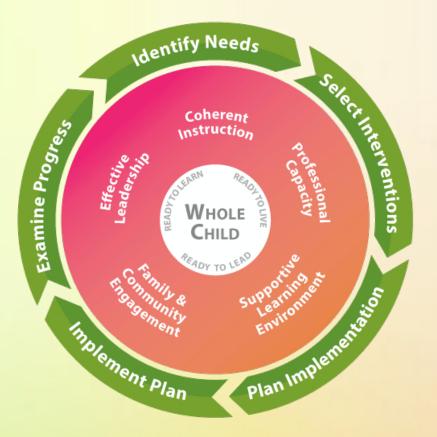


Comprehensive Needs Assessment 2021 - 2022 School Report



Telfair County Telfair Alternative Preparation School

1. PLANNING AND PREPARATION

1.1 Identification of Team

The comprehensive needs assessment team consists of people who are responsible for working collaboratively throughout the needs assessment process. Ideal team members possess knowledge of programs, the capacity to plan and implement the needs assessment, and the ability to ensure stakeholder involvement. A required team member's name may be duplicated when multiple roles are performed by the same person. Documentation of team member involvement must be maintained by the LEA. Watch the <u>Planning and Preparation webinar</u> for additional information and guidance.

Leadership Team

	Position/Role	Name	
Team Member # 1	Principal	Patrick DeLoach	
Team Member # 2	Teacher	Jennifer Solomon	
Team Member # 3	Curriculum Director	Cindy Jones	
Team Member # 4	Parent Liaison	Josey Zavala	
Team Member # 5	Paraprofessional	Angie Jones	
Team Member # 6	School Resource Officer	Ricky Collins, Jr.	
Team Member # 7			

Additional Leadership Team

	Position/Role	Name
Team Member # 1		
Team Member # 2		
Team Member # 3		
Team Member # 4		
Team Member # 5		
Team Member # 6		
Team Member # 7		
Team Member # 8		
Team Member # 9		
Team Member # 10		

1. PLANNING AND PREPARATION

1.2 Identification of Stakeholders

Stakeholders are those individuals with valuable experiences and perspective who will provide the team with important input, feedback, and guidance. Required stakeholders must be engaged in the process to meet the requirements of participating federal programs. Documentation of stakeholder involvement must be maintained by the LEA. Watch the <u>Planning and Preparation</u> webinar for additional information and guidance.

Stakeholders

	Position/Role	Name
Stakeholder # 1	Counselor	Julie Joiner
Stakeholder # 2	Parent Liaison	Josey Zavala
Stakeholder # 3	Health Care Provider	Sherry Clark
Stakeholder # 4	Assistant Principal	Bill Wood
Stakeholder # 5	Paraprofessional	Angie Jones
Stakeholder # 6	Law Enforcement	Ricky Collins
Stakeholder # 7		
Stakeholder # 8		

How will the team ensure that stakeholders,	The TAPS CNA team will have various opportunities to provide feedback
and in particar parents and/or guardians,	through the assessment process. During the CNA meeting process (which vary
were able to provide meaningf input into the	from face-to-face meetings to social media contact), stakeholders will have the
needs assessment process?	time and medium for providing all feedback to the team to ensure their input
	and guidance are part of the process. Stakeholders may submit feedback
	during face-to-face interactions, written documents, emails, phone calls, text
	messages, and social media responses. Principal Patrick DeLoach and Assistant
	Principal Bill Wood will organize meetings and collect documentation of
	stakeholder feedback.

2. DATA COLLECTION ANALYSIS

2.1 Coherent Instructional System

Analyze the LEA's data (including sections 2.6) and answer the guiding questions to determine existing trends and patterns that support the identification of instructional needs. Complete a data-informed self-rating for each Georgia School Performance Standard (GSPS). See the <u>Coherent Instructional System webinar</u> for additional information and guidance.

	Curriculum Standard 1 -Uses systematic, collaborative planning processes so that teachers share an understanding of expectations for standards, curriculum, assessment, and instruction		
1. Exemplary	A systematic, collaborative process is used proactively for curriculum planning.		
	Nearly all teachers or groups of teachers, support staff, and leaders within the school have common expectations for standards, curriculum, assessment, and instruction.		
2. Operational	A systematic, collaborative process is used regularly for curriculum planning.	√	
	Most teachers or groups of teachers within the school have common expectations for standards, curriculum, assessment, and instruction.		
3. Emerging	A collaborative process is used occasionally for curriculum planning.		
	Some teachers or groups of teachers within the school have common expectations for standards, curriculum, assessment, and instruction.		
4. Not Evident	A collaborative process is rarely, if ever, used for curriculum planning.		
	Few, if any, teachers or groups of teachers within the school have common expectations for standards, curriculum, assessment, and instruction.		

Curriculum Standa standards	m rd~2~ -Designs curriculum documents and aligns resources with the intended rigor of the requ	uired
1. Exemplary	Curriculum documents (e.g., lesson plans, unit plans, performance tasks, curriculum maps, scope, and sequence documents, guides) that are aligned with the intended rigor of the required standards are the products of a systematic, collaborative process. These curriculum documents and resources are used and continuously revised by teachers and support staff to ensure an alignment with the intended, taught, and tested standards.	
2. Operational	Curriculum documents (e.g., lesson plans, unit plans, performance tasks, curriculum maps, scope and sequence documents, guides) have been designed, and resources are aligned with the intended rigor of the required standards. These curriculum documents and resources guide the work of teachers and instructional support staff.	~
3. Emerging	Curriculum documents and resources exist, but they are not complete in all content areas or grade levels or lack the intended rigor of the required standards	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, curriculum documents and resources exist to support the implementation of the intended rigor of the required standards.	

Instruction Standard 1 - Provides a supportive and well -managed environment conducive to learning		
1. Exemplary	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident throughout the school.	
	Students consistently stay on-task and take responsibility for their own actions.	
2. Operational	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident in most classrooms.	\checkmark
3. Emerging	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident in some classrooms.	
4. Not Evident	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident in few, if any, classrooms.	

Instruction Standard 2 - Creates an academically challenging learning environment		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all teachers create an academically challenging, learning environment (e.g., higher-order thinking skills and processes, active student engagement, relevance, collaboration). Students consistently work independently and in teams to solve real-world problems that require advanced effort, decision-making, and critical and creative thinking.	
2. Operational	Most teachers create an academically challenging, learning environment (e.g., higher-order thinking skills and processes, active student engagement, relevance, collaboration).	~
3. Emerging	Some teachers create an academically challenging learning environment.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, teachers create an academically challenging learning environment.	

Instruction Standard standards	d 3 -Establishes and communicates clear learning targets and success criteria aligned to curr	iculum
1. Exemplary	Nearly all teachers establish and communicate clear learning targets and success criteria aligned to the required curriculum standards.	
	Learning targets are evident throughout the lesson and in student work. Articulation of the learning targets is consistent and pervasive among like content areas and grade levels	
2. Operational	Most teachers establish and communicate clear learning targets and success criteria aligned to the required curriculum standards. Learning targets are evident throughout the lesson and in student work.	~
3. Emerging	Some teachers establish and communicate clear learning targets and success criteria aligned to the required curriculum standards.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any teachers establish clear learning targets and success criteria aligned to the required curriculum standards.	

Instruction Standard 4	-Uses research based instructional practices that positively impact student learning	
1. Exemplary	Nearly all teachers pervasively demonstrate a repertoire of highly effective, research-based instructional practices that positively impact student learning (e.g., providing feedback, cooperative learning, advance organizers, questioning techniques, similarities and differences, reinforcing effort, goal setting, summarizers, graphic representations, reciprocal teaching).	
2. Operational	Most teachers demonstrate a repertoire of effective, research-based instructional practices that positively impact student learning (e.g., providing feedback, cooperative learning, advance organizers, questioning techniques, similarities and differences, reinforcing effort, goal setting, summarizers, graphic representations, reciprocal teaching).	√
3. Emerging	Some teachers demonstrate a repertoire of effective, research-based instructional practices that positively impact student learning.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, teachers demonstrate a repertoire of effective, research-based instructional practices that positively impact student learning.	

