Dexter
Community
Schools

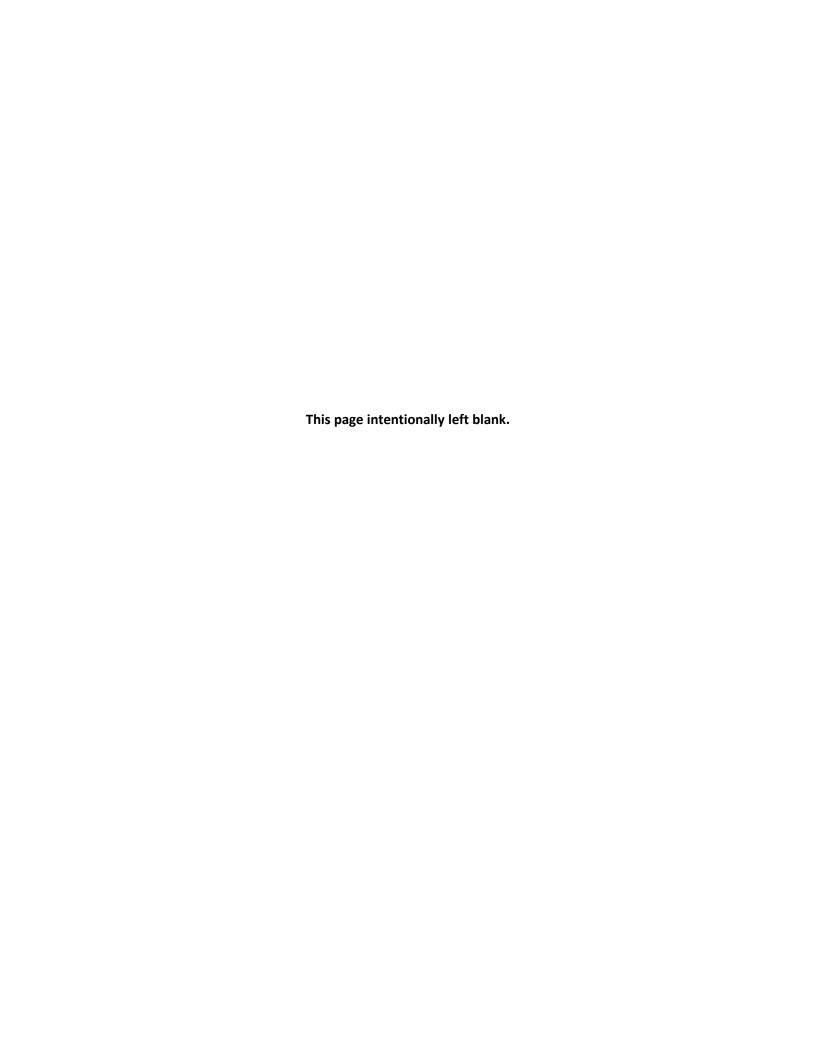


Year Ended June 30, 2021 Financial
Statements and
Supplementary
Information

Rehmann

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

October 15, 2021

Board of Education Dexter Community Schools Dexter, Michigan

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of **Dexter Community Schools** (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Independent Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

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We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Dexter Community Schools as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the budgetary comparison of the general fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the schedules for the pension and other postemployment benefit plan, as noted in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The schedule of bonds issued and outstanding is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued, under separate cover, our report dated October 15, 2021 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As administration of Dexter Community Schools (the "District"), Counties of Washtenaw and Livingston, State of Michigan, we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

Financial Highlights

- The liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the District, as a whole, exceeded its assets and deferred outflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$48,895,296.
- The District's total net position increased by \$493,718.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending
 fund balances of \$20,272,277, a decrease of \$1,219,126 in comparison with the prior year, which was
 largely attributable to the expenditure of bond proceeds for debt issued in a previous fiscal year on predetermined capital projects.
- The general fund had an increase in fund balance of \$1,726,780. At the end of the current fiscal year, total fund balance for the general fund was \$11,581,138 or 26.84% of total general fund expenditures. The unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$2,251,961 or 5.22% percent of total general fund expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements, including management's discussion and analysis, required schedules for the pension and other postemployment benefits plan, schedule of general fund revenues and other financing sources, schedule of general fund expenditures and other financing uses, and combining statements for nonmajor funds.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business. These statements are presented on a full accrual basis, which means that all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the District are recorded, regardless of when related cash is received or paid.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference being *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused compensated leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements display functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The activities of the District include instruction, supporting services, community services, and food services. The District has no business-type activities as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Fund Financial Statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The District maintains several individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the general, debt retirement, 2017 capital projects, and capital projects non-bonded funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. These funds consist of the special revenue funds (i.e., food service, community service, and student/school activity). Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund and special revenue funds. A budgetary comparison statement for the general fund has been provided herein to demonstrate compliance.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Notes to Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information. This is limited to this management's discussion and analysis and the schedules for the Michigan Public School Employee's Retirement System (MPSERS) net pension and other postemployment benefits plan immediately following the notes to the financial statements. The schedule of general fund revenues and other financing sources, schedule of general fund expenditures and other financing uses, and combining statements for nonmajor funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. The District reported a deficit net position of \$48,895,296 at June 30, 2021. This deficit balance is due to the requirement to report the District's proportionate share of the MPSERS net pension and other postemployment benefits liabilities, as well as their related deferrals, on the statement of net position. The District's long-term debt balance also contributes to the District's deficit balance.

	Net Po	osition
	2021	2020
Assets		
Current and other assets	\$ 29,211,200	\$ 29,413,843
Capital assets, net	130,457,803	133,742,027
Total assets	159,669,003	163,155,870
Deferred outflows of resources	28,920,750	32,364,384
Liabilities		
Current and other liabilities	114,664,355	114,015,006
Long-term debt	111,333,046	119,980,956
Total liabilities	225,997,401	233,995,962
Deferred inflows of resources	11,487,648	10,913,306
Net position		
Net investment in capital assets	41,236,672	43,550,482
Restricted	2,194,037	2,354,896
Unrestricted (deficit)	(92,326,005)	(95,294,392)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (48,895,296)	\$ (49,389,014)

Management's Discussion and Analysis

	Change in Net Position			
	2021			2020
Revenues				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$	2,244,118	\$	3,941,426
Operating grants and contributions		17,308,398		14,035,239
General revenues:				
Property taxes - operations		5,223,288		5,036,428
Property taxes - debt service		12,425,359		11,877,973
Grants and contributions not restricted				
to specific programs		24,398,321		24,168,265
Unrestricted investment earnings		13,929		77,910
Other revenues		1,213,081		2,192,122
Total revenues		62,826,494		61,329,363
Expenses				
Instruction		28,393,496		29,883,813
Supporting services		18,933,526		17,928,062
Community services		3,298,004		3,801,156
Food services		1,248,147		1,694,907
Interest on long-term debt		4,162,577		4,133,559
Unallocated depreciation		6,297,026		5,883,997
Total expenses		62,332,776		63,325,494
Change in net position		493,718		(1,996,131)
Net position, beginning of year (deficit)		(49,389,014)		(47,392,883)
Net position, end of year (deficit)	\$	(48,895,296)	\$	(49,389,014)

Governmental Activities. The above analysis focuses on the net position of governmental activities. The change in net position of the District's governmental activities is discussed below. Because the focus of the net position of governmental activities, and the related changes in net position differ from the fund balances of governmental funds, and their related changes, reconciliations between the equity measures and related activity are included with the basic financial statements.

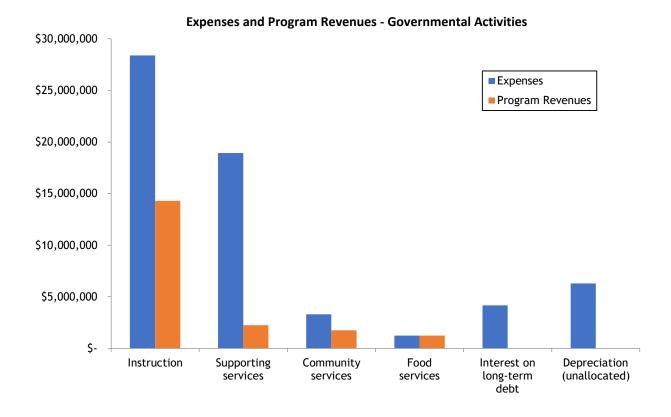
By far the largest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets, and capital projects (i.e., land, buildings, vehicles and buses, equipment and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

An additional portion of the District's net position, \$2,194,037 represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. In the case of the District, these amounts are restricted for debt service and food service. Most of the debt will be repaid from voter-approved property taxes collected as the debt service comes due.

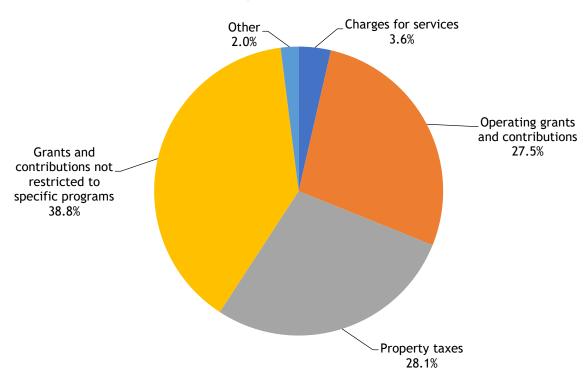
The results of this year's operations for the District as a whole are reported in the statement of activities (see table), which shows the changes in net position for the fiscal year. The District's net position increased by \$493,718 during the current fiscal year.

The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the State and the District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Since property taxes for operations and unrestricted State Aid constitute the vast majority of the District's operating revenue sources, the Board of Education and administration must annually evaluate the needs of the District and balance those needs with State-prescribed available unrestricted resources.



