





Strands	Course Level Expectations
Create	 Creativity and innovative thinking are essential life skills that can be developed. Artists and designers shape artistic investigations, following or breaking with traditions in pursuit of creative artmaking goals. Artists and designers experiment with forms, structures, materials, concepts, media, and art-making approaches Artists and designers balance experimentation and safety, freedom and responsibility while developing and creating artworks. People create and interact with objects, places, and design that define, shape, enhance, and empower their lives. Artist and designers develop excellence through practice and constructive critique, reflecting on, revising, and refining work over time.
Present	 Artists and other presenters consider various techniques, methods, venues, and criteria when analyzing, selecting, and curating objects artifacts, and artworks for preservation and presentation Objects, artifacts, and artworks collected, preserved, or presented either by artists, museums, or other venues communicate meaning and a record of social, cultural, and political experiences resulting in the cultivating of appreciation and understanding
Respond	 Visual imagery influences understanding of and responses to the world. People gain insights into meanings of artworks by engaging in the process of art criticism. People evaluate art based on various criteria.
Connect	 Through art-making, people make meaning by investigating and developing awareness of perceptions, knowledge, and experiences. People develop ideas and understandings of society, culture, and history through their interactions with and analysis of art.

Inquiry Questions (Engaging & Debatable)	 What are shapes in our world? How do artists and designers care for and maintain materials, tools, and equipment? Why is it important to follow the correct safety procedures? How do objects, places, and design shape lives and communities? How do artists use works of art to communicate?
Standards*	Create: Investigate: VA:Cr2.2Ka Investigate: VA:Cr2.3Ka Respond: Perceive: VA:Re7.1.2.Ka Perceive: VA:Re7.2.K.a

Length of Unit

Ongoing

Unit Title

Unit Strands &

Key Vocabulary

Concepts

For more information visit: National Standards for Art

Portraits

Collaborative Quilt

Lines Make Shapes

Crayon Resist Landscapes

shape, portrait, circle, triangle, square, rectangle, Mondrian

Shapes

Shape

^{*}Standards based on National Core Arts Standards

Unit Title	Shape	Length of Unit	

Critical Content: My students will Know	Key Skills: My students will be able to (Do)
 lines are used to create shapes and forms the role shapes play in creating artwork proper use of scissors and all art tools safely and correctly a single shape can be used to create a picture 	 understand the difference between a line and a shape recognize, draw, and cut geometric shapes and invented shapes identify safe and non-toxic art materials, tools, and equipment create art that represents natural and constructed environments describe what an image represents use glue to adhere cut shapes to paper explain how and where shapes are found in our surroundings recognize and identify basic shapes in the surrounding world create a portrait of a friend create triangles from squares use shapes within a composition use shapes to create recognizable objects examine the relationship between shape and line use scissors to cut paper into shapes

Assessments:	Teacher observation, student performance, regular and formative assessments
Teacher Resources:	Teacher generated resources

Unit Title	Line	Length of Unit	Ongoing
Inquiry Questions (Engaging & Debatable)	 What lines can you identify in the world? What are straight, zigzag, wavy, and dotted lines? What conditions, attitudes, and behaviors support creativity and innovative thinking? How does knowing traditions help us create works of art? How do artists care for and maintain materials, tools, and equipment? Why are safety procedures important to follow? How do objects shape our lives and communities? What is an image? Where and how do we encounter images in our world? How do images influence our views of the world? 		
Standards*	Create: Investigate, Plan, Make: VA:Cr1.1.Ka Investigate, Plan, Make: VA:Cr1.2.Ka Investigate: VA:Cr2.2.Ka Investigate: VA:Cr2.3.Ka Respond: Perceive: VA:Cr7.2.Ka		
Unit Strands & Concepts	 Lines Make Shapes 2D & 3D artwork Controlling Line to Create Desired Shapes 		
Key Vocabulary	2D, 3D, Sculpture, Horizontal, Vertical		

Unit Title	Line	Length of Unit	Ongoing

Critical Content: My students will Know	Key Skills: My students will be able to (Do)
 various kinds of lines techniques to control lines using various mediums 	 identify various types of lines engage in self-directed play with materials understand how lines can create shapes and forms draw a variety of lines use lines to create shapes use lines to create a pattern draw thin and thick lines create and tell about art that communicates a story about a familiar place or object recognize lines in one's environment distinguish between images and real objects compare and contrast various kinds of lines and the shapes they create create a sculpture using different kinds of lines demonstrate the ability to control lines to create the desired shape

Assessments:	Γeacher observation, student performance, regular and formative assessments	
Teacher Resources:	Teacher generated resources	

