Carbon County School District #1

FINANCIAL AND COMPLIANCE REPORT

JUNE 30, 2019



FINANCIAL AND COMPLIANCE REPORT
JUNE 30, 2019



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Superintendent and Members of the Board of Trustees Carbon County School District #1 Rawlins, Wyoming

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Carbon County School District #1, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Carbon County School District #1's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.







Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Carbon County School District #1, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information and pension schedules as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Carbon County School District #1's basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison information and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The budgetary comparison information and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the budgetary comparison information and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 18, 2019 on our consideration of Carbon County School District #1's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Carbon County School District #1's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Carbon County School District #1's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Porter, Muirhead, Cornia & Howard

Porter, Muirkad, Cornia & Howard

Certified Public Accountants

Casper, Wyoming November 18, 2019



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

As management of Carbon County School District #1 ("District"), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the year ended June 30, 2019. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the District's financial statements, notes to the financial statements, and various supplementary information which follow this section.

Financial Highlights

The District's total combined net position was \$93,167,184 at June 30, 2019 which compares to \$99,683,783 at the beginning of the fiscal year, a decrease of 6.5 percent.

During the year, the District's total governmental activities expenses were \$64,177 less than the \$34,422,488 generated in taxes and other revenues for governmental activities.

The District had \$34,358,311 in expenses related to governmental activities; of which \$3,908,713 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services or grants and contributions.

The District decreased its outstanding long-term debt by \$1,793,929, excluding the net pension liability. The outstanding long-term debt includes \$19,205,730 a 15 year bond for construction, \$390,248 in accrued compensated absences, \$126,056 in construction retainage payable and \$277,635 in lease purchase obligations. The District participates in the Public Employees' Pension Plan, a statewide cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement plan administered by the State of Wyoming Retirement System. The District recognized a net pension liability of \$26,839,087. All plan components, including the major components of participation, eligibility, investment strategy, benefit structure, contribution rates and plan administration are overseen by the Wyoming Retirement System Board. The District has no control of the plan elements that affect the net position.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required information, other supplementary information, and statistical information, in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating. However, fluctuations from year to year need to be reviewed in light of the timing of funding.

The statement of activities presents information for all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods. The decrease in total liabilities occurred due to the payments on bonds, construction retainage and the adjustment of the net pension liability.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

Government-wide financial statements (Continued)

Both of the District's government-wide financial statements distinguish the functions of the District as being principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) as opposed to business-type activities that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The District has two business-type activities: the enterprise fund - food service fund and the aquatic center fund.

The District also participates in the oversight of the Board of Cooperative Higher Educational Services (BOCHES) and District's Recreation Board (Recreation Board), recognizing both as component units. BOCHES provides educational services, to postsecondary education, vocational-technical education and adult education through a cooperative effort with Western Wyoming Community College. The Recreation Board provides grants to fund public recreation projects within the District's boundaries.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related information about the District's most significant funds.

All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities and the governmental funds are reconciled in the financial statements. The general, major maintenance, capital construction, grants, and debt service funds are considered major funds and are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are used to account for services for which the District charges participants a fee. These funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both long-term and short-term financial information. The enterprise funds - food service and aquatic center are funds in this category for the District.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for these funds and is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. The District has two funds in this category, the scholarship fund (a private purpose trust fund) and the student activities fund.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential for a complete understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the District as a whole. The following provides a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2019:

Condensed Statements of Net Position

	2017-2018	2018-2019	2017-2018	2018-2019	2017-2018	2018-2019		
	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	To	Total		
Current and other								
assets	\$ 34,910,873	\$ 39,121,279	\$ 198,155	\$ 442,671	\$ 35,109,028	\$ 39,563,950		
Capital assets	118,649,682	116,561,940	-	-	118,649,682	116,561,940		
Total assets	153,560,555	155,683,219	198,155	442,671	153,758,710	156,125,890		
Deferred outflow								
of resources	5,922,425	9,300,536	155,022	293,842	6,077,447	9,594,378		
Current liabilities	1,104,196	3,487,521	33,888	45,650	1,138,084	3,533,171		
Noncurrent liabilities	21,783,609	18,021,218	-	-	21,783,609	18,021,218		
Net pension liability	19,594,521	26,250,387	324,859	588,700	19,919,380	26,839,087		
Total liabilities	42,482,326	47,759,126	358,747	634,350	42,841,073	48,393,476		
Deferred inflows								
of resources	23,175,200	24,062,503	136,101	97,105	23,311,301	24,159,608		
Net investment in capital assets	99,245,142	98,794,972	_	_	99,245,142	98,794,972		
Restricted	, -,	, ,			, . ,	, ,		
Wyoming Statutes	5,245,750	8,296,659	-	-	5,245,750	8,296,659		
Donors	78,272	83,636	-	-	78,272	83,636		
Unrestricted	(10,743,710)	(14,013,141)	(141,671)	5,058	(10,885,381)	(14,008,083)		
Total net position	\$ 93,825,454	\$ 93,162,126	\$ (141,671)	\$ 5,058	\$ 93,683,783	\$ 93,167,184		

The net investment in capital assets is \$98,794,972, which is the net book value of capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding of \$17,766,968. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources. Usually, an additional portion of the District's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. Recording the net pension liability of \$26,839,087 results in a negative unrestricted net position of \$14,008,083. Without the pension liability there is a balance of unrestricted net position of \$12,831,004 that may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations. This surplus is not an indication that the District has significant operational resources available to meet financial obligations next year, but rather the result of having long-term commitments that are less than currently available resources.

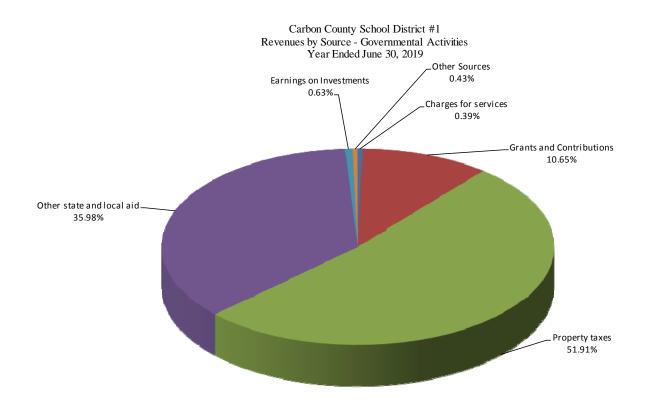
For governmental activities, the District's total net position decreased by \$663,328 during the year ended June 30, 2019. The total cost of all governmental activities this year was \$34,358,311 and of the business-type activity was \$1,604,867. The amount that taxpayers paid for these activities through property taxes was \$18,377,948.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

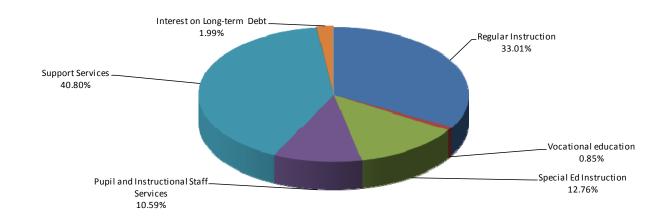
Changes in Net Position

	2017-2018	2018-2019	2017-2018	2018-2019	2017-2018	2018-2019
	Governmental-	-Type Activities	Business-Type Activities		To	otal
Revenues						
Program revenues						
Charges for services	\$ 116,135	\$ 138,063	\$ 290,531	\$ 310,765	\$ 406,666	\$ 448,828
Operating grants						
and contributions	1,661,055	2,187,844	545,425	689,717	2,206,480	2,877,561
Capital grants	4,439,049	1,582,806	-	- -	4,439,049	1,582,806
General revenues						
Taxes	13,332,481	18,377,948	-	-	13,332,481	18,377,948
Investments	69,429	224,727	410	618	69,839	225,345
Gain (loss) on disposal						
of capital assets	(1,538,935)	(978,106)	-	-	(1,538,935)	(978,106)
Other state and local aid	16,953,210	12,738,332	-	-	16,953,210	12,738,332
Miscellaneous	152,614	150,874	17,768	22,991	170,382	173,865
Total revenues	35,185,038	34,422,488	854,134	1,024,091	36,039,172	35,446,579
Expenses					1	
Regular instruction	11,742,914	11,342,030	-	-	11,742,914	11,342,030
Special ed instruction	4,379,586	4,385,014	-	-	4,379,586	4,385,014
Vocational education	326,527	292,472	-	-	326,527	292,472
Pupil services	2,043,651	2,683,744	-	-	2,043,651	2,683,744
Instructional staff						
services	873,851	953,969	-	-	873,851	953,969
General admin services	276,742	315,111	-	-	276,742	315,111
School admin services	1,710,575	1,848,069	-	-	1,710,575	1,848,069
Business services	688,498	701,506	-	-	688,498	701,506
O&M of plant services	6,312,307	6,512,527	-	-	6,312,307	6,512,527
Pupil transportation	2,053,236	2,221,129	-	-	2,053,236	2,221,129
Central services	1,973,944	2,189,517	-	-	1,973,944	2,189,517
Other support services	213,800	229,181	-	-	213,800	229,181
Interest on long-term	-					
debt	763,415	684,042	-	-	763,415	684,042
Food service fund	-	-	966,114	1,049,876	966,114	1,049,876
Aquatic center fund		_	472,846	554,991	472,846	554,991
Total expenses	33,359,046	34,358,311	1,438,960	1,604,867	34,798,006	35,963,178
Excess (deficiency)		"				-
of revenues over						
expenditures	1,825,992	64,177	(584,826)	(580,776)	1,241,166	(516,599)
Payments to						
Recreation Board	(300,000)	-	-	-	(300,000)	-
Transfers	(400,000)	(727,505)	400,000	727,505		
Change in net position	1,125,992	(663,328)	(184,826)	146,729	941,166	(516,599)
Beginning net position						
Degiming net position	92,699,462	93,825,454	43,155	(141,671)	92,742,617	93,683,783

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2019 (Unaudited)



Carbon County School District #1 Expenses by Function - Governmental Activities Year Ended June 30, 2019



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

Governmental Funds

Revenues

General fund revenues, increased to \$30,363,337 in FY 2019 from \$26,318,316 in FY 2018 due to an increase in tax revenues.

In comparison to the prior year, major maintenance revenues from the State of Wyoming increased by \$621,503. The major maintenance revenue depends on the State's allocation and varies from year to year.

Enterprise Funds: Food Service Fund and Aquatic Center Fund

The total food service fund revenues for FY 2019 were \$662,270 an increase of \$79,821 from the prior year. The expenses incurred to provide this program decreased by \$83,762 from the prior year. The food service fund had a net loss before transfers of \$387,606 in FY 2019, compared to a net loss before transfers of \$383,665 in FY 2018. The aquatic center fund for FY 2019 had revenue of \$361,821 with expenses incurred to provide this program of \$554,991.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2019 is \$116,561,940 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, site improvements, buildings and equipment (which include vehicles and buses).

