Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

(With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon)

Prepared by

Business & Finance Division

Table of Contents

	Page
Introductory Section	
Letter of Transmittal	i - iv
Mission and Vision of District	\mathbf{v}
Organizational Chart	vi
List of Principal Officials	vii
Financial Section	
Independent Auditor's Report	1 - 2
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3 – 17
Basic Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Assets	18
Statement of Activities	19
Balance Sheet—Governmental Funds	20
Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to Statement of Net Assets	21
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances—Governmental Funds	22
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	
of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	23
Statement of Net Assets—Proprietary Funds	24
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets—Proprietary Funds	25
Statement of Cash Flows—Proprietary Funds	26 - 27
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets	28
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets	29
Notes to Basic Financial Statements	30 - 54
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Budgetary Comparison—General Fund	55 - 60
Schedule of Budgetary Comparison—Teachers' Fund	61 - 64
Note to the Required Supplementary Information	65
Schedule of Employer Contributions and Funding Progress-OPEB	66

Table of Contents

		Page
Nonmajor Fund Financial Statements and Schedules		
Nonmajor Governmental Funds—Combining Balance Sheet		67
Nonmajor Governmental Funds—Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditure	s, and	
Changes in Fund Balances		68
Child Nutritional Services Fund—Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Chang	ges in	
Fund Balance—Budget and Actual		69
Capital Projects Fund—Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund	d	7 0 7 1
Balance—Budget and Actual	1	70 - 71
Capital Projects Fund—Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance—by Project	1	72 – 75
Internal Service Funds—Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Chang	rec in Net	12 – 13
Assets	cs in Net	76
Internal Service Funds—Combining Statement of Cash Flows		77
Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds by Source		78
Schedule of Changes of Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Fu	nds by	, 0
Function and Activity		79
Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds by Function and Act	ivity	80
	Table	
Statistical Section (Unaudited)		
Table of contents		81
Net Assets by Component—Last Eight Fiscal Years	1	82
Changes in Net Assets—Last Eight Fiscal Years	2	83 - 85
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds—Last Eight Fiscal Years	3	86
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds and Debt Service Ratio —		
Last Eight Fiscal Years	4	87 - 88
Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property—Last Ten Calendar Ye		89
Property Tax Rates—Direct and Overlapping Governments—Last Ten Fiscal Year		90
Principal Property Taxpayers	7	91
Property Tax Levies and Collections—Last Ten Calendar Years	8	92
Outstanding Debt by Type—Last Ten Fiscal Years	9	93
Computation of Overlapping Debt	10	94
Computation of Legal Debt Margin	11	95
Demographic Statistics—Last Ten Fiscal Years	12	96
Property Value and Construction Costs—Last Ten Fiscal Years	13	97
Per-Pupil Costs—Last Ten Fiscal Years	14	98



October 21, 2009

Board of Directors and Citizens of the District School District of Kansas City, Missouri 1211 McGee Street Kansas City, MO 64106

The Board of Directors and Citizens:

Missouri revised statute section 165.111 requires an audit to be performed at least biennially of the financial records of all funds of the District. In compliance with this statute, the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the School District of Kansas City, Missouri (the District) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, will be submitted to the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education. In addition, this report provides the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education (DESE), citizens, financial institutions, grantor agencies, and other interested parties with reliable information concerning the financial condition of the District.

This letter of transmittal is designed to be read in conjunction with the Management Discussion and Analysis report. Financial highlights and a discussion of the District's financial condition are provided in the Management Discussion and Analysis report. This report is located in the financial section after the independent auditors report and provides an overview of the District's financial condition at the district-wide level and at the fund level. The district-wide level reports on changes in assets and liabilities or net assets. The fund level reports provide a more detailed focus on all the funds of the District and demonstrative compliance with Missouri statutes.

District management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls designed to ensure that District resources are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Internal controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: 1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and, 2) the valuation of cost and benefits requires estimates by management. This report was prepared by the Business & Finance Division who is responsible for the accuracy of the data, completeness and fairness of the presentation including all disclosures. There were no financial policies that had a significant impact on current fiscal year's financial statements.

McGladrey & Pullen, LLP, certified public accountants, have issued an unqualified opinion on the District's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2009. The independent auditor's report is located in the front of the financial section of this report.

The District is also required to have performed annually an audit in compliance with the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133 and *Government Auditing Standards*. In addition, DESE requires an audit of certain requirements applicable to the Adult Education and Literacy Program and specific requirements of Missouri law. Welch & Associates, LLP, certified public accountants, performed these audits. Information related to these audits, which includes the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and related notes, the schedule of findings and questioned costs, and the independent auditors' reports on compliance and internal control over financial reporting, schedule of selected statistics and a schedule of transportation cost eligible for state aid are published under a separate cover.

DISTRICT PROFILE

Kansas City, Missouri is the central city of a growing bi-state metropolitan area with a population of approximately 1.6 million people. The bi-state area consists of 144 municipalities and approximately 4,800 square miles in seven counties of Northwest Missouri and four counties in Northeast Kansas. The District is located within the taxing jurisdiction of Jackson County with a population of approximately 239,451 people. The District covers about 68 square miles within the corporate limits of Kansas City.

The District was originally established in 1867 and currently exists as an urban school district organized and governed by Section 162.461 of the Missouri revised statutes. The District is a political subdivision of the State of Missouri and is governed by an elected nine-member Board of Directors. These financial statements include the District and a component unit described below (See note 1 (a)):

• School District of Kansas City, Missouri Building Corporation – provide financing of capital projects and management of related debt service.

The District operates 9 high schools, 6 middle schools, 1 vocational school, 4 alternative schools, 3 early childhood centers and 41 elementary schools. At all levels, there are comprehensive community and magnet school curriculums. Among the magnet theme curriculums are visual and performing arts, college preparatory, foreign languages, and Montessori. The District serves about 20,300 students (includes pre-kindergarten) and employs over 3,900 principals, teachers, and other support staff.

The Board is required to adopt balanced budgets by the end of each fiscal year in compliance with section 67.010 of the Missouri statute. The budgets serve as a financial plan supporting all educational programs. A preliminary budget is required to be presented to the Board on or before April 1, unless this deadline is modified by the Superintendent with the consent of the Board. Budget holders are requested to identify requirements and needs for their schools/departments. This information is summarized by cost center by the Budget & Fiscal Planning Department and presented to the Superintendent for review. Recommendations from the Superintendent are summarized and presented to the Board for review. The Board is required to conduct at least one public hearing regarding the budget and taxation rate. The budgets are prepared on a modified accrual basis of accounting using a statutory fund structure (i.e., general fund, teacher's fund). The District is required to disclose estimated revenue by fund and source and proposed expenditures by fund, activity and object. Therefore, the legal level of budgetary control for proposed expenditures is at the fund, activity and object level.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

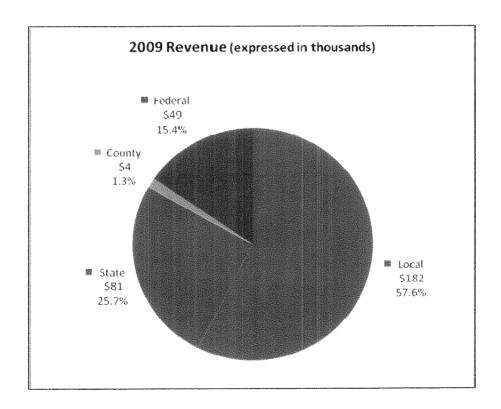
Local property taxes represent approximately 47.4% of total revenues received by the District. During the fiscal year, the District was entitled to receive approximately \$149.1 million in property taxes for tax year 2008 based on its \$4.95 levy which was a 6.4% decrease in property tax revenue when compared to tax year 2007. The decrease in property tax revenue was attributed by a decrease of \$275.1 million in

property assessed valuation primarily cause by the annexation of school sites located in Independence, Missouri and Sugar Creek, Missouri. Actual current taxes collected during the fiscal year totaled to \$136.3 million. The difference between billed and collected is the county retention fee and delinquent taxes. Property tax abatement and tax increment financing limit the District's ability to receive significant increases in property taxes that would be generated as a result of economic growth.

Revenues derived from State sources represent approximately 25.7% of total revenues received by the District. The District received approximately \$81 million for state aid, a decrease of \$20.7 million or 20.3%. Beginning with fiscal year 2007, DESE implemented a new foundation formula that is based on current expenditures of the school districts meeting all performance standards established by the State Board of Education. The based target funding level is \$6,117 per weighted average daily attendance. This amount is adjusted by a dollar value modifier and the school districts local effort. Under the new formula, the District will receive state aid at least equal to the amount it received for fiscal year 2006. Economic factors that influence the foundation formula are gaming revenue, level of State appropriation, reassessments submitted by the County Assessor, growth (i.e., average daily attendance), and the local property tax levy.

Revenues from federal grants represent about 15% of the revenue received by the District. The major federal grant programs are Title I, II, III, & IV, Head Start, Exceptional Education, School Improvement and Medicaid. Factors that impact the amount of federal funds the District is entitled to receive include free and reduced lunch counts and enrollment for exceptional education students. For the current year, free and reduced lunch counts declined by 3,317 or 18.7% and exceptional education enrollment declined by 566 or 21.9% when compared to the prior year.

The graph below shows the four major sources of revenue:



CASH MANAGEMENT

The District's investment policy is to minimize credit and market risk while maintaining a competitive yield on its portfolio. Accordingly, deposits were either insured by federal depository insurance or collateralized. All collateral for bank deposits are held by the Federal Reserve in the depositor's name on behalf of the District. Investments in repurchase agreements, certificates of deposit and other federal obligations had an average yield of 1.5% at year end. Approximately \$4.5 million in interest income was earned during the fiscal year.

An independent trustee, Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, manages the investment portfolio of the Building Corporation. Investments of approximately \$12 million, of which \$10 million is invested in long-term contract, were held by the trustee as of June 30, 2009. The average yield on these investments at year end was 2.8%.

RISK MANAGEMENT

Resources are accumulated in an Internal Service Fund for workers compensation and unemployment self-insurance programs. The District's workers compensation self-insured program ended in November 1999. The District had approximately \$282,000 set aside to cover the cost of these claims. Commercial insurances policies were purchased to cover current and future claims relating to workers compensation and other risks of loss. The District continues to participate in the State Employment Security Program as it relates to unemployment claims. Since substantially all of the outstanding workers compensation claims under the self-insured program have been settled, the surplus funds were transferred to the General Fund at June 30, 2009.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

We express our appreciation to the Accounting & Investments staff for their dedicated efforts to prepare for the audit of our accounting records and preparation of this report. Support received from other departments of the Business & Finance Division and other departments of the District (including Internal Audit, Legal, and Instruction) is very much appreciated.

We acknowledge the Board of Directors of the District and the Building Corporation for their leadership and governance on behalf of the District.

Respectfully,

J. Wm. Coyington, Ed. D.

Superintendent of Schools

Jan C. Toliver, CPA

(I) Associate Supt. of Business & Finance

Mission and Vision of the District

Mission

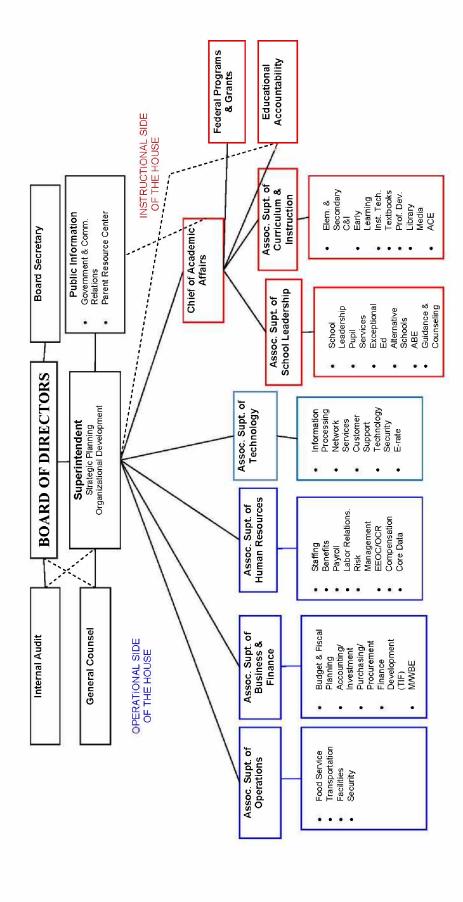
The mission of the Kansas City, Missouri School District (KCMSD) is to achieve, in a way that is unencumbered by excuses, our vision for education by ensuring that <u>all</u> children benefit from teaching and learning. The school district will do this through:

- Inquiry-based instruction that involves active-learning, and is project-oriented, collaborative, student-centered, and facilitated by meaningful professional development
- Successful instructional settings where teachers continually coach each child to develop deep understanding and educational proficiency, while meeting all Adequate Yearly Progress goals
- Cooperative planning among principals and teachers to ensure attainment of district goals
- Substantial autonomy to each learning community
- Accountability for executing and achieving the school district's vision, goals, and objectives articulated in the Accountability Plan

Vision

The Kansas City, Missouri School District envisions its schools as places where <u>every</u> student will develop deep understanding of the knowledge and skills necessary to pursue higher education, obtain family-supporting employment, contribute to the civic well-being of the community, and have the opportunity for a rewarding and fulfilling life.

School District of Kansas City, Missouri Organizational Chart



LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

June 30, 2009

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Officers

Marilyn Y. Simmons, President Arthur A. Benson, Vice President Helen J. Ragsdale, Treasurer Members

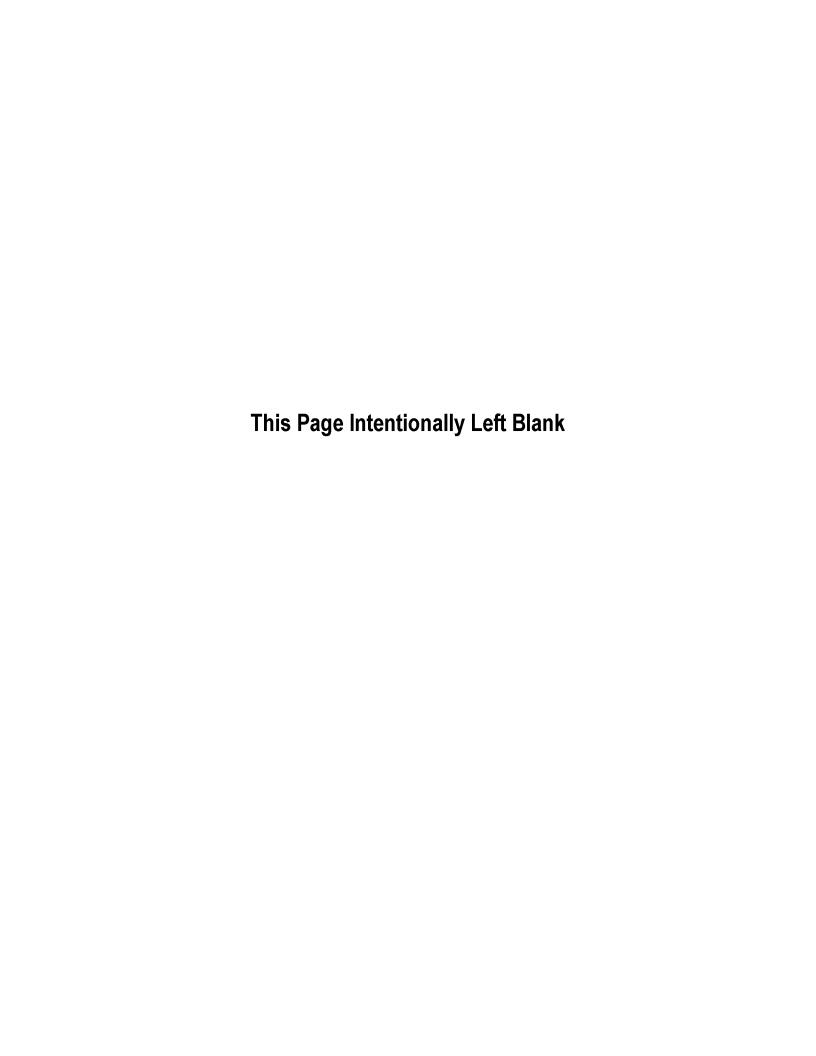
Cokethea N. Hill Duane B. Kelly Joel Pelofsky Derek M. Richey Airick L. West Ray Wilson

Secretary of the Board

Aisha Safir

SENIOR ADMINISTRATORS

Clive H. Coleman, Ph.D., (I) Superintendent Joshua Douglass, General Counsel Jan C. Toliver, (I) Associate Supt. of Business & Finance Don Bell, Associate Supt. for School Leadership



McGladrey & Pullen

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors
The School District of Kansas City, Missouri
Kansas City, Missouri

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of The School District of Kansas City, Missouri (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of The School District of Kansas City, Missouri, as of June 30, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 12, 2009 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 17, and the Budgetary Comparison Information on pages 55 through 65 and Schedule of Funding Progress of the Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan on page 66 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and other schedules, listed in the table of contents as supplementary information, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The accompanying introductory and statistical sections, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. This information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

McGladry of Pullen, LLP

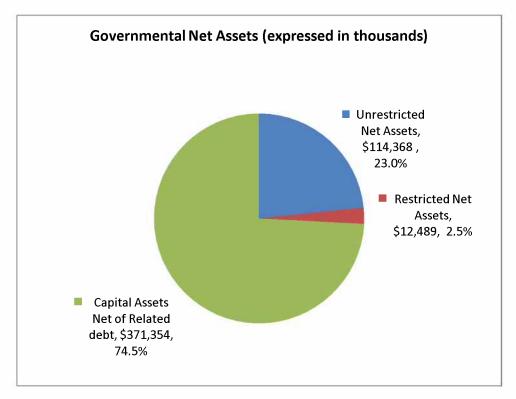
Kansas City, Missouri October 12, 2009

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2009

The Business and Finance Division of the School District of Kansas City, Missouri (the District) is pleased to provide the readers of the District's comprehensive annual financial report this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal.

Financial Highlights

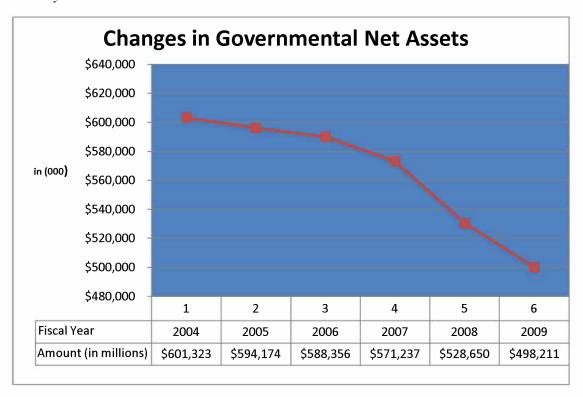
In the statement of net assets for governmental activities, the District's assets exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$498.2 million. Net assets are reported in three components as shown in the graph below:



The most significant change in total net assets was a decrease in restricted net asset of approximately \$48 million. During the fiscal year, \$30 million held by the Trustee, Bank of New York Mellon, was transferred to the capital projects fund. In addition, proceeds from the sale of buildings were used to defease a portion of the leasehold revenue bonds.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2009

The graph below shows the changes in net assets and indicates that our overall financial position declined in fiscal year 2009 by 5.8% when compared to fiscal year 2008. This decrease was primarily due to a \$55.7 million (or 8.1%) decrease in total assets and a \$25.3 million (or 15.6%) decrease in total liabilities. The ratio of expenses to revenues is 91.5%, which indicates on a District-wide basis, there was an 8.5% shortfall in revenue to cover current year costs.



The District's governmental funds (summarized in Table 1 below) reported an ending total fund balance of \$131.2 million, a decrease of \$36.5 million in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 34.1% of this amount, \$44.7 million, is available for spending at the District's discretion (unreserved/undesignated fund balance).

Table 1—Summary of Governmental Fund Balances

	FY09	Percentage of total	FY 08	Percentage of total	Increase (decrease)	Un res erved / und esi gnated p ortio n
General	\$ 47,295,859	36.0 % \$	44,876,850	2 6.8%	\$ 2,419,009 \$	37,701,384
Others pecial revenue	21, 137, 645	16.1 %	21,813,740	1.3.0%	(676,095)	_
Debt service	11,967,633	9.1 %	60,171,002	3 5.9%	(48,203,369)	_
Cap ital projects	50,548,010	38.5 %	39,921,608	2 3.8%	10,626,402	6,963,959
Nonmajo r fund s	252,748	0.2 %	875,574	0.5%	(622,826)	13,264
:	\$ 131,201,895	1 00.0 %	167,658,774	10 0.0%	\$ (36,456,879) \$	44,678,607

Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2009

Unreserved undesignated fund balance for the General Fund was \$37.7 million and represents 14.9% of total General Fund expenditures and transfers. Reserved fund balance in the General Fund for encumbrances and inventory was \$1.6 million, a decrease of \$3.7 million when compared to the prior year. Overall, governmental fund balances declined at June 30 because of deficit spending in the Other Special Revenue, Debt Service and Nonmajor Governmental Funds.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements consist of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements in order to provide details on certain funds that may be combined in the basic financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements—The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets represents information on all the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating. See Table 2—Net Assets.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event causing the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods, such as uncollected property taxes and earned but unused sick and vacation leave.

Government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and State funding (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and reimbursements (business-type activities). See Table 3A—Changes in Net Assets—Governmental Activities.

The business-type activities of the District include a Community Service Fund used to account for the activities related to the community use of facilities, and student tutoring provided under the Supplementary Educational Services program. See Table 3B—Changes in Net Assets—Business-Type Activities.

