

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 16 SPRING LAKE PARK, MINNESOTA

1415 – 81st Avenue Northeast Spring Lake Park, MN 55432

Prepared by Business Services Office

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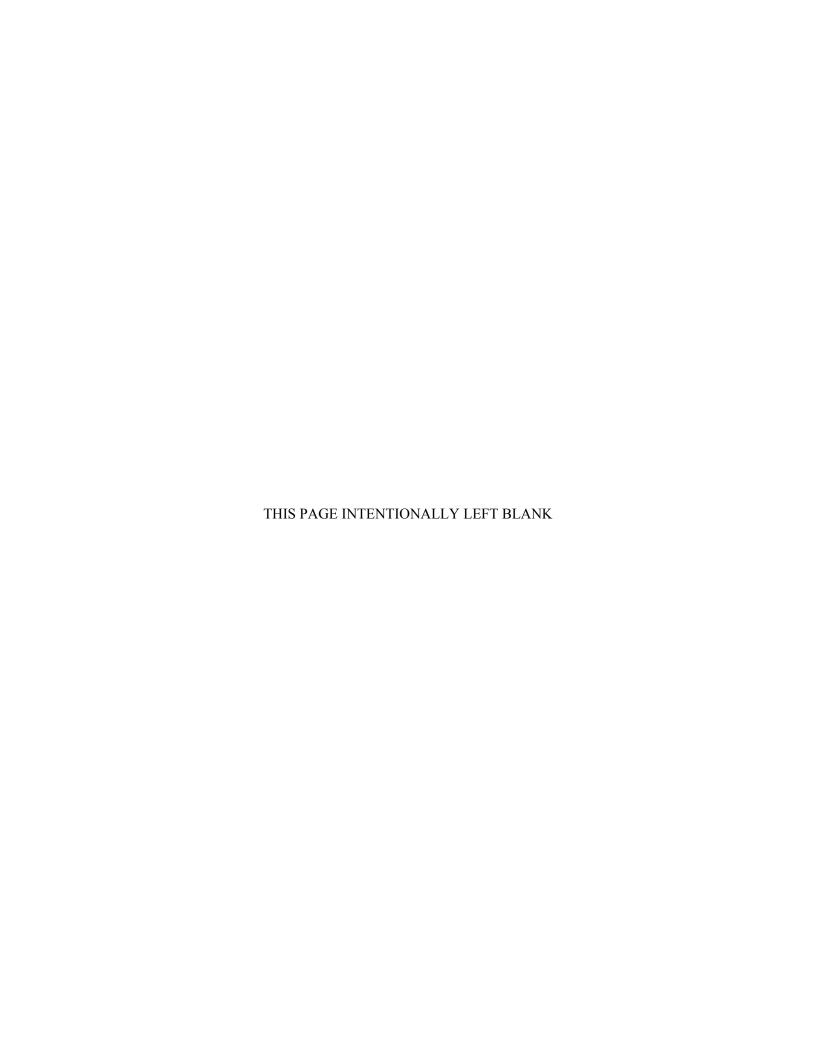


Table of Contents

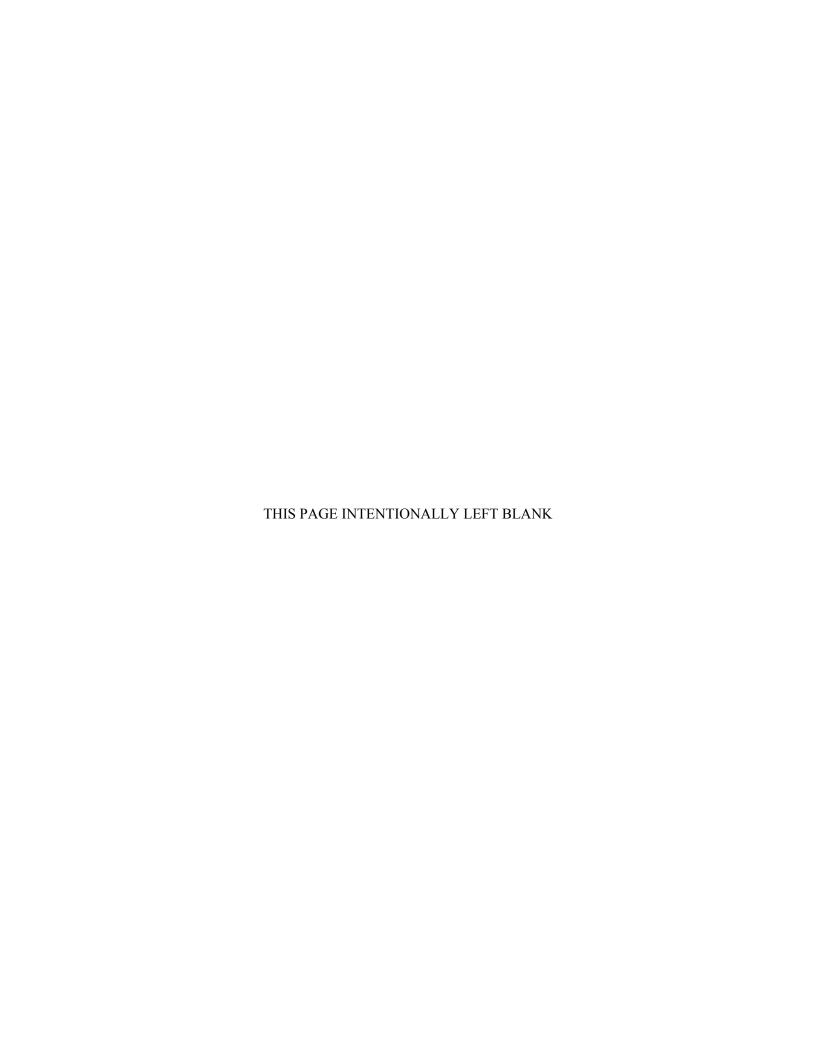
	Page
SECTION I – INTRODUCTORY SECTION	
Letter of Transmittal	i–viii
Organization Chart	ix
School Board and Administration	X
The Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting Award	xi
SECTION II – FINANCIAL SECTION	
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1–3
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	4–15
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	16
Statement of Activities	17
Fund Financial Statements	
Governmental Funds	
Balance Sheet	18–19
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	20
Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	21–22
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes	
in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	23
Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances –	
Budget and Actual – General Fund	24
Proprietary Funds	
Internal Service Funds	
Statement of Net Position	25
Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	26
Statement of Cash Flows	27
Fiduciary Funds	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	28
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	28
Notes to Basic Financial Statements	29–60

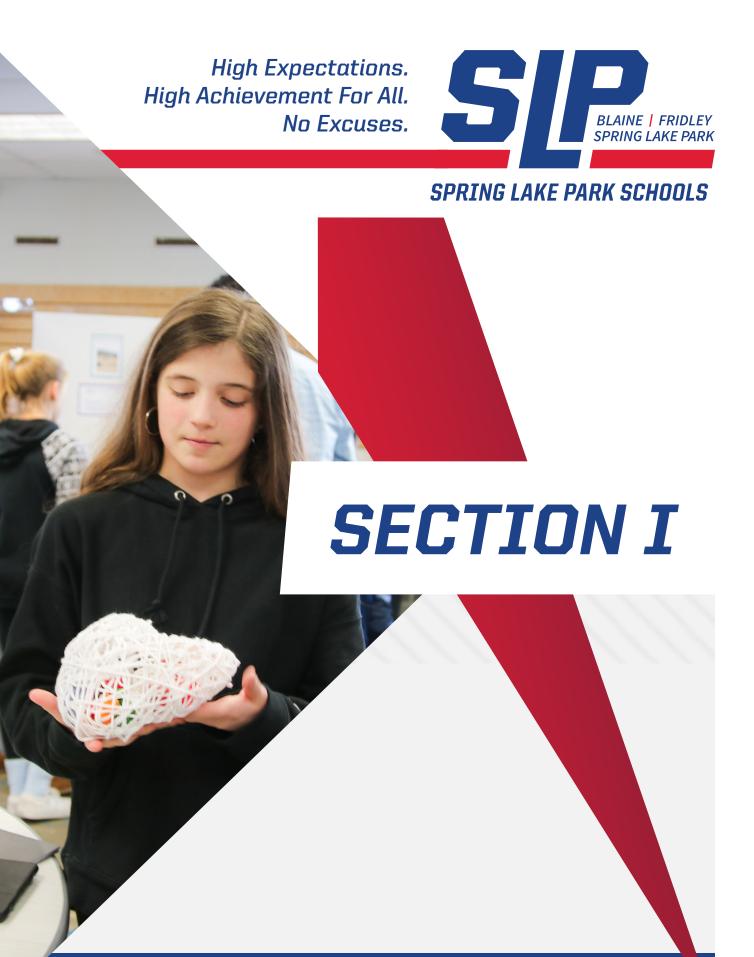
Table of Contents (continued)

	Page
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Public Employees Retirement Association Pension Benefits Plan	
Schedule of District's and Nonemployer Proportionate Share of	
Net Pension Liability	61
Schedule of District Contributions	61
Teachers Retirement Association Pension Benefits Plan	
Schedule of District's and Nonemployer Proportionate Share of	
Net Pension Liability	62
Schedule of District Contributions	62
Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan	-
Schedule of Changes in the District's Net OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios	63
Schedule of Investment Returns	64
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	65–69
The state of the s	00 05
SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION	
Governmental Funds	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet	70
Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	71
General Fund	
Comparative Balance Sheet	72
Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances –	
Budget and Actual	73–75
Food Service Special Revenue Fund	
Comparative Balance Sheet	76
Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances –	
Budget and Actual	77
Community Service Special Revenue Fund	
Comparative Balance Sheet	78
Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances –	
Budget and Actual	79
Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund	
Comparative Balance Sheet	80
Comparative Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	81
Debt Service Fund	
Balance Sheet by Account	82
Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	
by Account – Budget and Actual	83–84
Proprietary Funds	
Internal Service Funds	
Combining Statement of Net Position	85
Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	86
Combining Statement of Cash Flows	87

Table of Contents (continued)

	Page
SECTION III – STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)	
Net Position by Component	88–89
Changes in Net Position	90–91
Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source and Levy Type	92
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	93–94
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	95–96
General Governmental Tax Revenues by Source and Levy Type	97
Tax Capacities and Market Values	98–99
Tax Capacity Rates – Direct and Overlapping Governments	100-101
Principal Taxpayers	102-103
Property Tax Levies and Receivables	104–105
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	106
Ratios of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt to Market Value and	
Net General Obligation Bonded Debt per Capita	107
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	108
Legal Debt Margin Information	109-110
Demographic Statistics	111
Principal Employers	112
Cost per Pupil Based on Weighted Average Daily Membership	113–114
Food Service Information	115
School Facilities	116
Employees by Classification	117
Student Enrollment	118





Introductory Section | Annual Financial Report



December 4, 2020

Members of the School Board and Citizens of Independent School District No. 16

INTRODUCTION

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of Independent School District No. 16 (the District) submitted herein presents the financial position of the District as of June 30, 2020, and the results of its operations for the fiscal year then ended.

This report is prepared in conformance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for governments as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. This report is consistent with and satisfies legal reporting requirements of the state of Minnesota, including the requirement to publish a complete set of audited financial statements within six months of the close of the District's fiscal year. In addition to meeting accounting and legal requirements, this report is intended to present a comprehensive summary of significant financial data to meet the needs of citizens, taxpayers, employees, financial institutions, intergovernmental agencies, creditors, and the School Board.

REPORT FORMAT

The CAFR is presented in three sections:

- The introductory section contains this letter of transmittal, the organization chart, a list of the School Board and administration, and the Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting Award. The introductory section is not audited.
- The financial section begins with the independent auditor's report. This section includes management's discussion and analysis (MD&A), basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and supplemental information consisting of combining and individual fund statements and schedules.
- The statistical section, which is not audited, includes selected financial, demographic, and economic data, generally presented on a multiyear basis.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the District. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these assertions, management of the District has established a system of internal controls. The internal controls are designed to protect the District's assets from loss or misappropriation and to allow the compilation of sufficient reliable information to prepare financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data reported as a whole and disaggregated to a fund level is accurate, in all material respects. This report is a complete disclosure of all financial activities of the District.

Malloy, Montague, Karnowski, Radosevich & Co., P.A., a firm of licensed certified public accountants, has performed an independent audit and has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the District's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2020. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

The MD&A immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

The District is required to undergo an annual Single Audit in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Single Audit Act and the U.S. Office of Management and Budget *Compliance Supplement*. Information related to the Single Audit is issued separately and is not included in this report.

REPORTING ENTITY

The legal name of the District is Independent School District No. 16 and it is often referred to as Spring Lake Park Schools. The District was incorporated in 1952 and is a suburban school district located on the north edge of the Minneapolis/St. Paul metropolitan area in Anoka County. The District serves students, families, and residents of all or a portion of the cities of Blaine, Fridley, and Spring Lake Park.

The District is organized as a political subdivision of the state of Minnesota and is governed by an elected seven-member School Board. The School Board has the power and duty to set budgets, certify tax levies, issue debt, and perform other tasks necessary to the operations of the District. The District is subject to the general oversight of the Minnesota Department of Education. This oversight generally includes an approval process that reviews compliance to standards enacted by legislative mandate.

The District serves a general population of approximately 32,000 in an area of 18.69 square miles. The average age of the District's buildings is approximately 31.6 years. The District operates three elementary schools (kindergarten through Grade 4), one Spanish Immersion Program (kindergarten through Grade 4), one intermediate and middle school (Grades 5 through 8), and one high school (Grades 9 through 12). The District also operates an online distance learning academy and a Lighthouse Program for the motivated, highly-skilled student. In addition to providing a pre-kindergarten through Grade 12 education for students, the District operates a school Food Service Program and a Community Service Program. At the end of the school year, the District served 6,050 students in its pre-kindergarten through Grade 12 educational programs. The District is anticipating a steady-to-slight increase in enrollment in upcoming years.

LOCAL ECONOMY

The District is located in Anoka County, which is one of the seven counties included in the Twin Cities metropolitan area. This is the most populated area of Minnesota and has seen steady growth since 2000. The City of Blaine (the City) continues to see growth in both housing and commercial properties. Job growth in the City is strongest in the professional, managerial, and technical categories. Within this metropolitan area, health services, business services, and retail trade are the most significant industries.

Similar to national and global economies, Anoka County was impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic. This was most evident in unemployment rates. Many local businesses laid off employees as they closed their doors temporarily, or in some cases, permanently.

Unemployment increased to 3.1 percent in the Anoka County area, from 2.9 percent for the prior year. The state-wide and national unemployment averages were 3.2 percent and 3.7 percent, respectively. These trends reflect an increase in unemployment at the national and state levels as well.

Despite the pandemic affecting the area, there continues to be growth of new private investment. The City is the largest geographic municipality located within the District and it is anticipated that the commercial and residential growth of this city will continue slowly during the next five years. According to the City and the Metropolitan Council, the City's population (Anoka County portion of the City) has grown from 57,186 in 2010 (U.S. Census) to an estimated 67,939 in 2019, an increase of 10,753, or 18.8 percent. Residential and commercial development are expected to continue during the next several years.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING AND MAJOR INITIATIVES

The state of Minnesota guarantees each school district a base amount of funding per pupil through the General Education Funding Program. With the exception of the voter-approved operating referendum (Levy for Learning) and bond referendum (Levy for Buildings), the District is dependent on the state of Minnesota for much of its revenue authority. This places a large reliance on the state to adequately fund the District's educational programs and creates a direct relationship to the state's economic outlook. At this time, the state of Minnesota is starting a downward trend from prior years in terms of its economic environment.

The 2019 Legislature authorized increases in the general education basic formula allowance for fiscal years 2020 and 2021, following increases in each fiscal year beginning in 2016. Previously, the Legislature "shifted" the amount of cash the District would receive each year down to a low of 60.0 percent of its annual allocation in 2011, resulting in many districts needing to borrow cash to pay for current year expenses. For fiscal year 2013, this shift had been adjusted up to 86.4 percent, and at October 15, 2013, the full shift had been repaid to allocate 90.0 percent to school districts during their current year of operations.

District voters renewed a capital projects referendum (technology levy) in November 2019, amounting to over \$1.2 million annually for 10 years. At the same time, voters renewed an operating levy set to expire after fiscal year 2020, and extended it another 10 years. The support of the technology levy will continue to allow the District to maintain and update its technology and improve student learning through greater access to technology in the classroom. By renewing the operating levy, it continues to bring much needed revenue to the District for continuing its current programming, while looking at ways to improve student learning at the same time.

The combination of enrollment growth and voter support, along with a purposeful budget process, has allowed the District to maintain a healthy fund balance, while increasing learning opportunities for students.

OUR STRATEGIC PLAN FOR THE FUTURE

OUR DISTRICT PURPOSE

High Expectations. High Achievement. For all. No Excuses.

OUR VISION FOR THE FUTURE

The Spring Lake Park School District will be a world-class learning community aligned around...

- •Fostering personalized experiences so that each student feels valued, inspired, and has a sense of belonging,
- •Resulting in college readiness, and the development of academic, life, and career skills so that each student has aspirations for success.



OUR STRATEGIC ANCHORS

We will move towards our vision through a focus on continuous improvement, identifying annual and multi-year projects and initiatives within three Strategic Anchors. Each of these efforts are centered around raising our highest levels of learning while narrowing the achievement gap and ensuring equitable learning for all.

OUR OVER-ARCHING GOALS FOR ALL PLANNING AND FOR PROVIDING A FOCUS IN MOVING TOWARDS OUR VISION

- We will achieve greater levels of coherence and alignment throughout the system.
- We will proactively position the school district for the future in all planning and decision-making.

STUDENT ASSESSMENT AND TESTING

The District uses student assessment data in many ways. Two assessments that are critical are the Minnesota Comprehensive Assessment Series II (MCA-II) (which measures student progress toward state standards) and the Northwest Evaluation Association (NWEA) Measure of Academic Progress (MAP) (which measures student progress over time).

The COVID-19 pandemic also affected student assessment and testing. These tests were not performed during the 2019–2020 school year, due to social distancing requirements and the inability to have large gatherings. These major assessment events were not able to be rescheduled so data below reflects results from the 2018–2019 school year.

MINNESOTA COMPREHENSIVE ASSESSMENTS

Minnesota's accountability plan applies to all public schools. The MCA-IIs are the state tests in reading, mathematics, and science that meet federal and state legislative requirements. These tests are given every year to measure student performance on the Minnesota Academic Standards, which define what our students should know and do in a particular grade. The reading and mathematics MCA-IIs began in 2006, and the science MCA-II began in 2008.

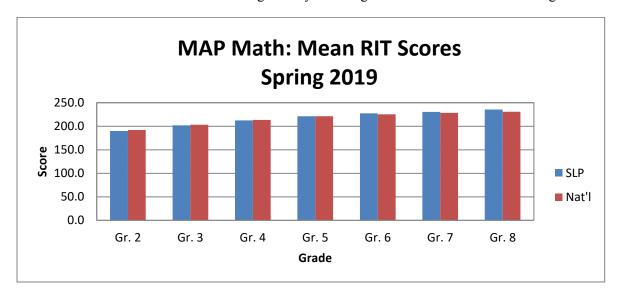
We use the MCA-IIs to determine how well students can apply the Minnesota Academic Standards in reading, mathematics, and science. The mathematics and reading tests are also used to determine whether schools and districts have made adequate yearly progress toward all students being proficient for the No Child Left Behind Act.

NORTHWEST EVALUATION ASSOCIATION (NWEA) MEASURE OF ACADEMIC PROGRESS (MAP)

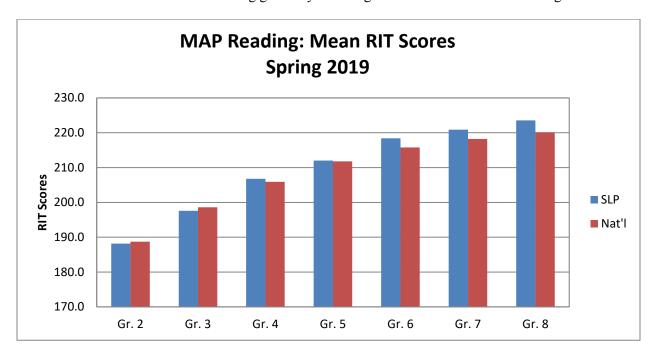
Measures of academic progress are state-aligned computerized adaptive tests that accurately reflect the instructional level of each student and measure growth over time. MAP tests provide highly accurate results that can be used to:

- Identify the skills and concepts individual students have learned.
- Diagnose instructional needs.
- Monitor academic growth over time.
- Make data-driven decisions at the classroom, school, and district levels.
- Place new students into appropriate instructional programs.

The District's MAP results for mathematics generally show higher than national scores across grade levels:



The District's MAP results for reading generally show higher than national scores across grade levels:



MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS AND CONTROLS

The District is committed to developing, maintaining, and improving effective management systems and controls. The District makes conscientious efforts to employ highly qualified employees through active recruitment and interview processes. Significant continuing professional education opportunities are provided to employees, and managers are encouraged to provide imbedded professional development activities as a means to ensure that an environment of continuous improvement is fostered. Further, operations are annually evaluated to assure they function effectively and provide appropriate levels of supervision and segregation of duties.

BUDGET AND FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

The School Board adopts an annual budget for the following fiscal year for all governmental funds. The District's budget and financial management practices include the following district processes:

BUDGET TIMELINE

Establishes a timeline for the major processes related to the preparation, approval, execution, and review of the District's fiscal year financial budget. Each fiscal year's budget spans a three-year period and includes the following activities:

- Budget Preparation The budget preparation cycle occurs during the 12 months prior to the District's upcoming fiscal year, which begins on the following July 1st. Major processes during the budget preparation cycle include the development of a projection model to accurately predict student enrollment, revenue resources, and programmatic expenditures. Enrollment and other data are submitted to the state to generate both the local property tax levy, as well as state and federal aid entitlement amounts for the upcoming year. A budget guideline is established to determine the proper allocation of district resources to the various expenditure categories based upon budget parameters and district priorities as included in the District's mission and vision statements. Recommendations and actions taken by the administration and the School Board during the budget preparation cycle are also included in the completed budget. A proposed financial and operational budget document is then submitted to the School Board for review and subsequent approval prior to July 1st.
- Budget Approval and Execution The School Board is required by Minnesota Statutes to adopt a preliminary budget prior to July 1st. Once the original budget is adopted, the District's administration begins its execution July 1st. During the 12-month period that the budget is executed, the administration is directed to update the budget to reflect changes that have taken place after the original approval of the budget occurred. The adopted budget is typically revised to reflect actual enrollment changes, grant awards, employee contract settlements, and changes in estimates and projections that may have occurred since the budget was originally approved. Monthly reports are provided to the School Board with "common sized" financial statements comparing the current year's year-to-date monthly results to the prior three years' historical year-to-date monthly results. This monthly reporting has proven to be invaluable to the School Board and management so that timely, reliable financial decisions can be made.
- **Budget Review** During the fiscal year and upon completion, the actual financial results for the year are compared to the budgeted amounts. Significant variations are investigated to determine if subsequent financial projections should be adjusted. In addition, as several state aid formulas are not finalized until state-wide data is available, the District's administration is constantly reviewing historical and current data and trends to further refine its projection models for future budget cycles.

In addition to the annual budget cycle described above, the School Board and administration review a five-year budget projection several times during the year. This process involves reviewing the budget under five different sets of expenditure assumptions. This long-term view of the budget has allowed the District to make purposeful decisions with the understanding of how those decisions affect not only the upcoming year, but also the years following.

Budgetary control is decentralized to building locations or to program managers of each budgetary area. Overall, administrative responsibility rests with the Director of Educational Services, Director of Business Services, Director of Human Resources and Organizational Development, or Director of Community Education and Outreach under the direction of the Superintendent and consistent with School Board policy. School Board policy allows for limited reappropriation of budgets within a budgetary location by authority of budgetary program managers. Reappropriation of budget amounts between and among operating units requires authorization by the Director of Business Services. School Board approval is required to change appropriations at the fund level.

INDEPENDENT AUDIT

The District's policy and state law require an annual audit of the financial statements of the District by an independent certified public accountant. This requirement has been complied with and the auditor's opinion is included in this report. The District does not maintain an internal audit staff.

CERTIFICATE OF EXCELLENCE

This report will be submitted to the Association of School Business Officials (ASBO) International for consideration for the Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting Award.

In 2020, the District received the Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting Award from the ASBO International for the preparation and issuance of the District's CAFR for 2019. It was the fourteenth year the District has received the award, which was earned by less than 10 percent of all school districts in the state.

The District expects to continue to earn the recognition that accompanies the standards of accuracy and thoroughness of the Certificate of Excellence Program.

ACCOMPLISHMENTS

The District takes pride in its focus on personalizing learning for each student, providing comprehensive instructional, co-curricular, and support programs. The District takes a systemic view of learning, recognizing the importance of providing coherence and alignment across all aspects of the District. Over the past few years, all principals and directors have participated in a leadership academy that has resulted in a shared philosophy of leadership throughout the District.

We are excited about the professional learning and continuous improvement efforts taking place in the District. The curriculum in the District is vertically aligned with a pre-kindergarten through Grade 12 perspective, and each staff member participates in a professional learning community team that meets at least weekly. In recent years, all staff has been engaged in ongoing learning on the topics of personalized learning, one-to-one technologies, effective assessment practices, and providing timely support to meet student learning needs. The District continues to focus in all of these areas to continually improve student learning.

We are especially proud of the "How Might We" attitude our students, staff, and community brought during the spring as schools were forced to shut down our buildings, due to the pandemic. Technology has been in the hands of our students for eight years allowing for a relatively smooth transition to a distance learning format. This allowed personalized learning to continue with minimal disruption to the learning of students.

The District has a vision of being a world-class learning community of choice. It is a great place to be.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The time, effort, and attention that go into the timely preparation of a CAFR require the commitment and cooperation of many people. Special appreciation is hereby extended to the entire Business Services office staff for their dedication and to the School Board for its encouragement and leadership.

Superintendent

Amy Schultz, CPA

Director of Business Services



Spring Lake Park Schools – Organization Chart 2019-2020

Board of Education

Superintendent

Community Education **Executive Assistant** and Outreach Director of Buildings & Grounds **Business Services** Transportation **Business Services** Director of Instruction and Development Curriculum, Assessment Professional **Educational Services** Director of SPRING LAKE PARK SCHOOLS Spring Lake Park, MN 55432 Special Education Student Support District Services Center Services 1415 Blst Avenue NE Student Services Director of -ix-

School Principals

Director of Communications

Director of HR and Organizational

Development

Hiring and Retention

Early Childhood / Family Education Staff Evaluation

School Aged

Childcare

Staff Recruitment,

Labor Relations and Contract Negotiations

Youth Programs

School and Program Staffing

Adult Basic Education

Food Service

Technology

Community Services

Student Information

Reporting

School Board and Administration Year Ended June 30, 2020

SCHOOL BOARD

Amy HennenChairpersonTony EasterVice ChairpersonMichael KreunTreasurerAmy WheatonClerkSarah BoweDirectorMarilynn ForsbergDirectorJohn StroebelDirector

ADMINISTRATION

Jeffrey Ronneberg
Colleen Pederson
Amy Schultz
Director of Community Education and Outreach
Director of Business Services
Director of Educational Services
Ryan Stromberg
Director of Human Resources and Organizational Development
Anthony Mayer
Director of Student Services
Director of Communications



The Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented to

Spring Lake Park Independent School District No. 16

for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019.

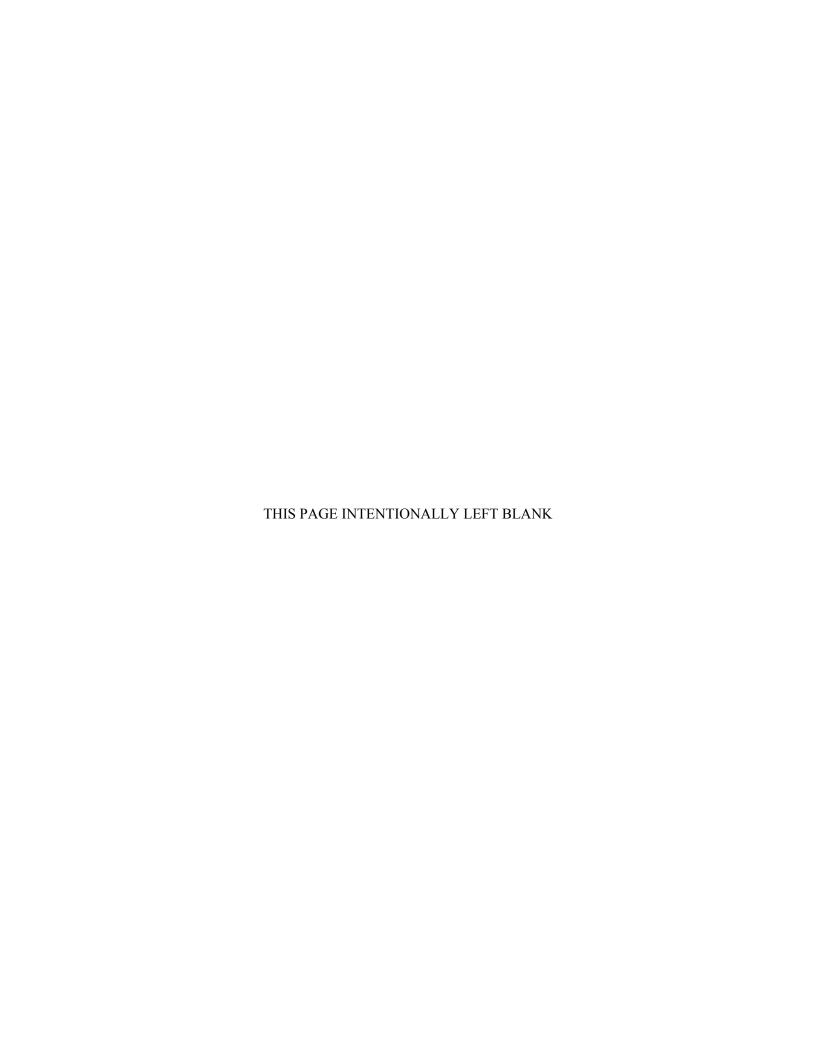
The CAFR meets the criteria established for ASBO International's Certificate of Excellence.

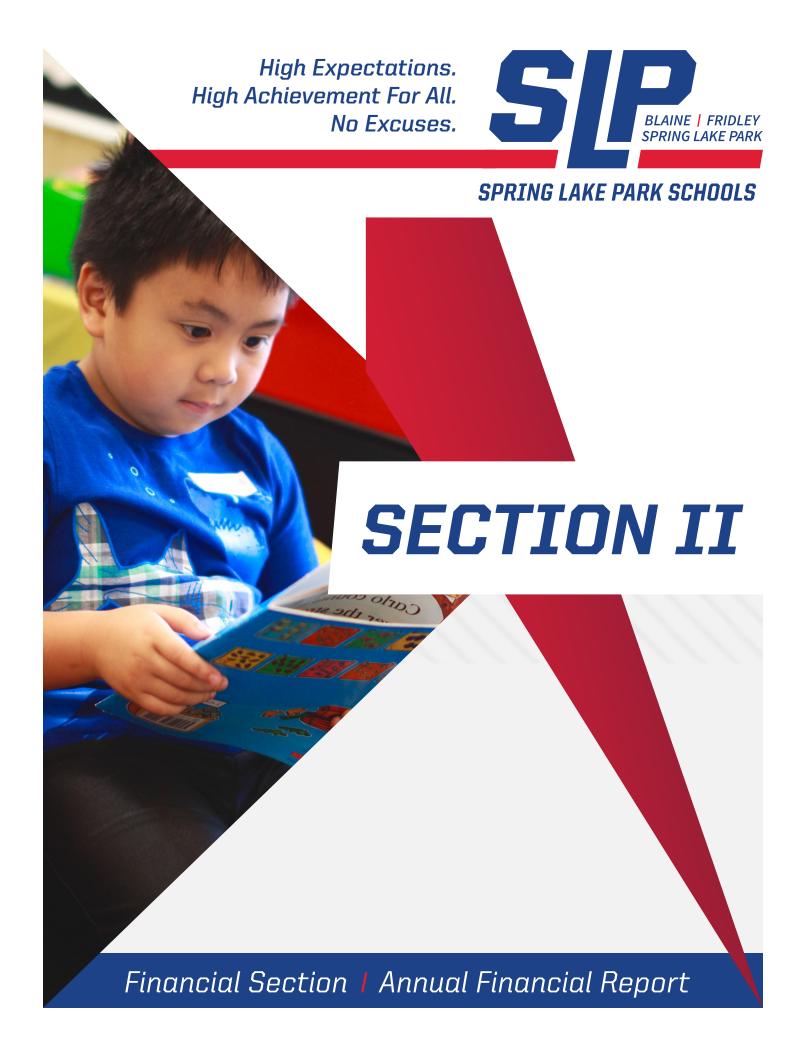


Claire Hertz, SFO

President

David J. Lewis
Executive Director





PRINCIPALS



Thomas A. Karnowski, CPA
Paul A. Radosevich, CPA
William J. Lauer, CPA
James H. Eichten, CPA
Aaron J. Nielsen, CPA
Victoria L. Holinka, CPA/CMA
Jaclyn M. Huegel, CPA
Kalen T. Karnowski, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the School Board and Management of Independent School District No. 16 Spring Lake Park, Minnesota

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Independent School District No. 16 (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

(continued)

OPINIONS

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to on the previous page present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

EMPHASIS OF MATTER

As described in Note 1 of the notes to basic financial statements, the District has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, during the year ended June 30, 2020. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

OTHER MATTERS

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the required supplementary information (RSI), as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the GASB, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the RSI in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The introductory section, supplemental information, and statistical section, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements.

