# CANANDAIGUA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

#### **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

For Year Ended June 30, 2021



Certified Public Accountants

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Education Canandaigua City School District, New York

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Canandaigua City School District, New York, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Canandaigua City School District, New York, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of funding progress postemployment benefit plan, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, schedule of District contributions, and budgetary comparison information on pages 4–13 and 51–55 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

As described in Note II to the financial statements, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. As a result, the beginning net position has been restated. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Canandaigua City School District, New York's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplemental information as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by the Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying supplemental information as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by the Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplemental information as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by the Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as awhole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 13, 2021 on our consideration of the Canandaigua City School District, New York's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Canandaigua City School District, New York's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mongel, Metzger, Barr & Co. LLP

Rochester, New York October 13, 2021

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#### Canandaigua City School District

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

#### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

The following is a discussion and analysis of the School District's financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. This section is a summary of the School District's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, and/or conditions. It is also based on both the government-wide and fund-based financial statements. The results of the current year are discussed in comparison with the prior year, with an emphasis placed on the current year. This section is only an introduction and should be read in conjunction with the School District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

#### **Financial Highlights**

At the close of the fiscal year, the total liabilities plus deferred inflows (what the district owes) exceeded its total assets plus deferred outflows (what the district owns) by (\$8,545,603) (net position) an increase of \$2,702,182 from the prior year. Of this amount net investment in capital assets increased \$4,356,822, restricted funds increased \$1,292,488, and unrestricted funds decreased \$8,351,492.

General revenues which include Federal and State Aid, Real Property Taxes, Investment Earnings, Compensation for Loss, and Miscellaneous accounted for \$76,954,313 or 96% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of Charges for Services, Operating Grants and Contributions, and Capital Grants and Contributions accounted for \$3,092,654 or 4% of total revenues.

As of the close of the fiscal year, the School District's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$37,445,122 an increase of \$1,151,822 in comparison with the prior year.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the School District's basic financial statements. The School District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains individual fund statements and schedules in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the School District's assets plus deferred outflow of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflow of resources, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School District is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The *governmental* activities of the School District include instruction, pupil transportation, cost of food sales, general administrative support, community service, and interest on long-term debt.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on the pages immediately following this section as the first two pages of the basic financial statements.

#### Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. All of the funds of the School District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the School District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The School District maintains six individual governmental funds; General Fund, Special Aid Fund, School Lunch Fund, Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund, Debt Service Fund and Capital Projects Fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the general fund and the capital projects fund which are reported as major funds. Data for the school lunch fund, the debt service fund, the miscellaneous special revenue fund, and the special aid fund are aggregated into a single column and reported as non-major funds.

The School District adopts and voters approve an annual budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund within the basic financial statements to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The *Fiduciary Funds* are used to account for assets held by the School District in an agency capacity which accounts for assets held by the School District on behalf of others. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of these funds are *not* available to support the School District's programs.

The financial statements for the governmental and fiduciary funds can be found in the basic financial statement section of this report.

	Major Feature of the District-Wide and Fund Financial Statements					
	Government-Wide	nncial Statements				
	Statements	Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds			
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the School District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education and building maintenance	Instances in which the School District administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as scholarship programs and student activities monies			
Required financial statements	Statement of net position Statement of activities	Balance sheet Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance	Statement of fiduciary net position statement of changes in fiduciary net position			
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus			
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally, assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets and liabilities, both short- term and long-term; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can.			
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid			

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found following the basic financial statement section of this report.

#### **Government-Wide Statements**

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all the School District's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how they have changed. Net position, the difference between the District's assets plus deferred outflow of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflow of resources, is one way to measure the District's financial health or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively. Additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of the school buildings and facilities must also be considered to assess the District's overall health.

All of the District's services are reported in the government-wide financial statements as governmental activities. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation and administration. Property taxes, federal and state aid, and investment earnings finance most of these activities.

#### Financial Analysis of the School District As a Whole

#### **Net Position**

The District's combined net position were smaller on June 30, 2021, than they were the year before, decreasing to (\$8,545,603) as shown in table below.

ASSETS: Current and Other Assets Capital Assets Total Assets	Governmental	Governmental	Total Variance \$ (845,936)
<b>DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:</b> Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 49,130,659	\$ 39.356.924	\$ 9,773,735
LIABILITIES: Long-Term Debt Obligations Other Liabilities Total Liabilities	\$ 133,985,400 6,753,348 <b>\$ 140,738,748</b>	\$ 156,351,321 4,799,899 <b>\$ 161,151,220</b>	\$ (22,365,921) 1,953,449 <b>\$ (20,412,472)</b>
<b>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:</b> Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 41.967.093	\$ 8.805.175	\$ 33,161,918
NET POSITION: Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted For,	\$ 59,431,383	\$ 55,074,561	\$ 4,356,822
Capital Projects Retirement Contribution Reserve Capital Reserve	7,750,837 4,307,649 12,825,853	11,370,252 4,301,047 8,680,855	(3,619,415) 6,602 4,144,998
Other Purposes Unrestricted Total Net Position	7,413,515 (100,274,840) \$ (8,545,603)	6,653,212 (91,923,348) \$ (5.843,421)	760,303 (8,351,492) \$ (2,702,182)

The District's financial position is the product of many factors.

By far, the largest component of the School District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The School District uses these capital assets to provide services to the students and consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the School District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

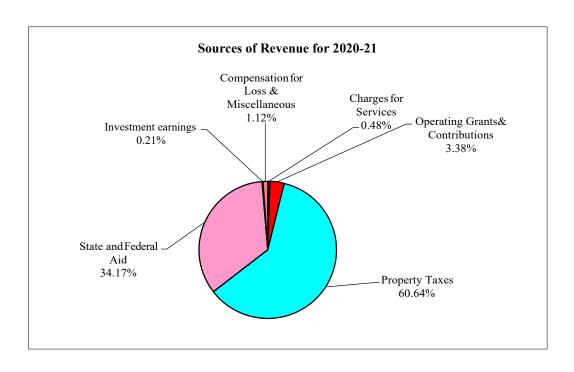
There are four restricted net asset balances Capital Projects, Retirement Contribution Reserve, Capital Reserves, and Other Purposes. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position was a deficit of (\$100,274,840).

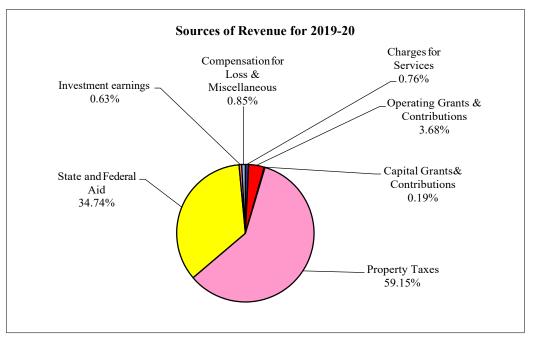
#### **Changes in Net Position**

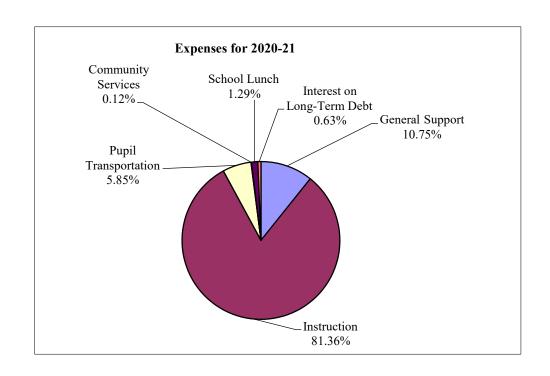
The District's total revenue decreased to \$80,046,967. State and federal aid 34% and property taxes 61% accounted for most of the District's revenue. The remaining 5% of the revenue comes from operating grants, capital grants, charges for services, use of money and property, compensation for loss, and miscellaneous revenues.

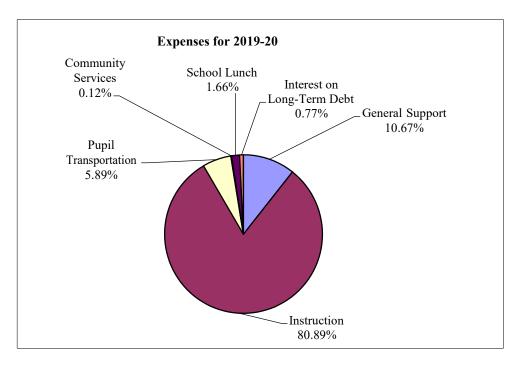
The total cost of all the programs and services decreased 3% to \$82,759,149. The District's expenses are predominately related to education and caring for the students (instruction) 81%. General support which included expenses associated with the operation, maintenance and administration of the District accounted for 11% of the total costs. See table below:

	Governmen 2021	Total <u>Variance</u>		
REVENUES:				
Program -	<b>4 2</b> 04.000	ф. с11 0.1 <b>3</b>	Φ (22 ( 0.52)	
Charges for Service	\$ 384,990	\$ 611,043	\$ (226,053)	
Operating Grants & Contributions	2,707,664	2,949,269	(241,605)	
Capital Grants & Contributions	\$ 2,002,654	154,834	(154,834)	
Total Program	\$ 3,092,654	\$ 3,715,146	\$ (622,492)	
General -	¢ 40.542.007	e 47.260.007	¢ 1.174.010	
Property Taxes State and Federal Aid	\$ 48,542,997	\$ 47,368,987	\$ 1,174,010	
	27,348,311 167,723	27,819,903	(471,592)	
Investment Earnings Compensation for Loss	57,011	507,133 98,927	(339,410) (41,916)	
Miscellaneous	838,271	573,906	<u>264,365</u>	
Total General	\$ 76,954,313	\$ 76,368,856	\$ 585,457	
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 80.046.967	\$ 80.084.002	\$ (37.035)	
	5 00.0-10.507	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
SPECIAL ITEM:	40.000		40.000	
Advance Refunding	<u>\$ 10.000</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u> <u>10.000</u>	
EXPENSES:				
General Support	\$ 8,896,851	\$ 9,116,057	\$ (219,206)	
Instruction	67,335,935	68,675,316	(1,339,381)	
Pupil Transportation	4,837,608	5,032,061	(194,453)	
Community Services	97,781	105,615	(7,834)	
School Lunch	1,065,549	1,421,875	(356,326)	
Interest	525,425	661,535	(136,110)	
TOTAL EXPENSES	<u>\$ 82,759,149</u>	<u>\$ 85.012.459</u>	<u>\$ (2.253.310)</u>	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$ (2,702,182)	\$ (4,928,457)		
NET POSITION, BEGINNING				
OF YEAR (restated)	(5,843,421)	(914,964)		
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ (8.545.603)	<u>\$ (5.843.421)</u>		









#### Financial Analysis of the School District's Funds

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$37,445,122 which is more than last year's ending fund balance of \$36,293,300.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the current year, the total fund balance of the General Fund was \$29,068,506. Fund balance for the General Fund increased by \$4,685,931 compared with the prior year. See table below:

General Fund Balances:	2021	2020	Total Variance
Nonspendable	\$ 1,785,210	\$ 1,782,345	\$ 2,865
Restricted	23,941,869	19,110,521	4,831,348
Assigned	168,224	381,603	(213,379)
Unassigned	 3,173,203	 3,108,106	 65,097
<b>Total General Fund Balances</b>	\$ 29,068,506	\$ 24,382,575	\$ 4,685,931

The District appropriated funds from the following reserves for the 2021-22 budget:

		<b>Total</b>
Unemployment Costs	\$	100,000
Retirement Contribution		317,187
Workers' Compensation		343,000
Tax Certiorari		50,000
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability		100,000
Total	_\$	910.187

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The difference between the original budget and the final amended budget was \$1,093,029. This change is attributable to \$92,025 for carry over encumbrances from the prior year, \$2,789 for CARES Act funding, \$14,715 for donations, \$500 for School Library of the Year Award, and \$983,000 for bus purchases.

