GRADE 6 ART

Description:

The sixth grade art program transitions students from their elementary art program to an expanded curriculum in which they will become more technically proficient in multiple mediums. Students work on unit projects throughout a sustained period of time persevering through challenges thus being taught how to experiment and grow from their experiences.

All students in sixth grade art are introduced to a wide variety of skills, mediums, and processes working two-dimensionally and three-dimensionally. Throughout the course, the students will be exposed to drawing techniques in which they will learn to see accurately and directly, breaking away from relying only on their visual memory. Students will also explore varied possibilities in design and three-dimensional form to round out their course of study.

COURSE OVERVIEW

Course Goals

Students will be able to:

- Recognize in an artists' work how value is used
- Understand the application of the value scale
- Understand how visual texture can create a graphic image
- Recognize how the selection and application of various techniques using the elements of art can convey a strong compositional arrangement
- Recognize the difference between a 2D and 3D form
- Understand where 3D forms occur in their environment
- Recognize that a 3D form can be translated into a 2D rendering

Artistic Processes

- Create
- Present
- Respond
- Connect

Anchor Standards

Anchor Standard #1. Generate and conceptualize artistic ideas and work.

Anchor Standard #2. Organize and develop artistic ideas and work.

Anchor Standard #3. Refine and complete artistic work.

Anchor Standard #4. Select, analyze and interpret artistic work for presentation.

Course Skill Objectives

Students will:

- Shade using value.
- Apply values to a value scale.
- Demonstrate three-dimensionality on a two-dimensional surface.
- Use the computer/Chromebooks to research reference materials.
- Create still life drawings/paintings from observation &/or references
- Create a planned graphic image using the Elements of Art.
- execute a design using quality craftsmanship
- Translate a 2-Dimensional drawing into a 3-Dimensional form.
- Create a form using varied joining techniques

•	Visualize how value can be
	used on a 2D surface to define a
	3D form

- Interpret what happens to form in space
- Recognize that all 3D forms are composed of geometric and/or organic shapes

Anchor Standard #5. Develop and refine artistic techniques and work for presentation.

Anchor Standard #6. Convey meaning through the presentation of artistic work

Anchor Standard #7. Perceive and analyze artistic work.

Anchor Standard #8. Interpret intent and meaning in artistic work.

Anchor Standard #9. Apply criteria to evaluate artistic work.

Anchor Standard #10. Synthesize and relate knowledge and personal experiences to make art.

Anchor Standard #11. Relate artistic ideas and works with societal, cultural and historical context to deepen understanding.

Units

Unit 1 - Drawing

Unit 2 - Design

Unit 3 - Three-Dimensional Form

Essential Questions

- How do artists work?
- How do artists and designers determine assessment for each content topic: whether a particular direction in their work is effective?
- How do artists and designers learn from trial and error?
- What role does persistence play in revising, refining, and developing work?
- How do artists grow and become accomplished in art forms?

Assessments

Students will complete a summative

- 1. Drawing
- 2. Design
- 3. Three-Dimensional Form

Sample Performance Assessments (See Attached Files)

- How does collaboratively reflecting on a work help us experience it more completely?
- What methods and processes are considered when preparing artwork for presentation and preservation?
- How does refining artwork affect its meaning to the viewer?
- What criteria are considered when selecting work for presentation, a portfolio, or a collection?
- What conditions, attitudes, and behaviors support creativity and innovative thinking?
- What factors prevent or encourage people to take creative risks?
- How does collaboration expand the creative process?
- How does one determine criteria to evaluate a work of art?
- How and why might criteria vary?
- How is a personal preference different from an evaluation?

	10 Weeks			
Unit 2	Unit 3			
Design	3-Dimensional Form			
3 weeks	4 weeks			
	Design			

Unit 1 – Drawing

Unit Objectives

Students will be able to:

- Recognize in an artist's work how value is used.
- Understand the application of the value scale
- Recognize that a 3-Dimensional form can be translated into a 2-Dimensional rendering
- Visualize how value can be used on a 2-Dimensional surface to define a 3-Dimensional Form
- Interpret what happens to form in space
- Recognize that all 3-Dimensional forms are composed of geometric and/or organic/irregular shapes

Skill Objectives

Students will:

- Shade using value
- Apply values to a value scale
- Demonstrate three-dimensionality on a two-dimensional surface
- Use the computer to research reference materials

Essential Questions

- Where is value observed and created?
- How do you draw through observation?