The supplemental information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

(continued)

Prior Year Comparative Information

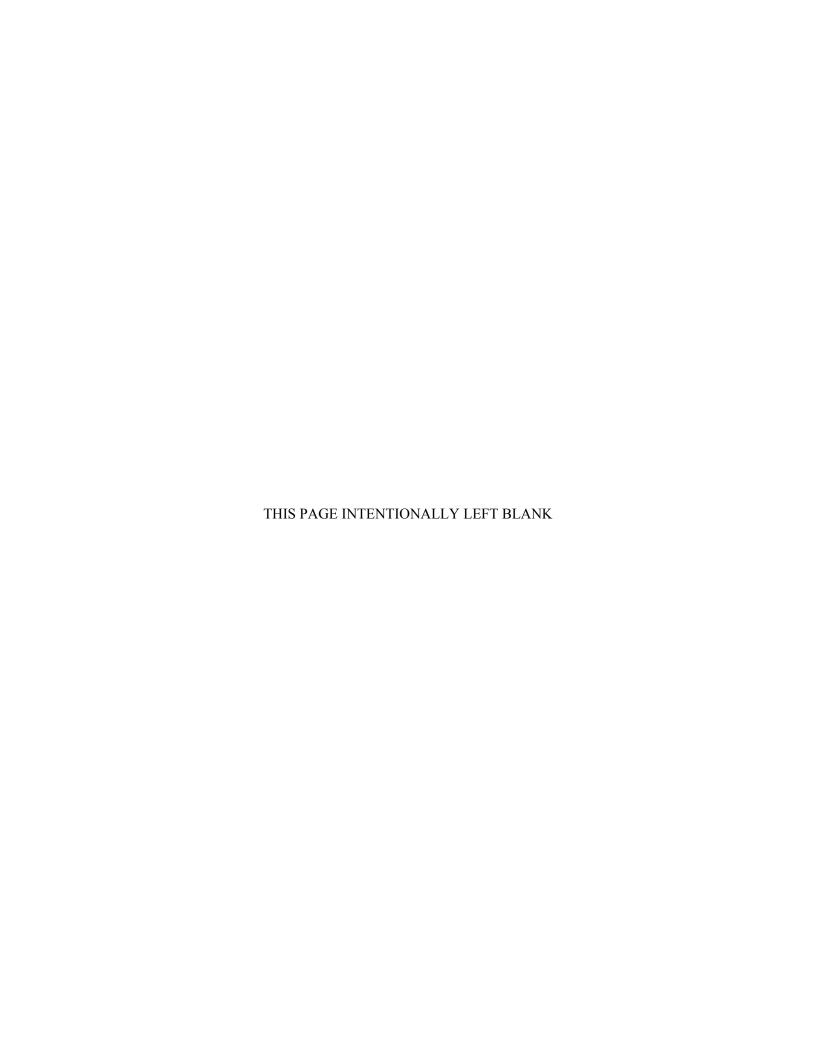
We have previously audited the District's 2019 financial statements, and we expressed unmodified audit opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information in our report dated December 9, 2019. In our opinion, the partial comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019 is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

OTHER REPORTING REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 4, 2020 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Malloy, Montague, Karnowski, Radasenich & Co., P. A.

Minneapolis, Minnesota December 4, 2020



Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2020

This section of Independent School District No. 16's (the District) Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) presents management's narrative overview and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. Please read it in conjunction with the other components of the District's CAFR.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at June 30, 2020 by \$7,316,845. The District's total net position increased by \$1,190,902 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, excluding the change in accounting principle as discussed below.
- The District recorded a change in accounting principle in the current year with the implementation of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. The implementation of this standard changed the way the District reports certain fiduciary activities that were not previously included within the District reporting entity. The implementation of this standard increased beginning net position in the government-wide statements and beginning fund balance in the governmental funds by \$145,373. Fiduciary fund net position was reduced by \$145,373 with the implementation of this standard.
- Government-wide revenues totaled \$89,224,650 and were \$1,190,902 more than expenses of \$88,033,748.
- The General Fund's total fund balance (under the governmental fund presentation) decreased \$2,281,439 from the prior year, compared to a decrease of \$5,829,970 planned in the budget.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial section of the CAFR consists of the following parts:

- Independent Auditor's Report;
- Management's discussion and analysis;
- Basic financial statements, including the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and the notes to basic financial statements;
- Required supplementary information; and
- Supplemental information consisting of combining and individual fund statements and schedules.

The following explains the two types of statements included in the basic financial statements:

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements (Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities) report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes *all* of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, except for the fiduciary funds. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide financial statements report the District's *net position* and how it has changed. Net position—the difference between the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources—is one way to measure the District's financial health or *position*.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are indicators of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District requires consideration of additional nonfinancial factors, such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

In the government-wide financial statements, the District's activities are all shown in one category titled "governmental activities." These activities, including regular and special education instruction, transportation, administration, food services, and community education, are primarily financed with state aids and property taxes.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's *funds*, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds, rather than the District as a whole. Funds (Food Service Special Revenue and Community Service Special Revenue) that do not meet the threshold to be classified as major funds are called nonmajor funds. Detailed financial information for nonmajor funds can be found in the supplemental information section.

Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs. For Minnesota schools, funds are established in accordance with Uniform Financial Accounting and Reporting Standards in accordance with statutory requirements and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Some funds are required by state law and by bond covenants. The District can establish other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain revenues.

The District maintains the following kinds of funds:

Governmental Funds – The District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on: 1) how *cash and other financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out, and 2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed *short-term* view, which helps to determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide financial statements, we provide additional information (reconciliation schedules) immediately following the governmental fund financial statements that explain the relationship (or differences) between these two types of financial statement presentations.

Proprietary Funds – The District maintains one type of proprietary fund. The internal service funds are used as an accounting device to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the District's various functions. The District uses its internal service funds to account for the self-insurance activities of the District employees' medical and dental claims. These services have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail.

Fiduciary Funds – The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to other organizations. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. We exclude these activities from the government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Table 1 is a summarized view of the District's Statement of Net Position:

Table 1 Summary Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2020 and 2019						
	2020	2019				
Assets Current and other assets Capital assets, net of depreciation	\$ 62,959,897 151,664,589	\$ 65,094,942 152,676,602				
Total assets	\$ 214,624,486	\$ 217,771,544				
Deferred outflows of resources Pension plan deferments OPEB plan deferments Deferred charge on refunding Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 32,075,014 263,631 426,839 \$ 32,765,484	\$ 46,142,483 188,795 474,265 \$ 46,805,543				
Liabilities Current and other liabilities Long-term liabilities, including due within one year	\$ 3,966,991 164,990,684	\$ 5,155,009 171,340,396				
Total liabilities Deferred inflows of resources Property taxes levied for subsequent year Pension plan deferments OPEB plan deferments Deferred charge on refunding	\$ 168,957,675 \$ 23,158,016 46,757,212 737,977 462,245	\$ 176,495,405 \$ 22,504,834 58,348,089 734,583 513,606				
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 71,115,450	\$ 82,101,112				
Net position Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 30,595,571 2,804,025 (26,082,751)	\$ 25,541,727 2,158,339 (21,719,496)				
Total net position	\$ 7,316,845	\$ 5,980,570				

The District's financial position is the product of many factors. For example, the determination of the District's net investment in capital assets involves many assumptions and estimates, such as current and accumulated depreciation amounts. A conservative versus liberal approach to depreciation estimates, as well as capitalization policies, will produce a significant difference in the calculated amounts. Another major factor in determining net position as compared to fund balances are the liabilities for long-term severance, pension, and other post-employment benefits (OPEB), which impacts the unrestricted portion of net position.

The District's increase in net investment in capital assets is due mostly to the District adding capital assets and repaying debt at a faster rate than the assets being depreciated. The District's increase in net position restricted for debt service and other (state funding) purposes contributed to the change in the restricted portion of net position. The change in the District's share of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and the Teachers Retirement Association (TRA) pension plans also contributed to the change in deferred outflows of resources, long-term liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and unrestricted net position.

Table 2 presents a summarized version of the District's Statement of Activities:

Table 2 Summary Statement of Activities for the Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019					
	2020	2019			
Revenues					
Program revenues					
Charges for services	\$ 3,059,199	\$ 4,285,330			
Operating grants and contributions	14,887,260	13,688,345			
General revenues	, ,	, ,			
Property taxes	23,459,820	22,837,296			
General grants and aids	46,293,428	42,143,708			
Other	1,524,943	2,529,494			
Total revenues	89,224,650	85,484,173			
Expenses					
Administration	2,476,836	1,721,904			
District support services	2,745,631	2,740,306			
Elementary and secondary regular instruction	35,062,242	20,740,744			
Vocational education instruction	478,371	447,966			
Special education instruction	12,982,195	8,144,461			
Instructional support services	6,249,588	5,441,358			
Pupil support services	8,769,911	7,101,894			
Sites and buildings	8,309,623	9,344,210			
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs	298,787	216,825			
Food service	3,002,961	3,317,699			
Community service	4,105,012	3,684,307			
Interest and fiscal charges	3,552,591	3,957,733			
Total expenses	88,033,748	66,859,407			
Change in net position	1,190,902	18,624,766			
Net position – beginning, as previously reported	5,980,570	(12,644,196)			
Change in accounting principle	145,373				
Net position – beginning, as restated	6,125,943	(12,644,196)			
Net position – ending	\$ 7,316,845	\$ 5,980,570			

This table is presented on an accrual basis of accounting, and it includes all of the governmental activities of the District.

This statement includes depreciation expense, but excludes capital asset purchase costs, debt proceeds, and the repayment of debt principal. Revenues increased with the District serving more students and with improvements in state funding formulas. Charges for services were down, due to the COVID-19 pandemic and the District's required move to distance learning near the end of the fiscal year. The significant increase in expenses reflects the change in the PERA and the TRA multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans, impacting functional areas based on salary and benefit levels.

Figure A shows further analysis of these revenue sources:

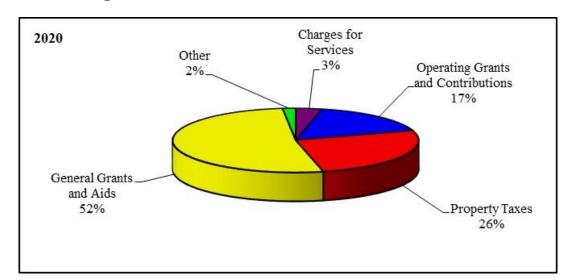
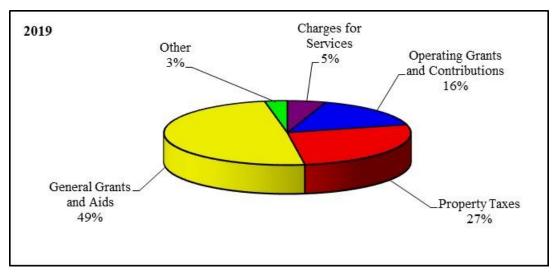


Figure A – Sources of Revenues for Fiscal Years 2020 and 2019



The largest share of the District's revenue is received from the state, including the general education aid formula and most of the operating grants.

Property taxes are generally the next largest source of funding. The level of revenue property tax sources provide is not only dependent on district taxpayers by way of operating and building referenda, but also by decisions made by the Legislature in the mix of state aid and local effort in a variety of funding formulas.

Figure B shows further analysis of these expense functions:

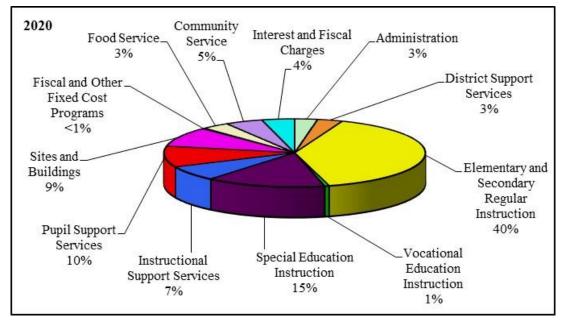
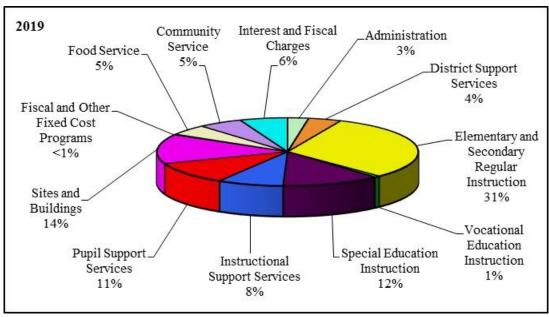


Figure B – Expenses for Fiscal Years 2020 and 2019



The District's expenses are predominately related to educating students. Programs (or functions) such as elementary and secondary regular instruction, vocational education instruction, special education instruction, and instructional support services are directly related to classroom instruction, while the rest of the programs support instruction and other necessary costs to operate the District.

The significant year-to-year change in the percentage of expenses incurred in several program areas shown above was attributable to the change in expenses related to the two state-wide pension plans, which caused greater fluctuations in program areas with a higher proportion of salaries.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

The financial performance of the District is also reflected in its governmental funds. Table 3 shows the change in total fund balances of each of the District's governmental funds:

Table 3 Governmental Fund Balances as of June 30, 2020 and 2019							
		2020		2019		Change	
Major funds							
General	\$	27,827,450	\$	29,963,516	\$	(2,136,066)	
Capital Projects – Building Construction		417,256		1,151,832		(734,576)	
Debt Service		2,761,017		2,599,195		161,822	
Nonmajor funds							
Food Service Special Revenue		79,786		87,346		(7,560)	
Community Service Special Revenue		8,813		44,389		(35,576)	
Total governmental funds	\$	31,094,322	\$	33,846,278	\$	(2,751,956)	

The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned funds balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for discretionary use, as they represent the portion of fund balance that has not yet been limited to use for a particular purpose by either an external party, the District itself, or a group or individual that has been delegated authority to assign resources for use for particular purposes by the District's School Board.

At June 30, 2020, the District's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$31,094,322, a decrease of \$2,751,956 from the prior year, which includes the change in accounting principle previously discussed. Approximately 71.9 percent of this amount (\$22,350,328) constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the District's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is either nonspendable, restricted, or assigned to indicate that it is: 1) not in spendable form (\$274,466), 2) restricted for particular purposes (\$4,792,713), or 3) assigned for particular purposes (\$3,676,815).

Changes in the table above are discussed on the following pages.

ANALYSIS OF THE GENERAL FUND

Table 4 summarizes the amendments to the General Fund budget:

Table 4 General Fund Budget						
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Change	Percent Change		
Revenues and other financing sources	\$ 69,449,124	\$ 71,997,917	\$ 2,548,793	3.7%		
Expenditures and other financing uses	\$ 69,394,647	\$ 77,827,887	\$ 8,433,240	12.2%		

The District is required to adopt an operating budget prior to the beginning of its fiscal year, referred to above as the original budget. During the year, the District amended that budget for known significant changes in circumstances, such as updated enrollment levels, legislative changes, additional funding received from grants or other local sources, staffing changes, employee contract settlements, insurance premium changes, special education tuition changes, or for new debt issued.

Table 5 summarizes the operating results of the General Fund:

Table 5 General Fund Operating Results							
		Over (Un Final Bu		Over (Un Prior Ye	*		
	2020 Actual	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent		
Revenue	\$ 72,435,726	\$ 437,809	0.6%	\$ 2,682,715	3.8%		
Expenditures	73,919,540	(3,433,347)	(4.4%)	4,842,131	7.0%		
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	(1,483,814)	3,871,156		(2,159,416)			
Other financing sources (uses)	(797,625)	(322,625)		(820,234)			
Net change in fund balances	\$ (2,281,439)	\$ 3,548,531		\$ (2,979,650)			

The fund balance of the General Fund decreased \$2,281,439, compared to a decrease of \$5,829,970 approved in the budget, before the change in accounting principle previously discussed.

General Fund revenues were 0.6 percent over budget with the largest variance occurring in state sources, which were \$302,182 more than projected in the budget. The increase from the prior year was mainly due to the District serving more students, additional special education revenue, and improvements in the general education funding formula.

General Fund expenditures were 4.4 percent under budget, with the largest underspending in capital expenditures in the sites and buildings program area. Expenditures increased from the prior year, with an increase in salaries and benefits as anticipated with scheduled contract improvements, along with related costs of serving more students in the current year. The District also had more capital spending as planned in the budget.

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANT ACTIVITIES IN OTHER FUNDS

Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund

In fiscal year 2020, the District had \$748,101 of spending in the Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund and has \$417,256 of fund balance available for district projects at June 30, 2020.

Debt Service Fund

Debt Service Fund revenues exceeded expenditures by \$161,822 in the current year, compared to a \$208,693 fund balance increase anticipated in the budget. The funding of the Debt Service Fund is largely controlled with each individual debt obligation's financing plan. The remaining fund balance of \$2,761,017 at June 30, 2020, is available for meeting future debt service obligations.

Food Service Special Revenue Fund

The Food Service Special Revenue Fund ended the year with expenditures exceeding revenues and other financing sources, decreasing equity by \$7,560, compared to a balanced budget approved by the School Board.

Community Service Special Revenue Fund

The Community Service Special Revenue Fund ended the year with expenditures exceeding revenues and other financing sources, decreasing equity by \$35,576, compared to a balanced budget approved by the School Board.

Internal Service Funds

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods and services provided by one department or agency of a government to other departments or agencies on a cost-reimbursement basis. The District maintains two internal service funds. These funds are used to account for the District's self-insured health and dental benefits insurance activities. The net position balance for all internal service funds as of June 30, 2020 was \$5,395,307, which represents an increase of \$1,369,697 from the prior year.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Capital Assets

Table 6 shows the District's capital assets, together with changes from the previous year. The table also shows the total depreciation expense for fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019:

	Table 6 Capital Assets		
	2020	2019	Change
Land Construction in progress Improvements Buildings Furniture and equipment Less accumulated depreciation	\$ 4,686,131 133,310 31,150,594 194,371,901 8,502,689 (87,180,036)	\$ 4,686,131 2,850,856 24,828,263 192,476,846 7,924,246 (80,089,740)	\$ - (2,717,546) 6,322,331 1,895,055 578,443 (7,090,296)
Total Depreciation expense	\$ 151,664,589 \$ 7,096,486	\$ 152,676,602 \$ 6,020,899	\$ (1,012,013) \$ 1,075,587

By the end of 2020, the District had invested in a broad range of capital assets, including school buildings, athletic facilities, and other equipment for various instructional programs (see Table 6).

The changes presented in the table above reflect the ongoing activity and completion of projects at district sites during fiscal year 2020, consistent with the activity of the long-term facilities maintenance program in the General Fund and activity of the Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund discussed on the previous page.

The District defines capital assets as those with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more, which benefit more than one fiscal year.

Additional details about capital assets can be found in Note 3 of the notes to basic financial statements.

Long-Term Liabilities

Table 7 illustrates the components of the District's long-term liabilities with changes from the prior year:

Table 7 Outstanding Long-Term Liabilities						
	2020	2019	Change			
General obligation bonds payable	\$ 112,735,000	\$ 119,100,000	\$ (6,365,000)			
Unamortized premium/discount	9,524,749	10,464,826	(940,077)			
Capital leases payable	2,206,119	2,738,004	(531,885)			
Net pension liability	39,926,904	38,439,785	1,487,119			
Severance benefits payable	597,912	597,781	131			
Total	\$ 164,990,684	\$ 171,340,396	\$ (6,349,712)			

The change in general obligation bonds payable and unamortized premium/discounts reflects the District's scheduled debt payments and amortization occurring in the current year.

The change in capital leases is due to planned repayment schedules for principal payments made in fiscal 2020.

The differences in the net pension liability reflects the change in the District's proportionate share of the state-wide pension obligations for the PERA and the TRA, as previously discussed.

The state limits the amount of general obligation debt the District can issue to 15 percent of the market value of all taxable property within the District's corporate limits (see Table 8).

Table 8 Limitations of	
District's market value Limit rate	\$ 4,010,515,276 15.0%
Legal debt limit	\$ 601,577,291

Additional details of the District's long-term debt activity can be found in Note 4 of the notes to basic financial statements.

FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

With the exception of the voter-approved operating referendum, the District is dependent on the state of Minnesota for a majority of its revenue authority.

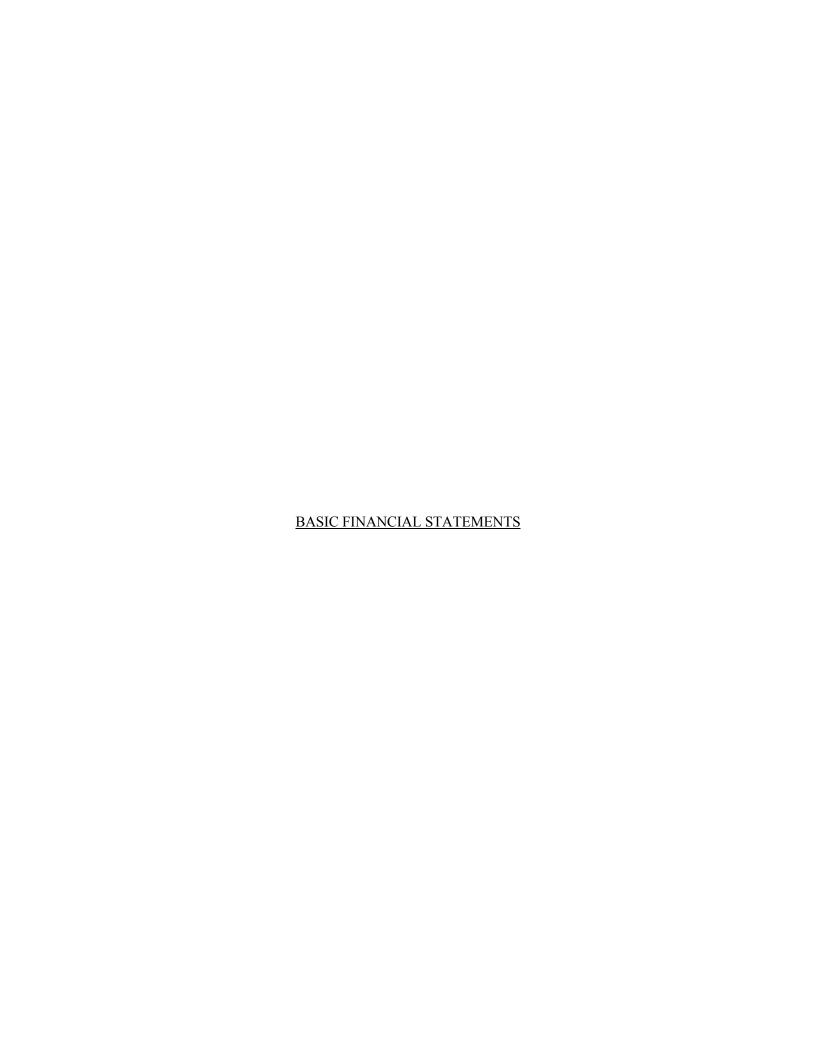
The general education program is the method by which school districts receive the majority of their financial support. This source of funding is primarily state aid and, as such, school districts rely heavily on the state of Minnesota for educational resources. The Legislature has added \$129, or 2 percent, per pupil to the formula for fiscal year 2021.

The COVID-19 pandemic has impacted how the District provides instruction. The District completed the 2019–2020 school year with distance learning. Increased expenditures for personal protective equipment, sanitation supplies, and technology are expected in the upcoming fiscal year.

The amount of funding a district receives is also dependent on the number of students it serves, meaning attracting and retaining students is critical to the District's financial well-being. The COVID-19 pandemic will impact how many students the District attracts and maintains. Students choosing to enroll in other online schools, private school options, or kindergarten families choosing to wait a year, will mean less revenue for the District.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This CAFR is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Business Services Office, Independent School District No. 16, 1415 – 81st Avenue Northeast, Spring Lake Park, Minnesota 55432.



Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2020

(With Partial Comparative Information as of June 30, 2019)

	Government	al Activities
	2020	2019
Assets		
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 37,891,045	\$ 40,826,080
Receivables		
Current taxes	16,267,639	13,485,005
Delinquent taxes	310,687	194,484
Accounts and interest	264,180	598,786
Due from other governmental units	7,114,481	8,299,573
Due from OPEB trust	7,544	18,230
Inventory	99,406	60,888
Prepaid items	175,060	295,711
Net OPEB asset	829,855	1,316,185
Capital assets		
Not depreciated	4,819,441	7,536,987
Depreciated, net of accumulated depreciation	146,845,148	145,139,615
Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	151,664,589	152,676,602
Total capital assets, let of accumulated depreciation	131,004,367	132,070,002
Total assets	214,624,486	217,771,544
Deferred outflows of resources		
Pension plan deferments	32,075,014	46,142,483
OPEB plan deferments	263,631	188,795
Deferred charge on refunding	426,839	474,265
Total deferred outflows of resources	32,765,484	46,805,543
Tital control different and and are formation		
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 247,389,970	\$ 264,577,087
Liabilities		
Salaries payable	\$ 298,210	\$ 256,986
Accounts and contracts payable	1,001,330	2,085,560
Accrued interest payable	1,784,083	1,935,099
Due to other governmental units	272,375	346,871
Unearned revenue	276,966	158,108
Claims incurred, but not reported	334,027	372,385
Long-term liabilities		
Due within one year	7,007,239	6,975,075
Due in more than one year	157,983,445	164,365,321
Total long-term liabilities	164,990,684	171,340,396
Total liabilities	168,957,675	176,495,405
Deferred inflows of resources Property taxes levied for subsequent year	23,158,016	22,504,834
Pension plan deferments	46,757,212	58,348,089
OPEB plan deferments	737,977	734,583
Deferred charge on refunding Total deferred inflows of resources	462,245 71,115,450	513,606 82,101,112
Net position		
•	20 505 571	25 541 727
Net investment in capital assets	30,595,571	25,541,727
Restricted for	1 104 005	1 100 074
Capital asset acquisition	1,194,097	1,198,874
Debt service	1,124,551	753,342
Food service	79,786	87,346
Community service	15,087	48,247
Other purposes (state funding restrictions)	390,504	70,530
Unrestricted	(26,082,751)	(21,719,496)
Total net position	7,316,845	5,980,570
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$ 247,389,970	\$ 264,577,087

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2020 (With Partial Comparative Information for the Year Ended June 30, 2019)

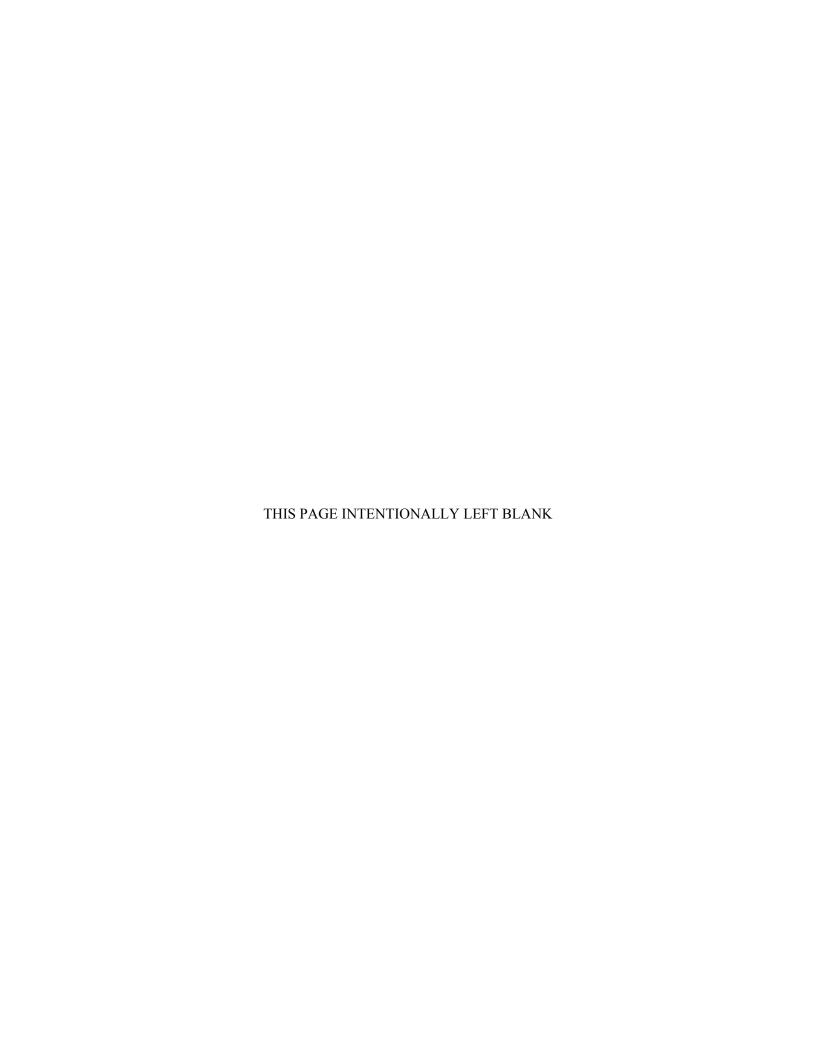
		20	020		2019
		Program	Revenues	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
			Operating		
		Charges for	Grants and	Governmental	Governmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Activities	Activities
Governmental activities					
Administration	\$ 2,476,836	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (2,476,836)	\$ (1,721,904)
District support services	2,745,631	_	_	(2,745,631)	(2,740,306)
Elementary and secondary	, ,			, , , ,	(, , , ,
regular instruction	35,062,242	298,337	5,791,031	(28,972,874)	(14,719,303)
Vocational education instruction	478,371	, <u> </u>	12,420	(465,951)	(435,281)
Special education instruction	12,982,195	_	6,710,077	(6,272,118)	(2,334,327)
Instructional support services	6,249,588	54,522	_	(6,195,066)	(5,386,502)
Pupil support services	8,769,911	_	129,134	(8,640,777)	(6,975,237)
Sites and buildings	8,309,623	_	_	(8,309,623)	(9,344,210)
Fiscal and other fixed					
cost programs	298,787	_	_	(298,787)	(216,825)
Food service	3,002,961	837,319	1,648,007	(517,635)	(470,343)
Community service	4,105,012	1,869,021	596,591	(1,639,400)	(583,761)
Interest and fiscal charges	3,552,591			(3,552,591)	(3,957,733)
Total governmental activities	\$ 88,033,748	\$ 3,059,199	\$ 14,887,260	(70,087,289)	(48,885,732)
	General revenue	es			
	Taxes	1 . 10		10 005 455	11.511.024
		es, levied for gen		12,097,457	11,511,034
		es, levied for con	•	489,781	482,829
		es, levied for deb	t service	10,872,582	10,843,433
	General grants			46,293,428	42,143,708
	Other general			670,041	1,222,289
	Investment ear	-		854,902	1,307,205
	I otal ge	neral revenues		71,278,191	67,510,498
	Change	in net position		1,190,902	18,624,766
	Net position – b	eginning, as prev	iously reported	5,980,570	(12,644,196)
	Change in accou			145,373	_
	-	eginning, as resta	ited	6,125,943	(12,644,196)
	Net position – e	nding		\$ 7,316,845	\$ 5,980,570

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds as of June 30, 2020

(With Partial Comparative Information as of June 30, 2019)

