rating of "Aa3" and an "AA- (Stable) rating was assigned from Standard and Poor's (S&P) to the Town of Scarborough, Maine's debt. Moody's prior assignment of "A1", first assigned in 1975, was upgraded in 2002 to an assignment of "AA3". S&P's "AA- (Stable)" was an "initial" rating for the Town of Scarborough in 2003. As of June 30, 2006, the Town's rating from both rating agencies remain stable.

These ratings reflect: "Strong continuing growth in the Town's tax base, favorable wealth levels, satisfactory operations and a manageable debt position". Moody's expects the Town's affluent tax base to continue to grow at a strong pace, given recent trends and room for continued development, citing evidence of the opportunities for development within the Town. Moody' believes the Town of Scarborough will continue to maintain satisfactory financial operations, supported by increasing reserves.

Note: Definitions of above ratings

Moody's definition of "AA" ratings: Assigned for issues judged to be of high quality by all standards and, together with "AAA", comprise what are generally known as "high grade" bonds.

S&P's definition "AA" ratings: indicates a very strong capacity to pay interest and repay principal and differs from the highest rated issues ("AAA") only in a small degree.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The Town of Scarborough continually monitors trends and emerging policies from the State of Maine with a prudent eye to any potential impact to Scarborough's local economy. In addition, both management and elected officials are involved and serve on committees that pro-actively follow state legislative policies and work closely with the local representatives in our State's Capitol.

In adopting the budget for the ensuing fiscal year, the Town of Scarborough's officials considered may factors in making judgments and estimates about the finances of the upcoming year. A primary objective is to continue to provide level services to the citizens in the Town of Scarborough while keeping any increase in the property tax rate between three and five percent.

The Town of Scarborough, in cooperation with its school department, has worked to develop a five-year capital budget plan to manage and plan for the long term capital needs of our community. Additionally, the Town also works collaboratively, not only within the Town's departments, but also with several neighboring communities and agencies to improve mutual operations and efficiencies and to reduce expenses where possible.

Below is a comparison of the 2006 budget with the 2007 budget.

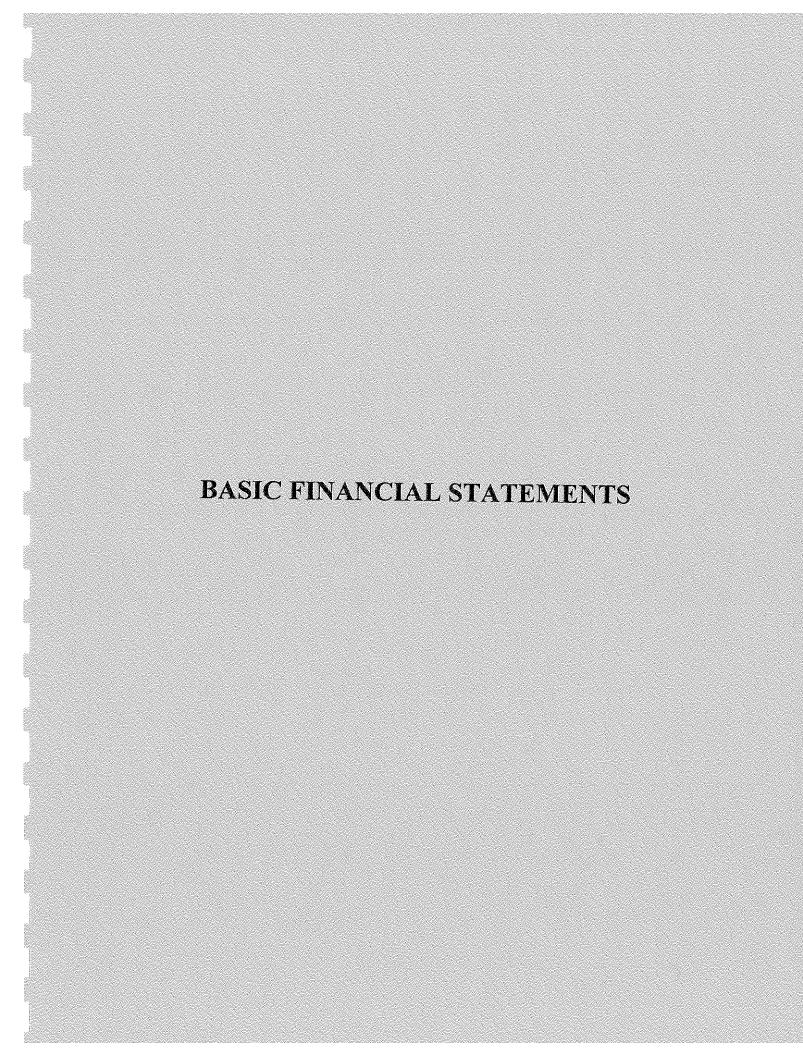
	2006	2007
Administration	\$ 1,559,226	\$ 1,557,195
Finance Department	1,006,291	965,156
Information Systems	495,292	471,303
Planning Department	727,474	729,963
Community Services	1,815,995	1,738,270
Library	645,679	629,939
Economic Development	209,068	208,225
General Assistance/Affordable Hsg	15,185	16,685
Fire/Rescue/EMA Department	2,559,336	2,335,352
Public Safety Department	3,901,944	3,591,661
Public Works Department	5,748,477	5,551,927
Debt Service	4,098,398	4,309,239
Capital Equipment	1,310,060	2,002,275
Total Municipal Operating	24,092,425	24,107,190
Education	30,745,456	28,741,171
County Tax	1,584,344	1,519,714
Total Operating Budget	32,329,800	30,260,885
School Special Revenues	-	762,900
School Food Services	1,065,279	1,053,580
350 th Celebration/Wellness Initiative	20,000	15,000
Capital Improvement-Municipal	9,843,151	2,118,542
Capital Improvement-School	1,584,884	1,535,845
TIFs and Overlay	959,142	870,805
Total Budget	\$ 69,894,681	\$ 60,724,747

Additionally, the Town of Scarborough recognizes the importance of maintaining an appropriate level of undesignated fund balance. As stated earlier, the Town Council has adopted a fund balance policy. Once the fund balance level is achieved, the intent is to dedicate any excess balances towards major capital improvements and purchases.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town of Scarborough's finances for everyone interested in Scarborough's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or the requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Finance Director, Town of Scarborough, Maine P.O. Box 360, Scarborough, Maine 04070-0360, phone 207-730-4081 or e-mail rporte@ci.scarborough.me.us.

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TOWN OF SCARBOROUGH, MAINE Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2006

	Governmental	Component
	Activities	Unit
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12,049,165	99,071
Investments	8,785,970	307,034
Receivables:	-,· - -, -, -	501,054
Accounts	4,999,641	_
Intergovernmental	30,595	_
Taxes receivable	59,797	_
Tax liens	407,661	
Notes	7,836	_
Tax acquired property	7,231	_
Inventory	12,559	1,592
Prepaid items	-	99
Capital assets, not being depreciated	44,365,770	-
Capital assets, net	60,873,646	894,857
Total assets	131,599,871	1,302,653
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	2,812,883	25,189
Accrued payroll and other related liabilities	2,557,556	28,029
Taxes collected in advance	17,928	20,029
Accrued interest	483,658	***
Noncurrent liabilities:	405,050	****
Due within one year	7,034,893	
Due in more than one year	64,207,894	Voice.
Total liabilities	77,114,812	53,218
		00,000
NET ASSETS		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	36,322,875	894,857
Restricted for:	•	,,
Nonexpendable trust principal	124,776	520,591
Capital projects	4,085,311	
Unrestricted	13,952,097	(166,013)
Total net assets	\$ 54,485,059	1,249,435

TOWN OF SCARBOROUGH, MAINE Statement of Activities

For the year ended June 30, 2006

						CHARLASSICE ASSESS	
						Primary	Component
			ζ	Operating	Capital	government	unit
Functions/programs		Expenses	Charges for services	grants and contributions	grants and contributions	Governmental aetivities	Public Library
Primary government: Governmental activities:							
General government	₩	7 199 777	2 314 440	624 000	4 200 021		
Public services	,	2 871 026	1 474 700	000,000	4,000,451	431,122	1
Public safety		6 552 131	1,424,760	1	•	(1,446,246)	r
Public works		101,200,0	1,774,100	1 1	•	(5,178,025)	
Fducation		0,2/0,324	655,416	347,440	•	(5,273,468)	1
County fav		1,594,144	1,233,770	9,723,135		(22,512,124)	3
Interest on deht service		1,384,344	1	1	•	(1,584,344)	3
Total governmental activities		50.047.000	. 100 %			(1,068,767)	E .
TOTAL ESTABLISHING AND THE STATE OF THE STAT		37,042,876	1,024,512	10,705,583	4,680,951	(36,631,852)	3
Total primary government	S	59,042,898	7,024,512	10,705,583	4,680,951	(36,631,852)	ţ
Component unit:	6						
Scarborough Public Library	<u>ده</u>	1,164,605	982,392			T	(182,213)
		General revenues:					
		Property taxes, levied for general purposes	for general purposes			36 687 777	•
		Excise taxes	,				• •
		Payments in lieu of taxes	xes			78 581	•
		Interest and costs on taxes	axes			61.243	, ,
		Cable franchise fees				145 800	
		Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs:	s not restricted to spec	ific programs:		700671	•
		Homestead exemption				305 211	
		Other State aid				38 447	, I
		State Revenue Sharing	pr.			1 432 053	ı
		Unrestricted investment earnings	earnings			260,220,23	•
		Other)			284 830	,
		Total general revenues	A STATE OF THE STA		Andrews and the second	0.20,102	-
	ł				THE PARTY OF THE P	43,728,330	
		C	Change in net assets			7,096,484	(182,213)
	-1	Net assets - beginning		HA-PAI)		47,388,575	1,431,648
		Not gesots - oneline			6		

TOWN OF SCARBOROUGH, MAINE Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds June 30, 2006

	General	Performance Bonds	Haigis Parkway	General Town Improvements	General School Improvements	Other Governmental Funds	Total Government: Funds
COPEC							
ASSETS	(551 505	00.515					
Cash and cash equivalents \$	3 ,	25,715	-	3,611,185	1,572,364	288,374	12,049,16
Investments	3,307,048	1,718,388	255,514	-	-	3,505,020	8,785,97
Receivables:	100.055						
Accounts	403,966	11,485	4,425,437	3,161	-	153,629	4,997,67
Intergovernmental		-	ten	-	-	30,595	30,59
Taxes receivable	59,797	un	-	-	-	-	59,79
Tax liens	407,661	-	=	~	-	-	407,6
Notes		-	-	-	-	7,836	7,83
nterfund loans receivable	1,041,875	+	-	16,424	-	1,309,199	2,367,49
Tax acquired property	7,231	=	=	-	-	-	7,23
nventory		-	N-			12,559	12,55
Total assets \$	11,779,105	1,755,588	4,680,951	3,630,770	1,572,364	5,307,212	28,725,99
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	695,103	-	-	262,272	310,728	179,623	1,447,7
Accrued payroll	2,457,799	-	-	-	-	456	2,458,2
Interfund loans payable	=	390,431	692,303	-	-	1,282,801	2,365,5
Taxes collected in advance	17,928	=	-		-		17,9
Deferred tax revenue	382,000	-	•	-	-	-	382,0
Performance bond deposits		1,365,157	<u>-</u>	-		-	1,365,1
Total liabilities	3,552,830	1,755,588	692,303	262,272	310,728	1,462,880	8,036,6
Fund balances:							
Reserved	771,193	-	~	_		124,776	895,9
Unreserved, reported in:	Ť					,	0,0,0
General fund - undesignated	5,519,830	_	_	~	_	_	5,519,8
General fund - designated	1,935,252	-	-	_	_	-	1,935,2
Special revenue funds	-	**	3,988,648	_		4,191,293	8,179,9
Capital projects funds	_		-	3,368,498	1,261,636	(544,823)	4,085,3
Permanent funds		_	_	5,250,1,0	1,201,030	73,086	73,08
Total fund balances	8,226,275	-	3,988,648	3,368,498	1,261,636	3,844,332	20,689,3
		1 755 500					20,000,00
Total liabilities and fund balances \$ mounts reported for governmental activities in the star Capital assets used in governmental activities are no			4,680,951 use:	3,630,770	1,572,364	5,307,212	
are not reported in the funds. Other long-term assets are not available to pay for our							105,239,4
and, therefore, are deferred in the funds. Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are no	ot due and payable						382,0
period and therefore, are not reported in the funds	i.						
Bonds payable							(68,844,0
Capital leases							(72,5
Accrued interest							(483,6
Landfill liability							(449,6
IUUAL liability							(99,3
							しつブ・シ
Accrued compensated absences							(1,876,6

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the year ended June 30, 2006 TOWN OF SCARBOROUGH, MAINE

	For the year	For the year ended June 30, 2006	2006				
		ŝ	;	General	General	Other	Total
	General	Pertormance Bonds	Haigis Parkwav	Town Improvements	School Improvements	Governmental	Governmental
Demonstrate		***************************************	, and a second		The concerns	rungs	runas
McVellucs.							
l axes	41,345,663	·	t	31 100	1		2/2/2/2/2/
Licenses and permits	611.420	٠			ı	•	41,3/0,/03
Intergovernmental	10 828 778			1 2	å	ı	611,420
Interest earned	10,020,770	1	1 0	006,7	•	1,767,952	12,604,230
Donations	700,007	ľ	6,057	91,900	155,776	130,108	644,502
Calland Date	1	ı		1	,	97.856	97.856
Sign of lots		ľ	•	•	•	16,000	17,000
Assessments and impact fees	,		4 674 894		•	10,000	16,000
Other	3 553 700		4,014,074	•		705,203	5,378,097
Total revenues	56 600 224		4 680 051	120 400		1,874,812	5,428,514
	70,000,00		4,000,731	130,300	155,776	4,589,931	66,157,382
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government	4 340 340						
Public services	4,340,340	1	1	•	J	•	4,340,348
Dublic conferm	2,849,393	3	ı	•	ī	r	2.849.393
a utile saicty	6,179,751	1	;	,	J	,	6 179 751
Fublic Works	5,702,033	ı	•		•		5 700 003
Education	32,791,793	1	1	•	•	l	23,702,033
County tax	1 584 344	:			ř	1	32,791,795
Debt service	4,700,14 777 370 A	f	r	•	ı	,	1,584,344
Canital immovements	4,003,377	1	,	,		3	4,065,377
Capital improvements	1,114,864	*	•	3,105,596	6,153,054	1.373.037	11,746,551
rogram expenditures	,	F	1	*		7 519 140	3 510 140
Other	1	1	466	1	r	17.063	4,010,149
Total expenditures	58,627,903	E.	466	3,105,596	6.153.054	3 908 249	71 705 769
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,027,679)	ı	4.680.485	(960 526 7)	(5 997 778)	601 600	(1,17,12,200
Other financino sources (1150s).	Table 1		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		(0) 75, 775	001,002	(000,/50,6)
Onamoting transfers in							
	2,166,015	ŀ		•	65,656	548,670	2.780.341
Operating transfers - out	(608,069)	1	(691,837)	(3,638)	(52,049)	(1.424.748)	(7.780.341)
General obligation bonds	936,000		-	4,485,116	1,592,884	1	7.014.000
t otal other inhancing sources (uses)	2,493,946	4	(691,837)	4,481,478	1,606,491	(876,078)	7,014,000
Net change in fund balances	466,267	ı	3,988,648	1,506,382	(4,390,787)	(194,396)	1,376,114
Fund balances, beginning of year	7,760.008	F	1	1 862 116	5 652 473	4 020 TO	0.000
				2,222,1	0,000,000	4,030,720	19,515,273
Fund balances, end of year	8,226,275		3,988,648	3,368,498	1,261,636	3,844,332	20,689,389
			4		See ассотран	See accompanying notes to financial statements.	cial statements.
		3.4					

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the year ended June 30, 2006

Repayment of capital lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. This is the amount by which proceeds (\$7,014,000) exceeded repayments (\$5,907,433).		69,433 (1,106,567)
governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. This is the amount by which proceeds (\$7,014,000) exceeded		
governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net		69,433
governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the		69,433
governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayment of bond		69,433
governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term		69,433
governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to		69,433
governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.		69,433
governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term		69 433
Renaument of canital loace principal is an expanditure in the		
not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		(699,264)
require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are		
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not		
the funds.		(18,000
*		
ı		
		.,,.,,
- , , , , ,		7,474,768
is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures		
s (Statement 2) are different because:		
reported for governmental activities in the statement of		
d basances - total governmental funds (from Statement 4)	Ъ	1,376,114
	Capital outlays \$ 9,694,443 Depreciation expense (1,851,676) Loss on disposal of assets (367,999) Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not	reported for governmental activities in the statement of s (Statement 2) are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital outlays \$ 9,694,443 Depreciation expense (1,851,676) Loss on disposal of assets (367,999) Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

General Fund

For the year ended June 30, 2006

				Variance with final budget
	Budgeted amounts			positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes \$	41,187,802	41,187,802	41,345,663	157,861
Licenses and permits	531,735	531,735	611,420	79,685
Intergovernmental	8,491,924	8,491,924	8,520,307	28,383
Interest earned	130,000	130,000	260,661	130,661
Unclassified	3,040,045	3,040,045	3,553,702	513,657
Total revenues	53,381,506	53,381,506	54,291,753	910,247
Expenditures:			······································	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Current:				
General government	3,828,897	3,799,856	4,340,348	(540,492)
Public services	2,678,394	2,685,927	2,849,393	(163,466)
Public safety	6,327,942	6,461,280	6,179,751	281,529
Public works	5,669,561	5,748,477	5,702,033	46,444
Education	30,745,456	30,745,456	30,348,883	396,573
County tax	1,584,344	1,584,344	1,584,344	390,373
Debt service	4,098,398	4,098,398	4,065,377	22.021
Capital improvements	515,921	1,310,060	1,114,864	33,021
Total expenditures	55,448,913	56,433,798	56,184,993	195,196 248,805
			20,101,999	270,000
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(2,067,407)	(3,052,292)	(1,893,240)	1,159,052
Other financing sources (uses):		ur.		
Operating transfers - in	2,170,549	2,170,549	2 166 015	(4.724)
Operating transfers - out	(589,987)	(589,987)	2,166,015	(4,534)
Utilization of surplus	475,000	(389,987)	(608,069)	(18,082)
Overlay	(369,155)	(369,155)	-	(1,459,885)
General obligation bonds	381,000	381,000	026.000	369,155
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,067,407	3,052,292	936,000 2,493,946	555,000
Doubles (Abbi)	2,007,407	3,032,292	2,493,940	(558,346)
Net change in fund balances	NAS	-	600,706	600,706
Reconciliation to GAAP:				
Change in accrued salaries			(134,439)	
Fund balance, beginning of year			7,760,008	
Fund balance, end of year \$		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	8,226,275	

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2006

V 64.4.	C 20, 2000		
		Private-purpose Trust	a ment and make the desired in the the Boundard American Andrew Color and a second and a second and a second a
		Funds	Agency
		(Scholarships)	Funds
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	_	174,185
Investments		251,672	-
Interfund loans receivable		1,087	MAN
Total assets	48-viat (verskammen om om om syntamen special skyllet friedd dei dei om	252,759	174,185
LIABILITIES			
Interfund loans payable		3,050	www.
Accounts payable		1,950	-
Due to student groups		-	174,185
Total liabilities		5,000	174,185
NET ASSETS			
Held in trust	\$	247,759	***

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2006

		rivate-purpose Trust Funds Scholarships)
Additions:		
Donations	\$	1,087
Interest and dividends	4	8,481
Total additions		9,568
Deductions:		
School scholarships		6,600
Other		-
Total deductions		6,600
Change in net assets		2,968
Net assets, beginning of year		244,791
Net assets, end of year	\$	247,759

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Town of Scarborough conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the more significant of such policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The Town of Scarborough was incorporated in 1658 and operates under a Council-Manager form of government adopted by charter in 1969.

