

New Construction Pro-rate example

Mr. Smith, the builder begins construction on a new residential home on August 1, 2015. On October 1, 2015 the assessor visits the property and determines that the structure is 40% complete. When the Certificate of Occupancy is issued the total value of the property will be \$300,000. Land value is \$60,000 and the improvements total \$240,000.

The calculation is as follows:

$\$300,000 \times 40\% = \$120,000$ value. $\times 70\%$ assessment ratio = $\$84,000$ assessment \times mil rate of 32 expressed as 0.032 = **\$2,688** tax bill issued in July 2016 and paid in two equal installments. July 2016 & January 2017.

Mr. Jones now purchases the property and closes with the date of the C/O of February 15th, 2016. This translates to 62.5% or 228 days of 365 days total in the assessment cycle remaining until the end of September 30th, 2016.

The assessor has already captured \$120,000 in value or \$84,000 in assessment. The calculation is: \$60,000 land & \$60,000 of partial improvements.

Therefore, $\$300,000 - \$120,000$ already taxed = $\$180,000$ of remaining improvement value that is to be pro-rated based on the C/O date:

$\$180,000$ value $\times 70\% \times .625$ prorate factor = $\$78,750 \times 0.032$ mil rate = **\$2,520** additional tax due.

Total tax paid is $\$2,688 + \$2,520 = \$5,208$ tax for the 2015 Grand List.

If the structure were 100% complete on October 1, 2015 the tax would be:

$\$300,000 \times 70\% = \$210,000$ assessment $\times 0.032$ mil rate = \$6,720. Annual tax paid in two equal installments.

The difference in tax as a result of the proration is: $\$6,720 - \$5,208 = \$1,512$ tax NOT charged to buyer or seller.

Another simpler example

On Oct 1, 2014 a new house was only partially completed. The assessor determines that the property should have a land assessment of 20,000, and a building assessment of 50,000 for a total of 70,000. On December 13, 2014 the house is completed and a C/O issued. The assessor determined a completed assessment for this property at 20,000 for the land and 60,000 for the building for a total of 80,000. The pro-rated assessment would be $60,000 - 50,000 = 10,000 \times$ pro-rate factor of .80 = 8,000. In July 2015 a tax bill for 70,000 \times mil rate and 8,000 \times mil rate.