Administration of medication to students will be strictly governed by Administering Medications FFAC(LEGAL), FFAC(LOCAL), FFAF(LEGAL), FFAF(LOCAL), FFAC1(EXHIBIT A), FFAC1(EXHIBIT B), any related procedures, and the following: Only school administrators may assign to District employees 1. the task of administering medication by any mode, including injectable medication, oral medication, inhalants, topical medication, or rectally administered medication. Only authorized District employees may administer medication to students. School nurses may not delegate but will oversee administration of medication. 2. District employees authorized to administer medication will be provided orientation, instruction, and supervised practice appropriate to the task. The school nurse will explain to the principal or designated building administrator, employees authorized to administer medication, and, as applicable, the student's teachers any adverse side effects of the medication and the recommended action to be taken. 3. Medication for a specific student will be provided and brought to school by the parent of the student. Students will not carry medication or administer it to themselves unless authorized by their physician and permitted by state law. 4. School nurses, health care personnel and school district staff are not allowed to administer, store, hold or transport non-FDA-approved medical marijuana, low THC cannabis or cannabidiol (CBD) products in any form. A parent or guardian may administer medications or 5. treatments, as permitted by law, to a student during the school day. The parent or guardian is responsible for safely administering and transporting the medication or treatment per state laws and guidelines. 6. The principal or designee will appoint one employee, such as the school nurse, to supervise the storing and administering of medications and to maintain records of the administration of medication. Any District employee administering medication to a student must record each dose given on the Record of Administration of Medicine form. Records will include the parent's written request and the record of administration of medicine.

7. The principal will provide locked storage space where all medication may be maintained apart from office supplies, and it will be accessible only to authorized employees.

REVIEWED: 04/02/2025

	8.	Each student's medication will have a label including the student's name, the name of the medication, directions concerning dosage, and the schedule for administration.
	9.	All continuing requests for the District to administer medication will be reviewed at the beginning of each school year. Renewed, written permission for treatment will be required from both the physician and the parent.
	10.	When the course of treatment is complete, or at the end of the school year, the parent will be asked to pick up any medication within a specified amount of time. The District will dispose of any unclaimed medication.
	11.	Medication shall not be stored on a school bus and transportation staff members shall not administer medication to a student unless the student's individualized education program (IEP) or Section 504 Plan specifically requires medication storage and/or administration on the school bus.
	med <u>Sch</u> e	more information on administrative procedures related to ication, see the <u>Guide to Medication Administration in the</u> <u>bol Setting</u> from the Texas Department of State Health rices (DSHS).
Epinephrine Definitions	In accordance with state law, and for the purposes of these procedures, the following definitions will apply:	
Anaphylaxis	"Anaphylaxis" is a sudden, severe, and potentially life-threatening allergic reaction that occurs when a person is exposed to an allergen.	
Anaphylactic Reaction		anaphylactic reaction" is a serious allergic reaction that is rapid nset and may cause death.
Epinephrine Auto-Injector	deliv	epinephrine auto-injector" is a disposable medical drug very device that contains a premeasured single dose of ephrine that is intended to be used to treat anaphylaxis.
Administration	auto adm belie Eme	orized and trained individuals may administer an epinephrine -injector on campus. Authorized, trained individuals will inister epinephrine only when the individual reasonably eves that a person is experiencing an anaphylactic reaction. ergency medical services will be activated and parent ication initiated if/when injectable medication is administered.
		District will ensure that at each campus has at least one ed individual is present on campus during the instructional day.
	distr	Superintendent will identify specific individuals, which include ict employees to administer epinephrine auto-injectors. Each vidual must attend appropriate training.
UPDATED: 04/22/2025		REVIEWED: 04/02/2025