Instruction Standard 5	Instruction Standard 5 -Differentiates instruction to meet specific learning needs of students		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all teachers differentiate instruction (e.g., using flexible grouping, making adjustments, providing choices based upon readiness levels, interests, or needs) to meet the specific learning needs of students. Nearly all teachers plan and implement multiple means of representation, engagement, action, and expression to meet the learning needs of students (UDL).		
	Remediation, enrichment, and acceleration are pervasive practices.		
2. Operational	Most teachers differentiate instruction (e.g., using flexible grouping, making adjustments, providing choices based upon readiness levels, interests, or needs) to meet the specific learning needs of students. Most teachers plan and implement multiple means of representation, engagement,		
	action, and expression to meet the learning needs of students (UDL).		
3. Emerging	Some teachers differentiate instruction to meet the specific learning needs of students.	\checkmark	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, teachers differentiate instruction to meet the specific learning needs of students.		

Instruction Standard 6 - Uses appropriate, current technology to enhance learning		
1. Exemplary	The use by staff members and students of appropriate, current technology to enhance learning is an institutional practice (e.g., facilitate communication, collaboration, research, design, creativity, problem-solving).	
2. Operational	Most staff members and students use appropriate, current technology to enhance learning (e.g., facilitate communication, collaboration, research, design, creativity, problem-solving).	~
3. Emerging	Some staff members, students, or both use appropriate, current technology to enhance learning.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, teachers demonstrate a repertoire of effective, research-based instructional practices that positively impact student learning.	

Instruction Standard 7 - Provides feedback to students on their performance on the standards or learning targets		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all teachers use the language of the standards or learning targets to provide students with specific, timely, descriptive feedback on their performance.Nearly all teachers systematically elicit diagnostic information from individual	
	students regarding their understanding of the standards or learning targets.	
2. Operational	Most teachers use the language of the standards or learning targets to provide students with specific, timely, descriptive feedback on their performance.	\checkmark
3. Emerging	Some teachers use the language of the standards or learning targets to provide students with specific, descriptive feedback on their performance.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, teachers use the language of the standards or learning targets to provide students with feedback on their performance, or the feedback that is provided is not specific, timely, or understandable.	

Instruction Standard 8 -Establishes a learning environment that empowers students to actively monitor their own progr		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all students use tools (e.g., rubrics, checklists, exemplars) to actively monitor	
	their own progress.	
	Nearly all students develop a sense of personal responsibility and accountability by	
	engaging in record keeping, self-monitoring, sharing, exhibiting, and self-reflection.	
2. Operational	Most students use tools (e.g., rubrics, checklists, exemplars) to actively monitor their	√
	own progress.	
3. Emerging	Some students use tools to actively monitor their own progress.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, students use tools to actively monitor their own progress.	

Instruction Standard 9 - Provides timely, systematic, data - driven interventions		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all students are provided timely, systematic, data-driven interventions to support their learning needs. Interventions are designed to meet the needs of each student. The effectiveness of those interventions is consistently monitored and adjustments are made.	
2. Operational	Most students are provided timely, systematic, data-driven interventions to support their learning needs.	√
3. Emerging	Some students are provided extra assistance or needed support in a timely manner.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, students are provided extra assistance or effective support in a timely manner.	

Assessment Standard 1 - Aligns assessments with the required curriculum standards		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all assessments are aligned with the required curriculum standards.	
	Assessments are reviewed during the school year to ensure alignment.	
2. Operational	Most assessments are aligned with the required curriculum standards.	\checkmark
3. Emerging	Some assessments are aligned with the required curriculum standards.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, assessments are aligned with the required curriculum standards.	

	Assessment Standard 3 -Uses common assessments aligned with the required standards to monitor student progress, info instruction, and improve teacher practices	
1. Exemplary	Teachers consistently use common assessments aligned with the required standards in nearly all content areas, grade levels, or both for diagnostic, summative, and formative purposes. The data from the common assessments are analyzed down to the item level, and the	
2 Operational	results are used to inform instruction and improve teacher practices.	
2. Operational	Teachers use common assessments aligned with the required standards in most content areas to monitor student progress, inform instruction, and improve teacher practices.	v
3. Emerging	Teachers use some common assessments aligned with the required standards in a few content areas with a limited amount of data analysis to monitor student progress, inform instruction, or improve teacher practices.	
4. Not Evident	Teachers use few, if any, common assessments to monitor student progress, inform instruction, or improve teacher practices.	

Assessment Standard 4 - Implements a process to collaboratively analyze assessment results to adjust instruction		
1. Exemplary	 Teachers extensively use a systematic, collaborative process to analyze assessment results. Instruction is consistently adjusted based on the analysis of assessment results across all content areas, grade levels, or both. 	
2. Operational	Teachers regularly use a collaborative process to analyze assessment results. Instruction is routinely adjusted based on the analysis of assessment results.	√
3. Emerging	Teachers occasionally use a collaborative process to analyze assessment results.Instruction is sometimes adjusted based on the analysis of assessment results.	
4. Not Evident	A collaborative process to analyze assessment results does not exist. Instruction is rarely, if ever, adjusted based on the analysis of assessment results.	

Assessment Standard 5 -Implements grading practices that provide an accurate indication of student progress on required standards		
1. Exemplary	The grading practices used by teachers across nearly all content areas, grade levels, or both, consistently provide an accurate indication of student progress on the required standards.	
2. Operational	The grading practices used by teachers in most content areas, grade levels, or both provide an accurate indication of student progress on the required standards.	√
3. Emerging	The grading practices used by teachers in some content areas, grade levels, or both provide an accurate indication of student progress on the required standards.	
4. Not Evident	The grading practices used by teachers rarely, if ever, provide an accurate indication of student progress on the required standards.	

2. DATA COLLECTION ANALYSIS

2.2 Effective Leadership

Analyze the LEA's data (including sections 2.6) and answer the guiding questions to determine existing trends and patterns that support the identification of leadership needs. Complete a data-informed self-rating for each Georgia School Performance Standard (GSPS). See the Effective Leadership webinar for additional information and guidance.

Leadership Standard 1 -Builds and sustains relationships to foster the success of students and staff		
1. Exemplary	Administrators consistently build and sustain relationships to foster the success of students and staff. The school staff is fully engaged in relationship building through collaboration, internal and external communication, and building trust with staff, students, families, and community stakeholders.	
2. Operational	Administrators regularly build and sustain relationships to foster the success of students and staff.	√
3. Emerging	Administrators sometimes build relationships to foster the success of students and staff.	
4. Not Evident	Administrators seldom, if ever, build relationships to foster the success of students and staff.	

Leadership Standard 2 - Initiates and manages change to improve staff performance and student learning		
1. Exemplary	 Administrators, the school leadership team, and other teacher leaders initiate and sustain change to improve staff performance and student learning. Administrators, the school leadership team, and other teacher leaders create a sense of urgency for change and effectively communicate a common vision. 	
2. Operational	 Administrators and the school leadership team initiate and sustain change to improve staff performance and student learning. The principal provides an appropriate balance of pressure and support to manage the change process for desired results. 	V
3. Emerging	Administrators initiate change to improve staff performance and student learning but do not sustain the change, remove barriers, or both.	
4. Not Evident	Administrators initiate few, if any, changes that impact staff performance and student learning.	

Leadership Standard 3 -Uses systems to ensure effective implementation of curriculum, assessment, instruction, and professional learning practices		
1. Exemplary	 The principal and other school leaders continually use systems to ensure effective implementation of curriculum, assessment, instruction, and professional learning practices. The principal and other school leaders have a comprehensive knowledge and understanding of the best practices for curriculum, assessment, instruction, and professional learning. 	
2. Operational	The principal and other school leaders often use systems to ensure effective implementation of curriculum, assessment, instruction, and professional learning practices.	√
3. Emerging	The principal and other school leaders occasionally use systems to ensure effective implementation of curriculum, assessment, instruction, and professional learning practices.	
4. Not Evident	The principal and other school leaders rarely, if ever, use systems to ensure effective implementation of curriculum, assessment, instruction, and professional learning practices.	

