

Fall River Public Schools FY22 Budget Proposal

Presented by Dr. Matthew Malone February 22, 2021

What is an Annual Budget?

A budget is a moral document. What we fund is what we value.



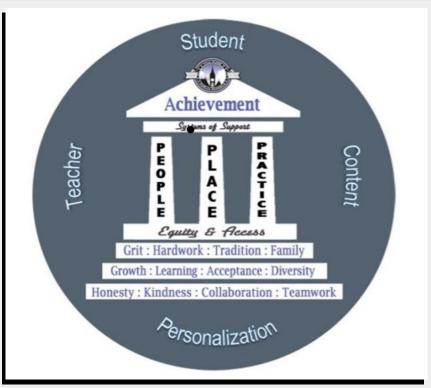
- Financial Planning Tool
- Communication Vehicle
- Living Document
- Acknowledgment of the Work Ahead
- Complement to Strategic Planning

Statement of Core Values

The Cycle of Strategic Budget Planning



2018-2022 Strategic Plan





Funding What We Value: How do we get there?



The Foundation Formula

Foundation Budget



An adequate funding level for each district, given the specific grades, programs, and characteristics of its students – representing minimum spending needed.

Local Contribution



How much of the foundation budget required to be paid for by each city/town's property taxes, based on the relative wealth of the city.

Chapter 70 Aid



Whatever amount remains after the city/town has fulfilled its local contribution.

Funding What We Value: How do we get there?

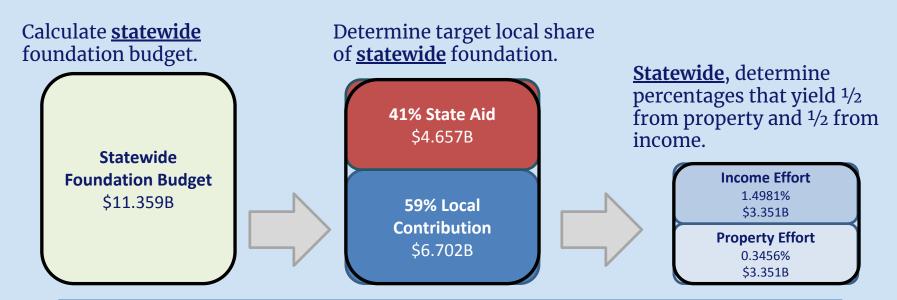


Chapter 70 Aid Key Factors in the School Funding Formula

Used to establish the Foundation Budget and Local Contribution, these six factors work together to determine a district's Chapter 70 Aid.

How is the required local contribution calculated?

Determining each community's target local share starts with the local share of statewide foundation.



Property and income percentages are applied uniformly across <u>all cities and</u> <u>towns</u> to determine the <u>combined effort yield</u> from property and income.



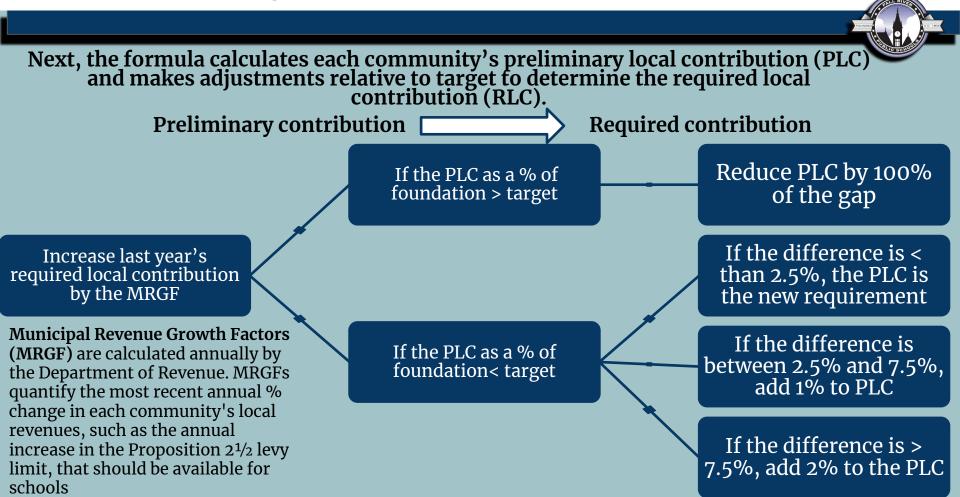
An individual community's target local share is based on its local property value, income, and foundation budget.