In evaluating how to define the reporting entity, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit was made by applying the criteria set forth by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The criterion used defines the reporting entity as the primary government and those component units for which the primary government is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board, and either a) the ability to impose will by the primary government, or b) the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the primary government. Application of this criterion and determination of type of presentation involves considering whether the activity benefits the government and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the government and is generally available to its citizens. Based on application of these criteria, the following is a brief review of each potential component unit addressed in defining the government's reporting entity.

Scarborough Economic Development Corporation (SEDCO) encourages and assists the development of business in the Town of Scarborough. All of the financial activity of SEDCO has been reported with the Town's general fund.

Scarborough Public Library promotes and maintains library facilities in and for the Town of Scarborough. The Scarborough Public Library has been included as part of these financial statements, using the discrete presentation method.

Both of the above had positive responses to the reporting entity inclusion criteria set forth by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Financial statements for both entities can be obtained from the Town of Scarborough Finance Department, P.O. Box 360, Scarborough, Maine 04070-0360.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Town. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. The Town has elected not to allocate indirect costs among the programs, functions and segments. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as certain compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when the payment is due.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, interest, and charges for services. Other receipts and taxes become measurable and available when cash is received by the Town and are recognized as revenue at that time.

Entitlements and shared revenues are recorded at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The General School Improvements fund accounts for certain school capital improvements.

The General Town Improvements fund accounts for certain town capital improvements.

The Performance Bond Fund accounts for funds temporarily held by the Town until work is completed by developers. If the work is not completed, these funds are retained by the Town and the Town completes the required work.

The Haigis Parkway fund accounts for assessments to be used for the Haigis Parkway project.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

Additionally, the Town reports the following fund type:

Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the Town in a trustee capacity or as an agent on behalf of others. The Town's fiduciary funds include the following fund types:

Private-purpose Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the Town under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the Town's own programs. Private-purpose Trust funds use the economic resources measurement focus.

Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. Agency funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The funds are used to account for assets that the Town holds for others in an agency capacity.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in the government-wide financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The Town has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity

Cash and Investments - Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and time deposits. Investments are stated at fair value.

Interfund Loans Receivable/Payable - Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as interfund loans or as interfund advances (i.e. the noncurrent portion of interfund loans).

Inventory - Inventory consists of the School Lunch Program food and supplies and is recorded at a lower of cost or market basis on a first-in, first-out basis. The cost of inventories is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Town as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

The costs of normal repairs and maintenance that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment and infrastructure of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the asset's estimated useful lives ranging from 3 to 60 years.

Compensated Absences - Under terms of personnel policies and union contracts, vacation and sick leave are granted in varying amounts according to length of service and is accrued ratably over the year. In the fund financial statements, these amounts for accumulated vacation and vested sick leave are only recorded as a liability if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. All accumulated leave is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements.

Long-term Obligations - In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net assets. Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due. In the fund financial statements, for other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. The general fund typically pays all governmental activities long-term debt service requirements.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt is reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund Equity - In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designated fund balances represent tentative plans for future use of financial resources.

Interfund Transactions - Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly chargeable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions are reported as operating transfers.

Use of Estimates - Preparation of the Town's financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent items at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Comparative Data/Reclassifications - Comparative data for the prior year have been presented only for certain funds in the fund financial statements in order to provide an understanding of the changes in the financial position and operations of these funds. Also, certain amounts presented in the prior year data have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

A budget is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), except as described in the notes, for the General Fund and certain capital projects. The level of control (level at which expenditures may not exceed budget) is the Department. At year end, department administrators request to carry forward certain unexpended accounts with the Town Manager's approval, otherwise unexpended budgetary accounts lapse at the close of the fiscal year. Once adopted, the budget can only be amended by the Town Council. The revised budget presented for the General Fund in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis - General Fund (Statement 6) includes various adjustments as follows:

	Revenues and other sources	Expenditures and other <u>uses</u>
2005 -2006 budget as adopted Budgetary adjustments:	\$ 56,408,055	56,408,055
Prior year encumbrances and carryforwards	984,885	984,885
Total adjusted budget	\$ 57,392,940	57,392,940

B. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

The over-expenditure of the Public Service department was partially offset by an excess of actual over estimated grant and fee revenues.

The over-expenditure in General Government was the result of legal fees, risk management and planning exceeding budget.

C. Deficit Fund Balance

At June 30, 2006, the following special revenue and capital projects funds had deficit fund balances:

The Recreational Development Fund (a special revenue fund) had a deficit of \$88,474. It is expected that the deficit will be adequately funded in future years through development and user fees.

The Boat Launch Fund (a special revenue fund) had a deficit of \$36,872. It is expected that this deficit will be adequately funded in future years through additional contributions and revenues.

The Departmental Grants and Programs Fund (a special revenue fund) had a deficit of \$101,024. It is expected that this deficit will be adequately funded in future years through additional grant and other revenues.

The Municipal Building Fund (a capital project fund) had a deficit of \$544,823. This deficit is expected to be adequately funded in future years with TIF revenues.

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

A. Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk-Town Deposits: Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposits may not be returned to it. The Town does not have a formal policy with respect to custodial credit risk because it was not covered by F.D.I.C. insurance or additional collateral. As of June 30, 2006, the Town reported deposits of \$12,223,350 with a bank balance of \$13,416,771. Of the Town's bank balances of \$13,416,771, none was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was covered by the F.D.I.C. or by additional insurance purchased on behalf of the Town by the respective banking institutions.

Deposits have been reported as follows:

Total deposits	\$ 12,223,350
Reported in fiduciary funds	174,185
Reported in governmental funds	\$ 12,049,165

At June 30, 2006, the Scarborough Public Library's cash balance was \$99,071 with a bank balance of \$86,676 all of which was covered by F.D.I.C. insurance.

B. Investments

At June 30, 2006, the Town had the following investments and maturities:

	Fair	Less than		More than
	<u>value</u>	1 year	<u>1-5 years</u>	5 years
U. S. Government securities	\$ 197,920	197,920	-	_
Certificates of deposit	200,000	200,000	_	num.
Mutual funds (1)	8,639,721		not applicable	
Total investments	\$ 9,037,641	397,920		***

(1) Mutual funds are not considered securities and are exempt from credit risk disclosure noted below. Investments have been reported as follows:

Total investments	\$ 9.037.641
Reported in fiduciary funds	251,671
Reported in governmental funds	\$ 8,785,970

Interest Rate Risk: The Town does not have a policy related to interest rate risk.

Credit Risk: Maine statutes authorize the Town to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, repurchase agreements and certain corporate stocks and bonds. The Town does not have a formal policy related to credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk-Town Investments: Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposits may not be returned to it. The Town does not have a formal policy with respect to custodial credit risk. None of the Town's investments totaling \$9,037,641 was exposed to custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2006, the Scarborough Public Library's investment balance was \$307,034, none of which was exposed to custodial credit risk.

PROPERTY TAX

Property taxes for the current year were committed on August 29, 2005, on the assessed value listed as of the prior April 1 for all real and personal property located in the Town. These taxes were due in two installments, 50% on October 17, 2005 and 50% on March 15, 2006. Interest at the rate of 7.75% per annum was charged on any amounts remaining unpaid after these respective due dates. Assessed values are periodically established by the Town's Assessor at 100% of the assumed market value as of June 30, 2006 and the Town's value was 113% of the 2006 State valuation of \$2,873,200,000.

The Town is permitted by the laws of the State of Maine to levy up to 105% of its net budgeted expenditures for the related fiscal period. The amount raised in excess of 100% is referred to as overlay, and amounted to \$369,185 for the year ended June 30, 2006.

Tax liens are placed on real property within twelve months following the tax commitment date if taxes are delinquent. The Town has the authority to foreclose on property eighteen months after the filing of the lien if the tax liens and associated costs remain unpaid.

Property taxes levied during the year were recorded as receivables at the time the levy was made. The receivables collected during the year and in the first sixty days following the end of the fiscal year have been recorded as revenues. The remaining receivables have been recorded as deferred revenues.

The following summarizes the June 30 levy:

	<u>2006</u>	2005
Assessed value	\$ 3,256,841,900	2,057,589,000
Tax rate (per \$1,000)	11.30	17.34
Commitment	36,802,313	35,678,593
Supplemental taxes assessed	22,334	56,975
	36,824,647	35,735,568
Less - collections and abatements	36,527,410	35,423,922
Receivable at June 30	297,237	311,646
Consisting of:		
Taxes	17,129	23,981
Liens	280,108	287,665
Receivable at June 30	\$ 297,237	311,646
Collection rate	99.19%	99.13%

CAPITAL ASSETS		4.4		-
Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 20	006 was as follow	vs:	4	
Governmental activities:	Balance June 30, 2005	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2006
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 3,625,100	295,400	-	3,920,500
Construction in progress	34,003,856	6,441,414		40,445,270
Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated:	37,628,956	6,736,814		44,365,770
Buildings	20 221 505	000 000	(105 500)	
Vehicles	39,321,595	900,000	(195,798)	40,025,797
Equipment and furniture	9,109,783 2,980,616	1,387,411 670,218	(741,090)	9,756,104
Infrastructure	28,595,767	0/0,218	(110,325)	3,540,509
Total capital assets being depreciated	80,007,761	2,957,629	(1,047,213)	28,595,767
Less accumulated depreciation for:	00,007,701	20,731,027	(1,047,213)	81,918,177
Buildings	6,555,551	469,137	59,671	7,084,359
Vehicles	4,405,442	679,090	(608,779)	4,475,753
Equipment and furniture	1,699,565	357,666	(111,259)	1,945,972
Infrastructure	7,211,511	345,784	(18,848)	7,538,447
Total accumulated depreciation	19,872,069	1,851,677	(679,215)	21,044,531
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	60,135,692	1,105,952	(367,998)	60,873,646
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$97,764,648	7,842,766	(367,998)	105,239,416
Depreciation expense was charged to functions/prog	rams of the prim	ary governm		
	, and of the print	ary governm	one as lonow	5.
Governmental activities:				
General government			\$ 260,730	
Public services			21,633	
Public safety			378,075	
Public works, including depreciation of general	ral infrastructure	assets	574,291	
Education			616,948	
Total depreciation expense – government	tal activities		<u> 1,851,677</u>	
Capital assets for the Scarborough Public Library dis	scretely presented	d component	unit are as fo	ollows:
Buildings	¢ 1 070 777			
Equipment, artwork and software	\$ 1,268,766			
Books	517,997 <u>736,906</u>			
Total 2,523,669	730,900			
Less accumulated depreciation	(1,628,812)			
Property and equipment, net	\$ 894,857			
Depreciation expense	<u>\$ 89,776</u>			

INTERFUND BALANCES

Interfund balances result from the sharing of pooled cash and investments. Individual interfund receivables and payables at June 30, 2006, were as follows:

General Fund	Interfund receivables \$ 1,041,875	Interfund payables
General Town Improvements	16,424	New
Haigis Parkway		692,303
Performance Bonds		390,431
Other Governmental Funds:		
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:		
Unemployment compensation	-	3,608
Ferry Beach	-	10,723
Recreational development	-	219,675
Sewer expansion	461,541	
Hurd Park	113,895	nos
Scarborough Memorial improvement	, -	2,000
Industrial Park	-	40,721
Payne Road improvements	-	52,654
Payne Road impact fees	50,171	-,
Boat launch	,- · ·	36,872
Police asset forfeiture	65,082	-
Hunnewell House	-	692
Rescue equipment	315,446	-
Fire Dept Equipment	3,830	_
Departmental grants and programs	72,084	324,874
Friends of the Scarborough Marsh	, =, 00 :	10,220
School development impact fees	219,150	10,220
Computer replacement fund	217,100	34,987
Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	1,301,199	737,026
	1,501,100	151,020
Nonmajor Capital Project Funds:		
Municipal building fund		544,823
Total Nonmajor Capital Project Funds	_	544,823
Permanent Funds:		
Scarborough Memorial Cemetery	8,000	
Dunstan Perpetual Care	0,000	952
Total Permanent Funds	8,000	952
Total Other Governmental Funds	1,309,199	1,282,801
Private-purpose Trust Funds	1,087	3,050
Total all funds	\$ 2,368,585	2,368,585

INTERFUND BALANCES, CONTINUED

The purpose of interfund loans is to charge revenues and expenditures to the appropriate fund when that activity is accounted for through the centralized checking account. The balances represent each fund's portion of the centralized checking account.

INTERFUND TRANSFERS

General Fund General Town Improvements General School Improvements Other Governmental Funds	<u>Transfers in</u> \$ 2,166,015 - 65,656 548,670	<u>Transfers out</u> 608,069 3,638 52,049 2,116,585
Total	\$ 2,780,341	2,780,341

These operating transfers were budgeted transfers to fund certain activities.

CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2006, was as follows:

Governmental activities:	Beginning balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending balance	Due within one year
General obligation bonds Capital leases Compensated absences Landfill post-closure care cos	\$ 67,737,433 141,974 1,138,321 sts 449,634	7,014,000 - 738,291		,844,000 72,541 ,876,612 449,634	5,999,000 72,541 863,352
Governmental activity Long-term liabilities	\$ 69,467,362	7,752,291	5,976,866 71,	···	7,034,893

As of June 30, 2006, the Town had authorized, but unissued debt totaling \$3,572,600. The General Fund typically pays all governmental activities long-term debt service requirements.

BONDS PAYABLE

Bonds payable at June 30, 2006 is comprised of the following:

<u></u>	Amount riginally	Percenta	age applic	eable to	Interest	Final maturity	Balance end of
	issued	Town	School	Sewer	rate	date	<u>year</u>
1987 Capital improvements\$ 3	300 000		_	100.00%	Varies	2008	250 000
		1 6 000/					250,000
1988 Capital improvements 6		16.80%	-	83.20%	Varies	2009	825,000
4 *	2,300,000	100.00%	-	_	Varies	2009	320,000
1990 Capital improvements 7	,415,000	-	100.00%	-	Varies	2011	1,635,000
1993 Capital improvements 1	,135,000	100.00%	-	_	Varies	2012	175,000
	5,775,000	-	100.00%	_	Varies	2015	2,070,000
1995 Capital improvements 6	5,160,000	1.89%	98.11%	-	Varies	2016	2,650,000
± 1	,230,000	95.07%	4.93%	-	Varies	2017	1,305,000
	,475,000	78.38%	21.62%	-	Varies	2008	185,000
- *	,493,000	94.26%	5.74%	-	Varies	2019	1,890,000
* *	,770,000	71.17%	28.83%	=	Varies	2020	1,980,000
- x	,932,000	58.84%	41.16%	-	Varies	2021	2,065,000
2002 Capital improvements 4		48.86%	51.14%	-	Varies	2022	845,000
2003 Capital improvements 24		10.84%	49.16%	40.00%	Varies	2032	22,310,000
2004 Capital improvements 14	,628,000	18.76%	76.16%	5.08%	Varies	2034	12,975,000
2005 Capital improvements 10	,665,000	12.71%	87.29%	-	Varies	2034	10,350,000
2006 Capital improvements 7	,014,000	77.29%	22.71%		Varies	2036	7,014,000

Total \$ 68,844,000

The annual requirements to amortize all debt outstanding as of June 30, 2006 are as follows:

Year ending			
June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	<u>Total</u>
2007	\$ 5,999,000	2,820,923	8,819,923
2008	5,480,000	2,596,091	8,076,091
2009	4,960,000	2,377,320	7,337,320
2010	4,090,000	2,189,039	6,279,039
2011	3,970,000	2,021,929	5,991,929
2012-2016	14,735,000	8,023,771	22,758,771
2017-2021	10,625,000	5,429,263	16,054,263
2022-2026	7,875,000	3,255,212	11,130,212
2027-2031	6,590,000	1,828,798	8,418,798
2032-2035	4,520,000	340,075	4,860,075
Totals	\$ 68,844,000	30,882,421	99,726,421

STATUTORY DEBT LIMIT

In accordance with Maine law, no municipality shall incur debt for specified purposes in excess of certain percentages of State valuation of such municipality. A summary of the Town's legal debt margin is as follows:

	June 30, 2006 outstanding	Percent of 2006 State assessed value		
	<u>bonds</u>	of \$2,873,200,000	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Margin</u>
For school purposes For storm or	\$ 39,846,199	10.00%	287,320,000	247,473,801
sanitary sewer For municipal airport, water and special	10,520,400	7.50%	215,490,000	204,969,600
district purposes	-	3.00%	86,196,000	86,196,000
For all other purposes	18,477,401	7.50%	215,490,000	197,012,599
Total	\$ 68,844,000	15.00%	430,980,000	

STATE REIMBURSEMENT FOR DEBT SERVICE EXPENDITURES

The State of Maine currently reimburses the Town for a portion of financing costs of school buildings. Continuation of such reimbursements is dependent upon continued appropriations by the State Legislature.

CAPITAL LEASES

The Town of Scarborough has entered into various lease agreements as lessee for copiers. Those leases qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes, and therefore, have been recorded at the present value of future minimum lease payments as of the date of its inception.

The following is an analysis of equipment leased under the capital lease as of June 30, 2006:

Municipal building - copiers School - various copiers

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under the capital lease and the present value of the minimum lease payment at June 30, 2006:

2007	\$ 76,679
Total minimum lease payments	76,679
Less: amount representing interest	4,138
Present value of future minimum	
lease payments	<u>\$ 72,541</u>

OVERLAPPING DEBT AND OTHER CONTINGENCIES

Overlapping Debt

The Town is subject to an annual assessment of its proportional share of Cumberland County expenses, including debt repayment, as determined by the percentage of the Town's State valuation to the County's State valuation. At June 30, 2006, the Town's State valuation of \$2,873,200,000 was 8.36% of the County's State valuation of \$34,366,000,000. The Town's share is 8.36% or \$882,878 of Cumberland County's \$10,560,000 long-term debt outstanding as of June 30, 2006.

The Town is also served by the Portland Water District. At June 30, 2006, the Town's share of self-supporting bonded water debt is 12.50% or \$2,665,492 of total debt of \$21,325,000.

Contingencies

ecomaine, formerly Regional Waste Systems, a Maine Corporation with 21 participating municipalities ("Member Municipalities"), including the Town of Scarborough, has issued bonds to fund the design, construction and start-up of a resource recovery system. The bonds are special revenue obligations of ecomaine, payable from and secured by a pledge of ecomaine revenues. The bonds do not constitute a debt or liability within the meaning of any constitutional or statutory provision, or a pledge of the full faith and credit of any political subdivision of the State of Maine. ecomaine has no taxing power. Notwithstanding the foregoing, pursuant to the Waste Handling Agreements, the participating municipalities are obligated severally to deliver certain of the solid waste produced within each such participating municipality to ecomaine for processing to make service payments and pay tipping fees for such processing in amounts which, when added to other available monies, will be at least equal to the required debt service on the bonds. The obligations of the participating municipalities under the Waste Handling Agreements are secured by the full faith and credit of the participating municipalities subject to certain limitations. At June 30, 2006, outstanding "Incinerator Debt" of ecomaine totaled \$43,076,000 of which the Town of Scarborough's share, based on estimated tonnage to be delivered, amounted to 8.29% or \$3,573,014.

The Town has also entered into an agreement with ecomaine as one of the 21 ecomaine Member Municipalities along with an additional six Participating Municipalities, to establish a Material Recycling Facility ("MRF") at ecomaine's demolition debris and recycling facility in Gorham. It is anticipated that the Town's share of debt incurred for this project will also be paid through service charges and user fees over the life of the project. At June 30, 2006, the Town's share is 6.30% or \$316,827 of ecomaine's outstanding MRF debt of \$5,029,000.

ecomaine operates a licensed balefill and ashfill site for which projected landfill closure and postclosure care costs approximate \$20,737,626 at June 30, 2005, the most recent date available. The Town's proportionate share of these estimated landfill closure and postclosure care costs 8.11%, or \$1,681,692.

