

Policy Name	Behaviour Policy				
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Author	Head of School				

Version History					
Version	Approved by	Revision Date	Details of Changes	Author	

Policy Statement and Purpose

This policy explains how ICS seeks to develop our students' Social and Emotional Wellbeing within a caring, community setting. It states our expectations of student behaviour and how we address issues such as bullying.

The aim of this policy is to promote the values of our School Mission Statement:

Our innovative approach to education inspires each and every student to discover their strengths within a community of future leaders.

And to link these with the attributes of the IB Learner Profile as IB Learners strive to be:

Inquirers, Knowledgeable, Thinkers, Communicators, Principled, Open-Minded, Caring, Risk-Takers, Balanced, Reflective.

We acknowledge that all members of our school community are on a journey of Personal Development and as such our responsibility as a school is to provide learning opportunities which

- Encourage students to develop into independent individuals who are motivated to have a positive impact in the school and beyond.
- Promote positive behaviour for learning
- Communicate rights and responsibilities and identify when they have not been adhered to.
- Enforce consequences in a consistent manner

Access and related policies

This policy is available on request from the School offices. We also inform parents and guardians about this policy when their children join ICS, through our website.

The policy is made available to all teaching staff (including temporary staff and volunteers) at induction alongside our ICS Code of Professional Conduct.

Students will be informed of the key elements of this policy during induction and then revisit it throughout the year.

The following policies should be read in conjunction with this policy:

- Safeguarding including Child Protection Policy
- Preventing Extremism and Anti- Radicalisation Policy
- E-Safety Policy
- Physical Contact and Restrictive Intervention Policy
- Anti-Bullying Policy
- Academic Integrity Policy
- Drugs, Alcohol and Smoking Policy and Sanctions

This policy applies to all ICS teaching staff, parents and

students. Failure to comply

Teaching staff are expected to be familiar with this policy. Failure to abide by it will result in intervention by the Senior Leadership Team.

Creating a nurturing environment

Whilst every staff member contributes to the wellbeing of our students, the following members of staff have particular responsibility for this area.

- The Designated Safeguarding Lead and Deputies
- School Principals
- o The Whole School SENCO and Primary SENCO
- Class Teachers/Form Tutors
- Online Safety Officers
- Curriculum Coordinators

We promote student wellbeing through formal and informal learning opportunities, such as weekly PSHE lessons and learning Celebrations and Assemblies.

Encouraging students to talk to express their concerns through a range of channels, e.g. Talking to class teachers/form tutors and 'Talk' Boxes and talk@ics.uk.net email.

Encouraging staff to communicate concerns through:

- ♦ MyConcern software for safeguarding concerns
- ❖ iSAMS software for behavioural concerns
- Regular Safeguarding Team Meetings

On both sites the teams introduce themselves to staff, parents and students during induction and remain highly visible throughout the year - from greeting students at the door to circulating during break times.

Support is offered to parents via workshops on relevant topics throughout the year.

Promoting Positive Behaviour for Learning

One of the key principles of building a positive behaviour for learning is to focus on strong communication skills. We believe that behaviour is always a form of communication. Understanding that children are communicating through their behaviour gives us (adults) the opportunity to respond in an informed manner. Effective communication skills have to be learned and developed on a continuous basis by staff and students.

The key approaches to behaviour at ICS include:

- Proactivity
- Listening to students
- Consistency and shared language
- Early and positive behaviour interventions
- Redirection, distraction and calming strategies as appropriate

We reinforce positive behaviour in Primary with a reward system which follows the 3Rs:

- Respect Yourself
- Respect Others
- Respect Environment

In Secondary, rewards are acknowledged in assemblies and the Secondary school's reward system. Secondary staff can commend students via iSAMS.

Both schools focus on Prevention by teaching students skills.

- Coping Strategies
- Self-regulation skills
- Self-Awareness
- Accountability for one's own actions

This learning takes place across all subject areas, with a specific focus in Personal Development. We use many social-emotional resources around effective communication such as Zones of Regulation. We encourage student voice through our Student Council, student led assemblies and consultation with students throughout the year.

