TAS SPORTS MEDICINE POST CONCUSSION HOME INFORMATION

Danger signs – Seek medical care immediately if symptoms worsen.

- · Headaches that worsen
- Seizures
- Neck pain
- · Unusual behavior change
- · Very drowsy, can't be aroused
- Repeated vomiting
- Slurred speech
- Significant irritability
- Can't recognize people and places
- Increasing confusion

EMOTIONAL

Irritability

Sadness

Nervousness

• Weakness/numbness in arms/legs

Common signs & symptoms – It is common to have one or many concussion symptoms.

PHYSICAL

- Headache
- Nausea/vomiting
- Dizziness
- Balance problems
- Visual problems
- Fatigue
- · Sensitivity to light or noise

Concussion management recommendations

IT'S OKTO:

• Take acetaminophen for pain

• Use ice pack on head and neck for comfort

- Sleep (rest is very important)
- Eat a light diet
- · Get mental and physical rest

How do you recover from a concussion?

- · Your brain needs time to heal. Rest is the best medicine.
- · Until you completely heal, you will be restricted from exercise and cognitive activity.
- · You should NOT participate in any activities that could result in another head injury (e.g. sports, physical education, riding a bike, horseback riding, roller coasters, etc.) While recovering, you are more vulnerable to have a repeat concussion. In rare cases, repeat concussions can cause permanent brain damage, and even death.
- · Avoid activities that may cause symptoms to worsen:
- Listening through headphones or earbuds
- Loud or bright environments, such as movie theaters and live concerts
- Reading books or online for extended periods
- Texting

may cause concussion symptoms (such as headache or tiredness) to reappear or worsen.

· Do not drive unless cleared to do so by your health care provider.

- · Get adequate sleep. Extend your usual sleep time. Nap earlier in the day if needed.
- · Students may need to miss a few days of school or postpone tests. Adults may need to miss a few days of work.
- · If you are an athlete, when your symptoms are completely gone, you will perform a stepwise supervised return to play protocol. Before returning to your sport, you must be re-evaluated by your physician or neuropsychologist and cleared for return.

For referrals or appointments, please visit https://www.tas.edu.tw/athletics/inside-athletics/sports-medicine





- · Less responsive than usual
- · Pupils are uneven
- · Difficulty walking

Drowsiness

SLEEP

- Sleeping less
- Sleeping more
- Trouble falling asleep

DO NOT:

- · Take aspirin, ibuprofen or naproxen for first 48 hours
- Drive until cleared by medical provider
- Use guns or machinery until cleared by medical provider

- COGNITIVE · Feeling "foggy"
- Feeling "slowed down"

- · Difficulty concentrating

- Difficulty remembering

NONEED TO:

Stay in bed

Test reflexes

· Wake up every hour

Check eyes with light