 The sum of a community's local property and income effort equals its Combined Effort Yield (CEY)



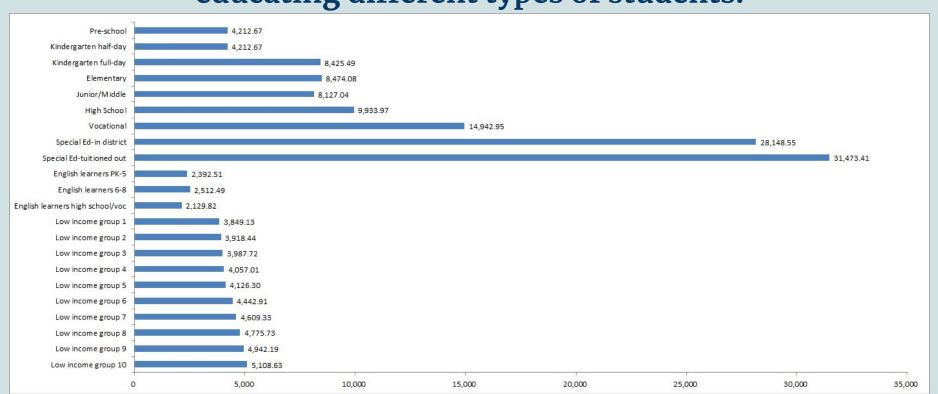
- Target Local Share = CEY/Foundation budget
 - Calculated at the city/town level
 - Capped at 82.5% of foundation (157 communities are capped)

The Foundation Budget - Role of Student Enrollment





Foundation budget rates reflect differences in the cost of educating different types of students.



The Foundation Budget - Role of Student Enrollment

		Base Foundation Components							Incremental Costs Above the Base						
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
			Kinder	rgarten					Spec Ed	Spec Ed	EL	EL	EL		
		Pre-K	Half-Day	Full-Day	Elem	Middle	High	Voc	In-Dist	Out-of-D	PK-5	6-8	High	Low Inc	TOTAL
	Foundation Enrollment	231	0	832	4,857	3,119	1,915	1,055	461	107	1,144	423	484	9,167	11,894
1	Administration	46,821	0	337,268	1,968,882	1,264,349	776,284	427,665	1,289,744	320,432	108,405	42,093	40,825	651,957	7,274,726
2	Instructional Leadership	84,560	0	609,132	3,555,955	2,283,513	1,402,029	772,397	0	0	189,698	73,661	71,448	3,088,729	12,131,123
3	Classroom & Spec Teachers	387,738	0	2,793,049	16,304,900	9,214,025	8,319,392	7,791,608	4,255,828	0	1,327,875	515,603	500,103	30,152,096	81,562,217
4	Other Teaching Services	99,443	0	716,360	4,181,926	1,933,156	988,102	544,359	3,973,608	4,895	189,698	73,661	71,448	0	12,776,656
5	Professional Development	15,334	0	110,515	645,252	449,167	267,411	243,557	205,297	0	54,191	21,044	20,410	1,462,778	3,494,957
6	Instr. Materials, Equip & Tech*	56,119	0	404,260	2,359,968	1,515,491	1,488,759	1,435,296	179,191	0	135,484	52,613	51,028	224,225	7,902,434
7	Guidance & Psych. Services	30,631	0	220,671	1,288,222	1,043,461	780,554	430,018	0	0	81,293	31,568	30,618	1,220,953	5,157,989
8	Pupil Services	11,220	0	80,862	707,956	742,634	1,051,412	579,237	0	0	27,101	10,524	10,208	6,344,389	9,565,543
9	Operations & Maintenance	107,671	0	775,590	4,527,695	3,152,124	1,876,509	1,934,807	1,440,703	0	325,193	126,270	122,476	0	14,389,039
10	Employee Benefits/Fixed Charges*	133,590	0	962,300	5,617,849	3,750,317	2,073,102	1,605,868	1,632,111	0	298,092	115,745	112,269	4,877,302	21,178,545
11	Special Education Tuition*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3,042,328	0	0	0	0	3,042,328
12	2 Total	973,127	0	7,010,008	41,158,607	25,348,238	19,023,553	15,764,812	12,976,482	3,367,655	2,737,031	1,062,783	1,030,833	48,022,430	178,475,557
13	Wage Adjustment Factor 100.00%											Foundation F	Budget per Pu	ıpil	15,006
	*The wage adjustment factor is applied to underlying rates in all functions except instructional equipment, benefits and special education tuition.										1				