Rights and Responsibilities

Rights

All members of the school community have the right to:

- Feel safe at school
- Learn to the best of their ability
- To be treated with dignity and respect

School Rules

Our school rules allow us to communicate clear shared expectations throughout our school community. All school rules follow from the following basic principles that we are all **responsible** for upholding:

- Respect Yourself
- Respect Others
- Respect Environment

School rules are explained to students during induction and reinforced at the beginning of each term.

Framework for Classroom Expectations

Classroom expectations are developed and agreed upon with students during the induction period. They should be subject or site specific eg Design, Art, Science, PSHE. They should be reinforced at the beginning of each term and as new students join the class.

See Appendix 1 for an example of Classroom Rules

Consequences and Problem-Solving Procedures.

Consequences for the breaking of a school or classroom rule will be

- Related to the behaviour involved
- Communicated to students during induction
- Consistent between classes
- Recorded on school systems (Secondary iSAMS, Primary - Reflections Spreadsheet)
- Communicated with parents / guardians as appropriate.

See Appendix 2 for Behaviours and Consequences at Secondary

Distance Learning Expectations

During a Distance Learning Programme, behaviour expectations are broadly the same as in school.

- We still follow the 3Rs.
- Specific instructions will be shared with staff, students and parents to indicate rules for remote meetings.
- Parents will form a crucial part of the reinforcement of positive behaviour under these circumstances.

See Appendix 3 for an example of Distance Learning Guidelines for Students.

Repairing and Rebuilding Procedures

AT ICS we believe that every mistake presents a learning opportunity. Therefore it is important that staff support students to reflect honestly on their own behaviour and that of others and consider how to make different choices in the future. We may use one or more of the following approaches in order to encourage this insight and change.

- One to one discussions
- Conferences between all parties involved in an incident
- Form tutor check ins (Secondary)
- Class teacher check ins (Primary)
- Parent meetings
- Behaviour Monitoring Agreements
- Individual Behaviour Plans
- Counselling

Procedures for Significantly Disruptive Behaviour

Bullying

Bullying behaviour goes against our core value of respecting others and the IB Learner traits of being Principled, Caring, Open Minded and Balanced. As such, firm action will always be taken against incidences of bullying.

Bullying in all its forms can cause high levels of distress, affecting young people's well-being, behaviour, academic and social development right through into adulthood.

There is no legal definition of bullying, however it is usually defined as behaviour that is repeated, intended to hurt either physically or emotionally - often based on prejudice of some kind - and includes an imbalance of power.

Bullying takes many forms and can include:

- Teasing, social exclusion, physical assault, name calling, online activity,
 - threatening behaviour.
- Child on Child abuse see the Whole School Safeguarding Policy to assess when matters have gone beyond poor behaviour and into abuse.

It can occur during or outside school time. Many acts can be subtle and difficult for an outsider to perceive. When bullying occurs between ICS pupils outside of school time, the school will still intervene.

Please refer to the ICS Anti-Bullying Policy for a detailed explanation.

Drugs, Alcohol, Tobacco

(To be read in conjunction with the ICS Policy and Sanctions with Regard to Drugs, Alcohol and Smoking.)

ICS operates non-smoking campuses. Smoking is therefore forbidden in any area of the School buildings. Smoking is also forbidden on School trips, both day and overnight. All smoking incidents are reported to the Principals and dealt with under Level 3 of the Sanctions Procedures. Parents will be informed.

ICS has a **ZERO TOLERANCE** policy for drugs and alcohol. If a student is found in possession of drugs or alcohol, the incident is reported directly to the Principal and dealt with under Level 4 of the Sanctions Procedures. The police may be called, and the student is at risk of expulsion.