Management's Discussion and Analysis

Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

The District's budgets are prepared according to Michigan law. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal budgeting requirements. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the District amended the budget of the general fund two times. State law requires that the budget be amended to ensure that expenditures do not exceed appropriations. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance – budget and actual – general fund, which presents the District's general fund original and final amended budget amounts compared with amounts actually paid and received, is provided in these financial statements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$2,251,961, while the total fund balance was \$11,581,138. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance and total fund balance represent 5.22% and 26.84%, respectively, of total general fund expenditures.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The fund balance of the District's general fund increased by \$1,726,780, or 17.52% from the prior year. The largest revenue source in this fund is state revenue which includes primarily state aid. The increase in fund balance was largely attributable to the utilization of State and Federal grants related to the Coronavirus Relief Fund (CRF) and the Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER) to provide alternative learning delivery in accordance with the school district's Continuity of Learning Plan.

The debt retirement fund balance increased by \$152,721 to \$2,138,331. Millage rates are determined annually to ensure that the District accumulates sufficient resources to pay annual bond issue-related debt service. The debt retirement fund balance is restricted to pay debt service obligations.

The 2017 capital projects fund balance was \$4,692,731, a decrease of \$3,191,366 from the prior year. The decrease was caused by expenditures on capital projects of bond proceeds for debt issued in a prior fiscal year and intended for this precise purpose.

The non-bonded capital projects fund balance was \$83,401, an increase of \$43,475 from the prior year. The increase was caused by the provisions of an agreement for the sale of the Copeland building and land.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Several major variables are not fully known at the time of budget preparation. Changes in student count, state foundation and state categorical grants have the largest impact. The original budget is prepared to meet our obligation in good faith. Further information and decisions continue to be made after the budget hearing and original budget adoption. Amendments to the original adopted budget are passed in order to reflect changes in information and circumstances. The changes between the original adopted and final amended budgets were:

- The final budget was amended with a 9.23% increase in revenues over the original budget.
- Budgeted expenditures were amended for an overall increase of \$555,524.

In accordance with State statute, the District is prohibited from amending the budget after year-end. As the District's books are not closed for accounting purposes at that point, a certain level of estimation is required in determining actual need. Some of the more significant differences between the final amended budget and the actual financial results were:

• The general fund actual revenue and other financing sources was \$46,114,266. That amount is less than the final budget estimate of \$46,469,204. The variance was \$(354,938), or (0.76)%. The negative variance was largely attributable to a reduction in interdistrict sources for special education reimbursement.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

• The actual expenditures and other financing uses of the general fund were \$44,387,486, which is below the final budget estimate of \$45,612,577. The variance was \$1,255,091, or 2.69% favorable to the final budget. The positive variance was largely attributable to the reduced operational costs of virtual learning delivery related to the COVID-19 pandemic with a Continuity of Learning Plan replacing the traditional learning program.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2021 amounted to \$130,457,803 (net of accumulated depreciation). Significant additions included renovations and additions to the District's facilities being funded through voter-approved bond issues. Capital assets at year-end included the following:

	Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)			
	2021 2020			2020
Land	\$	5,853,892	\$	5,853,892
Construction in progress		124,698		349,893
Buildings and improvements	1	17,613,689	1	121,836,358
Furniture and equipment		5,520,040		4,830,397
Vehicles and buses		1,345,484		871,487
Total capital assets, net			133,742,027	

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 7 of this report.

Long-term Debt

	Long-term Debt		
	2021	2020	
General obligation bonds	\$ 105,355,000	\$ 93,590,000	
Unamortized premiums and discounts	4,236,977	4,764,577	
School Loan Revolving Fund Compensated absences	1,008 1,740,061	19,971,479 1,654,900	
	\$ 111,333,046	\$ 119,980,956	

At the end of the current fiscal year, the District had total long-term debt outstanding of \$111,333,046. The District's total debt decreased by \$8,647,910 during the current fiscal year as a result of normal debt service payments and a refunding of the School Loan Revolving Fund balance. An additional \$405,291 in accrued interest was also added to the School Loan Revolving Fund balance, which was offset by District payments of \$20,375,762.

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 8 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Factors Bearing on the District's Future

The following factors were considered in preparing the District's budget for the 2021-2022 fiscal year:

Foundation Allowance

The Board of Education and administration agreed to an estimated foundation allowance of \$8,470 per pupil for the 2021-22 fiscal year, a \$142 per pupil increase from 2020-21, based on information received from various educational organizations such as Michigan School Business Officials, Michigan Association of School Administrators and the Michigan Association of School Boards as well as discussions with local state representatives. The projected increase for the year ended June 30, 2022 was adopted in June 2021 when there was a high degree of uncertainty related to the funding and operations for districts in the State of Michigan due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The political debate regarding the funding of public education and the current economic climate in the State of Michigan will affect this estimate before the final foundation allowance is known.

Pupil Count

The Board of Education and administration agreed to an estimated pupil count of 3,508 for the 2021-22 fiscal year, a 120 pupil increase from 2020-21, based on information received from Middle Cities Education Association and the District's own pupil projections. The projected increase is largely attributable to a high degree of uncertainty related to students returning to school due to the continued coronavirus outbreaks (COVID-19).

Retirement Rate

The Michigan School Employees Retirement System recommends retirement rates to the legislature for approval. The actual rate depends on the Benefit Plan selected by each member. In 2021-22, the rate for a Basic/MIP with Premium Subsidy member is anticipated to increase to 28.23% from 28.21% effective October 1, 2021. Additionally, the District will be required to pay 15.05%, for all wages earned October 1, 2021 and later, for the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL).

• Novel Coronavirus Outbreak (COVID-19 pandemic)

The budget for the year ended June 30, 2022 was adopted in June 2021 when there was a high degree of uncertainty related to the funding and operations for districts in the State of Michigan due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Subsequent to year end, additional funding has been provided by the State of Michigan through various restricted federal grant programs. Despite this, there continues to be a high degree of uncertainty regarding potential changes to state and federal funding. In addition, the District is continuously evaluating the impacts of the pandemic as it determines the appropriate methods to deliver education to students in a safe environment. These factors will have a significant impact on the operational and financial performance of the District.

The District expects to receive additional allocations of ESSER II funds and ESSER III funds in future years. These funds must be expended by September 30, 2023 and September 30, 2024, respectively.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Sharon Raschke, Chief Financial Officer
Dexter Community Schools
2704 Baker Rd.
Dexter, MI 48130
Telephone: (734) 424-4100

Email: raschkes@dexterschools.org

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,058,424
Investments	11,540,988
Receivables	7,513,312
Other assets	98,476
Capital assets not being depreciated	5,978,590
Capital assets being depreciated, net	124,479,213
Total assets	159,669,003
Deferred outflows of resources	
Deferred charge on advance bond refundings, net	238,115
Deferred pension amounts	21,227,026
Deferred other postemployment benefit amounts	7,455,609
Total deferred outflows of resources	28,920,750
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	5,424,503
Unearned revenue	3,162,411
Long-term debt:	
Due within one year	10,447,621
Due in more than one year	100,885,425
Net pension liability (due in more than one year)	91,569,173
Net other postemployment benefit liability (due in more than one year)	14,508,268
Total liabilities	225,997,401
Deferred inflows of resources	
Deferred pension amounts	537,384
Deferred other postemployment benefit amounts	10,950,264
Total deferred inflows of resources	11,487,648
Net position	
Net investment in capital assets	41,236,672
Restricted for:	
Food service operations	673,697
Debt service	1,520,340
Unrestricted (deficit)	(92,326,005)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (48,895,296)

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

			Program Revenues				
Functions / Programs		Expenses	fo	Charges or Services		Operating Grants and ontributions	Net (Expense) Revenue
Governmental activities							
Instruction	\$	28,393,496	\$	181,495	\$	14,121,965	\$ (14,090,036)
Supporting services	,	18,933,526	,	320,458	7	1,933,232	(16,679,836)
Community services		3,298,004		1,732,970		24,484	(1,540,550)
Food services		1,248,147		9,195		1,228,717	(10,235)
Interest on long-term debt		4,162,577		-		-	(4,162,577)
Unallocated depreciation		6,297,026		-		-	(6,297,026)
Total governmental activities	\$	62,332,776	\$	2,244,118	\$	17,308,398	(42,780,260)
General revenues							
Property taxes - operations							5,223,288
Property taxes - debt service							12,425,359
Grants and contributions not							
restricted to specific programs							24,398,321
Unrestricted investment earnings							13,929
Gain on sale of capital assets							1,036,760
Other revenues							176,321
Total general revenues							43,273,978
G							
Change in net position							493,718
Net position, beginning of year (deficit)							(49,389,014)
Net position, end of year (deficit)							\$ (48,895,296)

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

		General Fund	R	Debt etirement Fund	20	017 Capital Projects Fund
Assets	_		_			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,987,289	\$	2,136,353	\$	-
Investments		6,714,181		1,978		4,824,829
Accounts receivable		395,278		-		-
Interest receivable		2,753		-		6,258
Due from other governments		6,015,595		-		_
Due from other funds		69,361		-		-
Inventory		-		-		-
Prepaid items	-	61,001				-
Total assets	\$	19,245,458	\$	2,138,331	\$	4,831,087
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	124,508	\$	-	\$	138,356
Accrued liabilities		3,858,801		-		-
Due to other governments		640,996		-		_
Due to other funds		55,115		-		_
Unearned revenue		2,984,900				
Total liabilities		7,664,320				138,356
Deferred inflows of resources						
Unavailable revenue - long-term receivable						
Fund balances						
Nonspendable		61,001		-		-
Restricted		-		2,138,331		4,692,731
Committed		8,614,652		-		-
Assigned		653,524		-		-
Unassigned		2,251,961				-
Total fund balances		11,581,138		2,138,331		4,692,731
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources						
and fund balances	\$	19,245,458	\$	2,138,331	\$	4,831,087

N	Capital Projects on-bonded	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Go	Total overnmental Funds
\$	83,401	\$	1,851,381	\$	10,058,424
,	-	,	-,,	,	11,540,988
	970,000		4,794		1,370,072
	-		-		9,011
	-		118,634		6,134,229
	-		56,783		126,144
	-		36,708		36,708
			767		61,768
\$	1,053,401	\$	2,069,067	\$	29,337,344
\$	-	\$	42,973	\$	305,837
·	-	·	877	·	3,859,678
	-		1		640,997
	-		71,029		126,144
			177,511		3,162,411
	-		292,391		8,095,067
	970,000				970,000
	-		37,475		98,476
	-		636,822		7,467,884
	83,401		1,102,379		9,800,432
	-		-		653,524
					2,251,961
	83,401		1,776,676		20,272,277
\$	1,053,401	\$	2,069,067	\$	29,337,344

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Reconciliation

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Net Position of Governmental Activities June 30, 2021

Fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 20,272,277

Amounts reported for *governmental activities* in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.

