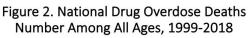
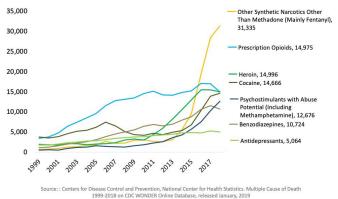
HUMAN IMPACT BRIEFING: MAY 12, 2020

Dr. Nicholas Goeders, Executive Director

Wuhan - Infamous before COVID-19

Long before the COVID-19 pandemic started in Wuhan, China, Bloomberg.com reported that at least two Wuhan factories were producing the precursors for fentanyl and methamphetamine "by the ton.¹" In 2018, more than **44,000 deaths** involving these two drugs alone were reported in the United States^{2,3}!





Ironically, the coronavirus that emerged in Wuhan has

now **disrupted** the **fentanyl and meth** supply chains, causing a ripple effect that has cut into the profits of the Mexican drug cartels⁵.

COVID-19 and Addiction Adds Immeasurable Stress to American Families

NPR reports that Vinton County, Ohio, has been on the front lines of the **opioid**, and now the **meth**, crisis in the United States for several years⁵.

In households where people were making **meth**, kids were living in **environments** where they were:

- Not fed
- Not clothed properly
- Not sent to school
- Mistreated

With **social distancing** and schools and churches closed due to the COVID-19 pandemic;

- **people** (teachers and clergy) most likely to come into contact with abused children **don't see them anymore**
- CPS has lost its connections with these children

And with the introduction of COVID-19, there's more stress on households already dealing with addiction. We're just seeing the beginning of it – with:

- job loss and unemployment
- people are depressed
- their kids can't go to school
- they can't go to AA
- they can't go to NA because those meetings are **canceled**
- They can't go to **their normal support groups**

This is not only happening in Vinton County, Ohio, it is **happening here** and all across the United States. The potential effects on American families are **unparalleled**.

NIDA Director Comments on COVID-19 Crisis and Addiction

Dr. Nora Volkow, director of the National Institute on Drug Abuse (NIDA) recently addressed the COVID-19 pandemic with respect to drug addiction^{6,7}.

- We're hearing from multiple sources that it's become harder for patients to be able to access treatment.
- Much is still unknown, but ... persons who smoke, vape, or use certain drugs will be at increased risk for infection and its more severe consequences.
- Persons who are **isolated and stressed**—as much of the population is during a pandemic frequently **turn to substances** to **alleviate** their **negative feelings**.
- Social support is crucial for persons [*in* recovery], whereas social isolation is a risk factor for relapse. [*Therefore*] Those in recovery will face stresses and heightened urges to use substances and will be at greatly increased risk for relapse.

NEEDED NOW

• Development of strategies to <u>identify</u> at-risk populations (and their dependents) and ways to <u>connect with them</u> while access to care is limited due to COVIID-19 social isolation policies.

Direct all questions, comments and other response to Dr. Nicholas Goeders, Head of Pharmacology, Toxicology & Neuroscience (LSU Health Shreveport) and Executive Director Louisiana Addiction Research Center: <u>NGoede@lsuhsc.edu</u> or 318-675-7850

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