ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT GREAT PLAINS TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 9 COMANCHE COUNTY, OKLAHOMA JULY 1, 2023 TO JUNE 30, 2024

AUDITED BY

Patten & Odom, CPAs, PLLC

GREAT PLAINS TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 9 COMANCHE COUNTY, OKLAHOMA SCHOOL CENTER OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2024

Board of Education

President Vice-President Clerk Deputy Clerk Member Homer Ryan George Bridges Clark Smith Arthur Patrick Dr. Cindy Sheppard

Superintendent of Schools

Clarence Fortney

Technology Center Treasurer

Stacy Pifer

Technology Center Business Manager

Lindsey Billen

GREAT PLAINS TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 9 COMANCHE COUNTY, OKLAHOMA JUNE 30, 2024

Table of Contents

Report of Independent Auditor	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-Wide Financial Statements Statement of Net Position	10
Statement of Activities	11
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	12
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	13
Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	14
Notes to the Financial Statements	16
Required Supplementary Information	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Budgetary Basis General Fund	33
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Budgetary Basis Building Fund	34
Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Oklahoma Teachers Retirement System	35
Schedule of Contributions to the Oklahoma Teachers Retirement System	36
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Supplemental Health Insurance Program	37
Schedule of the District's Contributions Supplemental Health Insurance Program	38
Supporting Schedules	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	39
Notes to Schedule of Federal Awards	40
School Activity Fund – Receipts, Transfers, Disbursements and Sub-account Balances	41
Reports Required by Government Auditing Standards	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	43
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; and Report on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by Uniform Guidance	45

GREAT PLAINS TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 9 COMANCHE COUNTY, OKLAHOMA TABLE OF CONTENTS JUNE 30, 2024

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	48
Summary of Prior Audit Findings	49
Schedule of Comments	50
Schedule of Accountant's Professional Liability Insurance Affidavit	51

Patten & Odom, CPAs, PLLC

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Board of Education Great Plains Technology Center No. 9 Comanche County, Oklahoma

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Great Plains Technology Center No. 9, Comanche County, Oklahoma (the Center), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, which collectively comprise the Center's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Center, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Bases for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Governmental Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Center, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Center's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.

Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Center's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Center's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with the governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the schedule of changes in the Center's total OPEB liability and related ratios, the schedule of the Center's proportionate share of the net pension liability –Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, the schedule of the Center's contributions to the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, and the schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance—budgetary and actual (budgetary basis)— budgeted governmental fund types—General Fund and Building Fund, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate, operational, economical, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Center's basic financial statements. The schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance—budget and actual (budgetary basis)— Budgetary Governmental Fund types for the General Fund and Building Fund, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance—budget and actual (budgetary basis)—budgetary Governmental Fund types for the General Fund are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in this annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express any opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, then We are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 13, 2025, on our consideration of the Center's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Center's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Center's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Patter & Odom, CRAS

Patten & Odom, CPAs, PLLC Broken Arrow, OK January 13, 2025

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of Great Plains Technology Center's (the Center) financial statements presents management's discussion and analysis of the Center's financial performance during the year ended June 30, 2024. Since this management's discussion and analysis is designed to focus on current activities, resulting change, and current known facts, it should be read in conjunction with the Center's basic financial statements and footnotes. The overview of the financial statements and financial analysis is presented for fiscal year 2024.

Financial Analysis of the Center as a Whole

The basic financial statements of the Center are the government-wide financial statements; fund financial statements; and the notes to the financial statements. The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the Center.

Governmental-wide Financial Statements

The governmental-wide financial statements are designed to provide end users with a broad overview of the Center's financials, which can be comparable to private sector financial statements.

Statement of Net Position

The statement of net position is presented in categories, namely assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position. The assets are classified between current and non-current assets. Current assets include cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments, accounts receivable, and other assets. Non-current assets include capital assets and an OPEB asset. Capital assets include land, buildings and improvements, infrastructure, equipment, and construction in progress. Capital assets, with the exception of land and construction in progress, are shown net of depreciation.

Deferred outflows of resources are consumptions of net assets that are applicable to a future period. It includes costs associated with pensions. Deferred inflows of resources are acquisitions of net assets that are applicable to a future period. It includes credits associated with pensions.

Liabilities are also classified between current and noncurrent. Current liabilities include accounts payable, accrued expenses, unearned revenue, and the portion of noncurrent liabilities expected to be paid in the upcoming fiscal year. These liabilities represent obligations due within one year. Non-current liabilities include the portion of accrued compensated absences and net pension obligation expected to be paid in fiscal year 2026 or thereafter.

Great Plains Technology Center

Management Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Year Ended June 30, 2024

Condensed Statement of Net Position

Assets	
Current Assets	\$ 21,182,452
Non-Current Assets	19,768,251
Total Assets	40,950,703
Deferred Outflows of Resources	4,491,279
Liabilities	
Current Liabilities	365,789
Non-Current Liabilities	16,860,155
Total Liabilities	17,225,944
Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,684,453
Net Position	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	19,660,031
Restricted for Building	12,497,692
Restricted for Activity Fund	263,213
Restricted for Net OPEB Asset	108,220
Unrestricted	(5,997,571)
Total Net Position	\$ 26,531,585

Statement of Activities

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues.

Governmental Activities Expenditures	
Instruction	\$ (6,803,332)
Support services	(11,053,551)
Non-instruction	(605,079)
Capital outlay	(176,886)
Other outlays	(65,887)
Other uses	(839,098)
Repayments	(14,015)
Depreciation - unallocated	(1,775,996)
Total Governmental Activities Expenditures	\$ (21,333,844)
General Revenues	
Taxes	\$ 14,612,552
State aid not restricted to specific purposes	7,616,988
Other general revenues:	1,006,157
Total General Revenue	\$ 23,235,697
Changes in net position	\$ 1,901,853
Net position - beginning	\$ 24,629,732
Net position-ending	\$ 26,531,585

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Center that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The governmental activities of the Center include vocational and technical education focusing on career development and administration.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements present activities in each fund as a separate column. Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of the government's general activities. The measurement focus of governmental funds is on the sources uses and balance of current financial resources. The Center has presented the following governmental funds: general fund, special revenue fund (building), and fiduciary funds (activity).

The general fund is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include local property taxes and state funding under the State Career Technology Formula Operations Allocation Program. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operations of the center except for programs funded for building repairs and maintenance, and school construction funded through the Special Revenue Fund.

The special revenue fund is the Center's building fund. It is a special revenue fund and consists of monies derived from property taxes levied for the purpose of creating, remodeling, or repairing buildings and for purchasing furniture and equipment.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the Center. When these assets are held under the terms of a formula trust agreement, either a private purchase trust fund or a permanent fund is used. The Center's fiduciary funds have been excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As of the close of fiscal year 2024, the Center reported the following fund balances:

- General Fund- \$7,596,023
- Building Fund- \$12,347,609
- Activity Fund- \$263,213

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance- Governmental Funds

	General Fund	Building Fund	Activity Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues Expenditures	\$ 22,278,781 \$ 21,775,232	\$ 5,101,806 \$ 3,973,954	\$ 267,934 \$ 247,384	\$
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ 503,549	\$ 1,127,852	\$ 20,550	\$ 1,651,951
Other Financing Sources/Uses	\$	<u>\$ </u>	\$ -	\$
Excess of revenues and other sources of funds over (under)expenditures	\$ 503,549	\$ 1,127,852	\$ 20,550	\$ 1,651,951
Fund balance, beginning of year	\$ 7,092,474	\$ 11,219,757	\$ 242,663	\$ 18,554,894
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 7,596,023	\$ 12,347,609	\$ 263,213	\$ 20,206,845

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to the full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. Required supplementary information is also reported after the notes to the financial statements.

Economic Outlook

There was a slight increase in state appropriations for fiscal year 2024. This increase was to help fund the flexible spending allowance as well as increase class sizes. With the uncertainty of future appropriations and ad valorem amounts, management continues to look for cost-saving measures and is monitoring expenditures to ensure resources are used in the most effective and efficient manner. In fiscal year 2025, the Center was appropriated \$1,820,000 to help with increasing classes sizes and reducing wait lists. The Center will using those one-time funds to help with finding solutions to those issues. The Center remains fully committed to increasing and improving student success and student learning inside the classroom while continuing to be an engaged partner with higher education, business industry, civic, and governmental organizations.