Fund financial statements—A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain internal control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2009

Governmental funds—Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. As a result, readers of these statements may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains nine individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the major funds. The major funds are: General Fund, Teachers' Fund, Other Special Revenue Fund, Debt Service Fund, and the Capital Projects Fund. Data for the other four governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds are provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund, Teachers' Fund, a portion of its capital project, Child Nutritional Services fund and Administrative Service Center Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for these funds, except for the Administrative Service Fund, to demonstrate compliance with statutory requirements.

Proprietary funds—The District maintains two types of proprietary funds. First, enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The District uses an enterprise fund to account for the activity recorded in its Community Service Fund. Second, internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate cost internally among the District's various functions. Internal service funds account for activity related to printing/duplicating and distribution services and risk management programs. Because both of these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Community Service Fund, which is a nonmajor fund of the District. Both internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds are provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Fiduciary funds—Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's K-12 educational programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The District's fiduciary fund consists of the Student Scholarship Fund.

Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2009

Notes to the basic financial statements—The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information—In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the District's budgeted major funds.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental and internal service funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As discussed earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Table 2—Net Assets shows a summary of the District's assets and liabilities compared to the prior year.

Table 2—Net Assets (Expressed in Thousands)

	Gove	rnmental acti	ivities	Busi	ness-type	activities		
			Increase			Increase	T	otal
	2009	2008	_(decrease)_	2009	2008	(decrease)	2009	2008
Assets:								
Current and other assets	218,295	269,945	(51,650)	522	1,426	(904)	218,817	271,371
Capital assets	416,625	420,691	(4,066)				416,625	420,691
Total assets	634,920	690,636	(55,716)	522	1,426	(904)	635,442	692,062
Liabilities:								
Long-term liabilities	67,665	90,137	(22,472)			_	67,665	90,137
Other liabilities	69,044	71,849	(2,805)				69,044	71,849
Total liabilities	136,709	161,986	(25,277)				136,709	161,986
Net assets:								
Invested in capital assets, ne	t of				_	_		
related debt	371,354	351,989	19,365				371,354	351,989
Restricted	12,489	60,705	(48,216)		_	_	12,489	60,705
Unrestricted	114,368	115,956	(1,588)	522	1,426	(904)	114,890	117,382
Total net assets \$	498,211	528,650	(30,439)	522	1,426	(904)	498,733	530,076

Cash and investments decreased by \$45.2 million or 20.3%, caused by deficit spending in the Other Special Revenue, Debt Service and the Child Nutritional Services funds. In the Debt Service Fund, \$30 million held by the Trustee was transferred to the Capital Projects Fund. The transfer provided a source of funding for improvements to buildings and funding for the technology plan. Overall, current assets decreased by 8.2%. Improvements to land, buildings and other than building were \$10.2 million; purchases of equipment, furniture, and vehicles (primarily computers and vehicles) were \$.7 million, less depreciation of \$15.9 million and retirements of \$5.6 million, resulting in a 1% decrease in capital assets. The overall change in long-term liabilities was a 24.9% reduction. The bonds payable balance declined by \$22.8 million, which includes \$12.9 million advance refund to an escrow agent, for principal payment on revenue bonds. Compensated absences increased by \$1.1 million.

Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2009

Unrestricted net assets of \$114.4 million include management designations and unreserved fund balances of \$102.1 million. The board of directors has authorized management to designate funds for certain obligations that make up 11.5% of the total net assets included in unrestricted net assets. These fund balance designations are summarized below:

Management designations for:	
Long-term building maintenance	\$ 11,298,532
CIP Escrow	12,599,545
Technology plan	2,783,551
E-rate/E-rate support	1,848,494
Contingency	5,000,000
Grant Activity	2,741,641
Compensated absences	 21,137,645
	\$ 57,409,408

Fund balance reserved for encumbrances, inventory, workers compensation, and capital assets declared surplus was approximately \$16.9 million. The difference of \$(4.6) million represents certain accruals that will impact future cash flows.

The changes in net assets for the business-type activities primarily relates to the District's tutoring program and community use of facilities reported in the Community Service Fund. The District was eligible to serve as a vendor under the Title I tutoring program. The cost of this service and the reimbursements was accounted for in the Community Service Fund.

Table 3A—Changes in Net Assets—Governmental Activities highlights the District's revenues and expenses for the 2009 and 2008 fiscal years. The difference between revenues and expenses equals the change in net assets. Revenue is divided into two major components, program revenue and general revenue. Program revenue is defined as charges for services, operating and capital grants, and contributions. General revenue is defined as the primary unrestricted funding sources, such as property taxes, sales taxes, and basic state aid.

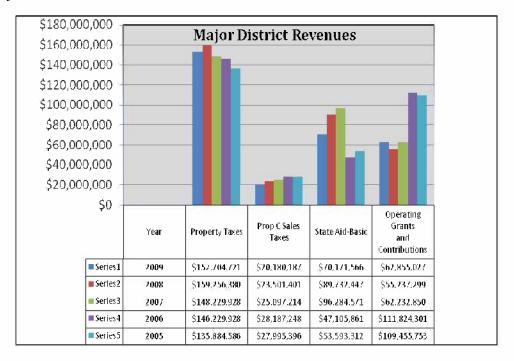
Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2009

Table 3A—Changes in Net Assets—Governmental Activities (Expressed in Thousands)

	Governmental activities			
	2009	2008	Increase (decrease)	
Program revenues:				
Charges for services \$	2,213	3,940	(1,727)	
Operating grants and contributions	62,855	55,237	7,618	
Capital grants and contributions	733	1,518	(785)	
General revenues:				
Property taxes	152,705	159,256	(6,551)	
Prop C sales tax	20,180	23,052	(2,872)	
Other local revenues	3,600	2,100	1,500	
County governmental contributions	4,209	4,025	184	
State aid—basic formula	70,172	89,733	(19,561)	
Grants and entitlements	821	1,051	(230)	
Investment earnings	4,500	10,486	(5,986)	
Total revenues	321,988	350,398	(28,410)	
Program expenses:				
Administration	25,512	23,464	2,048	
Instruction	175,174	193,545	(18,371)	
Support services	76,835	79,253	(2,418)	
Operation of facilities	40,936	44,579	(3,643)	
Pupil transportation	17,211	18,703	(1,492)	
Facilities Improvement and Renovation	7,909	1,413	6,496	
Community and adult services	8,478	11,557	(3,079)	
Interest on long-term debt	2,791	3,902	(1,111)	
Total expenses	354,846	376,416	(21,570)	
Excess (deficiency) before transfers	(32,858)	(26,018)	(6,840)	
Realized gain (loss) from sale of capital assets	1,419	(17,319)	18,738	
Transfers	1,000	750	250	
Increase (decrease) in net assets	(30,439)	(42,587)	12,148	
Net assets beginning of year	528,650	571,237	(42,587)	
Net assets end of year \$	498,211	528,650	(30,439)	

Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2009

A graph of major District revenues is shown below.



The most significant changes in revenues were:

- Operating grants and contributions (primarily federal grants) increase 13.8% or \$7.6 million that impacted the following programs:
- Medicaid reimbursements increased by \$6.4 million because \$1.4 million related to services provided in fiscal year 2008 was collected during the fiscal year.
- Revenues from Consolidated Federal Programs increased by \$4.7 million.
- Revenues for Entitlement grant decreased by \$1.8 million.
- Reimbursements for meals served under the Child Nutritional Services program decreased by \$.7 million due primarily to the loss of the schools to the Independence School district.
- Prop C sales tax declined by \$2.87 million or 12.5% because the funding distribution is based on pupil count and the District's average daily attendance declined in the current year.
- Property tax revenue decreased by 4.1% or approximately \$6.6 million because of a 1% decrease in assessed valuation.
- State Aid distributed under the basis formula decreased by 21.8% or approximately \$19.6 million. This reduction was caused by the decline in enrollment. The FY09 distribution was based to FY07 weighted average daily attendance (WADA) of 26,360 compared to WADA of 29,573 for FY08.

Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2009

The most significant changes in expenses occurred in the following areas:

- Administration—The cost of legal services and the amount paid for legal settlement increased by \$2.4 million.
- Instruction Teachers' salary and fringe benefits, and materials and supplies decreased primarily due to a decline in enrollment during the fiscal year.
- Operation of Facilities Due to the loss of 7 buildings in the Independence Annexation in fiscal year 2008, Utility cost decreased by approximately \$1.4 million. Use of consultants and other outside contractors declined by \$3.7 million.
- Pupil Transportation Transportation costs declined by approximately \$1.5 million primarily due for decline in enrollment.
- Community and Adult Services The 26% decline was primarily caused by reduction in salary and fringe cost of the extended day program and a reduction in contract services.
- Interest on long-term debt When the outstanding leasehold revenue bonds were refinanced in 2003, the principal payment decreased from \$28 million in fiscal year 2008 to \$13 million in fiscal year 2009.

Sufficient reimbursements were collected and/or accrued to cover costs incurred in the Community Service Fund, as shown in Table 3B—Changes in Net Assets—Business-type Activities.

Table 3B—Changes in Net Assets—Business-type Activities (Expressed in Thousands)

	2009	20 08	Increase (D ecrease)
Community services:	 		
Charges for services	\$ 287	728	(441)
Expenses	 (194)	(389)	195
Revenue over expenditures before transfers	93	339	(246)
Investment Interest		8	(8)
Transfers	(1,000)	(750)	(250)

The District provided after school tutoring under the Supplementary Education Services program funded by Title I. As a result, revenues decreased \$.44 million and expenditures decreased \$.19 million. Salary and fringe costs decreased by \$.2 million and materials/supplies decreased by \$.02 million when compared to the prior year.

Table 4—Cost of Services—Governmental Activities shows the cost of services for governmental activities. The total cost of services column contains all costs related to functions/programs. The net cost of services column shows how much of the total cost is not covered by program revenues. Net costs (or 81.5% of the total cost) are costs that must be covered by unrestricted state funding and local taxes. When compared to the prior year, net cost of services as a percentage of total cost decreased 8.5% because of the implementation of the new foundation formula. This formula reduced the amount of funding allocated to specific categories to be applied toward certain program expenditures. As a result, the District is required to classify more State Aid as general revenue.

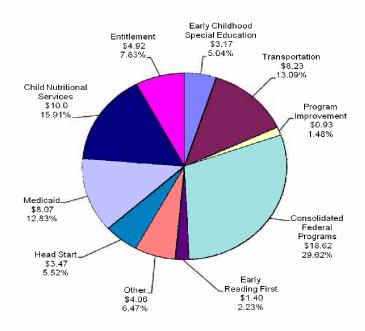
Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2009

Table 4—Cost of Services—Governmental Activities (Expressed in Thousands)

		Total cost of services	Net cost of services
Admini strati on	\$	25,512	25,511
Instruction		175,174	137,427
Support services		76,835	56,775
Operation of facilities		40,936	40,686
Pupil transportation		17,211	10,801
Facilities improvements and renovations		7,909	7,414
Community and adult services		8,478	7,640
Interest on long-term debt	_	2,791	2,791
Total	\$	354,846	289,045

The District received program revenues specifically to offset the cost of certain functions/programs. The major source of this type of revenue, that totaled \$62.9 million, is from operating and capital grants and contributions. Operating and capital grants, and contributions are funds the District receives that are restricted to a particular purpose as show in the graph below.

Operating Grants & Contributions (expressed in thousands)



Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2009

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

Governmental funds—The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, the unreserved, undesignated fund balance serves as a useful measure of net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The General Fund, Teachers' Fund, and a portion of the Capital Projects Fund make up the District's operating budget. Revenue is transferred to the Teachers' Fund to cover expenditures, leaving a zero fund balance. The fund balance in the Capital Projects—Operating Fund is used to cover debt service costs, reducing the required amount to be transferred from the General Fund. At June 30, 2009, the unreserved fund balance of the operating budget funds is shown below:

Operating budget funds		Reserved	Unreserved	fund balance
General Capital projects—operating portion	\$	1,852,834 4,018,519	45,443,025 5,946,223	47,295,859 9,964,742
	\$ _	5,871,353	51,389,248	57,260,601

As a measure of the operating budget liquidity, it may be useful to compare both the unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total expenditures. The total fund balance represents 21.9% of total operating expenditures and transfers. The total operating fund balance increased by 4.4% when compared to fiscal year 2008.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Table 5A- Budget Comparison shows a summary of the major changes in the current year original and final budgets. The difference in revenues between the original and the final budgets is an increased of approximately 4.8%. Based on the final assessed valuation received in August 2009, property taxes increased by \$1.8 million. The projections for investment earnings, financial institutional tax and other local grants increased by \$4.9 million. Proposition C (sales taxes) and basic formula state aid decreased by \$3.9 million because of the decline in the weighted average daily attendance and DESE's adjustment for Charter Schools average daily attendance. Additional federal grant awards of \$7.8 million were received after the original budget was approved. Also, the District eliminated its Internal Service Funds during the fiscal year that resulted in transfers of surplus fund balance to the General Fund of approximately \$17.2 million.

Expenditures and transfers out increased by 2.7%. Budgeted expenditures increased by \$8.8 million primarily to fund certain salary increases approved by the Board under union agreements, additional materials and supplies as a result of the Independence Annexation and federal grant awards for Title I and Title II received after the original budget was approved.

Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2009

When comparing the original budget to the final budget, there was a favorable variance of \$25.8 million for revenues and transfers in, and an unfavorable budgeted variance for expenditure and transfers out of \$6.8 million, reducing the use of fund balance from \$19 million to \$.1 million. This deficit was funded by a one time transfer from the Internal Service Funds of \$14.8 million and the transfer of \$1 million from the Enterprise fund.

When compared to the prior year (see Table 5B), budgeted revenues and transfers in decreased by 2.7% and expenditures and transfers out decreased by 8%.

Table 5A—Budget Comparison, Original to Final Budget, Fiscal Year 2009

	_	Revenues and Transfers In	Expenditures and Transfers Out
Original budget Final budget	\$	231,454,438 257,302,803	250,450,097 257,245,046
Increase (decrease)	\$ _	25,848,365	6,794,949

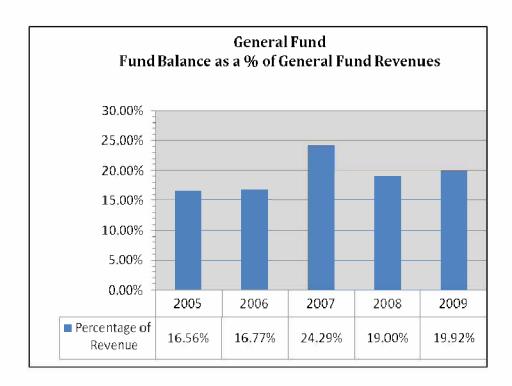
Table 5B—Budget Comparison, Current Year to Prior Year

	<u>.</u>	Revenues and transfers in	and transfers out
Fiscal year 2009 final budget Fiscal year 2008 final budget	\$	257,302,803 264,351,244	257,245,046 280,661,971
Increase (decrease)	\$ <u>_</u>	(7,048,441)	(23,416,925)
Percentage of change		(2.67)%	(8.34)%

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2009

Major Funds—Financial Highlights

• When compared to fiscal year 2008, General Fund revenues and transfers in increased by \$7.1 million or 2.9%, and expenditures and transfers decreased by \$11.6 million or 4.4%. The General Fund's ending fund balance is used to balance the operating budget. The level of fund balance in the General Fund is declining in relation to annual revenues, as shown in the graph below. This ratio is analyzed to determine if there is adequate budgetary carryover to meet unfunded emergencies and other unplanned needs.



Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2009

- The Teachers' Fund revenues and expenditures decreased by \$20.2 million or 11.4% because of declining enrollment.
- There were no significant changes in fund balance in the Other Special Revenue Fund.
- The Debt Service Fund's revenues and other financing sources decreased by \$26.5 million or 63.2% as a result of the decline in interest income earned on investments and the amount of the leased payment. Proceeds from the sale of capital assets were \$12.9 million in fiscal year 2008 compared to \$1.4 million in fiscal year 2009. Expenditures plus financing uses increased by \$23.7 million or 59% primarily because the annual principal and interest payment decline from \$26.5 million in fiscal year 2008 to \$13.2 million for fiscal year 2009. In addition, the District transferred \$30 million held by the Trustee, to the Capital Project Fund. Proceeds from the sale of capital assets of approximately \$14 million were placed in escrow for the defeasance a portion of the leasehold revenue bonds.
- The Capital Projects Fund's revenues and other financing sources increased by \$28.8 million or 121.4% primarily caused by the transfer of \$30 million from the Trustee that was held in escrow to fund future capital improvements. Expenditures increased by \$16.0 million primarily cause by an increase in capital improvements projects of \$12.7 million completed during the fiscal year and the reduction in the amount required for the lease payment to the Building Corporation which presents the principal and interest payments on the leasehold revenue bonds.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital assets—The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2009 amounts to \$411.6 million (net of accumulated depreciation). The investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, building improvements, improvements other than buildings, equipment, fixtures and vehicles. Capital assets decreased by \$5.9 million during the fiscal year. Table 6 below shows capital asset by function for governmental activities. Also see note 3(c) for additional information.

Table 6—Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation

)9	2008
Land	\$ 42,32	0,265	42,5 37,492
Buildings	347,77	1,911	353,445,366
Improvements other than buildings	12,88	7,289	14,241,682
Equipment and fumiture	3,57	1,124	6,858,068
Vehicles	32	7,630	161,548
Construction in progress	4,72	5,777	253,111
	\$ 411,60	3,996	417,497,267

Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2009

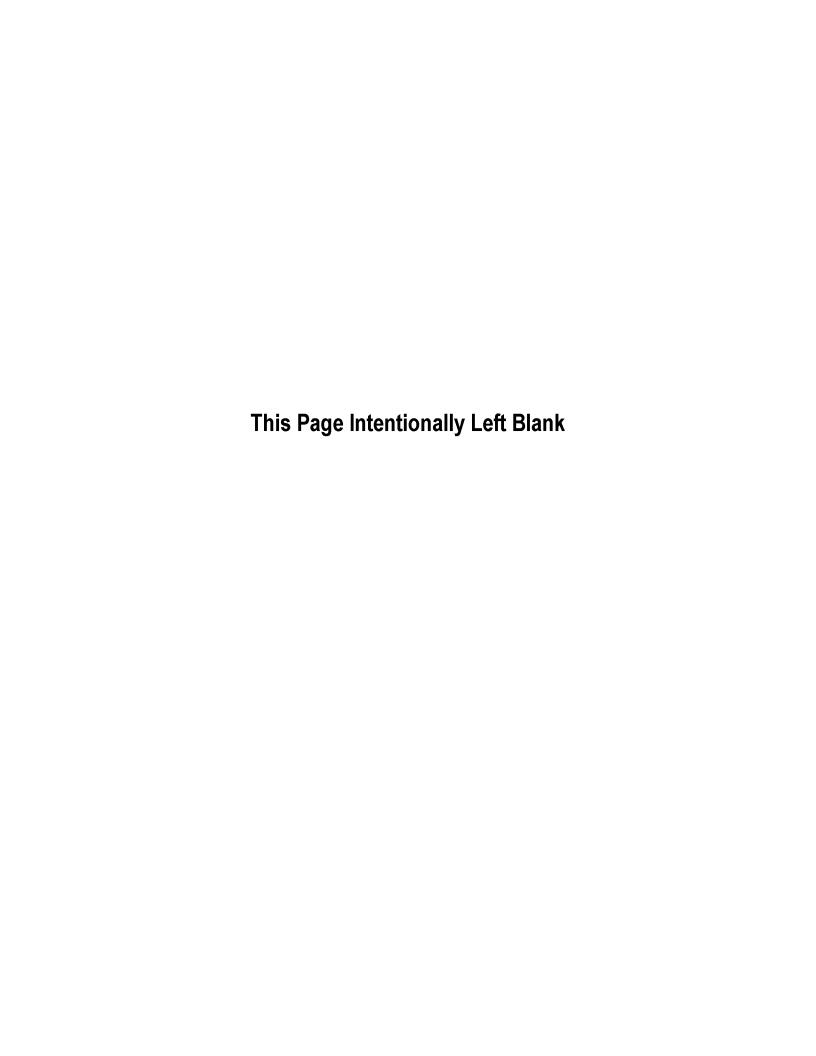
Long-term debt—The Building Corporation issued leasehold revenue bonds to finance the District's major capital improvement projects in prior years. At year-end, the outstanding principal balance on bonds was \$44.3 million. The District is required to make lease payments to the Building Corporation in an amount sufficient to cover principal and interest payments each year. During the current fiscal year, approximately \$13.5 million was available to the Trustee in compliance with this requirement. Approximately 3.7% of total District expenditures relate to payments of principal, interest, and bond-related costs. See notes 3(f) and 3(g) for additional information.

Economic Factors That Impact Fiscal Year 2010 Budgets

- The fiscal year 2010 comprehensive operating budget was approved by the Board on June 24, 2009. Fiscal year 2010 projected current revenues of approximately \$280.4 million is a decrease of about \$62 million (or 18%) when compared to fiscal year 2009.
 - Local revenue from property taxes declined by \$8.6 million as a result of a reduction in assessed valuation of \$161.2 million and the estimated collection rate of 91%.
 - o Proposition C sales taxes declined by \$3.9 million as a result of the reduction in the weighted average daily attendance factor caused by declining enrollment.
 - Financial institution taxes are expected to decline by \$1.3 million.
 - o Investment earnings, local grants and subsidies are expected to decline by \$7.2 million.
 - State aid is expected to decline by approximately \$12 million as a result of the reduction in the weighted average daily attendance factor.
 - Federal grants declined by \$10 million, however, it is anticipated that additional federal grants will be awarded during the fiscal year.
- Fiscal year 2010 expenditures of approximately \$298.8 million represent a decrease of about \$46.9 million (or 13.6%) when compared to the prior year. Seven school buildings were closed at the end of fiscal year 2009.
- Approximately \$18.4 million of fund balance was used to balance the fiscal year 2010 comprehensive operating budget.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for our citizens, taxpayers, investors, banks, and creditors. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the School District of Kansas City, Missouri, 1211 McGee, 6th Floor, Kansas City, Missouri 64106, Attn: Chief Financial Officer.





Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2009

	Governmental activities	Business-type activities	Total
Assets:			
Cash and investments	\$ 164,898,608	339,051	165,237,659
Restricted cash and investments	12,633,012	_	12,633,012
Taxes receivable (net of allowance			
for uncollectibles)	22,881,369		22,881,369
Interest receivable	1,044,608		1,044,608
Due from other governmental units	13,552,993		13,552,993
Due from community/charter schools		183,016	183,016
Other receivables	573,569	_	573,569
Supplies inventories	938,861		938,861
Other post-employment benefits	1,771,920		1,771,920
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):			
Nondepreciable	47,046,042	_	47,046,042
Depreciable	364,557,954	_	364,557,954
Assets declared surplus	5,020,821		5,020,821
Total assets	634,919,757	522,067	635,441,824
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable and other	16,909,169		16,909,169
Accrued salaries, benefits, and payroll taxes	47,591,030		47,591,030
Claims payable	719,928		719,928
Accrued interest payable	898,482	_	898,482
Unearned revenue	2,925,033	_	2,925,033
Long-term liabilities:			
Due within one year:			
Compensated absences	7,947,715		7,947,715
Revenue bonds	10,385,000		10,385,000
Due in more than one year:			
Compensated absences	14,447,074	_	14,447,074
Revenue bonds	33,950,000	_	33,950,000
Unamortized premium on bonds	935,454		935,454
Total liabilities	136,708,885		136,708,885
Net assets:			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for:	371,354,363	_	371,354,363
Debt service	11,967,633		11,967,633
Workers' compensation	282,013	_	282,013
Permanent fund, nonexpendable corpus	35,000	_	35,000
Patron gifts	204,484	_	204,484
Unrestricted	114,367,379	522,067	114,889,446
Total net assets	\$ 498,210,872	522,067	498,732,939

Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2009

			Program revenues				
		5	Operating	Capital	Net revenue (e	Net revenue (expense) and changes in net assets	es in net assets
Functions/programs	Expenses	Charges 10r services	grants and contributions	grants and contributions	Governmental activities	Business-type activities	Total
Governmental activities:			•		1		
Administration	\$ 25,511,653		200		(25,511,453)		(25,511,453)
Instruction	175,174,540		37,710,740	36,748	(137,427,052)		(137,427,052)
Support services	76,834,841	1,991,557	18,068,455		(56,774,829)		(56,774,829)
Operation of facilities	40,935,994	61,038		189,371	(40,685,585)		(40,685,585)
Pupil transportation	17,210,708	4,006	6,405,162		(10,801,540)		(10,801,540)
Facilities improvements and renovation	7,909,185			495,408	(7,413,777)		(7,413,777)
Community and adult services Interest on long-term debt	8,478,426 2,791,030	156,028	670,469	11,827	(7,640,102) (2,791,030)		(7,640,102) (2,791,030)
Total governmental activities	354,846,377	2,212,629	62,855,026	733,354	(289,045,368)		(289,045,368)
Business-type activities: Community services	193,625	286,665				93,040	93,040
Total	355,040,002	2,499,294	62,855,026	733,354	(289,045,368)	93,040	(288,952,328)
General revenues: Pronerty taxes					152,704,721		152.704.721
Prop C sales tax					20,180,187		20,180,187
Other local revenues					3,600,380		3,600,380
Intermediate/county					4,209,103		4,209,103
State aid—basic formula					70,171,566		70,171,566
Grants and entitlements not restricted					0		9
to specific programs					820,620	3	820,620
Investment earnings					4,500,306	5,540	4,503,652
Gain from sale of capital assets Transfers					1,419,399	(1,000,000)	1,419,399
Total general revenues and transfers	rs				258,606,282	(996,654)	257,609,628
Change in net assets					(30,439,086)	(903,614)	(31,342,700)
Net assets—beginning					528,649,958	1,425,681	530,075,639
Net assets—ending					\$ 498,210,872	522,067	498,732,939

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds

June 30, 2009

Total governmental funds	164,898,608 12,633,012 22,897,665 1,044,608 14,064 13,536,697 559,505 726,646 775,818 5,020,821	222,107,444	18,438,865 46,061,334 726,646 25,678,704 90,905,549	10,828,111 775,818 11,967,633 5,020,821 282,013 35,000 204,484	2,741,641 11,298,532 12,599,545 2,783,551 5,000,000 21,137,645 1,848,494	37,701,384 (110,318) 123,582 6,963,959 131,201,895 222,107,444
Nonmajor governmental funds	470,362 360,239 3,677 935,960 559,505	2,329,743	1,184,970 410,325 481,700 2,076,995			(110,318) 123,582 — — 252,748 2,329,743
Capital Projects	49,889,137 2,190,145 115,833	58,512,729	4,794,102 — 3,170,617 7,964,719	10,033,108 	11,298,532 12,599,545 2,783,551 1,848,494	
Debt Service	293,194 293,194 ————————————————————————————————————	12,283,954	316,321 — 316,321 316,321	 11,967,633 		
Other Special Revenue	42,081,890 	42,315,119	1,529,696 19,647,778 — 21,177,474		21,137,645	21,137,645
Teachers'	19,133,565 1,035,025 175,951	20,344,541	965,323 19,379,218 — 20,344,541			20,344,541
General	\$ 53,223,654 282,013 19,672,495 398,675 11,444,314 410,325 775,818	\$ 86,321,358	\$ 9,964,774 7,034,338 22,026,387 39,025,499	795,003 775,818 — 282,013	2,741,641	37,701,384
Assets	Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Taxes receivable, net of allowance for uncollectibles Interest receivable Other receivables Due from other governments Due from other community Due from other funds Supplies inventory Assets declared surplus	Total assets Liabilities and Fund Balances	Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Accrued salaries, benefits, and payroll taxes Due to other funds Deferred revenue Total liabilities	Fund balances: Reserved for: Encumbrances Supplies inventory Debt service Capital assets declared surplus Workers Compensation Permanent fund, nonexpendable corpus Patron gifts Unreserved:	Designated for: Grant activity Long-term building maintenance CIP Escrow Technology plan Reserve for Contingency Compensated absences E-Rate-E-Rate support	Undessgnated: General fund Special revenue funds Permanent fund Capital projects fund Total fund balances

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to Statement of Net Assets

Governmental Funds

June 30, 2009

Fund balances—balance sheet Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	\$	131,201,895
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds		411,603,996
Federal food commodities		163,043
Liabilities, including bonds payable and accrued interest payable on bonds, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the fund:		
Bonds payable		(44,335,000)
Unamortized premium on bonds net of deferred charges		(935,454)
Accrued interest payable		(898,482)
Other post-employment benefits		1,771,920
Compensated absences		(22,394,789)
Claims payable	_	(719,928)
		(67,511,733)
Deferred revenue—property taxes	_	22,753,671
Net assets of governmental activities	\$_	498,210,872

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances—Governmental Funds
Year ended June 30, 2009

	General	Teachers,	Other Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Nonmajor governmental funds	Total governmental funds
Revenues: Property taxes Prop C sales tax Other local Intermediate/county State aid—basic formula Other state Federal Tuition	\$ 142,237,401 12,612,616 7,235,543 3,947,565 23,270,915 10,389,551 37,672,281 4,006	7,567,571 9,762 261,538 46,900,651 543,290 1,474,332 9,268	380,669	867,264 	7,688,471 1,360,411 1,331,158		149,925,872 20,180,187 11,835,565 4,209,103 70,171,566 10,999,203 48,796,981 13,274
Total revenues	237,369,878	56,766,412	380,669	867,264	9,182,040	11,565,488	316,131,751
Expenditures: Current: Administration Instruction Support services Operation of facilities Pupil transportation Community and adult services	11,725,306 38,600,247 34,926,214 40,488,850 17,210,741 7,686,729	13,852,089 117,740,634 23,671,769 — 846,291	2,424,842	11111	11111	976,485 12,957,866	25,577,395 157,317,366 73,980,691 40,488,850 17,210,741 8,533,020
Administrative Principal Interest				49,056 9,945,000 3,244,368			49,056 9,945,000 3,244,368
Administration Instruction Support services Operation of facilities Pupil transportation Community and adult services Facilities improvement and renovation					16,146 3,089,560 2,003,062 797,447 20,022 17,735,961		16,146 3,089,560 2,003,062 797,447 20,022 17,735,961
Total expenditures Revenues over (under) expenditures	150,638,087	156,110,783 (99,344,371)	2,424,842 (2,044,173)	13,238,424 (12,371,160)	23,662,198 (14,480,158)	13,934,351 (2,368,863)	360,008,685
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers out Payment to escrow for advance refunded debt Unrealized proceeds- surplus assets Sale of capital assets	18,170,479 (102,483,261)	100,029,222 (684,851)	1,368,078	13,189,368 (36,444,689) (13,977,489) 1,400,601	41,522,073 (18,241,976) 1,826,463	1,800,000 (53,963)	176,079,220 (157,908,740) (13,977,489) 1,826,463 1,400,601
Total other financing sources (uses)	(84,312,782)	99,344,371	1,368,078	(35,832,209)	25,106,560	1,746,037	7,420,055
Net change in fund balances	2,419,009		(676,095)	(48,203,369)	10,626,402	(622,826)	(36,456,879)
Fund balances, beginning of year Fund balances, end of year	44,876,850 \$ 47,295,859		21,813,740	60,171,002 11,967,633	39,921,608 50,548,010	875,574 252,748	167,658,774 131,201,895

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2009

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Net change in fund balances—total governmental funds	\$	(36,456,879)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays, which exceeded the capitalization threshold, exceeded depreciation expense in the current period.		
Capital outlay additions		15,395,385
Depreciation expense	_	(15,861,217)
		(465,832)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets		
(i.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net assets.		
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		(1,400,601)
Gain on sale of capital assets	_	1,314,924
		(85,677)
Assets declared surplus-unrealized proceeds		(1,826,463)
Assets declared surplus-unrealized loss		(3,515,299)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial		(0,010,255)
resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		4,837,311
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. In addition, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items:		
Principal payment on revenue bonds		22,850,000
Principal payment on capital lease		495,408
Amortization on premium and deferred charges, net Accrued interest payable		187,056 453,338
reorded interest paydore	-	23,985,802
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:		, ,
Other post-employment benefits		1,354,789
Compensated absences		(1,060,160)
Claims payable	_	(36,199)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of Administrative Service Center and Risk Management to individual funds. These funds were closed and a transfer is recorded in the funds, however, the		258,430
net assets were already reported in the governmental activities.	_	(17,170,479)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ =	(30,439,086)

Statement of Net Assets—Proprietary Funds June 30, 2009

	_	Nonmajor Enterprise Fund
Assets:		
Current assets: Cash and Investments Restricted cash and investments Interest receivable Other receivables, net of allowance for uncollectible Supplies inventories	\$	339,051 — — — — — ——————————————————————————
Total current assets	_	522,067
Noncurrent assets: Machinery and equipment Less accumulated depreciation	_	_
Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	_	
Total noncurrent assets	_	
Total assets	_	522,067
Liabilities: Current liabilities: Accounts payable Claims and judgments		
Total current liabilities		_
Total liabilities	_	_
Net assets: Invested in capital assets Restricted for: Workers' compensation Unrestricted	_	522,067
Total net assets	\$ _	522,067

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets— Proprietary Funds

Year ended June 30, 2009

	_	Nonmajor Enterprise Fund	Internal Service Funds
Operating revenues: Charges for tutoring program	\$	254,695	
Charges for community support services Charges for administrative services	Φ	31,970	
Total operating revenues	_	286,665	
Operating expenses:			
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits Utilities, supplies, and materials		193,625	_
Other contractual services			_
Other		_	_
Depreciation	_		
Total operating expenses	_	193,625	
Operating income (loss)	_	93,040	
Nonoperating revenues,			
interest income	_	3,346	
Income (loss) before transfers		96,386	_
Transfers in		_	_
Transfers out	_	(1,000,000)	(17,183,872)
Change in net assets		(903,614)	(17,183,872)
Total net assets, beginning of year	_	1,425,681	17,183,872
Total net assets, end of year	\$ _	522,067	

Statement of Cash Flows—Proprietary Funds Year ended June 30, 2009

	_	Nonmajor Enterprise Fund	Internal Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers and users Receipts from interfund services provided Receipts from insurance claims	\$	332,674	_ _ _
Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	_	(193,625)	
Net cash (used in) operating activities	_	139,049	
Cash flows from noncapital and related financing activities: Transfers to other funds Transfers from other funds	_	(1,000,000)	(17,424,285)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital and related financing activities	_	(1,000,000)	(17,424,285)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Purchase of capital assets Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities	_	<u> </u>	
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest income received	_	3,346	
Net cash provided by investing activities	_	3,346	
Net (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(857,605)	(17,424,285)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	_	1,196,656	17,424,285
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$_	339,051	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	\$	93,040	_
Depreciation expense Decrease in other receivable Increase in inventories Decrease in due from community/charter schools Decrease in accounts payable Decrease in claims payable	_	46,009 — — — — —	
Total adjustments	_	46,009	
Net cash (used in) operating activities	\$ =	139,049	

Statement of Cash Flows—Proprietary Funds (Continued)
Year ended June 30, 2009

	_	Nonmajor Enterprise Fund	Internal Service Funds
Noncash, transfer of assets and liabilities to General Fund:			
Interest receivable	\$	_	(204,798)
Other receivables		_	(43,006)
Supplies inventories			(240,009)
Accounts payable		_	68,371
Claims payable		_	673,248
Noncash, transfer of capital assets			(13,393)
	\$ _		240,413

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets June 30, 2009

	_	Private Purpose Trust— Student Scholarship Fund
Assets:		
Investments	\$	573,558
Interest receivable	_	6,570
Total assets	_	580,128
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	_	
Total liabilities	_	
Net assets:	A	
Net assets held in trust for other purposes	\$ =	580,128

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets June 30, 2009

	_	Private Purpose Trust— Student Scholarship Fund
Additions:		
Contributions: Private donations	\$_	152,440
Total contributions	_	152,440
Investment income: Interest	_	20,148
Total investment income	_	20,148
Total additions	_	172,588
Deductions: Scholarship awards		87,461
Total deductions		87,461
Net increase	_	85,127
Net assets, beginning of year	_	495,001
Net assets, end of year	\$ _	580,128

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2009

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Reporting Entity

The School District of Kansas City, Missouri (the District) is a political subdivision of the State of Missouri and is governed by an elected nine-member board of directors (the Board). Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the financial reporting entity include: (1) the primary government, (2) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (3) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. These basic financial statements include the District and its component units. The blended component unit discussed below is included in the District's reporting entity because of the significance of its operational or financial relationship with the District.

Blended Component Units—The School District of Kansas City, Missouri Building Corporation (the Building Corporation) is governed by a nine-member board of directors that is appointed by the District's Board. Although it is legally separate from the District, the Building Corporation is included as if it were a part of the primary government because its purpose is to provide financing for District capital projects and service the related debt through lease agreements with the District. The accounts of the Building Corporation as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009 are included in the basic financial statements as a Debt Service Fund. The Building Corporation does not issue separate financial statements.

Charter Schools—Charter schools are established within the boundaries of the District by state statutes as local educational agencies. Eighteen charter schools were operating during fiscal year 2009. Under current Missouri statutes, charter schools are allowed to be a Local Education Agency (LEA). All charter schools are currently operating as LEA's. Accordingly, the accounts of these charter schools are not included in these financial statements.

(b) Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements and governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements. The government-wide financial statements report information on all the non-fiduciary activities of the District and its component units. The government-wide statements include a statement of net assets and statement of activities. Governmental activities are supported by taxes, state aid, and intergovernmental revenues and are reported separate from business-type activities. The District has classified activity accounted for in the Community Service Fund as business-type activity.

The statement of net assets reports the financial condition by disclosing the assets of the District (cash, investments, receivables, land, buildings, and equipment) and the liabilities of the District (accounts payable, wages and benefits payable, bonds payable, and other obligations).

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2009

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include charges paid by recipients of the services offered by the program, grants, and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational and capital requirements of certain programs. Property taxes, state aid, and other revenues not included among program revenues are reported as general revenues. The comparison of direct expenses to program revenues identifies the extent to which each District function is self-supporting or relies on general revenues.

The District maintains separate funds for certain functions or activities for internal accounting and financial reporting and to demonstrate compliance with state statutes. These fund financial statements are designed to present financial information at a more detailed level by identifying each major fund in a separate column and non-major funds aggregated in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported separately by type.

(c) Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. All current and noncurrent assets and liabilities are disclosed on the statement of net assets. On the statement of activities, revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements are met.

Governmental fund financial statements utilize the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Generally, only current assets and current liabilities are included on the balance sheet when reporting financial condition. When reporting operating results, only sources and uses related to the current period are disclosed. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, that is, both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period, or soon enough thereafter, to pay current liabilities. Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue criteria have been satisfied. The primary source of local revenues is property tax. Property tax revenues are recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes have been levied. Deferred revenue for property taxes arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. For property taxes, available is defined as expected to be received within 60 days of fiscal year-end. Federal, state, and local grant revenues received as reimbursement for specific purposes is recognized when the related expenditure is incurred and received within 60 days of fiscal year-end. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met and are recorded as unearned revenue. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period when the related fund liabilities are incurred. Principal and interest on long-term indebtedness, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded when payment is due.

The District has the following major governmental funds.

• The *General Fund* is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2009

- The *Teachers' Fund*, a special revenue fund, is used to account for the payment of payroll and health insurance for certified staff.
- The Other Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for and payment of employee compensated absences and District contributions to the retirement plan.
- The *Debt Service Fund* is used to account for accumulation of resources and payments made for principal and interest on long-term leasehold revenue bonded debt.
- The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction, or renovation of capital facilities and the purchase of equipment, furniture, and fixtures.

The other governmental funds of the District are considered non-major. They are special revenue funds that account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted for specific purposes and are described below:

- The Child Nutritional Services Fund is used to account for the operation and administration of the school cafeterias.
- The *Patron Gift Fund* accounts for financial activities related to the use of private gifts given to a specific school or program.
- The Student Activity Fund accounts for fundraising activities for schools and programs.

The District has one permanent fund, which is a non-major fund. This fund accounts for resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, not principal, may be used for purposes that support a specific school or program.

• The *Patron Endowments Fund* accounts for assets held by the District as a legal trustee in situations requiring that the principal be preserved intact and only the interest be spent as designated.

In addition, the District has the following non-major enterprise fund:

• The Community Service Fund is an enterprise fund type and accounts for accumulation and allocation of costs associated with tutoring services provided by external vendors, leased land and buildings, and event rental of facilities to the community. This fund is reported as an enterprise fund because it is financed by external parties. Operating expenses are from salaries and fringe benefits, utilities, materials and supplies, and contractual services. Non-operating revenues are interest income, transfers, and insurance recoveries.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, other government entities, and/or other funds. The District has the following fiduciary fund:

• The *Student Scholarship Fund* accounts for private gifts received to benefit students through scholarship awards.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2009

In accounting and reporting for enterprise fund activities, the District applies all applicable pronouncements of the FASB issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless these pronouncements conflict with applicable GASB guidance as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 20. The District has elected not to follow FASB guidance subsequent to November 30, 1989.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as program revenues and/or expenditures in the appropriate fund and functional activity. Goods and services (postage, printing, and food service catering) provided by one fund for another fund are processed as interfund transactions and the receivable/payable balances are adjusted monthly to cash for each fund affected. The effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

(d) Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

The District maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds except those identified as component units and the student activity fund. Each participating fund's portion of the pool is recorded on the balance sheet or statement of net assets as investments. Earnings from such cash and investments are allocated to the funds based on the monthly average fund balance during the year.

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of 90 days or less from the date of acquisition. The investment policy allows surplus funds to be invested in securities with maturities not to exceed five years. The policy requires the District to adopt weighted average maturity limitations that do not exceed three years and is consistent with the investment objectives.

All investments are stated at fair value. The value of marketable securities is based on market analyses provided by a securities pricing company through the District's financial banking institution.

State statutes authorize the District to invest in open time deposits; certificates of deposit; bonds of the state, of the United States, or of any wholly owned corporation of the United States; and in other short-term obligations of the United States. In accordance with these statutes, the cash and investment pool is invested in certificates of deposit, United States Treasury securities, federal agency obligations, and repurchase agreements collateralized by United States Treasury securities and federal agency obligations. The investments are purchased from Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) registered brokers, dealers, and banks.

The Building Corporation's investments are authorized by the applicable bond trust indentures. It is the opinion of the District and its legal counsel that such investments of the Building Corporation are not subject to state statutes regarding school districts. The Building Corporation adopted a policy substantially similar to the District's investment policy, except in specific cases where the Building Corporation's Board deems such policies inappropriate.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2009

2. Restricted Cash and Investments

Certain proceeds of the Building Corporation's leasehold revenue bonds, as well as certain other District resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets. A trustee holds these resources, and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants and/or investment agreements. In compliance with Missouri Workers' Compensation laws, an escrow account is held by a trustee to cover claims processed under the District's self-insured workers' compensation program.

