## ACT 34 HEARING

In Re:

Karns City School District Act 34 Public Hearing

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Verbatim record of hearing held at Chicora Elementary School, 205 Kittanning Street, Chicora, Pennsylvania, on Thursday, April 8, 2021 at 7:00 p.m.

## BOARD MEMBERS

Matt Bishop - President
Richael Barger-Anderson - Member
Jeff Hogan - Member
Charlie Johns - Member
Anita Orozco - Member
Robert Stiehler - Member
William Summerville - Member

## ALSO PRESENT:

Thomas May, Esquire - Solicitor
Eric Ritzert - Superintendent
Evan McGarvey - Business Manager
Alisha Henry - PNC Capital Markets
Anthony Colestock - Crabtree, Rohrbaugh



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# 1 PROCEEDINGS OF APRIL 8, 2021 2 BOARD PRESIDENT BISHOP: Good evening, everyone. 3 Can you guys hear me all right? 4 This is the time and place for the Act 34 meeting 5 to discuss the renovations here at Chicora Elementary 6 School. 7 There is a panel here that's going to review several different things that we've discussed. This has been something the School Board has been working on for 10 years. 11 Evan, can we have a roll call of the School Board 12 members that are present? 13 MR. McGARVEY: Mr. Bishop? 14 SCHOOL PRESIDENT BISHOP: Here. 15 MR. McGRAVEY: Dr. Barger-Anderson? 16 DR. BARGER-ANDERSON: Here. 17 MR. McGRAVEY: Mrs. Ealey? 18 (No response.) 19 MR. McGRAVEY: Mr. Hogan? 20 MR. HOGAN: Here. MR. McGRAVEY: Mr. Johns? 21 22 MR. JOHNS: Here. 23 MR. McGRAVEY: Dr. Orozco? DR. OROZCO: Here. 24 25 MR. McGRAVEY: Mr. Price?

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(No response.) 1 2 MR. McGRAVEY: Mr. Stiehler? 3 MR. STIEHLER: Here. MR. McGRAVEY: Mr. Summerville? MR. SUMMERVILLE: Here BOARD PRESIDENT BISHOP: Thank you. 6 I'm going to 7 turn the meeting over to our Solicitor, Mr. May 8 MR. MAY: All right. Good evening, ladies and Thank you all for coming to this hearing. 9 10 And what this is, it is commonly known as an Act 34 hearing. 11 12 Before the school district finally moves ahead on 13 a construction project to build a new addition or 14 renovate a school, it is required under law to have this 15 hearing. 16 The purpose of the hearing is to allow the public 17 to comment and inform the public precisely of what the 18 school district is planning and the costs involved, and 19 we have panelists here tonight to do that. 20 And the purpose of this hearing specifically is 21 to establish the need for the project by reviewing 22 events leading to the Board's consideration; to review 23 the various options considered by the Board prior to its 24 decision; to describe the construction elements proposed

to meet the educational program that serves as the basis

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for the project under consideration; to present the estimated construction costs, total project costs, indirect costs, and the financial needs and estimates of the local tax impact of the project; and to provide citizens and residents an opportunity to offer comments and written testimony concerning the project.

As a result, the public is invited to comment or ask any questions that you would like, and we have specifically set aside a part of the agenda for public comments and questions, which will happen after the presentation is made.

And I would like to state for the record, this hearing is being transcribed, so anything that anybody says tonight will be put into a published record and that record will be available on the district website after the hearing. I'm now sure how long that is going to take, but...

DR. RITZERT: It will probably take several days to capture everything. The stenographer is here. And once we get the report, we will post it to the website.

MR. MAY: I would like to state notice of this hearing was given in accordance with Act 34 of 1973 and notice was specifically published in the Leader Times on March 13th, March 20th, and March 27th of this year and it was published in the Butler Eagle on March 15th and

March 22nd of this year. Only one publication is actually required, but the Board went above its call of duty in that respect.

In addition, notice of this hearing has been posted on the website in excess of 30 days.

A description of the project has also been available on the website, and I believe that was posted March 25th, so it's been more than 30 days.

The public has had an opportunity to submit written comments and questions to the school district up until the cutoff date, which was yesterday at noontime. So the public has had in excess of 30 days to submit comments and questions.

In addition, the public can also submit comments and questions for 30 days after this meeting. So if you don't ask anything or ask something that you forgot about or you forget a comment, you can submit those to the school district.

All right. That having been said and all the notice having been given in accordance with law, there was also an article in the Butler Eagle this morning, Thursday, April 8th, publicizing this meeting which gave the time at seven o'clock and that it was being held at the Chicora Elementary School and that the public had a right to make comments and questions. So that will be

made part of the record.

And I hope all of you got a copy of the packet that was at the front door which has the details of the project, and a copy of the packet has been available on the website for in excess of 30 days.

So, again, thank you for coming to the hearing tonight. I will now turn things over to Dr. Ritzert, the School District Superintendent.

DR. RITZERT: I guess I start with a question -- can you hear or would you prefer the mic being used?

It's okay? Mic?

UNIDENTIFIED PERSON: Yeah, I would rather -- I can't hear you.

DR. RITZERT: Okay. A couple housekeeping things in addition to what the Solicitor indicated. At the end of the presentation, we will open it up to questions.

We did ask if you would sign-in or sign-up to speak; but being that there is not a large number of folks, if you haven't signed up, that's still okay. It was just meant to try to take the questions in order so that we can capture everyone's comments.

With that being said, I'm going to begin by giving sort of an overview of why we are here today and how we got here.

Some of this -- and I will start with back in

2011, the district initiated a feasibility study, which
we considered closing the Bruin Elementary School. We
took a look at all our school district, Bruin,
Sugarcreek, Chicora, and Karns City. That
feasibility... (inaudible.)

MR. MAY: Excuse me, Dr. Ritzert.

(Brief pause.)

DR. RITZERT: Test, test.

Okay. Andy and Johnson did that architecture -or did that feasibility study. It came to the
conclusion that our facilities would be in need of some
upgrades and updates to bring them up to educational
standards. It also included a demographic study in
which we looked at the population.

Back in the year 1995 -- and I look out and some of you were actually in school around '95 -- the school district had 2,045 students K through 12, 2,045.

Today, this year, just this week, our enrollment stands at 1,323 students, so that is a decline of 700 and some students.

So coupled with the age of our buildings, declining enrollment, which does look to decline a little bit further over the next five to ten years but declining less than it has in the past, we have an opportunity now to look at our school system and make a

decision about what we do about our school buildings and how we make a system that's efficient for the next five, 10, 20 years?

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A school is much like a house. You have to maintain it. It requires infusion of capital. And we are at the point where if we are going to spend money, we have to make a decision of what is in the best interest of the students, the parents, the taxpayers because one way or another, we are going to have to spend money on our school buildings.

And we believe that the plan we are going to present tonight is the most cost effective and most educationally sound plan.

I don't intend to kind of read the bullet points a lot, but I will let this up here.

In 2017, Canzian/Johnson, they were faced with that study. So, again, now we are looking closer at the status of our buildings, Sugarcreek, Chicora and Karns City. We do need to do work at all three schools if they are going to remain operational in the future.

So in looking at this, we are going to focus on enlarging this school, remodeling it, and consolidating Sugarcreek into this campus here and have one K-6 school.

That would leave two facilities, an elementary

and a secondary. The secondary building also is in need of renovation. That would be done subsequent to this project.

The enrollment, it is a little hard to see there, but the Pennsylvania Department of Education does an enrollment update and projection.

The bottom, which again is hard to see, goes out to the year 2029-2030. That is, obviously, a projection. They are looking at their best guess right now for our district to have 1,174 students, so a little under 1,200. So they are looking at another decline of, you know, give or take of about 100 students.

That is subject to change. Obviously, if some people would move in or if people that are here have more children, that number could be skewed a little bit.

But generally, the forecast that they come up with is fairly accurate, because they look at the amount of people that are moving in and moving out of the school district and are of childbearing age.

The educational benefits that we believe would be maintained by getting one campus -- now, this is not all encompassing but this is sort of summarizing a few of them. We believe that, obviously, it would better equalize class sizes.

Currently, because the K-6 students are in two

different buildings, you can have a section of -- you know, one school with 23, 24 kids in a grade level and 12 or 13 in the same grade level at the other school.

Now, that doesn't always happen; but when it does, it is often hard to balance. If they are all in the same school and the grade spans are together, you could more easily scale that.

If the grade is up a little bit in enrollment, we can hire a teacher, put another teacher in that grade level; or if it is down, we can reassign that teacher to a grade level that is, you know, obviously up. So the scalability becomes much easier to accomplish.

There are more opportunities for the staff to work collaboratively together, also professional development opportunities. They can be scheduled more easily.

And, you know, it's always the administrators and myself, one million times we tell teachers, "Oh, we need you to collaborate." We need to build time for them to do it. We need logistical ways for them to actually be physically able to do it, and getting on one campus will help make improvements in that ability.

The continuity and consistency from the elementary to the secondary, I don't see any (inaudible) teachers; but if they were here, I would probably take a

risk and ask them. Because if you talk to someone, sometimes there are discrepancies and not always -- it's not bad if there are differences between students that come from one school to the other, you know, whether it's math class or reading. Some of the kids have stronger abilities coming out of one school than the other.

We want to capitalize on trying to make things better for all the kids, giving them a more similar experience when they come from 6th grade to 7th grade.

It also, I think, will help the students, many of which play together in activities and sports outside of the school day, that don't have the ability to interact on a recurring, regular basis because they are coming from two schools. So it sort of forms that one elementary identity for the children.

We do think that there's, obviously, benefits for special education services. Obviously, you know, whether it's emotional support, autistic support, it's a lot easier to service students when you have them in one building.

And I don't mean that as just isolating the special education students. But if we have one elementary school, the resources that we provide for the diversity of the students' needs are, obviously, easier

to accommodate.

And gifted instruction, I think -- I know Mr.

MacKrell is not here, but I had conversations with him

and he looks forward to the opportunity to have the

district kids all together, where they collaborate on a

regular basis so that they can, you know, each support

their individual needs and do better with their

schooling.

The last is important as well. Obviously, I think the school system... (inaudible.) The acceleration is logistically sometimes challenging.

Being that we are on one campus here, if a student is -- and math is probably one of the more logical contents to look at. Say we were ready for a junior high level math but they are in elementary. We can have cohort students that are actually, you know, either being bused over to the high school to take a math class and then they could be bused right back afterwards or they could do virtual instruction from this location. Virtual can work from Sugarcreek as well.

But busing, physical transportation, is much more logistically possible from this facility to the high school, and that lends a lot more opportunities for students, particularly the gifted kids, to be able to

take some of the courses that they otherwise can't take to get into the secondary level.

The operational and physical benefits, obviously, you know, if we do a complete reno with a new building here, the upkeep and maintenance of the facility will be a little easier.

It will take, you know, less capital over the next few years after it is done. It will divert costs that won't be occurring on a regular basis because things will be new.

We intend to -- Anthony, the architect, will elaborate more, but we will engineer the spaces within the building more comfortable for the staff and the students, which translates to a better learning environment. So we will have air conditioning and individual heat so that it's not either 100 percent on or 100 percent off, where some of our buildings now, it is either too hot or too cold. So we will be able to do a little bitter job with that.

The school system will definitely be able to right-size itself. Probably the question that is most asked of staff or asked by staff and the community members is, "What is the going to happen to the employees?"

There will be less employees, that's a given.

But what I would cite is the district -- and I credit
this Board and previous Board members for looking at the
school district from a wholistic blend. When rooms
closed, no one was furloughed.

You know, so there is an opportunity for people to be reassigned to other positions. We carried some positions for you, too. We also, you know, looked at attritional productions, you know, when people look to retire.

So the opportunity for the School Board and administration to work collaboratively with the employees would be a factor to look at maybe some type of early retirement incentive so that the number of positions that we would need to free up could be done so appropriately.

That is always the subject of the School Board's approval, but I said that publicly. I said that to the staff for -- you know, previously. And I truly believe that philosophically, and I think we have a track record of doing that.

And as far as, you know, appropriately sized classrooms, the building that we are looking at and you will see here is built with some capacity and flexibility.

We are planning at least a kindergarten through

2nd grade to have five sections. Currently, enrollment for next year's kindergarten is slated -- right now, it is early, but it is approximately 60 students. So, we are down over even previous years.

Our elementary enrollment by grade level currently is no -- there's no grade level greater than approximately 94 kids. We are under 100 students in all of our grades.

So we believe that a newly renovated and large school would accommodate not only the current enrollment with similar class sizes than we would have on an average.

Now, if your child has a classroom of 12 students, yes, there would be -- I'm talking 18 to 22 students in the primary; and then that goes up to 20 to 24 students in sort of the middle grades; and then 22 -- or, I'm sorry, yeah, 22 to 26 in the intermediate.

Those are the class, we will say, guidelines that were adopted by the Board and the school district approximately 15 years ago. So the building would accommodate those types of classroom sizes.

The project execution, obviously, there is just, you know, some information on that; but it really hinges on looking at starting the project later on this calendar year and target completion in the summer of

2023. So that would be looking at this school opening to accommodate the students at Sugarcreek and Chicora with the fall of 2023.

So students that are in 3rd grade or lower currently would experience the new opening of the school. Third grade this year will be 6th grade when the building opens.

So anyone in 4th, 5th, or 6th currently would not experience the transition and/or benefits of the new school.

With that, I'm going to turn it over to Anthony
Colestock. Anthony is a primary principal architect who
works for Crabtree, Rohrbaugh. They, too, have helped
the administration come to the same conclusion as
Caznian/Johnson, so two independent architectural firms
guiding us to this point.

MR. COLESTOCK: Thank you, Dr. Ritzert.

So a lot of the things I'm going to go over -I'm going to be repeating a lot of the information Dr.
Ritzert provided to you. He has a little bit more
details in what's included in the project.

But before I do that, I'm going to review the options that the district considered. First, you will see on page 7, there is a spreadsheet that is included in your booklet. This is just a snapshot of the

district's existing facilities and pertinent information on the land that they occupy, how much land is in each facility, the year that they were built, the year the additions were put onto the schools, and then the student capacity.

Then you will see over on the right-hand column, with the proposed project of the additions or renovations at Chicora Elementary School, when this is complete, you will see what is going to happen to the rest of the facilities.

So in the summer of 2023 is when Sugarcreek would be vacated and closed prior to the opening of Chicora.

Now, at this time, there is no change to the high school and middle school.

So the options that the Board considered -- and as Dr. Ritzert mentioned, this was done where it started with a previous architectural firm and then we were hired in 2019.

We also reviewed those options, and there was a myriad of scenarios from just selectively renovating each of the schools, adding additions onto the schools, and even building new schools.

If you attended any of the community meetings, you'll see there was about ten options that the district reviewed; and from those ten, there were four that were

favored. It is a little bit hard to read, but if you go to page 8, it will show you what those four options were that the district considered.

The first one was just selective renovations to each of the schools, so this is bringing buildings up to the current construction standards, so AC replacement, window replacement, new roof, but it had no educational benefits. So there was no building additions onto any of the schools under option one.

Option two was to consolidate to one K-6 and do the additions and renovations at Chicora and close Sugarcreek and then do a renovation at the middle school and high school.

And then you will see option three and option four. Option three was a new elementary school located at the junior/senior high campus. It was a lone campus model.

And then option four was building a new junior/senior high school and then repurposing the existing junior/senior high school to a K-6 building.

So option two was selected because it had the educational benefits that option one did not have but it was within the budget -- the district's budget, which was exceeded in option three and option four.

So this was the option that the district selected

to move forward with. And the first phase is the additions/renovations at Chicora, and then the second phase would be those renovations to the junior/senior high school.

So if you turn to pages 9 and 10, there is a little bit more information on the building. Some of the highlights on here is that, as I mentioned, it is going to be a K-6 facility.

There is approximately 40,000 square feet that is being built onto the school. There is about probably roughly 2,000 square feet of the building that is going to be demolished. It is actually this area right out here. But overall, when it's all said and done, the project will be about 90,000 square feet.

You will see that there is some information regarding the site. You will also see that there is information regarding what educational program spaces are included.

Everything is in accordance with the Department of Education. We have met with the administration to help build that educational program and now we've got spaces that are needed.

We've also met with faculty to understand how they need to deliver their curriculum and set up the interior layouts for their classrooms.

You also see what renovations are being done to the existing building systems. So this will receive a new HVAC system. There are some new plumbing fixtures, new plumbing work.

There is going to be a fire suppression system that is included in the building. Currently, this building is not sprinklered. New light fixtures, electrical upgrades, all that stuff is included in there.

And then you also see what building code this project is being reviewed under. One thing to note under the 2015 International Building Code, one thing that is required for an educational facility, whether it's new or whether it's to be renovated, is that a portion of it is a tornado shelter for the occupants of the building. So we will get into that in a little bit, of that description, when we look at the drawings.