			FFAC1 (REGULATION)	
		principal and campus nurse will maint porized and trained to administer an ep		
Notification		District will provide notice to parents on the second school year regarding epinep	•	
Training	can indi	The District will annually train authorized individuals from each campus as required by law. Documentation that authorized individuals have received the required training is maintained at campus clinic by the campus nurse.		
District Epinephrine Coordinator		The Superintendent has designated Lead Nurses as the District epinephrine coordinators.		
Responsibilities	The	The District epinephrine coordinator will:		
	1.	Ensure that each campus has at leas employee.	t one trained district	
	2.	Documentation that each authorized required training will be maintained b		
	3.	Disseminate applicable District policion regarding epinephrine auto-injectors.	es and procedures	
	4.	Document the number of and expirat auto-injectors available at each locat is authorized by Board policy.		
	5.	Train appropriate campus staff on the to check epinephrine auto-injectors a expiration and replacement.	•	
	6.	Provide guidance to campuses to ena auto-injectors are securely stored and authorized and trained individuals.		
	7.	Arrange for replacement of epinephri use or expiration.	ne auto-injectors due to	
	8.	Make reports required by law.		
	9.	Maintain all reports in accordance wir retention schedule regarding the adm and disposal of District-provided epin	ninistration, maintenance,	
	10.	Maintain contact information for any the standing orders for epinephrine a physicians as needed.		
	11.	Coordinate annual review of the Dist	ict's procedures.	
Campus Epinephrine Coordinator		principal has designated the campus nephrine coordinator.	nurse as the campus	
UPDATED: 04/22/2025			REVIEWED: 04/02/2025	

Responsibilities	The campus epinephrine coordinator will:		
	1.	Conduct the annual training and ensure that authorized individuals at the campus level have attended the necessary training.	
	2.	Maintain a list of individuals authorized and trained at the campus level to administer epinephrine auto-injectors.	
	3.	Check the inventory of epinephrine auto-injectors and expiration dates every month to ensure sufficient inventory at each location where administration is authorized by Board policy.	
	4.	Report to the District epinephrine coordinator required information when an epinephrine auto-injector is used.	
	5.	Submit requests to the District epinephrine coordinator for replacement of epinephrine auto-injectors one month before the expiration and within two days of use.	
	6.	Maintain, store, and dispose of epinephrine auto-injectors in accordance with District and campus procedures.	
Campus Inventory and Storage	ava add	h campus will have one adult epinephrine auto-injector ilable to use at the campus during the instruction day. In ition, elementary campus will have one pediatric epinephrine p-injector available to use during the instructional day.	
		supply of epinephrine auto-injectors will be stored in the npus clinic.	
Reporting	The campus nurse will submit a report on the District's form to the District epinephrine coordinator within five business days after an individual has administered an epinephrine auto-injector.		
	Within ten business days of the administration of an epinephrine auto-injector, the District epinephrine coordinator will notify the physician or other person who prescribed the epinephrine auto- injector, the Texas Commissioner of Education, and the Commissioner of State Health Services and report the following:		
	1.	The age of the person who received the administration of the epinephrine auto-injector;	
	2.	Who received the epinephrine auto-injection (e.g., a student, parent, District employee, or visitor);	
	3.	The physical location where the epinephrine auto-injector was administered;	
	4.	The number of doses of epinephrine auto-injector administered;	
UPDATED: 04/22/2025		REVIEWED: 04/02/2025	

4 of 9

	5.	The title of the person who administered the epinephrine auto-injector; and
	6.	Any other information required by the Commissioner of Education or the Commissioner of State Health Services.
Disposal	Epinephrine auto-injectors that have been administered or have expired will be disposed of according to law.	
Annual Review	Epinephrine auto-injector procedures will be reviewed at least annually and after each administration of an epinephrine auto- injector by the District epinephrine coordinators.	
Opioid Antagonists Definitions	In accordance with state law, and for the purposes of these procedures, the following definitions will apply:	
Opioid Antagonists	and	ioid antagonist" means any drug that binds to opioid receptors blocks or otherwise inhibits the effects of opioids acting on se receptors.
Opioid-related drug overdose	sym cons com	ioid-related drug overdose" means a condition, evidenced by ptoms such as extreme physical illness, decreased level of sciousness, constriction of the pupils, respiratory depression, or a, that a layperson would reasonably believe to be the result of consumption or use of an opioid.
Physician		ysician" means a person who holds a license to practice licine in this state.
Trained Individual	volu	ained individual" or volunteer is a school employee or nteer who has received required training to administer an id antagonist.
Administration of Opioid Antagonist	opio relat leve	students in grades Pre-K-12, the District will administer an id antagonist to a student that has symptoms of an opioid- ted drug overdose such as extreme physical illness, decreased I of consciousness, constriction of the pupils, respiratory ression, or coma.
		h campus must have two doses of opioid antagonists available ny given time.
	only	norized, trained individuals will administer an opioid antagonist when that individual reasonably believes a student is eriencing an opioid-related drug overdose.
		District will ensure that at least one authorized and trained /idual is present on each campus during regular school hours.
After Emergency Administration to a Student	scho cont	n individual administers an opioid antagonist to a student, the pol will notify the student's parent, guardian, or emergency tact as soon as is feasible during the emergency response to opioid-related drug overdose.
UPDATED: 04/22/2025		REVIEWED: 04/02/2025
FFAC1(REGULATION)		5 of 9

