Town of West Hartford Connecticut

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR JULY 1, 2017 - JUNE 30, 2018



Town of West Hartford Connecticut

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year July 1, 2017 - June 30, 2018

Prepared By

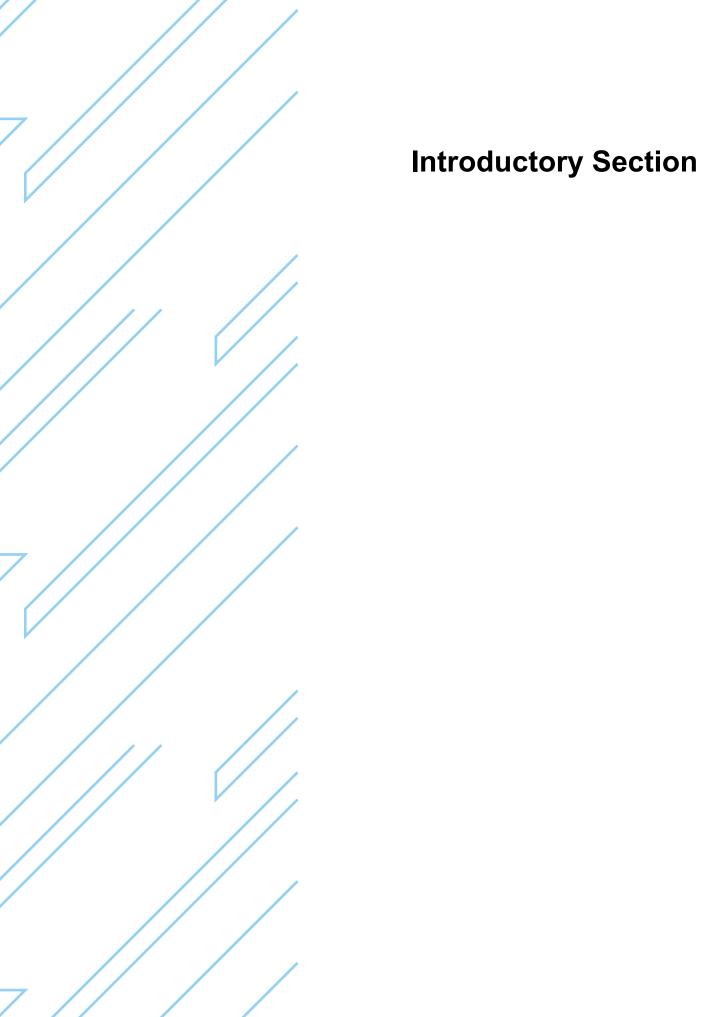
Department of Financial Services 50 South Main Street West Hartford, Connecticut 06107

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TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

(As of June 30, 2018)

ELECTED OFFICIALS

Town Council

Shari Cantor, Mayor
Beth Kerrigan, Deputy Mayor
Chris Barnes, Minority Leader
Leon Davidoff
Dallas Dodge
Mary Fay
Liam Sweeney
Ben Wenograd
Chris Williams

Board of Education

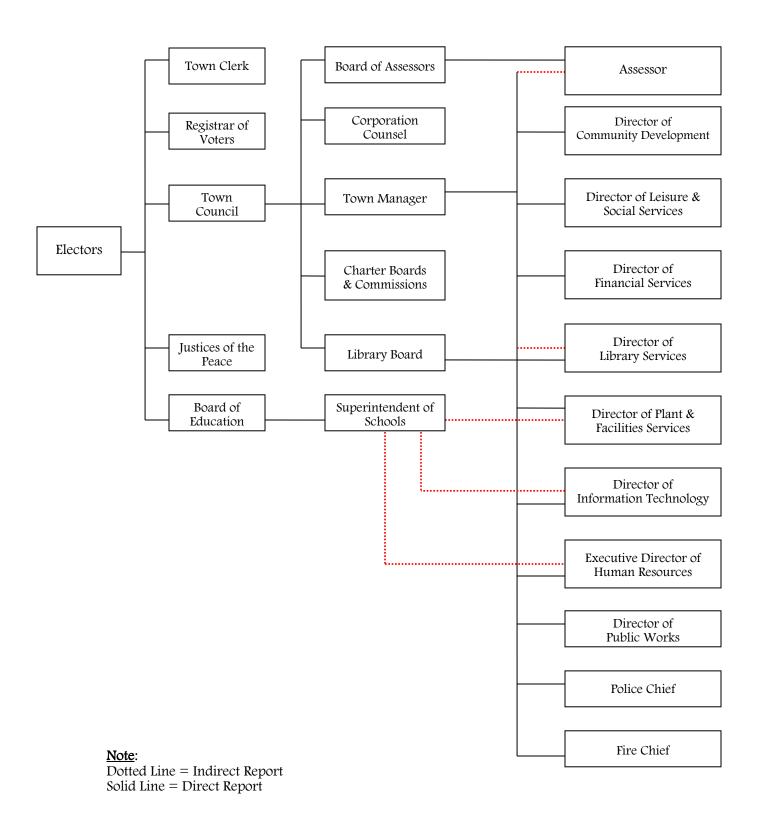
Cheryl Greenberg, Chairperson
Carol Blanks, Vice Chairperson
Robert Levine
Dave Pauluk
Deb Polun
Lorna Thomas-Farquharson
Mark Zydanowicz

Town Clerk	Essie Labrot
Registrar of Voters	Beth Kyle
Registrar of Voters	•

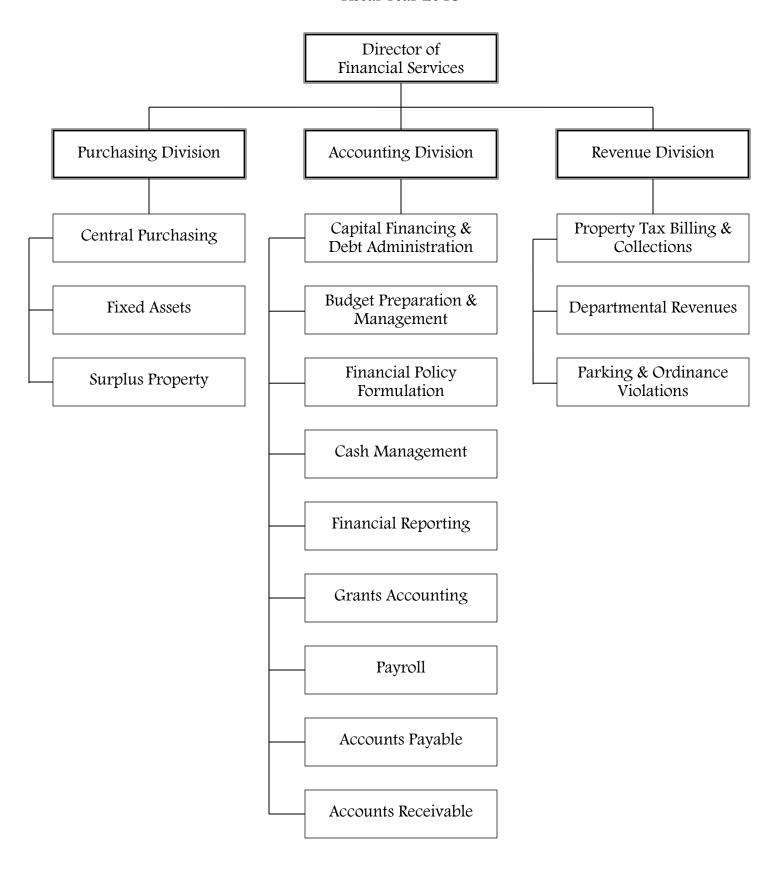
APPOINTED OFFICIALS

Appointed by Town Council	
Town Manager	Matthew Hart
Corporation Counsel	Patrick Alair
Appointed by Board of Education	
Superintendent of Schools	Thomas Moore
Appointed by Town Manager	
Chief, Fire Department	Gary Allyn
Chief, Police Department	
Director of Community Services	Mark McGovern
Director of Financial Services	Peter Privitera
Director of Leisure and Social Services	Helen Rubino-Turco
Director of Information Technology	Jared Morin
Director of Plant and Facilities Services	Robert Palmer
Director of Public Works	John Phillips
Executive Director of Human Resources	Richard Ledwith
Appointed by Library Board	
Director of Library Services	Martha Church
Appointed by Board of Assessors	
Assessor	Joseph Dakers

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT TOWN GOVERNMENT ORGANIZATIONAL CHART Fiscal Year 2018



TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT TOWN GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENTAL FUNCTIONS Fiscal Year 2018





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Town of West Hartford Connecticut

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2017

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCIAL SERVICES

December 18, 2018

Mayor, Town Council, Town Manager, Citizens and Taxpayers of the Town of West Hartford:

State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish, within six months of the close of each fiscal year, a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for governmental units and audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, I am pleased to transmit to you the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the Town of West Hartford (Town) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

This report consists of management's representation concerning the Town's finances. Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Blum Shapiro and Company P.C., a firm of licensed certified public accountants, has issued an unmodified opinion on the Town of West Hartford's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component in the financial section of this report.

The Town's fiscal year 2018 audit includes an audit of all federal grants in accordance with the Single Audit Act of 1984, as amended in 1996, which provides that state and local governments expending more than \$500,000 in federal financial assistance must have a single audit for the fiscal year. The single audit consists of a financial audit, test of internal controls, and compliance audit. The single audit is in lieu of any financial and compliance audits required by any federal agency. The auditors' reports related to tests of internal controls and compliance testing have been furnished separately to the Town. In addition, the audit also includes an audit of all state financial assistance in compliance with the State Single Audit Act pursuant to Connecticut General Statutes (CGS) sections 4-230 to 4-236, inclusive (Chapter 55b). Each municipality expending more than \$100,000 in state financial assistance must have a state single audit. An audit conducted in accordance with sections 4-230 through 4-236 of the CGS shall be in lieu of any financial compliance audit of an individual state assistance program. These reports are available in the Town's separately issued single audit reports.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditors' report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it.



TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD

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http://www.westhartfordct.gov

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The Town of West Hartford is an independent full-service town with sole local government taxing power within its boundaries. The Town is autonomous from any county, municipality, or other political subdivision of the State of Connecticut. In 1919, the Town became the first in the State to appoint a Town Manager and presently operates with a Council-Manager form of government. The legislative function is performed by the Town Council (Council), which is comprised of nine members who are elected biennially. The Council formulates policies for the administration of the Town. The Town Manager is appointed by the Council to serve as the Town's Chief Executive Officer, with appointive and removal authority over department directors and other employees of the Town. The Town Manager is responsible for the implementation of policies established by the Council. An elected seven-member Board of Education appoints a Superintendent of Schools, who administers the education system of the Town.

The Town is located in central Connecticut adjacent to and west of the City of Hartford, the state capital. It is a residential suburb in the Hartford metropolitan area. The towns of Bloomfield, Newington, Farmington, and Avon also border the Town. West Hartford is approximately 100 miles southwest of Boston and approximately 100 miles northeast of New York City. The Town encompasses 22.2 square miles and has a population of 63,268.

The Town provides a comprehensive range of municipal services including police, fire, paramedic, public works, education, community development, recreation, library, transportation, human services, and cultural and historic activities.

The MD&A and the basic financial statements included in this report pertain to those functions administered by the Town Manager and Superintendent of Schools and are under the jurisdiction of the Council. These functions encompass all activities considered to be part of (controlled by or dependent on) the financial reporting entity. Control by or dependence on the Town is determined on the basis of budget adoption, taxing authority, or outstanding debt secured by revenues or general obligations of the Town. Further information concerning the financial condition of the Town is contained in the MD&A.