Contacting the Center's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide community members, taxpayers, customers, students, and others with a general overview of the Center's finances. It also documents accountability for money received. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Director of Finance at the Center via phone at 580-250-5676 or via email at <u>lbillen@greatplains.edu</u>.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GREAT PLAINS TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 9 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

JUNE 30, 2024		
	1	Governmental Activities
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash	\$	5,250,000
Investments		14,619,165
Property tax receivable		704,648
Interest receivable		147,610
Miscellaneous receivable		324,871
Due from other governments		103,283
Inventory		21,255
Prepaid expenses		11,620
Non-Current Assets		
Land		886,588
Construction in Progress		145,378
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		18,628,065
Net OPEB Asset		108,220
Total Assets	\$	40,950,703
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	\$	4,421,517
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	,	69,762
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	4,491,279
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$	353,627
Wages payable		-
Compensated absences		12,162
Total Current Liabilities	\$	365,789
Non-Current Liabilities	¢	202.200
Compensated absences	\$	303,290
Net pension liability		16,556,865
Total Non-Current Liabilities	\$	16,860,155
Total Liabilities	\$	17,225,944
l otal Liabilities	Ψ	17,220,044
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES		
Deferred inflow of resources related to pensions	\$	1,646,759
Deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB		37,694
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	1,684,453
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	19,660,031
Restricted for Building		12,497,692
Restricted for Activity Fund		263,213
Restricted for Net OPEB Asset		108,220
Unrestricted		(5,997,571)
Sin Statelou	_	
Total Net Position	\$_	26,531,585

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

	·		Program Revenues	o otoco	Net (Expenses) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets	nses) and Net
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants & Contributions	Capital Grants & Contributions	Government Activities	lent SS
Governmental Activities Instruction Support services Non-instruction Capital outlay Other outlays Other uses Repayments Depreciation - unallocated	<pre>\$ (11,170,351) \$ (11,703,398) (11,703,398) (605,079) (176,886) (176,886) (65,887) (839,098) (14,015) (1,775,996) -</pre>	3,260,771 \$ 649,847 - - -	1,106,248	ч т т т т т т т Ф	\$ (6,8) (11,0,6) (11,0,0) (11,0,0) (11,7) (1,7)	(6,803,332) (11,053,551) (605,079) (176,886) (65,887) (839,098) (14,015) (1,775,996)
Total governmental activities	\$ (26,350,710) \$	3,910,618 \$	1,106,248	\$	\$ (21,3	(21,333,844)
	General revenues Taxes: Property taxes, levied for general purposes	or general purpose			\$	14,612,552 -
	State aid not restricted to specific purposes	specific purposes			7,6	7,616,988
	Other general revenues. Interest and investment earnings Miscellaneous	t earnings			6	965,688 40,469
	Total general revenues	es			\$ 23,2	23,235,697
	Changes in net position	Ę			\$ 1,9	1,901,853
	Net position - beginning	Ð			24,6	24,629,732
	Net position - ending				\$ 26,5	26,531,585

GREAT PLAINS TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 9 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2024

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GREAT PLAINS TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 9 BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

	General Fund		Building Fund		Activity Fund	_	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS						-	
Cash Investments Property taxes receivable Interest receivable	\$ 1,823,989 5,498,059 472,924 28,073	\$	3,164,562 9,121,106 231,724 118,258	\$	261,449 - - 1,278	\$	5,250,000 14,619,165 704,648 147,609
Miscellaneous receivable Due from other governments Prepaid insurance Inventory	324,385 103,283 11,620 21,255		-		486 - -	_	324,871 103,283 11,620 21,255
Total assets	\$ 8,283,588	\$	12,635,650	\$	263,213	\$ =	21,182,451
Liabilities: Accounts payable Wages Payable	\$ 269,490	\$	84,137	\$	-	\$	353,627
Compensated absences-current	8,823		3,339		-	_	12,162
Total liabilities	\$ 278,313	\$	87,476	. \$	-	\$_	365,789
Deferred inflows of resources: Deferred property taxes	\$ 409,252	\$	200,565	\$	-	· · -	609,817
Total deferred inflow of resources	\$ 409,252	\$	200,565	\$	-	\$_	609,817
Fund balances: Non-spendable Fund Balances: Prepaid Items Inventiory	\$ 11,620 21,255	\$	-	\$	-	\$	11,620 21,255
Restricted Fund Balances: <i>Restricted by Statute</i>	-		12,192,358		263,213		12,455,571
Assigned Fund Balances: Encumbrances Other Assigned Fund Balances	274,195		155,251		-		429,446
Unassigned	7,288,953	_		_			7,288,953
Total Fund Balances	\$ 7,596,023	\$	12,347,609	- \$	263,213	\$	20,206,845
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 8,283,588	\$	12,635,650	\$	263,213		

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position, are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The cost of the assets is \$44,290,895 and the accumulated depreciation is \$24,630,865.	\$ 19,660,030
Long term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. Long term liabilities consist of: Compensated Absences	(303,290)
Property taxes receivable will be collected this year, but are not available soon enough to pay current period's expenditures, therefore they are deferred in the funds.	609,817
Net pension obligations are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in funds.	(16,556,863)
Net OPEB asset is not a financial resource, therefore not reported in funds	108,220
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB are applicable to future periods and therefore, are not reported in funds.	2,806,826
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 26,531,585

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

GREAT PLAINS TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 9 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	_	General Fund		Building Fund		Activity Fund		Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:	-							
Local sources	\$	13,555,545	\$	5,101,806	\$	267,934	\$	18,925,285
Intermediate sources		-		-		-		-
State sources		7,616,988				-		7,616,988
Federal sources	-	1,106,248	•				•	1,106,248
Total revenues	\$_	22,278,781	\$	5,101,806	\$	267,934	\$	27,648,521
Expenditures:								
Instructional	\$	11,488,765	\$	22,690	\$	-	\$	11,511,455
Support Services:		8,728,833		3,307,609				12,036,442
Non-instructional		605,079		-		-		605,079
Capital Outlay		281,737		642,857		-		924,594
Other Outlays		65,089		798		247,384		313,271
Other Uses		591,714		-		-		591,714
Repayments	-	14,015	-	-				14,015
Total expenditures	\$_	21,775,232	\$	3,973,954	\$	247,384	\$.	25,996,570
Excess of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$ _	503,549	\$	1,127,852	. \$	20,550	\$.	1,651,951
Other Financing Sources/Uses								
Operating transfers in/(out)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Total Other Financing Sources	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Excess of revenues and other sources								
of funds over (under) expenditures	\$_	503,549	\$	1,127,852	\$	20,550	\$	1,651,951
Fund balance, beginning of year	\$_	7,092,474	\$	11,219,757	\$	242,663	\$	18,554,894
Fund balance, end of year	\$.	7,596,023	\$	12,347,609	\$	263,213	\$	20,206,845

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

GREAT PLAINS TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 9 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES, FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 1,651,951
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are shown in the statement of net assets and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expenses in the statement of activities. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeds depreciation in the period.	
Capital outlay expenditures Loss on fixed asset disposal Depreciation expense	\$ 1,549,708 (2,465) (1,775,996)
	\$ (228,753)
Some expenses (compensated absences) reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources; therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	\$ 13,044
Property taxes receivable will be collected this year, but are not available soon enough to pay current period's expenditures, therefore they are deferred in the funds.	\$ 488,751
Governmental funds report district pension contributions as expenditures. However, the Statement of Activities reports the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions as pension expense.	\$ (23,140)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 1,901,853

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Great Plains Technology Center No. 9 (the "Center") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applied to government units. The governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Center's accounting policies are described below.

A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

In accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," the Center has presented the entities, which comprise the primary government in the fiscal year 2024 basic financial statements.

The Center is a corporate body for public purposes created under Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes and, accordingly, is a separate entity for operating and financial reporting purposes. The Center is part of the public school system of Oklahoma under the general direction and control of the Oklahoma State Board of Career and Technology Education and is financially dependent on the State of Oklahoma for support. The general operating authority for the public school system is the Oklahoma School Code contained in Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes.

The governing body of the Center is the Board of Education composed of five elected members. The appointed superintendent is the executive officer of the Center.