District Opioid Antagonist Coordinator Responsibilities		The Superintendent has designated the lead nurses as the District opioid antagonist coordinators		
	The	The District opioid antagonist coordinators will:		
	1.	Oversee the maintenance, administration, and disposal of an opioid antagonist.		
	2.	Coordinate the disposal of drugs in accordance with the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services <u>drug disposal</u> <u>resources</u> <sup>ii</sup> and in accordance with Texas Health and Human Services (DSHS) <u>bloodborne pathogens guidelines</u> . <sup>iii</sup>		
	3.	Coordinate with each campus to ensure that the opioid antagonists are checked monthly for expiration and usage and the findings are documented.		
	4.	Schedule and coordinate the annual training.		
	5.	Maintain a list of individuals authorized and trained in the District to administer opioid antagonists.		
	6.	Ensure that each campus has at least one trained individual (e.g., school personnel) or volunteer present for hours required by law or policy.		
	7.	Maintain documentation that each authorized individual received the required training.		
	8.	Disseminate applicable District policies and procedures regarding opioid antagonists.		
	9.	Document the number of and expiration dates for opioid antagonists available at each location where administration is authorized by Board policy.		
	10.	Train campus staff on the inventory process used to check opioid antagonists monthly for expiration and replacement.		
	11.	Provide guidance to campuses to ensure that opioid antagonists are securely stored and easily accessible to authorized and trained individuals.		
	12.	Arrange for replacement of opioid antagonists due to use or expiration.		
	13.	Make reports required by law. [See Reporting, below]		
	14.	Maintain all reports and records in accordance with the District's record retention schedule regarding the administration, maintenance, and disposal of opioid antagonists.		

UPDATED: 04/22/2025

	15.	Maintain contact information for any health-care providers who provide the standing orders for opioid antagonists and consult with the physicians as needed.		
	16.	Verify that, for each incident, documentation is maintained regarding notification of a parent, guardian, or emergency contact during or after emergency administration of an opioid antagonist to a student.		
	17.	Coordinate an annual review of the District's procedures.		
	The school principal will identify specific individuals to administer opioid antagonists. Each individual must attend appropriate training. [See Training, below]			
Training	cam indiv	The District will annually train authorized individuals from each campus as required by law. Documentation that authorized individuals have received the required annual training is maintained at by the District.		
Campus Opioid Antagonist Coordinator	The campus principal has designated the campus nurse as the opioid antagonist coordinator.			
Responsibilities	The	ne campus opioid antagonist coordinator will:		
	1.	Maintain a list of individuals authorized and trained at the campus level to administer opioid antagonists.		
	2.	Attend the annual training.		
	3.	Ensure that authorized individuals at the campus level have attended the necessary training.		
	4.	Ensure that at least one authorized and trained individual is present on campus during regular school hours.		
	5.	Check the inventory of opioid antagonists and expiration dates monthly to ensure sufficient inventory at each location where administration is authorized by Board policy.		
	6.	Maintain documentation regarding notification of a parent, legal guardian, or emergency contact after emergency administration of an opioid antagonist to a student.		
	7.	Report to the District opioid antagonist coordinator required information when an opioid antagonist is used.		
	8.	Maintain, store, and dispose of opioid antagonist in accordance with the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services <u>drug disposal resources</u> <sup>iv</sup> and in accordance with Texas Health and Human Services (DSHS) <u>opioid response guidelines</u> . <sup>v</sup>		