In accordance with these criteria, the financial statements include the financial activities of the Town of West Hartford, the Town of West Hartford Board of Education, the Town of West Hartford Library Board and the West Hartford Center Special Services District, a discretely presented component unit. The Town of West Hartford Housing Authority and The West Hartford-Bloomfield Health District, although containing the name of the Town, are excluded from the Town's financial statements. Although the Council appoints members to the Board of Directors for the West Hartford Housing Authority and the West Hartford-Bloomfield Health District, the Town has no involvement in their day-to-day operations or in the determination of their operating budget. Furthermore, the Town has no obligation for debt issued by the Housing Authority or the Health District and does not fund their operating deficits.

The Metropolitan District Commission (MDC) provides water and sewer services to West Hartford and certain other municipalities. The MDC finances water service via user fees and sewer services via tax levy on the participating municipalities. Since this is a separate governmental unit, its audited annual financial statements are not included in this report but are available from the MDC directly.

In March 1981, the Council adopted a comprehensive budgeting and accounting ordinance. The ordinance sets forth the standards and practices that apply to the Town's financial management. Included in the ordinance is a provision requiring the appropriation of all funds not otherwise provided by specific law to be expended outside of budgetary operations.

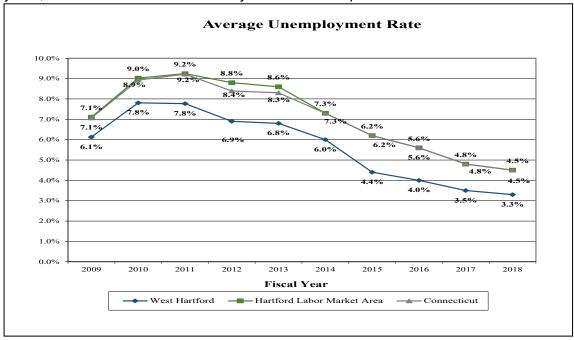
Annually, the Council adopts a balanced operating budget, a capital improvement budget, and a twelve-year capital improvement program (CIP). The budget calendar is outlined in Note 2 of the notes to the basic financial statements. Budget development and administration is performed by the Department of Financial Services.

The budget is legally enacted at the character of expenditure level within the department. Budgetary control is achieved through the use of a full encumbrance system, which encumbers appropriations upon the issuance of purchase orders. Commitments which could result in an over-expenditure of an appropriation at the character level are not issued until transfers or additional appropriations are made available. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are recorded as budgetary expenditures and reported as assigned fund balance.

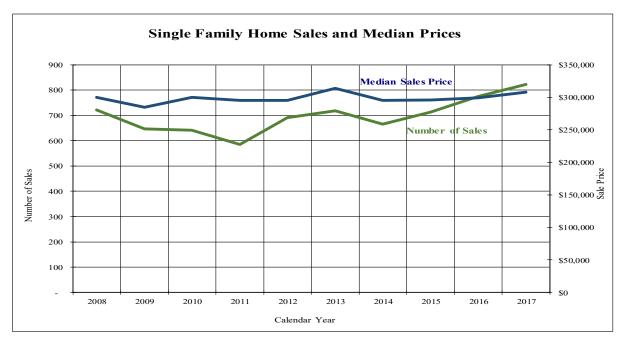
The budget is integrated into the accounting system and amended budgetary data (as presented in the financial statements for all funds with annual budgets) is compared to actual expenditures. Accordingly, budget to actual comparisons are provided in the report for each governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the General Fund and the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Housing Rehabilitation Fund, this comparison is presented as part of the required supplementary information. For governmental funds with appropriated annual budgets, this comparison is presented in Exhibits B-3 to B-11.

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

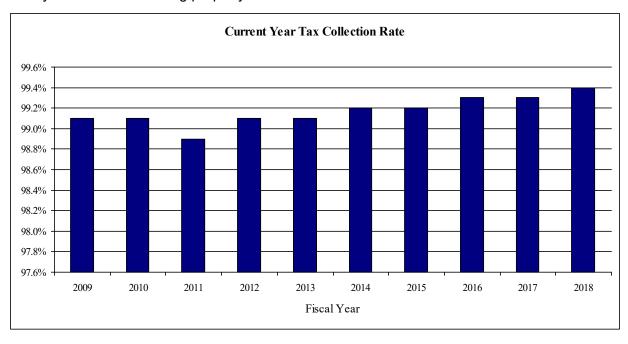
Economic condition and outlook - West Hartford experienced a more modest impact from the recession than the Hartford region and the State of Connecticut. As depicted on the chart below, unemployment rates in West Hartford have remained well below regional and state levels. The fiscal year 2018 unemployment rate for the Town declined to its lowest level in ten years, an indication that the economy continues to improve.



As illustrated, West Hartford experienced a decline in the annual number of single family home sales during the economic downturn. This resulted in lower conveyance tax and land record fee revenues in those years. The number of sales has been trending upward since 2011, with the exception of a slight dip in calendar year 2014, reaching over 800 in calendar year 2017. Homes in West Hartford maintained their value during this period, with median sales price relatively consistent over the timeframe presented. Buyers continue to be attracted to the excellent school system and vibrant community. Stable housing prices have insulated the community from the impact of a significant decline in value, resulting in limited foreclosure activity.



The Town achieved a property tax collection rate of 99.4% for fiscal year 2018, an increase from the prior year. Stable home prices, relatively low unemployment rates and lack of foreclosure activity contributed to strong property tax collections.



Cash management policies and practices - All funds not required to have separate bank accounts use a single consolidated account for deposits. The collected balance of the consolidated account not needed to liquidate current obligations is invested on a daily basis to meet future cash flow needs under the authority of the Town's General Investment Policy. The General Investment Policy, adopted pursuant to the authority of section 7-400 of the CGS and Chapter VI, Section 2 of the West Hartford Code, provides a policy for the investment of all Town funds except for reserves of the Risk Management Fund and the Pension and Other Post-Employment Benefits Trust Funds. As of June 30, 2018, this pool of funds is invested in various money market accounts, certificates of deposit, governmental securities and the State of Connecticut's Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF). STIF is a Standard & Poor's AAA rated investment pool of high quality, short-term money market instruments managed by the Cash Management Division of the Connecticut Office of the State Treasurer. The Town monitors the financial strength and stability of the institutions in which it holds money market accounts via national rating services.

The reserve funds of the Risk Management Fund are invested under the authority of the Town's Statement of Investment Policy for the Risk Reserve Accounts pursuant to the authority of section 7-403 of the CGS. The reserve pool consists of fifty percent of the liability reserve and one hundred percent of the prior year ending balance of the pre-funding reserve. The intent is to invest these funds in a manner which matches the duration of the investments with the cash flow needs inherent with long-term liabilities of this nature. Statutes governing the reserve pool provide for a wide variety of both fixed income and equity investment options. There can be no less than fifty percent of the pool invested in the following: United States government and agency obligations, United States Postal Service obligations, certificates of deposit, commercial paper, savings accounts, and bank acceptances. In addition, up to fifty percent of the total amount invested can be invested in equity securities.

The Council appointed Pension Board, governed by the Statement of Pension Plan Investment Policy, administers the funds of the employee retirement system separately. An independent custodial bank holds all of the Town's reserve pool investments.

Long-term financial planning - The Town has minimized property tax increases while maintaining long-term financial health through proactive financial management strategies and a moderated effect from the economic downturn. High quality educational and municipal services, which attract and retain residents and exemplify the character of the community, have been preserved. Policy decisions are made with a long-term financial perspective that balances the services expected by the community with residents' ability to pay. This perspective has enabled the Town to maintain its actuarially determined contributions for retirement benefits, strengthen levels of reserves, and avoid one-time budget strategies.

West Hartford will continue to encounter fiscal challenges in the coming years. State and federal budget constraints result in uncertainty of intergovernmental revenues. Retiree health and pension benefits continue to increase despite successful efforts at restructuring these benefits through collective bargaining agreements. The pressure of spending increases will continue to outpace growth in the value of taxable property and it will be an on-going challenge to provide a consistent level of municipal and education services while minimizing tax increases. However, it is a challenge that West Hartford is prepared to address.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Town for its CAFR for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. This was the thirty-second consecutive year the Town achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR that satisfies both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year. The Town believes the current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and it will be submitted to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

In addition, the Town has maintained an Aaa/AAA credit rating with Moody's Investor Services and Standard and Poor's Ratings Services, respectively, since 1972, with the rating reaffirmed by both rating agencies in December 2017.

The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the effective and dedicated services of the staff of the Department of Financial Services. The preparation of the CAFR requires a major effort from the accounting staff and each member of the department who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report has my sincere appreciation.

I would also like to thank the Mayor, Town Council and Town Manager for their continued interest and support in planning and executing the financial operations of the Town.

Respectfully submitted,

Peter Privitera

Director of Financial Services





29 South Main Street P.O. Box 272000 West Hartford, CT 06127-2000 **Tel** 860.561.4000

blumshapiro.com

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Town Council
Town of West Hartford, Connecticut

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of West Hartford, Connecticut, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of West Hartford, Connecticut's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of West Hartford, Connecticut, as of June 30, 2018 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Changes in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 13 to the financial statements, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the Town of West Hartford, Connecticut, adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions. The net position of the Town of West Hartford, Connecticut, has been restated to recognize the net other postemployment benefit liability in accordance with GASB No. 75. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison information and the pension and OPEB schedules, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of West Hartford, Connecticut's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

We also previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the basic financial statements of the Town of West Hartford, Connecticut, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017 (not presented herein), and have issued our report thereon dated December 20, 2017, which contained unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information. The accompanying General Fund balance sheet as of June 30, 2017 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2017 financial statements. The accompanying General Fund balance sheet has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the 2017 basic financial statements and certain additional procedures including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare those financial statements or to those financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the General Fund balance sheet is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 18, 2018 on our consideration of the Town of West Hartford, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of West Hartford, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of West Hartford, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

West Hartford, Connecticut

Blum, Shapino + Company, P.C.

December 18, 2018

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

This discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the Town of West Hartford (the Town) is prepared by management to provide a narrative overview and analysis of the Town's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the additional information furnished in our transmittal letter, which can be found on pages v-x of this report, and the Town's financial statements, Exhibits I to IX. All amounts, unless otherwise stated, are expressed in thousands of dollars.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Town adopted GASB Statement No. 75 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions for fiscal year 2018, requiring restatement of net position as of July 1, 2017.
- At the close of fiscal year 2018, liabilities and deferred inflows of the Town exceeded its assets and deferred outflows by \$127,001 on a government wide basis, an increase in the deficit of \$9,986 as compared to the prior year.
- The governmental activities funds reported consolidated net position of (\$130,430), an increase in the deficit of \$7,997 from fiscal year 2017.
- The business-type activities of the Town had net position of \$3,429 at fiscal year-end, a reduction of \$1,989 from the prior year.
- The Town's net investment in capital assets increased \$8,267 as the Town continued to invest in infrastructure and reduced outstanding long-term debt.
- Unassigned fund balance of the General Fund increased to \$25,438 or 9.0% of total expenditures on a budgetary basis.
- The Town achieved a current year property tax collection rate of 99.4% for fiscal year 2018 and delinquent tax collections remained strong.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information.

Government-Wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Town's financial position in a manner similar to the private-sector.

The *statement of net position* (Exhibit I) presents information on all the Town's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position* and is one way to measure the Town's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator as to whether the Town's financial position has improved or deteriorated.