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the basic financial statements present the reporting entity which consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion could cause the Center's basic financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

B. Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the Center. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include: 1) tuition or fees paid by students or citizens of the Center and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items, including state aid, that are not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, and fiduciary funds.

Fund Financial Statements

The Technology Center segregates transactions related to certain functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Statements for governmental activities present each fund as a separate column on the fund financial statements.

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities. The measurement focus of governmental funds is on the sources uses and balance of current financial resources. The Center has presented the following governmental funds:

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include local property taxes and state funding under the State Career Technology Formula Operations Allocation Program.

Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operations of the center except for programs funded for building repairs and maintenance, and school construction funded through the Special Revenue Fund.

<u>Special Revenue Fund</u> – The Center's Building Fund is a Special Revenue Fund and consists of monies derived from property taxes levied for the purpose of creating, remodeling or repairing buildings and for purchasing furniture and equipment.

Fiduciary Fund Types

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the Center. When these assets are held under the terms of a formula trust agreement, either a private purpose trust fund or a permanent fund is used.

<u>Activity Fund</u> – The Center's Activity fund is used to account for monies collected that are held on behalf of others as their agent and do not involve the measurements of results of operations. The administration is responsible under the authority of the Board, for collecting, disbursing and accounting for these funds.

Account Groups

GASB Statement No. 94 eliminates the presentation of account groups but provides for these records to be maintained and incorporates the information into the governmental column in the government-wide statement of net position.

C. Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

Property taxes and interest and certain state and federal grants associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

A budget is legally adopted by the Board of Education for the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund that includes revenues and expenditures.

These budgets are prepared on a budgetary basis of accounting. Budgetary control is maintained by fund, function, and activity and budgeted expenditures may not exceed appropriations at the fund level. Amendments may be made to the budget without approval by the governing body at the function and activity levels. Fund level budgetary amendments require approval of the governing body.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting – under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve a portion of the applicable fund balance – is utilized in all governmental funds of the Center. Appropriations which are not spent lapse at the end of the fiscal year and encumbrances are reversed. On the first day of the following fiscal year, the encumbrances are reinstated, and the expenditures are applied against that year's budget.

E. Net Position and Fund Balances

The government-wide financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categories of net investment in capital assets (net of related debt), restricted net position and unrestricted net position.

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> – is intended to reflect the portion of net position, which is associated with non-liquid capital related debt. The net related debt is debt less the outstanding liquid assets and any associated unamortized cost.

<u>Restricted Net Position</u> – are liquid assets generated from revenues and not bond proceeds, which have third party (statutory bond covenant or granting agency) limitations on their use. The Center would typically use restricted net assets first, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserve the right to selectively defer the use thereof to a future project or replacement equipment acquisition.

Unrestricted Net Position - represents unrestricted liquid assets.

<u>Governmental Fund Financial Statements</u> – The Center has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, which redefined how fund balances of the governmental funds are presented in the financial statements. The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the Center is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications available in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> – Amounts that are not in a spendable form such as prepaid expenses, inventory, or required to be maintained intact such as the corpus of permanent fund.

<u>Restricted</u> – Amounts that are designated for specific purposes by their providers such as bondholders, grantors, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The Building Fund is restricted by statute to certain capital-related costs.

<u>Committed</u> – Amounts designated for specific purposes by the Center's highest level of decision-making authority (Board of Education) and cannot be used for any other purposes unless the same highest level (Board of Education) takes action to remove or change the designation.

The Center commits a portion of the fund balance to honor the commitments made by the Center for encumbrances (purchase orders) for which goods or services have not yet been received. The fund balance committed to encumbrances will be equivalent to the purchase orders rolled forward from one fiscal year to the next fiscal year.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

<u>Assigned</u> – Amount the Center intends to use for specific purposes; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official to which the governing body delegates the authority.

The Center assigns a portion of the fund balance in the general fund for funding the cash flow needs during the first half of each fiscal year. The superintendent and the chief financial officer will determine the amount of assigned fund balance at the end of each fiscal year.

<u>Unassigned</u> – Amounts that are available for any purposes; reported only in the general fund. Fund Balance represents the funds not restricted in use by statute nor encumbered by purchase order or legal contract.

F. Assets, Liabilities and Cash Fund Balances

<u>Cash and Investments</u> – The Center considers all cash on hand, demand deposits and investments to be cash and investments. Investments consist of direct obligations of the United States Government and Agencies. All investments are recorded at cost, which approximates market value.

<u>Property Tax Revenue and Receivables</u> – The Center is authorized by state law to levy property taxes which consist of ad valorem taxes on real and personal property within the Center. The County Assessor, upon receipt of the certification of tax levies from the county excise board, extends the tax levies on the tax roll for submission to the county treasurer prior to October 1. The county treasurer must commence tax collection within fifteen days of receipt of the tax rolls. The first half of taxes is due prior to January 1. The second half is due prior to April 1.

If the first payment is not made timely, the entire tax becomes due and payable on January 2. The second half of taxes becomes delinquent on April 1 of the year following the year of assessment. If taxes are delinquent and unpaid for a period of three years or more, the real estate may be sold for such taxes.

Uncollected taxes assessed on valuations made each year are recorded in the Center's combined financial statements. Uncollectible personal and real property taxes are deemed to be immaterial because the property can be sold for the amount of taxes due.

<u>Inventories</u> – The cost of consumable materials and supplies on hand are immaterial to the financial statements, and the Technology Center has therefore chosen to report these items as expenditures/expenses at the time of purchase.

<u>Capital Assets</u> – Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in government-wide financial statements.

All purchased capital assets are valued at cost when historical records exist and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are valued at their fair market value on the date donated.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

Assets capitalized have an original cost of \$2,500 or more. Depreciation has been calculated using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings and structures	15-40 years
Equipment	5-15 years
Vehicles	5-10 years

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

<u>Compensated Absences</u> – The Center's policy regarding vacation time permits employees to accumulate earned, but unused vacation leave. Unused vacation leave may be carried over at the end of a fiscal year, but not to exceed 200 hours. Upon separation of employment, an employee can be paid up to 120 unused hours of accumulated vacation days at the employees' current daily rate of pay. The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as debt in the government wide financial statements. The current portion of this debt is based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report only the compensated absence liability payable from expendable available financial resources.

G. Revenue, Expenses and Expenditures

Revenues are classified by source as follows:

<u>Local</u> – Revenue from local sources is revenue produced within the Center, which includes ad valorem taxes. It is available for current educational expenses and for other purposes authorized by the Technology Center.

<u>Intermediate</u> – Revenue from intermediate sources is revenue from funds collected by an intermediate administrative unit or political sub-division, like a county or municipality, and redistributed to the Technology Center.

<u>State</u> – Those revenues received from the State, which are dedicated or are appropriated by the State legislature. Some of this aid is restricted for specific purposes.

The Center receives revenue from the State to administer certain categorical educational programs. State Board of Education rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be expended only for the program for which the money is provided and require that the money not expended as of the close of the fiscal year be carried forward into the following year to be expended for the same categorical programs. The State Department of Career & Technology Education requires that categorical educational program revenues be accounted for in the general fund.

<u>Federal</u> – Revenue from Federal sources is money originating from the Federal government and made available to the Technology Center either as direct grants or under various programs passed through the State Department of Career & Technology Education.

Expenditures are classified by function as follows:

<u>Instruction Expenditures</u> – Instruction expenditures include the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Teaching may be provided for students in a school classroom, in another location, such as a home or hospital, and in other learning situations, such as those involving co-curricular activities. It may also be provided through some other approved medium, such as television, radio, telephone and correspondence.

<u>Support Services Expenditures</u> – Support services expenditures provide administrative, technical (such as guidance and health) and logistical support to facilitate and enhance instruction. These services exist as adjuncts for fulfilling the objective of instruction, community services and enterprise programs, rather than as entitles within them.

<u>Operation of Non-Instructional Services Expenditures</u> – Activities concerned with providing non-instructional services to students, staff, and the community.

<u>Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Expenditures</u> – Consist of activities involved with the acquisition of land and buildings; remodeling buildings; the construction of buildings and additions to buildings; initial installation or extension of service systems and other built-in equipment; and improvement to sites.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

<u>Other Outlays Expenditures</u> – A number of outlays of governmental funds are not properly classified as expenditures, but still require budgetary or accounting control. These are classified as Other Outlays. These include debt service payments (principal and interest).