District's Capital Assets Net of Depreciation (Governmental Activities)

	2017-2018	2018-2019
Land	\$ 1,030,694	\$ 1,019,694
Construction in progress	480,158	1,476,984
Buildings and improvements	115,803,995	112,205,600
Vehicles	855,340	1,321,150
Furniture and equipment	479,495	538,512
Total	\$118,649,682	\$116,561,940

Additional information regarding the District's capital assets can be found in the Notes to Financial Statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of the District's debt transactions related to lease purchase obligations, Series 2012 bonds, retainage payable and accrued compensated absences, excluding the net pension liability, of the District for the year ended June 30, 2019:

Debt outstanding at July 1, 2018	\$ 21,793,598
New debt issued	516,304
Debt retired	2,310,233
Debt outstanding at June 30, 2019	\$ 19,999,669

Budgetary Information

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the District amended the general fund budget during the year. The amendments decreased the expenditure budget for instruction by \$700,000, instructional support by \$200,000, support services – general support by \$130,000, facility construction by \$600,000, and increased budgeted other uses/transfers out by \$1,630,000.

Factors Affecting the District's Future

Factors that may impact the District's future include: 1) Increased enrollment 2) Student enrollment exceeding building capacity, and 3) Construction of new school buildings. Impact to the District regarding these issues will be dependent upon actions taken by the School Facilities Commission. The District may be required to alter scenarios and modify facilities in a reaction mode to the School Facilities Department's actions.

With the global reduction of energy cost, Wyoming and Carbon County's extensive production of coal, natural gas and oil field have seen large reductions in value. This has caused a reduction in the assessed value for the District. With this reduction of assessed value comes an equal reduction in tax collections on the local level. The Wyoming school funding model does provide for a filling of the funding short fall from the State. The District has shifted from a recapture district to an entitlement District. The State of Wyoming has the same reductions happening state wide and has caused extra burden on the availability of funds for education in Wyoming. The Legislature will be challenged to fund education and all the other state services at current level.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances as well as demonstrate accountability for funds the District receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to Brian Bartz, Business Manager, 615 Rodeo Street, Rawlins, Wyoming 82301.



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2019

		Primary Governmen	Component Units			
	Governmental	Business-Type			Recreation	
	Activities	Activities	Total	BOCHES	Board	
ASSETS		1				
Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 11,520,562	\$ 397,075	\$ 11,917,637	\$ 462,715	\$ 915,317	
Cash held by fiscal agent	2,812,777	_	2,812,777	228,244	12,939	
Restricted cash - bond proceeds	871,723	-	871,723	_	_	
Property taxes receivable	23,420,879	-	23,420,879	1,678,706	671,485	
Accounts receivable	-	13,126	13,126	4,608	-	
Due from other governments	377,366	25,732	403,098	-	2,285	
Internal balances	8,605	(8,605)	-	_	2,203	
Prepaid items	83,554	(0,005)	83,554	_	_	
Inventory	25,813	15,343	41,156	_	_	
Non-current assets	25,615	15,545	41,130	-	-	
Land	1.010.604		1.010.604	165 160		
	1,019,694	-	1,019,694	165,168	-	
Construction in progress	1,476,984	-	1,476,984	-	-	
Capital assets, net of	444047.44			0= 10=		
accumulated depreciation	114,065,262	-	114,065,262	87,135	-	
Total assets	155,683,219	442,671	156,125,890	2,626,576	1,602,026	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS						
OF RESOURCES						
Pension plan items	9,300,536	293,842	9,594,378	515,639	-	
Total deferred outflows						
of resources	9,300,536	293,842	9,594,378	515,639		
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities						
Accounts payable	1,025,283	1,295	1,026,578	10,924	-	
Accrued salaries payable	492,963	19,190	512,153	17,026	-	
Due to others	213	-	213	-	-	
Unearned revenue	-	15,776	15,776	-	-	
Noncurrent liabilities						
Due within one year	1,969,062	9,389	1,978,451	8,962	-	
Due in more than one year	18,021,218	-	18,021,218	32,729	-	
Net pension liability	26,250,387	588,700	26,839,087	1,398,513	_	
Total liabilities	47,759,126	634,350	48,393,476	1,468,154		
DEFERRED INFLOWS						
OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable property tax revenue	20,995,310	-	20,995,310	1,496,014	598,406	
Pension plan items	3,067,193	97,105	3,164,298	341,551	-	
Total deferred inflows						
of resources	24,062,503	97,105	24,159,608	1,837,565	598,406	
NET POSITION				"	"	
Net investment in capital assets	98,794,972	-	98,794,972	151,074	_	
Restricted by Wyoming	, ,		, ,	,		
state statutes	8,296,659	_	8,296,659	_	1,003,620	
Restricted by donors	83,636	_	83,636	_	-,005,020	
Unrestricted (deficit)	(14,013,141)	5,058	(14,008,083)	(314,578)	_	
Total net position					\$ 1,002,620	
Total liet position	\$ 93,162,126	\$ 5,058	\$ 93,167,184	\$ (163,504)	\$ 1,003,620	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2019

Program Revenues							
					Operating		Capital
		C	Charges for		Grants and		Grants and
	Expenses		Services	C	ontributions	C	ontributions
_						_	
\$		\$	138,063	\$		\$	-
	, ,		-				-
	292,472		-		41,192		-
					407040		
			-		,		-
	,		-				-
			-		,		-
			-		5,222		-
	701,506		-		-		-
			-		-		1,540,391
			-		-		-
			-		-		42,415
	*		-		-		-
	684,042		-		-		
	34,358,311		138,063		2,187,844		1,582,806
	1,049,876		245,093		393,794		-
	554,991		65,672		295,923		-
	1,604,867		310,765		689,717		-
\$	35,963,178	\$	448,828	\$	2,877,561	\$	1,582,806
\$	1,810,424	\$	146,822	\$	6,664	\$	-
			-		=		-
\$	2,400,035	\$	146,822	\$	6,664	\$	-
	_	\$ 11,342,030 4,385,014 292,472 2,683,744 953,969 315,111 1,848,069 701,506 6,512,527 2,221,129 2,189,517 229,181 684,042 34,358,311 1,049,876 554,991 1,604,867 \$ 35,963,178 \$ 1,810,424 589,611	\$ 11,342,030 \$ 4,385,014 292,472 2,683,744 953,969 315,111 1,848,069 701,506 6,512,527 2,221,129 2,189,517 229,181 684,042 34,358,311 1,049,876 554,991 1,604,867 \$ 35,963,178 \$ \$ 1,810,424 \$ 589,611	Expenses Services \$ 11,342,030 \$ 138,063 4,385,014 - 292,472 - 2,683,744 - 953,969 - 315,111 - 1,848,069 - 701,506 - 6,512,527 - 2,221,129 - 2,189,517 - 229,181 - 684,042 - 34,358,311 138,063 1,049,876 245,093 554,991 65,672 1,604,867 310,765 \$ 35,963,178 \$ 448,828 \$ 1,810,424 \$ 146,822 589,611 -	Expenses Charges for Services Control \$ 11,342,030 \$ 138,063 \$ 4,385,014 292,472 - - 2,683,744 - - 953,969 - - 315,111 - - 1,848,069 - - 701,506 - - 6,512,527 - - 2,221,129 - - 2,189,517 - - 229,181 - - 684,042 - - 34,358,311 138,063 1,049,876 245,093 - 554,991 65,672 - 1,604,867 310,765 - \$ 35,963,178 \$ 448,828 \$ \$ 1,810,424 \$ 146,822 \$ \$ 589,611 - -	Expenses Charges for Services Operating Grants and Contributions \$ 11,342,030 \$ 138,063 \$ 1,203,880 4,385,014 - 586,936 292,472 - 41,192 2,683,744 - 105,010 953,969 - 233,034 315,111 - 12,570 1,848,069 - 5,222 701,506 - - 6,512,527 - - 2,189,517 - - 229,181 - - 684,042 - - 34,358,311 138,063 2,187,844 1,049,876 245,093 393,794 554,991 65,672 295,923 1,604,867 310,765 689,717 \$ 35,963,178 \$ 448,828 \$ 2,877,561 \$ 1,810,424 \$ 146,822 \$ 6,664 589,611 - -	Expenses Charges for Services Operating Grants and Contributions Operating Grants and Contributions \$ 11,342,030 \$ 138,063 \$ 1,203,880 \$ 4,385,014 - 586,936 \$ 292,472 - 41,192 - 41,192 - 41,192 \$ 2,683,744 - 105,010 - 233,034 - 315,111 - 12,570 - 1,848,069 - 5,222 - 701,506

General revenues

Taxes

Property taxes, levied for general purposes Property taxes, levied for debt services

Property taxes, levied for specific purposes

Recreation

BOCHES

Other state and local aid

Unrestricted investment earnings

Unrestricted miscellaneous revenue

Loss on disposal of capital assets

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position - beginning of year

Net position - end of year

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position

	I	Prima	ry Governmer	ıt		Co	mponent Unit	Co	mponent Unit		
(Governmental		isiness-type						Recreation		
	Activities		Activities		Total		BOCHES		Board		
\$	(10,000,087)	\$	-	\$	(10,000,087)	\$	_	\$	-		
	(3,798,078)		-		(3,798,078)		-		-		
	(251,280)		-		(251,280)		-		-		
	(2,578,734)		-		(2,578,734)		-		-		
	(720,935)		-		(720,935)		-		-		
	(302,541)		-		(302,541)		-		-		
	(1,842,847)		-		(1,842,847)		-		-		
	(701,506)		-		(701,506)		-		-		
	(4,972,136)		-		(4,972,136)		-		-		
	(2,221,129)		-		(2,221,129)		-		-		
	(2,147,102)		-		(2,147,102)		-		-		
	(229,181)		-		(229,181)		-		_		
	(684,042)	. ——	-		(684,042)		-		-		
	(30,449,598)		-		(30,449,598)		-		-		
	-		(410,989)		(410,989)		-		-		
	-		(193,396)		(193,396)		-		-		
	-		(604,385)		(604,385)		-		-		
	(30,449,598)		(604,385)		(31,053,983)		-		-		
	_		_		_		(1,656,938)		-		
	-		-		_		-		(589,611)		
	-		-		-		(1,656,938)		(589,611)		
	15,428,340		-		15,428,340		-		-		
	2,949,608		-		2,949,608		-		-		
	-		-		-		-		660,033		
	-		-		_		1,636,998		-		
	12,738,332		-		12,738,332		-		-		
	224,727		618		225,345		7,510		4,735		
	150,874		22,991		173,865		-		-		
	(978,106) (727,505)		727,505		(978,106)		(36,405)		-		
	29,786,270		751,114		30,537,384		1,608,103		664,768		
	(663,328)		146,729		(516,599)		(48,835)		75,157		
	93,825,454		(141,671)		93,683,783		(114,669)		928,463		
\$	93,162,126	\$	5,058	\$	93,167,184	\$	(163,504)	\$	1,003,620		