Leadership Standard 4 -Uses processes to systematically analyze data to improve student achievement		
1. Exemplary	Extensive, comprehensive processes, including root cause analysis, are used consistently to analyze data (e.g., multiple sources of data: classroom, grade level, departmental, and subgroup, perception data) to improve student achievement.	
2. Operational	Numerous processes are used frequently to analyze data (e.g., multiple sources of data: classroom, grade level, departmental, and subgroup, perception data) to improve student achievement.	√
3. Emerging	Some processes are in place and used occasionally to analyze data to improve student achievement.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, processes are in place to analyze data to improve student achievement.	

Leadership Standard 5 -Builds leadership capacity through shared decision-making and problem-solving		
1. Exemplary	Extensive structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making and problem-solving and to build their leadership capacities.	
	Administrators collaborate consistently with staff members to gather input.	
2. Operational	Numerous structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making and problem-solving and to build their leadership capacities.	
3. Emerging	Some structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making, problem-solving, or both.	\checkmark
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making or problem-solving.	

Leadership Standard 6 -Establishes and supports a data-driven school leadership team that is focused on student learning		
1. Exemplary	 A highly effective, proactive, and data-driven school leadership team is focused on student learning. The leadership team addresses nearly all areas of student and staff learning and school leadership, including the development, implementation, and regular monitoring of the school improvement plan. 	
2. Operational	A data-driven school leadership team is established with stakeholder representation (e.g., core and non-core teachers, certified support staff) and is focused on student learning. The school leadership team meets regularly and uses norms and protocols to work effectively and efficiently.	✓
3. Emerging	The school leadership team is established and has some stakeholder representation but is focused chiefly on school operations rather than student learning.	
4. Not Evident	A school leadership team does not exist or does not have adequate stakeholder representation.	

Leadership Standard	7 -Monitors and evaluates the performance of teachers and other staff using multiple datas	sources
1. Exemplary	Monitoring the performance of teachers and other staff through observations, surveys, data, and documentation is consistent and comprehensive, resulting in highly accurate performance evaluations.	
	A comprehensive system is in place to provide teachers and staff with ongoing, accurate, timely, detailed, descriptive feedback related to their performance.	
	Administrators use the evaluation process to identify role models, teacher leaders, or both.	
2. Operational	 Monitoring the performance of teachers and other staff regularly occurs using data or documentation, generally resulting in accurate performance evaluations. Teachers and staff receive accurate, timely, descriptive feedback related to their performance. 	V
3. Emerging	Monitoring the performance of teachers and other staff is inconsistent, incomplete, or lacks data or documentation, sometimes resulting in inaccurate performance evaluations. Teachers and staff receive some descriptive feedback related to their performance.	
4. Not Evident	Monitoring the performance of teachers and other staff rarely occurs or often results in inaccurate performance evaluations.	
	Teachers and staff receive little or no descriptive feedback related to their performance.	

Leadership Standard 8 - Provides ongoing support to teachers and other staff		
1. Exemplary	A comprehensive support system that is timely and targeted to individual needs is	
	provided to teachers and other staff.	
2. Operational	Most support provided to teachers and other staff is targeted to individual needs.	\checkmark
3. Emerging	Some support provided to teachers and staff is targeted to individual needs.	
4. Not Evident	Support to teachers and staff does not exist or is not targeted to individual needs.	

Planning and Organization Standard 1 -Shares a common vision and mission that define the school culture and guide continuous improvement process		
1. Exemplary	 A common vision and mission have been collaboratively developed and communicated to nearly all stakeholders. The culture of the school has been deeply defined over time by the vision and mission, which are updated as needed. 	
	The daily work and practices of staff consistently demonstrate a sustained commitment to continuous improvement.	
2. Operational	A common vision and mission have been developed through a collaborative process and communicated to most stakeholders. The vision and mission define the culture of the school and guide the continuous improvement process.	√
3. Emerging	A common vision and mission have been developed by some staff members but have not been effectively communicated so that they guide the continuous improvement process.	
4. Not Evident	A common vision and mission have not been developed or updated or have been developed by a few staff members.	

Planning and Organization Standard 2 -Uses a data-driven and consensus-oriented process to develop and implem school improvement plan that is focused on student performance		element a
1. Exemplary	A school improvement plan has been developed using a data-driven and consensus-oriented process with input from nearly all stakeholders.	
	The plan includes appropriate goals and strategies with a strong focus on increasing student performance.	
	This process and plan consistently guide the work of the school staff.	
2. Operational	A school improvement plan has been developed using a data-driven and consensus-oriented process with input from most plan stakeholders. The plan includes appropriate goals and strategies with a focus on increasing student performance.	V
3. Emerging	A school improvement plan has been developed with input from some stakeholders. The school improvement plan is based on incomplete data analysis with limited focus on student performance.	
4. Not Evident	An up-to-date, data-driven school improvement plan focused on student performance is not in place.	

Planning and Organization Standard 3 -Monitors implementation of the school improvement plan and makes ac as needed		adjustments
1. Exemplary	 The goals and strategies of the school improvement plan are continually monitored by administrators, the school leadership team, and teacher leaders to evaluate the impact on student performance. Ongoing adjustments are made based on various performance, process, and perception data. 	
2. Operational	he goals and strategies of the school improvement plan are regularly monitored by administrators and the school leadership team to evaluate the impact on student performance. Adjustments are made to the plan, as needed, based on the analysis of data.	V
3. Emerging	The goals and strategies of the school improvement plan are occasionally monitored by administrators.	
4. Not Evident	The goals and strategies of the school improvement plan are rarely, if ever, monitored.	

Planning and Organizat	Planning and Organization Standard 4 -Monitors the use of available resources to support continuous improvement		
1. Exemplary	The use of available resources (e.g., personnel, time, facilities, equipment, materials) to support continuous improvement is consistently monitored. School schedules and processes are designed to make effective use of personnel, time, materials, and equipment.		
2. Operational	The use of available resources (e.g., personnel, time, facilities, equipment, materials) to support continuous improvement is frequently monitored.	√	
3. Emerging	The use of available resources to support continuous improvement is inconsistently monitored.		
4. Not Evident	The use of available resources to support continuous improvement is rarely, if ever, monitored.		

	Planning and Organization Standard 5 -Develops, communicates, and implements rules, policies, schedules, and procedu to maximize student learning and staff effectiveness		
1. Exemplary	 Rules, policies, schedules, and procedures are developed with stakeholder input, effectively communicated, and consistently implemented throughout the school to maximize student learning and staff effectiveness. These rules, policies, schedules, and procedures are consistently reviewed and revised as needed. 		
2. Operational	 Rules, policies, schedules, and procedures are developed, communicated, and implemented throughout the school to maximize student learning and staff effectiveness. These rules, policies, schedules, and procedures are periodically reviewed and systematically revised as needed. 	V	
3. Emerging	Rules, policies, schedules, and procedures are developed but are not effectively communicated or are implemented inconsistently across the school.		
4. Not Evident	Rules, policies, or procedures are not developed, are poorly communicated, or are ineffectively implemented.In some cases, rules, policies, schedules, or procedures are out of date or have become barriers to student learning or staff effectiveness.		

Planning and Organization Standard 6 -Uses protocols to maintain the school campus and equipment providing a safe clean, and inviting learning environment		g a safe,
1. Exemplary	 Protocols (e.g., safety drills, tornado drills, inclement weather plans, current crisis plan, school-wide safety plan, maintenance protocols, facility-use protocols, functional custodial schedules) are used extensively to maintain the school campus and equipment providing a safe, clean, and inviting learning environment. A proactive maintenance process is in place, and repairs are completed in a satisfactory and timely manner, when needed. 	
2. Operational	 Protocols (e.g., safety drills, tornado drills, inclement weather plans, current crisis plan, school-wide safety plan, maintenance protocols, facility-use protocols, functional custodial schedules) are used to maintain the school campus and equipment providing a safe, clean, and inviting learning environment. The school and campus are clean, well-maintained, inviting, and safe. 	V
3. Emerging	Protocols are sometimes used to maintain the school campus and equipment. The school and campus are partially clean, maintained, and inviting, but some safety issues exist.	
4. Not Evident	 Protocols do not exist or are rarely, if ever, used to maintain the school campus and equipment. The school and campus are not clean, maintained, or inviting, and safety issues exist. 	