Capital assets not being depreciated	5,978,590
Capital assets being depreciated, net	124,479,213

Certain liabilities, such as bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.

Bonds and school loan revolving fund payable	(105,356,008)
Compensated absences	(1,740,061)
Unamortized bond premiums and discounts, net	(4,236,977)
Unamortized deferred charge on advance bond refunding	238,115
Accrued interest on bonds payable	(617,991)

The focus of governmental funds is on short-term financing. Accordingly, some assets will not be available to pay for current-period expenditures. Those assets (such as certain receivables) are offset by deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds, and thus are not included in fund balance.

Deferred inflows for long-term receivables

Certain pension and other postemployment benefit-related amounts, such as the net pension liability, the net other postemployment benefit liability, and deferred amounts are not due and payable in the current period or do not represent current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.

Net pension liability	(91,569,173)
Deferred outflows related to the net pension liability	21,227,026
Deferred inflows related to the net pension liability	(537,384)
Net other postemployment benefit liability	(14,508,268)
Deferred outflows related to the net other postemployment benefit liability	7,455,609
Deferred inflows related to the net other postemployment benefit liability	(10,950,264)

Net position of governmental activities

\$ (48,895,296)

970,000

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	General Fund	Debt Retirement Fund	2017 Capital Projects Fund
Revenues			
Local sources	\$ 5,625,756	\$ 12,480,219	\$ 22,684
State sources	32,644,536	224,685	-
Federal sources	2,851,052	-	23,947
Interdistrict sources	4,708,655	-	-
Other adjustments	48,759		
Total revenues	45,878,758	12,704,904	46,631
Expenditures			
Current:			
Instruction	25,565,400	-	=
Supporting services	17,378,352	-	-
Community services	208,328	-	-
Food services	, -	-	=
Debt service:			
Principal	-	8,765,624	-
Interest and fiscal charges	-	3,941,421	-
Capital outlay			3,237,997
Total expenditures	43,152,080	12,707,045	3,237,997
Revenues over (under) expenditures	2,726,678	(2,141)	(3,191,366)
Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfers in	218,748	_	_
Transfers out	(1,235,406)	-	_
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	16,760	-	-
Issuance of long-term debt		15,440,000	-
Payment to refund school loan revolving fund	-	(15,285,138)	-
,		(-,,,	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(999,898)	154,862	
Net change in fund balances	1,726,780	152,721	(3,191,366)
Fund balances, beginning of year	9,854,358	1,985,610	7,884,097
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 11,581,138	\$ 2,138,331	\$ 4,692,731

Capital Projects Non-bonded	_	Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
\$ -	\$	1,742,559	\$	10 071 210
Ş -	Ą	94,934	Ş	19,871,218 32,964,155
_		1,321,948		4,196,947
_		1,321,340		4,708,655
-		-		48,759
		3,159,441		61,789,734
-		-		25,565,400
-		-		17,378,352
-		2,956,417		3,164,745
-		1,170,418		1,170,418
-		-		8,765,624
-		-		3,941,421
6,525		_		3,244,522
6,525		4,126,835		63,230,482
(6,525)		(967,394)		(1,440,748)
-		1,235,406		1,454,154
-		(218,748)		(1,454,154)
50,000		-		66,760
-		-		15,440,000
				(15,285,138)
50,000		1,016,658		221,622
43,475		49,264		(1,219,126)
39,926		1,727,412		21,491,403
\$ 83,401	\$	1,776,676	\$	20,272,277

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Reconciliation

Net Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ (1,219,126)

Amounts reported for *governmental activities* in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Capital assets purchased/constructed	3,012,802
Depreciation expense	(6,297,026)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	(66,760)
Gain on sale of capital assets	1,036,760

Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds in the period issued, but issuing bonds increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but a reduction in long-term debt on the statement of net position.

Principal payments on long-term debt	8,765,624
Issuance of long-term debt	(15,440,000)
Payment to refund school loan revolving fund	15,285,138
Accrued interest on School Loan Revolving Fund added to principal	(405,291)
Amortization of bond premiums and discounts, net	527,600
Amortization of deferred charge on advance bond refunding	(40.820)

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the funds.

Change in the net pension liability and related deferred amounts	(6,378,914)
Change in the net other postemployment benefit liability and related deferred amounts	2,101,537
Change in accrued interest payable on bonds	(302,645)
Change in compensated absences payable	(85,161)

Change in net position of governmental activities \$ 493,718

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund BalanceBudget and Actual - General Fund

Budget and Actual - General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Revenues	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	\$ 5,949,986	¢ c002.076	¢	¢ (450.130)
Local sources	\$ 5,949,986 29,598,259	\$ 6,083,876	\$ 5,625,756 32,644,536	\$ (458,120)
State sources	2,069,690	31,920,144	2,851,052	724,392
Federal sources Interdistrict sources	4,617,664	2,821,948 5,307,734	4,708,655	29,104
	4,017,004	5,307,734		(599,079)
Other adjustments		·	48,759	48,759
Total revenues	42,235,599	46,133,702	45,878,758	(254,944)
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Basic programs	21,659,006	19,486,953	18,990,539	(496,414)
Added needs	5,254,089	6,712,202	6,574,861	(137,341)
Total instruction	26,913,095	26,199,155	25,565,400	(633,755)
Supporting services:				
Student services	4,316,406	4,474,977	4,294,155	(180,822)
Instructional support	2,540,862	3,466,419	3,295,583	(170,836)
General administration	609,463	602,159	589,619	(12,540)
School administration	2,564,325	2,579,668	2,569,057	(10,611)
Business administration	742,420	788,885	783,407	(5,478)
Operation & maintenance of plant	3,844,034	4,289,543	4,110,926	(178,617)
Transportation	1,615,943	1,297,255	1,297,247	(8)
Other support services	403,181	441,397	438,358	(3,039)
Total supporting services	16,636,634	17,940,303	17,378,352	(561,951)
Community services	268,401	234,196	208,328	(25,868)
Total expenditures	43,818,130	44,373,654	43,152,080	(1,221,574)
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,582,531)	1,760,048	2,726,678	(966,630)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	322,614	315,502	218,748	(96,754)
Transfers out	(752,594)	(1,238,923)	(1,235,406)	3,517
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	20,000	20,000	16,760	(3,240)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(409,980)	(903,421)	(999,898)	(96,477)
Net change in fund balance	(1,992,511)	856,627	1,726,780	870,153
Fund balance, beginning of year	9,854,358	9,854,358	9,854,358	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 7,861,847	\$ 10,710,985	\$ 11,581,138	\$ 870,153

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Notes to Financial Statements

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A summary of the significant accounting policies of Dexter Community Schools (the "District"), consistently applied in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements, is as follows:

The Reporting Entity

The District is governed by an elected seven-member Board of Education. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the reporting entity of Dexter Community Schools. The criteria identified in GAAP, including financial accountability, have been utilized in identifying the District's reporting entity, which includes no component units.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The District had no business-type activities during the year ended June 30, 2021.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Notes to Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement* focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period or within one year for expenditure-driven grants. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, State Aid, expenditure-driven grant revenue and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The general fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all the financial resources of the District, except those accounted for and reported in another fund.

The debt retirement fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

The 2017 capital projects fund accounts for and reports the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure in connection with the building and site bonds issued in 2017.

The *capital projects non-bonded fund* are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, major remodeling, and improvements. The District's non-bonded fund resulted from the sale of the Copeland property.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Restricted net position includes assets that are subject to restrictions beyond the District's control. The restrictions may be externally imposed or imposed by law. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments

Investments consist of U.S. Treasury notes and U.S. Government Agency notes that are valued at fair value. In addition, the District participates in an external investment pool. In accordance with GASB 79, some the District's shares in that pool are recorded at amortized cost and others are valued at each investment's net asset value, both of which approximate fair value.

State statues authorize the District to invest in:

- a. Bond, securities, other obligations and repurchase agreements of the United States, or an agency or instrumentality of the United States.
- b. Certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts, or depository receipts of a qualified financial institution.
- c. Commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the two highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services and that matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.
- d. Bankers acceptances of United States banks.
- e. Obligations of the State of Michigan and its political subdivisions that are rated as investment grade by at least one standard rating service at the time of purchase.
- f. Mutual funds registered under the Investment Company Act of 9140 with the authority to purchase only investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by a public corporation.
- g. External investment pools as authorized by Public Act 20 as amended through December 31, 1997.

