ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

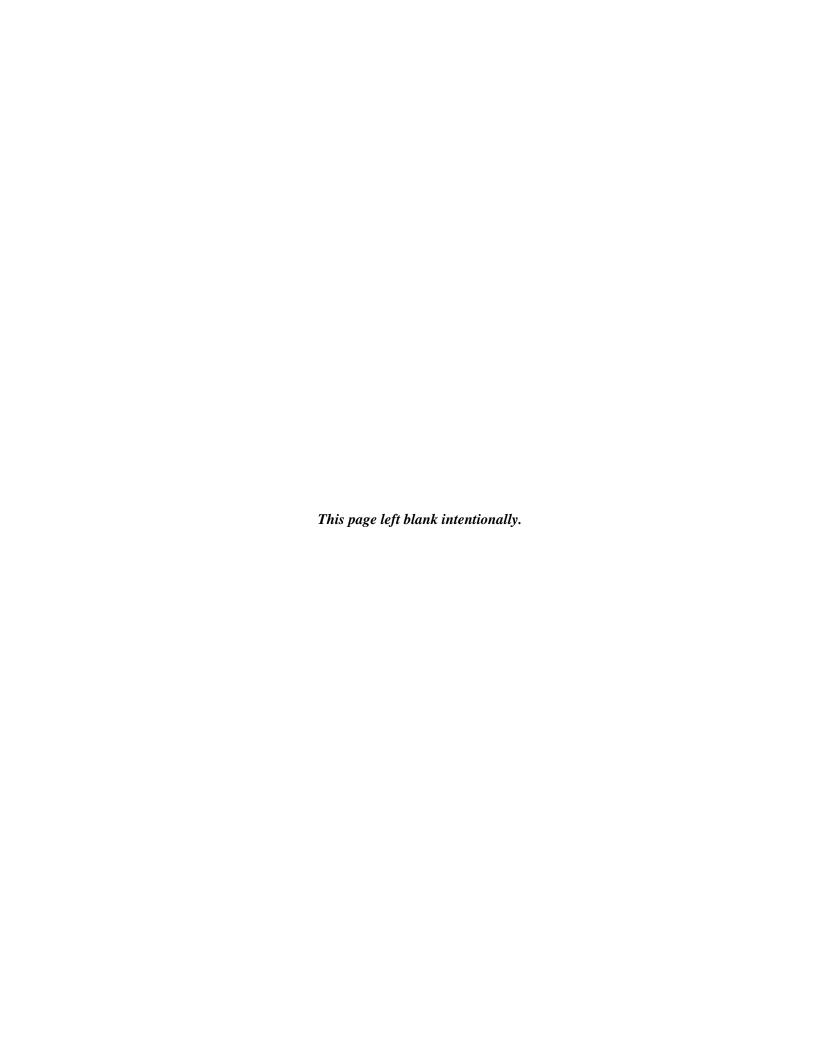


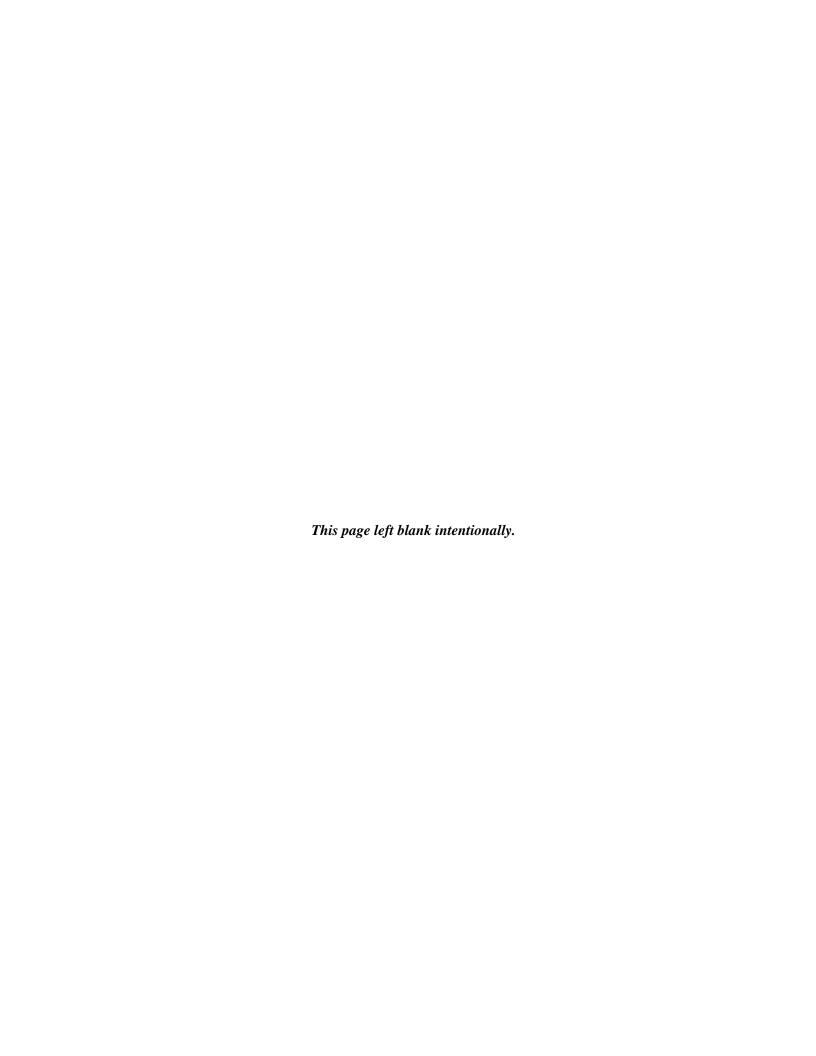
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FINANCIAL SECTION







INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Governing Board Morgan Hill Unified School District Morgan Hill, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Morgan Hill Unified School District ("the District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the 2017-2018 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, issued by the California Education Audit Appeals Panel as regulations. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Morgan Hill Unified School District, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter - Change in Accounting Principles

As discussed in Note 1 and Note 10 to the financial statements, in 2018, the District adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedule schedule of changes in the District's total other postemployment benefits liability and related ratios, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, and the schedule of District pension contributions, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Morgan Hill Unified School District's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR)* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance)* and the other supplementary information as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and other supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information including the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 12, 2018, on our consideration of the Morgan Hill Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Morgan Hill Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Morgan Hill Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Palo Alto, California
December 12, 2018



Morgan Hill Unified School District 15600 Concord Circle Morgan Hill, CA 95037

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The discussion and analysis of Morgan Hill Unified School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole. To provide a complete understanding of the District's financial performance, please read it in conjunction with the Independent Auditor's Report, Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, and the District's Financial Statements.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is an element of the reporting model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in their Statement No. 34 Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments issued June 1999. Certain comparative information is required to be presented in the MD&A.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

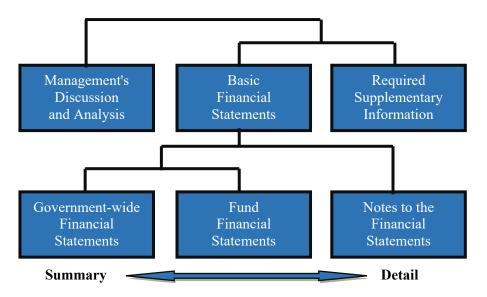
- The Governing Board continues to recognize their fiduciary responsibility to maintain the District's fiscal solvency, continuing the Board's commitment to ensure the District maintains sufficient reserves well above those required by the State.
- With the implementation of the Local Control Funding Formula, the District continues to receive increases in State funding. The new resources were directed to support school site programs and to partially reinstate some of the budget reductions made during the prior years.
- The District continued to have positive, collaborative relationships with all bargaining units.
- Using bond funds, the District completed a comprehensive technology infrastructure and continues to implement one-to-one devices at secondary sites. In October 2017, the District sold \$80,000,000 in General Obligation bonds. As part of the sale of bonds, Moody's affirmed the District's general obligation bond credit rating of Aa1, the highest rating a non-Basic Aid district can receive. The bond proceeds will be used for the Britton Middle School transformation project, which includes new classroom, administration, and student union buildings.
- The District received One Time Discretionary Funds for 2017-2018. With the One Time Discretionary dollars, the District was able to fund enhancements to existing facilities, purchase educational materials for students, continue a tuition reimbursement program to support staff earning credentials in high needs areas such as science and special education, offer staffing/personnel support in the classroom for grades TK and K, and provide professional development opportunities to all staff in the areas of Common Core, English Language Development, and Next Generation Science Standards. The district was also able to transfer a portion of the One Time Discretionary Funds into the Special Reserve Fund, which can be used should any economic uncertainties occur.
- The District's Local Control Accountability Plan (LCAP) highlights the use of LCFF funds for programs and initiatives that the District implemented in the past year. All school sites are now offering a robust after school program with LCFF Supplemental funding. The District is also continuing to expand programs at elementary schools. Specifically, for the 2017-18 year, the District added the new Health and Science Academy on the El Toro school campus.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2018

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts – Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), the Basic Financial Statements, and Required Supplementary Information. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the Morgan Hill Unified School District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. These statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

Components of the Financial Section



The first two statements are Government-wide Financial Statements, the Statement of Net Position, and Statement of Activities. These statements provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of these finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's more significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2018

REPORTING THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

These two statements provide information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all the District's assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid. These statements report information on the District as a whole and its activities in a way that helps answer the question, "How did we do financially during 2017-2018?"

These two statements report the School District's net position and changes in it. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Over time, the increases or decreases in the District's net position, as reported in the Statement of Activities, are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The relationship between revenues and expenses indicates the District's operating results. However, the District's goal is to provide services to our students, not to generate profits as commercial entities. One must consider many other non-financial factors, such as the quality of education provided and the safety of the schools, the condition of school buildings and other facilities, and changes to the property tax base of the District need to assess the overall health of the District.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds – not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs. Some funds are required to be established by state law. However, the District establishes other funds to control and manage money for specific purposes.

• Governmental Funds

Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds. The major governmental funds of the District are the General Fund, Building Fund, Capital Facilities Fund, and Bond Interest and Redemption Fund. Governmental funds focus on how money flows into and out of the funds and the balances that remain at the end of the year. They are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's operations and services that help determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs.

• Fiduciary Funds

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for student activity funds and scholarship funds. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position. We exclude these activities from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2018

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

The School District as a Whole

For the period ending June 30, 2018, the District's net position increased \$17.9 million to \$111.9 million, or a 19% increase. District participates in both CalPERS and CalSTRS and therefore the aggregate net pension liability as of year-end was reflected on the financial statements (see Note 13 in the Annual Financial Report). The unrestricted net position would have been negative \$12 million before the GASB 68 adjustment. However, after the adjustment of \$65 million, the unrestricted net position is negative \$77 million (see Table 1).

(Table 1) Comparative Condensed Statement of Net Position

	Governmental Activities				
	2018	2017, Restated			
Assets		-			
Deposits and investments	\$ 156,330,601	\$ 71,025,755			
Receivables	2,613,168	2,899,347			
Prepaid expenses	28,032	26,473			
Capital assets	246,843,053	232,833,194			
Total Assets	405,814,854	306,784,769			
Deferred Outflows of Resources	27,755,718	16,719,639			
Liabilities					
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	5,139,991	4,838,357			
Unearned revenue	1,247,799	1,192,370			
Long-term liabilities other than pensions	172,837,682	96,437,412			
Aggregate net pension liability	87,528,968	74,764,876			
Net OPEB liability	47,673,174	49,468,541			
Total Liabilities	314,427,614	226,701,556			
Deferred Inflows of Resources	7,201,301	2,763,194			
Net position					
Net investment in capital assets	154,016,570	143,741,765			
Restricted	35,030,700	23,644,572			
Unrestricted	(77,105,613)	(73,346,679)			
Total Net Position	\$ 111,941,657	\$ 94,039,658			

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2018

The District's net position increased by \$17.9 million for this fiscal year (see Table 2). The District's expenses for instruction, instruction related services, and pupil services, represented 76% of total expenses. The purely administrative activities of the District account for just 6% of total costs. The remaining 18% was spent in the areas of plant services and other expenses, including interest on long-term obligations, depreciation of capital assets and other outgo (see Figure 2).

(Table 2)
Comparative Condensed Statement of Changes in Net Position

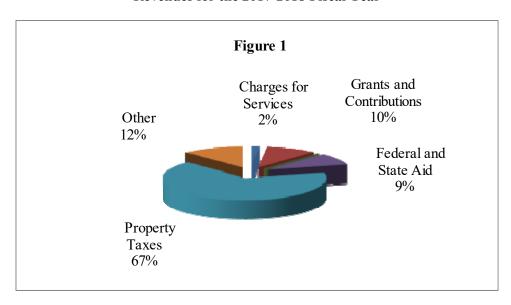
	Governmental Activities				
		2018		2017	
Revenues					
Program revenues	\$	15,214,100	\$	18,521,407	
General revenues:					
Taxes levied for general purposes		65,552,330		59,001,180	
Taxes levied for debt service		18,454,531		11,718,307	
Taxes levied for other specific purposes		2,467,094		1,956,067	
Federal and State aid not restricted to specific purposes		12,052,781		13,603,238	
Interest and investment earnings		687,626		532,766	
Miscellaneous		15,030,515		2,598,097	
Total Revenues		129,458,977		107,931,062	
Expenses					
Instruction		60,009,007		58,932,937	
Instruction related services		11,827,247		11,501,499	
Pupil services		12,294,922		11,573,692	
General administration		6,447,524		6,310,093	
Plant services		8,435,060		6,916,006	
Other		12,543,218		7,704,264	
Total Expenses		111,556,978		102,938,491	
Increase In Net Position	\$	17,901,999	\$	4,992,571	

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2018

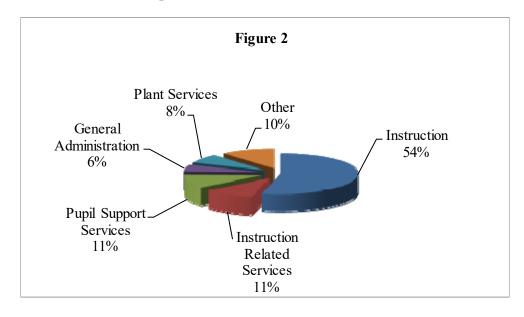
Governmental Activities

As reported in the Statement of Activities, the cost of all the District's governmental activities this year was \$112 million. The amount that our local taxpayers financed for these activities through property taxes was \$86 million or 67% of all revenues. Federal and State aid not restricted to specific purposes totaled \$12 million. (See Figure 1).