<u>Other Uses Expenditures</u> – This includes scholarships provided by private gifts and endowments; student aid and staff awards supported by outside revenue sources (i.e., foundations). Also, expenditures for self-funded employee benefit programs administered either by the Center or a third-party administrator.

<u>Repayment Expenditures</u> – Repayment expenditures represent checks/warrants issued to outside agencies for refund or restricted revenue previously received for overpayments, non-qualified expenditures, and other refunds to be repaid from Center funds.

<u>Deferred outflows of resources</u>: Deferred outflows are the consumption of net position by the center that are applicable to a future reporting period. At June 30, 2024, the center's deferred outflows of resources were comprised of deferred outflows related to pensions.

<u>Deferred inflows of resources</u>: Deferred inflows are the acquisition of net position by the center that are applicable to a future reporting period. At June 30, 2024, the center deferred inflows of resources were comprised of deferred inflows to pensions.

2. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

3. Deposit Categories of Credit Risk

Collateral is required for demand deposits and certificates of deposit for all amounts not covered by federal deposit insurance. The Center's investment policies are governed by state statute. Permissible investments include:

- 1. Direct obligations of the United States Government to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the government is pledged.
- 2. Obligations to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the state is pledged.
- 3. Certificates of deposits of banks when such certificates of deposits are secured by acceptable collateral as in the deposit of other public monies.
- 4. Savings accounts or savings certificates of savings and loan associations to the extent that such accounts or certificates are fully insured by the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation.
- 5. Repurchase agreements that have underlying collateral consisting of those items specified in paragraphs 1 and 2 of this section including obligations of the United States, its agencies and instrumentalities, and where collateral has been deposited with a trustee of custodian bank in an irrevocable trust or escrow account established for such purposes.

Deposit Categories of Credit Risk (continued)

- 6. County, municipal or technology center direct debt obligations for which an ad valorem tax may be levied or bond and revenue anticipation notes, money judgments against such county, municipality or school district ordered by a court of record or bonds or bond and revenue anticipation notes issued by a public trust for which such county, municipality or school district is a beneficiary thereof. All collateral pledged to secure public funds shall be valued at no more than market value.
- 7. Money market mutual funds regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission and which investments consist of obligations of the United States, its agencies and instrumentalities, and investments in those items listed above.
- 8. Warrants, bonds or judgments of the school district.
- 9. Qualified pooled investment programs, the investments of which consist of those items specified above, as well as obligations of the United States agencies and instrumentalities, regardless of the size of the district's budget. To be qualified, a pooled investment program for school funds must be governed through an Interlocal cooperative agreement formed pursuant to Title 70 Section 5-117b, and the program must competitively select its investment advisors and other professionals. Any pooled investment program must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 10. Investment programs administer by the State Treasurer
- 11. Any other investment that is authorized by law.

Custodial Credit Risk:

<u>Deposits and Investments</u> - The Center's demand deposits totaling \$5,250,000 at June 30, 2024, are required by law to be collateralized by the amount that is not federally insured. The Center has a written investment policy, which permits investments as authorized by State Statute.

Certificates of deposit totaling \$14,616,165 at June 30, 2024, are collateralized at least by the amount not federally insured. As of June 30, 2024, the Center had no deposits exposed to custodial credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk:

Investments are made based upon prevailing market conditions at the time of the transaction with the intent to hold the instrument until maturity. However, the Center has no formal written policy addressing interest rate risk.

Credit Risk:

The Center has no formal written policy addressing credit risk.

4. Accounts Receivable

Receivables consist of all revenues earned at year end and not yet received. Ad valorem tax collectable but not available, are deferred in the fund financial statements in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting but included in the government-wide financial statements in accordance with the accrual basis of accounting. The technology center had the following receivables at June 30, 2024:

Total

Governmental Funds

General		Building		Activity		l otal Governmental
\$ 472,924	\$	231,724	\$	-	\$	704,648
28,073		118.258		1,278		147,609
103,283		-		-		103,283
324,385				486		324,871
928,665		349,982		1,764		1,280,411
409,252		200,565				609,817
\$ 519,413	\$	149,417	\$	1,764	\$	670,594
\$	\$ 472,924 28,073 103,283 324,385 928,665 409,252	\$ 472,924 \$ 28,073 103,283 324,385 928,665 409,252	\$ 472,924 \$ 231,724 28,073 118.258 103,283 - 324,385 - 928,665 349,982 409,252 200,565	\$ 472,924 \$ 231,724 \$ 28,073 118.258 103,283 - 324,385 - 928,665 349,982 409,252 200,565	\$ 472,924 \$ 231,724 \$ - 28,073 118.258 1,278 103,283 - - 324,385 - 486 928,665 349,982 1,764 409,252 200,565 -	\$ 472,924 \$ 231,724 \$ - \$ 28,073 118.258 1,278 103,283 - - 324,385 - 486 928,665 349,982 1,764 409,252 200,565 -

5. Capital Assets

A summary of changes in general fixed assets for the year ended June 30, 2024, follows:

	July 1, 2023		Additions		Transfer	Retirements	June 30, 2024
Land Construction in Progress	\$ 886,588	\$	- 145,378	\$		\$ 	\$ 886,588 145,378
Total Assets Not Being Depreciated	886,588		145,378				1,031,966
Building & Improvements	33,254,487		273,485		-	_	33,527,972
Machinery & Equipment	8,719,072		1,130,845			118,959	9,730,957
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	41,973,559	-	1,404,330			118,959	43,258,930
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	22,971,364		1,775,995		_	116,494	24,630,865
Total Capital Assets	19,002,195	-	(371,666)	-		2,465	18,628,065
Being Depreciated - Net Total Capital Assets - Net	\$ 19,888,783	- \$	(226,288)	- \$		\$ 2,465	\$ 19,660,030

6. Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures, or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund, or expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. Nonrecurring or non-routine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

7. Employee Retirement System

Description of Plan

The District participates in the state-administered Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, which is a cost sharing, multipleemployer defined benefit public employee retirement system (PERS), which is administered by the Board of Trustees of the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System (the "System"). The System provides retirement and disability benefits, annual costof-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Title 70 Section 17 of the Oklahoma Statutes establishes benefit provisions and may be amended only through legislative action.

The Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, P.O. Box 53624, Oklahoma District, OK 73152 or by calling 405-521-2387.

Basis of Accounting

The System's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting, except for accruals of interest income. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when paid. The pension benefit obligation is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits. This pension valuation method reflects the present value of estimated pension benefits that will be paid in future years as a result of employee services performed to date and is adjusted for the effect of projected salary increases. There are no actuarial valuations performed on individual school districts. The System has an under-funded pension benefit obligation as determined as part of the latest actuarial valuation.

Funding Policy

The District, the State of Oklahoma, and the participating employees make contributions. The contribution rates for the District and its employees are established by and may be amended by Oklahoma Statutes. The rates are not actuarially determined. The rates are applied to the employee's earnings plus employer-paid fringe benefits. The required contribution for the participating members is 7.0% of compensation. Additionally, OTRS receives "federal matching contributions" for positions whose funding comes from federal sources or certain grants. The District and State are required to contribute 14.0% of applicable compensation. Contributions received by the System from the State of Oklahoma are from 3.54% of its revenues from sales tax use taxes, corporate income taxes and individual income taxes. The District contributed 9.5% and the State of Oklahoma plus the federal contribution contributed the remaining 4.5% during this year. The District is allowed by the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System to make the required contributions on behalf of the participating members. The school is required to pay 16.5% for any compensated retired teachers already receiving retirement benefits.

Annual Pension Cost

The Center's total contributions for 2024, 2023, and 2022, were \$1,267,651.77, \$1,191,998, and \$1,102,145, respectively. The Center's total payroll for fiscal year 2023-2024 amounted to \$12,650,318.63.