3. Receivables and Payables

Within the fund financial statements, activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as either "due to/from other funds" or "advances to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances". There were no internal balances at June 30, 2009.

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible.

Property taxes are recognized as a receivable at the time they become an enforceable legal claim. Property taxes are levied by the county assessor based on the assessed valuation of taxable property as of January 1 of each calendar year (tax lien date). Taxes are billed the following November 1 and become due on or before December 31. Tax bills not collected by December 31 are considered delinquent and the unpaid amount is subject to interest and penalties. The county is responsible for the collection and distribution of property taxes. Assessed values are established by the county's Department of Assessment and reviewed by the County Board of Equalization and the state tax commissioner. The total assessed value at January 1, 2008 for real estate, personal property, merchants and manufacturers, and railroad and utility property was approximately \$2.9 billion.

4. Inventories

In the government-wide financial statements, inventories are valued at average cost and include items such as general maintenance, printing and duplicating supplies, postage and unused federal commodities. Inventories are recorded on the consumption method, whereby expenses are recognized at the time of issuance from inventory. Unused federal commodities at year-end are reported as deferred revenue, as title does not pass to the District until the commodities are used.

In fund financial statements, inventories are valued at average cost and include items listed above, except unused federal commodities. Inventories are recorded on the consumption method, whereby expenditures are recognized at the time of issuance from inventory. Inventories in the governmental funds are offset by a fund balance reserve, which indicates that this amount does not represent available spendable resources.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2009

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, building improvements, equipment, vehicles, and furniture and fixtures, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined as assets with an individual cost over a certain amount (see capitalization level by category) and an estimated useful life of two years or more. Capital assets are capitalized at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated fixed assets are valued at estimated fair market value as of the date received. Major outlays for capital acquisitions and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. All capital assets over the capitalization levels are depreciated. The capitalization levels, by category, are:

Land and buildings	\$ 100,000
Building improvements	100,000
Equipment and vehicles	5,000

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Useful life/range
Buildings	50 years
Building improvements	20 - 25 years
Improvements other than buildings	25 years
Equipment, furniture, and fixtures	5-10 years
Vehicles	4 years

The Board of Directors declared five closed buildings that will no longer be used for educational purposes as surplus property. Once property is declared surplus by the Board, it may be sold in compliance with bond covenants and State statues. The Governmental Accounting Standard Board Statement No. 42- Accounting and Financial Reporting for Impairment of Capital Assets and for Insurance Recoveries (GASB 42) required that the capital assets that are idle be disclosed separately. Therefore, the District has disclosed the carrying value of these assets as "assets declared surplus" in the statement of net assets.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2009

6. Compensated Absences

District employees earn annual vacation leave at the following rates:

Vacation days	Years of service
10	1 year
12	2 years
14	3 years
16	4 years
18	5 years
20	over 5 years

Vested unused vacation, up to a maximum of 60 days, is payable upon the date of termination or retirement.

District employees accumulate sick leave at the rate of one-half day per reporting period. Additionally, two personal business days are awarded each fiscal year. Personal days not used are carried forward as accumulated sick leave. Vested, unused sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 200 days. The value of unused sick leave is payable upon termination or retirement at a rate of 3% for each year of employment up to a maximum of 75% of total value of sick leave.

Estimated vacation and sick leave payments due to employees at June 30, 2009 of \$22.7 million have been recorded in the government-wide financial statements. Within the governmental funds financial statements, management has designated fund balance at June 30, 2009 of \$21.1 million to cover these future payments. Payments of benefits to employees are made from the Other Special Revenue Fund.

7. Interfund Transactions

Transfers of resources from a fund receiving revenue to the fund through which the resources are to be expended are recorded as transfers and are reported as other financing sources (uses) in the governmental fund financial statements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2009

8. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations of the District are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net assets. Bond discounts and issuance costs are reported as deferred charges. Deferred charges and premiums on bonds are amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums, discounts, and issuance costs are recognized in the current period when incurred. The amount of the debt issued is recorded as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are recorded as other financing sources, while discounts are recorded as other financing uses. Issuance costs are recorded as debt service expenditures when incurred.

9. Fund Equity

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt, consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balance of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use, such as bond covenants, grantors, or laws and regulations.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds record reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent management plans for financial resource utilization in a future period.

10. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

11. Restricted Net Assets

Restricted net assets consist of assets that are legally restricted by outside parties or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation as reduced by recorded liabilities which are payable for those assets (except for bonds used to acquire capital assets which are presented as a reduction of net assets invested in capital assets).

The District first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2009

(2) Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Fund Designations

In the fund financial statements, fund equity has been designated to represent managerial plans for financial resource utilization in a future period. The District has the following designations of fund balance at June 30, 2009:

- Designation for Compensated Absences—Management has designated a portion of fund balance for the payment of accumulated vested vacation and sick leave to retiring or terminating employees. A liability related to this designation is shown in the government-wide statement of net assets.
- Designated for Long-term Building Maintenance—The Board designated fund balance is to be used for the long-term maintenance and renovation of school buildings. At June 30, 2009, designated funds of \$11,298,532 were shown in the Capital Projects Fund.
- Designated for Technology Plan—The Board authorized the development of a Technology Plan and designated \$25,000,000 to fund the cost of improving the use of computer information technology for instruction and business management. At June 30, 2009, designated funds of \$2,783,551 were shown in the Capital Projects Fund.
- *E-Rate/E-Rate Support*-During the fiscal year, funds were set aside for the District's estimated costs related to implementation of the E-Rate Grant. At June 30, 2009, designated funds of \$1,848,494 were shown in the Capital Projects Fund.
- Designated for Grant Activity Management has designated a portion of fund balance related to local, state and federal grant activity on a life-to-date basis. Revenues and expenditures are tracked by program number to ensure that the funds are used for their intended purposes. At June 30, 2009, designated funds of \$2,741,641 were shown in the General Fund.
- CIP Escrow- Management has designated a portion of fund balance for proceeds to be used for future capital improvement projects. The Board authorized the investment of a portion of the desegregation settlement which was held by the Trustee, Bank of New Your Mellon. Approximately \$30 million was transferred from the debt service fund to the capital projects fund during the fiscal year. At June 30, 2009, designated funds of \$12,599,545 were shown in the CIP Capital Projects Fund.
- Reserve for Contingency- Management has designated a portion of fund balance to be held for unanticipated events and/or emergencies. At June 30, 2009, designated funds of \$5,000,000 were shown in the General Fund.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2009

(3) Detailed Notes on All Funds

(a) Deposits and Investments

The District and the Building Corporation had the following cash and investments at June 30, 2009:

•		.	Weighted average maturity
Investment type	<u>.</u>	Fair value	(years)
U.S. Treasury obligations	\$	4,033,577	4.59
Government-sponsored enterprises		83,571,007	2.46
Repurchase agreements		31,020,000	5.59
Certificates of deposit		58,437,000	0.28
Total fair value		177,061,584	
Portfolio weighted average maturity			3.23
Other cash and investments not subject to a			
structured maturity date:			
Money market funds		879,306	
Deposits		503,339	
		1,382,645	
Total cash and investments	\$	178,444,229	

Interest rate risk—The Board approved investment policy requires that the investment portfolio be structured so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for day-to-day operations. Primarily, operating funds are invested in short-term securities with a weighted average maturity of less than 12 months and securities are held to maturity. Investments may mature within no more than 5 years from date of purchase. The policy requires the District to adopt weighted average maturity limitations that do not exceed 3 years and is consistent with the investment objectives. The weighted average maturity for the District's portfolio is 2.25 years. The weighted average maturity for the investments of the Building Corporation is about 5 years.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2009

Credit risk—Missouri statutes limits the type of investment securities that can be purchased (as disclosed in note 1(d) 1), primarily, U.S. Treasury obligations and federal agency obligations. Credit risk is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. At June 30, the District's investments were rated as follows:

Investment type	Moody's Investors Service	Standard & Poor's
U. S. Treasury Obligations	Aaa	AAA
Government-sponsored enterprises		
Freddie MAC	Aaa	AAA
Federal Home Loan Bank	Aaa	AAA
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	AAA	AAA
Federal National Mortgage Association	AAA	AAA
Federal National Mortgage Association Global	AAA	AAA
Federal National Mortgage Association Step-Up	Aaa	AAA
Repurchase agreement	AAA	AAA
Repurchase agreement	Aa3	AAA
Certificate of deposit	NR	NR
Money market funds	NR	NR

Concentration of credit risk - The District's investment policy seeks diversification to reduce overall portfolio risk while attaining market rates of return to enable the District to meet its anticipated cash requirements. The District follows diversification standards published by the Office of Missouri State Treasurer. Those standards allows for no more than 60% of the total investment portfolio to be in U.S. Government agencies and no more than 30% to be in U.S. Government callable agencies. At June 30, the District had 33% of its investments in certificates of deposits, Missouri Securities Investment Program Term Series and 47% in callable U.S. Government agencies.

Collateralized repurchase agreements are limited to 50% of the total investments. At June 30, the District had 17.5% of its investments in collateralized repurchase agreements.

Custodial credit risk—For deposits, this is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the District and its component unit deposits may not be returned. Collateral is required by state statute for demand deposits and certificates of deposit. The fair value of the collateral must equal 100% of deposits not covered by federal deposit insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are governed by State Statutes and include United States Government agency bonds and securities; general obligation bonds of any of the 50 states; general obligation bonds of any Missouri county, certain cities, and special districts; and revenue bonds of certain Missouri agencies. For investments, there is the risk

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2009

that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District and its component units will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At June 30, the District and the Building Corporation had \$874,196 in bank balances and in money market funds exposed to custodial credit risk due to the balance not being insured and uncollateralized.

(b) Receivables

Receivables as of year-end for the major funds and nonmajor, and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

			Other			Nonmajor		
			Special	Debt	Capital	and	Enterprise	
	General	Teachers'	Revenue	Service	Projects	other(1)	Fund	Total
Interest \$	398,675		233,229	293,194	115,833	10,247		1,051,178
Taxes	23,216,748	1,040,150	_	_	3,367,132	_	_	27,624,030
Due from other								
governments	11,444,314	175,951	_	_	980,472	952,256	_	13,552,993
Due from other funds	410,325	_	_	_	316,321	_	_	726,646
Community programs	_	_	_	_	_	559,505	186,016	745,521
Other receivables	14,064	_	_	_	_	_	_	14,064
Gross receivables	35,484,126	1,216,101	233,229	293,194	4,779,758	1,522,008	186,016	43,714,432
Less allowance for uncollectible	(3,544,253)	(5,125)	_	_	(1,176,987)	(16,296)	(3,000)	(4,745,661)
Net total								
receivables \$	31,939,873	1,210,976	233,229	293,194	3,602,771	1,505,712	183,016	38,968,771

(1) Nonmajor and other funds are comprised of nonmajor governmental funds and the student scholarships private purpose trust fund.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2009

(c) Capital Assets

Capital asset activity as of June 30, 2009 is shown below:

		B eginni ng b alance	Ad dition s	Transfers/ retire men ts	En ding balance
Governmental activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated:	_				
Land	\$	42,537,492	_	(217,227)	42,320,265
Construction in progress	_	253,111	4,562,818	(90,152)	4,725,777
Total capital assets, not being					
depreciated	_	42,790,603	4,562,818	(307,379)	47,046,042
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings		551,326,837	10,056,921	(10,390,338)	550,993,420
Improvements other than buildings		41,381,177	187,260	(119,111)	41,449,326
Equipment and furniture		31,906,458	367,596	(299,659)	31,974,395
Vehicles		1,547,127	310,942	(2)),(03))	1,858,069
Total capital assets being depreciated	_	626,161,599	10,922,719	(10,809,108)	626,275,210
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings		(197,881,471)	(10,528,487)	5,188,449	(203,221,509)
Improvements other than					
bui ldings		(27,139,495)	(1,541,653)	119,111	(28,562,037)
Equipment and furniture		(25,048,390)	(3,646,217)	291,336	(28,403,271)
Vehicles	_	(1,385,579)	(144,860)		(1,530,439)
Total accumulated depreciation	_	(251,454,935)	(15,861,217)	5,598,896	(261,717,256)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	_	374,706,664	(4,938,498)	(5,210,212)	364,557,954
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	417,497,267	(375,680)	(5,517,591)	411,603,996
· ·	=		· · · /		

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2009

Assets declared surplus were elementary school sites and an administrative center as disclosed on the statement of net assets are summarized below:

	Net Book	Appraised	Carrying
Building Name	<u>Value</u>	<u>Value</u>	<u>Value</u>
Bingham	\$ 2,977,914	3,200,000	2,977,914
Greenwood	765,668	165,000	165,000
Faxon	1,715,012	75,000	75,000
Manchester	743,200	520,000	520,000
Marborough	1,347,364	500,000	500,000
Elementary II	1,651,980	-	-
Switzer Annex	751,007	1,000,000	751,007
Switzer/Old West	31,900	715,000	31,900
Seven Oaks	192,087	-	-
	\$ 10,176,132	6,175,000	5,020,821

Within the government-wide financial statements, depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs for governmental activities as shown below:

Elementary schools	\$	7,416,674
Middle schools		2,877,341
Senior high schools		4,508,966
Other instruction		16,125
Special education	_	322,172
Total instruction	_	15,141,278
Improvement of instruction—curriculum development		2,014
Financial and internal services		7,935
Information technology	_	254,550
Total support services	_	264,499
Operation of facilities		172,546
Facilities acquisition and construction	_	282,894
Governmental funds depreciation expense	_	15,861,217
Total depreciation expense	\$ _	15,861,217
	_	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2009

In July, 2009 the District closed the following schools with net book value as of June 30, 2009 as follows:

		Net Book
	Building Name	<u>Value</u>
Blenheim		\$ 3,567,810
Bryant		2,445,829
Chick		3,718,583
Cook		2,559,632
Graceland		3,609,808
Meservey		2,748,377
Pershing		1,660,221
Thacher		669,948
		\$ 20,980,208

Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

Interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2009 are as follows:

Fund]	Receivables	Payables
Major funds:			
General	\$	410,325	_
Capital Projects		316,321	
Debt Service		_	316,321
Nonmajor fund:			
Special Revenue (Child Nutritional Services)			410,325
	\$	726,646	726,646

The purpose of the above interfund balances is to reflect the payables and receivables between certain funds at June 30, 2009. The Child Nutritional Services Fund receives reimbursements from the state after submission of actual meal count data each month. Since there is about a 60-day delay in receiving these reimbursements, the General Fund covers required disbursements, and at year-end, the negative cash balance of \$.4 million is reclassified as a due to/from other funds. The District is required to make advance payments to the trustee and \$.3 million represents excess deposits after applying the proceeds from the sale of buildings to current debt service obligations.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2009

The following transfers were made during the fiscal year:

			Transfers to						
				Debt	Other Special	Capital			
	9	General	Teachers'	Service	Revenue	Projects	Nonmajor	Total	
Transfers from:									
General Fund	\$	-	100,029,222	-	658,014	-	1,800,000	102,487,236	
Teachers'		-	-	-	680,876	-	-	680,876	
Debt Service Fund		-	-	-	-	36,444,690	-	36,444,690	
Capital Project Fund		-	-	13,189,368	-	5,052,608	-	18,241,976	
Internal Service Funds		17,170,479	-	-	-	-	-	17,170,479	
Nonmajor governmental		-	-	-	29,188	24,775	-	53,963	
funds		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Enterprise fund	_	1,000,000						1,000,000	
	\$_	18,170,479	100,029,222	13,189,368	1,368,078	41,522,073	1,800,000	176,079,220	

The District closed the internal service funds as of July 1, 2008 by transferring \$17,170,479 net assets into the General Fund.

The above fund transfers are the result of budget appropriations that required fund transfers.

(d) Accrued Salaries

School-based instructional staff, are compensated over a 12-month period beginning in August and September. Remaining salaries and related payroll taxes for the fiscal year have been accrued at June 30, 2009.

(e) Long-term Borrowings

Bonds Payable—Revenue bonds issued by the Building Corporation are supported by the revenue derived from leases with the District in amounts sufficient to provide for estimated administrative and operating expenditures, principal and interest on the bonds, and establishment of bond reserves pursuant to the provisions of the applicable bond resolution. Certain bond issues hold land and buildings as collateral in the event of default by the District. In the event the District sells these assets, the District may be required to pay the difference between fair market value and the selling price to the bond trustee under the bond covenants. All sales of such assets require bond counsel concurrence and Board approval before the District can enter into such transactions.

The District has pledged, as security for the bonds issued by the Building Corporation, a portion of the District's property taxes. The bonds are payable through 2014. Total principal and interest remaining on the debt is \$50,247,140 with annual requirements ranging from \$6 to \$13.5 million. For the current year, principal and interest paid by the District were \$9.95 million and \$3.24 million, respectively.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2009

Bonds outstanding at June 30, 2009 are as follows:

Purpose		Amount outstanding	Interest rate	Maturity year
Series 2003A	\$	10,440,000	4.00% to 5.00%	2014
Series 2003B	_	33,895,000	4.00% to 5.00%	2014
	\$ _	44,335,000		

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for leasehold revenue bonds are as follows:

		Governmental activities		
	_	Principal	Interest	
Year ending June 30:				
2010	\$	10,385,000	2,170,830	
2011		10,875,000	1,675,530	
2012		9,770,000	1,131,780	
2013		7,555,000	646,500	
2014	_	5,750,000	287,500	
Total	\$_	44,335,000	5,912,140	

(f) Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the fiscal year was as follows:

	_	Beginning balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending balance	Due within one year
Governmental activities: Leasehold revenue bonds Compensated absences Capital lease	\$	67,185,000 21,334,629 495,408	9,760,886 ——	(22,850,000) (8,700,726) (495,408)	44,335,000 22,394,789	10,385,000 7,947,715 —
Long-term liabilities	\$ =	89,015,037	9,760,886	(32,046,134)	66,729,789	18,332,715

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2009

Compensated absences are liquidated from the Other Special Revenue Fund. The capital lease is liquidated from the Capital Projects Fund and General Fund.

The District deposited \$13,977,489 into an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to advance refund \$12,905,000 of leasehold revenue bonds and provide for all future debt service payments on the \$10,745,000 2003A and \$2,160,000 Series 2003B bonds.

As a result, the bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the Governmental Activities. The advance refund was done to comply with federal tax law mandates on the use of the proceeds from the 2008 sale of schools.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2009

(4) Other Information

(a) Risk Management

Resources are accumulated in the General Fund for workers' compensation, unemployment, and general liability. The District qualifies as a self-insurer under Missouri Workers' Compensation laws and maintains a reserve to cover estimated workers' compensation claims incurred before November 1, 1999. Restricted cash and investments of \$282,013 as of June 30, 2009 are for the self-insured portion of the workers compensation program's reserve requirement. A commercial insurance policy is purchased to cover current and future workers' compensation claims. Pursuant to 288.090:3(1)(a) of the Missouri Revised Statutes, the District participates in the State Employment Security Program on a reimbursable basis and pays claims in lieu of contributions. The District maintains a general liability reserve to cover claims in excess of existing commercial insurance coverage that is funded by contributions from the General Fund.

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters for which the District purchases commercial insurance. Claim settlements have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years. Changes for the claims liability for fiscal years 2008 and 2009 is shown below.

]	Beginning of fiscal year	Current claims and estimated changes	Claim payments	Balance at fiscal year-end
Fiscal year 2008: Claims and judgments		1,178,500	(494,771)	_	683,729
Claims and Judgments	\$_	1,178,500	(494,771)		683,729
Fiscal year 2009: Claims and judgments		683,729	36,199		719,928
	\$_	683,729	36,199		719,928

(b) Post Employment Benefits

School District of Kansas City, Missouri Post Employment Benefit Plan (OPEB)

The School District of Kansas City Missouri's benefit plan is a single employer defined benefit health care plan administered by the District that provides medical and long-term care insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2009

Membership in the OPEB comprised the following at July 1, 2009:

Active employees	4,921
Retired participants medical	355
Retired participants spouse medical	49
Retired participants dental	1,009
Retired participants spouse dental	282

The annual required contribution (ARC) is the basic annual expense recognized under GASB Statement No. 45, though there is no requirement to fund the ARC. ARC is calculated under the actuarial cost method that was chosen and is made up of the normal cost plus amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL - excess of the past service liability over the actuarial value of the assets). The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements, with an additional amount to prefund benefits as determined annually. For fiscal year 2009, the District contributed \$1,923,393 to the plan. Plan members receiving benefits from OPEB contributed \$2,200,747.

Other Post-employment Benefit cost expense is computed based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the District. The annual required contribution is an amount of funding that if funded on a regular basis, it is projected to cover the normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components that make up the District's OPEB Cost for 2009:

Annual Required Contribution	\$ 562,094
Interest on Net OPEB Obligation	(16,685)
Adjustment to ARC	23,195
Annual OPEB Cost (Expense)	<u>568,604</u>
Contributions Made	(1,923,393)
Increase in net OPEB Obligation (Asset)	(1,354,789)
Net OPEB Asset – Beginning of Year	(417,131)
Net OPEB Asset – End of Year	<u>\$(1,771,920)</u>

The District's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation (asset) for 2009 and 2008 (transition year) are as follows in the table below:

Fiscal Yr Ended	OPEB Cost	% of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation (Asset)
06/30/09	\$568,604	338.27%	\$(1,771,920)
06/30/08	\$583,475	171.49%	\$ (417.131)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2009

As of June 30, 2009 the plan was zero percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$15,529,352, and the actuarial value of assets was zero, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$15,529,352. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$178,255,302 and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 8.71%.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about future employment, mortality and the health care cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contribution (ARC) of the District are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is decreasing or increasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In June 30, 2009 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), which is a blended rate of the expected long-term investment returns on plan assets and on the District's own investments calculated based on the funded level of the plan at the valuation date, and an annual health care cost trend rate of 10 percent for medical claims, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 5 percent after four years. The UA is being amortized as a level dollar amount over a period of 30 years.