Revenues for the 2017-2018 Fiscal Year



Expenses for the 2017-2018 Fiscal Year



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2018

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE FUND STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements focus on individual parts of the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. The District's individual fund statements provide information on inflows and outflows and balances of spendable resources. The District's Governmental Funds reported a combined fund balance of \$154 million, an increase of \$85 million from the previous fiscal year. This increase is primarily the result of new bond issuance, capital projects and an increase in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the District revised the annual operating budget during each interim period. The significant budget adjustments fell into the following categories:

- Budget revisions to the adopted budget required after approval of the state budget.
- Budget revisions to update revenues to actual enrollment information and to update expenditures for staffing adjustments related to actual enrollment.
- Budget revisions to update revenues and expenses in compliance with current education code requirements.
- Other budget revisions are routine in nature, including adjustments to categorical revenues and expenditures based on final awards, and adjustments between expenditure categories for school and department budgets.

The District ended the year with a General Fund ending balance of \$28.1 million excluding the Special Reserve Fund for Non Capital and the Retiree Benefit Special Reserve Fund. The State recommends a minimum ending reserve for economic uncertainties of 3% of General Fund expenditures. The District's ending reserve was \$18.4 million or 20.05%.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

By the end of the 2017-2018 fiscal year, the District had investments of about \$325 million in a broad range of capital assets, including school buildings, athletic facilities, administrative buildings, site improvements, vehicles, and equipment. The capital assets net of depreciation were valued at \$247 million at June 30, 2018 which is an increase of \$14 million from the previous year primarily due to the acquisition of real estate for a new elementary school and completed bond projects.

(Table 3) Comparative Schedule of Capital Assets (net of depreciation) June 30, 2018 and 2017

					Percentage
	2018		 2017	 Difference	Change
Land	\$	16,467,149	\$ 7,467,149	\$ 9,000,000	120.5%
Buildings and improvements		214,739,515	203,823,253	10,916,262	5.4%
Machinery and equipment		1,590,616	1,860,563	(269,947)	-14.5%
Work in progress		14,045,773	19,682,229	(5,636,456)	-28.6%
Totals	\$	246,843,053	\$ 232,833,194	\$ 14,009,859	6.0%

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2018

Long Term Obligation

As of June 30, 2018, the District had \$308 million in long-term obligations outstanding. The increase was the result of new bond issuance and implementing the provisions of GASB 68, which required the District to recognize its proportionate share of the unfunded pension liability. The District participates in both CalPERS and CalSTRS and therefore the aggregate net pension liability as of year-end was reflected on the financial statements (see Note 13 in the Annual Financial Report).

(Table 4)
Comparative Schedule of Outstanding Debt
June 30, 2018 and 2017

	2018	 2017 as Restated	Difference	Percentage Change
General obligation bonds				
(Including premiums and accretions)	\$ 159,082,550	\$ 82,741,608	\$ 76,340,942	92.3%
Certificates of participation	13,380,447	13,366,607	13,840	0.1%
Compensated absences	374,685	329,197	45,488	13.8%
Net OPEB obligation	47,673,174	49,468,541	(1,795,367)	-3.6%
Net pension liability	87,528,968	 74,764,876	 12,764,092	17.1%
Totals	\$ 308,039,824	\$ 220,670,829	\$ 87,368,995	39.6%

COMPARATIVE AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE SCHEDULE

This schedule provides a comparison of average daily attendance for the current and prior year.

Enrollment and average daily attendance (ADA) has experienced a decrease for the eighth year in a row. The schedule below depicts actual second period ADA from 2010-2011 to 2017-2018. Data excludes district students placed in County programs.

ADA P-2	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018
Elementary	5,809.00	5,688.00	5,670.00	5,655.00	5,566.53	5,517.28	5,438.41	5,431.87
High School	2,733.00	2,686.00	2,651.00	2,516.00	2,552.50	2,531.87	2,603.17	2,582.30
Total ADA	8,542.00	8,374.00	8,321.00	8,208.00	8,119.03	8,049.15	8,041.58	8,014.17
ADA Change % Change	(137.62) -1.59%	(168.00) -1.97%	(53.00) -0.63%	(113.00) -1.36%	(88.97) -1.08%	(69.88) -0.86%	(7.57) -0.09%	(27.41) -0.34%

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2018

FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

Under the leadership of Superintendent Steve Betando, Morgan Hill Unified School District continues to focus on improving our students' test scores and enhancing our ability to identify those students to meet their individual needs. As part of the Local Control Accountability Plan, the Morgan Hill Unified School District adopted three robust goals:

- COLLEGE AND CAREER READINESS: With an equity lens, Morgan Hill Unified School District will
 implement the Common Core State Standards (CCSS), Next Generation Science Standards (NGSS), and
 English Language Development (ELD) Standards to provide a strong grounding in core subject areas for
 all students.
- PARENT ENGAGEMENT: All parents are valued as partners in their child's education and are empowered to support their child's preparation for college or career readiness.
- STUDENT ENGAGEMENT AND SCHOOL CLIMATE: Increase student engagement, connectedness to school and community, and inspire productive persistence in all students to graduate college and be career ready.

In 2012-2013, Jackson became the District's first academy with a focus on math and music. Due to the success of the academy program and to expand choices for families, the District has opened four academies since 2014-2015: Walsh Elementary as a Science, Technology, Engineering, Arts, and Mathematics (STEAM Academy), San Martin-Gwinn as an Environmental Science Academy, Paradise Valley as an Engineering Academy, and El Toro as a Health Science Academy. The District continues to focus on assisting the students, parents and staff to ensure appropriate support to close this achievement gap.

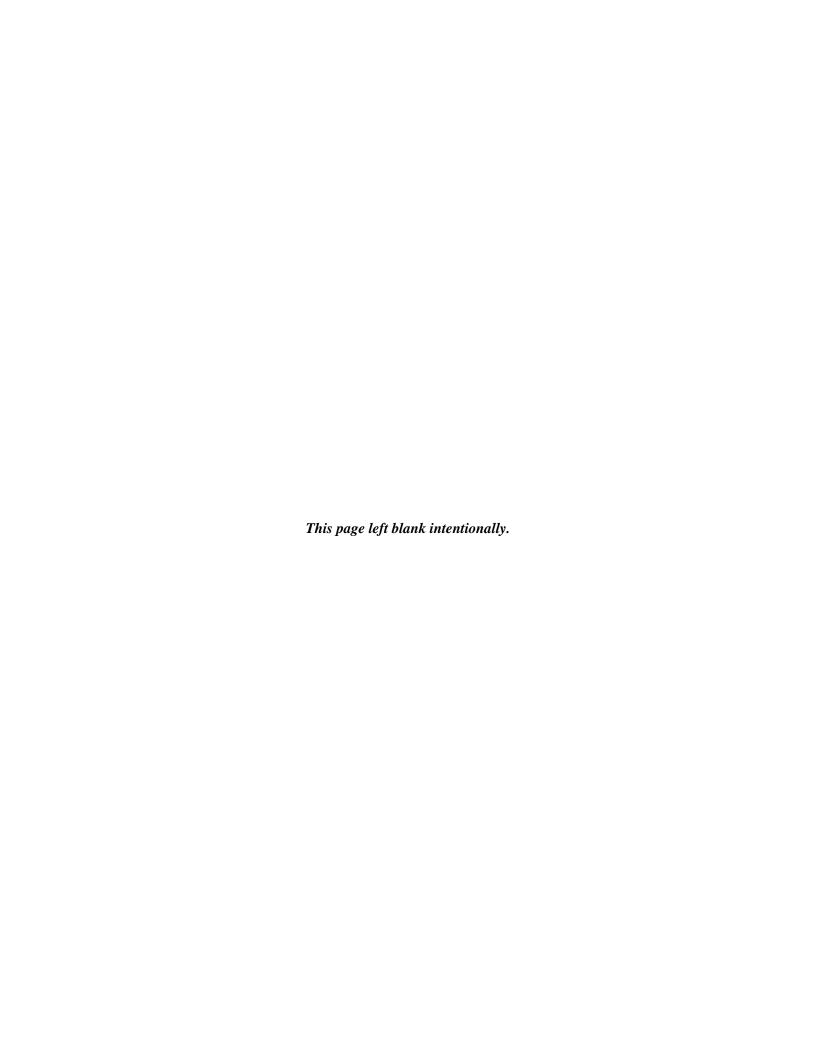
The District provides post-employment health care benefits in accordance with the District's employment contacts. Administrative, classified, and certificated retirees who retire from the District on or after attaining age 55 receive post-employment health care benefits until the age of 65. In July 2009 the District implemented GASB 45 (Governmental Accounting Standards Board 45) and established a Special Reserve Fund for Post-Employment Benefits in compliance with GASB 45. The District selected the Frozen Entry Age funding method and made a one-time contribution from the General Fund of \$537,000 in 2008-2009.

Stabilization of the State's economic health and the new Local Control Funding Formula are both beneficial to the District's finances; however, there continues to be concern about the ability of the State to continually fund school districts through Proposition 98. Even if full funding is achieved within the eight-year implementation period through the Local Control Funding Formula, California's funding per student still ranks among the lowest in the United States.

The Morgan Hill Board of Education and management will continue to provide the resources to ensure the support of our students' education within a balanced and managed budget.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, parents, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, please contact Victoria Knutson, Director of Fiscal Services, Morgan Hill Unified School District, 15600 Concord Circle, Morgan Hill, CA 95037.



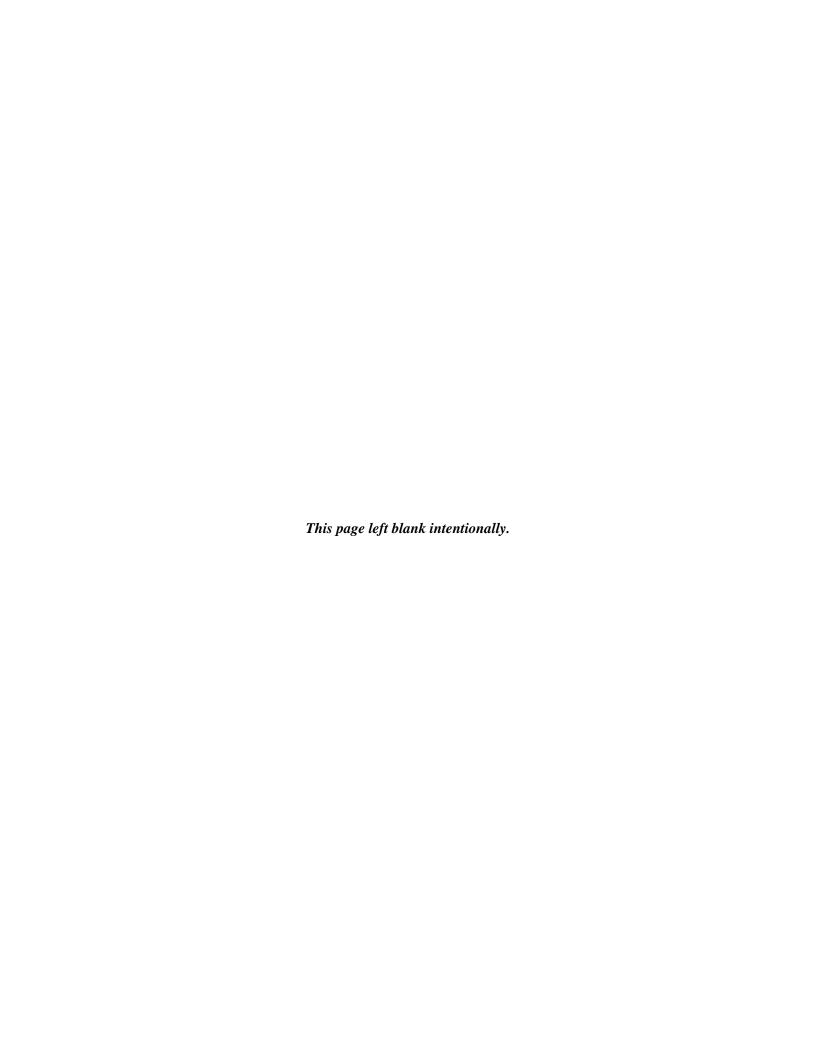
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Deposits and investments	\$ 156,330,601
Receivables	2,613,168
Prepaid expenses	28,032
Capital assets not depreciated	30,426,811
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation being depreciated	216,416,242
Total Assets	405,814,854
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred amount on refunding	238,757
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	26,449,950
Deferred outflows - postemployment benefits other than pension (OPEB)	1,067,011
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	27,755,718
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	3,308,197
Interest payable	1,831,794
Unearned revenue	1,247,799
Long-term obligations other than pensions and OPEB:	1,247,777
Current portion	16,228,838
Noncurrent portion	156,608,844
Aggregate net pension liability	87,528,968
OPEB liability	47,673,174
Total Liabilities	314,427,614
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	2 212 142
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	3,313,143
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,888,158
Total Deferred inflows of Resources	7,201,301
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	154,016,570
Restricted for:	
Educational programs	3,032,291
Child nutrition program	5,000
Debt service	20,928,817
Capital projects	11,064,592
Unrestricted	(77,105,613)
Total Net Position	\$ 111,941,657