So it is a little hard for you to see, but this is the site plan, the proposed site plan. The drawings are not included in your booklet for security purposes.

But you will -- is there any way we can dim the lights?

(Brief pause.)

MR. COLESTOCK: So just to orient yourselves, the magenta or the purple color, that is the existing --

this is the existing school.

And you will see on this top right-hand corner, this is the gymnasium. And then the area that is shaded in blue -- if I can get the laser pointer to work. The area that is in blue, these are the proposed additions.

So we have an addition in the front of the gymnasium and this front wing. Right here is where the existing main entrance is. And then we have a classroom addition on this back wing.

So one of the things to improve the vehicular circulation and the students' safety and supervision is that we created a separate parent drop-off from a separate bus drop-off.

So you will see right here down, as you enter into the site, we have a driveway that is one-way that is coming in and it is also coming out.

At this loop right here, you come up through the site and the roundabout and then drive in front of the building. This is where parents will drop the students off.

So this is the new main entrance, which is adjacent to the administration. And then you would exit at this driveway, and then the buses will be dropping students off via this driveway around the back of the building and they will park in this area.

And the students from the bus, they will be entering into this portion of the building right outside the existing gymnasium.

But this area right here is the new main lobby, so that the students, even though they are entering into different sides of the building, one in the front, one in the back, they are entering into the same space.

Also included is for the buses to exit off of the site. There is an access drive to extend to Spring Street, and this is to prevent cross-circulation between buses and parents. It is to try to keep the vehiculars -- the vehicles separated from the buses.

And then you will see in this back area, this is new staff parking. Part of the project does include, in this area right here, the purchase of an adjacent property to allow for this new access drive for buses.

And it also allows for the expansion of a new multipurpose athletic field, practice field; and then you will also see in between these driveways, there is a proposed playground area with equipment; and then also a hard-surfaced play area that will be gated off and to be used as overflow parking for events in the school or also used for parking for events at that multipurpose field.

One thing that is required is, due to a high

quality watershed that's on the site at this location and also one that is located in the adjacent property, the site disturbance is encroaching on a 100-foot riparian buffer; therefore, some offsetting -- some additional site improvements are needed. We have had trouble locating any of the -- any area off of the existing site to put a new riparian buffer.

We are currently looking at offsite locations, and this is a requirement of the Department of Environmental Protection, that we are going through that process right now in locating a good candidate.

So on the next slide is just the floor plan. As I mentioned, the new main entrance at the parent drop-off is located right here. And then the back, this is where the students would be entering when they are being dropped off by the bus.

So this is a new main lobby, and you can see here is the existing gym. Then in front of the existing gymnasium off of the main lobby is a new cafeteria with a kitchen and a loading dock. And then adjacent this lobby is the administration area which includes the administration offices, the main office, the nurse's area, and also the guidance counselors.

So with this building organization, what it does is these big box spaces, these shared spaces, those are

all off of this Main Street concept that after hours, you can close down the rest of the school, that these can be utilized by the community, by the district, by youth organizations so that they will never have to walk into the academic areas. And also, during the day, it creates a layer of security so that when you come in, you are coming into these shared spaces.

But to get back to the academic wings, the doors leading into this academic wing and that academic wing can be closed down. So then as we go through these academic wings, you will see the first wing. And this is, again, a new addition. This is the kindergarten wing. This middle wing will be 1st and 2nd grade, and then the back wing is 3rd through 6th grade.

And in addition to the general classrooms, there is also special education classrooms that are included and small group instruction classrooms that can be used for reading and Title I and gifted.

And then in the middle area of this 1st and 2nd grade wing are the shared spaces, so your library, your art, and your STEM class.

Music is located remotely, so it is away from the general classrooms because of noise concerns. And also, if there was ever an event that was held here with the music department, when students come in, then they could

meet in that music classroom and then have that close adjacency to either the gymnasium or the cafeteria.

I want to note that currently, there are existing classrooms on a ground floor level that are below these two to four classrooms. And right now, they are not ADA compliant. There is no way to access those classrooms other than if you go outside and go up into the building that way.

So the district wished to abandon those classrooms; otherwise, we would have to put an elevator on the side of the building. And all the classrooms are now on this upper floor and that space is being converted into building storage for the district.

So this is just a rendering of the main entrance of the school. If you've attended any of the Board meetings, we have been showing some of the renderings.

So I encourage you --

At future Board meetings, we will show more renderings of what the school looks like on the interior, on the exterior. We are going to be presenting at the Board meeting on Monday night and we will be showing some of the academic spaces and the layouts of the furniture in those spaces.

So if you page -- excuse me, if you turn to pages

13 through 15, so this is the construction cost

estimate. These pages are spreadsheets developed by the Department of Education to capture what the total project cost is and to establish a maximum building construction cost on new construction only.

So if you look at that spreadsheet, the first one that's on page 13, which is page D02, you will see that A.9, there is construction cost estimates for what is the existing portion of the building and the renovation and then new addition and then also what the total is for all of the different trades that will be bidding on the project.

So this will be publically by bid with four trades. So there will be a general contractor, an electrical contractor, an HVAC contractor, and a plumbing contractor.

You will see that the total project -- excuse me, the total construction costs, so this is the brick-and-mortar cost, is approximately \$18,000,000.

Then as you move down to line D03, these are the design costs for the architect and all the various engineers that are needed for the project, then also a budget number for furniture, furnishings and equipment that are going to be needed to occupy the building. You will see that a total structure cost is 20.2 million dollars.

So these are all costs that are associated with constructing the building, so the brick and mortar and the equipment that goes into it.

In addition to that, there are some other soft costs for all the due diligence and the permitting that is needed for the project. Those are located on the next page, on page 14, and you will see they are all listed there.

There is a construction contingency built in to when there are unforeseen conditions during construction. There is already money set aside to cover those costs.

There are permitting fees, testing and inspection that's required. On page 15, some of those additional costs are also indicated.

All those additional construction-related soft costs amount to about 1.2 million dollars; and then the financing cost for the project which is a little bit under \$300,000.

So for the estimated total project cost is approximately 21.7 million dollars. So this has been adopted by the School Board.

And then if you turn to page 17, this is the calculation for determining a maximum building construction cost on new construction only. So as was

noted, the purpose of this hearing is for you to understand all of the details of the project including the costs.

So by the Board adopting this maximum building construction cost, it's making sure that districts aren't overbuilt; that they are not building schools that are too large for their projected enrollment or their current enrollment.

Dr. Ritzert indicated that there is a little bit of fluff in the building, approximately a capacity of 775 students, which is a little bit more than 100 students more than what the projected enrollment is, but that is with 25 students planned for in every classroom.

So with that buffer it allows the district, the administration, if they ever wanted the lower the class size or if they had a bubble come through where there was one particular grade level that was larger than others, that they would have excess classes done to put those students.

so with the additions, the construction cost estimate is roughly 10.6 million dollars. Then we have to subtract the site costs from that. This is just the brick and mortar. We are not looking at the site development costs. Those are indicated on page 16 of your booklet. They are approximately 1.2 million

dollars. And once you deduct that from the new construction estimate, you have a maximum building construction cost of 9.3/9.4 million dollars.

So when this project is properly bid, in the event that the bids are higher than the estimate, the district will be required to have another Act 34 hearing if those costs are eight percent more than the ones the Board has adopted to let you know our bids came in higher than anticipated, we want to move forward with the project or we feel we need to explain to the community why we are going to spend the extra money if they decide to move forward with it.

MS. HENRY: Good evening, ladies and gentlemen.

My name is Alisha Henry. I work with PNC Capital

Markets, and we would be providing funds for the Chicora

Elementary project.

And in accordance with the Act 34 hearing, there are certain procedures that we must follow. On behalf of the project, we have to examine four different alternatives of financing, the first being a cash or a short-term loan, a general obligation bond issue, a local authority issue, or the state Public School Building Authority.

As you might imagine, paying cash or a short-term loan for a \$20,000,000 project is budgetarily not

feasible.

So on the following page, again, part of that procedure is we analyze the three remaining options: the general obligation bond, local authority, and state Public School Building Authority.

We take the exact same project costs with the 20-year amortization and we line them up side by side. And in almost every Act 34 hearing I have completed, a general obligation bond is always the most costeffective option.

The main reason for that is the lower cost of interest versus two authority bonds which come with higher cost of insurance and higher interest rates.

So once we settle on a method of finance, which is the general obligation, we look further to see what we can do to help make the financing more economical to the district.

So in addition to issuing general obligation bonds, we will bid for bond insurance to see if we can lower the interest costs and we are also going to look to phase the debt service over a three-year period.

The impact of the bond issue is on the following page. But in accordance also with the cost of the Act 34 hearing, we look at indirect costs. So those are costs not associated with the financing.

And at this time, the district is not expecting for any additional costs in completing the Chicora Elementary. In fact, I think the Superintendent mentioned, it's quite possible that there is going to be decreases in utility and maintenance costs over the life of this bond issue.

The total budget impact -- again, this is an equivalency but not an exact cost. Because of the way the district has budgeted, the equivalent must be stated -- equates to 12.92 mils.

And how we get to that -- and this is going to be a really ugly page for you to follow. This is the amortization of the project over a 30-year issue.

Up here, -- I'm sure you can't see -- we are going to introduce the bond issue in phases over the '21, '22, and '23 fiscal year. The debt will not come on all at once.

So the first fiscal year, you are going to see about a \$654,000 increases to the budget that equates to about seven and half mils, incrementally a little higher interest of all 12 months, and then we will start to amortize the principal.

If you add those three increases together, that is where the 12.92 mils is equivalent to.

But I have been working very closely with the

district for a few years now and I've done a high-level, 1 2 in-depth analysis of the school's finances. And based 3 upon the prudent planning and management on this project 4 that is coming, this project is affordable without any 5 issues in the district's current budget. 6 DR. RITZERT: You are welcome to MC that if you 7 wish. At this point, that does conclude our formal 9 presentation, so we would open it up for questions. 10 The questions could pertain to the presentation of projections. We will do our best to answer them here 11 12 this evening. I will try to field most of the 13 questions. The administration is here. Likewise, the 14 architect, finance, business director is over there. 15 Did anyone sign up? 16 MR. McGRAVEY: And Mr. Callihan signed up. 17 DR. RITZERT: Mr. Callihan, do you want to start 18 us out? 19 MR. CALLIHAN: I signed up, but I guess I didn't 20 quite understand this all. This is all going to take 21 place and it is a done deal; is that right? 22 The building is being built and you guys are here 23 to -- and I wasn't following it close enough. I just 24 read it in the paper tonight that they were having the

meeting and I thought they were discussing whether or

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not and the pros and cons and the possibility of a larger Chicora Elementary School building but, apparently, I'm wrong. I wasn't following that close.

DR. RITZERT: Well, I don't know that you are wrong. It is my recommendation with the plan that we would complete the project.

But what I would say, until it is done or happens, it's not done or it's not happening.

But it makes sense long term for our school district to do this because we are going to need to spend money on the maintenance and upkeep of our buildings one way or the other.

So it is an opportunity to get something that is new and up to educational standards for our community that we can currently afford.

Right now, good, bad or indifferent, is one of the best times to be looking at needing to borrow money, not that I want to borrow money, but if you had to, the interest rates and cost to access that kind of capital is really a historic low.

So the long-term cost is probably as low as it would be to do a project like this. I can't see the future. But I would assume when the economy improves, interest rates increase at some point. And so waiting will actually cost more money.

I don't feel good about standing here saying -talking about closing the school. I would much rather
stand here in front of all of you to say, "We are here
tonight to talk about how we build more because our
enrollment is increasing and our community is growing."

But it is a delicate balance of maintaining the buildings and, you know, looking at the future. But I'm sorry you felt like this is misleading.

We have been having community meetings and talking about it, and we've tried to do our best to make sure everybody was aware that we were looking at this, and it has definitely been discussed. But it would be my recommendation as the plan was received.

It doesn't mean it is going to translate to a tax increase. One of the things I would say is that our district is funded, I'm going to round but it's very close, 70 percent by the state.

So most of the funding that we receive at the school district is given to us from the State of Pennsylvania. Thirty percent is local. So the local is comprised of property tax predominately and also earned income tax.

But our budget of whether we need to raise taxes or not is heavily predicated, most impacted by what the state gives us on an annual basis. If we get, say,

cost-of-living increase year after year from the state in our Lazy Day funding, we are likely not needing any local property tax increase.

If the state's budget is tight or they are reducing funding they are sending to us, then it puts pressure on us to raise taxes locally.

We didn't raise taxes last year. I'm awestruck, and I have no authority for this, but we are trying to make next year work with not a tax increase. I think that is going to be feasible with -- the business manager probably doesn't want me to be saying that, but I do think he's done a phenomenal job.

We are not here to raise peoples taxes. We are very much aware of the burden it causes on households. But, you know, the project itself isn't going to be a predictor of tax increases year after year. That is predicated more on the state funding.

MR. CALLIHAN: Well, anyway, I hear what you're saying and everything. But we happen to be living in an area where it is all residential. There is no commercial money, so to speak, coming in, because two refineries over there -- we used to have three but now we are down to two. You never know. This is going to have to be paid for. The only way of getting the money is through the people that live here in this area.

Now, there are a couple other things that concern me. You enlarge these -- this building here, you get more kids in here, more children in here, and whether you guys understand this or not, I have been around a good many years, but the bigger the schools are, the less control you have of your children.

And you've got to teach these kids the things you want them to know by the time they are eight years old or you pretty well ought to forget it, because the world out there will. So if you have a larger amount, you don't have quite the control.

Now, I never -- over here at the high-rise building, that's the traffic that's coming in. Right now, it is pretty darn congested with the buses coming, and people living over there understand that.

Now, if you are going to increase it to have more people, more buses coming in and out of there -- there used to be a tremendous bottleneck -- you have to make a wider highway, you know, maybe one-way streets and things like that, to open up cans of worms.

But I don't know, I just think that it ought to be looked at pretty darn close. Because the residential area is going to have a terrible burden to make the payments, so...

DR. RITZERT: I can't disagree with your

comments. You've made several points.

The traffic in and out, obviously, we will have more vehicles here. The buses will have to, you know, be -- they will navigate that. So you probably have, you know, 23 or 24 buses in here currently, plus we may have an additional ten --

UNIDENTIFIED MALE: Correct.

DR. RITZERT: -- to accommodate the Sugarcreek residence area. It will take a little longer in and out, obviously, because, you know, it is single-lane traffic, and that is something that we are aware of. It was just awfully hard to do a whole lot with it based on the road system.

As far as teaching for the kids, I would encourage families, parents, society, specifically the school, we want to teach kids how to behave.

We do think the numbers will be manageable and we -- I have faith in our teaching staff and employees, that they will be able to, you know, help those students be successful here.

And then the payment, you know, it is hard to see on the slide that was up here, but when it is fully priced in, the bond payment is likely about 1.2 million a year. So, that's what we're paying. That's sort of like your mortgage, some of your mortgage payments on an

annual basis, that's what the district will be paying.

Again, I mentioned the reduction in staff and, you know, the reduction of staff, the reduced utility costs, and what that will be is the utilities, we no longer will be paying Sugarcreek.

And the sum of these pieces will probably get us to 800, \$900,000 in savings fully priced in. So the majority of the bond, at least in the first few years, will likely be offset with those reductions.

That is a totally simple explanation. There would be some, you know, upfront costs if there is any retirement incentive to help free up the positions.

But I believe it's the most affordable way to modernize the facility. You are right, Mr. Callihan, you can't ask the local people to straight-up pay. People are on a fixed income. You are correct in identifying, you know, Inspect (phonetic) closed a few years back, unfortunately. So we need to be mindful of our local tax base.

MR. CALLIHAN: I'm not against what you are trying to do. I'm not here trying to tell you what to do if you want to enlarge your school. I think we need to -- I don't know.

You need to look at the big picture. You need to really take a good look at it. Take a look at people

here. I mean, people here -- people will have a hard time making these payments.

And we are in the beginning of a tremendous inflation. The people see it in the grocery store, holy smokes, what gasoline has done. Look at the stock market. Oil five months ago was \$20 and \$30 a barrel. It's up to 60 some dollars a barrel. It's going crazy. I don't know whether people know Brian Kelsey or not. He is a local man that --

DR. RITZERT: Excavating.

MR. CALLIHAN: He told me, "This is the first summer I don't have one house to build, not one." I said, "Brian, it don't surprise me a bit."

OSB board they are saying is \$46 a foot; and before the summer is over, it is going to maybe reach into the 90s. He said it is just crazy. It is crazy out there.

I'm -- it is just -- it don't make much
difference to me.

DR. RITZERT: I do think, back to your original question, we do plan to move forward. However, if the project goes out for bid and the prices are -- you know, this is -- in essence, if it comes in, you know, significantly over that, we are going to have to rethink things.