Receivables and Revenues

The District follows the practice of recording receivables for revenues that have been earned but not yet received. Receivables consist primarily of State School Aid payments from the State of Michigan and Federal grant funds earned but not yet collected. No amounts have been identified as potentially uncollectible by management and no amount has been recorded as a provision for bad debts.

Notes to Financial Statements

Inventory

Inventories consist of food items. All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed.

Prepaids

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition cost at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Capital assets of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Years
Buildings and improvements	20-50
Furniture and equipment	5-20
Vehicles and buses	5-10

Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District reports deferred outflows for the deferred charge on advance bond refundings, which results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The District also reports deferred outflows of resources related to the net pension and other postemployment benefit liabilities. A portion of these costs represent contributions to the plans subsequent to the plan measurement date.

Notes to Financial Statements

Salaries Payable and Accrued Employee Benefits

A liability is recorded at June 30 for amounts owed to teachers and other District employees who do not work during the summer when school is not in session, but have elected to have their salaries paid over an entire year. This has the effect of properly charging their salaries to expenditures in the fiscal year in which their services are received, even though they are not paid until July and August of the following fiscal year.

The liability for accrued retirement and the employer share of FICA related to the salaries payable has been recorded as has the liability for employee health insurances for the months of July and August. The District pays these insurances for this period as a part of the compensation for services rendered in the preceding school year.

Compensated Absences

It is the District's policy to permit employees to accumulate various earned, but unused vacation, sick pay and severance benefits. These are accrued when earned in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations or retirements.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to one or more future periods, and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District's deferred inflows of resources are related to the net pension and other postemployment benefit liabilities.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue consists of revenue received prior to the delivery of goods or services or the incurrence of qualifying expenditures.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the related bonds using the straight-line method which approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognized bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as an other financing source. Discounts and premiums on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses and sources, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements

Property Taxes

Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the general and debt service funds on a levy year basis. The 2020 levy amounts are recognized as current property tax revenue to the extent they are collected during the year or within sixty days after year end. Collections of delinquent taxes in subsequent years are recognized as property tax revenues in the year collected. Assessed values are established annually by the various governmental units within the District and are equalized by the State of Michigan.

Fund Equity

Governmental funds report nonspendable fund balance for amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restricted fund balance is reported when externally imposed constraints are placed on the use of resources by grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Committed fund balance is reported for amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Education. A formal resolution of the Board of Education is required to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment. The District reports assigned fund balance for amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The intent is expressed by the Board of Education. Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund.

When the District incurs an expenditure for purposes for which various fund balance classifications can be used, it is the District's policy to use restricted fund balance first, then committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and finally unassigned fund balance, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first to defer the use of these classified funds.

Interfund Transactions

During the course of normal operations, the District has numerous transactions between funds, including expenditures and transfers of resources to provide services, construct assets, and service debt. The accompanying financial statements generally reflect such transactions as transfers. Operating subsidies are also recorded as transfers. The amounts recorded as subsidies or advances are determined by the District. Balances outstanding at year-end are reported as due to/from other funds.

Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, the net other postemployment benefit liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and other postemployment benefits, and pension and other postemployment benefit expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the plan and additions to/deductions from the plan fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Notes to Financial Statements

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires administration to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. ACCOUNTABILITY AND BUDGETARY COMPLIANCE

Budgets are adopted for general and special revenue funds as required by state law and are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The District considers the debt service payment schedule to be an adequate budgetary control for the debt service funds. The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The Superintendent submits to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1.
- 2. Adoption and amendments of all budgets used by the District are governed by Public Act 621, which was followed for the year ended June 30, 2021. Expenditures may not exceed appropriations at the function code level. The appropriations resolutions are based on the projected expenditures budget of the department heads of the District. Any amendment to the original budget must meet the requirements of Public Act 621. Any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Board of Education.

P.A. 621 of 1978, as amended, provides that a local unit shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amount appropriated. During the year ended June 30, 2021, the District did not incur expenditures in excess of the amounts appropriated.

3. STATE OF MICHIGAN SCHOOL AID

The District reports State of Michigan school aid in the fiscal year in which the District is entitled to the revenue as provided by State of Michigan school aid appropriation acts. State funding represented 71% of the District's general fund revenue during the 2021 fiscal year.

Notes to Financial Statements

4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments are comprised of the following at year-end:

	overnmental Activities
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$ 10,058,424 11,540,988
Total	\$ 21,599,412
Cash and investments are comprised of the following at year-end:	
Checking and savings accounts Investments Cash on hand	\$ 10,056,575 11,540,988 1,849
Total	\$ 21,599,412

Cash and cash equivalents are comprised of deposits in various financial institutions located in Michigan. State policy limits the District's investing options to financial institutions located in Michigan. All accounts are in the name of the District and a specific fund or common account.

The District chooses to disclose its investments by specifically identifying each. As of year-end, the District had the following investments:

	Maturity	Cai	rrying Value	Rating
rnal investment pools: chigan Liquid Asset Fund (MILAF): IILAF + Portfolio:				
Cash management class	N/A	\$	4,005,404	AAAm S&P
SS	N/A		157,093	AAAm S&P
	Various		4,911,071	AAA Kroll
	11/15/2021		2,467,420	AA+ S&P
		\$	11,540,988	

Notes to Financial Statements

Investment and Deposit Risk

Interest Rate Risk. State law limits the allowable investments and the maturities of some of the allowable investments as identified in Note 1 of the summary of significant accounting policies. The District's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The maturity dates for the District's investments are indicated in the previous table.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to specific government securities, certificates of deposit and bank accounts with qualified financial institutions, commercial paper with specific maximum maturities and ratings when purchased, bankers acceptances of specific financial institutions, qualified mutual funds, and qualified external investment pools as identified in the list of authorized investments in the summary of significant accounting policies. The District's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment credit risk. The ratings for each investment are identified in the previous table for investments held at year end.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. The District minimizes this risk by pre-qualifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries, and advisors to be in compliance with the requirements set forth in the District's investment policy. As of year-end, \$10,835,991 of the District's bank balance of \$11,085,991 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District minimized this risk by prequalifying the financial institutions, brokers/dealers, intermediaries, and advisors to be in compliance with the requirements set forth in the District's investment policy. The District is exposed to no custodial credit risk on its investments because they are held in the name of the District.

Concentration of Credit Risk. State law limits allowable investments but does not limit concentration of credit risk as identified above. The District's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on concentration of credit risk.

Notes to Financial Statements

Fair Value Measurement

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy below. In instances whereby inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The District's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgment and considers factors specific to each asset or liability.

The District has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2021:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
U.S. Treasury Notes	\$ -	\$ 2,467,420	\$ -	\$ 2,467,420
Assets carried at amortized cost: External investment pools: Michigan Liquid Asset Fund (MILAF MILAF + Portfolio:):			
Cash management class MAX class Assets carried at net asset value: External investment pools:				4,005,404 157,093
Michigan Liquid Asset Fund (MILAF MILAF Term):			4,911,071
Total investments				\$ 11,540,988

5. RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Receivables in the government-wide financial statements at year-end are as follows:

	Governmental Activities		
Accounts receivable Interest receivable	\$	1,370,072 9,011	
Due from other governments		6,134,229	
Totals	\$	7,513,312	

Notes to Financial Statements

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities in the government-wide financial statements at year-end are as follows:

	Governmental Activities		
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other governments	\$	305,837 3,859,678 640,997	
Interest payable on long-term debt		617,991	
Totals	\$	5,424,503	

6. INTERFUND RECEIVABLE, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

At June 30, 2021, interfund receivables, and payables consisted of the following:

	_	Due from Other Funds		Due to her Funds
General fund Nonmajor governmental funds	\$	69,361 56,783	\$	55,115 71,029
	\$	126,144	\$	126,144

The District often reports interfund balances between many of its funds. These interfund balances result primarily from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, interfund transfers consisted of the following:

		Trans					
Transfers Out	General Fund		General Fund		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Totals
Transfers Out	Gei	ierai Fuliu		rulius	TOLAIS		
General fund Nonmajor governmental funds	\$	- 218,748	\$	1,235,406	\$ 1,235,406 218,748		
	\$	218,748	\$	1,235,406	\$ 1,454,154		

Notes to Financial Statements

Transfers are used to: (1) move revenues from the fund that is required to collect them to the fund that is required or allowed to expend them; (2) move receipts restricted to or allowed for debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due; (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations; and (4) to cover direct and indirect costs paid by general fund on behalf of special revenue funds.

7. CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	Ending Balance
Governmental activities					
Capital assets, not being depre	eciated:				
Land	\$ 5,853,892	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,853,892
Construction in progress	349,893	3,012,802		(3,237,997)	124,698
	6,203,785	3,012,802		(3,237,997)	5,978,590
Capital assets, being depreciat	ed:				
Buildings and improvements	192,566,788			714,584	193,281,372
Furniture and equipment	13,373,385	-	-	1,703,526	15,076,911
Vehicles and buses	3,738,021	-	(594,290)	819,887	3,963,618
vernicles and buses	209,678,194	-	(594,290)	3,237,997	212,321,901
Less accumulated depreciation Buildings and	n for:				
improvements	(70,730,430)	(4,937,253)	-	-	(75,667,683)
Furniture and equipment	(8,542,988)	(1,013,883)	-	-	(9,556,871)
Vehicles and buses	(2,866,534)	(345,890)	594,290		(2,618,134)
	(82,139,952)	(6,297,026)	594,290	-	(87,842,688)
Total capital assets					
being depreciated, net	127,538,242	(6,297,026)		3,237,997	124,479,213
Governmental activities	.				
capital assets, net	\$ 133,742,027	\$ (3,284,224)	\$ -	Ş -	\$ 130,457,803

Depreciation expense is reported as unallocated in the statement of activities.