]	Capital Projects — Building construction		Debt
		General Fund		Fund	S	ervice Fund
Assets						
Cash and temporary investments	\$	25,149,702	\$	432,728	\$	6,234,839
Receivables	Φ	23,149,702	Ф	432,726	Φ	0,234,639
Current taxes		8,648,451		_		7,291,918
Delinquent taxes		155,992				148,188
Accounts and interest		246,946				140,100
Due from other governmental units		6,950,619		_		17,373
Due from other funds		0,250,017		_		17,575
Inventory		40,748		_		_
Prepaid items		174,958		_		_
Trepara neme		17.,500				
Total assets	\$	41,367,416	\$	432,728	\$	13,692,318
Liabilities						
Salaries payable	\$	261,109	\$	_	\$	_
Accounts and contracts payable		955,083		15,472		_
Due to other governmental units		272,375		_		_
Due to other funds		_		_		_
Unearned revenue		15,658		_		_
Total liabilities		1,504,225		15,472		_
Deferred inflows of resources						
Property taxes levied for subsequent year		11,885,584		_		10,788,243
Unavailable revenue – delinquent taxes		150,157				143,058
Total deferred inflows of resources		12,035,741		_		10,931,301
Fund balances						
Nonspendable		215,706		_		_
Restricted		1,584,601		417,256		2,761,017
Assigned		3,676,815		_		_
Unassigned		22,350,328				
Total fund balances		27,827,450		417,256		2,761,017
Total liabilities, deferred inflows						
of resources, and fund balances	\$	41,367,416	\$	432,728	\$	13,692,318

			Total Governmental Funds			
Non	major Funds		2020		2019	
\$	364,429	\$	32,181,698	\$	36,459,338	
	327,270		16,267,639		13,485,005	
	6,507		310,687		194,484	
	4,791		251,737		585,763	
	146,489		7,114,481		8,299,573	
	_		_		66,192	
	58,658		99,406		60,888	
	102		175,060		295,711	
\$	908,246	\$	56,400,708	\$	59,446,954	
\$	37,101	\$	298,210	\$	256,986	
Ψ	30,775	Ψ	1,001,330	4	2,085,560	
	-		272,375		346,871	
	_				66,192	
	261,308		276,966		158,108	
	329,184		1,848,881		2,913,717	
	,		, ,		, ,	
	484,189		23,158,016		22,504,834	
	6,274		299,489		182,125	
	490,463		23,457,505		22,686,959	
	58,760		274,466		356,599	
	29,839		4,792,713		5,131,491	
	, _		3,676,815		9,818,292	
	_		22,350,328		18,539,896	
	88,599		31,094,322		33,846,278	
\$	908,246	\$	56,400,708	\$	59,446,954	



Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Governmental Funds as of June 30, 2020

(With Partial Comparative Information as of June 30, 2019)

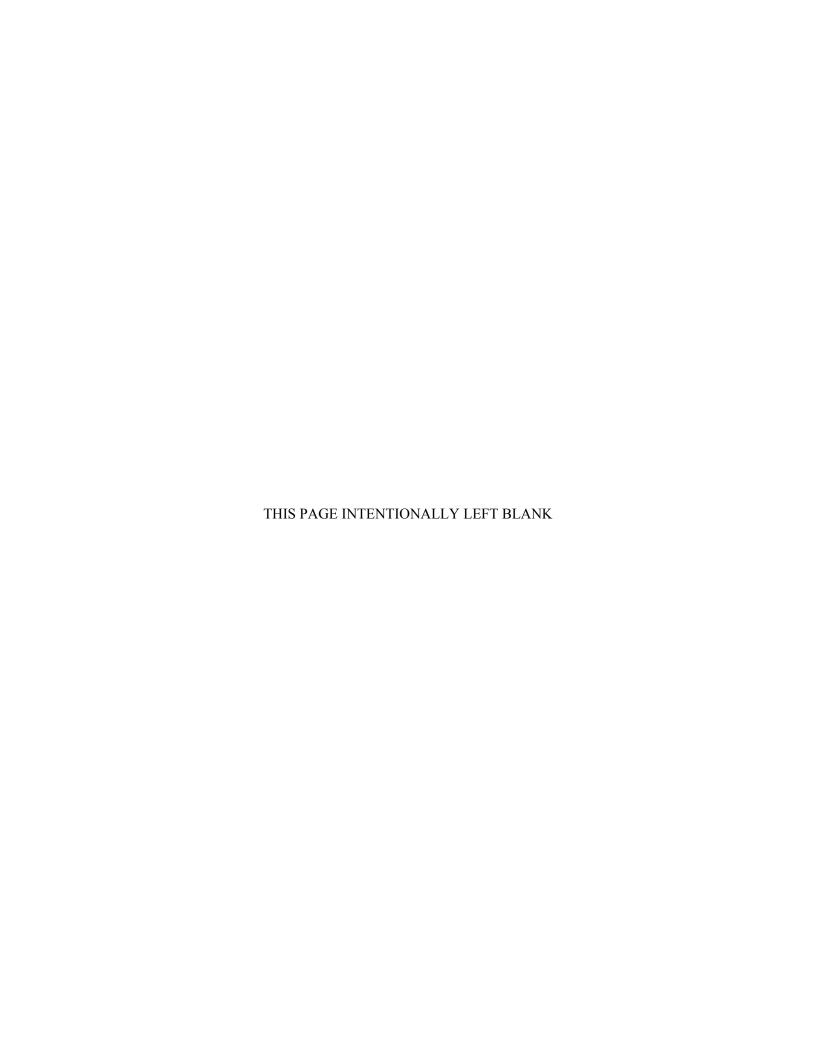
	2020	2019
Total fund balances – governmental funds	\$ 31,094,322	\$ 33,846,278
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets are included in net position, but are excluded from fund balances because they do not represent financial resources.		
Cost of capital assets	238,844,625	232,766,342
Accumulated depreciation	(87,180,036)	(80,089,740)
Long-term liabilities are included in net position, but are excluded from fund balances until due and payable. Debt premiums and discounts are excluded from net position until amortized, but are included in fund balances upon issuance as other financing sources and uses.		
General obligation bonds payable	(112,735,000)	(119,100,000)
Unamortized premium/discount	(9,524,749)	(10,464,826)
Capital leases payable	(2,206,119)	(2,738,004)
Net pension liability	(39,926,904)	(38,439,785)
Severance benefits payable	(597,912)	(597,781)
Net other post-employment benefit assets (obligations) reported in the Statement of Net Position do not require the use of current financial resources and are not reported as assets in governmental funds until actually due.	829,855	1,316,185
Accrued interest payable on long-term debt is included in net position, but is excluded from fund balances until due and payable.	(1,784,083)	(1,935,099)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included		
in the governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.	5,395,307	4,025,610
The recognition of certain revenues and expenses/expenditures differ between the full accrual governmental activities financial statements and the modified accrual governmental fund financial statements.		
Deferred outflows of resources – pension plan deferments	32,075,014	46,142,483
Deferred outflows of resources – OPEB plan deferments	263,631	188,795
Deferred outflows of resources – deferred charge on refunding	426,839	474,265
Deferred inflows of resources – unavailable revenue – delinquent taxes	299,489	182,125
Deferred inflows of resources – pension plan deferments	(46,757,212)	(58,348,089)
Deferred inflows of resources – OPEB plan deferments	(737,977)	(734,583)
Deferred inflows of resources – deferred charge on refunding	(462,245)	(513,606)
Total net position – governmental activities	\$ 7,316,845	\$ 5,980,570

Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2020

(With Partial Comparative Information for the Year Ended June 30, 2019)

Revenue Property taxes Property ta		General Fund	Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund	Debt Service Fund
Property taxes \$ 12,036,321 \$ — \$ 10,818,770 Investment earnings 630,406 13,525 119,528 Other 1,021,900 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —				
Content Cont				
Other 1,021,900 — — State sources 56,838,152 — 173,727 Federal sources 1,908,947 — — Total revenue 72,435,726 13,525 11,112,025 Expenditures 2 13,860 — — Current 2,530,719 — — Administration 30,443,260 — — Pilementary and secondary regular instruction 413,083 — — Vocational education instruction 413,083 — — Post contraction support services 5,788,759 — — Instructional support services 7,989,230 — — Pupil support services 7,989,230 — — Fiscal and other fixed cost programs 298,787 — — Food service — — — Community service 138,707 — — Capital outlay — 748,101 10,900,203 Interest and fiscal charges				
State sources 56,838,152 — 173,727 Federal sources 1,908,947 — — Total revenue 72,435,726 13,525 11,112,025 Expenditures 30,435,726 — — Current 2,153,860 — — Administration 2,530,719 — — Elementary and secondary regular instruction 30,443,260 — — Elementary and secondary regular instruction 413,083 — — Vocational education instruction 413,083 — — Special education instruction 11,425,457 — — Instructional support services 5,785,759 — — Pupil support services 5,785,759 — — Sites and buildings 12,146,377 — — Fiscal and other fixed cost programs 298,787 — — Food service — — — Capital outlay — — — Debt service —			13,525	119,528
Pederal sources			_	_
Total revenue 72,435,726 13,525 11,112,025			_	173,727
Expenditures Current Administration 2,153,860 - - -				
Current Administration 2,153,860 — — District support services 2,530,719 — — Elementary and secondary regular instruction 30,443,260 — — Vocational education instruction 413,083 — — Special education instruction 11,425,457 — — Instructional support services 5,785,759 — — Pupil support services 7,989,230 — — Sites and buildings 12,146,377 — — Fiscal and other fixed cost programs 298,787 — — Food service — — — Community service 138,707 — — Capital outlay — 748,101 — Debt service — — 6,365,000 Interest and fiscal charges 62,416 — 4,585,203 Interest and fiscal charges 73,919,540 748,101 10,950,203 Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures (1,483,814) (734,	Total revenue	72,435,726	13,525	11,112,025
Administration 2,153,860 - - District support services 2,530,719 - - Elementary and secondary regular instruction 30,443,260 - - Vocational education instruction 413,083 - - Special education instruction 11,425,457 - - Instructional support services 5,785,759 - - Pupil support services 7,989,230 - - Fiscal and other fixed cost programs 298,787 - - Fiscal and other fixed cost programs 298,787 - - Food service 138,707 - - Community service 138,707 - - Capital outlay - 748,101 - Debt service - - 4,585,203 Total expenditures 531,885 - 6,365,000 Interest and fiscal charges 62,416 - 4,585,203 Total expenditures 73,919,540 748,101 10,950,203				
District support services 2,530,719 — — Elementary and secondary regular instruction 30,443,260 — — Vocational education instruction 11,425,457 — — Special education instruction 11,425,457 — — Instructional support services 5,785,759 — — Pupil support services 7,989,230 — — Sites and buildings 12,146,377 — — Fiscal and other fixed cost programs 298,787 — — Food service — — — Community service 138,707 — — Capital outlay — 748,101 — Debt service — — 748,101 — Principal 531,885 — 6,365,000 Interest and fiscal charges 62,416 — 4,585,203 Total expenditures (1,483,814) (734,576) 161,822 Other financing sources (uses) — — — —		2 152 960		
Elementary and secondary regular instruction 30,443,260 — — Vocational education instruction 413,083 — — Special education instruction 11,425,457 — — Instructional support services 5,785,759 — — Pupil support services 7,989,230 — — Sites and buildings 12,146,377 — — Fiscal and other fixed cost programs 298,787 — — Food service — — — Community service 138,707 — — Capital outlay — 748,101 — Debt service — — 748,101 — Principal 531,885 — 6,365,000 Interest and fiscal charges 52,416 — 4,585,203 Total expenditures 73,919,540 748,101 10,950,203 Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures (1,483,814) (734,576) 161,822 Other financing sources (uses) — —			_	_
Vocational education instruction 413,083 - - Special education instruction 11,425,457 - - Instructional support services 5,785,7559 - - Pupil support services 7,989,230 - - Sites and buildings 12,146,377 - - Fiscal and other fixed cost programs 298,787 - - Food service - - - - Community service 138,707 - - - Capital outlay - 748,101 - - Debt service - 748,101 - - Principal 531,885 - 6,365,000 Interest and fiscal charges 62,416 - 4,585,203 Total expenditures 73,919,540 748,101 10,950,203 Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures (1,483,814) (734,576) 161,822 Other financing sources (uses) - - - - Refunding debt issued </td <td>• •</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td>_</td>	• •		_	_
Special education instruction 11,425,457 — — Instructional support services 5,785,759 — — Pupil support services 7,989,230 — — Sites and buildings 12,146,377 — — Fiscal and other fixed cost programs 298,787 — — Food service — — — Community service 138,707 — — Capital outlay — 748,101 — Debt service — — 4,585,203 Total expenditures 531,885 — 6,365,000 Interest and fiscal charges 62,416 — 4,585,203 Total expenditures (1,483,814) (734,576) 161,822 Other financing sources (uses) Refunding debt issued — — — Payments to refunded bond escrow agent — — — Sale of capital assets 1,000 — — Transfers in — — — <			_	_
Instructional support services 5,785,759 - - -			_	_
Pupil support services 7,989,230 — — Sites and buildings 12,146,377 — — Fiscal and other fixed cost programs 298,787 — — Food service — — — Community service 138,707 — — Capital outlay — 748,101 — Debt service — — 4,585,203 Principal 531,885 — 6,365,000 Interest and fiscal charges 62,416 — 4,585,203 Total expenditures (1,483,814) (734,576) 161,822 Other financing sources (uses) Refunding debt issued — — — Payments to refunded bond escrow agent — — — Sale of capital assets 1,000 — — Transfers (out) (798,625) — — Total other financing sources (uses) (797,625) — — Net change in fund balances (2,281,439) (734,576) 1			_	_
Sites and buildings 12,146,377 — — Fiscal and other fixed cost programs 298,787 — — Food service — — — Community service 138,707 — — Capital outlay — 748,101 — Debt service — — 6,365,000 Principal 531,885 — 6,365,000 Interest and fiscal charges 62,416 — 4,585,203 Total expenditures 73,919,540 748,101 10,950,203 Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures (1,483,814) (734,576) 161,822 Other financing sources (uses) — — — — Refunding debt issued — — — — — Refunding debt issued —			_	_
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs 298,787 — — Food service — — — Community service 138,707 — — Capital outlay — 748,101 — Debt service — — 6,365,000 Principal \$31,885 — 6,365,000 Interest and fiscal charges 62,416 — 4,585,203 Total expenditures 73,919,540 748,101 10,950,203 Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures (1,483,814) (734,576) 161,822 Other financing sources (uses) — — — — Refunding debt issued — — — — Payments to refunded bond escrow agent — — — — Sale of capital assets 1,000 — — — Transfers (out) (798,625) — — — Total other financing sources (uses) (797,625) — — — Net change in fund bala			_	_
Food service — <t< td=""><td>_</td><td></td><td>_</td><td>_</td></t<>	_		_	_
Community service 138,707 — — Capital outlay — 748,101 — Debt service — 748,101 — Principal 531,885 — 6,365,000 Interest and fiscal charges 62,416 — 4,585,203 Total expenditures 73,919,540 748,101 10,950,203 Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures (1,483,814) (734,576) 161,822 Other financing sources (uses) — — — — Refunding debt issued — — — — — Payments to refunded bond escrow agent —		290,707	_	_
Capital outlay - 748,101 - Debt service Principal 531,885 - 6,365,000 Interest and fiscal charges 62,416 - 4,585,203 Total expenditures 73,919,540 748,101 10,950,203 Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures (1,483,814) (734,576) 161,822 Other financing sources (uses) - - - Refunding debt issued - - - Payments to refunded bond escrow agent - - - Sale of capital assets 1,000 - - Transfers in - - - Transfers (out) (798,625) - - Total other financing sources (uses) (797,625) - - Net change in fund balances (2,281,439) (734,576) 161,822 Fund balances Beginning of year, as previously reported 29,963,516 1,151,832 2,599,195 Change in accounting principle 145,373 - - -		129 707	_	_
Debt service Principal 531,885 — 6,365,000 Interest and fiscal charges 62,416 — 4,585,203 Total expenditures 73,919,540 748,101 10,950,203 Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures (1,483,814) (734,576) 161,822 Other financing sources (uses) — — — Refunding debt issued — — — Payments to refunded bond escrow agent — — — Sale of capital assets 1,000 — — Transfers (out) (798,625) — — Total other financing sources (uses) (797,625) — — Net change in fund balances (2,281,439) (734,576) 161,822 Fund balances 8 29,963,516 1,151,832 2,599,195 Change in accounting principle 29,963,516 1,151,832 2,599,195 Change in accounting principle 145,373 — — Beginning of year, as restated 30,108,889 1,151,832 2,599,195		136,707	748 101	_
Principal 531,885 — 6,365,000 Interest and fiscal charges 62,416 — 4,585,203 Total expenditures 73,919,540 748,101 10,950,203 Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures (1,483,814) (734,576) 161,822 Other financing sources (uses) — — — Refunding debt issued — — — Payments to refunded bond escrow agent — — — Sale of capital assets 1,000 — — Transfers in — — — Transfers (out) (798,625) — — Total other financing sources (uses) (797,625) — — Net change in fund balances (2,281,439) (734,576) 161,822 Fund balances Beginning of year, as previously reported 29,963,516 1,151,832 2,599,195 Change in accounting principle 145,373 — — Beginning of year, as restated 30,108,889 1,151,832 2,599,195			740,101	_
Interest and fiscal charges 62,416 — 4,585,203 Total expenditures 73,919,540 748,101 10,950,203 Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures (1,483,814) (734,576) 161,822 Other financing sources (uses) — — — Refunding debt issued — — — Payments to refunded bond escrow agent — — — Sale of capital assets 1,000 — — Transfers in — — — Transfers (out) (798,625) — — Total other financing sources (uses) (797,625) — — Net change in fund balances (2,281,439) (734,576) 161,822 Fund balances 29,963,516 1,151,832 2,599,195 Change in accounting principle 29,963,516 1,151,832 2,599,195 Beginning of year, as restated 30,108,889 1,151,832 2,599,195		531 885	_	6 365 000
Total expenditures 73,919,540 748,101 10,950,203 Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures (1,483,814) (734,576) 161,822 Other financing sources (uses) — — — Refunding debt issued — — — Payments to refunded bond escrow agent — — — Sale of capital assets 1,000 — — Transfers in — — — Transfers (out) (798,625) — — Total other financing sources (uses) (797,625) — — Net change in fund balances (2,281,439) (734,576) 161,822 Fund balances Beginning of year, as previously reported 29,963,516 1,151,832 2,599,195 Change in accounting principle 145,373 — — — Beginning of year, as restated 30,108,889 1,151,832 2,599,195	-		_	
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures (1,483,814) (734,576) 161,822 Other financing sources (uses) - - - - Refunding debt issued - - - - Payments to refunded bond escrow agent - - - - Sale of capital assets 1,000 - - - Transfers in - - - - - Transfers (out) (798,625) - - - Total other financing sources (uses) (797,625) - - - Net change in fund balances (2,281,439) (734,576) 161,822 Fund balances 29,963,516 1,151,832 2,599,195 Change in accounting principle 145,373 - - - Beginning of year, as restated 30,108,889 1,151,832 2,599,195			748 101	
Other financing sources (uses) Refunding debt issued - - - Payments to refunded bond escrow agent - - - Sale of capital assets 1,000 - - Transfers in - - - Transfers (out) (798,625) - - Total other financing sources (uses) (797,625) - - Net change in fund balances (2,281,439) (734,576) 161,822 Fund balances Beginning of year, as previously reported 29,963,516 1,151,832 2,599,195 Change in accounting principle 145,373 - - Beginning of year, as restated 30,108,889 1,151,832 2,599,195	Total experiences	73,717,340	/40,101	10,730,203
Refunding debt issued - - - Payments to refunded bond escrow agent - - - Sale of capital assets 1,000 - - Transfers in - - - Transfers (out) (798,625) - - Total other financing sources (uses) (797,625) - - Net change in fund balances (2,281,439) (734,576) 161,822 Fund balances 29,963,516 1,151,832 2,599,195 Change in accounting principle 145,373 - - Beginning of year, as restated 30,108,889 1,151,832 2,599,195	Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	(1,483,814)	(734,576)	161,822
Refunding debt issued - - - Payments to refunded bond escrow agent - - - Sale of capital assets 1,000 - - Transfers in - - - Transfers (out) (798,625) - - Total other financing sources (uses) (797,625) - - Net change in fund balances (2,281,439) (734,576) 161,822 Fund balances 29,963,516 1,151,832 2,599,195 Change in accounting principle 145,373 - - Beginning of year, as restated 30,108,889 1,151,832 2,599,195	Other financing sources (uses)			
Sale of capital assets 1,000 - - Transfers in - - - Transfers (out) (798,625) - - Total other financing sources (uses) (797,625) - - Net change in fund balances (2,281,439) (734,576) 161,822 Fund balances 29,963,516 1,151,832 2,599,195 Change in accounting principle 145,373 - - Beginning of year, as restated 30,108,889 1,151,832 2,599,195	Refunding debt issued	-	_	-
Transfers in — <t< td=""><td>Payments to refunded bond escrow agent</td><td>-</td><td>_</td><td>-</td></t<>	Payments to refunded bond escrow agent	-	_	-
Transfers (out) (798,625) - - Total other financing sources (uses) (797,625) - - Net change in fund balances (2,281,439) (734,576) 161,822 Fund balances Beginning of year, as previously reported 29,963,516 1,151,832 2,599,195 Change in accounting principle 145,373 - - - Beginning of year, as restated 30,108,889 1,151,832 2,599,195	Sale of capital assets	1,000	_	_
Total other financing sources (uses) (797,625) — — Net change in fund balances (2,281,439) (734,576) 161,822 Fund balances Beginning of year, as previously reported 29,963,516 1,151,832 2,599,195 Change in accounting principle 145,373 — — — Beginning of year, as restated 30,108,889 1,151,832 2,599,195	Transfers in	_	_	_
Net change in fund balances (2,281,439) (734,576) 161,822 Fund balances Beginning of year, as previously reported 29,963,516 1,151,832 2,599,195 Change in accounting principle 145,373 - - - Beginning of year, as restated 30,108,889 1,151,832 2,599,195	Transfers (out)	(798,625)		
Fund balances 29,963,516 1,151,832 2,599,195 Beginning of year, as previously reported 145,373 — — Change in accounting principle 145,373 — — Beginning of year, as restated 30,108,889 1,151,832 2,599,195	Total other financing sources (uses)	(797,625)	<u> </u>	
Beginning of year, as previously reported 29,963,516 1,151,832 2,599,195 Change in accounting principle 145,373 - - Beginning of year, as restated 30,108,889 1,151,832 2,599,195	Net change in fund balances	(2,281,439)	(734,576)	161,822
Beginning of year, as previously reported 29,963,516 1,151,832 2,599,195 Change in accounting principle 145,373 - - Beginning of year, as restated 30,108,889 1,151,832 2,599,195	Fund balances			
Change in accounting principle 145,373 - - Beginning of year, as restated 30,108,889 1,151,832 2,599,195		29 963 516	1 151 832	2 599 195
Beginning of year, as restated 30,108,889 1,151,832 2,599,195			- 1,101,032	_,_,,,,,,
End of year \$ 27,827,450 \$ 417,256 \$ 2,761,017			1,151,832	2,599,195
	End of year	\$ 27,827,450	\$ 417,256	\$ 2,761,017

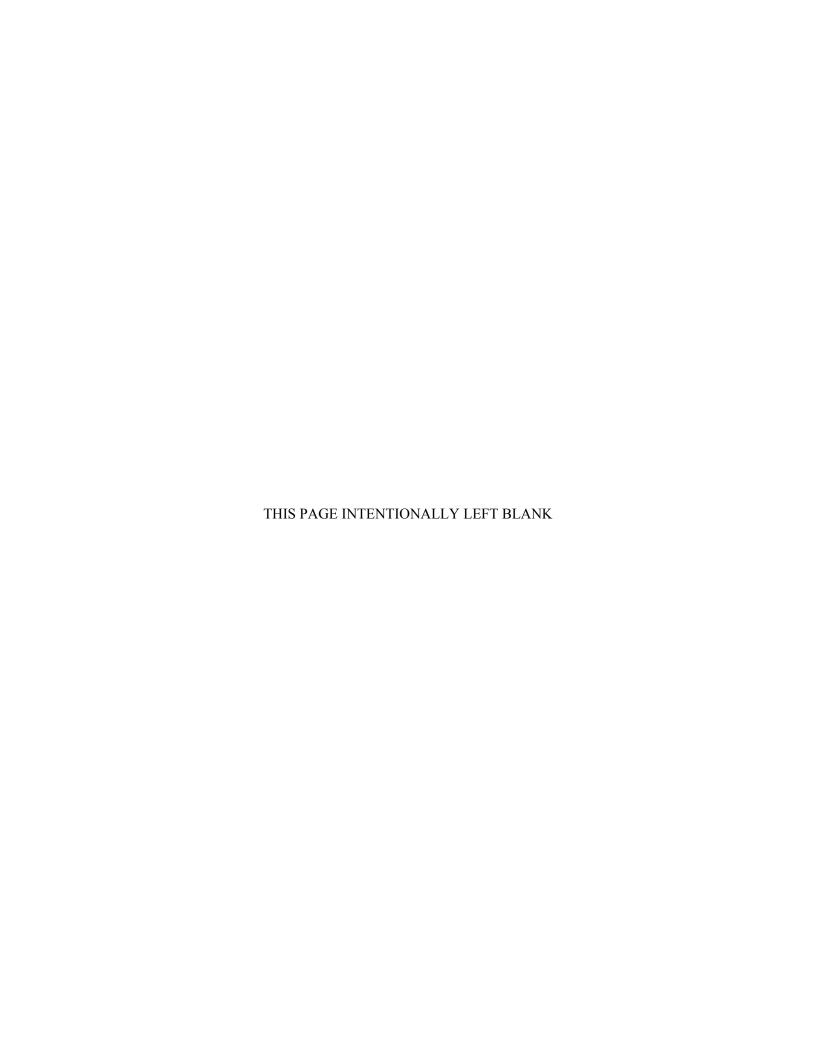
			Total Govern	nmental Funds		
Non	major Funds		2020		2019	
ď.	407.265	ď.	22 242 456	Ф	22 027 004	
\$	487,365	\$	23,342,456	\$	22,837,894	
	2.706.240		763,459		1,217,041	
	2,706,340		3,728,240		5,479,585	
	736,592		57,748,471		54,599,342	
	1,508,006		3,416,953		3,395,992	
	5,438,303		88,999,579		87,529,854	
			2,153,860		2,115,607	
	_		2,530,719		2,654,901	
	_		30,443,260		29,239,341	
	_		413,083		555,954	
	_		11,425,457		10,100,039	
	_		5,785,759		5,867,649	
	_		7,989,230		7,007,229	
	_		12,146,377		10,283,420	
	_		298,787		216,825	
	2,740,456		2,740,456		3,106,100	
	3,527,781		3,666,488		3,728,417	
	11,827		759,928		12,704,934	
	,				, - ,-	
	_		6,896,885		6,977,077	
			4,647,619		5,021,093	
	6,280,064		91,897,908		99,578,586	
	(841,761)		(2,898,329)		(12,048,732)	
					3,770,000	
	_		_		(3,730,000)	
	_		1,000		28,034	
	798,625		798,625		20,034	
	798,023		(798,625)		_	
	798,625		1,000		68,034	
	(43,136)		(2,897,329)		(11,980,698)	
	131,735		33,846,278		45,826,976	
	-		145,373		-	
	131,735		33,991,651		45,826,976	
•	88 500	¢	31 004 322	¢	22 846 270	
\$	88,599	\$	31,094,322	\$	33,846,278	



Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2020

(With Partial Comparative Information for the Year Ended June 30, 2019)

	2020	2019
Total net change in fund balances – governmental funds	\$ (2,897,329)	\$ (11,980,698)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Capital outlays are recorded as net position and the cost is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. However, fund balances are reduced for the full cost of capital outlays at the time of purchase.		
Capital outlays Depreciation expense	6,084,473 (7,096,486)	14,387,289 (6,020,899)
	(1,020,100)	(0,0=0,000)
A gain or loss on the disposal of capital assets, including the difference between the carrying value and any related sale proceeds, is included in the change in net position. However, only the sale proceeds are included in the change in fund balances.	_	(3,540)
The amount of debt issued is reported in the governmental funds as a source of financing. Debt obligations are not revenues in the Statement of Activities, but rather constitute long-term liabilities.	_	(3,770,000)
Repayment of long-term debt does not affect the change in net position. However, it reduces fund		
balances. General obligation bonds payable	6,365,000	9,800,000
Capital leases payable	531,885	907,077
Interest on long-term debt is included in the change in net position as it accrues, regardless of when payment is due. However, it is included in the change in fund balances when due.	151,016	115,570
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The change in net position of the internal service funds is included in the governmental activities in the Statement of Activities.	1,369,697	1,202,375
Debt issuance premiums and discounts are included in the change in net position as they are amortized over the life of the debt. However, they are included in the change in fund balances upon issuance as other financing sources and uses.	940,077	943,855
Certain expenses are included in the change in net position, but do not require the use of current funds, and are not included in the change in fund balances.		
Net pension liability	(1,487,119)	64,457,981
Severance benefits payable	(131)	91,697
Net OPEB asset	(486,330)	625,819
The recognition of certain revenues and expenses/expenditures differ between the full accrual governmental activities financial statements and the modified accrual governmental fund financial statements.		
Deferred outflows of resources – pension plan deferments	(14,067,469)	(11,716,672)
Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB plan deferments	74,836	(159,901)
Deferred outflows of resources – deferred charge on refunding	(47,426)	(47,426)
Deferred inflows of resources – unavailable revenue – delinquent taxes	117,364	(598)
Deferred inflows of resources – pension plan deferments	11,590,877	(39,620,876)
Deferred inflows of resources – OPEB plan deferments Deferred inflows of resources – deferred charge on refunding	(3,394) 51,361	(637,648) 51,361
Change in net position – governmental activities	\$ 1,190,902	\$ 18,624,766



Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts			Over (Under)
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Revenue				
Local sources				
Property taxes	\$ 12,147,190	\$ 12,147,190	\$ 12,036,321	\$ (110,869)
Investment earnings	300,000	500,000	630,406	130,406
Other	1,135,000	1,056,200	1,021,900	(34,300)
State sources	54,156,934	56,535,970	56,838,152	302,182
Federal sources	1,710,000	1,758,557	1,908,947	150,390
Total revenue	69,449,124	71,997,917	72,435,726	437,809
Expenditures				
Current				
Administration	2,171,242	2,206,337	2,153,860	(52,477)
District support services	2,309,868	2,659,700	2,530,719	(128,981)
Elementary and secondary regular	, ,	, ,	, ,	, , ,
instruction	29,328,129	30,300,194	30,443,260	143,066
Vocational education instruction	581,227	380,305	413,083	32,778
Special education instruction	11,000,325	11,005,646	11,425,457	419,811
Community service	65,000	85,000	138,707	53,707
Instructional support services	5,164,785	5,231,861	5,785,759	553,898
Pupil support services	7,189,068	8,349,210	7,989,230	(359,980)
Sites and buildings	10,229,277	15,778,908	12,146,377	(3,632,531)
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs	350,000	350,000	298,787	(51,213)
Debt service	,	,	,	, , ,
Principal	943,309	943,309	531,885	(411,424)
Interest and fiscal charges	62,417	62,417	62,416	(1)
Total expenditures	69,394,647	77,352,887	73,919,540	(3,433,347)
Excess (deficiency) of revenue				
over expenditures	54,477	(5,354,970)	(1,483,814)	3,871,156
Other financing sources (uses)				
Sale of capital assets			1,000	1,000
Transfers (out)	_	(475,000)	(798.625)	· ·
		(,)	(,)	(323,625)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(475,000)	(797,625)	(322,625)
Net change in fund balances	\$ 54,477	\$ (5,829,970)	(2,281,439)	\$ 3,548,531
Fund balances				
Beginning of year, as previously reported			29,963,516	
Change in accounting principle			145,373	
Beginning of year, as restated			30,108,889	
End of year			\$ 27,827,450	

Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds as of June 30, 2020

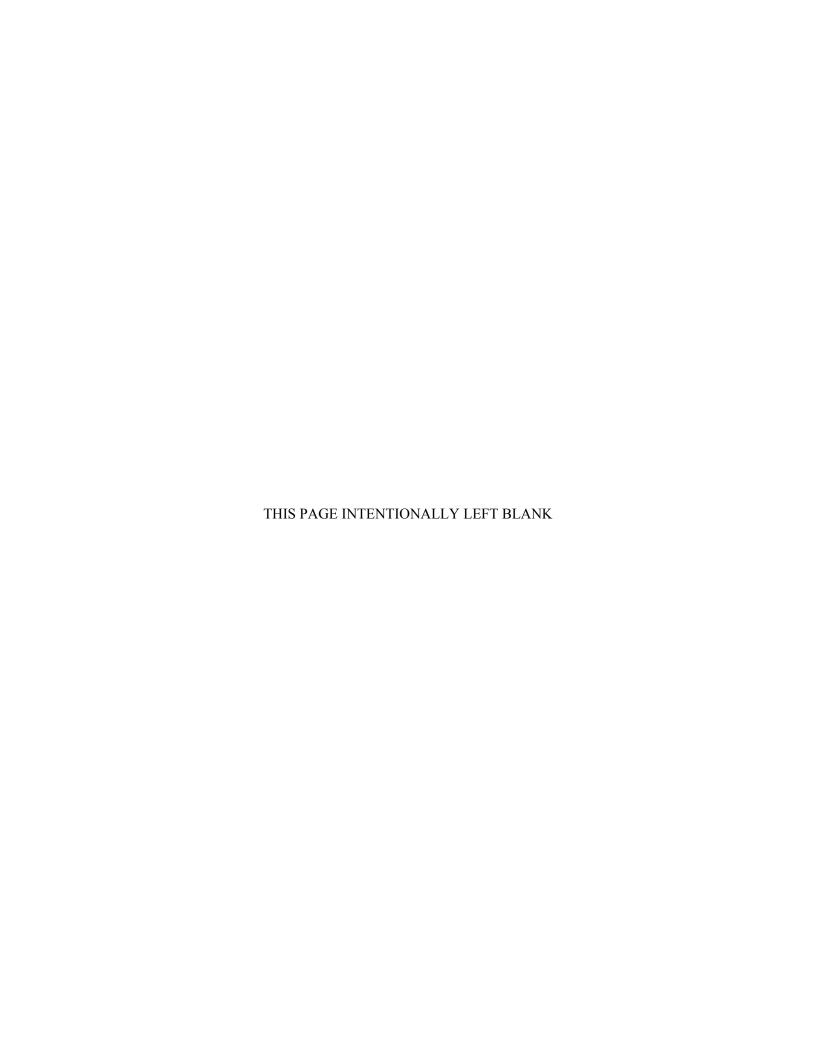
(With Partial Comparative Information as of June 30, 2019)

	2020	2019		
Assets				
Current assets				
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 5,709,347	\$ 4,366,742		
Receivables				
Accounts and interest	12,443	13,023		
Due from other funds	7,544	18,230		
Total current assets	5,729,334	4,397,995		
Liabilities				
Current liabilities				
Claims incurred, but not reported	334,027	372,385		
Net position				
Unrestricted	\$ 5,395,307	\$ 4,025,610		

Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Internal Service Funds Year Ended June 30, 2020

(With Partial Comparative Information for the Year Ended June 30, 2019)

	2020			2019		
Operating revenue						
Charges for services						
Contributions from governmental funds	\$	6,041,582	\$	5,786,618		
Operating expenses						
Health benefit claims		4,330,449		4,231,405		
Dental benefit claims		432,879		443,002		
Total operating expenses		4,763,328		4,674,407		
Operating income		1,278,254		1,112,211		
Nonoperating revenue						
Investment earnings		91,443		90,164		
Change in net position		1,369,697		1,202,375		
Net position						
Beginning of year		4,025,610		2,823,235		
End of year	\$	5,395,307	\$	4,025,610		



Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds Year Ended June 30, 2020

(With Partial Comparative Information for the Year Ended June 30, 2019)

	2020	2019
Cash flows from operating activities		
Contributions from governmental funds	\$ 6,052,848	\$ 5,810,521
Payment for health claims	(4,368,744)	(4,098,028)
Payment for dental claims	(432,942)	(445,914)
Net cash flows from operating activities	1,251,162	1,266,579
Cash flows from investing activities		
Investment earnings received	91,443	90,164
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	1,342,605	1,356,743
Cash and cash equivalents		
Beginning of year	4,366,742	3,009,999
End of year	\$ 5,709,347	\$ 4,366,742
Reconciliation of operating income to net		
cash flows from operating activities		
Operating income	\$ 1,278,254	\$ 1,112,211
Adjustments to reconcile operating income		
to net cash flows from operating activities		
Changes in assets and liabilities	-0.0	• • • •
Accounts and interest receivable	580	2,009
Due from other funds	10,686	21,894
Claims incurred, but not reported	(38,358)	130,465
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$ 1,251,162	\$ 1,266,579

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position as of June 30, 2020

	Scholarship Private-Purpose Trust Fund			Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund	
Assets					
Investments held by trustee					
Mutual funds	\$	_	\$	6,874,438	
Liabilities					
Due to proprietary funds				7,544	
Net position					
Restricted for OPEB	\$		\$	6,866,894	

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Schola Private- Trust	Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund		
Additions				
Investment earnings Investment earnings	\$	_	\$	413,394
Less investment expense	ý.	_	Ψ	(35,132)
Net investment earnings		_		378,262
Deductions				
Benefits				7,544
Change in fiduciary net position		_		370,718
Net position				
Beginning of year, as previously reported		145,373		6,496,176
Change in accounting principle		[145,373]		
Beginning of year, as restated				6,496,176
End of year	\$		\$	6,866,894

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Organization

Independent School District No. 16 (the District) was formed and operates pursuant to applicable Minnesota laws and statutes. The District is governed by a School Board elected by voters of the District. The District's financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

B. Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements include all funds, departments, agencies, boards, commissions, and other organizations that comprise the District, along with any component units.