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           So that has not been signed off. We won't know
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    until we bid it to see what the true costs are.
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    your point, you know, that sort of -- you know, we are
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    projecting 21.7. If it turns out to be 30,000,000, I
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    think we have a problem. I don't think we can afford
    it.
           MR. CALLIHAN: Okay. I'm done talking.
           DR. RITZERT: You're fine. You know, it is
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    refreshing to have people --
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           MR. CALLIHAN:
                          Thank you. If somebody wants to
    add to it, fine. If everyone is happy, I will go home
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    happy, too.
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           DR. RITZERT: But you are welcome to ask more
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    questions, sir, so don't worry about it.
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           Are there any other questions from --
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           MR. WECKERLY: Hi. My name is Jake Weckerly.
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    live at 102 Graham Street, East Brady.
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           When you speak about loss of employees through
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    attrition and things, I'm assuming that is going to be
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    on all levels, not just at the teacher level, grade
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    level, cafeteria level, but also including the
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    administration?
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           DR. RITZERT: It would be all levels. Now, you
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    know, is it going to be proportional at all levels?
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    Probably not. It just depends.
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You know, we've looked internally at different positions, different numbers. Obviously, with the teachers, it is not all at the elementary, so that is probably a misconception with the reductions. It will be a K-12 look. So to your point, any and all positions would have to be looked at. Am I prepared to tell you tonight to say, well, this is how many? No, I can't do that. But simplistic, yes. MR. DOUGLAS: I got a question there. The 12.92, that is the total mil impact per family? DR. RITZERT: No, that -- if I misspeak, I will have her -- that's what the full cost of the bond we will pay. MR. DOUGLAS: Correct. Over the next 20 years, what is the increase broken out over the years? Like, is it -- are we going to see an increase once, are we going to see multiple increases, no increase? DR. RITZERT: What I would say, if we look at

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DR. RITZERT: What I would say, if we look at moving forward, the next step would be to approve, you know, the funding and financing and releasing the project to bid. The impact on the budget for next year, we've already booked that into next year's budget, and it is being --

Let me use words I understand. The first three

years, it takes about three years, the third year is the full effect of the bond, or the mortgage is how I refer to it.

So year one is approximately a \$650,000 increase through operation budget. We don't pay into next year's projected budget. We will be discussing that here April 26th with the Board at the budget meeting. So we will be going through things like.

So I don't foresee with that built-in affecting next year, the '21-'22 school year tax milage. It is too soon to say how it will impact the following year, and I know you say, "Why can't you say that?" The cost will be built in. But if the State of Pennsylvania gives us, you know, a three percent increase over what they are giving us this year, that's significant. That helps us tremendously offset those costs.

So I would say with this project, we will likely be seeing similar effects to the budget as what we have seen over the last -- you know, if you go backwards five years, we've had in the last five years probably three years with tax increases and two years without.

So we are mindful of trying to keep taxes low and living within our budget, and that is not done by the administration solely. Staff is very helpful with that and things they request for their classroom, you know,

that they utilize. So we are very, I think, efficient in what we do.

So I don't know if that fully answers your question, but I'm trying. So if you have a follow-up, just go ahead.

MR. DOUGLAS: I think you said earlier, but I don't know if I didn't hear it or not, typically when you consolidate, there is a dollar cost savings. What is that dollar cost savings that the district is receiving prior to taking the loan out?

DR. RITZERT: It won't be prior, because until you consolidate, you are not going to really get the savings. Post-consolidation or the result of the consolidation, I would estimate we are going to see about \$800,000 in total reductions when it is fully simulated and we have fully obtained the retirements that we need.

Now, I want to qualify this so no one misconstrues this. I've always said that I'm not here to want to furlough people. I went through the three buildings and said that to all three staffs. I said that to the Board at previous meetings. We did actually get through it.

We've tried to make sure -- this isn't the employees' fault, if that makes sense. It is an

opportunity for us to right-size our school district.

And to work through this, we, in my mind, owe the employees to do it the right way. So we have some teacher retirements this year. We are --

The first question that we discussed is we need replace those folks because it's a lot easier to downsize doing it that way. I don't want to be looking people in the eye and say, "Hey, we are going to let you go." I sure don't want to be the guy advocating and making the decision to do this and get it wrong and have to tell people, "Oh, we have to let you go."

So we have done our due diligence. We've collaborated with two architectural firms that have sort of arrived at the same recommendation. We've discussed this amongst, you know, this Board or the previous Board members, and I do think that we have a good plan and I think it is affordable for our future, I do.

MR. DOUGLAS: One thing that kind of side tails off of what Sid said. I build bridges and roads for a living. The cost of doing business has drastically increased in the last 12 months. Is any escalation being put into that? Because this is all going to be -- I seen on Builders Exchange, there is a pre-advertisement for work to be done and you come in at 15 to 20 percent, I mean, is this all for nothing, or...

DR. RITZERT: I sure hope not. I mean --

MR. DOUGLAS: Well, I mean, it's extremely simple. The numbers don't lie. Two-by-fours are extremely expensive.

DR. RITZERT: Yeah, lumber, everything right now is very expensive. Now, depending on what you read, what you hear, there is some thought that materials will stabilize and decline later this year.

So realistically, our project wouldn't get started here until the fall at this point because nothing has been put out to bid.

So we are hoping that the -- you know, the way it would be is we can access money inexpensively; and by the time our project is ready to bid, material costs have increased because the supplies --

(Inaudible cross-talk.)

DR. RITZERT: Now, I can't see our future, and that is where it goes back to, you know, if it escalates 15 percent, and that could happen, we may have to hit pause. I still think this is the right plan. So even if it's pushed a year, which I hope not, I still think we would revisit it.

BOARD PRESIDENT BISHOP: Eric, can I interrupt for just a second? Maybe Alisha can make it a little bit more clear about that millage, too. She had some

comments to make about that question.

MS. HENRY: I will be happy to. I just want to make sure -- I probably didn't explain this clearly, and I couldn't see the figures on the board.

As part of the Act 34 hearing procedures, I must create a millage equivalency and state it for the booklet. So the 12.92 has to be part of the presentation but it is a millage equivalency.

Ask Eric mentioned, the largest part of the increase happens in fiscal year '22. That is seven and a half of that 12.9 mils that is already factored into the budget.

To be honest, in working with the business office, if everything would stay status quo, they can afford the whole project, not to say that there is not operating increases that go outside of the bond issue or, as Eric mentioned, the funding gets cut by the state; but as of right now, if they had to take the full impact of this bond issue, they could afford it.

And that millage equivalency is not anything that reflects any actions that are taken. It is a perfunctory duty of the hearing booklet.

BOARD PRESIDENT BISHOP: It just means that that doesn't mean what your millage is going to increase to basically. It is just an equivalency.

DR. RITZERT: And by "equivalency," that's how many of our district mills it would take to generate that.

MR. WECKERLY: So, correct me if I'm wrong, but we've stated that our high school is also deficient in some areas, right, and there is going to need to be work done there in the future?

DR. RITZERT: Yes.

MR. WECKERLY: Now, if we are locked in with this payment until 2051, where are we going to come up with the money for that?

DR. RITZERT: We would need to look at the bond at that time. As a school district, right now, we are debt free. Well, I'll qualify it. We have a small debt obligation to the Butler Vo-Tech.

We are one of the seven-member school districts that participates, sends students to the Vo-Tech, and we have to report a significant amount of students for a school our size, and we are very supportive of that.

But we have a small portion, approximately \$600,000, is what we owe over the next 20 years towards the Vo-Tech that was renovated a few years back.

So we are in a fairly good position, unlike some districts that are already heavily leveraged. But the only way we can do that, Mr. Weckerly, is we'd have to

take another out bond at that time to be able to afford it.

MR. WECKERLY: Are we using some of the recent funding from the Federal Government, that 2.8 million that we just received, or 2.15 or whatever it was? Are we going to use that as part of this --

DR. RITZERT: You are pretty good. Yes, to qualify that, the Federal Government has passed thus far three stimulus packages referred to as SR1, SR2, SR3. The SR1 that we've utilized, I don't know exact money, but it was for health and safety items to ensure we can get the school systems up and running. SR2 and SR3 are significant monies. We are approximately looking at \$2,000,000 in receiving federal stimulus money.

The Board has not approved this yet; but it is my recommendation that we would use some of the money -- we have to keep out about 20 percent, I think, based on the stimulus money for loss of learning, so dedicated for that.

But the 80 percent of that grant would be utilized to to used towards the HVAC of a new school. So we intend to use that to cover some of these costs, which would, in essence, limit and probably likely decrease the taxpayers' exposure to a millage increase, at least for several years. It is a very good question.

MR. WECKERLY: You highlighted that there would be some improvements for special education and gifted students. I have one of each.

Can you speak to exactly what programs or things that you have in mind?

DR. RITZERT: Well, I can't, but I might let Mrs. Jameson because I'm not the expert. But what I would say on the special education side, we have have an emotional support classroom here. We have some students that have itinerant emotional support services.

Maybe at Sugarcreek, it would be much more successful to have a classroom, whether itinerant or not, and have that support all day long, where Sugarcreek is getting it through contracted support through an IU person.

So I do see that as a benefit to the elementary-aged kids to be able to have regular ed. teachers that are used day in and day out and be able to go in and out of that classroom as needed and go back to the regular ed. setting.

So I do think -- that's one example. But I do think having special education teachers working collaboratively in one building where the kids are attending the building, they can see those teachers more frequently, is helpful.

On the gifted side -- and I talked to Mr.

MacKrell. Right now, he goes to them in different
buildings. If they are here, they will have their own
classroom or they will have that ability.

The students at Sugarcreek and Chicora can collaborate together. He does a lot even with the elementary and secondary students.

So I do think that he will take the opportunity, with having more of the students working together, to grow that program and build a collaboration amongst the two schools' current students but with elementary. I think that's a better thing as well.

With the reno, we are looking at active panels in all the classrooms. We are starting to do that even now. We are switching over from the -- but we want to use the technology in that as well. So, you know, I don't know, Jen, if there is anything you want to add? I don't want to proceed like I'm suppressing anybody from talking.

I don't if that helps, or...

MR. WECKERLY: A little bit.

DR. RITZERT: Okay.

MR. WECKERLY: So you talked about STEM lab as one of the highlighted parts of building. Will we have a STEM coordinator or is that just going to be something

utilized by your classroom teachers?

DR. RITZERT: Well, I don't know if we have a full STEM coordinator. We have several elementary teachers that have embraced STEM and we have some secondary teachers as well.

The current librarian at the elementary is very versed in STEM and has pushed heavily for additional equipment and opportunities.

I think the space has been what has held us back, to be honest. So there is an interest amongst the staff, and I would say that's far better than being pushed down top to bottom. It's more beneficial to kids when the determination of the teachers go up and through, because their heart and soul is invested.

Alexis, can you identify your name for the -MS. COMPANION: My name is Alexis Companion. I
have two things I want to ask about. I mean, it says
here in this option two, the junior high is selective
renovation that Mr. Weckerly talked about. The cost of
that was almost as much as what you are proposing for
just this elementary school.

So if the Board votes to go along with that, is that automatically in and you are just going to borrow the money for that at a later time because that is \$50,000,000, not \$20,000,000?

DR. RITZERT: No. It's in there to show that, like, say, the top four options that you're looking at.

I do think we need to look at the secondary building. It needs upgrades. It needs -- you know, there is no dispute that it's going to stay. We have 7th through 12th grade, so we are going to need to invest.

That is an estimated cost to, you know, doing renovation at that building for context. But the Board will be voting to look to do this project and then we will take the other under consideration knowing those future costs, and it is kind of one step at a time.

We're not looking right now to be borrowing 50,000,000. We are looking at this current time to, in essence, cover this project.

MS. COMPANION: That was my question. There will be a second vote on that, it won't just be, "We voted on this once already, this was discussed, we are just going to take the loan out"?

DR. RITZERT: There would need to be a second vote. We would have this type of a meeting and meetings leading up to the discussion on what to do on a secondary building.

MS. COMPANION: It might seem like a very simple question, but how many classrooms are going to be added

at this school?

DR. RITZERT: I don't want to misspeak here, so I'm going to pull up the graphic. This wing right here is all new.

So this right here would be the -- I'm sorry, this here would be the gifted room and then we would have the special education room. So this whole wing, this is the area that would be built to the standards. So that would be the shelter area. If there was an emergency or something, the students would go in there.

The kindergarten wing here is all new. We are doing away with modular, so no student will be external in building walls.

And those of you that are familiar with this building, the basement where we used to have kindergarten back in the day and Title 1 services, that is the area that eventually would become, in essence, storage. We would have all of the students up on the same level.

To put that into context, when you walk out here, there are steps going down. That will all be removed. So there would be a ramp from the outside in for students that would need that and some steps to go in.

So the only transition for the height of the -- this would a little higher, and the entrance to all of

the classrooms in the building would be on the same level. It would be much more easier for students that are maybe in a wheelchair or crutches or any of that to transition into the normal school, except with getting up here to the gymnasium, so...

MS. COMPANION: So we are essentially adding eight rooms to house every child that is coming from Sugarcreek?

MR. COLESTOCK: Can I add? So there are ten new standard classrooms and then there are three small-group instruction classrooms and then there is a music and a band. Those are all new. Those are all being added to --

DR. RITZERT: Yeah, music and band are here.

That would be a band room. So they would actually have their own room right off the music classroom for lessons and --

MS. COMPANION: How many classrooms are they currently occupying at Sugarcreek? If we are adding ten, how many classes are you --

DR. RITZERT: Well, as far as rooms, probably more. With the exception -- well, there is kindergarten through 6th grade. I think kindergarten is only one that is one. The other ones have two. So you are looking at 13 classrooms.

MR. COLESTOCK: You have to count it by seats. So the capacity of this school -- this will count for seven --

MS. COMPANION: I understand that, but I like the class size that we currently have. That's why Sugarcreek is doing so well.

I mean, we are the school -- are we not? And with our current pandemic, do we really think it is wise to shove more kids in a classroom that we don't have enough room to space it out now?

DR. RITZERT: Well, what I would say to that is that if you continue to operate both schools, Sugarcreek and Chicora, you are going to spend a similar amount of money to renovate those two schools and you are not going to have any staff reductions to pay that bill.

So then you will be going back to local taxpayers to say, "It is going to cost you more." What we are trying to do is to balance. And, yes, some of the kids -- if your student is in a classroom with 12 students right now, they will likely have more students in a classroom here at Chicora. But they are not going to receive the class (...inaudible...) that the district for the last 15 years is proud to support.

So we are looking at modernizing a facility in an important way. If you spend money on both schools, it

is money spent and there is no real offsets internally to help offset that cost.

So the 1.2 million that will be coming in to every year, you are probably not going to have maybe one or two teachers with the class sizes -- right now with 60 coming in for kindergarten, you know, depending on how that 60 breaks out, that could be four sections, two small classrooms at Sugarcreek, two small classrooms here, or it could be three classrooms of 20.

I'm not saying that's ideal, but I'm just saying that is -- you got to balance the fiscal resources of the district currently. But there would be less classrooms and that is part of how we save money.

Ashley?

MS. SUMMERVILLE: Yeah, Ashley Summerville. I just wonder, what was the cost of the selective renovation of Sugarcreek and Chicora separately? Like, if you didn't do this, what was the cost, like, you know, estimate?

DR. RITZERT: Of the two? Anthony, do you happen to remember by chance if it was --

MR. COLESTOCK: If I say it, I will get it wrong.

But there are -- in the community presentations and

several Board meetings, we did review that, and if we go

back and look at that --

MS. SUMMERVILLE: Even if you kept those schools, you still have to put money into them, right?

DR. RITZERT: Correct. I was thinking -- don't

hold me to this, but I'm going to take a stab at my memory. It is on our website.

But I think that we looked at approximately 6 to 8,000,000 at Sugarcreek and that didn't touch maybe the divider walls, permanent walls or anything; and I think we were looking at 10 to 12 here. So let's go with the low side, let's just say six at Sugarcreek and eight here.

MS. COMPANION: Your website states Sugarcreek was 9.5 to 10.8 million and Chicora was 11.3 to 12.9 million. The high school was 24.1 to 25.9 million.

DR. RITZERT: I like to go on the low side so you don't say I was lying to you. I was lowballing that.

But to make my point, you are looking at approximately \$20,000,000. You are looking at about the same money.

I'm not saying that is -- that was an option we looked at, but there are no offsets to recover any money into the total. And that's why we did say upfront part of how we pay for this is futuristic staff reductions, because that really is a significant part of it.

Now, again, I will reiterate -- because there's employees out here and I don't want you to jump me in

the parking lot -- you know, and said that and I mean that, we want to down size appropriately. You know, (inaudible) reductions are preferred. I would say, you know, retirement incentives would be another way.

And, you know, I don't know everyone's plans, but this is -- we have -- we have a lot of staff working for us for a long time. There are a lot of employees that are my age, are slightly older with -- slightly more experience than me that are probably looking at retirement at or shortly around the timeframe in which this plan would come to fruition.

So that would be our way to downsize and have minimal impact on employees and generate the savings that would help offset this cost.