Total Debt and Contingencies

	As of June 30, 2006			
Governmental	Direct	Overlapping	Contingent	Total
<u>Unit</u>	<u>debt</u>	debt	<u>debt</u>	<u>debt</u>
Town of Scarborough	\$ 68,844,000	-	***	68,844,000
Cumberland County		882,878	~	882,878
Portland Water District - water debt	<u></u>	2,665,492	<u>-</u>	2,665,492
Regional Waste Systems:				
Resource recovery system		-	3,573,014	3,573,014
Material recovery facility	-	-	316,827	316,827
Landfill closure/postclosure costs	<u></u>	144	1,681,692	1,681,692
Totals	\$ 68,844,000	3,548,370	5,571,533	77,963,903

OVERLAPPING DEBT AND OTHER CONTINGENCIES, CONTINUED

Arbitrage

Pursuant to the Tax Reform Act of 1986, municipalities issuing tax-exempt bonds or entering into note or lease obligations are required to perform an arbitrage rebate calculation upon the fifth anniversary of the obligation and to remit such rebate to the federal government, subject to certain exceptions. The Town has had several issues for which a rebate calculation is or has been required. As of June 30, 2006, substantially all such calculations have been performed.

Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the Town expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE COSTS

Under existing State law, Maine communities had until December 31, 1995 to close existing landfills under a state approved plan and perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site for thirty years after closure. The Town is operating a demolition debris landfill and has submitted a plan to the State for closure. The estimated total current cost of landfill closure, \$449,634, is based on the amount that would be paid if equipment, facilities, and services required to close and maintain the Town's landfill were acquired as of June 30, 2006. Additionally, annual monitoring and maintenance costs are estimated to be \$4,050 per year. The total closure and postclosure care costs of \$449,634 have been accrued in the statement of activities. Presently, the State of Maine is providing partial funding for certain closure costs; however, future funding is based on availability of funds. The actual cost of closure and postclosure care may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, engineering estimates, or changes in landfill laws and regulations.

DESIGNATED FUND BALANCES

At June 30, 2006, portions of the General Fund fund balance were designated to future periods as follows:

	<u>2006</u>
General Fund:	
Geographical Information	\$ 16,972
Comprehensive Plan	38,011
Co-Op Boat Launch Improvements	4,932
Finance – New equipment	2,587
Public Safety Night Vision Goggles	5,040
Police Department - 2006 QED software	9,300
Police Department – Auxiliary vehicles	700
Fire Department – Squad Truck	10,676
Fire Department – Municipal Holding Tank	18,994
Public Works – Employee Training	3,105

	<u>2006</u>
Rescue - New Patient Equipment	\$ 2,336
Municipal building design study	(4,033)
Community services child care program	2,946
State Revenue Sharing	130,892
Summer recreation	(4,284)
Cable TV programming	53,705
Marine Resource Office - Inventory Management	7,020
Town-wide ADA projects	23,509
Town-wide computer purchases	66,996
Encumbered Purchase Orders	632,588
Reserve for accrued sick pay	913,260

Total General Fund designated fund balance \$ 1,935,252

RESERVED FUND EQUITY

At June 30, 2006, the Special Revenue fund equity for the School Lunch Program included a reserve for inventory on hand at June 30, 2006 of \$12,559. Also, at June 30, 2006, the Special Revenue fund equity was reserved in the Industrial Park Fund to reflect the noncurrent portion of notes receivable amounting to \$2,289. Fund balance has been reserved in the permanent funds for nonexpendable principal of \$109,928. The total reserved fund balance for other governmental funds on Statement 3 was \$124,776. As of June 30, 2006, the General Fund fund balance was reserved in the amount of \$771,193, reflecting the non-current portion of the interfund loan receivable from the Municipal Building Fund in the amount of \$544,823, the Boat Launch Fund deficit of \$36,872, the Departmental Grants & Programs deficit of \$101,024 and the Recreation Development Fund amount of \$88,474.

SCHOOL OPERATIONS UNDESIGNATED DEFICIT/BUDGETARY VS. GAAP BASIS

At June 30, 2006, School operations (General Fund and Adult Education) reported a fund balance of \$618,353 on a GAAP basis and a fund balance of \$2,752,451 on a budgetary basis, the difference resulting from the accrual of earned but unpaid summer salaries. The School Department's policy is to budget for teacher salaries when paid rather than when the obligation is incurred. Additionally, as required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the School Department has recorded a revenue and expenditure for Maine State Retirement contributions made by the State of Maine on behalf of the Scarborough School Department. These amounts have not been budgeted in the General Fund and result in a difference in reporting on a budgetary basis of accounting vs. reporting under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. An intergovernmental revenue of \$2,308,471 and an education expenditure of \$2,308,471 have been included in the General Fund on Statement 4 and on Statement 2 (GAAP basis) and have not been reported on Statement 6 (budgetary basis). There is no effect on the fund balance at the end of the year.

SCHOOL OPERATIONS UNDESIGNATED DEFICIT/BUDGETARY VS. GAAP BASIS, CONTINUED

The following reconciles the GAAP vs. budgetary basis fund balances:

	GAAP <u>basis</u>	Summer salary <u>accrual</u>	On- behalf payments	Budgetary <u>basis</u>
Balance, June 30, 2005	\$ 693,048	2,134,138	AM	2,827,186
Revenues and other sources	32,612,618		(2,308,471)	30,304,147
Expenditures and other uses	(32,821,792)	134,439	2,308,471	(30,378,882)
Balance June 30, 2006	\$ 483.874	2 268 577		2 752 451

The GAAP basis fund balance of \$483,874 is comprised of the following components:

Total	\$ 483,874
Adult Education	 71,425
General fund - undesignated	\$ 412,449

The School Department has been designating a portion of budgetary fund balance to fund accrued summer salaries. It expects to fund a portion of future fund balances until the accrual is fully funded. As of June 30, 2006, \$2,200,000 of budgetary fund balance has been designated to fund summer salary obligations.

MAINE STATE RETIREMENT SYSTEM (MSRS) - CONSOLIDATED RETIREMENT PENSION PLAN

Description of the Plan - The Town contributes to the Maine State Retirement System Consolidated Plan, a cost sharing multiple-employer retirement system established by the Maine State legislature. The Maine State Retirement System provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The authority to establish and amend benefit provisions rests with the State legislature. The Maine State Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Consolidated Plan. That report may be obtained by writing to Maine State Retirement, 46 State House Station, Augusta, Maine 04333-0046 or by calling 1-800-451-9800.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 6.5% of their annual covered salary and the Town is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. These rates are designed to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits, when due. Normal cost employer contributions are calculated using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Additionally, upon entering the Consolidated Retirement Plan, the Town had its separate, individual existing unfunded actuarial liability calculated. The Town will pay this initial unpooled unfunded liability on a scheduled basis, in addition to making the normal contribution to the plan. The (IUUAL) is being amortized over nineteen years although the remaining balance will be paid off in eleven years at the rate of \$928 per month for both Town and School. The current rate (excluding IUUAL) is 2.8% of annual covered payroll for School employees participating in the District Plan, 2.8% for Town employees and 4.0% for Police. The contribution rates of plan members and the Town are established and may be amended by the Maine State Retirement Board of Trustees. The Town's contributions to the MSRS Consolidated Plan for the year ended June 30, 2006, 2005 and 2004 were \$49,282, \$48,977, and \$44,221 respectively including IUUAL payments of \$14,376 each year.

TOWN OF SCARBOROUGH, MAINE Notes to Basic Financial Statements, Continued

MAINE STATE RETIREMENT SYSTEM (MSRS) - CONSOLIDATED RETIREMENT PENSION PLAN, CONTINUED

Teacher Group - All school teachers, plus other qualified educators, participate in the Maine State Retirement System's teacher group. The teacher's group is a cost-sharing plan with a special funding situation, established by the Maine State legislature. The Maine State Retirement System provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The authority to establish and amend benefit provisions rests with the State legislature. The Maine State Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Teacher's Group. That report may be obtained by writing to Maine State Retirement System, 46 State House Station, Augusta, Maine 04333-0046 or by calling 1-800-451-9800.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 7.65% of their compensation to the retirement system. The State of Maine Department of Education is required, by the same statute, to contribute the employer contribution which amounts to \$2,308,471(19.15%) for the fiscal year 2006. This amount has been reported as an intergovernmental revenue and retirement expenditure in the GAAP basis financial statements (Statement 2 and Statement 4).

DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PENSION PLAN

Defined Contribution Pension Plan - The Town contributes to the International City Manager's Association (ICMA) Money Purchase Plan, which is a defined contribution pension plan administered by the ICMA.

A defined contribution pension plan provides pension benefits in return for services rendered, provides an individual account for each participant, and specifies how contributions to the individual's account are to be determined instead of specifying the amount of benefits the individual is to receive. Under a defined contribution pension plan, the benefits a participant will receive depend solely on the amount contributed to the participant's account, the returns earned on investments of those contributions, and forfeitures of other participant's benefits that may be allocated to such participant's account. All municipal employees of the Town have the option of participating in the plan or the Maine State Retirement System. Contributions made by the employer vest upon completion of three years of service. An employee who leaves the employment of the Town is entitled to all contributions and earned income in his account at that time. Each employee must contribute a minimum of 6% of the employee's gross earnings to the pension plan, while the Town is required to contribute an amount equal to 6% of the employee's gross earnings.

During the year, the Town's required and actual contributions amounted to \$344,932, which was 6% of its current year covered payroll. The covered payroll amounted to \$5,866,371, while the Town's total payroll was \$8,344,289.

Employee's required contributions amounted to \$344,932, which was 6% of the Town's current year covered payroll.

No pension provision changes occurred during the year that affected the required contributions to be made by the Town or its employees.

The ICMA Money Purchase Plan held no securities of the Town or other related parties during the year or as of the close of the fiscal year.

TOWN OF SCARBOROUGH, MAINE Notes to Basic Financial Statements, Continued

DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The Town of Scarborough offers all its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue (IRC) Section 457. The plan permits participating employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years.

The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

Assets of the plan are placed in trust for the exclusive benefit of participants and their beneficiaries. Accordingly, the assets and the liability for the compensation deferred by plan participants, including earnings on plan assets, were removed from the Town's financial statements.

TAX INCREMENT FINANCING DISTRICTS

The Town has established four Tax Increment Financing Districts under the terms of applicable State laws. The districts have been established to finance certain development programs located in the Town. The expenditures from these development programs will be recouped in future years via an incremental tax levied upon the Town's so-called "captured assessed value". The tax increment will be held in the form of a sinking fund which will be used expressly for the repayment of principal and interest on any indebtedness created to fund the expenditures of the development programs.

The status of the various Tax Increment Financing Districts is summarized below:

Scarborough Town Center Development District:	
Original assessed value	\$ 6,915,000
Maximum authorized captured value	6,900,000
Amount captured as of June 30, 2006	6,900,000
Scarborough Eight Corners Development District:	
Original assessed value	4,522,700
Maximum authorized captured value	39,000,000
Amount captured as of June 30, 2006	39,000,000
Enterprise Business Park TIF:	, ,,,,,,
Original assessed value	544,800
Amount captured as of June 30, 2006	5,065,500
Haigis Parkway:	2,000,200
Original assessed value	8,563,500
Amount captured as of June 30, 2006	10,808,200
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

TOWN OF SCARBOROUGH, MAINE Notes to Basic Financial Statements, Continued

RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, and natural disasters, for which the Town either carries commercial insurance, participates in a public entity pool, or is effectively self-insured. Currently, the municipal departments participate in several public entity and self-insured pools sponsored by the Maine Municipal Association. Based on the coverage provided by the pools described above, as well as coverage provided by commercial insurance purchases, the Town is not aware of any material actual or potential claims liabilities which should be recorded at June 30, 2006. There have been no significant reductions in commercial insurance coverage from the prior year and no settlements have exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

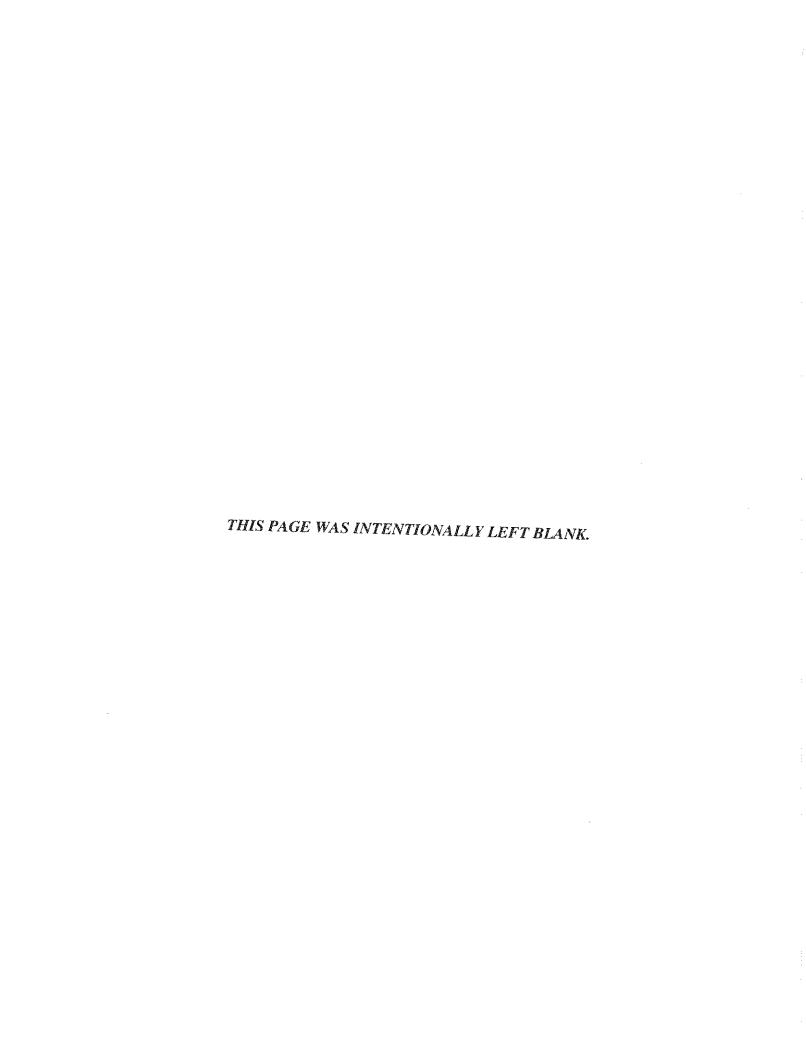
SUBSEQUENT EVENT

Subsequent to year end, a review was conducted to determine the appropriateness of the original assessments levied to the owners of properties located within the Haigis Parkway Municipal Development and Tax Increment Financing District. As a result of the review, the original assessments were adjusted among the individual property owners and resulted in a reduction of \$990,323 to the original assessment as reported in the Haigis Parkway Fund.



GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to another fund are accounted for in this fund. Most governmental services are provided by the General Fund including general government, public services, public safety, public works, education, intergovernmental, debt service, and capital improvements (that are not financed through other funds).



General Fund

Comparative Balance Sheets June 30, 2006 and 2005

		2006	2005
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	2	6,551,527	9,421,858
Investments	> .	3,307,048	533,400
Receivables:		3,307,040	333,400
Taxes receivable		59,797	60,561
Tax liens		407,661	421,274
Accounts receivable		403,966	472,345
Interfund loans receivable		1,041,875	265,420
Tax acquired property		7,231	7,231
			.,
Total assets \$	1	1,779,105	11,182,089
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities:			
Accounts payable and payroll withholdings		695,103	586,549
Accrued payroll		2,457,799	2,419,588
Taxes collected in advance		17,928	15,944
Deferred tax revenues		382,000	400,000
Total liabilities		3,552,830	3,422,081
Fund balance:			
Reserved		771,193	697,126
Unreserved:			
Designated - Town		1,935,252	2,696,408
Undesignated - Education		483,874	693,048
Undesignated - Town		5,035,956	3,673,426
Total fund balance		8,226,275	7,760,008
Total liabilities and fund balance \$	1	1,779,105	11,182,089

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis)

For the year ended June 30, 2006 (with comparative totals for June 30, 2005)

	2005 carryforward	Budget	206 Total Available		Variance positive	2005
	carryiorward	Duugei	Avairable	Actual	(negative)	Actual
Revenues: Taxes:						
Property taxes	\$ -	26.756.212	26556010	06.600		
Change in deferred property tax revenue	•	36,756,213	36,756,213	36,682,277	(73,936)	35,548,83
Excise taxes	_	4,225,000	4 225 000	18,000	18,000	-
Cable franchise fee	-	137,000	4,225,000 137,000	4,438,334	213,334	4,253,93
Interest and costs on taxes	_	69,589	69,589	145,809 61,243	8,809	143,22
Total taxes		41,187,802	41,187,802	41,345,663	(8,346) 157,861	57,85 40,003,83
Licenses and permits:					107,001	103000,00
Plumbing fees		22,000	22,000	21,759	(241)	10.25
Town Clerk fees	·	77,150	77,150	124,556	47,406	19,350 94,51
Building permits	-	334,410	334,410	347,226	12,816	356,50
Electrical permits	_	20,000	20,000	26,079	6,079	20,90
Zoning Board of Appeals	_	5,500	5,500	14,867	9,367	4,57:
License plate fees	*	62,675	62,675	68,033	5,358	66,064
Subdivision fees	-	10,000	10,000	8,900	(1,100)	4,57;
Total licenses and permits		531,735	531,735	611,420	79,685	566,48
Intergovernmental:			•			
Education state subsidies	_	5,715,173	5,715,173	5,715,173		4,532,559
FEMA reimbursement	-	-	-	5,715,175	_	149,408
FEMA fire account	_	-	_	_	-	50,68
Homeland Security		_	-		-	53,160
State Revenue Sharing	-	1,418,000	1,418,000	1,432,953	14,953	1,449,14
Homestead exemption	_	304,855	304,855	305,211	356	300,36
URIP (D.O.T. block grant)	_	290,000	290,000	347,440	57,440	292,196
ecomaine payment in lieu of taxes	_	77,148	77,148	78,581	1,433	71,450
Adult education State subsidies	_	30,000	30,000	31,554	1,554	30,425
General assistance reimbursement	···	7,368	7,368	1,184	(6,184)	1,169
Federal HIDTA revenues	_	100,000	100,000	90,660	(9,340)	84,760
Medicaid		150,000	150,000	104,795	(45,205)	162,103
Other Federal and State revenues - School	_	373,087	373,087	374,309	1,222	389,379
Other Federal and State revenues - Town	_	26,293	26,293	38,447	12,154	100,806
Total intergovernmental	÷	8,491,924	8,491,924	8,520,307	28,383	7,667,604
Interest earned	-	130,000	130,000	260.661		
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		130,000	130,000	260,661	130,661	159,450
Unclassified: School Department		15.000				
Adult education	-	45,000	45,000	96,670	51,670	63,553
Community services	-	17,500	17,500	5,555	(11,945)	6,935
Police court time	-	1,284,142	1,284,142	1,351,165	67,023	1,320,470
Snow plowing service		10,000	10,000	9,753	(247)	15,312
Alarm repair reimbursements	-	4,000	4,000	8,364	4,364	4,100
Insurance reimbursements	•-	10,000	10,000	21,050	11,050	11,625
Parking violations	-	15,000	15,000	33,511	18,511	38,383
Special police	~	10,000	10,000	10,180	180	10,649
Inspection/review fees	-	103,000	103,000	100,677	(2,323)	93,293
Rescue donations	-	100,400	100,400	177,991	77,591	180,631
Rental income	-	350,000	350,000	350,000	(0.00.0)	330,000
Sale of Town-owned property	-	33,089	33,089	30,193	(2,896)	20,606
Legal/engineering salary reimbursement	-	32,214	32,214	96,636	64,422	46,810
Vehicle fuel reimbursement	-	416,325	416,325	374,199	(42,126)	383,281
Vehicle maintenance reimbursement	-	253,400	253,400	386,574	133,174	294,668
Lease revenue	-	265,775	265,775	216,364	(49,411)	264,935
Miscellaneous	-	00.200		151,270	151,270	**
Total unclassified	-	90,200	90,200	133,550	43,350	100,772
	-	3,040,045	3,040,045	3,553,702	513,657	3,186,023
Total revenues		53,381,506	53,381,506	54,291,753	910,247	51,583,396