Unit Title	Color	Length of Unit	Ongoing
Inquiry Questions (Engaging & Debatable)	 What is color? Where do you see colors in the world? What are the colors around us? How does working together help us experience art differently? What is the process for preparing artwork to be presented? What are primary colors? 		
Chandanda*	What are secondary colors?		
Standards*	Create: Investigate: VA: CR2.2.Ka Reflect-Refine-Continue: VA: Cr3.1.Ka Present: Select: VA: Pr4.1.Ka Analyze: VA: Pr5.1.Ka Respond: Perceive: VA: Re7.2.Ka		
Unit Strands & Concepts	tempera paintingcollage		
Key Vocabulary	primary colors, secondary colors		

Unit Title	Color	Length of Unit	Ongoing

Critical Content: My students will Know	Key Skills: My students will be able to (Do)
 a picture can tell a story the meaning of a portrait primary colors ways to express their thinking 	 select colors that express an idea use light and dark colors overlap colors create artwork with primary colors share materials with other students share and talk about personal work identify reasons for saving and displaying objects, artifacts, and artwork investigate and discuss primary colors in their work and the work of others identify places where art may be displayed or saved distinguish between images and real objects express themselves through selecting images that describe them describe something special in a peer through a portrait compare and contrast primary and secondary colors

Assessments:	Teacher observation, student performance, regular and formative assessments
Teacher Resources:	Teacher generated resources

Unit Title	Form	Length of Unit	Ongoing
Inquiry Questions (Engaging & Debatable)	 How do artists work and what is form in art? Where do you see forms in the world? What is the difference between a circle and a sphere, a square and a box? How can we be innovative thinkers as artists? How does our own experience influence our artwork? What is equipment care and safety important? 		
	 How does talking with others about our art help us to im 	prove as artists?	
Standards*	Create: Investigate- Plan- Make: VA:Cr1.1.Ka Investigate- Plan- Make: VA Cr1.2.Ka Investigate: VA: Cr2.1.Ka Investigate: VA: Cr2.2.Ka Reflect- Refine- Continue: VA: Cr3.1.Ka Respond: Perceive: VA: Re7.1.Ka Perceive: VA: Re7.2.Ka Interpret: VA: Re9.1.Ka		
Unit Strands & Concepts	 paper mache combining and attaching materials to create a form pinch pots 		
Key Vocabulary	form, sphere, clay pinch method		

Unit Title	Form	Length of Unit	

Critical Content: My students will Know	Key Skills: My students will be able to (Do)
 2D vs. 3D ways to engage in art ways to explain their art and thinking people make art 	 combine and attach materials to create a form use tools to build and enhance forms manipulate materials to build a representational engage in self-directed play with materials engage in self-directed, creative making use a variety of art-making tools share materials with others share and talk about personal artwork recognize art in one's environment distinguish between images and real objects interpret art by identifying and describing subject matter select a preferred artwork explore the world usin descriptive and expressive works and art-making create 3D animals with a teacher-selected medium

Assessments:	Teacher observation, student performance, regular and formative assessments
Teacher Resources:	Teacher generated resources

Unit Title	Value	Length of Unit	Ongoing
Inquiry Questions (Engaging & Debatable)	What is value?What can you add to a color to make it lighter?What can you add to a color to make it darker?		
Standards*	Create: Investigate: VA:Cr2.2.Ka Respond: Perceive: VA: Re7.1.Ka Perceive: VA: Re7.2.Ka Analyze: VA:8.1.Ka Interpret: VA: Re9.1.Ka		
Unit Strands & Concepts	 Lightness and Darkness of a Color Tempers paint Oil Pastels 		
Key Vocabulary	value, shade,		

Unit Title	Value	Length of Unit	

Critical Content: My students will Know	Key Skills: My students will be able to (Do)
 Adding white to a color creates a lighter value of the color Adding black to a color creates a darker value of the color 	 Use white to create a lighter value of a color Use black to create a darker value of a color

Assessments:	Teacher observation, student performance, regular and formative assessments
Teacher Resources:	Teacher generated resources

Unit Title	Texture	Length of Unit	Ongoing
Inquiry Questions (Engaging & Debatable) Standards*	 What is texture in art? How can you use texture to add to your art? Create:		
	Investigate: VA: Cr2.1.Ka Investigate: VA: Cr2.2.Ka Respond: Perceive: VA: Re7.1.Ka Interpret: VA: Re9.1.Ka		
Unit Strands & Concepts	Collaborative QuiltTexture RubbingsPainted Texture Paper		
Key Vocabulary	texture, collage, collaborate		

Unit Title	Texture	Length of Unit	Ongoing

Critical Content: My students will Know	Key Skills: My students will be able to (Do)
 characteristics of texture in artwork texture is the way something feels or how it looks like it would feel 	 examine the work of textile artists and create a block for a collaborative quilt appropriately use scissors to cut paper into shapes use found objects to create texture rubbings create texture animals using tempura paint

Assessments:	Teacher observation, student performance, regular and formative assessments	
Teacher Resources:	Teacher generated resources	