Employee Retirement System (continued)

On Behalf Contributions

The State of Oklahoma makes retirement contributions each year for teachers employed by Oklahoma School Districts. The contribution amounts are based on the teacher's years of service and amounts paid are prescribed by O.S. 70 Section 17-108.2 subsection A. During fiscal year 2023-2024, the State of Oklahoma's contribution was \$89,426. The Center recognized revenue and expenditures of this amount in the 2023-2024 financial statements.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024, the center reported a liability of \$16,565,865 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2023. The center's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the center's contributions received by the pension plan relative to the total contributions received by pension plan for all participating employers as of June 30, 2024. Based upon this information, the center's proportion was .22957141% percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the Center recognized pension expense of \$1,261,466. At June 30, 2024, the school district reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected			
and actual experience	\$	270,120	\$ 322,355
Changes of assumptions		672,620	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension			
plan investments		1,158,620	-
Changes in proportion		1,058,693	1,125,546
Center contributions during the measurement date		-	198,858
System contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,261,466	
Total	\$ _	4,421,519	\$ 1,646,759

Employee Retirement System (continued)

Deferred pension outflows totaling \$1,261,466 resulting from the center's contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. The deferred outflows resulting from the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be recognized in pension expense over five years. The deferred inflows resulting from differences between expected and actual experience will be recognized in pension expense over five years using the average expected remaining service life of the plan participants.

The average expected remaining life of the plan participants is determined by taking the calculated total future service years of the plan participants divided by the number of people in the Plan including retirees. The total future service years of the plan participants are estimated at 5.40 years at June 30, 2023, and are determined using the mortality, termination, retirement and disability assumptions associated with the Plan.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended,						
2025	\$603,611					
2026	(327,753)					
2027	1,520,853					
2028	(192,460)					
2029	(90,957)					
	1,513,294					

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> – The total pension liability as of June 30, 2024, was determined based on an actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2023, using the following actuarial assumptions:

- Actuarial Cost method-Entry Age Normal
- Inflation 2.25 percent
- Future Ad Hoc Cost-of-Living Increases-None
- Salary Increases-Composed of 2.25 percent wage inflation, plus .75 percent productivity increase rate, plus steprate promotional increase for members with less than 25 years of service.
- Investment Rate of Return-7.00 percent
- Retirement Age-Experience-based table of rates based on age, service, and gender. Adopted by the Board in July 2020 in conjunction with the five-year experience study for the period ending June 30, 2019.
- Mortality rates after retirement-Males & Females: 2020 GRS Southwest Region Teacher Mortality table. Generational mortality improvements with the Ultimate MP scales are projected from the Year 2020.
- Mortality rates for Active Members-PUB-2010 Teachers Activity Mortality Table. Generation Mortality improvements in accordance with the Ultimate MP scales are projected from the Year 2010.

Employee Retirement System (continued)

The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic expected real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2024, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return		
Domestic Equity	43.5%	4.3%		
International Equity	19.0%	5.2%		
Fixed Income	22.0%	0.4%		
Real Estate*	9.0%	4.3%		
Alternative Assets	6.5%	6.5%		
Total	100.00%			

*The Real Estate total expected return is a combination of US Direct Real Estate (unleveraged) and US Value added Real Estate (unleveraged).

<u>Discount rate</u> – A single discount rate of 7.00% was used to measure the total pension liability as of June 30, 2023. This single discount rate was based solely on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00%. The projection of cash flows also assumed that the State's contribution plus the matching contributions will remain a constant percent of projected member payroll based on the past 5 years of actual contributions. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Center's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the Center's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the Center's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease <u>(6.00%)</u>	Current Discount Rate <u>(7.00%)</u>	1% Increase <u>(8.00%)</u>
Center's proportionate share of the net pension			
liability	<u>\$ 23,913,844</u>	<u>\$ 16,556,865</u>	<u>\$ 10,466,402</u>

Pension plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report that can be obtained at <u>http://www.ok.gov/trs/</u> or by writing to the Oklahoma Teachers Retirement System, P.O. Box 53624, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73152 or by calling 405-521-2387.

8. Other Post-Employment Benefits OPEB

<u>Plan Description</u> – The District as the employer, participates in the Supplemental Health Insurance Program – a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the Oklahoma Teachers Retirement System (OTRS). Title 74 O. S. Sec. 1316.3 defines the health insurance benefits. The authority to establish and amend benefit provisions rests with the State Legislature. OTRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <u>www.ok.gov/OTRS</u>

<u>Benefits Provided</u> – OTRS pays a medical insurance supplement to eligible members who elect to continue their employer provided health insurance. The supplement payment is between \$100 and \$105 per month, remitted to the Oklahoma Management Enterprise Services Employees Group Insurance Division, provided the member has ten (10) years of Oklahoma service prior to retirement.

<u>Contributions</u> – Employer and employee contributions are made based upon the TRS Plan provisions contained in Title 70, as amended. However, the statutes do not specify or identify any particular contribution source to pay the health insurance subsidy. Based on the contribution requirements of Title 70 employers and employees contribute a single amount based on a single contribution rate as described in Note 6 from this amount OTRS allocates a portion of the contributions to the supplemental health insurance program. The cost of the supplemental health insurance program averages 1.5% of normal cost, as determined by an actuarial valuation.

<u>OPEB Liabilities (Assets), OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB</u> At June 30, 2024, the District reported an asset of \$108,220 for its proportionate share of the new OPEB asset. The net OPEB asset was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total OPEB asset used to calculate the net OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023. The District's proportion of the net OPEB asset was based on the District's contributions received by the OPEB plan relative to the total contributions received by the OPEB plan for all participating employers as of June 30, 2024. Based upon this information, the District's proportion was 0.204857% percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$6,186. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 27,017
Changes of assumption Changes of assumption	19,484	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB		
plan investments	25,565	-
Changes in proportion	1,293	5,223
Contributions during measurement date	16,233	5,453
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	6,186	-
Total	\$ 69,762	\$ 37,694

OPEB (continued)

The \$6,186 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability (asset) in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2025	\$2,454
2026	(8,061)
2027	34,895
2028	(1,791)
2029	(1,176)
Thereafter	(441)
Total	25,882

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> – The total OPEB liability (asset) as of June 30, 2024, was determined based on an actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2023, using the following actuarial assumptions:

- Actuarial Cost method Entry Age Normal
- Inflation 2.25%
- Future AD HOC Cost of Living Increases- None
- Salary Increases-Composed of 2.25% wage inflation, plus 75 percent productivity increase rate, plus step-rate promotional increases for members with less than 25 years of service.
- Investment Rate of Return-7.00%
- Retirement Age-Experience-based table of rates based on age, service, and gender. Adopted by the Board in July 2020 in conjunction with the five-year experience study for the period ending June 30, 2019
- Mortality Rates after Retirement Males & Females: 2020 GRS Southwest Region Teacher Mortality Table. Generational mortality improvements in accordance with the Ultimate MP Scales are projected from 2020.
- Mortality Rates for Active Members PUP -2010 Teachers Activity Employee Mortality Table.
 Generational Mortality Improvements in accordance with the Ultimate MP Scales are projected from the year 2010.
- Due to the nature of the benefit, health care trend rates are not applicable to the calculation of contribution rates.

100.00%

Asset Class	Target Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	43.5%	4.3%
International Equity	19.0%	5.2%
Fixed Income	22.%	.4%
Real Estate*	9.0%	4.3%
Alternative Assets	6.5%	6.5%

Total	
-------	--

* The Real Estate total expected return is a combination of US Direct Real Estate (unleveraged) and US Value added Real Estate (unleveraged).
GREAT PLAINS TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 9 COMANCHE COUNTY, OKLAHOMA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

OPEB (continued)

<u>Discount Rate</u> – A single discount rate of 7.00% was used to measure the total OPRB liability (asset) as of June 30, 2024. This single discount rate was based solely on the expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 7.00%. Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were projected to be available to finance all projected future payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability (asset). The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory levels and remain a level percentage of payrolls. The projection of cash flows also assumed that the State's contribution plus the matching contributions will remain a constant percentage of projected member payroll based on the past five years of actual contributions.

<u>Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate</u> – The following presents the net OPEB liability (asset) of the employer calculated using the discount rate of 7.0%, as well as what the Plan's net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point higher (8.0%) that the current rate:

	_	1% Decrease (6.0%)	Current Discount Rate (7.0%)	 1% Increase (8.0%)
Employer's Net OPEB Liability (asset)	\$ _	(10,934)	\$ (108,220)	\$ (190,483)

<u>OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u> – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report of the OTRS; which can be located at <u>www.ok.gov/OTRS</u>.