WELLNESS AND HEAL MEDICAL TREATMENT	FFAC1 (REGULATION)	
Campus Inventory and Storage	All campuses will have two doses of opioid antago use at the campus during regular school hours.	onists available to
	The supply of opioid antagonists will be stored in t clinics.	he campus
Reporting	Within five business days after an individual has a opioid antagonist, the individual will meet with the antagonist coordinator to document needed inform DSHS electronic submission form.	District opioid
	Within 10 business days of the administration of a antagonist, the District opioid antagonist coordinat physician or other person who prescribed the opio and the commissioner of state health services and information required by law.	tor will notify the id antagonist,
Disposal Expired	Opioid antagonists that have expired but have not administered, or used for any reason will be dispo to the U.S. Department of Health and Human Serv <u>disposal resources</u> <sup>vi</sup> and any District-approved pro to medication disposal.	sed of according /ices <u>drug</u>
Used	Opioid antagonists that have been opened, admin for any reason will be disposed according to guide Department of Health and Human Services <u>drug d</u> <u>resources</u> , <sup>vii</sup> the Texas Health and Human Service <u>bloodborne pathogens guidelines</u> , <sup>viii</sup> and any Distri procedures related to infectious waste disposal. [S DBB(LEGAL)]	elines in the U.S. <u>lisposal</u> s (DSHS) ict-approved
Annual Review	Opioid antagonist procedures will be reviewed at I and after each administration of an opioid antagor	
	Texas Health and Human Services (DSHS), Texas Guid Health Services: https://www.dshs.texas.gov/texas-scho guide-school-health-services <sup>i</sup> Medication Administration in the School Setting: https: load.s3.amazonaws.com/NASN/b385213b-35e8-49e3- d6627843f498/UploadedImages/Public%20Documents tion_position.pdf <sup>i</sup> Texas School Nurse Organization: https://www.txsno.c <sup>i</sup> U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, drug sources: https://www.hhs.gov/opioids/prevention/safely dex.html <sup>i</sup> Texas Health and Human Services (DSHS), bloodborne-patt <sup>i</sup> Texas Health and Human Services (DSHS), epinephrin guidelines: https://www.dshs.texas.gov/texas-school-health/epinephrine-auto-injector-res	ool-health/texas- //higherlogicdown- 97fe- /tsno_medica- org/home disposal re- -dispose-drugs/in- ne pathogens hogens ne auto-injector ealth/skilled-proce-

UPDATED: 04/22/2025

REVIEWED: 04/02/2025

<sup>i</sup> Required Reporting of Unassigned Administered Epinephrine Auto-Injectors to DSHS: <u>https://www.dshs.texas.gov/texas-school-health/required-</u> reporting-forms/required-reporting-administered-epinephrine

<sup>i</sup> U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, drug disposal resources: <u>https://www.hhs.gov/opioids/prevention/safely-dispose-drugs/in-</u> dex.html

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<sup>i</sup> Texas Health and Human Services (DSHS), bloodborne pathogens guidelines: <u>https://www.dshs.texas.gov/bloodborne-pathogens</u>

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<sup>i</sup> Texas Health and Human Services (DSHS), bloodborne pathogens guidelines: <u>https://www.dshs.texas.gov/bloodborne-pathogens</u>

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<sup>i</sup> U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, drug disposal resources: <u>https://www.hhs.gov/opioids/prevention/safely-dispose-drugs/index.html</u>

<sup>ii</sup> U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, drug disposal resources: <u>https://www.hhs.gov/opioids/prevention/safely-dispose-drugs/in-</u> <u>dex.html</u>

iii Texas Health and Human Services (DSHS), bloodborne pathogens guidelines: <u>https://www.dshs.texas.gov/bloodborne-pathogens</u>

<sup>1</sup> U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, drug disposal resources: <u>https://www.hhs.gov/opioids/prevention/safely-dispose-drugs/in-</u> <u>dex.html</u>

<sup>v</sup> Texas Health and Human Services (DSHS), opioid response guidelines: <u>https://www.hhs.texas.gov/services/mental-health-substance-use/adult-substance-use/texas-targeted-opioid-response</u>

<sup>vi</sup> U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, drug disposal resources: <u>https://www.hhs.gov/opioids/prevention/safely-dispose-drugs/in-</u> <u>dex.html</u>

<sup>vii</sup> U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, drug disposal resources: <u>https://www.hhs.gov/opioids/prevention/safely-dispose-drugs/index.html</u>

viii Texas Health and Human Services (DSHS), bloodborne pathogens guidelines: <u>https://www.dshs.texas.gov/bloodborne-pathogens</u>