MS. SUMMERVILLE: I have one more question. In grades 3 through 6, it looks like you have, like, four classrooms for each grade.

You know, that seems to be, like, a reduction in what there is now, like, two at Sugarcreek, three at Chicora. Are you thinking that class sizes for those grades is going to increase or are you looking at, like, a general downward turn here?

DR. RITZERT: Right now, I don't see an increase. It is easier to talk current. Like, right now, in kindergarten through 6th grade this year, there is no

class of more than 100 kids. So there is no --- less than 100 in kindergarten, less than 100 for 1st, 2nd, the whole way up to 6th grade.

So PDE requires a standard of 25 kids per room. The room square foot that you build for is to accommodate 25 children, 25 elementary-aged children in a classroom.

That does not mean that you would have 25 students in every classroom, but that is based on the square footage formula that PDE requires.

With that said, with less than 100, that is four sections per classroom. I have 60 coming in next year. I assume there are more kids out there for kindergarten. I'm assuming that there will be a few more, but I don't think there is 40 more. So I don't think we will see, you know, over 100.

So what I would say is four classrooms per grade does seem to be adequate space. Now, I don't think we are overbuilding. I see in the future that if it frees up classroom spacing, that we look at bringing a Head Start or pre-K counts into our building.

We can also look at -- and I had some discussion with the Butler YMCA about childcare and -- you know, that is for both school aged and infants where community members would be able to work and have a quality place

to have daycare right in the school system.

We are exploring that as a potential option. And the Board members that are here, I'm sorry, I haven't made you fully aware of that, but I -- you know, that has just recently surfaced in the last week.

So those are opportunities that we can enhance and help the community by our building space if that capacity is truly freed up. But I do think it is adequately built for what we see as far as the projections of students as they come up through.

MS. SUMMERVILLE: And, like, what would happen if there was a year where you did need five 3rd grades?

'Cause it doesn't look like there is really any -- maybe I'm looking at it wrong -- that there are any, like, extra classrooms.

DR. RITZERT: Well, what we would be looking at in that scenario, if you saw a grade level -- it would probably be coming in kindergarten. We can see what we have now. But we will say in two years or three years, we have a kindergarten section, I don't know, 125. So, obviously, you are going to need at least five or six sections.

But we would be able to accommodate that because, as you look at right now, if this was flipped on -- this year's kindergarten would be in 3rd grade when this

opens, so next year's kindergarten would be in 2nd grade when it opens. And I may be a year off, I apologize.

But there might only be a need for four sections. So we are going to have the room space to see if there is a spike in enrollment.

The classrooms are being designed and built -obviously, kindergarten may be a little more unique, but
the other classrooms are being built and standardized to
being switched out.

So it's like anything, you know, that could become a 1st grade section if needed, if we saw that.

That, you know, could become a 2nd grade. We may have to move around in the building if we see those spikes.

To room design, what we've asked the architects to do is to build them so they are similar enough that we can do -- the teachers, I think, there are some here.

I know Anthony has worked with the staff on what they would like to see, to get their input on what they would like to see in the classrooms as well. So that's our best way to mitigate that.

On the outside chance that you are seeing it year after year, we are going have to talk about something different. I don't think that is going to happen, but that would be a reality you would have to look at, you know, something to accommodate that.

MS. COMPANION: What would be done with 1 Sugarcreek post moving all of the kids over here? 2 3 DR. RITZERT: I'm sorry. I missed the first 4 part. 5 MS. COMPANION: What would be the outcome of 6 Sugarcreek Elementary once all the kids are here? DR. RITZERT: Well, I would say this: we learned a lot from the -- what you and the public don't realize 9 is that the Board and the administration were told by an 10 entity that they were interested in the building and 11 they backed out. 12 It wasn't that the district hung onto the 13 building longer than we would have liked. We thought we 14 had an opportunity for it to be utilized for purchase 15 but it fell through. 16 By talking about this openly and publicly now, if this proceeds to a build project, we would move forward 17 18 with listing with a realtor now to try to sell it. 19 You know, post-closure, obviously, we have try to 20 make sure it would be hedged so that we didn't sell it

You know, post-closure, obviously, we have try to make sure it would be hedged so that we didn't sell it and construction was delayed or bids came in higher, this has shifted. We don't want to give up access to the building, but we'd make a better effort to sell the building so that we are not holding onto it like we did before.

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MR. HERSHBERGER: Chad Hershberger. Did they acquire this property already down here, more land on Spring Street for the bus traffic?

DR. RITZERT: On Spring Street, we have property that goes down to Spring Street. On the property up front, there has been an offer made. It is in the process of being consummated, is how I say that.

MR. HERSHBERGER: Okay.

DR. RITZERT: But technically, no, we don't currently own the property.

Getting that property is definitely an enhancement to the project, enhancement of the road coming in for the separation of traffic.

But the old purposed field was, you know, the softball field. Back in the day, the Little League played on it. But it is going to be converted to soccer/football. It will be grass. We don't have the turf in the budget, but it will replaced with a soft play surface where the students in the community can use it. So it will provide enhancements for the soccer program. Obviously, you can probably play baseball on it if you wanted.

That's one of the things we looked at at the high school. We wanted to look at our outdoor field surfaces there to see what we can do to enhance the additional

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sports programs that the community would like to take a
1
2
    look at.
           (No response.)
           DR. RITZERT: Alison?
           MS. PERRY: Hi, Alison Perry.
6
           My concern is -- you said that if things go as
7
    planned, construction may begin in the fall of this
8
    coming year.
           My concern is -- I don't know if you can see that
    green classroom right there in the middle of the screen.
10
11
    That's my current classroom.
12
           DR. RITZERT:
                         Which one, this one?
13
           MS. PERRY:
                      That one. My concern is what kind of
14
    construction will be taking place right outside my door?
15
    Essentially, will it be exterior construction?
16
    there be -- will it begin on the other side?
    would the children have available for recess next year?
17
    What does that look like living amongst a renovation?
18
19
           DR. RITZERT: It requires a lot of patience and
20
    tolerance. With that said, the main construction
21
    probably would start in -- I'll turn it over to Andy.
22
    But the internal classrooms will not be able to be
23
    renovated when school is in session, That will have to
24
    be done in summer months. But in the fall, when things
25
    got started, we would be able to do some of the
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construction that is on the exterior sides of the site.

Now, yes, it is going require -- it is going to be a temporary inconvenience for a long-term benefit.

But all things will be kept in place to keep staff and students away from any active construction site.

As far as outdoor recess, I don't know that I can answer that right now. We probably have to look at areas which will be accessible. There is no -- you know, that is the honest answer.

But we definitely would go taking input from the staff that would be here. But you would be -- there would be no work done right against the classroom when school is in session.

MS. PERRY: Okay.

MR. COLESTOCK: If I can piggyback on some of those comments.

One of the things that we will do is we will put a recommended construction phase together to let the contractors know the intended use and operation of the school throughout the summer and then throughout the school year.

So a lot of the construction efforts are going to have to be done in coordination and review with the administration.

We want to make sure that there is separation

between the contractors and students. But the nature is that, yes, there will be construction activities that will be taking place and then there are times where they can be a little noisy.

But there are Public School Code requirements that contractors have to submit Act 34 background clearances and criminal history reports. No tobacco, no firearms are allowed on the property by contractors. No radios are allowed by the contractors on the property.

So we put those measures in place just to help alleviate some of the additional distractions that potentially occur in addition to those construction activities.

So the contractors that would be bidding on this project, the majority of them are going to work on the K-12. So they are going to understand what is required of them when doing an addition and renovation project and how the school is going to be in operation and that they need to -- they need to, kind of, work around that operation, and they are going to try to schedule a lot of their work over summer while the building is vacated.

MR. KEPPLE: I have a question for the architect. Ed Kepple. I live right across the street. I taught here for 35 years.