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2019

		General Fund	Grants Fund		Major Maintenance Fund	
ASSETS	Φ.	7 001 202	Φ.	00.040	Φ.	1.716.015
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,001,282	\$	89,949	\$	1,746,015
Cash held by fiscal agent		464,050		-		-
Restricted cash - bond proceeds		-		-		-
Property taxes receivable		21,132,193		-		-
Due from other governments		37,619		339,747		-
Due from other funds		236,563		5,764		2,991
Prepaid items		61,618		21,936		-
Inventory		25,813		-		-
Total assets	\$	26,959,138	\$	457,396	\$	1,749,006
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	30,305	\$	4,196	\$	756,062
Due to other funds		5,764		221,028		_
Due to others		213		,		
Accrued salaries payable		461,027		31,936		-
Total liabilities		497,309		257,160		756,062
Deferred inflows of resources Unavailable property tax revenue		21,031,532		-		-
Unavailable intergovernmental revenue		-		116,600		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		21,031,532		116,600		_
Fund balances Nonspendable						
Prepaid items		61,618		-		-
Inventory		25,813		-		-
Restricted						
Major maintenance W.S. 21-15-109		-		-		992,944
Buildings and equipment W.S. 21-13-504		-		-		-
Bond - capital construction W.S. 21-13-701		-		-		-
Bond covenants W.S. 21-13-701(d)		-		-		-
Donors		-		83,636		-
Committed		-		-		-
Unassigned		5,342,866		-		
Total fund balances		5,430,297		83,636		992,944
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources						
and fund balances	\$	26,959,138	\$	457,396	\$	1,749,006

Capital					Total		
Construction		Ι	Debt Service	Governmental			
	Fund		Fund		Funds		
\$	4,683,316	\$	-	\$	11,520,562		
	-		2,348,727		2,812,777		
	871,723		-		871,723		
	-		2,288,686		23,420,879		
	-		-		377,366		
	-		-		245,318		
	-		-		83,554		
	_		-		25,813		
\$	5,555,039	\$	4,637,413	\$	39,357,992		
\$	207,303	\$	=	\$	997,866		
	9,921		=		236,713		
					492,963		
	217,224				1,727,755		
	-		2,238,661		23,270,193		
			-		116,600		
			2,238,661		23,386,793		
	-		-		61,618		
	-		-		25,813		
					992,944		
	4,033,240		-		4,033,240		
	4,033,240		2,398,752		2,398,752		
	871,723		4,370,134		2,398,732 871,723		
	6/1,/25		-		83,636		
	432,852		_		432,852		
	-52,032		- -		5,342,866		
-	5,337,815		2,398,752	-	14,243,444		
	-,,		_,_,_,_ <u>_</u>		,,		
\$	5,555,039	\$	4,637,413	\$	39,357,992		



RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total fund balances - governmental funds		\$ 14,243,444
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		116,561,940
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current		
financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Unavailable property tax revenue	\$ 2,274,883	
Unavailable intergovernmental revenue	116,600	2,391,483
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources are available revenue or available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore the underlying resources are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Pension plan items - deferred outflows of resources	9,300,536	
Pension plan items - deferred inflows of resources	(3,067,193)	6,233,343
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and		
therefore are not reported in the funds. Those liabilities consist of:		
Series 2012 bonds payable, including accrued interest	(18, 262, 417)	
Series 2012 bonds payable premium, net of amortization	(970,730)	
Retainage payable	(126,056)	
Compensated absences	(380,859)	
Net pension liability	(26,250,387)	
Lease purchase obligations	(277,635)	(46,268,084)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 93,162,126

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2019

		General Fund	 Grants Fund	Main	ajor tenance Yund
Revenues		1-1-1-			
Taxes	\$	17,156,957	\$ -	\$	-
Intergovernmental revenues		12,837,755	1,755,049	1,5	40,391
Charges for services		138,299	-		-
Investment income		138,138	272		37,240
Miscellaneous		92,188	 178,842		-
Total revenues		30,363,337	 1,934,163	1,5	77,631
Expenditures					
Instruction		0.400.040	700 400		
Regular instruction		9,499,840	790,408		-
Special instruction		3,492,768	560,308		-
Vocation education		229,383	39,259		-
Support services			100.010		
Pupil services		2,418,136	100,212		-
Instructional staff services		660,227	222,464		-
General administration services		272,537	11,975		-
School administration services		1,675,098	5,046		-
Business services		692,043	-		-
Operation and maintenance of plant services		3,196,612	-	1,2	86,740
Pupil transportation services		2,182,144	116,600		-
Central services		1,542,819	-		-
Other support services		518,370	-		-
Facilities acquisition and construction services Debt service		-	-		-
Principal repayments		315,453	_		_
Interest		21,128	_		_
Total expenditures	-	26,716,558	 1,846,272	1,2	86,740
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		3,646,779	87,891	2	90,891
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in (out)		(3,127,505)	-		-
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets		16,281	-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		(3,111,224)	-		-
Net changes in fund balances		535,555	87,891	2	90,891
Fund balance					
Beginning of year		4,812,215	78,272	7	02,053
Prior period adjustment		82,527	(82,527)		-
Beginning of year, as restated		4,894,742	(4,255)	7	02,053
End of year	\$	5,430,297	\$ 83,636	\$ 9	92,944

Capital Construction Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total Governmental Funds
\$ -	\$ 2,934,016	\$ 20,090,973
394,643	φ 2,754,010	16,527,838
374,043	_	138,299
49,077	_	224,727
4,848	_	275,878
448,568	2,934,016	37,257,715
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
-	-	10,290,248
-	-	4,053,076
-	-	268,642
-	-	2,518,348
-	-	882,691
-	-	284,512
=	-	1,680,144
=	-	692,043
=	-	4,483,352
=	-	2,298,744
-	-	1,542,819
-	-	518,370
703,907	-	703,907
-	1,450,000	1,765,453
	763,056	784,184
703,907	2,213,056	32,766,533
(255,339)	720,960	4,491,182
2,400,000	-	(727,505)
2 400 000		16,281
2,400,000		(711,224)
2,144,661	720,960	3,779,958
3,193,154	1,677,792	10,463,486
3,193,154	1,677,792	10,463,486
\$ 5,337,815	\$ 2,398,752	\$ 14,243,444

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended June 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

are different because.		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 3,779,958
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceed the depreciation expense and gain on disposal of assets in the current period. Capital outlay	\$ 2,560,319	
Depreciation expense Cost basis of asset disposition	(3,653,675) (1,706,803)	
Accumulated depreciation of asset dispositions	712,417	(2,087,742)
Pension expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Pension liability - prior year Pension liability - current year Pension plan items - prior year Pension plan items - current year	19,594,521 (26,250,387) (1,871,486) 6,233,343	(2,294,009)
Governmental funds report payments of long-term debt as expenditures and the issuance of long-term debt as revenue. However, in the statement of activities, the issuance of long-term debt and the principal paid on long-term debt is reported as an increase or reduction of the long-term liabilities. Series 2012 bonds payments Series 2012 premium amortization Accrued interest on bond - current year Accrued interest on bond - prior year Principal payments on lease purchase obligations	1,450,000 97,884 (27,417) 29,673 315,453	1,865,593
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. Current year retainage payable Prior year total liability for compensated absences Current year total liability for compensated absences	(126,056) 28,880 408,027 (380,859)	(70,008)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial revenues are not reported as revenues in the funds. Unavailable intergovernmental revenue - current year Reimbursements from School Facilities Department - prior year Reimbursements from School Facilities Department - current year Unavailable revenue - other government - prior year Unavailable property tax revenue - prior year	116,600 (352,229) (1,979,266) (1,917,108)	
Unavailable property tax revenue - current year	2,274,883	(1,857,120)
Changes in net position of governmental activities		\$ (663,328)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2019

	Business-type Activities					
	Food Service		Aquatic Center			
	Fund		Fund			Total
ASSETS						
Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	319,532	\$	77,543	\$	397,075
Accounts receivable		13,126		-		13,126
Due from other governments		25,732		-		25,732
Inventory		15,343		-		15,343
Total current assets		373,733		77,543		451,276
DEFERRED OUTFLOW						
OF RESOURCES						
Pension plan items		179,252		114,590		293,842
Total deferred outflows						
of resources		179,252		114,590		293,842
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities						
Accounts payable		338		957		1,295
Accrued salaries payable		5,774		13,416		19,190
Unearned revenue		15,776		-		15,776
Compensated absences		9,389		-		9,389
Due to other funds		8,316		289		8,605
Total current liabilities		39,593		14,662		54,255
Noncurrent liabilities						
Net pension liability		441,831		146,869		588,700
Total liabilities		481,424		161,531		642,955
DEFERRED INFLOW						
OF RESOURCES						
Pension plan items		54,465		42,640		97,105
Total deferred inflows						
of resources		54,465		42,640		97,105
NET POSITION						
Unrestricted (deficit)		17,096		(12,038)		5,058
Total net position (deficit)	\$	17,096	\$	(12,038)	\$	5,058

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Business-type Activities					
	Food Service Fund		Aqı	uatic Center Fund		Total
Operating revenues						
Charges for services	\$	245,093	\$	65,672	\$	310,765
Miscellaneous		22,991		-		22,991
Total operating revenues		268,084		65,672		333,756
Operating expenses						
Salaries		309,383		315,266		624,649
Employee benefits		171,349		139,977		311,326
Purchased services		16,841		18,982		35,823
Supplies and materials		552,303		80,766		633,069
Total operating expenses		1,049,876		554,991		1,604,867
Operating loss		(781,792)		(489,319)		(1,271,111)
Nonoperating revenues						
Federal subsidy		393,794		_		393,794
Grants		-		295,923		295,923
Interest income		392		226		618
Total nonoperating revenues		394,186		296,149		690,335
Net loss before transfers		(387,606)		(193,170)		(580,776)
Transfers in		537,505		190,000		727,505
Change in net position		149,899		(3,170)		146,729
Net position (deficit) -						
beginning of year	-	(132,803)		(8,868)		(141,671)
Net position (deficit) -						
end of year	\$	17,096	\$	(12,038)	\$	5,058

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Business-type Activities					
	Food Service		Aq	uatic Center		_
		Fund		Fund		Total
Cash flows from operating activities						
Cash received from customers	\$	222,011	\$	65,672	\$	287,683
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(521,435)		(108,430)		(629,865)
Cash payments to employees for services		(433,033)		(411,893)		(844,926)
Net cash used in operating activities		(732,457)		(454,651)		(1,187,108)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities						
Operating transfers in		537,505		190,000		727,505
Payments from interfund activity		(5,219)		(98,060)		(103,279)
Subsidy received from federal grants		363,555		-		363,555
Subsidy received from local grants		-		295,923		295,923
Net cash provided by	·					
noncapital financing activities		895,841		387,863		1,283,704
Cash flows from investing activities						
Interest income		392		226		618
Net cash provided by investing						
activities		392		226		618
Net change in cash and cash						
equivalents		163,776		(66,562)		97,214
Cash and cash equivalents -						
beginning of year		155,756		144,105		299,861
Cash and cash equivalents -						
end of year	\$	319,532	\$	77,543	\$	397,075

