## 6<sup>th</sup> Grade English/Language Arts Alignment—Common Core State Standards and CT Frameworks

NOTE: Standards shown in blue are bridging standards between CT Frameworks and CCSS.

CCSS Standards	CT Frameworks Grade Level Expectations
Reading Strands: Reading for Literature	
CC.6.R.L.1: Cite textual evidence to support analysis of what the	CT.6.R.7: State both literal and/or inferred main ideas.
text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.	CT.6.R.6: Make and support judgments about text.
	Cite textual evidence to support explicit and inferred
	understandings.
CC.6.R.L.2: Determine a theme or central idea of a text and how	CT.6.R.7: State both literal and/or inferred main ideas.
it is conveyed through particular details; provide a summary of	CT.6.R.11: Summarize information without stating opinions or
the text distinct from personal opinions and judgments.	making judgments by including introduction and closing
	statements, main idea, most important supporting text-based facts,
	details and/or ideas, connections between the key ideas, and in
	one's own words.
	CT.5.R.8: Identify recurring themes in literature, including books
	by the same author.
	CT.5.R.11: Summarize the major actions that define the plot and
	how actions lead to conflict or resolution.
CC.5.R.L.3: Describe how a particular story's or drama's plot	CT.6.R.12: Describe how major and minor characters change
unfolds in a series of episodes as well as how the characters	over time.
respond or change as the plot moves toward a resolution.	CT.6.R.17: Interpret cause-and-effect relationships specifically
	related to story episodes or events.
	CT.6.R.8: Identify the type of conflict in a text and recognize
	how it affects the characters' actions and how it moves toward
	resolution.
CC.6.R.L.4: Determine the meaning of words and phrases as	CT.6.R.20: Evaluate the author's use of various techniques to
they are used in a text, including figurative and connotative	influence readers' perspectives (e.g., use of figurative language).
meanings; analyze the impact of a specific word choice on	CT.6.R.19: Explain the impact of literary devices on meaning

meaning and tone.	and tone.
	CT.6.R.1: Use word origins to determine the meaning of
	unknown words.
	CT.6.R.2: Use abstract, derived root words, prefixes and suffixes
	from Greek and Latin to analyze the meaning of complex words.
	CT.6.R.5: Use cueing system and context clues to determine
	meanings of words.
	CT.5.R.27: Recognize author's perspective and cite supporting
	literary/narrative text details or information text facts.
CC.5.R.L.5: Analyze how a particular sentences, chapter, scene	Analyze how a particular sentences, chapter, scene or stanza fits
or stanza fits into the overall structure of a text and contributes to	into the overall structure of a text and contributes to the
the development of the theme, setting or plot.	development of the theme, setting or plot.
	CT.6.R.20: Evaluate the author's use of various techniques to
	influence readers' perspective
	CT.6.R.10: Explain the influence of setting on mood, character
	and plot.
	CT.6.R.14: Explain the use of flashbacks to convey meanings.
	CT.6.R.13: Explain the use of foreshadowing and parallel plots to
	convey meaning.
	CT.6.R.19: Explain the impact of literary devices on meaning.
	CT.4.R.32: Determine an author's purpose for including or
	omitting details to create meaning.
CC.6.R.L.6: Explain how an author develops the point of view of	CT.6.R.9: Identify the point of view used (e.g., first, second, third
the narrator or speaker in a text.	or omniscient) and interpret how point of view influences the text.
CC.6.R.L.7: Compare and contrast the experience of reading a	Compare and contrast the experience of reading a story, drama
story, drama or poem to listening to and viewing an audio, video	or poem to listening to and viewing an audio, video or live
or live version of the text, including contrasting what they "see"	version of the text, including contrasting what they "see" and
and "hear" when reading the text to what they perceive when they	"hear" when reading the text to what they perceive when they
listen or watch.	listen or watch.
	CT.4.R.28: Use multiple texts to compare and contrast
	characters, settings, plots, themes, conflicts and point of view.  CT.7.R.17: Evaluate how authors, illustrators and filmmakers
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	express political and social issues.