When they did the construction in '95-'96, the

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front of our school has never been fixed. And I was
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2
    told by -- what Dr. Ritzert just said, Dr. Henry said
    to... (inaudible.)
           Is anything going to be done with the gravel and
5
    dirt parking lot in front of the school that is
6
    currently there?
7
           My reason for asking is it is an eyesore for our
8
    community. We have this beautiful school. I've had
    talks with friends and relatives that come here and say,
10
    "What is this, the mess in front of the school?"
11
           DR. RITZERT: Ed, are you talking about what this
12
    is?
13
           MR. KEPPLE: That area.
14
           DR. RITZERT: That area.
15
           MR. COLESTOCK: So the intent, the proposed
16
    design is to relocate the overflew parking in between
17
    the two driveways.
18
           MR. DOUGLAS: He means on the other side of the
19
    driveway.
20
           MR. COLESTOCK: Right, right. There is a parking
21
    requirement that the Borough has, so that's -- that
22
    number is being relocated to the hard-surfaced area
23
    between the two driveways; and then that gravel parking
24
    area will then be basically torn up and seeded over.
25
           MR. KEPPLE: Okay. Because that's -- I mean, in
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my opinion, and I think a lot of people would agree, we
1
2
    have a beautiful elementary school. Probably in the
3
    state, you could not find a school in the state with
4
    that in front of it. This one is not -- you know, it's
5
    never been fixed.
6
           DR. RITZERT: Ed, can I ask for clarification of
    the question? If that is made like a field or grass,
    that is an improvement, in your mind?
           MR. KEPPLE: Oh, my, yes. Because our whole
10
    neighborhood, we've got together, and the dirt we get
    from it when the wind blows. One of my neighbors put
11
12
    new windows on not too long. The contractor who put the
13
    front ones in came back the next day and was appalled
14
    with how dirty the caulking on those windows were.
15
           DR. RITZERT: That would be something that, in
16
    the scope of this, could be addressed.
17
           MR. KEPPLE: Our whole neighborhood would really
18
    appreciate it. Thank you
19
           DR. RITZERT: For the record, I wasn't part of
20
    that installation.
2.1
           But I heard you and I think we can help to
22
    address that. We want input from the neighbors as we
23
    get into that process.
24
           MS. POLLARO: My name is Britney Pollaro.
25
    with start of renovation hoping to start this fall, will
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1
    that push back the start of the school year?
2
           DR. RITZERT: For this coming fall?
3
           MS. POLLARO: For this coming fall.
           DR. RITZERT: No.
4
5
           MS. POLLARO: No?
           DR. RITZERT: I can't predict what the Board will
6
7
    do, but we were asked by the administration to look at
8
    -- the calendar for next year has not been fully
    approved. So I presented -- or created two graphs.
10
           The start of the school year is basically aligned
11
    with what has been traditionally. But the option that
12
    we will be recommending is getting out of school, we
13
    think, the 26th of May.
14
           So if the Board agrees with that -- I need them
15
    to make a decision on it at this next meeting Monday
16
    night one way or the other because Vo-Tech is asking for
17
    our calendar. But it will not impact the start of
18
    school. They will get out a little earlier.
19
           Before you ask how is that possible, we will
20
    still have 180 days. We will have four Act 80 days
21
    instead of two; and instead of January 3rd off, that
22
    would be a school day. We've done that before,
23
    returning on Monday.
24
           But that would put us out, if I have my dates
25
    right, the 26th of May, which is a Thursday, which is
```

the graduation at night. But it won't impact the start of the school year.

If there aren't any other questions, we would like to wrap up the meeting. I apologize for my inability to use this. I think it's me, not it.

But as was stated, we are going to post the presentation on the website. It will be available tomorrow.

Please encourage other people that you talk to to look at it and discuss it. There will be a way to ask questions or submit comments. We will read them. We will try to answer them quick. We will run a question-and-answer log on our website for people to see.

The transcription that will be done by the stenographer, be patient, it might take a few days to get that. We will put that up, and that will be verbatim, on the website as well.

But we do truly want to hear your questions, your thoughts. And even as Mr. Kepple said -- because those are the things that get overlooked. And honestly, if you wouldn't have said anything, it may have gotten overlooked, probably not, because I think Anthony planned on seeding that. But don't hesitate to let us know those things.

With that, I do think that -- I want to say that

I appreciate all of your questions. I didn't know what 1 to expect. It is not always comfortable being in the 2 3 cross hairs. You could have been more aggressive with your questioning, and I greatly appreciate that. 4 5 But I am committed and available to answer future questions. So if you would like, you can reach out to 6 7 me by calling, e-mailing. I would be happy to come 8 visit with you, those of you who are employees, to talk about it. 10 So I will make myself available to, you know, answer additional questions that arise. 11 12 Other than that, I thank everyone. 13 MR. MAY: I would just like to announce again, 14 the public has 30 days until -- actually more than that, 15 May 10th at noon to submit comments and questions. 16 And, again, I would like to thank you all for being here. 17 And, Mr. Bishop, if you would like to declare the 18 19 hearing at an end. 20 BOARD PRESIDENT BISHOP: If there are no additional questions, this meeting is ended. 21 22 Thank you for coming. 23 24 (The hearing terminated at 8:51 p.m.) 25

-Hawk Court Reporting 814-661-3153-

1	<u>CERTIFICATE</u>
2	
3	STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA )
4	COUNTY OF ALLEGHENY )
5	
6	I, Heidi Hawk, hereby certify that the
7	proceedings and evidence taken by me in the
8	above-entitled matter are fully and accurately
9	indicated in my notes and that this is a true and
10	correct transcript of same.
11	
12	
13	
14	DATED this 19th day of April, 2021
15	
16	
17	Heidi Hawk Hawk
18	Heidi Hawk /
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#### W

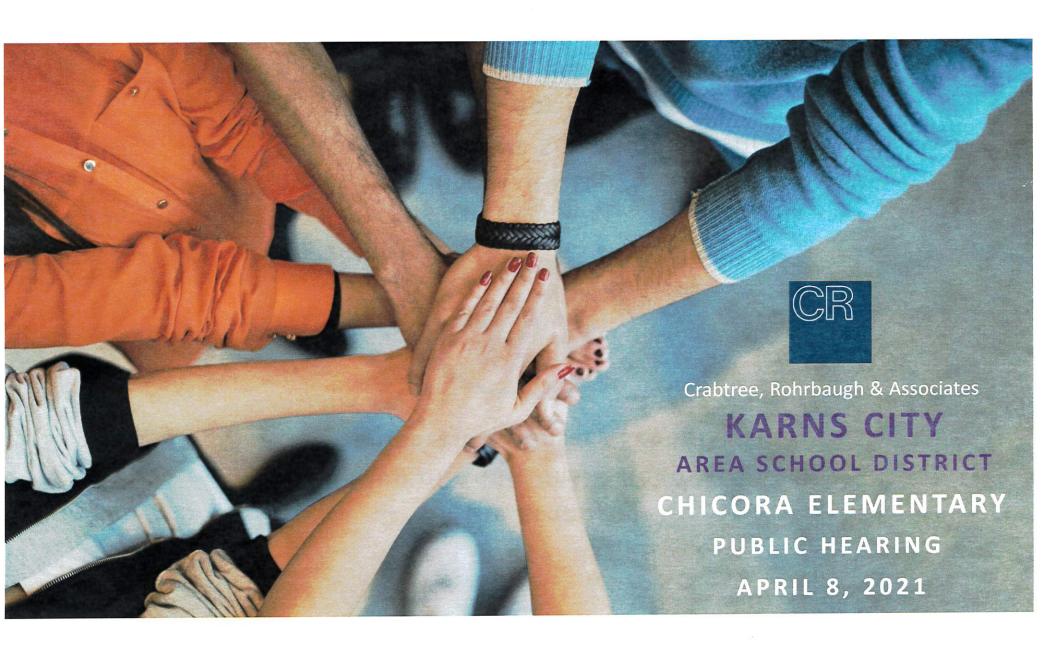
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Posted on District Website on March 25, 2021



#### **ACT 34 PUBLIC HEARING**

# On the proposed Construction of Additions & Renovations to Chicora Elementary School



205 Kittanning Street
Chicora, PA 16025
Chicora Elementary School Gymnasium
Thursday, April 8, 2021
7:00 PM

1. CALL TO ORDER / INTRODUCTION

Matt Bishop Board President

2. HEARING, DULY CONSTITUTED/INTRODUCTION Tom May, Esquire By Dillon McCandless King Coulter & Graham Solicitor

3. PROJECT NEED

(Purpose of the Meeting)

Dr. Eric Ritzert

Superintendent of Schools

4. PROJECT DESCRIPTION

By Crabtree, Rohrbaugh & Associates

Anthony Colestock

Senior Project Manager

5. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

By PNC Capital Markets

Alisha Henry

**Bond Underwriter** 

#### 6. PUBLIC COMMENT

- A. Pre-registered speakers / comments
- B. Please raise hand, stand, and state name, address
- C. One question at a time five minute limitation per speaker

#### 7. ADJOURNMENT

## INTRODUCTION

#### INTRODUCTION

Pg. 4

- ☐ Public Hearing is held in accordance with Act 34 of 1973
  - Board Resolution to adopt Total Project Cost and Maximum Building Construction Cost
  - Act 34 Hearing Notice and Proof of Publication
- Purpose of the Hearing is to inform the public of the project
  - Need for the Project
  - Review Options Considered
  - Description of Construction Elements
  - Estimated Construction Cost and Total Project Cost
  - Financial needs and Local Tax impact
  - Provide Opportunity for Public Comments



#### **BOARD RESOLUTION MAXIMUM BUILDING and PROJECT COSTS**

ADOPTING MAXIMUM PROJECT COSTS AND MAXIMUM BUILDING CONSTRUCTION COSTS FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A ADDITIONS AND RENOVATIONS TO CHICORA ELEMENTARY SCHOOL AUTHORIZING OTHER ACTION IN CONNECTION THEREWITH

WHEREAS, the Public School Code of 1949, as amended by Act 34, approved June 27, 1973 (the "Act"), requires, among other things, that a public hearing be held prior to the construction of new buildings or additions or the substantial renovation of existing buildings; and

WHEREAS, the Karns City Area School District (the "District") has determined to undertake the construction of Chicora Elementary School additions and renovations, referred to herein as the "Project"; and

WHEREAS, the Board of School Directors of the District proposes to adopt a maximum project cost and maximum building construction cost for the Project; and

WHEREAS, the Board of School Directors of the District intends to conduct a public hearing to inform the residents of the District with respect to the Project.

#### NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED THAT:

- 1. The Board of School Directors of the District hereby adopts a Maximum Project Cost of \$21,745,586 and an Act 34 Maximum Building Construction Cost of \$9,392,393 for the Project.
- 2. The Board of School Directors of the District hereby authorizes and directs a public hearing to be held in accordance with the requirements of Act 34 of the Pennsylvania School Code (the "Act") on April 8, 2019, at 7:00 p.m. in the Gymnasium of the Chicora Elemetnary School, 205 Kittanning Street, Chicora, PA 16025, to provide information to the residents of the District with respect to the Project. The Secretary of the Board of School Directors is hereby authorized and directed to cause a notice of such public hearing to be published once in the Butler Eagle and the Leader Times, such publication to appear not later than Monday, March 15, 2021, not less than 20 days prior to the date of the public hearing stated above. A copy of such notice is attached hereto as Exhibit "A" and made a part hereof.

#### HEARING, DULY CONSTITUTED

Pg. 22-30

- 3. The Board of School Directors of the District hereby approves the description of the Project and related material attached hereto as Exhibit "B" which has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Act, and further authorizes the use and distribution thereof as required by the Act, including the availability thereof to the public and media (mailed to them, not later than 14 days prior to said hearing) not later than March 15, 2021.
- 4. The Board of School Directors of the District hereby authorizes and directs the proper officers of the District to submit to the Pennsylvania Department of Education (the "Department") a certified copy of this Resolution, together with a copy of the minutes or transcript of the aforementioned public hearing, a proof of publication of the notice thereof, and a complete description of the Project, all as required by the Act, as well as any other documents required by the Department in connection therewith.
- 5. The Board of School Directors of the District hereby authorizes and directs its (i) administrative staff; (ii) Bond Counsel - Dinsmore & Shohl LLP (iii) Solicitor - Dillon McCandless King Coulter & Graham, LLP; (iv) Architect - Crabtree, Rohrbaugh & Associates, and (v) Bond Underwriter - PNC Capital Markets, to do and perform or cause to be done and performed, on behalf of the District, any and all acts and things as may be necessary in connection with the Project in order to carry out the purposes of the Act and this Resolution.
- 6. The proper officers of the District are hereby authorized and directed to execute any and all papers and to do and cause to be done any and all acts and things necessary or proper for the execution or carrying out of this Resolution.
- 7. All resolutions or parts of resolutions inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby rescinded, canceled and annulled.

I, the undersigned Secretary of the Karns City Area School District, DO HEREBY CERTIFY that the foregoing is a true and correct copy of a Resolution duly adopted by the affirmative vote of a majority of the members of the Board of School Directors of the District at a public meeting held on March 8, 2021; that proper notice of such meeting was duly given as required by law; and the said Resolution has been duly entered upon the Minutes of said Board, showing how each member voted thereon.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my signature as such official and affixed the seal of Karns City Area School District this 8th day of March, 2021.

MARCH B. 2021



# HEARING, DULY CONSTITUTED Pg. 22-30

Karns City Area School District
ACT 34 PUBLIC HEARING
Additions and Renovations
of the
Chicora Elementary School

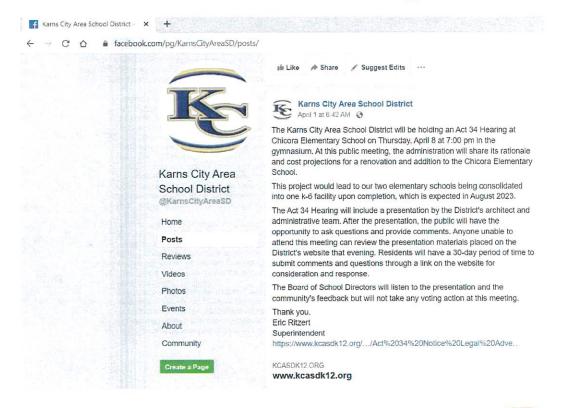
#### **CERTIFICATE**

I, the undersigned, Secretary of the Karns City Area School District, Butler County, Pennsylvania (the "District"), certify: that the foregoing is a true and correct copy of a Resolution which was duly adopted by affirmative vote of a majority of all members of the Board of School Directors of the District duly convened and held according to law on March 8, 2021, at which meeting a quorum was present; that said Resolution has been duly recorded in the Minutes of the Board of School Directors of the District; and that said Resolution is in full force and effect without amendment, alteration or repeal, as of the date of this Certificate.

I further certify that the Board of School Directors of the District met the advance notice requirements of the Sunshine Act, Act No. 1986-84 of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, approved July 3, 1986, as amended, and supplemented by advertising said meeting and by posting prominently a notice of said meeting at the principal office of the District or at the public building in which said meeting was held, all in accordance with such Act.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I set my hand and affix the official seal of the Karns City Area School District, this 8<sup>th</sup> day of March, 2021.

Mr. Evan McGarvey, Board Secretary





#### Proof of Publication of Notice in Leader Times

Under the Act of July 9, 1976, P.L. 877, No. 160

State of Pennsylvania County of Armstrong

Commonwealth of Pennsylv duly sworn, deposes and say Kittanning, County and State Times has been regularly iss	adnik, Legal Clerk of West Penn Media, a corporation of the ania, publisher of the Leader Times, of the County State aforesaid, beins that the Leader Times, a newspaper of general circulation published: a aforesaid, was established January 10, 1898, since which date the Leaued in said county, and that the printed notice or publication attached printed and published in the regular editions and issues of the said Leauer and published in the regular editions and issues of the said Leauer and published in the regular editions and issues of the said Leauer and published in the regular editions and issues of the said Leauer and published in the regular editions and issues of the said Leauer and published in the regular editions and issues of the said Leauer and published in the regular editions and issues of the said Leauer and published in the regular editions and issues of the said Leauer and published in the regular editions and issues of the said Leauer and published in the regular editions and issues of the said Leauer and published in the regular editions and issues of the said Leauer and published in the regular editions and issues of the said Leauer and published in the regular editions and issues of the said Leauer and published in the regular editions and issues of the said Leauer and published in the regular editions and issues of the said Leauer and published in the regular editions and issues of the said Leauer and published in the regular editions and issues of the said Leauer and published in the regular editions and issues of the said Leauer and published in the regular editions and issues of the said Leauer and the regular editions are regular editions and the regular editions are regular editions and the regular editions are regular editions and regular editions and regular editions are regular editions and regular editio
	13 <sup>th</sup> , 20 <sup>th</sup> and the 27th day of March, 2021
Leader Times, a newspaper of affiant is not interested in the	the is an officer duly authorized by West Penn Media, publisher of the of general circulation to verify the foregoing statement under oath, and subject matter of the foresaid notice or advertisement, and that all tatements as to time, place and character of publication are true.
Copy of Notice or Publication	Belly Zahradier
	Sworn to and subscribed before me this At MUCK JOCAL  A Commission Expires:
	Commonwealth of Pennsylvania - Notary Seal JULIA A JORDAN - Hotary Public Armstrong County Statement of Adversing Fugurission Expires Jun 28, 2024 Commission Number 1080564
	To Leader Times  For publishing the notice or publication attached  Hereto on the above stated dates

### HEARING, DULY CONSTITUTED

#### Proof of Publication of Notice in Butler Eagle

Pg. 22-30

Under Act No. 587, Approved May 16, 1929

State of Pennsylvania, County of Butler.

Rebecca L. Yount	Of the Eagle Printing Company, Inc., of the County and State aforesaid, being duly sworn,
	ER EAGLE, a newspaper of general circulation published at 114 West Diamond Street, City of
Butler, County and State aforesa	ld, was established 1869, since which date the BUTLER EAGLE has been regularly issued in said
	ice or publication attached hereto is exactly the same as was printed and published in the regular UTLER EAGLE on the following dates, viz.

	ch 15, March 22 and the
29th Day of March	A.D. 2021
ublisher of said BUTLER EAGLE, a newspaper of	duly authorized by the EAGLE PRINTING COMPANY, a corporation, general circulation, to verify the foregoing statement under oath, and Affiant du notice or advertisement, and that all allegations in the foregoing statement ce.  Reberra  Butter Engle
Copy of Notice or Publication	Sworn to and subscribed before me this 29th
LEGAL NOTICE Karns City Area School District	Day of March 20
PUBLIC HEARING Additions and	(arolin) & Orto ?
Flenovations of the	My Commission Expires:
PUBLIC I E-PRIOR  PUBLIC I E-PRIOR  PROTOCO  PROTOCO  TO THE P	Communication of Permyalanta - Margary Sensi CAROLINE (SERIT) - Margary Parkit Buller County My Commission Expired To 27 (22) Commission Marther 13-48505 Statement of Arborrelsing Counts Karns City Area School District  1446 Kittanning Pike Karns City, PA 16041
Project - including facts relative to color status physical, administrative budgedary and faced mat- ters of the project, wit by presented and will be	TO BUTLER EAGLE, Dr. For publishing the notice or publication attached Hereto on the above stated days  726.0