Component units are legally separate entities for which the District (primary government) is financially accountable, or for which the exclusion of the component unit would render the financial statements of the primary government misleading. The criteria used to determine if the primary government is financially accountable for a component unit includes whether or not the primary government appoints the voting majority of the potential component unit's governing body, is able to impose its will on the potential component unit, is in a relationship of financial benefit or burden with the potential component unit, or is fiscally depended upon by the potential component unit. Based on these criteria, there are no organizations considered to be component units of the District.

C. Government-Wide Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements (Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities) display information about the reporting government as a whole. These statements include all the financial activities of the District, except for the fiduciary funds. Generally, the effect of material interfund activity has been removed from the government-wide financial statements. Transactions representing interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the consolidation process to the government-wide financial statements.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other internally directed revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are generally recognized as revenues in the fiscal year for which they are levied, except for amounts advance recognized in accordance with a statutory "tax shift" described later in these notes. Grants and similar revenues are recognized when all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Depreciation expense is included as a direct expense in the functional areas that utilize the related capital assets. Interest on debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities.

D. Fund Financial Statement Presentation

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Aggregated information for the remaining nonmajor governmental funds is reported in a single column in the fund financial statements.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this basis of accounting, transactions are recorded in the following manner:

- 1. Revenue Recognition Revenue is recognized when it becomes measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District generally considers revenues, including property taxes, to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Grants and similar items are recognized when all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. State revenue is recognized in the year to which it applies according to funding formulas established by Minnesota Statutes. Proceeds of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.
- 2. Recording of Expenditures Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt and other long-term obligations, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as capital outlay expenditures in the governmental funds. In the General Fund, capital outlay expenditures are included within the applicable functional areas.

Internal service funds are presented in the proprietary fund financial statements. Because the principal users of the internal services are the District's governmental activities, the internal service funds are consolidated into the governmental activities column when presented in the government-wide financial statements. The cost of these services is reported in the appropriate functional activity.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of the District's internal service funds are charges to customers (other district funds) for service. Operating expenses for the internal service funds include the cost of providing the services. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Fiduciary funds are presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements by type: the District has one pension (and other employee benefit) trust fund. Since, by definition, fiduciary fund assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used for activities or obligations of the District, these funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting as described earlier in these notes.

Description of Funds

The existence of the various district funds has been established by the Minnesota Department of Education (MDE). Each fund is accounted for as an independent entity. Descriptions of the funds included in this report are as follows:

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund – The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Capital Projects – **Building Construction Fund** – The Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund is used to account for financial resources used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of major capital facilities authorized by debt issue.

Debt Service Fund – The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, general obligation debt principal, interest, and related costs. The regular debt service account is used for all general obligation debt service except for the financial activities of the other post-employment benefits (OPEB) debt service account. The OPEB debt service account is used for the taxable OPEB bond issues of the District.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Food Service Special Revenue Fund – The Food Service Special Revenue Fund is used primarily to record financial activities of the District's child nutrition program.

Community Service Special Revenue Fund – The Community Service Special Revenue Fund is used to account for services provided to residents in the areas of recreation, civic activities, nonpublic pupils, adult or early childhood programs, or other similar services.

Proprietary Funds

Internal Service Funds — Internal service funds account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department to other departments or agencies of the District, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The District's internal service funds are used to account for dental and health insurance benefits offered by the District to its employees as a self-insured plan.

Fiduciary Fund

Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund – The Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund is used to administer resources received and held by the District as the trustee for others. The Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund includes assets held in an irrevocable trust to fund post-employment insurance benefits of eligible employees.

E. Budgetary Information

The School Board adopts an annual budget for the General, Food Service Special Revenue, Community Service Special Revenue, and the Debt Service Funds prepared on the same basis of accounting as the fund financial statements. Legal budgetary control is at the fund level. Budgeted appropriations lapse at year-end.

Expenditures in the Community Service Special Revenue Fund and Debt Service Fund exceeded budgeted appropriations by \$187,178 and \$200, respectively, for the year ended June 30, 2020. These variances were financed by revenues and other financing sources in excess of budget and available fund balance.

F. Cash and Temporary Investments

Cash and temporary investments include balances from all funds that are combined and invested to the extent available in various securities as authorized by state law. Earnings from the pooled investments are allocated to the respective funds on the basis of applicable cash balance participation by each fund. Debt proceeds recorded in the Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund are not pooled, and earnings on these proceeds are allocated directly to the fund.

Cash and investments held by trustee include balances held in segregated accounts established for specific purposes. In the Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund, this represents assets contributed to an irrevocable trust established to finance the District's liability for post-employment insurance benefits. Interest earned on these investments is allocated directly to the appropriate fund.

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the District considers all highly liquid debt instruments with an original maturity from the time of purchase by the District of three months or less to be cash equivalent. The Proprietary Fund's equity in the government-wide cash and investment management pool is considered to be cash equivalent.

Investments are generally stated at fair value, except for investments in certain external investment pools, which are stated at amortized cost. Short-term, highly liquid debt instruments (including commercial paper, bankers' acceptance, and U.S. treasury and agency obligations) purchased with a remaining maturity of one year or less may also be reported at amortized cost. Investment income is accrued at the Balance Sheet date.

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets, Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs, and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Debt securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

See Note 2 for the District's recurring fair value measurements as of year-end.

G. Receivables

When necessary, the District utilizes an allowance for uncollectible accounts to value its receivables. However, the District considers all of its current receivables to be collectible. The only receivables not expected to be collected within one year are delinquent property taxes receivable.

At year-end, the District reported the following receivables due from other governmental units:

Due from the MDE	\$ 7,016,071
Due from other Minnesota school districts	81,474
Due from Anoka County and others	 16,936
Total due from other governmental units	\$ 7,114,481

H. Inventories

Inventories are recorded using the consumption method of accounting and consist of purchased food, supplies, and surplus commodities received from the federal government. Inventories also include the value of land and materials associated within the District's vocational program. Purchased food and supplies are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis. Surplus commodities are stated at standardized costs, as determined by the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

I. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items. Prepaid items are recorded as expenses/expenditures at the time of consumption.

J. Property Taxes

The majority of the District's revenue in the General Fund is determined annually by statutory funding formulas. The total revenue allowed by these formulas is allocated between property taxes and state aids by the Legislature based on education funding priorities.

Generally, property taxes are recognized as revenue by the District in the fiscal year that begins midway through the calendar year in which the tax levy is collectible. To help balance the state budget, the Minnesota Legislature utilizes a tool referred to as the "tax shift," which periodically changes the District's recognition of property tax revenue. The tax shift advance recognizes cash collected for the subsequent year's levy as current year revenue, allowing the state to reduce the amount of aid paid to the District. Currently, the mandated tax shift recognizes \$909,623 of the property tax levy collectible in 2020 as revenue to the District in fiscal year 2019–2020. The remaining portion of the taxes collectible in 2020 is recorded as a deferred inflow of resources (property taxes levied for subsequent year).

Property tax levies are certified to the County Auditor in December of each year for collection from taxpayers in May and October of the following calendar year. In Minnesota, counties act as collection agents for all property taxes. The county spreads all levies over taxable property. Such taxes become a lien on property on the following January 1. The county generally remits taxes to the District at periodic intervals as they are collected.

Taxes that remain unpaid are classified as delinquent taxes receivable. Revenue from these delinquent property taxes that is not collected within 60 days of year-end is reported as a deferred inflow of resources (unavailable revenue) in the fund financial statements because it is not known to be available to finance the operations of the District.

K. Capital Assets

Capital assets that are purchased or constructed by the District are recorded at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation. The District defines capital assets as those with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more, which benefit more than one fiscal year. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are recorded in the government-wide financial statements, but are not reported in the governmental fund financial statements. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. Since surplus assets are generally sold for an immaterial amount or scrapped when declared as no longer fit or needed for public school purposes by the District, no salvage value is taken into consideration for depreciation purposes. Useful lives vary from 20 to 50 years for improvements and buildings, and 5 to 20 years for furniture and equipment. Land and construction in progress are not depreciated.

The District does not possess any material amounts of infrastructure capital assets, such as sidewalks or parking lots. Such items are considered to be part of the cost of buildings or other improvable property.

L. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities. If material, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period as other financing sources or uses, respectively. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources.

M. Vacation Pay

Under the terms of union contracts, certain employees accrue vacation at varying rates, portions of which may be carried over to future years. Employees are reimbursed for any unused, accrued vacation and related benefits upon termination. Unused vacation pay is accrued in governmental fund financial statements only when it has matured, due to employee termination or similar circumstances. Since teachers are not eligible for vacation pay and amounts accrued to other employees are insignificant, no long-term portion of vacation liabilities is recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

N. Sick Pay

Substantially all district employees are entitled to sick leave at various rates. Sick leave is accrued in the governmental funds when used or matured prior to year-end. Unused sick leave enters into the calculation of an employee's severance pay upon termination for certain collective bargaining units.

O. Severance Benefits

The District provides lump sum severance benefits to eligible employees in accordance with provisions in certain collectively bargained contracts. Eligibility for these benefits is based on years of service and/or minimum age requirements. Severance benefits are calculated by converting a portion of an eligible employee's unused accumulated sick leave. No individual can receive severance benefits in excess of one year's salary.

Severance payable and the District's share of related benefits are recorded as a liability in the government-wide financial statements as it is earned and it becomes probable that it will vest at some point in the future. Severance pay is accrued in the governmental fund financial statements when the liability matures, due to employee termination.

P. Risk Management and Self-Insurance

- 1. General Insurance The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts: theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; natural disasters; and workers' compensation for which the District carries commercial insurance. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There were no significant reductions in the District's insurance coverage in the current year.
- 2. Self-Insurance The District has established two internal service funds to account for and finance its self-insured risk of loss for respective employee dental and health insurance plans. Under these plans, the internal service funds provide coverage to participating employees and their dependents for various dental and healthcare costs as described in the plans.

The District makes premium payments that include both employer and employee contributions to the internal service funds on behalf of program participants based on rates determined by insurance company estimates of monthly claims paid for each coverage class, plus the stop-loss health insurance premium costs and administrative service charges.

District claim liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred, but not reported. Because actual claim liabilities depend on complex factors, such as inflation, changes in legal doctrines, and damage awards, the process used in computing a claim liability does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Claim liabilities are evaluated periodically to take into consideration recently settled claims, the frequency of claims, and other economic and social factors.

Changes in the balance of health claim liabilities for the last two years were as follows:

				Current				
	Be	ginning of	Y	ear Claims				
		Fiscal	aı	nd Changes			В	alance at
	Yea	ar Liability	in Estimates		Claim Payments		Fiscal Year-End	
2019	\$	215,663	\$	4,231,405	\$	4,098,028	\$	349,040
2020	\$	349,040	\$	4,330,449	\$	4,368,744	\$	310,745

Changes in the balance of dental claim liabilities for the last two years were as follows:

		ginning of Fiscal	Ye	Current ear Claims d Changes				alance at	
	Yea	r Liability	in	in Estimates		Claim Payments		Fiscal Year-End	
2019	\$	26,257	\$	443,002	\$	445,914	\$	23,345	
2020	\$	23,345	\$	432,879	\$	432,942	\$	23,282	

Q. State-Wide Pension Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and the Teachers Retirement Association (TRA) and additions to/deductions from the PERA's and the TRA's fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the PERA and the TRA. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The TRA has a special funding situation created by direct aid contributions made by the state of Minnesota, City of Minneapolis, and Special School District No. 1, Minneapolis Public Schools. The direct aid is a result of the merger of the Minneapolis Teachers Retirement Fund Association into the TRA in 2006. A second direct aid source is from the state of Minnesota for the merger of the Duluth Teachers Retirement Fund Association in 2015.

The PERA has a special funding situation created by a direct aid contribution made by the state of Minnesota. The direct aid is a result of the merger of the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund into the PERA on January 1, 2015.

R. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Plan

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District's OPEB Plan and additions to/deductions from the District's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the District. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and certain investments that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at amortized cost.

S. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets and liabilities, statements of financial position or balance sheets will sometimes report separate sections for deferred outflows or inflows of resources. These separate financial statement elements represent a consumption or acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) or an inflow of financial resources (revenue) until then.

Property taxes levied for subsequent years, which represents property taxes received or reported as a receivable before the period for which the taxes are levied, are reported as a deferred inflow of resources in both the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the governmental funds Balance Sheet. Property taxes levied for subsequent years are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the government-wide financial statements in the year for which they are levied, and in the governmental fund financial statements during the year for which they are levied, if available.

Unavailable revenue from property taxes arises under a modified accrual basis of accounting and is reported only in the governmental funds Balance Sheet. Delinquent property taxes not collected within 60 days of year-end are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the governmental funds in the period the amounts become available.

The District reports deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB plans reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. These deferred outflows and inflows result from differences between expected and actual economic experience, changes in actuarial assumptions, difference between projected and actual investment earnings, changes in proportion, and contributions to the plan subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the reporting period. These amounts are deferred and amortized as required under pension and OPEB standards.

The District reports deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the deferred charge on refunding in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

T. Net Position

In the government-wide and internal service fund financial statements, net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is displayed in three components:

- **Net Investment in Capital Assets** Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by any outstanding debt attributable to acquire capital assets.
- Restricted Net Position Consists of net position restricted when there are limitations imposed
 on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of
 other governments.
- Unrestricted Net Position All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available.

U. Fund Balance Classifications

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance in classifications that disclose constraints for which amounts in those funds can be spent. These classifications are as follows:

- **Nonspendable** Consists of amounts that are not in spendable form, such as prepaid items, inventory, and other long-term assets.
- **Restricted** Consists of amounts related to externally imposed constraints established by creditors, grantors, or contributors; or constraints imposed by state statutory provisions.
- Committed Consists of internally imposed constraints that are established by resolution of the School Board. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts.
- Assigned Consists of internally imposed constraints. These constraints consist of amounts intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the governing body itself or by an official to which the governing body delegates the authority. Pursuant to School Board resolution, the District's superintendent and the director of business services are authorized to establish assignments of fund balance.
- Unassigned The residual classification for the General Fund, which also reflects negative residual amounts in other funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, the District uses restricted resources first then uses unrestricted resources as they are needed.

When committed, assigned, or unassigned resources are available for use, the District uses resources in the following order: 1) committed, 2) assigned, and 3) unassigned.

V. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosures in the financial statements during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

W. Prior Period Comparative Financial Information/Reclassification

The basic financial statements include certain prior year partial comparative information in total but not at the level of detail required for a presentation in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2019, from which the summarized information was derived. Also, certain amounts presented in the prior year data have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

X. Change in Accounting Principle

During the year ended June 30, 2020, the District adopted new accounting guidance by implementing the provisions of GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, which establishes new criteria for identifying and reporting fiduciary activities. The implementation of this statement has resulted in changing the presentation of the financial statements. The District previously presented a private-purpose trust fund for scholarship activity, which has been combined into the General Fund and its governmental activities with the implementation of this new standard. This standard required retroactive implementation, which resulted in the restatement of fund balance in the General Fund and net position of governmental activities as of June 30, 2019. The restatement resulted in an increase in fund balance and net position of \$145,373 as of July 1, 2019. The Fiduciary Fund statements include a reduction of \$145,373 for the amount moved to the General Fund.

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

A. Components of Cash and Investments

Cash and investments at year-end consist of the following:

Deposits	\$ 487,849
Investments	44,277,634
Total	\$ 44,765,483

Cash and investments are presented in the financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position
Cash and temporary investments \$ 37,891,045
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position
Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund
Investments held by trustee
Mutual funds \$ 6,874,438

Total \$ 44,765,483

B. Deposits

In accordance with applicable Minnesota Statutes, the District maintains deposits at depository banks authorized by the School Board, including checking accounts, savings accounts, and nonnegotiable certificates of deposit.

The following is considered the most significant risk associated with deposits:

Custodial Credit Risk – In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may be lost.

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Minnesota Statutes require that all deposits be protected by federal deposit insurance, corporate surety bond, or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged must equal 110 percent of the deposits not covered by federal deposit insurance or corporate surety bonds. Authorized collateral includes treasury bills, notes, and bonds; issues of U.S. government agencies; general obligations rated "A" or better; revenue obligations rated "AA" or better; irrevocable standard letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank; and certificates of deposit. Minnesota Statutes require that securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping in a restricted account at the Federal Reserve Bank or in an account at a trust department of a commercial bank or other financial institution that is not owned or controlled by the financial institution furnishing the collateral. The District's deposit policies do not further limit depository choices.

At year-end, the carrying amount and bank balance of the District's deposits was \$487,849. At June 30, 2020, all deposits were fully covered by federal deposit insurance, surety bonds, or by collateral held by the District's agent in the District's name.

C. Investments

The District has the following investments at year-end:

			Fair Value	Interest Risk –										
	Credi	t Risk	Measurements	Maturity Duration in Years			3							
Investment Type	Rating	Agency	Using	Le	Less Than 1		Less Than 1		Less Than 1		1 to 5		6 to 10	Total
Negotiable certificates of deposit	N/R	N/A	Level 2	\$	754,923	\$	2,922,035	\$	_	\$ 3,676,958				
Municipal bonds	AA	S&P	Level 2	\$	_	\$	1,291,242	\$	460,641	1,751,883				
Investment pools/mutual funds														
MSDLAF – Liquid Class	AAA	S&P	Amortized cost		N/A		N/A		N/A	797,518				
MSDLAF – MAX Class	AAA	S&P	Amortized cost		N/A		N/A		N/A	14,996,683				
MSDLAF – Term Series	AAA	Fitch	Amortized cost	\$ 1	0,000,000	\$	_	\$	-	10,000,000				
MNTrust Investment Shares Portfolio	AAA	S&P	Amortized cost		N/A		N/A		N/A	2,261,555				
MNTrust Limited Term Duration	AAA	S&P	Amortized cost	\$	\$ 3,918,015		_	\$	-	3,918,015				
First American Government Obligations Fund	AAA	S&P	Level 2		N/A		N/A		N/A	22,492				
Mutual funds	N/R	N/A	Level 1		N/A		N/A		N/A	6,852,530				
Total investments										\$ 44,277,634				
Total III oblineito										Ψ 11,277,031				

N/A - Not ApplicableN/R - Not Rated

The District's investments include investment pools managed by the Minnesota School District Liquid Asset Fund (MSDLAF) and MNTrust, which are external investment pools regulated by Minnesota Statutes not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The District's investments in these investment pools are measured at the net asset value per share provided by the pools, which are based on amortized cost methods that approximates fair value. There are no restrictions or limitations on withdrawals from the MNTrust Investment Shares Portfolio or MSDLAF Liquid Class investment pools. Investments in the MSDLAF MAX Class must be deposited for a minimum of 14 calendar days with the exception of direct investments of funds distributed by the state of Minnesota. Withdrawals prior to the 14-day restriction period may be subject to a penalty and there is a 24-hour hold on all requests for redemptions. MSDLAF+ Term investments have a maturity of 60 days to one year and early withdrawal may result in substantial early redemption penalties.

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments are subject to various risks, the following of which are considered the most significant:

Custodial Credit Risk – For investments, this is the risk that in the event of a failure of the counterparty to an investment transaction (typically a broker-dealer) the District would not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Investments in investment pools and money markets are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form and, therefore, are not subject to custodial credit risk disclosures. Although the District's investment policies do not directly address custodial credit risk, it typically limits its exposure by purchasing insured or registered investments, or by the control of who holds the securities.

Credit Risk – This is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Minnesota Statutes limit the District's investments to direct obligations or obligations guaranteed by the United States or its agencies; shares of investment companies registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 that receive the highest credit rating, are rated in one of the two highest rating categories by a statistical rating agency, and all of the investments have a final maturity of 13 months or less; general obligations rated "A" or better; revenue obligations rated "AA" or better; general obligations of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency rated "A" or better; bankers' acceptances of United States banks eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve System; commercial paper issued by United States corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries, rated of the highest quality category by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies, and maturing in 270 days or less; Guaranteed Investment Contracts guaranteed by a United States commercial bank, domestic branch of a foreign bank, or a United States insurance company, and with a credit quality in one of the top two highest categories; repurchase or reverse purchase agreements and securities lending agreements with financial institutions qualified as a "depository" by the government entity, with banks that are members of the Federal Reserve System with capitalization exceeding \$10,000,000; that are a primary reporting dealer in U.S. government securities to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York; or certain Minnesota securities broker-dealers.

For assets held in the Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund, the investment options available to the District are expanded to include the investment types specified in Minnesota Statutes § 356A.06, Subd. 7. The District's investment policies do not further restrict investing in specific financial instruments.

Concentration Risk – This is the risk associated with investing a significant portion of the District's investments (considered 5 percent or more) in the securities of a single issuer, excluding U.S. guaranteed investments (such as treasuries), investment pools, and mutual funds. The District's investment policies do not address concentration risk.

Interest Rate Risk – This is the risk of potential variability in the fair value of fixed rate investments resulting from changes in interest rates (the longer the period for which an interest rate is fixed, the greater the risk). The District's investment policies do not limit the maturities of investments; however, when purchasing investments, the District considers such things as interest rates and cash flow needs.

NOTE 3 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the current year ended is as follows:

	Balance – Beginning of Year	Additions	Deletions	Completed Construction	Balance – End of Year
Capital assets, not depreciated					
Land	\$ 4,686,131	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,686,131
Construction in progress	2,850,856	4,778,575	_	(7,496,121)	133,310
Total capital assets, not depreciated	7,536,987	4,778,575	_	(7,496,121)	4,819,441
Capital assets, depreciated					
Improvements	24,828,263	721,265	_	5,601,066	31,150,594
Buildings	192,476,846	_	_	1,895,055	194,371,901
Furniture and equipment	7,924,246	584,633	(6,190)	-	8,502,689
Total capital assets, depreciated	225,229,355	1,305,898	(6,190)	7,496,121	234,025,184
Less accumulated depreciation for					
Improvements	(3,851,344)	(2,504,228)	_	_	(6,355,572)
Buildings	(69,664,379)	(4,262,959)	_	_	(73,927,338)
Furniture and equipment	(6,574,017)	(329,299)	6,190	_	(6,897,126)
Total accumulated depreciation	(80,089,740)	(7,096,486)	6,190		(87,180,036)
Net capital assets, depreciated	145,139,615	(5,790,588)		7,496,121	146,845,148
Total capital assets, net	\$152,676,602	\$ (1,012,013)	\$	\$	\$151,664,589
Depreciation expense for the year	was charged to	the following	governmental	functions:	
Administration					\$ 191,233
District support services					217,566
Elementary and secondary regular instruct	ion				2,701,034
Vocational education instruction	ion				37,527
Special education instruction					1,019,308
Instructional support services					493,655
Pupil support services					704,985
Sites and buildings					1,122,407
Food service					246,170
Community service					362,601
Total depreciation expense					\$ 7,096,486

NOTE 4 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A. General Obligation Bonds Payable

The District currently has the following general obligation bonds payable outstanding:

Issue	Issue Date	Interest Rate		Face/Par Value	Remaining Maturities	(Principal Outstanding
2014A Refunding Bonds	10/28/2014	4.00-5.00%	\$	36,025,000	02/01/2021-02/01/2029	\$	27,770,000
2015A Refunding Bonds	12/30/2015	3.00-4.00%	\$	29,715,000	02/01/2021-02/01/2029		22,370,000
2016A Building Bonds	07/07/2016	3.00-5.00%	\$	46,245,000	02/01/2021-02/01/2035		46,245,000
2017A Refunding Bonds	06/08/2017	3.00-5.00%	\$	15,830,000	02/01/2021-02/01/2029		13,335,000
2018A Taxable OPEB Refunding Bonds	11/06/2018	2.95-3.45%	\$	3,770,000	02/01/2021-02/01/2025		3,015,000
Total general obligation bonds payable outstanding						\$	112,735,000

These bonds were issued to finance acquisition, construction, and/or improvement of capital facilities, to finance the retirement (refunding) of prior bond issues, or to finance OPEB obligations. Assets of the Debt Service Fund, together with scheduled future ad valorem tax levies, are dedicated for the retirement of these bonds. The annual future debt service levies authorized equal 105 percent of the principal and interest due each year. These levies are subject to reduction if fund balance amounts exceed limitations imposed by Minnesota law.

B. Capital Leases Payable

During fiscal year 2013, the District entered into a capital lease purchase to provide funds to finance improvements at district facilities. The total amount of resources available to draw on this capital lease was \$3,815,000, at a 2.48 percent interest rate, with a final payment date of June 1, 2028. This lease will be repaid through the General Fund. The District reported \$3,815,000 in buildings and \$1,780,333 of accumulated depreciation at year-end related to this lease.

The lease is secured by a ground lease and equipment. If the District fails to make the rental payments specified in this agreement or otherwise defaults on the lease, the lessor may 1) declare all rental payments due or to become due, to be immediately due and payable, 2) take possession without terminating the lease, holding the District responsible for the difference in the net income derived from such possession and the rent due under this agreement, 3) exclude the District from possession of the property and attempt to sell or again lease the property, holding the District responsible for the rent due under the agreement until the property is sold or leased again, or 4) take legal action to force performance under the terms of the lease

C. Other Long-Term Liabilities

The District offers a number of benefits to its employees, including severance benefits payable, pensions, and OPEB. The details of these various benefit liabilities are discussed elsewhere in these notes. Such benefits are financed primarily from the General Fund. The District has also established a Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund to finance OPEB obligations.

NOTE 4 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

District employees participate in two state-wide cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the PERA and the TRA. The following is a summary of the net pension liabilities, deferred outflows and inflows of resources, and pension expense reported for these plans as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020:

Pension Plans	Net Pension Liabilities	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Pension Expense
PERA TRA	\$ 8,171,531 31,755,373	\$ 1,348,280 30,726,734	\$ 1,466,850 45,290,362	\$ 1,122,760 6,325,210
Total	\$ 39,926,904	\$ 32,075,014	\$ 46,757,212	\$ 7,447,970

D. Minimum Debt Payments

Minimum annual principal and interest payments to maturity for general obligation bonds payable and capital lease payable are as follows:

Year Ending	G	eneral Obligation	ligation Bonds Payable		Payable Capital L			Leases Payable		
June 30,		Principal		Interest Principal		Interest Principal		Principal		Interest
2021	•	((5 5 000	Φ.	4.050.050	Φ.	252.550	Φ.	50 155		
2021	\$	6,675,000	\$	4,270,858	\$	252,570	\$	53,155		
2022		6,955,000		3,997,353		258,873		46,853		
2023		7,280,000		3,685,965		265,332		40,393		
2024		7,625,000		3,359,455		271,953		33,772		
2025		7,970,000		3,012,365		278,740		26,986		
2026-2030		41,795,000		10,173,150		878,651		38,525		
2031–2035		34,435,000		3,367,000						
	\$	112,735,000	\$	31,866,146	\$	2,206,119	\$	239,684		

E. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

	Balance – Beginning of Year	Additions	Retirements	Balance – End of Year	Due Within One Year
General obligation bonds payable	\$ 119,100,000	\$ -	\$ 6,365,000	\$ 112,735,000	\$ 6,675,000
Unamortized premium/discount	10,464,826	_	940,077	9,524,749	_
Capital leases payable	2,738,004	_	531,885	2,206,119	252,570
Net pension liability	38,439,785	4,630,902	3,143,783	39,926,904	_
Severance benefits payable	597,781	45,441	45,310	597,912	79,669
	\$ 171,340,396	\$ 4,676,343	\$ 11,026,055	\$ 164,990,684	\$ 7,007,239

NOTE 5 – FUND BALANCES

The following is a breakdown of equity components of governmental funds, which are defined earlier in the report. When applicable, certain restrictions that have an accumulated deficit balance at June 30 are included in unassigned fund balance in the District's financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. A description of these deficit balance restrictions is included herein since the District has specific authority to future resources for such deficits.

