

Prevent the Spread of Infectious Diseases Feeling ill? Stay home when feeling sick.



Signs & Symptoms		7₽
<u>Signs & Symptoms</u> <u>of Illness</u>	<u>Helpful Hints</u>	When to Return to School
 COVID-19 Symptoms Fever and/or Chills Cough (Unknown cause, not related to asthma or previous respiratory illness, etc.) Sore throat Difficulty breathing Runny nose or Nasal congestion (Unknown cause, not related to allergies or chronic sinus congestion, etc.) Diarrhea Nausea/Vomiting (Unknown cause, not related to previous history of abdominal health condition) Fatigue Headache (Not related to previous history of headaches or migraines) Muscle or body aches 	 Call 9-1-1 if difficulty breathing, persistent chest pain or pressure, confusion, bluish lips or face, and/or unable to arouse. Contact healthcare provider by phone to determine need for COVID-19 testing Close contact with a person who has COVID-19 requires self-quarantine (stay at home) until 14 days after exposure. Check temperature twice daily. Contact healthcare provider if symptoms appear. Inform school health office of suspected (symptoms) or confirmed (positive test results) COVID-19 illness and/or exposure. Resources available. 	 With a Negative (-) test result or no testing: At least 72 hours have passed since last fever without the use of fever-reducing medications and Other symptoms have resolved With a Positive (+) test result and no symptoms: At least 10 days have passed after date of first positive test and Symptoms have resolved With mild to moderate symptoms: At least 10 days have passed since onset of symptoms and At least 72 hours have passed since last fever without the use of fever-reducing medications and Other symptoms have resolved With Severe illness: Isolation may be required up to 20 days after onset of symptoms. Consult with healthcare provider.
• Loss of taste or smell Fever: ≥ 100° F ≥ 37.7° C	Observe closely. Fever often indicates an illness. If fever persists, seek medical care.	At least 72 hours have passed since fever resolved without the use of fever-reducing medications and Any other symptoms have resolved.
Cold Symptoms Runny nose Nasal congestion Cough Sneezing Watery eyes	Green or yellow nasal drainage may be a sign of infection. If drainage persists, seek medical care.	 At least 72 hours have passed since symptoms resolved and No trouble breathing and No longer feels sick and Behaviors are normal for child and able to participate at school.
Diarrhea Vomiting	Observe closely for serious illness. Frequent diarrhea and/or vomiting can cause dehydration. If symptoms persist, seek medical care.	 At least 72 hours after symptoms have resolved. No longer feels sick and Behaviors are normal for child and able to participate at school.
Earache or Ear Drainage with Sore Throat	Earache and/or drainage with sore throat may require antibiotics. Consult with healthcare provider	 At least 24 hours after starting antibiotic therapy, if needed, and Ear pain/drainage has resolved and No difficulty swallowing and No longer feels sick
Red, Watery Eyes with drainage	Possibility of conjunctivitis (Pink Eye). Seek medical care if symptoms persist.	 Eyes are no longer watery, irritated, or sensitive to light and Prescribed medication has been initiated, if needed
Rash	May be associated with an infectious disease, particularly with open, oozing, or spreading wounds. Consult with healthcare provider.	 No open, oozing, or spreading wounds Healthcare provider documents in writing that rash is not the result of an infectious disease Healthcare provider documents in writing the period of infectious process – varies from 4 days to two weeks