tion at this public hear- ing, and, beginning Monday, March 15, 2021 a description booklet for	Probating sameS3.0
a descriptor books for the Project will be avail- able during business hours at the Karns City	Total S 729.0
Administration Office located at 1446 Kittan-Publish	er's Receipt for Advertising Costs  BUTLER EAGLE, a newspaper of general circulation, hereby acknowledg and certifies that the same have been duly paid.  EAGLE PRINTING CO., a Corporation, Publisher O'BUTLER EAGLE, a Newspaper of General Circulation.

ning Pike, Karns C PA 16041. The Board of Sch

The Board of School Directors of the Karra City Area School Districtory resolution duly adopt and has authorized the folowing maximum project to the construction cost in construction cost in connection with the pro-

Act 34 Maximum Buil ing Construction Co (Structure Cost, Desig Fees, Movable Fixture and Equipment, LES Site Costs)

\$ 9,392,393
Other Project Costs
(Site Costs, Renovation
Costs and remaining
Project "Soft" Costs)

\$ 12,353,193

Maximum Project Co

12,745,589

Maximum Project Co

12,745,589

Maximum Project Co

Maximum Project

Maximum Pr

tem tastimony to the statement of the Sense attention of the Sense a



Publisher's Receipt for Advertising Costs
Leader Times, a newspaper of general circulation, hereby acknowledges receipt of the aforesaid notice and publication cost and certifies that the same been daly paid.

# PROJECT NEED

#### PROJECT NEED

Pg. 5-6

#### ☐ District-Wide Feasibility Study from February 2017

- Identify Educational Program Deficiencies
- Identify Building Systems Deficiencies
- 10 Year Projected Enrollments relatively stable
- Options Developed for Long Term Facility Planning

#### Option Selection

CRA approved in October 2019 to assist School Board in option selection.
 Community Meeting held in September 2019 to review final facility options and decision-making process.





#### Enrollment Projections

Prepared by the Pennsylvania Department of Education

(717) 787-2644

#### Karns City Area SD 104103603

YEAR	_K_	_1_	_2_	_3_	_4_	_5_	6	_7_	_8_	_ 9	10	11	12	Total
								Actua	al					
2015 - 2016	103	93	113	108	130	95	138	94	96	141	137	127	124	1499
2016 - 2017	96	100	97	117	108	124	97	132	95	104	126	138	129	1463
2017 - 2018	89	97	95	100	117	111	126	103	135	98	98	130	138	1437
2018 - 2019	88	89	97	93	102	122	111	119	106	133	84	89	130	1363
2019 - 2020	97	93	91	96	95	105	126	111	121	104	129	85	91	1344
							Р	roject	ion					
2020 - 2021	102	77	93	92	98	96	107	125	113	119	95	131	86	1334
2021 - 2022	97	97	77	94	94	99	98	106	127	111	109	97	132	1338
2022 - 2023	97	92	97	78	96	95	101	97	108	125	102	111	98	1297
2023 - 2024	84	92	92	98	80	97	97	100	99	106	114	104	112	1275
2024 - 2025	86	80	92	93	100	81	99	96	102	97	97	116	105	1244
2025 - 2026	88	82	80	93	95	101	82	98	98	100	89	99	117	1222
2026 - 2027	90	84	82	81	95	96	103	81	100	96	92	91	100	1191
2027 - 2028	92	86	84	83	83	96	98	102	83	98	88	94	92	1179
2028 - 2029	94	88	86	85	85	84	98	97	104	81	90	89	95	1176
2029 - 2030	97	90	88	87	87	86	85	97	99	102	74	92	90	1174

#### PROJECT NEED

Pg. 5-6

#### K-6 Student Enrollment

Current:

2019-2020 **703** 

Projected:

2029-2030 **620** 



#### PROJECT NEED

Pg. 5-6

#### Educational Benefits

- Equalization of class sizes
- Opportunities for staff to collaborate more frequently
- Continuity and consistency from the elementary to the secondary
- Special Education improvements and equity of services
- Gifted Education improvements
- Ability to offer more enrichment and acceleration within the curriculum

#### □ Operational/Fiscal Benefits

- Renovations will enable energy efficiency and environmental sustainability in their construction
- New mechanical systems
- Newer facilities require maintenance
- Consolidation will enable us to allocate our staff more equally, saving personnel costs
- School system can be sized appropriately for the number of students and more easily scaled with future enrollment numbers



#### ☐ Project Execution

Using information provided, the District chose additions & renovations to Chicora Elementary School to address the following:

- Consolidate to one elementary school to improve educational and building efficiencies
- Provide equity for all K-6 students with curriculum-specific classrooms
- Address infrastructure deficiencies of the existing 1960 building and 1996 addition
- Enhance safety and security measures
- Provide a layout that allows smooth student flow and improve supervision
- Address Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) safety and building codes
- Enhance community use and access to the cafeteria, gymnasium and athletic fields
- Improve bus & parent drop-off and pick-up vehicular circulation and driveways
- Capitalize on favorable borrowing rates and implement the financing plan



## PROJECT DESCRIPTION

#### SUMMARY OF DISTRICT OWNED BUILDINGS AND LAND

Pg. 7

	NA ST	Prese	ent	Planned			
	Construction and/or Renovation Dates	Site Size (Acres)	Current Grade Levels	Current Building Capacity	Planned Completion Date	Proposed Grade Levels	Planned Building Capacity
Chicora ES	1960, 75, 96	20	K-6	550	2023	No Change	775
Sugarcreek ES	1953, 73, 94	12	K-6	325	n/a	Vacate	n/a
Karns City Jr/Sr HS	1962, 81, 96	75	7-12	1076	n/a	No Change	No Change
District Administration Office	1981	75	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a



#### OPTIONS CONSIDERED

Options focused on bringing facilities to current construction standards and educational program improvements. Various options and ideas were explored that culminated in the following options:

Pg. 8

- Elementary Schools Selective renovations to Sugarcreek and Chicora ES
- Elementary Schools Consolidation of Elementary Schools with additions and renovations to Chicora and vacate existing Sugarcreek ES
- Elementary Schools Vacate existing Elementary Schools and new construction of a Karns City Elementary School
- Jr./Sr. High School Selective renovation
- Jr./Sr. High School Comprehensive renovation and building additions
- Jr./Sr. High School New construction and vacate existing High School

The details and cost estimates for these options are detailed in the Community Meeting, held on September 21, 2020.



#### **Option One**

- Sugarcreek ES selective renovation
- Chicora ES selective renovation
- Jr/Sr High School selective renovation

### **Option Three**

- New Elementary School
- Jr/Sr High School additions and renovation

#### **Option Two**

- Chicora ES additions and renovation
- Sugarcreek ES vacate
- Jr/Sr High School selective renovation

#### **Option Four**

- Repurpose existing Jr/Sr HS to Elementary School
- New Jr/Sr High School



#### OPTIONS CONSIDERED

Pg. 8

#### **Option Two**

- Chicora ES additions and renovation
- Sugarcreek ES vacate
- Jr/Sr High School selective renovation

Option Two was selected to optimize District Transportation, building operations and provide equitable educational opportunities to all K-6 Students. These improvements met the District's budgetary allowances.



#### PROJECT DESCRIPTION

Pg. 9-10

#### **Summary of Proposed Building**

K-6 Facility with 775 Student Capacity
One Level Masonry Structure

Total Square Footage: 92,000 SF (48,000 SF existing)

#### **Summary of Site**

Site Size / Condition: 20 Acres

Wetlands: Yes, on South-Western part of site

Available Utilities: Electricity, Sewer, Water, Gas

Service

Proposed Community Use Areas: Open Playfields

Parking Count: Estimated 131 spaces including

overflow parking

**Safety Measures:** 

Separate Bus and Parent drop-off / pick-up area

Separate Loading Dock and Receiving Area

**Emergency Vehicle Access Drive** 

#### **Program Spaces include:**

General Classrooms, Special Education Classrooms, Music and Band Classrooms, Small Group Instruction, Library, Art and STEM Classrooms, Gymnasium, Administration Offices, Cafeteria and Kitchen (all spaces meet PA Department of Education guidelines).

<u>Building Systems:</u> VAV HVAC system, Lighting and Lighting Control System, Plumbing, Fire Suppression System, Fire Protection Alarm, Emergency Lighting, Integrated Communications & Clock System.

**Building Codes:** The building will be designed under the

following: 2015 IBC/PA UCC, ADA and NFPA







### FLOOR PLAN Pg. 12

- General Classrooms
- Special Education
- Small Group Instruction
- Music
- Art
- Library/Cafeteria/Gymnasium
- Faculty
- Building Support





## PROJECT ACCOUNTING BASED ON ESTIMATES PLANCON DO 2 & DO 3 Pg. 13-15

			TOTAL
D02	A.9	Total Structure Costs	\$17,936,305
	B.3	Architect's Fee	\$1,391,988
	C.3	Moveable Fixtures & Equipment (FF&E)	\$885,000
	F.	Total Structure Costs	\$20,213,293
D03	G.9	Additional Construction Related Costs	\$1,240,518
	H.10	Total Financing Costs	\$291,775
	1.	Total Project Costs	\$21,745,586

Total Project Cost in Advertisement is \$21,745,586



# ACT 34 MAXIMUM BUILDING CONSTRUCTION COST - PLANCON D20

Pg. 17

		<u>TOTAL</u>
A.	Structure Costs, Architects Fee, FF&E	\$10,641,255
B.4	Total Excludable Costs (D04 Pg. 16)	\$1,248,862
C.	Act 34 Maximum Building Construction Cost	\$9,392,393

# Act 34 Maximum Building Construction Cost in Advertisement is \$9,392,393

C. Act 34 Maximum Building Construction Cost Times 1.08

\$10,143,784

If the Act 34 Maximum Building Construction Cost <u>based on Bids</u> exceeds 8% or \$10,143,784 a second Act 34 Hearing is required



# FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

#### ANALYSIS OF FINANCING ALTERNATIVES

Pg. 18

The four alternatives of financing that we examined are:

- 1. Cash or a short-term loan.
- 2. General obligation bond issue.
- 3. A local authority issue.
- 4. A financing through the State Public School Building Authority (SPSBA).



#### COMPARISON OF VARIOUS METHODS OF FINANCING

Construction & Related Costs Contingency Capitalized Interest Costs of Issuance Total Costs	GENERAL OBLIGATION* \$20,915,722 538,089 - 291,775 \$21,745,586	LOCAL <u>AUTHORITY*</u> \$20,915,722 538,089 - 316,775 \$21,770,586	<u>SPSBA</u> \$20,915,722 538,089 - 316,775 \$21,770,586
Less: Bond Premium	2,482,115	2,482,115	2,482,115
Less: Interest Earned	53,471	53,471	53,471
BOND ISSUE	\$19,210,000	\$19,235,000	\$19,235,000
Average Annual Payment at 3.50%** for 20 years	\$1,351,636	\$1,384,191	\$1,384,191

- \* A Local Authority would have annual administrative expenses, which have not been included in these calculations.
- \*\* Local Authority and SPSBA Annual Payments are calculated assuming 3.75% as a result of higher interest rates associated with selling revenue bonds.

The School District is considering other ways to reduce the debt service and local effort needed to fund the Project.

- The School District will likely utilize bond insurance on the 2021 Bonds to increase the credit rating on the Bonds and to decrease annual interest costs.
- The School District will phase the full amortization of the debt service over a 3-year period.
- For discussion purposes only, we have provided:
   Table 1- Series of 2021 \$19,210,000
   1 mill = \$87,500



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#### INDIRECT COSTS

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#### **INDIRECT COSTS**

The School District does not expect to incur any additional annual indirect costs for the Chicora Elementary School Building Project. After the Project has been completed, the School District anticipates a decrease in utility and maintenance costs over the utility costs of the existing Chicora School due to the efficiency of the new building verses the old building.

#### TOTAL MILLAGE IMPACT

The total millage impact of the Project is: \$19,210,000 G.O. Bonds on Table 1 = 12.92 mills

The millage impact from the bond issue of 12.92 mills plus the indirect costs of 0 mills equals a total millage impact of 12.92 mills.



# DEBT SERVICE AND MILLAGE IMPACT

Pg. 21

12.92

KARNS CITY AREA	SCHOOL	DISTRICT	TABLE
SERIES OF 2021			
Total Issue Size	\$	19,210,000	

Total issue size	3 13,210,000				
			Semi-Annual	Fiscal Year	Millage
<u>Date</u>	Principal	Interest	<u>Debt Service</u>	<u>Debt Service</u>	Equivalent
10/1/2021	•	261,883.33	261,883.33	-	
4/1/2022		392,825.00	392,825.00	654,708.33	7.48
10/1/2022		392,825.00	392,825.00		
4/1/2023	-	392,825.00	392,825.00	785,650.00	1.50
10/1/2023	350,000	392,825.00	742,825.00		
4/1/2024		387,575.00	387,575.00	1,130,400.00	3.94
10/1/2024	360,000	387,575.00	747,575.00		
4/1/2025		380,375.00	380,375.00	1,127,950.00	
10/1/2025	375,000	380,375.00	755,375.00		
4/1/2026	•	371,000.00	371,000.00	1,126,375.00	
10/1/2026	395,000	371,000.00	766,000.00	÷	
4/1/2027	-	361,125.00	361,125.00	1,127,125.00	
10/1/2027	415,000	361,125.00	776,125.00		
4/1/2028		350,750.00	350,750.00	1,126,875.00	
10/1/2028	435,000	350,750.00	785,750.00		
4/1/2029	1-	339,875.00	339,875.00	1,125,625.00	
10/1/2029	455,000	339,875.00	794,875.00	-	
4/1/2030		328,500.00	328,500.00	1,123,375.00	
10/1/2030	480,000	328,500.00	808,500.00	-	
4/1/2031		318,900.00	318,900.00	1,127,400.00	
10/1/2031	500,000	318,900.00	818,900.00		
4/1/2032	-	308,900.00	308,900.00	1,127,800.00	
10/1/2032	520,000	308,900.00	828,900.00		
4/1/2033	-	298,500.00	298,500.00	1,127,400.00	
10/1/2033	540,000	298,500.00	838,500.00		
4/1/2034		287,700.00	287,700.00	1,126,200.00	
10/1/2034	560,000	287,700.00	847,700.00		
4/1/2035	The state of the s	276,500.00	276,500.00	1,124,200.00	
10/1/2035	585,000	276,500.00	861,500.00		
4/1/2036		264,800.00	264,800.00	1,126,300.00	
10/1/2036	605,000	264,800.00	869,800.00		
4/1/2037		252,700.00	252,700.00	1,122,500.00	

10/1/2037	630,000	252,700.00	882,700.00	
4/1/2038	-	240,100.00	240,100.00	1,122,800.00
10/1/2038	655,000	240,100.00	895,100.00	-
4/1/2039	-	227,000.00	227,000.00	1,122,100.00
10/1/2039	680,000	227,000.00	907,000.00	
4/1/2040		213,400.00	213,400.00	1,120,400.00
10/1/2040	710,000	213,400.00	923,400.00	÷
4/1/2041	-	199,200.00	199,200.00	1,122,600.00
10/1/2041	740,000	199,200.00	939,200.00	
4/1/2042	-	184,400.00	184,400.00	1,123,600.00
10/1/2042	765,000	184,400.00	949,400.00	-
4/1/2043		159,100.00	169,100.00	1,118,500.00
10/1/2043	800,000	169,100.00	969,100.00	
4/1/2044		153,100.00	153,100.00	1,122,200.00
10/1/2044	830,000	153,100.00	983,100.00	-
4/1/2045		136,500.00	136,500.00	1,119,600.00
10/1/2045	865,000	136,500.00	1,001,500.00	
4/1/2046		119,200.00	119,200.00	1,120,700.00
10/1/2046	900,000	119,200.00	1,019,200.00	
4/1/2047	-	101,200.00	101,200.00	1,120,400.00
10/1/2047	935,000	101,200.00	1,036,200.00	
4/1/2048	-	82,500.00	82,500.00	1,118,700.00
10/1/2048	970,000	82,500.00	1,052,500.00	
4/1/2049		63,100.00	63,100.00	1,115,600.00
10/1/2049	1,010,000	63,100.00	1,073,100.00	-
4/1/2050		42,900.00	42,900.00	1,116,000.00
10/1/2050	1,050,000	42,900.00	1,092,900.00	-
4/1/2051	-	21,900.00	21,900.00	1,114,800.00
10/1/2051	1,095,000	21,900.00	1,116,900.00	1,116,900.00
TOTALS	\$19,210,000.00	\$14,794,783.33	\$34,004,783.33	\$34,004,783.33

# **PUBLIC COMMENT**

# PUBLIC COMMENT

When recognized please approach the microphone and state your namand address.	ıe
Questions and comments will be limited to one at a time to allow othe the opportunity to speak.	rs
Further questions or statements by individuals who have already spoke will be allowed only after all others have been given the opportunity to speak.	
Individuals will be allowed 5 minutes to speak.	



# **ADJOURNMENT**

### **ADJOURN MENT**

☐ Additional comments from the public regarding the project will be received at the District office until 12:00 noon on May 10, 2021.







# **PUBLIC HEARING**

On the proposed

# Construction Of Additions & Renovations to CHICORA ELEMENTARY SCHOOL

To be held in the Gymnasium of the Chicora Elementary School

Located at 205 Kittanning Street Chicora, PA 16025

on

Thursday, April 8, 2021 7:00 pm

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# **AGENDA**

1.	CALL TO ORDER / INTRODUCTION	Matt Bishop Board President
2.	HEARING, DULY CONSTITUTED  By Dillon McCandless King Coulter & Graham	Tom Breth, Esquire Solicitor
3.	PURPOSE OF THE MEETING (Need for the Project)	Dr. Eric Ritzert Superintendent of Schools
4.	PROJECT DESCRIPTION By Crabtree, Rohrbaugh & Associates	Anthony Colestock Senior Project Manager
5.	FINANCIAL ANALYSIS By PNC Capital Markets	Alisha Henry Bond Underwriter
6.	PUBLIC COMMENT	

- A. Pre-registered speakers / comments
- B. Please raise hand, stand, and state name, address
- C. One question at a time five minute limitation per speaker
- 7. ADJOURNMENT

## INTRODUCTION

The Board of School Directors of the Karns City Area School District, Karns City, Pennsylvania is providing this opportunity to inform the public as to the School Board's consideration of a project to fully construct additions and renovate Chicora Elementary School, located in Chicora Borough, Pennsylvania.

The project is in response to a district-wide review of physical facility and academic program needs for the elementary school population.

This public hearing is being held in accordance with Act 34 of 1973 of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The purpose is to have the District Administration, Architect, and Financial Advisors present a proposal for new construction.

The specific purposes for this hearing are as follows:

- 1. Establish the **need** for the project by reviewing events leading to the Board's consideration to consolidate elementary schools.
- 2. Review the various **options** considered by the Board prior to the decision to proceed with the current project proposal.
- 3. Describe the **construction elements** proposed to meet the educational program that serves as the basis for the project under consideration.
- 4. Present the estimated **construction cost**, the total project cost, indirect costs, and the financial needs and estimate of the local tax impact of the project.
- 5. Provide citizens and residents an opportunity to offer **comments** and written testimony concerning the project.

Please feel free to participate during the comment period at the latter part of the presentation. An official transcript of the hearing is being recorded in order for the Board to consider and study your constructive comments, insights, and observations.

## PROJECT NEED

The Karns City Area School District desires to undertake a building improvements project at the Chicora Elementary School to address educational program and physical plant deficiencies currently existing within the building. It is the goal of the District to deliver educational and physical plant improvements for all elementary students and faculty/staff in the building and with an appropriate educational environment.

The building was originally constructed in 1960 with additions in 1996. Since that time, no major alterations or additions have been completed. A recent district-wide feasibility study identified educational program and student capacity deficiencies, as well as deficiencies in the building's physical plant. A thorough analysis of existing facilities considered the buildings' physical conditions, the life cycle of core systems, heating, ventilation, plumbing, and electrical systems, existing building codes, ADA requirements, safety issues, and overall facility improvements required to meet current construction standards. The analysis took into full consideration of demographic, enrollment, census, and capacity of facilities.