The statement of activities (Exhibit II) presents changes to the Town's net position during the fiscal year presented. Changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items, such as uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave, which will only result in cash flows of future fiscal periods.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town that are primarily supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or most of their costs through user charges and fees (business-type activities). Both are discussed below:

- Governmental Activities Most of the Town's basic services, which include general government, public
 safety, community maintenance, human and cultural, and education, are recorded here. Property taxes,
 charges for services, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-Type Activities The Town charges user fees to customers to help cover all or a significant portion of the costs of these services.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the Town itself, but also a discretely presented component unit known as the West Hartford Center Special Services District which was established in 2004. Financial information for the discretely presented component unit is reported separately from the financial information of the primary government. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 18-19 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts used to maintain control over resources segregated for a specific objective or activity. Some funds are required to be established by Town Charter. The Town Council establishes many other funds to help control and manage financial activities for particular purposes (such as the Capital Projects Fund and the Police Private Duty Services Fund) or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using grants and other money (such as grants received from the State Department of Education and the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development). The Town's funds are divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds (Exhibits III and IV). The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Town's general government operations and the basic services it provides. These financial statements focus on the near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's short-term financing requirements. These funds are reported using the modified accrual accounting method, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is described in the reconciliation at the bottom of the fund financial statements. By reading both of these, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's short-term financing decisions.

The Town maintains twenty-seven (27) individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Capital Projects Funds (comprised of the Capital Projects Fund and the Capital Non-recurring Expenditure Fund), CDBG (Community Development Block Grant) Housing Rehabilitation Fund, and the Debt Service Funds (comprised of the Debt Service Fund and the Blue Back Square Fund), all of which are considered major funds. The remaining twenty-one (21) funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of the non-major governmental funds is provided in the combining statements located on pages 90-95 of this report.

The Town adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement, showing original budget, final budget and actual results has been provided to demonstrate compliance with this budget and is located in the required supplementary information on pages 74-78 of this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 20-23.

Proprietary Funds (Exhibits V, VI and VII). The Town maintains two types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Town's only enterprise fund is the Leisure Services Fund. Internal service funds are used to accumulate and allocate internal costs among various departments. The Town uses internal service funds to account for risk management costs and utility costs. Because both of these functions predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, these activities have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Proprietary funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting, whereby revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred.

Fiduciary Funds (Exhibits VIII and IX). The Town is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its employees' pension plan and other postemployment benefits trust plan. It is also responsible for other assets that, because of a trust arrangement, can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. All of the Town's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net position and changes in fiduciary net position. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements as the resources for those funds are not available to support the Town's operations. The Town is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in the fund are used for their intended purposes. The accounting method used for fiduciary funds is similar to that used for proprietary funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information necessary to fully understand the information provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 29-73.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful tool to analyze a government's financial position. The Town's combined net position decreased from (\$117,015) restated at the end of fiscal year 2017 to (\$127,001) at the end of fiscal year 2018. The discussion below focuses on the net position (Table 1) and changes in net position (Table 2) of the Town's governmental and business-type activities.

The largest component of the Town's net position is its \$215,422 investment in capital assets. This represents capital assets (such as land, buildings, infrastructure, vehicles, machinery and equipment) net of accumulated depreciation, less any related debt outstanding to acquire such assets. These assets are used to provide services to citizens and thus are not available to finance future spending. Although the Town's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that resources necessary to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, as capital assets cannot be used to satisfy these liabilities.

An additional \$82 of the Town's net position represents resources subject to use restrictions by external sources. The remaining balance is a deficit of \$342,505 and is comprised of the Town's net pension liability of \$256,026 and OPEB liability of \$174,362 offset by unrestricted funds which may be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation or other legal requirements.

TABLE 1 **Net Position** In Thousands Governmental **Business-Type** Total **Activities Activities Primary Government** 2017 2017 2017 2018 2018 (as Restated) (as Restated) 2018 (as Restated) Current and other assets 112,065 \$ 37 \$ 112,102 \$ 102,703 \$ 44 102,747 Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation 356,980 354,215 11,663 12,937 368,643 367,152 Total assets 469,045 456,918 11,700 12,981 480,745 469,899 Deferred charge on refunding 998 998 1,118 1,118 Deferred outflows related to pensions 29,461 17,886 452 275 29,913 18,161 Deferred outflows related to OPEB 14,614 212 14,826 Total deferred outflows of resources 45,073 19,004 664 275 45,737 19,279 Long-term liabilities 608,539 567,863 6,478 5,807 615,017 573,670 Other liabilities 19,326 16,583 2,411 2,031 21,737 18,614 Total liabilities 627,865 584,446 8,889 7,838 636,754 592,284 Deferred inflows related to pensions 2,998 6 46 3,044 6 Deferred inflows related to OPEB Advance property tax collections 13,685 13,903 13,685 13.903 Total deferred inflows of resources 13,909 46 16,683 16,729 13,909 Net Position: Net investment in capital assets 203,759 194,218 11,663 12,937 215.422 207.155 Restricted 82 82 82 82 Unrestricted (deficit) (316,733)(7,519)(342,505)(324, 252)(334,271)(8,234)

Governmental Activities. The net position of the Town's governmental activities decreased \$7,997 from the prior year. Investment in capital assets, net of related debt, increased \$9,541 due to continued investment in the Town's buildings and infrastructure, as well as a reduction in outstanding general obligation bonds. Net position classified as unrestricted decreased \$17,538, mainly from the change in deferred outflows related to pensions and OPEB.

(122,433)\$

3,429 \$

5,418 \$ (127,001) \$

(117,015)

\$ (130,430) \$

Total Net Position

Total assets increased \$12,127 from the prior year due to the aforementioned investment in capital assets as well as higher cash and investment balances on-hand as of June 30, 2018. Total deferred outflows of resources increased \$26,069 due to the implementation of GASB 75 and the related reporting of \$14,614 in deferred outflow related to OPEB as well as recognition \$11,575 of losses in the Town's pension plan. Total liabilities increased \$43,419 from the prior year restated as the Town's net pension liability and net OPEB liability increased comparison to the prior year.

Business-Type Activities. The total net position of the Town's business-type activities decreased \$1,989 in fiscal year 2018. Investment in capital assets was reduced \$1,274, as depreciation expense exceeded additions to capital assets in fiscal year 2018, and the deficit increased \$715.

TABLE 2

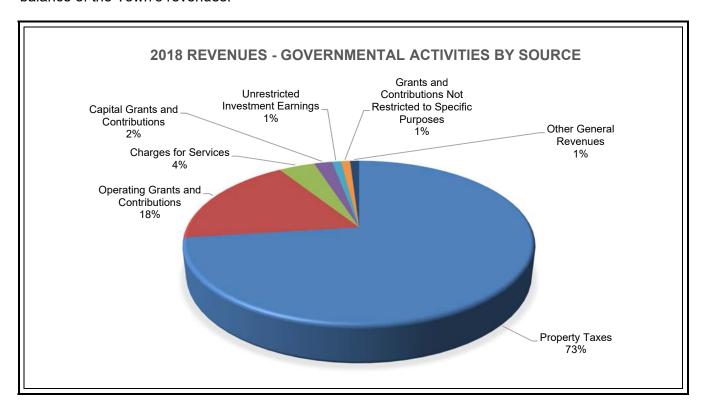
		_	n Net Pos nousands	itic	on					
	G	Governmental				s-Type	Total			
		Activities			Activi	ties	Primary Go	Government		
	201	8	2017	_	2018	2017	2018	2017		
Revenues:										
Program revenues:										
Charges for services	\$ 15,	406 \$	15,182	\$	3,814 \$	2,943 \$	19,220 \$	18,125		
Operating grants and										
contributions	63,	999	64,163				63,999	64,163		
Capital grants and										
contributions	6,	673	8,388		356	299	7,029	8,687		
General revenues:										
Property taxes	252,	899	237,427				252,899	237,427		
Grants and contributions not										
restricted to specific purposes	2,	360	4,261				2,360	4,261		
Unrestricted investment										
earnings	2,	737	2,356				2,737	2,356		
Other general revenues		855	4,868				4,855	4,868		
Total revenues	348,		336,645	-	4,170	3,242	353,099	339,887		
Program expenses:										
General government	12,	947	15,064				12,947	15,064		
Public safety	62,	903	56,932				62,903	56,932		
Community maintenance	42,	443	40,717				42,443	40,717		
Human and cultural	13,	812	13,144				13,812	13,144		
Education	220,		213,041				220,200	213,041		
Interest on long-term debt		601	4,696				4,601	4,696		
Leisure services	·		,		6,179	4,668	6,179	4,668		
Total program expenses	356,	906	343,594		6,179	4,668	363,085	348,262		
Change in net position before transfers	(7.	977)	(6,949)		(2,009)	(1,426)	(9,986)	(8,375)		
Transfers	(- ,	(20)	(317)		20	317	()/	(-,-		
Change in net position	(7,	997)	(7,266)	-	(1,989)	(1,109)	(9,986)	(8,375)		
Net Position at Beginning of Year	(122,	433)	28,478		5,418	8,733	(117,015)	37,211		
Restatement			(143,645)	_		(2,206)		(145,851		
Net Position at End of Year	\$ <u>(130</u>	<u>430)</u> \$	(122,433)	\$_	3,429 \$	5,418 \$	(127,001)	(117,015)		

Primary Government

Total primary government revenues increased \$13,212 or 3.9% from the prior year, while total primary government program expenses increased \$14,823 or 4.3% over the same time period. The following analysis separately considers the operations of governmental and business-type activities.

Governmental Activities

Revenues from governmental activities exclusive of transfers totaled \$348,929 for fiscal year 2018, an increase of \$12,284 over the prior year. Property taxes (73%) and operating grants and contributions (18%) were the primary revenue sources, while charges for services, capital grants and contributions, unrestricted grants, investment earnings and other general revenues combined (9%) comprised the balance of the Town's revenues.



Operating grants and contributions totaled \$63,999 in fiscal year 2018, a modest reduction of \$164 from the prior year. Capital grants and contributions decreased \$1,715 from the prior year, the result of fewer school construction grants received from the State of Connecticut as compared to fiscal year 2017. On a government-wide basis, unrestricted investment earnings include both short-term investments in the governmental funds as well as investment income from the risk management reserve accounts. There was a favorable variance of \$381 in unrestricted investment earnings in fiscal year 2018 as compared to the prior year.

In order to cover the increased cost of services and significant uncertainty regarding State aid, the fiscal year 2018 adopted General Fund budget required an increase in current year property tax revenue. Actual property tax revenue was \$15,472 higher than in fiscal year 2017.

Program expenses for governmental activities totaled \$356,906 for fiscal year 2018. Approximately 24% of program expenses were supported by program revenues with the balance funded from general revenues, primarily property taxes. Expenses for education (61%), public safety (18%), and community maintenance (12%) comprise 91% of total governmental activities program expenses, with general government, human and cultural, and interest on long-term debt comprising the balance (9%).

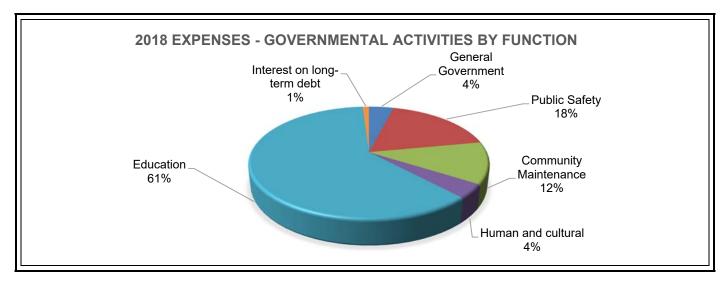
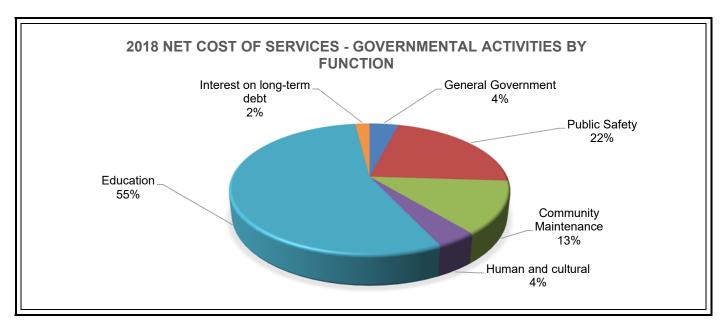


Table 3 presents the total cost and net cost of services (total cost less revenues from non-tax sources directly related to the individual function) for each of the Town's six major functions: education, public safety, community maintenance, human and cultural, general government, and interest on long-term debt. The net cost shows the financial burden placed on the Town's taxpayers by function.

