


Simplify using only positive exponents.

1. -3^{-x}
2. $-5\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)(4-9x)^{-1/2}(-9)$
3. $(2)\left(\frac{2}{(2-x)}\right)\left[\frac{-2}{(2-x)}\right]$
4. $(16x^2y)^{3/4}$
5. $-\frac{x^{1/2}}{2}\sin\sqrt{x}$
6. $\frac{\sqrt{4x-16}}{\sqrt[4]{(x-4)^3}}$
7. $\frac{\frac{1}{2}(2x+5)^{-3/2}}{\frac{3}{2}}$
8. $\left(\frac{1}{x^{-2}} + \frac{4}{x^{-1}y^{-1}} + \frac{1}{y^{-2}}\right)^{-1/2}$

Interval Notation. Complete the table

Algebraic	Interval	Graph
$-1 \leq x$		
	$[5,3)$	
		

Find the domain of the following functions. Make sure to use interval notation (ex: $[0, 3)$).

9. $y = \log(2x-12)$
10. $y = \frac{x^2-4}{2x+4}$
11. $y = \frac{x^2-5x-6}{x^2-3x-18}$
12. $y = \frac{2^{2-x}}{x}$
13. $y = \sqrt{x-3} - \sqrt{x+3}$
14. $y = \frac{\sqrt{2x-9}}{2x+9}$
15. $y = \frac{x^2+8x+12}{\sqrt[4]{x+5}}$
16. $y = \sqrt{\tan x}$
17. $y = \sqrt{x^2-5x-14}$
18. $y = \frac{3x-2}{4x+1}$
19. $y = \frac{\sqrt[3]{x-6}}{\sqrt{x^2-x-30}}$
20. $y = \frac{x}{\cos x}$

Factor completely.

21. $x^5 + 11x^3 - 80x$

22. $(x-3)^2(2x+1)^3 + (x-3)^3(2x+1)^2$

23. $2x^2 + 50y^2 - 20xy$

Solve the following inequalities by factoring and making sign charts.

24. $x^2 - 16 > 0$

25. $x^2 + 6x - 16 > 0$

26. $x^2 - 3x \leq 10$

27. $2x^2 + 5x \leq 3$

28. $x^3 + 4x^2 - x \geq 4$

29. $2\sin^2 x \geq \sin x$

Describe, in words, the transformations that would take place to $f(x)$ in each of the following.

30. $f(x) - 4$

31. $f(x-4)$

32. $-f(x+2)$

33. $5f(x) + 3$

34. $f(2x)$

35. $|f(x)|$

Determine if each function is even, odd, or neither. Show all work.

36. $f(x) = 2x^2 - 7$

37. $f(x) = -4x^3 - 2x$

38. $f(x) = 4x^2 - 4x + 4$

39. $f(x) = x - \frac{1}{x}$

Solve each equation by factoring, graphing, or using the quadratic formula.

40. $7x^2 - 3x = 0$

41. $4x(x-2) - 5x(x-1) = 2$

42. $x^2 + 6x + 4 = 0$

43. $2x^2 - 3x + 3 = 0$

44. $2x^2 - (x+2)(x-3) = 12$

45. $x + \frac{1}{x} = \frac{13}{6}$

46. $x^4 - 9x^2 + 8 = 0$

47. $x - 10\sqrt{x} + 9 = 0$

48. $\frac{1}{x^2} - \frac{1}{x} = 6$

Find the equations of all vertical ($x = ?$) and horizontal ($y = ?$) asymptotes (if they exist).

49. $y = \frac{x}{x-3}$

50. $y = \frac{x+4}{x^2-1}$

51. $y = \frac{x+4}{x^2+1}$

52. $y = \frac{x^2-9}{x^3+3x^2-18x}$

53. $y = \frac{2x^3}{x^3-1}$

54. $y = \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2x^2-10}$

Simplify the following.

55. $\frac{x}{x-\frac{1}{2}}$

56. $\frac{\frac{1}{x}+4}{\frac{1}{x}-2}$

57. $\frac{x-\frac{1}{x}}{x+\frac{1}{x}}$

58. $\frac{\frac{x^2-y^2}{xy}}{\frac{x+y}{y}}$

59. $\frac{x^{-3}-x}{x^{-2}-1}$

60. $\frac{\frac{x}{1-x} + \frac{1+x}{x}}{\frac{1-x}{x} + \frac{x}{1+x}}$

If $f(x) = x^2$, $g(x) = 2x-1$, and $h(x) = 2^x$, find the following.

61. $f(g(2))$

62. $g(f(2))$

63. $f(h(-1))$

64. $g\left(f\left(h\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\right)\right)$

Solve each equation.

65. $\frac{2}{3} - \frac{5}{6} = \frac{1}{x}$

66. $x + \frac{6}{x} = 5$

67. $\frac{x+1}{3} - \frac{x-1}{2} = 1$

68. $\frac{2}{x+5} + \frac{1}{x-5} = \frac{16}{x^2-25}$

69. $\frac{60}{x} - \frac{60}{x-5} = \frac{2}{x}$

70. $\frac{x-5}{x+1} = \frac{3}{5}$

Solve each equation on the interval $[0, 2\pi)$. Give exact values (ex: $\frac{\pi}{3}$) if possible.

