

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

JUNE 30, 2016

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FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Governing Board Oxnard Union High School District Oxnard, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Oxnard Union High School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the 2015-2016 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, issued by the California Education Audit Appeals Panel as regulations. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Oxnard Union High School District, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 5 through 14, budgetary comparison schedules on pages 68 and 69, schedule of other postemployment benefits funding progress on page 70, schedule of the district's proportionate share of net pension liability on page 71, and the schedule of district contributions on page 72, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Oxnard Union High School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information such as the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* and the other supplementary information as listed on the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and other accompanying supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 13, 2016, on our consideration of the Oxnard Union High School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Oxnard Union High School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Vanninch, Tri, Day & Co., LLP

Rancho Cucamonga, California December 13, 2016



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This section of Oxnard Union High School District's (the District) annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2016, with comparative information from 2015. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Financial Statements

The financial statements presented herein, include all of the activities of the Oxnard Union High School District and its component units using the integrated approach as prescribed by Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34.

The *Government-Wide Financial Statements* present the financial picture of the District from the economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. These statements include all assets of the District, as well as all liabilities. Additionally, certain eliminations have occurred as prescribed by the statement in regards to interfund activity, payables, and receivables.

The *Fund Financial Statements* include statements for each of two categories of activities: governmental and fiduciary.

The *Governmental Activities* are prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting.

The *Fiduciary Activities* are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting

The Primary unit of the government is the Oxnard Union High School District.

Students First: Every day, Every school, Every classroom

Adolfo Camarillo• Adult School • Channel Islands • Condor • Frontier • Hueneme • Oxnard • Pacifica • Rancho Campana • Rio Mesa

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2016

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS OF THE PAST YEAR

<u>Total General Fund Revenue</u> increased by 16.9 percent from the previous fiscal year. The following table shows major revenue sources for fiscal year 2015-2016 compared with fiscal year 2014-2015.

	2016	2015	Change
Local Control Funding Formula			
(Includes Property Taxes)	\$ 146,010,992	\$ 128,028,428	\$ 17,982,564
Federal Revenues	8,331,146	8,167,204	163,942
Other State Revenues	21,706,042	11,947,146	9,758,896
Other Local Revenues	9,485,792	10,551,366	(1,065,574)
	\$ 185,533,972	\$ 158,694,144	\$ 26,839,828

<u>Total General Fund Expenditures</u> increased 9.4 percent from the previous fiscal year. The following table shows expenditures for fiscal year 2015-2016 compared with fiscal year 2014-2015.

	2016		2015		2015 Change		Chang		
		Percent		Percent			Percent		
	Amount	of Total	Amount	of Total		Amount	Change		
Certificated salaries	\$ 76,100,494	44.0%	\$ 69,755,506	44.1%	\$	6,344,988	9.10%		
Classified salaries	23,042,879	13.3%	21,315,303	13.5%		1,727,576	8.10%		
Employee benefits	46,957,317	27.2%	40,677,464	25.7%		6,279,853	15.44%		
Books and supplies	8,217,578	4.8%	8,809,260	5.6%		(591,682)	-6.72%		
Services and other	13,735,311	7.9%	13,408,959	8.5%		326,352	2.43%		
Other outgo	1,572,920	0.9%	748,900	0.5%		824,020	110.03%		
Capital outlay and									
debt service	3,239,475	1.9%	3,283,021	2.1%		(43,546)	-1.33%		
	\$172,865,974	100.0%	\$157,998,413	100.0%	\$	14,867,561	9.41%		
debt service					\$				

REPORTING THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities* report information about the District as a whole and about its activities. These statements include *all* assets and liabilities of the District using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2016

These two statements report the District's *net position* and changes in them. Net position is the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows resources, which is one way to measure the District's financial health, or *financial position*. Over time, *increases or decreases* in the District's net position will serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The relationship between revenues and expenses is the District's *operating results*. Since the Board's responsibility is to provide services to our students and not to generate profit as commercial entities do, one must consider other factors when evaluating the *overall health* of the District. The quality of the education and the safety of our schools will likely be an important component in this evaluation.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we present the District activities as follows:

Governmental Activities - Most of the District's services are reported in this category. This includes the education of nine through grade twelve students, adult education students, the operation of child development activities, and the on-going effort to improve and maintain buildings and sites. Property taxes, State income taxes, user fees, interest income, Federal, State, and local grants, as well as general obligation bonds, finance these activities.

REPORTING THE DISTRICT'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the District as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, management establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money that it receives from the U.S. Department of Education.

Governmental Funds - Most of the District's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial* assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed *short-term view* of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. The differences of results in the governmental fund financial statements to those in the government-wide financial statements are explained in a reconciliation following each governmental fund financial statement.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2016

THE DISTRICT AS TRUSTEE

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or *fiduciary*, for funds held on behalf of others, like our funds for associated student body activities. The District's fiduciary activities are reported in the *Statement of Fiduciary Net Position*. We exclude these activities from the District's government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Net Position

The District's net position (deficit) was \$(48,751,965) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. Of this amount, the District reported a deficit in their unrestricted net position (deficit) of \$(174,339,787). Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the School Board's ability to use net position for day-to-day operations. Our analysis below focuses on the net position (Table 1) and change in net position (Table 2) of the District's governmental activities.

Table 1

	Governmental Activities			
	2016	2015		
Assets				
Current and other assets	\$ 94,149,387	\$ 70,380,952		
Capital assets	254,768,806	236,681,017		
Total Assets	348,918,193	307,061,969		
Deferred Outflows of Resources	42,629,851	8,413,624		
Liabilities				
Current liabilities	18,678,295	19,151,429		
Long-term obligations	267,910,215	231,348,027		
Aggregate net pension liability	128,578,769	93,465,268		
Total Liabilities	415,167,279	343,964,724		
Deferred Inflows of Resources	25,132,730	25,064,765		
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	98,256,668	106,178,759		
Restricted	27,331,154	16,346,815		
Unrestricted (deficit)	(174,339,787)	(176,079,470)		
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$ (48,751,965)	\$ (53,553,896)		

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2016

Changes in Net Position

The results of this year's operations for the District as a whole are reported in the *Statement of Activities* on page 16. Table 2 takes the information from the *Statement of Activities* so you can see our total revenues for the year.

Table 2

	Governmen	tal A	ctivities	
	2016		2015	
Revenues				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 1,457,575	\$	1,099,794	
Operating grants and contributions	33,600,324		27,652,274	
Capital grants and contributions	-		41	
General revenues:				
Federal and State aid not restricted	105,475,231		90,353,404	
Property taxes	64,295,193		50,582,499	
Other general revenues	 2,867,013		7,794,136	
Total Revenues	207,695,336		177,482,148	
Expenses				
Instruction-related	141,858,773		132,522,066	
Student support services	22,857,963		20,347,744	
Administration	10,827,096		9,895,444	
Maintenance and operations	15,165,780		13,496,429	
Other	12,183,793		11,627,175	
Total Expenses	 202,893,405		187,888,858	
Change in Net Position	\$ 4,801,931	\$	(10,406,710)	

Governmental Activities

Most of the District's services are reported in this category. This includes the education of grade nine through twelve students, adult education students, the operation of child development activities, and the on-going effort to improve and maintain buildings and sites. Property taxes, State income taxes, user fees, interest income, Federal, State, and local grants, as well as general obligation bonds, finance these activities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2016

In Table 3, we have presented the net cost of each of the District's largest functions - instruction-related, student support services, administration, maintenance and operations, and other (student cafeterias, libraries, staff development, community services, student clubs and athletics).

Table 3

	Net Cost of	of Services
	2016	2015
Instruction-related	\$ 117,039,448	\$ 112,674,909
Student support services	15,851,814	13,638,652
Administration	9,289,103	8,823,728
Maintenance and operations	14,484,523	13,422,773
Other	11,170,618	10,576,687
Total	\$ 167,835,506	\$ 159,136,749

THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As the District completed this year, our governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$83,501,114, which is an increase of \$22,939,588 from last year.

This increase is due mainly to significant increase in current year issuance of a general obligation bonds.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The District is required to adopt its budget by June 30, each year. This was prior to adoption of the State budget. Over the course of the year, the District revises its budget as it attempts to deal with unexpected changes in revenues and expenditures. These revisions occur at the First Interim and Second Interim reporting periods. The final amendment to the budget was included with the Unaudited Actuals and was adopted on September 9, 2016. (A schedule showing the District's original and final budget amounts compared with amounts actually paid and received is provided in our annual report on page 68.)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2016

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2016, the District had \$254,768,806 in a broad range of capital assets (net of accumulative depreciation), including land, buildings, and furniture and equipment. This amount represents a net increase (including additions, deductions, and depreciation) of \$18,087,789, or 7.6 percent, from last year.

Table 4

Governmen	Governmental Activities			
2016 2015				
\$ 31,336,339	\$ 27,716,042			
3,616,790	51,689,439			
216,144,272	154,038,088			
3,671,405	3,237,448			
\$ 254,768,806	\$ 236,681,017			
	2016 \$ 31,336,339 3,616,790 216,144,272 3,671,405			

Completion of the expansion school in Camarillo accounts for the majority of the changes in Construction in Progress and Buildings and Improvements shown on Note 5.

Long-Term Obligations

At the end of this year, the District had \$272,925,598 in outstanding debt versus \$237,561,808 last year, an increase of \$35,363,790. Long-term obligations consisted of:

Table 5

	Government	tal Activities
	2016	2015
General obligation bonds	\$ 160,540,035	\$ 135,706,701
Premium on issuance	11,478,648	5,097,675
Certificates of participation	1,760,000	2,160,000
Municipal leases	3,603,000	4,080,000
Municipal lease discount	-	(17,080)
Qualified energy conservation bonds	13,567,554	14,941,335
Compensated absences	1,206,198	1,171,991
Net OPEB obligation	80,770,163	74,421,186
Total	\$ 272,925,598	\$ 237,561,808

The District's outstanding general obligation debt of \$160,540,035 is below the assessed value cap for voter approved debt.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2016

Other obligations include certificates of participation, municipal leases, qualified energy conservation bonds, compensated absences, and postemployment benefits. We present more detailed information regarding our long-term obligations in Note 9 of the financial statements.

Net Pension Liability

As of June 30, 2016 and 2015, the District had a pension liability of \$128,578,769 and 93,465,268 respectively as a result of GASB 68.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOMPLISHMENTS OF FISCAL YEAR 2015-2016 ARE NOTED BELOW:

- Exceeded three percent State recommended reserve for economic uncertainties.
- Pay increase of seven percent.
- Completion of construction and opening of Rancho Campana High School.
- Eliminated TRAN borrowing.

ASSUMPTIONS USED AT ADOPTION OF 2015-2016 BUDGET:

Revenue

- Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF) was the source of revenue at budget adoption.
- LCFF Base Grant \$8,578 per ADA.
- LCFF funded with 1.02 percent Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA).
- Anticipated unrestricted lottery revenue at \$128.00 per annual ADA and restricted lottery (Prop 20) revenue at \$34.00 per ADA.
- Special Education received 1.02 percent COLA.
- Mandated Block Grant at \$56 per ADA.
- Unduplicated count for Supplemental and Concentration funds of 67.99 percent.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2016

Expenditures

- Teacher Student ratio staffed at 28:1
- No reduction/addition in benefit levels.
- Maintain retiree benefits as they now exist.
- CalSTRS expense budgeted at 10.73 percent.
- CalPERS expense budgeted at 11.847 percent.
- Increase in Health and Welfare costs by seven percent.
- School site allocation \$90 per CBEDS.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

In considering the District Budget for the 2016-2017 year, the District Board of Education and management used the following criteria:

The key assumptions in our revenue forecast are:

- 1. LCFF projections include a 1.02 percent Cost of Living Adjustment, LCFF Gap Closed Percentage of 53.08 percent and a one percent enrollment growth.
- 2. Federal revenues were projected for flat funding.
- 3. State revenues maintained at prior year funding levels.
- 4. Mandate Cost per ADA/One-Time Allocation at \$601 per ADA

Expenditures are based on the following forecasts:

Grades nine through twelve 28:1

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2016

The major changes to expenditure items specifically addressed in the budget are:

- 1. Employee step and column increases.
- 2. Increase in CalSTRS employer contribution from 9.5 percent to 10.73 percent.
- 3. Increase in health and welfare premium cost by seven percent.
- 4. Required three percent contribution for Routine Restricted Maintenance Account.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information contact the Assistant Superintendent of Administrative Services at Oxnard Union High School District, 309 South K Street, Oxnard, California, 93030 or e-mail at steve.dickinson@ouhsd.k12.ca.us.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Deposits and investments	\$ 86,677,456
Receivables	7,240,881
Prepaid expenditures	55
Stores inventories	230,995
Capital Assets	
Land and construction in progress	34,953,129
Other capital assets	368,417,940
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(148,602,263)
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	254,768,806
Total Assets	348,918,193
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred charge on refunding	1,226,572
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	41,403,279
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	42,629,851
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	9,889,314
Interest payable	3,014,639
Unearned revenue	758,959
Long-Term Obligations	
Current portion of long-term obligations other than pensions	5,015,383
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations other than pensions	267,910,215
Total Long-Term Obligations	272,925,598
Aggregate net pension liability	128,578,769
Total Liabilities	415,167,279
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	25,132,730
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	98,256,668
Restricted for:	
Debt service	12,435,969
Capital projects	12,122,256
Educational programs	1,431,925
Other activities	1,341,004
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(174,339,787)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$ (48,751,965)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

			Program	Revo	enues	R	et (Expenses) evenues and Changes in Net Position
		Ch	arges for		Operating		
		Sei	vices and	(Grants and	G	overnmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Sales	C	ontributions		Activities
Governmental Activities							
Instruction	\$ 117,745,246	\$	347,673	\$	18,845,986	\$	(98,551,587)
Instruction-related activities:							
Supervision of instruction	4,457,036		134,285		3,972,205		(350,546)
Instructional library, media							
and technology	1,880,321		8		36,323		(1,843,990)
School site administration	17,776,170		83,103		1,399,742		(16,293,325)
Pupil services:							
Home-to-school transportation	2,053,783		-		9,644		(2,044,139)
Food services	6,807,959		371,766		4,170,595		(2,265,598)
All other pupil services	13,996,221		27,951		2,426,193		(11,542,077)
Administration:							
Data processing	3,908,588		2,307		783		(3,905,498)
All other administration	6,918,508		52,381		1,482,522		(5,383,605)
Plant services	15,165,780		47,263		633,994		(14,484,523)
Ancillary services	3,078,086		125		-		(3,077,961)
Community services	141,403		-		12		(141,391)
Interest on long-term obligations	6,998,897		-		-		(6,998,897)
Other outgo	1,965,405	<u>_</u>	390,713		622,325		(952,367)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 202,893,405	\$	1,457,575	\$	33,600,324		(167,835,506)
	General revenues	and sul	oventions				
	Property taxes, 1	evied f	or general pu	rpose	s		52,021,893
	Property taxes, 1			-			11,140,022
	Taxes levied for						1,133,278
	Federal and Stat				cific purposes		105,475,231
				o spe	enic purposes		
	Interest and inve		earnings				149,881
	Interagency reve	enues					58,069
	Miscellaneous	a -					2,659,063
			tal, General	Reve	nues		172,637,437
	Changes in Net P						4,801,931
	Net Position (Defi	icit) - E	eginning				(53,553,896)
	Net Position (Defi	icit) - E	Inding			\$	(48,751,965)