2. DATA COLLECTION ANALYSIS

2.3 Professional Capacity

Analyze the LEA's data (including sections 2.6) and answer the guiding questions to determine existing trends and patterns that support the identification of professional capacity needs. Complete a data-informed self-rating for each Georgia School Performance Standard (GSPS). See the <u>Professional Capacity webinar</u> for additional information and guidance.

Leadership Standard 5 -Builds leadership capacity through shared decision-making and problem-solving		
1. Exemplary	Extensive structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making and problem-solving and to build their leadership capacities.	
	Administrators collaborate consistently with staff members to gather input.	
2. Operational	Numerous structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making and problem-solving and to build their leadership capacities.	
3. Emerging	Some structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making, problem-solving, or both.	√
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making or problem-solving.	

Professional Learning Standard 1 - Aligns professional learning with needs identified through analysis of a variety		
1. Exemplary	Professional learning needs are identified and differentiated through a collaborative analysis process using a variety of data (e.g., student achievement data, examination of student work, process data, teacher and leader effectiveness data, action research data, perception data from students, staff, and families). Ongoing support is provided through differentiated professional learning.	
2. Operational	Professional learning needs are identified through a collaborative analysis process using a variety of data (e.g., student achievement data, examination of student work, process data, teacher and leader effectiveness data, action research data, perception data from students, staff, and families).	V
3. Emerging	Professional learning needs are identified using limited sources of data.	
4. Not Evident	Professional learning needs are identified using little or no data.	

Professional Learning Standard 2 -Establishes a culture of collaboration among administrators and staff to enhance individual and collective performance		ince
1. Exemplary	 Administrators and staff, as a foundational practice, consistently collaborate to support leadership and personal accountability and to enhance individual and collective performance (e.g., construct knowledge, acquire skills, refine practice, provide feedback). Teachers conduct action research and assume ownership of professional learning processes. 	
2. Operational	Administrators and staff routinely collaborate to improve individual and collective performance (e.g., construct knowledge, acquire skills, refine practice, provide feedback).	√
3. Emerging	Administrators and staff sometimes collaborate to improve individual and collective performance.	
4. Not Evident	Administrators and staff rarely collaborate to improve individual and collective performance.	

Professional Learning	Professional Learning Standard 3 - Defines expectations for implementing professional learning	
1. Exemplary	Administrators, teacher leaders, or both consistently define expectations for the implementation of professional learning, including details regarding the stages of	
	implementation and how monitoring will occur as implementation progresses.	
2. Operational	Administrators, teacher leaders, or both regularly define expectations for the implementation of professional learning.	√
3. Emerging	Administrators, teacher leaders, or both occasionally define expectations for the implementation of professional learning.	
4. Not Evident	Administrators, teacher leaders, or both rarely, if ever, define expectations for the implementation of professional learning.	

Professional Learni staff	ng Standard 4 -Uses multiple professional learning designs to support the various learning n	leeds of the
1. Exemplary	 Staff members actively participate in job-embedded professional learning that engages collaborative teams in a variety of appropriate learning designs (e.g., collaborative lesson study, analysis of student work, problem solving sessions, curriculum development, coursework, action research, classroom observations, online networks). Professional learning includes extensive follow-up with descriptive feedback and coaching. 	
2. Operational	Staff members actively participate in professional learning, most of which is job-embedded, which includes multiple designs (e.g., collaborative lesson study, analysis of student work, problem-solving sessions, curriculum development, coursework, action research, classroom observations, online networks) to support their various learning needs. Professional learning includes follow-up with feedback and coaching.	V
3. Emerging	Some staff members are engaged in professional learning that makes use of more than one learning design to address their identified needs.	
4. Not Evident	Staff members receive single, stand-alone professional learning events that are informational and mostly large-group presentation designs.	

Professional Learni learning	ng Standard 5 -Allocates resources and establishes systems to support and sustain effective p	professional
1. Exemplary	 Extensive resources (e.g., substitute teachers, materials, handouts, tools, stipends, facilitators, technology) and systems (e.g., conducive schedules, adequate collaborative time, model classrooms) are allocated to support and sustain effective professional learning. Opportunities to practice skills, receive follow-up, feedback, and coaching are provided to support the effectiveness of professional learning. 	
2. Operational	Adequate resources (e.g., substitute teachers, materials, handouts, tools, stipends, facilitators, technology) and systems (e.g., conducive schedules, adequate collaborative time, model classrooms) are in place to support and sustain professional learning.	V
3. Emerging	Some resources and systems are allocated to support and sustain professional learning.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, resources and systems are provided to support and sustain professional learning.	

Professional Learning Standard 6 -Monitors and evaluates the impact of professional learning on staff practices and s learning		
1. Exemplary	Monitoring and evaluating the impact of professional learning on staff practices and increases in student learning occurs extensively. Evaluation results are used to identify and implement processes to extend student learning.	
2. Operational	Monitoring and evaluating the impact of professional learning on staff practices and student learning occurs routinely.	
3. Emerging	Monitoring and evaluating the impact of professional learning on staff practices occurs sporadically.	√
4. Not Evident	Monitoring and evaluating the impact of professional learning on staff practices occurs rarely, if ever.	

2. DATA COLLECTION ANALYSIS

2.4 Family and Community Engagement

Analyze the LEA's data (including sections 2.6) and answer the guiding questions to determine existing trends and patterns that support the identification of needs related to family and community engagement. Complete a data-informed self-rating for each Georgia School Performance Standard (GSPS). See the <u>Family and Community Engagement webinar</u> for additional information and guidance. Visit Georgia's Family Connection Partnership's <u>KIDS COUNT</u> for additional data.

Family and Community Engagement Data

	Family and Community Engagement Standard 1 -Creates an environment that welcomes, encourages, and connects family and community members to the school		
1. Exemplary	The school has a well-established, inviting learning environment that welcomes, encourages, and connects family and community members to the school. Numerous opportunities are given to family members to become actively engaged in school-related events and improvement efforts as participants, event managers, and		
	workers.		
2. Operational	The school has created an environment that welcomes, encourages, and connects family and community members to the school.	\checkmark	
3. Emerging	The school has made some progress toward creating an environment that welcomes, encourages, and connects family and community members to the school.		
4. Not Evident	The school has not created an environment that welcomes, encourages, or connects family and community members to the school.		

Family and Community Engagement Standard 2 -Establishes structures that promote clear and open communication

between the school an	id stakenolders	
1. Exemplary	Extensive structures that promote clear and open communication between the school and stakeholders have been effectively established and implemented.	
	Structures are continuously monitored for reliable and interactive communication.	
2. Operational	Most structures that promote clear and open communication between the school and stakeholders have been effectively established and implemented.	\checkmark
3. Emerging	Some structures that promote clear and open communication between the school and stakeholders exist.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, structures that promote clear and open communication between the school and stakeholders exist.	

Family and Community Engagement Data

	Family and Community Engagement Standard 3 -Establishes relationships and decision-making processes that build capacity for family and community engagement in the success of students		
1. Exemplary	 A wide variety of relationships and collaborative decision-making processes (e.g., business partnerships, school councils, parent or family organizations, academic and extra-curricular booster clubs, civic organizations, tutoring services, post-secondary partnerships) are pervasive in promoting student success and well being. Expectations for family and community engagement are embedded in the culture and result in stakeholders being actively involved in decision-making. 		
2. Operational	Numerous relationships and decision-making processes (e.g., business partnerships, school councils, parent or family organizations, academic and extra-curricular booster clubs, civic organizations, tutoring services) effectively build capacity for family and community engagement in the success of students.	~	
3. Emerging	Limited relationships and decision-making processes have been initiated by the school to build capacity for family and community engagement.		
4. Not Evident	Relationships and decision-making processes for families and the community are non-existent, or those that do exist contribute minimally to student success.		