CC.6.R.L.9: Compare and contrast texts in different forms or genres in terms of their approaches to similar topics and themes.	CT.6.R.15: Explain various subgenres of fiction based on their characteristics (e.g., science fiction, fantasy, myth, legends).  CT.7.R.18: Evaluate ideas, themes and issues across texts.  CT.7.R.9: Explain the similarities and differences in how an idea or concept is expressed in multiple texts.
	CT.7.R.17: Evaluate how authors, illustrators and filmmakers express political and social issues.
CC.6.R.L.10: By the end of the year, read and comprehend	By the end of 6 <sup>th</sup> grade, read and comprehend literature
literature, including stories, dramas and poems in the grades 6-8	including stories, dramas and poems in the grades 6-8 text
text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at	complexity band (Lexile Band 900-999).
the high end of the range.	CT.6.R.4: Select appropriate strategies for different reading
	purposes.
	CT.6.R.28: Set and monitor reading goals, making adjustments
	and corrections as needed.
	CT.6.R.26: Choose a variety of genres to read, hear, view and
	write for personal enjoyment.

Reading Strand: Reading for Information	
CC.6.R.I.1: Cite textual evidence to support analysis of what the	Cite textual evidence to support explicit and inferred
text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.	understandings.
	CT.6.R.7: State both literal and/or inferred main ideas.
	CT.6.R.6: Make and support judgments about text.
CC.6.R.I.2: Determine a central idea of a text and how it is	CT.6.R.7: State both literal and/or inferred main ideas.
conveyed through particular details; provide a summary of the	CT.6.R.11: Summarize information without stating opinions or
text distinct from personal opinions or judgments.	making judgments by including introduction and closing
	statements, main idea, most important supporting text-based facts,
	details and/or ideas, connections between the key ideas, and in
	one's own words.
CC.6.R.I.3: Analyze in detail how a key individual, event or idea	Analyze in detail how a key individual, event or idea is
is introduced, illustrated and elaborated in a text.	introduced, illustrated and elaborated in a text.
	CT.6.R.20: Evaluate the author's use of various techniques to
	influence readers' perspective
	CT.6.R.2: Use abstract, derived root words, prefixes and suffixes
	from Greek and Latin to analyze the meaning of complex words.
	Recognize and explain the meaning of common idioms, adages
	and proverbs as well as other forms of figurative language (e.g.,
	metaphors, similes).
	CT.6.R.3: Define vocabulary critical to the meaning of content-
	area texts and use that knowledge to interpret the texts.
	CT.6.R.4: Select appropriate strategies for different reading
	purposes.
CC.6.R.I.4: Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they	CT.6.R.1: Use word origins to determine the meaning of
are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical	unknown words.
meanings.	CT.6.R.2: Use abstract, derived root words, prefixes and suffixes
	from Greek and Latin to analyze the meaning of complex words.
	CT.6.R.3: Define vocabulary critical to the meaning of content-
	area texts and use that knowledge to interpret the texts.

CC.6.R.I.5: Analyze how a particular sentence, paragraph,	Analyze how a particular sentence, paragraph, chapter or
chapter or section fits into the overall structure of a text and	section fits into the overall structure of a text and contributes to
contributes to the development of the ideas.	the development of the ideas.
	CT.6.R.20: Evaluate the author's use of various techniques to
	influence readers' perspectives.
	CT.4.R.32: Determine an author's purpose for including or
	omitting details to create meaning.
	CT.5.R.19: Explain how specific text features help you
	understand a selection.
CC.6.R.I.6: Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a	CT.6.R.9: Identify the point of view used (e.g., first, second,
text and explain how it is conveyed in the text.	third or omniscient) and interpret how point of view influences
	the text.
	CT.6.R.25: Evaluate the credibility, accuracy and bias of
	informational text, including Internet sites, electronic recordings,
	visuals and other technology resources.
	CT.6.R.29: Identify and explain the author's purpose for writing
	a particular text.
CC.6.R.I.7: Integrate information presented in different media or	CT.6.W.17: Plan; gather information using an organizer from a
formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively) as well as in words to	range of resources to analyze, synthesize and/or evaluate
develop a coherent understanding of a topic or issue.	information to plan writing.
	CT.6.R.25: Evaluate the credibility, accuracy and bias of
	informational text, including Internet sites, electronic recordings,
	visuals and other technology sources.
	CT.6.R.18: Explain how information in a text could be applied to
	understand a similar situation or concepts in another text.
	CT.6.R.11: Summarize information, including introduction and
	closing statements, main idea, most important supporting text-
	based facts, details and/or ideas, connections between the key
	ideas, and in one's own words.
	CT.6.R.6: Make and support judgments about text and other
	media.
CC.6.R.I.8: Trace and evaluate the argument and specific claims	CT.6.R.24: Decide if the author's ideas are grounded in fact by

