Home Isolation & Quarantine Guidelines



Isolation and Quarantine Steps for People Before and After COVID-19 Diagnostic Test Results

There are a number of reasons why you may need to be tested for COVID-19: (1) because you have symptoms of possible infection, (2) because you were in close contact with someone who was infectious with COVID-19, or (3) because you are in a job that recommends or requires testing. The directions below will help you to determine what you should do while you are waiting for your diagnostic test results, and what to do after your test results are available.

What to do while you're waiting for test results:

(1) If you have any COVID-19 symptoms*, follow the Isolation Steps while you are waiting for results.

- *COVID-19 symptoms include:
- Fever, chills Cough Shortness of breath Diarrhea Change in mental status
- Muscle pain
 Fatigue
 Headache
- Nausea
 Vomiting

(2) If you have no symptoms but were in CLOSE CONTACT with a person who was infectious with COVID-19, follow the <u>Quarantine Steps</u> while you are waiting for your test results.

(3) If you do not have COVID-19 symptoms and are not a close contact, you just need to wait for your test results. You do not need to follow Isolation or Quarantine Steps.

What to do after you get your test results:

If you test COVID-19 positive, follow the Isolation Steps.

CLOSE CONTACT of a COVID-19 positive person = someone who has been within 6 feet of the positive person while they were infectious for 15 minutes or more (even if one or both people were wearing facemasks). COVID-19 positive persons are considered to be infectious from 48 hours before their symptoms began (or 48 hours before they were tested for COVID if they never had symptoms).

If you test negative AND:

- 1. You were a close contact of a COVID-19 positive person \Rightarrow continue to **follow the <u>Quarantine Steps</u>**.
- You have COVID-19 symptoms* but are not a Close Contact ⇒ follow <u>Isolation Steps</u> until 72 hours after your symptoms resolve (unless otherwise directed by the Public Health Department or a physician to stay home for longer)
- 3. You were not a close contact and have no COVID-19 symptoms \Rightarrow <u>you can resume your regular activities</u>.

Restrictions & Information that Apply to BOTH Home Isolation & Home Quarantine:

Separate Yourself From Others

- Stay at home except to seek medical care
- Do not use public transportation
- Do not prepare or serve food to others
- Limit contact with pets
- Separate yourself from others in your home Do not allow visitors

If you cannot meet the requirements for Isolation or Quarantine, you can call the COVID-19 Support Team at 408-885-3980 to request assistance with housing, food, or other needs.

Prevent the Spread:

- Wear a mask and cover your coughs and sneezes
- Clean and disinfect all "high-touch" surfaces every day
- Wash your hands often
- Do not share household items

Practice home care:

- Rest and drink plenty of fluids
- Seek medical care if your symptoms get worse
- Seek medical care if you experience: difficulty breathing, inability to keep fluids down, dehydration, confusion
- Call ahead before seeking medical care, notify the provider you are under isolation, and wear a mask at all times

Home Isolation Steps	Home Quarantine Steps
If you have been diagnosed with COVID-19 or you are	If you live in a household with or had close contact with
awaiting COVID-19 test results, you must follow the Home	someone diagnosed with COVID-19, you must follow
Isolation Steps to prevent the spread of disease.	these Home Quarantine Steps. It can take up to 14 days to
	become infected with COVID-19. You must stay home and
Stay home until you have recovered and not infectious	monitor your own health during this time to prevent
 Most people with COVID-19 have mild illness and can 	passing infection to anyone else.
recover at home.	
• Monitor your symptoms closely and seek medical care	Stay home to see if you develop symptoms
if symptoms worsen, especially if you are at a higher	• You must stay home, even if you test negative, and
risk of serious illness ¹ .	continue to quarantine for the full 14-day period.
 Do not go to work, school, or public areas. 	• If you are unable to avoid close contact with the
• If you have symptoms, you can be with others after:	person with COVID-19, you must stay in quarantine fo
• 10 days since symptoms first appeared, AND	14 full days after the case's isolation period. This
• 3 days with no fever AND	could mean quarantine for 24 days.
 Respiratory symptoms have improved 	• If you do not have symptoms, get tested around 7
 If you have no symptoms, you can be with others 	days after last exposure to a case. If you are tested
after:	before that, get tested again towards the end of your
• 10 days have passed since your first positive	quarantine period.
test was collected	
	What if you develop symptoms?
Close Contacts	 If you develop any COVID-19 symptoms, and they are
• If you have a test confirmation or doctor's diagnosis of	new symptoms that you do not usually have in daily
COVID-19, then everyone who you had close contact	life, then you may have COVID-19, and you must
with from 48 hours before your symptoms began until	follow the Home Isolation Steps (to the left).
you self-isolated should follow the Home Quarantine	Get tested immediately.
Steps. Please share this document with them. To	 If positive, continue to follow Home Isolation
request help in notifying your Close Contacts without	Steps
revealing your identity to them, please call 408-970-	 If negative and the test was earlier than 7
2870.	days after last exposure to case, get tested
2010.	again towards the end of your quarantine
What if you cannot separate yourself from others?	period.
 Anyone who continues to be in close contact with you 	 If negative and the test was done after 7 days
will need to extend their quarantine until 14 days from	from the last exposure to the case, no
	additional testing is needed, but you must
the day you finish isolating.	remain in guarantine for a full 14 days.
Which around the low different isolation	remain in quarantine for a full 14 days.
<u>Which groups should follow different isolation</u> recommendations?	Which groups should seek additional information on
	the period of their guarantine?
 Anyone who lives or works in a high risk, congregate setting (e.g. jails, shelters, SNFs/LTCFs) and students 	 Certain workers² should consult with their employer,
living in dormitories should remain in isolation until 14	who may contact the Public Health Department for
days since symptoms first appeared AND 7 days with	additional guidance.
no fever AND respiratory symptoms have improved.	
¹ If you are 60 years or older or have a condition such as heart, lung	, or kidney disease, diabetes, high blood pressure, or a weakened
immune system, you are at higher risk of getting more seriously ill.	
² Workers with special quarantine considerations: Consult your emp	
following categories and compliance with the Public Health Depart	
continuity of service: Fire Departments; Law Enforcement and Com	