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	General Fund	Cafeteria Fund	Building Fund
ASSETS			
Deposits and investments	\$ 24,933,116	\$ 384,426	\$ 30,685,943
Receivables	5,841,182	929,180	72,053
Due from other funds	1,251,851	1,354	-
Prepaid expenditures	55	-	-
Stores inventories	223,554	7,441	-
Total Assets	\$ 32,249,758	\$ 1,322,401	\$ 30,757,996
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 9,312,649	\$ 40,233	\$ 316,533
Due to other funds	33,412	1,166,538	-
Unearned revenue	758,959	-	-
Total Liabilities	10,105,020	1,206,771	316,533
Fund Balances:			
Nonspendable	233,609	7,441	-
Restricted	1,431,925	108,189	30,441,463
Assigned	6,790,822	-	-
Unassigned	13,688,382	-	-
Total Fund Balances	22,144,738	115,630	30,441,463
Total Liabilities and			
Fund Balances	\$ 32,249,758	\$ 1,322,401	\$ 30,757,996

 Capital Facilities Fund	ond Interest l Redemption Fund	lon-Major vernmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
\$ 12,401,223 29,388 32,058	\$ 14,970,144 30,506 -	\$ 3,302,604 338,572 -	\$	86,677,456 7,240,881 1,285,263 55
\$ - 12,462,669	\$ 15,000,650	\$ 3,641,176	\$	230,995 95,434,650
\$ 1,397 - - 1,397	\$ - - -	\$ 218,502 85,313 - - 	\$	9,889,314 1,285,263 758,959 11,933,536
 - 12,461,272 - - 12,461,272	 - 15,000,650 - - 15,000,650	 1,675,332 1,662,029 - 3,337,361		241,050 61,118,831 8,452,851 13,688,382 83,501,114
\$ 12,462,669	\$ 15,000,650	\$ 3,641,176	\$	95,434,650

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because:		\$ 83,501,114
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The cost of capital assets is: Accumulated depreciation is: Net Capital Assets	\$ 403,371,069 (148,602,263)	254,768,806
Expenditures relating to issuance of debt of next fiscal year were recognized in modified accrual basis, but should not be recognized in accrual basis.		1,226,572
Expenditures relating to contributions made to pension plans were recognized on the modified accrual basis, but are not recognized on the accrual basis.		10,872,574
In governmental funds, unmatured interest on long-term obligations is recognized in the period when it is due. On the government-wide financial statements, unmatured interest on long-term obligations is recognized when it is incurred.		(3,014,639)
The net change in proportionate share of net pension liability as of the measurement date is not recognized as an expenditure under the modified accrual basis, but is recognized on the accrual basis over the expected average remaining service life of members receiving		1 - 210 0 - 1
pension benefits. The difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments are not recognized on the modified accrual basis, but are recognized on the accrual basis as an adjustment to pension expense.		16,319,854 (12,489,121)
The differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability are not recognized on the modified accrual basis, but are recognized on the accrual basis over the expected average remaining service life of members receiving		
pension benefits.		3,325,231

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION, Continued JUNE 30, 2016

The changes of assumptions is not recognized as an expenditure under the modified accrual basis, but is recognized on the accrual basis over the expected average remaining service life of members receiving pension benefits.	\$ (1,757,989)
Net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period, and is not reported as a liability in the funds.	(128,578,769)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds.	
Long-term obligations at year-end consist of:	
Bonds payable \$ 159,772,016	
Premium on issuance 11,478,648	
Certificates of participation 5,363,000	
Qualified energy construction bonds 13,567,554	
Compensated absences (vacations) 1,206,198	
Other postemployment benefits (OPEB) 80,770,163	
In addition, the District previously issued "capital appreciation" general obligation bonds. The cumulative capital accretion	
on the general obligation bonds is: 768,019)
Total Long-Term Obligations	(272,925,598)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ (48,751,965)

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	General Fund	Cafeteria Fund	Building Fund
REVENUES			
Local Control Funding Formula	\$ 146,010,992	\$ -	\$ -
Federal sources	8,331,146	4,375,296	-
Other State sources	21,706,042	318,362	-
Other local sources	9,485,792	531,009	128,983
Total Revenues	185,533,972	5,224,667	128,983
EXPENDITURES			
Current			
Instruction	106,440,970	-	-
Instruction related activities:			
Supervision of instruction	4,289,958	-	-
Instructional library, media,			
and technology	1,721,329	-	-
School site administration	12,941,286	-	-
Pupil services:			
Home-to-school transportation	1,653,418	-	-
Food services	22,437	6,146,324	-
All other pupil services	13,209,208	-	-
Administration:			
Data processing	3,844,795	-	-
All other administration	6,090,134	306,986	-
Plant services	15,278,692	-	-
Facility acquisition and construction	507,645	-	23,514,844
Ancillary services	3,052,428	-	-
Community services	141,041	-	-
Other outgo	1,965,405	-	-
Debt service			
Principal	1,373,781	-	-
Interest and other	333,447		
Total Expenditures	172,865,974	6,453,310	23,514,844
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over			
(Under) Expenditures	12,667,998	(1,228,643)	(23,385,861)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	-	1,310,526	-
Other sources	-	-	30,945,000
Transfers out	(1,444,994)	-	-
Other uses		=	
Net Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,444,994)	1,310,526	30,945,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	11,223,004	81,883	7,559,139
Fund Balances - Beginning	10,921,734	33,747	22,882,324
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 22,144,738	\$ 115,630	\$ 30,441,463

	Capital Facilities Fund	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$	_	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 146,010,992
Ψ	_	φ -	471,436	13,177,878
	_	84,555	2,671,879	24,780,838
	2,366,211	11,113,458	351,640	23,977,093
	2,366,211	11,198,013	3,494,955	207,946,801
	2,500,211	11,190,015	5,474,755	207,940,001
	-	-	984,973	107,425,943
	-	-	-	4,289,958
	-	-	-	1,721,329
	-	-	675,675	13,616,961
	-	-	-	1,653,418
	-	-	-	6,168,761
	-	-	147,229	13,356,437
	-	-	-	3,844,795
	23,262	-	85,495	6,505,877
	-	-	369,153	15,647,845
	50,402	-	2,292,764	26,365,655
	-	-	-	3,052,428 141,041
	-	-	-	1,965,405
	-	-	-	1,705,405
	301,000	4,245,000	400,000	6,319,781
	1,120	6,483,383	400,819	7,218,769
	375,784	10,728,383	5,356,108	219,294,403
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	1,990,427	469,630	(1,861,153)	(11,347,602)
	1,220,127	,	(1,001,100)	(11,017,002)
	107 001		545055	1 000 000
	127,001	-	545,855	1,983,382
	-	25,029,762	3,904,000	59,878,762
	(538,388)	(21,511,572)	(4,080,000)	(1,983,382) (25,591,572)
	(411,387)	3,518,190	369,855	34,287,190
	1,579,040	3,987,820	(1,491,298)	22,939,588
	10,882,232	11,012,830	4,828,659	60,561,526
\$	12,461,272	\$ 15,000,650	\$ 3,337,361	\$ 83,501,114

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because:		\$ 22,939,588
Capital outlay to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures, however, for governmental activities, those costs are shown in the Statement of Net Position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expenses in the Statement of Activities.		
This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeds depreciation in the period. Capital outlay Depreciation expense Net Expense Adjustment	\$ 27,457,057 (9,369,268)	18,087,789
In the Statement of Activities, certain operating expenses - compensated absences (vacations) and special termination benefits (early retirement) are measured by the amounts earned during the year. However, expenditures for these items in the governmental funds are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). This year, vacation earned was more than the amounts used by \$34,207.		(34,207)
In the governmental funds, pension costs are based on employer contributions made to pension plans during the year. However, in the Statement of Activities, pension expense is the net effect of all changes in the deferred outflows, deferred inflows and net pension liability during the year.		(2,191,811)
Proceeds received from issuance of debt is a revenue in the governmental funds, but it increases long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities: Sale of general obligation bonds		(49,295,000)
Sale of refunding lease bonds Governmental funds report the effect of premiums and discounts when the debt is first issued, whereas the amounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the debt in the Statement of Activities. This amount is the net effect of these related items:		(3,904,000)
Premium on issuance for general obligation bonds Deferred amount on refunding Combined Adjustment	(6,582,676) 1,226,572	(5,356,104)

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES, Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities:		
General obligation bonds		\$ 24,530,000
Certificates of participation		400,000
Municipal leases		4,381,000
Qualified energy conservation bonds		1,373,781
Governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and		
issuance costs when the debt is first issued, whereas the amounts are		
deferred and amortized over the life of the debt in the Statement of		
Activities. This amount is the net effect of the amortization of the		
related items:		
Premium on issuance for general obligation bonds	\$ 201,703	
Discount on issuance for municipal leases	 (17,080)	
Combined Adjustment		184,623
In the Statement of Activities Other Postemployment Benefit Obligations (OPEB) are measured by an actuarially determined Annual Required Contribution (ARC). In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used		
(essentially, the amounts actually paid). This year, amounts contributed toward the OPEB obligation were less than the ARC by \$6,348,977.		(6,348,977)
Interest on long-term obligations in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the Statement of Activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due. The additional interest reported in the Statement of Activities is the result of two factors. First, accrued interest on the general obligation bonds, certificates of participation, qualified energy bonds, and municipal lease bonds decreased by \$103,583, and second, \$68,334 of additional accumulated interest was accreted on the		
District's "capital appreciation" general obligation bonds.		 35,249
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 4,801,931

FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

ASSETS	 Associated Student Bodies	Foundation Special Reserve		Total Fiduciary Funds	
Deposits and investments	\$ 1,488,921	\$	59,282	\$	1,548,203
Receivables	-		146		146
Total Assets	\$ 1,488,921	\$	59,428	\$	1,548,349
LIABILITIES					
Due to student groups	\$ 1,488,921	\$	-	\$	1,488,921
NET POSITION					
Held in trust for scholarships			59,428		59,428
Total Net Position		\$	59,428	\$	59,428

FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

ADDITIONS	Foundation Special Reserve			
Private donations	\$	1,000		
Interest		329		
Total Additions		1,329		
DEDUCTIONS				
Other expenditures		2,000		
Change in Net Position		(671)		
Net Position - Beginning		60,099		
Net Position - Ending	\$	59,428		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Financial Reporting Entity

The Oxnard Union High School District (the District) was organized under the laws of the State of California. The District operates under a locally elected five-member Board form of government and provides educational services to grades 9 - 12 as mandated by the State and/or Federal agencies. The District operates six high schools, two alternative education sites, and an adult education program.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For Oxnard Union High School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. Component units may include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. In addition, component units are other legally separate organizations for which the District is not financially accountable but the nature and significance of the organization's relationship with the District is such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The Oxnard Union High School District, the Ventura County Schools Public Facilities Financing Corporation, and the Golden West Schools Financing Authority (the Corporations) have a financial and operational relationship which meets the reporting entity definition criteria of the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, Section 2100, for inclusion of the District's portion of the Corporations as component units of the District. Accordingly, the District's financial activities of the Corporations have been included in the Capital Facilities Fund, the Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects, and the COP Debt Service Fund, in the financial statements of the District.

Other Related Entities

Charter School The District has an approved charter for Camarillo Academy of Progressive Education (CAPE) and Architecture, Construction and Engineering Charter High (ACE) pursuant to *Education Code* Section 47605. The charters are not considered a component unit of the District.

Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounting system is organized and operated on a fund basis. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. The District's funds are grouped into two broad fund categories: governmental and fiduciary.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major and non-major governmental funds:

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund The General Fund is the chief operating fund for all districts. It is used to account for the ordinary operations of the District. All transactions except those accounted for in another fund are accounted for in this fund.

Cafeteria Fund The Cafeteria Fund is used to account separately for Federal, State, and local resources to operate the food service program (*Education Code* Sections 38090-38093) and is used only for those expenditures authorized by the governing board as necessary for the operation of the District's food service program (*Education Code* Sections 38091 and 38100).

Building Fund The Building Fund exists primarily to account separately for proceeds from the sale of bonds (*Education Code* Section 15146) and may not be used for any purposes other than those for which the bonds were issued.

Capital Facilities Fund The Capital Facilities Fund is used primarily to account separately for monies received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approving a development (*Education Code* Sections 17620-17626). Expenditures are restricted to the purposes specified in *Government Code* Sections 65970-65981 or to the items specified in agreements with the developer (*Government Code* Section 66006).

Bond Interest and Redemption Fund The Bond Interest and Redemption Fund is used for the repayment of bonds issued for a district (*Education Code* Sections 15125-15262).

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds The Special Revenue funds are established to account for the proceeds from specific revenue sources (other than trusts, major capital projects, or debt service) that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes and that compose a substantial portion of the inflows of the fund. Additional resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to the purpose of the fund may also be reported in the fund.

Adult Education Fund The Adult Education Fund is used to account separately for Federal, State, and local revenues for adult education programs and is to be expended for adult education purposes only.

Capital Project Funds The Capital Project funds are used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects The Special Reserve fund for Capital Outlay Projects exists primarily to provide for the accumulation of monies for capital outlay purposes (*Education Code* Section 42840).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Debt Service Funds The Debt Service funds are used to account for the accumulation of restricted, committed, or assigned resources for and the payment of principal and interest on general long-term obligations.

COP Debt Service Fund The COP Debt Service Fund is used to account for the interest and redemption of principal of Certificates of Participation.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary funds reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. Trust funds are used to account for the assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District's trust funds account for accumulation of resources for the payment of scholarships within the Foundation Special Reserve activities. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Such funds have no equity accounts since all assets are due to individuals or entities at some future time. The District's agency funds account for the accumulation of resources received from gifts or bequests pursuant to *Education Code* Section 41031 under which both earnings and principal may be used for purposes that support the District's own programs and where there is a formal trust agreement with the donor as well as the student body activities (ASB).

Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus

Government-Wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The government-wide financial Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each governmental program. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses for centralized services and administrative overhead are allocated among the programs, functions, and segments using a full cost allocation approach. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net position restricted for other activities result from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their net position.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Fund Financial Statements Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

Governmental Funds All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (revenues and other financing sources) and uses (expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide financial statements and the statements for the governmental funds on a modified accrual basis of accounting and the current financial resources measurement focus. Under this basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary funds are accounted for using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements, because they do not represent resources of the District.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter, to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. Generally, available is defined as collectible within 60 days. However to achieve comparability of reporting among California districts and so as not to distort normal revenue patterns, with specific respect to reimbursement grants and corrections to State-aid apportionments, the California Department of Education has defined available for districts as collectible within one year. The following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: State apportionments, interest, certain grants, and other local sources.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, certain grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the taxes are received. Revenue from certain grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include time and purpose requirements. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Unearned Revenue Unearned revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period or when resources are received by the District prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Certain grants received that have not met eligibility requirements are recorded as unearned revenue. On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period are also recorded as unearned revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable, and typically paid within 90 days. Principal and interest on long-term obligations, which has not matured, are recognized when paid in the governmental funds as expenditures. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds but are recognized in the entity-wide statements.