A. Classifications

At year-end, a summary of the District's governmental fund balance classifications are as follows:

		Capital Projects –			
		Building Construction	Dalet Gameira	NI	
	General Fund	Fund	Debt Service Fund	Nonmajor Funds	Total
	General Fund	Tund	Tuna	Tunds	
Nonspendable					
Inventory	\$ 40,748	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 58,658	\$ 99,406
Prepaid items	174,958	_	_	102	175,060
Total nonspendable	215,706	_	_	58,760	274,466
Restricted					
Scholarships	131,890	_	_	_	131,890
Capital projects levy	144,019	_	_	_	144,019
Operating capital	1,050,078	_	_	_	1,050,078
Achievement and integration	29,701	_	_	_	29,701
Safe schools levy	228,913	_	_	_	228,913
Capital projects	_	417,256	_	_	417,256
Debt service	_	_	2,761,017	_	2,761,017
Food service	_	_	_	21,128	21,128
School readiness	_	_	_	1,831	1,831
Community service				6,880	6,880
Total restricted	1,584,601	417,256	2,761,017	29,839	4,792,713
Assigned					
Q comp	6,815	_	_	_	6,815
Capital projects	3,350,000	_	_	_	3,350,000
Technology	320,000				320,000
Total assigned	3,676,815	_	_	_	3,676,815
Unassigned	22,350,328				22,350,328
Total	\$ 27,827,450	\$ 417,256	\$ 2,761,017	\$ 88,599	\$ 31,094,322

B. Minimum Fund Balance Policy

The School Board has formally adopted a fund balance policy regarding the unassigned fund balance for the General Fund. The policy establishes the District will strive to maintain a minimum unassigned General Fund balance of no less than two months of General Fund operating expenditures. At year-end, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was 32.5 percent of current year operating expenditures as defined by the fund balance policy.

NOTE 6 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – STATE-WIDE

A. Plan Descriptions

The District participates in the following cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the PERA and the TRA. The PERA's and the TRA's defined benefit pension plans are established and administered in accordance with Minnesota Statutes. The PERA's and the TRA's defined benefit pension plans are tax qualified plans under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC).

1. General Employees Retirement Fund (GERF)

The PERA's defined benefit pension plans are established and administered in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, Chapters 353 and 356.

All full-time and certain part-time employees of the District other than teachers are covered by the GERF. GERF members belong to the Coordinated Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security.

2. Teachers Retirement Association (TRA)

The TRA administers a Basic Plan (without Social Security coverage) and a Coordinated Plan (with Social Security coverage) in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, Chapters 354 and 356. The TRA is a separate statutory entity, administered by a Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees consists of four active members, one retired member, and three statutory officials.

Educators employed in Minnesota's public elementary and secondary schools, charter schools, and certain other TRA-covered educational institutions maintained by the state are required to be TRA members (except those employed by St. Paul Public Schools or Minnesota State Colleges and Universities (MnSCU)). Educators first hired by MnSCU may elect either TRA coverage or coverage through the Defined Contribution Plan administered by the state of Minnesota.

B. Benefits Provided

The PERA and the TRA provide retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes and can only be modified by the State Legislature.

The benefit provisions stated in the following paragraphs of this section are current provisions and apply to active plan participants. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits, but are not receiving them yet, are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service

1. GERF Benefits

Benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. Two methods are used to compute benefits for the PERA's Coordinated Plan members. Members hired prior to July 1, 1989, receive the higher of Method 1 or Method 2 formulas. Only Method 2 is used for members hired after June 30, 1989. Under Method 1, the accrual rate for Coordinated Plan members is 1.2 percent of average salary for each of the first 10 years of service and 1.7 percent of average salary for each additional year. Under Method 2, the accrual rate for Coordinated Plan members is 1.7 percent of average salary for all years of service. For members hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90 and normal retirement age is 65. For members hired on or after July 1, 1989, normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at age 66.

Annuities, disability benefits, and survivor benefits are increased effective every January 1. Beginning January 1, 2019, the post-retirement increase will be equal to 50.0 percent of the cost of living adjustment announced by the Social Security Administration, with the minimum increase of at least 1.0 percent and a maximum of 1.5 percent. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase, will receive the full increase. For recipients receiving the annuity or benefit at least one month but less than a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase, will receive a reduced prorated increase. For members retiring on January 1, 2024, or later, the increase will be delayed until normal retirement age (age 65 if hired prior to July 1, 1989, or age 66 for individuals hired on or after July 1, 1989). Members retiring under the Rule of 90 are exempt from the delay to normal retirement.

2. TRA Benefits

The TRA provides retirement benefits as well as disability benefits to members, and benefits to survivors upon death of eligible members. Benefits are established by Minnesota Statutes and vest after three years of service credit. The defined retirement benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five consecutive years of allowable service, age, and a formula multiplier based on years of credit at termination of service.

Two methods are used to compute benefits for the TRA's Coordinated and Basic Plan members. Members first employed before July 1, 1989, receive the greater of the Tier I or Tier II benefits as described.

Tier I Benefits

	Percentage
Step-Rate Formula	per Year
Basic Plan	
First 10 years of service	2.2 %
All years after	2.7 %
Coordinated Plan	
First 10 years if service years are up to July 1, 2006	1.2 %
First 10 years if service years are July 1, 2006 or after	1.4 %
All other years of service if service years are up to July 1, 2006	1.7 %
All other years of service if service years are up to July 1, 2006 or after	1.9 %

With these provisions:

- (a) Normal retirement age is 65 with less than 30 years of allowable service and age 62 with 30 or more years of allowable service.
- (b) Three percent per year early retirement reduction factor for all years under normal retirement age.
- (c) Unreduced benefits for early retirement under a Rule of 90 (age plus allowable service equals 90 or more).

Tier II Benefits

For years of service prior to July 1, 2006, a level formula of 1.7 percent per year for Coordinated Plan members and 2.7 percent per year for Basic Plan members applies. For years of service July 1, 2006 and after, a level formula of 1.9 percent per year for Coordinated Plan members and 2.7 percent for Basic Plan members applies. Beginning July 1, 2015, the early retirement reduction factors are based on rates established under Minnesota Statutes. Smaller reductions, more favorable to the member, will be applied to individuals who reach age 62 and have 30 years or more of service credit.

Members first employed after June 30, 1989, receive only the Tier II benefit calculation with a normal retirement age that is their retirement age for full Social Security retirement benefits, but not to exceed age 66.

Six different types of annuities are available to members upon retirement. The No Refund Life Plan is a lifetime annuity that ceases upon the death of the retiree—no survivor annuity is payable. A retiring member may also choose to provide survivor benefits to a designated beneficiary(ies) by selecting one of the five plans that have survivorship features. Vested members may also leave their contributions in the TRA Fund upon termination of service in order to qualify for a deferred annuity at retirement age. Any member terminating service is eligible for a refund of their employee contributions plus interest.

The benefit provisions stated apply to active plan participants. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits, but not yet receiving them, are bound by the plan provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

C. Contributions

Minnesota Statutes set the rates for employer and employee contributions. Contribution rates can only be modified by the State Legislature.

1. **GERF Contributions**

Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 353 set the rates for employer and employee contributions. Coordinated Plan members were required to contribute 6.5 percent of their annual covered salary in fiscal year 2020 and the School was required to contribute 7.5 percent for Coordinated Plan members. The District's contributions to the GERF for the year ended June 30, 2020, were \$806,953. The District's contributions were equal to the required contributions as set by state statutes.

2. TRA Contributions

Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 354 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. Rates for each fiscal year were:

			Year Ende	d June 30,		
	2018 2019				20	20
	Employee	Employer	Employee	Employer	Employee	Employer
Davis Diag	11.00 0/	11.50 0/	11.00 0/	11.71 0/	11.00 0/	11.02.0/
Basic Plan	11.00 %			11.71 %		11.92 %
Coordinated Plan	7.50 %	7.50 %	7.50 %	7.71 %	7.50 %	7.92 %

The District's contributions to the TRA for the plan's fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, were \$2,438,448. The District's contributions were equal to the required contributions for each year as set by state statutes.

The following is a reconciliation of employer contributions in the TRA's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position to the employer contributions used in the Schedule of Employer and Nonemployer Pension Allocations:

	in	thousands
Employer contributions reported in the TRA's CAFR Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	\$	403,300
Add employer contributions not related to future contribution efforts		(688)
Deduct the TRA's contributions not included in allocation		(486)
Total employer contributions		402,126
Total nonemployer contributions		35,588
Total contributions reported in the Schedule of Employer and Nonemployer Pension Allocations	\$	437,714

Amounts reported in the allocation schedules may not precisely agree with financial statement amounts or actuarial valuations, due to the number of decimal places used in the allocations. The TRA has rounded percentage amounts to the nearest ten thousandths.

D. Pension Costs

1. **GERF Pension Costs**

At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$8,171,531 for its proportionate share of the GERF's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions received by the PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2018, through June 30, 2019, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of the PERA's participating employers. The District's proportionate share was 0.1478 percent at the end of the measurement period and 0.1404 percent for the beginning of the period.

The District's net pension liability reflected a reduction, due to the state of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million. The state of Minnesota is considered a nonemployer contributing entity and the state's contribution meets the definition of a special funding situation. The amounts recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the direct aid, and total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 8,171,531
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	
associated with the District	\$ 253,989

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,103,739 for its proportionate share of the GERF's pension expense. In addition, the District recognized an additional \$19,021 as pension expense (and grant revenue) for its proportionate share of the state of Minnesota's contribution of \$16.0 million to the GERF.

At June 30, 2020, the District reported its proportionate share of the GERF's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows f Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resource	
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 220,667	\$	_
Changes in actuarial assumptions	_		615,945
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	_		771,740
Changes in proportion	320,660		79,165
District's contributions to the GERF subsequent to the			
measurement date	806,953		_
Total	\$ 1,348,280	\$	1,466,850

A total of \$806,953 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the GERF pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pension			
Year Ending	Expense			
June 30,	 Amount			
2021	\$ (371,950)			
2022	\$ (514,352)			
2023	\$ (52,390)			
2024	\$ 13.169			

2. TRA Pension Costs

At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$31,755,373 for its proportionate share of the TRA's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions to the TRA in relation to total system contributions, including direct aid from the state of Minnesota, City of Minneapolis, and Special School District No. 1, Minneapolis Public Schools. The District's proportionate share was 0.4982 percent at the end of the measurement period and 0.4880 percent for the beginning of the period.

The pension liability amount reflected a reduction, due to direct aid provided to the TRA. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the direct aid, and total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 31,755,373
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	
associated with the District	\$ 2,810,311

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$6,111,593. It also recognized \$213,617 as an increase to pension expense (and grant revenue) for the support provided by direct aid.

At June 30, 2020, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRA's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ -	\$ 746,809		
Changes in actuarial assumptions	25,373,789	40,974,857		
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	_	2,507,262		
Changes in proportion	2,914,497	1,061,434		
District's contributions to the TRA subsequent to the				
measurement date	2,438,448			
Total	\$ 30,726,734	\$ 45,290,362		

A total of \$2,438,448 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from district contributions to the TRA subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the TRA pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pension	
Year Ending	Expense	
June 30,	Amount	
2021	\$ 1,707,463	
2022	\$ 153,360	
2023	\$ (11,309,337))
2024	\$ (7,601,466))
2025	\$ 47,904	

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using an individual entry-age normal actuarial cost method and the following actuarial assumptions:

Assumptions	GERF	TRA
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%
Wage growth rate		2.85% for 10 years, and 3.25% thereafter
Active member payroll	3.25%	2.85% to 8.85% for 10 years, and 3.25% to 9.25% thereafter
Investment rate of return	7.50%	7.50%

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, survivors, and disabilitants for all plans were based on RP-2014 tables for males or females, as appropriate, with slight adjustments. Cost of living benefit increases after retirement for retirees are assumed to be 1.25 percent per year for the GERF and 1.00 percent for January 2019 through January 2023, then increasing by 0.10 percent each year, up to 1.50 percent annually for the TRA.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuations were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The most recent four-year experience study in the GERF plan was completed in 2019. Economic assumptions were updated in 2018, based on a review of inflation and investment return assumptions. The most recent experience study in the TRA plan was completed in 2015, with economic assumptions updated in 2017.

The following changes in actuarial assumptions and plan provisions occurred in 2019:

1. GERF

CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

• The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2017 to MP-2018.

CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS

• The employer supplemental contribution was changed prospectively, decreasing from \$31.0 million to \$21.0 million per year. The state's special funding contribution was changed prospectively, requiring \$16.0 million due per year through 2031.

2. TRA

CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

• None.

The Minnesota State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of the PERA and the TRA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness on a regular basis of the long-term expected rate of return using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages.

The target allocation and best-estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return			
Domestic equity	35.5 %	5.10 %			
Private markets	25.0	5.90 %			
Fixed income	20.0	0.75 %			
International equity	17.5	5.30/5.90 %			
Cash equivalents	2.0	- %			
Total	100.0 %				

F. Discount Rate

1. GERF

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability in 2019 was 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at rates set in Minnesota Statutes. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net position of the GERF was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

2. TRA

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50 percent. There was no change since the prior measurement. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the fiscal year 2019 contribution rate, contributions from school districts will be made at contractually required rates (actuarially determined), and contributions from the state will be made at current statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be depleted and, as a result, the Municipal Bond Index Rate was not used in the determination of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate.

G. Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for all plans it participates in, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate Dis			iscount Rate	 1% Increase in Discount Rate		
GERF discount rate		6.50%		7.50%	8.50%		
District's proportionate share of the GERF net pension liability	\$	13,433,557	\$	8,171,531	\$ 3,826,682		
TRA discount rate		6.50%		7.50%	8.50%		
District's proportionate share of the TRA net pension liability	\$	50,625,829	\$	31,755,373	\$ 16,196,960		

H. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the GERF's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued PERA financial report. That report may be obtained on the PERA website at www.mnpera.org; by writing to the PERA at 60 Empire Drive, Suite 200, St. Paul, Minnesota 55103; or by calling (651) 296-7460 or (800) 652-9026.

Detailed information about the TRA's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued TRA financial report. That report can be obtained on the TRA website at www.minnesotatra.org; by writing to the TRA at 60 Empire Drive, Suite 400, St. Paul, Minnesota 55103; or by calling (651) 296-2409 or (800) 657-3669.

I. Subsequent Events and the COVID-19 Pandemic Subsequent to Year-End

The United States and global markets experienced declines in values, resulting from uncertainty caused by COVID-19. The resulting declines are expected to have a negative impact on the PERA's and the TRA's discount rate, as well as the value of each plan's investments. Any impact caused by the resulting declines have not been included in the schedules as of June 30, 2019.

NOTE 7 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLAN

A. Plan Description

The District provides post-employment benefits to certain eligible employees through the OPEB Plan, a single-employer defined benefit plan administered by the District. Management of the plan is vested with the School Board of the District. All post-employment benefits are based on contractual agreements with employee groups. Eligibility for these benefits is based on years of service and/or minimum age requirements. These contractual agreements do not include any specific contribution or funding requirements.

The District administers a defined benefit Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund. The assets of the plan are reported in the District's financial report in the Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund, established by the District to finance these obligations. The plan assets may be used only for the payment of benefits of the plan, in accordance with the terms of the plan. The plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

B. Benefits Provided

All retirees of the District upon retirement have the option under state law to continue their medical insurance coverage through the District. For members of certain employee groups, the District pays for all or part of the eligible retiree's premiums for medical and/or dental insurance from the time of retirement until the employee reaches the age of eligibility for Medicare. Benefits paid by the District differ by bargaining unit and date of hire, with some contracts specifying a certain dollar amount per month, and some covering premium costs as defined within each collective bargaining agreement. Retirees not eligible for these district-paid premium benefits must pay the full district premium rate for their coverage.

The District is legally required to include any retirees for whom it provides health insurance coverage in the same insurance pool as its active employees until the retiree reaches Medicare eligibility, whether the premiums are paid by the District or the retiree. Consequently, participating retirees are considered to receive a secondary benefit known as an "implicit rate subsidy." This benefit relates to the assumption that the retiree is receiving a more favorable premium rate than they would otherwise be able to obtain if purchasing insurance on their own, due to being included in the same pool with the District's younger and statistically healthier active employees.

C. Contributions and Funding Policy

The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements, with additional amounts to prefund benefits as determined periodically by the District. The District has established the Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund to finance these obligations.

D. Membership

Membership in the plan consisted of the following as of the latest actuarial valuation:

Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	28
Active plan members	633
Total members	661

NOTE 7 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

E. Net OPEB Liability (Asset) of the District

The District's net OPEB liability (asset) was based on the actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2018, and was rolled forward for a June 30, 2020 measurement date. The components of the net OPEB liability (asset) of the District at year-end were as follows:

Total OPEB liability	\$ 6,037,039
Plan fiduciary net position	 (6,866,894)
The District's net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ (829,855)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	 113.75%

F. Actuarial Method and Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Discount rate	3.20%
Expected long-term investment return	4.00% (net of investment expenses)
20-year municipal bond yield	2.40%
Inflation rate	2.50%
Salary increases	3.00%
Medical trend rate	6.25% in 2019 grading to 5.00% over 5 years

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2017 Generational Improvement Scale.

The retirement and withdrawal assumptions used in the latest valuation were based on those used to value pension liabilities for Minnesota school district employees. The state pension plans base their assumptions on periodic experience studies.

The District's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the School Board by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the School Board to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes allowable under state statutes. The investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over short time spans.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB Plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB Plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best-estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed income	100.00 %	4.00 %

NOTE 7 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

G. Rate of Return

For the current year ended, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was 5.60 percent. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

H. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.20 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was determined by projecting forward the fiduciary net position (assets) as of the valuation date, increasing by the investment return assumption, and reducing by benefit payments in each period until assets are exhausted. Expected benefit payments by year were discounted using the expected asset return assumptions for the years in which the assets were sufficient to pay all benefit payments. Any remaining benefit payments after the trust fund is exhausted are discounted at the 20-year municipal bond rate. The equivalent single rate is the discount rate. The contribution and benefit payment history, as well as the funding policy have also been taken into account. The District discount rate used in the prior measurement date was 3.80 percent.

I. Changes in the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

	T	Total OPEB Liability (a) Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net OPEB Liability (Asset) (a-b)		
Beginning balance	\$	5,179,991	\$	6,496,176	\$	(1,316,185)
Changes for the year						
Service cost		541,112		_		541,112
Interest		204,457		_		204,457
Assumption changes		160,889		_		160,889
Contributions – paid through operating funds		_		41,866		(41,866)
Projected investment return		_		259,847		(259,847)
Differences between expected and actual experience		_		122,000		(122,000)
Benefit payments – paid through trust		(7,544)		(7,544)		_
Benefit payments – paid through operating funds		(41,866)		(41,866)		_
Administrative expenses		_		(3,585)		3,585
Total net changes		857,048		370,718		486,330
Ending balance	\$	6,037,039	\$	6,866,894	\$	(829,855)

Assumption changes since the prior measurement date include the following:

• The discount rate was changed from 3.60 percent to 3.20 percent.

NOTE 7 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

J. Net OPEB Liability (Asset) Sensitivity to Discount and Healthcare Cost Trend Rate Changes

The following presents the net OPEB liability (asset) of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

			Discount Rate	1% Increase in Discount Rate		
OPEB discount rate	2.20%		3.20%		4.20%	
Net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ (320,087)	\$	(829,855)	\$	(1,306,290)	

The following presents the net OPEB liability (asset) of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Н	1% Decrease in ealthcare Trend Rate	Н	ealthcare Trend Rate	Не	1% Increase in althcare Trend Rate
OPEB healthcare trend rate		5.25% decreasing to 4.00% over 5 years		6.25% decreasing to 5.00% over 5 years		7.25% decreasing to 6.00% over 5 years
Net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	(1,632,336)	\$	(829,855)	\$	145,697

K. OPEB Expense and Related Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the current year ended, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$456,754. As of year-end, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	(Deferred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience Changes in actuarial assumptions Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	\$	263,631 _	\$ 588,492 77,547 71,938
Total	\$	263,631	\$ 737,977

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	OPEB					
Year Ending	Expense					
June 30,	 Amount					
2021	\$ (15,310)					
2022	\$ (54,072)					
2023	\$ (112,171)					
2024	\$ (64,469)					
2025	\$ (43,521)					
Thereafter	\$ (184,803)					

NOTE 8 – FLEXIBLE BENEFIT PLAN

The District has a flexible benefit plan, which is classified as a "cafeteria plan" (the Plan) under § 125 of the IRC. All employee groups of the District are eligible if and when the collective bargaining agreement or contract with their group allows eligibility. Eligible employees can elect to participate by contributing pretax dollars withheld from payroll checks to the Plan for healthcare and dependent care benefits.

Before the beginning of the Plan year, which is from July 1 to June 30, each participant designates a total amount of pretax dollars to be contributed to the Plan during the year. At June 30, the District is contingently liable for claims against the total amount of participants' annual contributions to the Plan, whether or not such contributions have been made.

The Plan is administered by an independent contract administrator for child care and medical expense reimbursements. The flexible benefit plan is included in the financial statements within the District's General Fund.

All property of the Plan and income attributable to that property is solely the property of the District, subject to the claims of the District's general creditors. Participants' rights under the Plan are equal to those of general creditors of the District in an amount equal to eligible healthcare and dependent care expenses incurred by the participants. The District believes that it is unlikely that it will use the assets to satisfy the claims of general creditors in the future.

NOTE 9 – INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund Receivables and Payables

At June 30, 2020, the internal service funds recorded a receivable of \$7,544, from the Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund for the reimbursement of claims paid on behalf of the Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund. Because fiduciary fund activity is not included in the government-wide financial statements, this receivable is included as due from the OPEB trust in the governmental activities on the Statement of Net Position.

B. Transfers

During fiscal 2020, the General Fund transferred \$250,000 to the Food Service Special Revenue Fund and \$548,625 to the Community Service Special Revenue Fund to finance regular program costs and additional costs related to the COVID-19 pandemic. Such interfund transfers are reported in the fund financial statements, but are eliminated in the government-wide financial statements.

NOTE 10 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Federal and State Revenues

Amounts received or receivable from federal and state agencies are subject to agency audit and adjustment. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of funds which may be disallowed by the agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

B. Legal Claims

The District has the usual and customary types of miscellaneous legal claims pending at year-end, mostly of a minor nature and usually covered by insurance carried for that purpose. Although the outcomes of these claims are not presently determinable, the District believes that the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on its financial position.

C. Construction Contracts

At June 30, 2020, the District had commitments totaling \$107,029 under various construction contracts for which the work was not yet completed.

NOTE 11 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The COVID-19 pandemic has caused economic and financial market volatility in the United States and around the world, along with significant business and operational disruptions for many organizations. Due to the unknown breadth and duration of this pandemic, any potential impact it may have on the District's future operations and financial condition cannot be determined at this time and has not been reflected in these financial statements.



Public Employees Retirement Association Pension Benefits Plan Schedule of District's and Nonemployer Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Year Ended June 30, 2020

	PERA Fiscal Year-End Date	District's Proportion of the Net	District's Proportionate Share of the	District's Proportionate Share of the State of Minnesota's Proportionate Share of the	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and the District's Share of the State of Minnesota's Share of the	District's	District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total
District Fiscal	(Measurement	Pension	Net Pension	Net Pension	Net Pension	Covered	Covered	Pension
Year-End Date	Date)	Liability	Liability	Liability	Liability	Payroll	Payroll	Liability
06/30/2015	06/30/2014	0.1457%	\$ 6,844,256	\$ -	\$ 6,844,256	\$ 7,648,268	89.49%	78.70%
06/30/2016	06/30/2015	0.1392%	\$ 7,214,066	\$ -	\$ 7,214,066	\$ 8,226,387	87.69%	78.20%
06/30/2017	06/30/2016	0.1439%	\$ 11,683,965	\$ 152,514	\$ 11,836,479	\$ 9,150,283	127.69%	68.90%
06/30/2018	06/30/2017	0.1400%	\$ 8,937,508	\$ 112,417	\$ 9,049,925	\$ 9,253,893	96.58%	75.90%
06/30/2019	06/30/2018	0.1404%	\$ 7,788,817	\$ 255,478	\$ 8,044,295	\$ 9,644,579	80.76%	79.50%
06/30/2020	06/30/2019	0.1478%	\$ 8,171,531	\$ 253,989	\$ 8,425,520	\$ 10,680,581	76.51%	80.20%

Public Employees Retirement Association Pension Benefits Plan Schedule of District Contributions Year Ended June 30, 2020

District Fiscal Year-End Date	F	tatutorily Required ntributions	in I the	ntributions Relation to Statutorily Required ntributions	Def	tribution ficiency excess)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
06/30/2015	\$	603,458	\$	603,458	\$	-	\$ 8,226,387	7.34%
06/30/2016	\$	669,149	\$	669,149	\$	-	\$ 9,150,283	7.31%
06/30/2017	\$	676,646	\$	676,646	\$	_	\$ 9,253,893	7.31%
06/30/2018	\$	707,859	\$	707,859	\$		\$ 9,644,579	7.34%
06/30/2019 06/30/2020	\$ \$	782,657 806,953	\$ \$	782,657 806,953	\$ \$	_	10,680,581 10,758,624	7.33% 7.50%

Note: The District implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in fiscal 2015 (using a June 30, 2014 measurement date). This schedule is intended to present 10-year trend information. Additional years will be added as they become available.

Teachers Retirement Association Pension Benefits Plan Schedule of District's and Nonemployer Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Year Ended June 30, 2020

					Proportionate			
					Share of the			
				District's	Net Pension			
				Proportionate	Liability and		District's	
				Share of the	the District's		Proportionate	Plan Fiduciary
				State of	Share of the		Share of the	Net Position
		District's	District's	Minnesota's	State of		Net Pension	as a
	TRA Fiscal	Proportion	Proportionate	Proportionate	Minnesota's		Liability as a	Percentage
	Year-End Date	of the Net	Share of the	Share of the	Share of the	District's	Percentage of	of the Total
District Fiscal	(Measurement	Pension	Net Pension	Net Pension	Net Pension	Covered	Covered	Pension
Year-End Date	Date)	Liability	Liability	Liability	Liability	Payroll	Payroll	Liability
06/30/2015	06/30/2014	0.5053%	\$ 23,283,860	\$ 1,637,846	\$ 24,921,706	\$ 23,066,641	100.94%	81.50%
06/30/2016	06/30/2015	0.4758%	\$ 29,432,936	\$ 3,610,491	\$ 33,043,427	\$ 24,331,811	120.96%	76.80%
06/30/2017	06/30/2016	0.4796%	\$114,396,043	\$ 11,481,522	\$125,877,565	\$ 25,221,123	453.57%	44.88%
06/30/2018	06/30/2017	0.4707%	\$ 93,960,258	\$ 9,082,818	\$103,043,076	\$ 25,513,807	368.27%	51.57%
06/30/2019	06/30/2018	0.4880%	\$ 30,650,968	\$ 2,879,488	\$ 33,530,456	\$ 27,138,338	112.94%	78.07%
06/30/2020								

Teachers Retirement Association Pension Benefits Plan Schedule of District Contributions Year Ended June 30, 2020

District Fiscal Year-End Date	Statutorily Required ontributions	in the	Relation to E Statutorily Required Entributions	De	ntribution efficiency Excess)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
06/30/2015	\$ 1,811,160	\$	1,811,160	\$	_	\$ 24,331,811	7.44%
06/30/2016	\$ 1,870,955	\$	1,870,955	\$	_	\$ 25,221,123	7.42%
06/30/2017	\$ 1,900,565	\$	1,900,565	\$	_	\$ 25,513,807	7.45%
06/30/2018	\$ 2,022,310	\$	2,022,310	\$	_	\$ 27,138,338	7.45%
06/30/2019	\$ 2,180,712	\$	2,180,712	\$	_	\$ 28,462,506	7.66%
06/30/2020	\$ 2,438,448	\$	2,438,448	\$	_	\$ 30,784,484	7.92%

Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan Schedule of Changes in the District's Net OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Year Ended June 30, 2020

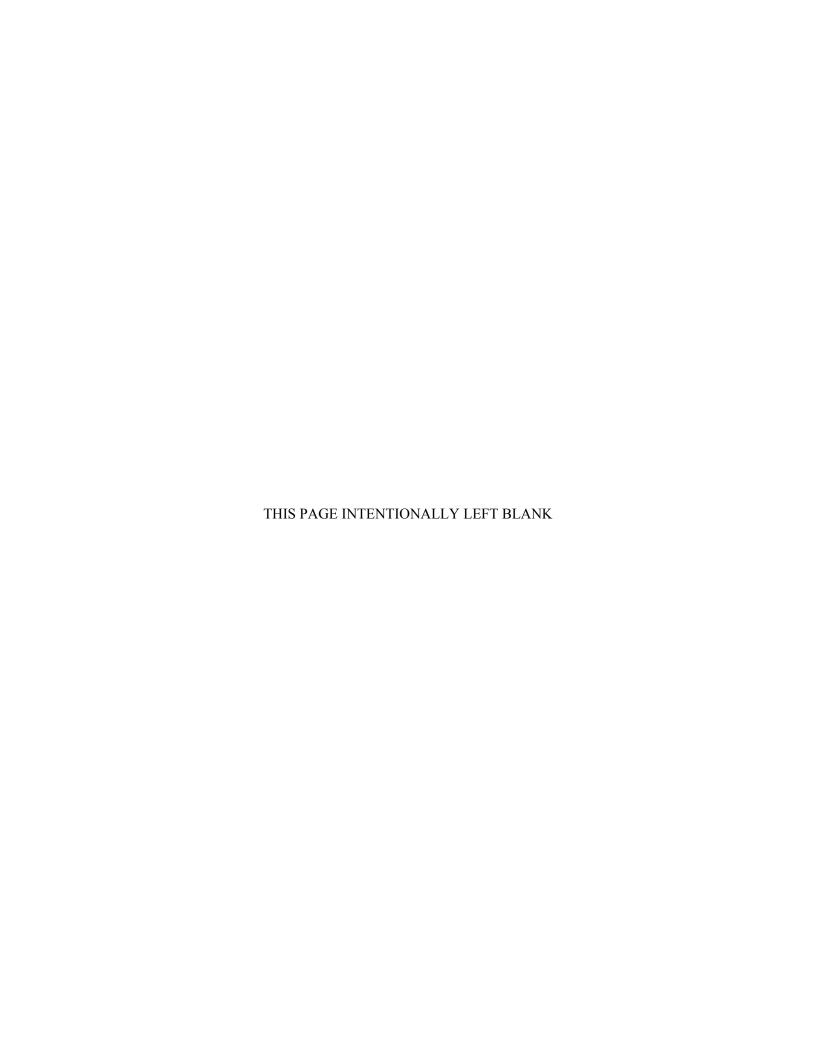
	District Fiscal Year-End Date							
		2017		2018		2019		2020
Total OPEB liability								
Service cost	\$	445,316	\$	436,541	\$	476,928	\$	541,112
Interest		175,983		189,292		215,803		204,457
Assumption changes		_		(106,629)		139,380		160,889
Difference between expected and actual experience		_		_		(706,192)		· –
Benefit payments		(180,581)		(284,847)		(293,292)		(49,410)
Net change in total OPEB liability		440,718		234,357		(167,373)		857,048
Total OPEB liability – beginning of year		4,672,289		5,113,007		5,347,364		5,179,991
Total OPEB liability – end of year		5,113,007		5,347,364		5,179,991		6,037,039
Plan fiduciary net position								
Contributions		117,576		244,723		275,062		41,866
Investment earnings		51,930		(45,450)		480,011		381,847
Benefit payments		(180,581)		(284,847)		(293,292)		(49,410)
Administrative expenses		(5,760)		(3,306)		(3,335)		(3,585)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(16,835)		(88,880)		458,446		370,718
Plan fiduciary net position – beginning of year		6,143,445		6,126,610		6,037,730		6,496,176
Plan fiduciary net position – end of year		6,126,610		6,037,730		6,496,176		6,866,894
Net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ (1,013,603)	\$	(690,366)	\$	(1,316,185)	\$	(829,855)
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		119.82%		112.91%		125.41%		113.75%
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 30	0,270,213	\$ 3	31,178,319	\$:	34,561,372	\$ 3	35,598,213
Net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		(3.35%)		(2.21%)		(3.81%)		(2.33%)

Note: The District implemented GASB Statement Nos. 74 and 75 for the year ended June 30, 2017. This schedule is intended to present 10-year trend information. Additional years will be added as they become available.

Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan Schedule of Investment Returns Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return, Net of
Year	Investment Expense
2017	0.80 %
2018	(0.70) %
2019	8.00 %
2020	5.60 %

Note: The District implemented GASB Statement Nos. 74 and 75 for the year ended June 30, 2017. This schedule is intended to present 10-year trend information. Additional years will be added as they become available.



Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2020

PERA – GENERAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND

2019 CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS

• The employer supplemental contribution was changed prospectively, decreasing from \$31.0 million to \$21.0 million per year. The state's special funding contribution was changed prospectively, requiring \$16.0 million due per year through 2031.

2019 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

• The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2017 to MP-2018.