TABLE 3 Cost of Governmental Activities by Function In Thousands										
	_	Total Cos	t of	Services		Net Cost	of S	Services		
	_	2018	_	2017		2018	_	2017		
Education	\$	220,200	\$	213,041	\$,	\$	140,188		
Public safety Community maintenance		62,903 42,443		56,932 40,717		58,351 34,055		53,134 34,495		
Human and cultural General government		13,812 12,947		13,144 15,064		11,135 11,251		10,356 12,992		
Interest on long-term debt	_	4,601	_	4,696	_	4,601	. <u>-</u>	4,696		
Total	\$_	356,906	\$_	343,594	\$	270,828	\$_	255,861		



Business-Type Activities

Revenues from business-type activities increased \$928 from the prior year due primarily to an increase in charges for services resulting from a new contract at the Town's indoor aquatic center. Program expenses increased \$1,511 over the prior year, \$890 of which resulted from the new indoor aquatic contract, while net transfers were \$297 less than the prior year. The change in net assets for fiscal year 2018 was a net reduction of \$1,989 from the prior year (restated).

FUND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to control and manage financial activities for a particular purpose or to demonstrate compliance with legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

As of June 30, 2018, the Town's governmental funds (as presented in the Balance Sheet - Exhibit III) reported a combined fund balance of \$47,705. This represents an increase of \$6,147 or 14.8% from the prior year. Based upon fund balance classification under GASB 54, \$25,438 or 53.3% is unassigned and comprised of fund balance of the General Fund. An additional \$19,322 or 40.5% is committed or constrained for a specific purpose by the Town Council. The remainder is comprised of non-spendable (\$430), restricted (\$2,015), and assigned (\$500) fund balance, as defined in footnote 1.

For fiscal year 2018, the total net change in fund balances for governmental funds (Exhibit IV) was an increase of \$6,147. Included in this total is an increase of \$3,682 for the General Fund. Factors affecting the General Fund are discussed below in the General Fund Highlights section. Fund balance of the Capital Project Funds increased \$2,183, reflecting intergovernmental revenue of \$6,488 for school and infrastructure projects, transfers in of \$4,224, charges for services of \$198 and miscellaneous revenues from sale of assets and reimbursements of \$360. Capital expenditures totaled \$18,639, and transfers out were \$3,448, inclusive of a \$3,200 transfer to the General Fund to increase its fund balance ratio. Non-major Governmental Funds experienced a net increase in fund balance of \$158, as detailed by fund in Exhibit B-2. Significant changes in fund balance were seen in the Parking Lot Fund (\$336), School Special Programs Fund (-\$171), School Interscholastic Sports Fund (\$80), and Police Private Duty Fund (-\$105), while the remaining non-major governmental funds experienced modest changes totaling a net increase of \$18.

Proprietary Funds

The Town's proprietary fund statements (Exhibits V-VII) provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Total net position of proprietary funds was \$19,485 at year-end, a decrease of \$1,474 from the prior year (restated). Net position of the Internal Service Funds increased \$515 due to increased fund premiums in the Risk Management Fund and lower than anticipated expenses in the Utilities Services Fund. As mentioned previously, the Leisure Services Fund experienced a reduction in net position of \$1,989.

General Fund Highlights

Over the course of the year, the Town Council approved budget revisions for factors not known during the budget process. Tables 4 and 5 highlight the changes from the original adopted budget to the final amended budget for fiscal year 2018 and the variance between the final budget and actual results.

TABLE 4 Summary of General Fund Budget Original and Final Estimated Revenues vs. Actual In Thousands										
Budget Actual (Under) Revenue Original Final Change Revenue Final Budget										
Property taxes	— - \$	249,923	- – ¢	252,223	 ¢	2,300	•	253,000	Φ.	777
Federal	Ψ	249,923	Ψ	369	Ψ	361	Ψ	383	Ψ	14
State		28,264		28,271		7		21,595		(6,676)
Charges for services		5,592		5,592				5,579		(13)
Local revenues		755		769		14		1,155		386
Income on investments		384		884		500		987		103
Transfers in	_	448	-	448			_	3,577		3,129
Total	\$_	285,374	\$_	288,556	\$_	3,182	\$_	286,276	\$	(2,280)

General Fund Budgetary Amendments

The General Fund's final estimated revenues increased \$3,182 or 1.1% from the original adopted budget.

- Estimated revenues from property taxes increased \$2,300 to fund year-end contributions to the Capital Non-recurring Expenditure (CNRE), Risk Management, and Utility Services Funds.
- Additional federal grants totaling \$361 were appropriated during the fiscal year. These included police grants (\$302) relating to underage drinking, distracted driving and driving under the influence, and Diala-Ride grants (\$59).
- Estimated intergovernmental revenue from the State of Connecticut increased \$7 due to minor miscellaneous grants awarded during the year.
- The increase in local revenues of \$14 resulted from the carryforward of a contribution for recycling education in the Public Works Department.
- Estimated income on investments increased \$500 to fund a year-end transfer to the Debt Service Fund.

General Fund Revenue Variance

When compared to final estimated revenues, total revenue was \$2,280 less than budgeted. Property tax revenue exceeded budget by \$777 due to strong collection of current year taxes, with the Town achieving a collection rate of 99.4%, and higher than anticipated collection of delinquent taxes. Successful collection of property taxes has been key to the financial health of the Town.

Federal revenue exceeded the estimate by \$14 due to the receipt of additional Dial-a-Ride grant funding, offset by reduced police receipts due to the timing of expenditures for these reimbursement grants. The unexpended portion of police grants will be carried forward to the fiscal year 2019 budget. Actual State revenue was \$6,676 less than the final budget due to significant uncertainty of funding levels at the time of Town budget adoption. The Town budgeted the full grant amount expected from the State with a contingency offset of 7,051 to address any potential shortfall. Reductions were experienced in several grants including education cost sharing, payment-in-lieu of taxes, municipal revenue sharing, circuit breaker, and motor vehicle rate offset.

Charges for services fell short of budget by \$13. Favorable variances in paramedic services (\$458) and program registrations at leisure facilities (\$61) were offset by lower than anticipated building permit revenue (-\$131), fire plan review fees (-\$137), conveyance tax (-\$102) and refuse fees (-\$153). Local revenues exceeded estimates due to positive variances in workers' compensation reimbursements (\$187) and refund of prior year expenditures (\$194). Income on investments achieved a favorable variance of \$103 due to rising interest rates. A transfer of \$3,200 from the CNRE Fund to the General Fund was authorized by the Town Council in order to increase fund balance to 9% of expenditures. This favorable variance was offset by a reduced transfer from the Police Private Duty Fund.

TABLE 5 Summary of General Fund Budget - Original and Final Appropriations vs. Actual In Thousands											
(Over)/ Actual Under Department Original Final Change Expenditure Final Budget											
Town Clerk \$	255	\$ 250	\$ (5)	\$ 250	\$ -						
Town Council	379	374	(5)	374	-						
Town Manager	286	318	32	318	-						
Corporation Counsel	345	371	26	371	-						
Registrar of Voters	236	218	(18)	218	-						
Information Technology	937	940	3	940	-						
Financial Services	2,347	2,314	(33)	2,314	-						
Assessment	724	749	25	749	-						
Human Resources	436	435	(1)	435	-						
Fire	11,604	11,738	134	11,738	-						
Police	14,847	14,799	(48)	14,799	-						
Community Development	2,531	2,424	(107)	2,424	-						
Public Works	11,702	10,356	(1,346)	9,962	394						
Facilities	2,563	2,853	290	2,853	-						
Library	3,422	3,288	(134)	3,288	-						
Leisure and Social Services	3,123	3,042	(81)	3,042	-						
Education	159,575	159,575	_	158,523	1,052						
Debt and Sundry	50,884	50,935	51	46,400	4,535						
Transfers Out	19,178	23,577	4,399	23,568	9						
Total \$=	285,374	\$ 288,556	\$ 3,182	\$ 282,566	\$\$						

Changes to departmental budgets resulted from resolutions relating to grant funds, transfers between departments, and transfers of current year surplus to other funds. Significant variances between the original and amended budget result from the following:

- The Town Manger's budget increased \$32 primarily due to costs associated with the retirement of a long-term employee.
- The Corporation Counsel budget increased \$26 due to the need for a part-time employee subsequent to the retirement of the department's administrative assistant.
- The budget of the Financial Services department decreased \$33 due to savings from vacant positions and reduced banking services fees, offset by increased software maintenance costs.
- The budget of the Assessment Office increased \$25 as the department hired a part-time employee to focus on personal property audits.
- The final budget of the Fire department was \$134 higher than that originally adopted in order to cover overtime and termination costs.
- The Police department budget had a net reduction of \$48 from the originally adopted budget. Appropriations relating to grants increased the budget by \$302, offset by savings from full-time vacancies and the delay of planned equipment purchases.
- Community Development had a budget reduction of \$107 in fiscal year 2018. A full-time position was held vacant and part-time staffing levels were lower than anticipated.
- The Department of Public Works budget was reduced \$1,346 over the course of the fiscal year. The
 Town entered into a new contract for refuse and recycling collection resulting in savings of \$1,017. In
 addition, solid waste disposal and numerous maintenance, repairs and supplies account were lower
 than appropriations due to a concerted effort to hold costs.
- Facilities Services had an increase of \$290 over the original budget due to use of \$400 of year-end surplus to fund an additional contribution to the Utility Services Fund, offset by overtime and part-time payroll savings.
- The final budget of the Library was \$134 lower than the original budget. Personal services costs were reduced \$100, primarily in part-time personnel, and office expenses were deferred due to budget constraints.
- The budget of the Department of Leisure and Social Services was reduced \$81 due to unexpended Dial-a-Ride grant funds, as well as non-personal savings in accounts throughout the department.
- The final Debt and Sundry budget was increased \$50 as a result of additional spending on services and supplies.
- The final budget for transfers to other funds increased \$4,399 from the original budget. Current year surplus funded transfers of \$3,900 to the CNRE Fund and \$500 to the Debt Service Fund.

General Fund Expenditure Variance

• In comparison to final appropriations, actual expenditures were \$5,990 less than budgeted. Public Works generated savings of \$394 in personal services due to vacant positions and a concerted effort to limit overtime and temporary payroll expenditures. The Board of Education achieved savings of \$1,052, primarily in personnel costs. Debt and sundry was \$4,535 under budget due to the contingency for uncertainty in State Aid, offset by an accrual for unsettled collective bargaining agreements. In addition, the actual transfer to the Private School Services Fund required to meet the needs of the program were \$9 under budget.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION Capital Assets

At June 30, 2018 the Town had \$368.7 million (net of accumulated depreciation) invested in a broad range of capital assets including land, land improvements, buildings, park facilities, vehicles, furniture and equipment, and infrastructure (such as roads, bridges, dams, storm sewers, and traffic signals) as detailed in Table 6. This amount represents a net increase of \$1.6 million, or 0.4%, from the prior year.