Investments

Investments held at June 30, 2016, with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost. Fair values of investments in county and State investment pools are determined by the program sponsor.

Stores Inventories

Inventories consist of expendable food and supplies held for consumption. Inventories are stated at cost, on the first-in first-out basis weighted average basis. The costs of inventory items are recorded as expenditures in the governmental type funds when used.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. General capital assets are long-lived assets of the District. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized, but are expensed as incurred.

When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized in the government-wide financial Statement of Net Position. The valuation basis for general capital assets are historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement cost. Donated capital assets are capitalized at estimated fair market value on the date donated.

Depreciation of capital assets is computed and recorded by the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows: buildings, 20 to 50 years; improvements, 5 to 50 years; equipment, 2 to 15 years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position.

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide Statement of Net Position. For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is recognized upon the occurrence of relevant events such as employee resignations and retirements that occur prior to year end that have not yet been paid with expendable available financial resources. These amounts are reported in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid.

Sick leave is accumulated without limit for each employee at the rate of one day for each month worked. Leave with pay is provided when employees are absent for health reasons; however, the employees do not gain a vested right to accumulated sick leave. Employees are never paid for any sick leave balance at termination of employment or any other time. Therefore, the value of accumulated sick leave is not recognized as a liability in the District's financial statements. However, credit for unused sick leave is applicable to all classified school members who retire after January 1, 1999. At retirement, each member will receive .004 year of service credit for each day of unused sick leave. Credit for unused sick leave is applicable to all certificated employees and is determined by dividing the number of unused sick days by the number of base service days required to complete the last school year, if employed full-time.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds.

However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, special termination benefits, and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds, capital leases, and long-term loans are recognized as liabilities in the governmental fund financial statements when due.

Debt Issuance Costs, Premiums and Discounts

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities. Debt premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, related to prepaid insurance costs are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method.

In governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts, as well as debt issuance costs are recognized in the current period. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are also reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position also reports deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The District reports deferred outflows of resources for the deferred charges on refunding debt and for pension related items.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The District reports deferred inflows of resources for pension related items.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the California State Teachers Retirement System (CalSTRS) and the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plan for schools (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalSTRS and CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Member contributions are recognized in the period in which they are earned. Investments are reported at fair value.

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

As of June 30, 2016, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable - amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed - amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the governing board. The governing board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through resolutions or other action as approved by the governing board. The District currently does not have any committed funds.

Assigned - amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the District's adopted policy, only the governing board or chief business officer/assistant superintendent of business services may assign amounts for specific purposes.

Unassigned - all other spendable amounts.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Spending Order Policy

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the governing board has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Minimum Fund Balance Policy

The governing board adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund in order to protect the District against revenue shortfalls or unpredicted on-time expenditures. The policy requires a Reserve for Economic Uncertainties consisting of unassigned amounts equal to no less than three percent of General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position net of investment in capital assets, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The District first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available. The government-wide financial statements report \$27,331,154 of restricted net position.

Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements. Interfund transfers are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the Statement of Activities.

Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Budgetary Data

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the California *Education Code* and requires the governing board to hold a public hearing and adopt an operating budget no later than July 1 of each year. The District governing board satisfied these requirements. The adopted budget is subject to amendment throughout the year to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption with the legal restriction that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations by major object account.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for. For budget purposes, on behalf payments have not been included as revenue and expenditures as required under generally accepted accounting principles.

Property Tax

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County of Ventura bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received.

Change in Accounting Principles

In February 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. The definition of *fair value* is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. This Statement provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes. This Statement also provides guidance for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements.

The District has implemented the provisions of this Statement as of June 30, 2016.

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 73, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement No. 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68.* The objective of this Statement is to improve the usefulness of information about pensions included in the general purpose external financial reports of state and local governments for making decisions and assessing accountability. This Statement results from a comprehensive review of the effectiveness of existing standards of accounting and financial reporting for all postemployment benefits with regard to providing decision-useful information, supporting assessments of accountability and inter-period equity, and creating additional transparency.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

This Statement establishes requirements for defined benefit pensions that are not within the scope of Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, as well as for the assets accumulated for purposes of providing those pensions. In addition, it establishes requirements for defined contribution pensions that are not within the scope of Statement No. 68. It also amends certain provisions of Statement No. 67, *Financial Reporting for Pension Plans*, and Statement No. 68 for pension plans and pensions that are within their respective scopes.

The provisions in this Statement effective as of June 30, 2016, include the provisions for assets accumulated for purposes of providing pensions through defined benefit plans and the amended provisions of Statements No. 67 and No. 68. The District has implemented these provisions as of June 30, 2016. The provisions in this Statement related to defined benefit pensions that are not within the scope of Statement No. 68 are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2016.

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 76, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments*. The objective of this Statement is to identify—in the context of the current governmental financial reporting environment—the hierarchy of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The "GAAP hierarchy" consists of the sources of accounting principles used to prepare financial statements of state and local governmental entities in conformity with GAAP and the framework for selecting those principles. This Statement reduces the GAAP hierarchy to two categories of authoritative GAAP and addresses the use of authoritative and non-authoritative literature in the event that the accounting treatment for a transaction or other event is not specified within a source of authoritative GAAP.

This Statement supersedes Statement No. 55, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments*.

The District has implemented the provisions of this Statement as of June 30, 2016.

In December 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 79, *Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants*. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain external investment pools and pool participants. Specifically, it establishes criteria for an external investment pool to qualify for making the election to measure all of its investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. An external investment pool qualifies for that reporting if it meets all of the applicable criteria established in this Statement. The specific criteria address (1) how the external investment pool transacts with participants; (2) requirements for portfolio maturity, quality, diversification, and liquidity; and (3) calculation and requirements of a shadow price. Significant noncompliance prevents the external investment pool from measuring all of its investments at amortized cost for financial judgment is required to determine if instances of noncompliance with the criteria established by this Statement during the reporting period, individually or in the aggregate, were significant.

If an external investment pool does not meet the criteria established by this Statement, that pool should apply the provisions in paragraph 16 of Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools*, as amended. If an external investment pool meets the criteria in this Statement and measures all of its investments at amortized cost, the pool's participants also should measure their investment pool does not meet the criteria in this Statement, the pool's participants should measure their investment pool does not meet the criteria in this Statement, the pool's participants should measure their investments in that pool at fair value, as provided in paragraph 11 of Statement No. 31, as amended.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

This Statement establishes additional note disclosure requirements for qualifying external investment pools that measure all of their investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes and for governments that participate in those pools. Those disclosures for both the qualifying external investment pools and their participants include information about any limitations or restrictions on participant withdrawals.

The District has implemented the provisions of this Statement as of June 30, 2016.

New Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 74, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans.* The objective of this Statement is to improve the usefulness of information about postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB) included in the general purpose external financial reports of state and local governmental OPEB plans for making decisions and assessing accountability. This Statement results from a comprehensive review of the effectiveness of existing standards of accounting and financial reporting for all postemployment benefits (pensions and OPEB) with regard to providing decision-useful information, supporting assessments of accountability and inter-period equity, and creating additional transparency.

This Statement replaces Statements No. 43, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans*, as amended, and No. 57, *OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans*. It also includes requirements for defined contribution OPEB plans that replace the requirements for those OPEB plans in Statement No. 25, *Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosures for Defined Contribution Plans*, as amended, Statement No. 43, and Statement No. 50, *Pension Disclosures*.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2016. Early implementation is encouraged.

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension.* The primary objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for OPEB that is provided by other entities. This Statement results from a comprehensive review of the effectiveness of existing standards of accounting and financial reporting for all postemployment benefits (pensions and OPEB) with regard to providing decision-useful information, supporting assessments of accountability and inter-period equity, and creating additional transparency.

This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans, for OPEB. Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements for OPEB plans.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2017. Early implementation is encouraged.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

In August 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures*. This Statement requires governments that enter into tax abatement agreements to disclose the following information about the agreements:

- Brief descriptive information, such as the tax being abated, the authority under which tax abatements are provided, eligibility criteria, the mechanism by which taxes are abated, provisions for recapturing abated taxes, and the types of commitments made by tax abatement recipients.
- The gross dollar amount of taxes abated during the period.
- Commitments made by a government, other than to abate taxes, as part of a tax abatement agreement.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2015. Early implementation is encouraged.

In December 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 78, *Pensions Provided Through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans*. The objective of this Statement is to address a practice issue regarding the scope and applicability of Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*. This issue is associated with pensions provided through certain multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans and to state or local governmental employers whose employees are provided with such pensions.

Prior to the issuance of this Statement, the requirements of Statement No. 68 applied to the financial statements of all state and local governmental employers whose employees are provided with pensions through pension plans that are administered through trusts that meet the criteria in paragraph 4 of that Statement.

This Statement amends the scope and applicability of Statement No. 68 to exclude pensions provided to employees of state or local governmental employers through a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that (1) is not a state or local governmental pension plan, (2) is used to provide defined benefit pensions both to employees of state or local governmental employers and to employees of employers that are not state or local governmental employers, and (3) has no predominant state or local governmental employer (either individually or collectively with other state or local governmental employers that provide pensions through the pension plan). This Statement establishes requirements for recognition and measurement of pension expense, expenditures, and liabilities; note disclosures; and required supplementary information for pensions that have the characteristics described above.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015. Early implementation is encouraged.

In January 2016, the GASB issued Statement No. 80, *Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units* - *amendment of GASB Statement No. 14.* The objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by clarifying the financial statement presentation requirements for certain component units. This Statement amends the blending requirements established in paragraph 53 of Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, as *amended.* The additional criterion requires blending of a component unit incorporated as a not-for-profit corporation in which the primary government is the sole corporate member. The additional criterion does not apply to component units included in the financial reporting entity pursuant to the provisions of Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units*.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2016. Early implementation is encouraged.

In March 2016, the GASB issued Statement No. 81, *Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements*. The objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting for irrevocable split-interest agreements by providing recognition and measurement guidance for situations in which a government is a beneficiary of the agreement.

This Statement requires that a government that receives resources pursuant to an irrevocable split-interest agreement recognize assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources at the inception of the agreement. Furthermore, this Statement requires that a government recognize assets representing its beneficial interests in irrevocable split-interest agreements that are administered by a third party, if the government controls the present service capacity of the beneficial interests. This Statement requires that a government recognize revenue when the resources become applicable to the reporting period.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2016, and should be applied retroactively. Early implementation is encouraged.

In March 2016, the GASB issued Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues - An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73.* The objective of this Statement is to address certain issues that have been raised with respect to Statements No. 67, *Financial Reporting for Pension Plans,* No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions,* and No. 73, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement No. 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68.* Specifically, this Statement addresses issues regarding (1) the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, (2) the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and (3) the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2016, except for the requirements of this Statement for the selection of assumptions in a circumstance in which an employer's pension liability is measured as of a date other than the employer's most recent fiscal year-end. In that circumstance, the requirements for the selection of assumptions are effective for that employer in the first reporting period in which the measurement date of the pension liability is on or after June 15, 2017. Early implementation is encouraged.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Summary of Deposits and Investments

Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2016, were classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Governmental activities	\$ 86,677,456
Fiduciary funds	1,548,203
Total Deposits and Investments	\$ 88,225,659
Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2016, consisted of the following:	
Cash on hand and in banks	\$ 1,495,621
Cash in revolving	10,000
Investments	86,720,038
Total Deposits and Investments	\$ 88,225,659

Policies and Practices

The District is authorized under California *Government Code* to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the State; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered State warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; and collateralized mortgage obligations.

Investment in County Treasury - The District is considered to be an involuntary participant in an external investment pool as the District is required to deposit all receipts and collections of monies with their County Treasurer (*Education Code* Section 41001). The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accounting financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

General Authorizations

Limitations as they relate to interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk are indicated in the schedules below:

	Maximum	Maximum	Maximum
Authorized	Remaining	Percentage	Investment
Investment Type	Maturity	of Portfolio	in One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U.S Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing primarily in the County Pool.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Weighted Average Maturity

The District monitors the interest rate risk inherent in its portfolio by measuring the weighted average maturity of its portfolio. Information about the weighted average maturity of the District's portfolio is presented in the following schedule:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Maturity Date
Local Agency Bonds, Notes Warrants	\$ 282,362	11/1/2019
Certificates of Deposit - AMEX Centurion Bank	112,197	5/25/2017
Certificates of Deposit - Goldman Sachs Bank	163,720	11/13/2017
Money Market Mutual Funds	7,891	6*
Ventura County Investment Pool	86,361,106	328*
Total	\$ 86,927,276	

* Weighted average days to maturity.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by the California *Government Code*, the District's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of the year-end for each investment type.

	Minimum Legal	Rating	
Investment Type	Rating	June 30, 2016	Fair Value
Local Agency Bonds, Notes Warrants	Not Required	AA	\$ 282,362
Certificates of Deposit - AMEX Centurion Bank	Not Required	Not Rated	112,197
Certificates of Deposit - Goldman Sachs Bank	Not Required	Not Rated	163,720
Money Market Mutual Funds	Not Required	AAAm	7,891
Ventura County Investment Pool	Not Required	AAAf	86,361,106
Total Investments			\$ 86,927,276

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California *Government Code* requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by State or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agency. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105 percent of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2016, the District's bank balance was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 3 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The District categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy, which has three levels, is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value. The following provides a summary of the hierarchy used to measure fair value:

Level 1 - Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets that the District has the ability to access at the measurement date. Level 1 assets may include debt and equity securities that are traded in an active exchange market and that are highly liquid and are actively traded in over-the-counter markets.

Level 2 - Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable, such as interest rates and curves observable at commonly quoted intervals, implied volatilities, and credit spreads. For financial reporting purposes, if an asset has a specified term, a Level 2 input is required to be observable for substantially the full term of the asset.

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs should be developed using the best information available under the circumstances, which might include the District's own data. The District should adjust that data if reasonable available information indicates that other market participants would use different data or certain circumstances specific to the District are not available to other market participants.

Uncategorized - Investments in the Ventura County Treasury Investment Pool are not measured using the input levels above because the District's transactions are based on a stable net asset value per share. All contributions and redemptions are transacted at \$1.00 net asset value per share.

The District's fair value measurements are as follows at June 30, 2016:

	Fair Value Measurements Using							
Investment Type	Fair Value		Inputs	Uncategorized				
Local Agency Bonds, Notes Warrants	\$ 282,362	\$	282,362	\$ -				
Certificates of Deposit	275,917		275,917	-				
Ventura County Investment Pool	86,361,106		-	86,361,106				
Total	\$ 86,919,385		558,279	\$ 86,361,106				

All assets have been valued using a market approach, with quoted market prices.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 4 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2016, consisted of intergovernmental grants, entitlements, interest, and other local sources. All receivables are considered collectible in full.