These building improvements are needed to address the aforementioned program and physical plant deficiencies, provide equity to the educational program, facilitate the academic achievement of the students and provide for more efficient utilization of operational costs that benefit not only the school district but the community as well. These issues support the need for these facility improvements.

Educational programmatic deficiencies that exist in the current elementary school building include, but are not limited to, grade level team teaching and organization, state and federal mandates for special education and other programs, undersized spaces for curriculum-specific classrooms for various subject matters, and instructional technology.

Other deficiencies include existing modular classrooms adjacent to the main building that currently serve as general classroom space. These modular classrooms are in poor condition and have exceeded their life expectancy (currently 20 years old), and not conducive to an appropriate educational environment. Deficiencies within the physical plant include:

- Mechanical systems air quality/ventilation, heating, air conditioning
- Plumbing systems dated toilet fixtures including water closets, lavatories, and water fountains
- Electrical systems panelboards, wiring, distribution, emergency lighting, emergency generator, data networking, and communications
- Security secure vestibule, separation of bus and parent drop-off driveways

With the need to enhance safety and security measures, new technologies, evolving curriculum, and increasing accountability standards, the existing Chicora Elementary School building is not spatially or educationally adequate to serve the programs of a 21st Century elementary/secondary education.

The Karns City Area School District is a rural school district encompassing 125 square miles

comprised of the boroughs of Chicora, East Brady, Fairview, Karns City, Petrolia, and Bruin, as well as the townships of Parker, Fairview, Donegal, Perry, Sugarcreek, Brady's Bend, and Brady. The School District serves students in two K-6 elementary buildings (Chicora Elementary School and Sugarcreek Elementary School), one 7-12 junior-senior high school (Karns City Junior-Senior High School). The school district employs approximately 230 employees, which includes 110 instructional staff members.

The Karns City Area School District's mission is "together with the community, is to provide a quality education, in a safe, caring environment, which enables the student to become a lifelong learner and a responsible member of the family and society." The Karns City Area School District strives to provide a safe, caring, learning environment where students are expected to achieve and graduate ready to work, serve and succeed. The Board acknowledges that the learning environment plays a critical role in providing educational opportunities for our children.

In October 2019, the District hired Crabtree, Rohrbaugh & Associates (CRA) to review options presented in the completed district-wide feasibility study of the district's facilities. CRA Architects met with district administration and Board on numerous occasions to review current conditions, enrollments, and anticipated enrollments, discuss options, review program requirements, and research and investigate building designs. Crabtree, Rohrbaugh & Associates developed several preliminary facility options and made recommendations to the Board of Directors and administration to assist in the decision-making process regarding the future utilization of the educational buildings.

Educational specifications were developed by District Administration, documenting the District's educational practices, planned curricula, and state mandates. Using the information provided, the District chose additions and renovations to Chicora Elementary School to address the following:

- ✓ Follow-through with the feasibility study done in February 2017 by Canzian/Johnston Architects
- ✓ Implement a building design for grade-level teaming and educational collaboration.
- ✓ Incorporate current instructional technology, including a fully-functioning wireless network
- ✓ Provide a building layout that allows for safe, smooth student flow and improve supervision
- ✓ Provide natural light in the classrooms and common areas
- ✓ Addresses the infrastructure deficiencies of the current school built in 1960 and renovated in 1996.
- ✓ Address the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) safety and building codes
- ✓ Address the infrastructure deficiencies of the current elementary school with new HVAC, plumbing, electrical, and safety systems
- ✓ Provide curriculum-specific classrooms and labs for the related arts
- ✓ Provide curriculum-specific classrooms and practice rooms for band and chorus
- ✓ Provide curriculum-specific classrooms for health education and project-based learning
- ✓ Meet the IDEA mandates for special education classrooms and support services
- ✓ Enhance community use and access to the cafeteria, gymnasium, and athletic fields
- ✓ Address student safety by improving bus & parent drop-off and pick-up during arrival and dismissal times
- ✓ Capitalize on favorable borrowing rates and implement the financing plan.

# SUMMARY OF DISTRICT OWNED BUILDINGS AND LAND

	Present				Planned Planned		
	Construction and/or Renovation Dates	Site Size (Acres)	Current Grade Levels	Current Building Capacity	Planned Completion Date	Proposed Grade Levels	Planned Building Capacity
Chicora ES	1960, 75, 96	20	K-6	550	2023	No Change	775
Sugarcreek ES	1953, 73, 94	12	K-6	325	n/a	Vacate	n/a
Karns City Jr/Sr HS	1962, 81, 96	75	7-12	1076	n/a	No Change	No Change
District Administration Office	1981	75	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a

## **OPTIONS CONSIDERED**

In May 2019 the District completed a District-Wide Feasibility Study, with supplemental options in September 2020, which focused on bringing facilities to current construction standards and educational program improvements. Various options and ideas were explored that culminated in the following options:

- Elementary Schools Selective renovations to Sugarcreek and Chicora ES
- Elementary Schools Consolidation of Elementary Schools with additions and renovations to Chicora and vacate existing Sugarcreek ES
- Elementary Schools Vacate existing Elementary Schools and new construction of a Karns City Elementary School
- Jr./Sr. High School Selective renovation
- Jr./Sr. High School Comprehensive renovation and building additions
- Jr./Sr. High School New construction and vacate existing High School

The details and cost estimates for these options are detailed in the Community Meeting, held on September 21, 2020.

#### **Option One**

- Sugarcreek ES selective renovation
- Chicora ES selective renovation
- Jr/Sr High School selective renovation

#### Option Two

- · Chicora ES additions and renovation
- Sugarcreek ES vacate
- Jr/Sr High School selective renovation

#### **Option Three**

- New Elementary School
- Jr/Sr High School additions and renovation

#### **Option Four**

- Repurpose existing Jr/Sr HS to Elementary School
- New Jr/Sr High School

Option Two was selected to optimize District transportation and building operations and provide equitable educational opportunities to K-6 Students. Additionally, these improvements met the District's budgetary allowances.

# PROJECT DESCRIPTION

Summary of Site

Site Size / Condition: 20 Acres Current Site Usage: SCH – Schools

Wetlands: Yes, on South-Western part of site

Available Utilities: Electricity, Sewer, Water, Gas Service

Proposed Community Use Areas: Open Playfields

Parking Count: Estimated 131 spaces including overflow parking

Safety Measures:

Separate Bus and Parent drop-off / pick-up area Separate Loading Dock and Receiving Area

**Emergency Vehicle Access Drive** 

#### **Summary of Proposed Building**

K-6 Facility with 775 Student Capacity
One Level Masonry Structure
Total Square Footage: 92,000 SF (48,000 SF existing)

#### Program Spaces include:

General Classrooms, Special Education Classrooms, Music and Band Classrooms, Small Group Instruction, Library, Art and STEM Classrooms, Gymnasium, Administration Offices, Cafeteria and Kitchen (all spaces meet PA Department of Education guidelines).

<u>Building Systems:</u> VAV HVAC system, Lighting and Lighting Control System, Plumbing, Fire Suppression System, Fire Protection Alarm, Emergency Lighting, Integrated Communications & Clock System.

<u>Building Codes:</u> The building will be designed under the following: 2015 IBC/PA UCC, ADA and NFPA

## PROJECT DESCRIPTION

#### **Project Description:**

The facility is designed with a new "Main Street" Lobby which separates the large program spaces, such as the Gymnasium, and new Cafeteria and Administration spaces, from the academic spaces. A new Kindergarten wing and several classrooms will be added to the existing facility. The proposed layout will have 3 academic wings each housing appropriate grade level groupings; Kindergarten, 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup>, and 3<sup>rd</sup> through 6<sup>th</sup>. The Library, Art an STEM classroom will located in the central academic wing. The other two academic wings will have a Collaborative Learning Area for small group and individual instruction.

Entry into the school is controlled through a secure entrance vestibule which allows supervision of visitors through the Administration area. The secure entry vestibule design provides security card access control and prohibits direct access directly into the school.

The site work includes a separated bus drop and parent drop off which avoids vehicular congestion and enhances safety. Visitor parking is located at the front of the building, while faculty parking is located at the side of the facility with clear access to the Main Street Lobby. The drive-way for the bus drop-off will can also be used as an emergency vehicle access road and a service drive for deliveries to the loading dock. A recreational field is located at the eastern portion of the site. Careful considerations was placed on pedestrian traffic through the site.

The adjacent property is being purchased to create a new bus drive and provide safe separation from the existing drive way and expansion of the recreational field. To maintain separation of the buses from vehicular traffic the bus drive will extend to existing Spring Street.

# **SITE PLAN**

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# **FLOOR PLAN**

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PROJECT ACCOUNTING BASED ON ESTI	MATES (1 of 2)				
District/CTC: Project Name:	100	Project	#:		
Karns City Area School District Chicora Elementary School					
ROUND FIGURES TO NEAREST	DOLLAR				
PROJECT COSTS	NEW	EXISTING	TOTAL		
A. STRUCTURE COSTS (include site development)					
1. General (Report costs for sanitary sewage disposal on line E-1.)	6,828,430	4,651,175	11,479,605		
2. Heating and Ventilating	1,360,000	1,676,500	3,036,500		
3. Plumbing (Report costs for sanitary sewage disposal on line E-1.)	640,000	766,400	1,406,400		
4. Electrical	960,000	1,053,800	2,013,800		
5. Asbestos Abatement (D04, line C-3)	x x x x x x				
6. Building Purchase Amount	x x x x x x				
7. Other * (Exclude test borings and site survey)					
a					
b					
c					
d					
e.PlanCon-D-Add't Costs, Total					
A-1 to A-7 - Subtotal	9,788,430	8,147,875	17,936,305		
8. Construction Insurance					
a. Owner Controlled Insurance Program on					
Structure Costs (Exclude asbestos abatement, building purchase and other structure costs not covered by the program)					
b. Builder's Risk Insurance (if not included in primes)					
c. Construction Insurance - Total					
9. TOTAL-Structure Costs (A-1 to A-7-Subtotal plus A-8-c)	9,788,430	8,147,875	17,936,305		
3. ARCHITECT'S FEE					
1. Architect's/Engineer's Fee on Structure	717,825	674,163	1,391,988		
2. EPA-Certified Project Designer's	XXXXXX	07-1,100	1,001,000		
Fee on Asbestos Abatement	XXXXXX				
3. TOTAL - Architect's Fee	717,825	674,163	1,391,988		
	,		355 1555		
C. MOVABLE FIXTURES AND EQUIPMENT					
1. Movable Fixtures and Equipment	135,000	750,000	885,000		
2. Architect's Fee					
3. TOTAL - Movable Fixtures & Equipment	135,000	750,000	885,000		
D. STRUCTURE COSTS, ARCHITECT'S FEE,					
MOVABLE FIXTURES & EQUIPMENT -	10,641,255	9,572,038	20,213,293		
TOTAL (A-9 plus B-3 and C-3)					
E.SITE COSTS 1.Sanitary Sewage Disposal					
2. Sanitary Sewage Disposal Tap-In Fee and/or					
Capacity Charges					
3. Owner Controlled Insurance Program/Builder's Risk					
Insurance on Sanitary Sewage Disposal 4. Architect's/Engineer's Fee for					
Sanitary Sewage Disposal					
5. Site Acquisition Costs		x			
a. Gross Amount Due from Settlement Statement		x x x x x x			
or Estimated Just Compensation		X X X X X X			
b. Real Estate Appraisal Fees		x x x x x x			
c. Other Related Site Acquisition Costs		x x x x x x x			
d. Site Acquisition Costs - Total		x x x x x x			
6. TOTAL - Site Costs					
F. STRUCTURE COSTS, ARCHITECT'S FEE,					
MOVABLE FIXTURES & EQUIPMENT, AND	10,641,255	9,572,038	20,213,293		
SITE COSTS - TOTAL (D plus E-6)					
* Type "No Fee" beside each item for which	no design fee is	charged.			

PROJEC	r accounting bases	O ON ESTIMATES (2	of 2)	
District/CTC: Karns City Area School District	roject Name: Chicora Elementary S	School	Project #:	
Traine only 7 feet content pleases	ROUND FIGURES TO			
PROJECT COSTS (CONT.)	1.001.0 1 1.001			TOTAL
G. ADDITIONAL CONSTRUCTION-RELA	TED COSTS			
1. Project Supervision (inc		ent Project Suner	vision)	
2. Construction Manager Fee			V131011)	
3. Total Demolition of Enti			l Asbestos Removal	
to Prepare Project Site				
AHERA Clearance Air Moni				
on Asbestos Abatement (E	xclude costs for	partial demolitie	011.)	E7 470
4. Architectural Printing 5. Test Borings				57,172
				24,087
	f mandad)			31,145
7. Other (attach schedule i	i needed)			
a				
b.PlanCon-D-Add't Costs	, Total			590,025
8. Contingency				538,089
9. TOTAL - Additional Const	ruction-Related C	osts		1,240,518
H. FINANCING COSTS	BOND ISSUE/NOTE	BOND ISSUE/NOTE	BOND ISSUE/NOTE	xxxxx
FOR THIS PROJECT ONLY	SERIES OF 2021	SERIES OF	SERIES OF	XXXXXX
1. Underwriter Fees	96,350			96,350
2. Legal Fees	60,000			60,000
3. Financial Advisor				
4. Bond Insurance	102,425			102,425
<ol><li>Paying Agent/Trustee</li></ol>				
Fees and Expenses	1,500			1,500
6. Capitalized Interest				
7. Printing	7,500	-		7,500
8. CUSIP & Rating Fees	24,000			24,000
9. Other				
a				
b				
10. TOTAL-Financing Costs	291,775			291,775
I. TOTAL PROJECT COSTS (F plus	G-9 plus H-10)		1	21,745,586
	BOND ISSUE/NOTE	BOND ISSUE/NOTE	BOND ISSUE/NOTE	
REVENUE SOURCES	SERIES OF 2021	SERIES OF	SERIES OF	TOTAL
J. AMOUNT FINANCED				
FOR THIS PROJECT ONLY	19,210,000			19,210,000
K. ORIGINAL ISSUE DISCOUNT/				,,
PREMIUM FOR THIS PROJECT ONLY	2,482,115			2,482,115
L. INTEREST EARNINGS	50.474			E0 /=/
FOR THIS PROJECT ONLY	53,471	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	53,471
M. BUILDING INSURANCE RECEIVED	NG OD TIME			
N. PROCEEDS FROM SALE OF BUILDI				
O. LOCAL FUNDS - CASH (SEE INST				<del> </del>
P. OTHER FUNDS (ATTACH SCHEDULE	1			24 745 500
Q. TOTAL REVENUE SOURCES				21,745,586

ADDITI	ONAL PROJECT CO	STS	
District/CTC:	Project Name:	Project #:	
Karns City Area School District	Chicora Elementary S		
D02-A. STRUCTURE COSTS (incl. site dev.)	NEW	EXISTING	TOTAL
DOL III. STREETS COSTS (ZHOTI STEE GOVI)			200000000000000000000000000000000000000
	-		
***************************************			
TOTAL - STRUCTURE COSTS			
* - Type "No Fee" beside each i	tem <u>listed above</u> fo	r which no design fee	is charged.
D03 - G. ADDITIONAL CONSTRUCTION-RELA	TED COSTS		TOTAL
Construction Testing and Inspection			403,567
Regulatory Agency Reviews			179,363
Fire Hydrant Flow Test			595
3rd Party Code Review	6,500		
Stat any code neview			0,300
TOTAL - ADDITIONAL CONSTRUCTION-RELAT	ED COSTS		590,025

	DETAILED COSTS			
District/CTC:	Project Name:			Project #:
Karns City Area School District	Chicora Elementary School			
		NEW	EXISTING	TOTAL
A. SITE DEVELOPMENT COSTS  (exclude Sanitary Sewage Disposal)				
1. General (include Rough Grading t	o Receive Building)	900,000	2,000,000	2,900,000
2. Heating and Ventilating	,	000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000
3. Plumbing				
4. Electrical				
5. Other:				
6. Other:				
7. A-1 thru A-6 - Subtotal		900,000	2,000,000	2,900,000
8. Construction Insurance				
<ul> <li>a. Owner Controlled Insurance on Site Development Costs</li> </ul>	e Program			
b. Builder's Risk Insurance	(if not included in primes)			
c. Construction Insurance -	Subtotal			
9. Site Development Costs - Total		900,000	2,000,000	2,900,000
B. ARCHITECT'S FEE ON SITE DEVELOPMENT		348,862		348,862
		•	•	EXISTING
C. ASBESTOS ABATEMENT				
1. Asbestos Abatement				
2. AHERA Clearance Air Monitori	ng			
3. Asbestos Abatement - Total (	D02, line A-5)			
D. EPA-CERTIFIED PROJECT DESIGNER'	S FEE ON ASBESTOS			
ABATEMENT (D02, LINE B-2)				
E. ROOF REPLACEMENT/REPAIR				
1. Roof Replacement Repair				
2. Owner Controlled Insurance P	rogram on Roof Replacemen	t/Repair		
3. Builder's Risk Insurance (if	not included in primes)			
	tal			

ACT 34 OF 1973: MAXIMUM BUILDING CONSTRUCTION COST		
	BUILDING OR SUBSTANTIAL ADDITION ONLY	
	Project Name: Chicora Elementary School	Project #:
do not address the costs reason, costs associated	costs for new construction. The legal so for alterations to existing structures d with the existing structure and other in the following calculations.	s. For this
A. STRUCTURE COST, ARCHITEC AND EQUIPMENT (D02, line		\$ <u>10,641,255</u>
B. EXCLUDABLE COSTS FOR NEW	V CONSTRUCTION	THE FIGURE ON
1. Site Development Cost	s (D04, line A-7-NEW) \$ 900,000	LINE A SHOULD NOT BE ADOPTED
<pre>2. Architect's Fees on t   excludable costs</pre>	he above \$348,862	BY THE BOARD.
3. Vocational Projects O Fixtures & Equipment	Annual Control of the	
4. Total Excludable Cost (B-1 plus B-2 and B		\$ 1,248,862
C. ACT 34 MAXIMUM BUILDING CONSTRUCTION COST		
<u>r.</u>	HE BOARD MUST ADOPT THE FIGURE ON INE C BEFORE SCHEDULING THE FIRST CT 34 HEARING.	\$ 9,392,393
TO OR GREATER THAN THE NESTIMATES PLUS EIGHT PER		D ON WILL

REVISED JULY 1, 2010 FORM EXPIRES 6-30-12

PLANCON-D20

# **ANALYSIS OF FINANCING ALTERNATIVES**

We have analyzed four alternative methods of financing for the proposed renovations and additions to the Chicora Elementary School (the "Project"). We also estimated the direct costs of financing as required by the Department of Education regulations issued November 4, 1978.

#### ANALYSIS OF ALTERNATIVES

The four alternatives of financing that we examined are:

- 1. Cash or a short-term loan.
- 2. General obligation bond issue.
- 3. A local authority issue.
- 4. A financing through the State Public School Building Authority (SPSBA).

Review of the financing projections prepared in connection with this Project, and discussions with the School District's Administration indicated that financing the entire project with cash is not feasible. The School District does not have the unassigned funds necessary to pay enough cash for its share of the Project, nor does it appear that the School District would be able to raise the required amounts from its anticipated cash flow to meet the proposed construction schedule.