in a text, distinguishing claims that are supported by reasons and	tracing and evaluating the argument and specific claims.
evidence from claims that are not.	CT.6.R.25: Evaluate the credibility, accuracy and bias of
	informational text, including Internet sites, electronic recordings,
	visuals and other technology sources.
CC.6.R.I.9: Compare and contrast one author's presentation of	Compare and contrast one author's presentation of events with
events with that of another.	that of another.
	CT.6.R.21: Understand how social, cultural and historical
	contexts contribute to an author's perspective.
	CT.6.R.17: Interpret cause-and-effect relationships.
	CT.6.R.29: Identify and explain the author's purpose for writing
	a particular text.
CC.6.R.I.10: By the end of the year, read and comprehend	By the end of 6 <sup>th</sup> grade, read and comprehend literary nonfiction
literary nonfiction in the grades 6-8 text complexity band	in the grades 6-8 text complexity band (Lexile Band 900-999).
proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the	CT.6.R.4: Select appropriate strategies for different reading
range.	purposes.
	Ct.6.R.28: Set and monitor reading goals, making adjustments
	and corrections as needed.
	CT.6.R.26: Choose a variety of genres to read, hear, view and
	write for personal enjoyment.

Writing Standards:	
CC.6.W.1: Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons	CT.6.W.27: Write an informational report using cause-and-effect
and relevant evidence.	structure
	CT.6.W.31: Write a persuasive piece that incorporates research
	and information.
	CT.6.W.30: Write a persuasive piece using "least to most
	important" arguments.
CC.6.W.1.a: Introduce claims(s) and organize reasons and	Introduce claims(s) and organize reasons and evidence clearly.
evidence clearly.	CT.6.W.36: Construct introductions using various approaches
	(e.g., rhetorical question, interesting fact, brief history,
	captivating moment).
CC.6.W.1.b: Support claim(s) with clear reasons and relevant	Support claim(s) with clear reasons and relevant evidence, using
evidence, using credible sources and demonstrating an	credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic
understanding of the topic or text.	or text.
CC.6.W.1.c: Use words, phrases and clauses to clarify the	Use words, phrases and clauses to clarify the relationships
relationships among claim(s) and reasons.	among claim(s) and reasons.
CC.6.W.1.d: Establish and maintain a formal style.	Establish and maintain a formal style.
CC.6.W.1.e: Provide a concluding statement or section that	Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from the
follows from the argument presented.	argument presented.
	CT.6.W.37: Construct conclusions using various approaches
	(e.g., summary, interesting fact, echoed introduction).
CC.6.W.2: Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a	CT.6.W.27: Write an informational report using cause-and-effect
topic and convey ideas, concepts and information through the	structure.
selection, organization and analysis of relevant content.	CT.6.W.28: Write an informational piece with a spatial order or
	chronological order.
	CT.6.W.29: Write in forms associated with specific tasks or
	careers (e.g., application for student body office, presentation
	software as a visual aid).
	CT.6.W.26: Write a compare/contrast essay, grouping
	similarities together and differences together.
CC.6.W.2.a: Introduce a topic; organize ideas, concepts and	Introduce a topic; organize ideas, concepts and information,
information, using strategies such as definition, classification,	using strategies such as definition, classification,