The key factors for budget variances in the general fund are listed below along with explanations for each.

	Budget Variance Original Vs.	
<b>Expenditure Items:</b>	Amended	Explanation for Budget Variance
		The variance is a result of voter approved purchase of buses and additional funding needed to cover larger
Transfers-Out	\$1,223,000	than anticipated deficit in the school lunch fund.

	Budget Variance Amended Vs.	
Revenue Items:	Actual	Explanation for Budget Variance
Miscellaneous	\$600,375	The District received e-Rate funding of \$88,847, public excess cost prior year adjustment payment from 2004-05 of \$154,017, and BOCES refund of prior year expenses of \$241,862.
	Budget Variance Amended Vs.	
<b>Expenditure Items:</b>	Actual	Explanation for Budget Variance
Teaching – Regular School	\$878,701	Due to COVID and the district being in a hybrid instructional model, the district had lower than anticipated expenses for salaries.
Programs for Children with Handicapping Conditions	\$1,844,707	The District has lower than anticipated needs for student out-of-district placements. Due to COVID and the district being in a hybrid instructional model, the District also had lower than anticipated expenses in hourly wages.
Pupil Transportation	\$697,504	Due to COVID and the district being in a hybrid instructional model with no transportation being provided on Wednesday, the District also had lower than anticipated expenses in wages, supplies and contractual expenses.
Employee Benefits	\$1,034,211	Due to COVID and the district being in a hybrid instructional model, the district had lower than anticipated expenses in salary that resulted in lower than anticipated expenses in benefits.

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

#### **Capital Assets**

By the end of the 2021 fiscal year, the District had invested \$79,606,383 in a broad range of capital assets, including land, work in progress, buildings and improvements, and machinery and equipment. The change in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, is reflected below:

		<u> 2021</u>		<u> 2020</u>
Land	\$	832,449	\$	832,449
Work in Progress	4	,533,263.00	14	,437,798.00
<b>Buildings and Improvements</b>	69,	721,316.00	58	,198,517.00
Machinery and Equipment		4,519,355.00	5	5,018,154.00
<b>Total Capital Assets</b>	\$	79,606,383	\$	78,486,918

More detailed information can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

#### **Long-Term Debt**

At year end, the District had \$133,985,400 in general obligation bonds and other long-term debt outstanding as follows:

<b>Type</b>	<u>2021</u>	<u> 2020</u>
Serial Bonds	\$ 20,175,000	\$ 23,410,000
OPEB	107,359,277	124,452,381
Net Pension Liability	4,442,052	6,810,232
Compensated Absences	2,009,071	1,678,708
<b>Total Long-Term Obligations</b>	<u>\$ 133,985,400</u>	\$ 156.351.321

More detailed information can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

#### **Factors Bearing on the District's Future**

- The COVID-19 pandemic resulted in extraordinary changes in how the District operated in 2020-21. It is unknown how the continuing pandemic will affect the District in the future. In the short-term, the District received federal stimulus funding to mitigate the effect on finances.
- The tax cap levy calculation is limited by the Consumer Price Index or 2%, whichever is lower. Due to the cap on the growth of the tax levy, the District is restricted in the amount of additional revenue that can be generated from one year to the next.
- New and continuing Tax Certiorari cases continue to be received by the District. As a result, the District faces increased legal expenditures and potential reduction on these property assessments.
- The District continues to see an increase in approved Payment in Lieu of Taxes agreements with values for payments below what payments would be if these properties remained on the taxrolls.
- The annual increase in minimum wage will continue to increase District expenditures. With the tax levy cap, this may become unsustainable.
- State Aid funding continues to remain unpredictable and unequal from year-to-year, making long-term planning and decision making difficult.

#### Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the following:

Canandaigua City School District 143 North Pearl Street Canandaigua, New York 14424

#### **Statement of Net Position**

# June 30, 2021

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 40,216,160
Investments	401,952
Accounts receivable	3,478,652
Inventories	50,696
Prepaid items	1,275,736
Capital Assets:	
Land	832,449
Work in progress	4,533,263
Other capital assets (net of depreciation)	74,240,671
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 125,029,579
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows of resources	\$ 49,130,659
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	\$ 2,165,918
Accrued liabilities	854,211
Unearned revenues	36,504
Due to other governments	558
Due to teachers' retirement system	2,812,539
Due to employees' retirement system	412,060
Other Liabilities	471,558
Long-Term Obligations:	171,550
Due in one year	4,033,510
Due in more than one year	129,951,890
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 140,738,748
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	Ø 44.0∠₹.003
Deferred inflows of resources	\$ 41,967,093
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 59,431,383
Restricted For:	
Capital projects	7,750,837
Reserve for employee retirement system	4,307,649
Capital reserves	12,825,853
Other purposes	7,413,515
Unrestricted	(100,274,840)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ (8,545,603)

# Statement of Activities For The Year Ended June 30, 2021

						No	et (Expense)	
							R	evenue and
							C	hanges in
				Program	Reve	nues	N	et Position
					C	perating		
			Ch	arges for	G	rants and	G	overnmental
Functions/Programs		<b>Expenses</b>	<u>S</u>	<u>Services</u>	Col	<u>ntributions</u>		<b>Activities</b>
Primary Government -								
General support	\$	8,896,851	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(8,896,851)
Instruction		67,335,935		382,540		2,153,204		(64,800,191)
Pupil transportation		4,837,608		-		-		(4,837,608)
Community services		97,781		-		-		(97,781)
School lunch		1,065,549		2,450		554,460		(508,639)
Interest		525,425		-		<u>-</u>		(525,425)
<b>Total Primary Government</b>		82,759,149	\$	384,990	\$	<u>2,707</u> <u>,664</u>	\$	(79,666,495)
	Genei	al Revenues:						
	Prop	perty taxes					\$	48,542,997
	Stat	e and federal ai	d					27,348,311
	Investment earnings				167,723			
	Con	npensation for l	oss					57,011
	Mis	cellaneous						838,271
	To	otal General R	evenu	es			\$	76,954,313
	Specia	al Item:						
	-	ance refunding					\$	10,000
	Te	otal Special Ite	ms				\$	10,000
	Te	otal General R	evenu	es and Speci	al Itei	m	\$	76,964,313
	Changes in Net Position			\$	(2,702,182)			
	Net	Position, Begin	nning	of Year (rest	tated)			(5,843,421)
	Net	Position, End	of Yea	ır			\$	(8,545,603)

### Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

ASSETS		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>		<b>Funds</b>		<u>Funds</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	38,542,538	\$	845,998	\$	827,624	\$	40,216,160
Investments		-		-		401,952		401,952
Receivables		2,698,868		145,194		634,590		3,478,652
Inventories		-		-		50,696		50,696
Due from other funds		1,693,431		8,056,891		481,500		10,231,822
Prepaid items		1,271,883		3,853	_	<u>=</u>		1,275,736
TOTAL ASSETS		<u>44,2</u> 06,720	\$	<u>9,051,93</u> 6	\$	<u>2,396,36</u> 2	\$	<u>55,655,01</u> 8
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANC	FS							
Liabilities -	LS							
Accounts payable	\$	893,729	\$	1,267,815	\$	4,374	\$	2,165,918
Accrued liabilities	Þ		Ф	1,207,613	Φ		Ф	
		708,284		22.204		13,283		721,567
Due to other funds		8,517,965		33,284		1,680,573		10,231,822
Due to other governments		-		=		558		558
Due to TRS		2,812,539		-		-		2,812,539
Due to ERS		376,769		-		35,291		412,060
Other liabilities		471,558		-		-		471,558
Compensated absences		758,510		-		-		758,510
Unearned revenue				<u>-</u>	_	<u>36,504</u>		36,504
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	14,539,354	\$	1,301,099	\$	1,770,583	\$	17,611,036
Deferred Inflows -								
Deferred inflows of resources	\$	598,860	\$	_	\$	_	\$	598,860
Deferred inflows of resources		370,000	Ψ		Ψ	<u>_</u> _	Ψ	370,000
Fund Balances -								
Nonspendable	\$	1,785,210	\$	-	\$	50,696	\$	1,835,906
Restricted		23,941,869		7,750,837		605,148		32,297,854
Assigned		168,224		-		=		168,224
Unassigned		3,173,203		_		(30,065)		3,143,138
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	\$	29,068,506	\$	7,750,837	\$	625,779	\$	37,445,122
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND				. 1 1			•	,
FUND BALANCES	_\$	44,206,720	\$	<u>9,051,93</u> 6	\$	2,396,362		
				tal activities in t	the			
		Net Position are						
				activities are no	t finan	cial resources		
	and therefore a	re not reported	in the	funds.				79,606,383
	Taxes receivab	ole is deferred fo	or thos	e amounts colle	eted af	ter ninety (90) da	VS	
				are recorded as r			,,,,,	
	accrual basis.	willie those time	, carres (	ire recorded as r	e verrac	on the ran		598,860
								370,000
			ing bo	onds in the stater	nent of	net position		
	but not in the f	unds.						(132,644)
	The following	long-term oblig	ations	are not due and	payab	le in the		
		and therefore ar		are not due and reported in the g				(20,175,000)
	current period	and therefore ar						(20,175,000) (107,359,277)
	current period Serial bonds OPEB	and therefore ar payable						(107,359,277)
	current period Serial bonds OPEB Compensate	and therefore ar payable d absences						(107,359,277) (1,250,561)
	current period Serial bonds OPEB Compensate Deferred out	and therefore ar payable d absences flow - pension						(107,359,277) (1,250,561) 21,309,469
	current period Serial bonds OPEB Compensate Deferred out Deferred ou	and therefore ar payable d absences flow - pension tflow - OPEB						(107,359,277) (1,250,561) 21,309,469 27,821,190
	current period Serial bonds OPEB Compensate Deferred out Deferred ou Net pension	and therefore ar payable d absences flow - pension tflow - OPEB liability						(107,359,277) (1,250,561) 21,309,469 27,821,190 (4,442,052)
	current period Serial bonds OPEB Compensate Deferred out Deferred ou Net pension Deferred infl	and therefore ar payable d absences flow - pension tflow - OPEB liability ow - pension						(107,359,277) (1,250,561) 21,309,469 27,821,190 (4,442,052) (10,172,698)
	current period Serial bonds OPEB Compensate Deferred out Deferred ou Net pension Deferred infl Deferred in	and therefore ar payable d absences flow - pension tflow - OPEB liability	e not	reported in the g			<u>.</u>	(107,359,277) (1,250,561) 21,309,469 27,821,190 (4,442,052)