TABLE 6 Capital Assets at Year-end Net of Depreciation In Millions												
		Gove Ac	rnm tiviti			Busin Act	ess-			T Primary (otal 3ove	
		2018		2017		2018	_	2017	-	2018		2017
Land	\$	10.5	\$	10.6	\$		\$		\$	10.5	\$	10.6
Construction in progress Buildings and land		79.8		76.4		1.1		1.6		80.9		78.0
improvements		174.9		173.9		10.5		11.2		185.4		185.1
Furniture and equipment		4.6		4.5		0.1		0.1		4.7		4.6
Vehicles		3.0		3.5						3.0		3.5
Infrastructure		84.2		85.3					-	84.2	_	85.3
Total Capital Assets	\$	357.0	_\$_	354.2	\$ _	11.7	\$ _	12.9	\$ _	368.7	\$_	367.1

This slight increase is primarily due to construction of new science classrooms at Hall High School. This project, which began in fiscal year 2018, has an estimated cost of \$12,800,000 with 63% of the cost borne by the State of Connecticut. The Town has no plans to fund current operations from the proceeds of debt issuance. Detailed information about the Town's capital assets is presented in note 5 to the basic financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

On June 30, 2018, the Town had \$147,085 in bonds outstanding versus \$150,455 at the end of the prior year.

		Outs	Table tanding De <i>In Mill</i>	bt at Year-End	i		
		Governn Activi		Business Activit			otal overnment
	_	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
General Obligation Bonds (backed by the Town)	\$ <u></u>	147.1 \$	150.5	\$\$	\$	147.1	\$150.5_

The reduction in outstanding debt results from principal payments on existing debt of \$16,370 in fiscal year 2018, offset by the issuance of \$13,000 in general obligation bonds in January 2018. Long-term debt is discussed in greater detail in note 7 to the financial statements. The Town's general obligation bonds continue to carry the highest ratings awarded by both Moody's Investors Services, Inc. and Standard & Poor's Financial Services, LLC (Aaa and AAA, respectively). These ratings, which have been assigned to the Town since 1972, were reaffirmed by the rating agencies in December 2017.

The State limits the amount of general obligation debt towns can issue based upon a State mandated formula calculated on the type of debt and tax base. The Town's total debt, as calculated by State guidelines, is significantly below the \$1.66 billion State imposed limit. The Town has adopted its own capital financing guidelines which state that annual debt service as a percentage of General Fund expenditures shall not exceed 10% and is targeted to be 8% or less. Actual debt service for fiscal year 2018, inclusive of debt service of the Blue Back Square Fund, was 7.6% of General Fund expenditures. The General Fund portion of debt service was 6.2% of General Fund expenditures. More information on the Town's debt is available in Tables 8, 9 and 10 in the statistical section of this document.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The fiscal year 2019 budget process focused on providing a consistent level of services to residents and visitors while limiting the increase in local taxes. Doing so was challenging as operating expenses continue to increase and there is uncertainty in State aid and diminishing non-tax revenue. The fiscal year 2019 General Fund budget totals \$287,783 and represents an increase of \$9,186 or 3.3% over fiscal year 2018, at the time of adoption. The municipal services portion of the budget totals \$105,869, an increase of \$4,505 or 4.4%. The education budget totals \$164,351, an increase of \$4,494 or 2.8%. The capital financing portion of the budget for both municipal and education services is \$17,562, an increase of \$187 or 1.1%.

The fiscal year 2019 budget maintains town and education services with the following assumptions and policy decisions reflected in the adopted budget:

- Grand List increase of approximately \$48.5 million, or 0.8%;
- A current year property tax collection rate of 99.1%;
- A uniform mill rate for real, personal and motor vehicle property;
- Conservative estimates of non-current year tax revenue;
- · Current services budget with no new programs;
- Full funding of the actuarially determined contribution to the Town's Pension Plan; and,
- An increase in the contribution to the Retiree Health Reserve.

In order to finance the budget, an increase in current year property tax revenue of \$6,471 or 2.6% was required. Approximately \$1,900 will be generated as a result of growth in the Grand List, effectively reducing the tax increase for existing taxpayers to 1.9%. In order to generate the necessary property tax revenue, a uniform mill rate of 41.00 was adopted, a reduction of 0.4 mills from the prior year rate on real and personal property and an increase of 9.0 mills on motor vehicles.

CONTACTING THE TOWN'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to show the Town's accountability for the monies it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Department of Financial Services, Town of West Hartford, 50 South Main Street, West Hartford, Connecticut 06107, (860) 561-7460, or visit the Town's website at http://www.westhartfordct.gov.

Basic Financial Statements

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

(In Thousands)

	Primary	Gov	ernment				Component Unit West Hartford
	Governmental		Business-Type				Special
	Activities	_	Activities		Total		Services District
Assets:		_	_		_		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 66,177	\$	2	\$	66,179	\$	21
Investments	29,148				29,148		
Receivables, net	16,370		14		16,384		28
Due from component unit	21				21		
Inventories	348				348		
Prepaid items	1		21		22		
Capital assets:							
Assets not being depreciated	90,342		1,078		91,420		
Assets being depreciated, net	266,638		10,585		277,223		
Total assets	469,045		11,700		480,745		49
Deferred Outflows of Resources:							
Deferred charge on refunding	998				998		
Deferred outflows related to pensions	29,461		452		29,913		
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	14,614		212		14,826		
Total deferred outflows of resources	45,073		664		45,737		
Liabilities:							
Accounts and other payables	8,103		145		8,248		
Payroll liabilities	8,650		81		8,731		
Other current liabilities	888		01		888		4
Internal balances	(1,636)		1,636		-		7
Unearned revenue	3,321		549		3,870		24
Due to primary government	0,021		040		0,070		21
Noncurrent liabilities:							21
Due within one year	31,574		51		31,625		
Due in more than one year	576,965		6,427		583,392		
Total liabilities	627,865	-	8,889		636,754		49
Total habilities	021,000	-	0,003	_	030,734		
Deferred Inflows of Resources:							
Deferred inflows related to pensions	2,998		46		3,044		
Advance property tax collections	13,685	_			13,685		
Total deferred inflows of resources	16,683	-	46	_	16,729		
Net Position:							
Net investment in capital assets	203,759		11,663		215,422		
Restricted for:	•		•		•		
Perpetual care:							
Nonexpendable	82				82		
Unrestricted	(334,271)	-	(8,234)		(342,505)		
Total Net Position	\$ (130,430)	\$	3,429	\$	(127,001)	\$	

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (In Thousands)

						Revenue and Net Assets					
		-	Program Revenu			Primary Government					
		Charges for	Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and	Governmental	Pusiness Tyre		West Hartford Special			
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions			Business-Type Activities	Total	Services District			
Primary Government:											
Governmental activities:											
General government	\$ 12,947	\$ 1,376	\$ 5	\$ 315	\$ (11,251)	\$	(11,251)	\$			
Public safety	62,903	3,668	387	497	(58,351)		(58,351)				
Community maintenance	42,443	5,078	761	2,549	, , ,		(34,055)				
Human and cultural	13,812	1,601	1,076		(11,135)		(11,135)				
Education	220,200	3,683	61,770	3,312	(151,435)		(151,435)				
Interest on long-term debt	4,601				(4,601)		(4,601)				
Total governmental activities	356,906	15,406	63,999	6,673		-	(270,828)	-			
Business-type activities:											
Leisure services	6,179	3,814	<u> </u>	356		(2,009)	(2,009)				
Total Primary Government	\$ 363,085	\$ 19,220	\$ 63,999	\$\$	(270,828)	(2,009)	(272,837)				
Component Unit:											
West Hartford Special Services District	\$ 4,635	\$	\$	_ \$	=			(1,727)			
	0										
	General revenues Property taxes	5.			252,899		252,899	1,703			
	Grants and con	tributions not restri	cted to specific prog	grams	2,360		2,360				
	Unrestricted inv	restment earnings			2,737		2,737	24			
	Miscellaneous	_			4,855		4,855				
	Transfers				(20)	20	· -				
	Total general	revenues and tran	sfers		262,831	20	262,851	1,727			
	Change in ne				(7,997)	(1,989)	(9,986)	-			
	Net Position at Be	eginning of Year, as	s Restated		(122,433)	5,418	(117,015)				
	Net Position at Er	nd of Year			\$(130,430)	\$3,429\$	(127,001)	\$			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018 (In Thousands)

		General		Capital Project Funds	CDBG Housing Rehabilitation Fund		Debt Service Funds		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS	_				 	-				•	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	41,047	\$	6,790	\$ 7	\$	3,224	\$	8,438	\$	59,506
Investments		8,900									8,900
Receivables, net		3,336		5,669	2,877		2		1,678		13,562
Due from other funds		2,494									2,494
Inventories	_	289				-			59	-	348
Total Assets	\$_	56,066	\$_	12,459	\$ 2,884	\$	3,226	\$	10,175	\$	84,810
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RES	OURCES	S AND FUN	D B	ALANCES							
Liabilities:											
Accounts and other payables	\$	2,640	\$	1,689	\$	\$		\$	392	\$	4,721
Payroll liabilities		8,142							493		8,635
Due to other funds							78		780		858
Other liabilities		888									888
Unearned revenue		2,478			7	_			836	_	3,321
Total liabilities	_	14,148		1,689	 7	-	78		2,501	-	18,423
Deferred inflows of resources:											
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		2,006									2,006
Unavailable revenue - loans receivable					2,877				114		2,991
Advance property tax collections		13,685									13,685
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	15,691		-	 2,877	_	-		114	-	18,682
Fund balances:											
Nonspendable		289							141		430
Restricted									2,015		2,015
Committed				10,770			3,148		5,404		19,322
Assigned		500		.0,0			0,		0, 10 1		500
Unassigned		25,438									25,438
Total fund balances	_	26,227		10,770	 -	-	3,148	-	7,560	-	47,705
	_	•		•		_	•		•	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of											
Resources and Fund Balances	\$_	56,066	\$_	12,459	\$ 2,884	\$	3,226	\$	10,175	\$	84,810

\$ (130,430)

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT **BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2018**

Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit I)

(In Thousands)

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position: Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position different because of the following:	(Exh	ibit I) are		
Fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit III)			\$	47,705
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:				
Governmental capital assets Less accumulated depreciation Net capital assets	\$	617,384 (260,404)	<u>-</u>	356,980
Other long-term assets and deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not recorded in the funds:				
Property tax receivables greater than 60 days Interest receivable on property taxes Housing loans receivable Interest receivable on housing loans Deferred charges Deferred outflows related to pensions Deferred outflows related to OPEB				2,006 944 2,992 711 998 29,461 14,614
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of risk management and utility services to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities in the statement of net position. Long-term liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:				16,056
Bonds and notes payable Interest payable on bonds and notes Compensated absences Bond premium Net pension liability Net OPEB liability Deferred inflows related to pensions			_	(147,085) (2,153) (20,952) (5,682) (252,160) (171,867) (2,998)

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (In Thousands)

		General	_	Capital Project Funds		BG Housing habilitation Fund	_	Debt Service Funds	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	-	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:											
Property taxes	\$	253,000	\$,	\$	\$		\$	\$	253,000
Intergovernmental		57,711		6,488		227			8,409		72,835
Charges for services		5,579		198				20	9,131		14,928
Income on investments		987							447		1,434
Miscellaneous	_	1,154	_	360			_	3,473	974		5,961
Total revenues	_	318,431	-	7,046		 227	-	3,493	18,961		348,158
Expenditures:											
Current:											
General government		5,954									5,954
Public safety		26,530							2,128		28,658
Community maintenance		15,198							2,775		17,973
Human and cultural		6,324				114			1,737		8,175
Education		194,291							13,624		207,915
Debt and sundry		46,427						21,646			68,073
Capital outlay		34		18,639					112		18,785
Total expenditures		294,758	-	18,639		114	-	21,646	20,376		355,533
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over											
Expenditures	_	23,673	-	(11,593)		 113	-	(18,153)	(1,415)		(7,375)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):											
Transfers in		3,577		4,224				17,785	1,996		27,582
Transfers out		(23,568)		(3,448)		(113)			(423)		(27,552)
Issuance of bonds		, , ,		13,000		,			,		13,000
Bond premium								492			492
Total other financing sources (uses)		(19,991)	-	13,776		(113)	-	18,277	1,573		13,522
Net Change in Fund Balances		3,682		2,183		-		124	158		6,147
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	_	22,545	-	8,587		 	-	3,024	7,402		41,558
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$_	26,227	\$	10,770	,	\$ 	\$	3,148	\$ 7,560	\$	47,705

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (In Thousands)

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities:

Amounts reported for governmenta	I activities in the statement of activities	(Eyhihit II) are different hecause:
Amounts reported for governmenta	i activities iii tile staterilerit or activities	(Exhibit ii) are unierent because.