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Business-type Activities					
	Fo	Food Service		uatic Center		
		Fund		Fund		Total
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash and						
cash equivalents used in operating activities						
Operating loss	\$	(781,792)	\$	(489,319)	\$	(1,271,111)
Adjustments to reconcile operating						
loss to net cash and cash equivalents used in						
operating activities						
Amortization of pension plan items		(91,999)		(78,657)		(170,656)
Commodities - share of federal						
subsidy		30,239		-		30,239
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash						
equivalents resulting from changes						
in operating assets, deferred inflows						
and outflows and liabilities						
Accounts receivable		(13,126)		-		(13,126)
Inventory		(5,165)		-		(5,165)
Due from other governments		(25,732)		_		(25,732)
Deferred outflow - pension						
plan items		(4,723)		(2,437)		(7,160)
Accounts payable		(356)		(8,682)		(9,038)
Accrued salaries payable		2,786		2,838		5,624
Unearned revenue		15,776		-		15,776
Compensated absences		(600)		-		(600)
Net pension liability		142,235		121,606		263,841
Net cash and cash equivalents used in						
operating activities	\$	(732,457)	\$	(454,651)	\$	(1,187,108)
Non-cash transactions						
The Food Service Fund received USDA						
commodities	\$	30,239	\$	-	\$	-

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION June 30, 2019

	Private Purpose Trust Fund		
ASSETS			
Cash	\$ 253,134	\$	297,664
Due from primary government	750		113
Total assets	\$ 253,884	\$	297,777
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	\$ =	\$	4,504
Due to student groups	760		292,623
Due to primary government	-		650
Total liabilities	 760	\$	297,777
NET POSITION			
Held in trust for scholarships	 253,124	-	
Total net position	\$ 253,124		

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Private Purpose Trust Fund
Additions	
Scholarship donations	\$ 6,316
Interest income	4,837
Total additions	11,153
Deductions	
Scholarship awards	5,116
Total deductions	5,116
Change in net position	6,037
Net position - beginning of year	247,087
Net position - end of year	\$ 253,124

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2019

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

The Board of Trustees has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of Carbon County School District #1 (District). The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the concomitant requirements of these funding source entities. Generally accepted accounting principles require that the reporting entity include the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's basic financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The accompanying financial statements present the financial activity of the District's discretely presented component units. The discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements (see note below for descriptions) to emphasize that they are legally separate from the District.

Discretely Presented Component Units

The Board of Cooperative Higher Educational Services (BOCHES) operating as the Carbon County Higher Education Center is governed by a five-member board appointed by the District's Board of Trustees. Of the five members four are members of the Board of Trustees. BOCHES is legally separate from the District. BOCHES provides educational services, including but not limited to postsecondary education, vocational-technical education and adult education, since these services can be provided more effectively through a cooperative effort with Western Wyoming Community College. The Board may impose up to 2 ½ mills on the District's assessed valuation for BOCHES operations. The BOCHES does not prepare separately issued financial statements.

The component unit column in the combined financial statements includes the financial data of the District's Recreation Board. The Recreation Board is a legally separate from the District. The nine-member governing body of the Recreation Board is appointed by the District's Board of Trustees. Only three of the nine members also serve on the District's Board of Trustees. The Recreation Board provides grants to fund public recreation projects within the District's boundaries. The District's Board can impose a tax for the Recreation Board not to exceed one mill of the District's assessed valuation for the purpose of operating the Recreation Board. The Recreation Board does not prepare separately issued financial statements.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2019

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available.

Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, except those required to the accounted for in another fund.

The *special revenue fund (Grants fund)* accounts for proceeds from federal, state and other local grant revenue sources that are restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

The *special revenue fund* (*Major Maintenance fund*) accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources for major maintenance that are restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

The *capital projects fund* (*Capital Construction fund*) accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources for major capital projects that are restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. This fund also accounts for the depreciation reserve for school building repair established by the Board during the fiscal year 2009 according to Wyoming Statute 21-13-504 and construction financed with Series 2012 bonds and repair and maintenance reserve required by Series 2012 bonds.

The debt service fund accounts for tax levy collection and payments on Series 2012 bonds.

The District reports the following major proprietary funds:

The *food service fund* accounts for the activities of the District's breakfast and lunch programs.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2019

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The aquatic center fund accounts for the activity of the District's aquatic center.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

The *private purpose trust fund* is used to account for donations for scholarship funds that are received by the District that are to be awarded to current and former students for post-secondary education purposes.

The *agency funds* account for resources held by the District in a custodial capacity, and consists of funds that are the property of students or others including construction retainage.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's enterprise funds are charges to students and faculty for food services and charges for the use of the aquatic center. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance

Cash and Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, the District considers all demand deposits and highly liquid investments with an original maturity date of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

The District's cash accounts consist of demand deposits and a money market account at Wyoming Government Investment Fund (WGIF), a governmental pool established in 1996 exclusively designed for Wyoming public entities. The WGIF Liquid Asset Series seeks to maintain a stable net asset value of \$1.00 and is managed to a maximum weighted average maturity of 60 days. WGIF Liquid Asset Series is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

The District's restricted cash represent proceeds from bonds held in escrow.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2019

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

Accounts Receivable

The District considers all accounts receivable to be fully collectible at June 30, 2019 and, therefore no allowance for doubtful accounts is deemed necessary.

Interfund Balances

On the fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "Due from other funds/Due to other funds". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statement of activities columns of the statement of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities.

Property Taxes

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of each year. Taxes are levied on or about August 1 and are payable in two installments. The first installment becomes due on September 1 and delinquent on November 10, the second becomes dues on March 1 and delinquent on May 10. The County bills and collects its own property taxes and also taxes for all municipalities and political subdivisions within the County, including Carbon County School District #1. District property tax revenues are recognized when levied to the extent that they result in current receivables, which means when collected within the current period or expected to be collected within 60 days of the fiscal year end to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Property taxes which are not current receivables are offset by deferred revenues on the fund financials, but are reported on the government-wide financial statements as revenue and receivables, with no amount being deferred when levied. Property taxes receivable are recognized as of the lien date; however, revenue is not recognized until the levy date.

The District is required by Wyoming Statutes to levy taxes of twenty-five mills of assessed valuation for all school purposes, exclusive of bond interest and redemption. In addition, a county-wide school property tax of 6 mills is levied, BOCHES district tax for 2.5 mills, bonds and interest of 4.2 mills and a recreation district tax for 1 mill. The combined tax related to finance general school services other than the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2019 was 36.95 mills.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2019

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

Inventories

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market. Governmental fund type inventories are accounted for using the consumption method by which inventory acquisitions are recorded in inventory accounts when purchased or received by other means and are charged to expense when consumed or sold.

Enterprise fund inventories are accounted for using the consumption method by which inventory acquisitions are recorded in inventory accounts when purchased or received by other means and are charged to expense when consumed or sold. Inventory in the food service fund consists of food products including USDA food commodities held for consumption.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Assets	Years
Buildings	50
Building improvements	20
Vehicles	8-12
Property and equipment	3-25

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Wyoming Retirement System ("WRS") plans and additions to/deductions from WRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by WRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2019

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the financial statements include a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a decrease of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. In addition to liabilities, the financial statements may include a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an increase of net position that applied to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District reports deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources as follows:

Unavailable revenues – Unavailable revenue is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds may report unavailable revenues from property taxes and intergovernmental revenue. This amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. In the government-wide statement of net position, property tax revenue is reported as a deferred inflow of resources in the year the taxes are assessed.

Pension-related amounts – In the government-wide and proprietary funds statement of net position, a deferred outflow or deferred inflow of resources is reported for the unrecognized items not yet charged to pension expense related to the net pension liability. This includes the unamortized portion of the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments and other differences between expected and actual experience. Deferred outflows for the net difference between projected and actual investment earnings are recognized over a period of five years, while the deferred inflows or deferred outflows for the differences between expected and actual experience for economic/demographic assumptions are recognized over the remaining service life for all active and inactive members.

Compensated Absences

The District's full-time certified staff earns ten days of sick leave per year and two days of personal leave with unlimited accumulation. Unused personal leave is converted to sick leave. The District's certified staff is compensated for their accumulated sick leave up to a maximum one hundred days based on a graduated scale depending on their length of service. The number of days accumulated, up to the maximum, is paid at the rate of \$8.50 for each accumulated eligible hour at the time the employee leaves the District.

The District's support personnel earn sick leave days each month with unlimited accumulation based on the number of hours worked. Support personnel who have a minimum of ten years of continuous service to the District are compensated for their accumulation, up to a maximum of ninety days at the daily rate of one-half the entry level rate on the salary schedule for each job class. All full-time support personnel are entitled to vacation leave after completing one year of employment with the District. Vacation leave is earned on a graduated scale depending on the length of service. Vacation leave must be taken within the year after it is earned and may not accumulate.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2019

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

Fund Balance and Net Position

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned. Nonspendable fund balance cannot be spent because of its form. Restricted fund balance has limitations imposed by creditors, grantors, or contributors or by enabling legislation or constitutional provisions. Committed fund balance is a limitation imposed by the District's Board of Trustees, the highest level of authority, through approval of resolutions. Assigned fund balances is a limitation imposed by a designee of the District board. Unassigned fund balance in the General fund is the net resources in excess of what can be properly classified in one of the above four categories. Negative unassigned fund balance in other governmental funds represents excess expenditures incurred over the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

When both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted fund balance first, then unrestricted fund balance. Furthermore, committed fund balances are reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications can be used.

Restricted Net Position

For the government-wide financial statements, net position is reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position are either: (1) Externally imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

The pension liabilities estimates are significant to the District. It is reasonably possible that these estimates will change within one year of the date of the financial statement due to one or more future events. The effect of the change could be material to the financial statements and could result in a loss.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2019

Note 2. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

Prior to May 15, the Superintendent submits to the Board of Trustees a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. A public hearing is conducted by the third Wednesday in July to obtain public comments.

The budget is adopted by the third Thursday of July.

At the request of the Superintendent or upon its own motion after publication of notice, the Board of Trustees may by resolution transfer any unencumbered or unexpended appropriation balance or part thereof from one fund, department or account to another. All appropriations, excluding appropriations for capital projects, lapse at the close of the budget year to the extent they are not expended or encumbered. The level of expenditure control for budget purposes is the department level.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the general fund, special revenue funds, and capital projects funds.

The District adopts all budgets on a cash basis (NON-GAAP). Such basis is not consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration during the year. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are immaterial.

Note 3. Deposits and Investments

Custodial credit risk - deposits. Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository institution, the District will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State statutes require that the District's deposits in excess of the Federal depository insurance amount be collateralized.