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		Program Revenues				Revenues and Changes n Net Position
		Charges for Operating			ii Net Fosition	
				Grants and	(Governmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Sales	Contribution		Activities
Governmental Activities:						
Instruction	\$ 60,009,007	\$	47,302	\$ 7,434,43	36 \$	(52,527,269)
Instruction-related activities:						
Supervision of instruction	3,366,655		2,739	494,94	7	(2,868,969)
Instructional library and technology	318,467		-	17,65	52	(300,815)
School site administration	8,142,125		2,199	533,53	35	(7,606,391)
Pupil services:						
Home-to-school transportation	3,669,638		25,392	13,96	51	(3,630,285)
Food services	2,940,675		519,165	1,659,60)9	(761,901)
All other pupil services	5,684,609		54	911,21	5	(4,773,340)
General administration:						
Data processing	1,574,582		66	3	31	(1,574,485)
All other general administration	4,872,942		27,302	580,84	13	(4,264,797)
Plant services	8,435,060		10,989	20,02	22	(8,404,049)
Ancillary services	838,686		-	18,19	90	(820,496)
Community services	14,912		-		-	(14,912)
Interest on long-term obligations	5,199,658		-		-	(5,199,658)
Other outgo	6,489,962		1,560,223	1,334,22	28	(3,595,511)
Total Governmental-Type Activities	\$ 111,556,978	\$	2,195,431	\$ 13,018,66	j9 <u> </u>	(96,342,878)
	General Revenue	es and S	Subvention	s:		
	Property taxes,	levied f	or general p	ourposes		65,552,330
	Property taxes,			-		18,454,531
	Taxes levied for					2,467,094
	Federal and Sta			•		, ,
	purposes			то времине		12,052,781
	Interest and inv	estment	earnings			687,626
Intergovernmental revenues						323,466
	Miscellaneous					
	Subtotal, G	Ceneral	Revenues			14,707,049 114,244,877
Change in Net Position						17,901,999
	Net Position - Beg					132,014,620
	Prior Period Resta					(37,974,962)
	Net Position - End				\$	111,941,657
	rict i osition - Elle	umg			Φ	111,741,03/

Net (Expenses)



GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2018

		General Fund	Building Fund	Bond Interest Redemption Fund	
ASSETS					
Deposits and investments	\$	34,122,106	\$ 87,715,901	\$	22,695,778
Receivables		1,780,146	389,157		64,833
Due from other funds		369,621	-		-
Prepaid expenditures		28,032	-		-
Total Assets	\$	36,299,905	\$ 88,105,058	\$	22,760,611
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$	2,192,533	\$ 1,059,830	\$	-
Due to other funds		316,137	5,458		-
Unearned revenue		1,247,799	 		
Total Liabilities		3,756,469	1,065,288		
Fund Balances:		_	 _		
Nonspendable		35,368	-		-
Restricted		2,848,557	79,397,757		22,760,611
Committed		-	-		-
Assigned		11,298,968	7,642,013		-
Unassigned		18,360,543	 		
Total Fund Balances		32,543,436	 87,039,770		22,760,611
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	36,299,905	\$ 88,105,058	\$	22,760,611

	Non-Major overnmental	G	Total overnmental
0.	Fund	Ü	Funds
\$	11,796,816	\$	156,330,601
	379,032		2,613,168
	316,137		685,758
			28,032
\$	12,491,985	\$	159,657,559
\$	55,834	\$	3,308,197
	364,163		685,758
	-		1,247,799
	419,997		5,241,754
	6,000		41,368
	11,252,326		116,259,251
	813,662		813,662
	-		18,940,981
	-		18,360,543
	12,071,988		154,415,805
\$	12,491,985	\$	159,657,559

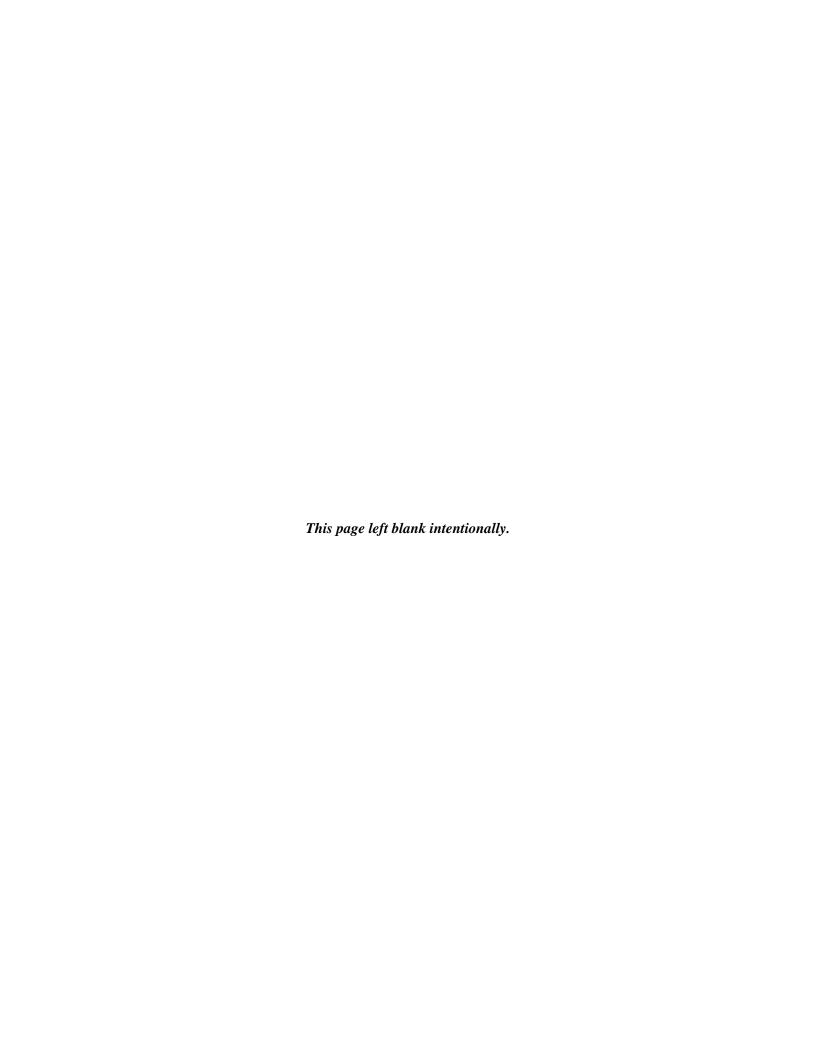
RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

Total Fund Balance - Governmental		\$	154,415,805
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds.			
The cost of capital assets is	\$ 325,222,253		
Accumulated depreciation is	(78,379,200)		
Net Capital Assets			246,843,053
Deferred charges on refunding related to the loss on refunding of debt which is classified as a deferred outflow of resources and expensed over the life of the debt on the government-wide financial statements, but was recorded as an expenditure in the governmental fund statements when the debt was issued.			238,757
Deferred inflows and outflows from pension activities are not recognized on the governmental funds, but are recognized on the government-wide statements.			22,561,792
Deferred inflows and outflows from OPEB activities are not recognized on the governmental funds, but are recognized on the government-wide statements.			(2,246,132)
In governmental funds, unmatured interest on long-term obligations is recognized in the period when it is due. On the government-wide statements, unmatured interest on long-term obligations is recognized when it is incurred.			(1,831,794)
Long-term obligations, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:			
Bonds payable and premiums	(159,082,550)		
COP payable and discounts	(13,380,447)		
Compensated absences (vacations)	(374,685)		
Net pension liability	(87,528,968)		
Total OPEB liability	(47,673,174)		
Total Long-Term Obligations		_	(308,039,824)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities

\$ 111,941,657



GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	General Fund		Building Fund	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	
REVENUES					
Local control funding formula	\$	73,660,485	\$ -	\$	-
Federal sources		3,466,812	695,156		-
Other state sources		8,438,467	-		96,493
Other local sources		13,487,083	 1,085,072		18,499,658
Total Revenues		99,052,847	1,780,228		18,596,151
EXPENDITURES		_	_		_
Current					
Instruction		52,411,050	-		-
Instruction-related activities:					
Supervision of instruction		2,914,884	-		-
Instructional library, media and technology		281,072	-		-
School site administration		6,880,153	-		-
Pupil services:					
Home-to-school transportation		3,242,757	-		-
Food services		2,879	-		-
All other pupil services		4,882,286	-		-
General administration:					
Data processing		1,390,536	-		-
All other general administration		4,049,480	-		-
Plant services		7,373,878	85,732		-
Ancillary services		740,066	-		-
Community services		13,172	-		-
Other outgo		4,264,525	-		-
Capital outlay		9,996,895	8,387,828		-
Debt service					
Principal		-	-		9,310,000
Interest and other		-	1,102,960		3,589,280
Total Expenditures		98,443,633	9,576,520		12,899,280
Excess (Deficiency) of					
Revenues Over Expenditures		609,214	(7,796,292)		5,696,871
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			<u> </u>		
Transfers in		83,736	858,961		-
Other sources		-	80,000,000		6,005,940
Transfers out		(950,747)	_		-
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		(867,011)	 80,858,961		6,005,940
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(257,797)	 73,062,669		11,702,811
Fund Balance - Beginning		32,801,233	13,977,101		11,057,800
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	32,543,436	\$ 87,039,770	\$	22,760,611

Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
			
\$ 300,000	\$ 73,960,485		
1,741,630	5,903,598		
1,005,604	9,540,564		
4,033,561	37,105,374		
7,080,795	126,510,021		
587,979	52,999,029		
67,423	2,982,307		
-	281,072		
300,429	7,180,582		
	2 242 555		
-	3,242,757		
2,606,836	2,609,715		
142,622	5,024,908		
	1,390,536		
219,479	4,268,959		
16,551	7,476,161		
10,331	740,066		
-	13,172		
_	4,264,525		
2,223,056	20,607,779		
2,223,030	20,007,779		
-	9,310,000		
_	4,692,240		
6,164,375	127,083,808		
916,420	(573,787)		
01.706	1 024 492		
91,786	1,034,483		
(92.72()	86,005,940		
(83,736)	(1,034,483)		
8,050	86,005,940		
924,470	85,432,153		
11,147,518	68,983,652		
\$ 12,071,988	\$ 154,415,805		

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

\$ 85,432,153

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures; however, for governmental activities, those costs are shown in the Statement of Net Position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expenses in the Statement of Activities. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceed depreciation in the period.

 Capital outlays
 \$ 20,624,836

 Depreciation expense
 (6,614,977)

Net Expense Adjustment 14,009,859

In the Statement of Activities, certain operating expenses, such as compensated absences (vacations) are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). Vacation amounts earned were more than the amounts used.

(45,488)

In the governmental funds, pension costs are based on employer contributions made to pension plans during the year. However, in the Statement of Activities, pension expense is the net effect of all changes in the deferred outflows, deferred inflows and net pension liability during the year.

(3,840,402)

Proceeds received from sale of bonds is a revenue source in the governmental funds, but it increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.

(86,005,940)

In the governmental funds, OPEB costs are based on employer contributions made to OPEB plans during the year. However, in the Statement of Activities, OPEB expense is the net effect of all changes in the deferred outflows, deferred inflows, and net OPEB liability during the year.

(450,765)

statement of activities.

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Amortization of premium, discount and defeasance cost of long-term liabilities is not recognized in the governmental funds, but they impact the Statement of Activities. The net amortization amount during the year is as follows:	
Amortization of pemium of general obligation bonds	354,998
Amortization of discount of certificates of participation	(13,840)
Net amortization	341,158
Payment of principal on long-term liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.	9,310,000
Interest on long-term debt is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when it is due; however, in the Statement of Activities, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is	
due.	(768,990)
Amortization of gain or loss on refunding is not recorded in the governmental funds, but is amortized over the life of the bond in the	

(79,586) **17,901,999**

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

FIDUCIARY FUND STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

	Agency Fund		
ASSETS			
Deposits and investments	\$	807,047	
Total Assets	\$	807,047	
LIABILITIES			
Due to student groups	\$	807,047	
Total Liabilities	\$	807,047	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Financial Reporting Entity

The Morgan Hill Unified School District was unified on July 1, 1966 under the laws of the State of California. The District operates under a locally elected seven member Board form of government and provides educational services to grades K-12 as mandated by the State and/or Federal agencies. The District operates eight elementary, two middle, two high schools, a continuation high school and a community adult school as well as a homeschooling program.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For Morgan Hill Unified School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District, in that the District approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. In addition, component units are other legally separate organizations for which the District is not financially accountable but the nature and significance of the organization's relationship with the District is such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The component unit, although a legally separate entity is reported in the financial statements using the blended presentation method as if it was part of the District's operations because the governing board of the component unit is essentially the same as the governing board of the District and because its purpose is to finance the construction of facilities to be used for the direct benefit of the District. The financial activity for this component unit is presented in the financial statements as the Capital Projects Fund.

Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounting system is organized and operated on a fund basis. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. The District's funds are grouped into two broad fund categories: governmental and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major and non-major governmental funds:

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund The General Fund is the chief operating fund for all districts. It is used to account for the ordinary operations of the District. All transactions except those amounts for another fund are accounted for in this fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018

Two funds currently defined as special revenue funds in the California State Accounting Manual (CSAM) do not meet the GASB Statement No. 54 special revenue fund definition. Specifically, Fund 17, Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay Projects, and Fund 20, Special Reserve Fund for Post-employment Benefits, are not substantially composed of restricted or committed revenue sources. While these funds are authorized by statute and will remain open for internal reporting purposes, these funds function effectively as extensions of the General Fund, and accordingly have been combined with the General Fund for presentation in these audited financial statements.

Building Fund The Building Fund exists primarily to account separately for proceeds from the sale of bonds (*Education Code* Section 15146) and may not be used for any purposes other than those for which the bonds were issued.

Bond Interest and Redemption Fund The Bond Interest and Redemption Fund is used for the repayment of bonds issued for a District (*Education Code* Sections 15125-15262).

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds The Special Revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds from specific revenue sources (other than trusts, major capital projects, or debt service) that are restricted or committed to the financing of particular activities, that compose a substantial portion of the inflows of the fund, and that are reasonably expected to continue. Additional resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to the purpose of the fund may also be reported in the fund.

Adult Education Fund The Adult Education Fund is used to account separately for Federal, State, and local revenues that are restricted or committed for adult education programs and is to be expended for adult education purposes only.

Child Development Fund The Child Development Fund is used to account separately for Federal, State, and local revenues to operate child development programs and is to be used only for expenditures for the operation of child development programs.

Cafeteria Fund The Cafeteria Fund is used to account separately for Federal, State, and local resources to operate the food service program (*Education Code* Sections 38090-38093) and is used only for those expenditures authorized by the governing board as necessary for the operation of the District's food service program (*Education Code* Sections 38091 and 38100).

Deferred Maintenance Fund The Deferred Maintenance Fund is used to account separately for revenues that are restricted or committed for deferred maintenance purposes (*Education Code* Section 17582).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018

Capital Project Funds The Capital Project funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

Capital Facilities Fund The Capital Facilities Fund is used primarily to account separately for monies received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approving a development (Education Code Sections 17620-17626). Expenditures are restricted to the purposes specified in Government Code Sections 65970-65981 or to the items specified in agreements with the developer (Government Code Section 66006).

Capital Project Fund for Blended Component Units This fund is used to account for capital projects financed by parcel taxes, upon approval of the voters during 2006-2007.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held in trustee or agent capacity for others that cannot be used to support the District's own programs. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and agency funds. The key distinction between trust and agency funds is that trust funds are subject to a trust agreement that affects the degree of management involvement and the length of time that the resources are held.

Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Such funds have no equity accounts since all assets are due to individuals or entities at some future time. The District's agency fund accounts for student body activities (ASB) and scholarship activities.

Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus

Government-Wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements, but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between expenses, both direct and indirect, for each governmental function, and excludes fiduciary activity. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the Statement of Activities, except for depreciation. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities.

Net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net position restricted for other activities result from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their use.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018

Fund Financial Statements Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statement.

Governmental Funds All governmental funds are accounted for using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance reports on the sources (revenues and other financing sources) and uses (expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide financial statements, prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, and the governmental fund financial statements, prepared using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Fiduciary Fund Fiduciary fund is accounted for using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary fund is excluded from the government-wide financial statements because they do not represent resources of the District.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year, or 365 days. The following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: State apportionments, interest, certain grants and other local sources.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, certain grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the taxes are received. Revenue from certain grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include time and purpose restrictions. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Unearned Revenue Unearned revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period or when resources are received by the District prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Certain grants received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as unearned revenue. On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period are also recorded as unearned revenue.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred. Principal and interest on long-term obligations, which have not matured, are recognized when paid in the governmental funds as expenditures. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds but are recognized in the government-wide statements.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash equivalents also include cash with county treasury balances.

Investments

Investments held at June 30, 2018 with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost. Fair values of investments in county and state investment pools are determined by the program sponsor.

Stores Inventories

Inventories consist of expendable food and supplies held for consumption. Inventories are stated at cost, on the weighted average basis. The costs of inventory items are recorded as expenditures in the governmental type funds when used.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. Capital assets are long-lived assets of the District. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$20,000. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized, but are expensed as incurred. When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized in the government-wide statement of net position. The valuation basis for capital assets is historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement cost. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows: buildings, 20 to 50 years; improvements, 5 to 50 years; equipment, 2 to 15 years. Donated capital assets are capitalized at estimated fair market value on the date donated.

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental columns of the statement of net position.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide statement of net position. For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is recognized upon the occurrence of relevant events such as employee resignations and retirements that occur prior to year-end that have not yet been paid with expendable available financial resources. These amounts are reported in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid.

Sick leave is accumulated without limit for each employee at the rate of one day for each month worked. Leave with pay is provided when employees are absent for health reasons; however, the employees do not gain a vested right to accumulated sick leave. Employees are never paid for any sick leave balance at termination of employment or any other time. Therefore, the value of accumulated sick leave is not recognized as a liability in the District's financial statements. However, credit for unused sick leave is applicable to all classified school members who retire after January 1, 1999. At retirement, each member will receive .004 year of service credit for each day of unused sick leave.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the governmental funds.

However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, special termination benefits, and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the governmental fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds, capital leases, and other long-term obligations are recognized as liabilities in the governmental fund financial statements when due.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position also reports deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The District reports deferred outflows of resources for deferred charges on refunding of debt, for pension related items, and for OPEB related items.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The District reports deferred inflows of resources for deferred charges on refunding of debt, for pension related items, and for OPEB related items.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plan for schools (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalSTRS and CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Member contributions are recognized in the period in which they are earned. Investments are reported at fair value.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the District Plan and additions to/deductions from the District Plan have been determined on the same basis. For this purpose, the District Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Debt Premiums and Discounts

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund type financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund statement of net position. Debt premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method.

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

As of June 30, 2018, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable - amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed - amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the governing board. The governing board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through resolutions or other action as approved by the governing board.

Assigned - amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the District's adopted policy, only the governing board or chief business officer/assistant superintendent of business services may assign amounts for specific purposes.

Unassigned - all other spendable amounts.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018

Spending Order Policy

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the governing board has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position net of investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The District first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements. Interfund transfers are eliminated in the governmental columns of the statement of activities.

Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Budgetary Data

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the California *Education Code* and requires the governing board to hold a public hearing and adopt an operating budget no later than July 1 of each year. The District governing board satisfied these requirements. The adopted budget is subject to amendment throughout the year to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption with the legal restriction that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations by major object account.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for. For budget purposes, onbehalf payments have not been included as revenue and expenditures as required under generally accepted accounting principles.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018

Property Tax

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County of Santa Clara bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received.

Change in Accounting Principles

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by State and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). The District has implemented the provisions of this Statement as of June 30, 2018.

In March 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 85, *Omnibus 2017*. The objective of this Statement is to address practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and postemployment benefits (pensions and other postemployment benefits [OPEB]). The District has implemented the provisions of this Statement as of June 30, 2018.

In May 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 86, Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve consistency in accounting and financial reporting for in-substance defeasance of debt by providing guidance for transactions in which cash and other monetary assets acquired with only existing resources—resources other than the proceeds of refunding debt—are placed in an irrevocable trust for the sole purpose of extinguishing debt. The District has implemented the provisions of this Statement as of June 30, 2018.

New Accounting Pronouncements Effective in Future Fiscal Years

In November 2016, the GASB issued Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018. Early implementation is encouraged. The District has not determined the effect of the statement.

In January 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018. Early implementation is encouraged. The District has not determined the effect of the statement.

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. The requirements of this Statement are effective for the reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Early implementation is encouraged. The District has not determined the effect of the statement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018

In April 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018. Early implementation is encouraged. The District has not determined the effect of the statement.

In June 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period. The objectives of this Statement are (1) to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and (2) to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Earlier application is encouraged. The requirements of this Statement should be applied prospectively. The District has not determined the effect of the statement.

In August 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests – An Amendment of GASB statements No. 14 and No. 61*. The primary objectives of this Statement are to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018. Earlier application is encouraged. The District has not determined the effect of the statement.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Summary of Deposits and Investments

Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2018, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Governmental activities	\$ 156,330,601
Fiduciary fund	807,047
Total Deposits and Investments	\$ 157,137,648
Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2018, consist of the following:	
Cash on hand and in banks	\$ 837,053
Cash in revolving	20,500
Investments	 156,280,095
Total Deposits and Investments	\$ 157,137,648

Policies and Practices

The District is authorized under California Government Code to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the State; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered State warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; and collateralized mortgage obligations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018

Investment in County Treasury - The District is considered to be an involuntary participant in an external investment pool as the District is required to deposit all receipts and collections of monies with their County Treasurer (*Education Code* Section 41001). The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accounting financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis. This pool is not registered with Security Exchange Commission.

General Authorizations

Limitations as they relate to interest rate risk and concentration of credit risk are indicated in the schedules below:

	Maximum	Maximum	Maximum
Authorized	Remaining	Percentage	Investment
Investment Type	Maturity	of Portfolio	in One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the County Treasury Pool and money market accounts.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the District's investments to market interest rate fluctuation is provided by the following schedule that shows the distribution of the District's investment by maturity:

	Fair						
Investment Type		Cost		Value	Maturity		
Natixis Guaranteed Investment Contract	\$	6,355,294	\$	6,355,294	5/3/2027		
Money Market		543,530		543,530	Less than a year		
County Pool		149,381,271		148,181,394	479 days		
Total	\$	156,280,095	\$	155,080,218			

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

	Fair	Rating
Investment Type	Value	Unrated
Natixis Guaranteed Investment Contract	\$ 6,355,294	\$ 6,355,294
Money Market	543,530	543,530
County Pool	148,181,394	148,181,394
Total	\$ 155,080,218	\$ 155,080,218

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agency. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105 percent of the secured deposits. The District had no significant exposure with respect to custodial credit risk. On June 30, 2018, District bank balances of \$543,530 were exposed to custodial credit risk because they were uninsured but were collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the name of the District.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

This is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. Of the investment in the District, \$6,355,294 is exposed to custodial credit risk because the related securities are uninsured, unregistered and held by the brokerage firm which is also the counterparty for these securities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018

Fair Value Measurements

The District categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy, which has three levels, is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value. The following provides a summary of the hierarchy used to measure fair value:

Level 1 inputs – quoted prices in active markets for identical assets.

Level 2 inputs – quoted prices in active or inactive for the same or similar assets.

Level 3 inputs – estimates using the best information available when there is little or no market.

Uncategorized - Investments in County Treasury Investment Pool, Money Market and Natixis Guaranteed Investment Contract are not measured using the input levels above because the District's transactions are based on a stable net asset value per share. All contributions and redemptions are transacted at \$1.00 net asset value per share.

NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2018, consisted of intergovernmental grants, entitlements, interest and other local sources. All receivables are considered collectible in full.

	General Fund	Building Fund	 ond Interest Redemption Fund	Ion-Major overnmental Funds	Total
Federal Government			 		
Categorical aid	\$ 885,136	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 263,576	\$ 1,148,712
State Government					
Categorical aid	231,283	-	-	17,684	248,967
Lottery	358,584	-	-	-	358,584
Local Government					
Interest	149,229	346,564	64,833	46,611	607,237
Other Local Sources	155,914	42,593		86	198,593
Total	\$ 1,780,146	\$ 389,157	\$ 64,833	\$ 379,032	\$ 2,613,168

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance		
	July 1, 2017	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2018		
Governmental Activities						
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:						
Land	\$ 7,467,149	\$ 9,000,000	\$ -	\$ 16,467,149		
Construction in progress	19,682,229	11,549,080	17,185,536	14,045,773		
Total Capital Assets						
Not Being Depreciated	27,149,378	20,549,080	17,185,536	30,512,922		
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:						
Buildings and improvements	274,181,975	17,234,155	274,529	291,141,601		
Furniture and equipment	3,608,768	27,137	68,175	3,567,730		
Total Capital Assets						
Being Depreciated	277,790,743	17,261,292	342,704	294,709,331		
Total Capital Assets	304,940,121	37,810,372	17,528,240	325,222,253		
Less Accumulated Depreciation:						
Buildings and improvements	70,358,722	6,317,893	274,529	76,402,086		
Furniture and equipment	1,748,205	297,084	68,175	1,977,114		
Total Accumulated Depreciation	72,106,927	6,614,977	342,704	78,379,200		
	_					
Governmental Activities Capital						
Assets, Net	\$ 232,833,194	\$ 31,195,395	\$ 17,185,536	\$ 246,843,053		

Depreciation expense was charged as a direct expense to governmental activities as follows:

Governmental Activities

Instruction	\$ 3,974,414
Supervision of instruction	223,644
Instructional library, media and technology	21,078
School site administration	538,474
Home-to-school transportation	243,175
Food services	195,840
All other pupil services	376,819
Ancillary services	55,498
Community services	988
All other general administration	320,130
Plant services	 104,277
Total Depreciation Expense All Activities	\$ 6,614,977

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund Receivables/Payables (Due To/Due From)

	Due From							
	Non-Major							
		General	vernmental					
Due To		Fund Funds			Total			
General Fund	\$	-	\$	316,137	\$	316,137		
Building Funds		5,458		-		5,458		
Non-Major Governmental Funds		364,163				364,163		
Total	\$	369,621	\$	316,137	\$	685,758		

Operating Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2018, consisted of the following:

	Transfer In							
Non-Major						n-Major		_
	(General	E	Building	Gov	ernmental		
Transfer Out		Fund		Fund		Funds		Total
General Fund	\$	-	\$	858,961	\$	91,786	\$	950,747
Capital Facilities Fund		83,736		-				83,736
Total	\$	83,736	\$	858,961	\$	91,786	\$	1,034,483
a 3% fee is collected on developer fee in collecting the fees.General Fund transferred to Adult Edu							\$	83,736 17,154
General Fund transferred to cafeteria l				•				74,632
		ŭ			•	chung.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
General Fund transferred to Building fund to cover the cost of the solar programs.								416,000
General Fund transferred to Building	Fund f	or the Califo	rnia C	lean Energy	Project	t cost		
reimbursement.								442,961
Total interfund transfers							\$	1,034,483

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 6 - DEFERRED AMOUNT ON REFUNDING

Deferred outflows of resources is a consumption of net position by the District that is applicable to a future reporting period. The \$238,757 balance of the deferred amounts on refunding at June 30, 2018 will be recognized as an expense and as a decrease in net position over the remaining life of related bonds.