Offensive Weapons

Weapons or other harmful items are prohibited from all school sites, activities and trips. As soon as any member of the School staff is aware either that a student is in possession of an offensive weapon, or that there has been an incident involving an offensive weapon, they should immediately inform the Principal and Designated Safeguarding Lead. Staff should not try to deal with the situation alone.

The Principal must decide whether it is necessary to contact the police

- If the student has the article in their possession for entirely innocent reasons, and there is no intention to use the item as a weapon, then the Principal will not contact the police. Sanctions may still be applied.
- Where this is in doubt, the police will be called and sanctions for serious offences implemented.
- In either case, parents will be informed and could be called into the school.

Searching Students

The school follows government 'Searching, Screening and Confiscation' advice for schools July 2022.

Searching can play a critical role in ensuring that schools are safe environments and is a vital measure to safeguard students and staff, as well as maintaining high standards of behaviour. ICS London will always take a 'safeguarding first' approach to searching. We recognise that any report to the police will likely be made in tandem with a report to social care. The DSL (or deputy in their absence) will always be informed of any search.

Under common law, school staff have the power to search a student for any item if the pupil agrees. It is always crucial that the student understands the reason for the search, how and where the search will be carried out. They must also be given the opportunity to ask any questions about the search. The school recognises that staff can only ask students to take off their outer clothes and cannot ask students to remove any clothes worn for religious reasons.

The Principal has the statutory power to search students or their possessions, without consent, where they have reasonable grounds for suspecting that the student may have a prohibited item.

Searches will be carried out by two members of staff. At times it may be necessary to search groups of students (for example an entire class) in order to protect confidentiality. Parents must be informed of any search for a prohibited item. Any search will be carried out in an appropriate area, away from other students if possible.

Prohibited items are:

- Knives or weapons
- Alcohol
- Fireworks
- Stolen items
- Pornographic material
- Illegal drugs

• Tobacco and smoking paraphernalia

This includes: Any article that the member of staff reasonably suspects has been or is likely to be used to commit an offence,, cause personal injury to or damage to the property of any person.

The Online Safety Officer and a further member of staff will manage searching of personal electronic devices where there is suspicion of misuse of the device. School staff can seize any prohibited item found as the result of a search. The confiscated item will be handed over to parents or police as appropriate.

Intimate Searches and role of Appropriate Adult

- The role of the Appropriate Adult is 'to safeguard the rights, entitlements and welfare of juveniles and vulnerable persons' (PACE Code C)
- If police are called (only prohibited items which are related to a criminal offence can be searched for by police) and there is to be an intimate search then an Appropriate Adult must be present. Parents must be called before this takes place and be offered the role of Appropriate Adult.
- At least two people must be present, one of whom is the Appropriate Adult.
- Everyone present at the search must be of the same sex (unless the student specifies otherwise e.g. a father being the Appropriate Adult for a female student). Any such request must be written up in the record of the search.
- A search that involves removing more than outer clothing but does not expose intimate parts of the body (or if the person being searched is 18 or over) would not require the presence of an Appropriate Adult. However, from a pupil wellbeing perspective, the school will consider involving an appropriate adult as a matter of course during all searches conducted by police.
- This search must be done in an out of sight area
- Parents must be informed of the result of the search.

Suspensions and Exclusions

Internal Suspension

During Internal Suspension a student will complete their learning in a supervised setting away from their class group, for a fixed period of time - usually a half or full day depending on the behaviour being addressed. The purpose of Internal Suspension is to give students a 'cooling off' period where they can reflect on their behaviour and reset before returning to class. Parents will be informed when their child has been internally suspended. A parent meeting may be required as part of the resetting and reintegration into the class community.

Exclusion

There are two different types of exclusions – temporary and permanent. Both would involve the student in questions remaining at home. It is our goal to solve problems within the school context and so exclusions of any kind are a serious step, decided upon by the SLT, not an individual staff member acting alone.

Exclusion is used when behaviour has seriously affected the rights of other students or teachers. When possible it will take place after a formal warning, though some behaviour may incur instant exclusion. Parents will be informed of the nature of the behaviour and terms of the exclusion (including time frame). In most cases class work will be provided to be completed during the exclusion period.