General Fund			Cafeteria Fund	В	uilding Fund	Capital Facilities Fund		
\$	1,822,414	\$	727,848	\$	-	\$	-	
	1,079,690		150,305		-		-	
	1,749,628		-		-		-	
	72,770		1,948		72,053		28,655	
	1,116,680		49,079		-		733	
\$	5,841,182	\$	929,180	\$	72,053	\$	29,388	
	\$	Fund \$ 1,822,414 1,079,690 1,749,628 72,770 1,116,680	Fund \$ 1,822,414 \$ 1,079,690 1,749,628 72,770 1,116,680	Fund Fund \$ 1,822,414 \$ 727,848 1,079,690 150,305 1,749,628 - 72,770 1,948 1,116,680 49,079	Fund Fund \$ 1,822,414 \$ 727,848 \$ 1,079,690 150,305 1,749,628 - 72,770 1,948 1,116,680 49,079	Fund Fund Fund \$ 1,822,414 \$ 727,848 \$ - 1,079,690 150,305 - 1,749,628 - - 72,770 1,948 72,053 1,116,680 49,079 -	General Fund Cafeteria Fund Building Fund Fund \$ 1,822,414 \$ 727,848 \$ - \$ 1,079,690 150,305 - - 1,749,628 - - - 72,770 1,948 72,053 - 1,116,680 49,079 - -	

	Inte Red	Bond prest and lemption Fund	on-Major vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Activities	Fiduciary Funds		
Federal Government								
Categorical aid	\$	-	\$ 170,528	\$	2,720,790	\$	-	
State Government								
Categorical aid		-	150,000		1,379,995		-	
Lottery		-	-		1,749,628		-	
Local Government								
Interest		30,506	11,527		217,459		146	
Other Local Sources		-	 6,517		1,173,009			
Total	\$	30,506	\$ 338,572	\$	7,240,881	\$	146	
Other Local Sources	\$	-	\$ 6,517	\$	1,173,009	\$	-	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, was as follows:

	Balance	Additions	Deductions	Balance
	July 1, 2015	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2016
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 27,716,042	\$ 3,620,297		\$ 31,336,339
Construction in Progress	51,689,439	25,847,054	73,919,703	3,616,790
Total Capital Assets				
Not Being Depreciated	79,405,481	29,467,351	73,919,703	34,953,129
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Land Improvements	43,731,709	13,745	-	43,745,454
Buildings and Improvements	241,744,916	70,554,480	-	312,299,396
Furniture and Equipment	11,031,906	1,341,184	-	12,373,090
Total Capital Assets				
Being Depreciated	296,508,531	71,909,409		368,417,940
Total Capital Assets	375,914,012	101,376,760	73,919,703	403,371,069
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Land Improvements	28,557,722	1,031,949	-	29,589,671
Buildings and Improvements	102,880,815	7,430,092	-	110,310,907
Furniture and Equipment	7,794,458	907,227	-	8,701,685
Total Accumulated Depreciation	139,232,995	9,369,268	-	148,602,263
Governmental Activities Capital				
Assets, Net	\$ 236,681,017	\$ 92,007,492	\$ 73,919,703	\$ 254,768,806

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Governmental Activities	
Instruction	\$ 5,246,790
School site administration	3,279,244
Home-to-school transportation	281,078
Food services	374,770
Plant services	187,386
Total Depreciation Expenses All Activities	\$ 9,369,268

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 6 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund Receivables/Payables (Due To/Due From)

Interfund receivable and payable balances arise from interfund transactions and are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which transactions are executed. Interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2016, between major and non-major governmental funds are as follows:

	Due From								
			Non-Major						
	General	Cafeteria	Governmental						
Due To	Fund	Fund	Funds	Total					
General Fund	\$ -	\$ 1,166,538	\$ 85,313	\$ 1,251,851					
Cafeteria Fund	1,354	-	-	1,354					
Capital Facilities Fund	32,058			32,058					
Total	\$ 33,412	\$ 1,166,538	\$ 85,313	\$ 1,285,263					

The balance of \$32,058 is due to the Capital Facilities Fund from the General Fund for costs associated with facility usage.

The balance of \$1,166,538 is due to the General Fund from the Cafeteria Fund for indirect costs, direct support, and transfers.

The balance of \$85,313 is due to the General Fund from the Adult Education Non-Major Governmental Fund for indirect costs.

All remaining balances resulted from the time lag between the date that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Operating Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2016, consisted of the following:

Capital Facilities Fund $127,001$ - $127,001$ Non-Major Governmental Funds $7,467$ $538,388$ $545,855$ Total $$1,444,994$ $$538,388$ $$1,983,382$ The General Fund transferred to the Cafeteria Fund to cover expenditures. $$1,310,526$ The General Fund transferred to the Capital Facilities Fund for costs associated $$127,001$ with facility usage.127,001The General Fund transferred to the Adult Education Non-Major Governmental Fund127,001The Capital Facilities Fund transferred to the Special Reserve Non-Major $7,467$ The Capital Facilities Fund transferred to the COP Debt Service payments. $87,486$ The Capital Facilities Fund transferred to the COP Debt Service Non-Major $87,486$ Governmental Fund for debt service payments. $450,902$		Transfer From						
Transfer ToFundFundTotalCafeteria Fund\$ 1,310,526\$ -\$ 1,310,526Capital Facilities Fund127,001-127,001Non-Major Governmental Funds $7,467$ 538,388545,855Total\$ 1,444,994\$ 538,388\$ 1,983,382The General Fund transferred to the Cafeteria Fund to cover expenditures.\$ 1,310,526\$ 1,310,526The General Fund transferred to the Cafeteria Fund for costs associated\$ 1,310,526\$ 1,310,526with facility usage.127,001-127,001The General Fund transferred to the Adult Education Non-Major Governmental Fund127,001127,001The Capital Facilities Fund transferred to the Special Reserve Non-Major7,467127,001The Capital Facilities Fund transferred to the Special Reserve Non-Major7,467127,001The Capital Facilities Fund transferred to the Special Reserve Non-Major87,486127,002Governmental Fund for Capital Outlay Projects for debt service payments.87,4861450,902The Capital Facilities Fund transferred to the COP Debt Service Non-Major87,4861450,902Governmental Fund for debt service payments.450,9021450,902		Capital						
Cafeteria Fund\$ 1,310,526\$ - 127,001\$ 1,310,526Capital Facilities Fund127,001-127,001Non-Major Governmental Funds7,467538,388545,855Total\$ 1,444,994\$ 538,388\$ 1,983,382The General Fund transferred to the Cafeteria Fund to cover expenditures.\$ 1,310,526\$ 1,310,526The General Fund transferred to the Cafeteria Fund to cover expenditures.\$ 1,310,526\$ 1,310,526The General Fund transferred to the Capital Facilities Fund for costs associated\$ 1,310,526\$ 1,310,526With facility usage.127,001127,001127,001The General Fund transferred to the Adult Education Non-Major Governmental Fund for reimbursement of expenditures.7,467127,001The Capital Facilities Fund transferred to the Special Reserve Non-Major Governmental Fund for Capital Outlay Projects for debt service payments.87,486The Capital Facilities Fund transferred to the COP Debt Service Non-Major Governmental Fund for debt service payments.450,902			General	I	Facilities			
Capital Facilities Fund $127,001$ - $127,001$ Non-Major Governmental Funds $7,467$ $538,388$ $545,855$ Total $$1,444,994$ $$538,388$ $$1,983,382$ The General Fund transferred to the Cafeteria Fund to cover expenditures. $$1,310,526$ The General Fund transferred to the Capital Facilities Fund for costs associated $$127,001$ with facility usage. $$1,310,526$ The General Fund transferred to the Adult Education Non-Major Governmental Fund $$7,467$ The Capital Facilities Fund transferred to the Special Reserve Non-Major $$7,467$ The Capital Facilities Fund transferred to the COP Debt Service payments. $$87,486$ The Capital Facilities Fund transferred to the COP Debt Service Non-Major $$87,486$ Governmental Fund for debt service payments. $$450,902$	Transfer To		Fund		Fund		Total	
Non-Major Governmental Funds Total $7,467$ $538,388$ $545,855$ Total $$1,444,994$ $$538,388$ $$1,983,382$ The General Fund transferred to the Cafeteria Fund to cover expenditures. $$1,310,526$ The General Fund transferred to the Capital Facilities Fund for costs associated with facility usage. $$1,310,526$ The General Fund transferred to the Adult Education Non-Major Governmental Fund for reimbursement of expenditures. $7,467$ The Capital Facilities Fund transferred to the Special Reserve Non-Major Governmental Fund for Capital Outlay Projects for debt service payments. $87,486$ The Capital Facilities Fund transferred to the COP Debt Service Non-Major Governmental Fund for debt service payments. $87,486$	Cafeteria Fund	\$	1,310,526	\$	-	\$	1,310,526	
Total\$ 1,444,994\$ 538,388\$ 1,983,382The General Fund transferred to the Cafeteria Fund to cover expenditures.\$ 1,310,526The General Fund transferred to the Capital Facilities Fund for costs associated with facility usage.\$ 1,310,526The General Fund transferred to the Adult Education Non-Major Governmental Fund for reimbursement of expenditures.\$ 1,310,526The Capital Facilities Fund transferred to the Special Reserve Non-Major Governmental Fund for Capital Outlay Projects for debt service payments.\$ 7,467The Capital Facilities Fund transferred to the COP Debt Service Non-Major Governmental Fund for debt service payments.\$ 87,486The Capital Facilities Fund transferred to the COP Debt Service Non-Major Governmental Fund for debt service payments.\$ 450,902	Capital Facilities Fund		127,001		-		127,001	
The General Fund transferred to the Cafeteria Fund to cover expenditures.\$ 1,310,526The General Fund transferred to the Capital Facilities Fund for costs associated with facility usage.127,001The General Fund transferred to the Adult Education Non-Major Governmental Fund for reimbursement of expenditures.7,467The Capital Facilities Fund transferred to the Special Reserve Non-Major Governmental Fund for Capital Outlay Projects for debt service payments.87,486The Capital Facilities Fund transferred to the COP Debt Service Non-Major Governmental Fund for debt service payments.450,902	Non-Major Governmental Funds		7,467		538,388		545,855	
The General Fund transferred to the Capital Facilities Fund for costs associated with facility usage.127,001The General Fund transferred to the Adult Education Non-Major Governmental Fund for reimbursement of expenditures.7,467The Capital Facilities Fund transferred to the Special Reserve Non-Major Governmental Fund for Capital Outlay Projects for debt service payments.87,486The Capital Facilities Fund transferred to the COP Debt Service Non-Major Governmental Fund for debt service payments.450,902	Total	\$	1,444,994	\$	538,388	\$	1,983,382	
for reimbursement of expenditures.7,467The Capital Facilities Fund transferred to the Special Reserve Non-Major Governmental Fund for Capital Outlay Projects for debt service payments.87,486The Capital Facilities Fund transferred to the COP Debt Service Non-Major Governmental Fund for debt service payments.450,902	The General Fund transferred to the Capital Facilities	\$	1,310,526 127,001					
Governmental Fund for Capital Outlay Projects for debt service payments.87,486The Capital Facilities Fund transferred to the COP Debt Service Non-Major Governmental Fund for debt service payments.450,902			7,467					
Governmental Fund for debt service payments.450,902	*		87,486					
Governmental Fund for debt service payments.450,902	The Capital Facilities Fund transferred to the COP Del	bt Se	rvice Non-Ma	jor				
	-			0			450,902	
10iai \$\$1,903,362	Total					\$	1,983,382	

Interfund transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 7 - ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

Accounts payable at June 30, 2016, consisted of the following:

						C	Capital	Ν	on-Major	
	General	С	Cafeteria		Building		Facilities		vernmental	
	 Fund	Fund		Fund		Fund		Funds		Total
Vendor payables	\$ 3,426,133	\$	40,233	\$	-	\$	-	\$	218,502	\$3,684,868
State principal	4,853,549		-		-		-		-	4,853,549
Salaries and benefits	1,031,247		-		-		-		-	1,031,247
Capital outlay	 1,720		-	3	16,533		1,397		-	319,650
Total	\$ 9,312,649	\$	40,233	\$ 3	16,533	\$	1,397	\$	218,502	\$9,889,314

NOTE 8 - UNEARNED REVENUE

Unearned revenue at June 30, 2016, consisted of the following:

	General
	 Fund
Federal financial assistance	\$ 112,793
State categorical aid	639,950
Other local	6,216
Total	\$ 758,959

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Summary

The changes in the District's long-term obligations during the year consisted of the following:

	Balance			Balance	Due in
	July 1, 2015	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2016	One Year
General obligation bonds	\$ 135,706,701	\$ 49,363,334	\$ 24,530,000	\$ 160,540,035	\$ 3,465,000
Premium on issuance	5,097,675	6,582,676	201,703	11,478,648	-
Certificates of participation	2,160,000	-	400,000	1,760,000	410,000
Municipal leases	4,080,000	3,904,000	4,381,000	3,603,000	255,000
Municipal lease discount	(17,080)	-	(17,080)	-	-
Qualified energy conservation bonds	14,941,335	-	1,373,781	13,567,554	885,383
Compensated absences	1,171,991	34,207	-	1,206,198	-
Net OPEB obligation	74,421,186	21,522,588	15,173,611	80,770,163	
	\$ 237,561,808	\$ 81,406,805	\$ 46,043,015	\$ 272,925,598	\$ 5,015,383

- Payments for bonds associated with General Obligation Bonds are made in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund.
- Payments on Certificates of Participation are made in the COP Debt Service Fund.
- Payments for Municipal Lease obligations are made in the General Fund, Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects, and Capital Facilities Fund.
- Payments for Qualified Energy Construction Bonds are made in the COP Debt Service Fund.
- Payments for compensated absences are typically liquidated in the General Fund and the Non-Major Governmental Funds.
- Payments for Net pension liability and Net OPEB obligation are typically liquidated in the General Fund and the Non-Major Governmental Funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

General Obligation Refunding Bonds

Issue Date	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Original Issue	Bonds Outstanding July 1, 2015	Issued and Principal Accretion	Redeemed	Bonds Outstanding June 30, 2016
4/1999	8/1/2027	4.6%-5.8%	\$ 10,199,913	\$ 6,314,598	\$ 68,334	\$ 430,000	\$ 5,952,932
5/2001	8/1/2030	4.0%-6.2%	31,705,000	21,260,000	-	21,260,000	-
8/2010	8/1/2040	3.0%-5.0%	50,000,000	46,865,000	-	885,000	45,980,000
4/2011	8/1/2025	5.31%	4,052,103	3,417,103	-	235,000	3,182,103
5/2012	8/1/2027	3.0%-5.0%	10,435,000	8,850,000	-	520,000	8,330,000
1/2014	8/1/2037	3.0%-5.0%	50,000,000	49,000,000	-	1,200,000	47,800,000
1/2016	8/1/2035	3.0%-5.0%	30,945,000		30,945,000	-	30,945,000
6/2016	8/1/2027	2.0%-5.0%	18,350,000		18,350,000		18,350,000
			\$205,687,016	\$ 135,706,701	\$49,363,334	\$ 24,530,000	\$160,540,035

1999 Series A

Series A of the 1999 Revenue General Obligation Refunding Bonds were issued in April 1999. These bonds were issued to refund the 1997 General Obligation Bonds, Series B. The Taxable General Obligation Refunding Bonds, 1999 Series A were issued for \$10,199,913, with interest rates ranging from 4.6 percent to 5.8 percent. The refunding bonds mature at various dates with the final maturity of August 1, 2027. The remaining balance for Series A of the 1999 General Obligation Bonds is \$5,952,932.