comparison/contrast and cause/effect; include formatting,	comparison/contrast and cause/effect; include formatting,
graphics and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.	graphics and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
CC.6.W.2.b: Develop the topic with relevant facts, definition,	Develop the topic with relevant facts, definition, concrete
concrete details, quotations or other information and examples.	details, quotations or other information and examples.
CC.6.W.2.c: Use appropriate transitions to clarify the	Use appropriate transitions to clarify the relationships among
relationships among ideas and concepts.	ideas and concepts.
CC.6.W.2.d: Use precise language and domain-specific	CT.6.R.3: Define vocabulary critical to the meaning of content-
vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.	area texts and use that knowledge to interpret the texts and
	explain a topic.
CC.6.W.2.e: Establish and maintain a formal style.	Establish and maintain a formal style.
CC.6.W.2.f: Provide a concluding statement or section that	Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from the
follows from the information or explanation presented.	information or explanation presented.
	CT.6.W.37: Construct conclusions using various approaches.
CC.6.W.3: Write narratives to develop real or imagined	CT.6.W.24: Write a memoir.
experiences or events using effective technique, relevant	CT.6.W.25: Write a mystery with elements (e.g., clues, suspense,
descriptive details, and well-structured event sequences.	red herring).
CC.6.W.3.a: Engage and orient the reader by establishing a	Engage and orient the reader by establishing a context and
context and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an	introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event
event sequence that unfolds naturally and logically.	sequence that unfolds naturally and logically.
CC.6.W.3.b: Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing	CT.7.W.24: Write a fictional story using various literary
and description, to develop experiences, events and/or characters.	techniques (e.g., dialogue, humor, figurative language, first or
	third person, precise language) including all story elements (e.g.,
	setting, plot, theme, character development, events, problem,
	solution).
CC.6.W.3.c: Use a variety of transition words, phrases and	Use a variety of transition words, phrases and clauses to convey
clauses to convey sequence and signal shifts from one time frame	sequence and signal shifts from one time frame or setting to
or setting to another.	another.
CC.6.W.3.d: Use precise words and phrases, relevant descriptive	Use precise words and phrases, relevant descriptive details and
details and sensory language to convey experiences and events.	sensory language to convey experiences and events.
	CT.6.W.23: Expand upon one idea using additional details to
	create an image.
CC.6.W.3.e: Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated	Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences
experiences to events.	to events.

	CT.6.W.37: Construct conclusions using various approaches
	(e.g., summary, interesting fact, echoed introduction).
CC.6.W.4: Produce clear and coherent writing in which the	CT.6.W.17: Plan; gather information, using an organizer, from a
development, organization and style are appropriate to task,	range of resources to analyze, synthesize and/or evaluate
purpose and audience (grade-specific expectations for writing	information to plan writing.
types are defined in standards 1-2 above).	CT.6.W.18: Draft; reread text and continue to draft over time.
	CT.6.W.19: Revise; seek and consider feedback from adults and
	peers to revise text for content, organization and tone.
	CT.6.W.21: Publish and present final products using a range of
	graphics and illustrative material (e.g., photos, diagrams,
	threefold displays, informational posters).
CC.6.W.5: With some guidance and support from peers and	With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop
adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning,	and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing,
revising, editing, rewriting or trying a new approach (editing for	rewriting or trying a new approach (editing for conventions
conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards	should demonstrate command of Language standards 1-3 up to
1-3 up to and including grade 6).	and including grade 6).
	CT.6.W.19: Revise; seek and consider feedback from adults and
	peers to revise text for content, organization and tone.
CC.6.W.6: Use technology, including the Internet, to produce	CT.6.W.21: Publish and present final products using a range of
and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with	graphics and illustrative material (e.g., photos, diagrams,
others; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to	threefold displays, informational posters).
type a minimum of three pages in a single sitting.	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish
	writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others;
	demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a
	minimum of three pages in a single sitting.
CC.6.W.7: Conduct short research projects to answer a question,	Conduct short research projects to answer a question, drawing
drawing on several sources and refocusing the inquiry when	on several sources and refocusing the inquiry when appropriate.
appropriate.	CT.6.W.17: Plan; gather information, using an organizer, from a
	range of resources to analyze, synthesize and/or evaluate
	information to plan writing.
CC.6.W.8: Gather relevant information from multiple print and	CT.6.W.17: Plan; gather information, using an organizer, from a
digital sources; assess the credibility of each source; and quote or	range of resources to analyze, synthesize and/or evaluate
paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding	information to plan writing.