Family and Commustatus to families	nity Engagement Standard 4 -Communicates academic expectations and current student ac	chievement
1. Exemplary	The school staff provides families with ongoing, detailed academic expectations and/or graduation status (e.g., four-year graduation plans, syllabi, academic advisement protocols).	
	Extensive communication related to the current achievement level of individual students is provided (e.g., progress reports, student-led parent conferences, report cards, reading level reports, state test reports, school-based assessment reports, online reporting system).	
2. Operational	The school staff communicates academic expectations and/or graduation status (e.g., four-year graduation plans, syllabi, academic advisement protocols) throughout the year.	\checkmark
	Regular communication related to the current achievement level of individual students is provided (e.g., progress reports, parent conferences, report cards, reading level reports, state test reports, school-based assessment reports, online reporting system).	
3. Emerging	The school staff communicates some academic expectations at the start of the year. Some communication related to the current achievement level of individual students is provided.	
4. Not Evident	The school staff does little to inform families of academic expectations. Little, if any, communication related to the current achievement level of individual students is provided.	

Family and Community Engagement Data

Family and Community Engagement Standard 5 -Develops the capacity of families to use support strategies at home will enhance academic achievement		nome that
1. Exemplary	The school continually develops the capacity (e.g., parent training, lunch and learn, make-it and take-it) of families to use support strategies at home that will enhance academic achievement.	
2. Operational	The school frequently develops the capacity (e.g., parent training, lunch and learn, make-it and take-it) of families to use support strategies at home that will enhance academic achievement.	
3. Emerging	The school occasionally develops the capacity of families to use support strategies at home that will enhance academic achievement.	√
4. Not Evident	The school seldom, if ever, develops the capacity of families to use support strategies at home that will enhance academic achievement.	

Family and Community Engagement Standard 6 -Connects families with agencies and resources in the communit the needs of students		nity to meet
1. Exemplary	The school has a systematic process in place to connect families with an array of agencies and resources (e.g., Y-Clubs, after-school programs, health and counseling services, community service agencies, civic organizations, tutoring services) to meet the needs of students.	
2. Operational	The school regularly connects families to agencies and resources in the community (e.g., Y-Clubs, after-school programs, health and counseling services, community service agencies, civic organizations, tutoring services) to meet the needs of students.	~
3. Emerging	The school sometimes connects families to agencies and resources in the community to meet the needs of students.	
4. Not Evident	The school does little to connect families with agencies and resources in the community to meet the needs of students.	

2. DATA COLLECTION ANALYSIS

2.5 Supportive Learning Environment

Analyze the LEA's data (including sections 2.6) and answer the guiding questions to determine existing trends and patterns that support the identification of needs related to a supportive learning environment. Complete a data-informed self-rating for each Georgia School Performance Standard (GSPS). Student subgroups with a count of less than 15 are denoted by "TFS" (too few students). See the <u>Supportive Learning Environment webinar</u> for additional information and guidance.

Instruction Standard 1 - Provides a supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning		
1. Exemplary	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident throughout the school.	
	Students consistently stay on-task and take responsibility for their own actions.	
2. Operational	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident in most classrooms.	\checkmark
3. Emerging	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident in some classrooms.	
4. Not Evident	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident in few, if any, classrooms.	

Instruction Standard 2 - Creates an academically challenging learning environment		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all teachers create an academically challenging, learning environment (e.g., higher-order thinking skills and processes, active student engagement, relevance, collaboration). Students consistently work independently and in teams to solve real-world problems that require advanced effort, decision-making, and critical and creative thinking.	
2. Operational	Most teachers create an academically challenging, learning environment (e.g., higher-order thinking skills and processes, active student engagement, relevance, collaboration).	~
3. Emerging	Some teachers create an academically challenging learning environment.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, teachers create an academically challenging learning environment.	

Instruction Standard 8	Instruction Standard 8 -Establishes a learning environment that empowers students to actively monitor their own progres		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all students use tools (e.g., rubrics, checklists, exemplars) to actively monitor their own progress. Nearly all students develop a sense of personal responsibility and accountability by engaging in record keeping, self-monitoring, sharing, exhibiting, and self-reflection.		
2. Operational	Most students use tools (e.g., rubrics, checklists, exemplars) to actively monitor their own progress.		
3. Emerging	Some students use tools to actively monitor their own progress.	\checkmark	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, students use tools to actively monitor their own progress.		

	School Culture Standard 1 -Develops, communicates, and implements rules, practices, and procedures to maintain a safe, orderly learning environment		
1. Exemplary	Rules, practices, and procedures that maintain a safe, orderly learning environment are proactively developed, communicated, and consistently implemented across the school. These rules, practices, and procedures are continually monitored and revised as needed.		
2. Operational	Rules, practices, and procedures that maintain a safe, orderly learning environment are developed, communicated, and implemented.	√	
3. Emerging Rules, practices, and procedures are developed and communicated but are ineffective or inconsistently implemented across the school.			
4. Not Evident	Rules, practices, and procedures that maintain a safe, orderly, learning environment are not developed nor updated or are poorly communicated.		

School Culture Standard 2 -Establishes a culture of trust and respect that promotes positive interactions and a sense community		
1. Exemplary	 Extensive evidence (e.g., positive and respectful interactions, appreciation of diversity, tolerance, understanding) exists that a culture of trust and respect has been established. A pervasive commitment to promoting positive interactions and a sense of community is evident. 	
2. Operational	 Evidence (e.g., positive and respectful interactions, appreciation of diversity, tolerance, understanding) exists that a culture of trust and respect has been established. A sustained commitment to promoting positive interactions and a sense of community is evident. 	√
3. Emerging	Some evidence exists that a culture of trust and respect has been established.A limited commitment to promoting positive interactions and a sense of community is evident.	
4. Not Evident	Little or no evidence exists that a culture of trust and respect has been established.Unresolved conflicts interfere with a sense of community.	

School Culture Standar	School Culture Standard 3 - Establishes a culture that supports the college and career readiness of students	
1. Exemplary	 Extensive evidence (e.g., advisement, career counseling, transition coaching, high expectations) exists that the beliefs and practices of the school support the college and career readiness of students. The school culture supports addressing individual achievement needs and strengths to 	
2. Operational	prepare students for success. Evidence (e.g., advisement, career counseling, transition coaching, high expectations)	√
-	exists that the beliefs and practices of the school support the college and career readiness of students.	
3. Emerging	Some evidence exists that the school supports the college and career readiness of students.	
4. Not Evident	Little or no evidence exists that the school supports the college and career readiness of students.	

School Culture Standard	1 4 -Supports the personal growth and development of students	
1. Exemplary	The school staff consistently provides a comprehensive system of support (e.g., counseling, mentoring, advisement, coaching, goal setting, time management, problem solving) to maximize the personal growth and development of nearly all students.	
2. Operational	The school staff regularly provides support (e.g., counseling, mentoring, advisement, coaching, goal setting, time management, problem solving) to enhance the personal growth and development of students.	√
3. Emerging	The school staff sporadically supports the personal growth and development of students.	
4. Not Evident	The school staff does little to support the personal growth and development of students.	
School Culture Standard	15 -Recognizes and celebrates achievements and accomplishments of students and staff	
1. Exemplary	The school community consistently recognizes and celebrates the achievements and accomplishments of students and staff. The celebrations are publicized within the school and to the community and support	
	the culture of the school.	
2. Operational	The school community regularly recognizes and celebrates the achievements and accomplishments of students and staff.	\checkmark
3. Emerging	The school community periodically recognizes or celebrates the achievements or accomplishments of students and/or staff.	
4. Not Evident	The school community rarely, if ever, recognizes or celebrates the achievements or accomplishments of students or staff.	

e e	Planning and Organization Standard 1 -Shares a common vision and mission that define the school culture and guide the continuous improvement process		
1. Exemplary	 A common vision and mission have been collaboratively developed and communicated to nearly all stakeholders. The culture of the school has been deeply defined over time by the vision and mission, which are updated as needed. The daily work and practices of staff consistently demonstrate a sustained 		
	commitment to continuous improvement.		
2. Operational	A common vision and mission have been developed through a collaborative process and communicated to most stakeholders.	√	
	The vision and mission define the culture of the school and guide the continuous improvement process.		
3. Emerging	A common vision and mission have been developed by some staff members but have not been effectively communicated so that they guide the continuous improvement process.		
4. Not Evident	A common vision and mission have not been developed or updated or have been developed by a few staff members.		

2. DATA COLLECTION ANALYSIS

2.6 Data Analysis Questions

Analyze the LEA's data and answer the guiding questions to determine existing trends and patterns that support the identification of demographic and financial needs. Student subgroups with a count of less than 15 are denoted by "TFS" (too few students).