2004 Series A

Series A of the 2004 General Obligation Refunding Bonds were issued in August 2010. These bonds were issued to refund the 2008 General Obligation Bond Anticipation Notes, Series A and Series B and to finance the construction and modernization of school facilities. The Taxable General Obligation Bonds, 2004 Series A were issued for \$50,000,000, with interest rates ranging from 3.0 percent to 5.0 percent. The bonds mature at various dates with the final maturity of August 1, 2040. At June 30, 2016, the principal balance outstanding was \$45,980,000 and unamortized premium was \$1,596,200.

2004 Series Qualified School Construction Bonds

In April 2011, the District issued the 2011 Qualified School Construction Bonds in the amount of \$4,052,103. The notes mature August 2025, with an interest rate of 5.31 percent. The bonds were issued for the purpose of financing the acquisition and construction of educational facilities and projects. At June 30, 2016, the principal balance outstanding was \$3,182,103.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

2012 Series

The 2012 General Obligation Refunding Bonds were issued in May 2012. These bonds were issued to refund the 2003 General Obligation Bonds, Series A. The Taxable General Obligation Bonds, 2012 Series were issued for \$10,435,000, with interest rates ranging from 3.0 percent to 5.0 percent. The bonds mature at various dates with the final maturity of August 1, 2027. At June 30, 2016, the principal balance outstanding was \$8,330,000 and unamortized premium was \$527,772.

2004 Series C

Series C of the 2004 General Obligation Bonds were issued in January 2014. These bonds were issued to finance the construction and modernization of school facilities. The Taxable General Obligation Bonds, 2004 Series C were issued for \$50,000,000, with interest rates ranging from 3.0 percent to 5.0 percent. The bonds mature at various dates with the final maturity of August 1, 2037. At June 30, 2016, the principal balance outstanding was \$47,800,000 and unamortized premium was \$2,772,000.

2004 Series D

Series D of the 2004 General Obligation Bonds were issued in January 2016. These bonds were issued to finance the construction and modernization of school facilities. The Taxable General Obligation Bonds, 2004 Series D were issued for \$30,945,000, with interest rates ranging from 3.0 percent to 5.0 percent. The bonds mature at various dates with the final maturity of August 1, 2035. At June 30, 2016, the principal balance outstanding was \$30,945,000 and unamortized premium was \$3,786,412.

2016 Series

The 2012 General Obligation Refunding Bonds were issued in June 2016. These bonds were issued to refund the 2003 General Obligation Bonds, Series A. The Taxable General Obligation Bonds, 2012 Series were issued for \$18,350,000, with interest rates ranging from 2.0 percent to 5.0 percent. The bonds mature at various dates with the final maturity of August 1, 2027. The refunding resulted in a cumulative cash flow saving of \$7,366,718 over the life of the new debt and an economic gain of \$7,181,813 based on the difference between the present value of the existing debt service requirements and the new debt service requirements discounted at 2.51 percent. At June 30, 2016, the principal balance outstanding was \$18,350,000, unamortized premium was \$2,796,264 and deferred charge on refunding was \$1,226,572.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

The future debt service requirements for the General Obligation Bonds are as follows:

	Principal			
	Including Accreted	Current	Accreted	
Fiscal Year	Interest to Date	Interest	Interest	Total
2017	\$ 3,465,000	\$ 6,842,583	\$ -	\$ 10,307,583
2018	5,765,000	7,018,948	-	12,783,948
2019	5,635,000	6,733,632	-	12,368,632
2020	5,585,000	6,452,019	-	12,037,019
2021	5,880,000	6,164,005	-	12,044,005
2022-2026	35,053,829	25,986,994	543,274	61,584,097
2027-2031	33,971,206	18,271,326	413,794	52,656,326
2032-2036	44,175,000	10,045,466	-	54,220,466
2037-2041	21,010,000	2,173,488	-	23,183,488
Total	\$ 160,540,035	\$ 89,688,461	\$ 957,068	\$ 251,185,564

Certificates of Participation

During the 2000-2001 fiscal year, the District issued Certificates of Participation in the amount of \$1,860,000, to refund the outstanding balance of the 1993-1994 Certificates of Participation. The 2000 certificates mature during the 2019-2020 fiscal year with interest rates ranging from 6.40 percent to 7.50 percent. The balance of the 2000 Certificates of Participation outstanding at June 30, 2016, was \$495,000.

In April 2003, the District issued the 2003 Refunding Certificates of Participation in the amount of \$3,970,000. The 2003 certificates mature in the 2019-2020 fiscal year with interest rates ranging from 2.0 percent to 4.3 percent. The balance of the 2003 Refunding Certificates of Participation outstanding at June 30, 2016, was \$1,265,000.

The future debt service requirements for the two Certificates of Participation are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$ 410,000	\$ 70,638	\$ 480,638
2018	430,000	51,731	481,731
2019	450,000	31,545	481,545
2020	470,000	10,560	480,560
Total	\$ 1,760,000	\$ 164,474	\$ 1,924,474

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Municipal Leases

In January 2016, the District entered into a lease agreement to refinance the outstanding municipal lease bonds. The lease carries an interest rate of 4.5 percent. The lease will be fully paid in 2028. At June 30, 2016, the principal balance outstanding was \$3,603,000.

The debt service requirements for the leases are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal	al Interest		 Total
2017	\$ 255,000	\$	91,319	\$ 346,319
2018	263,000		84,689	347,689
2019	270,000		77,852	347,852
2020	278,000		70,834	348,834
2021	289,000		63,597	352,597
2022-2026	1,568,000		201,176	1,769,176
2027-2028	680,000		21,943	701,943
Total	\$ 3,603,000	\$	611,410	\$ 4,214,410

Qualified Energy Conservation Bonds

In September 2010, the District entered into a lease agreement with the Golden Schools Financing Authority. The notes mature August 2027, with an interest rate of 5.5 percent. The bonds were issued for the purpose of financing the acquisition and construction of educational facilities and projects. At June 30, 2016, the principal balance outstanding was \$13,567,554.

The debt service requirements for the bonds are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total	
2017	\$ 885,383	\$ 740,777	\$ 1,626,160	
2018	944,149	690,827	1,634,976	
2019	1,005,532	637,579	1,643,111	
2020	1,069,636	580,887	1,650,523	
2021	1,136,565	520,599	1,657,164	
2022-2026	6,260,826	1,625,525	7,886,351	
2027-2028	2,265,463	126,913	2,392,376	
Total	\$ 13,567,554	\$ 4,923,107	\$ 18,490,661	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Accumulated Unpaid Employee Vacation

The long-term portion of accumulated unpaid employee vacation for the District at June 30, 2016, amounted to \$1,206,198. Accumulated vacation will be paid by the fund for which the employee worked.

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Obligation

The District's annual required contribution for the year ended June 30, 2016, was \$17,057,317, and contributions made by the District during the year were \$8,070,496. Interest on the net OPEB obligation and adjustments to the annual required contribution were \$4,465,271 and \$(7,103,115), respectively, which resulted in an increase to the net OPEB obligation of \$6,348,977. As of June 30, 2016, the net OPEB obligation was \$80,770,163. See Note 11 for additional information regarding the OPEB obligation and the postemployment benefits plan.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 10 - FUND BALANCES

Fund balances are composed of the following elements:

		General Fund	(Cafeteria Fund		lding 1nd	Capita Faciliti Fund	ies
Nonspendable								
Revolving cash	\$	10,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Stores inventories		223,554		7,441		-		-
Prepaid expenditures		55		-		-		-
Total Nonspendable		233,609		7,441		-		-
Restricted								
Legally restricted programs		1,431,925		108,189		-		-
Capital projects		, - , -		-	30.4	41,463	12,461	.272
Debt services		-		-	,	-	y	-
Total Restricted		1,431,925		108,189	30,4	41,463	12,461	,272
Assigned								
2014-15 US contra		299,272		-		_		-
2015-16 US contra		2,506,948		-		_		-
2015-16 me too contra		931,977		-		_		-
Adult Ed cal works		134,918		-		-		-
Donations		21,758		-		-		-
6 Buses (EPA compliance)		1,050,000		-		-		-
2 Adult transportation vans (ADA)		150,000		-		-		-
Oxnard #8 start up		100,000		-		-		-
LCAP pilot project		1,000,000		-		-		-
Principals budget		95,393		-		-		-
Unrestricted lottery balance		500,556		-		-		-
Certificate of participation		-		-		-		-
Rancho Campana start up		-		-		-		-
Total Assigned		6,790,822		-		-		-
Unassigned								
Reserve for economic uncertainties		12,201,768		-		-		_
Remaining unassigned		1,486,614		_		-		-
Total Unassigned	1	3,688,382						-
Total		22,144,738	\$	115,630	\$ 30,4	41,463	\$ 12,461	,272

Bond Interest and	Non-Major				
Redemption	Governmental				
Fund	Funds	Total			
\$-	\$ -	\$ 10,000			
φ - -	φ - -	230,995			
-	-	55			
		241,050			
	·				
-	1,225,374	2,765,488			
-	-	42,902,735			
15,000,650	449,958	15,450,608			
15,000,650	1,675,332	61,118,831			
		299,272			
-	-	2,506,948			
		931,977			
-	-	134,918			
-	-	21,758			
-	-	1,050,000			
-	-	150,000			
-	-	100,000			
-	-	1,000,000			
-	-	95,393			
-	-	500,556			
-	1,638,576	1,638,576			
-	23,453	23,453			
	1,662,029	8,452,851			
-	-	12,201,768			
		1,486,614			
	-	13,688,382			
\$ 15,000,650	\$ 3,337,361	\$ 83,501,114			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 11 - POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE PLAN AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) OBLIGATION

Plan Description

The Oxnard Union High School District Retiree Health Benefits Plan (the Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the Oxnard Union High School District. The Plan provides medical and dental insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. Membership of the Plan consists of 600 retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits and 581 active plan members. Separate financial statements are prepared for the Trust.

Contribution Information

The contribution requirements of Plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the District and the Oxnard Federation of Teachers (OFT), the local California Service Employees Association (CSEA), and unrepresented groups. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements. For fiscal year 2015-2016, the District contributed \$8,070,496 to the Plan, of which \$7,436,301 was used for current premiums, and \$634,195 was a contribution to the Retiree Benefits Trust.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The District's annual other postemployment benefits (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities (UAAL) (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the District's net OPEB obligation to the Plan:

Annual required contribution	\$ 17,057,317
Interest on net OPEB obligation	4,465,271
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(7,103,115)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	14,419,473
Contributions made	(8,070,496)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	6,348,977
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year	74,421,186
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$ 80,770,163

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Trend Information

Trend information for annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the Plan, and the net OPEB obligation is as follows:

Year Ended	Ar	nnual OPEB		Actual	Percentage	Net OPEB
June 30,		Cost	Contribution		Contributed	 Obligation
2014	\$	15,009,000	\$	7,255,988	48.3%	\$ 66,369,679
2015		15,474,181		7,422,674	48.0%	74,421,186
2016		14,419,473		8,070,496	56.0%	80,770,163

Funded Status and Funding Progress

A schedule of funding progress as of the most recent actuarial valuation is as follows:

		Actuarial				
		Accrued				
		Liability	Unfunded			UAAL as a
Actuarial	Actuarial	(AAL) -	AAL	Funded		Percentage of
Valuation	Value of	Entry Age	(UAAL)	Ratio	Covered	Covered Payroll
Date	Assets (a)	Normal (b)	(b - a)	(a / b)	Payroll (c)	([b - a] / c)
July 1, 2015	\$ 51,038,387	\$ 201,813,000	\$ 150,774,613	25.3%	\$ 99,809,444	151.1%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, investment returns, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

In the July 1, 2015, actuarial valuation, the entry age normal method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a six percent investment rate of return. Healthcare cost trend rates ranged from an initial six percent to an ultimate rate of five percent. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2016, was 22 years. The actuarial value of assets was determined to be \$51,038,387 in this actuarial valuation. The allocation of OPEB cost is based on years of service.

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

Description

The District's risk management activities are recorded in the General Fund. Employee health programs are administered by the General Fund through payments made to Coastal Schools Employee Benefits Organization, a public entity risk pool. The Oxnard Union High School District also participates in the Ventura County Schools Self-Funding Authority public entity risk pool (JPA) for the workers' compensation, property, and liability programs. Refer to Note 15 for additional information regarding the JPAs.

For insured programs, there have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

Employee Medical Benefits

The District has contracted with the Coastal Schools Employee Benefits Organization (CSEBO) to provide employee health benefits. CSEBO is a shared risk pool comprised of members in Ventura County. Rates are set through an annual calculation process. The District pays a monthly contribution, which is placed in a common fund from which claim payments are made for all participating districts. Claims are paid for all participants regardless of claims flow. The Board of Directors has a right to return monies to a district subsequent to the settlement of all expenses and claims if a district withdraws from the pool.

NOTE 13 – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Academic employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the District reported net pension liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense for each of the above plans as follows:

	Collective			
	Collective Net	Deferred Outflows	Collective Deferred	Collective
Pension Plan	Pension Liability	of Resources	Inflows of Resources	Pension Expense
CalSTRS	\$ 99,966,960	\$ 31,174,121	\$ 17,695,863	\$ 17,230,698
CalPERS	28,611,809	10,229,158	7,436,867	5,310,548
Total	\$ 128,578,769	\$ 41,403,279	\$ 25,132,730	\$ 22,541,246

The details of each plan are as follows:

California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement Plan (STRP) administered by the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS). STRP is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law.

A full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2014, annual actuarial valuation report, Defined Benefit Program Actuarial Valuation. This report and CalSTRS audited financial information are publically available reports that can be found on the CalSTRS website under Publications at: http://www.calstrs.com/member-publications.

Benefits Provided

The STRP provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' final compensation, age, and years of service credit. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 60. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 62. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service.

The STRP is comprised of four programs: Defined Benefit Program, Defined Benefit Supplement Program, Cash Balance Benefit Program, and Replacement Benefits Program. The STRP holds assets for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits to members and beneficiaries of these programs. CalSTRS also uses plan assets to defray reasonable expenses of administering the STRP. Although CalSTRS is the administrator of the STRP, the state is the sponsor of the STRP and obligor of the trust. In addition, the state is both an employer and nonemployer contributing entity to the STRP.