2018 CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS

- The augmentation adjustment in early retirement factors is eliminated over a five-year period starting July 1, 2019, resulting in actuarial equivalence after June 30, 2024.
- Interest credited on member contributions decreased from 4.00 percent to 3.00 percent, beginning July 1, 2018.
- Deferred augmentation was changed to zero percent, effective January 1, 2019. Augmentation that has already accrued for deferred members will still apply.
- Contribution stabilizer provisions were repealed.
- Post-retirement benefit increases were changed from 1.00 percent per year, with a provision to increase to 2.50 percent upon attainment of 90.00 percent funding ratio, to 50.00 percent of the Social Security Cost of Living Adjustment, not less than 1.00 percent and not more than 1.50 percent, beginning January 1, 2019.
- For retirements on or after January 1, 2024, the first benefit increase is delayed until the retiree reaches normal retirement age. Does not apply to Rule of 90 retirees, disability benefit recipients, or survivors.
- Actuarial equivalent factors were updated to reflect revised mortality and interest assumptions.

- The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2015 to MP-2017.
- The assumed benefit increase was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2044, and 2.50 percent per year thereafter, to 1.25 percent per year.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information (continued) June 30, 2020

PERA – GENERAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND (CONTINUED)

2017 CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS

- The state's contribution for the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund equals \$16.0 million in 2017 and 2018, and \$6.0 million thereafter.
- The Employer Supplemental Contribution for the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund changed from \$21.0 million to \$31.0 million in calendar years 2019 to 2031. The state's contribution changed from \$16.0 million to \$6.0 million in calendar years 2019 to 2031.

2017 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) loads were changed from 0.80 percent for active members and 60.00 percent for vested and nonvested deferred members. The revised CSA loads are now zero percent for active member liability, 15.00 percent for vested deferred member liability, and 3.00 percent for nonvested deferred member liability.
- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year for all years, to 1.00 percent per year through 2044, and 2.50 percent per year thereafter.

2016 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2035, and 2.50 percent per year thereafter, to 1.00 percent per year for all years.
- The assumed investment return was changed from 7.90 percent to 7.50 percent. The single discount rate was changed from 7.90 percent to 7.50 percent.
- Other assumptions were changed pursuant to the experience study dated June 30, 2015. The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth, and inflation were decreased by 0.25 percent to 3.25 percent for payroll growth, and 2.50 percent for inflation.

2015 CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS

 On January 1, 2015, the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund was merged into the General Employees Retirement Fund, which increased the total pension liability by \$1.1 billion and increased the fiduciary plan net position by \$892.0 million. Upon consolidation, state and employer contributions were revised; the state's contribution of \$6.0 million, which meets the special funding situation definition, was due September 2015.

2015 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

• The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2030, and 2.50 percent per year thereafter, to 1.00 percent per year through 2035, and 2.50 percent per year thereafter.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information (continued) June 30, 2020

TEACHERS RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION (TRA)

2018 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The cost of living adjustment (COLA) was reduced from 2.00 percent each January 1 to 1.00 percent, effective January 1, 2019. Beginning January 1, 2024, the COLA will increase 0.10 percent each year until reaching the ultimate rate of 1.50 percent on January 1, 2028.
- Beginning July 1, 2024, eligibility for the first COLA changes to normal retirement age (age 65 to 66, depending on date of birth). However, members who retire under Rule of 90 and members who are at least age 62 with 30 years of service credit, are exempt.
- The COLA trigger provision, which would have increased the COLA to 2.50 percent if the funded ratio was at least 90.00 percent for two consecutive years, was eliminated.
- Augmentation in the early retirement reduction factors is phased out over a five-year period beginning July 1, 2019 and ending June 30, 2024 (this reduces early retirement benefits). Members who retire and are at least age 62 with 30 years of service are exempt.
- Augmentation on deferred benefits will be reduced to zero percent beginning July 1, 2019. Interest payable on refunds to members was reduced from 4.00 percent to 3.00 percent, effective July 1, 2018. Interest due on payments and purchases from members, employers is reduced from 8.50 percent to 7.50 percent, effective July 1, 2018.
- The employer contribution rate is increased each July 1 over the next six years, (7.71 percent in 2018, 7.92 percent in 2019, 8.13 percent in 2020, 8.34 percent in 2021, 8.55 percent in 2022, and 8.75 percent in 2023). In addition, the employee contribution rate will increase from 7.50 percent to 7.75 percent on July 1, 2023. The state provides funding for the higher employer contribution rate through an adjustment in the school aid formula.
- The single discount rate changed from 5.12 percent to 7.50 percent.

- The COLA was assumed to increase from 2.00 percent annually to 2.50 percent annually on July 1, 2045.
- The COLA was not assumed to increase to 2.50 percent, but remain at 2.00 percent for all future years.
- Adjustments were made to the CSA loads. The active load was reduced from 1.40 percent to zero percent, the vested inactive load increased from 4.00 percent to 7.00 percent, and the nonvested inactive load increased from 4.00 percent to 9.00 percent.
- The investment return assumption was changed from 8.00 percent to 7.50 percent.
- The price inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75 percent to 2.50 percent.
- The payroll growth assumption was lowered from 3.50 percent to 3.00 percent.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information (continued) June 30, 2020

TEACHERS RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION (TRA) (CONTINUED)

2017 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

- The general wage growth assumption was lowered from 3.50 percent to 2.85 percent for 10 years, followed by 3.25 percent thereafter.
- The salary increase assumption was adjusted to reflect the changes in the general wage growth assumption.
- The single discount rate changed from 4.66 percent to 5.12 percent.

2016 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

• The single discount rate was changed from 8.00 percent to 4.66 percent.

2015 CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS

• The Duluth Teachers Retirement Fund Association was merged into the TRA on June 30, 2015.

- The annual COLA for the June 30, 2015 valuation assumed 2.00 percent. The prior year valuation used 2.00 percent, with an increase to 2.50 percent commencing in 2034.
- The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.00 percent. This is a decrease from the discount rate at the prior measurement date of 8.25 percent.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information (continued) June 30, 2020

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN

2020 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

• The discount rate was changed from 3.60 percent to 3.20 percent.

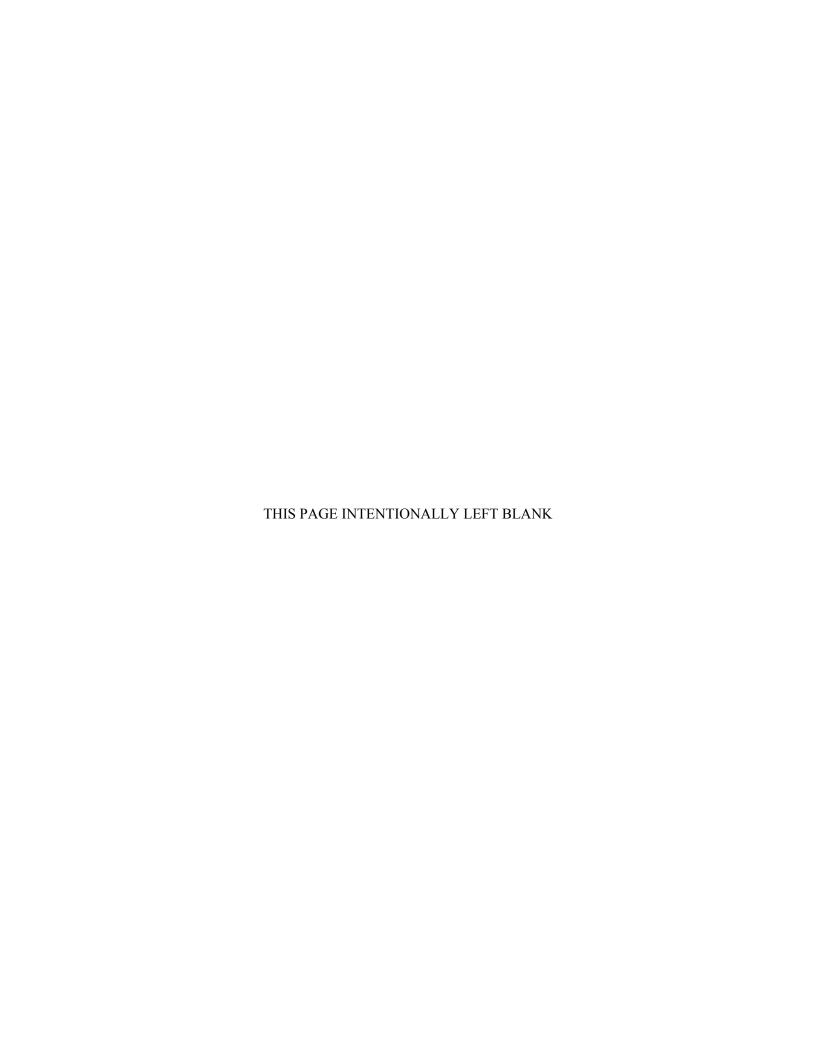
2019 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The discount rate was changed from 3.80 percent to 3.60 percent.
- The healthcare trend rates were changed to better anticipate short-term and long-term medical increases.
- The mortality tables were updated from the RP-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2015 Generational Improvement Scale to the RP-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2017 Generational Improvement Scale.

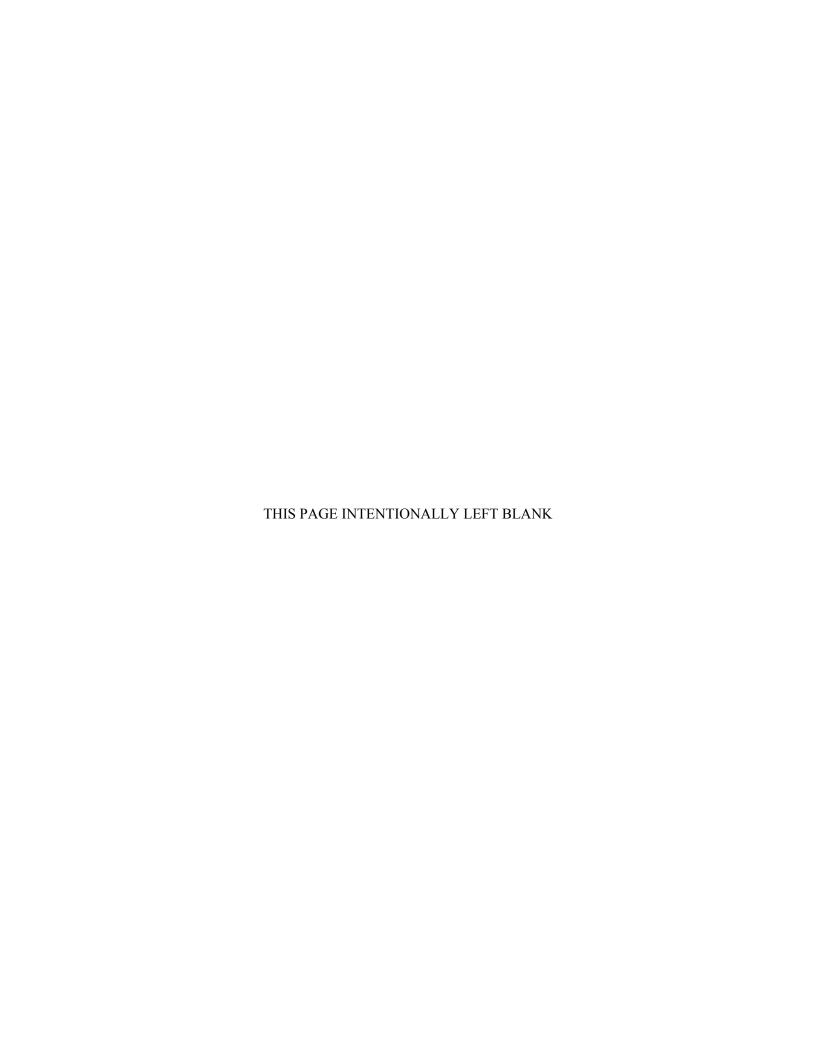
2018 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

• The discount rate was changed from 3.50 percent to 3.80 percent.

- The healthcare trend rates were changed to better anticipate short-term and long-term medical increases.
- The mortality table was updated from RP-2000 projected to 2014 with Scale BB to the RP-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2015 Generational Improvement Scale.
- The withdrawal table for all employees and retirement tables for only employees eligible to retire with Rule of 90 also were updated.
- The discount rate was changed from 4.00 percent to 3.50 percent.
- The percentage of future teachers who are assumed to continue medical coverage after retirement was reduced from 70.00 percent to 60.00 percent.







GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental fund reporting focuses primarily on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources and often has a budgetary orientation. The governmental fund category for the District includes the General Fund, Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund, Debt Service Fund, Food Service Special Revenue Fund, and Community Service Special Revenue Fund.

The statements and schedules that follow are to provide further detail and support additional analysis for the District's major and nonmajor governmental funds.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2020

	•	Co	ommunity			
	Fo	Food Service				Total
Assets	•	04 -				264.420
Cash and temporary investments	\$	55,016	\$	309,413	\$	364,429
Receivables						
Current taxes		_		327,270		327,270
Delinquent taxes		_		6,507		6,507
Accounts and interest		627		4,164		4,791
Due from other governmental units		81,941		64,548		146,489
Inventory		58,658		_		58,658
Prepaid items				102		102
Total assets	\$	196,242	\$	712,004	\$	908,246
Liabilities						
Salaries payable	\$	12,274	\$	24,827	\$	37,101
Accounts and contracts payable		9,098		21,677		30,775
Unearned revenue		95,084		166,224		261,308
Total liabilities		116,456		212,728		329,184
Deferred inflows of resources						
Property taxes levied for subsequent year		_		484,189		484,189
Unavailable revenue – delinquent taxes		_		6,274		6,274
Total deferred inflows of resources		_		490,463		490,463
Fund balances						
Nonspendable		58,658		102		58,760
Restricted		21,128		8,711		29,839
Total fund balances		79,786		8,813		88,599
		·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·
Total liabilities, deferred inflows	ø	106 242	¢	712.004	¢	000 246
of resources, and fund balances	\$	196,242	\$	712,004	\$	908,246

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Special Rev		
		Community	
	Food Service	Service	Total
Revenue			
Local sources			
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ 487,365	\$ 487,365
Other	837,319	1,869,021	2,706,340
State sources	140,001	596,591	736,592
Federal sources	1,508,006	_	1,508,006
Total revenue	2,485,326	2,952,977	5,438,303
Expenditures			
Current			
Food service	2,740,456	_	2,740,456
Community service	_	3,527,781	3,527,781
Capital outlay	2,430	9,397	11,827
Total expenditures	2,742,886	3,537,178	6,280,064
Excess (deficiency) of revenue			
over expenditures	(257,560)	(584,201)	(841,761)
Other financing sources			
Transfers in	250,000	548,625	798,625
Net change in fund balances	(7,560)	(35,576)	(43,136)
Fund balances			
Beginning of year	87,346	44,389	131,735
End of year	\$ 79,786	\$ 8,813	\$ 88,599

General Fund Comparative Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2020 and 2019

		2020		2019
Assets				
Cash and temporary investments	\$	25,149,702	\$	27,313,388
Receivables	*	,_,_,,	*	_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Current taxes		8,648,451		6,939,453
Delinquent taxes		155,992		96,839
Accounts and interest		246,946		524,396
Due from other governmental units		6,950,619		7,981,418
Due from other funds		_		66,192
Inventory		40,748		40,748
Prepaid items		174,958		295,176
•				
Total assets	\$	41,367,416	\$	43,257,610
Liabilities				
Salaries payable	\$	261,109	\$	155,365
Accounts and contracts payable		955,083		1,578,007
Due to other governmental units		272,375		344,011
Unearned revenue		15,658		15,018
Total liabilities		1,504,225		2,092,401
Deferred inflows of resources				
Property taxes levied for subsequent year		11,885,584		11,112,672
Unavailable revenue – delinquent taxes		150,157		89,021
Total deferred inflows of resources		12,035,741		11,201,693
Fund balances				
Nonspendable for inventory		40,748		40,748
Nonspendable for prepaid items		174,958		295,176
Restricted for scholarships		131,890		_
Restricted for capital projects levy		144,019		_
Restricted for operating capital		1,050,078		216,002
Restricted for achievement and integration		29,701		_
Restricted for safe schools levy		228,913		_
Restricted for long-term facilities maintenance		_		982,872
Restricted for Medical Assistance		_		70,530
Assigned for Q comp		6,815		198,292
Assigned for capital projects		3,350,000		9,300,000
Assigned for technology		320,000		320,000
Unassigned		22,350,328		18,539,896
Total fund balances		27,827,450		29,963,516
Total liabilities, deferred inflows				
of resources, and fund balances	\$	41,367,416	\$	43,257,610

General Fund

Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual

Year Ended June 30, 2020

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2019)

	2020			2019
			Over (Under)	
	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual
Revenue				
Local sources				
Property taxes	\$ 12,147,190	\$ 12,036,321	\$ (110,869)	\$ 11,508,891
Investment earnings	500,000	630,406	130,406	874,218
Other	1,056,200	1,021,900	(34,300)	1,768,775
State sources	56,535,970	56,838,152	302,182	53,743,035
Federal sources	1,758,557	1,908,947	150,390	1,858,092
Total revenue	71,997,917	72,435,726	437,809	69,753,011
Expenditures				
Current				
Administration				
Salaries	1,624,356	1,624,848	492	1,578,201
Employee benefits	447,581	449,460	1,879	444,249
Purchased services	65,100	23,021	(42,079)	30,528
Supplies and materials	22,550	12,531	(10,019)	12,165
Capital expenditures	_	_	_	153
Other expenditures	46,750	44,000	(2,750)	50,311
Total administration	2,206,337	2,153,860	(52,477)	2,115,607
District support services				
Salaries	1,377,244	1,408,775	31,531	1,469,261
Employee benefits	436,559	450,028	13,469	427,849
Purchased services	672,906	451,484	(221,422)	585,577
Supplies and materials	87,241	151,364	64,123	131,205
Capital expenditures	74,500	84,904	10,404	15,967
Other expenditures	11,250	(15,836)	(27,086)	25,042
Total district support services	2,659,700	2,530,719	(128,981)	2,654,901
Elementary and secondary regular				
instruction				
Salaries	21,896,087	21,513,332	(382,755)	20,105,554
Employee benefits	6,563,826	6,503,512	(60,314)	6,154,163
Purchased services	712,177	1,133,804	421,627	1,484,472
Supplies and materials	829,768	911,779	82,011	1,234,194
Capital expenditures	145,271	213,459	68,188	113,154
Other expenditures	153,065	167,374	14,309	147,804
Total elementary and secondary				
regular instruction	30,300,194	30,443,260	143,066	29,239,341

-73-

General Fund

Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (continued) Year Ended June 30, 2020

	2020			2019	
			Over (Under)		
	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	
Expenditures (continued)					
Current (continued)					
Vocational education instruction					
Salaries	242,476	227,387	(15,089)	365,219	
Employee benefits	80,979	71,687	(9,292)	119,692	
Purchased services	42,600	86,963	44,363	45,476	
Supplies and materials	11,550	14,594	3,044	15,693	
Other expenditures	2,700	12,452	9,752	9,874	
Total vocational education instruction	380,305	413,083	32,778	555,954	
Special education instruction					
Salaries	7,298,124	7,472,741	174,617	6,430,162	
Employee benefits	2,501,509	2,464,981	(36,528)	2,154,792	
Purchased services	1,070,813	1,347,181	276,368	1,338,054	
Supplies and materials	98,700	91,698	(7,002)	138,426	
Capital expenditures	500	6,270	5,770	_	
Other expenditures	36,000	42,586	6,586	38,605	
Total special education instruction	11,005,646	11,425,457	419,811	10,100,039	
Community service					
Salaries	70,000	107,102	37,102	47,450	
Employee benefits	15,000	31,605	16,605	6,619	
Total community service	85,000	138,707	53,707	54,069	
Instructional support services					
Salaries	2,864,224	3,286,329	422,105	3,506,441	
Employee benefits	867,091	915,846	48,755	924,486	
Purchased services	817,409	766,227	(51,182)	511,046	
Supplies and materials	367,213	518,424	151,211	616,941	
Capital expenditures	287,324	243,420	(43,904)	222,853	
Other expenditures	28,600	55,513	26,913	85,882	
Total instructional support services	5,231,861	5,785,759	553,898	5,867,649	
Pupil support services					
Salaries	2,089,495	1,807,272	(282,223)	1,487,132	
Employee benefits	683,463	598,455	(85,008)	477,698	
Purchased services	5,530,202	5,419,005	(111,197)	4,913,357	
Supplies and materials	37,800	155,015	117,215	121,405	
Capital expenditures	500	_	(500)	159	
Other expenditures	7,750	9,483	1,733	7,478	
Total pupil support services	8,349,210	7,989,230	(359,980)	7,007,229	

General Fund

Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (continued) Year Ended June 30, 2020

	2020			2019
			Over (Under)	
	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual
E				
Expenditures (continued) Current (continued)				
Sites and buildings				
Salaries	1 902 290	1 747 202	(56,097)	1 610 142
Employee benefits	1,803,289 591,129	1,747,202 592,901	(56,087) 1,772	1,619,143 537,556
Purchased services	2,510,070	2,854,899	344,829	3,289,834
Supplies and materials	2,310,070	367,077	93,277	378,008
Capital expenditures	10,574,120	6,566,307	(4,007,813)	4,445,363
Other expenditures	26,500	17,991	(8,509)	13,516
Total sites and buildings	15,778,908	12,146,377	(3,632,531)	10,283,420
Total sites and buildings	13,778,908	12,140,377	(3,032,331)	10,283,420
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs				
Purchased services	300,000	237,400	(62,600)	216,825
Other expenditures	50,000	61,387	11,387	
Total fiscal and other fixed	30,000	01,507	11,507	
cost programs	350,000	298,787	(51,213)	216,825
voor programs	220,000	_,,,,,,,	(61,215)	210,020
Debt service				
Principal	943,309	531,885	(411,424)	907,077
Interest and fiscal charges	62,417	62,416	(1)	75,298
Total debt service	1,005,726	594,301	(411,425)	982,375
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total expenditures	77,352,887	73,919,540	(3,433,347)	69,077,409
•				
Excess (deficiency) of revenue				
over expenditures	(5,354,970)	(1,483,814)	3,871,156	675,602
Other financing sources (uses)				
Sale of capital assets	_	1,000	1,000	22,609
Transfers (out)	(475,000)	(798,625)	(323,625)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(475,000)	(797,625)	(322,625)	22,609
X	* (* 0 0 0 0 0 0)	(2.201.420)	A 2 5 40 524	600.011
Net change in fund balances	\$ (5,829,970)	(2,281,439)	\$ 3,548,531	698,211
T				
Fund balances		20.062.516		20.265.205
Beginning of year, as previously reported		29,963,516		29,265,305
Change in accounting principle		145,373		-
Beginning of year, as restated		30,108,889		29,265,305
End of year		\$ 27 827 450		\$ 20,062,516
Elia di yeai		\$ 27,827,450		\$ 29,963,516

Food Service Special Revenue Fund Comparative Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019
Assets		
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 55,016	\$ -
Receivables		
Accounts and interest	627	1,035
Due from other governmental units	81,941	237,943
Inventory	58,658	20,140
Total assets	\$ 196,242	\$ 259,118
Liabilities		
Salaries payable	\$ 12,274	\$ 33,125
Accounts and contracts payable	9,098	10,175
Due to other governmental units	_	235
Due to other funds	_	66,192
Unearned revenue	95,084	62,045
Total liabilities	116,456	171,772
Fund balances		
Nonspendable for inventory	58,658	20,140
Restricted for food service	21,128	67,206
Total fund balances	79,786	87,346
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 196,242	\$ 259,118

Food Service Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual

Year Ended June 30, 2020

	2020			2019
			Over (Under)	
	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual
Revenue				
Local sources				
Investment earnings	\$ 5,000	\$ -	\$ (5,000)	\$ 5,200
Other – primarily meal sales	1,313,208	837,319	(475,889)	1,142,125
State sources	175,000	140,001	(34,999)	167,331
Federal sources	1,256,792	1,508,006	251,214	1,537,900
Total revenue	2,750,000	2,485,326	(264,674)	2,852,556
Expenditures				
Current				
Salaries	914,785	993,250	78,465	1,016,804
Employee benefits	230,438	277,546	47,108	268,666
Purchased services	265,500	217,679	(47,821)	256,273
Supplies and materials	1,564,277	1,240,907	(323,370)	1,554,750
Other expenditures	10,000	11,074	1,074	9,607
Capital outlay	15,000	2,430	(12,570)	61,184
Total expenditures	3,000,000	2,742,886	(257,114)	3,167,284
Excess (deficiency) of revenue				
over expenditures	(250,000)	(257,560)	(7,560)	(314,728)
Other financing sources				
Sale of capital assets	_	_	_	2,575
Transfers in	250,000	250,000		
Total other financing sources	250,000	250,000		2,575
Net change in fund balances	\$	(7,560)	\$ (7,560)	(312,153)
Fund balances				
Beginning of year		87,346		399,499
End of year		\$ 79,786		\$ 87,346

Community Service Special Revenue Fund Comparative Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019
Assets		
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 309,4	\$ 317,210
Receivables		
Current taxes	327,2	270 283,021
Delinquent taxes	6,5	507 4,253
Accounts and interest	4,1	164 57,632
Due from other governmental units	64,5	548 65,464
Prepaid items	1	102 535
Total assets	\$ 712,0	\$ 728,115
Liabilities		
Salaries payable	\$ 24,8	827 \$ 68,496
Accounts and contracts payable	21,6	36,650
Due to other governmental units		- 2,625
Unearned revenue	166,2	
Total liabilities	212,7	728 188,816
Deferred inflows of resources		
Property taxes levied for subsequent year	484,1	189 491,052
Unavailable revenue – delinquent taxes	6,2	3,858
Total deferred inflows of resources	490,4	494,910
Fund balances		
Nonspendable for prepaid items	1	102 535
Restricted for community education programs		- 33,181
Restricted for school readiness	1,8	331 4,516
Restricted for community service	6,8	6,157
Total fund balances	8,8	813 44,389
Total liabilities, deferred inflows		
of resources, and fund balances	\$ 712,0	004 \$ 728,115

Community Service Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual

Year Ended June 30, 2020

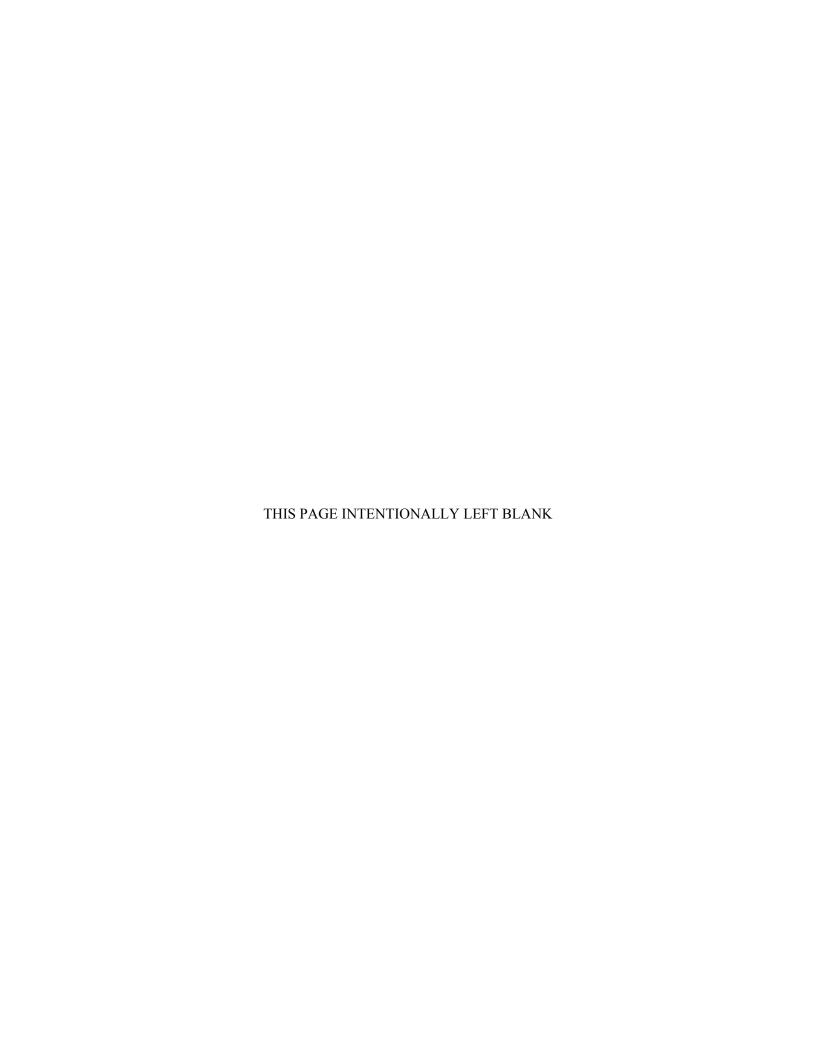
		2020		2019
			Over (Under)	
	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual
Revenue				
Local sources				
Property taxes	\$ 489,620	\$ 487,365	\$ (2,255)	\$ 482,768
Investment earnings	3,000	_	(3,000)	7,681
Other – primarily tuition and fees	2,057,137	1,869,021	(188,116)	2,568,685
State sources	575,243	596,591	21,348	531,861
Total revenue	3,125,000	2,952,977	(172,023)	3,590,995
Expenditures				
Current				
Salaries	2,325,992	2,450,014	124,022	2,478,340
Employee benefits	794,666	822,346	27,680	796,317
Purchased services	110,350	137,253	26,903	249,340
Supplies and materials	103,302	116,073	12,771	147,787
Other expenditures	4,190	2,095	(2,095)	2,564
Capital outlay	11,500	9,397	(2,103)	35,668
Total expenditures	3,350,000	3,537,178	187,178	3,710,016
Excess (deficiency) of revenue				
over expenditures	(225,000)	(584,201)	(359,201)	(119,021)
Other financing sources				
Sale of capital assets	_	_	_	2,850
Transfers in	225,000	548,625	323,625	
Total other financing sources	225,000	548,625	323,625	2,850
Net change in fund balances	\$	(35,576)	\$ (35,576)	(116,171)
Fund balances				
Beginning of year		44,389		160,560
End of year		\$ 8,813		\$ 44,389

Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund Comparative Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020	 2019
Assets Cash and temporary investments Receivables	\$ 432,728	\$ 1,604,735
Accounts and interest	_	 2,700
Total assets	\$ 432,728	\$ 1,607,435
Liabilities Accounts and contracts payable	\$ 15,472	\$ 455,603
Fund balances Restricted for capital projects	417,256	1,151,832
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 432,728	\$ 1,607,435

Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund Comparative Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020			2019	
Revenue					
Local sources					
Investment earnings	\$	13,525	\$	148,198	
Expenditures					
Capital outlay					
Salaries		1,161		12,638	
Employee benefits		89		1,415	
Purchased services		341,188		1,829,550	
Supplies and materials		70		107,353	
Capital expenditures		405,593		10,657,126	
Total expenditures		748,101		12,608,082	
Net change in fund balances		(734,576)		(12,459,884)	
Fund balances					
Beginning of year		1,151,832		13,611,716	
End of year	\$	417,256	\$	1,151,832	



Debt Service Fund Balance Sheet by Account as of June 30, 2020 (With Comparative Totals as of June 30, 2019)

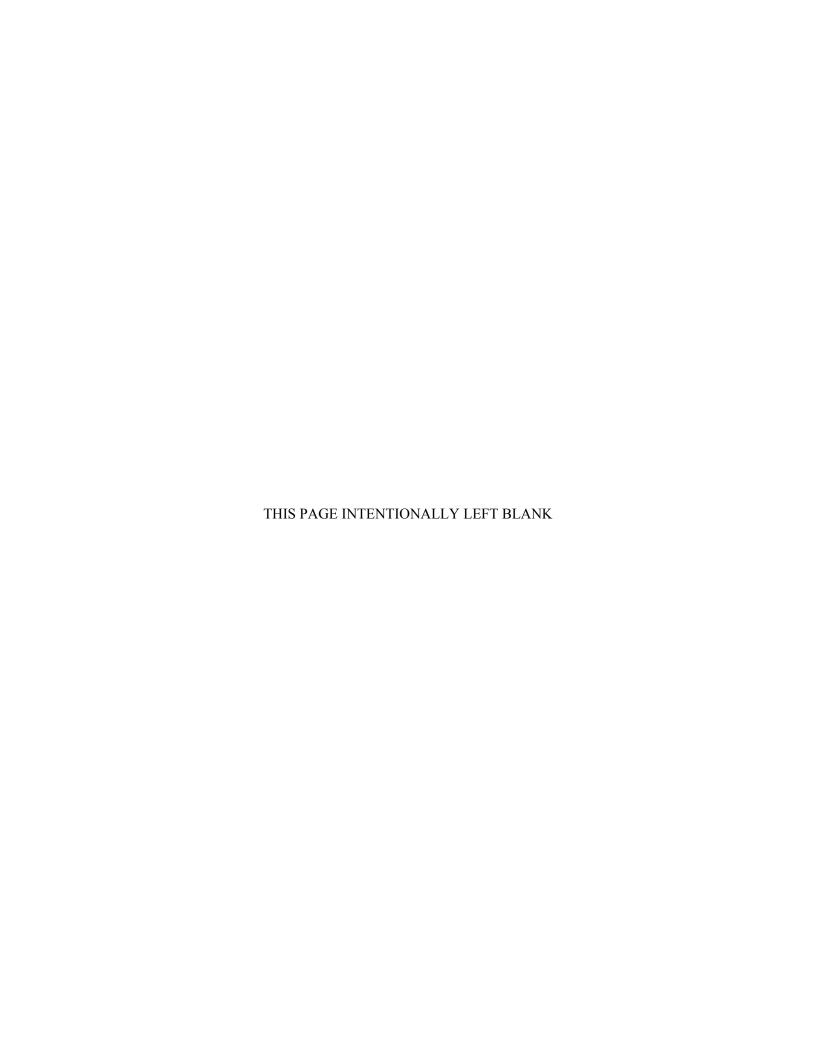
		Regular		OPEB				
	D	ebt Service	D	ebt Service		То	tals	
		Account		Account		2020		2019
Assets								
Cash and temporary investments	\$	5,710,809	\$	524,030	\$	6,234,839	\$	7,224,005
Receivables	*	- , ,	,	, , , , , ,	•	-, - ,	•	, , , ,
Current taxes		6,677,827		614,091		7,291,918		6,262,531
Delinquent taxes		136,037		12,151		148,188		93,392
Due from other governmental units		17,373				17,373		14,748
Total assets	\$	12,542,046	\$	1,150,272	\$	13,692,318	\$	13,594,676
Liabilities								
Accounts and contracts payable	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	5,125
Deferred inflows of resources								
Property taxes levied for subsequent year		9,879,708		908,535		10,788,243		10,901,110
Unavailable revenue – delinquent taxes		131,329		11,729		143,058		89,246
Total deferred inflows of resources		10,011,037		920,264		10,931,301		10,990,356
Fund balances								
Restricted for debt service		2,531,009		230,008		2,761,017		2,599,195
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of								
resources, and fund balances	\$	12,542,046	\$	1,150,272	\$	13,692,318	\$	13,594,676

Debt Service Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances by Account Budget and Actual

Year Ended June 30, 2020

			2020
			Actual
		Regular	OPEB
		Debt Service	Debt Service
	Budget	Account	Account
Revenue			
Local sources			
Property taxes	\$ 10,876,346	\$ 9,906,045	\$ 912,725
Investment earnings	105,000	106,572	12,956
State sources	177,350	173,727	
Total revenue	11,158,696	10,186,344	925,681
Expenditures			
Debt service			
Principal	6,365,000	5,610,000	755,000
Interest	4,582,003	4,433,200	148,803
Fiscal charges and other	3,000	3,200	_
Total expenditures	10,950,003	10,046,400	903,803
Excess (deficiency) of revenue			
over expenditures	208,693	139,944	21,878
Other financing sources (uses)			
Refunding debt issued	_	_	_
Payments to refunded bond escrow agent	_	_	_
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	_	_
Net change in fund balances	\$ 208,693	139,944	21,878
Fund balances			
Beginning of year		2,391,065	208,130
End of year		\$ 2,531,009	\$ 230,008

		2019
Total	Over (Under) Budget	Actual
\$ 10,818,770 119,528 173,727 11,112,025	\$ (57,576) 14,528 (3,623) (46,671)	\$ 10,846,235 181,744 157,115 11,185,094
6,365,000 4,582,003 3,200 10,950,203	200 200	6,070,000 4,884,263 61,532 11,015,795
161,822	(46,871)	169,299
		3,770,000 (3,730,000) 40,000
161,822	\$ (46,871)	209,299
2,599,195 \$ 2,761,017	_	2,389,896 \$ 2,599,195



INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods and services provided by one department or agency of a government to other departments or agencies on a cost-reimbursement basis. The District maintains two internal service funds. These funds are used to account for the District's self-insured health and dental benefits insurance activities.