A district's foundation budget is derived by multiplying the number of pupils in 13 enrollment categories by cost rates in 11 functional areas.

Funding What We Value: How do we get there?

The Last Piece of the Budget Puzzle - Indirect Costs

- The City is allowed to "charge back" or "write off" against the Local Contribution certain charges and expenses for services they provide for the Fall River Public Schools. At the state level, these "municipal fees" are also referred to as Schedule 19 charges.
- In Fall River, we call these "indirect costs" as outlined in our Shared Cost Agreement* a statement of partnership between the Fall River Public Schools and the City of Fall River.

Funding What We Value: How do we get there?

Net School Spending



Referred to as the "foundation budget" by DESE, Required Net School Spending is a dollar set each year by the state, and describes the minimum spending on costs directly related to educating students

Actual Net School Spending includes town/city indirect spending for schools

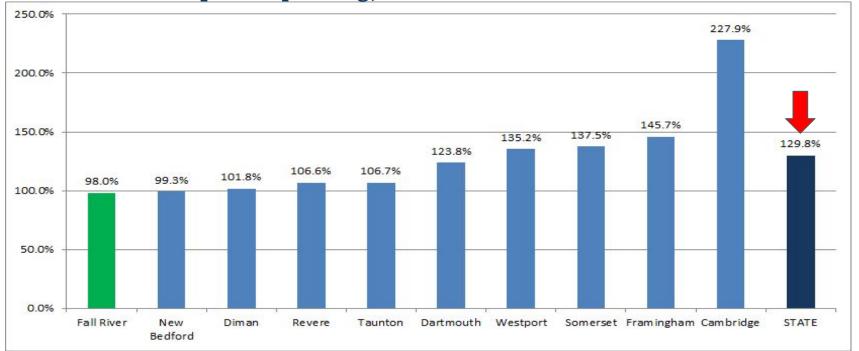
100% of Legally Required Net School Spending is the minimum amount a community must spend on education as codified in Ch70 M.G.L.

Funding What We Value.



How do we get there?