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

#### For The Year Ended June 30, 2021

REVENUES		General <u>Fund</u>	Capital Projects <u>Fund</u>		Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u>		Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>	
Real property taxes and tax items	\$	48,477,739	\$		\$		\$	48,477,739
Charges for services	Ф	382,540	Ф	-	Ф	-	Φ	382,540
Use of money and property		94,521		-		73,202		167,723
		57,011		-		73,202		57,011
Sale of property and compensation for loss Miscellaneous		740,590		1 100		96,581		ŕ
				1,100				838,271
State sources		26,703,614		-		565,357		27,268,971
Federal sources Sales		644,697		-		2,142,307		2,787,004
		- 100 712	•	1 100		2,450		2,450
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	77,100,712	\$	<u>1,100</u>		<u>2,879,897</u>	\$	<u>79,981,709</u>
EXPENDITURES								
General support	\$	6,261,130	\$	-	\$	86,071	\$	6,347,201
Instruction		39,522,557		-		2,173,060		41,695,617
Pupil transportation		2,390,410		851,261		-		3,241,671
Community services		97,781		-		-		97,781
Employee benefits		18,287,008		-		270,647		18,557,655
Debt service - principal		3,225,000		-		-		3,225,000
Debt service - interest		537,199		-		-		537,199
Cost of sales		-		-		251,919		251,919
Other expenses		-		-		445,487		445,487
Capital outlay		_		4,516,428				4,516,428
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	70,321,085	\$	5,367,689	\$	3,227,184	\$	78,915,958
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	6,779,627	\$	(5,366,589)	\$	(347,287)	\$	1,065,751
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers - in	\$	12,898	\$	1,782,850	\$	344,165	\$	2,139,913
Transfers - out		(2,106,594)		(33,319)		-		(2,139,913)
Premium on obligations issued		-		-		146,268		146,268
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent Proceeds from advanced refunding		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		(4,535,197) 4,475,000		(4,535,197) 4,475,000
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING								
SOURCES (USES)	\$	(2,093,696)	\$	1,749,531	<u>\$</u>	430,236	\$	<u>86,071</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	4,685,931	\$	(3,617,058)	\$	82,949	\$	1,151,822
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING								
OF YEAR (restated)		24,382,575		11,367,895		542,830		36,293,300
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	<u>29,068,506</u>	\$	7,750,837	\$	<u>625,779</u>	\$	<u>37,445,122</u>

# Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Statement of Activities For The Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

\$1,151,822

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The following are the amounts by which capital outlays and additions of assets in excess depreciation in the current period:

> Capital Outlay Additions to Assets, Net \$ 4,516,428 Depreciation 857,458

> > (4,254,421)

1.119,465

Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term obligations in the

Statement of Net Position. The following details these items as they effect the governmental activities:

Debt Repayments Advanced Refunding \$ 3,225,000 Proceeds from Advanced Refunding 4,485,000

(4,475,000)

3,235,000

In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.

11,774

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the funds.

65,258

The net OPEB liability does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds.

(5,307,179)

(Increase) decrease in proportionate share of net pension asset/liability reported in the

Statement of Activities do not provide for or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues or expenditures in the governmental funds

Teachers' Retirement System Employees' Retirement System

517,148

In the Statement of Activities, vacation pay, teachers' retirement incentive and judgments and claims are measured by the amount accrued during the year. In the governmental funds, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount actually paid. The following provides the differences of these items as presented in the governmental activities:

Compensated Absences

(185,013)

CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

(2,702,182)

# CANANDAIGUA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2021

	Custodial <u>Funds</u>			
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	186,015		
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$</u>	186,015		
NET POSITION				
Restricted for individuals, organizations and other governments	\$	186,015		
TOTAL NET POSITION	<u>\$</u>	<u> 186,01</u> 5		

# Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For The Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS	
Investment earnings	\$ 55
Library taxes	720,268
Miscellaneous	 136,656
TOTAL ADDITIONS	\$ 856,979
DEDUCTIONS	
Student activity	\$ 95,403
Library taxes	 720,268
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	\$ 815,671
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$ 41,308
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR (restated)	 144,707
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	 <u>186,01</u> 5

#### **Notes To The Basic Financial Statements**

June 30, 2021

#### I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Canandaigua City School District, New York (the District) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

#### A. Reporting Entity

The Canandaigua City School District is governed by the laws of New York State. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education consisting of nine members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls all activities related to public school education within the District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management, and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The reporting entity of the District is based upon criteria set forth by GASB Statement 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB Statement 39, *Component Units* and GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity*. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, the following is a brief review of certain entities included in the District's reporting entity.

#### 1. Extra classroom Activity Funds

The extra classroom activity funds of the District represent funds of the students of the District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The extra classroom activity funds are independent of the District with respect to its financial transactions, and the designation of student management. Separate audited financial statements (cash basis) of the extra classroom activity funds can be found at the District's business office. The District accounts for assets held as an agency for various student organizations in an agency fund.

#### B. <u>Joint Venture</u>

The District is a component of the Ontario, Seneca, Yates, Cayuga and Wayne Counties Board of Cooperative Educational Services (BOCES). The BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that shares planning, services, and programs which provide educational and support activities. There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component.

BOCES are organized under §1950 of the New York State Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of §1950 of the New York State Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation (§1950(6)). In addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under §119-n(a) of the New York State General Municipal Law.

A BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program, and capital costs. Each component school district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment as defined in Education Law, Section 1950(4)(b)(7). In addition, component districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

During the year, the District was billed \$7,441,786 for BOCES administrative and program costs.

The District's share of BOCES aid amounted to \$1,585,576.

Financial statements for the BOCES are available from the BOCES administrative office.

#### C. Basis of Presentation

#### 1. Districtwide Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, state aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and non-exchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants column reflects capital specific grants.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between program expenses and revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended for those areas. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

#### 2. Fund Statements

The fund statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The District reports the following governmental funds:

#### a. Major Governmental Funds

<u>General Fund</u> - This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial transactions that are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> - Used to account for the financial resources used for acquisition, construction, or major repair of capital facilities.

**Nonmajor Governmental** - The other funds which are not considered major are aggregated and reported as nonmajor governmental funds as follows:

**School Lunch Fund** - Used to account for transactions of the District's lunch, breakfast and milk programs.

**Special Aid Fund** - This fund accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, such as federal and state grants, that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. These legal restrictions may be imposed either by governments that provide the funds, or by outside parties.

**<u>Debt Service Fund</u>** - This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources and the payment of principal and interest on long-term obligations for governmental activities.

<u>Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund</u> – used to account for and report those revenues that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes.

**Fiduciary** - Fiduciary activities are those in which the District acts as trustee or agent for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the District-wide financial statements, because their resources do not belong to the District, and are not available to be used.

<u>Custodial Funds</u> - These funds are strictly custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. Assets are held by the District as agent for various student groups or extraclassroom activity funds.

#### D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The District-Wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within one year after the end of the fiscal year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

#### E. Property Taxes

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education no later than September 1, and become a lien on August 27, 2020. Taxes are collected during the period October 1 to December 31, 2020.

The City and Counties in which the District is located enforce uncollected real property taxes. An amount representing all uncollected real property taxes must be transmitted by the City to the District within two years from the return of unpaid taxes to the City. Real property taxes receivable expected to be collected within 60 days of year-end, less similar amounts collected during this period in the preceding year are recognized as revenues. Otherwise, deferred revenues offset real property taxes receivable.

#### F. Restricted Resources

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these notes.

#### **G.** Interfund Transactions

The operations of the District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowing. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include the transfer of expenditures and revenues to provide financing or other services.

In the District-wide statements, the amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for interfund receivables and payables represent amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for all interfund receivables and payables between the funds.

The governmental funds report all interfund transactions as originally recorded. Interfund receivables and payables may be netted on the accompanying governmental funds balance sheet when it is the District's practice to settle these amounts at a net balance based upon the right of legal offset.

Refer to Note VIII for a detailed disclosure by individual fund for interfund receivables, payables, expenditures, and revenues activity.

#### H. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of encumbrances, compensated absences, potential contingent liabilities and useful lives of long-lived assets.

#### I. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

New York State Law governs the District's investment policies. Resources must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and Districts.

Investments are stated at fair value.

#### J. Receivables

Receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts, when applicable.

No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that such allowance would not be material.

#### K. Inventory and Prepaid Items

Inventories of food and/or supplies for school lunch are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis or, in the case of surplus food, at stated value which approximates market. Purchases of inventoriable items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase, and are considered immaterial in amount.

Prepaid items represent payments made by the District for which benefits extend beyond year end. These payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the District-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the statement of net position or balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of purchase and an expense/expenditure is reported in the year the goods or services are consumed.

A non-spendable fund balance for these non-liquid assets (inventories and prepaid items) has been recognized to signify that a portion of fund balance is not available for other subsequent expenditures.

#### L. Capital Assets

In the District-wide financial statements, capital assets are accounted for at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated capital assets which are recorded at their acquisition value at the date of donation.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used to report capital assets. The range of estimated useful lives by type of assets is as follows:

	Capitalization		Depreciation	<b>Estimated</b>
<u>Class</u>	T	areshold	Method	<b>Useful Life</b>
Buildings	\$	50,000	SL	15-50 Years
Machinery and Equipment	\$	1,000	SL	5-25 Years

The investment in infrastructure type assets have not been segregated for reporting purposes since all costs associated with capital projects are consolidated and reported as additions to buildings and improvements.

#### M. <u>Unearned Revenue</u>

The District reports unearned revenues on its Statement of Net Position and its Balance Sheet. On the Statement of Net Position, unearned revenue arises when resources are received by the District before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the District has legal claim to resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

#### N. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

#### O. <u>Vested Employee Benefits</u>

#### 1. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences consist of unpaid accumulated annual sick leave, vacation, and sabbatical time.

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts, and in individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, resignation or death, employees may contractually receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave.

The District employees are granted vacation in varying amounts, based primarily on length of service and service position. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods.

Consistent with GASB Statement 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, the liability has been calculated using the vesting/termination method and an accrual for that liability is included in the District-wide financial statements. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year end.

In the fund's statements only the amount of matured liabilities is accrued within the General Fund based upon expendable and available financial resources. These amounts are expensed on a pay-as-you-go basis.

#### P. Other Benefits

District employees participate in the New York State Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System.

In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides post-employment health coverage to retired employees in accordance with the provision of various employment contracts in effect at the time of retirement. Substantially all of the District's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Health care benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The cost of providing post-retirement benefits may be shared between the District and the retired employee. The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure.

#### Q. Short-Term Debt

The District may issue Bond Anticipation Notes (BAN), in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds. These notes are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of bonds. State law requires that a BAN issued for capital purposes be converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue date.

#### R. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

Payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the district-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources. Claims and judgments, other postemployment benefits payable and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund's financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due in one year or due within more than one year in the Statement of Net Position.