General Fund

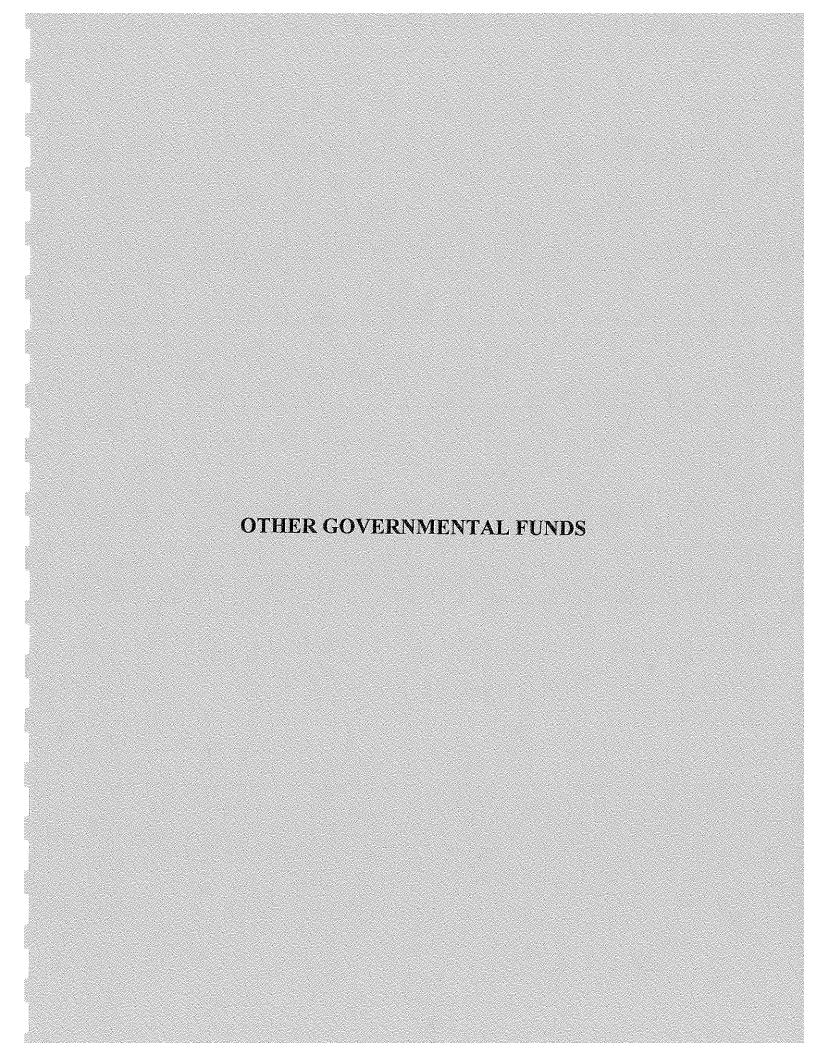
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis), Continued

	-		200)6	*7. *	
	2005 carryforward	Budget	Total available	Actual	Variance positive (negative)	2005 Actual
expenditures:	- CAXX Y TO I FIRE	Duuget	avanabic	жения	(negative)	ACTUAL
Current:						
General government:						
Town Council	\$ -	11,573	11,573	11 572		11.4
Administration	.	227,069	227,069	11,573 227,637	(569)	11,5
Town Clerk	_	164,077	164,077	167,525	(568)	223,9 169,0
Planning		727,474	727,474	885,041	(3,448) (157,567)	746,8
Assessing department	_	229,823	229,823	229,606	(137,307)	740,7 221,6
Human resources	186	179,347	179,533	170,671	8,862	172,4
Personnel benefits	-	35,000	35,000	111,031	(76,031)	39,
Management information systems	-	495,292	495,292	494,303	989	471,
Municipal building	20,000	260,422	280,422	284,616	(4,194)	238,2
General government	-	100,745	100,745	79,462	21,283	71,8
Finance		362,052	362,052	349,413	12,639	341,9
Purchasing		72,232	72,232	59,311	12,921	96,
Taxation/Treasury	-	342,184	342,184	379,868	(37,684)	308,5
Legal	-	69,000	69,000	345,882	(276,882)	84,9
Risk management		421,729	421,729	475,398	(53,669)	459,
Public information	5,005	9,600	14,605	8,603	6,002	5,
Engineering	-	7,500	7,500	2,599	4,901	6,
Outside agencies	_	59,546	59,546	57,809	1,737	57,
Total general government	25,191	3,774,665	3,799,856	4,340,348	(540,492)	3,727,
Public services:			2,1,2,000		(510,172)	
Library		645 670	645 670	(45,670		<
Public health and welfare	-	645,679	645,679	645,679		629,
Enterprise Park tax rebate	•	15,185	15,185	12,927	2,258	2,
Economic Development Corporation	-	200.000	200.000	210.122		50,2
Community services	- 905	209,068	209,068	210,133	(1,065)	206,
Total public services	895 895	1,815,100	1,815,995	1,980,654	(164,659)	1,754,
Total phone services	693	2,685,032	2,685,927	2,849,393	(163,466)	2,642,5
Public safety:						
Fire Department	8,668	1,545,510	1,554,178	1,412,628	141,550	1,414,2
Police Department	90,677	3,735,384	3,826,061	3,733,757	92,304	3,493,
Emergency Management	439	35,288	35,727	. 27,687	8,040	29,
Marine resources	-	75,883	75,883	76,720	(837)	69,
Emergency Medical Services		969,431	969,431	928,959	40,472	914,
Total public safety	99,784	6,361,496	6,461,280	6,179,751	281,529	5,921,
Public works:						
Public Works Department	56,521	2 212 006	2,370,517	2 200 275	20.242	2.000
Vehicle maintenance	4,234	2,313,996		2,290,275	80,242	2,082,
Water charges	4,434	1,210,627	1,214,861	1,294,614	(79,753)	1,257,
Street lighting	-	169,632	169,632	151,793	17,839	163,
Traffic signals	2 120	133,000	133,000	150,377	(17,377)	139,2
Cemetery care	2,120	104,159	106,279	100,213	6,066	87,3
Memorials	*	26,595	26,595	25,291	1,304	23,8
Shade trees	-	8,893	8,893	7,818	1,075	8,5
	2,000	24,600	26,600	30,305	(3,705)	8,3
Engineering services	•	35,000	35,000	29,814	5,186	16,5
Solid waste program	-	1,657,100	1,657,100	1,621,533	35,567	1,582,5
Total public works	64,875	5,683,602	5,748,477	5,702,033	46,444	5,370,3
Education:						
Regular high school (9-12)	=	4,766,814	4,766,814	4,715,124	51,690	4,357,5
Regular middle school (6-8)	-	3,534,994	3,534,994	3,540,408	(5,414)	3,248,5
Regular elementary school (3-5)	-	3,419,367	3,419,367	3,390,106	29,261	3,204,1
Regular elementary school (K-2)	-	3,143,265	3,143,265	3,112,435	30,830	2,881,3
Special services	-	4,801,918	4,801,918	4,729,712	72,206	4,465,9
Transportation	-	1,290,513	1,290,513	1,227,022	63,491	1,172,5
Maintenance	-	2,174,814	2,174,814	2,179,654	(4,840)	2,025,5
Central office	_	672,476	672,476	636,874	35,602	635,5
Debt service	_	4,728,407	4,728,407	4,728,407	ى دەن ورد	4,272,0
					70.750	
System-wide	-	1.780.124	1_/80 1/4	1 /(4) 1/4		
System-wide Computer systems management	-	1,780,324 323,538	1,780,324 323.538	1,700,574 316,802	79,750 6,736	1,650,4 297.6
•	- -	323,538 109,026	323,538 109,026	316,802 71,765	6,736 37,261	1,630,4 297,6 76,4

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis), Continued

	_		200)6		
	2005 carryforward	Budget	Total available	Actual	Variance positive (negative)	2005 Actual
ym 11,						120100
Expenditures, continued:						
Current, continued:	_					
County tax	\$ -	1,584,344	1,584,344	1,584,344	-	1,519,714
Emergency management		jas				40,638
Debt service (excluding education):						
Principal	_	2,957,054	2,957,054	2,957,054	_	3,113,081
Interest and other costs	_	1,141,344	1,141,344	1,108,323	33,021	1,191,120
Total debt service	-	4,098,398	4,098,398	4,065,377	33,021	4,304,201
Capital improvements	794,140	515,920	1,310,060	1 114 074		
	774,140	313,920	1,310,000	1,114,864	195,196	1,119,917
Total expenditures	984,885	55,448,913	56,433,798	56,184,993	248,805	52,933,789
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
(under) expenditures	(984,885)	(2,067,407)	(3,052,292)	(1,893,240)	1,159,052	(1,350,393)
Other financing sources (uses):					***************************************	
Operating transfers - in		~ .				
Operating transfers - out	-	2,170,549	2,170,549	2,166,015	(4,534)	2,086,828
	-	(589,987)	(589,987)	(608,069)	(18,082)	(795,906)
General obligation bonds Utilization of prior year surplus and carryforward	-	381,000	381,000	936,000	555,000	870,175
balance	004.005	455 000				
Overlay	984,885	475,000	1,459,885	-	(1,459,885)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	984,885	(369,155)	(369,155)		369,155	
Total odici imancing sources (uses)	984,883	2,067,407	3,052,292	2,493,946	(558,346)	2,161,097
Net change in fund balances - budgetary basis	-	-	-	600,706	600,706	810,704
Reconciliation to GAAP:						
Change in accrued salaries				(134,439)		(56,271)
Fund balances, beginning of year				7,760,008		7,005,575
Fund balances, end of year		-	s	8,226,275		7,760,008



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Combining Balance Sheet All Other Governmental Funds

June 30, 2006

	 Special Revenue Funds	Capital Projects Funds	Permanent Funds	Total Other Governmental Funds
	 I BAUS	I. WHO	ranus	runus
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 288,374	-	_	288,374
Investments	3,329,054	-	175,966	3,505,020
Accounts receivable	153,629	_		153,629
Notes receivable	7,836	<u>-</u>		7,836
Due from State of Maine	30,595	_	_	30,595
Interfund loans	1,301,199	-	8,000	1,309,199
Inventory	 12,559	w	-	12,559
Total assets	\$ 5,123,246		183,966	5,307,212
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:	150 (00			
Accounts payable	179,623	_	-	179,623
Accrued payroll	456	_	-	456
Interfund loans	 737,026	544,823	952	1,282,801
Total liabilities	 917,105	544,823	952	1,462,880
Fund balances (deficit):				
Reserved for:				
Noncurrent notes receivable	2,289	-	-	2,289
Inventory	12,559		_	12,559
Principal	***	m	109,928	109,928
Unreserved, undesignated	 4,191,293	(544,823)	73,086	3,719,556
Total fund balances (deficit)	4,206,141	(544,823)	183,014	3,844,332
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 5,123,246		183,966	5,307,212

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Other Governmental Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2006

		Special Revenue Funds	Capital Projects Funds	Permanent Funds	Total Other Governmental Funds
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$	1,767,952			1 7 6 0 0 0
Contributions	φ	97,856	-	,	1,767,952
Assessments and impact fees		703,203	<u></u>	<u></u>	97,856
Sale of lots		8,000	-	0.000	703,203
Other revenue		1,874,812	-	8,000	16,000
Interest revenue		125,845	<u></u>	4.060	1,874,812
Total revenues		4,577,668	. Ne	4,263 12,263	130,108 4,589,931
		7,577,000		12,203	4,369,931
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Capital expenditures		1,373,037	_	-	1,373,037
Program expenditures		2,518,149	_	New York	2,518,149
Other		16,111	_	952	17,063
Total expenditures		3,907,297	_	952	3,908,249
Excess of revenues					
over expenditures		670,371	_	11,311	681,682
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfer from other funds		482,000	66,670	_	548,670
Transfer to other funds		(1,364,453)	(60,295)	_	(1,424,748)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(882,453)	6,375	-	(876,078)
Net change in fund balances	-	(212,082)	6,375	11,311	(194,396)
Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year		4,418,223	(551,198)	171,703	4,038,728
Fund balances (deficit), end of year	\$	4,206,141	(544,823)	183,014	3,844,332

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds account for specific resources, the expenditure of which are restricted by law or administrative action for particular purposes.

Special revenue funds are established for the following purposes:

Unemployment Compensation

The Unemployment Compensation fund represents money set aside to be expended for unemployment compensation coverage (reimbursed to the State of Maine, Department of Manpower Affairs) for all municipal and school employees.

Ferry Beach

To account for all fees collected from the sale of resident and non-resident parking stickers, and day-to-day parking fees. Fees from combination passes are split evenly between Pine Point Beach and Ferry Beach funds. The monies are used for the maintenance of the beach parking area.

Recreation Development

To account for contributions from the developers of sub-divisions for the development of recreation facilities.

Sewer Expansion

The purpose of this fund is to collect user and impact fees as well as tax increment financing district revenues to fund the related debt service.

Hurd Park

To account for all fees collected from the sale of resident and non-resident parking stickers, and day-to-day parking fees. Funds from combination passes are split evenly between the Hurd Park fund and the Ferry Beach fund. The funds are used for the maintenance of the beach parking area.

Scarborough Memorial Improvement

To account for 50% of the funds accumulated by the sale of lots in the Scarborough Memorial Cemetery. These funds are used to maintain the grounds of the Cemetery.

Dunstan Cemetery Improvement

To account for funds accumulated by the sale of lots in the Dunstan Cemetery. These funds are used to maintain the grounds.

Industrial Park

To account for the sale of property lots in the Scarborough Industrial Park.

Prouts Landing Conservation

To account for monies spent in the upkeep of a 62 acre parcel of land given to the Town by the Linwood Companies/Prout's Landing. This land is to remain in its natural state and is not for recreational purposes.

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS, CONTINUED

Payne Road Improvements

To account for all fees collected in connection with the improvement of Payne Road.

Payne Road Impact Fees

To account for fees collected in connection with the Town's road impact ordinance.

Boat Launch Facility

To account for all resident and non-resident fees collected from the use of the boat launch facility. The funds are to be used for the improvement of the boat launch facility at Pine Point.

Police Asset Forfeiture

To account for funds awarded to the Scarborough Police Department for drug related convictions. These funds are to be used for law enforcement purposes only. (Pursuant to Title 15 M.R.S.A. Section 5824(3)).

Hunnewell House

To account for monies spent in the upkeep of the plot of land on the corner of the Black Point and Winnocks Neck roads, which was purchased by the Town on May 2, 1973. The Hunnewell House (built in 1638) was set on the plot and is used as a Town Park. Donations and appropriations are also accounted for in this fund.

Rescue Equipment

To account for fees collected in connection with the Town's Rescue billing program. These funds are used for the purpose of acquiring and maintaining rescue equipment.

Fire Department

This fund accounts for various grant awards and donations. These funds are to be used for the purchase of fire equipment.

Departmental Grants and Programs

To account for various federal and state grants and non-budget programs.

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS, CONTINUED

School Development Impact Fees

The purpose of this fund is to account for all "Impact Fees" that are collected pursuant to the *Development Impact Fee Ordinance* adopted by the Town Council. The Ordinance requires the Town Treasurer to maintain all of these fees in a separate impact fee account and that the account is segregated from the Town's general revenues. The Ordinance requires the Town treasurer to deposit impact fees collected pursuant to this Ordinance in special non-lapsing accounts dedicated for funding of the improvements for which the fee is collected. Impact fees collected by the Town under this ordinance may be used only for financing facility improvements which the Town Council has determined are made necessary by new development.

Friends of the Scarborough Marsh

The Friends of the Scarborough Marsh is a coalition of private citizens dedicated to conserve, protect, restore and enhance the Scarborough Marsh watershed. In an agreement with the Scarborough Planning Board and the Friends of the Scarborough Marsh, \$10,000 was donated to the Town and dedicated for Water Quality Improvement Projects. Use of the funds will require approval, by majority vote, of the Board of Directors of the Friends of the Scarborough Marsh and by the Town Manager. Approved, June 29, 2004.

Pleasant Hill Area Drainage

This fund accounts for monies received to improve the drainage in the Pleasant Hill area of the Town of Scarborough.

School Categorical Programs

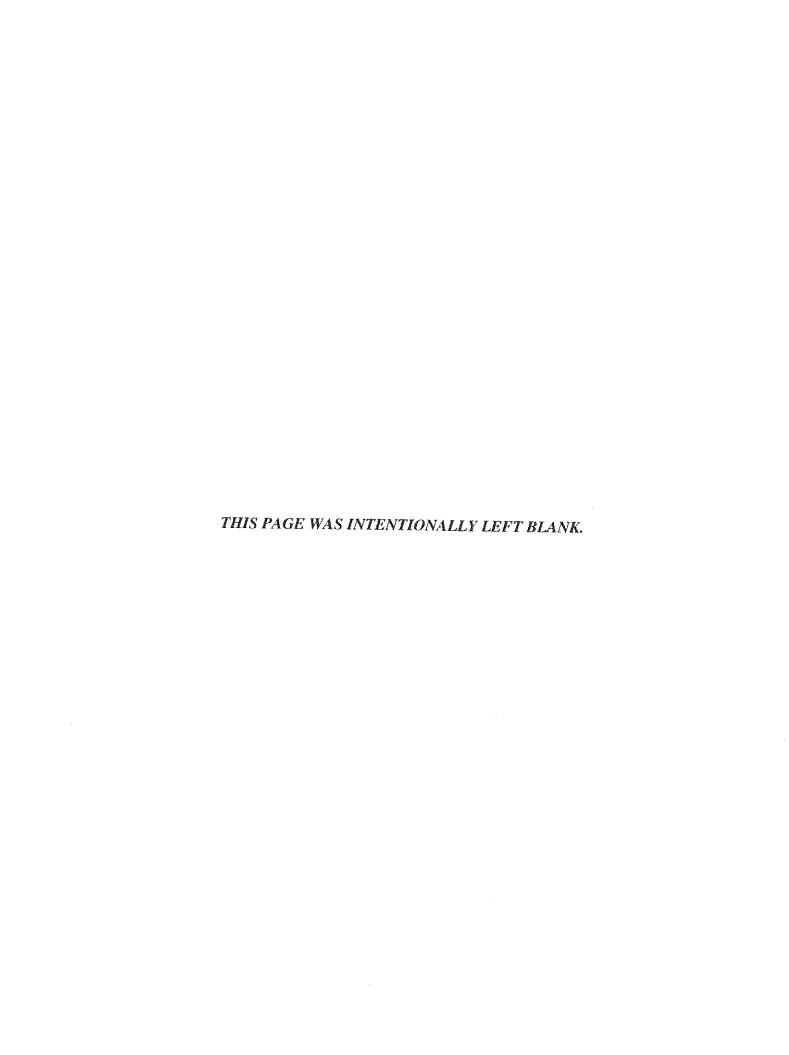
This fund accounts for various federal, states, and other programs administrated by the School Department.

School Lunch Program

This fund accounts for revenues and expenditures for the School Lunch program.

Computer Replacement Fund

This fund is used for the replacement of municipal computers.