Temporary Exclusion

All students excluded for a fixed period are expected to be able to return to the school as soon as the period of exclusion has expired and submit the homework assigned in this period of absence. On return to the School, we will

- Interview the parents and student
- Discuss strategies for improvement
- Establish plans to monitor behaviour

Permanent exclusion

Permanent exclusion will be used as a last resort when all other reasonable steps have been taken and when allowing the student to remain in the school would be seriously detrimental to the education or welfare of the student and other members of the school community.

Only the Head of School and the Proprietor have the authority to exclude a student (temporary or permanent) from School.

Support for Staff

Staff will be informed of the content of this policy during Staff Induction and upskilled in our approach to Promoting Positive Behaviour for Learning both then and throughout the year. By communicating shared goals across the school community, staff will understand what is expected of them and feel secure in integrating their classroom practice into the overall school approach to behaviour.

A collegial approach among staff will ensure that they share responsibility for all student behaviour.

Learning Walks will generate peer discussion and feedback which will encourage staff to develop their practice.

Line Managers will encourage staff to discuss any behaviour management concerns in a collaborative manner.

The Whole school SENCO and Primary SENCO will offer strategies for specific students. The Academic Leadership Teams are available to support staff members to address particular students or parents. Year Level Meetings will identify patterns

of behaviour across subjects and colleagues can offer strategies that are working for them.

Appendix 1: Primary School Procedures for Behaviour

At the beginning of the school year, students and teachers collaborate to develop essential agreements for the classroom under the 3Rs. These agreements are

- 1. Few in number
- 2. Written by all group members
- 3. Applicable to a broad range of situations
- 4. Understood by all group members
- 5. Agreed on and signed by all group members
- 6. Positively framed (no "can't" or "don't" or "shouldn't")

Examples of some essential agreements

Classroom Essential Agreements

- Respect yourself
- We try our best
- We look after our belongings
- Respect others
- We listen to others
- We are kind to others
- Respect the environment
- We look after classroom equipment
- We help keep the classroom tidy

BEHAVIOUR at ICS PRIMARY

If a student is not following one or more of the 3Rs they will be given a 'reminder'. If they are given three 'reminders' in one day, then they have to write a 'reflection' which goes home to parents. It is extremely important to note that all reminders and reflection opportunities are driven by the philosophy that children, like all people, have the right to be treated fairly. It is expected that all children will challenge, test, or even forget about expectations or agreements from time to time. We see these occasions as opportunities for individuals to grow and learn in a safe and caring environment. Reminders should be given and reflection should be guided using a calm and respectful tone and clear and fair language, referring back to the expectations and agreements within the ICS community.

Certain serious behaviours can result in an instant sanction, related to the 'Suspension and Exclusions' guidelines e.g.

- Sexual behaviour or language or any touching of others in the "bathing suit area"
- Intentionally breaking one's own or another's property
- Vandalism/intentional disrespect of school or public property
- Stealing/Theft
- Unsafe behaviour when crossing the street
- Extremely inappropriate internet behaviour (i.e. accessing, sending or receiving inappropriate images or websites such as sexual material)
- Bringing inappropriate materials to school (matches, illegal substances, lighters, items that could be used as weapons)
- Leaving school grounds without permission
- Verbal or physical threats about self or others (including strangers or those outside of the school-i.e. telling you they want to hurt their neighbour
- Racist, sexist, homophobic or any other comments against a protected characteristic.
- Repeated disrespect towards staff or students
- Unsafe behaviour on the bus
- Unsafe swimming pool or field trip behaviour

What is the purpose of a reflection sheet?

A reflection sheet is a tool that guides a child in:

- The Choose, Act, Reflect cycle of the PYP.
- Thinking about what happened due to the choice(s) that they made.
- Thinking about how their choices or actions affected their well-being and/or another's well-being (emotionally, physically, socially, or academically).
- Thinking creatively about how they can fix the problem/repair (choosing their own natural consequence).
- Allowing them to "start over" or move beyond this incident and to set goals for their own self-improvement.
- To keep parents, carers or guardians aware of school behaviour, progress, and to ensure consistency between home and school.