What perception data did you use?	Parent, student, and teacher climate surveys
[examples: student perceptions about school	TKES observations
climate issues (health survey, violence,	Observations
prejudice, blying, etc.); student/parent	Faculty, Leadership, and Professional Learning Community (PLC) meeting
perceptions about the effectiveness of	agendas and minutes
programs or interventions; student	
understanding of relationship of school to	
career or has an academic plan]	

What does the perception data tell you?	The perception data utilized for this CNA yielded areas of strengths and
(perception data can describe people's	weaknesses in TAPS operations. Overall, TAPS averaged Operational scores.
knowledge, attitudes, beliefs, perceptions,	These scores show that the school's administration, faculty, staff, students,
competencies; perception data can also	parents, and the community are satisfied with the school. In the rare occasions
answer the question "What do people think	where TAPS stakeholders rated the school as emerging, these ratings were a
they know, believe, or can do?")	result of circumstances beyond the control of the school leaders. For example,
	lack of funding affects the school's ability to hire additional teachers, which
	could assist in Emerging areas such as shared planning time.

What process data did you use? (examples:	TAPS utilizes standardized test scores, budgets, demographics (including
student participation in school activities,	special populations), and other GaDOE data.
sports, clubs, arts; student participation in	
special programs such as peer mediation,	
counseling, skills conferences;	
parent/student participation in events such	
as college information meetings and parent	
workshops)	

What does the process data tell you?	The utilized process data reveals to TAPS administration that the number of
(process data describes the way programs are	1
conducted; provides evidence of participant	the external factors controlling the operations of the school. Budgetary
involvement in programs; answers the	concerns and demographic makeup of the County are often hindering factors
question "What did you do for whom?")	in the school's operations. Telfair County is a high poverty community,
	affecting all types of process data and sometimes making it difficult to provide
	additional support to all stakeholders.

What achievement data did you use?	GaDOE standardized test (EOC and EOPA) scores, benchmark data
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What does your achievement data tell you?	At the local level, TAPS students perform fairly well on classroom benchmark
what does your achievement data ten you:	
	tests. Individual teachers use benchmark data to measure students' knowledge
	of the covered standards in all academic classes. Once data is collected,
	teachers analyze the results to measure their own effectiveness covering the
	standards and students' understanding of the covered material. From those
	analyses, teachers are able to remediate, continue teaching standards, or
	accelerate learning. Furthermore, standardized testing provides another
	avenue for measuring teacher effectiveness and student understanding of
	covered standards. The most recent testing has shown an area for
	improvement in Science with our Special Education students. These scores
	found to be in the bottom 5% of scores across the state. This will be an area of
	concentration for improvement in the upcoming school year.

What demographic data did you use?	Graduation rate, standardized test scores (EOC and SAT scores
	disaggregation), student demographics, teacher retention, attendance, student
	mobility rate, drop out rate, and pathway completers.

What does the demographic data tell you?	The demographic data tell us that Telfair Alternative Preparation School's 20 students are comprised of the following:		
		Male	Female
	Black	5	6
	White	6	2
	Hispanic	1	
	6th grade	0	0
	7th grade	1	1
	8th Grade	1	0
	9th Grade	5	3
	10th Grade	1	1
	11th Grade	3	0
	12th Grade	1	3

3. NEEDS IDENTIFICATION AND ROOT CAUSE ANALYSIS

3.1 Strengths and Challenges Based on Trends and Patterns

Read the trends and patterns summaries from each section of the data analysis process. Use the information in these summaries to complete 3.2 and 3.3. Using the summaries in 3.1 and other local data, describe the strengths and challenges or answer the guiding questions for each program. Include strengths and challenges related to: a) general program implementation, and b) students and adults involved in or affected by the program. Focus on strengths and challenges that will assist in the identification of needs during 3.2. Watch the <u>Identifying Need webinar</u> for additional information and guidance.

Strengths and Challenges Based on Trends and Patterns

Coherent Instructional:Summarize the	At TAPS, the administration, faculty, and staff are focused on continuous
coherent instructional system trends and	improvement of our instructional system. Currently, we have a solid system of
patterns observed by the team while	requiring our teachers to plan standards-based and research-based lessons and
completing this section of the report. What	analyze data to improve student growth. Through observation feedback and
are the important trends and patterns that	reflection time in Professional Learning Community meetings, teachers
will support the identification of student,	analyze their practices and student data in order to improve the overall
teacher, and leader needs?	instructional system. However, throughout the CNA process, the team
	identified areas of weakness where further professional learning is needed in
	developing units and teaching close reading, as was evident in student
	performance on assessments. Another need for our small school system is
	assistance in hiring more teachers. The TAPS administration and department
	chairs will assist teachers with activities to aid the process of developing
	standards-aligned and close-reading focused units and lesson plans.

Effective Leadership:Summarize the	TAPS leadership operates effectively in their pursuit to achieve excellence. All
effective leadership trends and patterns	systems, structures, and processes operate with the school's mission of
observed by the team while completing this	preparing students to be productive members of society by fostering a caring
section of the report. What are the	environment with meaningful experiences and high expectations for all.
important trends and patterns that will	Leaders are present daily throughout the school and in classrooms to observe
support the identification of student,	these processes to ensure effective operations are occurring. These
teacher, and leader needs?	observations and continual contact with entities and individuals, both formal
	and informal, that are stakeholders in the school organization provide the
	information leaders need to continue to provide students with a climate for
	high achievement.

Professional Capacity:Summarize the	TAPS employs highly certified, well-trained individuals to meet the needs of its
professional capacity trends and patterns	student population. Although the school sometimes has difficulty recruiting
observed by the team while completing this	and retaining employees because of its location and demographics, those who
section of the report. What are the	are hired by the TCSS are continually monitored for their effectiveness and
important trends and patterns that will	assisted with areas of need. Student data, teacher data, and leadership data are
support the identification of student,	all analyzed throughout the year to maintain the effectiveness of TAPS
teacher, and leader needs?	operations. Strengths are acknowledged and shared while weaknesses are
	addressed through professional learning.

Strengths and Challenges Based on Trends and Patterns

Family and Community	50% of parents returned the Parent Survey this year, compared to 54% last
Engagement: Summarize the family and	year. 62 % of those parents said that they use the parent portal of Power
community engagement trends and patterns	School, where only 60% used it last year. 85 % of the parents surveyed said that
observed by the team while completing this	they communicate regularly with their child's teachers whereas last year only
section of the report. What are the	48% of the parents said this. This showed a marked improvement for our
important trends and patterns that will	engagement with parents where student academic learning is concerned.
support the identification of student,	When parents were asked if they looked at their child's agenda on a regular
teacher, and leader needs?	basis, we had 51% of parents to say that they did. Last year this was only 21%.
	Our numbers for parents attending Academic Night programs and Lunch and
	Learn programs were much lower than we would like to see. There could be a
	number of reasons for this: time; conflicting schedules, etc. This is an area that
	we would like to see improve for students and parents.

Supportive Learning	Most students at TAPS are well-managed and are provided with a supportive
Environment:Summarize the supportive	environment that is conducive to learning. In addition, the school attempts to
learning environment trends and patterns	ensure a positive culture where rules, practices, and procedures are developed,
observed by the team while completing this	communicated, and implemented to maintain an orderly and safe
section of the report. What are the	environment. There is also evidence of a culture of trust and respect among
important trends and patterns that will	teachers and students that supports personal growth and development and
support the identification of student,	recognizes their achievements and accomplishments. A common
teacher, and leader needs?	vision/mission is shared among students and staff that guides school
	improvement. Student, personnel, and parent surveys indicate that overall,
	stakeholder needs are being met.

Demographic and Financial:Summarize the	The percentage of economically disadvantaged students is much higher than
demographic and financial trends and	the state average. This, along with the high unemployment rate, high poverty
patterns observed by the team while	rate, and low median household income of Telfair County, tends to contribute
completing this section of the report. What	to low parent involvement and student apathy.
are the important trends and patterns that	
will support the identification of student,	
teacher, and leader needs?	