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TOWN OF SCARBOROUGH, MAINE Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2006

				June 30, 2006	94					
	Unemploy-	-À-	Recrea-			Scarborough	Dunstan		Prouts	
	ment		tional			Memorial	Cemetery		Landing	Pavne
	Compen-	n- Ferry	Develop-	Sewer	Hurd	Improve-	Improve-	Industrial	Conserva-	Road
Color and the Color of the Colo	sation	Beach	ment	Expansion	Park	ment	ment	Park	tion	Improvements
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents		,	128,201	ŀ	;	ŧ	,	ŧ	ı	•
Investments	168,684	84 124,580		F	147,072	72,614	1.137	575,171	21 951	135 067
Accounts receivable	•	•	3,000	ı		ı		f 1	* > 2611	(Openity)
Notes receivable	•		j	ı	1	ř	,	2.289	1	
Due from State of Maine	,	,	1	t	1	r	í) r		, ,
Interfund loans receivable	•	•	ı	461,541	113,895	1	1	,	ı	1 1
Inventory	•	,	ī	,	ı	ı	ı	F	. ,	I
Total assets	168,684	84 124,580	131,201	461,541	260,967	72,614	1,137	577.460	21.951	135.067
LIABILITIES AND										
FUND BALANCES	·									
Liabilities: Accounte navable										
Accried wages	1 1	1	1	t	1	Γ	ı	ŧ	•	r
Interfind loans navable	3 608	38 10 722	210 675	F	i	. 6	•	r 1	ŧ	1
Total 10011	2,5				**	2,000	1	40,721	1	52,654
Total Habilities	3,008	10,72.5	219,6/5	E	1	2,000	2	40,721	F	52,654
Fund balances:		-								
Reserved	1	t		3	ı	1	,	2 280	f	
Unreserved:								4,40	ı	•
Undesignated	165,076	76 113,857	(88,474)	461,541	260,967	70,614	1,137	534,450	21.951	82.413
Total fund balances (deficit)	165,076	76 113,857	(88,474)	461,541	260,967	70,614	1,137	536,739	21,951	82,413
Totalliabilities								VI		
and fund balances \$	168,684	124,580	131,201	461.541	260.967	72,614	1.137	577 460	21 051	135 061
AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER			OCCUPATION AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSON NAMED AND DESCRIPTION OF	REMINISTER STATEMENT STATE		THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF T	- 3 - 5 - WOMEN	OOX 6 / / /	エスシンスト	100,001

TOWN OF SCARBOROUGH, MAINE
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds, Continued
Combining Balance Sheet

Section of the Control of the Contro	Spirit Commence of the Company	THE REST OF STREET, SOUTHWAY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF	TOTAL CHARGE CONTROL C	and the state of t		Comoin	Combining Balance Speet	neet					
Payne							School	Friends of					PASSESSOR DE LA COMPANSION DE LA COMPANS
Road		Police				Departmental 1	Development	the	Pleasant	School	School	Computer	
Impact	Boat	Asset	Ξ	Rescue		Grants &	Impact	Scarborough	Hill Area	Categorical	Lunch	Replacement	
Lees	E,austa	roncial	House	Edupment	Department	Programs	Fees	Marsh	Drainage	Programs	Program	Fund	Totals
ť	•	r	1		1	ı	3	1	16,655	119.253	24.265	ı	288 374
1,535,432	1	2,479	807	160,802	2,907	13,478	270,261	10.530	ı	E) ! !	86 082	3 329 054
ŀ	ı	1		1,964	50	133,043	5.280	; ; ;	·	10.292	1	700,00	153,620
ı	ı	3	E		,	5 547	1	ž	t	1	:	i :	133,023
Ì	ŧ	ı	ı	1	,		,	1			30200	1	00067
50 171	ı	65.082	1	315 446	3 830	72 084	210150	ı	I	1	666,06	ı	30,199
x 7 x 600	ı	400,00	1	OFF, C. C.	05056	12,004	001,612	. 1	1 1	} 1	12 550	ı	1,301,199
		***************************************		***************************************		The state of the s	***************************************	L. C. L. C.			12,339		600,71
1,585,603	1	67,561	807	478,212	6,787	224,152	494,691	10,530	16,655	129,545	67,419	86,082	5,123,246
5,875	ŧ	r	1	3,128	•	302	ì	1	\$	107,119	63,199	i	179,623
ì	1	t	r	1	r	1	1	r	ı	i	456	ľ	456
]	36,872	ı	692	•	-	324,874	**	10,220	1	ŧ	1	34,987	737,026
5,875	36,872	•	692	3,128		325,176	*	10,220	**	107,119	63,655	34,987	917,105
•	ī	ı	1		1	1	t	•	1	E	12,559	ž	14,848
1,579,728	ļ	-	115	475,084	6,787	(101,024)	494,691	310	16,655	22,426	(8,795)	51,095	4,191,293
1,579,728	(36,872)	67,561	115	475,084	6,787	(101,024)	494,691	310	16,655	22,426	3,764	51,095	4,206,141

1,585,603	L	67,561	807	478,212	6,787	224,152	494,691	10,530	16,655	129,545	67,419	86,082	5,123,246
					**************************************	PORTON CONTRACTOR CONT	CONTROL OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN NAMED IN	WARNING THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	WELLOW CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR PROPERTY.	The state of the s	TOTAL PROPERTY.		

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
For the year ended June 30, 2006

HART WAS DELICH AND THE STREET OF THE ST			t on the y	W. CHUCH JURE	0, 4000		***************************************			
	Unemploy-		Recrea-			Scarborough	Dunstan		Prouts	
	ment		tional			Memorial	Cemetery		Landing	Pavne
	Compen- sation	Ferry	Develop- ment	Sewer	Hurd	Improve-	Improve-	Industrial	Conserva-	Road
***************************************				TARE MAN	w	MICHI	HACHIE	Lair	11011	Improvements
Revenues:										
Intergovernmental \$		1	1	ì	1	ı	,	•		
Interest earned	6,142	6,967	ı	ī	5.335	2.562	41	22 235	. 007	ž01. 7
Contributions	4,000	,	,	,	53.058	1	• •	C. Carriera Carriera		0,423
Sale of Lots	,	•	,	•	2 1	8 000		ı	í	E
Other	1	,	1	r	3	2006		• :		1
Assessments and impact fees	t		35,250	346,704	ŧ	r		' '	ır	¢ 4
Total revenues	10,142	6,967	35,250	346,704	58,393	10,562	41	22,235	799	6,293
Expenditures:								Westernian - 1-2-2-5 manage products to the state of the		
Construction and acquisitions	•	10.723	•	ı	7,503	:	•	\$0.000		127 62
Benefits paid	16,111		•	ı		4	,	000,000	•	74,034
Program expenditures	ı		,	ŧ	1	r				
Other	,	ı	z	1	,	•		ı	ī	•
Total expenditures	16,111	10,723		141	7,503		1	50,000		52.654
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
over (under) expenditures	(5,969)	(3,756)	35,250	346,704	50,890	10,562	41	(27,765)	799	(46,361)
Other financing sources (uses):										
Operating transfers - in	ŧ	ı	,	452,000	1	1	1	1	1	,
Operating transfers - out	1	3	(17,738)	(1,041,515)	ı	(10,000)	ŧ	t	,	ı
Total other financing sources (uses)		F	(17,738)	(589,515)	1	(10,000)		1	1	
Net change in fund balances	(5,969)	(3,756)	17,512	(242,811)	50,890	295	41	(27,765)	799	(46,361)
Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year	171,045	117,613	(105,986)	704,352	210,077	70,052	1,096	564,504	21,152	128,774
Fund balances (deficit), end of year	165,076	113,857	(88,474)	461,541	260,967	70,614	1,137	536,739	21.951	82.413

TOWN OF SCARBOROUGH, MAINE
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances, Continued

Payne Road		Police	1	!		Departmental	School Development	Friends of the	Pleasant	School	School	Computer	
Impact Fees	Boat Launch	Asset Forfeiture	Hunnewell House	Rescue Equipment	Fire Department	Grants & Programs	Impact Fees	Scarborough Marsh	Hill Area Drainage	Categorical Programs	Lunch Program	Replacement Fund	Totals
		000				1 4							
í	•	75,237	,	1	1	550,587	•	•	1	978,332	210,501	•	1,767,952
55,814	1	90	20	5,854	106	464	9,605	384	į	1		3.134	125.845
f	8,235	ŧ	ı	8,595	8,968	15,000	t	ı	ı	ŧ	1		97.856
t	ł	1	1	ŧ	ŧ	i	1	ı	ſ	,	,	,	8 000
ì	1	ř	1	652,310	1	68,957		1	r	122,234	1,031,311	,	1.874.812
21,069	1	t	1	ŧ	ŧ	•	300,180	1	ī	·	*	ı	703 203
76,883	8,235	28,622	20	666,759	9,074	635,008	309,785	384	Ŧ	1,100,566	1,241,812	3,134	4,577,668
	771.3	900		600		4		,					
ı	3,107	70,000	ı	403,336	19,434	794,000	ı	10,220	1	ì	1	1	1,373,037
r	1	1	1	i	İ	•	1	•	•	1	1	•	16,111
3	ŧ	t	692	143,662	1	ŧ	1	1	1	1,143,181	1,230,614	ı	2,518,149
#	*	3	ſ	ī	1	1	-	•	1	ı	٠	1	1
ŧ	5,167	20,000	692	546,998	19,434	794,000		10,220	-	1,143,181	1,230,614	1	3,907,297
76,883	3,068	8,622	(672)	119,761	(10,360)	(158,992)	309,785	(9,836)	•	(42,615)	11,198	3,134	670,371
	r	ı	1	ı	1	r	ŧ	1	1	ſ	30.000	;	482 000
	-	,	1	_	1	1	(295,200)	-	•	ı	,	ı	(1,364,453)
										Military man erformer 44444 propriet AAAAAA ar			- Company
W	WWW.	-	-	1	_		(295,200)		,	_	30,000		(882,453)
76,883	3,068	8,622	(672)	119,761	(10,360)	(158,992)	14,585	(9,836)	•	(42,615)	41,198	3,134	(212,082)
1,502,845	(39,940)	58,939	787	355,323	17,147	57,968	480,106	10,146	16,655	65,041	(37,434)	47,961	4,418,223
1.579.728	(36.872)	67.561	7	475 084	787 9	(101 034)	46,4 601	110	227 71	707 66	775 6	000	
The second secon	THE PERSON NAMED AND POST OF THE PERSON NAMED	admitter property and a company of the company of t	**************************************	*-D067-1	U, 1 U,	(AUA, VATE)	47.0's.7.4	U.E.C.	10,033	07,477	3,764	c60,10	4,206,141

School Categorical Funds - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the year ended June 30, 2006

The second secon	year ended June Fund				Fund
	balances				balances
	beginning	Reven	ues	Program	end
the state of the s	of year	Grants	Other	expenditures	of year
Today I advection and the					
Federal education grant programs:					
NCLB/Title IA	,	150,733	_	150,138	1,801
NCLB/Title IIA	(3,747)	85,337	-	68,895	12,695
NCLB/Title IID	4,907	2,978	-	4,611	3,274
NCLB/Title IVA	4,061	6,411	-	3,731	6,741
NCLB/Title VA	1,735	13,916	-	12,554	3,097
Refugee Resettlement	4,635	2,930	-	1,645	5,920
Local Entitlement	(979)	595,882	-	665,092	(70,189)
Preschool handicapped	_	3,289	-	_	3,289
Title II (Eisenhower Math and Science)	4,108	<u></u>	-	-	4,108
Goals 2000	48		-	-	48
Total federal education grant programs	15,974	861,476	-	906,666	(29,216)
Other State grant programs:					
State Agency Clients	7,785	90,095	_	96,912	968
Professional Development Grant	34,898	29,691	-	22,756	41,833
Total other state grant programs	42,683	119,786	_	119,668	42,801
Co-curricular programs:					
Red Storm Football	(150)		17.077	160.0	
Ice Hockey	(159)	~	17,977	16,842	976
HS Girls Ice Hockey	-	<u>.</u>	13,070	13,063	7
HS Lacrosse	~ ^ ====		7,490	7,491	(1)
Girl's Lacrosse	2,577	~	7,143	7,976	1,744
Gym Dandies	(1,859)	-	4,000	4,055	(1,914)
Varsity Track	311	-	13,194	13,167	338
Baseball and Softball	- (2)	_	-	-	_
	(3)	-	-	••	(3)
High School/MS Swimming		-	10,840	7,792	3,048
Field Hockey	(105)		7,391	7,347	(61)
Foreign Language Club	(59)	-	-	<u></u>	(59)
HS Volleyball	105	-	3,658	3,763	
HS Wrestling	(2,867)	-	5,817	3,022	(72)
Maine Nutrition Program	500	-	-	•••	500
Community Services transportation	(1,035)	-	23,927	26,086	(3,194)
Community Foundation Grant	98	-	157	98	157
Band	-	-	2,000	2,204	(204)
Wal Mart Adult Ed grant	-	_	1,000	-	1,000
SMS Math/UNUM	~		2,000	1,998	2
MS Health Grant	(388)	-	_		(388)
Total co-curricular programs	(2,884)	-	119,664	114,904	1,876
Other special programs:					
Wellness Activities	105	-	90	149	AC
Winslow Homer Auditorium	4,286	-	(450)	950	46 2006
Beacon Learning Center	4,877	-	(430) -		2,886
Total other special programs	9,268	-	(360)	1,943	4,033 6,965
		004.000			
Total school categorical programs \$	65,041	981,262	119,304	1,143,181	22,426

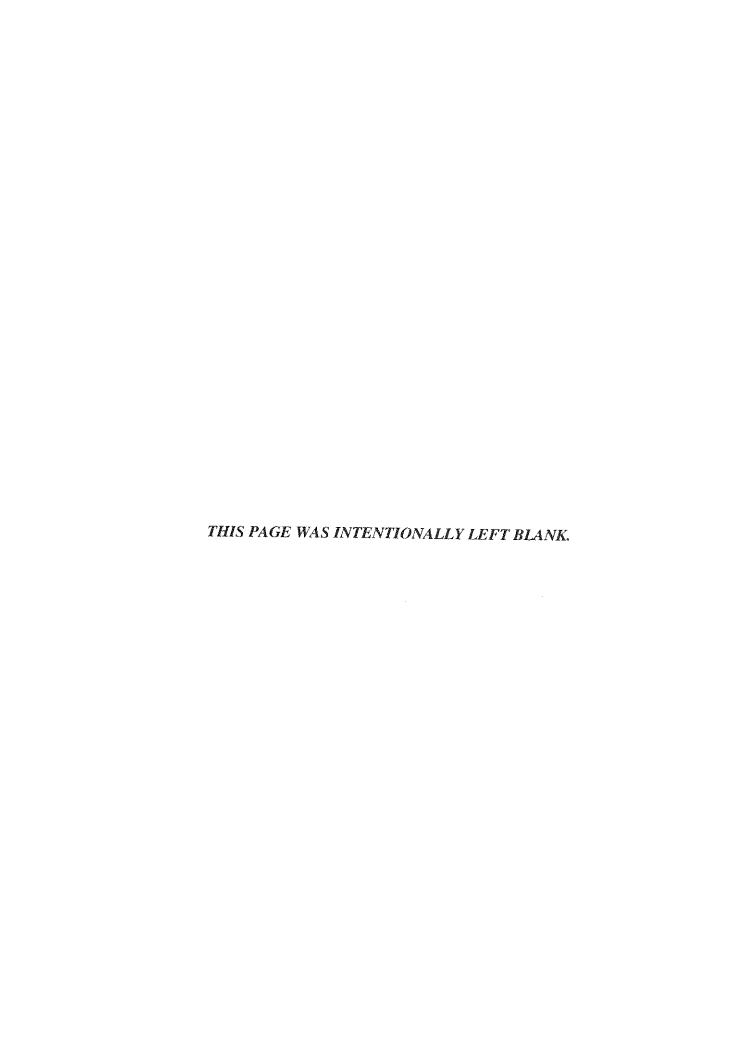
NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

Capital projects funds are established to account for resources obtained and expended for the acquisition of major capital facilities and projects.

The Town's individual capital project funds were established for the following purposes:

Municipal Building Fund

To account for grants, awards, and money appropriated by the Town Council for a study, development, and the related tax increment financing district for the construction of new Town center improvements.



Nonmajor Capital Project Fund Balance Sheet

June 30, 2006

	Municipal Building Fund
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$
Interfund loans receivable	
Total assets	\$ <u></u>
LIABILITIES AND	
FUND BALANCE	
Liabilities:	
Interfund loans payable	544,823
Total liabilities	544,823
Fund balance (deficit):	
Unreserved:	
Designated	-
Undesignated	(544,823)
Total fund deficit	(544,823)
Total liabilities	
and fund balance	\$

Nonmajor Capital Project Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the year ended June 30, 2006

		Municipal Building Fund
Revenues:		
Interest earned	\$	_
Intergovernmental		-
Other		-
Total revenues	3	
Expenditures:		
Construction and professional services		-
Total expenditures		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		
over (under) expenditures		**
Other financing sources (uses):		
Operating transfers - in		66,670
Operating transfers - out		(60,295)
Proceeds of general obligation bonds		-
Total other financing		
sources (uses)		6,375
Net change in fund balances	ž	6,375
Fund deficit, beginning of year		(551,198)
Fund deficit, end of year	\$	(544,823)

NONMAJOR PERMANENT FUNDS

Permanent funds are established to account for assets held by the Town in a fiduciary capacity as trustee. These funds are legally restricted to the extent that only the earnings, not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs.

Permanent funds are established by the Town for the following purposes:

Scarborough Memorial Cemetery

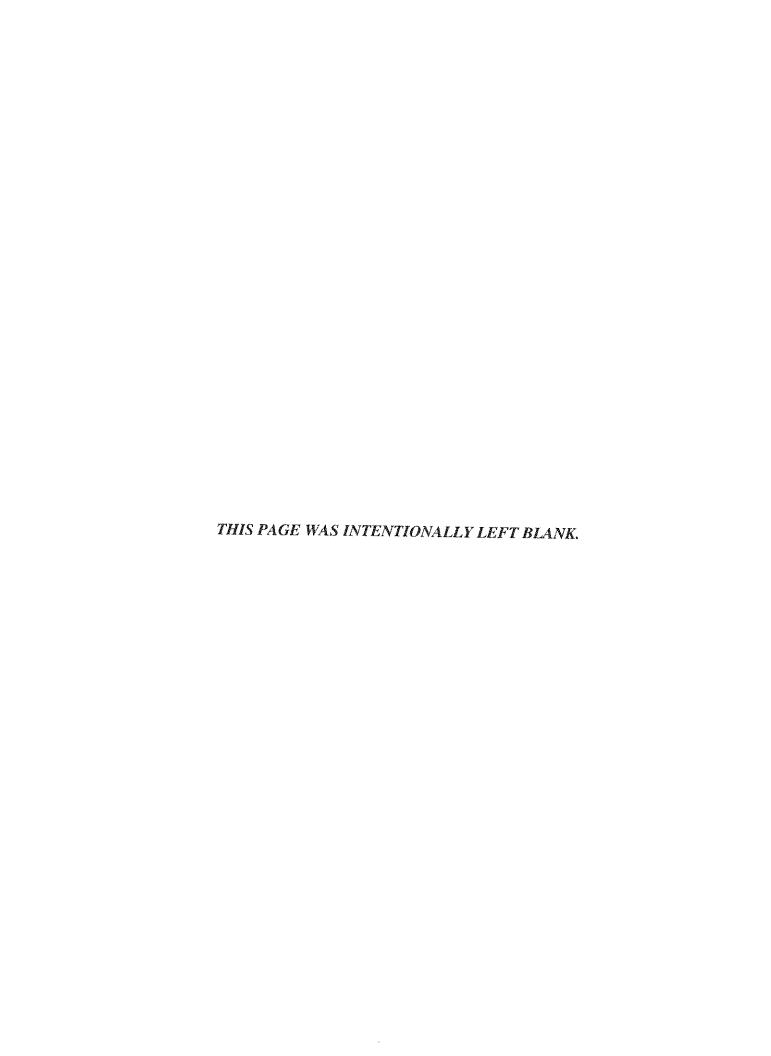
This fund accounts for funds received for the perpetual care of various lots in the Scarborough Memorial Cemetery. The money from the sale of lots is split between this trust and the Scarborough Memorial Improvement Fund (a Special Revenue Fund).

Dunstan Perpetual Care

This fund was established in 1893 at an annual Town Meeting. It was approved that unexpended income be allotted as necessary by the selectmen for the upkeep of the cemetery.

Mary A. Tucker Fund

Mary A. Tucker donated \$500 through a provision in her will to be used under the direction of the Town Council for the perpetual care of the lots of James W., Emma E., Clara, Sadie, and Mary A. Tucker. All lots are located in the Dunstan Cemetery.