Deposits held in the District's bank accounts are typically insured by federal depository insurance or are collateralized with securities held by the pledging institution's trust department or agent, in joint custody of the bank and the District. As of June 30, 2019, the District had bank balances of \$5,890,734 with a carrying amount of \$6,443,924. The bank balance of the District's fiduciary funds was \$316,300 with a carrying amount of \$314,468. The difference between the carrying amount and the bank balance is the result of the transactions in transit. Due to ACH deposits that were posted at the end on the day on June 28, 2019, the last business day of the fiscal year, the collateral held in joint custody with the financial institution was insufficient to cover the District's bank balance. Additional pledging was provided to cover the deposits on July 1, 2019, the next business day.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2019

Note 3. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Custodial credit risk - deposits with WGIF Liquid Asset Series. The District also had cash equivalents of \$9,067,043 in the WGIF Liquid Asset Series, a money market investment rated AAAm by Standard and Pool's. Management does not believe its cash balances are at risk as a result of not being fully insured or collateralized. The District has not incurred any losses related to uninsured deposits.

Credit risk. The District follows the mandates for allowable investments as prescribed by Wyoming Statute 9-4-831 as their credit policy.

Concentration of credit risk. The District does not have a formal policy that allows for or limits investment in any one issuer that is in excess of a specified percentage of the District's total investments.

Note 4. Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities follows:

	Balance June 30, 2018 Additions					Deletions	Balance June 30, 2019		
Governmental activities		Julie 30, 2018		Additions		Defetions	Julie 30, 2019		
Capital assets, not being depreciated									
Land	\$	1,030,694	\$	_	\$	11,000	\$	1,019,694	
Construction in progress	Ψ	480,158	Ψ	1,558,705	Ψ	561,879	Ψ	1,476,984	
Total capital assets, not being		100,120		1,550,705		201,079		1,170,201	
depreciated		1,510,852		1,558,705		572,879		2,496,678	
Capital assets, being depreciated		-,,		_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(-		
Buildings and improvements		140,273,192		530,994		1,120,968		139,683,218	
Vehicles		4,074,461		747,509		151,906		4,670,064	
Property and equipment		1,241,011		284,990		422,929		1,103,072	
Total capital assets, being				,	1	,	,	, ,	
depreciated		145,588,664		1,563,493		1,695,803		145,456,354	
Less accumulated depreciation					1,				
Buildings and improvements		24,469,197		3,279,362		270,941		27,477,618	
Vehicles		3,219,121		281,699		151,906		3,348,914	
Property and equipment		761,516		92,614		289,570		564,560	
Total accumulated depreciation		28,449,834		3,653,675	"	712,417		31,391,092	
Total capital assets, being					"		'		
depreciated, net		117,138,830	,	(2,090,182)		983,386		114,065,262	
Governmental activities capital		_			· · · ·	_		_	
assets, net	\$	118,649,682	\$	(531,477)	\$	1,556,265	\$	116,561,940	

The District has \$695,951 assets (buses and office equipment) under capital leases with accumulated depreciation of \$261,409. The depreciation expense for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 was \$88,277.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2019

Note 4. Capital Assets (Continued)

A summary of changes in the District's business-type activity capital assets follows:

	Balance June 30, 2018		Ado	Additions		Deletions		Balance e 30, 2019
Business-type activities							1	
Capital assets, being depreciated								
Property and equipment	\$	19,900	\$	-	\$	-	\$	19,900
Total capital assets, being							.,	
depreciated		19,900		-		-		19,900
Less accumulated depreciation					1		'	
Property and equipment		19,900						19,900
Total accumulated depreciation		19,900		-		-		19,900
Business-type activities							.,	_
capital assets, net	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

A summary of changes in BOCHES capital assets follows:

		Balance						Balance		
	June 30, 2018		A	Additions		Deletions	June 30, 2019			
Capital assets, not being depreciated							'			
Land	\$	165,168	\$	-	\$	-	\$	165,168		
Total capital assets, not being										
depreciated		165,168		-		-		165,168		
Capital assets, being depreciated										
Buildings and improvements		209,933		-		56,904		153,029		
Vehicles		134,476		-		5,200		129,276		
Property and equipment		469,376		-		189,497		279,879		
Total capital assets, being								_		
depreciated		813,785		-		251,601		562,184		
Less accumulated depreciation										
Buildings and improvements		125,607		7,844		20,988		112,463		
Vehicles		110,218		5,019		5,200		110,037		
Property and equipment		406,042		35,518		189,011		252,549		
Total accumulated depreciation		641,867		48,381		215,199		475,049		
Total capital assets, being						_				
depreciated, net		171,918		(48,381)		36,402		87,135		
Total capital assets, net	\$	337,086	\$	(48,381)	\$	36,402	\$	252,303		

Depreciation expenses were charged to function/programs of the District as follows:

Governmental activities	
Regular instruction	\$ 92,614
Pupil transportation	281,699
Operation and maintenance of plant services	3,279,362
Total depreciation expenses - governmental activities	\$ 3,653,675

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2019

Note 5. Long-term Debt

The following is a summary of debt transactions of the District for the year ended June 30, 2019:

	J	Balance une 30, 2018	Additions		Reductions		Balance June 30, 2019		Due Within One Year	
Lagga purahaga		,						,		
Lease purchase	\$	502 000	\$		\$	215 452	\$	277 625	\$	145 960
obligations	Þ	593,088	Þ	_	Э	315,453	Э	277,635	Þ	145,860
Series 2012 bonds		19,685,000		-		1,450,000		18,235,000		1,510,000
Premium on										
Series 2012 bonds		1,068,614		-		97,884		970,730		97,887
Retainage payable		28,880		126,056		28,880		126,056		126,056
Accrued										
compensated										
absences		408,027		380,859		408,027		380,859		89,259
		21,783,609		506,915		2,300,244		19,990,280		1,969,062
Net pension liability		19,594,521		6,655,866		-		26,250,387		-
	\$	41,378,130	\$	7,162,781	\$	2,300,244	\$	46,240,667	\$	1,969,062
Business-type Activities										
Accrued										
compensated										
absences	\$	9,989	\$	9,389	\$	9,989	\$	9,389	\$	9,389
Net pension liability		324,859		263,841		-		588,700		-
	\$	334,848	\$	273,230	\$	9,989	\$	598,089	\$	9,389

For the governmental activities, debt is generally liquidated by the general fund except for the retainage payable that is liquidated by the capital construction fund and debt related to Series 2012 bonds which will be liquidated by the debt service fund.

The summary of BOCHES debt transactions for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2018				Re	ductions	Ju	Balance ine 30, 2019	Due Within One Year	
Lease purchase obligations Accrued compensated	\$	21,283	\$	-	\$	7,189	\$	14,094	\$	8,962
absences		31,916		27,597		31,916		27,597		-
		53,199		27,597		39,105		41,691		8,962
Net pension liability		1,157,578		240,935				1,398,513		
	\$	1,210,777	\$	268,532	\$	39,105	\$	1,440,204	\$	8,962

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2019

Note 5. **Long-term Debt (Continued)**

As of June 30, 2019 the District had the following outstanding lease purchase obligations:

Lease purchase obligations for five buses; interest rate of 3.85%, due in annual installments of \$151,845 including interest through May 2021; collateralized with buses.

270,406

\$

\$

Lease purchase obligation on copier equipment; interest rate of 15.19%, due in quarterly installments of \$717 including interest through October 2020; collateralized with copiers.

3,968

Lease purchase obligation on copier equipment; interest rate of 15.19%, due in quarterly installments of \$649 including interest through September 2020; collateralized with copiers.

3,261 277,635

277,635

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2019, are as follows:

rear ended June 50,	
2020	\$ 157,311
2021	 136,972
Total minimum payments	 294,283
Less amount representating interest	16,648
Net future minimum payments	\$ 277,635

Bonds

Veer ended June 30

In May 2012, the District issued Series 2012 bonds for the purpose of funding construction projects. Principal payments are due June 15th and interest payments are due June 15th and December 15th.

The bonds are secured by an ad valorem tax to be levied against all taxable property within the District. In the event of a default in the payment of principal of or interest on the bonds, there is no provision for acceleration of maturity of the principal of the bonds.

The debt service requirement and premium amortization on the Series 2012 bonds as of June 30, 2019 is as follows:

Year Ending	Interest	Series 2012					otal Principal	Premium		
June 30	Rate	_	Principal Interest		and Interest		amortization			
2020	4.00%	\$	1,510,000	\$	705,036	\$	2,215,036	\$	97,887	
2021	5.00%		1,570,000		644,636		2,214,636		97,887	
2022	5.00%		1,650,000		566,136		2,216,136		97,887	
2023	4.00%		1,730,000		483,636		2,213,636		97,887	
2024	4.00%		1,800,000		414,436		2,214,436		97,887	
2025 to 2029	3.0% to 4.5%		9,975,000		1,091,979		11,066,979		481,292	
		\$	18,235,000	\$	3,905,859	\$	22,140,859	\$	970,727	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2019

Note 6. Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The composition of the interfund balances as of June 30, 2019 is as follows:

]	Interfund			
R	Receivable	Payable		
	_		_	
\$	236,563	\$	5,764	
	5,764		221,028	
	-		9,921	
	2,991		-	
	-		8,316	
			289	
\$	245,318	\$	245,318	
	R	Receivable \$ 236,563	Receivable \$ 236,563 \$ 5,764 - 2,991	

The outstanding balance between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 the District had the following interfund transfers:

	Transfers in			ransfers out
General fund	\$	-	\$	3,127,505
Capital construction fund		2,400,000		-
Food service fund		537,505		-
Aquatic center fund		190,000		-
	\$	3,127,505	\$	3,127,505

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2019

Note 7. Pension Plan

The District participates in the Public Employees' Pension Plan ("PEPP"), a statewide cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by the State of Wyoming Retirement System Board. Substantially all District full-time employees are eligible to participate.

PEPP members are required to contribute 8.50% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 8.62% of the annual covered payroll. Legislation enacted in 1979 allows the employer to pay any or all of the employees' contribution in addition to the matching contribution. The District currently pays 15.44% of the required employee's contribution and the employees pay 1.68%. As of July 1, 2019, the required employer contribution and the required employee statutory rates will increase by 0.25%, respectively. Therefore the District's contribution rate will increase to 15.69% and the employee's contribution rate will increase to 1.93%. Contribution rates are established by Title 9, Chapter 3 of the Wyoming Statutes.

The District's contributions to the PEPP for the years ended June 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017 were \$2,277,166, \$2,282,549, and \$2,361,403, while the employees' portion was \$266,281, \$214,775, and \$221,029, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

BOCHES currently pays 100% of the required employee's contribution to the PEPP. The BOCHES contributions to the PEPP for the years ended June 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017 were \$134,562, \$133,359, and \$160,548, respectively.