#### S. Equity Classifications

#### 1. District-Wide Statements

In the District-wide statements there are three classes of net position:

- **a.** <u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, constructions or improvements of those assets.
- **Restricted Net Position** reports net position when constraints placed on the assets or deferred outflows of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

On the Statement of Net Position, the following balances represent the restricted for other purposes:

	<b>Total</b>
Workers' Compensation	\$ 1,384,970
Unemployment Costs	472,043
Retirement Contribution - TRS	1,572,000
Insurance	298,244
Tax Certiorari	1,735,434
Debt	94,455
Miscellaneous	510,693
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability	 1,345,676
<b>Total Net Position - Restricted for</b>	
Other Purposes	\$ <u>7,413,51</u> 5

c. <u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> - reports the balance of net position that does not meet the definition of the above two classifications. The reported deficit of \$100,274,840 at year end is the result of full implantation of GASB #75 regarding retiree health obligations and the New York State Pension system unfunded pensionobligation.

#### 2. Fund Statements

In the fund basis statements there are five classifications of fund balance:

**a.** Nonspendable Fund Balance – Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Nonspendable fund balance includes:

	<u>Total</u>
Inventory in School Lunch	\$ 50,696
Prepaid Items	1,271,883
Noncurrent Receivables	513,327
<b>Total Nonspendable Fund Balance</b>	\$ 1,835,906

**Restricted Fund Balances** – Includes amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. All encumbrances of funds other than the general fund are classified as restricted fund balance. The District has established the following restricted fund balances:

Capital Reserve - According to Education Law §3651, must be used to pay the cost of any object or purpose for which bonds may be issued. The creation of a capital reserve fund requires authorization by a majority of the voters establishing the purpose of the reserve; the ultimate amount, its probable term and the source of the funds. Expenditures may be made from the reserve only for a specific purpose further authorized by the voters. The form for required legal notice for the vote on establishing and funding the reserve and the form of the proposition to be placed on the ballot are set forth in §3651 of the Education Law. The Reserve is accounted for in the General Fund under restricted fund balance. Year end balances are as follows:

		Total
Maximum	<b>Total Funding</b>	Year to Date
<b>Funding</b>	<b>Provided</b>	<b>Balance</b>
\$ 6,000,000	\$ 5,018,830	\$ 4,598,569
\$ 10,000,000	\$ 9,999,991	\$ 84,660
\$ 5,000,000	\$ 5,000,000	\$ 5,018,612
\$ 10,000,000	\$ 3,124,012	\$ 3,124,012
	<b>Funding</b> \$ 6,000,000 \$ 10,000,000 \$ 5,000,000	Funding         Provided           \$ 6,000,000         \$ 5,018,830           \$ 10,000,000         \$ 9,999,991           \$ 5,000,000         \$ 5,000,000

Reserve for Debt Service - According to General Municipal Law §6-1, the Reserve for Debt Service must be established for the purpose of retiring the outstanding obligations upon the sale of District property or capital improvement that was financed by obligations that remain outstanding at the time of the sale. Also, earnings on project monies invested together with unused proceeds are reported here.

Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve - According to General Municipal Law §6-p, must be used for the payment of accrued employee benefits due to an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated.

**Insurance Reserve** - According to General Municipal Law §6-n, must be used to pay liability, casualty and other types of losses, except losses incurred for which the following types of insurance may be purchased: life, accident, health, annuities, fidelity and surety, credit, title residual value and mortgage guarantee. In addition, this reserve may not be used for any purpose for which a special reserve may be established pursuant to law (for example, for unemployment compensation insurance). The reserve may be established by Board action, and funded by budgetary appropriation, or such other funds as may be legally appropriated. There is no limit on the amount that may be accumulated in the Insurance Reserve, however, the annual contribution to this reserve may not exceed the greater of \$33,000 or 5% of the budget. Settled or compromised claims up to \$25,000 may be paid from the reserve without judicial approval.

**Retirement Contribution Reserve** - According to General Municipal Law §6-r, must be used financing retirement contributions. The reserve must be accounted for separate and apart from all other funds and a detailed report of the operation and condition of the fund must be provided to the Board.

<u>Teachers' Retirement Reserve</u> – General Municipal Law §6r was amended to include a Teachers' Retirement Reserve (TRS) sub-fund. The reserve has an annual funding limit of 2% of the prior year TRS salaries and a maximum cumulative total balance of 10% of the previous year's TRS salary.

Tax Certiorari Reserve - According to General Municipal Law §3651.1-a, must be used to establish a reserve fund for tax certiorari claims and to expend from the fund without voter approval. The monies held in the reserve shall not exceed the amount which might reasonably be deemed necessary to meet anticipated judgments and claims arising out of tax certiorari proceedings. Any resources deposited to the reserve which are not expended for tax certiorari proceeding in the year such monies are deposited must be returned to the General Fund on or before the first day of the fourth fiscal year after deposit of these monies.

<u>Unemployment Insurance Reserve</u> - According to General Municipal Law §6-m, must be used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the District elects to convert to tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to pay pending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund.

**Workers' Compensation Reserve** - According to General Municipal Law §6-j, must be used to pay for compensation benefits and other expenses authorized by Article 2 of the Workers' Compensation Law, and for payment of expenses of administering this self-insurance program. The reserve may be established by Board action, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget.

**Encumbrances** - Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments of expenditures are recorded for budgetary control purposes in order to reserve applicable appropriations, is employed as a control in preventing over-expenditure of established appropriations. Open encumbrances are reported as restricted fund balance in all funds other than the General Fund and School Lunch Fund, since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities and will be honored through budget appropriations in the subsequent year.

Restricted fund balances include the following:

General Fund -	<b>Total</b>
Workers' Compensation	\$ 1,384,970
Unemployment Costs	472,043
Retirement Contribution - ERS	4,307,649
Retirement Contribution - TRS	1,572,000
Insurance	298,244
Tax Certiorari	1,735,434
Capital Reserves	12,825,853
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability	1,345,676
Capital Fund -	
Capital Projects	7,750,837
Misc Spec Rev Fund -	
Scholarships	510,693
<u>Debt Service Fund -</u>	
Debt Service	94,455
Total Restricted Fund Balance	<u>\$ 32,297,8</u> 54

The District appropriated and/or budgeted funds from the following reserves for the 2021-22 budget:

	<u>Total</u>
Unemployment Costs	\$ 100,000
Retirement Contribution	317,187
Workers' Compensation	343,000
Tax Certiorari	50,000
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability	100,000
Total	\$ 910,187

**c.** Assigned Fund Balance – Includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. All encumbrances of the General Fund are classified as assigned fund balance. Encumbrances represent purchase commitments made by the District's purchasing agent through their authorization of a purchase order prior to yearend. The District assignment is based on the functional level of expenditures.

Management has determined significant encumbrances for the Capital fund amounts in excess of \$11,000. There were no significant encumbrances in the General fund, the following are considered significant encumbrances:

#### **Capital Projects Fund -**

Capital Improvements \$ 25,548,765 Bus Purchases <u>982,611</u> **Total Capital Projects Fund Significant Encumbrances \$ 26,531,376** 

Assigned fund balances include the following:

General Fund - Encumbrances

Total \$ 168,224
Total Assigned Fund Balance \$ 168,224

**d.** <u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> – Includes all other general fund amounts that do not meet the definition of the above four classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the school district and could report a surplus or deficit. In funds other than the general fund, the unassigned classification is used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted or assigned.

NYS Real Property Tax Law 1318 limits the amount of unexpended surplus funds a school district can retain to no more than 4% of the District's budget for the general fund for the ensuing fiscal year. Nonspendable and restricted fund balance of the general fund are excluded from the 4% limitation. Amounts appropriated for the subsequent year and encumbrances are also excluded from the 4% limitation.

#### 3. Order of Use of Fund Balance

The District's policy is to apply expenditures against nonspendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year. For all funds, nonspendable fund balances are determined first and then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined. Any remaining fund balance amounts for funds other than the general fund are classified as restricted fund balance. In the general fund, the remaining amounts are reported as unassigned. Assignments of fund balance cannot cause a negative unassigned fund balance.

#### T. New Accounting Standards

The District has adopted all current Statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) that are applicable. At June 30, 2021, the District implemented the following new standards issued by GASB:

GASB has issued Statement 84, Fiduciary Activities.

GASB has issued Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests, an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

#### **U.** Future Changes in Accounting Standards

GASB has issued Statement 87, *Leases*, which will be effective for the periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

GASB has issued Statement 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020.

GASB has issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021.

GASB has issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020, Paragraphs 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

GASB has issued Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates, Paragraphs 1-11a, and 12, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2020.

GASB has issued Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates, Paragraphs 13 and 14*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

GASB has issued Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates, Paragraphs 11b*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021.

GASB has issued Statement No. 94, *Public-Privatee and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

GASB has issued Statement No. 96, *Subscription Based Information Technology*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

GASB has issued Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

The District will evaluate the impact each of these pronouncements may have on its financial statements and will implement them as applicable and when material.

#### II. Restatement of Net Position

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. The District's net position has been restated as follows:

	Government-Wido <u>Statements</u>		Governmental <u>Funds</u>		Fiduciary <u>Funds</u>
Net position beginning of year, as previously stated	\$	(6,294,028)	\$	35,842,693	\$ 368,213
Adjustments for activities previously					
recorded in Agency Fund:					
Student Activity Balance		-		-	144,707
Adjustments for activities previously					
recorded in Private Purpose Trust:					
Other Assets		82,394		82,394	-
Scholarships		368,213		368,213	(368,213)
Net position beginning of year, as restated	\$	(5,843,421)	\$	36,293,300	\$ 144,707

#### III. Changes in Accounting Principles

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activity. The implementation of the statement changes the reporting for certain activity previously reported in the Fiduciary Fund. The District is now required to report some or all of that activity in the Governmental funds. See Note II for the financial statement impact of implementation of the Statement.

#### IV. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

By its nature as a local government unit, the District is subject to various federal, state and local laws and contractual regulations. An analysis of the District's compliance with significant laws and regulations and demonstration of its stewardship over District resources follows.

#### A. Budgets

The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the General Fund.

The voters of the District approved the proposed appropriation budget.

Appropriations established by adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) which may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the planned use of specific reserves, and budget amendments approved by the Board of Education as a result of selected new revenue sources not included in the original budget (when permitted by law). These supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restriction, if the Board approves them because of a need which exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. The following supplemental appropriations occurred during the year: \$92,025 for carry over encumbrances from the prior year, \$2,789 for CARES Act funding, \$983,000 for bus purchases, and \$15,215 for donations.

#### (IV.) (Continued)

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

Budgets are established and used for individual capital projects fund expenditures as approved by a special referendum of the District's voters. The maximum project amount authorized is based primarily upon the cost of the project, plus any requirements for external borrowings, not annual appropriations. These budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent fiscal years until the completion of the projects.

#### B. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used for budget control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations. Outstanding encumbrances as of yearend are presented as reservations of fund balance and do not represent expenditures or liabilities. These commitments will be honored in the subsequent period. Related expenditures are recognized at that time, as the liability is incurred or the commitment is paid.

#### C. <u>Deficit Net Position</u>

The District-wide net position had a deficit at June 30, 2021 of \$8,545,603. The deficit is the result of the implementation of GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions", which required the recognition of an unfunded liability of \$107,359,277 at June 30, 2021. Since New York State Laws provide no mechanism for funding the liability, the subsequent accruals are expected to increase the deficit.

#### V. Cash and Cash Equivalents

**Credit risk:** In compliance with the State Law, District investments are limited to obligations of the United States of America, obligations guaranteed by agencies of the Unites States of America where the payment of principal and interest are guaranteed by the United States of America, obligations of the State, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit issued by a bank or trust company located in, and authorized to do business in, the State, and obligations issued by other municipalities and authorities within the State.