9. Non-Current Debt

The Center's non-current debt consisted of compensated absences. Compensated absences represent the estimated liability for employees' accrued vacation for which employees are entitled to be paid upon termination. The retirement of this liability is paid from the General Fund or Building Fund based upon the assignment of the employee at termination. The government-wide statements reflect the total estimated liability of the compensated absences in the Statement of Net Position. In the Statement of Activities, the compensated absences are recognized as expenses when earned.

Noncurrent liabilities consist of compensated absences that are due in more than a year. A summary of changes in noncurrent liabilities follows:

	_	Balance July 1, 2023	Additions	Retirements		Balance June 30, 2024
Compensated Absences	\$	318,109	\$ 	\$ 2,657	\$	315,452
Total	\$	318,109	\$ _	\$ 2,657		
Less: Amounts Due within One Year	-					12,162
Total Long-Term Debt					\$.	303,290

GREAT PLAINS TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 9 COMANCHE COUNTY, OKLAHOMA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

10. Capital Lease Commitments

The Center had no capital lease commitments at June 30, 2024.

11. Litigation

The Center is contingently liable for lawsuits and other claims in the ordinary course of its operations. The settlement of such contingencies under the budgetary process would require appropriation of revenues yet to be realized and would not materially affect the financial position of the Center at June 30, 2024.

12. Contingent Liabilities

The Center receives significant financial assistance from the United States government in the form of grants and other federal assistance. Entitlement to the resources is generally conditioned upon compliance with terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of the resources for eligible purposes. Substantially all grants are subject to financial and compliance audits by the grantors. Any disallowances as a result of these audits become a liability of the Center. The Center estimates that no material liabilities will result from such audits.

13. Risk Management

Insurance Coverage

The Center purchases commercial insurance policies covering property casualty loss, public liability, school board member, and administrator liability.

The Center participates in the Oklahoma Public Schools Unemployment Compensation Account under the sponsorship of the Oklahoma State School Boards Association and the cooperative council for Oklahoma School Administration. The account was established to let school districts self-insure unemployment benefits for school employees. The funds are held in the name of each school district as reserves to pay unemployment claims. Each school district is individually liable for that portion of the benefits paid from the fund attributable to wages paid by the school district in the same manner as if no group account had been established. The reserve funds may be withdrawn from the account upon request of the school district. At June 30, 2024, the Great Plains Technology Center had reserves on deposit with the Oklahoma Public Schools Unemployment Compensation Accounting totaling \$11,620.. This amount has been shown as prepaid insurance on the financial statements.

14. Surety Bonds

The Superintendent is bonded by Travelers Casualty and Surety Company, bond number 107160725 for the penal sum of \$100,000 for the term of September 26, 2023, to September 25, 2024.

The Deputy Superintendent is bonded by Travelers Casualty and Surety Company, bond number 107640649 for the penal sum of \$100,000 for the term of July 1, 2023, to June 30, 2024.

The Director of Finance is bonded by Travelers Casualty and Surety Company, bond number 107346909 for the penal sum of \$100,000 for the term of November 12, 2023, to November 11, 2024.

The Accountant is bonded by Travelers Casualty and Surety Company, bond number 107160716 for the penal sum of \$100,000 for the term of September 26, 2023, to September 25, 2024.

The Accounts Payable clerk is bonded by Travelers Casualty and Surety Company, bond number 107708316 for the penal sum of \$100,000 for the term of September 6, 2023, to September 5, 2024.

The Treasurer is bonded by Travelers Casualty and Surety Company, bond number 107677297 for the penal sum of \$100,000 for the term of July 28, 2023, to July 27, 2024.

GREAT PLAINS TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 9 COMANCHE COUNTY, OKLAHOMA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

15. Tax Abatement

The State of Oklahoma has authorized by Oklahoma Statute 62-850, the creation of tax increment financing (TIF) districts. These districts are intended to provide incentives and exemptions form taxation within certain areas to encourage investment, development, and economic growth. The City of Lawton has created a TIF district. This TIF district reduces the ad valorem taxes reimitted to the Center over the term of the agreements.

Oklahoma Statute Title 31 offers a homestead exemption of up to 1 acre of property in an urban area or 160 acres in a rural area. These homestead and other exemptions reduce the ad valorem taxes by \$1,504,313 that was remitted to the Center.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, abated property taxes from the TIF districts were \$338,665.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GREAT PLAINS TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 9 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	C	Driginal Budget	_	Final Budget	_	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Fund balances, beginning of year	\$	5,718,496	\$	5,718,496	\$	5,718,496	\$ -
Revenues collected: Local sources Intermediate sources State sources Federal sources	\$	11,688,948 - 7,495,665 1,074,165	\$	11,688,948 - 7,495,665 1,074,165	\$	13,938,288 - 7,527,562 1,152,836	\$ 2,249,340 - 31,897 78,671
Total revenues collected	\$_	20,258,778	\$_	20,258,778	\$_	22,618,686	\$ 2,359,908
Expenditures paid: Instruction Support services Non-instructional services Facilities Acquisition & Construction Other outlays Other uses Repayments	\$	14,076,117 10,098,067 783,000 255,000 106,590 642,500 16,000	\$	14,076,117 10,098,067 783,000 255,000 106,590 642,500 16,000	\$	11,256,646 8,710,676 606,251 162,450 65,089 591,714 14,015	\$ 2,819,471 1,387,391 176,749 92,550 41,501 50,786 1,985
Total expenditures paid	\$_	25,977,274	\$_	25,977,274	\$_	21,406,841	\$ 4,570,433
 Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenses paid before adjustments to prior year encumbrances Adjustments to prior year encumbrances Other financing sources (uses): Operating transfers in/out Bank charges Total other financing sources (uses) 	\$_	<u>-</u>	\$_		\$ \$ \$	6,930,341 117,512 - - -	\$ 6,930,341
Cash fund balance, end of year					\$ =	7,047,853	
Reconciliation of budgetary fund basis fund ba Cash Fund Balance, end of year Accounts receivable not recognized as reve Prepaid insurance is expensed on budgetar Expenses not recognized in budgetary basis Inventory is expensed on budgetary basis Expenses not recognized in GAAP basis GAAP fund balance, end of year	nue y ba		und	palance:	\$ 	7,047,853 519,413 11,620 (278,313) 21,255 274,195 7,596,023	

GREAT PLAINS TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 3 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (BUDGETARY BASIS) BUILDING FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	0	Driginal Budget	: -	Final Budget	_	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Fund balances, beginning of year	\$	8,455,862	\$	8,455,862	\$	8,455,862	\$ -
Revenues collected: Local sources Intermediate sources State sources Federal sources	\$	4,411,077 - - -	\$	4,411,077 - - -	\$	7,468,948 - 2 -	\$ 3,057,871 - 2 -
Total revenues collected	\$_	4,411,077	\$_	4,411,077	\$	7,468,950	\$ 3,057,873
Expenditures paid: Instruction Support services Non-instructional services Facilities Acquisition & Construction Service Capital outlay Other outlays Other uses Total expenditures paid	\$ es 	974,388 3,846,753 - 8,045,000 798 - - 12,866,939	\$ 	974,388 3,846,753 - 8,045,000 798 - - 12,866,939	\$ 	1,020 3,174,690 - 672,607 798 - - 3,849,115	\$ 973,368 672,063 - 7,372,393 - - - 9,017,824
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenses paid before adjustments to prior year encumbrances	\$_		\$_		\$_	12,075,697	\$ 12,075,697
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances					\$_	54,720	
Cash fund balance, end of year					\$ =	12,130,417	
Reconciliation of budgetary basis fund balance Cash fund balance, end of year Accounts receivable not recognized as reve Expenses not recognized in budgetary basis Expenses not recognized in GAAP basis (re GAAP fund balance, end of year	enue s		balar	ice:	\$ 	12,130,417 149,417 (87,476) 155,251 12,347,609	

GREAT PLAINS TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 9 COMANCHE COUNTY, OKLAHOMA SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET FENSION LIABILITY OKLAHOMA TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS* FOR THE YEAR END JUNE 30, 2024
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		2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
School's Proportion of the netpension liability	0	0.24900000%	0.24380000%	0.23870000%	0.23520000%	0.22050000%	0.21510000%	0.21304398%	0.20462468%	0.22957141%	0.21484356%
School's proportionate share of the net pension liability \$	•	13,398,512	14,802,419	20,000,683	15,575,280	13,326,076	14,236,913	20,218,370	10,455,921	18,846,387 \$	16,556,865
School's covered-employee payroll \$		10,312,372	10,277,899	9,835,336	9,631,157	10,208,102	10,369,368	10,166,706	11,109,537	11,971,058 \$	12,650,319
School's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of tis covered- employee payroll		130%	144%	203%	162%	131%	137%	199%	94%	157%	131%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension fiability		72.43%	70.31%	62.24%	69.32%	72.74%	71.56%	63.47%	80.80%	70.05%	72.57%
*The amounts present for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30th.	d as of ,	June 30th.									
Note to Schedule.							-				

Note to Schedule:

Information to present a 10 year history is not readily available.