Unit Title	Space	Length of Unit	Ongoing

Inquiry Questions (Engaging & Debatable)	 What is space and why does it matter? How do you use space when arranging artwork on a paper?
Standards*	Create: Investigate: VA: Cr2.1.Ka Investigate: VA: Cr2.2.Ka Present: Select: VA: Pr4.1.Ka Analyze: VA: Pr5.1.Ka Share: VA: Pr6.1.Ka Respond: Perceive: VA: Re7.1.Ka Perceive: VA: Re7.2.Ka
Unit Strands & Concepts	PortraitsSpacing in Artwork
Key Vocabulary	portrait, peer, placement, spacing

Unit Title	Space	Length of Unit	

Critical Content: My students will Know	Key Skills: My students will be able to (Do)
ways to plan for creatingways to present	 create a portrait of a peer with appropriate placement of facial features plan for and create a spring landscape with awareness of spacing on the paper

1	Assessments:	Teacher observation, student performance, regular and formative assessments
	Гeacher Resources:	Teacher generated resources

Unit Title	The Etiquette of Art	Length of Unit	ongoing

Inquiry Questions	How do artists and designers care for and maintain materials, tools, and equipment?		
(Engaging &	Why is it important for safety and health to understand and follow correct procedures in handling		
Debatable)	materials, tools, and equipment? What responsibilities come with the freedom to create?		
	What role doe persistence play in revising, refining, and developing work? How do artists grow and		
	become accomplished in art forms? How does collaboratively reflecting on a work help us experience it		
	more completely? How are artworks cared for and by whom? What criteria, methods, and processes are		
	used to select work for preservation or presentation? Why do people valu objects, artifacts, and		
	artworks, and select them for presentation?		
Standards*	Create:		
	Investigate: VA:Cr2.2.Ka		
	Reflect- Refine- Continue: VA: Cr3.1.Ka		
	Present:		
	Select: VA:Pr4.1.Ka		
	Analyze: VA:PR5.1.Ka		
	Share: VA:Pr6.1.Ka		
	Respond:		
	Perceive:VA:Re7.2.Ka		
	Analyze: VA:Re8.1.Ka		
	Interpret: VA:Re9.1.Ka		
Unit Strands &	Art Critique (peer, self, and teacher)		
Concepts	Art Show (preparation, set up, striking)		
	Art Room Etiquette		
Key Vocabulary	Elements of art, principles of design		
	Four steps of art criticism: description, analysis, interpretation, judgment		

Unit Title	The Etiquette of Art	Length of Unit	ongoing

Critical Content: My students will Know	Key Skills: My students will be able to (Do)
 art is a vehicle to express emotions, values, attitudes, and ideas the process of critique 	 demonstrate responsibility and care in the use of art facilities, tools, and materials respond to the formal and sensory qualities in a work of art and define their personal preferences communicate constructive criticism through peer and self class critiques. participate in various art exhibits work independently and respect the work of others select a body of work that contains the essence of one's creative efforts maintain a portfolio understanding it is an ongoing process and should become a lifetime commitment formulate a working visual arts vocabulary develop critical assessment skills as they relate to the evaluation of their own work and the work of others including the use of correct language and attitude (openness and tolerance) understand other world cultures as they related to the experience and variety of different art forms appropriate vocabulary to describe and evaluate their own work and the work of others evaluate, interpret and make personal statements about works of art

Asse	essments:	Formative-teacher and peer feedback, exploring medium exercise, Interim-artist files and critiques, Progress/Benchmarks, Summative-rubric and reflection
Teac Reso	cher ources:	Teacher generated resources, Former student work

Unit Title	Art History	Length of Unit	ongoing

Inquiry Questions (Engaging & Debatable)	What is an art museum? How does the presenting and sharing of objects, artifacts, and artworks influence chape deas, beliefs, and experiences? How do objects, artifact, and artworks collected, preserved, or presented, cultivate appreciate and understanding? How does art help us understand the lives of people of different times, place, and cultures? How is art used to impact the view of a society? How does art preserve aspects of life?
Standards*	Present: Share: VA:Pr6.1Ka Connect: Relate: VA:Cn11.1Ka
Unit Strands & Concepts	 Content Technique Cultural Concepts The evolution of art
Key Vocabulary	movement, the elements of art and principles of design, critique, appreciation, relevance

Unit Title	Art History	Length of Unit	ongoing

Critical Content: My students will Know	Key Skills: My students will be able to (Do)		
 movements and styles an understanding of how individual artists work art as a basic and universal language 	 incorporate historical reference into studio activities make connections between their understanding of their heritage, social experience, and environment make connections between art and culture 		

Assessments:	Formative-teacher and peer feedback, exploring medium exercise, Interim-artist files and critiques, Progress/Benchmarks, Summative-rubric and reflection
Teacher Resources:	Teacher generated resources, Artists website - based on medium Former student work