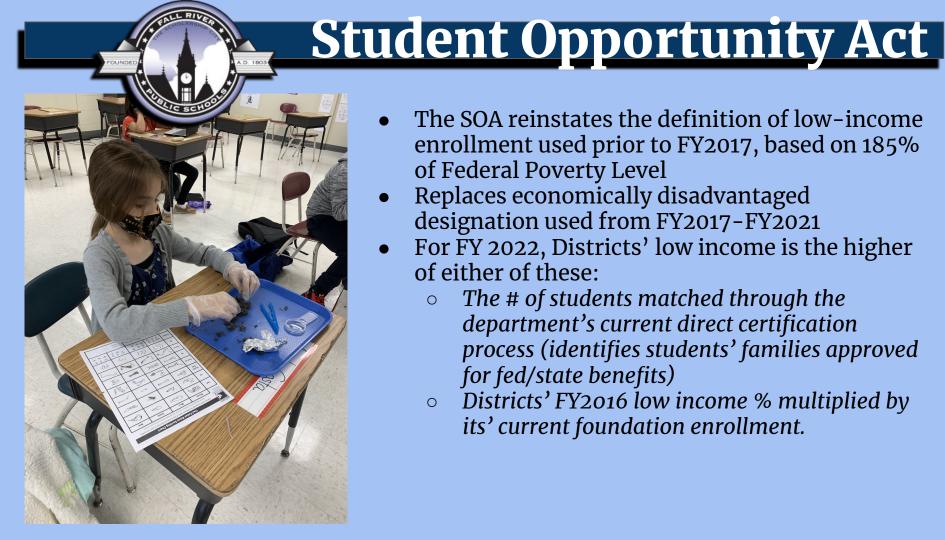
Percent of Required Spending, FY20 - A Look Across Ten Communities



The Student Opportunity Act

The Student Opportunity Act (SOA), signed into law in November 2019, provides a major infusion of new funding to the public schools in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. The SOA was bi-partisan effort involving both policy makers, labor unions, and grass-roots organization to improve educational funding. The new law, Chapter 132 of the Acts of 2019, updates the foundation budget established in the Education Reform Law of 1993, which codified the minimum level of education spending required to adequately educate a school district's students. The SOA address the real costs of educating low-income students, special education students, English language learners, SEL services, and employee health insurance costs. The SOA also includes increased circuit breaker funding, creates an innovation fund, and requires increased accountability for local districts.

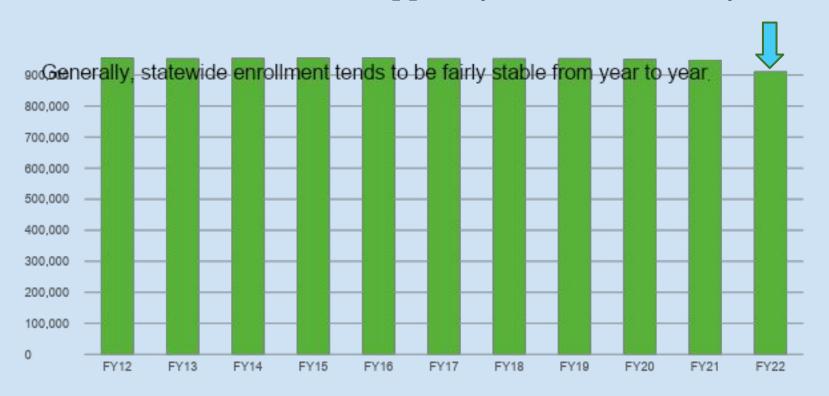
*Originally to be phased in over 7 years; this is the actual 1st year of funding 1/7 per language in law to fully fund by 2027.



- The SOA reinstates the definition of low-income enrollment used prior to FY2017, based on 185% of Federal Poverty Level
- Replaces economically disadvantaged designation used from FY2017-FY2021
- For FY 2022, Districts' low income is the higher of either of these:
 - The # of students matched through the department's current direct certification process (identifies students' families approved for fed/state benefits)
 - Districts' FY2016 low income % multiplied by its' current foundation enrollment.



Overall statewide enrollment dropped by 30,579 from last year.



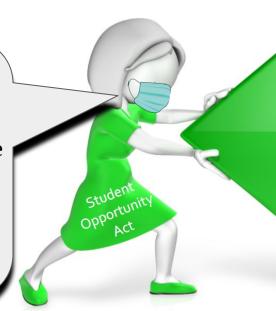


Student Opportunity Act Enrollment

Thus, despite the implementation of the first seventh of the Student Opportunity Act, the statewide foundation budget FY22 increased by only 2.21% over last fiscal year (FY21).