At June 30, 2021, the District has approximately \$943,000 in commitments related to the construction in progress reported above.

Notes to Financial Statements

8. LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the District for the year ended June 30, 2021:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities					
General obligation bonds	\$ 93,590,000	\$ 15,440,000	\$ (3,675,000)	\$ 105,355,000	\$ 9,920,000
Unamortized premiums	4 76 4 577		(527.600)	4 226 077	527.624
and discounts School Loan Revolving	4,764,577	-	(527,600)	4,236,977	527,621
Fund	19,971,479	405,291	(20,375,762)	1,008	_
Compensated absences	1,654,900	85,161	(20,373,702)	1,740,061	-
Total governmental					
activities	\$ 119,980,956	\$ 15,930,452	\$ (24,578,362)	\$ 111,333,046	\$ 10,447,621
General obligatio \$31,500,000 (orig 1998 school buil of \$2,625,000 pl \$6,610,000, 2012 from \$750,000 t through 2022 \$50,605,000 2017 ranging from \$7 3.00-4.00% thro	\$ 18,375,000 925,000 50,605,000				
\$20,010,000, 2017 refunding bonds due in amounts ranging from \$1,280,000 through \$4,010,000 plus interest at 4.00%					
through 2028 \$15,440,000 2021 from \$1,505,00	20,010,000				
0.20-0.82% thro Total	ugn 2026			15,440,000 \$ 105,355,000	

Notes to Financial Statements

The District has advance refunded certain bonds payable in previous periods through issuance of refunding bonds. The proceeds from issuance of the refunding bonds were placed in escrow until the related bonds were called. Of the refunding bonds reported in the table above, there are no amounts currently held in escrow, as the original bonds in each instance have already been called and repaid in full.

Future principal and interest payment requirements on outstanding general obligation debt are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal		cipal Interest		Total		
2022	\$ 9,920,000	\$	3,700,560	\$	13,620,560		
2023	10,715,000		3,327,323		14,042,323		
2024	11,515,000		3,009,723		14,524,723		
2025	12,355,000		2,669,574		15,024,574		
2026	9,585,000		2,300,381		11,885,381		
2027-2031	26,465,000		6,072,953		32,537,953		
2032-2034	24,800,000		1,707,878		26,507,878		
					_		
Totals	\$ 105,355,000	\$	22,788,392	\$	128,143,392		

The State of Michigan school loan revolving funds represent amounts borrowed from the State of Michigan school bond loan program to supplement property tax revenue for making payments on the District's general obligation bonds. Although interest accrues each year, no payment is due until such time as the District's property tax revenue is sufficient to support the debt service requirements on the general obligation bonds. Changes to the school loan revolving funds for the year ended June 30, 2021, are as follows:

		School Loan R				
	Principal		Interest		Total	
Beginning balance Additions Deductions	\$	17,248,265 - (17,247,265)	\$	2,723,214 405,291 (3,128,497)	\$	19,971,479 405,291 (20,375,762)
Ending balance	\$	1,000	\$	8	\$	1,008

Compensated absences are expected to be liquidated by the general fund.

Notes to Financial Statements

9. UNEARNED REVENUE

Governmental funds report unearned revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned. The District has recorded \$2,711,071 in unearned revenue to offset the amounts passed to the District from various taxing authorities for excess capture of DDA and TIFA taxes. These amounts will be due back to the State upon final determination of the amounts due for each taxing authority. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of unearned revenue are as follows:

Future State Aid Adjustment	
for Prior Year DDA/TIFA Captures	\$ 2,711,071
Fees and prepaid student lunches	177,511
Other	273,829
	\$ 3,162,411

10. PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLANS

Plan Description

The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (the "System" or MPSERS) is a cost-sharing, multiple employer, state-wide, defined benefit public employee retirement plan governed by the State of Michigan (the "State") originally created under Public Act 136 of 1945, recodified and currently operating under the provisions of Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended. Section 25 of this act establishes the board's authority to promulgate or amend the provisions of the System. The board consists of twelve members - eleven appointed by the Governor and the State Superintendent of Instruction, who serves as an ex-officio member.

The System's pension plan was established by the State to provide retirement, survivor and disability benefits to public school employees. In addition, the System's health plan provides all retirees with the option of receiving health, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage under the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement Act (1980 PA 300 as amended).

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services (ORS) within the Michigan Department of Technology, Management & Budget. The Department Director appoints the Office Director, with whom the general oversight of the System resides. The State Treasurer serves as the investment officer and custodian for the System.

The System's financial statements are available at the ORS website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

Notes to Financial Statements

Pension Benefits Provided

Benefit provisions of the defined benefit (DB) pension plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the DB pension plan. Depending on the plan option selected, member retirement benefits are determined by final average compensation, years of service, and a pension factor ranging from 1.25% to 1.50%. DB members are eligible to receive a monthly benefit when they meet certain age and service requirements. The System also provides disability and survivor benefits to DB plan members.

A DB member plan member who leaves Michigan public school employment may request a refund of his or her member contributions to the retirement system account if applicable. A refund cancels a former member's rights to future benefits. However, returning members who previously received a refund of their contributions may reinstate their service through repayment of the refund upon satisfaction of certain requirements.

Participants in the defined contribution (DC) plan consist of one of the following: (1) members who worked for a Michigan public school on or after September 4, 2012 and elected to be enrolled in the defined contribution plan; (2) members who elected to transfer from the defined benefit plan to the defined contribution plan under the reform (P.A. 300) of 2012; or (3) members who worked for a Michigan public school on or after February 1, 2018 and did not elect participation in the Pension Plus 2 plan. Members who worked for a Michigan public school on or after September 4, 2012 and elected to be enrolled in the defined contribution plan receive a 100% match of the member contribution rate up to a maximum of 3% based on the member's gross earnings. Additionally, there is a mandatory employer contribution of 4% of the member's gross earnings for MPSERS members who elected to convert from a Basic or MIP benefit plan to the defined contribution benefit plan. Members electing the Pension Plus or Pension Plus 2 benefit plan receive a 50% match of the member's contribution percent up to a maximum of 1% based on the member's gross earnings. Effective October 1, 2017, there is a mandatory employer contribution of 4% of the member's gross earnings for members who elect the DC benefit plan. The employer must match 100% of the employee contribution for any member who elected the Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF) up to a maximum of 2% of the member's gross earnings. For all members with a PHF, the first 2% of DC contributions must go into the PHF and must be matched 100% by the employer.

Notes to Financial Statements

Other Postemployment Benefits Provided

Benefit provisions of the postemployment healthcare plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions. Retirees have the option of health coverage, which, through 2012, was funded on a cash disbursement basis. Beginning fiscal year 2013, it is funded on a prefunded basis. The System has contracted to provide the comprehensive group medical, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage for retirees and beneficiaries. A subsidized portion of the premium is paid by the System with the balance deducted from the monthly pension of each retiree healthcare recipient. For members who first worked before July 1, 2008, (Basic, MIP-Fixed, and MIP Graded plan members) the subsidy is the maximum allowed by statute. To limit future liabilities of Other Postemployment Benefits, members who first worked on or after July 1, 2008 (MIP-Plus plan members) have a graded premium subsidy based on career length where they accrue credit towards their insurance premiums in retirement, not to exceed the maximum allowable by statute. Public Act 300 of 2012 sets the maximum subsidy at 80% beginning January 1, 2013; 90% for those Medicare eligible and enrolled in the insurances as of that date. Dependents are eligible for healthcare coverage if they meet the dependency requirements set forth in Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended.

Public Act 300 of 2012 granted all active members of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System, who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012 or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their retirement healthcare. Any changes to a member's healthcare benefit are effective as of the member's transition date, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, members were given the choice between continuing the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare and keeping the premium subsidy benefit described above, or choosing not to pay the 3% contribution and instead opting out of the subsidy benefit and becoming a participant in the Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF), a portable, tax-deferred fund that can be used to pay healthcare expenses in retirement. Participants in the PHF are automatically enrolled in a 2% employee contribution into their 457 account as of their transition date, earning them a 2% employer match into a 401(k) account. Members who selected this option stop paying the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare as of the day before their transition date, and their prior contributions were deposited into their 401(k) account.

Contributions

Employers are required by Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of active and retired members. Contribution provisions are specified by State statute and may be amended only by action of the State Legislature.

Notes to Financial Statements

Employer contributions to the System are determined on an actuarial basis using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The portion of this cost allocated to the current valuation year is called the normal cost. The remainder is called the actuarial accrued liability. Normal cost is funded on a current basis. The unfunded (overfunded) actuarial accrued liability as of the September 30, 2019 valuation will be amortized over a 19-year period beginning October 1, 2019 and ending September 30, 2038.

The table below summarizes pension contribution rates in effect for fiscal year 2021:

Benefit Structure	Member Rates	Employer Rates
Basic	0.00% - 4.00%	19.41% -
243.6	0.0070 1.0070	19.78%
Member Investment Plan (MIP)	3.00% - 7.00%	19.41% -
		19.78%
Pension Plus	3.00% - 6.40%	16.46% -
		16.82%
Pension Plus 2	6.20%	19.59%
Defined Contribution	0.00%	13.39%

For the year ended June 30, 2021, required and actual contributions from the District to the pension plan were \$7,960,419, which included \$3,523,893, the amount received from the State and remitted to the System to fund the MPSERS unfunded actuarial accrued liability ("UAAL") stabilization rate.

The table below summarizes OPEB contribution rates in effect for fiscal year 2021:

Benefit Structure	Member Rates	Employer Rates
Premium Subsidy	3.00%	8.09% - 8.43%
Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF)	0.00%	7.57%

For the year ended June 30, 2021, required and actual contributions from the District to the OPEB plan were \$1,953,217.