71. $\sin x = \frac{1}{2}$

72. $\cos^2 x = \cos x$

73. $2 \cos x + \sqrt{3} = 0$

74. $4 \sin^2 x = 1$

75. $2 \sin^2 x + \sin x = 1$

76. $\cos^2 x + 2 \cos x = 3$

77. $2 \sin x \cos x + \sin x = 0$

78. $8 \cos^2 x - 2 \cos x = 1$

79. $\sin^2 x - \cos^2 x = 0$

Answer the following questions over a variety of topics.

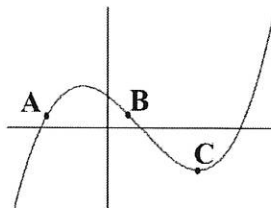
80. Let f be a linear function where $f(2) = -5$ and $f(-3) = 1$. Find $f(x)$.

81. Find an equation for the line, in point-slope form, that contains $(5, 1)$ and is perpendicular to $6x - 3y = 2$.

82. Use the table to calculate the average rate of change from $t = 1$ to $t = 4$.

t	0	1	2	3	4
$x(t)$	8	7	5	1	2

83. Order the points A, B, and C, from least to greatest, by their rates of change.



84. Find the distance between the points $(8, -1)$ and $(-4, -6)$.

85. If $g(x) = \frac{x}{x+3}$, find $g^{-1}(x)$ (the inverse of g).

86. Find the points of intersection in the graphs of $y = x - 1$ and $y^2 = 2x + 6$.

87. Rewrite $\frac{1}{2} \ln(x-3) + \ln(x+2) - 6 \ln x$ as a single logarithmic expression.

88. Evaluate the following.

a) $\sin\left(\frac{7\pi}{6}\right)$

b) $\csc(60^\circ)$

c) $\cos(120^\circ)$

d) $\sec\left(-\frac{2\pi}{3}\right)$

e) $\tan\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)$

f) $\cot(-135^\circ)$

89. Sketch a graph of the piecewise function $f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 - 5, & x < -1 \\ 0, & x = -1 \\ 6 - 4x, & x > -1 \end{cases}$.

90. Describe the left and right end-behavior of the function $f(x) = -3^x$.

91. Find the domain and range of each function (without a calculator if possible).

a) $f(x) = (x-3)^2 + 2$

b) $f(x) = 2|x-4| - 3$

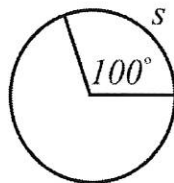
c) $f(x) = \sqrt[3]{1-x}$

d) $f(x) = 5 \sin x$

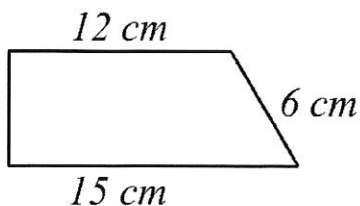
e) $f(x) = \tan\left(x - \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$

f) $f(x) = e^{-x}$

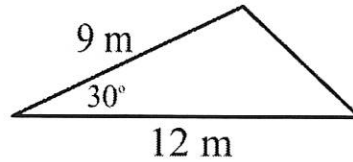
92. The circle below has a radius of 6 ft. Find the area and circumference of the circle, then find s .



93. Find the area of the trapezoid.



94. Find the missing sides and angles of the triangle. Then find its area.

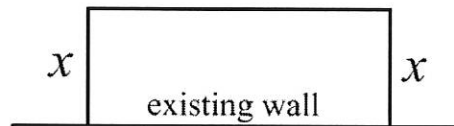


95. Find the volume of a washer with outer radius of 18 ft., inner radius of 15 ft., and height of 3 ft.



96. Rewrite $\log_5(x+3)$ into an equivalent expression using only natural logarithms.

97. Three sides of a fence and an existing wall form a rectangular enclosure. The total length of fence used for the three sides is 240 ft. Find x if the area enclosed is 5500 ft².



98. The number of elk after t years in a state park is modeled by the function $P(t) = \frac{1216}{1+75e^{-0.03t}}$.

- What was the initial population?
- When will the number of elk be 750?
- What is the maximum number of elk possible in the park?

99. Simplify $\csc x - \tan x \sin x \cos x$.

100. Use long division, or synthetic division, to rewrite the expression $\frac{x^3 - 7x^2 + 14x - 8}{x - 4}$.

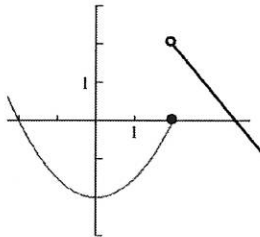
101. Rewrite $y = -3x^2 - 24x + 11$ in vertex form $((x - k)^2 + h)$ by completing the square.

102. Sketch a graph of the piecewise function $f(x) = \begin{cases} -x^2, & -2 \leq x < 1 \\ -2, & x = 1 \\ 3x + 5, & 1 < x \leq 3 \end{cases}$.

103. Use a graphing calculator to solve $e^{2x} = 3x^2$.

104. Do the lines $-x + 5y = 22$ and $7x - 2y = 19$ intersect?

105. The function $f(x)$ is graphed below. Find the following.



a) $f(2)$

b) $f(0)$

c) $f(x) = 0$