Student Achievement:Summarize the	Comparing Beginning, Developing, Proficient, and Distinguished Learner
student achievement trends and patterns	levels across the last three years of testing (2016-2018), performance remained
observed by the team while completing this	mostly constant across student groups in all subjects.
section of the report. What are the	
important trends and patterns that will	
support the identification of student,	
teacher, and leader needs?	

NEEDS IDENTIFICATION AND ROOT CAUSE ANALYSIS

IDEA - Special Education, Economically Disadvantaged Children, and English Learners.

Using the summaries in 3.1 and other local data, describe the strengths and challenges or answer the guiding questions for each program. Include strengths and challenges related to: a) general program implementation, and b) students and adults involved in or affected by the program. Focus on strengths and challenges that will assist in the identification of needs during 3.3. Watch the <u>Identifying Need webinar</u> for additional information and guidance.

Strengths	Highly Qualified staff

Challenges	Title I School
	Parent and Family Engagement
	Student Motivation

3. NEEDS IDENTIFICATION AND ROOT CAUSE ANALYSIS

3.2 Identification and Prioritization of Overarching Needs

Use the results of 3.1 to identify the overarching needs of the LEA. Determine the priority order of the identified needs based on data, team member and stakeholder knowledge, and answers to questions in the table below. Be sure to address the major program challenges identified in 3.1. Watch the <u>Identifying Need webinar</u> for additional information and guidance.

Overarching Need # 1

Overarching Need	Improve student academic proficiency
How severe is the need?	High
Is the need trending better or worse over time?	Unknown
Can Root Causes be Identified?	Yes
Priority Order	1

Additional Considerations	We have inconsistent data for the last 18 months.
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Overarching Need # 2

Overarching Need	Improve practices to effectively meet the needs of all students.
How severe is the need?	High
Is the need trending better or worse over time?	Worse
Can Root Causes be Identified?	Yes
Priority Order	2

Additional Considerations	Increased collaboration with home schools will better meet the needs of our students.
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3. NEEDS IDENTIFICATION AND ROOT CAUSE ANALYSIS

3.3 Root Cause Analysis

Select the top 2-4 overarching needs from 3.2. Conduct a separate root cause analysis (RCA) for each need. Any RCA tools and resources can be used, but suggestions are available as part of the <u>Identifying Need webinar</u>. After describing the RCA process, complete a table for each selected overarching need.

Overarching Need - Improve student academic proficiency

Root Cause # 1

Root Causes to be Addressed	Inadequate prerequisite skills in multiple academic areas.
This is a root cause and not a	Yes
contributing cause or symptom	
This is something we can affect	Yes
Impacted Programs	IDEA - Special Education
	School and District Effectiveness
	Title I - Part A - Improving Academic Achievement of Disadvantaged
	Title I, Part A - Foster Care Program
	Title I, Part A - Parent and Family Engagement Program
	Title I, Part C - Education of Migratory Children
	Title I, Part D - Programs for Neglected or Delinquent Children
	Title II, Part A, Preparing, Training and Recruiting High-Quality Teachers, Principals and
	other School Leaders
	Title III - Language Instruction for English Learners and Immigrant Students
	Title IX, Part A - McKinney-Vento Education for Homeless Children and Youth Program
	Title IV, Part A - Student Support and Academic Enrichment

Additional Responses	This was amplified by COVID 19 time away from face to face instruction.	

Overarching Need - Improve practices to effectively meet the needs of all students.

Root Cause # 1

Root Cause # 1

Root Causes to be Addressed	Increased need for resources to support instruction and combat learning loss
This is a root cause and not a	Yes
contributing cause or symptom	
This is something we can affect	Yes
Impacted Programs	IDEA - Special Education
	School and District Effectiveness
	Title I - Part A - Improving Academic Achievement of Disadvantaged
	Title I, Part A - Foster Care Program
	Title I, Part A - Parent and Family Engagement Program
	Title I, Part C - Education of Migratory Children
	Title I, Part D - Programs for Neglected or Delinquent Children
	Title II, Part A, Preparing, Training and Recruiting High-Quality Teachers, Principals and
	other School Leaders
	Title III - Language Instruction for English Learners and Immigrant Students
	Title IX, Part A - McKinney-Vento Education for Homeless Children and Youth Program
	Title IV, Part A - Student Support and Academic Enrichment
	Others :

	Additional Responses	
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School Improvement Plan 2021 - 2022



Telfair County Telfair Alternative Preparation School

SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

1 General Improvement Plan Information

General Improvement Plan Information

District	Telfair County
School Name	Telfair Alternative Preparation School
Team Lead	Patrick DeLoach

Fede	deral Funding Options to Be Employed (SWP Schools) in this Plan (Select all that apply)	
\checkmark	✓ Traditional funding (all Federal funds budgeted separately)	
	Consolidated funds (state/local and federal funds consolidated) - Cohort systems ONLY	
	'FUND 400' - Consolidation of Federal funds only	

Fact	Factors(s) Used by District to Identify Students in Poverty (Select all that apply)	
	Free/Reduced meal application	
\checkmark	✓ Community Eligibility Program (CEP) - Direct Certification ONLY	
	Other (if selected, please describe below)	

2. SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT GOALS

2.1 Overarching Need # 1

Overarching Need

Overarching Need as identified in	Improve student academic proficiency
CNA Section 3.2	
Root Cause # 1	Inadequate prerequisite skills in multiple academic areas.
Goal	By the end of 2020*2021, the percentage of ALL students in the Beginning Learner level for
	Language Arts and Math on the Georgia Milestones Assessment/EOC will be no more
	than 30%.

Action Step	TAPS will implement "TAPS READS", which will designate the first 20 minutes of each
-	school day as individual reading time in an effort to improve reading skills.
Funding Sources	N/A
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless
	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
Systems	Coherent Instruction
	Effective Leadership
	Family and Community Engagement
	Supportive Learning Environment
Method for Monitoring	Student Lexile Scores
Implementation and Effectiveness	
Position/Role Responsible	Teachers and Administration
Timeline for Implementation	Others : Daily

What partnerships, if any, with
IHEs, business, Non-Profits,
Community based organizations,
or any private entity with a
demonstrated record of success is
the LEA implementing in carrying
out this action step(s)?

Action Step	TAPS will provide part-time tutors to assist and support students as needed in ELA and Math courses. TAPS will hire paraprofessional(s) to support student learning
Funding Sources	Consolidated Funding
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless
	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
Systems	Coherent Instruction
	Family and Community Engagement
	Supportive Learning Environment
Method for Monitoring	GMAS/EOC scores.
Implementation and Effectiveness	
Position/Role Responsible	ELA and Math Teachers
Timeline for Implementation	Weekly

What partnerships, if any, with
IHEs, business, Non-Profits,
Community based organizations,
or any private entity with a
demonstrated record of success is
the LEA implementing in carrying
out this action step(s)?

2. SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT GOALS

2.2 Overarching Need # 2

Overarching Need

Overarching Need as identified in	Improve practices to effectively meet the needs of all students.
CNA Section 3.2	
Root Cause # 1	Increased need for resources to support instruction and combat learning loss
Goal	Provide a safe and secure learning environment and a well-rounded education for all
	students as measured by the School Climate Rating, Stakeholder Survey Results, and the
	GA Student Health Survey.

Action Step	School Resource officer and Paraprofessionals will be employed to further support the
	instructional process, provide more supervision of students for safer learning
	environment, and also to monitor student attendance.
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless
	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
	N/A
Systems	Coherent Instruction
	Professional Capacity
	Family and Community Engagement
	Supportive Learning Environment
Method for Monitoring	Surveys and evaluations
Implementation and Effectiveness	
Position/Role Responsible	Principal and School Social worker
Timeline for Implementation	Yearly

Action Step # 1

What partnerships, if any, with
IHEs, business, Non-Profits,
Community based organizations,
or any private entity with a
demonstrated record of success is
the LEA implementing in carrying
out this action step(s)?

Action Step	Supplemental resources, classroom supplies, and computer software and devices will be acquired to
	further support teaching and learning.
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A
	Title V, Part B
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless
	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
Systems	Coherent Instruction
	Supportive Learning Environment
Method for Monitoring	Surveys and evaluations
Implementation and Effectiveness	
Position/Role Responsible	Principal and School Social worker
Timeline for Implementation	Yearly

What partnerships, if any, with
IHEs, business, Non-Profits,
Community based organizations,
or any private entity with a
demonstrated record of success is
the LEA implementing in carrying
out this action step(s)?