Adults may guide students in reflection. Reflection time should not be seen as a punishment, so much as a time for students to develop an awareness of their own ability to think about the way that their actions affect themselves and others and their own power to repair and make positive changes. Goals of reflection include building empathy, social skills, resilience, and independence.

Disruption during class- Primary

Wherever possible, disruption by a student should be dealt with under the teacher's Classroom Expectations and they <u>should not be</u> removed from the classroom.

However if the rights of other students are being infringed upon then another student will be sent to a member of the PLT (Primary Leadership Team). If this happens again, the student will be asked to ring a parent to explain that they have been removed from class. If it happens a third time, an in school suspension will be given.

Appendix 2: Secondary School Procedures for Behaviour

Behaviour that falls below expectations at Secondary is separated into four categories: disruptive behaviour; lateness; missing equipment and unauthorised items; work not submitted on time.

In all cases, teachers are expected to log details of behaviour problems on the school's iSAMS software system. This is monitored centrally by members of the Secondary Behaviour Team.

Figure 2.1 reproduces a page of the online student behaviour guide, showing how Level 1 iSAMS offences fit into this framework.

Figure 2.1: Behaviour categories

We have separated behaviour into 4 main categories: disruptive behaviour; lateness; missing equipment and unauthorised items; work not submitted on time.

You can see which level one (least serious) behaviours belong in each category.

Disruptive Behaviour

- Disruptive Behaviour
- Online behaviour category D: Unauthorised use of email, social media, phones, noneducational sites

Lateness

- Late to school
- Late to lesson

Missing equipment and unauthorised items

- Missing equipment
- Unauthorised electronic devices
- Eating or drinking in lessons
- Junk food or gum
- Dress code

Work not submitted on time

- Homework not submitted
- Classwork not submitted

Further detailed guidance is also given to students on the types of behaviour that are expected within the school. In some instances, a classroom teacher may specify additional rules that are appropriate to their lesson. An example is given below of classroom rules for Physical and Health Education (PHE).

Respect your Environment

- Use all equipment for its intended purpose
- Return equipment to the appropriate place

Respect Yourself

- Arrive on time to class
- Bring PHE kit (trainers, sports clothing, water bottle)
- Wear hair up and remove jewellery
- Submit homework in full and on time

Respect Others

- Speak respectfully to teachers and peers
- Demonstrate a sense of fair play during lessons.

Disruptive behaviour during class

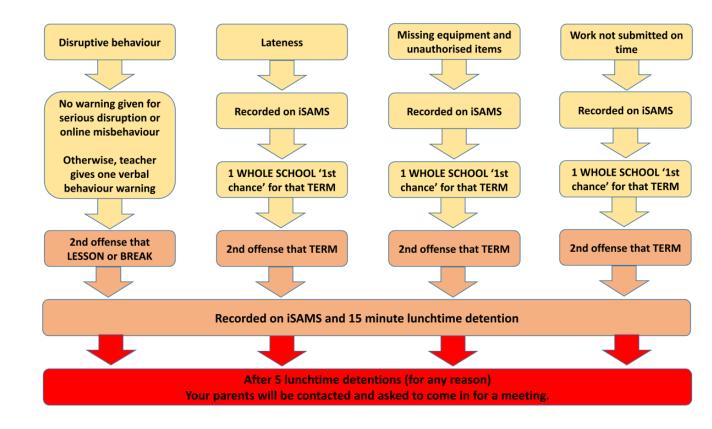
Wherever possible, disruption by a student should be dealt with by the supervising teacher, guided by the behaviour system, and they should not be removed from the classroom. However if the rights of other students are being infringed upon then another student will be sent to reception with a note, and a Behaviour Team member will come to remove the offending student. If in extreme circumstances the student cannot be removed, then the classroom teacher will remove the rest of the class quietly while the Behaviour Team member manages the individual student.