Concentration of Credit risk: To promote competition in rates and service cost, and to limit the risk of institutional failure, District deposits and investments are placed with multiple institutions. The District's investment policy limits the amounts that may be deposited with any one financial institution.

**Interest rate risk:** The District has an investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates

#### (V.) (Continued)

The District's aggregate bank balances (disclosed in the financial statements), included balances not covered by depository insurance at year end, collateralized as follows:

Total	\$ _40,010,235
Financial Institution	 40,010,235
Collateralized with Securities held by the Pledging	
Uncollateralized	\$ -

Restricted cash represents cash where use is limited by legal requirements. These assets represent amounts required by statute to be reserved for various purposes. Restricted cash as of yearend includes \$32,297,854 within the governmental funds and \$186,015 in the fiduciary funds.

#### VI. <u>Investments</u>

#### A. Governmental Funds

The District's investments are recorded at fair value and have been categorized based upon a fair market value.

The District adopted the provisions of SFAS No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements*, which establishes a fair value hierarchy that defines three discrete "levels" of valuation techniques to determine the fair value of investments. Level 1 inputs consist of quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets at the measurement date, Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices that are observable either directly or indirectly, and Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs and are to be used only if observable inputs are not available.

The District values investments in securities and securities sold short that are freely tradable and listed on a national securities exchange or reported on the NASDAQ national market at their last sales price as of the last business day of the year.

The District's investments are recorded at fair value and have been categorized based upon a fair value hierarchy in accordance with SFAS 157.

The following table presents information about the District's investments measured at fair value as of June 30, 2021:

		2021	
		Qu	oted Prices
		in A	ctive Market
		fo	r Identical
	Cost	Ass	ets (Level 1)
Common Stock	\$ 302,266	\$	401,952

#### (VI.) (Continued)

The following schedule summarizes the investment return and its classification for the year:

Investments 2021
Unrealized Gains/(Losses) \$ 99,686

#### VII. Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2021 for individual major funds and nonmajor funds, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities				
	General	Special Aid	Capital Projects	School Lunch	
<b>Description</b>	<b>Fund</b>	<b>Fund</b>	<b>Fund</b>	<u>Fund</u>	<b>Total</b>
Accounts Receivable	\$ 276,536	\$ -	\$ 800	\$ 962	\$ 278,298
Due From State and Federal	1,016,493	476,504	144,394	157,124	1,794,515
Due From Other Governments	806,979	-	-	-	806,979
Taxes Receivable	598,860				598,860
<b>Total Receivables</b>	\$ 2,698,868	<u>\$</u> 476,504	<u>\$ 145,194</u>	<u>\$ 158,086</u>	\$ 3,478,652

District management has deemed the amounts to be fully collectible.

#### VIII. Interfund Receivables, Pavables, Revenues and Expenditures

Interfund Receivables, Payables, Revenues and Expenditures at June 30, 2021 were as follows:

		Interfund					
	R	eceivables		<u>Payables</u>	R	evenues	Expenditures
General Fund	\$	1,693,431	\$	8,517,965	\$	12,898	\$ 2,106,594
Non-Major Funds		481,500		1,680,573		344,165	-
Capital Projects Fund		8,056,891		33,284		1,782,850	33,319
Total	\$ 1	0,231,822	\$ 1	0,231,822	\$ 2.	139,913	\$ 2,139,913

Interfund receivables and payables between governmental activities are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of mitigating the effects of transient cash flow issues. All interfund payables are not necessarily expected to be repaid within one year.

Transfers are used to finance certain special aid programs, support capital project expenditures and school lunch programs.

### IX. Capital Assets

Capital asset balances and activity were as follows:

		Balance						Balance
<b>Type</b>		<u>7/1/2020</u>	<u> </u>	Additions		<b>Deletions</b>		6/30/2021
<b>Governmental Activities:</b>								
Capital Assets that are not Depreciated	<u>L-</u>							
Land	\$	832,449	\$	-	\$	-	\$	832,449
Work in progress		14,437,798		4,516,428		14,420,963		4,533,263
Total Nondepreciable	\$	15,270,247	\$	4,516,428	\$	14,420,963	\$	5,365,712
Capital Assets that are Depreciated -								
<b>Buildings and Improvements</b>	\$ 1	07,258,295	\$ 1	4,420,963	\$	-	\$ 1	121,679,258
Machinery and equipment		17,687,650		857,458		-		18,545,108
Total Depreciated Assets	\$ 1	24,945,945	\$ 1	5,278,421	\$	-	\$ 1	140,224,366
<b>Less Accumulated Depreciation -</b>								
<b>Buildings and Improvements</b>	\$	49,059,778	\$	2,898,164	\$	-	\$	51,957,942
Machinery and equipment		12,669,496		1,356,257		-		14,025,753
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$	61,729,274	\$	4,254,421	\$	-	\$	65,983,695
Total Capital Assets Depreciated, Ne	et							
of Accumulated Depreciation	\$	63,216,671	\$ 1	1,024,000	\$	-	\$	74,240,671
<b>Total Capital Assets</b>		\$ 78,486,	918	\$ 15,540,4	28 \$	14,420,963	\$	79,606,383

Depreciation expense for the period was charged to functions/programs as follows:

#### **Governmental Activities:**

General Government Support	\$ 530,155
Instruction	2,173,067
Pupil Transportation	1,330,355
School Lunch	220,844
<b>Total Depreciation Expense</b>	\$ 4,254,421

# X. <u>Long-Term Debt Obligations</u>

Long-term liability balances and activity for the year are summarized below:

	Balance <u>7/1/2020</u>	<b>Additions</b>	<b>Deletions</b>	Balance <u>6/30/2021</u>	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities: Bonds and Notes Payable -					One Tear
Serial Bonds	\$ 23,410,000	\$ 4,475,000	\$ 7,710,000	\$ 20,175,000	\$ 3,275,000
<b>Total Bonds and Notes Payable</b>	\$ 23,410,000	\$ 4,475,000	\$ 7,710,000	\$ 20,175,000	\$ 3,275,000
Other Liabilities -					
Net Pension Liability	\$ 6,810,232	\$ -	\$ 2,368,180	\$ 4,442,052	\$ -
OPEB	124,452,381	-	17,093,104	107,359,277	-
Compensated Absences	1,678,708	330,363		2,009,071	758,510
<b>Total Other Liabilities</b>	\$ 132,941,321	\$ 330,363	\$ 19,461,284	\$ 113,810,400	\$ 758,510
<b>Total Long-Term Obligations</b>	\$ 156,351,321	\$ 4,805,363	\$ 27,171,284	\$ 133,985,400	\$ 4,033,510

The General Fund has typically been used to liquidate long-term liabilities such as compensated absences.

#### (X.) (Continued)

Existing serial and statutory bond obligations:

					Amount
	Original	Issue	Final	Interest	Outstanding
<b>Description</b>	<b>Amount</b>	<b>Date</b>	<b>Maturity</b>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>6/30/2021</u>
Construction	\$ 8,250,000	2016	2037	200%-3.25%	\$ 6,555,000
Construction	\$ 3,050,000	2018	2022	1.75%-4.00%	790,000
Construction	\$ 2,078,000	2018	2022	1.75%-4.00%	545,000
Construction	\$ 2,472,000	2018	2026	1.75%-4.00%	1,975,000
Construction	\$ 8,280,000	2018	2033	2.00%	6,470,000
Construction	\$ 4,475,000	2020	2027	1.00%-4.00%	3,840,000
<b>Total Serial Bonds</b>					\$ 20,175,000

The following is a summary of debt service requirements:

	Serial Bonds				
<b>Year</b>	<b>Principal</b>	<u>Interest</u>			
2022	\$ 3,275,000	\$ 491,258			
2023	1,995,000	423,901			
2024	2,040,000	379,754			
2025	1,940,000	333,957			
2026	1,605,000	291,807			
2027-31	5,495,000	991,489			
2032-36	3,315,000	316,285			
2037	510,000	8,288			
Total	\$ 20,175,000	\$ 3,236,739			

In prior years, the District defeased certain general obligations and other bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the District's financial statements. \$13,565,000 of bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

Interest on long-term debt for June 30, 2021 was composed of:

Less: Interest Accrued in the Prior Year Plus: Interest Accrued in the Current Year	(144,418) 132,644
Total Long-Term Interest Expense	\$ 525,425

On November 12, 2020, the District issued \$4,475,000 in general obligation bonds with an average interest rate of 2.250% to advance refund \$4,485,000 of outstanding serial bonds with an average interest rate of 2.358%. The net proceeds of 4,535,217 (after payment of \$86,051 in underwriting fees, insurance and other issuance costs) were used to purchase United States government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the bonds. As a result, the bonds are considered to be defeased, and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the District's financial statements. The District advance refunded the bonds to revise its payment schedules due to changes in New York State's aid payment schedules. The economic gain (the difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) is approximately \$194,222.

#### XI. Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources

The following is a summary of the deferred inflows/outflows of resources:

	Deferred	Deferred		
	<b>Outflows</b>	<b>Inflows</b>		
Pension	\$ 21,309,469	\$ 10,172,698		
OPEB	27,821,190	31,794,395		
Total	\$ 49,130,659	\$ 41,967,093		

#### XII. Pension Plans

#### A. General Information

The District participates in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (TRS) and the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS). These are cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement systems. The Systems offer a wide range of plans and benefits, which are related to years of service and final average salary, vesting of retirement benefits, death, and disability.

#### B. Provisions and Administration

A 10-member Board of Trustees of the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board administers TRS. TRS provides benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (NYSRSSL). Membership is mandatory and automatic for all full-time teachers, teaching assistants, guidance counselors and administrators employed in New York Public Schools and BOCES who elected to participate in TRS. Once a public employer elects to participate in the system, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that contains financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to NYRS, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, New York 12211-2395 or by referring to the TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial report, which can be found on the System's website at www.nystrs.org.

ERS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. NYSRSSL govern obligations of employers and employees to contribute, and benefits to employees. Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. ERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to NYSERS, Office of the State Comptroller, 110 State Street, Albany, New York 12244 or by referring to the ERS Comprehensive Annual Report, which can be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php.

#### C. Funding Policies

The Systems are noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3 percent of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 who generally contribute 3.0 to 3.5 percent of their salary for their entire length of service. In addition, employee contribution rates under ERS tier VI vary based on a sliding salary scale. For TRS, contribution rates are established annually by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law. For ERS, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions for the ERS' fiscal year ended March 31. The District paid 100% of the required contributions as billed by the TRS and ERS for the current year

The District's share of the required contributions, based on covered payroll paid for the District's year ended June 30, 2021:

<b>Contributions</b>	<b>ERS</b>	<u>TRS</u>
2021	\$ 1,318,343	\$ 2,812,539

# D. <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> Inflows of Resources related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the District reported the following asset/(liability) for its proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) for each of the Systems. The net pension asset/(liability) was measured as of March 31, 2021 for ERS and June 30, 2020 for TRS. The total pension asset/(liability) used to calculate the net pension asset/(liability) was determined by an actuarial valuation. The District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability) was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the Systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the TRS and ERS Systems in reports provided to the District.