(c) Status of Accreditation

The State Board of Education (SBE) accredits school districts through the Missouri School Improvement Program (MSIP), which sets minimum standards for high school graduation, curriculum, student testing, school resources, support services, and other areas of school operations. The SBE's accreditation review of Missouri school districts is based on the District's compliance with certain of these standards, grouped into "Resource", "Process" and "Performance" categories.

In October 1999, the SBE voted to withdraw the District's accreditation effective May 2000, due to the District's failure to meet the required MSIP standards during its Second Cycle accreditation review by the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education (DESE). The areas reviewed by the state were Resource, Process and Performance. The District met all the requirements for Resource and Process at an accredited level, but the Performance standards (as measured by the MAP achievement test) were below the accredited level. After a January 2002 accreditation re-review by DESE (applying Second Cycle standards), the SBE voted unanimously on April 17, 2002 to grant the District provisional accreditation, thus lifting the threat of a state takeover.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2009

In January 2004, the state completed a full-scale accreditation review under Third Cycle standards, covering all Resource, Process, and Performance criteria. The District retained its provisional accreditation status. Two additional points are needed to obtain full accreditation status.

A team of reviewers from the DESE conducted an on-site accreditation review beginning the week of April 28, 2008 and provided the review results to the District. The District created the Missouri School Improvement Plan. Implementation is ongoing. All actions are scheduled to be completed by Spring 2011.

(d) Commitments

On May 23, 2007 the Board approved an agreement with Kansas City Area Life Sciences Institute, Inc., to provide curriculum materials, professional development, assessment and support for a science education reform program that features hands-on, inquiry-based learning. The total cost of these goods and services is \$1,125,000. Annual expenditures of \$375,000 will be paid through July 15, 2009.

(e) Contingent Liabilities

The District filed suit on May 10, 2005 against the Board of Fund Commissioners, the individual members of the Board of Fund Commissioners, the Missouri Department of Elementary and Secondary Education, the Commissioner of Education, and the State of Missouri. The District's lawsuit seeks relief from a statute which allows the Board of Fund Commissioners to determine whether or not the District has sufficient "fund balances" to redeem or otherwise pay off leasehold revenue bonds issued pursuant to desegregation related action. In April 2005 the Board of Fund Commissioners voted that the District had sufficient fund balances to redeem or otherwise pay off its obligations for leasehold revenue bonds and, therefore, could not continue to withhold money from the charter schools pursuant to Missouri Revised Statute § 160.415(2)(5). For the 2004-2005 school year, the District had withheld approximately \$836 per pupil from each of the charter schools for repayment of leasehold revenue bonds. The total sum of money withheld from the charter schools is approximately \$5 million per year.

The District's lawsuit alleges the Board of Fund Commissioners' determination was arbitrary and capricious and the statute authorizing the Board of Fund Commissioners to make this determination is unconstitutional.

Fourteen charter schools located within the District's boundaries intervened in this case along with their organization, the Missouri Charter Public Schools Association, and alleged a counterclaim against the School District for the monies withheld from 1999 until April 2005. The District's motion for summary judgment on the Association's counterclaim was denied. The Association's motion for summary judgment was granted and later reversed by the Court. The District's claim that the funding mechanism for charter schools is unconstitutional is pending.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2009

At the same time, the District filed a motion to enforce in the <u>Jenkins</u> litigation (the desegregation lawsuit). This motion was granted by the Court. The Court held that the State could not take action to jeopardize the financial stability of the District. The State Court stayed all proceedings in the case pending the federal court's decision in <u>Jenkins</u>. The Eighth Circuit upheld the decision and ordered the State to continue allowing the District to withhold funds necessary to redeem desegregation related bonds.

The Eighth Circuit's ruling makes many of the issues in the case moot. However, the District's claim under Article X Section 11(g) of the Constitution and the Hancock Amendment claims for repayment of all the local monies paid the charter schools since their inception in 1999 is still active. In addition, the District's claim for \$6.1 million which was improperly withheld from the District and paid to the charter schools from April 2005 to May 2006 is still pending. The District will request a trial setting for the remaining issues at the status conference with Judge Beetem.

The District and three taxpayers filed suit on July 21, 2006 for declaratory and injunctive relief with regard to a new statute which grants charter schools the status of local educational agencies, or LEAs. This lawsuit alleges that the new statute requires the District to pay part of its local tax revenues to independent charter schools in violation of the Missouri Constitution.

The Missouri Charter Public Schools Association (the same organization involved in the Board of Fund Commissioners case, discussed above) intervened in the case. The State prevailed after trial and the matter is currently pending at the appellate court level.

The District currently is involved in various other litigations, the outcome of which is uncertain. It is the opinion of management and legal counsel the final outcome of these other matters will not have a material impact on the District's financial condition.

(f) Pension Plan

The District contributes to the Public School Retirement System, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer and contributory defined benefit pension plan. Substantially all full-time employees of the District, the Kansas City Public Library and charter schools are covered by the plan. The Public School Retirement System provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. All benefit provisions are established and may be amended by the legislature of the State of Missouri. The general administration and responsibility for the proper operation of the Public School Retirement System rests with a board of trustees. Financial statements of the Public School Retirement System can be obtained by writing to Public School Retirement System, 4600 Paseo Boulevard, Kansas City, Missouri 64106 or by calling (816) 472-5912.

Employee—All regular and full-time employees must become members of the Retirement System as a condition of employment. Effective January 1, 1999, members contribute 7.5% of regular annual compensation.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2009

Employer—Participating employers contributed 7.5% of annual compensation beginning January 1, 1999. The contribution rate is determined by the state. Prior to July 1, 1993, employer contributions were actuarially determined.

The District's contributions to the Retirement System for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006 were \$ 12,583,497, \$12,591,876 and \$12,323,052, respectively, which was equal to the annual required contribution for the District.

(g) New Pronouncements

The District implemented the following Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB) Statements during the year:

- GASB Statement No. 49, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations: This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting standards for pollution (including contamination) remediation obligations, which are obligations to address the current or potential detrimental effects of existing pollution by participating in pollution remediation activities, such as site assessments and cleanups. This standard requires the District to estimate the components of expected pollution remediation outlays and determine whether the outlays for those components should be accrued as a liability or, if appropriate, capitalized when goods and services are acquired. This Statement had no effect to the District in the current year.
- GASB Statement No. 52, Land and Other Real Estate Held as Investments by Endowments: This Statement establishes consistent standards for the reporting of land and other real estate held as investments. Endowments were previously required to report their land and other real estate held for investment purposes at historical cost. However, such investments are reported at fair value by similar entities, such as pension plans. The Statement requires endowments to report land and other real estate investments at fair value. The changes in the fair value are to be reported as investment income. This statement had no effect to the District.

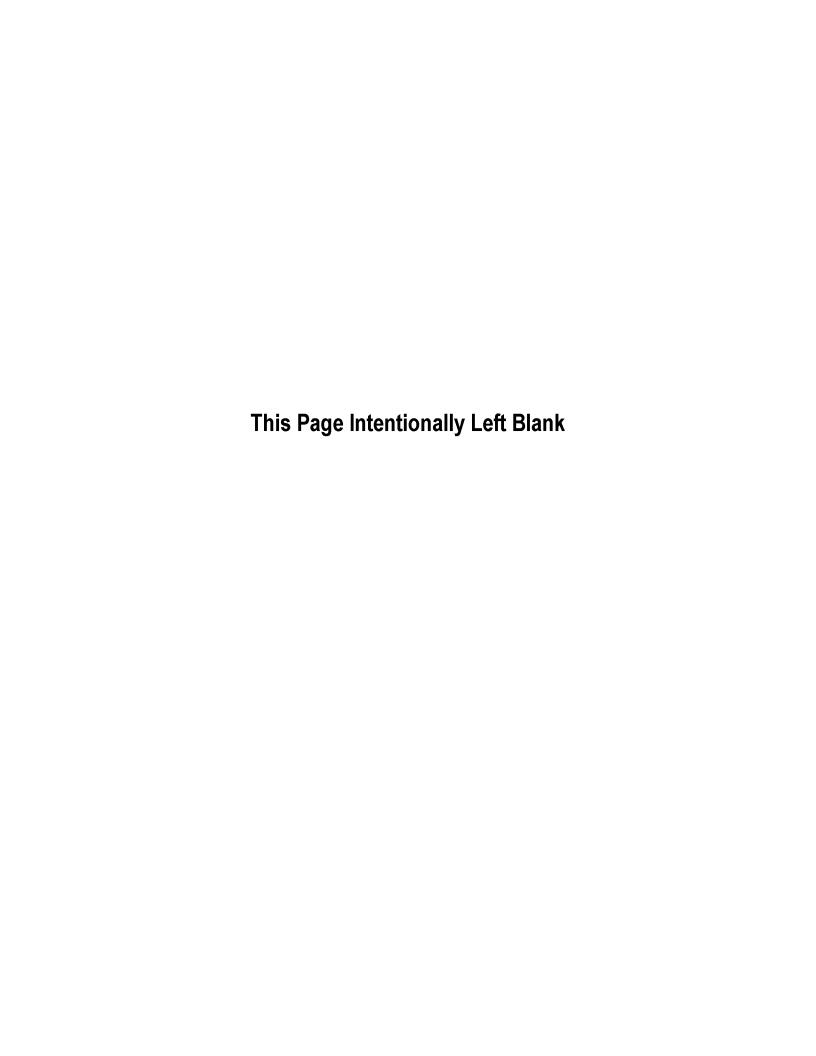
As of June 30, 2009, the GASB has issued the following statements not yet implemented by the District. The statements which might impact the District are as follows:

• GASB Statement No. 51, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets, issued July 2007, will be effective for the District beginning with its year ending June 30, 2010. This Statement provides guidance regarding how to identify, account for and report intangible assets. The new standard characterizes an intangible asset as an asset that lacks physical substance, is nonfinancial in nature and has an initial useful life extending beyond a single reporting period. Examples of intangible assets include easements, computer software, water rights, timber rights, patents and trademarks. This standard provides that intangible assets be classified as capital assets (except for those explicitly excluded from the scope of the new standard, such as capital leases). Relevant authoritative guidance for capital assets should be applied to these intangible assets.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2009

- GASB Statement No. 53, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments, issued June 2008, will be effective for the District beginning with its year ending June 30, 2010. This Statement will improve how state and local governments report information about derivative instruments in their financial statements. The Statement specifically requires governments to measure most derivative instruments at fair value in their financial statements that are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The guidance in this Statement also addresses hedge accounting requirements.
- GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, issued March 2009, will be effective for the District beginning with its year ending June 30, 2011. This Statement is intended to improve the usefulness of information provided to financial report users about fund balances by providing clearer, more structured fund balance classifications and by clarifying the definitions of existing governmental fund types. Fund balance information is among the most widely and frequently used information in state and local government financial reports. The GASB developed this standard to address the diversity of practice and the resulting lack of consistency that had evolved in fund balance reporting. To reduce confusion, the new standard establishes a hierarchy of fund balance classification based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe spending constraints.

The District's management has not yet determined the effect these statements will have on the District's financial statements.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMA	ATION

Schedule of Budgetary Comparison—General Fund Year ended June 30, 2009

		Original budget	Final budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues:	-				
Property taxes	\$	139,311,816	141,103,445	142,237,401	1,133,956
Prop C taxes	*	14,088,732	13,089,878	12,612,616	(477,262)
Other local		3,673,772	8,642,633	7,235,543	(1,407,090)
County		3,281,343	3,550,351	3,947,565	397,214
Basic formula		25,327,985	23,120,482	23,270,915	150,433
Other state		11,779,334	11,077,960	10,389,551	(688,409)
Federal sources		33,055,068	40,940,034	37,672,281	(3,267,753)
Tuition	-			4,006	4,006
Total revenues	_	230,518,050	241,524,783	237,369,878	(4,154,905)
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Administration: Board of Education services:					
Salaries		289,131	253,131	258,065	(4,934)
Benefits		94,927	81,526	80,226	1,300
Purchased services		377,325	363,348	416,815	(53,467)
Supplies and materials		15,750	21,227	50,541	(29,314)
Total Board of Education services	_	777,133	719,232	805,647	(86,415)
Executive administration:					
Salaries		1,358,450	981,276	1,047,522	(66,246)
Benefits		379,404	298,603	283,262	15,341
Purchased services		3,037,816	5,774,205	5,734,627	39,578
Supplies and materials	-	105,635	75,329	41,540	33,789
Total executive administration	_	4,881,305	7,129,413	7,106,951	22,462
Building level administration:					
Salaries		2,537,670	2,473,003	2,605,749	(132,746)
Benefits		1,054,227	988,048	958,017	30,031
Purchased services		183,105	235,870	173,679	62,191
Supplies and materials	-	98,311	135,610	124,797	10,813
Total building level administration	-	3,873,313	3,832,531	3,862,242	(29,711)
Total administration	_	9,531,751	11,681,176	11,774,840	(93,664)
Instruction:					
Elementary:					
Salaries		1,687,990	3,232,926	3,264,425	(31,499)
Benefits		(1,214,891)	1,395,823	1,290,663	105,160
Purchased services		5,767,312	1,178,964	864,672	314,292
Supplies and materials	-	3,187,614	3,561,604	2,824,420	737,184
Total elementary	_	9,428,025	9,369,317	8,244,180	1,125,137

55 (Continued)

Schedule of Budgetary Comparison—General Fund Year ended June 30, 2009

	_	Original budget	Final budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Middle/junior high: Salaries Benefits Purchased services Supplies and materials	\$	131,916 62,968 402,245 185,644	56,353 14,595 113,199 228,472	51,960 16,650 124,040 368,615	4,393 (2,055) (10,841) (140,143)
Total middle/junior high	_	782,773	412,619	561,265	(148,646)
Senior high: Salaries Benefits Purchased services Supplies and materials	_	113,317 (954,328) 2,465,753 1,220,968	311,383 87,067 297,900 2,773,341	299,004 105,390 385,529 3,063,318	12,379 (18,323) (87,629) (289,977)
Total senior high	_	2,845,710	3,469,691	3,853,241	(383,550)
Summer school: Salaries Benefits Purchased services Supplies and materials	_	2,624,505 945,443 892,186 2,288,189	3,065,970 972,855 376,687 1,859,186	2,846,688 892,935 551,840 1,894,754	219,282 79,920 (175,153) (35,568)
Total summer school		6,750,323	6,274,698	6,186,217	88,481
Special education: Salaries Benefits Purchased services Supplies and materials	_	4,107,964 805,876 6,374,684 383,234	3,755,534 1,522,382 6,764,193 347,813	3,733,708 1,451,976 5,765,559 268,173	21,826 70,406 998,634 79,640
Total special education	_	11,671,758	12,389,922	11,219,416	1,170,506
Culturally different: Salaries Benefits Purchased services Supplies and materials	_	1,515,167 777,734 3,858,218 831,260	1,623,366 753,368 4,312,851 2,155,615	1,408,802 637,340 3,003,016 1,619,760	214,564 116,028 1,309,835 535,855
Total culturally different	_	6,982,379	8,845,200	6,668,918	2,176,282
Vocational instruction: Salaries Benefits Purchased services Supplies and materials	_	176,885 69,785 46,334 223,980	184,098 64,082 178,977 543,239	182,184 64,799 149,226 469,254	1,914 (717) 29,751 73,985
Total vocational instruction	_	516,984	970,396	865,463	104,933

56 (Continued)

Schedule of Budgetary Comparison—General Fund Year ended June 30, 2009

	Original budget	Final budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Student activities: Salaries Senefits Purchased services Supplies and materials	429,792 53,236 353,098 155,279	431,605 52,322 341,706 288,260	469,236 63,255 323,953 235,187	(37,631) (10,933) 17,753 53,073
Total student activities	991,405	1,113,893	1,091,631	22,262
Total instruction	39,969,357	42,845,736	38,690,331	4,155,405
Support services: Attendance/placement: Salaries Benefits Purchased services Supplies and materials	2,663,535 945,979 2,882,308 32,200	2,341,188 874,534 2,830,750 43,176	2,394,232 758,548 2,698,941 71,838	(53,044) 115,986 131,809 (28,662)
Total attendance/placement	6,524,022	6,089,648	5,923,559	166,089
Guidance/counseling: Salaries Benefits Purchased services Supplies and materials	732,527 287,177 50,050 14,900	738,102 298,937 35,250 16,400	804,258 297,366 44,791 14,319	(66,156) 1,571 (9,541) 2,081
Total guidance/counseling	1,084,654	1,088,689	1,160,734	(72,045)
Health, psychology, and speech: Salaries Benefits Purchased services Supplies and materials	1,981,277 698,607 15,000 22,109	1,572,946 610,539 17,750 24,809	1,616,267 567,780 7,443 19,324	(43,321) 42,759 10,307 5,485
Total health, psychology, and speech	2,716,993	2,226,044	2,210,814	15,230
Improvement of instruction: Curriculum development: Salaries Benefits Purchased services Supplies and materials	514,348 138,895 1,790,632 200,410	672,672 186,412 6,641,897 1,399,451	468,226 137,103 4,836,841 764,073	204,446 49,309 1,805,056 635,378
Total curriculum development	2,644,285	8,900,432	6,206,243	2,694,189
Staff training: Salaries Benefits Purchased services Supplies and materials	134,275 50,784 1,167,546 219,426	157,775 48,729 844,307 216,921	166,487 36,705 543,113 200,339	(8,712) 12,024 301,194 16,582
Total staff training	1,572,031	1,267,732	946,644	321,088

Schedule of Budgetary Comparison—General Fund Year ended June 30, 2009

	_	Original budget	Final budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Educational media services:					
Salaries	\$	434,742	344,420	374,875	(30,455)
Benefits		154,114	122,755	129,111	(6,356)
Purchased services		46,700	52,260	38,792	13,468
Supplies and materials	_	1,292,100	1,353,670	1,234,487	119,183
Total educational media services	_	1,927,656	1,873,105	1,777,265	95,840
Financial services:					
Salaries		1,567,189	1,372,085	1,340,562	31,523
Benefits		490,739	376,743	390,111	(13,368)
Purchased services		589,121	598,644	576,252	22,392
Supplies and materials	_	54,759	67,707	56,465	11,242
Total financial services	_	2,701,808	2,415,179	2,363,390	51,789
Food service:					
Salaries		16,967	_	(3,392)	3,392
Benefits		10,396	_	(239)	239
Purchased services		_	_	_	_
Supplies and materials	_	180,529	284,216	250,427	33,789
Total food service	_	207,892	284,216	246,796	37,420
Internal service:					
Salaries		480,937	407,882	645,166	(237,284)
Benefits		137,010	114,729	202,154	(87,425)
Purchased services		48,000	71,793	(69,122)	140,915
Supplies and materials	_	6,400	8,200	(67,268)	75,468
Total internal service	_	672,347	602,604	710,930	(108,326)
Planning/research/evaluation: Development services:					
Salaries		679,952	571,581	686,546	(114,965)
Benefits		168,041	124,621	180,618	(55,997)
Purchased services		795,755	783,266	803,995	(20,729)
Supplies and materials		47,400	47,808	26,664	21,144
Total development services		1,691,148	1,527,276	1,697,823	(170,547)

Schedule of Budgetary Comparison—General Fund Year ended June 30, 2009

	Original budget	Final budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Admissions/communication services: Salaries Benefits Purchased services Supplies and materials	512,453 165,286 428,966 9,500	294,359 95,786 859,576 31,019	310,502 94,421 860,989 12,511	(16,143) 1,365 (1,413) 18,508
Total admissions/communications	1,116,205	1,280,740	1,278,423	2,317
Human Resource services: Salaries Benefits Purchased services Supplies and materials	1,323,913 454,187 1,016,896 24,000	1,412,666 374,376 1,105,257 20,500	1,418,761 398,004 965,951 19,909	(6,095) (23,628) 139,306 591
Total personnel services	2,818,996	2,912,799	2,802,625	110,174
Information technology: Salaries Benefits Purchased services Supplies and materials	1,836,519 494,951 3,867,978 190,930	1,757,571 437,139 4,260,967 189,930	1,842,120 508,536 4,881,092 533,077	(84,549) (71,397) (620,125) (343,147)
Total information technology	6,390,378	6,645,607	7,764,825	(1,119,218)
Total support services	32,068,415	37,114,071	35,090,071	2,024,000
Operation of facilities: Salaries Benefits Purchased services Supplies and materials Other purchased services Other supplies and materials	17,710,496 6,602,331 11,476,147 37,600 2,605,693 908,775	16,153,482 5,921,006 11,786,295 57,053 2,391,017 1,371,799	16,691,033 5,765,263 12,565,930 141,024 2,841,424 2,810,267	(537,551) 155,743 (779,635) (83,971) (450,407) (1,438,468)
Total operation of facilities	39,341,042	37,680,652	40,814,941	(3,134,289)
Pupil transportation: Salaries Benefits Purchased services Supplies and materials	18,547,600 6,610	18,177,678 6,610	 17,209,448 1,811	968,230 4,799
Total pupil transportation	18,554,210	18,184,288	17,211,259	973,029
Community and adult services: Adult basic education: Salaries Benefits Purchased services Supplies and materials Total adult basic education	230,647 93,663 86,111 23,007 433,428	185,334 67,322 38,962 70,735 362,353	640,283 177,001 31,868 40,403 889,555	(454,949) (109,679) 7,094 30,332 (527,202)
Adult continuing education: Salaries Benefits Purchased services Supplies and materials Total adult continuing education		4,948 211 4,875 2,995 13,029	6,631 648 4,134 1,712 13,125	(1,683) (437) 741 1,283 (96)

Schedule of Budgetary Comparison—General Fund (continued) Year ended June 30, 2009

	_	Original budget	Final budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Community services: Salaries	\$	3,952,292	4,341,669	4,385,319	(43,650)
Benefits Purchased services Supplies and materials	_	1,336,279 981,390 317,735	1,333,690 1,017,711 737,276	1,214,987 761,401 444,016	118,703 256,310 293,260
Total community services	_	6,587,696	7,430,346	6,805,723	624,623
Total community and adult services	_	7,021,124	7,805,728	7,708,403	97,325
Facilities/acquisition and construction: Salaries Benefits Purchased services Supplies and materials		_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _
Other purchased services	_				
Total facilities/acquisition and construction	_				
Total expenditures	_	146,485,899	155,311,651	151,289,845	4,021,806
Revenues over (under) expenditures	_	84,032,151	86,213,132	86,080,033	(133,099)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in		936,388	15,778,020	18,170,479	(2,392,459)
Transfers out	_	(103,964,198)	(101,933,395)	(101,831,503)	(101,892)
Total other financing sources	_	(103,027,810)	(86,155,375)	(83,661,024)	(2,494,351)
Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures	\$ _	(18,995,659)	57,757	2,419,009	2,361,252
Fund balance, beginning of year				44,876,850	
Fund balance, end of year			5	47,295,859	

See Note to Required Supplementary Information.