Notes to Financial Statements

The table below summarizes defined contribution rates in effect for fiscal year 2021:

Benefit Structure	Member Rates	Employer Rates
Defined Contribution Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF)	0.00% - 3.00% 0.00% - 2.00%	0.00% - 7.00% 0.00% - 2.00%

For the year ended June 30, 2021, required and actual contributions from the District for those members with a defined contribution benefit were \$381,768.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability of \$91,569,173 for its proportionate share of the MPSERS net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation rolled forward from September 2019. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was determined by dividing each employer's statutorily required pension contributions to the system during the measurement period by the percent of pension contributions required from all applicable employers during the measurement period. At September 30, 2020, the District's proportion was 0.26657%, which was an increase of 0.00455% from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$14,162,993. At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		let Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources
Differences between expected and					
actual experience	\$ 1,399,102	\$	195,441	\$	1,203,661
Changes in assumptions	10,146,747		-		10,146,747
Net difference between projected and actual					
earnings on pension plan investments	384,733		-		384,733
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate					
share of contributions	1,781,317		341,943		1,439,374
	13,711,899		537,384		13,174,515
District contributions subsequent to the					
measurement date	7,515,127		-		7,515,127
Total	\$ 21,227,026	\$	537,384	\$	20,689,642

Notes to Financial Statements

The \$7,515,127 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Amount
2022 2023 2024 2025	\$ 6,014,237 4,159,843 2,266,346 734,089
Total	\$ 13,174,515

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability of \$14,508,268 for its proportionate share of the MPSERS net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of September 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation rolled forward from September 2019. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was determined by dividing each employer's statutorily required OPEB contributions to the system during the measurement period by the percent of OPEB contributions required from all applicable employers during the measurement period. At September 30, 2020, the District's proportion was 0.27081% which was an increase of 0.00604% from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2019.

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$225,634. At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	0	Deferred outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		let Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources
Difference hat were a supertail and						
Differences between expected and	.		۲.	10.010.015	۲.	(40.040.045)
actual experience	\$		\$	10,810,015	\$	(10,810,015)
Changes in assumptions		4,783,664		-		4,783,664
Net difference between projected and actual						
earnings on OPEB plan investments		121,088		-		121,088
Changes in proportion and differences between						
employer contributions and proportionate		707 724		4.40.240		657.405
share of contributions		797,734		140,249		657,485
		5,702,486		10,950,264		(5,247,778)
District contributions subsequent to the						
measurement date		1,753,123		-		1,753,123
Total	\$	7,455,609	\$	10,950,264	\$	(3,494,655)
lotai	-	7,433,003	٠	10,550,204	٧	(3,734,033)

The \$1,753,123 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Amount
2022 2023	\$ (1,428,108) (1,260,156)
2024 2025	(1,030,027) (847,020)
2026	 (682,467)
Total	\$ (5,247,778)

Notes to Financial Statements

Actuarial Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations. The total pension and OPEB liabilities in the September 30, 2019 actuarial valuation were determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial cost method Entry age, normal

Wage inflation rate 2.75%

Investment rate of return:

MIP and Basic plans (non-hybrid) 6.80%
Pension Plus plan (hybrid) 6.80%
Pension Plus 2 plan (hybrid) 6.00%
OPEB plans 6.95%

Projected salary increases 2.75% - 11.55%, including wage inflation at 2.75% Cost of living adjustments 3% annual non-compounded for MIP members Healthcare cost trend rate 7.0% Year 1 graded to 3.5% Year 15; 3.0% Year 120

Mortality RP-2014 Male and Female Employee Annuitant Mortality Tables,

adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006. For retirees, the tables were scaled by 82% for males and 78% for females. For active members, 100% of the table rates were

used for both males and females.

Other OPEB assumptions:

Opt-out assumptions 21% of eligible participants hired before July 1, 2008 and 30% of

those hired after June 30, 2008 are assumed to opt-out of the retiree

health plan.

Survivor coverage 80% of male retirees and 67% of female retirees are assumed to have

coverages continuing after the retiree's death.

Coverage election at retirement 75% of male and 60% of female future retirees are assumed to elect

coverage for 1 or more dependents.

Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the period 2012 through 2017 have been adopted by the System for use in the annual pension and OPEB valuations beginning with the September 30, 2017 valuation. The total pension and OPEB liabilities as of September 30, 2020, are based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2019, rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures, including the experience study. The recognition period for pension liabilities is 4.4892 years which is the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees. The recognition period for OPEB liabilities is 5.6018 years which is the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees. The recognition period for assets is 5 years.

Notes to Financial Statements

Long-term Expected Return on Pension Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2020, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return	Expected Money- Weighted Rate of Return
Domestic equity pools	25.00%	5.29%	1.32%
Private equity pools	16.00%	8.78%	1.40%
International equity pools	15.00%	6.98%	1.05%
Fixed income pools	10.50%	0.47%	0.05%
Real estate and infrastructure pools	10.00%	4.62%	0.46%
Absolute return pools	9.00%	3.02%	0.27%
Real return/opportunistic pools	12.50%	6.23%	0.78%
Short-term investment pools	2.00%	-0.09%	0.00%
	100.00%		5.33%
Inflation			2.10%
Risk adjustment			-0.63%
Investment rate of return			6.80%

Notes to Financial Statements

Long-term Expected Return on OPEB Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the OPEB plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2020, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return	Expected Money- Weighted Rate of Return
Domestic equity pools	25.00%	5.29%	1.32%
Private equity pools	16.00%	8.78%	1.40%
International equity pools	15.00%	6.98%	1.05%
Fixed income pools	10.50%	0.47%	0.05%
Real estate and infrastructure pools	10.00%	4.62%	0.46%
Absolute return pools	9.00%	3.02%	0.27%
Real return/opportunistic pools	12.50%	6.23%	0.78%
Short-term investment pools	2.00%	-0.09%	0.00%
	100.00%		5.33%
Inflation			2.10%
Risk adjustment			-0.48%
Investment rate of return			6.95%

Rate of Return

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension and OPEB plan investments, net of pension and OPEB plan investment expense, was 5.37% and 5.24%, respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Notes to Financial Statements

Discount Rate

A discount rate of 6.80% was used to measure the total pension liability (6.80% for the Pension Plus plan, 6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 plan, both of which are hybrid plans provided through non-university employers only) and a discount rate of 6.95% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. This discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension and OPEB plan investments of 6.80% (6.80% for the Pension Plus plan, 6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 plan) and 6.95%, respectively. The projection of cash flows used to determine these discount rates assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension and OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension and OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension and OPEB liabilities.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.80% (6.80% for the Pension Plus plan, 6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 plan), as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher:

	1% Decrease		Current scount Rate		% Increase
	(5.80% / 5.80% / 5.00%)	(6.80% / 6.80% / 6.00%)		(7.	80% / 7.80% / 7.00%)
f	\$ 118.520.760	Ś	91.569.173	Ś	69.232.314

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.95%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher:

	1	% Decrease (5.95%)	Di	Current scount Rate (6.95%)	1	.% Increase (7.95%)
District's proportionate share of						
the net OPEB liability	\$	18,637,519	\$	14,508,268	\$	11,031,784

Notes to Financial Statements

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the assumed trend rates, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher:

	Current Healthcare Cost	
1% Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Increase
(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability

\$ 10,898,676 \$ 14,508,268 \$ 18,613,732

Pension and OPEB Plans Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension and OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued MPSERS financial statements available on the State of Michigan Office of Retirement Services website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a payable of \$1,156,591 for the outstanding amount of pension contributions to the Plan required for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Payable to the OPEB Plan

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a payable of \$219,740 for the outstanding amount of OPEB contributions to the Plan required for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Notes to Financial Statements

11. FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the District classifies fund balances based primarily on the extent to which it is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Detailed information on fund balances of governmental funds is as follows:

	General Fund	Debt Retirement Fund	2017 Capital Projects Fund	Capital Projects Non-bonded	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
Nonspendable						
Inventory	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 36,708	\$ 36,708
Prepaid items	61,001	-			767	61,768
	61,001				37,475	98,476
Restricted						
Debt service	-	2,138,331	-	-	-	2,138,331
Food service program	-	-	-	-	636,822	636,822
Capital projects	-	-	4,692,731	-	-	4,692,731
		2,138,331	4,692,731		636,822	7,467,884
Committed						
Unspent supply carryover	314,162	-	-	-	-	314,162
Facilities, equipment and						
maintenance	1,000,000	-	-	-	-	1,000,000
Facilities, athletics	950,000	-	-	-	-	950,000
Performing arts equipment	150,000	-	-	-	-	150,000
Instructional materials and						
equipment	1,000,000	-	-	-	-	1,000,000
Technology	1,500,000	-	-	-	-	1,500,000
New programs	2,400,000	-	-	-	-	2,400,000
New buildings and spaces	300,490	-	-	-	-	300,490
Retirement and severance	1,000,000	-	-	-	-	1,000,000
Community services	-	-	-	-	133,483	133,483
Student / school activity	-	-	-	-	968,896	968,896
Non-bonded capital						
projects		-		83,401		83,401
	8,614,652	-		83,401	1,102,379	9,800,432
Assigned						
Subsequent year						
expenditures	653,524	-				653,524
Unassigned	2,251,961					2,251,961
Total fund balances -						
governmental funds	\$ 11,581,138	\$ 2,138,331	\$ 4,692,731	\$ 83,401	\$ 1,776,676	\$ 20,272,277

Notes to Financial Statements

12. NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS

The composition of the District's net investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2021, was as follows:

	Governmental Activities
Capital assets:	
Capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 5,978,590
Capital assets being depreciated, net	124,479,213
	130,457,803
Related debt:	
General obligation bonds	105,355,000
Less: noncapital related debt	(15,440,000)
Premiums/discounts on bonds payable, net	4,236,977
Deferred charge on advance bond refundings, net	(238,115)
Unexpended bond proceeds	(4,692,731)
	89,221,131
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 41,236,672

13. BONDED CONSTRUCTION COSTS

2017 Capital Projects Fund Compliance

The 2017 Capital Projects Fund include capital project activities funded with proceeds from the 2017 building and site bonds. For these activities, the District has complied with the applicable provisions of §1351a of the Revised School Code and the applicable section of the Revised Bulletin for School District Audits of Bonded Construction Funds and Sinking Funds in Michigan.