		ERS		TRS
Measurement date	Marc	ch 31, 2021	Ju	ne 30, 2020
Net pension assets/(liability)	\$	(26,400)	\$	(4,415,652)
District's portion of the Plan's total				
net pension asset/(liability)		0.027%		0.160%

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expenses of \$847,480 for ERS and \$5,957,861 for TRS. At June 30, 2021 the District's reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

#### (XII.) (Continued)

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources					
		ERS		TRS		ERS		TRS
Differences between expected and								
actual experience	\$	322,421	\$	3,868,995	\$	-	\$	226,294
Changes of assumptions		4,854,191		5,584,772		91,551		1,990,679
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		_		2,883,808		7,583,763		_
Changes in proportion and differences between the District's contributions and				2,003,000		7,505,705		
proportionate share of contributions		604,361		132,839		65,088		215,323
Subtotal	\$ 5,	,780,973	\$	12,470,414	\$ 7	,740,402	\$ 2	2,432,296
District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date		412,060		2,646,022		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
Grand Total	\$ 6.	193,033	\$ 1	5,116,436	9	§ 7,740,402		\$ 2,432,296

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<b>Year</b>	E	RS		TRS
2021	\$	-	\$	1,732,979
2022	2	52,767		3,485,219
2023		6,314		2,832,858
2024	3	02,935		1,727,856
2025	1,3	97,413		50,259
Thereafter				208,947
Total	<b>\$ 1.</b>	959,429	\$ 10	0,038,118

#### E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date. The actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

#### (XII.) (Continued)

	<u>ERS</u>	<u>TRS</u>
Measurement date	March 31, 2021	June 30, 2020
Actuarial valuation date	April 1, 2020	June 30, 2019
Interest rate	5.90%	7.10%
Salary scale	4.50%	4.72%-1.90%
Decrement tables	April 1, 2015- March 31, 2020 System's Experience	July 1, 2009- June 30, 2014 System's Experience
Inflation rate	2.70%	2.20%
COLA's	1.40%	1.30%

For ERS, annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2015 – March 31, 2020 System experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on the Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2019. For TRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on plan member experience adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2019.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of March 31, 2020 are summarized as follows:

**Long Term Expected Rate of Return** 

	<u>ERS</u>	<b>TRS</b>
Measurement date	March 31, 2021	June 30, 2020
Asset Type -		
Domestic equity	4.05%	7.10%
International equity	6.30%	7.70%
Global equity	0.00%	7.40%
Private equity	6.75%	10.40%
Real estate	4.95%	6.80%
Absolute return strategies *	4.50%	0.00%
Opportunistic portfolios	4.50%	0.00%
Real assets	5.95%	0.00%
Bonds and mortgages	0.00%	0.00%
Cash	0.50%	0.00%
Inflation-indexed bonds	0.50%	0.00%
Private debt	0.00%	5.20%
Real estate debt	0.00%	3.60%
High-yield fixed income securities	0.00%	3.90%
Domestic fixed income securities	0.00%	1.80%
Global fixed income securities	0.00%	1.00%
Short-term	0.00%	0.70%
Credit	3.63%	0.00%

#### (XII.) (Continued)

The real rate of return is net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2% for ERS and 2.2% for TRS.

\* Excludes equity-oriented long-only funds. For investment management purposes, these funds are included in domestic equity and international equity.

#### F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 5.90% for ERS and 7.10% for TRS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the Systems' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### G. Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 5.90% for ERS and 7.10% for TRS, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (4.90% for ERS and 6.10% for TRS) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.90% for ERS and 8.10% for TRS) than the current assumption:

ERS Employer's proportionate share of the net pension	1% Decrease (4.90%)	Current Assumption (5.90%)	1% Increase (6.90%)
asset (liability)	\$ (7,327,743)	\$ (26,400)	\$ 6,707,146
TRS Employer's proportionate	1% Decrease <u>(6.10%)</u>	Current Assumption (7.10%)	1% Increase (8.10%)
share of the net pension asset (liability)	\$ (27,892,153)	\$ (4,415,652)	\$ 15,287,081

#### H. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current year net pension asset/(liability) of the employers as of the respective valuation dates, were as follows:

	(In Thousands)		
	ERS	TRS	
Measurement date	March 31, 2021	June 30, 2020	
Employers' total pension liability	\$ 220,680,157	\$ 123,242,776	
Plan net position	220,580,583	120,479,505	
Employers' net pension asset/(liability)	\$ (99,574)	\$ (2,763,271)	
Ratio of plan net position to the employers' total pension asset/(liability)	99.95%	97.80%	

#### I. Pavables to the Pension Plan

For ERS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the System's fiscal year which ends on March 31<sup>st</sup>. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2021 represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2021 through June 30, 2021 based on paid ERS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2021 amounted to \$412,060.

For TRS, employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 are paid to the System in September, October and November 2021 through a state aid intercept. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2021 represent employee and employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 based on paid TRS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier and employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to the TRS System. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2021 amounted to \$2,812,539.

#### XIII. Postemployment Benefits

#### A. General Information About the OPEB Plan

Plan Description – The District's defined benefit OPEB plan, provides OPEB for all permanent full-time general and public safety employees of the District. The plan is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the District. Article 11 of the State Compiled Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements to the District Board. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

Benefits Provided – The District provides healthcare and life insurance benefits for retirees and their dependents. The benefit terms are dependent on which contract each employee falls under. The specifics of each contract are on file at the District offices and are available upon request.

#### (XIII.) (Continued)

*Employees Covered by Benefit Terms* – At June 30, 2021, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Total	951
Active Employees	552
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	399

#### B. Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability of \$107,359,277 was measured as of June 30, 2021, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.16 percent

Salary Increases 2.60 percent, average, including inflation

Discount Rate 2.16 percent

Healthcare CostTrendRates Initial rate of 5.30% decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.10%

Retirees' Share of Benefit-Related Costs Varies depending on contract

The discount rate was based a yield or index rate for 20-year, tax exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher.

Mortality rates were based on RP-2014, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

#### C. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 124,452,381
<u>Changes for the Year -</u>	
Service cost	\$ 4,208,918
Interest	2,822,555
Changes of benefit terms	(103,626)
Differences between expected and actual experience	(33,685,070)
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	11,562,277
Benefit payments	(1,898,158)
Net Changes	\$ (17,093,104)
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$ 107,359,277

#### (XIII.) (Continued)

Healthcare cost trend rates were updated from an initial rate of 5.30% scaling down to 4.10% over 6 years to an initial rate of 5.30% scaling down to 4.10% over 55 years. Additionally, the salary scale was updated to 2.60% (from 2.60%) and Mortality rate tables were updated to reflect mortality improvement Scale MP-2019 (from MP-2018). Lastly, the participation rate was changed to 95% (from 100%) to better reflect anticipated future experience. This increased liabilities by about \$6.2 million (6.5%).

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 2.21 percent in 2020 to 2.16 percent in 2021.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.16 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.16 percent) than the current discount rate:

		Discount	
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
	<u>(1.16%)</u>	<u>(2.16%)</u>	(3.16%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 130,302,795	\$ 107,359,277	\$ 89,584,855

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (3.1 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.1 percent) than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

		Healthcare	
	1% Decrease	<b>Cost Trend Rates</b>	1% Increase
	(4.30%	(5.30%	(6.30%
	Decreasing	Decreasing	Decreasing
	to 3.10%)	to 4.10%)	to 5.10%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 86,632,927	\$ 107,359,277	\$ 135,383,137

# D. <u>OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$7,205,337. At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and	_			
actual experience	\$	31,794,395	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		_		27,821,190
Total	\$	31,794,395	\$	27,821,190

#### (XIII.) (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

<u>Year</u>	
2022	\$ 277,490
2023	277,490
2024	277,490
2025	277,490
2026	333,002
Thereafter	(5,416,167)
Total	\$ (3,973,205)

#### XIV. Risk Management

#### A. General Information

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to injuries to employees, theft, damages, natural disasters, etc. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past two years.

#### B. Workers' Compensation

The District incurs costs related to the Wayne-Finger Lakes Area School Workers' Compensation Plan (Plan) sponsored by the Board of Cooperative Educational Services, of Ontario, Seneca, Yates, Cayuga and Wayne Counties and its component districts. The Plan's objectives are to furnish workers' compensation benefits to participating districts at a significant cost savings. Membership in the Plan may be offered to any component district of the Ontario, Seneca, Yates, Cayuga and Wayne Counties BOCES with the approval of the Board of Directors. Voluntary withdrawal from the Plan may be effective only once annually on the last day of the Plan year as may be established by the Board of Directors. Notice of the Intention to Withdraw must be given in writing to the Chairman of the Board of Directors and the Treasurer not less than one year prior to the end of the Plan year.

Plan membership is currently comprised of Wayne-Finger Lakes BOCES and twenty-two districts. If a surplus of participants' assessments exists after the close of a Plan year, the Board may retain from such surplus an amount sufficient to establish and maintain a claim contingency fund. Surplus funds in excess of the amount transferred to or included in such contingency fund shall be applied in reduction of the next annual assessment or to the billing of Plan participants. All monies paid to the Treasurer by participants shall be commingled and administered as a common fund. No refunds shall be made to a participant and no assessments shall be charged to a participant other than the annual assessment. However, if it appears to the Board of Directors that the liabilities of the Plan will exceed its cash assets, after taking into account any "excess insurance", the Board shall determine the amount needed to meet such deficiency and shall assess such amount against all participants pro-rata per enrollee.

#### (XIV.) (Continued)

The Plan purchases, on an annual basis, stop-loss insurance to limit its exposure for claims paid.

The Plan establishes a liability for both reported and unreported insured events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. However, because actual claims costs depend on complex factors, the process used in computing claims liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Such claims are based on the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported but not settled, and claims that have been incurred but not reported. Adjustments to claims liabilities are charged or credited to expenses in the periods in which they are made. During the year ended June 30, 2021, the Canandaigua City School District, New York incurred premiums or contribution expenditures totaling \$342,690. The District has established a workers' compensation reserve totaling \$1,384,970 as of June 30, 2021.

The Plan is audited on an annual basis and is available at the BOCES administrative offices. The most recent audit available for the year ended June 30, 2020, revealed that the Plan was underfunded.

#### C. <u>Unemployment</u>

District employees are entitled to coverage under the New York State Unemployment Insurance Law. The District has elected to discharge its liability to the New York State Unemployment Insurance Fund (the Fund) by the benefit reimbursement method, a dollar-for-dollar reimbursement to the fund for benefits paid from the fund to former employees. The District has established a self-insurance fund to pay these claims. There were no claim and judgment expenditures of this program for the 2020-21 fiscal year. The balance of the fund at June 30, 2021 was \$472,043 and is recorded in the General Fund as an Unemployment Insurance Reserve. In addition, as of June 30, 2021, no loss contingencies existed or were considered probable or estimable for incurred but not reported claims payable.

#### XV. Commitments and Contingencies

#### A. Litigation

There are tax certiorari cases requesting reduction of assessments. The District has established a Tax Certiorari reserve to help offset any potential liability.