Nonmajor Permanent Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2006

		Scarborough Memorial Cemetery	Dunstan Perpetual Care	Mary A. Tucker Fund	Totals
ASSETS					
Investments	\$	147,376	25,777	2,813	175,966
Interfund loans receivable		8,000	-	-,015	8,000
Total assets	\$	155,376	25,777	2,813	183,966
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Interfund loans payable			052		0.50
Total liabilities	····	<u> </u>	952 952	**	952 952
Fund balances: Principal		96,061	13,367	500	109,928
Unexpended income		59,315	11,458		=
Total fund balances		155,376	24,825	2,313 2,813	73,086 183,014
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	155,376	25,777	2,813	183,966

Nonmajor Permanent Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the year ended June 30, 2006

	Scarborough	Dunstan	Mary A.	
	Memorial	Perpetual	Tucker	
	Cemetery	Care	Fund	Totals
Revenues:				
Interest and dividends	\$ 3,292	952	19	4,263
Sale of lots/perpetual care deposits	8,000	<u></u>		8,000
Total revenues	 11,292	952	19	12,263
Expenditures:				
Earnings retained by General Fund	_	952		952
Other	A40		-	-
Total expenditures	II	952	MA.	952
Net change in fund balances	11,292	***	19	11,311
Fund balances, beginning of year	 144,084	24,825	2,794	171,703
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 155,376	24,825	2,813	183,014

PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS

Shirley Grover Fund

A scholarship to students graduating from Scarborough High School, who have demonstrated good school/community citizenship, and received honor roll grades for at least two years.

Mary Campbell Peterson Fund

This scholarship fund was established as the result of funds bequeathed to the School Department. Each year interest earned by the fund will be used to award scholarships to deserving students. The criteria are that the student should be an average student who may have overcome some adversity.

Edith Warga Art Scholarship

This scholarship began in 1990 as a 10-year program by Edith Warga. Each year a student who was pursuing a career in Art was awarded a \$1,000 scholarship. Following her demise, her husband, James Warga, agreed to continue the original program, and then in September 1998, donated \$100,000 to the School Department in order to continue the program. The amount awarded annually will not exceed the interest earned by the fund. A committee will award the scholarship to one or more students that meet the criteria, which continues the original intent.

Packy McFarland Scholarship Fund

This athletic scholarship was established to provide a yearly \$200 scholarship to a senior boy and girl planning to continue their education, as selected by the School's coaches.

Roy Nelson Scholarship Fund

A scholarship fund established to provide a \$300 scholarship to a senior who plans to attend a post-secondary technical or vocational school. The fund was established in memory of Roy Nelsen, who was the transportation supervisor and School Department employee for over 30 years.

Evelyn J. Chaddon Memorial Scholarship Fund

A scholarship fund established to provide a yearly \$100 scholarship to a senior planning to continue his or her education in teaching.

S. Dwight Howard Memorial Scholarship Fund

A scholarship fund established to provide a yearly \$150 scholarship to a senior planning to continue his or her education, major consideration being given to those considering math, art, or the field of audio-visual aids.

PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS, CONTINUED

Bertha Libby-Lary Scholarship Fund

A scholarship fund established to provide a yearly \$250 scholarship to a senior planning to continue his or her education.

Academic Decathlon Scholarship Fund

A scholarship fund established to provide scholarships to students planning to continue their education.

Kathy Pearson Scholarship Fund

A scholarship fund established to provide a scholarship in memoriam of Kathy Pearson to any student planning to continue his or her education.

Daniel Tranchemontagne Scholarship Fund

A scholarship fund established to provide scholarships to a graduating high school wrestler continuing his or her education. The scholarship will be paid out each year as funds are available and can come from both principal and interest.

Virginia Jackson Scholarship Fund

A scholarship fund in memory of Virginia Jackson established by her family to provide a \$1,500 annual scholarship to one Scarborough High School senior who will be attending college upon graduation.

TOWN OF SCARBOROUGH, MAINE Trust Funds - Private-purpose Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets June 30, 2006

							June 30, 2006							
	i				Packy	Roy	Daniel	Virginia	Evelyn J.	S. Dwight	Bertha	Academic	Kathv	
	Shirley			Warga	McFarland	Nelson	Tranchemontagne	Jackson	Chaddon Mem,	Howard Mem,		Decathlon	Pearson	
	Grover		Peterson Frank		Scholarship	Scholarship	Scholarship	Scholarship	Scholarship	Scholarship	Scholarship	Scholarship	Scholarship	
THE REAL PROPERTY AND ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY	T. E.			эспојаганір	rung	Fund	Fund	Fand	Fund	Fund		Fund	Fund	Totals
ASSETS														
Cash and cash equivalents			ε	1	,	1		ı						
Investments	ï	1,439	93,740	103.032	3.444	300	1 032	14841	LLL	3366	, 63	. 3	1 6	, !
Interfund loans	***************************************		ı	4	,		1,000	87	,	lee,e	14,111	939	4,084	251,672
Colonia (who F			00											15001
NEAST TOTAL CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF THE	5	1,439	93,/40	103,032	3,444	300	2,032	26,938	277	3,357	12,177	1,939	4,084	252,759
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS														
Liabilities:														
Interfund toans		,	1,000	4	400	1	•	1 500	•	150				0
Accounts payable		,	,	,	•	,	,	200	000	00:			, ,	3,030
Total habilities		1	1,000		400		-	1.500	200	150	1 500	,	250	000 \$
Nat enrovie											CC-67		0.52	2,000
I fuct descrip.														
Principal	-	1,240	87,680	100,000	t	1		,	200	2.026	3 500		2010	322 001
Undesignated		199	5,060	3,032	3,044	300	2.032	25 438	(423)	181	71.1	1 030	0.000	196,730
Total net assets		439	92.740	103 012	3 044	300	2,627	25 430	7	1000	1194)	1,737	+7	44,000
				457,507	2,00	2007	75057	25,438	/ /	3,207	10,677	1,939	3,834	247,759
Total liabilities and net assets	S 1,	1,439	93,740	103,032	3,444	300	2.032	26.938	77.6	2 1451	55. 63	0.00	7007	0 0 0
								nacion.		1000	11671	1,939	4,484	727,739

TOWN OF SCARBOROUGH, MAINE
Trust Funds - Private-purpose
Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets
For the year ended June 30, 2006

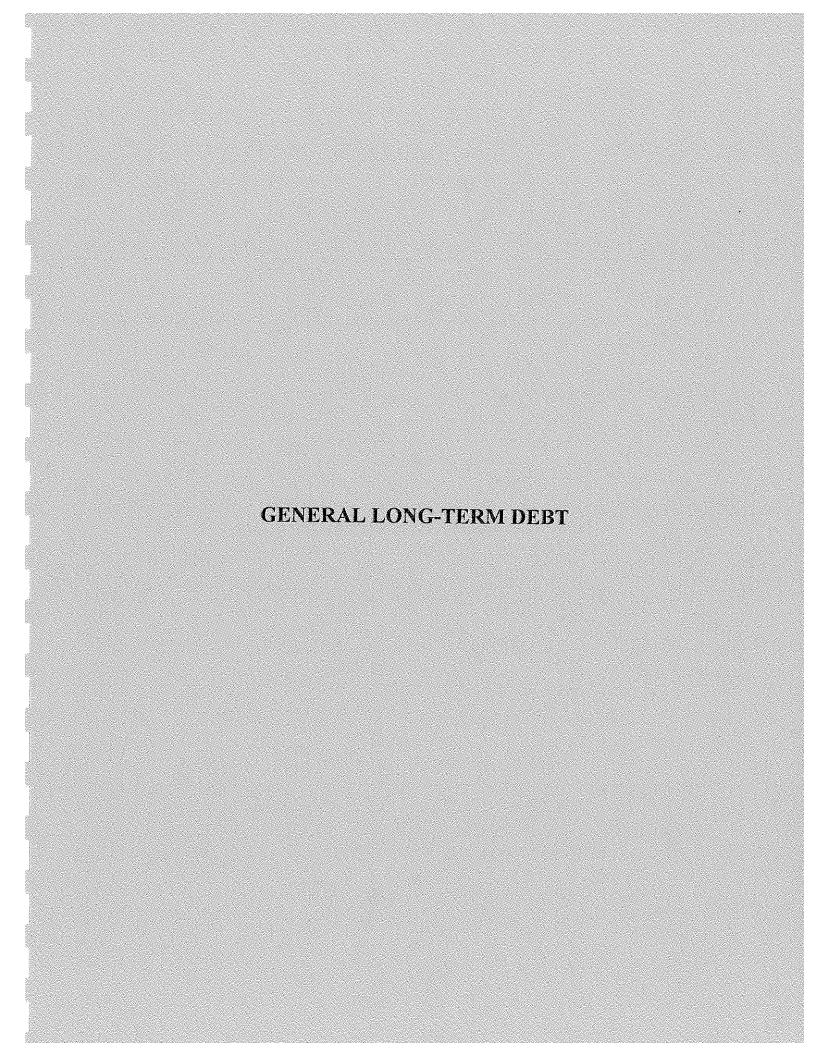
	- Constitution	***************************************	-				of the year chard dulic 30, 4000	30, 4mm						
			Mary	Edith	Packy	Roy	Daniel	Virginia	Evelva J.	S Buinht	Rowtho	A now de provide	T7 - 48	
		Shirley	Campbell	Warga	McFarland	Nelson	Tranchemontagne	Jackson	Chaddon Mem.	Howard Mem.	Tibby, I are	Necethber	Rainy	
			Peferson	Art	Scholarship	Scholarship	Scholarship	Scholarship	Scholarshin	Scholarchin	Scholorehin	Coholombia Coholombia	rearson 2-1-1	
***************************************		Fund	Fund	Scholarship	Fund	Fund	Frand	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Schoolsing	Scholarship	Total.
											377	Y. UKU	rtila	10038
Additions														
Donations	649	t	,	,	•	•	1 000	6.7						
Interest and dividends		48	3,286	3,608	124	17	10	083	, 5	, P	, [, :	3 3	1,087
Total additions		48	3,286	3,608	124	11	1.019	1 070	10	97	671	1/	108	8,481
								720	0.7	0.7	671	1/	108	9,568
Deductions:														
School scholarships		1	1,000	2,000	400	300	1 000	1 500	,	150	C			,
Total deductions		,	1,000	2,000	400	300	1,000	1 400		BCT	BC7	-	+	6,600
				2006	604	ant.	1,000	1,300	*	150	250	,	+	6,600
Changes in net assets		48	2,286	1,608	(276)	(283)	19	(430)	10	(72)	(121)	7.	108	2,968
Net assets, beginning of year		1,391	90,454	101,424	3,320	583	2.013	25.868	13	3 270	307.01	1 0/0	000	
										23417	10,170	1,000	3,720	744,/91
Net assets, and of year	s	1,439	92,740	103,032	3,044	300	2,032	25,438	11	3.207	10.677	1 930	P 2.8 E	024 476
								The same of the sa				1000	1	413133

Agency Funds

Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities For the year ended June 30, 2006

		Balance			Balance
		July 1, 2005	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2006
STUDENT ACTIVITIES:					
ASSETS					
Cash	S	193,461	222,523	241,799	174,185
LIABILITIES					
Payable to student groups	\$	193,461	222,523	241,799	174,185

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TOWN OF SCARBOROUGH, MAINE Statement of Changes in Long-term Debt For the year ended June 30, 2006

	Ya	Final	Annual	Balance	_		Balance
	Interest rate	maturity date	principal	beginning		at Year	end
	ialc	uate	payments	of year	Issued	Retired	of year
General Obligation Bonds							
1987 Capital Improvements	Varies	2008	\$ 125,000 to 2008	375,000		125,000	250,000
1988 Capital Improvements	Varies	2009	275,000 to 2009	1,100,000		275,000	825,000
1989 Capital Improvements	Varies	2009	110,000 to 2008	1,200,000		273,000	025,000
			100,000 in 2009	430,000		110,000	320,000
1990 Capital Improvements	Varies	2011	335,000 to 2007			110,000	520,000
			325,000 to 2010	1,970,000		335,000	1,635,000
1993 Capital Improvements	Varies	2013	25,000 to 2013	200,000		25,000	175,000
1994 Capital Improvements	Varies	2015	230,000 to 2015	2,300,000		230,000	2,070,000
1995 Capital Improvements	6.00%	2006	12,433.22 in 2006	12,433		12,433	2,070,000
1995 Capital Improvements	Varies	2016	305,000 to 2006	12,400		12,400	-
		2010	265,000 to 2016	2,955,000		305,000	2 650 000
1997 Capital Improvements	Varies	2017	205,000 to 2007	2,933,000		303,000	2,650,000
255 Cupital Improvements	¥ tir 103	2017	110,000 to 2017	1 510 000		205.000	1 205 000
1998 Capital Improvements	Varies	2008	· ·	1,510,000		205,000	1,305,000
1996 Capital Hiptovenicits	varios	2006	100,000 to 2007	207.000		****	
1000 Capital Franciscoments	**	2010	85,000 in 2008	285,000		100,000	185,000
1999 Capital Improvements	Varies	2019	400,000 to 2007				
			395,000 to 2009				
2000 G 31 17			70,000 to 2019	2,290,000		400,000	1,890,000
2000 Capital Improvements	Varies	2020	210,000 to 2008				
			205,000 to 2010				
			155,000 to 2020	2,190,000		210,000	1,980,000
2001 Capital Improvements	Varies	2021	510,000 in 2006				
			190,000 in 2007				
		•	180,000 to 2011				
			120,000 in 2012				
			115,000 to 2021	2,575,000		510,000	2,065,000
2002 Capital Improvements	2.375%	2007	850,000 in 2006	, ,			-,,·
	2.700%		845,000 in 2007	1,695,000		850,000	845,000
2003 Capital Improvements	Varies	2033	1,070,000 in 2006	.,,		050,000	0.15,000
· •			890,000 in 2007				
			995,000 in 2008				
			655,000 in 2009				
			685,000 in 2010		***		
			750,000 in 2011				
			840,000 in 2012				
			925,000 in 2013				
			•				
			595,000 in 2014				
			685,000 in 2015				
			780,000 in 2016				
			885,000 in 2017				
			1,005,000 in 2018				
			1,135,000 in 2019				
			1,280,000 in 2020				
			1,435,000 in 2021				
			1,610,000 in 2022				
			1,800,000 in 2023				
			430,000 in 2024				
			450,000 in 2025				
			475,000 in 2026				
			495,000 in 2027				
			520,000 in 2028				
			545,000 in 2029				
			570,000 in 2030				
			595,000 in 2031				
			625,000 in 2032	22 200 000		1 000 000	AA A. A :
OOA Capital Improvements	2.2500/	2024	625,000 in 2032 655,000 in 2033	23,380,000		1,070,000	22,310,000
004 Capital Improvements	2.250%	2034	625,000 in 2032 655,000 in 2033 830,000 in 2006	23,380,000		1,070,000	22,310,000
004 Capital Improvements	2.250%	2034	625,000 in 2032 655,000 in 2033 830,000 in 2006 975,000 to 2008	23,380,000		1,070,000	22,310,000
:004 Capital Improvements	2.250%	2034	625,000 in 2032 655,000 in 2033 830,000 in 2006	23,380,000		1,070,000	22,310,000

TOWN OF SCARBOROUGH, MAINE Statement of Changes in Long-term Debt, Continued

S10,000 in 2007 S20,000 in 2009 S25,000 in 2010 S20,000 in 2010 S35,000 in 2010 S35,000 in 2010 S35,000 in 2011 S20,000 in 2013 S15,000 in 2014 S20,000 in 2015 S20,000 in 2015 S20,000 in 2015 S20,000 in 2016 S20,000 in 2018 S20,000 in 2019 S20,000 in 2012 S20,000 in 2023 S35,000 in 2023 S35,000 in 2024 S35,000 in 2025 S35,000 in 2029 S35,000 in 2020 S35,000 in		Y4	Final	Annual	Balance	***		Balance
Compital Improvements								
004 Capital Improvements con'ld 2034 680,000 in 2012 690,000 in 2013 555,000 in 2014 215,000 in 2016 225,000 in 2016 225,000 in 2010 225,000 i	C1 OU'' D1							
600,000 in 2013 555,000 in 2014 215,000 in 2016 225,000 in 2016 225,000 in 2016 225,000 in 2016 225,000 in 2017 234,000 in 2018 226,000 in 2018 226,000 in 2019 220,000 in 2022 230,000 in 2023 232,000 in 2023 232,000 in 2024 233,000 in 2025 230,000 in 2026 240,000 in 2029 250,000 in 2020 250,000 in 2020 250,000 in 2020 250,000 in 2021		con'td	2034	680 000 to 2012				
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286,000 in 2021 290,000 in 2023 30,500 in 2023 30,500 in 2024 335,000 in 2025 355,000 in 2025 355,000 in 2025 365,000 in 2025 365,000 in 2025 400,000 in 2025 400,000 in 2023 400,000 in 2024 400,000 in 2025				255,000 in 2019				
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305,000 in 2023 335,000 in 2024 335,000 in 2025 355,000 in 2026 365,000 in 2028 400,000 in 2029 420,000 in 2030 440,000 in 2031 440,000 in 2036 450,000 in 203				280,000 in 2021				
330,000 in 2025 350,000 in 2025 350,000 in 2025 350,000 in 2027 385,000 in 2027 385,000 in 2029 420,000 in 2030 440,000 in 2030 440,000 in 2031 460,000 in 2031 460,000 in 2031 460,000 in 2031 460,000 in 2032 480,000 in 2034 350,000 in 2034 350,000 in 2040 352,000 in 2040 352,000 in 2040 352,000 in 2011 390,000 in 2011 390,000 in 2014 250,000 in 2015 240,000 in 2015 240,000 in 2015 240,000 in 2016 240,000 in 2016 240,000 in 2016 240,000 in 2017 250,000 in 2018 260,000 in 2018 260,000 in 2018 260,000 in 2019 270,000 in 201								
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460,000 in 2032 480,000 in 2033 500,000 in 2034 13,805,000				·				
480,000 in 2035 13,805,000								
SOO,000 in 2034 13,805,000 - 830,000 12,975,1								
140,000 in 2006 150,000 in 2007 150,000 in 2008 150,000 in 2008 150,000 in 2010 150,000 in					13 805 000	_	830 000	12.075.0
S10,000 in 2007 S29,000 in 2008 S25,000 in 2009 385,000 in 2010 399,000 in 2011 250,000 in 2013 315,000 in 2016 240,000 in 2015 230,000 in 2016 240,000 in 2015 250,000 in 2019 270,000 in 2010 220,0000 in 2019 270,000 in 2020 280,000 in 2021 290,000 in 2021 290,000 in 2022 300,000 in 2023 315,000 in 2024 325,000 in 2025 340,000 i	005 Capital Improvements	Varies	2034		10,000,000		6.70,000	12,575,0
\$20,000 in 2008 \$25,000 in 2010 \$385,000 in 2010 \$390,000 in 2011 \$390,000 in 2012 \$365,000 in 2013 \$315,000 in 2014 \$250,000 in 2015 \$230,000 in 2016 \$240,000 in 2017 \$250,000 in 2018 \$260,000 in 2019 \$270,000 in 2019 \$270,000 in 2019 \$270,000 in 2019 \$270,000 in 2019 \$280,000 in 2019 \$280,000 in 2019 \$290,000 in 2021 \$290,000 in 2022 \$300,000 in 2023 \$315,000 in 2023 \$315,000 in 2023 \$340,000 in 2025 \$340,000 in 2026 \$355,000 in 2027 \$379,000 in 2028 \$385,000 in 2029 \$460,000 in 2030 \$420,000 in 2030 \$400,000								
\$25,000 in 2010 \$38,5000 in 2011 \$39,000 in 2011 \$39,000 in 2013 \$31,000 in 2014 \$25,000 in 2014 \$25,000 in 2014 \$25,000 in 2015 \$230,000 in 2016 \$240,000 in 2016 \$240,000 in 2017 \$250,000 in 2018 \$26,0000 in 2018 \$26,0000 in 2019 \$270,000 in 2020 \$280,000 in 2020 \$280,000 in 2022 \$300,000 in 2022 \$300,000 in 2022 \$300,000 in 2023 \$315,000 in 2022 \$300,000 in 2023 \$315,000 in 2024 \$325,000 in 2025 \$340,000 in 2025 \$340,000 in 2025 \$340,000 in 2025 \$340,000 in 2026 \$355,000 in 2027 \$370,000 in 2028 \$385,000 in 2029 \$405,000 in 2030 \$400,000 in 2031 \$400,000 in 2030 \$650,000 in 2030 \$650,000 in 2010 \$835,000 in 2010 \$835,000 in 2010 \$835,000 in 2011 \$400,000 in 2012 \$100,000 in 2014 \$500,000 in 2016 \$185,000 in 2016 \$185,000 in 2019 \$210,000 in 2020 \$7,014,000 \$5,007,433 \$68,844,000 \$7,014,000 \$5,007,433 \$68,844,000 \$7,014,000 \$5,007,433 \$68,844,000 \$7,000 in 2020								
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	Total bonds			The second secon	67,737,433		5,907,433	68,844,000
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Statistical Section



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STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the Town of Scarborough's comprehensive annual report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the Town's overall financial health.