Focus Questions

- Why do we use value?
- How can value be applied?
- What is a value scale?
- How does line emerge as an image?
- What is foreground, middle ground, and background in drawing?
- How do you translate a 3-Dimensional form onto a 2-Dimensional surface?
- How do you use value to create the illusion of a 3-Dimensional form?

Creating

Anchor Standard 2:

Organize and develop artistic ideas and work

Anchor Standard 3:

Refine and complete artistic work.

Presenting

Anchor Standard 5:

Develop and refine artistic techniques and work for presentation

Responding

Anchor Standard 7:

Perceive and analyze artistic work.

Connecting

Anchor Standard 10:

Synthesize and relate knowledge and personal experiences to art.

Enduring Understandings

- 2) Artists and designers shape artistic investigations, following or breaking with traditions in pursuit of creative art making goals.
- 3) Artist and designers develop excellence through practice and constructive critique, reflecting on, revising, and refining work over time.

Essential Questions

- 2) How do artists work? How do artists and designers determine whether a particular direction in their work is effective? How do artists and designers learn from trial and error?
- 3) What role does persistence play in revising, refining, and developing work? How do artists grow and become accomplished in art forms? How does collaboratively reflecting on a

Enduring Understandings

Artists, curators, and others consider a variety of factors and methods including evolving technologies when preparing and refining artwork for display and or when deciding if and how to preserve and protect it.

Essential Questions

What methods and processes are considered when preparing artwork for presentation and preservation? How does refining artwork affect its meaning to the viewer? What criteria are considered when selecting work for presentation, a portfolio, or a collection?

Process Components

Analyze, Select, Share Individually or collaboratively, develop a visual plan for displaying works of art, analyzing exhibit space, the needs

Enduring Understandings

Visual Imagery influences understanding of and responses to the world.

Essential Questions

What is an image? Where and how do we encounter images in our world? How do images influence our views on the world?

Process Components

Perceive, Analyze and Interpret Analyze ways that visual components and cultural associations suggested by images influence ideas, emotions, and actions

Enduring Understandings:

Through art-making, people make meaning by investigating and developing awareness of perceptions, knowledge, and experiences.

Essential Questions

How does engaging in creating art enrich people's lives?
How does making art attune people to their surroundings?
How do people contribute to awareness and understanding of their lives of their communities through art-making?

Process Components

Synthesize, Relate Generate a collection of ideas reflecting current interests and concerns that could be investigated in art-making.

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work help us experience it more	of the viewer, and the	
completely?	layout of the exhibit.	
D		
Process Components		
Investigate/Plan/Make		
Damanatnata anamasa in		
Demonstrate openness in		
trying new ideas,		
materials, methods, and		
approaches in making		
works of art and design.		
Deflect on whether		
Reflect on whether		
personal artwork conveys		
the intended meaning and		
revise accordingly		

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Unit 2 – Design

Unit Objectives

Students will be able to:

- Understand how visual texture can create a graphic image.
- Recognize how the selection and application of various techniques, using the Elements of Design, can convey a strong compositional arrangement.

Skill Objectives

Students will:

- Create a planned graphic image using the Elements of Design
- Execute a design using quality craftsmanship

Essential Question

• How do we use design in our lives?

Focus Questions

- What is positive and negative space?
- What are the Elements of Design?

Creating	Presenting	Responding	Connecting
Anchor Standard 1:	Anchor Standard 5:	Anchor Standard 9:	Anchor Standard 11:
Generate and conceptualize	Develop and refine artistic	Generate and conceptualize	Relate artistic ideas and works
artistic ideas and work.	techniques and work for	artistic ideas and work.	with societal, cultural, and
	presentation.		historical context to deepen
			understanding.
Enduring Understandings	Enduring Understandings	Enduring Understandings	Enduring Understandings
Creativity and innovative	Artists, curators, and others	People evaluate art based on	People develop ideas and
thinking are essential life skills	consider a variety of factors and	various criteria.	understandings of society,
that can be developed.	methods including evolving		culture, and history through their
	technologies when preparing and	Essential Questions	interactions, with and analysis of
Essential Questions	refining artwork for display and	How does one determine criteria	art.
What conditions, attitudes, and	or when deciding if and how to	to evaluate a work of art? How	
behaviors support creativity and	preserve and protect it.	and why might criteria vary?	Essential Questions
innovative thinking? What factors		How is a personal preference	How does art help us understand
prevent or encourage people to	Essential Questions	different from an evaluation?	the lives of people of different
take creative risks? How does	What methods and processes are		times, places, and cultures?
collaboration expand the creative	considered when preparing	<u>Process Components</u>	How is art used to impact the
process?	artwork for presentation or	Perceive, Analyze and Interpret	views of a society?
	preservation?	Compare and explain the	How does art preserve aspects of
Process Components	How does refining artwork affect	difference between an evaluation	life?
Investigate/Plan/Make	its meaning to the viewer What	of an artwork based on personal	_
Combine concepts	criteria are considered when	criteria and an artwork based on a	Process Components
collaboratively to	selecting work for presentation, a	set of established criteria.	Synthesize, Relate
generate innovative ideas	portfolio, or a collection?		Analyze how art reflects changing
for creating art.	D G		times, traditions, resources, and
	Process Components		cultural uses.
	Analyze, Select, Share		
	Individually or collaboratively,		
	develop a visual plan for		