Action Step	ESOL and Migrant tutors will be utilized to support those subgroups.
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A
	Title III, Part A
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless
	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
Systems	Coherent Instruction
	Family and Community Engagement
	Supportive Learning Environment
Method for Monitoring	Surveys and Evaluations
Implementation and Effectiveness	
Position/Role Responsible	Principal and Schools Social worker
Timeline for Implementation	Yearly

What partnerships, if any, with
IHEs, business, Non-Profits,
Community based organizations,
or any private entity with a
demonstrated record of success is
the LEA implementing in carrying
out this action step(s)?

3. REQUIRED QUESTIONS

3.1 Stakeholders, Serving Children, PQ

Required Questions

1 In developing this plan, briefly describe	All instructional personnel at TAPS were included in the completion of the
how the school sought advice from	current Comprehensive Needs Assessment and development of the School
individuals (teachers, staff, other school	Improvement Plan. Furthermore, we included our Parent Advisory
leaders, paraprofessionals, specialized	Committee, School Council, and Leadership Team in the final analysis of the
instructional support personnel, parents,	CNA and SIP. Stakeholders were provided opportunities in multiple meetings
community partners, and other	to comment and make suggestions about the CNA and the SIP.
stakeholders) was accomplished.	

2 Describe how the school will ensure that	School and district leaders collaborate to ensure that all children are taught by
low-income and minority children enrolled	teachers who are effective, in-field, and have access to quality professional
in the Title I school are not served at	learning. System-level and school administrators constantly analyze the quality
disproportionate rates by ineffective,	of their staff. Plans are created for teachers who need to improve, and mentors
out-of-field, or inexperienced teachers.	are assigned to teachers during their first three years of teaching. To ensure
	that no children are served at disproportionate rates by ineffective,
	out-of-field, or inexperienced teachers, a three-tiered method, including
	teacher evaluation program, student performance data, and failure rate, will be
	used to determine a teacher's effectiveness. The first tier will be based on the
	teacher's satisfactory performance as determined by the Teacher Keys
	Effectiveness System. The second method will be based on the teacher's ability
	to positively impact student achievement based on benchmark assessments
	and standardized test results. The expectation is that the subgroups within a
	class will meet or exceed the targets set forth by the system and state. The third
	tier will be based on the failure rate associated with individual teachers as
	compared to that of their peers. The expectation is that the instructor's failure
	rate will not exceed the average of the grade or like subject. A teacher will be
	considered effective if two of the three determinants are met successfully.
	Students previously taught by an ineffective teacher will only be assigned to
	teachers measured as effective.

3 Provide a general description of the Title I	All student progress is monitored through class grades, benchmarks, and
instructional program being implemented at	GMAS/EOC scores. When a student is deemed to be "at-risk" due to
this Title I School. Specifically define the	inadequate progress in math or language arts, student-specific interventions
subject areas to be addressed and the	are instituted in those classrooms to help the student make adequate progress
instructional strategies/methodologies to be	in those subject areas. If the student continues to fall behind grade level/course
employed to address the identified needs of	work expectations in math and/or language arts, he/she receives
the most academically at-risk students in the	subject-specific interventions 2 days per week for 30 minutes each day in a
school. Please include services to be	resource classroom during the exploratory period. If there is still no
provided for students living in local	improvement or successful progress, the rate of interventions increases to 4
institutions for neglected or delinquent	days per week for 30 minutes each day. The next step in support for "at-risk"
children (if applicable).	students is to be recommended for an educational screening and possible full
	psychological assessment to see if the student may have a disability that

prohibits learning in the traditional classroom setting.

4 If applicable, provide a description of how	n/a
teachers, in constation with parents,	
administrators, and pupil services personnel,	
will identify eligible children most in need of	
services in Title I targeted assistance	
schools/programs. Please include a	
description of how the school will develop	
and implement mtiple (a minimum of 2)	
objective, academic-based performance	
criteria to rank students for service. Also	
include a description of the measurable scale	
(point system) that uses the objective criteria	
to rank all students.	

3. REQUIRED QUESTIONS

3.2 PQ, Federally Identified Schools, CTAE, Discipline

Required Questions

5 If applicable, describe how the school will	N/A
support, coordinate, and integrate services	
with early childhood programs at the school	
level, including strategies for assisting	
preschool children in the transition from	
early childhood education programs to local	
elementary school programs.	

6 If applicable, describe how the school will	Because Telfair County is a small community, its schools easily and often
implement strategies to facilitate effective	communicate with one another to help students transition from each school to
transitions for students from middle grades	another and finally into the community. For example, TCMS, TCHS, and
to high school and from high school to	TAPS participate in vertical alignment meetings twice per school year. At these
postsecondary education including:	meetings, subject level teachers of grades preparing students for transition (i.e.,
Coordination with institutions of higher	8th grade in TCMS and 9th grade in TCHS) meet to ensure that their
education, employers, and local partners;	instruction is aligned for their subject area. These meetings are necessary for
and	ensuring streamlined education in the school system. Furthermore, TCHS
Increased student access to early college,	provides students with a 9th Grade Orientation each year, where 8th grade
high school, or dual or concurrent	students and parents are invited to an assembly where they are given
enrollment opportunities or career	information that is necessary to success in high school. At TCHS, students are
counseling to identify student interest and	given opportunities to participate in Move on When Ready to earn
skills.	postsecondary credit through dual enrollment. Several core classes are offered
	on campus, but students also have the opportunity to take classes at a variety of
	post-secondary institutions to earn college and high school credit.

7 Describe how the school will support	TAPS has a clear, specific discipline plan for various offenses. The discipline
efforts to reduce the overuse of discipline	practices are outlined in the TAPS Student Handbook and Code of Conduct.
practices that remove students from the	The punishments, such as break or lunch detention, Saturday School, and
classroom, specifically addressing the effects	In-School Suspension, are designed to minimize a student's time spent outside
on all subgroups of students.	the classroom as to not impose upon instructional time. All students' offenses
	are reviewed individually, and discipline is consistent and fair for all students.

ADDITIONAL RESPONSES

ADDITIONAL RESPONSES

8 Use the space below to provide additional	A copy of the TAPS schoolwide plan is posted on the school website. Paper
narrative regarding the school's	copies are also available in the principal's office of the school as well as in the
improvement plan	Title I Director's office at the Board of Education. A copy is provided to all staff members, school council and parent advisory council members, and any person who attends the annual Title I meeting. A copy of the plan will be readily available for parents and other stakeholders upon request. The information contained in the plan shall be in an understandable and uniform format, and, to the extent practicable, provided in a language that the parents can understand. The Parent and Family Engagement Coordinator for the school system is fluent in Spanish, and she is available to the school for
	interpretation and translation of documents. Currently, English is the primary language of the majority of students, parents, and staff. Spanish is the only other language spoken by TAPS students and their families.
	Effective parent engagement activities for EL parents include: - "Helping Children/Students Learn" newsletters from the Parent Institute are distributed at each school in English and Spanish. Copies are also available in the Parent Resource Center.
	- Parent Institute web content which includes tips and resources for parents is available in English and Spanish.
	 A virtual ESOL and migrant academic night will be held. The Parent and Family Engagement Coordinator speaks Spanish. She is available to interpret at parent activities and meetings. Parents can call directly to her office and receive help in Spanish.
	 Enrollment packets and important information is available in Spanish. Parents receive information on how to monitor their child's progress using PowerSchool Parent. Assistance is available for English and Spanish-speaking parents who request help with initial set-up and usage.
	The evaluation of the TAPS schoolwide improvement plan will be done annually. Data will be collected, reviewed, and analyzed frequently throughout the year. The schoolwide improvement plan will be reviewed and discussed during monthly leadership team meetings and quarterly school council meetings and Parent Advisory Council meetings. The leadership team and
	other stakeholders will conduct a comprehensive needs assessment in the spring of each year, which will include analysis of data, progress toward meeting goals, and effectiveness of the schoolwide improvement plan. The plan will be updated and revised based on results of the needs assessment.