Contents

	<u>Table</u>
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Town's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	1-7
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the Town's most significant local revenue source, property tax.	8-12
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Town's current levels of outstanding debt and the Town's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	13-15
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the Town's financial activities take place.	15-16
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the Town's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	17-19

Note: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

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Net Assets by Component Last Four Fiscal Years (1) (accrual basis of accounting)

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	2003	 2004	_	2005	-	2006
Governmental activities:						
Invested in capital assets,						
net of related debt	\$ 6,893	\$ 6,689	\$	29,885	\$	36,323
Restricted	21,040	19,332		7,629		4,210
Unrestricted	10,187	9,709		9,874		13,952
Total governmental activities net assets	\$ 38,120	\$ 35,730	\$	47,388	\$	54,485

⁽¹⁾ Fiscal Year 2003 was the initial year of implementation of GASB Statement No. 34.

TOWN OF SCARBOROUGH, MAINE

Changes in Net Assets
Last Four Fiscal Years (1)
(accrual basis of accounting)
(amounts expressed in thousands)

		2003		2004		2005	2	2006
Revenues:								
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	S	2.728	69	5,363	5/ 3	6.488	5/	7 074
Operating grants and activities		6.992		8 744			,	10.706
Capital grants and contributions		312				- / # 6 /	-	4.681
General revenues:		t S					٠	1,00,1
Property and excise taxes, levies for general purposes		34,472		37,182		40,075	4	41,406
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs		6,667		2,096		1,952		2,062
Unrestricted investment earnings		209		105		159		261
Total revenues		51,380		53,490		57,971	9	66,140
Expenses:								
General government		8,596		7,180		8,476		7.199
Public services		2,701		2,597		2,658		2.871
Public safety		5,552		6,127		6,153		6.552
Public works		5,175		5,266		5,882	-	6,276
Education		23,444		25,442		28,695	ķ	33,491
County tax		1,306		1,442		1,520		1,584
Interest on debt service		895		2,610		1,168		1,069
Total expenses		47,669		50,664		54,552	30	59,042
Change in Net Assets	69	3,711	6/3	2,826	₩.	3,419 \$		7,098

⁽¹⁾ Fiscal Year 2003 was the initial year of implementation of GASB Statement No. 34.

TOWN OF SCARBOROUGH, MAINE Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

						Fiscal Year					Recording	
	ļ	1997	1998	6661	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	77	2006
General Fund Reserved Unreserved	64	1,643 \$	1,373 \$	991 \$	936 \$ 2,778	889 \$ 3,669	800 \$ 5,753	752 \$ 6,211	710 \$	697	6∕9	771
Total general fund	69	2,435 \$	2,299 \$	2,726 \$	3,714 \$	4,558 \$	6,553 \$	6,963		7.760	64.	8.226
A 11 Oct - 2 - 12 - 12 - 13												
An Omer Covernmental Funds Reserved Unreserved, reported in:		42	254	374	469	753	140	132	123	117		125
Special revenue funds		316	1,016	1,878	3,040	3,756	4,288	5,010	5.011	4.403		8 180
Capital projects funds		416	(330)	(201)	207	864	239	20,278	18,611	6.963		4.085
Permanent funds		42	45	47	50	54	29	89	69	70		73
Total all other governmental funds	₩	8 918	985 \$	2,098 \$	3,766 \$	5,427 \$	4,734 S	25,488 \$	23,814 \$	11.553	69	12.463

TOWN OF SCARBOROUGH, MAINE Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

www.	***************************************			Fisc	Fiscal Years Ending					
Revenues	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Taxes	\$ 23,258	\$ 25,015	\$ 25,260	\$ 27,560	\$ 29,311	\$ 32,380	\$ 34,582	\$ 37.191	\$ 40 066	\$ 41 377
Licenses and permits	390	386	419	653	433	413	429	480	567	
intergovernmental	7,203	7,899	8,700	10,186	11,006	11,212	11,600	10.823	11.219	12 604
Interest carned	382	405	327	392	533	272	209	348	442	644
Other	2,442	2,574	3,031	3,310	3,266	3,640	4,877	4,648	5.677	10 921
Total revenues	33,675	36,279	37,737	42,101	44,549	47,917	51,697	53,490	57,971	66,157
Expenditures										
General government	2,221	2,358	2,538	2,756	2,923	3,041	3.425	3 568	7.77 5	4 340
Public services	1,668	1,960	1,996	2,305	2,504	2,325	2,653	2.572	2,643	7.849
Public safety	3,395	3,552	3,850	4,271	4,465	4,706	5,275	5,934	5,962	6.180
Public works	3,017	3,318	3,642	3,585	4,103	4,108	4,767	4.877	5,370	5 702
Education (Includes School Debt)	17,564	17,998	19,468	21,130	22,901	25,091	26,880	28,862	30,919	32,792
County fax	882	006	902	842	933	1,062	1,307	1,442	1.520	1 584
Debt service (Principal-Town Only)	1,615	1,690	1,711	2,023	2,171	2,206	2,423	3,918	3,176	2.957
Debt service (Interest-Town Only)	715	778	741	962	875	834	692	1,128	1.128	1.108
Capital improvements	6,311	4,069	5,797	4,882	4,256	4,643	4,908	15,820	23,374	11 467
Other	716	1,856	2,051	1,631	1,857	2,612	2,704	2,003	2,323	2.816
i otal expenditures	38,104	38,479	42,696	44,221	46,988	50,628	55,111	70,124	80,142	71,795
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(4,429)	(2,200)	(4,959)	(2,120)	(2,439)	(2,711)	(3,414)	(16,634)	(22,171)	(5,638)
Other financing sources (uses)										
Transfers in	2,159	2,763	1,711	2,144	2,040	2,402	1.538	2.115	2 973	2.780
Transfers out	(2,159)	(2,763)	(1,711)	(2,144)	(2,040)	(2,402)	(1,538)	(2.115)	(2.923)	(0.780)
General obligation bonds	4,230	2,225	6,493	4,770	4,932	4,000	24,579	14.628	10 665	7.014
Total other financing sources (uses)	4,230 -		6,493 -	4,770	4,932	4,000	24,579	14,628 -	10,665	7,014
Net change in fund balances	s (199) s	25 \$	1,534 \$	2,650 \$	2,493 \$	1,289 \$	21,165 \$	(2,006) \$	(11,506) \$	1,376
Debt Service as a % of non-capital expenditures	7.33%	7.17%	%59.9	7.17%	7.13%	6.61%	99:99	9.29%	7.58%	6.74%

TOWN OF SCARBOROUGH, MAINE General Governmental Expenditures by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Management of the second	THE RESERVANCE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN	***************************************			WHITE STATES				Last A Car A Incar I Car S	di 1 Cais		THE WARREST WARRANT WARREST TO THE TAIL				
Vears	Ğ	General		Public	Public	<u>:</u> 2	Public			County	_	Debt		S	Capital	
ended	90V	overnment		service	safet	y	works	Ed	ducation	tax		service	Other	expen	rpenditures	Total
1997	€⁄3	2,221	∽	1,668	68	395	3,017	69	15,180	<i>د</i> ه	882 \$	2,330 \$		93 \$	6/9 I	28.786
1998		2,358		1,960	w.	,552	3,318		16,298		006	2,468		92	;	30.946
1999		2,538		1,996	en'	,850	3,642		17,403		902	2,452		47		32.830
2000		2,756		2,305	**	,271	3,585		19,138		842	2,819		50	ŗ	35.766
2001		2,923		2,504	4	,465	4,103		20,721		933	3,046		57	,	38.752
2002**		3,041		2,325	4	4,706	4,108		22,688		1,062	3,040		02	1.234	42.306
2003		3,425		2,653	\$0	,275	4,767		24,172	, ,	1,307	3,192		148	1.209	46.148
2004		3,568		2,572	Y)	,934	4,877		26,281		1,442	5,046		ı	653	50,373
2005		3,727		2,643	₹O.	,962	5,370		28,288		1,520	4,304		ı	1,120	52,934
2006		4,340	_	2,849	9	.180	5,702		30,483		1,584	4,065	(4	780	835	56,318

Note: The Table above includes only those expenditures and transfers recorded in the General Fund.

^{**} Effective June 30, 2002, the Town is accounting for Capital Equipment expenditures in the General Fund. Prior to that, these expenditures were reported in a budgeted capital project fund.

General Governmental Tax Revenues by Source

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting) (dollar amounts expressed in thousands)

Year fax Costs on taxes tax tax 1997 \$ 20,673 \$ 129 \$ 2,434 \$ 1998 22,187 154 2,652 1999 22,187 120 2,929 2000 24,145 120 3,269 2001 25,778 102 3,412 2002 28,611 105 3,412 2003 30,547 179 3,828 2004 32,862 72 4,143 2005 35,549 58 4,228 2006 36,700 61 4,00	Fiscal	ď	Property	Inter	Interest and	Vehic	Vehicle Excise	Boat	Boat Excise	Fra	Franchise		
\$ 20,673 \$ 129 \$ 2,434 22,187	Year		tax	Costs	on taxes		tax	-	tax	tas	tax fees		Total
22,187 154 22,184 120 24,145 120 25,778 102 28,611 105 30,547 179 32,862 72 35,549 58 36,700 61	1997	€	20,673	↔	129	69	2,434	₩	22	S	ı	€.	23.258
22,184 120 24,145 120 25,778 102 28,611 105 30,547 179 32,862 72 35,549 58 36,700 61	1998		22,187		154		2,652		22	+	r	3	25,015
24,145 120 25,778 102 28,611 105 30,547 179 32,862 72 35,549 58 36,700 61	1999		22,184		120		2,929		27		1		25,52
25,778 102 28,611 105 30,547 179 32,862 72 35,549 58 36,700 61	2000		24,145		120		3,269		26		1		27,500
28,611 105 30,547 179 32,862 72 35,549 58	2001		25,778		102		3,412		19		ı		29 311
30,547 179 32,862 72 35,549 58	2002		28,611		105		3,637		27		ı		32,380
32,862 72 35,549 58 36.700 61	2003		30,547		179		3,828		27		į		34 581
35,549 58 36.700 61	2004		32,862		72		4,143		27		1		37,104
36.700	2005		35,549		58		4,228		26		143		40.004
	2006		36,700		19		4,409		29		146		41,345

Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(amounts expressed in thousands)

•	Real property	perty	Personal property	roperty	Totals		Ratio of total
		Estimated		Estimated		Estimated	assessed value to
Fiscal	Assessed	actual value	Assessed	actual	Assessed property	actual	total estimated actual value
\$ 1661	1,083,312 \$	1,083,312 \$	55,652 \$	55,652 \$	1,138,964 \$	1.138.964	100%
1998	1,125,960	1,125,960	60,195	60,195	1,186,155	1,186,155	100%
1999	1,138,292	1,138,292	67,852	67,852	1,206,144	1,206,144	100%
2000	1,180,279	1,180,279	79,051	79,051	1,259,330	1,259,330	100%
2001	1,230,378	1,230,378	83,306	83,306	1,313,684	1.313.684	100%
2002	1,764,041	1,764,041	94,304	94,304	1,858,345	1,858,345	100%
2003	1,831,117	1,831,117	99,459	99,459	1,930,576	1,930,576	100%
2004	1,903,869	1,903,869	99,118	99,118	2,002,987	2,002,987	100%
2005	1,951,952	1,951,952	105,637	105,637	2,057,589	2,057,589	100%
2006	3,143,853	3,143,853	112,989	112,989	3,256,842	3,256,842	100%

TOWN OF SCARBOROUGH, MAINE
Property Tax Rates
Direct and Overlapping Governments
Last Ten fiscal Years

Total Property Tax Rates by Year	18.20 18.40 18.40 19.20 19.60 15.30 15.70 16.46 17.34
State Revenue Sharing (1)	(0.746) (0.759) (1.435) (1.476) (1.649) (0.991) (0.960) (0.853) (0.798) (0.529)
Overlay	0.319 0.160 0.103 0.141 0.106 0.210 0.051 0.060 0.036
Tax Increment Financing District	0.390 0.642 0.702 0.701 0.686 0.378 0.373 0.377 0.387
County Tax	0.774 0.758 0.748 0.668 0.710 0.571 0.677 0.720 0.739
Community Services	0.338 0.346 0.349 0.356 0.327 0.231 0.201 0.110 0.065
School	10.009 10.333 11.107 11.640 12.168 9.393 9.871 10.522 11.332 7.366
Town	7.116 6.919 6.826 7.250 5.507 5.487 5.501 5.535 3.618
Fiscal	1997 1998 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005

1 State Revenue Sharing for the State of Maine is to be used solely to reduce each municipalities property taxes.

Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago (amounts expressed in thousands)

·		1997				2006		
		Taxable Assessed		Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed		Taxable Assessed		Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed
<u>Taxpayer</u>		<u>Value</u>	Rank	<u>Value</u>	<u>Taxpaver</u>	<u>Value</u>	Rank	<u>Value</u>
James McBrady	\$	21,000,600	1	1.84%	Maine Life Care	\$ 61,629,500	1	1.89%
Wal-Mart		15,759,300	2	1.38%	Hannaford Brothers	30,414,300	2	0.93%
Gavin Ruotolo		9,541,800	3	0.84%	Wal-Mart/Sam's Club	26,416,900	3	0.81%
Hannaford Brothers		8,954,300	4	0.79%	Black Point Inn	16,406,400	4	0.50%
Konica Quality Photo		8,838,400	5	0.78%	MMC Realty	14,471,500	5	0.44%
Shaw's Supermarket		7,466,100	6	0.66%	Gavin Ruotolo	12,641,500	6	0.39%
Central Maine Power		6,587,000	7	0.58%	ERP Operating LP	11,922,600	7	0.37%
Ram Trust 2 and 3		6,007,900	8	0.53%	Shaw's Supermarket	9,458,900	8	0.29%
Davric Maine Corp.		5,412,000	9	0.48%	Davric Maine Corp.	9,447,500	9	0.29%
Black Point Inn		4,485,900	10	0.39%	Central Maine Power	8,622,800	10	0.26%
Total Principal Taxpayers	1	94,053,300		8.26%		 201,431,900	: :	6.18%

Total Assessed Value:

\$ 1,138,964,400

\$ 3,256,841,900

TOWN OF SCARBOROUGH, MAINE Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year		Total Tax	<u>C</u>	ollections Within	Year of Levy	Col	lections in	Total Coll to Da	
Ended June 30	1	Levy for Fiscal Year		Amount	Percentage of Levy	Su	bsequent Years	 Amount	Percentage of Levy
1997	\$	20,753,098	\$	20,114,112	96.9%	\$	635,756	\$ 20,749,868	100.0%
1998		21,888,873		21,381,876	97.7%		503,319	21,885,195	100.0%
1999		22,202,538		21,745,877	97.9%		450,499	22,196,376	100.0%
2000		24,185,214		23,716,155	98.1%		462,098	24,178,253	100.0%
2001		25,765,523		25,339,458	98.3%		419,490	25,758,948	100.0%
2002		28,450,220		28,120,508	98.8%		322,879	28,443,387	100.0%
2003		30,348,015		30,103,820	99.2%		232,987	30,336,807	100.0%
2004		32,969,169		32,747,946	99.3%		211,630	32,959,576	100.0%
2005		35,735,569		35,423,923	99.1%		215,762	35,639,685	99.7%
2006		36,824,648		36,527,411	99.2%			36,527,411	99.2%

Assessed Valuations and Tax Levies Last Ten Fiscal Years

(dollar amounts expressed in thousands)

Fiscal	Real Estate	Perso	nal Property		Total Assessed		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
<u>Year</u>	<u>Valuation</u>	<u>V</u>	aluation	-	<u>Valuation</u>	Tax Rate		Tax Levy
1997	\$ 1,083,312	\$	55,652	\$	1,138,964	18.20	\$	20,729
1998	1,125,960		60,195		1,186,155	18.40		21,825
1999	1,138,292		67,851		1,206,143	18.40		22,193
2000	1,180,279		79,051		1,259,330	19.20		24,179
2001	1,230,378		83,306		1,313,684	19.60		25,748
2002	1,764,013		94,303		1,858,316	15.30		28,433
2003	1,831,117		99,459		1,930,576	15.70		30,310
2004	1,903,869		99,118		2,002,987	16.46		32,969
2005	1,951,952		105,637		2,057,589	17.34		35,679
2006	3,143,853		112,989		3,256,842	11.30		36,802

TOWN OF SCARBOROUGH, MAINE Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Percentage of		
Fiscal	General Obligation	Assessed	Estimated Actual Taxable Value		Debt
Year	Bonds	Value Value	of Property	Population*	Per Capita
1997	\$ 32,499,641	\$ 1,138,964,400	2.85%	12,518	2,596
1998	31,531,840	1,186,155,300	2.66%	12,518	2,519
1999	34,071,571	1,206,143,900	2.82%	12,518	2,722
2000	35,059,806	1,259,330,100	2.78%	16,970	2,066
2001	35,787,515	1,313,684,200	2.72%	16,970	2,109
2002	35,095,667	1,858,344,800	1.89%	16,970	2,068
2003	54,759,228	1,930,576,300	2.84%	16,970	3,227
2004	62,952,163	2,002,987,200	3.14%	16,970	3,710
2005	67,737,433	2,057,589,000	3.29%	18,812	3,601
2006	68,844,000	3,256,841,900	2.11%	18,812	3,660

Note: Details regarding the Town's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

^{*} Source: U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of the Census

TOWN OF SCARBOROUGH, MAINE Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Obligation Bonded Debt to Total General Governmental Expenditures

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(dollar amounts expressed in thousands)

Fiscal year	Principal	nn ann an Aire	Interest	 Total debt service	Total general fund expenditures	Ratio of debt service to general fund expenditures
1997	\$ 2,772	\$	1,890	\$ 4,662	\$ 30,051	15.51%
1998	3,193		1,991	5,184	30,945	16.75%
1999	3,203		1,927	5,130	32,829	15.63%
2000	3,782		1,905	5,687	35,766	15.90%
2001	4,204		1,858	6,062	38,752	15.64%
2002	4,692		1,895	6,587	42,305	15.57%
2003	4,915		1,634	6,549	46,463	14.10%
2004	6,435		2,358	8,793	50,373	17.46%
2005	5,880		2,634	8,514	52,934	16.08%
2006	5,907		2,846	8,753	56,185	15.58%

TOWN OF SCARBOROUGH, MAINE
Legal Debt Margin Information
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(amounts expressed in thousands)

l					Fiscal Year					
	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Debt limit	\$159,053	\$ 166,425	\$ 173,295	\$ 188,018	\$ 206,243	\$ 235,755	\$ 279,720	\$ 323,745	\$ 380,820	\$ 430,980
Total net debt applicable to limit	32,500	31,532	34,072	35,060	35,788	35,096	54,759	62,952	67,737	68,844
Legal debt margin	126,553	134,893	139,223	152,958	170,455	200,659	224,961	260,793	313,083	362,136
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	20.43%	18.95%	19.66%	18.65%	17.35%	14.89%	19.58%	19.44%	17.79%	15.97%

Note: Under state finance law, the Town of Scarborough's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 15 percent of total assessed property value.

By law, the general obligation debt subject to the limitation may be offset by amounts set aside for repaying general obligation bonds.