Through legislation passed during the 2014 legislative session, two tiers of benefits were established for participants of this plan. For Tier 1 (first contribution before September 1, 2012), the Plan allows for normal retirement after four years of service and attainment of age 60. Early retirement is allowed provided the employee has completed four years of service and attained age 50 or 25 years of service but will result in a reduction of benefits based on the length of time remaining to age 60. For Tier 2 (first contribution on or after September 1, 2012), the Plan allows for normal retirement after four years of service and attainment of age 65. Early retirement is allowed provided the employee has completed four years of service and attained age 55, or 25 or more years of service, but will result in a reduction of benefits based on the length of time remaining to age 65. All employees may also retire upon normal retirement on the basis that the sum of the member's age and service is at least 85.

Benefits are established by Title 9, Chapter 3 of the Wyoming Statutes. The PEPP provides retirement, disability and death benefits according to predetermined formulas and allows retirees to select one of seven optional methods for receiving benefits, including two joint and survivor forms of benefits: a 100% joint and survivor annuity, and a 50% joint and survivor annuity. The benefit amounts under these options are determined on an actuarially equivalent basis. Any cost of living adjustment provided to retirees must be grant by the State Legislature. In addition, a cost of living adjustment will not be approved by the legislature unless the plan is 100% funded after the COLA is awarded.

Employees terminating prior to normal retirement can elect to withdraw all employee contributions plus accumulated interest through date of termination or, if they are vested, they may elect to remain in the Plan and be eligible for unreduced retirement benefits at age 60 (Tier 1 employee) or 65 (Tier 2 employee).

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The Wyoming Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report which includes audited financial statements and required supplementary information for each plan. Detailed information about the pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in separately issued Wyoming Retirement System financial report. The report may be obtained from the Wyoming Retirement System website at http://retirement.state.wy.us.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2019

Note 7. Pension Plan (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the District and BOCHES reported a total liability of \$26,839,087 and \$1,398,513, respectively, for their proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2018, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement. The net pension liability for the Public Employee Plan is calculated using a discount rate of 7.00%, which is the expected rate of return on investments reduced by investment expenses. Actuarial valuation involves estimates of the reported amounts an assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Amounts determined regarding the net pension liability are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. An experience study was conducted covering the five year period ending December 31, 2016. The net pension liability as of December 31, 2018 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2018, rolled forward to a measurement date of December 31, 2018, and taking into consideration information from the recent experience study.

The schedule below shows the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability at June 30, 2019, the proportionate portion at the measurement date of December 31, 2018, and the change in the proportion from the previous measurement date.

	ension liability une 30, 2019	Proportion at December 31, 2018	Increase (decrease) from December 31, 2017
District Public Employees' Pension Plan	\$ 26,839,087	0.8813308%	(0.0074210%)
BOCHES Public Employees' Pension Plan	\$ 1,398,513	0.0459238%	(0.0048618%)

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District and BOCHES recognized pension expense of \$4,657,200 and \$226,382, respectively. At June 30, 2019, the District and BOCHES reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflo	ows of l	Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
		Component Unit				Component Unit	
	District		BOCHES	District		BOCHES	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension							
plan investments	\$ 6,486,552	\$	347,629	\$ 2,437,778	\$	141,666	
Difference due to changes in							
assumptions	1,329,651		77,270	-		=	
Difference between actual and							
expected experience	-		-	671,573		37,777	
Change in employer's proportion	124,156		23,115	54,947		162,108	
Amortizing deferred outflows and	,			ŕ		ŕ	
deferred inflows	7,940,359		448,014	3,164,298		341,551	
Contributions subsequent to the			•			,	
measurement date	 1,654,019		67,625	 _			
Total	\$ 9,594,378	\$	515,639	\$ 3,164,298	\$	341,551	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2019

Note 7. Pension Plan (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

The District and BOCHES reported \$1,654,019 and \$67,625, respectively, as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	 Deferred Outflo	ows of I	Resources		Deferred Inflo	ws of R	Resources
		Con	nponent Unit	Unit		Con	nponent Unit
	District	I	BOCHES		District		BOCHES
Year ended June 30,		•					
2020	\$ 3,061,157	\$	192,880	\$	1,150,159	\$	128,796
2021	2,045,458		108,997		1,061,298		123,111
2022	1,495,115		76,496		947,201		87,946
2023	1,338,629		69,641		5,640		1,698
	\$ 7,940,359	\$	448,014	\$	3,164,298	\$	341,551

Actuarial Assumptions

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

	1
Valuation date	January 1, 2018
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Inflation	2.25%
Salary increases	4.75% to 8.75%, including inflation
Payroll growth rate	2.5%
Cost of living increase	0.00%
Investment net rate of return	7.00%, net pension plan investment expense
Post-Retirement Mortality	RP-2014 Health Annuitant Mortality Table, fully generational,
	projected with Scale MP-2017
	Males: No back with a 100% multiplier
	Females: No set back with a 88% multiplier
Pre-Retirement Mortality	RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, fully generational
	projected with Scale MP-2017
	Males: No set back with a 100% multiplier
	Females: No set back with a 100% multiplier

The assumed rate of investment return was adopted by the plan's trustees after considering input from the plan's investment consultant(s) and actuary(s). Additional information about the assumed rate of investment return is included in the WRS actuarial valuation report as of January 1, 2018. In addition, an experience study was completed as of December 31, 2016 and this study provides a detailed analysis regarding recommendations on the long term rates for inflation and the real rate of return. The assumed rate of investment return of 7.00% (real return net of inflation of 3.52%) falls within a reasonable range of the long-term expected rate of return.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2019

Note 7. Pension Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected arithmetic returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These real rates of return are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. For each major asset class that is included in the pension plans target asset allocation for the fiscal year 2018. These best estimates are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term	Long-Term
		Expected	Expected
	Target	Geometric Real	Arithmetic Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return	Rate of Return
Cash	0.00%	0.30%	0.03%
Fixed income	20.00%	1.50%	2.00%
Equity	49.00%	6.00%	7.40%
Marketable alternatives	19.00%	3.10%	3.50%
Private markets	12.00%	5.20%	7.00%
Total	100.00%	4.40%	5.50%

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate.

			Current				
	1% Decrease]	Discount Rate		1% Increase (8.00%)		
Pension Plan	(6.00%)		(7.00%)				
District					_		
Public Employees' Pension Plan	\$ 37,222,196	\$	26,839,087	\$	18,174,479		
BOCHES							
Public Employees' Pension Plan	\$ 1,939,549	\$	1,398,513	\$	947,024		

Payables to the pension plan – At June 30, 2019 BOCHES reported \$11,125 as payable to the pension plan and the District had no amount payable to the pension plan.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2019

Note 7. Pension Plan (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Public Employees Plan total pension liability was 7.00 percent. Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present values using a single discount rate that reflects 1) a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits using a 100 year analysis) and 2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20 year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating (which is published by the Federal Reserve) as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met).

Note 8. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. During the year ended June 30, 2019 the District contracted with various insurance companies for property insurance (including boiler and machinery), general liability insurance, professional insurance and vehicle insurance. The coverage's under each type of insurance policy vary in amounts and deductibles. The District has not had significant settlements exceeding insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays into the State Worker's Compensation System a premium based on a rate per covered payroll. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative cost. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District paid \$202,788 into the State Worker's Compensation System.

The District participates in the Associated School Boards Workers' Compensation Fund ("Fund"). The Fund provides coverage for the protection of the District, the board of trustees and employees. The Fund provides compensation for work-related injuries arising out of accidental bodily injury or death to persons acting within the scope of their employment. This fund covers the employees that are not covered by the State Worker's Compensation System.

The District participates in the Wyoming Educator Benefit Trust (WEBT). WEBT sets premium rates each year based on projected medical costs. The District paid \$2,803,373 in premiums to Blue Cross Blue Shield, WEBT's third party administrator. Were the District to withdraw from coverage through WEBT, the District would not be responsible for any specific liabilities nor is it entitled to any of the reserves. As a participating employer, if the trust is dissolved the District may be entitled to a residual portion of the plan reserves.

Note 9. Transactions with Discretely Presented Component Unit

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the District received \$295,000 from the Recreation Board to operate the swimming pool.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2019

Note 10. Commitments and Contingencies

As of June 30, 2019, the District had the following outstanding contract commitments:

	Contract Completed Amount Amount		(Completed		Outstanding	
			Amount				
Central Office Mechanical Ph1	\$	49,495	\$	36,630	\$	12,865	
Little Snake River Bus Garage Electrical		10,000		4,616		5,384	
Rawlins Elementary Mechanical and Electrical Ph2		1,523,314		729,088		794,226	
Central Office Tech Recabling		12,600		13,160		(560)	
Districtwide Security Cameras		910,300		670,686		239,614	
Rawlins Middle School Tech Recabling		28,221		22,804		5,417	
	\$	2,533,930	\$	1,476,984	\$	1,056,946	

Note 11. Issued Standards Not Yet Implemented

GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments and clarifies whether and how business-type activities should report their fiduciary activities. The requirements of the Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018. Management has not completed its assessment of the effects of implementing this standard.

Note 12. Prior Period Adjustment

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the District determined that the amount owed to the general fund from the grants fund at June 30, 2018 was incorrect. This resulted in an understatement of the June 30, 2018 fund balance in the general fund and an overstatement of the June 30, 2018 fund balance in the grants fund in the amount of \$82,527, respectively, resulting in a prior period adjustment. The table below illustrates the assets and fund balance as originally stated, and the restated values:

As Dostated

June 30, 2018			Adjustments		June 30, 2018	
	_				_	
\$	475,961	\$	82,527	\$	558,488	
	4,812,215		82,527		4,894,742	
\$	351,567	\$	82,527	\$	434,094	
	78,272		(82,527)		(4,255)	
	\$	\$ 475,961 4,812,215 \$ 351,567	\$ 475,961 \$ 4,812,215 \$ \$ 351,567 \$	\$ 475,961 \$ 82,527 4,812,215 82,527 \$ 351,567 \$ 82,527	June 30, 2018 Adjustments June 30, 2018 \$ 475,961 \$ 82,527 \$ 4,812,215 \$ 351,567 \$ 82,527 \$	

Note 13. Subsequent Events

The District did not have any subsequent events through November 18, 2019, the date at which the financial statements were available to be issued for events requiring recording or disclosure in the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2019.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND (UNAUDITED)

Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
D				
Revenues Local sources	Φ 15.550.005	Φ 15 550 005	¢ 16 200 042	Ф 920.749
	\$ 15,550,095	\$ 15,550,095	\$ 16,389,843	\$ 839,748
County sources State sources	3,472,404	3,472,404	3,808,552	336,148
	7,880,208	7,880,208	9,866,454	1,986,246
Other sources	19,200	19,200	204,661	185,461
Total revenues	26,921,907	26,921,907	30,269,510	3,347,603
Expenses				
Instruction	15,722,071	15,022,071	14,428,300	593,771
Instructional support	2,371,968	2,171,968	1,932,863	239,105
Support services - general support	10,930,688	11,060,688	10,484,793	575,895
Facilities acquisition and				
construction	728,000	128,000		128,000
Total expenditures	29,752,727	28,382,727	26,845,956	1,536,771
Excess (deficiency) of				
revenues over expenditures	(2,830,820)	(1,460,820)	3,423,554	4,884,374
Other financing sources (uses)				
Interest expense	(70,000)	(70,000)	-	70,000
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets	183,300	183,300	16,281	(167,019)
Transfers out	(1,065,000)	(2,695,000)	(3,127,505)	(432,505)
Total other financing				
sources (uses)	(951,700)	(2,581,700)	(3,111,224)	(529,524)
Net change in fund balance	(3,782,520)	(4,042,520)	312,330	\$ 4,354,850
Fund balance - beginning of year	4,617,343	4,617,343	4,617,343	
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 834,823	\$ 574,823	\$ 4,929,673	:

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) GRANTS FUND (UNAUDITED)

Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budgeted	Amo	ounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original Final		Final	Actual		 (Negative)	
Revenues							
Federal sources	\$	3,061,004	\$	3,061,004	\$	1,836,953	\$ (1,224,051)
State sources		700,000		700,000		7,000	(693,000)
Local sources		150,000		150,000		178,842	28,842
Investment earnings		-		-		272	272
Total revenues		3,911,004		3,911,004		2,023,067	(1,887,937)
Expenditures							
Instruction		2,725,605		2,725,605		1,406,511	1,319,094
Instructional support		500,000		500,000		323,237	176,763
Support services		450,000		450,000		132,832	317,168
Total expenditures		3,675,605		3,675,605		1,862,580	 1,813,025
Excess of revenues							
over expenditures		235,399		235,399		160,487	 (74,912)
Net change in fund balance		235,399		235,399		160,487	\$ (74,912)
Fund balance (deficit) -							
beginning of year		(285,801)		(285,801)		(285,801)	
Fund balance (deficit) - end of year	\$	(50,402)	\$	(50,402)	\$	(125,314)	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) MAJOR MAINTENANCE FUND (UNAUDITED)

Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted	Amo	ounts			ariance with inal Budget Positive
	Original		Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues	 _					_
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,156,034	\$	1,156,034	\$ 1,540,391	\$	384,357
Interest	7,000		7,000	37,240		30,240
Total revenues	1,163,034		1,163,034	1,577,631		414,597
Expenditures						
Capital outlay	2,125,011		2,125,011	790,602		1,334,409
Total expenditures	2,125,011		2,125,011	790,602		1,334,409
Net change in fund balance	(961,977)		(961,977)	787,029	\$	1,749,006
Fund balance - beginning of year	 961,977		961,977	961,977	_	
Fund balance - end of year	\$ _	\$	-	\$ 1,749,006	<u>-</u>	

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

Last 10 fiscal years**
(Unaudited)

		2019		2018	2017	
Public Employees' Pension Plan - District Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.	.881330800%	0.	873909800%	0.	878644000%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) Covered payroll	\$ \$	26,839,087 15,347,095	\$ \$	19,919,380 15,523,938	\$ \$	21,241,221 15,665,390
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage		174.88%		128.31%		135.59%
of the total pension liability		69.17%		76.35%		73.42%
Public Employees' Pension Plan - BOCHES						
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.	.045923800%	0.	050785600%	0.	058371000%
Proportionate share of the net pension						
liability (asset)	\$	1,398,513	\$	1,157,578	\$	1,411,120
Covered payroll	\$	799,696	\$	902,144	\$	1,040,700
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage		174.88%		128.31% 76.35%		135.59% 73.42%
of the total pension liability		69.17%		70.33%		13.42%

^{*}Information for years prior to 2015 is not available; the schedule will be completed as information becomes available.

^{**}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 12/31.

2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
0.879573764%	0.920754768%	*	*	*	*	*
\$ 20,488,333	\$ 16,248,488	*	*	*	*	*
\$ 15,340,416	\$ 15,739,497	*	*	*	*	*
133.56%	103.23%	*	*	*	*	*
73.40%	79.08%	*	*	*	*	*
0.052624645%	0.055306551%	*	*	*	*	*
\$ 1,225,812	\$ 975,991	*	*	*	*	*
\$ 917,813	\$ 945,417	*	*	*	*	*
133.56%	103.23%	*	*	*	*	*
73.40%	79.08%	*	*	*	*	*

SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

Last 10 fiscal years (Unaudited)

	2019			2018	2017	
Public Employees' Pension Plan - District Contractually required contribution Contributions in relations to the contractually required contributions	\$	2,543,447 (2,543,447)	\$	2,497,324 (2,497,324)	\$	2,582,432 (2,582,432)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of	\$	14,856,583	\$	15,026,017	\$	15,538,099
covered payroll		17.12%		16.62%		16.62%
Public Employees' Pension Plan - BOCHES						
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relations to the contractually	\$	134,562	\$	133,359	\$	160,548
required contributions		(134,562)		(133,359)		(160,548)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_
Covered payroll	\$	785,993	\$	802,401	\$	965,993
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		17.12%		16.62%		16.62%

^{*}Information for years prior to 2015 is not available; the schedule will be completed as information becomes available.

2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
\$ 2,631,898	\$ 2,515,461	*	*	*	*	*
(2,631,898)	(2,515,461)	*	*	*	*	*
\$ -	\$ -	*	*	*	*	*
\$ 15,835,728	\$ 15,850,416	*	*	*	*	*
16.62%	15.87%	*	*	*	*	*
\$ 170,684	\$ 162,501	*	*	*	*	*
(170,684)	(162,501)	*	*	*	*	*
\$ -	\$ -	*	*	*	*	*
\$ 1,026,980	\$ 1,023,951	*	*	*	*	*
16.62%	15.87%	*	*	*	*	*



NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2019

Note 1. Explanation of Differences Between Budgetary Basis and GAAP Basis

	General Grants Fund Fund			Major Maintenance Fund		
Revenues						
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) from						
the Budgetary Comparison Schedule	\$	30,269,510	\$	2,023,067	\$	1,577,631
Differences - Budget Basis to GAAP						
Accrual of property taxes receivable		(135,351)		-		-
Intergovernmental revenue		229,005		(88,904)		-
Investment income		173		-		-
Total revenues as reported on the						
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures,						
and Changes in Fund Balances -						
Governmental Funds	\$	30,363,337	\$	1,934,163	\$	1,577,631
Expenditures						
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) from						
the Budgetary Comparison Schedule	\$	26,845,956	\$	1,862,580	\$	790,602
Differences - Budget Basis to GAAP						
Prepaid items		15,487		(21,936)		-
Inventory		(13,025)		-		-
Accrual of accounts payable		(160,917)		(6,203)		496,138
Accrual of salaries payable		29,057		11,831		-
Total expenditures as reported on the						
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures						
and Changes in Fund Balances -						
Governmental Funds	\$	26,716,558	\$	1,846,272	\$	1,286,740

Note 2. Budgeting

Annual budgets are adopted on the cash basis for all governmental funds. Legal spending control for the District monies is at the function level. The District may amend the budget after it is appropriated using the same procedures necessary to approve the original budget at the functional level. Management monitors expenditures at budgetary line item levels within each fund to enhance the accounting control system and may amend the budget at this level as long as the functional level budget is maintained.

The District amended the general fund budget during the year. The amendments decreased the expenditure budget for instruction by \$700,000, decreased the expenditures budget for instructional support by \$200,000, decreased the expenditure budget for support services – general support by \$130,000, decreased the expenditure budget for facility construction by \$600,000 and increased budgeted transfers out by \$1,630,000.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2019

Note 3. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the general fund expenditures for transfers to other funds exceeded appropriations by \$432,505. This is a violation of Wyoming Statute §16-4-108.

Note 4. Explanation of Changes to the Pension Plan

Changes of assumptions – There have been no changes of assumptions in the Public Employees' Pension Plan from January 1, 2017 to January 1, 2018.

Change in benefits – There has been no changes in benefit provisions in the Public Employees' Pension Plan since the prior valuation.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) CAPITAL CONSTRUCTION FUND - CAPITAL PROJECTS - ACTIVITY

Year Ended June 30, 2019

							V	ariance with	
							I	Final Budget	
	Budgeted Amounts						Positive		
	Original			Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues							-11		
Intergovernmental	\$	5,000,000	\$	5,000,000	\$	395,938	\$	(4,604,062)	
Total revenues		5,000,000		5,000,000		395,938		(4,604,062)	
Expenditures									
Capital outlay		5,325,954		5,325,954		289,040		5,036,914	
Total expenditures		5,325,954		5,325,954		289,040		5,036,914	
Net change in fund balance		(325,954)		(325,954)		106,898	\$	432,852	
Fund balance - beginning of year		325,954		325,954		325,954	-		
Fund balance - end of year	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$	432,852	=		

Note to the budgetary presentation

The Capital Construction fund on the Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues and Expenditures - Governmental Funds includes the Capital Projects activity.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) CAPITAL CONSTRUCTION FUND - DEPRECIATION RESERVE - ACTIVITY

Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts						ariance with inal Budget Positive	
	(Original		Final	Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues								
Interest	\$	6,000	\$	6,000	\$ 30,063	\$	24,063	
Other sources		-		_	4,848		4,848	
Total revenues		6,000		6,000	34,911		28,911	
Expenditures								
Capital outlay		2,496,845		2,496,845	185,213		2,311,632	
Total expenditures		2,496,845		2,496,845	185,213		2,311,632	
Excess (deficiency) of								
revenues over expenditures	(2,490,845)		(2,490,845)	(150,302)		2,340,543	
Other financing sources								
Transfers in		500,000		500,000	2,400,000		1,900,000	
Total other financing sources		500,000		500,000	 2,400,000		1,900,000	
Net change in fund balance	(1,990,845)		(1,990,845)	2,249,698	\$	4,240,543	
Fund balance - beginning of year		1,990,845		1,990,845	 1,990,845			
Fund balance (deficit) - end of year	\$		\$		\$ 4,240,543	ı		

Note to the budgetary presentation

The Capital Construction fund on the Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues and Expenditures - Governmental Funds includes the Depreciation Reserve activity.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) CAPITAL CONSTRUCTION FUND - BOND CONSTRUCTION - ACTIVITY

Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budgeted	Amoui	nts			Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original Final		Actual		(Negative)			
Revenues								
Other sources - investment								
income	\$	20,000	\$	20,000	\$	192	\$	(19,808)
Miscellaneous		15,000		15,000		-		(15,000)
Total revenues		35,000		35,000		192		(34,808)
Expenditures								
Capital outlay		69,316		69,316		34,508		34,808
Total expenditures		69,316		69,316		34,508		34,808
Net change in fund balance		(34,316)		(34,316)		(34,316)	\$	
Fund balance - beginning of year		34,316		34,316		34,316		
Fund balance - end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		

Note to the budgetary presentation

The Capital Construction fund on the Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues and Expenditures - Governmental Funds includes the Bond Construction activity.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS)

CAPITAL CONSTRUCTION FUND - REPAIR & MAINTENANCE BOND RESERVE - ACTIVITY Year Ended June 30, 2019

								riance with
								nal Budget
		Budgeted	Amou	nts				Positive
	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues								
Other sources - investment								
income	\$	16,000	\$	16,000	\$	18,823	\$	2,823
Total revenues		16,000		16,000		18,823		2,823
Expenditures								
Operations and maintenance		100,000		100,000		15,209		84,791
Total expenditures		100,000		100,000		15,209		84,791
Excess of revenues								
over expenditures		(84,000)		(84,000)		3,614		(87,614)
Net change in fund balance		(84,000)		(84,000)		3,614	\$	87,614
Fund balance - beginning of year		868,109		868,109		868,109		
Fund balance - end of year	\$	784,109	\$	784,109	\$	871,723	.	