Governor FY22 House I uses Oct 1 2020 actual enrollment numbers in determining foundation enrollment, which will be a topic of policy contention on Beacon Hill over the next few months (until the final FY22 Budget is adopted).



Enrollment drop

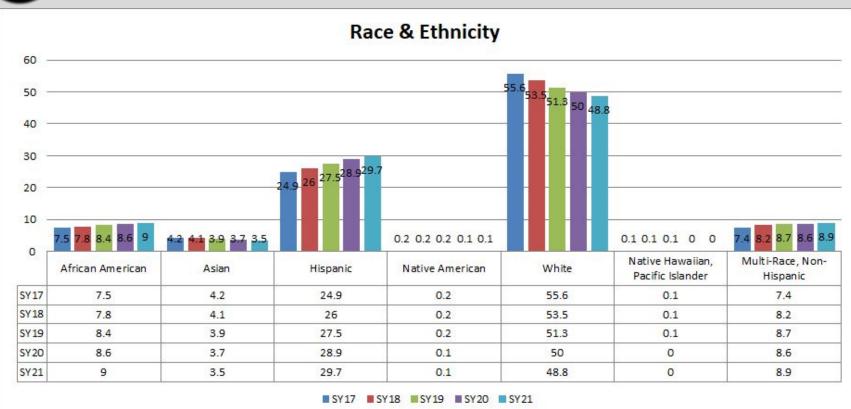
Impact of COVID 19- Enrollment

Demographics 2021-2022 **Fall River Student**

	FY21	FY22	Change
All Students	10,229	9,998	-231.0
African-American	8.6	9	0.4
Asian	3.7	3.5	-0.2
Hispanic	28.9	29.7	0.8
White	50	48.8	-1.2
Multi-Race	8.6	8.9	0.3
First Language Not English	27.4	28.3	0.9
English Language Learners	19	17.6	-1.4
Students w/ Disabilities	22.6	23	0.4
High Needs	78.3	81	2.7
Economically Disadvantaged	70	73.8	3.8