Schedule of Budgetary Comparison—Teachers' Fund Year ended June 30, 2009

	_	Original budget	Final budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues:					
Prop C taxes	\$	8,453,239	7,853,927	7,567,571	(286,356)
Local		· · · —	· · · —	9,762	9,762
County		356,478	356,478	261,538	(94,940)
Basic Formula		52,868,065	47,497,780	46,900,651	(597,129)
State		480,400	469,800	543,290	73,490
Federal		508,049	502,813	1,474,332	971,519
Other	_	5,209	9,268	9,268	
Total revenues	_	62,671,440	56,690,066	56,766,412	76,346
Expenditures: Current: Administration: Executive administration:					
Salaries		270,000	170,000	119,188	50,812
Benefits		88,071	39,818	24,934	14,884
Total executive administration	-	358,071	209,818	144,122	65,696
Building level administration:	_				
Salaries		10,787,799	11,138,819	11,204,783	(65,964)
Benefits		2,773,173	2,656,922	2,579,377	77,545
T-4-1 111 11 11	-				
Total building level administration		13,560,972	13,795,741	13,784,160	11,581
	-				
Total administration	_	13,919,043	14,005,559	13,928,282	77,277
Instruction: Elementary:					
Salaries		45,799,555	41,153,425	41,419,624	(266,199)
Benefits		14,131,945	10,588,193	11,523,070	(934,877)
Total elementary	-	59,931,500	51,741,618	52,942,694	(1,201,076)
,	-	, -,	, ,	,,	

Schedule of Budgetary Comparison—Teachers' Fund Year ended June 30, 2009

	_	Original budget	Final budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Middle/junior high: Salaries Benefits	\$	4,129,496 1,226,510	5,498,243 1,362,547	5,591,195 1,575,844	(92,952) (213,297)
Total middle/junior high	_	5,356,006	6,860,790	7,167,039	(306,249)
Senior high: Salaries Benefits	_	15,302,693 4,711,319	15,912,561 3,875,166	15,797,865 4,256,015	114,696 (380,849)
Total senior high	_	20,014,012	19,787,727	20,053,880	(266,153)
Other Instruction: Salaries Benefits	_	5,141,456 470,330	4,707,860 442,071	4,747,719 422,375	(39,859) 19,696
Total summer school	_	5,611,786	5,149,931	5,170,094	(20,163)
Special education: Salaries Benefits	_	22,036,424 6,732,743	19,369,538 4,933,159	20,214,965 5,276,656	(845,427) (343,497)
Total special education	_	28,769,167	24,302,697	25,491,621	(1,188,924)
Culturally different: Salaries Benefits	_	3,120,385 978,218	4,340,598 1,028,795	3,411,754 863,707	928,844 165,088
Total culturally different	_	4,098,603	5,369,393	4,275,461	1,093,932
Vocational instruction: Salaries Benefits	_	1,977,126 565,224	1,900,179 510,814	1,800,856 461,755	99,323 49,059
Total vocational instruction	_	2,542,350	2,410,993	2,262,611	148,382
Student activities: Salaries Fringes	_	803,404 62,644	801,817 63,411	804,011 71,453	(2,194) (8,042)
Total student activities	_	866,048	865,228	875,464	(10,236)
Total instruction	_	127,189,472	116,488,377	118,238,864	(1,750,487)

62

Schedule of Budgetary Comparison—Teachers' Fund Year ended June 30, 2009

	_	Original budget	Final budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Support services: Attendance/placement:					
Salaries Benefits	\$	125,608 56,021	58,499 13,438	28,335 6,233	30,164 7,205
Total attendance/placement	_	181,629	71,937	34,568	37,369
Guidance/counseling: Salaries Benefits	_	4,486,010 1,332,350	4,503,336 1,230,125	4,329,956 1,152,893	173,380 77,232
Total guidance/counseling	_	5,818,360	5,733,461	5,482,849	250,612
Health, psychology, and speech: Salaries Benefits	_	1,089,520 385,169	1,311,446 300,325	1,339,082 350,802	(27,636) (50,477)
Total health, psychology, and speech	_	1,474,689	1,611,771	1,689,884	(78,113)
Improvement of instruction: Current developments: Salaries Benefits		8,405,337 2,138,988	9,802,530 2,305,473	8,110,900 1,929,583	1,691,630 375,890
Total current developments		10,544,325	12,108,003	10,040,483	2,067,520
Staff training: Salaries Benefits	_	904,235 247,190	750,801 149,099	2,223,173 289,307	(1,472,372) (140,208)
Total staff training	_	1,151,425	899,900	2,512,480	(1,612,580)
Educational media services: Salaries Benefits	_	3,154,470 898,202	3,090,176 849,870	3,210,131 803,446	(119,955) 46,424
Total educational media		4,052,672	3,940,046	4,013,577	(73,531)
Financial services: Salaries Benefits	_	53,724 15,738	53,724 14,779		53,724 14,779
Total financial services	_	69,462	68,503		68,503

Schedule of Budgetary Comparison—Teachers' Fund (continued) Year ended June 30, 2009

		Original budget	Final budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Planning/research/evaluation/					
development services: Salaries Benefits	\$_	157,759 47,012	105,009 33,804		105,009 33,804
Total planning/research/ evaluation/ development services	_	204,771	138,813		138,813
Human Resource services: Salaries Benefits	_	_ 			
Total personnel services	_				
Information technology: Salaries Benefits	_	46,284			
Total technology services	_	46,284			
Total support services	_	23,543,617	24,572,434	23,773,841	798,593
Community and adult services: Adult basic education: Salaries Benefits	_	398,712 137,907	507,621 125,927		507,621 125,927
Total adult basic education	_	536,619	633,548		633,548
Adult continuing education: Salaries Benefits	_	_ 	10,768 1,232		10,768 1,232
Total adult continuing education	_		12,000		12,000
Community services: Salaries Benefits	_	1,316,591 130,296	1,010,793 100,750	786,457 70,467	224,336 30,283
Total community services	_	1,446,887	1,111,543	856,924	254,619
Total community and adult services	_	1,983,506	1,757,091	856,924	900,167
Total expenditures	_	166,635,638	156,823,461	156,797,911	25,550
Revenues under expenditures		(103,964,198)	(100,133,395)	(100,031,499)	101,896
Other financing sources: Transfers in	_	103,964,198	100,133,395	100,031,499	(101,896)
Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures	\$_			_	
Fund balance, beginning of year	_	<u>. </u>			
Fund balance, end of year			:	\$	

See Note to Required Supplementary Information.

Note to the Required Supplementary Information
June 30, 2008

Budgetary Information

Budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. For financial reporting purposes, expenditures related to fringe costs are disclosed within the functional expenditure categories. In the GAAP-basis statements, these costs are reclassified as transfers out. Annual budgets are prepared in accordance with Missouri state statutes, which include estimated revenues from all sources, itemized by fiscal year, fund and source and proposed expenditures itemized by fiscal year, fund, function and object. The legal level of budgetary control is at the object level. The Board adopts annual appropriations for the following funds:

Major funds:
General
Teachers'
Capital Projects

Nonmajor funds: Child Nutritional Services

The project (life-to-date) budget included in the Capital Project Fund activity is not appropriated annually and, therefore, is not reflected in the accompanying budgetary comparison schedules. In addition, the Debt Service Fund and Other Special Revenue Fund are not budgeted.

Budgets are not adopted for certain other nonmajor funds that include the Student Activity, Patron Gift and Patron Endowments.

Appropriations are encumbered upon issuance of a purchase order for budget compliance. At year-end, unencumbered appropriations lapse, and encumbered appropriations are generally reappropriated in the following year. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as a reservation of fund balance in the governmental fund statements.

In the governmental fund financial statements, certain fringe benefit costs are classified as a transfer out and transfers into the Other Special Revenue Fund and the Risk Management Fund. In the budgetary comparison schedules, these fringe costs are recorded as expenditures.

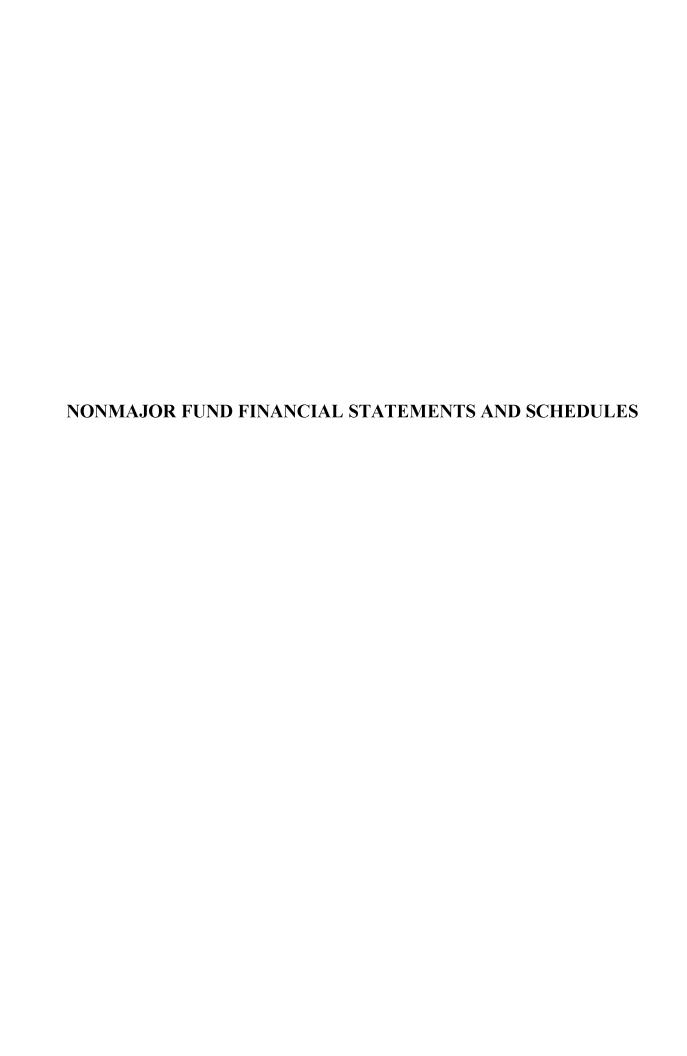
The Board must approve expenditures in excess of appropriations at the fund level. Budgeted expenditure amendments during the fiscal year resulted in a 6.0% increase in the General Fund. The Board approved expenditure amendments in the Teachers' Fund of a 5.8% decrease. Approved amendments to the Capital Project Fund increased by 67.3%.

Other Post-Employment Benefits Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Fundi	ng Progr	ess					
			Actuarial				UAAL as a
	Ac	tuarial	Accrued Liability	Unfunded			Percent of
Actuarial	Value	of Assets	(AAL)	AAL	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	Covered Payroll
Valuation Date		(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b-a)/c)
6/30/08	\$	-	\$ 5,271,862	\$ 5,271,862	0%	\$192,477,445	2.74%
6/30/09	\$	-	\$15,529,352	\$ 15,529,352	0%	\$178,255,302	8.71%

Note: The District implemented GASB Statement No. 45 in fiscal year 2008.

The information presented as required supplementary information was determined as part of the June 30, 2009 actuarial valuation. The projected unit credit method was used. The actuarial assumptions include a 4% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) and an annual health care cost trend rate of 10% for medical claims, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 5% after four years. The UAAL is being amortized as a level dollar amount over a period of 30 years.





Nonmajor Governmental Funds—Combining Balance Sheet

June 30, 2009

tund nonmajor	patron governmental endowments funds	- 470,362 3 157,186 360,239 1 1,396 3,677 - 935,960 - 559,505	4 2,329,743	0 1,184,970 - 410,325 - 481,700	0	35,000 4 35,000 204,484	$\begin{array}{cccc} - & & & & (110,318) \\ \hline - & & & & 123,582 \\ \hline \end{array}$	4 158,582 252,748 4 158,582 2,329,743
	Patron gift	203,053	205,334	850	850	204,484		204,484
Special revenue	Student activity	467,857	467,857				467,857	467,857
	Child Nutritional services	\$ 2,505 	\$ 1,497,970	\$ 1,184,120 410,325 481,700	2,076,145		(578,175)	(578,175)
	Assets	Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Interest receivable Due from other governments Due from Community/Charter Schools	Total assets Liabilities and Fund Balance	Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds Deferred revenue	Total liabilities	Fund balance (deficit): Reserved for: Permanent fund, nonexpendable corpus Patron gifts Unreserved: Undesignated:	Special revenue funds Permanent fund	Total fund balance Total liabilities and fund balance

Nonmajor Governmental Funds— Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

		Special revenue		Permanent fund	Total nonmajor
	Child Nutritional services	Student activity	Patron gift	patron endowments	governmental funds
Revenues:	,	707 660	000	C 6 7	710 100 1
Local Other state	\$ 1,020,082 66 362	977,080	6,70 3 —	C,447 —	1,981,916
Federal	9,517,210				9,517,210
Total revenues	10,633,654	922,686	6,703	2,445	11,565,488
Expenditures:					
Instruction		965,930	10,555		976,485
Support services	12,957,866				12,957,866
Total expenditures	12,957,866	965,930	10,555		13,934,351
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,324,212)	(43,244)	(3,852)	2,445	(2,368,863)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in	1,800,000	I	I	l	1,800,000
Transfers out	(53,963)		1		(53,963)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,746,037				1,746,037
Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing (uses)	(578,175)	(43,244)	(3,852)	2,445	(622,826)
Fund balances, beginning of year		511,101	208,336	156,137	875,574
Fund balances , end of year	\$ (578,175)	467,857	204,484	158,582	252,748

Child Nutritional Services Fund— Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance— Budget and Actual

	_	Original budget	Final budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues:					
Local	\$	2,326,453	1,407,798	1,050,082	(357,716)
State		90,000	90,000	66,362	(23,638)
Federal	_	11,800,000	10,850,000	9,517,210	(1,332,790)
Total revenues	_	14,216,453	12,347,798	10,633,654	(1,714,144)
Expenditures: Current:					
Support services: Salaries		4,400,137	4,210,423	3,775,556	434,867
Benefits		2,441,251	2,391,136	1,898,978	492,158
Purchased services		842,942	956,189	1,032,199	(76,010)
Supplies and materials		6,368,123	6,490,050	6,280,320	209,730
Total expenditures		14,052,453	14,047,798	12,987,053	1,060,745
Revenues under expenditures		164,000	(1,700,000)	(2,353,399)	(653,399)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers out	_		1,800,000	1,800,000 (24,776)	(24,776)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_		1,800,000	1,775,224	(24,776)
Revenues over expenditures and other financing uses	\$ _	164,000	100,000	(578,175)	(678,175)
Fund balance, beginning of year	_			_	
Fund balance, end of year				\$ (578,175)	
i una barance, ena or year				Ψ (376,173)	

Capital Projects Fund— Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance— Budget and Actual

Year ended June 30, 2009

	_	Original budget	Final budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues:					
Property taxes	\$	6,738,574	7,671,289	7,688,471	17,182
Other local		356,698	974,792	1,360,411	385,619
State		68,975	36,291	· · · · —	(36,291)
Federal		384,627	2,263,298	133,158	(2,130,140)
Other sources			, , , <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	´—	
Total revenues		7,548,874	10,945,670	9,182,040	(1,763,630)
Expenditures:					
Capital outlay:					
Administration:					
Board of education services		3,500	4,118	3,354	764
Executive administration		25,645	7,000	579	6,421
Building level administration		6,000	20,628	12,213	8,415
Total administration	_	35,145	31,746	16,146	15,600
Instruction:	_				
Elementary		25,866	283,303	200,783	82,520
Middle/junior high		54,000	42,084	31,932	10,152
Senior high		60,000	559,841	392,078	167,763
Summer school		19,000	19,000	1,460	17,540
Special education		23,510	20,799	15,175	5,624
Culturally different		307,157	1,948,148	1,629,535	318,613
Vocational instruction		183,711	518,097	577,674	(59,577)
Student activities		90,000	217,603	240,923	(23,320)
Total instruction	_	763,244	3,608,875	3,089,560	519,315
	_	703,244	3,000,075	3,067,500	
Support services:		10.000	10.401	C 401	4.010
Attendance/placement		10,000	10,491	6,481	4,010
Guidance/counseling		6,950	7,214	5,579	1,635
Health/Psychology/Speech/Audiology			3,250	3,249	1
Improvement of instruction:		574.079	200 000	227 417	(0.662
Curriculum development		564,978	288,080	227,417	60,663
Staff training		7,000	540	2,545	(2,005)
Educational media services		93,639	241,643	111,025	130,618
Finance/support services		19,000	9,238	2,236	7,002
Food service		164,000	146,800	56,575	90,225
Internal service		2,000	1,118	39,072	(37,954)
Planning/research/development services		18,500	10,071	10,022	49
Admissions/communication services Personnel services		11,700	1,364	4,985	(3,621)
Information technology service		11,000 1,176,150	2,000 3,888,965	1,533,876	2,000 2,355,089
Total support services	_	2,084,917	4,610,774	2,003,062	2,607,712
	_				
Operation of facilities Pupil transportation		149,638 5,580	640,608	797,447 —	(156,839)
Community and adult services:					
Adult basic education		1,280	19,595	19,596	(1)
Community services		47,350	5,426	426	5,000
Total community and adult services	_	48,630	25,021	20,022	4,999
Facilities acquisition and construction:	_	·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· ·	· ·
Capital outlay		13,642,670	27,994,360	17,735,961	10,258,399
Other expenditures		16,000	21,77 4 ,500 —	17,733,701	10,230,377
1	_	10,000			
Total facilities acquisition		12 (50 (50	27.004.240	15 505 061	10.050.300
and construction	_	13,658,670	27,994,360	17,735,961	10,258,399

Capital Projects Fund— Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance— Budget and Actual (Continued)

	Original budget	Final budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Debt service: Principal Interest	\$ 13,189,368	13,189,368	9,945,000 3,244,368	3,244,368 (3,244,368)
Total debt service	13,189,368	13,189,368	13,189,368	
Total expenditures	29,935,192	50,100,752	36,851,566	13,249,186
Revenues under expenditures	(22,386,318)	(39,155,082)	(27,669,526)	11,485,556
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers out Unrealized proceeds- surplus assets Sale of capital assets	3,251,135 (326,367) —	5,187,372 — — —	41,522,073 (5,052,608) 1,826,463	36,334,701 (5,052,608) 1,826,463
Total other financing sources	2,924,768	5,187,372	38,295,928	33,108,556
Revenues and other financing sources under expenditures and other financing uses	\$ (19,461,550)	(33,967,710)	10,626,402	44,594,112
Fund balance, beginning of year			39,921,608	
Fund balance, end of year			\$50,548,010	

THE SCHOOL DISTRICT OF KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI

Capital Projects Fund—
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance—by Project

_ <u>~</u>			
Total Capital Projects funds	7,688,471 1,360,411 — 133,158 9,182,040	3,354 579 12,213 16,146	200,783 31,932 392,078 1,460 15,175 1,629,535 577,674 240,923 3,089,560
Child Nutrition Capital Projects			
Operating Capital Projects	7,688,471 385,800 — 133,158 8,207,429	3,354 579 12,213 16,146	200,783 31,932 392,078 1,460 15,175 1,629,535 577,674 240,923
Capital Projects L-T-D Fund	\$ 974,611		
Function	Revenue: Property taxes Other local Other state Federal Total revenues	Expenditures: Administration: Board of education Executive administration Building administration Total administration	Instruction: Elementary schools Middle schools High schools Summer schools Special education Culturally different Vocational instruction Student activities Total instruction

Capital Projects Fund—Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance—by Project

THE SCHOOL DISTRICT OF KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI

Capital Projects Fund—
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance—by Project