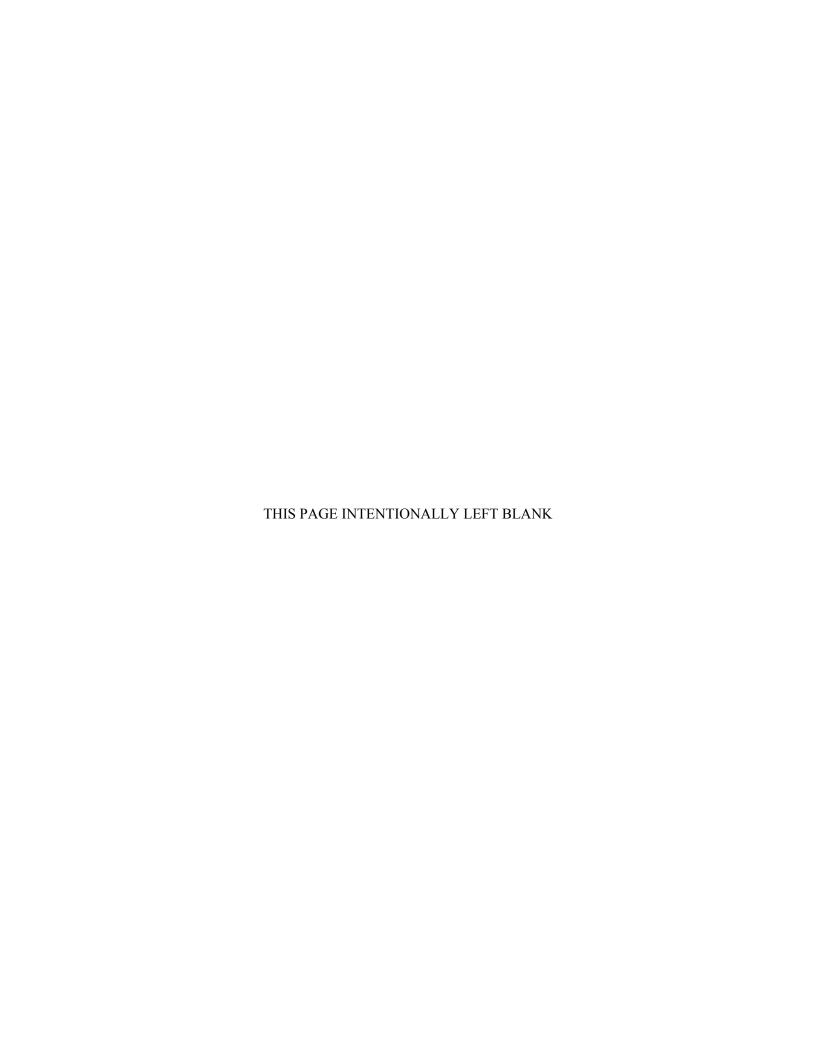
The statements that follow are to provide further detail and support additional analysis for the District's internal service funds.

Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2020 (With Comparative Totals as of June 30, 2019)

	He	alth Benefits		Dental	Totals				
	Se	lf-Insurance	Sel	f-Insurance		2020		2019	
Assets									
Current assets									
Cash and temporary investments	\$	5,344,550	\$	364,797	\$	5,709,347	\$	4,366,742	
Receivables									
Accounts and interest		6,844		5,599		12,443		13,023	
Due from other funds		6,260		1,284		7,544		18,230	
Total current assets		5,357,654		371,680		5,729,334		4,397,995	
Liabilities									
Current liabilities									
Claims incurred, but not reported		310,745		23,282		334,027		372,385	
Net position									
Unrestricted	\$	5,046,909	\$	348,398	\$	5,395,307	\$	4,025,610	

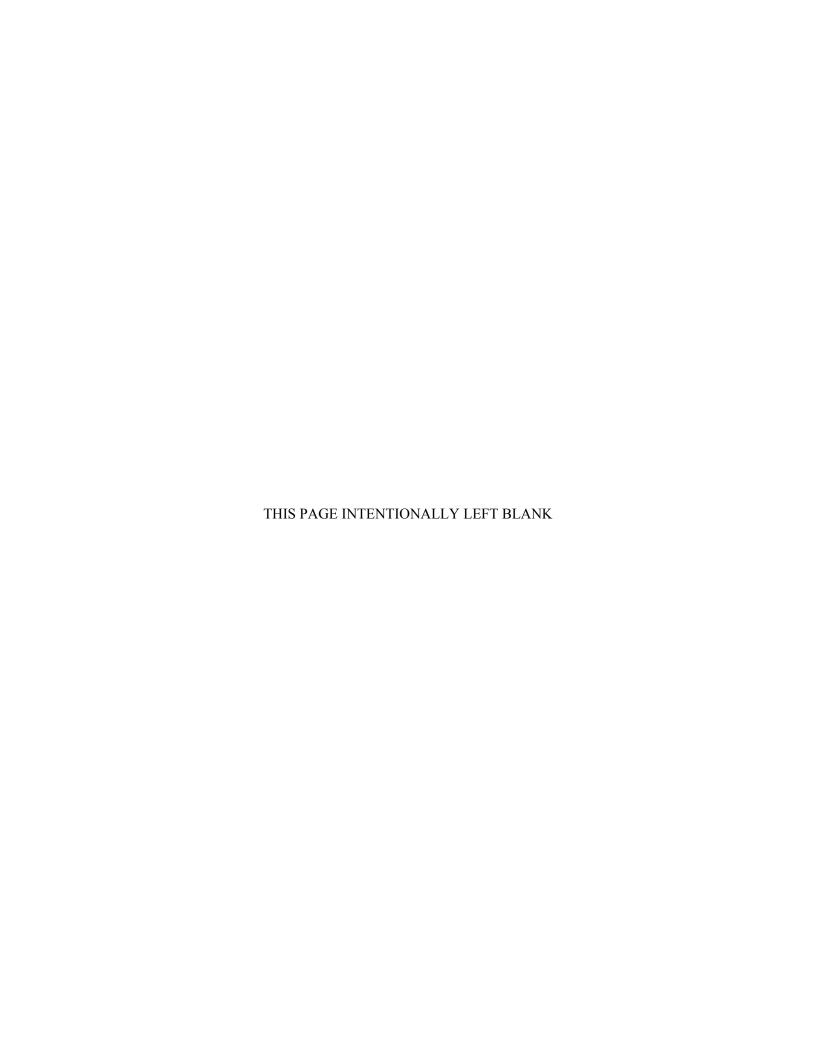
Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2020 (With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended June 30, 2019)

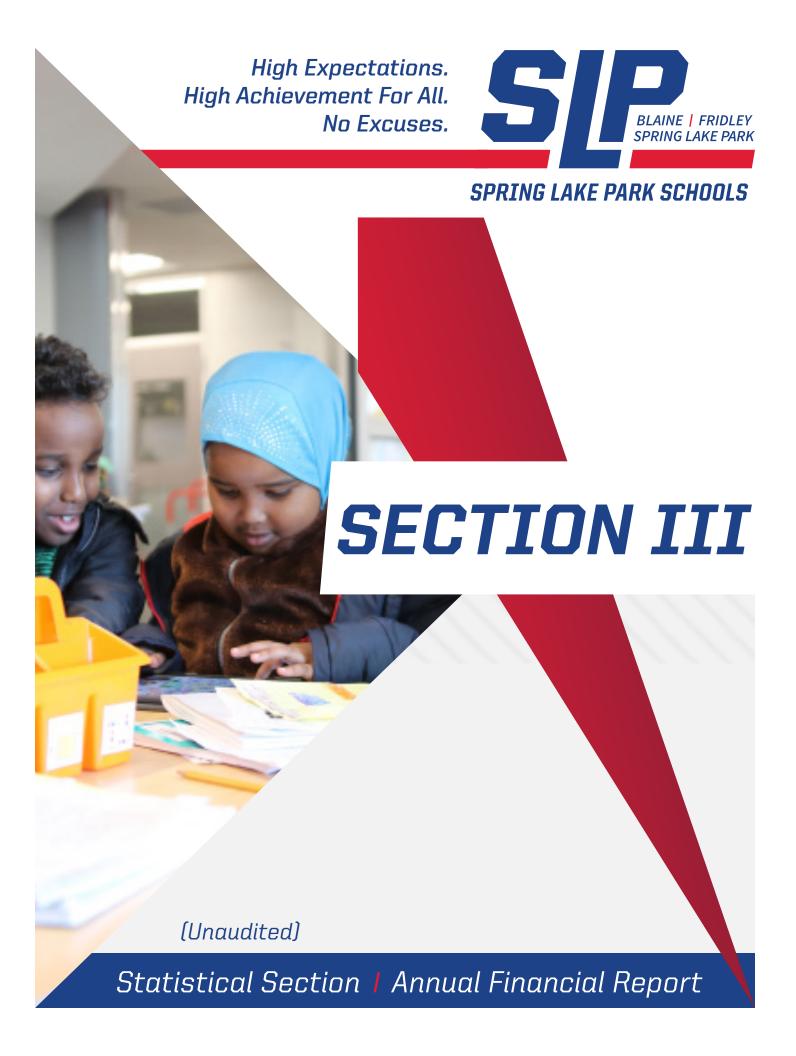
	Hea	alth Benefits	Dental		 То	otals	
	Self-Insurance Self-Insura		f-Insurance	2020		2019	
Operating revenue Charges for services Contributions from governmental funds	\$	5,554,573	\$	487,009	\$ 6,041,582	\$	5,786,618
Operating expenses							
Health benefit claims		4,330,449		_	4,330,449		4,231,405
Dental benefit claims		_		432,879	432,879		443,002
Total operating expenses		4,330,449		432,879	4,763,328		4,674,407
Operating income		1,224,124		54,130	1,278,254		1,112,211
Nonoperating revenue							
Investment earnings		85,592		5,851	91,443		90,164
Change in net position		1,309,716		59,981	1,369,697		1,202,375
Net position							
Beginning of year		3,737,193		288,417	4,025,610		2,823,235
End of year	\$	5,046,909	\$	348,398	\$ 5,395,307	\$	4,025,610



Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Не	alth Benefits		Dental	То	tal	
	Se	lf-Insurance	Sel	f-Insurance	2020		2019
Cash flows from operating activities Contributions from governmental funds Payment for health claims	\$	5,566,019 (4,368,744)	\$	486,829	\$ 6,052,848 (4,368,744)	\$	5,810,521 (4,098,028)
Payment for dental claims Net cash flows from operating activities		1,197,275		(432,942) 53,887	 (432,942) 1,251,162		(445,914) 1,266,579
Cash flows from investing activities Investment earnings received		85,592		5,851	91,443		90,164
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		1,282,867		59,738	1,342,605		1,356,743
Cash and cash equivalents Beginning of year		4,061,683		305,059	4,366,742		3,009,999
End of year	\$	5,344,550	\$	364,797	\$ 5,709,347	\$	4,366,742
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash flows from operating activities Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash flows from operating activities Changes in assets and liabilities	\$	1,224,124	\$	54,130	\$ 1,278,254	\$	1,112,211
Accounts and interest receivable		1,606		(1,026)	580		2,009
Due from other funds Claims incurred, but not reported		9,840 (38,295)		846 (63)	10,686 (38,358)		21,894 130,465
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$	1,197,275	\$	53,887	\$ 1,251,162	\$	1,266,579





STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

This section of Independent School District No. 16's (the District) comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the District's overall financial health.

Contents

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the District's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the District's most significant local revenue source – property taxes.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the District's current levels of outstanding debt and the District's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the District's financial activities take place.

Operating Indicators

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the District's financial statements relates to the services the District provides, and the activities it performs.

Source: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the District's CAFR for the relevant year.

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

				Fiscal Year
	2011	 2012	2013	2014
Governmental activities				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 4,598,728	\$ 3,242,963	\$ 3,227,368	\$ 8,940,408
Restricted	1,436,954	1,504,512	1,495,340	1,953,196
Unrestricted	(474,216)	4,032,799	8,403,472	 11,267,479
Total governmental activities				
net position	\$ 5,561,466	\$ 8,780,274	\$ 13,126,180	\$ 22,161,083

Note 1: The District implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in fiscal 2015. The District reported a change in accounting principle as a result of implementing this standard that decreased unrestricted net position by approximately \$33.5 million. Prior years were not restated.

Note 2: The District implemented GASB Statement Nos. 74 and 75 in fiscal 2017. The District reported a change in accounting principle as a result of implementing these standards that decreased net position by approximately \$2.3 million. Prior years were not restated.

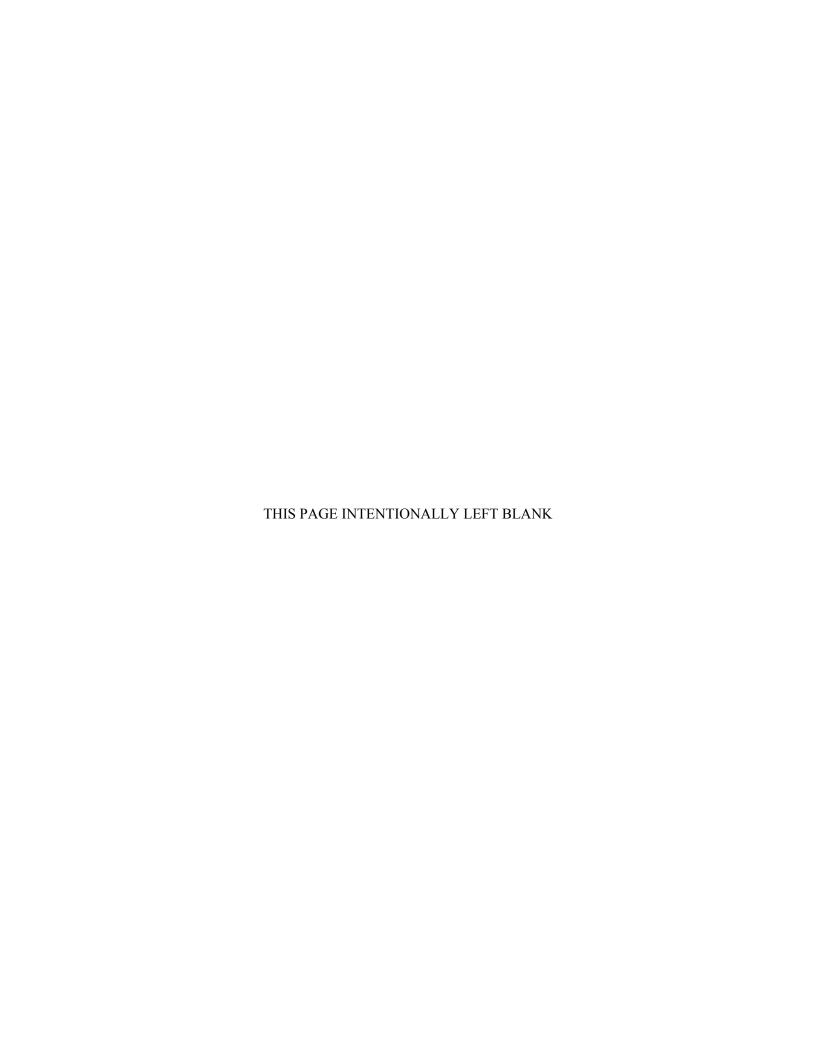
Note 3: The District implemented GASB Statement No. 84 in fiscal 2020. The District reported a change in accounting principle as a result of implementing this standard that increased net position by \$145,373. Prior years were not restated.

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
\$ 12,151,342 1,397,239 (17,216,760)	\$ 12,651,203 1,892,627 (11,365,538)	\$ 17,675,160 2,084,364 (26,911,390)	\$ 23,079,326 1,662,151 (37,385,673)	\$ 25,541,727 2,158,339 (21,719,496)	\$ 30,595,571 2,804,025 (26,082,751)
\$ (3,668,179)	\$ 3,178,292	\$ (7,151,866)	\$ (12,644,196)	\$ 5,980,570	\$ 7,316,845

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	201	1	2012	2	201	3	Fiscal Yea 2014		
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	
Governmental activities									
Expenses									
Administration	\$ 2,270,995	3.8 %	\$ 2,121,139	3.5 %	\$ 2,267,774	3.6 %	\$ 2,443,292	3.9 %	
District support services	1,917,069	3.2	1,915,141	3.1	1,802,058	2.8	2,950,163	4.7	
Elementary and secondary	1,717,007	3.2	1,,,10,111	2.1	1,002,000	2.0	2,,,,,,,,	,	
regular instruction	24,321,365	40.3	23,361,045	38.2	25,204,294	39.6	24,386,405	39.2	
Vocational education instruction	972,491	1.6	785,658	1.3	796,322	1.3	801,469	1.3	
Special education instruction	7,455,967	12.4	8,067,367	13.2	8,311,210	13.1	8,572,352	13.7	
Instructional support services	3,526,360	5.9	4,916,913	8.0	4,646,026	7.3	4,676,092	7.5	
Pupil support services	4,496,255	7.5	4,429,260	7.2	4,544,746	7.3	5,114,047	8.2	
Sites and buildings		6.9		7.2		7.1		3.0	
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs	4,132,180 233,066	0.9	4,318,306 182,492	0.3	4,743,456 190,313	0.3	1,918,958 158,443	0.3	
Food service	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			4.1					
	2,310,024	3.8	2,540,061		2,765,437	4.3	2,892,206	4.6	
Community service	2,848,073	4.7	3,062,562	5.0	3,432,478	5.4	3,567,356	5.7	
Interest and fiscal charges on debt	5,732,273	9.5	5,580,278	9.1	4,953,054	7.8	4,902,942	7.9	
Total governmental activities expenses	60,216,118	100.0 %	61,280,222	100.0 %	63,657,168	100.0 %	62,383,725	100.0 %	
Program revenues									
Charges for services									
Elementary and secondary									
regular instruction	435,767		569,562		523,919		598,363		
Instructional support services					=		=		
Food service	1,055,523		1,082,307		1,105,062		1,117,760		
Community service	1,790,031		2,119,858		2,333,625		2,498,408		
Operating grants and contributions	10,012,509		11,080,073		11,243,596		12,430,780		
Total governmental activities	10,012,507		11,000,073		11,243,370	•	12,430,700	-	
program revenues	13,293,830		14,851,800		15,206,202		16,645,311		
Net (expense) revenue	(46,922,288)		(46,428,422)		(48,450,966)	•	(45,738,414)	•	
rec (expense) revenue	(10,722,200)		(10,120,122)		(10,150,700)		(13,730,111)		
General revenues and other changes in net position									
Taxes									
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	11,631,235		8,681,625		10,014,928		6,200,112		
Property taxes, levied for capital projects	1,431,952		_		_		_		
Property taxes, levied for community									
service	595,866		420,717		458,789		232,962		
Property taxes, levied for debt service	8,313,033		8,530,214		9,274,242		9,469,476		
General grants and aids	26,185,512		31,572,954		32,600,990		38,589,416		
Gain on sale of capital assets	_		=				_		
Other general revenues	603,124		388,928		420,466		546,134		
Investment earnings	25,915		52,792		27,457		7,064		
Total general revenues and other						•		•	
changes in net position	48,786,637		49,647,230		52,796,872		55,045,164	•	
Change in net position	\$ 1,864,349		\$ 3,218,808		\$ 4,345,906	:	\$ 9,306,750	į	

201:	5	2010	6	201	7	2018	3	201	9	2020	0
Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
\$ 2,000,118	3.0 %	\$ 2,142,397	3.0 %	\$ 2,782,494	3.1 %	\$ 2,482,866	2.8 %	\$ 1,721,904	2.6 %	\$ 2,476,836	2.8 %
2,880,485	4.3	2,555,546	3.6	2,778,795	3.1	2,744,469	3.1	2,740,306	2,740,306 4.1		3.1
24,691,702	36.9	27,119,057	38.0	40,848,212	46.1	39,158,924	43.8	20,740,744	31.0	35,062,242	39.8
741,544	1.1	678,090	1.0	1,007,149	1.1	669,085	0.7	447,966	0.7	478,371	0.5
8,545,167	12.8	8,570,155	12.0	11,729,151	13.2	12,124,558	13.5	8,144,461	12.2	12,982,195	14.7
5,935,999	8.9	7,264,022	10.2	6,853,108	7.7	7,057,296	7.9	5,441,358	8.1	6,249,588	7.1
4,971,500	7.4	5,727,763	8.0	6,314,609	7.1	7,328,994	8.2	7,101,894	10.6	8,769,911	10.0
4,537,852	6.8	4,644,930	6.5	4,108,121	4.6	6,625,257	7.4	9,344,210	14.0	8,309,623	9.4
265,168	0.4	179,921	0.3	141,819	0.2	191,039	0.2	216,825	0.3	298,787	0.3
3,225,187	4.8	3,177,702	4.5	3,172,797	3.6	3,115,395	3.5	3,317,699	5.0	3,002,961	3.4
3,441,499	5.1	3,649,195	5.1	4,227,143	4.8	3,767,162	4.2	3,684,307	5.5	4,105,012	4.7
5,650,508	8.5	5,566,543	7.8	4,734,217	5.4	4,179,846	4.7	3,957,733	5.9	3,552,591	4.0
66,886,729	100.0 %	71,275,321	100.0 %	88,697,615	100.0 %	89,444,891	100.0 %	66,859,407	100.0 %	88,033,748	100.0 %
613,638		577,201		668,081		509,632		519,664		298,337	
69,784		43,096		38,861		47,196		54,856		54,522	
1,119,719		1,270,499		1,243,190		1,177,962		1,142,125		837,319	
1,996,289		2,331,487		2,345,615		2,327,001		2,568,685		1,869,021	
12,479,689		12,137,627		13,363,894		13,658,939		13,688,345		14,887,260	
16,279,119		16,359,910		17,659,641		17,720,730		17,973,675		17,946,459	
(50,607,610)		(54,915,411)		(71,037,974)		(71,724,161)		(48,885,732)		(70,087,289)	
9,776,471		9,808,642		9,948,330		10,428,008		11,511,034		12,097,457	
_		_		_		-		_		_	
473,957		380,078		469,990		411,439		482,829		489,781	
9,789,787		10,190,445		9,810,131		11,496,238		10,843,433		10,872,582	
37,569,864		40,359,902		41,682,417		42,121,381		42,143,708		46,293,428	
14,800				, ,		367,463				-,,	
525,899		654,713		680,776		591,075		1,222,289		670,041	
98,240		368,102		434,540		816,227				854,902	
58,249,018		61,761,882		63,026,184		66,231,831		67,510,498	10,498 71,278,191		
\$ 7,641,408		\$ 6,846,471		\$(8,011,790)		\$(5,492,330)		\$18,624,766		\$ 1,190,902	



Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source and Levy Type Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Property Tax

			riopeity rax		
Fiscal Year	General Purposes	Community Service	Capital Projects	Debt Service	Total
2011	\$ 11,631,235	\$ 595,866	\$ 1,431,952	\$ 8,313,033	\$ 21,972,086
2012	8,681,625	420,717	-	8,530,214	17,632,556
2013	10,014,928	458,789	-	9,274,242	19,747,959
2014	6,200,112	232,962	_	9,469,476	15,902,550
2015	9,776,471	473,957	_	9,789,787	20,040,215
2016	9,808,642	380,078	_	10,190,445	20,379,165
2017	9,948,330	469,990	-	9,810,131	20,228,451
2018	10,428,008	411,439	-	11,496,238	22,335,685
2019	11,511,034	482,829	-	10,843,433	22,837,296
2020	12,097,457	489,781	_	10,872,582	23,459,820

Note: The change in "tax shift" as approved in legislation impacted the amount of tax revenue recognized in fiscal years 2011 and 2014. Changes in the amount of revenue recognized due to the tax shift are offset by an adjustment to state aid payments by an equal amount.

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

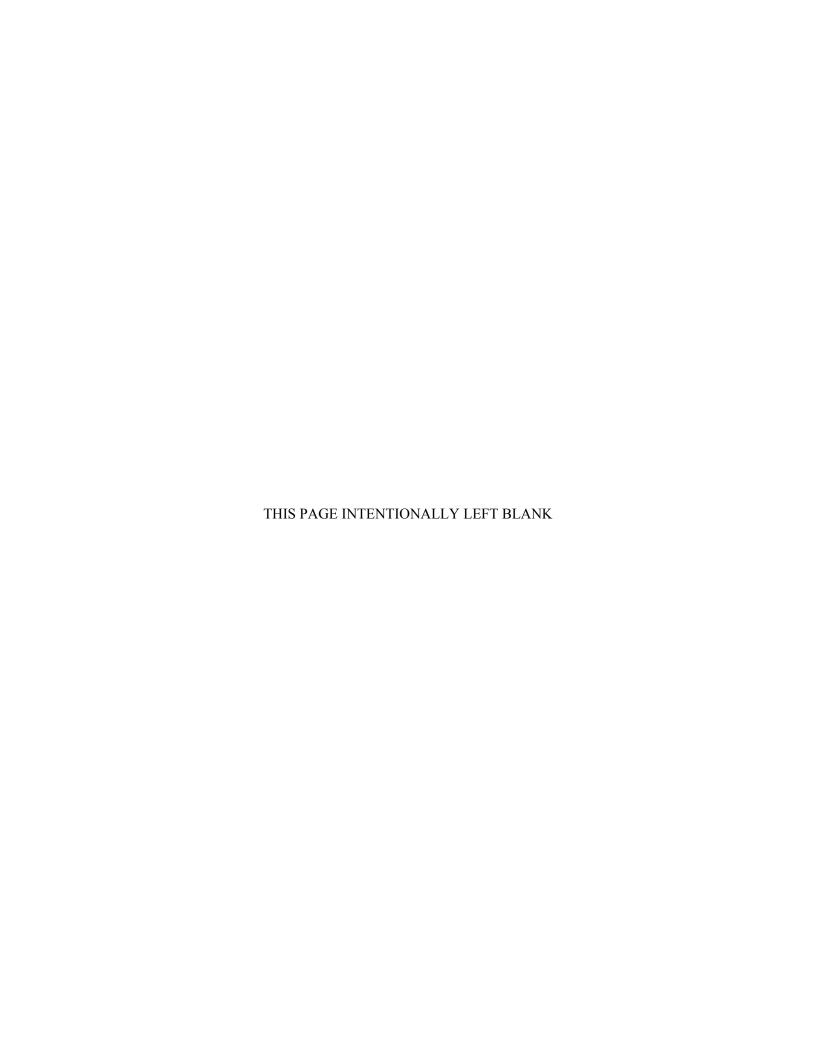
_				Fiscal Year
	2011	2012	 2013	2014
General Fund				
Nonspendable	\$ 142,562	\$ 120,852	\$ 148,460	\$ 126,670
Restricted	846,833	723,751	731,754	1,127,192
Assigned	352,214	1,832,175	2,255,998	3,078,505
Unassigned	 3,811,403	6,558,816	10,829,467	 12,062,267
Total General Fund	\$ 5,153,012	\$ 9,235,594	\$ 13,965,679	\$ 16,394,634
All other governmental funds				
Nonspendable	\$ 24,506	\$ 20,098	\$ 25,861	\$ 22,918
Restricted	12,591,202	12,905,670	4,007,333	2,627,272
Unassigned		_		_
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 12,615,708	\$ 12,925,768	\$ 4,033,194	\$ 2,650,190
Total all governmental funds	\$ 17,768,720	\$ 22,161,362	\$ 17,998,873	\$ 19,044,824

	2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020
\$	240,909	\$	151,183	\$	520,147	\$	461,523	\$	335,924	\$	215,706
	1,020,553		1,036,832		1,458,251		667,020		1,269,404		1,584,601
	3,048,575		5,467,187		6,799,600		8,523,970		9,818,292		3,676,815
	15,521,686		17,508,558		18,589,800		19,612,792		18,539,896		22,350,328
\$	19,831,723	\$	24,163,760	\$	27,367,798	\$	29,265,305	\$	29,963,516	\$	27,827,450
\$	29,327	\$	38,156	\$	151,958	\$	151,813	\$	20,675	\$	58,760
Ψ	44,109,966	Ψ	34,955,763	Ψ	46,412,487	Ψ	16,409,858	Ψ	3,862,087	Ψ	3,208,112
	-		(19,370)		-0,412,407		10,407,030		5,002,007		5,200,112
-			(17,570)								
\$	44,139,293	\$	34,974,549	\$	46,564,445	\$	16,561,671	\$	3,882,762	\$	3,266,872
\$	63,971,016	\$	59,138,309	\$	73,932,243	\$	45,826,976	\$	33,846,278	\$	31,094,322