We then analyzed in detail the three alternatives which would require the School District to incur long-term debt. For each alternative, we estimated a bond issue size and calculated the average annual debt service requirements. We then constructed a repayment schedule assuming equal annual payments over 20 years at current interest rate levels for the General Obligation, Local Authority, and SPSBA Bond Issues. Financing costs for the local authority and SPSBA were slightly higher, which resulted in a larger bond issue and higher average annual payments. Bonds issued through either a local authority or the SPSBA would be classified as revenue bonds instead of general obligation bonds. Interest rates on revenue bonds are slightly higher than interest rates that would be received on general obligation bonds. This would result in higher annual debt service payments for the School District. The General Obligation alternative offers the School District the advantage of lower interest rates, more favorable refunding provisions and keeps more control with the local school board. Based on these analyses and past performance, the least costly alternative for financing the Project is the General Obligation Bond Issue.

#### COMPARISON OF VARIOUS METHODS OF FINANCING

	GENERAL	LOCAL	
	<b>OBLIGATION*</b>	<b>AUTHORITY*</b>	SPSBA
Construction & Related Costs	\$20,915,722	\$20,915,722	\$20,915,722
Contingency	538,089	538,089	538,089
Capitalized Interest	_	-	-
Costs of Issuance	<u>291,775</u>	<u>316,775</u>	<u>316,775</u>
Total Costs	\$21,745,586	\$21,770,586	\$21,770,586
Less: Bond Premium	2,482,115	2,482,115	2,482,115
Less: Interest Earned	53,471	53,471	53,471
BOND ISSUE	\$19,210,000	\$19,235,000	\$19,235,000
Average Annual Payment at 3.50%** for 20 years	\$1,351,636	\$1,384,191	\$1,384,191

<sup>\*</sup> A Local Authority would have annual administrative expenses, which have not been included in these calculations.

The School District is considering other ways to reduce the debt service and local effort needed to fund the Project.

- The School District will likely utilize bond insurance on the 2021 Bonds to increase the credit rating on the Bonds and to decrease annual interest costs.
- 2. The School District will phase the full amortization of the debt service over a 3-year period.
- 3. For discussion purposes only, we have provided: Table 1- Series of 2021 \$19,210,000 1 mill = \$87,500

#### STATE REIMBURSEMENT

Historically, the State has agreed to reimburse the District for a portion of the principal and interest paid each year for building construction projects approved through the PlanCon process. Since May 15, 2016 a moratorium on the acceptance of new PlanCon projects for approval has been in place. House Bill 1615, Section 732.1 amended and extended the moratorium through the 2020-21 fiscal year, therefore, the District cannot file for State reimbursement on this Project at this time. The State is currently evaluating revisions to the manner in which it provides financial support to school districts for building construction projects, however, at this time the outcome of the potential change is unknown. The District reserves the right to file for reimbursement on this Project in the future should the Project be eligible under revised legislation.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Local Authority and SPSBA Annual Payments are calculated assuming 3.75% as a result of higher interest rates associated with selling revenue bonds.

# **INDIRECT COSTS**

The School District does not expect to incur any additional annual indirect costs for the Chicora Elementary School Building Project. After the Project has been completed, the School District anticipates a decrease in utility and maintenance costs over the utility costs of the existing Chicora School due to the efficiency of the new building verses the old building.

#### **TOTAL MILLAGE IMPACT**

The total millage impact of the Project is: \$19,210,000 G.O. Bonds on Table 1 = 12.92 mills

The millage impact from the bond issue of 12.92 mills plus the indirect costs of 0 mills equals a total millage impact of 12.92 mills.

KARNS CITY AREA S	SCHOO	OL DISTRICT				TABLE 1
SERIES OF 2021						
Total Issue Size	\$	19,210,000				
				Semi-Annual	Fiscal Year	Millage
<u>Date</u>		<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Debt Service	Debt Service	<u>Equivalent</u>
10/1/2021		7.0	261,883.33	261,883.33		
4/1/2022			392,825.00	392,825.00	654,708.33	7.48
10/1/2022		*	392,825.00	392,825.00		
4/1/2023		-	392,825.00	392,825.00	785,650.00	1.50
10/1/2023		350,000	392,825.00	742,825.00	-	
4/1/2024			387,575.00	387,575.00	1,130,400.00	3.94
10/1/2024		360,000	387,575.00	747,575.00	-	
4/1/2025		(*)	380,375.00	380,375.00	1,127,950.00	
10/1/2025		375,000	380,375.00	755,375.00	-	
4/1/2026		-	371,000.00	371,000.00	1,126,375.00	
10/1/2026		395,000	371,000.00	766,000.00	370	
4/1/2027		-	361,125.00	361,125.00	1,127,125.00	
10/1/2027		415,000	361,125.00	776,125.00		
4/1/2028		-	350,750.00	350,750.00	1,126,875.00	
10/1/2028		435,000	350,750.00	785,750.00	101	
4/1/2029		-	339,875.00	339,875.00	1,125,625.00	
10/1/2029		455,000	339,875.00	794,875.00		
4/1/2030		(=)	328,500.00	328,500.00	1,123,375.00	
10/1/2030		480,000	328,500.00	808,500.00	H=1	
4/1/2031		1 € 3	318,900.00	318,900.00	1,127,400.00	
10/1/2031		500,000	318,900.00	818,900.00	14	
4/1/2032		(7)	308,900.00	308,900.00	1,127,800.00	
10/1/2032		520,000	308,900.00	828,900.00	· ·	
4/1/2033		-	298,500.00	298,500.00	1,127,400.00	
10/1/2033		540,000	298,500.00	838,500.00	-	
4/1/2034		121	287,700.00	287,700.00	1,126,200.00	
10/1/2034		560,000	287,700.00	847,700.00	-	
4/1/2035		-	276,500.00	276,500.00	1,124,200.00	
10/1/2035		585,000	276,500.00	861,500.00		
4/1/2036		-	264,800.00	264,800.00	1,126,300.00	
10/1/2036		605,000	264,800.00	869,800.00	-	
4/1/2037		140	252,700.00	252,700.00	1,122,500.00	
10/1/2037		630,000	252,700.00	882,700.00	_	
4/1/2038		-	240,100.00	240,100.00	1,122,800.00	
10/1/2038		655,000	240,100.00	895,100.00	4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	
4/1/2039			227,000.00	227,000.00	1,122,100.00	
10/1/2039		680,000	227,000.00	907,000.00		
4/1/2040			213,400.00	213,400.00	1,120,400.00	
10/1/2040		710,000	213,400.00	923,400.00	-	
4/1/2041		-	199,200.00	199,200.00	1,122,600.00	
10/1/2041		740,000	199,200.00	939,200.00	-	
4/1/2042			184,400.00	184,400.00	1,123,600.00	
10/1/2042		765,000	184,400.00	949,400.00	-	
4/1/2043		-	169,100.00	169,100.00	1,118,500.00	
10/1/2043		800,000	169,100.00	969,100.00	1,110,500.00	
4/1/2044		-	153,100.00	153,100.00	1,122,200.00	
10/1/2044		830,000	153,100.00	983,100.00	1,122,200.00	
4/1/2045		-	136,500.00	136,500.00	1,119,600.00	
10/1/2045		865,000	136,500.00	1,001,500.00	1,113,000.00	
4/1/2046		005,000	119,200.00	119,200.00	1,120,700.00	
10/1/2046		900,000	119,200.00	1,019,200.00	1,120,700.00	
4/1/2047		500,000	101,200.00	101,200.00	1,120,400.00	
10/1/2047		935,000	101,200.00	1,036,200.00	1,120,400.00	
4/1/2048		333,000			1 110 700 00	
		970.000	82,500.00 82,500.00	82,500.00	1,118,700.00	
10/1/2048		970,000	82,500.00	1,052,500.00	1 115 000 00	
4/1/2049		1 010 000	63,100.00	63,100.00	1,115,600.00	
10/1/2049		1,010,000	63,100.00	1,073,100.00	1 116 000 00	
4/1/2050		4 050 000	42,900.00	42,900.00	1,116,000.00	
10/1/2050		1,050,000	42,900.00	1,092,900.00	5	
4/1/2051		-	21,900.00	21,900.00	1,114,800.00	
10/1/2051		1,095,000	21,900.00	1,116,900.00	1,116,900.00	
TOTALS		\$19,210,000.00	\$14,794,783.33	\$34,004,783.33	\$34,004,783.33	12.92

# BOARD RESOLUTION MAXIMUM BUILDING and PROJECT COSTS

ADOPTING MAXIMUM PROJECT COSTS AND MAXIMUM BUILDING CONSTRUCTION COSTS FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A ADDITIONS AND RENOVATIONS TO CHICORA ELEMENTARY SCHOOL AUTHORIZING OTHER ACTION IN CONNECTION THEREWITH

WHEREAS, the Public School Code of 1949, as amended by Act 34, approved June 27, 1973 (the "Act"), requires, among other things, that a public hearing be held prior to the construction of new buildings or additions or the substantial renovation of existing buildings; and

WHEREAS, the Karns City Area School District (the "District") has determined to undertake the construction of Chicora Elementary School additions and renovations, referred to herein as the "Project"; and

WHEREAS, the Board of School Directors of the District proposes to adopt a maximum project cost and maximum building construction cost for the Project; and

WHEREAS, the Board of School Directors of the District intends to conduct a public hearing to inform the residents of the District with respect to the Project.

#### NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED THAT:

- 1. The Board of School Directors of the District hereby adopts a Maximum Project Cost of \$21,745,586 and an Act 34 Maximum Building Construction Cost of \$9,392,393 for the Project.
- 2. The Board of School Directors of the District hereby authorizes and directs a public hearing to be held in accordance with the requirements of Act 34 of the Pennsylvania School Code (the "Act") on April 8, 2021, at 7:00 p.m. in the Gymnasium of the Chicora Elemetnary School, 205 Kittanning Street, Chicora, PA 16025, to provide information to the residents of the District with respect to the Project. The Secretary of the Board of School Directors is hereby authorized and directed to cause a notice of such public hearing to be published once in the Butler Eagle and the Leader Times, such publication to appear not later than Monday, March 15, 2021, not less than 20 days prior to the date of the public hearing stated above. A copy of such notice is attached hereto as <a href="Exhibit "A" and made a part hereof.">Exhibit "A"</a> and made a part hereof.
- 3. The Board of School Directors of the District hereby approves the description of the Project and related material attached hereto as <u>Exhibit "B"</u> which has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Act, and further authorizes the use and distribution thereof as required by the Act, including the availability thereof to the public and media (mailed to them, not later than 14 days prior to said hearing) not later than March 15, 2021.
- 4. The Board of School Directors of the District hereby authorizes and directs the proper officers of the District to submit to the Pennsylvania Department of Education

Associates, and (v) Bond Underwriter – PNC Capital Markets, to do and perform or cause to be done and performed, on behalf of the District, any and all acts and things as may be necessary in connection with the Project in order to carry out the purposes of the Act and this Resolution.

- 6. The proper officers of the District are hereby authorized and directed to execute any and all papers and to do and cause to be done any and all acts and things necessary or proper for the execution or carrying out of this Resolution.
- 7. All resolutions or parts of resolutions inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby rescinded, canceled and annulled.

I, the undersigned Secretary of the Karns City Area School District, DO HEREBY CERTIFY that the foregoing is a true and correct copy of a Resolution duly adopted by the affirmative vote of a majority of the members of the Board of School Directors of the District at a public meeting held on March 8, 2021; that proper notice of such meeting was duly given as required by law; and the said Resolution has been duly entered upon the Minutes of said Board, showing how each member voted thereon.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my signature as such official and affixed the seal of Karns City Area School District this 8th day of March, 2021.

Mr. Evan McGarvey, Board Secretary

MARCH 8, 2021

[SEAL]

# **CERTIFICATE**

I, the undersigned, Secretary of the Karns City Area School District, Butler County, Pennsylvania (the "District"), certify: that the foregoing is a true and correct copy of a Resolution which was duly adopted by affirmative vote of a majority of all members of the Board of School Directors of the District duly convened and held according to law on March 8, 2021, at which meeting a quorum was present; that said Resolution has been duly recorded in the Minutes of the Board of School Directors of the District; and that said Resolution is in full force and effect without amendment, alteration or repeal, as of the date of this Certificate.

I further certify that the Board of School Directors of the District met the advance notice requirements of the Sunshine Act, Act No. 1986-84 of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, approved July 3, 1986, as amended, and supplemented by advertising said meeting and by posting prominently a notice of said meeting at the principal office of the District or at the public building in which said meeting was held, all in accordance with such Act.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I set my hand and affix the official seal of the Karns City Area School District, this 8<sup>th</sup> day of March, 2021.

En M. MS Mr. Evan McGarvey, Board Secretary

[SEAL]

## **PUBLIC HEARING NOTICE**

Please take notice that a public hearing will be held in the Gymnasium at the Chicora Elementary School located at 205 Kittanning Street, Chicora, PA on April 8, 2021 for the additions and renovations to Chicora Elementary School, starting at 7:00 p.m. The purpose of this hearing is to present all relevant matters relating to the construction and equipping of the Chicora Elementary School additions and renovations project.

A description of the Project, including facts relative to educational, physical, administrative, budgetary and fiscal matters of the project, will be presented and will be available for consideration at this public hearing, and, beginning Monday, March 15, 2021 a description booklet for the Project will be available during business hours at the Karns City Area School District Administration Office located at 1446 Kittanning Pike, Karns City, PA 16041.

The Board of School Directors of the Karns City Area School District by resolution duly adopted has authorized the following maximum project cost and maximum building construction cost in connection with the project:

Act 34 Maximum Building Construction Cost \$ 9,392,393 (Structure Cost, Design Fees, Movable Fixtures and Equipment, *LESS* Site Costs)

Other Project Costs \$ 12,353,193

(Site Costs, Renovation Costs and remaining Project 'Soft' Costs)

Maximum Project Cost \$21,745,586

This public hearing is being held pursuant to the requirements of the Pennsylvania Public School Code of 1949, approved March 10, 1949, as amended and supplemented, including amendments made pursuant to Act 34 of the session of 1973 of the General Assembly.

Any and all interested parties are invited to attend and be heard at the public hearings. Interested parties that want to be placed on the public hearing agenda or wish to submit written testimony, or both, may submit their names and/or written testimony to the attention of the School Board Secretary, at the District Office (address listed above) by 12:00 noon on Wednesday, April 7, 2021. All testimony will be limited to five minutes per speaker. Additional testimony will be received from the floor at the hearing, by sign-in sheet.

Additional written comments from the public regarding this project will be received by the School Board Secretary via submission at the District office (listed above), until 12:00 noon on May 10, 2021.

## Thomas J May

From: Sent: To: Cc: Subject:	Eric Ritzert <eritzert@kcasdk12.org> Friday, February 12, 2021 4:30 PM KC Board KC Administration; Thomas E Breth; Thomas J May; Anthony Colestock Act 34 Public Hearing &amp; Sugarcreek Closure Meeting Recommended Plan</eritzert@kcasdk12.org>
Board Members,	
building's closure date. It looks	to verify the Chicora project timeline to set an anticipated Sugarcreek as though it would be appropriate to select a closure date with an effective date of the newly renovated school would then take place in the fall of 2023.
meeting. He recommended that Hearing at the March meeting.	by not want to hold the vote on the school's closure until our May 10, 2021 at we set a meeting date for the week of April 5th to hold the Act 34 Public. The Act 34 Hearing is required to explain the proposed finalized plan for the and the rationale as to why this was the best option.
	ays to submit any comments regarding the project. He and I feel that if we hold efore the Act 34 Hearing, we could inadvertently disenfranchise people.
2021, for the Act 34 Hearing. V community aware of the meeting	following. At the March 8 Board meeting, we select a date between April 5-8, Ve would publicize the Act 34 Hearing for the required 20 days to make the ng to discuss the newly renovated Chicora school and the Sugarcreek closure the 30 day comment period on the Act 34 Hearing followed up with the closure for May 10, 2021.
I recommend this course of act	tion and hope that you support this revised plan.
Respectfully,	
Eric	
Eric D. Ritzert, Ed.D. Superintendent of Schools	

Karns City Area School District 1446 Kittanning Pike Karns City, PA 16041 724-756-2030 ext. 1021 www.kcasdk12.org

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#### G THE RIDE



er, took Lucy, a 7-year-old Pa-Alameda Park on Wednesday the forecast for Thursday and

HAROLD AUGHTON/BUTLER EAGLE

# KC district seeks public's input on consolidation

Elementaries will be combined

By Eddie Trizzino

Eagle Staff Writer

Karns City Area School District plans to consolidate its two elementary schools by the 2023-24 school year, and will have a meeting at 7 p.m. Thursday at Chicora Elementary School to answer community questions about the project.

Eric Ritzert, the district's superintendent, said the district plans to spend about \$21.7 million to renovate Chicora Elementary in order to also accommodate students from the aging Sugar Creek Elementary School.

Because of the size and scope of the project, the district is obligated by the Pennsylvania Department of Education to have a public hearing for discussion on it. Ritzert said he anticipates and invites comments and discussion from the community on the project.

"We need to hear from all sides," Ritzert said Wednesday. "In the grand scheme of school projects, it's a moderate project, but it's significant for us."

Ritzert said Sugar Creek Elementary has 221 students in kindergarten through sixth grade, which is the lowest attendance of the district's three schools. Combining the attendance with Chicora Elementary would bring the total number of students at Chicora to about 600 students, so the district needs to add to the building to accommodate everyone.

"It would be a full renovation to the existing building," he said. "We need new roofs, a new heating and cooling system, windows, resurfacing in some classrooms, (and) there is a proposed addition for a classroom wing. There will be a new cafeteria and kitchen area, a new kindergarten wing and nurses suite and office."

Ritzert said the district will release a transcript of the meeting a few days afterward, which will be available on the district's website. Additional questions and comments will be accepted in writing for 30 days after the hearing.