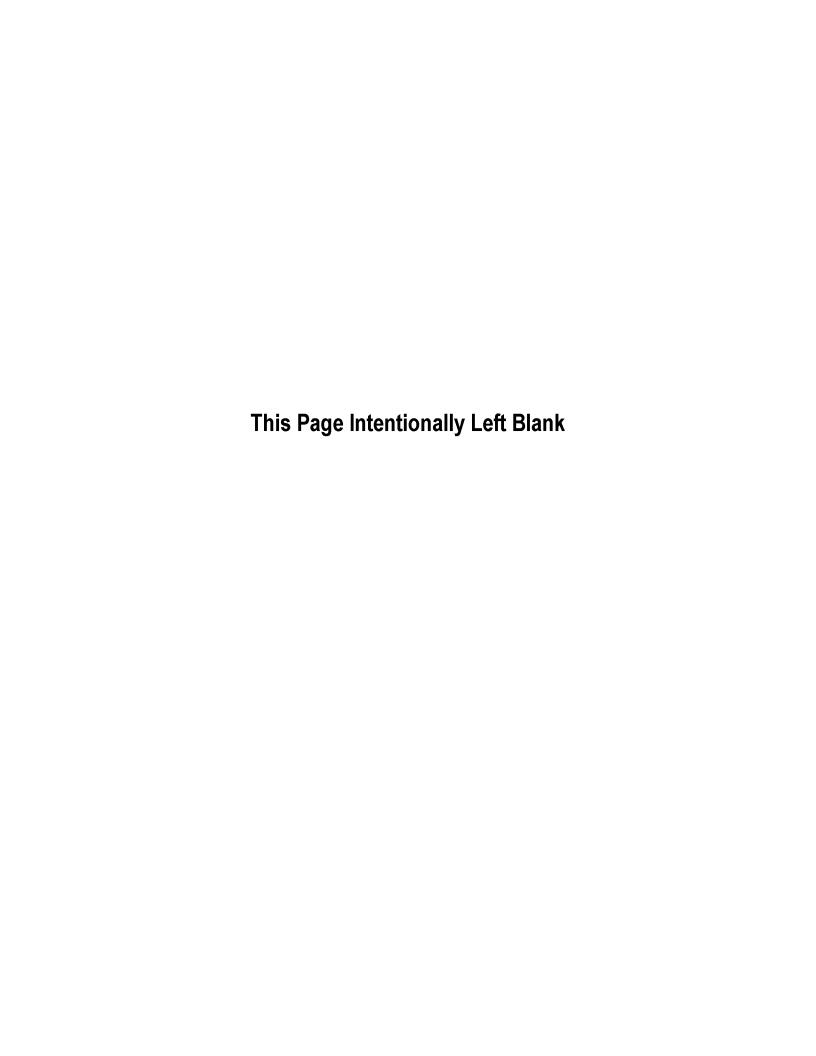
Total Capital Projects funds	17,735,961	17,735,961	23,662,198	(14,480,158)	41,522,073 (18,241,976) — 1,826,463	25,106,560	10,626,402	39,921,608 50,548,010
Child Nutrition Capital Projects			24,775	(24,775)	24,775 	24,775	I	
Operating Capital Projects	1		5,618,050	2,589,379	(2,515,962) 	(2,515,962)	73,417	9,891,325
Capital Projects L-T-D Fund	\$ 17,735,961	17,735,961	18,019,373	(17,044,762)	41,497,298 (15,726,014) — 1,826,463	27,597,747	10,552,985	\$0,030,283 \$\frac{40,583,268}{}
Function	Capital outlay: Facilities	Total capital outlay	Total expenditures	Revenues over (under) expenditures	Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfer out Capital lease Unrealized proceeds- surplus assets Sale of capital assets	Total financing sources (uses)	Revenues and other financing sources under expenditures and other financing uses	Fund balances – beginning of year Fund balances – end of year

THE SCHOOL DISTRICT OF KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI

Capital Projects Fund—Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance- by Project (continued)

June 30, 2009

Function	Capital Projects L-T-D Fund	General Capital Projects	Child Nutrition Capital Projects	Total Capital Projects funds
Fund balance:				
Encumbrances	\$ 6,014,589	4,018,519	1	10,033,108
Long-term building maintenance	11,298,532	1	I	11,298,532
Technology Plan	2,783,551	1	I	2,783,551
CIP Escrow	12,599,545			12,599,545
E Rate/ E Rate support	1,848,494			1,848,494
Capital assets declared surplus	5,020,821	1	1	5,020,821
Undesignated	1,017,736	5,946,223		6,963,959
Total fund balance	\$ 40,583,268	9,964,742		50,548,010





Internal Service Funds

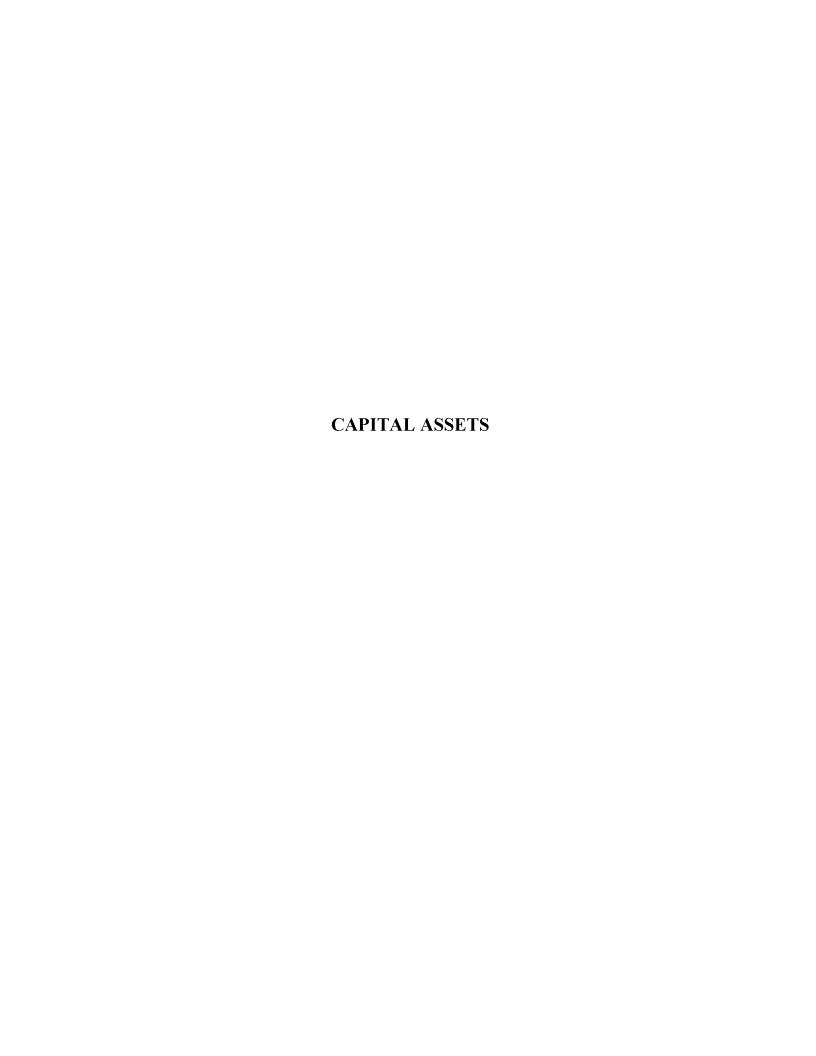
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets

	Administrative Service Center	Risk Management	Total
Operating revenues: Charges for administrative services	\$		
Total operating revenues			
Operating expenses: Salaries, wages, and employee benefits Utilities, supplies, and materials Other contractual services Other Depreciation	 	 	
Total operating expenses			
Operating income (loss)	_		_
Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Interest earnings Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) Loss before transfers			
Transfers in Transfers out	(351,573)	(16,832,299)	(17,183,872)
Change in net assets	(351,573)	(16,832,299)	(17,183,872)
Total net assets beginning of year	351,573	16,832,299	17,183,872
Total net assets ending of year	\$		

Internal Service Funds

Combining Statement of Cash Flows

		Administrative Service Center	Risk Management	Total
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from interfund services provided Receipts from insurance claim Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	\$	_ _ _ _		
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	_			
Cash flows from noncapital and related financing activities: Transfers to other funds Transfers from other funds	_	(161,174)	(17,263,111)	(17,424,285)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Sale of capital assets Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	-	(161,174)		(17,424,285)
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest income received	_			
Net cash provided by investing activities	_	<u> </u>		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(161,174)	(17,263,111)	(17,424,285)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		161,174	17,263,111	17,424,285
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$		_	_
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	\$	_		
Depreciation expense		_	_	_
Decrease in other receivable Decrease in inventory		_	_	_
Decrease in A/P and accrued salaries/fringes			_	_
Decrease in claims payable	-	<u> </u>		
Total adjustments	-			
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ =			
Noncash, transfer of assets and liabilities to General Fund: Interest receivable Other receivables Supplies inventories Accounts payable Claims payable Noncash, transfer of capital assets	\$	(140) (240,009) 63,143 (13,393)	(204,798) (42,866) ———————————————————————————————————	(204,798) (43,006) (240,009) 68,371 673,248 (13,393)
	\$ =	(190,399)	430,812	240,413



Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds by Source

June 30, 2009 (with comparative totals for June 30, 2008)

		To	otal
	-	2009	2008
Capital assets (gross):			
Land	\$	42,320,265	42,537,492
Buildings		550,993,420	551,326,837
Improvements other than buildings		41,449,326	41,381,177
Equipment, furniture, and vehicles		33,832,464	33,453,585
Construction in progress	_	4,725,777	253,111
Total	\$	673,321,252	668,952,202
Investment in capital assets by source:			
General fund	\$	479,155	404,204
Capital projects		671,956,514	667,470,902
Special revenue		805,380	857,346
Trust and agency		13,127	13,127
Internal service		_	139,547
Donations	<u>-</u>	67,076	67,076
Total	\$	673,321,252	668,952,202

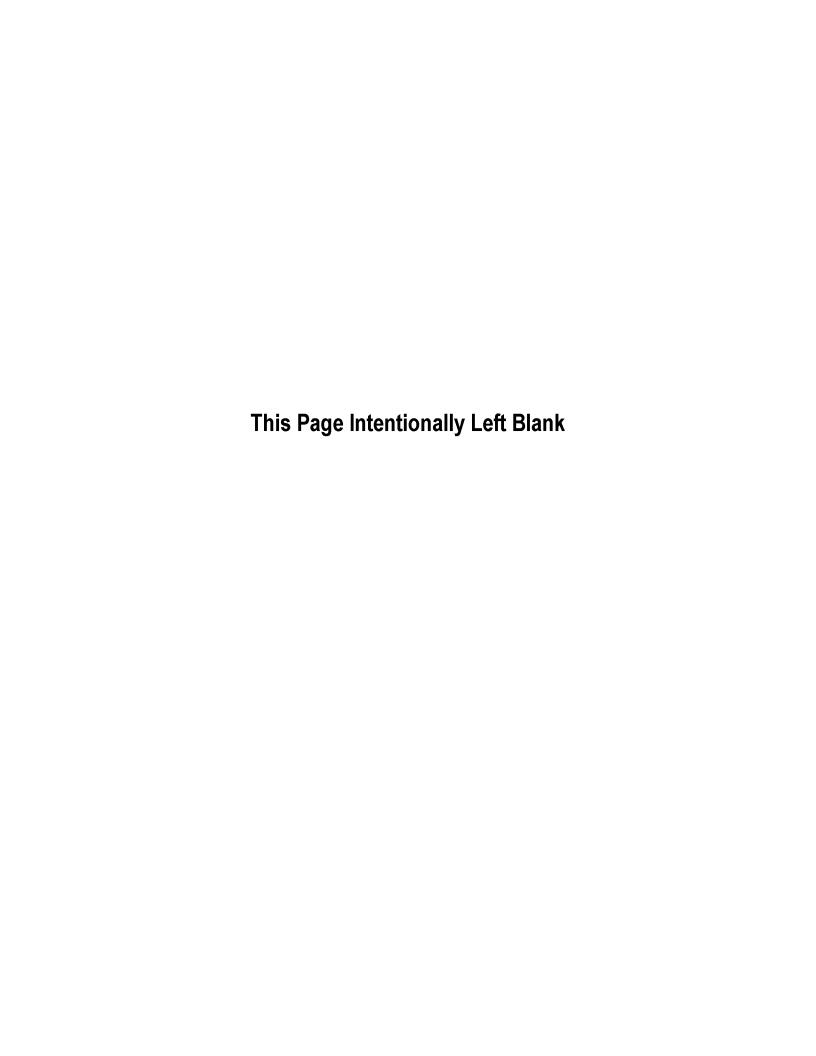
Schedule of Changes of Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds by Function and Activity

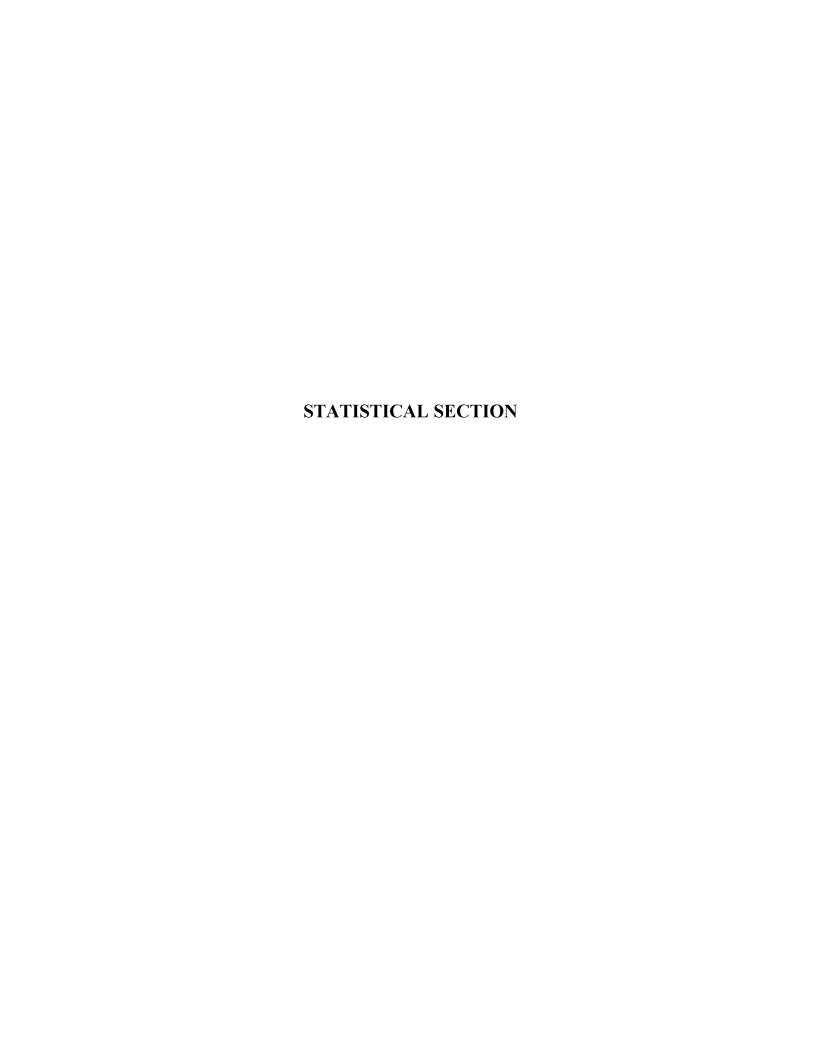
Ending balance June 30, 2009	229,224,566 134,798,730 279,363,445 25,208,734	673,321,252
Construction- in-progress transfers		(90,152)
Retirements	(20,616) (23,650) (10,893,221) (88,848)	(11,026,335)
Additions	8,540,730 325,557 1,501,724 554,708	15,485,537
Adjustments	247,282 (1,198,938) 730,811 220,845	
Beginning balance July 1, 2008	\$ 220,457,170 135,695,761 288,024,131 24,522,029	\$ 668,952,202
Classification	High schools Middle schools Elementary schools Administration	Total

Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds by Function and Activity

June 30, 2009

Total	229,224,566 134,798,730 279,363,445	25,208,734 4,725,777	673,321,252
Construction- in-progress		4,725,777	4,725,777
Vehicles	144,708 5,000 —	1,708,361	1,858,069
Equipment, furniture, vehicles	7,568,421 2,900,442 13.869.598	7,635,934	31,974,395
Improvements other than buildings	17,428,631 6,069,332 16.634.525	1,316,838	41,449,326
Buildings	186,192,673 118,907,866 234,198.844	11,694,037	550,993,420
Land	\$ 17,890,133 6,916,090 14,660,478	2,853,564	\$ 42,320,265
Classification	High schools Middle schools Elementary schools	Administration Construction-in-progress	Total





Statistical Section

This section provides detail information to enable the reader to gain a better understanding of the District's financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information.

Contents

Financial Trends – These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the District's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Table 1 - Table 4

Revenue Capacity – These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the District's most significant local revenue sources, the property tax.

Table 5 – Table 8

Debt Capacity – These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the District's current levels of outstanding debt and the District's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Table 9 – Table 11

Demographic And Economic Information – These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the District's financial activities take place.

Table 12 – Table 13

Note: Personal income data is currently not available.

Operating Information – These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the District's financial report relates to the services the District provides and the activities it performs.

Table 14

Note: The District is gathering prior year data about its operations for disclosure in future reports.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules comes from the comprehensive annual report for the relevant year. Schedules presenting government-wide information begin in fiscal year 2002, when GASB 34 was implemented.

THE SCHOOL DISTRICT OF KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI
Net Assets by Component
Last Eight Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)
(amounts expressed in thousands)
(unaudited)

									Fisc	Fiscal Year	ear						
Classification		2009		2008	· I	2007	1	2(2006	I	2005	I	2004		2003		2002
Governmental activities: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	∽	371,354 12,489 114,368	50	351,989 60,705 115,956	∽ .	373,750 61,244 136,244	~ <u></u>	367 80 139	367,206 80,562 139,480	∽	355,084 91,949 147,063	∽	286,221 104,562 219,797	∽ .	276,092 121,029 204,002	≶	282,333 101,547 241,529
Total governmental activities, net of assets	∞	498,211	 50 	528,650	∞	571,238	~ 		587,248	∞	594,096	∞	610,580	∞ "	601,123	∞ "	625,409
Business-type activities: Unrestricted	∻	522	50 1	1,426	⇔ .	1,829	s		1,108	50	79	50	468	∞	200	∞	(80)
Total business-type activities, net of assets	∞	522	 S	1,426	اا حح	1,829	~ 		1,108	∞	79	∞	468	 ∻	200	∞	(80)
Primary government: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	⊘	371,354 12,489 114,890	59	351,989 60,705 117,382	∽ I	373,750 61,244 138,073	~ - <u>~</u>	367 80 140	367,206 80,562 140,588	∽	355,084 91,949 147,142	∽	286,221 104,562 220,265	≶	276,092 121,029 204,202	S	282,333 101,547 241,449
Total primary government, net of assets	⊗	498,734	∞ "	530,076	∞	573,067	 	588	588,356	∞	594,175	∾	611,048	~ - 	601,323	∞ "	625,329

THE SCHOOL DISTRICT OF KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI Changes in Net Assets

Last Eight Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)
(amounts expressed in thousands)
(unaudited)

	ı							Fisc	Fiscal Year	ear							
Classification		2009	' !	2008		2007	1	2006		2005	l	2004		2003		2002	
Expenses																	
Governmental activities:	6	75 51	6	121 55	5	003.30	5	250 00	5	22 640	5	107.00	5	15.400	5	30, 20	
Tretmetion	9	21 <i>C,C2</i> 175 175	9	102,404	9	103,207	9	174 168	9	23,040 182 163	9	22,421 171 850	9	20,407 174 603	9	175 420	
Sumont services		76.835		79.53		77.738		93 921		86 582		79 487		74 611		73,427	
Operation of facilities		40,936		44.578		40,000		38,682		36.317		34,423		34,927		33,053	
Pupil transportation		17,211		18,703		22,132		23,988		23,126		21,958		21,433		21,604	
Facilities improvements and renovation		7,909		1,413		403		612		Ĺ		1,168		2,772		18,105	
Community and adult services		8,478		11,557		6,226		6,237		5,407		5,599		5,287		4,980	
Interest on long-term debt	ı	2,791	'	3,902		4,982		6,023		6,969		6,834		9,300		11,056	
Total governmental activities expenses	∽ "	\$ 354,846	 	376,416	- 	370,287	- S	368,507	II	364,212	II	343,740	` '	348,505	II	361,117	
Business-type activities	Ð	104	9	380	Ð	603	÷	121		3 586		3663		3763		991.9	
Total governmental activities expenses))	194	e' 	389	• • I	693)) 	121	ı	3,586	I	5,226		6,275	I	6,766	
·	1		' . 		I		!		1	,	1	,		,	1	`	
Total primary government expenses	⊗	\$ 355,040	 	376,805	 ∥	370,980		368,628	∽	367,798	∽	348,966	<u>~</u> }	354,780	∽	367,883	

THE SCHOOL DISTRICT OF KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI
Changes in Net Assets
Last Eight Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)
(amounts expressed in thousands)
(unaudited)