plagiarism and providing basic bibliographic information for	CT.6.R.25: Evaluate the credibility, accuracy and bias of
sources.	informational text, including Internet sites, electronic recordings,
	visuals and other technology sources.
	CT.6.R.11: Summarize information, including introduction and
	closing statements, main idea, most important supporting text-
	based facts, details and/or ideas, connections between the key
	ideas, and in one's own words.
	Cite sources in research using a bibliographic format.
CC.6.W.9: Draw evidence from literary and informational texts	Draw evidence from literary and informational texts to support
to support analysis, reflection and research.	analysis, reflection and research.
CC.6.W.9.a: Apply Grade 6 reading standards to literature.	Apply Grade 6 reading standards to literature.
CC.6.W.9.b: Apply Grade 6 reading standards to nonfiction.	Apply Grade 6 reading standards to nonfiction.
CC.6.W.10: Write routinely over extended time frames (time for	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research,
research, reflection and revision) and shorter time frames (a single	reflection and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting
sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks,	or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes
purposes and audiences.	and audiences.

Speaking and Listening Standards:	
CC.6.SL.1: Engage effectively in a range of collaborative	
discussions (one-on-one, in groups and teacher-led) with diverse	
partners on grade 6 topics, texts and issues, building on other's	
ideas and expressing their own clearly.	
CC.6.SL.1.a: Come to discussions prepared, having read or	CT.6.OL.2: Pose questions, listen to the ideas of others, and
studied required material; explicitly draw on that preparation by	contribute own information and ideas based on preparatory
referring to evidence on the topic, text or issue to probe and	activities and background knowledge in group discussions, panel
reflect on ideas under discussion.	discussions and interviews.
CC.6.SL.1.b: Follow rules for collegial discussions, set specific	CT.6.OL.2: Pose questions, listen to the ideas of others, and
goals and deadlines and define individual roles as needed.	contribute own information and ideas based on preparatory
	activities and background knowledge in group discussions, panel
	discussions and interviews.
	CT.6.OL.1: Speak with clarity, voice and fluency to
	communicate ideas, judgments and opinions in oral presentations,
	speeches and performances.
CC.6.SL.1.c: Pose and respond to specific questions with	Pose and respond to specific questions with elaboration and
elaboration and detail by making comments that contribute to the	detail by making comments that contribute to the topic, text or
topic, text or issue under discussion.	issue under discussion.
CC.6.SL.1.d: Review the key ideas expressed and demonstrate	Review the key ideas expressed and demonstrate understanding
understanding of multiple perspectives through reflection and	of multiple perspectives through reflection and paraphrasing.
paraphrasing.	
CC.6.SL.2: Interpret information presented in diverse media and	Interpret information presented in diverse media and formats
formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) and explain how it	(e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) and explain how it
contributes to a topic, text or issue under study.	contributes to a topic, text or issue under study.
	CT.6.R.25: Evaluate the credibility, accuracy and bias of
	informational text, including Internet sites, electronic recordings,
	visuals and other technology resources.
CC.6.SL.3: Delineate a speaker's argument and specific claims,	Delineate a speaker's argument and specific claims,
distinguishing claims that are supported by reasons and evidence	distinguishing claims that are supported by reasons and evidence
from claims that are not.	from claims that are not.
CC.6.SL.4: Present claims and findings, sequencing ideas	Present claims and findings, sequencing ideas logically and

logically and using pertinent descriptions, facts and details to accentuate main ideas or themes; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume and clear pronunciation.	using pertinent descriptions, facts and details to accentuate main ideas or themes; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume and clear pronunciation.  CT.6.OL.3: Make oral presentations that show appropriate
	consideration of audience, purpose and information to be conveyed.
	CT.6.OL.1: Speak with clarity, voice and fluency to
	communicate ideas, judgments and opinions in oral presentations,
	speeches and performances.
CC.6.SL.5: Include multimedia components (e.g., graphics,	Include multimedia components (e.g., graphics, images, music,
images, music, sound) and visual displays in presentations to	sound) and visual displays in presentations to clarify information.
clarify information.	
CC.6.SL.6: Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks,	Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating
demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or	command of formal English when indicated or appropriate (see
appropriate (see Grade 6 Language standards 1 and 3 for specific	Grade 6 Language standards 1 and 3 for specific expectations).
expectations).	