#### B. Grants

The District has received grants, which are subject to audit by agencies of the State and Federal Governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on prior years' experience, the District's administration believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

#### C. <u>Voluntary Employee Benefit Association (VEBA)</u>

The District has established a VEBA program for eligible employees. The purpose of the plan is to provide employees with certain health care and medical expense benefits in addition to the basic health insurance coverage. There were no contributions for the 2020-21 fiscal year. The account is recorded in the General Fund and the balance as of June 30, 2021 was \$470,344.

#### XVI. Tax Abatement

The County of Ontario IDA, and the District enter into various property tax abatement programs for the purpose of Economic Development. As a result, the district property tax revenue was reduced \$1,508,609. The District received payment in lieu of tax (PILOT) payment totaling \$825,731 to help offset the property tax reduction, which resulted in a net tax abatement totaling \$682,878.

#### XVII. Subsequent Event

The District issued two bond anticipation notes in September 2021, one totaling \$6,000,000 at an interest rate of 0.188% and one for \$2,000,000 at an interest rate of 0.195%, both maturing on 6/23/22.

#### XVIII. COVID-19

On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization ("WHO") announced a global health emergency because of a new strain of coronavirus (the "COVID-19 outbreak") and the risks to the international community as the virus spreads globally beyond its point of origin. In March 2020, the WHO classified the COVID-19 outbreak as a pandemic, based on the rapid increase in exposure globally. The full impact of the COVID-19 outbreak continues to evolve as of the date of this report. As such, it is uncertain as to the full magnitude that the pandemic will have on the School's financial condition, liquidity, voter approved budgets, and future results of operations. Management is actively monitoring the global situation on its financial condition, budgets, liquidity, operations, suppliers, industry, and workforce. Given the daily evolution of the COVID-19 outbreak and the global responses to curb its spread, the School is not able to estimate the effects of the COVID-19 outbreak on its results of operations, financial condition, or liquidity for fiscal year 2022.

In response to the COVID-19 outbreak, the Federal Government passed several COVID relief acts which include funding for elementary and secondary education. The School District was awarded three different stimulus packages known as Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act (CARES), Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act (CRRSA), and the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA). New York State Required the CARES funds to be reported in the General fund, as an offset to state aid reductions, referred to as the Pandemic Adjustment, while the CRRSA and ARPA funds are required to be reported in the special aid fund.

The District reported \$547,034 in CARES revenues and expenditures during the 2021 fiscal year and has submitted the CRRSA and ARPA funding applications to the New York State Education Department for approval. All three stimulus funds may be used for pre-award costs dating back to March 13, 2020, when the national emergency was declared. The District also provided free breakfast and lunches to all students (except those who opted out) through the National School Breakfast and Lunch Program.

# Required Supplementary Information CANANDAIGUA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK Schedule of Changes in District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratio For The Year Ended June 30, 2021

TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY											
		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>					
Service cost	\$	4,208,918	\$	3,684,715	\$	3,468,747					
Interest		2,822,555		3,485,776		2,907,476					
Changes in benefit terms		(103,626)		-		-					
Differences between expected and actual experiences		(33,685,070)		-		(3,704,263)					
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		11,562,277		22,675,601		2,290,748					
Benefit payments		(1,898,158)		(2,582,927)		(2,423,347)					
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	\$	(17,093,104)	\$	27,263,165	\$	2,539,361					
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	\$	124,452,381	\$	97,189,216	\$	94,649,855					
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	107,359,277	\$	124,452,381	\$	97,189,216					
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	30,967,078	\$	29,270,034	\$	29,270,034					
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered											

346.69%

425.19%

332.04%

10 years of historical information is not available, and will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until 10 years of historical data is present.

**Employee Payroll** 

# Required Supplementary Information CANANDAIGUA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

# Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability For The Year Ended June 30, 2021

NYSERS PensionPlan												
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>						
Proportion of the net pension liability (assets)	0.0265134%	0.0257178%	0.0267093%	0.027784%	0.028216%	0.0285241%						
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets)	\$ 26,400	\$ 6,810,232	\$ 1,892,439	\$ 896,708	\$ 2,651,191	\$ 4,578,198						
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 9,260,652	\$ 9,146,764	\$ 9,114,880	\$ 8,939,320	\$ 8,558,424	\$ 8,225,297						
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	0.285%	74.455%	20.762%	10.031%	30.978%	55.660%						
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	00.050/	9 <i>6</i> 200/	06 270/	09 240/	04.709/	00.709/						
pension liability	99.95%	86.39%	96.27%	98.24%	94.70%	90.70%						
		NYSTRS P	ension Plan									
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>						
Proportion of the net pension liability (assets)	0.159798%	0.160646%	0.157466%	0.156253%	0.156863%	0.1603090%						
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets)	\$ 4,415,652	\$ (4,173,589)	\$ (2,847,397)	\$ (1,187,681)	\$ 1,680,070	\$ (16,651,012)						
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 27,765,186	\$ 27,337,379	\$ 26,986,638	\$ 25,939,934	\$ 25,171,843	\$ 24,389,884						
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets) as a percentage of its	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	+ = 1,900 1,9019	+ 10,700,000	+ 20,707,70		2 - 1,000,000						
covered-employee payroll	15.904%	-15.267%	-10.551%	-4.579%	6.674%	-68.270%						
Plan fiduciary net position as												
a percentage of the total pension liability	97.80%	102.20%	101.53%	100.66%	99.01%	110.46%						

10 years of historical information is not available, and will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until 10 years of historical data is present.

# Required Supplementary Information

# CANANDAIGUA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

# Schedule of District Contributions For The Year Ended June 30, 2021

NYSERS PensionPlan												
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>						
Contractually required contributions Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 1,318,344 (1,318,344)	\$ 1,308,224 (1,308,224)	\$ 1,321,881 (1,321,881)	\$ 1,328,536 (1,328,536)	\$ 1,297,713 (1,297,713)	\$ 1,477,436 (1,477,436)						
\$		\$ \$	\$	\$	\$							
Covered-employee payroll		552 \$ 9,146,764	\$ 9,114,880	\$ 8,939,320	\$ 8,558,424	\$ 8,225,297						
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	14.2	4% 14.30%	14.50%	14.86%	15.16%	17.96%						
NYSTRS PensionPlan												
Contractually required contributions	2021 \$ 2,812,539	\$ 2,566,633	\$ 3,031,756	2018 \$ 2,688,081	2017 \$ 3,044,665	2016 \$ 3,390,805						
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(2,812,539)	(2,566,633)	(3,031,756)	(2,688,081)	(3,044,665)	(3,390,805)						
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -						
Covered-employee payroll Contributions as a percentage	\$ 27,765,186	\$ 27,337,379	\$ 26,986,638	\$ 25,939,943	\$ 25,171,843	\$ 24,389,884						
of covered-employee payroll	10.13%	9.39%	11.23%	10.36%	12.10%	13.90%						

10 years of historical information is not available, and will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until 10 years of historical data is present.

# Required Supplementary Information CANANDAIGUA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual - General Fund

For The Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original <u>Budget</u>	1	Amended <u>Budget</u>		Current Year's <u>Sevenues</u>	O	ver (Under) Revised <u>Budget</u>
REVENUES							
Local Sources -							
Real property taxes	\$ 47,549,426	\$	44,200,752	\$ 4	44,134,331	\$	(66,421)
Real property tax items	764,144		4,112,818		4,343,408		230,590
Charges for services	197,500		197,500		382,540		185,040
Use of money and property	75,000		75,000		94,521		19,521
Sale of property and compensation for loss	51,500		51,500		57,011		5,511
Miscellaneous	125,000		140,215		740,590		600,375
State Sources -							
Basic formula	24,056,132		24,056,132		20,146,780		(3,909,352)
Lottery aid	-		-		4,538,422		4,538,422
BOCES	1,500,000		1,500,000		1,585,576		85,576
Textbooks	277,500		277,500		278,706		1,206
All Other Aid -							
Computer software	50,000		50,000		51,736		1,736
Handicapped students	415,000		415,000		65,623		(349,377)
Other aid	100,000		100,000		36,771		(63,229)
Federal Sources	658,882		661,671		644,697		(16,974)
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 75,820,084	\$	75,838,088	\$ 7	77,100,712	\$	1,262,624
Other Sources -							
Transfer - in	\$ _	\$	-	\$	12,898	\$	12,898
TOTAL REVENUES AND OTHER	_						<u> </u>
SOURCES	\$ 75,820,084	\$	75,838,088	\$ 77	7,113,610	\$	1,275,522
Appropriated reserves	\$ 1,592,000	\$	2,067,000	•			
Appropriated fund balance	\$ 290,578	\$	798,578	•			
Prior year encumbrances	\$ 92,025	\$	92,025	-			
TOTAL REVENUES AND APPROPRIATED RESERVES/ FUND BALANCE	\$ <u>77,794,687</u>	\$	<u>78,795,691</u>				

# Required Supplementary Information

#### CANANDAIGUA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -

#### Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual - General Fund

For The Year Ended June 30, 2021

			Current								
	Original			Amended Year's						encumbered	
		<b>Budget</b>		<b>Budget</b>	Ex	<u>penditures</u>	Encu	<u>ımbrances</u>	1	Balances	
EXPENDITURES											
General Support -											
Board of education	\$	47,972	\$	65,377	\$	44,192	\$	-	\$	21,185	
Central administration		286,076		303,484		298,663		-		4,821	
Finance		759,680		753,116		704,975		1,686		46,455	
Staff		542,924		540,211		476,517		-		63,694	
Central services		4,326,949		4,483,180		3,949,999		39,524		493,657	
Special items		866,800		840,850		786,784		-		54,066	
Instructional -											
Instruction, administration and improvement		2,469,003		2,433,923		2,288,910		11		145,002	
Teaching - regular school		20,459,371		20,687,258		19,755,872		52,685		878,701	
Programs for children with											
handicapping conditions		12,093,238		11,552,681		9,686,723		21,251		1,844,707	
Occupational education		1,099,227		1,099,227		1,087,227		-		12,000	
Teaching - special schools		332,500		228,300		174,862		-		53,438	
Instructional media		3,582,868		3,625,591		3,218,263		10,971		396,357	
Pupil services		3,567,479		3,608,893		3,310,700		2,245		295,948	
Pupil Transportation		3,089,213		3,087,914		2,390,410		-		697,504	
<b>Community Services</b>		145,899		145,898		97,781		39,851		8,266	
<b>Employee Benefits</b>		19,329,919		19,321,219		18,287,008		-		1,034,211	
Debt service - principal		3,205,000		3,225,000		3,225,000		-		-	
Debt service - interest		585,569		565,569		537,199				28,370	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	76,789,687	_\$	76,567,691	\$	70,321,085	\$	168,224	\$	6,078,382	
Other Uses -											
Transfers - out	\$	1,005,000	\$	2,228,000	_\$	2,106,594	\$		\$	121,406	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND											
OTHER USES	\$	77,794,687	\$	78,795,691	\$	72,427,679	\$	168,224	\$	6,199,788	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,685,931					
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR		24,382,575		24,382,575		24,382,575					
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR		24,382,575	\$	24,382,575	\$	29,068,506					

#### Note to Required Supplementary Information:

A reconciliation is not necessary since encumbrances are presented in a separate column on this schedule.