GREAT PLAINS TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 9 COMANCHE COUNTY, OKLAHOMA SCHEDULE OF THE COUTRIBUTIONS OKLAHOMA TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS FOR THE YEAR END JUNE 30, 2024

2024	1,261,466	1,261,466	L	12,650,319	9.50%
2023	1,191,998 \$	1,191,998	6 1	11,971,058 \$	9.50%
2022	1,102,145 \$	1,102,145	6 7 1	11,109,537 \$	9.50%
2021	965,837 \$	965,837	ю '	10,166,706 \$	9.50%
2020	\$ 060'586	985,090	Ф	10,369,368 \$	9.50%
2019	\$ 008,699	969,800	ن	10,208,102 \$	9.50%
2018	914,960 \$	914,960	۵ ۱	9,631,157 \$	9.50%
2017	934,357 \$	934,357	6 7 1	9,835,336 \$	9.50%
2016	976,400 \$	976,400	نه ۱	10,277,889 \$	9.50%
	\$		θ	Φ	
	Contractually required contribution	Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	Contribution deficiency (excess)	School's covered-employee payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll

Notes to Schedule: Information to present a 10 year history is not readily available

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GREAT PLAINS TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 9 COMANCHE COUNTY, OKLAHOMA SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SLARE OF THE NET OFEB LIABILITY (ASSET) SUPPLEMENTAL HEALTH INSURANCE PROGRAMS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARE (DOLLAR AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS) LAST TEN FISCAL YEAR END JUNE 30, 2024

		FOR THE YE	FOR THE YEAR END JUNE 30, 2024	2024								
	1	2018	2019	l	2020		2021	2022		2023	2024	1
District's portion of the net OPEB liability (asset)		0.23523752%	0.22048029%	-	0.21512400%	0.2	0.21304390%	0.20462100%	0.20	0.20462100%	0.21485700%	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	ю	(104,902) \$	(142,486)	ф	(133,017)	"	(21,311)	(260,627) \$	40	(89,504) \$	(108,220)	~
Districts covered payroll	Ь	9,631,157 \$	10,208,102	ь	10,369,368	€9	10,166,706	11,109,537 \$		11,971,058 \$	12,650,319	
District's proportionate share of the new OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its Covered-employee payroll		1.08%	1.39%		1.28%		0.21%	2.35%		0.75%	0.86%	. 0
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability (asset)		110.40%	115.40%		115.07%		102.30%	129.91%		110.31%	112.01%	
*The amount present for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30												
Notes to Schedule:												

Information to present a 10 year history is not readily available.

GREAT PLAINS TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 9 COMANCHE COUNTY, OKLAHOMA SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS SUPPLEMENTAL HEALTH INSURANCE PROGRAMS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (DOLLAR AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS) FOR THE YEAR END JUNE 30, 2024

Contractually required contribution
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution
Contribution deficiency (excess)
District's covered payroll

6,186	ł	12,650,319 0.05%
157	۳ ۲	1,058 \$ 0.10%
12,457		11,971,0 0.1
•	⇔	ф
2,546	1	10,166,706 \$ 11,109,537 \$ 11,971,058 \$ 0.15% 0.15% 0.10%
	ω.	⇔
1,949	r	10,166,706 0.15%
,	ω"	б
1,888	1	10,369,368 0.15%
	ω	\$
6,422	1	10,208,102 \$ 0.15%
	₩	θ
15,321		9,631,157 \$ 0.15%
	↔	\$

2024 6,186

ю

2023 12,457

2022 2,546 \$

2021 1,949 \$

1,888 \$

2019 6,422 \$

ω

2018 15,321

ю

2020

Notes to Schedule: Information to present a 10 year history is not readily available.

Contributions as a percentage of covered-payroll

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SUPPORTING SCHEDULES

	Balance at June 30, 2024					I	•	•	'		ı	·	(17,180)	(17,180)			37,360	37,360	20,180
	B Expenditures Jui				485,839 \$	560	3,874	490,273 \$	490,273 \$		318,922 \$	43,632	144,548	507,102 \$			8,996 \$	8,996 \$	1,006,371 \$
	Revenue				622,903 \$	560	3,674	626,577 \$	627,137 \$		332,461 \$	43,632	139,202	515,295 \$			8,996 \$	8,996 \$	1,151,428 \$
	Balance at July 1, 2023				(137,064) \$	I	200	(136,864) \$	(136,864) \$		(13,539) \$	ı	(11,834)	(25,373) \$			37,360 \$	37,360 \$	(124,877) \$
NO. 9 NDED 4	m r				↔			\$	ф		\$			θ			\$	φ	φ
GREAT PLAINS TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 9 SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDED FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024	Grantor's Number				P063P233374	P063Q223374	P007A225109				N/A	N/A	N/A				SLFRP464		
	Federal Assistance Listing Number				84.063	84.063	84.077		Sub-Total		84.048	12.002	84.002				93.498		
	Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	U.S. Department of Education	Direct Programs:	*Financial Aid Cluster	PELL	PELL Admin	Supplemental Education Opportunity	Sub-Total Financial Aid Cluster	U.S. Dept of Education Direct Programs Sub-Total	Passed-Through State Department of Career and Technology Education	Carl Perkins	Bid Assistance	WIOA Education & Literacy	Sub-Total	U.S. Department of Treasury	Passed-Through State Department of Career and Technology Education	* ARPA-Nursing Project	Sub-Total	TOTAL FEDERAL ASSISTANCE

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

* Major Program

39

GREAT PLAINS TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 9 COMANCHE COUNTY, OKLAHOMA NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Note A: Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Great Plains Technology Center No. 9 under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 US. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements/or Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Great Plains Technology Center No.9 it is not intended to and does not present the basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents of Great Plains Technology Center No. 9.

Note B: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on using the accrual basis of accounting. Some amounts presented in the schedule may differ from amounts presented in or used in the preparation of the basic financial statements. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, where certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited to reimbursement.

Note C: Indirect Cost Rate

Great Plains Technology Center No. 9 has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note D: Subrecipients

Great Plains Technology Center No. 9 did not have any awards that have been passed through to subrecipients.

GREAT PLAINS TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 9 SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Activities	Balance 7-1-23	_	Revenue		Net Transfers/ Adjustments		Expenditures	_	Balance 6-30-24
Administrative Expense \$	_	\$	22,024	\$	_	\$	22,024	\$	_
All School	3,765	Ψ	1,968	Ŷ	_	Ŧ	1,556	•	4,177
HVAC Activity-K. Gibson	3,964		1,693		_		1,390		4,267
Collision Repair Act-Josey	8,665		864		-		2,824		6,705
Automotive Tech Activity Whitaker	1,275		1,032		-		1,176		1,131
Video Productions-D. Tibbs	25		2,401		-		1,452		974
Hospitality Services-Hanefield	9,256		5,089		-		6,217		8,128
Board of Ed Reimbursement	-,		7,607		-		7,607		-
Book Resale	-		145,732		-		145,732		-
Rental Income	-		90,944		-		90,944		-
3D Animator Activity- Alexander	616		892		-		1,252		256
Carpentry Activity-Snodgrass	4,265		169		-		145		4,289
Concession	50,958		16,043		-		12,369		54,632
Information Tech. Services-Standridg	2,002		492		-		633		1,861
E-Sport Activity	300		13		-		-		313
Electrician Activity-Klein	682		22		-		185		519
EDC Activity	9,541		1,906		-		3,203		8,244
First Robotics Activity	255		44		-		-		299
Family Life Fund	12,021		5,597		-		7,325		10,293
Network Tech. AssocN. Alexander	1,704		70		-		-		1,774
BPA	1,606		82		-		-		1,688
Culinary Arts Grant-Seibold	-		231,814		-		231,814		-
Culinary Arts Special	-		4,026		-		4,026		-
Digital Graph./PhotogCraddoc	3,990		2,047		-		1,444		4,593
FCCLA	5,563		11,397		-		9,780		7,180
Nursing Assistant-Grant/Henry	2,304		2,161		-		2,036		2,429
LP Carpentry/Snodgrass	-		105		-		105		-
LP Digital Grap/Photog. Craddoc	-		192		-		192		-
LLP Welding-A. Littau	-		560		-		560		-
Leadership Class Activity	9		-		-		-		9
Lewis Ed. Endowment	4,622		189		-		-		4,811
Construction Trade Act-Biggs	2,507		4,321		-		2,413		4,415
Medical Office Asst. ActMetzger	1,448		66		-		267		1,247
Cyber Security-Robinson	756		817		-		1,346		227
Now Account	-		168		-		168		-
PN Hosa Daytime Flex	1,046		42		-		-		1,088
Criminal Justice-C. Martin	2,612		366		-		990 564		1,988
Pre-Engineering ActM. Brown	961		569		-		564		966
PN FT Tuition	-		48,908		-		48,900 345		8 1,642
PN HOSA	1,925		62		-		340		966
Respiratory Care ActReid	933		33		-		-		900