Note to the budgetary presentation

The Capital Construction fund on the Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues and Expenditures - Governmental Funds includes the Repair and Maintenance Bond Reserve activity.

SINGLE AUDIT SECTION



SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Year Ended June 30, 2019

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass - Through Entity Identifying Number	Provided to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed through Wyoming Department of Education Child Nutrition Cluster				
School Breakfast Program	10.553		_	\$ 68,657
National School Lunch Program	10.555	183WY312N1099/	_	244,964
National School Lunch Program - USDA		193WY312N1099		,,
Commodities	10.555		-	30,239
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	193WY312N1099	-	17,594
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			•	361,454
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				361,454
U.S. Department of Education Passed Through Wyoming Department of Education				_
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A	1804018T1A00	-	168,674
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A	19041TIPA1800	-	512,090
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A	180401183A100	-	61,293
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A	1904011003SUBR1800	-	12,175
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies				754,232
Special Education Cluster (IDEA)				
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027A	1804018T6100	-	89,775
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027A	190401SPED6111800	-	433,218
				522,993
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173A	1804018T6900	-	3,242
			•	3,242
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)				526,235
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048A	190401PERKSR18S00	-	38,695
Total Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to	States			38,695
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365A	1804018T3E00	-	13,015
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365A	18040118T3100	_	113
Total English Language Acquisition State Grants			•	13,128
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant	84.367A	1804018T2A00	-	190,274
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant	84.367A	190401T2PA1800	-	28,682
Total Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant			•	218,956
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424A	18040118T4A00	•	11,947
Total Student Support and Academic Enrichment			•	11,947
Total U.S. Department of Education			•	1,563,193
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			•	\$ 1,924,647



NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS June 30, 2019

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards, ("the Schedule") includes the federal award activity of Carbon County School District #1 under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Carbon County School District #1, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, change in net assets, or cash flows of Carbon County School District #1.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditure are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Food commodities are reported when distributed. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustment or credit made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

Note 3. Indirect Cost Rate

Carbon County School District #1 has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.





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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Superintendent and Members of the Board of Trustees Carbon County School District #1 Rawlins, Wyoming

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the businesstype activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Carbon County School District #1, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Carbon County School District #1's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 18, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Carbon County School District #1's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Carbon County School District #1's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Carbon County School District #1's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.





Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Carbon County School District #1's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Porter, Muirhead, Cornia & Howard

Porter, Muiskad, arnia 4 Doward

Certified Public Accountants

Casper, Wyoming November 18, 2019





REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Superintendent and Members of the Board of Trustees Carbon County School District #1 Rawlins, Wyoming

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Carbon County School District #1's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on Carbon County School District #1's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. Carbon County School District #1's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Carbon County School District #1's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principals and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Carbon County School District #1's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our qualified and unmodified opinions on compliance for the major federal programs. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Carbon County School District #1's compliance.



Basis for Qualified Opinion on CFDA 84.010A - Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies

As described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, Carbon County School District #1 did not comply with requirements regarding CFDA 84.010 – Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies as described in finding number 2019-001 for Eligibility. Compliance with such requirement is necessary, in our opinion, for Carbon County School District #1 to comply with the requirements applicable to that program.

Oualified Opinion on CFDA 84.010A - Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies

In our opinion, except for the noncompliance described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph, Carbon County School District #1 complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on CFDA 84.010 – Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Unmodified Opinion on the Other Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Carbon County School District #1 complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect its other major federal program identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Other Matters

Carbon County School District #1's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Carbon County School District #1's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Carbon County School District #1 is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Carbon County School District #1's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for the major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Carbon County School District #1's internal control over compliance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. However, as discussed below, we did identify certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2019-001 to be a material weakness.

A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2019-002 to be a significant deficiency.

Carbon County School District #1's response to the internal control over compliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Carbon County School District #1's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Porter, Muirhead, Cornia & Howard

Porter, Muikad, Cornia 4 Howard

Certified Public Accountants

Casper, Wyoming November 18, 2019



SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended June 30, 2019

SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

T 7.	. 1	C
Finan	cial	Statements

Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements

audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weaknesses identified?

Significant deficiencies identified?

None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major federal programs:

Material weaknesses identified?

Significant deficiencies identified? Yes

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs: Unmodified for Child

Nutrition Cluster

Qualified for Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be

reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?

Identification of major federal programs:

CFDA Numbers	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
	Child Nutrition Cluster
10.553	School Breakfast Program
10.555	National School Lunch Program
10.555	National School Lunch Program - USDA Commodities
10.559	Summer Food Service Program for Children
84.010A	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between

type A and type B programs: \$ 750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED) Year Ended June 30, 2019

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None reported.

SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

2019-001

Material Weakness in Internal Control

Material Noncompliance

U. S. Department of Education

Passed through the State of Wyoming Department of Education

84.010A – Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies Pass Through Entity Identifying Number: 1804018T1A00 Grant year: 2017-2018

Criteria or specific requirement

Eligibility for Group of Individuals or Area of Service Delivery

The Compliance Supplement indicates that an LEA must determine which school attendance areas are eligible to participate in Part A. A school attendance area is generally eligible to participate if the percentage of children from low-income families is at least as high as the percentage of children from low-income families in the LEA as a whole or at least 35 percent. When determining eligibility, an LEA must select a poverty measure. The District selected the number of children eligible for free and reduced priced lunches to measure poverty.

Condition

The District was unable to provide documentation to support the number of children eligible for free and reduced priced lunches for the 2017-2018 grant. This was due to an inadequate system for archiving the applications after the determination of eligibility was completed in the prior fiscal years. For the grant under audit, the District used eligibility counts as of 6/30/2017 for the determination of the school attendance areas eligible to participate.

Cause

During fiscal year 2017, the food service personnel did not have a procedure in place to maintain the documentation of the eligibility determination and to demonstrate that the eligibility requirement was met. The food service director who was hired during fiscal year 2018 implemented an effective filing system for free/reduced applications starting in fiscal year 2018. However, the applications that were subject to testing for the eligibility determination were obtained during the prior fiscal years before the new system was implemented.

Effect or potential effect

The District is unable to substantiate that the eligibility requirement for the grant was met.

Questioned Costs

None

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED) Year Ended June 30, 2019

SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

2019-001 (Continued)

Context

Members of the District's management have indicated that applications or direct certifications were obtained from all children qualifying for a free or reduced price lunch in the previous years. However, documentation supporting the qualifying children was not maintained for all of the children. During the audit, 40 student applications were selected for testing. The applications for 7 of the students were not available. The applications for the other 33 students were available. When testing these 33 applications, it was determined that the internal controls were operating and the appropriate determination of eligibility was made.

Identification of a Repeat Finding

This is a repeat finding from the June 30, 2018 audit, 2018-003.

Recommendation

None required. The District reviewed the eligibility requirements and established control policies and procedures that ensured compliance starting in fiscal year 2018.

Views of Responsible Officials

The District has reviewed the eligibility requirements and established control procedures accordingly. Please refer to the District's corrective action plan.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED) Year Ended June 30, 2019

2019-002

Significant Deficiency in Internal Control

U. S. Department of Agriculture

Passed through the State of Wyoming Department of Education

Child Nutrition Cluster

- 10.553 School Breakfast Program
- 10.555 National School Lunch Program
- 10.555 National School Lunch Program USDA Commodities
- 10.559 Summer Food Service Program for Children

Pass Through Entity Identifying Numbers: 183WY312N1099/193WY312N1099

Criteria or specific requirement

To receive reimbursement payments for meals the District must submit claims for reimbursement to the Wyoming Department of Education.

Condition

The number of meals contained on the claims for reimbursement could have been incorrectly reported.

Cause

The claims for reimbursement were submitted without a review by another member of management for the month of July 2018 through December 2018.

Effect or potential effect

The District could have potentially been reimbursed inaccurately for free, reduced and paid meals.

Questioned Costs

None

Context

During the audit, 8 out of 12 monthly claims for reimbursement were selected for testing. The number of meals served were correctly reported on the reports. However, the reports for the period from July 2018 to December 2018 were not reviewed for accuracy by another member of management.

Identification of a Repeat Finding

This is a repeat finding from the June 30, 2018 audit, 2018-004.

Recommendation

We recommended the claims for reimbursement are reviewed for accuracy by a member of management before being submitted to the Wyoming Department of Education. This procedure was implemented starting in January 2019.

Views of Responsible Officials

The District has implemented a process to review the claims for reimbursement. Please refer to the District's corrective action plan.

Carbon County School District One

INSPIRING EXCELLENCE –EVERY CHILD, EVERYDAY

615 Rodeo St. Rawlins, WY 82301



(307) 328-9200 (307) 328-9258 Fax www.crb1.net

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

Finding: 2018-001

Status

This matter has been corrected. The District hired a Business Manager that possesses the required skill, knowledge and experience to oversee the preparation of the financial statements.

Finding: 2018-002

Status

This matter has been corrected. The District was able to obtain adequate training for the staff responsible for the capital asset schedules and the Business Manager provided an adequate review of the capital asset database for accuracy.

Finding: 2018-003

Status

This matter has been corrected. The food service director that was hired during fiscal year 2018 implemented an effective filing system for free/reduced applications starting in fiscal year 2018.

Finding: 2018-004

This matter has been corrected starting in January 2019. The District implemented a process to review the claims for reimbursement. Please refer to the District's corrective action plan.

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Corrective Action Plan

Finding 2019-001

Name of Contact Person - Tamera Ratcliff, Food Service Director

Corrective Action

The Food Service Director developed an effective filing system for free/reduced applications starting in fiscal year 2018. The Food Service Director has assigned a determining official, the school secretaries, for applications and the Food Service Director is the verifying official for all applications. Once completed, all application are scanned and stored by student name on District servers for ease of access.

Proposed Completion Date – The Food Service Director has implemented the above procedures.

Finding 2019-002

Name of Contact Person - Brian Bartz, Business Manager

Corrective Action

Starting in January 2019, the Food Service Director provided the claims for reimbursement with supporting meal counts to the Business Office for review before the claims are submitted for reimbursement.

Proposed Completion Date - The Food Service Director has implemented the above procedures.