#### CANANDAIGUA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

# Schedule of Change From Adopted Budget To Final Budget And The Real Property Tax Limit

For The Year Ended June 30, 2021

CHANGE FROM	ADOPTED	RUDGET TO	FINAL BUDGET:

Adopted budget	\$ 77,702,662
Prior year's encumbrances	92,025
Original Budget	\$ 77,794,687
Budget revisions -	
CARES Act Funding	2,789
Donations	15,215
Bus Purchase	983,000

FINAL BUDGET <u>\$ 78.795.69</u>1

#### SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULATION:

2021-22 voter approved expenditure budget	\$ 79,330,078
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#### <u>Unrestricted fund balance:</u>

Assigned fund balance	\$ 168,224
Unassigned fund balance	 3,173,203
Total Unrestricted fund balance	\$ 3,341,427

#### Less adjustments:

Encumbrances included in assigned fund balance	\$ <u>168,224</u>
Total adjustments	\$ 168,224

General fund fund balance subject to Section 1318 of

Real Property Tax Law 3,173,203

ACTUAL PERCENTAGE 4.00%

# ${\bf CANANDAIGUA\ CENTRAL\ SCHOOL\ DISTRICT, NEW\ YORK}$

#### CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

#### Schedule of Project Expenditures For The Year Ended June 30, 2021

	<u>Expenditures</u>						Me	thods of Financing				
	Original	Revised	Prior	Current		Unexpended		Local	State			Fund
Project Title	<b>Appropriation</b>	Appropriation	<b>Years</b>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Tota</u> l	<b>Balance</b>	<b>Obligations</b>	Sources	Sources	Misc	<u>Tota</u> l	Balance
2015 Capital Outlay Project	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 100	\$ 100,100	\$ (100)	\$ -	\$ 100,100	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 100,100	\$ -
2015 Renovation & Athletic Fields	13,380,000	13,760,000	13,759,999	9,668	13,769,667	(9,667)	8,284,639	5,485,028	-	-	13,769,667	-
2010 Renovation Project	8,430,000	8,430,000	8,166,817	(22,778)	8,144,039	285,961	8,070,000	74,039	-	-	8,144,039	-
2009 Excel Aid Project	9,519,000	9,519,000	9,333,318	10,753	9,344,071	174,929	7,834,830	1,509,241	-	-	9,344,071	-
Emergency Lift Project	908,750	908,750	908,750	-	908,750	-	-	908,750	-	-	908,750	-
Building Purchase	650,000	650,000	647,426	2,574	650,000	-	-	650,000	-	-	650,000	-
Bus Purchases 2016-17	755,000	755,000	748,334	6,666	755,000	-	-	755,000	-	-	755,000	-
Bus Purchases 2017-18	731,199	731,199	711,198	20,001	731,199	-	-	731,199	-	-	731,199	-
2018 Capital Outlay Project	100,000	100,000	100,000	-	100,000	-	-	100,000	-	-	100,000	-
Bus Purchases 2018-19	697,363	697,363	697,359	4	697,363	-	-	697,363	-	-	697,363	-
Smart Schools Bond Act	2,055,645	2,055,645	1,665,820	-	1,665,820	389,825	-	-	1,665,820	-	1,665,820	-
2019 Capital Outlay Project	100,000	100,000	100,000	-	100,000	-	-	100,000	-	-	100,000	-
2020 Capital Outlay Project	100,000	100,000	100,000	-	100,000	-	-	100,000	-	-	100,000	-
2020 Renovations Project	61,700,000	61,700,000	116,685	3,752,826	3,869,511	57,830,489	-	10,600,000	-	1,100	10,601,100	6,731,589
DO HVAC Project	600,000	600,000	600,000	75	600,075	(75)	-	600,075	-	-	600,075	-
Bus Purchases 2019-20	708,750	708,750	702,533	6,217	708,750	-	-	708,750	-	-	708,750	-
Bus Purchases 2020-21	851,300	851,300	-	851,300	851,300	-	-	851,300	-	-	851,300	-
Maintenance Storage Barn	700,000	700,000	-	663,752	663,752	36,248	-	700,000	-	-	700,000	36,248
2021 Capital Outlay Project	100,000	100,000	-	99,850	99,850	150	-	99,850	-	-	99,850	-
Bus Purchases 2021-22	983,000	983,000		·	=	983,000		983,000	<u>-</u>		983,000	983,000
TOTAL	\$ 103.170.007	\$ 103,550,007	\$ 38,458,239	\$ 5,401,008	<u>\$ 43.859.247</u>	\$ 59.690.760	<u>\$ 24.189.469</u>	\$ 25,753,695	\$ 1.665.820	1.100	\$ 51.610.084	\$ 7.750.837

# Supplementary Information CANANDAIGUA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

			Rev	Special venue Funds	i.					Total	
	Special Aid <u>Fund</u>		School Lunch <u>Fund</u>		Miscellaneous Special Revenue <u>Fund</u>		Debt Service <u>Fund</u>		Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u>		
ASSETS											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	614,109	\$	115,481	\$	24,004	\$	74,030	\$	827,624	
Investments		-		-		401,952		-		401,952	
Receivables		476,504		158,086		-		-		634,590	
Inventories		-		50,696		-		-		50,696	
Due from other funds		97,777		276,221		87,077		20,425		481,500	
TOTAL ASSETS		\$ 1,188,390	\$	600,484	\$	513,033	\$	94,455	_	5 2,396,362	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES <u>Liabilities</u> -											
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	4,374	\$	_	\$	_	\$	4,374	
Accrued liabilities	Ψ	4,120	Ψ	9,163	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	13,283	
Due to other funds		1,183,603		494,630		2,340		_		1,680,573	
Due to other governments		-		558		2,5 10		_		558	
Due to ERS		_		35,291		_		_		35,291	
Unearned revenue		667		35,837		_		_		36,504	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	\$ 1,188,390	\$	579,853	\$	2,340	\$		\$	1,770,583	
Fund Balances -											
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$	50,696	\$	-	\$	-	\$	50,696	
Restricted		-		-		510,693		94,455		605,148	
Unassigned		-		(30,065)						(30,065)	
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	\$		\$	20,631	\$	510,693	\$	94,455	\$	625,779	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND											
FUND BALANCES		\$ 1,188,390		\$ 600,484		\$ 513,033		\$ 94,455		\$ 2,396,362	

# CANANDAIGUA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

# **Combined Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances**

#### **Nonmajor Governmental Funds**

For The Year Ended June 30, 2021

Speci	al
-------	----

	Revenue Funds							Total		
	Special School		School	Miscellaneous			Debt		Nonmajor	
	Aid		Lunch		Special Revenue		Service		Governmental	
	<b>Fund</b>		<u>Fund</u>		<b>Fund</b>		<u>Fund</u>		<b>Funds</b>	
REVENUES										
Use of money and property	\$	-	\$	17	\$	73,137	\$	48	\$	73,202
Miscellaneous		-		25,485		71,096		-		96,581
State sources		547,797		17,560		-		-		565,357
Federal sources	1	1,605,407		536,900		-		-		2,142,307
Sales			<u>2,450</u>		_ =		_ =		2,450	
TOTAL REVENUES	_\$	2,153,204	\$	582,412	\$	144,233	\$	48	_5	<u> </u>
EXPENDITURES										
General support	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$	86,071	\$	86,071
Instruction	2	2,173,060		_		-		_		2,173,060
Employee benefits		76,659		193,988		-		-		270,647
Cost of sales		-		251,919		-		-		251,919
Other expenses		_		361,340	=	84,147	_	Ξ		445,487
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_\$	2,249,719	\$	807,247	\$	84,147	\$	86,071	_5	3,227,184
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES										
OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	(96,515)	\$	(224,835)	\$	60,086	\$	(86,023)	\$	(347,287)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers - in	\$	96,515	\$	227,229	\$	-	\$	20,421	\$	344,165
Premium on obligations issued		-		-		-		146,268		146,268
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		-		-		-	(	(4,535,197)	(	(4,535,197)
Proceeds from advanced refunding		_		=	=	<u>-</u>	_	<u>4,475,000</u>		4,475,000
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING										
SOURCES (USES)	\$	96,515	\$	227,229	\$		\$	106,492	\$	430,236
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$	2,394	\$	60,086	\$	20,469	\$	82,949
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING										
OF YEAR (restated)		-		18,237		450,607		73,986		542,830
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$		\$	20,631	\$	510,693	\$	94,455	\$	625,779

# CANANDAIGUA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

# Net Investment in Capital Assets For The Year Ended June 30, 2021

**Capital assets, net** \$ 79,606,383

**Deduct:** 

Bond payable <u>\$ 20,175,000</u>

20,175,000

Net Investment in Capital Assets <u>\$ 59,431,38</u>3

# CANANDAIGUA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

# For The Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Assistance		Pass-Through			
Grantor / Pass - Through Agency	Listing	Grantor	Agency	Total		
Federal Award Cluster / Program	Number	<u>Number</u>	<b>Number</b>	Exp	<u>enditures</u>	
<b>U.S. Department of Education:</b>						
Indirect Programs:						
Passed Through NYS Education Department -						
Special Education Cluster IDEA -						
Special Education - Grants to						
States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027	N/A	0032-21-0664	\$	943,508	
Special Education - Preschool						
Grants (IDEA Preschool)	84.173	N/A	0033-21-0664		30,340	
Total Special Education Cluster IDEA				\$	973,848	
<b>Education Stabilization Fund -</b>						
CARES Act - ESSER	84.425D	N/A	5890-21-2175	\$	468,829	
CARES Act - GEER	84.425C	N/A	5895-21-2175		78,205	
Total Education Stabilization Fund				\$	547,034	
Title IIA - Supporting Effective						
Instruction State Grant	84.367	N/A	0147-21-2175		94,440	
Title IIIA - Immigrant Education	84.365	N/A	0149-21-2175		22,400	
Title IV - Student Support and Enrichment Program	84.424	N/A	0204-20-2175		750	
Title IV - Student Support and Enrichment Program	84.424	N/A	0204-21-2175		25,983	
Title I, Part D - Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	N/A	0016-20-2175		7,581	
Title I, Part D - Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	N/A	0016-21-2175		6,327	
Title I, Part A - Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	N/A	0021-20-2175		5,298	
Title I, Part A - Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	N/A	0021-21-2175		468,071	
Passed Through Phelps-Clifton Springs CSD -						
Title IIIA - English Language Acquisition	84.365	N/A	N/A		709	
Total U.S. Department of Education				\$	2,152,441	
U.S. Department of Agriculture:						
Indirect Programs:						
Passed Through NYS Education Department -						
Child Nutrition Cluster -						
National School Lunch Program-Non-Cash						
Assistance (Commodities)	10.555	N/A	N/A	\$	68,610	
Summer Food Service Program-COVID	10.559	N/A	N/A		468,290	
Total Child Nutrition Cluster				\$	536,900	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				\$	536,900	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWA	ARDS				2,689,341	



Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

#### **Independent Auditors' Report**

To the Board of Education Canandaigua City School District, New York

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Canandaigua City School District, New York, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Canandaigua City School District, New York's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 13, 2021.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Canandaigua City School District, New York's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Canandaigua City School District, New York's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Canandaigua City School District, New York's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Canandaigua City School District, New York's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mongel, Metzger, Barn & Co. LLP

Rochester, New York October 13, 2021

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