TOWN OF SCARBOROUGH, MAINE Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Dor Canifa			
Fiscal Vear	Population (a)	De l	Personal Income (b)	Personal Income (a)	Median Age (a)	School Enrollment (c)	Unemployment Rate (d)
1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2003 2003 2005 2006	12,518 12,518 12,518 16,970 16,970 16,970 16,970 18,812	≶	223,433,782 223,433,782 223,433,782 302,897,530 302,897,530 446,667,370 446,667,370 495,150,652	\$ 17,849 17,849 17,849 17,849 17,849 17,849 26,321 26,321 26,321	35.20 35.20 35.20 35.20 35.20 38.80 38.80 38.80	2,547 2,676 2,785 2,893 3,037 3,137 3,210 3,234 3,308	2.20% 1.90% 1.80% 1.40% 1.80% 2.00% 2.20% 3.00% 3.00%

(a) For years 1997 through 2000, 1990 Census, U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Census and for years 2001 through 2006, 2000 Census, U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Census.

(b) Personal income equals per capita income times the population.

(c) State of Maine Department of Education, April 1 Census, 2006 data is from October 1, 2005 Census data.

(d) State of Maine Department of Labor, Division of Economic Analysis and Research.

Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

19	97		200	6	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employer	Employees	Rank
Town of Scarborough	1,172	1	Town of Scarborough	1.354	1
Hannaford Brothers	780	2	Hannaford Brothers	1,157	2
Konica Quality Photo	450	3	NordX	262	3
Hanover Insurance	185	4	Wal-Mart	249	4
Wal-Mart	161	5	Shaw's	183	5
Humpty Dumpty	155	6	R.C. Moore Trucking	150	6
Rock-Team Converting	120	7	Sam's Club	146	7
Gabriel Electronics	116	8	Rich Tool International	111	8
R.C. Moore Trucking	95	9	Inverness Medical Innovations	109	9
N.E. Tech Air, Inc.	85	10	RTS Packaging	98	10

TOWN OF SCARBOROUGH, MAINE Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands) Fiscal Year

					Fiscal Year				***************************************	
	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Function: Police: Physical arrests Traffic violations No. of full time employees No. of part time employees	531 2,957	469	273	349	429	587	634 2,455	401	332	822 1,337 47 37
Fire: Number of calls answered (1) No. of full time employees No. of part time employees	1,145	1,366	1,501	1,452	1,114	2,646	2,868	2,251	2,450	2,356 4 172
Rescue: Number of calls answered No. of full time employees No. of part time employees								2,407	2,506	2,247 11 15
Public Works (2): Street resurfacing (miles) Pot holes repaired (qty used in tons) No. times plows dispatched No. of full time employees No. of part time employees		-						1.94 43 19	5.26 82 24	6.03 71 53 32 3

TOWN OF SCARBOROUGH, MAINE Department Listings by Division, Department and Function

Division	Department	Function	Division	Department	Function
General Government:	Legislative Administration:	Town Council Administration Town Clerk Elections Human Resources	Public Works:	Public Works:	Road/Highway Maint Vehicle Maint. Traffic Signals Engineering
		Legal Municipal Insurance Municipal Building Public Information Outside Agency Requests			Solid Waste Water Charges Street Lighting Cemetery Care Memorials Shade Trees
	Finance:	Accounting Tax/Treasury Purchasing Assessing	Education:	Kindergarten Elementary Secondary	
	Planning:	Planning Code Enforcement Zoring & Planning Boards		Special Services Transportation Adult Education	
	Information Syst.			Computer Mgmt	
Public Service:	Community Serv:	Recreation Parks Child Care Beach Care Grounds Maintenance Local Access Cable TV			
	Public Assistance Economic Develop Library	Welfare/Health Assist,		/	
Public Safety:	Fire:	Fire Suppression Fire Prevention Rescue			
	Police:	Emergency Preparedness Patrol Dispatch Marine Resources			

TOWN OF SCARBOROUGH, MAINE Unemployment Data

Last Seven Fiscal Years

Fiscal	Portland	
Year	Metropolitan	
ending	Statistical	State of
June 30,	Area (PMSA)*	Maine
2000	2.3%	3.0%
2001	2.7%	3.5%
2002	3.3%	4.2%
2003	3.7%	4.9%
2004	3.4%	4.3%
2005	3.6%	4.6%
2006	3.5%	4.4%

^{*} The Maine Department of Labor provides unemployment data for various regions of the State of Maine. While data is not specifically provided for the Town of Scarborough, we are included in the region known as the Portland Metropolitan Statistical Area (PMSA).

Data can be found at: www.state.me.us/labor/lmis/laus.html

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APPENDIX B

PROPOSED FORM OF LEGAL OPINION



207 774-1200 main 207 774-1127 facsimile bernsteinshur.com

BERNSTEIN SHUR

COUNSELORS AT LAW

100 Middle Street PO Box 9729 Portland, ME 04104-5029

(Date of Closing)

(Purchaser)

We have examined the law and certified proceedings submitted in connection with the issuance and sale of \$4,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 2007 General Obligation Bonds (the "Bonds") of the Town of Scarborough, Maine (the "Issuer"), a public municipal corporation in the State of Maine organized and existing under and pursuant to the Charter of the Town of Scarborough, Maine (the "Charter").

We have not been engaged or undertaken to review the accuracy, completeness or sufficiency of any offering material relating to the Bonds and we express no opinion relating thereto.

As to questions of fact material to our opinion, we have relied upon the certified proceedings and other certifications of public officials furnished to us without undertaking to verify the same by independent investigation.

The Bonds are issued under and pursuant to the Charter and the provisions of Title 30-A, Section 5772 of the Maine Revised Statutes, as amended.

The Bonds are dated May 15, 2007, and will mature on the dates and in the respective principal amounts and will bear interest from their date, payable semi-annually on May 1 and November 1 in each year, commencing on November 1, 2007, at the respective rates per annum, as follows:

Year of		Interest	Year of		Interest
<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Maturity</u>	Amount	<u>Rate</u>
2007	\$550,000	%	2015	\$225,000	%
2008	550,000		2016	225,000	
2009	550,000		2017	25,000	
2010	550,000		2018	25,000	
2011	550,000		2019	25,000	
2012	225,000		2020	25,000	
2013	225,000		2021	25,000	
2014	225,000				



The Bonds maturing on and before November 1, 2016 are not subject to redemption prior to their respective dates of maturity. The Bonds maturing after November 1, 2016 are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the Issuer, on and after November 1, 2016.

The Bonds will be issued in fully registered form without coupons and, when issued, will be registered in the name of and held by Cede & Co., as nominee for The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), an automated depository for securities and clearinghouse for securities transactions. Purchases of the Bonds will be made in book-entry form (without certificates) in the denomination of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof. The Bonds are lettered R and shall be numbered from one (1) upwards.

The Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), establishes certain requirements that must be met subsequent to the issuance and delivery of the Bonds in order that interest on the Bonds be and remain excluded from the gross income of the owners thereof for federal income tax purposes pursuant to Section 103 of the Code. Noncompliance with such requirements may cause interest on the Bonds to be included in the gross income of the owners thereof retroactive to the date of issuance of the Bonds, regardless of when such noncompliance occurs. The Issuer, in executing its Arbitrage Certificate, has certified to the effect that the Issuer will comply with the provisions and procedures set forth therein and do and perform all acts and things necessary or desirable in order to assure that interest paid on the Bonds shall, for purposes of federal income tax, be excluded from the gross income of the owners thereof. In rendering this opinion, we have assumed that the Issuer will comply with the provisions and procedures set forth in its Arbitrage Certificate and Tax Certificate.

Based upon the foregoing, we are of the opinion that, under existing law:

- 1. The Issuer has been duly created and validly exists as a public municipal corporation under and pursuant to the laws of the State of Maine.
- 2. The Issuer is duly authorized to issue the Bonds which have been duly and validly authorized and issued in accordance with law and constitute valid general obligations of the Issuer payable as to both principal and interest from ad valorem taxes which may be levied, subject to certain procedural limitations under Section 5721-A of the Maine Revised Statutes as amended and supplemented to date, without limit as to rate or amount upon all the property located within the territorial limits of the Issuer and taxable by it, except to any extent that the Issuer may enter into an agreement under Title 30-A, Chapter 223, Subchapter V, of the Maine Revised Statutes, as amended, to share any portion of its assessed valuation with another municipality and except to the extent that the Issuer may establish municipal development districts or affordable housing districts pursuant to Title 30-A, Chapters 206 and 207 of the Maine Revised Statues, as amended, the tax increment revenues on retained captured assessed values of which may not be available for payment of debt service on the Bonds.

- 3. The interest on the Bonds is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes, and exempt from the State of Maine Income Tax imposed on individuals under existing statutes, and is not an item of tax preference for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax imposed on individuals and corporations; it should be noted, however, that for the purpose of computing the alternative minimum tax imposed on corporations (as defined for federal income tax purposes), such interest is taken into account in determining adjusted net book income (adjusted current earnings for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1989). The opinions set forth in the preceding sentence are subject to the condition that the Issuer comply with all requirements of the Code that must be satisfied subsequent to the issuance of the Bonds in order that interest thereon be, or continue to be, excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes. The Issuer has covenanted to comply with each such requirement. Failure to comply with certain of such requirements may cause the inclusion of interest on the Bonds in gross income for federal income tax purposes to be retroactive to the date of issuance of the Bonds. We express no opinion regarding other federal or state tax consequences arising with respect to the Bonds.
 - 4. The Bonds will constitute "qualified tax-exempt obligations" under Section 265(b) of the Code.

It is to be understood that the rights of the holders of the Bonds and the enforceability thereof may be subject to bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium and other similar laws affecting creditors' rights heretofore or hereafter enacted to the extent constitutionally applicable and that their enforcement may also be subject to the exercise of judicial discretion in appropriate cases.

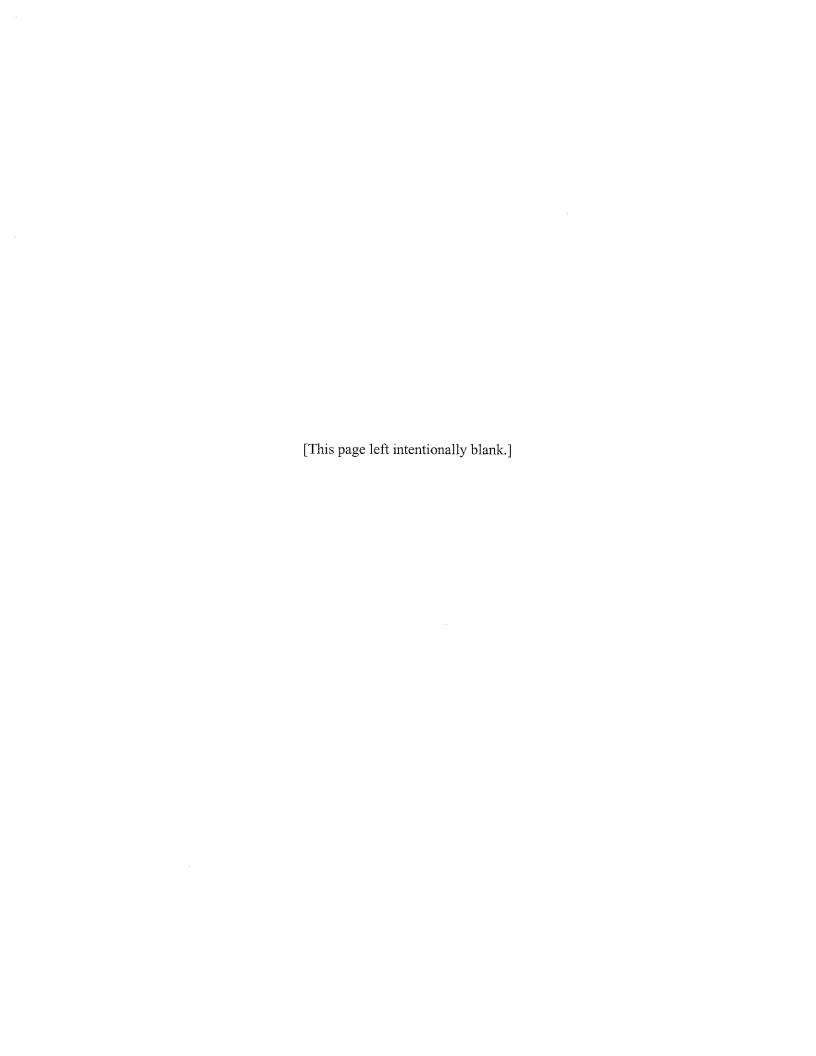
We have examined an executed Bond and, in our opinion, the form of said Bond and its execution are regular and proper.

Very truly yours,



APPENDIX C

PROPOSED FORM OF CONTINUING DISCLOSURE CERTIFICATE



TOWN OF SCARBOROUGH, MAINE PROPOSED FORM OF CONTINUING DISCLOSURE CERTIFICATE

In connection with the issuance by the Town of Scarborough, Maine (the "Issuer") of its \$4,000,000 2007 General Obligation Bonds, dated as of May 15, 2007 (the "Bonds") and with reference to the continuing disclosure requirements of Rule 15c2-12 under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and officially interpreted from time to time (the "Rule"), the Issuer hereby covenants that it will engage in the undertakings described in Paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 herein for the benefit of the beneficial owners of the Bonds, subject to the conditions and limitations specified herein. The Issuer reserves the right to incorporate by reference its Official Statement dated April ___, 2007 relating to the Bonds (the "Official Statement"), which will be submitted to the MSRB, as hereinafter defined, at the time of delivery of the Bonds, in any future disclosure provided hereunder.

1. The Issuer will provide to each nationally recognized municipal securities information repository ("NRMSIR") and the appropriate state information depository for the State of Maine ("SID"), if any (as of the date hereof there is no SID for Maine): (a) not later than 270 days after the end of each fiscal year, commencing with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2006, financial information and operating data relating to the Issuer for the preceding fiscal year of the type presented in the Official Statement prepared in connection with the Bonds regarding (i) revenues and expenditures of the Issuer relating to its operating budget, (ii) capital expenditures, (iii) fund balances, (iv) rate information, (v) outstanding indebtedness and overlapping debt of the Issuer, (vi) pension obligations of the Issuer, and (vii) such other financial information and operating data as may be required to comply with the Rule; and (b) promptly upon their public release, the audited financial statements of the Issuer, prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Any filing under this certificate may be made solely by transmitting such filing to the Texas Municipal Advisory Council (the "MAC") as provided at http://www.disclosureusa.org unless the United States Securities and Exchange Commission has withdrawn the interpretive advice in its letter to the MAC dated September 7, 2004.

The Issuer reserves the right to modify from time to time the specific types of information provided under clause (a) above or the format of the presentation of such information to reflect changed circumstances, provided that any such modification will be done in a manner consistent with the Rule.

- 2. The Issuer will provide in a timely manner to each NRMSIR or the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board ("MSRB") and the SID, if any, notice of the occurrence of any of the following events with respect to the Bonds, if material:
 - a. Principal and interest payment delinquencies;
 - b. Non-payment related defaults;
 - c. Unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties;
 - d. Unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties:
 - e. Substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform;
 - f. Adverse tax opinions or events affecting the tax-exempt status of the Bonds;
 - g. Modifications to the rights of securities holders;
 - h. Bond calls:
 - i. Defeasances:
 - j. The release, substitution, or sale of property securing repayment of the Bonds; or
 - k. Rating changes.

The Issuer from time to time may choose to provide notice of the occurrence of certain other events, in addition to those listed above, if, in the judgment of the Issuer, such other event is material with respect to the Bonds, but the Issuer does not undertake to commit to provide any such notice of the occurrence of any material event except those listed above.

3. The Issuer will provide, in a timely manner, to each NRMSIR or to the MSRB and to the SID, if any, notice of a failure to satisfy the requirements of Paragraph 1 herein.

- 4. The intent of the Issuer's undertaking in this Continuing Disclosure Certificate is to provide on a continuing basis the information described in the Rule. The provisions of the Continuing Disclosure Certificate may be amended by the Issuer without the consent of, or notice to, any beneficial owners of the Bonds, (a) to comply with or conform to the provisions of the Rule or any amendments thereto or authoritative interpretations thereof by the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff (whether required or optional), (b) to add a dissemination agent for the information required to be provided by such undertakings and to make any necessary or desirable provisions with respect thereto, (c) to add to the covenants of the Issuer for the benefit of the beneficial owners of the Bonds, (d) to modify the contents, presentation and format of the financial information from time to time as a result of a change in circumstances that arises from a change in legal requirements, or (e) to otherwise modify the undertakings in a manner consistent with the provisions of state legislation establishing the SID or otherwise responding to the requirements of the Rule concerning continuing disclosure; provided, however, that in the case of any amendment pursuant to clause (d) or (e), (i) the undertaking, as amended, would have complied with the requirements of the Rule at the time of the offering of the Bonds, after taking into account any amendments or authoritative interpretations of the Rule, as well as any change in circumstances, and (ii) the amendment does not materially impair the interests of the beneficial owners of the Bonds, as determined either by a party unaffiliated with the Issuer (such as bond counsel), or by the vote or consent of beneficial owners of a majority in outstanding principal amount of the Bonds affected thereby at or prior to the time of such amendment. Furthermore, to the extent that the Rule, as in effect from time to time, no longer requires the issuers of municipal securities to provide all or any portion of the information the Issuer has agreed to provide pursuant to the Continuing Disclosure Certificate, the obligation of the Issuer to provide such information also shall cease immediately.
- 5. The purpose of the Issuer's undertaking is to conform to the requirements of the Rule and, except for creating the right on the part of the beneficial owners of the Bonds, from time to time, to specifically enforce the Issuer's obligations hereunder, not to create new contractual or other rights for any beneficial owner of the Bonds, any municipal securities broker or dealer, any potential purchaser of the Bonds, the Securities and Exchange Commission or any other person. The sole remedy in the event of any actual or alleged failure by the Issuer to comply with any provision herein shall be an action for the specific performance of the Issuer's obligations hereunder and not for money damages in any amount. Any failure by the Issuer to comply with any provision of this undertaking shall not constitute an event of default with respect to the Bonds.
- 6. The NRMSIRs as of the date of this Continuing Disclosure Certificate are set forth in EXHIBIT A hereto.
- 7. Except for a late filing for fiscal year ended June 30, 2003, due to its initial compliance with GASB Rule 34, the Town has never failed to comply in all material respects with any previous undertakings to provide financial information or notices of material events in accordance with the Rule.
- 8. The Issuer's Finance Director, or such official's designee from time to time, shall be the contact person on behalf of the Issuer from whom the foregoing information, data and notices may be obtained. The name, address and telephone number of the initial contact person is: Ruth D. Porter, Finance Director, Town of Scarborough, 259 U.S. Route 1, P.O. Box 360, Scarborough, ME 04070-0360; Telephone: (207) 883-4301.

		By:
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EXHIBIT A

NRMSIRs:

Bloomberg Financial Markets

Municipal Repository 100 Business Park Drive Skillman, NJ 08558 PHONE: (609) 279-3225 FAX: (609) 279-5962 www.MUNIS@bloomberg.com

DPC Data, Inc.

One Executive Drive Fort Lee, NJ 07024 PHONE: (201) 346-0701 FAX: (201) 947-0107 www.nrmsir@dpcdata.com

Standard & Poor's Securities Evaluations, Inc.

Attention: Repository
55 Water Street, 45th Floor
New York, NY 10041
PHONE: (212) 438-4595
FAX: (212) 438-3975
www.nrmsir-repository@sandp.com

FT Interactive Data

Attn: NRMSIR 100 William Street New York, NY 10038 PHONE: (212) 771-6999 FAX: (212) 771-7390 www.nrmsir@FTID.com

OR TO THE CPO:

Disclosure USA (*)
600 W. 8th Street (78701)
P.O. Box 684667 (78768-4667)
Austin, TX
PHONE: (512) 476-6947
FAX: (512) 476-6403 (FAX)
www.disclosureusa.org

NOTE: (*) Paper or facsimile filings to the CPO (Central Post Office) incur a \$25.00 filing scanning fee through December 31, 2005; then \$35.00 to December 31, 2006; and \$45.00 through December 31, 2007. After 2007 paper filings will not be accepted.