Deferred amount on refunding at June 30, 2018 is as follows:

	E	Balance		I	Balance		
	July 1, 2017		Additions	De	eductions	June 30, 2018	
Deferred amounts on refunding	\$	318,343	\$ -	\$	79,586	\$	238,757

NOTE 7 - ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

Accounts payable at June 30, 2018, consisted of the following:

			Non-Major								
	General			General Building			Building	Gov	ernmental		
	Fund			Fund Fund			Total				
Vendor payables	\$	1,629,739	\$	1,059,830	\$	51,861	\$	2,741,430			
State principal apportionment		274,009		-		-		274,009			
Salaries and benefits		288,785				3,973		292,758			
Total	\$	2,192,533	\$	1,059,830	\$	55,834	\$	3,308,197			

NOTE 8 - UNEARNED REVENUE

Unearned revenue at June 30, 2018, consists of the following:

	General
	Fund
Federal financial assistance	\$ 15,486
State categorical aid	39,054
Other local	1,193,259
Total	\$ 1,247,799

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS OTHER THAN PENSION AND OPEB

Summary

The changes in the District's long-term obligations during the year consisted of the following:

	Balance				Balance	Due in
	July 1, 2017	Additions	D	eductions	June 30, 2018	One Year
GOBs	\$ 80,710,000	\$ 80,000,000	\$	9,310,000	\$ 151,400,000	\$ 15,860,000
Premium on GOBs	2,031,608	6,005,940		354,998	7,682,550	354,998
Sub-Total	82,741,608	86,005,940		9,664,998	159,082,550	16,214,998
COPs	13,505,000	-		-	13,505,000	-
Discount on COPS	(138,393)	-		(13,840)	(124,553)	13,840
Compensated Absences	329,197	45,488			374,685	
Total	\$ 96,437,412	\$ 86,051,428	\$	9,651,158	\$ 172,837,682	\$ 16,228,838

The Bond Interest and Redemption fund is used to collect assessed property taxes which are used to repay the general obligation bonds (GOBs). Payment of certificate of participation (COPs) will be paid from General fund. Compensated absences will be paid by the fund for which the employee works.

Bonded Debt

The outstanding general obligation bonded debt is as follows:

	Maturity			Bonds	Issued /		Bonds
Issue	Date	Interest	Original	Outstanding	Accreted	Redeemed /	Outstanding
Date	(Aug 1)	Rate	Issue	July 1, 2017	Interest	Defeased	June 30, 2018
2012	2042	2.00-3.25%	\$ 55,000,000	\$ 46,200,000	\$ -	\$ 125,000	\$ 46,075,000
2015	2020	2.00-5.00%	3,925,000	3,845,000	-	980,000	2,865,000
2015	2020	0.73-2.31%	31,805,000	30,665,000	-	8,205,000	22,460,000
2017	2047	2.69-5.00%	80,000,000		80,000,000		80,000,000
		Sub-Total		\$ 80,710,000	\$80,000,000	\$ 9,310,000	151,400,000
				J	namortized pren	nium on GOBs	7,682,550
						Total	\$ 159,082,550

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

The bonds mature through 2048 as follows:

		Interest to				
Fiscal Year	Principal	Maturity	Total			
2019	\$ 15,860,000	\$ 5,289,891	\$ 21,149,891			
2020	16,855,000	4,985,729	21,840,729			
2021	8,950,000	4,539,944	13,489,944			
2022	445,000	4,367,913	4,812,913			
2023	540,000	4,348,213	4,888,213			
2024-2028	4,435,000	21,225,715	25,660,715			
2029-2033	9,480,000	19,869,390	29,349,390			
2034-2038	18,855,000	17,286,159	36,141,159			
2039-2043	30,255,000	12,489,307	42,744,307			
2044-2048	45,725,000	4,854,500	50,579,500			
Sub Total	\$ 151,400,000	\$ 99,256,761	\$ 250,656,761			

Certificates of Participation

In May 2011, the Morgan Hill Unified School District issued certificates of participation in the amount of \$13,505,000 with interest rates ranging from 2 to 7.1 percent. As of June 30, 2018, the principal balance outstanding was \$13,505,000. The certificates mature through 2027 as follows:

	Interest to					
Fiscal Year		Principal		Maturity		Total
2019	\$	-	\$	958,855	\$	958,855
2020		-		958,855		958,855
2021		-		958,855		958,855
2022		-		958,855		958,855
2023		-		958,855		958,855
2024-2027		13,505,000		3,835,420		17,340,420
Total	\$	13,505,000	\$	8,629,695	\$	22,134,695

Accumulated Unpaid Employee Vacation

The long-term portion of accumulated unpaid employee vacation for the District at June 30, 2018 amounted to \$374,685.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 10 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) LIABILITY

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the District reported total OPEB liability (TOL), deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and OPEB expense for the following plans:

	Net		Deferred		Deferred		
		OPEB		Outflows		Inflows	OPEB
OPEB Plan	Liability		of	Resources	of	Resources	Expense
District Plan	\$	47,673,174	\$	1,067,011	\$	3,313,143	\$ 450,765

Plan Administration

The District's governing board administers the Postemployment Benefits Plan (the Plan). The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan that is used to provide postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) for eligible retirees and their spouses.

Plan Membership

At June 30, 2017, the Plan membership consisted of the following:

	Plan Members
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits payments	331
Active employees	528_
Total Plan Membership	859

Benefits Provided

The Plan provides medical, dental and vision insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. Benefits are provided through a third-party insurer, and the full cost of benefits is covered by the Plan. The District's governing board has the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms as contained within the negotiated labor agreements. The District's benefits are capped at \$9,000 annually.

Contributions

The contribution requirements of Plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the District, the District's bargaining units and unrepresented groups. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements. For fiscal year 2017-2018, the District contributed \$1,067,011 to the Plan, all of which was used for current premiums.

Total OPEB Liability of the District

The District's TOL of \$47,673,141 was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the assumption used to calculate the TOL was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018

Actuarial Assumptions

The TOL in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 3.13 percent

Salary increases 3 percent, average, including inflation

Investment rate of return 3.13 percent, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation

Healthcare cost trend rates 4 percent for 2017

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer 20-bond General Obligation Index.

Mortality rates were based on the 2009 CalSTRS Mortality Table for certificated employees and the 2014 CalPERS Active Mortality for Miscellaneous Employees Table for classified employees. Mortality rates vary by age and sex. (Unisex mortality rates are not often used as individual OPEB benefits do not depend on the mortality table used.) If employees die prior to retirement, past contributions are available to fund benefits for employees who live to retirement. After retirement, death results in benefit termination or reduction. Although higher mortality rates reduce service costs, the mortality assumption is not likely to vary from employer to employer.

The actual assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actual experience study for the period July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2017.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Total OPEB Liability	
Service cost	\$ 1,984,946
Interest	1,320,152
Changes of assumptions	(3,591,558)
Benefit payments	(1,508,907)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(1,795,367)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	49,468,541
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 47,673,174

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the TOL of the District, as well as what the District's TOL would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	 TOL
1% decrease (2.13%)	\$ 56,920,806
Current discount rate (3.13%)	47,673,174
1% increase (4.13%)	40,507,267

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net/total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net/total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percent lower or higher than the current healthcare costs trend rates:

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	TOL
1% decrease (3%)	\$ 40,748,843
Current healthcare cost trend rate (4%)	47,673,174
1% increase (5%)	56,720,547

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$451,765. At June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows of resources for OPEB contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$1,067,011. At June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Defer	red Outflows	Deferred Inflows		
	of Resources			Resources	
OPEB contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	628,962	\$	-	
Changes of assumptions				3,313,143	
Total	\$	628,962	\$	3,313,143	

The deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the TOL in the subsequent fiscal year.

The deferred inflows of resources related to the changes of assumptions will be amortized over the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees. As of June 30, 2017, the average for District employees is 12.9 years. The deferred inflows will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended	Deferred Inflows
June 30,	of Resources
2019	\$ 278,415
2020	278,415
2021	278,415
2022	278,415
2022	278,415
Thereafter	1,921,068_
	\$ 3,313,143

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 11 - FUND BALANCES

Fund balances are composed of the following elements:

	General Fund	Building Fund	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total
Nonspendable Revolving cash Prepaid expenditures	\$ 14,500 20,868	\$ - -	\$ -	\$ 6,000	\$ 20,500 20,868
Total Nonspendable	35,368	_		6,000	41,368
Restricted					
Legally restricted programs	2,848,557	_	_	_	2,848,557
Adult education program	2,010,337	_	-	183,734	183,734
Capital projects	_	79,397,757	-	11,064,592	90,462,349
Child nutrition program	-	-	-	4,000	4,000
Debt services	-	-	22,760,611		22,760,611
Total Restricted	2,848,557	79,397,757	22,760,611	11,252,326	116,259,251
Committed Adult education program Deferred maintenance program Total Committed Assigned Special reserve-non capital Retiree benefits	3,843,100 582,143	- - - -	- - - -	290,819 522,843 813,662	290,819 522,843 813,662 3,843,100 582,143
Capital projects	-	7,642,013	-	_	7,642,013
Various program carryover	6,873,725	-	-	_	6,873,725
Total Assigned	11,298,968	7,642,013	-		18,940,981
Unassigned Reserve for economic uncertainties	2,747,637	_	_		2,747,637
Remaining unassigned	15,612,906	-	-	-	15,612,906
Total Unassigned	18,360,543		-		18,360,543
Total	\$32,543,436	\$ 87,039,770	\$ 22,760,611	\$12,071,988	\$ 154,415,805

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft, damage and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; life and health of employees; and natural disasters. The District purchases commercial insurance for property damage with coverage up to a maximum of \$500 million, subject to various policy sublimits generally ranging from \$1 million to \$5 million. Employee health benefits are covered by a commercial insurance policy purchased by the District. The District provides health insurance benefits to District employees electing to participate in the plan by paying a monthly premium based on the number of District employees participating in the plan.

Property and Liability

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the District contracted with Santa Clara County Schools Insurance Group for property and liability insurance coverage. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has not been a significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2018, the District participated in the Santa Clara County Schools Insurance Group, an insurance purchasing pool. The intent of the Santa Clara County Schools Insurance Group is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the Santa Clara County Schools Insurance Group. The workers' compensation experience of the participating districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all districts in the Santa Clara County Schools Insurance Group. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium based on its individual rate. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "equity-pooling fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the Santa Clara County Schools Insurance Group is limited to districts that can meet the Santa Clara County Schools Insurance Group selection criteria.

Employee Medical Benefits

The District has contracted with the CalPERS Medical Insurance Plan to provide employee health benefits. Rates are set through an annual calculation process.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 13 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Academic employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS).

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the District reported net pension liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense for each of the above plans as follows:

				Collective	(Collective		
	Co	ollective Net	Defe	erred Outflows	Def	erred Inflows		Collective
Pension Plan	Pen	sion Liability	0	f Resources	of	Resources	Pen	sion Expense
CalSTRS	\$	63,317,270	\$	18,442,671	\$	3,603,095	\$	6,568,501
CalPERS		24,211,698		8,007,279		285,063		4,652,895
Total	\$	87,528,968	\$	26,449,950	\$	3,888,158	\$	11,221,396

The details of each plan are as follows:

California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement Plan (STRP) administered by the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS). STRP is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law.

A full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2016, annual actuarial valuation report, Defined Benefit Program Actuarial Valuation. This report and CalSTRS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalSTRS website under Publications at: http://www.calstrs.com/member-publications.

Benefits Provided

The STRP provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' final compensation, age and years of service credit. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 60. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 62. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018

The STRP is comprised of four programs: Defined Benefit Program, Defined Benefit Supplement Program, Cash Balance Benefit Program and Replacement Benefits Program. The STRP holds assets for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits to members and beneficiaries of these programs. CalSTRS also uses plan assets to defray reasonable expenses of administering the STRP. Although CalSTRS is the administrator of the STRP, the state is the sponsor of the STRP and obligor of the trust. In addition, the state is both an employer and nonemployer contributing entity to the STRP.

The District contributes exclusively to the STRP Defined Benefit Program, thus disclosures are not included for the other plans.

The STRP provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2018, are summarized as follows:

	STRP Defined Benefit Program		
	On or before	On or after	
Hire date	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2013	
Benefit formula	2% at 60	2% at 62	
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service	
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life	
Retirement age	60	62	
Monthly benefits as a percentage of eligible compensation	2.0% - 2.4%	2.0% - 2.4%	
Required employee contribution rate	10.25%	9.205%	
Required employer contribution rate	14.43%	14.43%	
Required state contribution rate	9.328%	9.328%	

Contributions

Required member, District and State of California contributions rates are set by the California Legislature and the Governor and detailed in the Teachers' Retirement Law. The contributions rates are expressed as a level percentage of payroll using the entry age normal actuarial method. In accordance with AB 1469, employer contributions into the CalSTRS will be increasing to a total of 19.1 percent of applicable member earnings phased over a seven year period. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2018, are presented above and the District's total contributions were \$5,245,292.