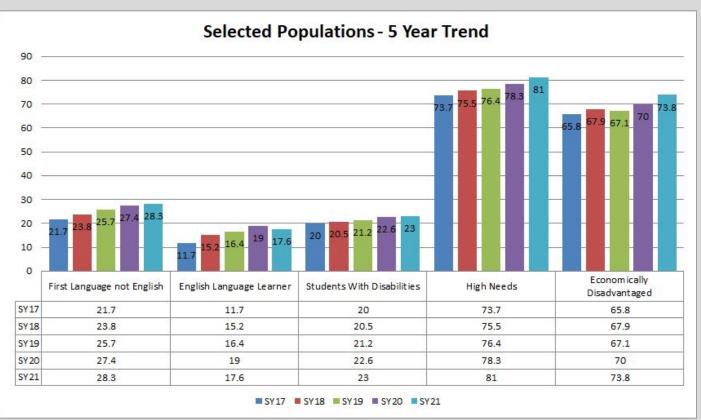
FRPS 5-Year Shifts

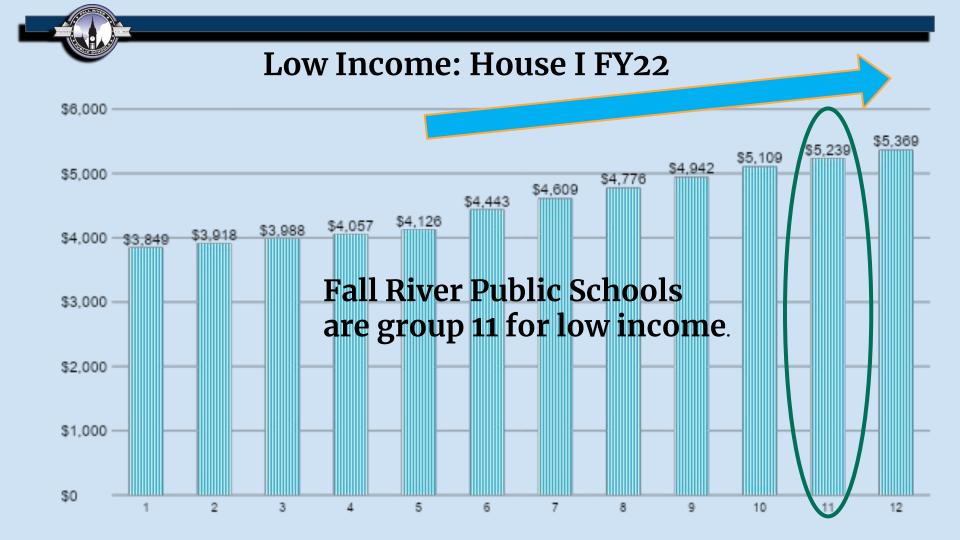




FRPS 5-Year Shifts







FRPS Student Enrollment





PK & K

-183 students from last year (-16.3%). 10/1/20: 938 10/1/19: 1,121



Grades 6-12

10/1/19: 4.673

+76 students from last year (+1.6%). 10/1/20: 4,749



Grades 1-5

-124 students from last year (-2.8%). 10/1/20: 4,311 10/1/19: 4,435

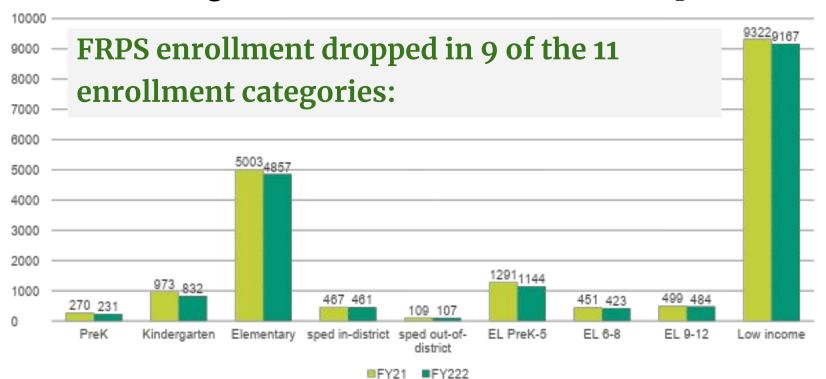


FRPS

-231 students from last year (-2.3%). 10/1/20: 9,998 10/1/19: 10.229

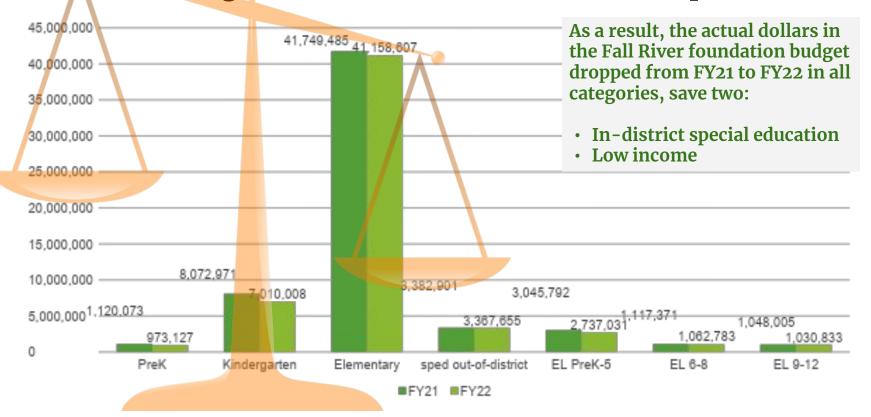


Foundation Budget Enrollment - FY21 to FY22 Comparison





Foundation Budget Enrollment - FY21 to FY22 Comparison





Student Opportunity Act _____ Enrollment

In the Fall River Public Schools, the FY21 to FY22 increase resulting from the 1/7th implementation of SOA funds was enough to overcome the drop in enrollment for in-district special education and low income students only.