The District contributes exclusively to the STRP Defined Benefit Program, thus disclosures are not included for the other plans.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Total Nat Dancion Liebility Including State Shares

The STRP provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2016, are summarized as follows:

	STRP Defined Benefit Program	
	On or before	On or after
Hire date	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	2% at 60	2% at 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 Years of Service	5 Years of Service
Benefit payments	Monthly for Life	Monthly for Life
Retirement age	60	62
Monthly benefits as a percentage of eligible compensation	2.0% - 2.4%	2.0% - 2.4%
Required employee contribution rate	9.20%	8.56%
Required employer contribution rate	10.73%	10.73%
Required state contribution rate	7.12589%	7.12589%

Contributions

Required member, District and State of California contributions rates are set by the California Legislature and Governor and detailed in Teachers' Retirement Law. The contributions rates are expressed as a level percentage of payroll using the entry age normal actuarial method. In accordance with AB 1469, employer contributions into the CalSTRS will be increasing to a total of 19.1 percent of applicable member earnings phased over a seven-year period. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2016, are presented above and the District's total contributions were \$7,966,799.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2016, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

Total Net Pension Liability, including State Share:	
District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 99,966,960
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	52,871,502
Total	\$ 152,838,462

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts and the State, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share for the measurement period June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively was 0.1485 percent and 0.1239 percent, resulting in a net increase in the proportionate share of 0.0246 percent.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the District recognized pension expense of \$17,230,698. In addition, the District recognized pension expense and revenue of \$4,095,492 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2016, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	DeferredDeferredOutflows ofInflows ofResourcesResources	
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$ 7,966,799	\$-
Net change in proportionate share of net pension liability Differences between projected and actual earnings	15,330,863	-
on pension plan investments	7,876,459	16,025,391
Differences between expected and actual experience		
in the measurement of the total pension liability		1,670,472
Total	\$ 31,174,121	\$ 17,695,863

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year. The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be amortized over a closed five-year period and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	lows/(Inflows)	
0		
0	of Resources	
\$	(3,372,682)	
	(3,372,682)	
	(3,372,682)	
	1,969,114	
\$	(8,148,932)	
	\$	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the net change in proportionate share of net pension liability and differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability will be amortized over the Expected Average Remaining Service Life (EARSL) of all members that are provided benefits (active, inactive, and retirees) as of the beginning of the measurement period. The EARSL for the 2014-2015 measurement period is seven years and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

		Deferred
Year Ended	Outfle	ows/(Inflows)
June 30,	of	Resources
2017	\$	2,276,732
2018		2,276,732
2019		2,276,732
2020		2,276,732
2021		2,276,732
Thereafter		2,276,731
Total	\$	13,660,391

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Total pension liability for STRP was determined by applying update procedures to a financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2015. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, used the following methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	June 30, 2014
Measurement date	June 30, 2015
Experience study	July 1, 2006 through June 30, 2010
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Discount rate	7.60%
Investment rate of return	7.60%
Consumer price inflation	3.00%
Wage growth	3.75%

CalSTRS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are based on RP2000 series tables adjusted to fit CalSTRS experience.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS general investment consultant. Based on the model for CalSTRS consulting actuary' investment practice, a best estimate range was determined be assuming the portfolio is re-balanced annually and that the annual returns are lognormally distributed and independently from year to year to develop expected percentile for the long-term distribution of annualized returns. The assumed asset allocation is based on board policy for target asset allocation in effect on February 2, 2012, the date the current experience study was approved by the board. Best estimates of 10-year geometric real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class used as input to develop the actuarial investment rate of return are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global equity	47%	4.50%
Private equity	12%	6.20%
Real estate	15%	4.35%
Inflation sensitive	5%	3.20%
Fixed income	20%	0.20%
Cash/liquidity	1%	0.00%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.60 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.60 percent) and assuming that contributions, benefit payments and administrative expense occurred midyear. Based on these assumptions, the STRP's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

	Net Pension	
Discount Rate	Liability	_
1% decrease (6.60%)	\$ 150,942,329	-
Current discount rate (7.60%)	\$ 99,966,960	
1% increase (8.60%)	\$ 57,602,315	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS)

Plan Description

Qualified employees are eligible to participate in the School Employer Pool (SEP) and the Safety Risk Pool under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

A full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2014 annual actuarial valuation reports, Schools Pool Actuarial Valuation, and the Risk Pool Actuarial Valuation Report, Safety, 2014. These reports and CalPERS audited financial information are publically available reports that can be found on the CalPERS website under Forms and Publications at: https://www.calpers.ca.gov/page/forms-publications.

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of service credit, a benefit factor and the member's final compensation. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of total service are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after five years of service. The Basic Death Benefit is paid to any member's beneficiary if the member dies while actively employed. An employee's eligible survivor may receive the 1957 Survivor Benefit if the member dies while actively employed, is at least age 50 (or 52 for members hired on or after January 1, 2013), and has at least five years of credited service. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The CalPERS provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2016, are summarized as follows:

	School Employer Pool (CalPERS)	
	On or before	On or after
Hire date		
Benefit formula	2% at 55	2% at 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 Years of Service	5 Years of Service
Benefit payments	Monthly for Life	Monthly for Life
Retirement age	55	62
Monthly benefits as a percentage of eligible compensation	1.1% - 2.5%	1.0% - 2.5%
Required employee contribution rate	7.000%	6.000%
Required employer contribution rate	11.847%	11.847%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Total plan contributions are calculated through the CalPERS annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. The contributions rates are expressed as percentage of annual payroll. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2016, are presented above and the total District contributions were \$2,905,775.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2016, the District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate share of the CalPERS net pension liability totaling \$28,611,809. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share for the measurement period June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively was 0.1941 percent and 0.1854 percent, resulting in a net increase in the proportionate share of 0.0087 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the District recognized pension expense of \$5,310,548. At June 30, 2016, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		I	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	2,905,775	\$	-	
Net change in proportionate share of net pension liability		988,991		-	
Difference between projected and actual earnings					
on pension plan investments		4,699,185		5,678,878	
Differences between expected and actual experience					
in the measurement of the total pension liability		1,635,207		-	
Changes of assumptions		-		1,757,989	
Total	\$	10,229,158	\$	7,436,867	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year. The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be amortized over a closed five-year period and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Deferred
Year Ended	Outflows/(Inflows)
June 30,	of Resources
2017	\$ (718,163)
2018	(718,163)
2019	(718,163)
2020	1,174,796
Total	\$ (979,693)

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the net change in proportionate share of net pension liability, changes of assumptions, and differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability will be amortized over the Expected Average Remaining Service Life (EARSL) of all members that are provided benefits (active, inactive, and retirees) as of the beginning of the measurement period. The EARSL for the 2014-2015 measurement period is 3.9 years and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	D	Deferred	
Year Ended	Outflow	Outflows/(Inflows)	
June 30,	of R	of Resources	
2017	\$	298,693	
2018		298,693	
2019		268,823	
Total	\$	866,209	

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Total pension liability for the SEP was determined by applying update procedures to a financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2015. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, used the following methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	June 30, 2014
Measurement date	June 30, 2015
Experience study	July 1, 1997 through June 30, 2011
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Discount rate	7.65%
Investment rate of return	7.65%
Consumer price inflation	2.75%
Wage growth	Varies by entry age and service

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Mortality assumptions are based on mortality rates resulting from the most recent CalPERS experience study adopted by the CalPERS Board. For purposes of the post-retirement mortality rates, those revised rates include five years of projected ongoing mortality improvement using Scale AA published by the Society of Actuaries.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first ten years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Assumed Asset	Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Global equity	51%	5.25%
Global fixed income	19%	0.99%
Private equity	10%	6.83%
Real estate	10%	4.50%
Inflation sensitive	6%	0.45%
Infrastructure and Forestland	2%	4.50%
Liquidity	2%	-0.55%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.65 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Based on these assumptions, the School Employer Pool fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

	Net Pension	
Discount rate	 Liability	
1% decrease (6.65%)	\$ 46,568,103	
Current discount rate (7.65%)	\$ 28,611,809	
1% increase (8.65%)	\$ 13,679,951	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

On Behalf Payments

The State of California makes contributions to CalSTRS on behalf of the District. These payments consist of State General Fund contributions to CalSTRS in the amount of \$4,444,043 (7.12589 percent of annual payroll). Contributions are no longer appropriated in the annual *Budget Act* for the legislatively mandated benefits to CalPERS. Therefore, there is no on behalf contribution rate for CalPERS. Under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these amounts are to be reported as revenues and expenditures. Accordingly, these amounts have been recorded in these financial statements. On behalf payments have been excluded from the calculation of available reserves, and have not been included in the budgeted amounts reported in the *General Fund - Budgetary Comparison Schedule*.

NOTE 14 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Grants

The District received financial assistance from Federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2016.

Litigation

The District is involved in various litigation arising from the normal course of business. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of all litigation pending is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2016.

NOTE 15 - PARTICIPATION IN PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOLS AND JOINT POWERS AUTHORITY

The District is a member of the Ventura County Schools Self-funding Authority (VCSSFA) and the Coastal Schools Employee Benefits Organization (CSEBO) public entity risk pools. The District pays an annual premium to each entity for its workers' compensation and property liability coverage and for its health and welfare benefits, respectively. The District also belongs to the Ventura County Fast Action School Transit Authority (VCFAST) joint powers authority (JPA). Payments for courier services are paid to the VCFAST. The relationships between the District, the pools, and the JPA are such that they are not component units of the District for financial reporting purposes.

The entity has budgeting and financial reporting requirements independent of member units and the financial statements are not presented in these financial statements; however, fund transactions between the entity and the District are included in these statements. Audited financial statements are available from the respective entities.

During the year ended June 30, 2016, the District made payments of \$1,014,679, \$27,403,085, and \$4,312 to VCSSFA, CSEBO, and VCFAST, respectively.

Required Supplementary Information

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	- Budgetee	d Amounts	Actual	Variances - Positive (Negative) Final
	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Actual
REVENUES				
Local Control Funding Formula	\$ 145,909,000	\$ 145,903,826	\$ 146,010,992	\$ 107,166
Federal sources	7,978,829	8,245,450	8,331,146	85,696
Other State sources	15,845,382	14,667,148	21,706,042	7,038,894
Other local sources	8,414,295	9,145,466	9,485,792	340,326
Total Revenues ¹	178,147,506	177,961,890	185,533,972	7,572,082
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Certificated salaries	77,764,779	78,212,749	76,100,494	2,112,255
Classified salaries	23,910,287	24,897,432	23,042,879	1,854,553
Employee benefits	42,060,023	42,869,007	46,957,317	(4,088,310)
Books and supplies	9,348,963	9,761,663	8,217,578	1,544,085
Services and operating expenditures	14,899,279	14,340,352	13,735,311	605,041
Capital outlay	810,870	1,993,988	1,532,247	461,741
Other outgo	1,468,015	1,345,543	1,572,920	(227,377)
Debt service				
Principal	1,373,781	1,373,781	1,373,781	-
Interest	297,248	297,248	333,447	(36,199)
Total Expenditures ¹	171,933,245	175,091,763	172,865,974	2,225,789
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over				
(Under) Expenditures	6,214,261	2,870,127	12,667,998	9,797,871
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers out	(1,448,087)	(1,719,521)	(1,444,994)	274,527
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	4,766,174	1,150,606	11,223,004	10,072,398
Fund Balance - Beginning	10,921,734	10,921,734	10,921,734	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 15,687,908	\$ 12,072,340	\$ 22,144,738	\$ 10,072,398

¹ On behalf payments of \$4,444,043 are included in the actual revenues and expenditures, but have not been included in the budgeted amounts.

CAFETERIA FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual (GAAP Basis)	Variances - Positive (Negative) Final to Actual
REVENUES				
Federal sources	\$ 4,028,925	\$ 4,218,551	\$ 4,375,296	\$ 156,745
Other State sources	362,213	362,213	318,362	(43,851)
Other local sources	606,322	736,750	531,009	(205,741)
Total Revenues ¹	4,997,460	5,317,514	5,224,667	(92,847)
EXPENDITURES Current				
Classified salaries	2,333,368	2,441,232	2,316,398	124,834
Employee benefits	1,155,801	1,167,131	1,131,708	35,423
Books and supplies	2,362,865	2,596,207	2,604,335	(8,128)
Services and operating expenditures	140,736	167,989	81,637	86,352
Other outgo	306,230	448,320	306,985	141,335
Total Expenditures ¹	6,299,000	6,820,879	6,453,310	367,569
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(1,301,540)	(1,503,365)	(1,228,643)	274,722
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	1,301,540	1,890,473	1,310,526	(579,947)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)	1,301,540	1,890,473	1,310,526	(579,947)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-	387,108	81,883	(305,225)
Fund Balance - Beginning	33,747	33,747	33,747	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 33,747	\$ 420,855	\$ 115,630	\$ (305,225)

SCHEDULE OF OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) FUNDING PROGRESS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Actuarial Accrued				
		Liability	Unfunded			UAAL as a
Actuarial	Actuarial	(AAL) -	AAL	Funded		Percentage of
Valuation	Value of	Entry Age	(UAAL)	Ratio	Covered	Covered Payroll
Date	Assets (a)	Normal (b)	(b - a)	(a / b)	Payroll (c)	([b - a] / c)
July 1, 2011	\$ 35,584,000	\$ 257,944,000	\$ 170,589,000	13.8%	\$ 88,645,250	250.8%
July 1, 2013	40,426,000	205,904,000	222,360,000	19.6%	78,526,488	210.7%
July 1, 2015	51,038,387	201,813,000	150,774,613	25.3%	99,809,444	151.1%

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

CalSTRS	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.1485%	0.1239%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 99,966,960	\$ 72,419,094
associated with the District Total	52,871,502 \$ 152,838,462	43,729,775 \$ 116,148,869
District's covered - employee payroll	\$ 66,868,840	\$ 78,219,382
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered - employee payroll	149.50%	92.58%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	74%	77%
CalPERS		
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.1941%	0.1854%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 28,611,809	\$ 21,046,174
District's covered - employee payroll	\$ 21,033,738	\$ 19,571,570
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered - employee payroll	136.03%	107.53%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	79%	83%

Note : In the future, as data become available, ten years of information will be presented.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

CalSTRS	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 7,966,799 7,966,799 \$ -	\$ 5,937,953 5,937,953 \$ -
District's covered - employee payroll	\$ 74,247,894	\$ 66,868,840
Contributions as a percentage of covered - employee payroll	10.73%	8.88%
CalPERS		
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 2,905,775 2,905,775 \$ -	\$ 2,475,671 2,475,671 \$ -
District's covered - employee payroll	\$ 24,527,518	\$ 21,033,738
Contributions as a percentage of covered - employee payroll	11.85%	11.77%

Note : In the future, as data become available, ten years of information will be presented.

NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

This schedule presents information for the original and final budgets and actual results of operations, as well as the variances from the final budget to actual results of operations.

Schedule of Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Funding Progress

This schedule is intended to show trends about the funding progress of the District's actuarially determined liability for postemployment benefits other than pensions.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This schedule presents information on the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (NPL), the plans' fiduciary net position and, when applicable, the State's proportionate share of the NPL associated with the District. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Schedule of District Contributions

This schedule presents information on the District's required contribution, the amounts actually contributed, and any excess or deficiency related to the required contribution. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Changes in Benefit Terms

There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuation for either CalSTRS and CalPERS.