	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows	
	of Resources		0	f Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	5,245,292	\$	-
Net change in proportionate share of net pension liability		-		(1,686,315)
Differences between expected and actual experience in				
the measurement of the total pension liability		234,153		(1,104,298)
Change in assumption		11,730,264		-
Change in proportions		1,232,962		(812,482)
Total	\$	18,442,671	\$	(3,603,095)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

Total net pension liability, including State share:

District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 63,317,270
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	37,457,962
Total	\$ 100,775,232

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts and the State, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share for the measurement period June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016, respectively was 0.0685 percent and 0.0686 percent, resulting in a net decrease in the proportionate share of 0.0001 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized its proportionate share pension expense of \$6,568,501. In addition, the District also recorded pension expense and revenue of \$3,770,504 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	of Resources		of Resources	
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	5,245,292	\$	-
Net change in proportionate share of net pension liability		-		(1,686,315)
Differences between expected and actual experience in				
the measurement of the total pension liability		234,153		(1,104,298)
Change in assumption		11,730,264		-
Change in proportions		1,232,962		(812,482)
Total	\$	18,442,671	\$	(3,603,095)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year. The deferred inflows of resources related to the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments are amortized over a closed five-year period and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	Deferred Inflows
June 30,	of Resources
2019	\$ (1,402,112)
2020	1,060,949
2021	153,004
2022	(1,498,156)
Total	\$ (1,686,315)

All deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to the net change in proportionate share of net pension liability, differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability, and changes of assumptions will be amortized over the Expected Average Remaining Service Life (EARSL) of all members that are provided benefits (active, inactive and retirees) as of the beginning of the measurement period. The EARSL for the measurement period is 7 years and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	Deferred Outflows (Inflows)
June 30,	of Resources
2019	3,987,162
2020	3,987,162
2021	3,582,669
2022	(57,753)
2023	(237,624)
2024	18,983_
Total	\$ 11,280,599

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Total pension liability for STRP was determined by applying updated procedures to a financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2017. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016, used the following methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	June 30, 2016
Measurement date	June 30, 2017
Experience study	July 1, 2010 through June 30, 2015
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Discount rate	7.10%
Investment rate of return	7.10%
Consumer price inflation	2.75%
Wage growth	3.50%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018

CalSTRS uses a generational mortality assumption, which involves the use of a base mortality table and projection scales to reflect expected annual reductions in mortality rates at each age, resulting in increases in life expectancies each year into the future. The base mortality tables are CalSTRS custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. The projection scale was set equal to 110 percent of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP-2016) table, issued by the Society of Actuaries.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS general investment consultant (Pension Consulting Alliance-PCA) as an input to the process. The actuarial investment rate of return assumption was adopted by the board in February 2017 in conjunction with the most recent experience study. For each future valuation, CalSTRS consulting actuary (Milliman) reviews the return assumption for reasonableness based on the most current capital market assumptions. Best estimates of 20-year geometrically-linked real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class for the year ended June 30, 2017, are summarized in the following table:

		Long-term
	Assumed Asset	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Global equity	47%	6.30%
Fixed income	12%	0.30%
Real estate	13%	5.20%
Private equity	13%	9.30%
Absolute Return/Risk	9%	2.90%
Inflation sensitive	4%	3.80%
Cash/liquidity	2%	-1.00%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.10 percent) and assuming that contributions, benefit payments and administrative expense occurred midyear. Based on these assumptions, the STRP's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

	Net Pension
Discount Rate	Liability
1% decrease (6.10%)	\$ 92,969,854
Current discount rate (7.10%)	\$ 63,317,270
1% increase (8.10%)	\$ 39,252,189

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018

California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS)

Plan Description

Qualified employees are eligible to participate in the School Employer Pool (SEP) and the Safety Risk Pool under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

A full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2016 annual actuarial valuation reports, Schools Pool Actuarial Valuation, and the Risk Pool Actuarial Valuation Report, Safety, 2016. These reports and CalPERS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalPERS website under Forms and Publications at: https://www.calpers.ca.gov/page/forms-publications.

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of service credit, a benefit factor and the member's final compensation. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 52 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after five years of service. The Basic Death Benefit is paid to any member's beneficiary if the member dies while actively employed. An employee's eligible survivor may receive the 1957 Survivor Benefit if the member dies while actively employed, is at least age 50 (or 52 for members hired on or after January 1, 2013), and has at least five years of credited service. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The CalPERS provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2018, are summarized as follows:

	School Employer Pool (CalPERS)			
	On or before On or after			
Hire date	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2013		
Benefit formula	2% at 55	2% at 62		
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service		
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life		
Retirement age	55	62		
Monthly benefits as a percentage of eligible compensation	1.1% - 2.5%	1.0% - 2.5%		
Required employee contribution rate	7.00%	6.50%		
Required employer contribution rate	15.531%	15.531%		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Total plan contributions are calculated through the CalPERS annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. The contributions rates are expressed as percentage of annual payroll. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2018, are presented above and the total District contributions were \$2,135,702.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2018, the District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate share of the CalPERS net pension liability totaling \$24,211,698. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share for the measurement period June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016, respectively was 0.1014 percent and 0.0974 percent, resulting in a net increase in the proportionate share of 0.004 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized pension expense of \$4,652,895. At June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	2,135,702	\$	-
Change in assumption		3,536,499		(285,063)
Difference between projected and actual earnings on				
pension plan investments		837,559		-
Differences between expected and actual experience in the				
measurement of the total pension liability		867,405		-
Changes in Proportions		630,114		-
Total	\$	8,007,279	\$	(285,063)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year. The deferred outflows of resources related to the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments are amortized over a closed five-year period and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	Deferred Outflows
June 30,	of Resources
2019	\$ (22,695)
2020	966,362
2021	352,540
2022	(458,648)
Total	\$ 837,559

The deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to the net change in proportionate share of net pension liability, differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability, and changes of assumptions will be amortized over the Expected Average Remaining Service Life (EARSL) of all members that are provided benefits (active, inactive, and retirees) as of the beginning of the measurement period. The EARSL for the measurement period is 3.9 years and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Deterred
Year Ended	Outflows (Inflows)
June 30,	of Resources
2019	\$ 1,704,136
2020	1,670,060
2021	1,374,759
Total	\$ 4,748,955

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Total pension liability for the SEP was determined by applying update procedures to a financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2017. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016, used the following methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	June 30, 2016
Measurement date	June 30, 2017
Experience study	July 1, 1997 through June 30, 2011
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Discount rate	7.15%
Investment rate of return	7.15%
Consumer price inflation	2.75%
Wage growth	Varies by entry age and service

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018

The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first ten years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-term
	Assumed Asset	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Global equity	47%	5.38%
Global debt securities	19%	2.27%
Inflation assets	6%	1.39%
Private equity	12%	6.63%
Real estate	11%	5.21%
Infrastructure and Forestland	3%	5.36%
Liquidity	2%	-0.90%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Based on these assumptions, the School Employer Pool fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Net Pension

	1	NCt I CHSIOH
Discount rate		Liability
1% decrease (6.15%)	\$	29,885,720
Current discount rate (7.15%)	\$	24,211,698
1% increase (8.15%)	\$	11,824,216

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018

Social Security

As established by Federal law, all public sector employees who are not members of their employer's existing retirement system (CalSTRS or CalPERS) must be covered by Social Security or an alternative plan. The District has elected to use Social Security.

On Behalf Payments

The State of California makes contributions to CalSTRS on behalf of the District. These payments consist of State General Fund contributions to CalSTRS in the amount of \$3,046,985, \$2,867,900 (9.328 percent of annual payroll), \$2,144,849, for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2018, 2017 and 2016. These amounts have been allocated in General Fund, Adult Education Fund and Child Development Fund for the amounts shown in the following schedules. Under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these amounts are to be reported as revenues and expenditures. Accordingly, these amounts have been recorded in these financial statements. On behalf payments have been included in the calculation of available reserves but have not been included in the budget amounts reported in the General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule.

NOTE 14 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Grants

The District received financial assistance from Federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2018.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018

Construction Commitments

As of June 30, 2018, the District had the following commitments with respect to unfinished capital projects:

	Remaining	Expected
	Construction	Date of
Capital Project	Commitment	Completion
Borello	\$ 2,657,08	5 Jul-18
Britton New Campus	20,089,30	7 Jun-20
Charter School HVAC	15,96	4 Jul-18
District Data Center	13,71	7 Jun-20
El Toro Health Science	33,65	5 Sep-18
JAMM Modernization	23,57	7 Jun-21
Live Oak Kitchen Roof	9,059.0	0 Jul-18
Nordstrom Classrooms	151,24	1 Jun-20
Paradise Valley Admin Office	792,27	3 Nov-18
Paradise Valley Gen 7's	73,07	3 Aug-18
Paradise Valley MPR Modernization	1,754,32	8 Nov-18
	\$ 25,613,278	3

NOTE 15 - PARTICIPATION IN PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOLS

The District is a member of the Santa Clara County Schools Insurance Group public entity risk pool (the pool). The District pays an annual premium to the applicable entity for its health, workers' compensation, and property liability coverage. The relationship between the District and the pool is such that it is not component unit of the District for financial reporting purposes.

This entity has budgeting and financial reporting requirements independent of member units and their financial statements are not presented in these financial statements; however, fund transactions between the entities and the District are included in these statements. Audited financial statements are generally available from the entity.

The District has appointed one board member to the Governing Board of the Santa Clara County Schools Insurance Group.

During the year ended June 30, 2018, the District made a payment of \$911,061 for workers' compensation insurance and \$594,469 for property liability coverage to the Santa Clara County Schools Insurance Group.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 16 - RESTATEMENT OF PRIOR YEAR NET POSITION

The District adopted GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, in the current year. As a result, the effect on the current fiscal year is as follows:

Net Position - Beginning	\$ 132,014,620
Restatement related to OPEB beginning liability	(37,974,962)
Net Position - Beginning as Restated	\$ 94,039,658

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GENERAL FUND BUDGET COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

							ariances - Positive Negative) Final
		Original	Final		Actual 1	1	to Actual
REVENUES							
Local control funding formula	\$	73,918,334	\$ 73,661,649	\$	73,660,485	\$	(1,164)
Federal sources		3,537,783	3,703,598		3,466,812		(236,786)
Other state sources		5,717,644	8,314,642		8,438,467		123,825
Other local sources		3,059,309	3,962,136		4,440,979		478,843
Total Revenues		86,233,070	89,642,025		90,006,743		364,718
EXPENDITURES		_			_		
Current							
Certificated salaries		38,951,788	38,275,165		37,796,988		478,177
Classified salaries		13,857,963	13,723,597		13,403,148		320,449
Employee benefits		18,618,519	18,935,070		18,248,880		686,190
Books and supplies		3,206,397	6,772,776		4,315,795		2,456,981
Services and operating ependitures		9,844,814	11,786,184		10,398,179		1,388,005
Other outgo		411,346	2,074,445		4,045,043		(1,970,598)
Capital outlay		4,132,095	4,250,572		1,235,599		3,014,973
Total Expenditures		89,022,922	95,817,809	_	89,443,633		6,374,177
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		(2,789,852)	(6,175,784)		563,110		6,738,894
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					· ·		
Transfers in		61,200	160,000		83,736		(76,264)
Transfers out		(1,693,278)	(1,608,100)		(2,141,701)		(533,601)
Net Financing Uses		(1,632,078)	(1,448,100)		(2,057,965)		(609,865)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(4,421,930)	(7,623,884)		(1,494,855)		6,129,029
Fund Balance - Beginning		29,613,048	29,613,048		29,613,048		-
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	25,191,118	\$ 21,989,164		28,118,193	\$	6,129,029
Special Reserve - Other than Capital Outlay	Fur				3,843,100		
Retiree Benefits Fund					582,143		
Fund Balance - Ending, GAAP				\$	32,543,436		
i und balance - Lilding, GAAI				Ψ	32,373,730		

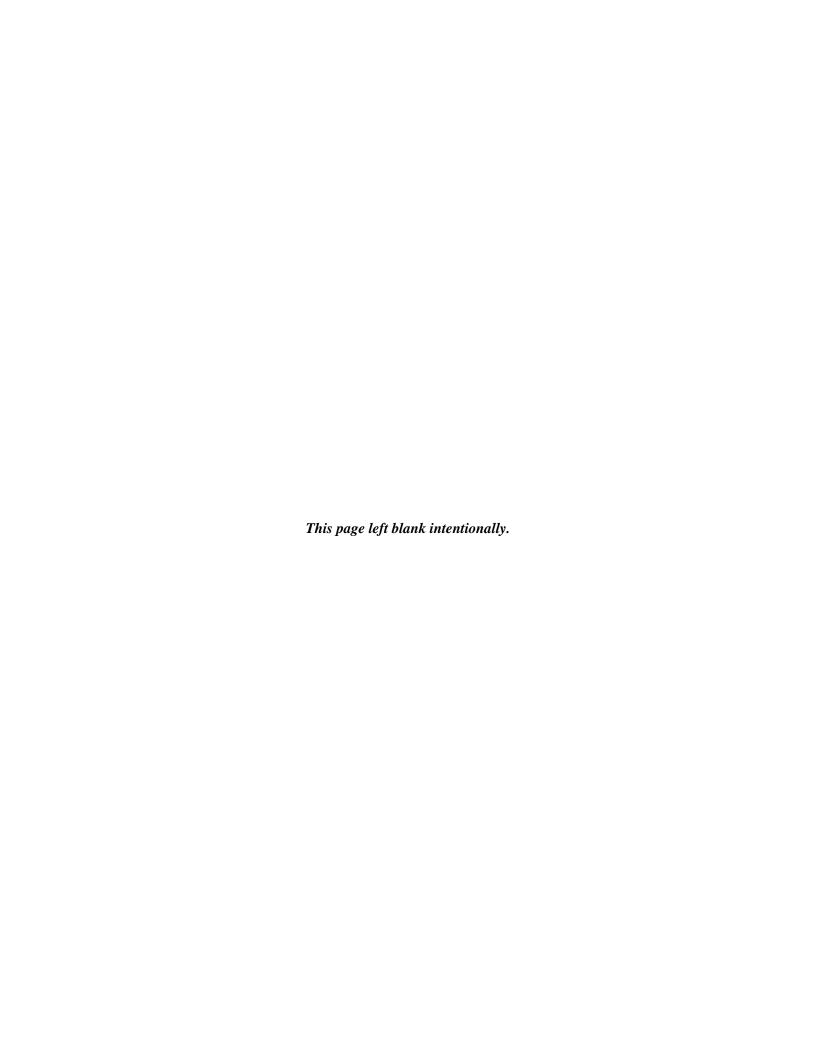
¹ Original and final budget does not include a \$9 million land donation, therefore, for comparison purpose, the actual column excluded the transaction.