FY22 SC Budget Priorities

Funding What We Value: Setting Priorities

Multi-Tiered Systems of Support

Universal supports,
including universally
designed, culturally
sustaining, and
evidence-based curriculum,
instruction, and
assessments; Tier 2 & Tier 3
supports and interventions

Instructional Tech/ Student Information



Sustainability planning to include support for teachers, students, and families **Special Education**



Expansion of
Special Education
programming and
supports for students and
educators

Multilingual Learners



Expansion of programming and supports for English learners and educators Facilities & Operations



Envelope, MEP, and security investments









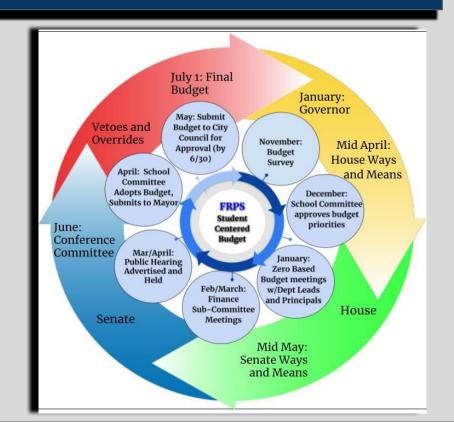


Focus on school turnaround, accelerating student performance results & closing achievement gaps.

Budget Process - State and Local

Budget Planning Parameters

- Use best practices for each school and cost center using principles of zero-based budgeting.
- Student needs drive decisions
- Allow Principals to make site based decisions.
- Conservative austerity balanced with transparent granularity.
- Prioritize areas of investment.



FY22 Revenue (House I)



Chapter 70 - State Aid - \$144,205,160

- \$7,188,796 increase over final FY21 Chapter 70 aid
- Minimum required increase is \$30 per student

City Contribution - \$34,270,397

• Increase of \$1,363,965 over final FY21 Required City Contribution

Appropriation (Chapter 70 + City Contribution) - \$178,475,557

• Increase of \$8,552,761 over final FY21 Required Net School Spending

\$178,475,557 is our 100% Net School Spending Number for FY22.



FY21-FY22 Funding Comparison Based on Enrollment

	FY21	FY22	Change	% Change
Enrollment	12,095	11,894	-201	-1.66%
Foundation Budget	\$169,915,018	\$178,475,557	\$8,560,539	5.04%
Required District Contribution	\$32,906,432	\$34,270,397	\$1,363,965	4.14%
Chapter 70 Aid	\$137,016,364	\$144,205,160	\$7,188,796	5.25%
Required Net School Spending (NSS)	\$169,922,796	\$178,475,557	\$8,552,761	5.03%
Target Aid Share	76.81%	77.69%		
Ch70 - % of Foundation Budget	80.64%	80.80%		
Required NSS % of foundation	100.00%	100.00%		



FY22 Foundation Budget Factors

Foundation Budget Changes from FY21					
Increase due to inflation	\$2,661,905.00				
Loss due to Student Enrollment	(\$2,830,746.00)				
Increase due to Student Opportunity Act Funding	\$8,729,380.00				
FY22 Foundation Budget Change	\$8,560,539.00				



Chapter 70 Funding



FY22- Proposed Budget

FY21 Operational Budget	\$171,682,154			
FY22 Net School Spending/House 1	\$178,475,557			
FY22 Proposed Budget	\$179,402,274			
FY22 Delta	\$ 926,717			
% above net school spending	.52%			

- Site level and department cost centers
- Student needs driven program improvements
- Cost containments and repurposed allocations
- Human capital conversion
- Building capacity to reduce costs

100.52% Net School Spending



FY22 Concerns - AKA "Budget Busters*"