				Fisca	Fiscal Year			
Classification	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002
Program Revenues								
Governmental activities:								
Charges for services								
Administration	- -		\$ -			\$		
Instruction		20		50	69		218	208
Support services	1,992	3,763	3,741	3,596	4,007	3,528	4,167	3,886
Operation of facilities	, 61	69	. 65	70	, 61	556	466	746
Pupil transportation	4		13	7		∞		
Facilities improvements and renovation								
Community and adult services	156	88		09	741	253	68	79
Interest on long-term debt								1
Operating grants and contributions								
Administration	0	1	10	10	22	54	14	1
Instruction	37,711	34,431	37,816	84,511	84,675	74,089	74,078	76,035
Support services	18,068	12,807	14,884	16,113	14,327	16,467	14,929	16,038
Operation of facilities				55				
Pupil transportation	6,405	7,104	8,297	8,421	8,875	8,210	8,868	9,250
Facilities improvements and renovation					l			
Community and adult services	029	895	1,227	2,714	1,557	926	1,128	100
Interest on long-term debt								
Capital grants and contributions								
Administration	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Instruction	37	620	82	51	818	1,264	731	831
Support services		37	617	5,362	4,684	22,024	385	273
Operation of facilities	189		40	11				
Pupil transportation								
Facilities improvements and renovation	495		1	251	1	3,649	7,847	10,741
Community and adult services	12	861	1		16		%	1
Interest on long-term debt								
Total governmental activities program revenue	65,801	60,695	66,792	121,282	119,852	131,078	112,928	118,487

THE SCHOOL DISTRICT OF KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI
Changes in Net Assets
Last Eight Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)
(amounts expressed in thousands)
(unaudited)

				Fisca	Fiscal Year			
Classification	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002
Business-type activities: Charges for services Total business-type activities program revenues Total primary governmental program revenues	287 287 \$ 66,088 \$	728 728 6 61,423 \$	1,240 1,240 1,240 68,032 \$	146 146 121,428 1	3,197 3,197 123,049 \$	5,743 5,743 136,821 \$	6,819 6,819 6,119,747 \$	6,654 6,654 125,141
Net (expense)/revenue Governmental activities Business-type activities Total primary government net expense	\$ (289,045) \$ 93	\$ (315,721) \$ 339 \$ (315,382) \$	(303,495) \$ 547 (302,948) \$	(247,225) \$ 25 (247,200) \$	(244,360) \$ (389) (244,749) \$	(212,662) \$ 517 (212,145) \$	\$ (235,577) \$ 544 \$ (235,033) \$	(242,630) (112) (242,742)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets								
Property taxes Pron C Sales tax	\$ 152,705 \$ 20.180	\$ 159,256 \$ 23,051	; 146,230 § 28.187	3 146,230 \$ 28.187	135,885 \$ 27,995	138,240 \$ 26,281	3 125,895 \$ 25.077	149,176
Other local revenues	3,600	2,100	1,935	1,935	2,558	2,186	2,264	2,924
County governmental contributions	4,209	4,025	6,356	6,356	3,949	3,626	3,625	3,437
State aid-basic formula	70,175	89,732	47,106	47,106	53,593	42,441	40,840	46,086
Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs	821	1,051	1,820	1,820	1,730	1,483	1,376	1,482
Investment earnings	4,500	10,486	9,747	9,747	9,609	7,613	10,978	13,696
Special item, gain on sale of capital asset	1 410	012 2100					973	
Extraordinary nem Transfers	1,419	(17,519) 750	(1,004)	(1,004)		 249	 264	248
Total governmental activities	258,606	273,133	240,377	240,377	235,319	222,119	211,292	243,011
Dusmess-type acuvines. Investment earnings	3	8						
Transfers		(750)	1,004	1,004		(249)	(265)	(248)
Total business-type activities Total primary government	\$ <u>257,610</u> \$	\$\frac{(742)}{272,391}\$	1,004 241,381 \$	$\frac{1,004}{241,381}$ \$		(249) 221,870 \$	$\frac{(265)}{211,027}$ \$	(248) 242,763
Change in Net Assets	(0.00)	(100,000)	(0110)	(0)	4	2	00000	
Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ (50,439) \$ (904)	(42,387) \$ (403)	(63,118) 3	(6,848) \$ 1,029	(9,041) \$ (389)	9,457 \$ 268	279 (24,283)	381 (360)
Total primary government	\$ (31,343) \$	(42	(61	(\mathfrak{S})	6)	6	(24,006) \$	

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

Last Eight Fiscal Years (Modified accrual basis of accounting) (Amounts expressed in thousands)

(unaudited)

	ļ						Fisc	Fiscal Year						1
Classification	 	2009		2008	2007		2006	["	2005	2004	40 	2003	2002	I
General Fund Reserved Unreserved:	>	1,853	99	5,243	\$ 2,565	€	701	50	1,434 \$		356 \$	2,440	\$ 4,364	
Designated: Grant activity Reserve for Contingency Undesignated		2,742 5,000 37,701	(1)	4,041 — 35,593	2,394	# . 0	9,946	4	 44,703	45,	 45,975	 48,764		
Total general fund	∽	47,296	- - - - -	44,877	\$ 62,878	` ∻ 	65,681		46,137	46,33]	331	51,204	29,364	
All other governmental funds														
Teachers' funds	50		∽	1		59		5/3	1,078 \$		\$		-	
Grant activity funds Other special revenue funds										Τ,	1,397 —	1,157		
Debt service funds		11,968	•	60,171	58,093	~	71,484	∞	84,227	97,	278	113,570	96,912	
Capital projects funds		15,054		4,381	228	~ .	4,424		5,792	Ċ,	5,481	10,100	5,974	
Nonmajor funds Unreserved, reported in:		239		382	73.	~	1,133		2,118		900	1,278	1,632	
Designated: Long-term building maintenance		11.299		9.588	15.275	10	14,167	_	15.476	15	15.543	8.472	8.263	
Transition period funding				}			1,120		2,528	, 6,	6,147	7,023	83,589	
Technology plan		2,784		7,008	8,901	_	9,947	1	13,336	14,	14,292	20,877	22,584	
CIP Escrow		12,600								,	1	1		
Pension cost									1	28,021	021	27,101	26,320	
Compensated absences		21,138		21,814	22,318	~ -	22,528	_	19,442	19,	19,451	19,100	19,970	_
E-Kate/E-Kate support Canital assets declared sumbus		1,848		1,835	1,821		1,510		1,235	.,	3,006			
Undesignated:					74.0	-								
Special revenue funds		(110)		372	(727)	((393)	Ţ	16,433	<u>&</u>	8,841	8,175	10,813	
Capital projects funds		6,964		17,110	22,43	, O	26,261	2	28,586	26,	26,498	20,681	19,081	
Permanent funds Total all other consermental finds	 ₩	124 83 906	F	121	148 132 520	~ ~	152 320	<u>₽</u>	141 190 397 - \$	137 800 777	137 ∩98 - ≰ -	136	133	I
rotal an other governmental range	 	⊃ □	1	707,727	102,72		175,750			۱"		010,102	117,077	

THE SCHOOL DISTRICT OF KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds, and Debt Service Ratio
Last Eight Fiscal Years
(Modified accrual basis of accounting)
(Amounts expressed in thousands)
(unaudited)

Fiscal Year

		2009		2008	2007	-	2006		2005	-	2004		2003	50	2002
Revenues		10000	6	00/ 01/		6	100	€	137 543	€	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	6	6 700 901		90
Property taxes	A	149,920	•	15/,0/10	147,741	A	147,931	•	150,545	•	140,570	A	172,004	132	,108
Prop C Sales tax		20,180		23,051	25,097		28,187		27,995		26,281		25,077	25	,962
Other local revenues		11,836		15,527	20,324		14,871		15,631		16,174		25,457	31	368
County governmental contributions		4,209		4,025	3,433		6,357		3,949		3,626		3,625	(m)	,437
State aid-basic formula		70,172		89,732	96,285		47,106		53,593		42,441		40,840	46	980,
At risk		1		1			30,485		30,836		30,301		31,916	32.	,964
Other state		10,999		12,176	13,258		25,447		23,579		22,929		24,890	26	,407
Federal		48,797		41,699	48,866		62,072		61,173		69,749		43,695	43	,585
Tuition		13		4	77		37		274		57		101		406
Total revenues		316,132		343,893	355,281		362,493		353,573		351,928		321,265	342,323	,323
Expenditures															
Administration		25,643		24,011	27,364		23,081		22,566		22,533		25,501	22	989,
Instruction		160,407		176,156	178,472		164,151		166,442		157,832		160,852	153	,018
Support services		75,984		74,219	74,311		84,975		75,569		69,422		69,636	99	,013
Operation of facilities		41,286		44,483	39,375		39,552		35,073		34,341		34,654	31	,541
Pupil transportation		17,211		18,703	22,133		23,985		23,125		21,959		21,432	21.	,601
Community and adult services		8,553		11,578	6,139		6,235		5,349		5,628		5,191	4	,397
Facilities improvements and renovations		17,736		5,166	2,376		1,378		10,302		28,919		9,443	36,327	,327
Delt service		2000		120	001.00		21 200		30.00		071.01		17.010	ć	717
rincipal		2,740		4 251	22,100		21,360		20,043		12,140		17,010	ς; γ:	,717
Interest		3,244		4,351	5,428		6,467	l	1,329		7,254		10,035	Ï	,733
Total expenditures		360,009		380,797	377,698		371,204		365,800	-	360,028		353,754	367	,533

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds, and Debt Service Ratio Last Eight Fiscal Years

(Modified accrual basis of accounting) (Amounts expressed in thousands) (unaudited)

					Fiscal Year	ar			
		2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002
Excess of revenues under expenditures	8	(43,877)	(36,904)	(22,417)	(8,711)	(12,227)	(8,100)	(32,489)	(25,210)
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in		176.079	144.715	144.715	191.837	199,010	197.779	227.859	191.340
Transfers out		(157,909)	(149,288)	(149,288)	(202,418)	(203,719)	(202,339)	(232,591)	(193,874)
Refunding bonds issued							102,350		69,040
Premium on bonds							8,927		3,161
Payment to refunded debt		(13,977)					(114,262)		(73,471)
Capital Leases			1,527	1,527					
Unrealized proceeds - surplus assets		1,826	3,294	3,294					
Sales of capital assets		1,401	1,401		328		202	1,460	650
Total other financing sources (uses)		7,420	1,649	248	(10,253)	(4,709)	(7,343)	(3,272)	(3,154)
Net change in fund balances	S	(36,457) \$	(35,255) \$	(22,169) \$	(18,964) \$	(16,936) \$	(15,443) \$	(35,761) \$	(28,364)
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures		3.8%	6.2%	6.2%	6.1%	5.8%	3.5%	5.1%	5.8%

Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property (1)

Last Ten Calendar Years

of	ssed	Actual value	25 %	25	21	24	26	25	26	56	26	27
Ratio of	total assessed	Actual v										
		tual value	35,027,607	69,424,602	62,245,845	58,650,375	49,087,814	10,518,925,019	48,994,245	65,813,415	35,549,090	94,522,421
	Total											
		Value	2,924,997,886	3,200,085,126	2,885,667,969	2,875,618,963	2,650,102,209	2,666,269,179	2,529,420,308	2,631,687,746	2,515,693,295	2,450,864,950
	y (2)	ctual value	90,405,173	26,272,478	22,618,692	32,630,441	16,615,770	2,195,482,904	94,254,365	33,402,829	38,907,834	74,369,877
	Personal property (2)											
	Person	Value	663,402,044	742,016,617	674,138,810	677,475,726	705,468,036	731,754,452	798,004,980	877,713,163	879,547,981	824,707,480
		al value	4,622,434	3,151,553	9,627,153	5,019,934	2,472,044	8,323,442,115	4,739,880	2,410,586	5,641,256	0,152,544
	operty (2)	Actu	9,84	10,74	11,63	9,720	8,23	8,32.	7,35	7,43	6,89	6,72(
	Real pro	Value	2,261,595,842	2,458,068,509	2,211,529,159	2,198,143,237	1,944,634,173	1,934,514,727	1,731,415,328	1,753,974,583	1,636,145,314	1,626,157,470
		Tax levy year	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999

Source: Assessed valuations were made by the Jackson County Assessment Department. Section 137.115 of the Missouri Revised Statutes classifies real property to one of three categories when assigning assessed value as a percentage of actual; Agriculture at 11% residential at 19%, or commercial at 32%. Personal property is assessed at 33.33% of actual value. Ξ

Locally assessed railroad and utility property is included in either real or personal property; merchants' and manufacturers' equipment is included in personal property. (5)

THE SCHOOL DISTRICT OF KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI

Property Tax Rates (1)—Direct and Overlapping Governments

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total (2)	7.71	9.39	9.48	9.51	9.40	9.40	9.46	9.44	9.42	9.42
School District	4.95	4.95	4.95	4.95	4.95	4.95	4.95	4.95	4.95	4.95
	s									
Kansas City, Missouri Public Library	0.47	0.45	0.47	0.47	0.49	0.49	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50
	\$									
City of K Sugar Mi Creek (3)		1.07	1.07	1.07	1.07	1.07	1.09	1.09	1.08	1.08
Metropolitan Community Colleges	0.21	0.21	0.22	0.22	0.22	0.22	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.23
	S									
Jackson County	0.57	0.57	0.57	0.57	0.57	0.57	0.57	0.57	0.56	0.56
	S									
State of Missouri	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
	S									
City of Independence (3)		0.65	99.0	69'0	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75
	S									
City of Kansas City	1.4678	1.4632	1.5055	1.5055	1.3196	1.3159	1.34	1.32	1.32	1.32
	\$									
Fiscal year ended	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000

(1) Source: Tax rates per \$100 assessed valuation as confirmed directly by taxing authorities.

The District's boundaries are not wholly contained in Kansas City, Missouri, but overlap other cities. Consequently, the total does not represent the actual tax burden of individual taxpayers. The total is presented only as an indicator of the change in property tax rates. 3

(3) On November 6, 2007, voters approved a boundary change that eliminated District school sites located in the City of Independence and the City of Sugar Creek.

THE SCHOOL DISTRICT OF KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI

Principal Property Taxpayers

June 30, 2009

Percentage 2000 Percentage 2008

Taxpavers	Type of Business	Assessed value(1)	Rank	of total assessed value	Assessed value(1)	Rank	of total assessed value
				0		,	i d
Hallmark & Crown Power	Keal Estate/Retail/Hotel	66,823,049	_	2.3%	58,496,770	7	2.7%
Kansas City Power and Light	Utility	39,871,622	7	1.4	40,738,950		3.4
J C Nichols & Highwoods Realty	Real Estate	30,256,155	κ	1.0	31,955,773		1.1
AT&T	Communications	25,733,566	4	6.0	41,872,004	κ	2.0
Kansas City Star	Newspaper	23,079,769	5	8.0		4	1.7
Twentieth Century Realty, Inc	Real Estate	17,250,784	9	9.0			0.0
FSP Grand Blvd	Real Estate	16,848,000	7	9.0		6	0.5
Bayer	Agricultural Research and Mfg	15,719,167	∞	0.5	26,695,042	9	1.2
D S T Systems, Inc	Information Technology Services	15,619,242	6	0.5			0.0
Southern Union Co	Utility	13,979,669	10	0.5	18,080,991		
Charles H Hunter, Trustee	Real Estate				27,556,590	S	1.3
IBM Credit Corporation	Finance				17,606,140	7	1.2
GST Steel Company	Manufacturer				15,786,024	8	6.0
Southwestern Bell	Communications				15,677,128	10	0.4
		265,211,023		9.2%	294,465,412		16.4%

Note: Total assessed value for 2008 was \$2,924,997,886 and 2000 was \$2,515,693,295.

(1) Based on calendar year ended December 31, 2008 and December 31, 1999.

Source: Jackson County, Division of Finance, Collection Department reports.

THE SCHOOL DISTRICT OF KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI

Property Tax Levies and Collections (1)

Last Ten Calendar Years

Outstanding delinquent taxes as a percentage of		ı						7%			
Outstanding delinquent	taxes (4)	12,828,746	14,714,827	9,795,840	9,785,680	7,916,603	7,089,769	8,922,567	6,445,226	7,038,533	8,125,007
Total collections as a percent of current	levy (3)	\$ %0.66	%5'96	100.2%	101.3%	101.4%	106.2%	101.7%	103.4%	100.6%	99.5%
Total tax	collections	147,591,570	153,758,534	144,536,905	145,721,256	133,558,879	140,255,490	125,609,804	131,748,645	123,348,819	121,134,128
Delinquent tax	collections	11,310,642 \$	9,125,735	10,018,326	11,644,108	8,850,541	15,274,849	11,047,615	10,800,986	7,824,944	7,569,092
Percentage of	levy collected	91.4% \$	%8.06	93.2%	93.2%	94.7%	94.6%	92.8%	94.9%	94.3%	93.3%
Current tax	collections	136,280,928	144,632,799	134,518,579	134,077,148	124,708,338	124,980,641	114,562,189	120,947,659	115,523,875	113,565,036
Current tax	levy (2)	<u>\$ 149,109,674</u> \$	159,347,626	144,314,419	143,862,828	131,741,231	132,070,410	123,484,756	127,392,885	122,562,408	121,690,043
	Tax levy year	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999

(1) Table includes General Fund, Teachers' Fund, and Capital Projects Fund. While taxes are levied on a calendar-year basis, collections are reported on a fiscal-year basis.

(2) Includes real estate, personal property, and replacement merchants and manufacturers taxes, net of assessment and collection fees retained by Jackson County.

(3) Percentage includes collection of delinquent taxes.

(4) Includes protested taxes held by the county and all delinquent taxes outstanding at the end of the current tax levy year.

(5) Source: Jackson County, Division of Finance, Collection Department reports.

Table 9

THE SCHOOL DISTRICT OF KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI

Outstanding Debt by Type Governmental Activities Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal year ended June 30		Leasehold Revenue Bonds	Capital Leases	Total Primary Government
2009	- \$	44,335,000	_	44,335,000
2008		67,185,000	495,408	67,680,408
2007		89,315,000	967,387	90,282,387
2006		110,855,000	· —	110,855,000
2005		132,235,000	_	132,235,000
2004		152,280,000	_	152,280,000
2003		171,560,000	_	171,560,000
2002		188,570,000		188,570,000
2001		197,820,747		197,820,747
2000		229,495,000		229,495,000

Computation of Overlapping Debt

June 30, 2009

Jurisdiction	General obligation bonds outstanding (2)	Percentage applicable to District (1)	_	Amount applicable to District	_
City of Kansas City, Missouri	\$ 293,280,000	0.4455	\$	130,656,240	

⁽¹⁾ Source: Jackson County, Division of Finance, Collection Department reports KCMSD is composed of three cities within its boundaries, of which the City of Kansas City, Missouri is 93%.

⁽²⁾ Source: City of Kansas City, Missouri Tax Administration Department.

Computation of Legal Debt Margin June 30, 2009

Total assessed value, tax levy year 2008 (1) Legal debt margin—15% of assessed value (2) \$ 3,200,085,126 480,012,769

- (1) See Table 6.
- (2) The bonded indebtedness of the District is limited by Section 26(b) of the Missouri Constitution, Article VI, to 15% of the value of the taxable tangible property as shown by the last completed assessment for state and county purposes. The District had no outstanding general bonded debt at June 30, 2009.

Note: The District has not had outstanding general bonded debt for the last ten years. Therefore, the debt limit amount, total net debt applicable to the limit, legal debt margin amount and the ratio of either the legal debt margin to the debt limit or total debt applicable to the debt limit are not applicable.

Demographic Statistics

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal year ended June 30	 District population	September school membership	Ratio of membership to population		Regular school year average daily attendance	Ratio of attendance to membership	_
2009	\$ 239,451	17,892	7	%	16,051	89.7	%
2008	239,451	22,429	9		19,381	86.4	
2007	239,451	24,358	10		21,133	86.8	
2006	239,451	25,750	11		22,633	88.0	
2005	239,451	27,094	11		23,766	87.7	
2004	239,451	26,939	11		24,307	90.2	
2003	239,451	26,886	11		24,797	92.3	
2002	239,451	27,973	12		24,917	89.0	
2001	239,451	29,157	12		25,902	88.8	
2000	282,066	31,213	11		27,690	88.7	

Source: Estimated District population is based on the 1991 census for 1999 through 2001 provided by the City Development
Department; the City Planning Division provided the estimates for years from 2001 and after from the 2001 census
data.

Note: Average daily attendance includes summer school attendance. Ratio of attendance to membership reflects average daily attendance of regular school year to September school membership.

Property Value and Construction Costs

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal year ended June 30	Estimated actual property value (1)	Nonresidential construction (in millions)	Residential construction (in millions)
2009	\$ 11,835,027,607	32.8	53.9
2008	12,969,424,032	47.2	63.9
2007	11,639,627,153	32.3	61.6
2006	11,758,650,375	13.2	36.3
2005	10,349,087,814	28.6	14.3
2004	10,518,925,019	151.9	85.0
2003	9,748,994,245	191.2	48.0
2002	10,065,813,415	283.4	66.6
2001	9,535,549,090	212.5	40.7
2000	9,194,522,421	62.4	18.0

⁽¹⁾ See Table 6.

Source: Assessed valuations were made by the Jackson County Assessment Department. Estimated actual property values were calculated using percentages set forth in Section 137.115 of the Missouri Revised Statutes.

Per-Pupil Costs

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal year ended June 30	Average daily attendance	Eligible pupils	Current expenditures per eligible pupil (1)
2009	16,051	18,186 \$	16,570
2008	19,381	22,107	14,629
2007	23,087	24,144	13,275
2006	24,569	25,725	12,193
2005	25,449	26,605	11,590
2004	25,813	27,012	10,906
2003	25,784	26,771	10,907
2002	25,663	26,429	10,483
2001	26,915	27,929	9,301
2000	28,707	29,725	8,376

⁽¹⁾ Current expenditures per eligible pupil as reported to the State of Missouri DESE. Using the General, Teachers', Grant Activity, and Child Nutrition funds total instructions and support services expenditures less food service revenues.