See accompanying note to required supplementary information.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE DISTRICT'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

MEASUREMENT DATE, JUNE 30,	2017			
Total OPEB Liability				
Service cost	\$ 1,984,946			
Interest	1,320,152			
Changes of assumptions	(3,591,558)			
Benefit payments	(1,508,907)			
Net change in total OPEB liability	(1,795,367)			
Total OPEB liability - beginning	49,468,541			
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$ 47,673,174			
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 48,496,782			
District's net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	98.30%			

Note: In the Future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.



SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

MEASUREMENT DATE, JUNE 30,	2017	2016		2015
CalSTRS				
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0685%		0.0686%	0.0700%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 63,317,270	\$	55,524,384	\$ 47,100,020
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	 37,457,962		31,609,042	24,910,718
Total	\$ 100,775,232	\$	87,133,426	\$ 72,010,738
District's covered payroll	\$ 36,639,182	\$	34,366,785	\$ 29,917,624
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	1.728130011		161.56%	157.43%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	 69%		70%	 74%
CalPERS				
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.1014%		0.0974%	 0.0960%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 24,211,698	\$	19,240,492	\$ 14,155,717
District's covered payroll	\$ 12,933,837	\$	11,687,917	\$ 10,633,088
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	 187.20%		164.62%	133.13%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	72%		74%	 79%

Note: In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

2014 1.6700%\$ 39,151,313 23,641,253 62,792,566 30,099,374 130.07% 77% 9.3500% 10,616,563 9,812,471 108.19% 83%

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

FISCAL YEAR END, JUNE 30,	2018	 2017	2016		
CalSTRS					
Contractually required contribution	\$ 5,245,292	\$ 4,599,667	\$	3,688,822	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	5,245,292	 4,599,667		3,688,822	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ _	\$	-	
District's covered payroll	\$ 36,382,579	\$ 36,639,182	\$	34,366,785	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.42%	 12.55%		10.73%	
CalPERS					
Contractually required contribution	\$ 2,135,702	\$ 1,795,108	\$	1,384,676	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	2,135,702	1,795,108		1,384,676	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ _	\$ 	\$	-	
District's covered payroll	\$ 13,744,412	\$ 12,933,837	\$	11,687,917	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	15.54%	13.88%		11.85%	

Note: In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

See accompanying note to required supplementary information.

2015

\$ 2,909,037

\$ -

\$ 29,917,624 9.72%

\$ 1,216,638

1,216,638 \$ -

\$ 10,633,088

11.44%

NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

The District employs budget control by object codes and by individual appropriation accounts. Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United State of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and provisions of the California *Education Code*. The governing board is required to hold a public hearing and adopt an operating budget no later than July 1 of each year. The adopted budget is subject to amendment throughout the year to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption with the legal restriction that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations by major object account.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for.

Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability (TOL) and Related Ratios

This schedule presents information on the District's changes in the TOL, including beginning and ending balances. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Change in Benefit Terms – There were no changes in the benefit terms since the previous valuation.

Change in Assumptions – Discount rate was changed from 2.71 percent in 2016 to 3.13 percent in 2017.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This schedule presents information on the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (NPL), the plans' fiduciary net position and, when applicable, the State's proportionate share of the NPL associated with the District. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Changes in Benefit Terms – There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuations for both CalSTRS and CalPERS.

Changes in Assumptions – The CalSTRS plan rate of investment return assumption was changed from 7.60 percent to 7.10 percent since the previous valuation. The CalPERS plan rate of investment return assumption was changed from 7.65 percent to 7.15 percent since the previous valuation.

Schedule of District Pension Contributions

This schedule presents information on the District's required contribution, the amounts actually contributed, and any excess or deficiency related to the required contribution. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed through California Department of Education (CDE): Title I - Basic Grants Low Income and Neglected Title I - Migrant Education Federal Number Number Number Number Number Number 84.010 14981 \$681,622 342,364		Federal	Pass-Through Entity	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed through California Department of Education (CDE): Title I - Basic Grants Low Income and Neglected 84.010 14981 \$ 681,622 Title I - Migrant Education 84.011 14326 342,364	Federal Grantor/Pass-Through	CFDA	Identifying	Federal
Passed through California Department of Education (CDE): Title I - Basic Grants Low Income and Neglected 84.010 14981 \$ 681,622 Title I - Migrant Education 84.011 14326 342,364	Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Number	Number	Expenditures
Title I - Basic Grants Low Income and Neglected 84.010 14981 \$ 681,622 Title I - Migrant Education 84.011 14326 342,364	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Title I - Migrant Education 84.011 14326 342,364	Passed through California Department of Education (CDE):			
	Title I - Basic Grants Low Income and Neglected	84.010	14981	\$ 681,622
	Title I - Migrant Education	84.011	14326	342,364
Title I - Migrant Education Summer Program 84.011 10005 55,813	Title I - Migrant Education Summer Program	84.011	10005	55,813
Title I - Migrant Ed Even Start Program 84.010 14955 66,083	Title I - Migrant Ed Even Start Program	84.010	14955	66,083
Title II - Improving Teacher Quality 84.367 14341 153,885	Title II - Improving Teacher Quality	84.367	14341	153,885
Title III - Limited English Proficient (LEP) Student Program 84.365 14346 133,668	Title III - Limited English Proficient (LEP) Student Program	84.365	14346	133,668
Title III - Immigrant Education Program 84.365 15146 (420)	Title III - Immigrant Education Program	84.365	15146	(420)
Rehabilitation Services - Vocational Rehabilitation 84.126 10006 209,100	Rehabilitation Services - Vocational Rehabilitation	84.126	10006	209,100
Individuals with Disabilities Act (IDEA):	Individuals with Disabilities Act (IDEA):			
Basic Local Assistance Entitlement 84.027 13379 1,320,240	Basic Local Assistance Entitlement	84.027	13379	1,320,240
IDEA, Part B, Section 611, Private Schools 84.027 10115 4,191	IDEA, Part B, Section 611, Private Schools	84.027	10115	4,191
IDEA, Preschool Grants, Part B, Section 611 84.027A 13682 105,560	IDEA, Preschool Grants, Part B, Section 611	84.027A	13682	105,560
IDEA, Preschool Grants, Part B, Section 619 84.173 13430 39,357	IDEA, Preschool Grants, Part B, Section 619	84.173	13430	39,357
IDEA, Mental Health Allocation Plan, Part B, Section 611 84.027A 14468 101,579	IDEA, Mental Health Allocation Plan, Part B, Section 611	84.027A	14468	101,579
IDEA, Preschool Staff Development, Part B, Section 619 84.173A 13431 355	IDEA, Preschool Staff Development, Part B, Section 619	84.173A	13431	355
Subtotal for Special Education Cluster 1,571,282	Subtotal for Special Education Cluster			1,571,282
Vocational and Applied Technology 84.048 14894 47,288	Vocational and Applied Technology	84.048	14894	47,288
Adult Education Act:	Adult Education Act:			
Adult Basic Education 84.002A 14508 18,116	Adult Basic Education	84.002A	14508	18,116
Adult Secondary Education 84.002 13978 73,508	Adult Secondary Education	84.002	13978	
English Literacy and Civics Education 84.002A 14109 6,624	•	84.002A	14109	
Subtotal for Adult Education 98,248	•			
Total U.S. Department of Education 3,358,933	Total U.S. Department of Education			3,358,933
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
Passed though CDE:	Passed though CDE:			
Child Nutrition Act:				
National School Lunch Program 10.555 13391 948,168	National School Lunch Program	10.555	13391	948,168
Especially Needy Breakfast 10.553 13526 321,861	Especially Needy Breakfast	10.553	13526	321,861
Commodity Supplemental Food Program 10.565 13524 229,008	Commodity Supplemental Food Program	10.565	13524	
Subtotal for Child Nutrition Cluster 1,499,037	Subtotal for Child Nutrition Cluster			1,499,037
Child and Adult Care Food Program 10.558 N/A 144,345	Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	N/A	144,345
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture 1,643,382	Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			1,643,382
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES				
Passed though CDE:	Passed though CDE:			
Medical Assistance Program 93.778 10013 206,127		93.778	10013	206,127
Total U.S. Department of Human Services 206,127				
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards \$ 5,208,442	<u>-</u>			\$ 5,208,442

See accompanying note to supplementary information.

LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCY ORGANIZATION STRUCTURE JUNE 30, 2018

ORGANIZATION

The Morgan Hill Unified School District was established in 1966 and consists of an area comprising approximately 300 square miles. The District operates eight elementary schools, two middle schools, two high schools, one continuation, and one adult education school.

<u>MEMBER</u>	<u>OFFICE</u>	TERM EXPIRES
Mary Patterson	President	2020
Gino Borgioli	Member	2018
David Gerard	Member	2018
Teresa Murillo	Vice President	2020
Donna Ruebusch	Member	2018
Ron Woolf	Member	2018

ADMINISTRATION

Steve Betando Superintendent

Kirsten Perez Assistant Superintendent of Business Services

Sharon Fawn Myers Assistant Superintendent of Human Resources

Dr. Ramon Zavala Assistant Superintendent of Educational Services

SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Final Report		
	Second Period Report	Annual Report	
Regular ADA		•	
Transitional kindergarten through third	2,301.70	2,307.86	
Fourth through sixth	1,909.72	1,907.85	
Seventh and eighth	1,205.60	1,202.73	
Ninth through twelfth	2,575.03	2,555.93	
Total Regular ADA	7,992.05	7,974.37	
Extended Year Special Education			
Transitional kindergarten through third	4.03	4.03	
Fourth through sixth	2.95	2.95	
Seventh and eighth	1.06	1.06	
Ninth through twelfth	1.58	1.58	
Total Extended Year Special Education	9.62	9.62	
Special Education, Nonpublic, Nonsectarian Schools			
Fourth through sixth	4.37	4.35	
Seventh and eighth	1.44	1.52	
Ninth through twelfth	4.80	4.32	
Total Special Education, Nonpublic, Nonsectarian Schools	10.61	10.19	
Extended Year Special Education - Non public, Nonsectarian Schools			
Fourth through sixth	0.69	0.69	
Seventh and eighth	0.31	0.31	
Ninth through twelfth	0.89	0.89	
Total Extended Year Special Education - Non public,			
Nonsectarian School	1.89	1.89	
Total ADA	8,014.17	7,996.07	

SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	1986-1987	2017-2018	Number	of Days	
	Minutes	Actual	Traditional	Multitrack	
Grade Level	Requirement	Minutes	Calendar	Calendar	Status
Kindergarten	36,000	55,350	180	N/A	Complied
Grades 1 - 3					
Grade 1	50,400	50,925	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 2	50,400	50,925	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 3	50,400	50,925	180	N/A	Complied
Grades 4 - 6					_
Grade 4	54,000	54,240	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 5	54,000	54,240	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 6	54,000	55,425	180	N/A	Complied
Grades 7 - 8					-
Grade 7	54,000	55,425	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 8	54,000	55,425	180	N/A	Complied
Grades 9 - 12					-
Grade 9	64,800	64,906	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 10	64,800	64,906	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 11	64,800	64,906	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 12	64,800	64,906	180	N/A	Complied

RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Summarized below are the fund balance reconciliations between the Unaudited Actual Financial Report and the audited Financial Statements.