- Transportation
- Charter School/School Choice expenses
- Out of District SPED Tuition
- Utilities
- Continuation of COVID-related mitigations
- Capital infrastructure
- Health Insurance







*Contingencies planned through federal ESSER funds

FY22-Capital Investments

- **Custodial** Snow blowers, Backpack vacuums, Floor machines, K-vac \$84,250
- **Security** Two way radios, Radio batteries, Golf carts, Gater (mixed use), Pickup truck \$70,500
- **Transportation** Student transport bus \$56,000
- Storekeeper Transit van \$54,000
- Maintenance Bucket truck, assorted HVAC, Electrical and Plumbing tools \$107,000
- **Groundskeepers** Zero-turn mower, Mini-wheel loader, Mini-excavator, F550 dump truck \$275,245
- Talbot Parking Lot \$500,000
- Henry Lord Access Road \$200,000
- Watson Gym \$25,000
- Doran Playground \$45,000
- Whiteboards and interactive boards \$1,000,000
- Total Capital Request to Fund our Needs \$2,416,995

*Potential use of one-time funds TBD by SC

Federal COVID Relief Funds



ESSER I

Grant Amount: **\$4,730,769**Grant Dates: 7/1/20-9/30/22
Funds remaining: **\$2,247,709**

Funds allocated to date: City of Fall River transfer to offset Transportation, FRPS Technology Capacity, Proportionate Share for Arch-diocese of Fall River Catholic Schools, FRPS school COVID Rooms

ESSER II

Grant Amount: **\$17,430,945**Grant Dates: 7/1/21-9/30/23

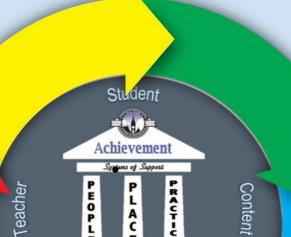
Fund use: Districts are permitted to use ESSER II funds to address the impact COVID-19 has had, and continues to have, on elementary and secondary schools. There are 14 priorities identified in the Federal Law in an effort to build capacity of public school districts and communities to facilitate integrated coordination of school and community-based resources, including but not limited to, social services, mental health and behavioral health resources, districts that receive ESSER II funds must commit a minimum of \$10,000 to student mental health services and supports.

FY22 Key Areas of Impact

INSTRUCTIONAL TECHNOLOGY

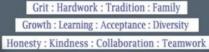












Equity & Access

Personalization



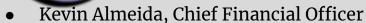




FY22- Proposed Operating Budget

Category	FY 2021	FY 2022	Increase/ (Decrease)	% Change	% of Budget
Salary and Benefits	\$92,746,658	\$100,187,331	\$7,440,673	8.02%	75.53%
Contractual Services	\$27,679,831	\$ 28,221,090	\$ 541,259	1.96%	21.28%
Materials and Supplies	\$ 2,256,688	\$ 2,338,780	\$ 82,092	3.64%	1.76%
Insurance/Other	\$ 1,836,498	\$ 1,891,298	\$ 54,800	2.98%	1.43%
Totals	\$124,519,675	\$132,638,499	\$8,118,824	6.52%	100%

FY22 Budget Recognition



- Maria Pontes, Assistant Superintendent of Schools, Chief Academic Officer
- Michael Losche, Assistant Superintendent for Special Education
- Ken Pacheco, Chief Operating Officer
- Thomas Coogan, Executive Director of Human Resources
- Dr. Tracy Curley, Director of Assessment, Accountability and Research
- Debra Cabral, Administrative Assistant to the School Committee
- Paula Soares, Executive Assistant to the Superintendent
- Goretti Furtado, Administrative Assistant of Finance and Operations
- Jaqueline Francisco, Director of Fine and Performing Arts
- Principals and their site level leadership teams
- All Senior Department Directors
- Rebecca Cusick, FREA President and George Ackley, FRAA President
- Tracy Novick, MASC
- Worcester Public Schools
- School Committee, Fall River Public Schools



Questions?