Language Standards:	
CC.6.L.1: Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard	
English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.	
CC.6.L.1.a: Ensure the pronouns are in the proper case	Ensure the pronouns are in the proper case (subjective,
(subjective, objective, possessive).	objective, possessive).
CC.6.L.1.b: Use intensive pronouns (e.g., myself, ourselves).	Use intensive pronouns (e.g., myself, ourselves).
CC.6.L.1.c: Recognize and correct inappropriate shifts in	CT.6.W.10: Show agreement of a pronoun and its referent.
pronoun number and person.	CT.6.W.11: Maintain consistent person (e.g., first, second, third).
CC.6.L.1.d: Recognize and correct vague pronouns (i.e., ones	Recognize and correct vague pronouns (i.e., ones with unclear
with unclear or ambiguous antecedents).	or ambiguous antecedents).
CC.6.L.1.e: Recognize variations from standard English in their	Recognize variations from standard English in their own and
own and others' writing and speaking and identify and use	others' writing and speaking and identify and use strategies to
strategies to improve expression in conventional language.	improve expression in conventional language.
	CT.6.OL.4: Analyze how dialects are reflected in slang, jargon
	and language styles of different groups and individuals.
CC.6.L.2: Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard	
English capitalization, punctuation and spelling when writing.	
CC.6.L.2.a: Use punctuation (commas, parentheses, dashes) to	Use punctuation (commas, parentheses, dashes) to set off
set off nonrestrictive/parenthetical elements.	nonrestrictive/parenthetical elements.
	CT.6.W.5: Use commas in appositives.
	CT.6.W.6: Use commas to set off direct address.
	CT.6.W.8: Use parentheses.
CC.6.L.2.b: Spell correctly.	CT.6.W.1: Use spelling rules and patterns from previous grades.
	CT.6.W.2: Use multiple strategies to spell (e.g., visual patterns,
	homophones, affixes, roots).
CC.6.L.3: Use knowledge of language and its conventions when	
writing, speaking, reading and listening.	
CC.6.L.3.a: Vary sentence patterns for meaning, reader/listener	Vary sentence patterns for meaning, reader/listener interest and
interest and style.	style.
CC.6.L.3.b: Maintain consistency in style and tone.	Maintain consistency in style and tone.
CC.6.L.4: Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and	
multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 6 reading	

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and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.	
CC.6.L.4.a: Use context as a clue to the meaning of a word or	CT.6.R.5: Use cueing system and context clues to determine
phrase.	meanings of words.
CC.6.L.4.b: Use common, grade-appropriate Greek and Latin	Ct.6.R.2: Use abstract, derived root words, prefixes and suffixes
affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word.	from Greek and Latin to analyze the meaning of complex words.
CC.6.L.4.c: Consult reference materials (e.g., dictionaries,	Consult reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries,
glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the	thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a
pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise	word or determine or clarify its precise meaning of its part of
meaning of its part of speech.	speech.
CC.6.L.4.d: Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning	CT.5.R.3: Use dictionaries, thesauruses and glossaries to find or
of a word or phrase.	confirm word meanings, pronunciation, syllabication, synonyms,
	antonyms and parts of speech.
CC.6.L.5: Demonstrate understanding of figurative language,	
word relationships and nuances in word meanings.	
CC.6.L.5.a: Interpret figures of speech in context.	Interpret figures of speech in context.
CC.6.L.5.b: Use the relationship between particular words to	Use the relationship between particular words to better
better understand each of the words.	understand each of the words.
CC.6.L.5.c: Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of	Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words
words with similar denotations (definitions).	with similar denotations (definitions).
CC.6.L.6: Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general	CT.6.R.3: Define vocabulary critical to the meaning of content-
academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather	area texts and use that knowledge to interpret the texts.
vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase	
important to comprehension or expression.	