			Spe	ecial Reserve	Spe	cial Reserve
	General		Other		Reti	ree Benefits
FUND BALANCE		_		_		
Balance, June 30, 2018, Unaudited Actuals	\$	28,118,193	\$	3,843,100	\$	582,143
As a result of the implementation of GASB						
Statement No. 54, Fund 17 and Fund 20 are						
combined into the financial statement.		4,425,243		(3,843,100)		(582,143)
Balance, June 30, 2018, Audited Financial Statement	\$	32,543,436	\$	-	\$	
Balance, valle 30, 2010, Haalted I manetal Statement	Ψ	32,3 13, 130	Ψ		Ψ	

SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	(Budget)			
	2019^{-1}	2018	2017	2016
GENERAL FUND ³				
Revenues	\$ 93,195,350	\$ 90,006,743	\$ 88,789,112	\$ 87,197,257
Transfers in	1,319,496	83,736	64,907	82,681
Total Revenues and Transfers In	94,514,846	90,090,479	88,854,019	87,279,938
Expenditures	91,168,368	89,443,633	87,269,541	 80,395,301
Transfers out	5,145,389	 2,141,701	1,236,768	736,000
Total Expenditures and Transfers Out	96,313,757	91,585,334	88,506,309	81,131,301
INCREASE (DECREASE)		_		 _
IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (1,798,911)	\$ (1,494,855)	\$ 347,710	\$ 6,148,637
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$ 26,319,282	\$ 28,118,193	\$ 29,613,048	\$ 29,265,338
AVAILABLE RESERVES ²	\$ 16,575,337	\$ 18,360,543	\$ 18,501,650	\$ 18,184,738
AVAILABLE RESERVES AS A				
PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL OUTGO	17.21%	20.05%	20.90%	22.41%
LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS	\$ 156,608,844	\$ 172,837,682	\$ 96,437,412	\$ 105,953,804
K-12 AVERAGE DAILY				
ATTENDANCE AT P-2	8,043	8,014	8,042	 8,049

The General Fund balance has decreased by \$1,147,145 over the past two years. The fiscal year 2018-2019 budget projects a further decrease of \$1,798,911 (6 percent) in General Fund balance. For a district this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least three percent of total General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo).

The District has incurred an operating surplus in two of the past three years, but anticipates incurring an operating deficit during the 2018-2019 fiscal year. Total long-term obligations have increased by \$66,883,878 over the past two years due to an \$80 million bond issuance in 2017-2018.

Average daily attendance has decreased by 35 over the past two years. A growth of 29 ADA is anticipated during fiscal year 2018-2019.

See accompanying note to supplementary information.

¹ Budget 2019 is included for analytical purposes only and has not been subjected to audit.

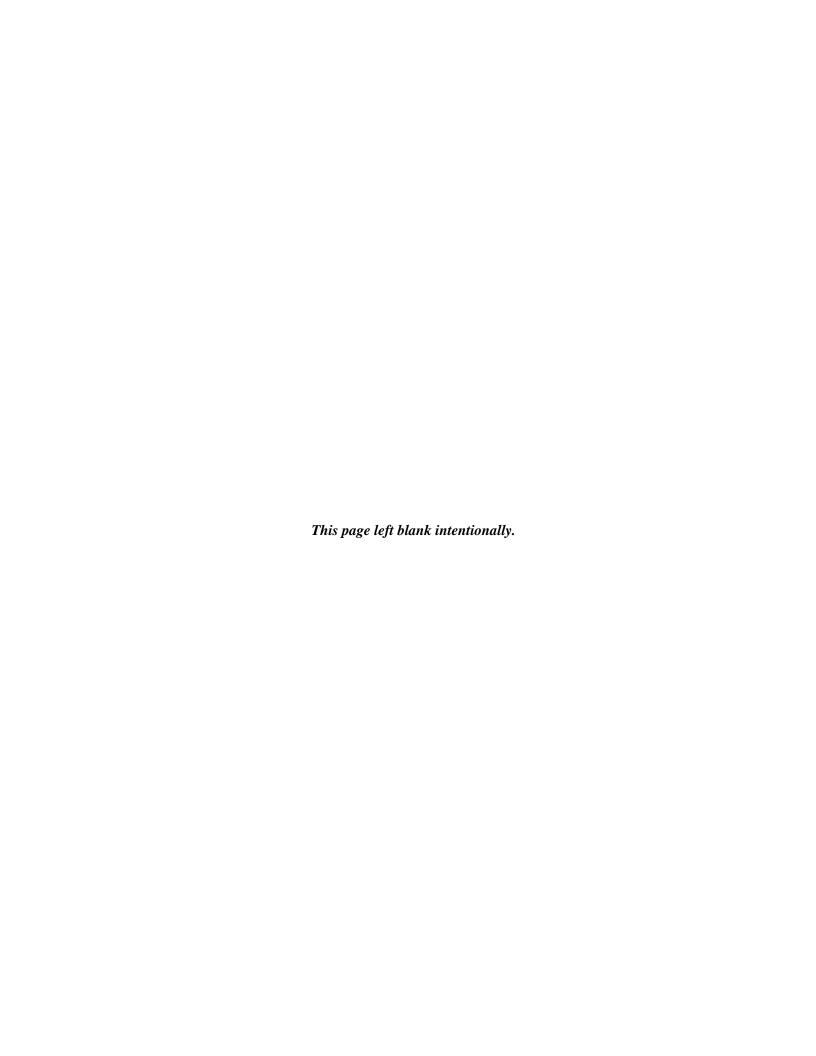
² Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balances including all amounts reserved for economic uncertainties contained with the General Fund, Special Reserve Non-Capital Fund and the Retiree Benefit Special Reserve Fund.

³ General Fund amounts do not include activity related to the consolidation of the Special Reserve Non-Capital Fund and the Retiree Benefit Special Reserve Fund required by GASB Statement No. 54.

SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOLS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Included in
Name of Charter School	Audit Report
The Charter School of Morgan Hill	No

See accompanying note to supplementary information.



NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2018

	E	Adult ducation Fund	Child Development Fund		Cafeteria Fund
ASSETS					
Deposits and investments	\$	371,883	\$ 57,924	\$	32,332
Receivables		94,154	2,050		238,422
Due from other funds		16,137	-		-
Total Assets	\$	482,174	\$ 59,974	\$	270,754
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$	2,621	\$ 39,082	\$	6,219
Due to other funds		-	20,892		259,535
Total Liabilities		2,621	59,974		265,754
Fund Balances:					
Nonspendable		5,000	_		1,000
Restricted		183,734	_		4,000
Committed		290,819	_		-
Total Fund Balances		479,553	-		5,000
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	482,174	\$ 59,974	\$	270,754

eferred intenance Fund	Capital Facilities Fund	-	oital Project ponent Unit Fund	al Non-Major overnmental Fund
\$ 221,907	\$ 10,693,793	\$	418,977	\$ 11,796,816
936	42,649		821	379,032
 300,000	 -			 316,137
\$ 522,843	\$ 10,736,442	\$	419,798	\$ 12,491,985
\$ -	\$ 7,791 83,736	\$	121	\$ 55,834 364,163
	91,527		121	419,997
522,843 522,843	10,644,915		419,677 - 419,677	6,000 11,252,326 813,662 12,071,988
\$ 522,843	\$ 10,736,442	\$	419,798	\$ 12,491,985

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Adult Education Fund		Child Development Fund		Cafeteria Fund	
REVENUES						
Local control funding formula	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Federal sources		98,248		-		1,643,382
Other state sources		636,503		268,824		100,277
Other local sources		14,601		490		549,384
Total Revenues		749,352		269,314		2,293,043
EXPENDITURES						_
Current						
Instruction		339,556		248,423		-
Instruction-related activities:						
Supervision of instruction		67,423		-		-
School site administration		300,429		-		-
Pupil services:						
Food services		-		-		2,606,836
All other pupil services		142,622		-		-
General administration:						
All other general administration		61,774		20,891		136,814
Plant services		8,685		-		-
Capital outlay		-		-		-
Total Expenditures	-	920,489		269,314		2,743,650
Excess (Deficiency) of						
Revenues Over Expenditures		(171,137)		-		(450,607)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in		17,154		_		74,632
Transfers out		-		_		-
Net Financing Sources (Uses)	-	17,154	•	-		74,632
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-	(153,983)	•	-		(375,975)
Fund Balance - Beginning		449,802		-		380,975
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	295,819	\$	-	\$	5,000

See accompanying note to supplementary information.

Mai	eferred ntenance Fund	Capital Facilities Fund	pital Project nponent Unit Fund	Non-Major overnmental Funds
\$	300,000	\$ _	\$ _	\$ 300,000
	-	_	_	1,741,630
	_	_	_	1,005,604
	4,251	2,926,477	538,358	4,033,561
	304,251	 2,926,477	538,358	7,080,795
	_			587,979
	-	-	-	301,919
	_	-	-	67,423
	-	-	-	300,429
	-	-	-	2,606,836
	-	-	-	142,622
	_	-	_	219,479
	1,540	4,005	2,321	16,551
	372,692	998,664	851,700	2,223,056
	374,232	1,002,669	854,021	6,164,375
	(69,981)	 1,923,808	(315,663)	916,420
	_	-	_	91,786
	_	(83,736)	_	(83,736)
	-	(83,736)		8,050
	(69,981)	1,840,072	(315,663)	924,470
	592,824	8,804,843	315,663	10,544,107
\$	522,843	\$ 10,644,915	\$ <u> </u>	\$ 11,468,577

NOTE TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2018

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of Federal awards includes the Federal grant activity of the District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements. The District has not elected to use the ten percent de minimis cost rate as covered in Section 200.414 Indirect (F&A) costs of the Uniform Guidance.

	CFDA	
	Number	Amount
Description		
Total Federal Revenues Statement of Revenues, Expenditures		
and Changes in Fund Balances:		\$ 5,903,598
Build America Bonds interest subsidy is excluded from the provisions of		
Uniform Guidance, therefore, is not presented by the District on the		
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.	Not applicable	(695,156)
Total Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$ 5,208,442

Local Education Agency Organization Structure

This schedule provides information about the District's boundaries and schools operated, members of the governing board, and members of the administration.

Schedule of Average Daily Attendance (ADA)

Average daily attendance (ADA) is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of State funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

Schedule of Instructional Time

The District has received incentive funding for increasing instructional time as provided by the Incentives for Longer Instructional Day. The District neither met nor exceeded its target funding. This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of *Education Code* Sections 46200 through 46206.

Districts must maintain their instructional minutes at the 1986-1987 requirement, as required by *Education Code* Section 46201.

Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balance of all funds reported on the Unaudited Actual Financial Report, to the audited financial statements.

NOTE TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2018

Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

Schedule of Charter Schools

This schedule lists all Charter Schools chartered by the Morgan Hill Unified School District, and displays information for each Charter School on whether or not the Charter School is included in the Morgan Hill Unified School District audit.

Non-Major Governmental Funds - Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

The Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet and Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances is included to provide information regarding the individual funds that have been included in the Non-Major Governmental Funds column on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Governing Board Morgan Hill Unified School District Morgan Hill, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Morgan Hill Unified School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Morgan Hill Unified School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 12, 2018.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Palo Alto, California December 12, 2018

avsinek, Trine, Day & Co, LLP





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND REPORT AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Governing Board Morgan Hill Unified School District Morgan Hill, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Morgan Hill Unified School District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major Federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018. The District's major Federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the Federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its Federal awards applicable to its Federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major Federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major Federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major Federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Morgan Hill Unified School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major Federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Morgan Hill Unified School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major Federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major Federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Vausinek, Trine, Day & Co, LLP
Palo Alto, California
December 12, 2018





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE

Governing Board Morgan Hill Unified School District Morgan Hill, California

Report on State Compliance

We have audited Morgan Hill Unified School District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements as identified in the 2017-2018 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Morgan Hill Unified School District's State government programs as noted below for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of State laws, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its State awards applicable to its State programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance of each of the District's State programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the 2017-2018 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a material effect on the applicable government programs noted below. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with those requirements.

Unmodified Opinion

In our opinion, Morgan Hill Unified School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the government programs noted below that were audited for the year ended June 30, 2018.

	Procedures Performed
LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCIES OTHER THAN CHARTER SCHOOLS	
Attendance	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	Yes
Independent Study	Yes
Continuation Education	Yes
Instructional Time	Yes
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratios of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	No, See Below
Gann Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	No, See Below
Middle or Early College High Schools	No, See Below
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	Yes
Transportation Maintenance of Effort	Yes
Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	No, See Below
SCHOOL DISTRICTS, COUNTY OFFICES OF EDUCATION, AND CHARTER SCHOOLS	
Educator Effectiveness	Yes
California Clean Energy Jobs Act	Yes
After/Before School Education and Safety Program:	
General Requirements	Yes
After School	Yes
Before School	No, See Below
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Local Control Accountability Plan	Yes
Independent Study - Course Based	No, See Below
CHARTER SCHOOLS	
Attendance	No, See Below
Mode of Instruction	No, See Below
Non Classroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study for Charter Schools	No, See Below
Determination of Funding for Non Classroom-Based Instruction	No, See Below
Annual Instruction Minutes Classroom-Based	No, See Below
Charter School Facility Grant Program	No, See Below

The District's independent study ADA is below testing threshold; therefore, we did not perform procedures related to the independent study program.

The District did not offer an Early Retirement Incentive program, Juvenile Court schools, Middle or Early College High Schools program, Apprenticeship Related and Supplemental Instruction, Before School Education and Safety program, and Independent Study-Course Based program during the current year; therefore, we did not perform procedures related to these programs.

The Charter School is independent of the District; therefore, we did not perform any procedures related to charter schools.

Palo Alto, California
December 12, 2018

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS		
Type of auditor's report issued:		Unmodified
Internal control over financial report	ting:	
Material weaknesses identified?		No
Significant deficiencies identified?		None reported
Noncompliance material to financia	al statements noted?	No
FEDERAL AWARDS		
Internal control over major program	ns:	
Material weaknesses identified?		No
Significant deficiencies identified?		None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on c	ompliance for major programs:	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with		No
Section 200.516(a) of the Uniform Guidance?		Unmodified
Identification of major programs:		
CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster	
84.027, 84.027A, 84.173, 84.173A	Special Education Cluster	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish	between Type A and Type B programs:	\$ 750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk audite		Yes
radice qualified as low-risk addite	···	1 03

STATE AWARDS

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for all programs:

Unmodified for all programs

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

None reported.

FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

None reported.

STATE AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

None reported.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

There were no audit findings reported in the prior year's schedule of financial statement findings.