(continued)

GREAT PLAINS TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 9 SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

			Net		
Activities	Balance 7-1-23	Revenue	Transfers/ Adjustments	Expenditures	Balance 6-30-24
Respiratory Therapy Fees-Reid		4,132	_	4,132	
Radiologic Fees-Baxter	_	12,616		12,616	-
PN Fees	-	22,771		22,771	-
Adult Career Development	-	295,111		295,111	-
SW OK Vex Robotics	5,922	1,261		1,296	5,887
Summer School	-	14,857		14,857	0
Surgical Tech. ActRocha	1,771	1,295		894	2,172
Surgical Tech. Tuition-Rocha	-	13,569		13,569	-
Surgical Tech. Fees-Rocha	-	3,488		3,488	-
Full Time Tuition	-	255,398	-	255,398	-
Skills USA	1,701	550		655	1,596
Radiologic Activity-Baxter	4,218	2,054		1,057	5,215
Technology Student Assoc.	924	862	-	203	1,583
Welding Activity-Littau	3,802	1,903	-	447	5,258
Frederick Health Careers	537	1,835	-	2,046	326
Frederick Board of Education Reimb.	-	330		330	-
Frederick Book Resale	-	3,412	-	3,412	-
Frederick Multimedia	2,017	1,018	-	654	2,381
Frederick Concession	3,926	16,101	-	13,905	6,122
Frederick Welding Activity	2,258	2,164		159	4,263
Frederick Adult Career Develop	-	8,456		8,456	-
Frederick Skills USA	63	2		-	65
Frederick Carpentry- B. Smith	1,191	147		-	1,338
Frederick Full-Time Tuition	-	3,304		3,304	-
Frederick Cosmetology Services	-	648	-	648	-
Frederick Cosmetology	1,984	1,880) –	902	2,962
Frederick PN HOSA	616	23	; -	55	584
Staff Function Account	516	12,289) –	11,651	1,154
Biomedical Sci & Med-Schelct	2,365	968	; -	1,310	2,023
Teacher Prep-K. Brock	2,160	3,739) –	3,342	2,557
Vex Robotics	3,199	3,667		3,168	3,698
Wellness & Fitness Fund	45	2		-	47
Score Class Activity	693	29) -	-	722
GPT FDN Scholarship	63,179	122,104	+ -	115,444	69,839
Merchandise Account	-	3,801		1,498	2,303
Total Activities \$	242,663	\$ 1,428,312	2 \$ -	\$ 1,407,762	\$ 263,213
Less:					
Transfers to General Fund		(1,160,378	3)	(1,160,378)	
Total Activities \$	242,663	\$267,934	<u> </u>	\$247,384	\$263,213

REPORTS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Patten & Odom, CPAs, PLLC

2101 N. Willow Ave. Broken Arrow, OK 74012 Phone Number 918.250.8838 FAX Number 918.250.9853

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Board of Education Great Plains Technology Center No. 9 Comanche County, Oklahoma

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Great Plains Technology Center No. 9, Comanche County, Oklahoma (Center), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Center's financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 13, 2025.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Center's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Center's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Center's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Center's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Fatter & Odom, CHAS Patter & Odom, CPAS, PLLC

Patten & Odom, CPAs, PL Broken Arrow, OK January 13, 2025

Patten & Odom, CPAs, PLLC

2101 N. Willow Ave. Broken Arrow, OK 74012 Phone Number 918.250.8838 FAX Number 918.250.9853

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE; AND REPORT ON SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

The Honorable Board of Education Great Plains Technology Center No. 9 Comanche County, Oklahoma

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Great Plains Technology Center No. 9's (the Center) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Center's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. The Center's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Center complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Center and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Center's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Center's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Center's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Center's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- •Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Center's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- •Obtain an understanding of the Center's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Center's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiency in *internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiency in *internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiency in *internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiency in *internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiency in *internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance (cont.)

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion was expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Center as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively compose the Center's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated January 13, 2025, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditure of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Patter & Odom, CRAS

Patten & Odom, CPAs, PLLC Broken Arrow, OK January 13, 2025

GREAT PLAINS TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 9 COMANCHE COUNTY, OKLAHOMA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

A. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on the basic financial statements of Great Plains Technology Center.
- 2. There were no audit findings reported as a deficiency in internal control, which the auditor considers to be "significant deficiencies" as defined in A.I.C.P.A. standards.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of Great Plains Technology Center which would be required to be reported in accordance with Government Auditing Standards were disclosed in the audit.
- 4. There were no audit findings reported of deficiencies in internal control over major programs, which the auditor considers to be "significant deficiencies" as defined by A.I.C.P.A. standards.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs for Great Plains Technology Center expresses an unmodified opinion on all major federal programs.
- 6. There were no audit findings relative to major federal award programs for Great Plains Technology Center that are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance.
- 7. The programs tested as major programs included: PELL and PELL Admin (84.063); Supplemental Education Opportunity (84.077); and ARPA Nursing Project (93.498).
- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Types A and B programs was \$750,000.00.
- 9. Great Plains Technology Center did qualify as a low-risk auditee.
- B. FINDINGS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT
 - 1. No matters were reported.
- C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT
 - 1. No matters were reported.

GREAT PLAINS TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 9 COMANCHE COUNTY, OKLAHOMA SUMMARY OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS JULY 1, 2023 TO JUNE 30, 2024

The summary of prior audit findings is required to report the status of all audit findings reported in the prior audit's schedule of findings and questioned costs relative to federal awards.

The Center had no prior year audit findings relative to federal award programs.

GREAT PLAINS TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 9 COMANCHE COUNTY, OKLAHOMA SCHEDULE OF COMMENTS JULY 1, 2023 TO JUNE 30, 2024

Based on our tests of accounting records and related procedures, we found nothing to indicate that Great Plains Technology Center No. 9 had not complied with significant compliance rules and regulations of the Oklahoma State Department of Career and Technology Education.

Previous Year's Audit Comments

There are no other items in the 2022-2023 audit report, which have been repeated in this report.

We would like to express our appreciation for the courtesies and cooperation extended to us by Center administrators and employees during the course of this audit.

GREAT PLAINS TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 9 COMANCHE COUNTY, OKLAHOMA SCHEDULE OF ACCOUNTANT'S PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY INSURANCE AFFIDAVIT JULY 1, 2023 TO JUNE 30, 2024

State of Oklahoma) County of Tulsa)

The undersigned auditing firm of lawful age, being first duly sworn on oath, says that said firm had in full force and effect Accountant's Professional Liability Insurance in accordance with the "Oklahoma Public School Audit Law" at the time of audit contract and during the entire audit engagement with Great Plains Technology Center for the audit year 2023-2024.

Patten & Odom, CPAs, PLLC AUDITING FIRM ΒY AUTHORIZED AGENT

Subscribed and sworn to before me on this

)25day of

a NOTARY PUBLIC

My commission expires on:

th day of September, 2027

ALICIA HAUGHT Notary Public, State of Oklahoma Commission # 23013029 My Commission Expires 09-26-2027