Escalation of behaviour sanctions

In the case of routine, low-level behaviour problems, a short lunchtime detention is issued. If such behaviour persists, or if more serious behaviour problems occur, then more serious sanctions will be issued.

Figure 2.2 reproduces a page of the online student behaviour guide, showing how less serious (Level 1) behavioural issues are addressed.

Figure 2.2: Behaviour flowchart



Examples of more serious behaviour, along with typical consequences, as given in Table 2.1

Table 2.1 Behaviour and Consequences

Behaviour	Examples of Behaviour	Typical Consequences
Level 1	 Low-level disruptive behaviour Late to school or lesson Missing equipment Unauthorised items in class Work not submitted Online safety Category D 	See behaviour flowchart
Level 2	 Defiance Minor damage to school property Truancy from lessons Online safety Category C Bullying* 	Parents informed Students must pay for any damage Possible internal suspension
Level 3	 Smoking or consuming alcohol Bring the school into disrepute Vandalism Truancy from school Theft Physical aggression against a student Online safety Category B Bullying* 	Internal suspension Formal meeting between parents and Assistant Principal or Principal
Level 4	 Physical fighting Severe verbal abuse Possession of an offensive weapon Possession of illegal substances Online safety Category A Bullying* 	Police called Possible expulsion

*ICS London recognises that Bullying takes place in many forms. Where a pupil is found to have bullied another member of the school it is possible that an internal suspension or temporary exclusion will be imposed. However, if the bullying is judged serious/persistent enough, the Head of School reserves the right to enforce permanent exclusion (Refer to Anti-Bullying Policy).

In all cases, any online safety incidents will be handled according to the school's ICT and Online Safety Policy.

Appendix 3: Distance Learning Guide for Secondary Students

1. Communication

Check Managebac, school email, school Google calendar and Google Classroom regularly Check Managebac and email before each lesson. Zoom link, ID and Password can be found either via Managebac, email or your school google calendar.

2. Read and follow instructions as you would in your in-school lesson.

They will allow you to know what and how you will be doing specific tasks. They will be written either directly on Managebac or shared via teacher slides.

3. Zoom Meeting Rules

- Location quiet space, not bedroom
- Background plain. Change immediately if required by teacher
- Clothing daywear. No hoods up.
- Profile picture Your face or initial letter of your name.
- Language / Behaviour of a high standard at all times.

4. Self-management

- Have your timetable for each day clearly displayed in your room/above your desk.
- Read instructions carefully
- Note deadlines/time allocation or breakdown for your tasks
- Use/create checklists where needed
- Avoid social media platforms if not instructed (put your phone away/put it on silent)
- Reward yourself after each task with some kind of break
 - o Get up and move around, do some stretches
 - Get a cold drink or snack
 - Talk to your family
 - Look away from the screen! Close your eyes and listen to some music if time allows

5. When working collaboratively

- Respect your partner(s)
- Use online tools safely and responsibly
- Support your partners and teachers

Distance Learning Procedures for Incidents

Incidents include (but not limited to): Missed homework or lessons, poor homework or behaviour/effort

All incidents should be logged on iSAMS.

The Wellbeing Team will monitor iSAMS and inform form tutors and subject teachers as appropriate.

First incident: warning, any work due submitted by 6pm

Second incident: Form tutor/key teacher will email parents and student. Recorded on iSAMS.

Third incident: Zoom meeting with parents, student with form tutor and/or subject teacher and relevant Behaviour Team member(s).

References

Behaviour and Discipline in Schools 2016 (Government Guidance)

Behaviour Management by Bill Rogers Sage 2007.

Equality Act 2010

Getting the Simple Things Right. Charlie Taylor's Behaviour

<u>Checklist</u> Resources from <u>Positive Behavioural Interventions and</u>

Supports Preventing and Tackling Bullying 2017 (Government

Guidance)