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

				Fiscal Year
	2011	2012	2013	2014
Revenues				
Local sources				
Taxes	\$ 21,904,980	\$ 17,651,210	\$ 19,822,408	\$ 15,899,333
Investment earnings	25,915	52,792	27,457	7,064
Other	3,884,445	4,160,655	4,383,072	4,760,665
State sources	32,980,484	39,073,061	40,577,574	48,047,812
Federal sources	3,217,537	3,579,966	3,267,012	2,972,384
Total revenues	62,013,361	64,517,684	68,077,523	71,687,258
Expenditures				
Current				
Administration	1,882,778	1,779,488	1,929,576	2,102,120
District support services	1,547,251	1,573,756	1,538,273	2,624,583
Elementary and secondary				
regular instruction	21,348,686	20,959,631	22,898,286	21,997,094
Vocational education instruction	610,909	442,614	466,432	467,331
Special education instruction	7,031,127	7,724,323	7,981,320	8,238,214
Instructional support services	3,479,624	4,581,637	4,311,145	4,332,088
Pupil support services	4,102,890	4,424,288	4,538,906	5,105,645
Sites and buildings	4,120,536	4,458,700	8,497,706	6,295,186
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs	233,066	182,492	190,313	158,443
Food service	1,938,754	2,191,775	2,385,262	2,518,755
Community service	2,399,086	2,648,743	3,035,533	3,145,981
Capital outlay	79,287	41,957	498,539	1,724,273
Debt service	17,201	11,557	170,557	1,721,273
Principal	2,892,713	3,368,869	5,292,142	6,888,713
Interest and fiscal charges	5,829,210	5,849,964	5,666,679	5,053,830
Total expenditures	57,495,917	60,228,237	69,230,112	70,652,256
Total expenditures		00,220,237	07,230,112	70,032,230
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	4,517,444	4,289,447	(1,152,589)	1,035,002
Other financing sources (uses)				
Debt issued	8,795,000	97,094	5,647,100	_
Premium (discount) on debt issued	279,945	_	_	_
Payments to refunded bond escrow agent	_	_	(8,660,000)	_
Sale of capital assets	_	6,101	3,000	10,949
Transfers in	_	_	_	_
Transfers (out)	_	_	_	_
Total other financing sources (uses)	9,074,945	103,195	(3,009,900)	10,949
Net change in fund balances	\$ 13,592,389	\$ 4,392,642	\$ (4,162,489)	\$ 1,045,951
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital				
expenditures	15.3%	15.4%	17.0%	18.6%

2015	2015 2016		2018	2019	2020	
\$ 20,075,118	\$ 20,402,303	\$ 20,299,810	\$ 22,376,353	\$ 22,837,894	\$ 23,342,456	
98,240	367,096	427,299	795,633	1,217,041	763,459	
4,253,881	4,876,996	4,976,523	4,652,866	5,479,585	3,728,240	
46,969,603	49,290,709	50,350,091	52,504,630	54,599,342	57,748,471	
3,079,950	3,206,820	3,244,050	3,290,448	3,395,992	3,416,953	
74,476,792	78,143,924	79,297,773	83,619,930	87,529,854	88,999,579	
1,704,277	1,830,720	1,845,411	1,858,370	2,115,607	2,153,860	
2,579,370	2,327,488	2,336,900	2,547,138			
23,216,153	25,478,678	27,235,887	28,198,408	29,239,341	30,443,260	
432,110	359,630	516,381	497,274	555,954	413,083	
8,401,713	8,340,987	8,524,741	9,114,622	10,100,039	11,425,457	
5,778,405	7,003,629	5,416,062	5,922,473	5,867,649	5,785,759	
4,983,452	5,734,854	5,946,322	6,568,746	7,007,229	7,989,230	
7,032,245	5,512,913	8,020,847	10,796,189	10,283,420	12,146,377	
265,168	179,921	141,819	191,039	216,825	298,787	
2,827,933	2,851,174	2,769,706	2,886,196	3,106,100	2,740,456	
3,079,462	3,295,908	3,336,109	3,230,368	3,728,417	3,666,488	
167,873	45,184	5,919,716	31,072,882	12,704,934	759,928	
5,663,474	5,673,286	6,751,931	7,113,646	6,977,077	6,896,885	
4,975,435	6,906,407	5,946,495	5,025,573	5,021,093	4,647,619	
71,107,070	75,540,779	84,708,327	115,022,924	99,578,586	91,897,908	
3,369,722	2,603,145	(5,410,554)	(31,402,994)	(12,048,732)	(2,898,329)	
36,025,000	29,715,000	63,227,846	856,425	3,770,000	_	
5,596,062	2,394,914	5,897,954	_	_	_	
_	(39,555,000)	(48,942,109)	_	(3,730,000)	_	
14,800	9,234	20,797	2,441,302	28,034	1,000	
(79,392)			_		798,625 (798,625)	
41,556,470	(7,435,852)	20,204,488	3,297,727	68,034	1,000	
\$ 44,926,192	\$ (4,832,707)	\$ 14,793,934	\$ (28,105,267)	\$ (11,980,698)	\$ (2,897,329)	
		<u> </u>				
15.6%	17.0%	17.0%	15.4%	14.1%	13.5%	



General Governmental Tax Revenues by Source and Levy Type Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Property Tax

			1 topicity Tax											
		Co	mmunity	Capi	tal Projects –									
	Fiscal			Servi	ice Special	_]	Building		Debt	(OPEB			
	Year	G	eneral Fund		enue Fund	Cons	truction Fund	Sei	Service Fund		Debt Service		Total	
	2011	\$	11,609,045	\$	595,008	\$	1,431,952	\$	7,976,418	\$	292,557	\$	21,904,980	
	2012		8,698,528		421,033		_		8,238,829		292,820		17,651,210	
	2013		10,052,990		460,335		_		9,001,555		307,528		19,822,408	
	2014		6,197,170		233,069		_		9,162,019		307,075		15,899,333	
	2015		9,797,077		474,725		_		9,382,781		420,535		20,075,118	
	2016		9,821,867		381,235		_		9,514,612		684,589		20,402,303	
	2017		9,982,763		471,109		_		8,884,721		961,217		20,299,810	
	2018		10,449,849		412,706		_		10,577,715		936,083		22,376,353	
	2019		11,508,891		482,768		_		9,904,345		941,890		22,837,894	
	2020		12,036,321		487,365		_		9,906,045		912,725		23,342,456	

Note: The change in "tax shift" as approved in legislation impacted the amount of tax revenue recognized in fiscal years 2011 and 2014. Changes in the amount of revenue recognized due to the tax shift are offset by an adjustment to state aid payments by an equal amount.

Tax Capacities and Market Values Last Ten Fiscal Years

Net Tax Capacities

						Tict Tax Cap	acitics	
						Fiscal Di	sparitie	S
For Taxes Collectible	Agricultural		Nonagricultural		Contribution Valuation		Distribution Valuation	
2011	\$	32,200	\$	41,330,430	\$	(8,080,486)	\$	5,395,153
2012		30,202		37,983,110		(7,122,240)		4,846,173
2013		111		34,432,459		(6,777,857)		4,662,940
2014		100		33,657,935		(5,846,912)		4,780,536
2015		_		37,198,274		(5,721,433)		4,924,374
2016		_		37,922,814		(5,913,629)		4,929,573
2017		_		41,261,389		(6,130,284)		5,222,127
2018		_		43,080,007		(6,653,547)		5,451,626
2019		_		46,136,787		(6,723,953)		5,698,364
2020		_		49,539,239		(7,092,902)		5,870,876

Source: State of Minnesota School Tax Report

Tax Increment		To	otal Taxable	Total Direct Tax Rate	Market Value	Tax Capacity as a Percentage of Market Value
\$	(1,098,078)	\$	37,579,219	34.03	\$ 3,124,028,600	1.20 %
	(1,042,981)		34,694,264	39.44	3,009,760,200	1.15
	(545,861)		31,771,792	44.44	2,754,988,200	1.15
	(522,234)		32,069,425	44.56	2,720,435,700	1.18
	(529,962)		35,871,253	40.05	3,030,771,800	1.18
	(250,642)		36,688,116	39.61	3,084,822,400	1.19
	(293,661)		40,059,571	40.23	3,308,834,800	1.21
	(313,157)		41,564,929	39.62	3,483,396,300	1.19
	(292,525)		44,818,673	37.63	3,734,223,200	1.20
	(452,420)		47,864,793	35.45	4,010,515,276	1.19

Tax Capacity Rates Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Fiscal Year
Governmental Unit	2011	2012	2013	2014
ISD No. 16 (Spring Lake Park)	34.028 %	39.443 %	44.440 %	44.562 %
Overlapping governments				
Anoka County	39.952	41.146	44.410	43.239
City of Blaine	32.798	33.564	36.740	36.379
City of Fridley	36.986	39.615	47.362	48.577
City of Spring Lake Park	54.490	62.655	49.311	57.460
Anoka County RR Authority	1.332	0.650	0.777	0.882
Anoka County HRA	1.784	1.683	1.677	1.670
Fridley HRA	1.695	1.627	1.660	1.645
Rice Creek Watershed	1.639	2.309	2.333	2.219
North Suburban Hospital District	1.711	1.858	2.028	1.939
Metropolitan Council	0.854	0.983	1.053	1.061
Metropolitan Mosquito	0.508	0.559	0.587	0.555
Metropolitan Transit	1.521	1.721	1.840	1.621
Referendum market value rates				
ISD No. 16 (Spring Lake Park)	0.154	0.175	0.199	0.173
Overlapping governments				
City of Blaine	0.006	0.006	0.007	0.006
City of Fridley	0.013	0.014	0.016	0.018

Source: Anoka County

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
40.045 %	39.609 %	40.229 %	39.617 %	37.632 %	35.452 %
38.123	38.894	36.841	35.334	34.473	33.078
35.495	35.578	34.946	35.989	35.952	35.842
43.508	44.960	48.218	47.907	45.382	45.253
52.877	54.703	52.464	54.191	48.812	48.497
0.941	0.851	0.802	0.738	0.685	0.494
1.438	1.616	1.536	1.508	1.504	1.513
1.356	1.527	1.390	1.624	1.399	1.546
1.913	2.069	1.827	1.778	1.750	1.795
1.702	1.690	_	_	_	_
0.933	0.958	0.866	0.841	0.627	0.596
0.485	0.501	0.467	0.453	0.415	0.398
1.429	1.522	1.416	1.362	1.388	1.360
0.162	0.159	0.162	0.159	0.149	0.151
0.006	_	_	_	_	_
0.016	0.016	0.015	0.015	0.014	0.014

Principal Taxpayers For Years 2011 and 2020

				2011	
Taxpayer	Type of Property	Net Tax C	'apacity	Rank	Percent of Total Net Tax Capacity
Glimcher Realty Trust (Northtown Mall)	Mall	\$ 1,10	01,532	1	2.93 %
Medtronic, Inc.	Manufacturing	92	24,734	2	2.46
Cummins Power Generation (Onan Corp.)	Manufacturing	30	06,654	5	0.82
University Avenue Associates	Apartments	20	63,463	10	0.70
BMIRF Central, LLC	Apartments		_	_	_
HR Fridley, LLC	Commercial		_	_	_
Xcel Energy	Utility		_	_	_
Target Corporation (Dayton-Hudson Corp.)	Retail	64	43,610	3	1.71
Kraus-Anderson, LLC	Commercial		_	_	_
HR Unity, LLC	Commercial		_	_	_
Northcourt Commons Retail, LLC	Commercial/industrial	34	49,250	4	0.93
Shamrock Investments	Commercial/industrial	29	96,020	6	0.79
Menards, Inc.	Retail	2	70,198	7	0.72
Individual	Commercial/industrial	20	67,768	8	0.71
Victorville-Blaine, LLC	Commercial	20	63,560	9	0.70
		\$ 4,68	86,789		12.47 %
Total net tax capacity		\$ 37,5	79,219		

Sources: Current property valuations, net tax capacity by classification, trend of valuations, and principal taxpayers have been furnished by Anoka County Board of Equalization and Assessment.

		2020	
Net	Tax Capacity	Rank	Percent of Total Net Tax Capacity
1101	Tax Capacity	Kank	Tet Tax Capacity
\$	1,169,516	1	2.44 %
	1,025,230	2	2.14
	712,314	3	1.49
	404,266	4	0.84
	320,171	5	0.67
	291,800	6	0.61
	279,498	7	0.58
	275,880	8	0.58
	253,318	9	0.53
	231,412	10	0.48
	_	_	-
	_	_	_
	_	_	_
	-	_	-
		_	
\$	4,963,405		10.37 %

47,864,793

Property Tax Levies and Receivables Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Origina		Collections		
			First Year Lev	y Recognized		
For Taxes		Fiscal	Property			Percentage
Collectible	Local Spread	Disparities	Tax Credits	Total Spread	Amount	of Levy
2011	\$ 15,367,996	\$ 2,409,207	\$ 454,955	\$ 18,232,158	\$ 17,931,823	98.35 %
2012	17,114,297	2,371,571	_	19,485,868	19,189,660	98.48
2013	17,577,213	2,662,680	_	20,239,893	19,968,801	98.66
2014	16,947,624	3,092,099	_	20,039,723	19,816,718	98.89
2015	17,365,564	3,045,234	_	20,410,798	20,235,243	99.14
2016	17,545,728	2,754,942	_	20,300,670	20,241,476	99.71
2017	19,372,138	2,874,101	_	22,246,239	22,160,642	99.62
2018	19,981,649	3,034,485	_	23,016,134	22,910,804	99.54
2019	20,355,861	3,129,144	_	23,485,005	23,296,734	99.20
2020	21,022,592	3,045,047	-	24,067,639	7,800,000	32.41

Source: State of Minnesota School Tax Report

Note 1: A portion of the total spread levy is paid through various property tax credits, which are paid through state aids. Legislative changes beginning with taxes collectible in 2012 significantly changed the calculation of tax credits applied and paid through state aids.

Note 2: Delinquent taxes receivable are written off after seven years. The amount of collections has been adjusted to reflect the write-off of delinquent taxes receivable.

Uncollected Taxes Receivable as of June 30, 2020

Received in		Total to	Date					
St	ubsequent		Percentage	Delinq	uent	Current		
	Years	Amount	of Levy	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	
\$	300,335	\$ 18,232,158	100.00 %	\$ -	- %	\$ -	- %	
	296,208	19,485,868	100.00	_	_	-	_	
	271,092	20,239,893	100.00	-	_	_	-	
	201,952	20,018,670	99.89	21,053	0.11	-	-	
	161,867	20,397,110	99.93	13,688	0.07	-	_	
	36,160	20,277,636	99.89	23,034	0.11	-	-	
	57,267	22,217,909	99.87	28,330	0.13	_	_	
	69,019	22,979,823	99.84	36,311	0.16	_	_	
	_	23,296,734	99.20	188,271	0.80	_	_	
	_	7,800,000	32.41		_	16,267,639	67.6	
				\$ 310,687		\$ 16,267,639		

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Governmental Activities					
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Premium (Discount) on Bonds	Capital Leases	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Market Value (1)	Per Capita (2)
2011	\$ 127,655,000	\$ 1,663,131	\$ 2,893,677	\$ 132,211,808	4.23 %	\$ 4,421
2012	124,525,000	1,481,642	2,751,902	128,758,544	4.28	4,300
2013	112,225,000	1,013,180	6,746,860	119,985,040	4.36	3,923
2014	107,875,000	915,008	4,208,147	112,998,155	4.15	3,659
2015	139,065,000	6,151,096	3,379,673	148,595,769	4.90	4,767
2016	123,775,000	7,965,945	3,156,387	134,897,332	4.37	4,328
2017	131,340,000	12,349,329	3,692,302	147,381,631	4.45	4,667
2018	125,130,000	11,408,681	3,645,081	140,183,762	4.02	4,416
2019	119,100,000	10,464,826	2,738,004	132,302,830	3.54	4,110
2020	112,735,000	9,524,749	2,206,119	124,465,868	3.10	3,840

Note: Details regarding the District's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to basic financial statements.

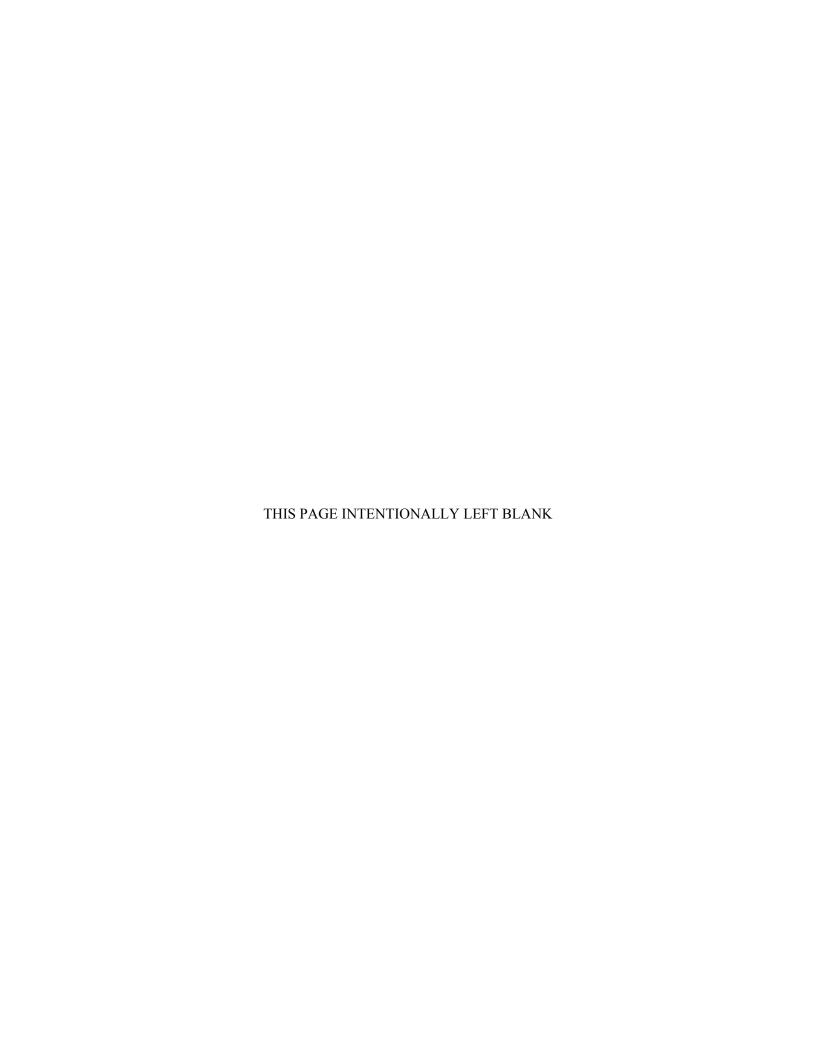
⁽¹⁾ Personal income is not readily available. Market value used as a base for comparison.

⁽²⁾ See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for population data.

Ratios of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt to Market Value and Net General Obligation Bonded Debt per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Gross Bonded Debt	Less Debt Service Funds on Hand	Net Bonded Debt	Market Value	Percent of Net Debt to Market Value	Estimated Population	Net Bonded Debt per Capita
2011	\$129,318,131	\$ 9,937,334	\$119,380,797	\$3,124,028,600	3.82 %	29,903	\$ 3,992
2012	126,006,642	10,070,658	115,935,984	3,009,760,200	3.85	29,944	3,872
2013	113,238,180	1,621,114	111,617,066	2,754,988,200	4.05	30,584	3,650
2014	108,790,008	1,856,735	106,933,273	2,720,435,700	3.93	30,884	3,462
2015	145,216,096	43,769,947	101,446,149	3,030,771,800	3.35	31,171	3,255
2016	131,740,945	34,555,806	97,185,139	3,084,822,400	3.15	31,171	3,118
2017	143,689,329	1,736,218	141,953,111	3,308,834,800	4.29	31,581	4,495
2018	136,538,681	2,389,896	134,148,785	3,483,396,300	3.85	31,747	4,226
2019	129,564,826	2,599,195	126,965,631	3,734,223,200	3.40	32,193	3,619
2020	122,259,749	2,761,017	119,498,732	4,010,515,276	2.98	32,417	3,686

Source: District business office and related statistical table



Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt as of June 30, 2020

Governmental Unit	Total G.O. Debt	Percent in ISD No. 16	ISD No. 16's Proportionate Share
ISD No. 16 (Spring Lake Park)	\$ 122,259,749	100.0 %	\$ 122,259,749
Overlapping debt			
Taxing district			
Anoka County	126,831,700	11.8	14,966,141
City of Blaine	66,707,119	41.7	27,816,869
City of Fridley	63,320,000	23.1	14,626,920
City of Spring Lake Park	4,469,928	97.5	4,358,180
Metropolitan Council	1,555,384,035	1.0	15,553,840
Total overlapping debt			77,321,949
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$ 199,581,698

Note 1: The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the overlapping entity's taxable assessed value that is within the District's boundaries and dividing it by the overlapping government's total taxable assessed value.

Note 2: Only those taxing jurisdictions with general obligation debt are included in this section. It does not include nongeneral obligation debt, self-supporting general obligation revenue debt, short-term general obligation debt, or general obligation tax/aid anticipation certificates of indebtedness.

Note 3: The above debt includes all outstanding general obligation debt supported by taxes of the Metropolitan Council. The Metropolitan Council also has general obligation transit, sewer revenue, wastewater revenue, and radio revenue bonds; and lease obligations outstanding, all of which are supported entirely by revenues and have not been included on the overlapping debt or debt ratios section.

Source: Anoka County

Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Fiscal Year
	2011	2012	2013	2014
District's estimated market value	\$ 3,124,028,600	\$ 3,009,760,200	\$ 2,754,988,200	\$ 2,720,435,700
Debt limit (15 percent of estimated market value)	\$ 468,604,290	\$ 451,464,030	\$ 413,248,230	\$ 408,065,355
Amount of debt applicable to debt limit	127,655,000	124,525,000	112,225,000	107,875,000
Legal debt margin at June 30	\$ 340,949,290	\$ 326,939,030	\$ 301,023,230	\$ 300,190,355
Legal debt margin as % of debt limit	72.76%	72.42%	72.84%	73.56%

Source: District business office and related statistical table

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
\$ 3,030,771,800	\$ 3,084,822,400	\$ 3,308,834,800	\$ 3,483,396,300	\$ 3,734,223,200	\$ 4,010,515,276
\$ 454,615,770	\$ 462,723,360	\$ 496,325,220	\$ 522,509,445	\$ 560,133,480	\$ 601,577,291
139,065,000	123,775,000	131,340,000	125,130,000	119,100,000	112,735,000
\$ 315,550,770	\$ 338,948,360	\$ 364,985,220	\$ 397,379,445	\$ 441,033,480	\$ 488,842,291
69.41%	73.25%	73.54%	76.05%	78.74%	81.26%

Demographic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population	Personal Income (1)	Per Capita Personal Income (1)	Average Employment (1)	Average Unemployment (1)	Average Unemployment State of Minnesota
2011	29,903	N/A	N/A	177,397	7.2 %	6.9 %
2012	29,944	N/A	N/A	180,797	6.0	5.8
2013	30,584	N/A	N/A	182,790	4.8	5.6
2014	30,884	N/A	N/A	184,588	3.7	5.1
2015	31,171	N/A	N/A	184,079	3.3	4.1
2016	31,171	N/A	N/A	185,464	3.8	3.7
2017	31,581	N/A	N/A	190,864	2.9	3.6
2018	31,747	N/A	N/A	193,259	2.5	3.5
2019	32,193	N/A	N/A	194,512	2.9	2.9
2020	32,417	N/A	N/A	183,534	3.1	3.2

N/A - Not Available

Sources: U.S. Census, Minnesota Department of Administration, and United States Bureau of Economic Analysis

⁽¹⁾ Information presented is for Anoka County, the county in which Spring Lake Park is included.

Principal Employers For Years 2011 and 2020

	2011			2020					
			Percent of			Percent of			
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment			
Cummins Power Generation	1,635	2	14.37 %	1,210	1	19.95 %			
Mercy Hospital-Unity Campus	1,320	4	11.61	839	2	13.84			
Glimcher Realty Trust (Northtown Mall)	1,600	3	14.07	800	3	13.19			
ISD No. 16 (Spring Lake Park)	675	6	5.93	800	3	13.19			
Mid City Cleaners	_	_	=	800	3	13.19			
Minco (Products, Inc.)	600	7	5.28	700	6	11.54			
Rise, Inc.	360	8	3.17	250	7	4.12			
Fridley Medical Center	_	_	_	250	7	4.12			
City of Blaine	_	_	-	215	9	3.55			
I-State Truck Center	_	_	-	200	10	3.30			
Medtronic, Inc.	3,800	1	33.41	_	_	-			
Target Corporation	894	5	7.86	_	_	-			
National Sports Center	250	9	2.20	_	_	-			
Wal-Mart	240	10	2.11		_				
Total	11,374		100.00 %	6,064		100.00 %			

Note: The statistics for total employment are not available; therefore, the percentage represents the percentage of the top employers listed.

Source: Telephone survey of individual employers

Cost per Pupil Based on Weighted Average Daily Membership Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

								Fiscal Year	
	2010–2011		2011–20		2012–20		2013–2014		
	Cost	Cost per Pupil							
District and school administration	\$ 1,882,778	\$ 338	\$ 1,779,488	\$ 305	\$ 1,929,576	\$ 319	\$ 2,102,120	\$ 338	
District support services	1,547,251	278	1,573,756	270	1,538,273	254	2,624,583	422	
Elementary and secondary regular instruction	21,348,686	3,838	20,959,631	3,592	22,898,286	3,784	21,997,094	3,535	
Vocational education instruction	610,909	110	442,614	76	466,432	77	467,331	75	
Special education instruction	7,031,127	1,264	7,724,323	1,324	7,981,320	1,319	8,238,214	1,324	
Community education and services	2,399,086	431	2,648,743	454	3,035,533	502	3,145,981	506	
Instructional support services	3,479,624	626	4,581,637	785	4,311,145	712	4,332,088	696	
Pupil support services	4,102,890	738	4,424,288	758	4,538,906	750	5,105,645	821	
Sites, buildings, and capital outlay	4,199,823	755	4,500,657	771	8,996,245	1,487	8,019,459	1,289	
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs	233,066	42	182,492	31	190,313	31	158,443	25	
Food service	1,938,754	349	2,191,775	376	2,385,262	394	2,518,755	405	
Principal, interest, and fiscal charges on debt	8,721,923	1,568	9,218,833	1,580	10,958,821	1,811	11,942,543	1,919	
Totals	\$ 57,495,917	\$10,337	\$ 60,228,237	\$10,322	\$ 69,230,112	\$11,440	\$ 70,652,256	\$11,355	
Weighted ADM		5,563		5,836		6,051		6,222	

Note: Includes all governmental funds.

Source: District business office and Minnesota Department of Education - District ADM Report

_	2014–20)15	2015–2	2015–2016		2016–2017		2017–2018 2018–2019		19 2019–20		020
	Cost	Cost per Pupil	Cost	Cost per Pupil	Cost	Cost per Pupil	Cost	Cost per Pupil	Cost	Cost per Pupil	Cost	Cost per Pupil
\$	1,704,277	\$ 285	\$ 1,830,720	\$ 301	\$ 1,845,411	\$ 298	\$ 1,858,370	\$ 296	\$ 2,115,607	\$ 326	\$ 2,153,860	\$ 327
	2,579,370	431	2,327,488	383	2,336,900	378	2,547,138	406	2,654,901	409	2,530,719	385
	23,216,153	3,882	25,478,678	4,187	27,235,887	4,401	28,198,408	4,492	29,239,341	4,504	30,443,260	4,625
	432,110	72	359,630	59	516,381	83	497,274	79	555,954	86	413,083	63
	8,401,713	1,405	8,340,987	1,371	8,524,741	1,378	9,114,622	1,452	10,100,039	1,556	11,425,457	1,736
	3,079,462	515	3,295,908	542	3,336,109	539	3,230,368	515	3,728,417	574	3,666,488	557
	5,778,405	966	7,003,629	1,151	5,416,062	875	5,922,473	943	5,867,649	904	5,785,759	879
	4,983,452	833	5,734,854	943	5,946,322	961	6,568,746	1,046	7,007,229	1,079	7,989,230	1,214
	7,200,118	1,204	5,558,097	913	13,940,563	2,253	41,869,071	6,670	22,988,354	3,541	12,906,305	1,961
	265,168	44	179,921	30	141,819	23	191,039	30	216,825	33	298,787	45
	2,827,933	473	2,851,174	469	2,769,706	448	2,886,196	460	3,106,100	478	2,740,456	416
_	10,638,909	1,779	12,579,693	2,068	12,698,426	2,052	12,139,219	1,934	11,998,170	1,848	11,544,504	1,754
\$	71,107,070	\$11,889	\$ 75,540,779	\$12,417	\$ 84,708,327	\$13,689	\$ 115,022,924	\$18,323	\$ 99,578,586	\$15,338	\$ 91,897,908	\$13,962
		5,981		6,084		6,188		6,278		6,492		6,582

Food Service Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

Number of Meals Served

	Number of Meals Served									
Meals	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Lunches served										
Full price lunch	296,310	311,874	316,115	320,143	359,834	350,277	336,863	333,580	348,870	237,970
Reduced price lunch	50,947	45,510	51,418	56,468	58,541	62,012	68,575	43,189	77,925	50,147
Free lunch	179,741	206,225	214,810	217,349	225,579	221,343	210,349	198,332	187,991	140,366
Adult lunch	8,326	5,587	9,461	4,902	12,242	7,674	7,785	8,600	5,904	3,918
Total lunches served	535,324	569,196	591,804	598,862	656,196	641,306	623,572	583,701	620,690	432,401
Breakfasts served										
Full price breakfast	32,250	33,973	40,266	39,487	55,098	61,224	61,843	63,842	74,029	49,314
Reduced price breakfast	14,948	14,727	16,912	16,961	19,201	20,246	25,075	26,457	26,513	17,553
Free breakfast	71,099	85,209	91,913	87,744	97,908	95,555	93,602	85,564	82,930	58,555
Adult breakfast	293	339	1,261	566	751	465	439	486	491	109
Total breakfasts served	118,590	134,248	150,352	144,758	172,958	177,490	180,959	176,349	183,963	125,531
Percentage of students eligible										
for free lunch	28%	29%	29%	29%	30%	28%	33%	28%	26%	28%
Percentage of students eligible										
for reduced price lunch	8%	8%	7%	7%	7%	8%	8%	10%	10%	10%

School Facilities as of June 30, 2020

Facility	Year Construction Completed	Years of Addition	Grades Housed	Square Footage
Northpoint Elementary	2008	2014	K-4	87,600
Park Terrace Elementary	1969	1995, 2007, and 2014	K-4	93,630
Woodcrest Elementary	1950	1962, 1965, 1995, and 2007	K-4	67,000
Centerview Elementary	2018		K-4	98,000
Westwood Middle School	1971	1995 and 2007–2009	5–8	286,000
Spring Lake Park High School	1962	1964, 1995, and 2007–2009	9–12	376,000

Employees by Classification Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year									
Employees (1)	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
District directors/superintendent	6	5	5	6	7	7	8	7	7	7
Principals	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	10	10	10
Teachers, nurses, and counselors	346	359	359	375	408	403	406	414	432	446
Coordinators, supervisors, specialists,										
and technical support	61	59	63	64	64	63	68	69	70	70
Paraprofessionals	103	110	110	111	91	90	91	90	95	99
Food service	33	33	33	36	37	38	38	39	40	37
Custodians	33	33	35	35	36	36	35	34	38	38
Community education leads and assistants	45	45	45	47	56	51	51	55	60	58
Total	636	653	659	683	708	697	706	718	752	765

⁽¹⁾ This schedule is a headcount based on contract group; if an employee has multiple contract groups, they are reflected multiple times. Full-time and part-time employees count the same.

Student Enrollment Last Ten Fiscal Years

Average Daily Membership (ADM) (Including Enrollment Option) Handicapped and Year Ended Total Pre-Kindergarten Kindergarten June 30, Elementary Secondary Total Pupil Units 2011 64.21 362.54 2,311.29 2,115.78 4,853.82 5,562.80 2012 74.82 431.65 2,481.25 2,140.71 5,128.43 5,835.68 2013 73.26 427.68 2,560.93 2,240.93 5,302.80 6,050.75 2014 67.71 446.88 2,635.04 2,307.56 5,457.19 6,221.95 2015 92.45 436.29 2,732.67 2,266.18 5,527.59 5,980.80 2016 107.22 424.75 2,748.39 2,336.74 5,617.10 6,084.47 2017 98.31 430.97 2,409.71 5,706.30 2,767.31 6,188.24 2018 109.67 6,277.60 363.92 5,783.95 2,842.06 2,468.30 2019 135.48 416.13 2,848.42 2,576.57 5,976.60 6,491.88 2020 115.97 424.04 2,851.34 2,658.65 6,050.00 6,581.73

Note 1: Student enrollment numbers are estimated for the most recent fiscal year.

Note 2: ADM is weighted as follows in computing pupil units:

	Pre-Kindergarten	Handicapped Kindergarten	Half-Day Kindergarten	Full-Day Kindergarten	Elementary 1–3	Elementary 4–6	Secondary
Fiscal 2011 through 2014 Fiscal 2015	1.250	1.000	0.612	0.612	1.115	1.060	1.300
through 2020	1.000	1.000	0.550	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.200