Changes in Assumptions

The CalSTRS plan rate of investment return assumption was not changed from the previous valuation. The CalPERS plan rate of investment return assumption was changed from 7.50 percent to 7.65 percent since the previous valuation.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Pass-Through Entity	
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through	CFDA	Identifying	Program
Grantor/Program	Number	Number	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION	Nulliber	Nulliber	Experiatures
Passed through California Department of Education (CDE):			
Adult Education - Basic Grants to States Cluster:			*
Adult Basic Education - Adult Basic Education and ESL	84.002A	14508	\$ 325,798
Adult Basic Education - Adult Secondary	84.002	13978	21,585
Adult Basic Education - English Literacy and Civics Education Total Adult Education - Basic Grants to	84.002A	14109	124,053
States Cluster			471,436
Carl D. Perkins Vocational and Technical Education Act of 1998			
Secondary Education	84.048	14894	451,238
No Child Left Behind Act (NCLB):			
Title I, Part A - Basic Grants Low Income and Neglected	84.010	14329	3,210,213
Title I, Part C - Migrant Ed Cluster			
Title I, Part C - Migrant Ed Regular Program	84.011	14838	338,732
Title I, Part C - Migrant Ed Summer Program	84.011	14838	106,598
Total Title I, Part C - Migrant Ed Cluster			445,330
Title I, Part G - Advanced Placement (AP) Test Fee			
Reimbursement Program	84.330B	14831	10,192
Title II, Part A - Improving Teacher Quality Local Grants	84.367	14341	485,341
Title III Cluster			
Title III - Immigrant Education Program	84.365	15146	47,342
Title III - Limited English Proficient (LEP) Student Program	84.365	14346	241,990
Total Title III Cluster			289,332
Passed through Ventura County Special Education Local Plan Area:			
Individuals With Disabilities Act (IDEA)			
Basic Local Assistance Entitlement, Part B, Section 611	84.027	13379	3,031,390
Total U.S. Department of Education			8,394,472

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program U.S. DEPARTMENT OF REHABILITATION Workability II, Transitions Partnership	CFDA Number 84.126	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number 10006	Program Expenditures \$ 229,134
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed through CDE: Child Nutrition Cluster:			
Basic School Breakfast Program	10.553	13390	7,659
Especially Needy Breakfast	10.553	13526	1,192,268
National School Lunch Program	10.555	13523	2,444,046
Meal Supplement	10.555	13396	52,712
Summer Food Service Program	10.559	13004	15,040
Food Distribution	10.555	13524	313,555
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			4,025,280
CACFP Claims - Centers and Family Day Care	10.558	13393	350,016
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			4,375,296
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE			
Junior Reserve Officer Training Corps - Air Force	12.000	[1]	106,296
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR			
National Park Services - Anacapa Island Restoration Project	15.931	[1]	11,567
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Passed through California Department of Health Services: Medi-Cal Billing Option Total Federal Programs	93.778	10013	269,064 \$ 13,385,829

[1] Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number not available.

LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCY ORGANIZATION STRUCTURE JUNE 30, 2016

ORGANIZATION

The Oxnard Union High School District was established in 1901 and consists of an area comprising approximately 300 square miles. The District operates six high schools, two alternative education sites, and an adult education program. There were no boundary changes during the year.

GOVERNING BOARD

MEMBER	<u>OFFICE</u>	TERM EXPIRES
Steven Hall	President	2016
Beatriz Herrera	Vice President	2018
Karen Sher	Clerk	2018
Wayne Edmonds	Member	2018
Gary Davis	Member	2016

ADMINISTRATION

Penelope DeLeon, Ed.D	Superintendent
Stephen Dickinson	Assistant Superintendent, Administrative Services
Robert "Rocky" Valles, Ed.D	Assistant Superintendent, Human Resources
Tom McCoy, Ed.D	Assistant Superintendent, Educational Services

SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Final R	Report
	Second Period	Annual
Deculer ADA	Report	Report
Regular ADA Ninth through twelfth	15,285.03	15,138.58
Extended Year Special Education		
Ninth through twelfth	41.98	41.98
Special Education, Nonpublic, Nonsectarian Schools		
Ninth through twelfth	19.63	19.11
Extended Year Special Education,		
Ninth through twelfth Total ADA	<u> </u>	1.19
	13,347.83	13,200.80

SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	1986-87	2015-16	Number of Days			
	Minutes	Actual	Traditional	Multitrack		
Grade Level	Requirement	Minutes	Calendar	Calendar	Status	
Grades 9 - 12	64,800					
Grade 9		65,181	180	N/A	Complied	
Grade 10		65,181	180	N/A	Complied	
Grade 11		65,181	180	N/A	Complied	
Grade 12		65,181	180	N/A	Complied	

RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Summarized below are the fund balance reconciliations between the Unaudited Actual Financial Report and the audited financial statements.

	ecial Reserve Fund for pital Outlay
	Projects
FUND BALANCE	
Balance, June 30, 2016, Unaudited Actuals	\$ 2,063,093
Decrease in:	
Cash with fiscal agent	(401,065)
Balance, June 30, 2016, Audited Financial Statement	\$ 1,662,028

SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	(Budget)			
	2017 1	2016	2015	2014
GENERAL FUND				
Revenues	\$185,533,972	\$185,533,972	\$158,694,144	\$ 141,381,989
Expenditures	172,865,974	172,865,974	157,998,413	142,089,388
Other uses and transfers out	1,444,994	1,444,994	839,187	762,636
Total Expenditures				
and Other Uses	174,310,968	174,310,968	158,837,600	142,852,024
DECREASE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 11,223,004	\$ 11,223,004	\$ (143,456)	\$ (1,470,035)
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$ 33,367,742	\$ 22,144,738	\$ 10,921,734	\$ 11,065,190
AVAILABLE RESERVES ²	\$ 18,255,359	\$ 13,688,382	\$ 8,649,392	\$ 6,491,160
AVAILABLE RESERVES AS A				
PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL OUTGO ³	10.5%	7.9%	5.6%	4.7%
LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS	N/A	\$272,925,598	\$237,561,808	\$235,483,877
AVERAGE DAILY				
ATTENDANCE AT P-2	15,477	15,348	15,297	15,053

The General Fund balance has increased by \$11,079,548 over the past two years. The fiscal year 2016-2017 budget projects an increase of \$11,223,004 (50.68 percent). For a district this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least three percent of total General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo).

The District has incurred operating deficits in two of the past three years but anticipates incurring an operating surplus during the 2016-2017 fiscal year. Total long-term obligations have increased by \$37,441,721 over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has increased by 295 over the past two years. Additional growth of 129 ADA is anticipated during fiscal year 2016-2017.

¹ Budget 2017 is included for analytical purposes only and has not been subjected to audit.

² Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balances and all funds reserved for economic uncertainty contained within the General Fund.

³ On behalf payments of \$4,444,043, \$3,404,048, and \$3,298,801, has been excluded from the calculation of available reserves for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014, respectively.

SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOLS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Included in
Name of Charter School	Audit Report
Camarillo Academy of Progressive Education	No
Architecture, Construction and Engineering Charter High (ACE)	No

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2016

	1	Adult Education Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects		Fund for Debt		Total Non-Major Governmental Funds	
ASSETS								
Deposits and investments	\$	1,096,081	\$	1,756,565	\$	449,958	\$	3,302,604
Receivables		329,400		9,172		-		338,572
Total Assets	\$	1,425,481	\$	1,765,737	\$	449,958	\$	3,641,176
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds Total Liabilities	\$	114,794 85,313 200,107	\$	103,708	\$	-	\$	218,502 85,313 303,815
Fund Balances:								
Restricted		1,225,374		-		449,958		1,675,332
Assigned		-		1,662,029		-		1,662,029
Total Fund Balances		1,225,374		1,662,029		449,958		3,337,361
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	1,425,481	\$	1,765,737	\$	449,958	\$	3,641,176

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Special ReserveAdultFund forEducationCapital OutlayFundProjects		COP Debt Service Fund	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds	
REVENUES					
Federal sources	\$ 471,436	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 471,436	
Other State sources	2,671,879	-	-	2,671,879	
Other local sources	337,117	20,967	(6,444)	351,640	
Total Revenues	3,480,432	20,967	(6,444)	3,494,955	
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Instruction	984,973	-	-	984,973	
Instruction-related activities:					
School site administration	675,675	-	-	675,675	
Pupil services:					
All other pupil services	147,229	-	-	147,229	
Administration:					
All other administration	85,495	-	-	85,495	
Plant services	369,153	-	-	369,153	
Facility acquisition and construction	-	2,292,764	-	2,292,764	
Debt service					
Principal	-	-	400,000	400,000	
Interest and other	_	312,394	88,425	400,819	
Total Expenditures	2,262,525	2,605,158	488,425	5,356,108	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	1,217,907	(2,584,191)	(494,869)	(1,861,153)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	7,467	87,486	450,902	545,855	
Other sources	-	3,904,000	-	3,904,000	
Other uses	-	(4,080,000)	-	(4,080,000)	
Net Financing Sources (Uses)	7,467	(88,514)	450,902	369,855	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	1,225,374	(2,672,705)	(43,967)	(1,491,298)	
Fund Balances - Beginning	-	4,334,734	493,925	4,828,659	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 1,225,374	\$ 1,662,029	\$ 449,958	\$ 3,337,361	

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BY OBJECT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	General Fund	Cafeteria Fund	Building Fund
REVENUES			
Local Control Funding Formula	\$ 146,010,992	\$ -	\$ -
Federal sources	8,331,146	4,375,296	-
Other State sources	21,706,042	318,362	-
Other local sources	9,485,792	531,009	128,983
Total Revenues	185,533,972	5,224,667	128,983
EXPENDITURES			
Current Expenditures			
Certificated salaries	76,100,494	-	-
Classified salaries	23,042,879	2,316,398	-
Employee benefits	46,957,317	1,131,708	-
Books and supplies	8,217,578	2,604,335	73,657
Services and operating expenditures	13,735,311	81,637	-
Other outgo	1,572,920	306,985	-
Capital outlay	1,532,247	12,247	23,441,187
Debt service - principal	1,373,781	-	-
Debt service - interest and other	333,447		
Total Expenditures	172,865,974	6,453,310	23,514,844
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES			
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	12,667,998	(1,228,643)	(23,385,861)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Operating transfers in	-	1,310,526	-
Other sources	-	-	30,945,000
Operating transfers out	(1,444,994)	-	-
Other uses			
Total Other Financing			
Sources (Uses)	(1,444,994)	1,310,526	30,945,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	11,223,004	81,883	7,559,139
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR	10,921,734	33,747	22,882,324
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$ 22,144,738	\$ 115,630	\$ 30,441,463

Capital Facilities Fund		Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 146,010,992
	-	-	471,436	13,177,878
	-	84,555	2,671,879	24,780,838
	2,366,211	11,113,458	351,640	23,977,093
	2,366,211	11,198,013	3,494,955	207,946,801
	-	-	386,784	76,487,278
	-	-	522,106	25,881,383
	-	-	414,523	48,503,548
	-	-	279,382	11,174,952
	34,219	-	533,571	14,384,738
	-	-	85,495	1,965,400
	39,445	-	2,333,428	27,358,554
	301,000	4,245,000	400,000	6,319,781
	1,120	6,483,383	400,819	7,218,769
	375,784	10,728,383	5,356,108	219,294,403
	1,990,427	469,630	(1,861,153)	(11,347,602)
	127,001	-	545,855	1,983,382
	-	25,029,762	3,904,000	59,878,762
	(538,388)	-	-	(1,983,382)
	-	(21,511,572)	(4,080,000)	(25,591,572)
	(411,387)	3,518,190	369,855	34,287,190
	1,579,040	3,987,820	(1,491,298)	22,939,588
	10,882,232	11,012,830	4,828,659	60,561,526
\$	12,461,272	\$ 15,000,650	\$ 3,337,361	\$ 83,501,114

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BY OBJECT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Adult Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	COP Debt Service Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds
REVENUES				
Federal sources	\$ 471,436	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 471,436
Other State sources	2,671,879	-	-	2,671,879
Other local sources	337,117	20,967	(6,444)	351,640
Total Revenues	3,480,432	20,967	(6,444)	3,494,955
EXPENDITURES				
Current expenditures				
Certificated salaries	386,784	-	-	386,784
Classified salaries	522,106	-	-	522,106
Employee benefits	414,523	-	-	414,523
Books and supplies	251,588	27,794	-	279,382
Services and operating expenditures	533,571	-	-	533,571
Other outgo	85,495	-	-	85,495
Capital outlay	68,458	2,264,970	-	2,333,428
Debt service - principal	-	-	400,000	400,000
Debt service - interest and other	-	312,394	88,425	400,819
Total Expenditures	2,262,525	2,605,158	488,425	5,356,108
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				,
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	1,217,907	(2,584,191)	(494,869)	(1,861,153)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Operating transfers in	7,467	87,486	450,902	545,855
Other sources	-	3,904,000		3,904,000
Other uses	-	(4,080,000)	-	(4,080,000)
Total Other Financing		(1,000,000)		(1,000,000)
Sources (Uses)	7,467	(88,514)	450,902	369,855
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	1,225,374	(2,672,705)	(43,967)	(1,491,298)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR		4,334,734	493,925	4,828,659
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 1,225,374	\$ 1,662,029	\$ 449,958	\$ 3,337,361
	+ -,==0,011	, _,,	,	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

SPECIAL RESERVE FUND FOR CAPITAL OUTLAY PROJECTS – SUB-FUND DETAIL STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BY OBJECT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

				ACHS Growth	Total Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects		
REVENUES							
Other local sources	\$	8,860	\$	12,107	\$	20,967	
EXPENDITURES							
Current expenditures							
Capital outlay		-		2,292,764		2,292,764	
Debt service - interest and other		-		312,394		312,394	
Total Expenditures		-		2,605,158		2,605,158	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		8,860		(2,593,051)		(2,584,191)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Operating transfers in		-		87,486		87,486	
Other sources		-		3,904,000		3,904,000	
Other uses		-		(4,080,000)		(4,080,000)	
Total Financing Sources (Uses)		-		(88,514)		(88,514)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		8,860		(2,681,565)		(2,672,705)	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		1,629,715		2,705,019		4,334,734	
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	1,638,575	\$	23,454	\$	1,662,029	

NOTE TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the Federal grant activity of the District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements. The District has not elected to use the ten percent de minimis cost rate as covered in Section 200.414 Indirect (F&A) costs of the Uniform Guidance.

The following schedule provides reconciliation between revenues reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances, and the related expenditures reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. The reconciling amounts consist primarily of Medi-Cal Billing Option funds that in the previous period were recorded as revenues but were unspent. These unspent balances have been expended in the current period.

	CFDA	
	Number	Amount
Description		
Total Federal Revenues From the Statement of Revenues,		
Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances:		\$ 13,177,878
Medi-Cal Billing Option	93.778	 207,951
Total Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$ 13,385,829

Local Education Agency Organization Structure

This schedule provides information about the District's boundaries and schools operated, members of the governing board, and members of the administration.

Schedule of Average Daily Attendance (ADA)

Average daily attendance (ADA) is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of State funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

NOTE TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2016

Schedule of Instructional Time

The District has received incentive funding for increasing instructional time as provided by the Incentives for Longer Instructional Day. The District neither met nor exceeded its target funding. This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of *Education Code* Sections 46200 through 46206.

Districts must maintain their instructional minutes at the 1986-87 requirements, as required by *Education Code* Section 46201.

Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balance of all funds reported on the Unaudited Actual Financial Report to the audited financial statements.

Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

Schedule of Charter Schools

This schedule lists all Charter Schools chartered by the District, and displays information for each Charter School on whether or not the Charter School is included in the District audit.

Non-Major Governmental Funds - Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

The Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet and Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances are included to provide information regarding the individual funds that have been included in the Non-Major Governmental Funds column on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances.

Statements of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances by Object

These statements present the revenues and expenditures for the major funds, the non-major funds, and the Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects sub-funds categorized by object.

Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects – Sub-Fund Detail Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances by Object

These statements present the revenues and expenditures for the Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects sub-funds categorized by object.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Governing Board Oxnard Union High School District Oxnard, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Oxnard Union High School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Oxnard Union High School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 13, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Oxnard Union High School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Oxnard Union High School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Oxnard Union High School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs that we consider to be significant deficiencies as item 2016-001.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Oxnard Union High School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of Oxnard Union High School District in a separate letter dated December 13, 2016.

Oxnard Union High School District's Response to Findings

Oxnard Union High School District's response to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Oxnard Union High School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Vanninch, Tri, Day & Co., LCP

Rancho Cucamonga, California December 13, 2016



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Governing Board Oxnard Union High School District Oxnard, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Oxnard Union High School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Oxnard Union High School District's (the District) major Federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. Oxnard Union High School District's major Federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its Federal awards applicable to its Federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Oxnard Union High School District's major Federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major Federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Oxnard Union High School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major Federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Oxnard Union High School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Oxnard Union High School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major Federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Oxnard Union High School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Oxnard Union High School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major Federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major Federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Oxnard Union High School District's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Varrink, Tri, Day & Co., LCP

Rancho Cucamonga, California December 13, 2016



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE

Governing Board Oxnard Union High School District Oxnard, California

Report on State Compliance

We have audited Oxnard Union High School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements as identified in the 2015-2016 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Oxnard Union High School District's State government programs as noted below for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of State laws, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its State awards applicable to its State programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance of each of the Oxnard Union High School District's State programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the 2015-2016 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a material effect on the applicable government programs noted below. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Oxnard Union High School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Oxnard Union High School District's compliance with those requirements.

Unmodified Opinion on Each of the Programs

In our opinion, Oxnard Union High School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the government programs noted below that were audited for the year ended June 30, 2016.

In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine the Oxnard Union High School District's compliance with the State laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

	Procedures Performed
LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCIES OTHER THAN CHARTER SCHOOLS	
Attendance	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	No, See Below
Independent Study	Yes
Continuation Education	Yes, See Below
Instructional Time	Yes
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratios of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	No, See Below
Gann Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	No, See Below
Middle or Early College High Schools	No, See Below
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	No, See Below
Transportation Maintenance of Effort	Yes
SCHOOL DISTRICTS, COUNTY OFFICES OF EDUCATION, AND CHARTER SCHOOLS	
Educator Effectiveness	Yes
California Clean Energy Jobs Act	Yes
After School Education and Safety Program:	
General Requirements	No, See Below
After School	No, See Below
Before School	No, See Below
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Local Control Accountability Plan	Yes
Independent Study - Course Based	No, See Below
Immunizations	Yes, See Below
CHARTER SCHOOLS	
Attendance	No, See Below
Mode of Instruction	No, See Below
Non Classroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study for Charter Schools	No, See Below
Determination of Funding for Non Classroom-Based Instruction	No, See Below
Annual Instruction Minutes Classroom-Based	No, See Below
Charter School Facility Grant Program	No, See Below

The District is a high school district; therefore, we did not perform any procedures related to the Kindergarten Continuance.

The District does not offer a Work Experience Program; therefore, we did not perform any procedures related to the Work Experience Program within the Continuation Education Attendance Program.

The District did not offer an Early Retirement Incentive Program during the current year; therefore, we did not perform any procedures related to the Early Retirement Incentive Program.

The District does not have any Juvenile Court Schools; therefore, we did not perform any procedures related to Juvenile Court Schools.

The District does not have a Middle or Early College High School Program; therefore, we did not perform any procedures related to the Middle or Early College High School Program.

The District is a high school district; therefore, we did not perform procedures related to the K-3 Grade Span Adjustment.

The District does not offer an After School Education and Safety Program; therefore, we did not perform any procedures related to the After School Education and Safety Program.

The District does not off an Independent Study – Course Based Program; therefore, we did not perform any procedures related to the Independent Study – Course Based Program.

The District did not have any schools listed on the immunization assessment reports; therefore, we did not perform the remaining procedures.

The District does not have any Charter Schools; therefore, we did not perform any procedures for Charter School Programs.

Varrinde, Tri, Day & Co., LCP

Rancho Cucamonga, California December 13, 2016 Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weakness identified?	No
Significant deficiency identified?	Yes
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	No
FEDERAL AWARDS	
Internal control over major Federal programs:	
Material weakness identified?	No
Significant deficiency identified?	None reported
Type of report issued on compliance for major Federal programs:	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 200.516(a) of the Uniform Guidance?	No
Identification of major Federal programs:	
<u>CFDA Numbers</u> Name of Federal Program or Cluster	
10.553, 10.555, 10.559 Child Nutrition Cluster	_
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$ 750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes
STATE AWARDS	
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for State programs:	Unmodified

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

The following findings represent significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, and/or instances of noncompliance related to the financial statements that are required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. The findings have been coded as follows:

Five Digit Code 30000 AB 3627 Finding Type Internal Control

2016-001 30000

Criteria or Specific Requirements

Industry standards and best business practices related to accounting and internal control require that an entity adopt, implement, and monitor procedures that will allow for timely reporting of financial information to management and those charged with governance.

Condition

The Cafeteria Fund has incurred operating deficits in each of the past three years in the amounts of \$1,228,642, \$712,765, and \$613,118 for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014, respectively. The Cafeteria Fund balance has decreased during that time to a current fund balance of \$115,630 of which \$7,441 is stores inventory. In each of the past three years the Cafeteria Fund has encroached on the General Fund in the amount of \$1,310,526, \$695,107, and \$590,220 for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014, respectively.

Questioned costs

There were no questioned costs associated with the condition found.

Context

The conditions identified were determined through review of the District financial statements, fund balance, and current year budget including multi-year projections.

Effect

The inability to reduce expenditures to a level more in line with the decrease in revenues seen over the past few years could result in the District General Fund being unable to meet its reserve requirement in future years, due in part to the encroachment from the Cafeteria Fund operations. If the Cafeteria Fund continues the current trend of deficit spending through operations, the current fiscal year encroachment is estimated at \$1,890,473.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Cause

The California Department of Education (CDE) withheld reimbursement claim payments from the Cafeteria Fund in the prior years in order to repay an outstanding assessment payable. The practice of deficit spending and the withholding of claim reimbursements by the CDE have lowered the Cafeteria Fund balance to levels that have attributed to the Cafeteria Fund encroaching on the General Fund to maintain daily operations.

Recommendation

The District should continue to implement a plan to bring the Cafeteria Fund's budget into balance and at a minimum and maintain an adequate reserve while continually monitoring both cash flows and deficit spending trends. The District should evaluate the current year budget and monitor the budget to ensure the cafeteria's spending does not exceed budgeted amounts.

Current Status

The District continues to work on controlling labor costs, exploring ways of increasing participation and meal sales, however, due to the District taking over the preparation of meals from third party vendor, Sodexo, the District anticipates an increase deficit spending.

The 2016-2017 estimated encroachment from the General Fund is \$1,890,473. This is partially due to the lifetime retiree benefits for employees hired prior to June 30, 2004, in the amount of \$308,636. With this factor, the Cafeteria Fund will continue to deficit spend.

FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

None reported.

STATE AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

None reported.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Except as specified in previous sections of this report, summarized below is the current status of all findings reported in the prior year's schedule of financial statement findings.

Financial Statement Findings

Five Digit CodeAB 3627 Finding Type30000Internal Control

2015-001 30000 – Fiscal Condition (Deficit Spending – Cafeteria Fund)

Significant Deficiency

Criteria or Specific Requirements

Industry standards and best business practices related to accounting and internal control require that an entity adopt, implement, and monitor procedures that will allow for timely reporting of financial information to management and those charged with governance.

Condition

The Cafeteria Fund has incurred operating deficits in each of the past three years in the amounts of \$712,765, \$613,118, and \$709,141 for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013, respectively. The Cafeteria Fund balance has decreased during that time to a current fund balance of \$33,747 of which the entire amount is stores inventory. In each of the past three years the Cafeteria Fund has encroached on the General Fund in the amount of \$695,107, \$590,220, and \$684,046 for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013, respectively.

Questioned costs

There were no questioned costs associated with the condition found.

Context

The conditions identified were determined through review of the District financial statements, fund balance, and current year budget including multi-year projections.

Effect

The inability to reduce expenditures to a level more in line with the decrease in revenues seen over the past few years could result in the District General Fund being unable to meet its reserve requirement in future years, due in part to the encroachment from the Cafeteria Fund operations. If the Cafeteria Fund continues the current trend of deficit spending through operations, the current fiscal year encroachment is estimated at \$1,301,540.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Cause

The California Department of Education (CDE) withheld reimbursement claim payments from the Cafeteria Fund in the prior years in order to repay an outstanding assessment payable. The practice of deficit spending and the withholding of claim reimbursements by the CDE have lowered the Cafeteria Fund balance to levels that have attributed to the Cafeteria Fund encroaching on the General Fund to maintain daily operations.

Recommendation

The District should continue to implement a plan to bring the Cafeteria Fund's budget into balance and at a minimum and maintain an adequate reserve while continually monitoring both cash flows and deficit spending trends. The District should evaluate the current year budget and monitor the budget to ensure the cafeteria's spending does not exceed budgeted amounts.

Current Status

Not implemented, see current year finding and recommendations 2016-001.

Governing Board Oxnard Union High School District Oxnard, California

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Oxnard Union High School District, for the year ended June 30, 2016, we considered its internal control structure in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

However, during our audit we noted matters that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiency. The following items represent conditions noted by our audit that we consider important enough to bring to your attention. This letter does not affect our report dated December 13, 2016 on the government-wide financial statements of Oxnard Union High School District.

2015-2016 Observation and Recommendation

Oxnard High School

Associated Student Body – Deficit club balances

Observation

In reviewing the financial statements for the student body accounts we noted two accounts had negative balances of a significant amount, and multiple negatives for less significant amounts. Since the student body accounts represent individual portions of the cash and asset pool, by some having negative balances, they have in actuality spent the available funds of other accounts. A key control in any internal control system is the control of expenditures by ensuring the expenditure is allowable and that the account requesting the expenditure has the funds to cover it. This control feature has not been sufficiently followed.

Recommendation

The site bookkeeper has a fiduciary responsibility to all student body organizations to act in each group's best interest. By allowing certain clubs to spend in excess of their available reserves, the bookkeeper is not meeting this responsibility to the other clubs and organizations. Request for disbursements from student groups should be reviewed for appropriateness and also to ensure that funds are available in the groups account.

Oxnard Union High School District Governing Board

Adolfo Camarillo High School

Associated Student Body – Deficit club balances

Observation

In reviewing the financial statements for the student body accounts we noted ten accounts had negative balances of a significant amount, and multiple negatives for less significant amounts. Since the student body accounts represent individual portions of the cash and asset pool, by some having negative balances, they have in actuality spent the available funds of other accounts. A key control in any internal control system is the control of expenditures by ensuring the expenditure is allowable and that the account requesting the expenditure has the funds to cover it. This control feature has not been sufficiently followed.

Recommendation

The site bookkeeper has a fiduciary responsibility to all student body organizations to act in each groups best interest. By allowing certain clubs to spend in excess of their available reserves, the bookkeeper is not meeting this responsibility to the other clubs and organizations. Request for disbursements from student groups should be reviewed for appropriateness and also to ensure that funds are available in the groups account.

Rio Mesa High School

Associated Student Body – Deficit club balances

Observation

In reviewing the financial statements for the student body accounts we noted one account had negative balances of a significant amount, and multiple negatives for less significant amounts. Since the student body accounts represent individual portions of the cash and asset pool, by some having negative balances, they have in actuality spent the available funds of other accounts. A key control in any internal control system is the control of expenditures by ensuring the expenditure is allowable and that the account requesting the expenditure has the funds to cover it. This control feature has not been sufficiently followed.

Recommendation

The site bookkeeper has a fiduciary responsibility to all student body organizations to act in each groups best interest. By allowing certain clubs to spend in excess of their available reserves, the bookkeeper is not meeting this responsibility to the other clubs and organizations. Request for disbursements from student groups should be reviewed for appropriateness and also to ensure that funds are available in the groups account.

Channel Island High School

Associated Student Body – Deficit club balances

Observation

In reviewing the financial statements for the student body accounts we noted 14 accounts had negative balances of a significant amount, and multiple negatives for less significant amounts. Since the student body accounts represent individual portions of the cash and asset pool, by some having negative balances, they have in actuality spent the available funds of other accounts. A key control in any internal control system is the control of expenditures by ensuring the expenditure is allowable and that the account requesting the expenditure has the funds to cover it. This control feature has not been sufficiently followed.

Recommendation

The site bookkeeper has a fiduciary responsibility to all student body organizations to act in each groups best interest. By allowing certain clubs to spend in excess of their available reserves, the bookkeeper is not meeting this responsibility to the other clubs and organizations. Request for disbursements from student groups should be reviewed for appropriateness and also to ensure that funds are available in the groups account.

Hueneme High School

Associated Student Body – Deficit club balances

Observation

In reviewing the financial statements for the student body accounts we noted 14 accounts had negative balances of a significant amount, and multiple negatives for less significant amounts. Since the student body accounts represent individual portions of the cash and asset pool, by some having negative balances, they have in actuality spent the available funds of other accounts. A key control in any internal control system is the control of expenditures by ensuring the expenditure is allowable and that the account requesting the expenditure has the funds to cover it. This control feature has not been sufficiently followed.

Recommendation

The site bookkeeper has a fiduciary responsibility to all student body organizations to act in each groups best interest. By allowing certain clubs to spend in excess of their available reserves, the bookkeeper is not meeting this responsibility to the other clubs and organizations. Request for disbursements from student groups should be reviewed for appropriateness and also to ensure that funds are available in the groups account.

Associated Student Body – Inadequate Cash Collection Procedures

Observation

During cash receipt testing, auditor noted that there was no backup for deposits collected by the clubs for fundraisers.

Recommendation

All cash collections should be traceable to the source. If club advisors collecting cash are not issued receipt books, they should issue and utilize tally sheets, pre-numbered receipts; a collection log; or class rosters with collection information as to the source of the deposit. The Associated Student Body bookkeeper should compare the backup information to the cash count form to ensure that cash counted agrees with the cash that should have been collected.

Pacifica High School

Associated Student Body – Deficit club balances

Observation

In reviewing the financial statements for the student body accounts we noted 14 accounts had negative balances of a significant amount, and multiple negatives for less significant amounts. Since the student body accounts represent individual portions of the cash and asset pool, by some having negative balances, they have in actuality spent the available funds of other accounts. A key control in any internal control system is the control of expenditures by ensuring the expenditure is allowable and that the account requesting the expenditure has the funds to cover it. This control feature has not been sufficiently followed.

Recommendation

The site bookkeeper has a fiduciary responsibility to all student body organizations to act in each groups best interest. By allowing certain clubs to spend in excess of their available reserves, the bookkeeper is not meeting this responsibility to the other clubs and organizations. Request for disbursements from student groups should be reviewed for appropriateness and also to ensure that funds are available in the groups account.

We will review the status of the current year comments during our next audit engagement.

Varrink, Tri, Day & Co., LLP

Rancho Cucamonga, California December 13, 2016