displaying works of art, analyzing exhibit space, the needs of the viewer, and the layout of the exhibit.

Sample Performance Assessments	Sample Performance Assessments	Sample Performance Assessments	Sample Performance Assessments
 Printmaking Drawing Painting Graphics 	 Develop a plan with peers for displaying quality work Review artwork with teacher/peers for refinement purposes. Refine artwork based on feedback provided. 	 Student oral presentations Written Assessments Peer to peer critiques 	 Research cultural arts for use in designs utilizing classroom technology/Chromebooks. Create various designs based on cultures &/or traditions.

Unit 3 – Three-Dimensional Unit

Unit Objectives

Students will be able to:

- Recognize the difference between a 2-Dimensional and 3-Dimensional form.
- Understand where 3-Dimensional forms occur in their environment.

Skill Objectives

Students will:

- Translate a 2-Dimensional drawing onto a 3-Dimensional Form
- Create a form using various joining techniques.

Essential Question

• What is 3-Dimensional form?

Focus Questions

- What is the difference between shape and form?
- What is the difference between additive and subtractive form building?

How do you create physical texture?

Creating Anchor Standard 1:	Presenting Anchor Standard 4:	Responding Anchor Standard 9:	Connecting Anchor Standard 10:
Generate and conceptualize	Select, analyze, and interpret	Apply criteria to evaluate	Synthesize and relate knowledge
artistic ideas and work.	artistic work for presentation.	artistic work.	and personal experiences to make art.
Enduring Understandings	Enduring Understandings	Enduring Understandings	Enduring Understandings
Creativity and innovative	Artists and other presenters	People evaluate art based on	Through art making, people make
thinking are essential life skills	consider various techniques,	various criteria.	meaning by investigating and
that can be developed.	methods, venues, and criteria		developing awareness of
	when analyzing, selecting, and	Essential Questions	perceptions, knowledge, and
Essential Questions	curating objects, artifacts, and	How does one determine criteria	experience.
What conditions, attitudes, and	artworks for preservation and	to evaluate a work of art? How	
behaviors support creativity and	presentation.	and why might criteria vary?	Essential Questions
innovative thinking? What factors		How is a personal preference	How does engaging in creating
prevent or encourage people to	Essential Questions	different from an evaluation?	art enrich people's lives? How
take creative risks? How does	How are artworks cared for and		does making art attune people to
collaboration expand the creative	by whom?	<u>Process Components</u>	their surroundings? How do
process?	What criteria, methods, and	Perceive, Analyze and Interpret	people contribute to awareness
	processes are used to select work	Compare and explain the	and understanding of their lives
Process Components	for presentation or preservation?	difference between an evaluation	of their communities through art-
Investigate/Plan/Make	Why do people value objects,	of an artwork based on personal	making?
Combine concepts	artifacts, and artworks and select	criteria and an artwork based on a	
collaboratively to	them for presentation?	set of established criteria.	Process Components
generate innovative ideas			Synthesize, Relate
for creating art.	<u>Process Components</u>		Generate a collection of
	Analyze, Select, Share		ideas reflecting current
	Analyze similarities and		interests and concerns
	differences associated with		that could be investigated
	preserving and presenting two-		in art-making.
	dimensional, three-dimensional,		
	and digital artwork.		

Sample Performance Assessments	Sample Performance Assessments	Sample Performance Assessments	Sample Performance Assessments
 Clay Forms Paper Mache Sculptures Found Object Construction Wire Sculptures 	 Group critique of final art pieces. Class display of group art curated by students. 	Individual and class critiques Written Responses	 Themed based forms relating to personal interests. Journal responses reflecting ideas and meaning of personalized art.