14. CONTINGENCIES

Federal Grant Programs

The District participates in federally assisted grant programs, which are subject to program compliance audits by the grantor or its representatives. Such audits of these programs may be performed at some future date. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the District expects such amounts, if any, not to be material.

Notes to Financial Statements

Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District participates in and pays premiums to M.A.I.S.L. Joint Management Trust and SET-SEG, Inc. Insurance Trust. The pools maintain loss funds and are also required by the terms of the participation agreements to obtain insurance and reinsurance as necessary.

The terms of the participation agreement with the pools indicate that, should losses of the pools incurred in a given coverage period exceed the loss fund and the aggregate excess reinsurance, the fund may access its member districts on a pro-rata basis to cover excess losses. In past years, the loss funds have exceeded the amount necessary to maintain prudent loss reserves, resulting in annual premium refunds to member districts. The District's management believes that participation in these pools provide sufficient coverage to protect the District from significant adverse financial impact.

15. CORONAVIRUS (COVID-19)

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared the novel coronavirus outbreak (COVID-19) to be a global pandemic. While the pandemic has resulted in an increase in the demands on the District to deliver education to students in a safe environment, the Federal Government has also provided significant resources to help mitigate the impacts of COVID-19. The District received over \$3.6 million during 2021 from various funding sources to be used to respond to the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic through the CARES Act and other funding sources. This funding was used to purchase personal protection equipment (PPE), cleaning and sanitizing materials, and supplies, as well as for activities to support learning for students. With these additional resources, at this time management does not believe that the negative financial impact of the pandemic, if any, would be material to the District.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required Supplementary Information

MPSERS Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

	Year Ended June 30,							
		2021		2020		2019		
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	91,569,173	\$	86,772,214	\$	78,076,238		
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.26657%		0.26202%		0.25972%		
District's covered payroll	\$	24,033,841	\$	23,160,721	\$	22,350,671		
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		381.00%		374.65%		349.32%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		59.72%		60.31%		62.38%		

Year Ended June 30,									
	2018		2017		2016		2015		
\$	66,388,499	\$	62,177,767	\$	61,232,973	\$	52,543,111		
	0.25619%		0.24922%		0.25070%		0.23854%		
\$	21,844,616	\$	21,116,479	\$	21,237,606	\$	20,490,109		
	303.91%		294.45%		288.32%		256.43%		
	64.21%		63.27%		63.17%		66.20%		

Required Supplementary InformationMPSERS Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan Schedule of the District's Pension Contributions

		Υ	ear	Ended June 30),	
	2021			2020		2019
Statutorily required contribution	\$	7,960,419	\$	7,319,434	\$	6,953,030
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution		(7,960,419)		(7,319,434)		(6,953,030)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$	
District's covered payroll	\$	23,838,048	\$	23,821,083	\$	21,043,362
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		33.39%		30.73%		33.04%

Year Ended June 30,									
	2018		2017		2016		2015		
\$	6,467,637	\$	5,956,455	\$	4,836,283	\$	3,704,745		
	(6,467,637)		(5,956,455)		(4,836,283)		(3,704,745)		
\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
\$	22,283,619	\$	21,652,765	\$	20,993,350	\$	21,188,803		
	29.02%		27.51%		23.04%		17.48%		

Required Supplementary Information

MPSERS Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Other Postemployment Benefit Liability

		Year Ende				
	2021	2020	2019			2018
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 14,508,268	\$ 19,005,006	\$	20,863,637	\$	22,742,261
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.27081%	0.26478%		0.26247%		0.25682%
District's covered payroll	\$ 24,033,841	\$ 23,160,721	\$	22,350,671	\$	21,844,616
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	60.37%	82.06%		93.35%		104.11%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	59.44%	48.46%		42.95%		36.39%

Required Supplementary Information

MPSERS Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan Schedule of the District's Other Postemployment Benefit Contributions

	Year Ended June 30,										
		2021	2020		2019			2018			
Statutorily required contributions	\$	1,953,217	\$	1,914,592	\$	1,961,551	\$	1,761,556			
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contributions		(1,953,217)		(1,914,592)		(1,961,551)		(1,761,556)			
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$				
District's covered payroll	\$	23,838,048	\$	23,821,083	\$	21,043,362	\$	22,283,619			
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		8.19%		8.04%		9.32%		7.91%			

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Pension Information

GASB 68 was implemented in fiscal year 2015. The pension plan schedules are being built prospectively. Ultimately, 10 years of data will be presented.

The amounts presented in the schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability were determined as of September 30 of the preceding year (the plan year).

The significant changes in assumptions for each of the fiscal years ended June 30 were as follows:

- 2021 The payroll growth assumption for amortization purposes used in determining the fiscal year 2022 employer contributions decreased from 3.5% to 3.0%.
- 2020 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2018 actuarial valuation decreased to 6.80% for the MIP and Basic plans, 6.80% for the Pension Plus Plan, and 6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 Plan.
- 2019 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2017 actuarial valuation decreased to 7.05% for the MIP and Basic plans, 7.00% for the Pension Plus plan, and 6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 plan.
- 2018 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2016 actuarial valuation decreased to 7.50% for the MIP and Basic plans and 7.00% for the Pension Plus plan.

OPEB Information

GASB 75 was implemented in fiscal year 2018. The OPEB plan schedules are being built prospectively. Ultimately, 10 years of data will be presented.

The amounts presented in the schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability were determined as of September 30 of the preceding year (the plan year).

The significant changes in assumptions for each of the fiscal years ended June 30 were as follows:

- 2021 The payroll growth assumption for amortization purposes used in determining the fiscal year 2022 employer contributions decreased from 3.5% to 3.0%. The healthcare cost trend rate used in the September 30, 2019 actuarial valuation decreased to 7.0%.
- 2020 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2018 actuarial valuation decreased to 6.95%.
- 2019 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2017 actuarial valuation decreased to 7.15%.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

Schedule of Revenues and Other Financing Sources General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Total
Revenues	
Local sources	
Property taxes	\$ 5,223,288
Earnings on investments and deposits	13,870
Tuition	181,495
Transportation	66,133
Rentals	65,399
Other local revenues	75,571
Total local sources	5,625,756
State sources	
State aid - membership - section 20	24,398,321
At risk	281,130
Special education	2,541,297
Other state grants	5,423,788
Total state sources	32,644,536
Federal sources	
Title I	234,017
Title II - Teacher Principal Training	72,161
Title III - Immigrant Students	6,936
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Program	1,667,256
Special Education	805,429
Special Education - Preschool	49,789
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	15,464
Total federal sources	2,851,052
Interdistrict sources	4,708,655
Other adjustments	48,759
Total revenues	45,878,758
Other financing sources	
Transfers from other funds	218,748
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	16,760
Total other financing sources	235,508
Total revenues and other financing sources	\$ 46,114,266

Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Total
Instruction		10101
Basic programs		
Elementary		
Salaries - professional	\$	4,791,809
Salaries - non-professional		88,556
Insurances		994,506
FICA, retirement, etc.		2,393,004
Purchased services		418,090
Supplies and materials		124,838
Other		36
Total elementary	_	8,810,839
Middle/junior high		
Salaries - professional		2,013,855
Salaries - non-professional		62,714
Insurances		319,306
FICA, retirement, etc.		1,022,301
Purchased services		94,313
Supplies and materials		26,126
Other		95
Total middle/junior high		3,538,710
High school		
Salaries - professional		3,641,862
Salaries - non-professional		150,409
Insurances		566,026
FICA, retirement, etc.		1,873,810
Purchased services		146,969
Supplies and materials		88,621
Other		173,293
Total high school		6,640,990
Total basic programs		18,990,539
Added needs		
Special education		
Salaries - professional		1,327,239
Salaries - non-professional		848,543
Insurances		278,413
FICA, retirement, etc.		1,136,003
Purchased services		52,028
Supplies and materials		16,769
Other	_	158,705
Total special education		3,817,700

Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Instruction (concluded)	Total
Added needs (concluded)	
Compensatory education	
Salaries - professional	\$ 1,550,872
Insurances	52,308
FICA, retirement, etc.	812,619
Supplies and materials	5,935
Total compensatory education	2,421,734
Vocational education	
Salaries - professional	87,756
Insurances	15,555
FICA, retirement, etc.	43,793
Purchased services	1,500
Supplies and materials	2,051
Other	184,772
Total vocational education	335,427
Total added needs	6,574,861
Total instruction	25,565,400
Supporting services	
Student services	
Salaries - professional	2,433,870
Salaries - non-professional	62,836
Insurances	392,957
FICA, retirement, etc.	1,238,550
Purchased services	154,629
Supplies and materials	8,653
Capital outlay	2,660
Total student services	4,294,155
Instructional staff	
Salaries - professional	984,970
Salaries - non-professional	685,721
Insurances	198,833
FICA, retirement, etc.	778,998
Other benefits	21,708
Purchased services	465,445
Supplies and materials	108,271
Capital outlay	2,704
Other	48,933
Total instructional staff	3,295,583
	continued

Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Total
Supporting services (continued)		
General administration		
Salaries - professional	\$	170,780
Salaries - non-professional	•	65,816
Insurances		28,362
FICA, retirement, etc.		128,594
Other benefits		42,218
Purchased services		116,155
Supplies and materials		5,135
Other		32,559
Total general administration		589,619
School administration		
Salaries - professional		971,930
Salaries - non-professional		461,450
Insurances		237,881
FICA, retirement, etc.		754,249
Other benefits		99,681
Purchased services		21,534
Supplies and materials		15,210
Other		7,122
Total school administration		2,569,057
Business administration		
Salaries - professional		347,962
Salaries - non-professional		39,923
Insurances		55,315
FICA, retirement, etc.		219,911
Other benefits		66,975
Purchased services		26,053
Supplies and materials		1,159
Other		26,109
Total business administration		783,407
Operation and maintenance of plant		
Salaries - professional		121,988
Salaries - non-professional		997,082
Insurances		255,864
FICA, retirement, etc.		565,962
Other benefits		1,200
Purchased services		1,060,018
Supplies and materials		1,107,330
Capital outlay		1,182
Other		300
Total operation and maintenance of plant		4,110,926

Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Total
Supporting services (concluded)	Total
Transportation	
Salaries - professional	\$ 60,600
Salaries - non-professional	609,415
Insurances	115,754
FICA, retirement, etc.	350,981
Other benefits	2,890
Purchased services	62,168
Supplies and materials	91,394
Other	4,045
Total transportation	1,297,247
Other supporting services	
Salaries - professional	109,691
Salaries - non-professional	70,994
Insurances	27,609
FICA, retirement, etc.	90,683
Other benefits	9,588
Purchased services	128,913
Supplies and materials	470
Other	410
Total other supporting services	438,358
Total supporting services	17,378,352
Community services	
Salaries - professional	2,224
Salaries - non-professional	529
Insurances	584
FICA, retirement, etc.	1,680
Purchased services	73,095
Supplies and materials	130,216
Total community services	208,328
Total expenditures	43,152,080
Other financing uses	
Transfers to other funds	1,235,406
Total expenditures and other financing uses	\$ 44,387,486
	concluded

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

	Food Service		ommunity Service	Student/ School Activity	Total
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Due from other governments Due from other funds Inventory Prepaid items	\$ 646,297 - 118,634 350 36,708 167	\$	236,336 - - 50,257 - -	\$ 968,748 4,794 - 6,176 - 600	\$ 1,851,381 4,794 118,634 56,783 36,708 767
Total assets	\$ 802,156	\$	286,593	\$ 980,318	\$ 2,069,067
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other governments Due to other funds Unearned revenue	\$ 5,741 877 1 8,385 113,455	\$	27,291 - - 61,763 64,056	\$ 9,941 - - 881 -	\$ 42,973 877 1 71,029 177,511
Total liabilities	128,459		153,110	10,822	292,391
Fund balances Nonspendable Restricted Committed	36,875 636,822 -		- - 133,483	600 - 968,896	37,475 636,822 1,102,379
Total fund balances	673,697		133,483	969,496	1,776,676
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 802,156	\$	286,593	\$ 980,318	\$ 2,069,067

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Food Service		ommunity Service	Student/ School Activity		Total
Revenues						
Local sources	\$ 9,530	\$	1,306,366	\$	426,663	\$ 1,742,559
State sources	70,450		24,484		-	94,934
Federal sources	 1,158,267		163,681			 1,321,948
Total revenues	1,238,247		1,494,531		426,663	3,159,441
Expenditures Current:						
Community services	_		2,575,855		380,562	2,956,417
Food services	1,170,418		-		-	1,170,418
r dou services	 1,170,110					 1,1,0,110
Total expenditures	 1,170,418		2,575,855		380,562	 4,126,835
Revenues over (under) expenditures	67,829		(1,081,324)		46,101	(967,394)
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in	-		1,235,406		-	1,235,406
Transfers out	(78,764)		(139,984)		-	(218,748)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(78,764)		1,095,422		-	1,016,658
Net changes in fund balances	(10,935)		14,098		46,101	49,264
Fund balances, beginning of year	684,632		119,385		923,395	 1,727,412
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 673,697	\$	133,483	\$	969,496	\$ 1,776,676

SCHEDULE OF BONDS ISSUED AND OUTSTANDING (Unaudited)	

Schedule of Bonds Issued and Outstanding (Unaudited)

1998 School and Building Site Bonds June 30, 2021

Issue dated April 20, 1998 in the amount of \$ 69,600,000

Less:

Bonds paid in prior years 48,600,000 Bonds due and paid May 1, 2021 2,625,000

Balance outstanding - June 30, 2021 \$ 18,375,000

Due	Interest Rate (%)	Principal Due		lovember Interest equirement	Re	May Interest equirement	Total
2021 - 2022 2022 - 2023 2023 - 2024 2024 - 2025 2025 - 2026 2026 - 2027 2027 - 2028	5.00 5.00 5.00 5.10 5.10 5.10	\$	2,625,000 2,625,000 2,625,000 2,625,000 2,625,000 2,625,000 2,625,000	\$ 465,937 400,313 334,687 267,750 200,813 133,875 66,938	\$	465,938 400,312 334,688 267,750 200,812 133,875 66,937	\$ 3,556,875 3,425,625 3,294,375 3,160,500 3,026,625 2,892,750 2,758,875
		\$	18,375,000	\$ 1,870,313	\$	1,870,312	\$ 22,115,625

Schedule of Bonds Issued and Outstanding (Unaudited)

2012 Building and Site Bonds June 30, 2021

Issue dated May 24, 2012 in the amount of \$ 6,610,000

Less:

Bonds paid in prior years 4,635,000 Bonds due and paid May 1, 2021 1,050,000

Balance outstanding - June 30, 2021 \$ 925,000

Due	Interest Rate (%)	F	Principal Due	ı	ovember nterest Juirement	May nterest Juirement	Total
2021 - 2022	4.00	\$	925,000	\$	18,500	\$ 18,500	\$ 962,000

Schedule of Bonds Issued and Outstanding (Unaudited)

2017 School Building and Site Bonds June 30, 2021

Issue dated November 28, 2017 in the amount of

\$ 50,605,000

Balance outstanding - June 30, 2021

\$ 50,605,000

Due	Interest Rate (%)	Principal Due	November Interest Requirement	May Interest Requirement	Total
Due	Nate (70)	Due	Requirement	Requirement	Total
2021 - 2022 2022 - 2023	4.00 4.00	\$ 2,400,000 1,505,000	\$ 926,065 878,066	\$ 926,066 878,065	\$ 4,252,131 3,261,131
2023 - 2024	4.00	760,000	847,965	847,966	2,455,931
2024 - 2025	4.00	1,190,000	832,766	832,765	2,855,531
2025 - 2026	4.00	1,435,000	808,965	808,966	3,052,931
2026 - 2027	4.00	2,235,000	780,266	780,266	3,795,532
2027 - 2028	4.00	2,455,000	735,565	735,565	3,926,130
2028 - 2029	4.00	6,775,000	686,465	686,466	8,147,931
2029 - 2030	4.00	7,050,000	550,965	550,966	8,151,931
2030 - 2031	4.00	7,340,000	409,966	409,965	8,159,931
2031 - 2032	3.00	7,600,000	263,165	263,166	8,126,331
2032 - 2033	3.00	7,835,000	149,166	149,165	8,133,331
2033 - 2034	3.125	2,025,000	31,641	31,640	2,088,281
		\$ 50,605,000	\$ 7,901,026	\$ 7,901,027	\$ 66,407,053

Schedule of Bonds Issued and Outstanding (Unaudited)

2017 Refunding Bonds June 30, 2021

Issue dated November 28, 2017 in the amount of

\$ 20,010,000

Balance outstanding - June 30, 2021

\$ 20,010,000

Due	Interest Rate (%)	Principal Due		•		· ·		lovember Interest quirement	Re	May Interest equirement	Total
- 0.0	(/-/			4			1000				
2021 - 2022	4.00	\$	2,465,000	\$ 400,200	\$	400,200	\$ 3,265,400				
2022 - 2023	4.00		2,925,000	350,900		350,900	3,626,800				
2023 - 2024	4.00		4,005,000	292,400		292,400	4,589,800				
2024 - 2025	4.00		3,905,000	212,300		212,300	4,329,600				
2025 - 2026	4.00		4,010,000	134,200		134,200	4,278,400				
2026 - 2027	4.00		1,280,000	54,000		54,000	1,388,000				
2027 - 2028	4.00		1,420,000	 28,400		28,400	1,476,800				
		\$	20,010,000	\$ 1,472,400	\$	1,472,400	\$ 22,954,800				

Schedule of Bonds Issued and Outstanding (Unaudited)

2021 Refunding Bonds June 30, 2021

Issue dated April 8, 2021 in the amount of

\$ 15,440,000

Balance outstanding - June 30, 2021

\$ 15,440,000

_	Interest		Principal		•		•		•		•		ovember Interest	-	May nterest	
Due	Rate (%)	Due		Rec	quirement	Red	quirement	Total								
2021 - 2022 2022 - 2023 2023 - 2024	0.20 0.25 0.38	\$	1,505,000 3,660,000 4,125,000	\$	43,265 34,383 29,808	\$	35,888 34,383 29,808	\$ 1,584,153 3,728,766 4,184,616								
2024 - 2025	0.68		4,635,000		21,971		21,970	4,678,941								
2025 - 2026	0.82		1,515,000		6,212		6,211	 1,527,423								
		\$	15,440,000	\$	135,639	\$	128,260	\$ 15,703,899								

concluded