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit IV)					
Covernmental funds report conital outlays as expanditures. In the statement of activities					

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense:

Capital outlay	18,246
Depreciation expense	(14,479)

The statement of activities reports losses arising from the trade-in or disposal of existing capital assets to acquire new capital assets. Conversely, governmental funds do not report any gain or loss on a trade-in or disposal of capital assets.

(1,002)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds, and revenues recognized in the funds are not reported in the statement of activities:

School building grant receipts	(253)
Property tax receivable - accrual basis change	(168)
Property tax interest and lien revenue - accrual basis change	67
Housing loans accrued interest	28
Housing loans receivable	(60)
Change in deferred outflows related to pensions	13,551
Change in deferred outflows related to OPEB	14,614
Change in deferred inflows related to pension	(4,968)

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are amortized and deferred in the statement of activities. The details of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items are as follows:

Bond proceeds	(13,000)
Bond premium	(492)
Bond principal payments	16,370

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.

Compensated absences	1,132
Accrued interest	30
Amortization of deferred charge on refunding	(120)
Amortization of bond premiums	764
Change in net OPEB liability	(19,886)
Change in net pension liability	(25,033)

Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal services funds is reported with governmental activities.

515

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit II) \$ (7,997)

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

(In Thousands)

	Business-Type Activities Leisure Services Fund		Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
Assets:			
Current:			
Cash and cash equivalents	2	\$	6,671
Investments			20,248
Receivables, net	14		1,174
Prepaid items	21	_	1
Total current assets	37_		28,094
Noncurrent:			
Capital assets:			
Assets not being depreciated	1,078		
Assets being depreciated, net	10,585	_	
Total noncurrent assets	11,663	-	-
Total assets	11,700	-	28,094
Deferred Outflows of Resources:			
Deferred outflows related to pensions	452		
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	212		
Total deferred outflows of resources	664		-
Liabilities: Current:			
Accounts and other payables	145		1,230
Payroll liabilities	81		15
Due to other funds	1,636		5.044
Risk management claims	F40		5,941
Unearned revenue	549		
Compensated absences Total current liabilities	<u>51</u> 2,462	-	7,186
Total current habilities	2,402	-	7,100
Noncurrent:	60		
Compensated absences Net pension liability	68 3,866		
Net OPEB liability	2,493		
Risk management claims	2,490		4,852
Total noncurrent liabilities	6,427	-	4,852
Total liabilities	8,889	-	12,038
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Deferred inflows related to pensions	46	-	
Net Position:			
Invested in capital assets	11,663		
Unrestricted	(8,234)	_	16,056
Total Net Position	3,429	\$	16,056
		•	

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (In Thousands)

	_	Business-Type Activities		Governmental Activities
	_	Leisure Services Fund		Internal Service Funds
Operating Revenues:				
Fund premiums	\$		\$	40,896
Charges for services		3,785		0.004
Employee contributions Other		20		8,021
Total operating revenues	-	29 3,814		138 49,055
Total operating revenues	-	3,014	•	49,000
Operating Expenses:				
Administrative expense				358
Personal services		1,231		
Employee benefits				38,822
Insurance and program services		445		6,122
Utilities Other energting expense		445 3,371		4,464
Other operating expense Depreciation		1,132		
Total operating expenses	-	6,179		49,766
rotal operating expenses	_	3,113	٠	10,100
Operating Loss		(2,365)		(711)
Nonoperating Revenue:				
Income on investments	_			1,276
Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers		(2,365)		565
Capital contributions		356		
Transfers in		20		
Transfers out	_		•	(50)
Change in Net Position		(1,989)		515
Net Position at Beginning of Year, as Restated	_	5,418		15,541
Net Position at End of Year	\$ <u>_</u>	3,429	\$	16,056

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (In Thousands)

	-	Business-Type Activities Leisure Services Fund		Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash received from employees Cash received from operating funds	\$		\$	8,021 40,896
Cash received from customers Cash payments to employees for services Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Cash payment to providers benefits Other operating receipts		4,384 (870) (3,562)		(10,593) (37,787) 140
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	-	(19)		677
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds		20		(50)
Net cash flows provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	-	20		(50)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Gain on investments				38
Purchase of investments Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	-	<u> </u>		(107) (69)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		1		558
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	_	1		6,113
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$_	2	\$	6,671
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:				
Operating recivilies: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	\$	(2,365)	\$	(711)
Depreciation Change in assets and liabilities:		1,132		
(Increase) decrease in receivables (Increase) decrease in prepaid items		504 3		504 2
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows Increase (decrease) in accounts and other payables		(361) 84		347
Increase (decrease) in payroll liabilities Increase (decrease) in pension liability Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability		46 371 287		4
Increase (decrease) in risk management claim liability Increase (decrease) in due to other funds Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue	_	167 18 95		531
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$ <u>_</u>	(19)	\$	677
Noncash Investing and Capital Financing Activities: Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments	\$	_	\$	873
	· =	050	φ	
Contribution of Capital Assets from Town	\$_	356	\$	

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018 (In Thousands)

	-	Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds	_	Student Activity Fund
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents Investments:	\$	697	\$	1,118
Mutual funds		159,448		
Common stock		26,998		
Alternative investments		25,059		
Receivables:				
Interest and dividends	-	14	_	
Total assets	-	212,216	\$_	1,118
Liabilities:				
Accounts and other payables	-	230	\$_	1,118
Net Position:				
Restricted for Pension and OPEB Benefits	\$	211,986		

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (In Thousands)

	Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds
Additions:	
Contributions:	
Employer \$	33,823
Plan members	3,266
Other revenue	358
Total contributions	37,447
Investment income (loss):	
Net change in fair value of investments	15,245
Interest	57
Dividends	3,733
Total investment income (loss)	19,035
Less investment expense	(401)
Net investment income (loss)	18,634
Total additions	56,081
Deductions:	
Benefits	40,821
Administration	357
Total deductions	41,178
Change in Net Position	14,903
Net Position at Beginning of Year	197,083
Net Position at End of Year \$	211,986

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Town of West Hartford, Connecticut (the Town) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant policies of the Town are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The Town was incorporated in 1854. The Town operates under a Council-Manager form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its Charter: public safety, community maintenance, human and cultural resources, education and general government.

The primary government includes the Town of West Hartford, the Town of West Hartford Board of Education and the Town of West Hartford Library Board, as the Town exercises legal powers on their behalf. All functions included in the primary government are under the jurisdiction of the Town Council and administered by the Town Manager as determined on the basis of budget adoption. The West Hartford-Bloomfield Health District, the West Hartford Housing Authority and the Metropolitan District Commission (MDC), a quasi-municipal corporation that provides water and sewer services to West Hartford and other member communities, are excluded from this report.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

Pursuant to Chapter 105A of the Connecticut General Statutes, the Town established a special service district to be known as "West Hartford Center Special Service District." The purpose of the West Hartford Center Special Service District shall be to promote the economic and general welfare of the citizens and property owners of West Hartford both within and without such district through the preservation, enhancement, protection and development of the economic health and vitality of West Hartford. This legally separate entity is included as a component unit due to its close relationship to, or financial integration with the Town. This entity has its own separate corporate powers and cannot be reported as a component unit of another entity. The governing body of the special service district is substantially the same as the governing body of the Town. The Town is not responsible for the operational management of the special service district and the services provided by the district are not provided entirely to the Town or exclusively benefit the Town. Separate financial statements have not been prepared for the West Hartford Center Special Service District.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Town. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements where appropriate. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items that do not meet the criteria for program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Proprietary Fund and Trust Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues, including property taxes, to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, are recorded only when payment is due.

Charges for services, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of housing loans receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the Town, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources to acquire or construct major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary funds.

The CDBG Housing Rehabilitation Fund accounts for housing loan activity under the federal grant program. The major source of revenue for this fund is federal assistance.

The Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term principal, interest and related costs.

The Town reports the following major proprietary fund:

The Leisure Services Fund accounts for recreation activities of the Town.

Additionally, the Town reports the following fund types:

The Internal Service Funds account for the risk management activities and utilities services of the Town.

The Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds account for the activities of the defined benefit pension plans and Other Post Employment Benefits Trust Fund, which accumulate resources for pension and health benefit payments to qualified employees upon retirement.

The Agency Fund is used to account for assets held by the Town in an agent capacity for student activities. These funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operation.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes and other charges between certain Town functions because the elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include property taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Leisure Services Fund, the Town's Risk Management Fund and the Utility Services Fund are charges to internal and external customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the enterprise fund and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. Unrestricted resources are used in the following order: committed, assigned then unassigned.

D. Deposits and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash in banks and short-term investments in certificates of deposits having an original maturity of 90 days or less, money market accounts and the State of Connecticut's Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF), which has legislative approval for municipal use. The Town uses a pooled investment account for all funds except the Pension Trust Fund to maximize cash management opportunities. Section 18-41 of the Town code requires apportionment of interest income, which is done on a monthly basis, based on the average daily cash balance of all funds in the pooled cash account.

Investments are reported at fair value.

E. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

Property taxes are levied on July 1 on all assessed property on the Grand List as of October 1 prior to the beginning of the fiscal year. Taxes are due July 1; however, at the discretion of the Town, and for the convenience of the taxpayer, real estate and business personal property tax bills are payable in two installments - July 1 and January 1. Motor vehicle taxes are due in one installment on July 1. Supplemental motor vehicle taxes (for vehicles registered between October 1 and August 1) are due in one installment on January 1. Taxes become delinquent one month after the installment is due. Delinquent taxes are billed at least four times a year, with interest charged at the rate of 1.5% per month retroactive to the original due date.

In accordance with state law, the oldest outstanding tax is collected first. Prior to June 30 of each year, liens are automatically placed on outstanding real estate tax accounts, with legal demands and alias tax warrants used in the collection of personal property and motor vehicle tax bills. Delinquent motor vehicle and personal property accounts are transferred to a suspense account after three years, at which time they cease to be carried as receivables.

Real estate, motor vehicle and personal property accounts are no longer collectible 15 years after due date in accordance with State Statutes. An amount of \$468 has been established as an allowance for uncollectible taxes at June 30, 2018. This represents 15.6% of all property taxes receivable.

F. Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Town as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (\$100,000 for infrastructure) (amounts not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is not included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the Town is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	25-50
Land improvements	20
Vehicles	5-15
Furniture and equipment	3-20
Infrastructure	15-60

H. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Town reports a deferred charge on refunding and deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB in the government-wide statement of net position and proprietary funds statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. A deferred outflow of resources related to pension and OPEB results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions or other inputs. These amounts are deferred and included in pension and OPEB expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension and OPEB plan (active employees and inactive employees).

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town reports advance property tax collection in the government-wide statement of net position and in the governmental funds balance sheet and deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB results from differences of assumption or other inputs. Advance property tax collections represent taxes inherently associated with a future period. This amount is recognized during the period in which the revenue is associated. A deferred inflow of resources related to pension and OPEB results from differences between changes in assumptions or other inputs. These amounts are deferred and included in pension and OPEB expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension and OPEB plan (active employees and inactive employees). governmental funds, the Town reports unavailable revenue, which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from several sources: property taxes, school building receivables, long-term loans and other revenues. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) in the period in which the amounts become available.

I. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of any significant applicable bond premium or discount. Significant bond issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

J. Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability is measured as the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefits that is attributed to past periods of employee service (total pension liability), net of the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The pension plan's fiduciary net position is determined using the same valuation methods that are used by the pension plan for purposes of preparing its statement of fiduciary net position. The net pension liability is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year, consistently applied from period to period.

K. Net OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability is measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service (total OPEB liability), less the amount of the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is determined using the same valuation methods that are used by the OPEB plan for purposes of preparing its statement of fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year, consistently applied from period to period.

L. Compensated Absences

A limited amount of vacation earned may be accumulated by employees until termination of their employment, at which time they are paid for accumulated vacation. Vacation leave liability is valued using current salary costs, as well as any salary-related payments that are directly and incrementally connected with leave payments to employees. (The calculation includes any nonvested leave earned by employees that are considered likely to vest for both sick and vacation leave). Sick leave is accrued and is contingent upon absences being caused by employees' future illnesses or retirements. The sick leave calculation is also based on current salary costs as well as salary-related payments.

Eligible Town employees earn 15 days of sick leave per year and 10-25 days of vacation per year depending on the employees' length of service. A maximum of 150 days of sick leave and 50 days of vacation leave may be accrued. An employee leaving the employ of the Town is entitled to be paid a maximum of 50 days for vacation and 70-100 days unused sick leave upon retirement, based upon union contract.

Board of Education employees earn 10-18 days of sick leave per year. Maximum sick leave accrual varies by bargaining units from 90-220 days. Board of Education employees, with the exception of teachers, earn 10-30 days of vacation leave that cannot be accrued and must be used within the fiscal year. Upon termination, Board employees are paid for all unused vacation leave. Unused sick leave is paid only on retirement to a maximum of 35-60 days depending on bargaining units.

M. Equity

Equity in the government-wide financial statements is defined as "net position" and is classified in the following categories:

Net Investment in Capital Assets

This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted

Net position is restricted because it is externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted

This component consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

The equity of the fund financial statements is defined as "fund balance" and is classified in the following categories:

Nonspendable Fund Balance

This represents amounts that cannot be spent due to form (e.g., inventories and prepaid amounts).

Restricted Fund Balance

This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, such as grantors, creditors, contributors, or laws and regulations of their governments.

Committed Fund Balance

This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by a government using its highest level of decision-making authority (Town of West Hartford Town Council). A commitment of fund balance and any subsequent modification or rescission requires a resolution of the West Hartford Town Council.

Assigned Fund Balance

This balance represents amounts constrained for the intent to be used for a specific purpose by the Town of West Hartford Town Council. The Town Council has authorized the finance director to assign fund balance.

Unassigned Fund Balance

This represents fund balance in the General Fund in excess of nonspendable, restricted, committed and assigned fund balance. If another governmental fund has a fund balance deficit, it is reported as a negative amount in unassigned fund balance.

N. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the Town will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Town's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

O. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

The budgetary basis follows the modified accrual basis of accounting except that encumbrances are recognized as a valid and proper charge against an appropriation in the year the purchase order is issued. In accordance with the Town Charter, Chapter VII, not later than 130 days before the end of the fiscal year, each department files a detailed statement of estimated revenues and proposed expenditures for the ensuing fiscal year. The Superintendent of Schools files a similar statement with the Board of Education and Town Manager at least 115 days prior to the end of the fiscal year.

Not later than 110 days prior to the end of the fiscal year, the Town Manager submits to the Town Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

Not later than 75 days before the end of the fiscal year, two or more public hearings are conducted at locations throughout the Town to obtain taxpayer comments.

Not later than 65 days before the end of the fiscal year, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, department and character of expenditure. The legal level of budgetary control is at both the character and department level. Each department's budget is appropriated at four characters of expenditure (personal services, nonpersonal services, capital outlay and debt and sundry). The budget for education is appropriated at the department level.

The Town Manager is authorized to transfer appropriated amounts within departments as long as the characters of expenditure remain the same. Transfers between characters of expenditure and departments must be approved by resolution of the Town Council. During the last three months of the fiscal year, the Town Council may delegate this authority to transfer between departments to the Town's administration. Any revisions that alter the total revenues or expenditures must be approved by the Town Council.

Legally adopted operating budgets were employed during the year for the General Fund and all special revenue funds, except the following: Cafeteria Fund, Drug Enforcement Fund, School Grants Fund, School Special Programs Fund, School Interscholastic Sports Fund, Police Home Ownership Program Fund, C.F. Morway Fund, The Town That Cares Fund, School Donations Trust, Affordable Housing Trust and Veterans Memorial. A budget is also adopted for the Leisure Services Fund (enterprise fund). The Capital Projects Fund budget is adopted on a project basis for the life of the project, and a budgetary comparison is included as a schedule in this report and includes the activity of the Capital and Nonrecurring Expenditure Fund.

For financial statement comparisons, budgetary results have been reconciled to GAAP. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by the Town Council. Supplemental budget amendments totaling \$3,182 were made to the adopted fiscal year 2018 General Fund budget to increase total appropriations.

Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end with the exception of the Capital Projects Fund.

Appropriations in addition to those contained in the budget, made for the purpose of meeting a public emergency threatening the public peace, life, health or property within the Town and emergency appropriations, the total amount of which shall not exceed 3% of the current tax levy in any one fiscal year, may be made upon the recommendation of the Town Manager and by a vote of not less than two-thirds of the entire membership of the Town Council. A public hearing, at which any elector or taxpayer of the Town shall have an opportunity to be heard, shall be held prior to making such appropriation, notice of which hearing shall be given in a newspaper having circulation in the Town not more than ten (10) nor less than five (5) days prior to such hearing.

Such hearing and notice of hearing may be waived if the Town Council, by at least two-thirds of its entire membership, shall decide that a delay in making the emergency appropriation would jeopardize the public peace, life, health or property within the Town. In the absence of an available unappropriated and unencumbered General Fund cash balance to meet such appropriation, additional means of financing shall be provided in such manner, consistent with the provisions of the Connecticut General Statutes and of the Town Charter, as may be determined by the Town Council.

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders, contracts) outstanding at year end are reported as commitment or assignment of fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be reappropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

3. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-402). Deposits may be made in a "qualified public depository" as defined by Statute or, in amounts not exceeding the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance limit, in an "out of state bank" as defined by the Statutes, which is not a "qualified public depository."

The Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-400) permit municipalities to invest in: 1) obligations of the United States and its agencies, 2) highly rated obligations of any state of the United States or of any political subdivision, authority or agency thereof, and 3) shares or other interests in custodial arrangements or pools maintaining constant net asset values and in highly rated no-load open end money market and mutual funds (with constant or fluctuating net asset values) whose portfolios are limited to obligations of the United States and its agencies, and repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such obligations. Other provisions of the Statutes cover specific municipal funds with particular investment authority. The provisions of the Statutes regarding the investment of municipal pension funds do not specify permitted investments. Therefore, investment of such funds is generally controlled by the laws applicable to fiduciaries and the provisions of the applicable plan.

The Statutes (Sections 3-24f and 3-27f) also provide for investment in shares of the State Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF). These investment pools are under the control of the State Treasurer, with oversight provided by the Treasurer's Cash Management Advisory Board, and are regulated under the State Statutes and subject to annual audit by the Auditors of Public Accounts. Investment yields are accounted for on an amortized-cost basis with an investment portfolio that is designed to attain a market-average rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles. Investors accrue interest daily based on actual earnings, less expenses and transfers to the designated surplus reserve, and the fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

Deposits

Deposit Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposit will not be returned. The Town does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes. Deposits may be placed with any qualified public depository that has a branch office in the state of Connecticut. Connecticut General Statutes require that each depository maintain segregated collateral (not required to be based on a security agreement between the depository and the municipality and, therefore, not perfected in accordance with federal law) in an amount equal to a defined percentage of its public deposits based upon the depository's risk-based capital ratio.

Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures*, \$53,585 of the Town's bank balance of \$55,685 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$ 48,127
Uninsured and collateral held by the pledging	
trust department, not in the Town's name	 5,458
Total Amount Subject to Custodial Credit Risk	\$ 53,585

The table above includes \$21 related to West Hartford Special Service District (a discretely presented component unit).

Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash and purchased within 90 days of maturity. At June 30, 2018, the Town's cash equivalents amounted to \$14,334. The following table provides a summary of the Town's cash equivalents (excluding U.S. government guaranteed obligations) as rated by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations.

	Standard <u>& Poor's</u>
State Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF) Wells Fargo	AAAm *
Morgan Stanley	*

^{*} Not Rated

Investments

As of June 30, 2018, the Town had the following investments in the General Fund, Pension, OPEB and Risk Management Funds:

				Inv	ars)		
Investment Type		Fair Value		Less Than 1	1-10		More Than 10
		74.40	_		 	_	
Interest-bearing investments:							
Certificates of Deposit	\$	5,945	\$	2,504	\$ 3,441	\$	
U.S. Government Securities		6,636		778	4,387		1,471
U.S. Government Agencies		3,316		35	1,494		1,787
Corporate Bonds		1,190	_	65	 1,125		
Total		17,087	\$_	3,382	\$ 10,447	\$	3,258
Other investments:			_				,
Common Stock		26,998					
Mutual Funds		171,509					
Alternative Investments	_	25,059					
Total Investments	\$_	240,653	ı				

Interest Rate Risk

The Town does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk - Investments

As indicated above, State Statutes limit the investment options of cities and towns. The Town has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of a debt type investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized rating organization. U.S. government obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government are not considered to have credit risk exposure. Presented below is the average rating of investments in debt securities.

Average Rating	 Corporate Bonds					 Certificates of Deposit
Aaa Unrated	\$ 1,190	\$	6,636	\$	3,316	\$ 5,945
	\$ 1,190	\$	6,636	\$	3,316	\$ 5,945

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Town's general investment policy does not allow for an investment in any one issuer that is in excess of 5% of the Town's total investments at the time of purchase.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for an investment is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (the institution that pledges collateral or repurchase agreement securities to the Town or that sells investments to or buys them for the Town), the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At June 30, 2018, the Town's investments, other than open-end mutual funds and other pooled accounts that are not categorized as to custodial credit risk, were uninsured and unregistered securities held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent, and were not in the Town's name.

The Town categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements); followed by quoted prices in inactive markets or for similar assets or with observable inputs (Level 2 measurements); and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The Town has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2018:

		June 30,	Fair Val	ue Measurements Using								
		2018	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3					
Investments by fair value level:												
U.S. Government Securities	\$	6,636	\$ 3,680	\$	2,956	\$						
U.S. Government Agencies		3,316			3,216		100					
Corporate Bonds		1,190			1,190							
Common Stock		26,998	25,983		1,015							
Mutual Funds		171,509	171,509									
Alternative Investments	_	25,059	 	_		_	25,059					
Total Investments by Fair Value Level	\$_	234,708	\$ 201,172	\$_	8,377	\$_	25,159					

Debt and equity securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Debt securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices. The alternative investments classified in Level 3 are not actively traded and significant observable inputs are not available; therefore, a degree of judgment is necessary to estimate fair value. The valuation process for alternative investments takes into consideration factors such as interest rate changes, movement in credit spreads, default rate assumptions, prepayment assumptions, type and quality of collateral and market dislocation.

4. RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year end for the Town's individual major funds and nonmajor, enterprise, internal service and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	_	General		Capital Projects		CDBG Housing Rehabilitation		Debt Service		Leisure Service Fund		Nonmajor and Other Funds	. <u>-</u>	Total
Receivables:														
Taxes	\$	2,991	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	2,991
Interest*												14		14
Accounts and other		278						2		14		1,798		2,092
Housing loans						2,877						111		2,988
Intergovernmental		514		5,669								943		7,126
Component unit		21											_	21
Gross receivables	_	3,804	-	5,669		2,877		2		14		2,866		15,232
Less allowance for uncollectibles	-	468					,		-				_	468
Net Total Receivables	\$_	3,336	\$	5,669	\$	2,877	\$	2	\$	14	\$	2,866	\$	14,764

^{*}Accrued interest on property taxes and long-term housing loans in the amount of \$1,655 are not included in the fund financial statements.

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2018 was as follows:

	-	Beginning Balance	Increases	Transfers	•	Decreases		Ending Balance
Governmental activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	10,570	\$ \$	\$	\$	(54)	\$	10,516
Construction in progress		76,379	17,650	(13,378)		(825)		79,826
Total capital assets not being depreciated	-	86,949	17,650	(13,378)		(879)		90,342
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings		270,052		8,227				278,279
Land improvements		20,691		1,412				22,103
Vehicles		12,118	42			(161)		11,999
Furniture and equipment		14,508	554	708		(1,033)		14,737
Infrastructure		196,893		3,031				199,924
Total capital assets being depreciated	-	514,262	596	13,378		(1,194)		527,042
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings		(108,600)	(7,608)					(116,208)
Land improvements		(8,239)	(1,035)					(9,274)
Vehicles		(8,629)	(600)			161		(9,068)
Furniture and equipment		(10,045)	(991)			910		(10,126)
Infrastructure		(111,483)	(4,245)					(115,728)
Total accumulated depreciation	-	(246,996)	(14,479)			1,071	_	(260,404)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	-	267,266	(13,883)	13,378		(123)	_	266,638
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	354,215	\$ 3,767	\$ 	\$	(1,002)	\$_	356,980
	-	Beginning Balance	Increases	Transfers		Decreases		Ending Balance
Business-type activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Construction in progress	\$_	1,616	\$ 356	\$ (396)	\$.	(498)	\$ <u>_</u>	1,078
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings and systems		19,981		46				20,027
Land improvements		10,081		350				10,431
Furniture and equipment	_	1,348				(45)	_	1,303
Total capital assets being depreciated	-	31,410		396		(45)	_	31,761
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and systems		(15,387)	(606)					(15,993)
Land improvements		(3,430)	(504)					(3,934)
Furniture and equipment		(1,272)	(22)			45	_	(1,249)
Total accumulated depreciation	-	(20,089)	(1,132)			45	_	(21,176)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	_	11,321	(1,132)	396			_	10,585
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	12,937	\$ (776)	\$ 	\$	(498)	\$_	11,663

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the Town as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	1,935
Public safety		1,110
Community maintenance		4,901
Human and cultural		724
Education		5,809
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$_	14,479
Business-type activities:		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Leisure Services Fund	\$	1,132

Construction Commitments

The Town had numerous active construction projects during the year ended June 30, 2018. The following is a summary of capital projects as of June 30, 2018:

	A	Project uthorization	į	Cumulative Expenditures and Encumbrances
Public buildings	\$	13,322	\$	12,515
Parks and recreation		4,040		2,526
Infrastructure		33,133		26,364
Miscellaneous		11,822		9,848
Schools		73,112		69,290
Total	\$	135,429	\$	120,543

The commitments are being financed with general obligation bonds and state and federal grants.

6. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2018 are as follows:

	nterfund eceivable	_	Interfund Payable
General Fund Debt Service Funds Nonmajor Governmental Funds Leisure Services Fund	\$ 2,494	\$	78 780 1,636
Total	\$ 2,494	\$	2,494

The above interfund balances are the result of temporary circumstances where one fund is due amounts based on budgetary or Town Council requirements or funds being temporarily advanced to provide cash flow.

The following is a schedule of transfers by fund type:

	Transfers Out									
					CDBG Housing	ı				
			Capital		Rehabilitation		Nonmajor		Internal	Total
Transfers In	General		Projects		Fund	•	Governmental		Service	Transfers In
General	\$	\$	3,448	\$		\$	79	\$	50	\$ 3,577
Capital Projects	3,900						324			4,224
Debt Service Fund	17,785									17,785
Nonmajor Governmental	1,883				113					1,996
Leisure Services Fund		•					20			20
Total Transfers Out	\$ 23,568	\$	3,448	\$	113	\$	423	\$	50	\$ 27,602

Note: Transfers represent normal operating procedures required by budgetary or Town Council action.

7. LONG-TERM DEBT

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2018 was as follows:

		Beginning		A 1 1141		5 :	Ending	Due Within
	-	Balance	-	Additions	-	Reductions	Balance	 One Year
Governmental Activities:								
Bonds payable:								
General obligation bonds	\$	150,455	\$	13,000	\$	(16,370) \$	147,085	\$ 17,410
Bond premium	_	5,954		492		(764)	5,682	
Total bonds payable	_	156,409	=	13,492	=	(17,134)	152,767	 17,410
Compensated absences		22,084		7,579		(8,711)	20,952	8,223
Net OPEB liability		151,981		19,886		,	171,867	
Net pension liability		227,127		25,033			252,160	
Risk management liability	-	10,262		6,956	•	(6,425)	10,793	 5,941
Total Governmental Activities								
Long-Term Liabilities	\$	567,863	\$	72,946	\$	(32,270)	608,539	\$ 31,574
Business-Type Activities:								
Compensated absences	\$	106	\$	56	\$	(43) \$	119	\$ 51
Net OPEB liability		2,206		287		, ,	2,493	
Net pension liability	-	3,495		371			3,866	
Total Business-Type Activities								
Long-Term Liabilities	\$	5,807	\$	714	\$	(43) \$	6,478	\$ 51

All general obligation long-term bonds are secured by the general revenue raising powers of the Town. No sinking funds have been established as of June 30, 2018. The net pension liability is paid from primarily the General Fund and Leisure Fund. The net OPEB obligation is paid from primarily the General Fund. Compensated absences are paid from revenues of the fund in which the employee is budgeted.

The liability for compensated absences includes termination payments for unused vacation and sick leave using the vesting method outlined in GASB Statement No. 16.

Bonds Payable

The annual debt service requirements of the Town's bonded indebtedness reported in governmental activities described above are as follows:

General Obligations

Year Ending		Principal		Interest		Total
2019	\$	17,410	\$	4,965	\$	22,375
2020		16,640		4,286		20,926
2021		16,795		3,558		20,353
2022		15,085		2,890		17,975
2023		13,485		2,354		15,839
2024-2028		47,360		6,266		53,626
2029-2033		18,210		1,705		19,915
2034-2035		2,100		94		2,194
	•				•	
Total	\$	147,085	\$	26,118	\$	173,203

Principal Amount of Debt Indebtedness

Date	Purpose	Rate %	<u>Ori</u>	ginal Issue	_	Debt Outstanding	Date of Fiscal Year Maturity
1/15/2001	General Purpose	4.10-4.50	\$	10,250	\$	1,538	2021
1/15/2001	Schools	4.10-4.50		4,750		712	2021
1/15/2002	General Purpose	3.50-4.75		6,415		1,283	2022
1/15/2002	Schools	3.50-4.75		7,085		1,417	2022
6/15/2009	General Purpose	2.00-3.50		10,903		1,454	2024
6/15/2009	Schools	2.00-3.50		4,097		546	2024
9/15/2009	Refunding - General Purpose	2.00-4.00		38,583		28,094	2026
9/15/2009	Refunding - Schools	2.00-4.00		3,077		2,241	2026
4/1/2010	Refunding - General Purpose	2.00-5.00		10,280		7,066	2024
4/1/2010	Refunding - Schools	2.00-5.00		10,330		7,099	2024
10/15/2010	General Purpose	2.00-4.00		6,002		1,204	2026
10/15/2010	Schools	2.00-4.00		1,998		401	2026
2/15/2012	General Purpose	2.50-5.00		11,648		7,765	2028
2/15/2012	Schools	2.50-5.00		3,352		2,235	2028
2/5/2014	General Purpose	2.63-5.00		12,830		9,392	2029
2/5/2014	Schools	2.63-5.00		7,170		5,248	2029
2/12/2015	General Purpose	2.00-3.00		9,655		8,207	2035
2/12/2015	Schools	2.00-3.00		11,345		9,643	2035
1/28/2016	General Purpose	2.00-4.00		12,537		10,862	2031
1/28/2016	Schools	2.00-4.00		1,463		1,268	2031
3/2/2016	Refunding - General Purpose	2.00-4.00		7,055		7,055	2025
3/2/2016	Refunding - Schools	2.00-4.00		5,240		3,490	2025
2/16/2017	General Purpose	2.00-5.00		12,065		11,026	2032
2/16/2017	Schools	2.00-5.00		4,935		4,839	2032
1/11/2018	General Purpose	2.00-5.00		7,665		7,665	2033
1/11/2018	Schools	2.00-5.00		5,335	_	5,335	2033
			\$	226,065	\$_	147,085	

Prior Years' In-Substance Defeasance

In prior years, the Town defeased certain bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the Town's financial statements. At June 30, 2018, \$7,650 of prior bonds outstanding is considered defeased, of which \$7,925 is held in escrow.

The following is a schedule of direct and overlapping debt as of June 30, 2018:

Jurisdiction	Outstanding Debt	Percentage Applicable to West Hartford		Outstanding Debt Applicable to Town
West Hartford Metropolitan District	\$ 147,085	100.00%	\$	147,085
Commission	972,976	22.58%	_	219,698
Total			\$_	366,783

The Town's indebtedness does not exceed the legal debt limitations as required by the Connecticut General Statutes as reflected in the following schedule:

Category	 Debt Limit		Net		Balance		
General purpose	\$ 533,351	\$	107,924	\$	425,427		
Schools	1,066,703	·	52,849	·	1,013,854		
Sewers	888,919		219,698		669,221		
Urban renewal	770,396				770,396		
Pension deficit	711,135				711,135		

The total overall statutory debt limit for the Town is equal to seven times annual receipts from taxation or \$1.66 billion. Except for proprietary fund bonds, if any, all long-term debt obligations are retired through General Fund appropriations.

Indebtedness, in accordance with State Statutes, includes long-term debt outstanding, bond anticipation notes outstanding and the amount of bonds authorized and unissued against which bonds have been issued to partially finance the project. There were \$13,821 of bonds authorized and unissued, for debt limitation purposes, at June 30, 2018. Additionally, school indebtedness is net of school building grants amounting to \$133.

As of June 30, 2018 the Town had, in addition to amounts referred to above, a total of \$35,092 authorized but unissued debt, consisting of \$18,492 for general public improvements and \$16,600 for school purposes. It is the Town Council's policy to authorize the issuance of bonds for the first two years of the Capital Improvement Program to improve the ability to plan and execute projects. Project funding will be released over a two-year period according to the capital financing policy.

8. FUND BALANCE

The components of fund balance for the governmental funds at June 30, 2018 are as follows:

		General Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Debt Service Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total
Fund balances:	_		_		_				
Nonspendable:									
Inventory	\$	289	\$		\$		\$ 59	\$	348
Private Cemetery							82		82
Restricted for:									
Grants							106		106
Westmoor park							435		435
Cemetery operating							1,166		1,166
C.F. Morway							6		6
Town that cares							150		150
School donations							109		109
Affordable housing							4		4
Veteran memorial							39		39
Committed to:									
Parking lot							2,678		2,678
Cafeteria							587		587
School special programs							1,353		1,353
West Hartford library							71		71
School interscholastic sports							163		163
Technology investment							2		2
Police private duty							12		12
Police home ownership							17		17
Cemetery operating							521		521
Debt and sundry						3,148			3,148
Capital projects				10,770					10,770
Assigned to:									
General government encumbrances		47							47
Community maintenance encumbrances		4							4
Education encumbrances		449							449
Unassigned	_	25,438	_		_			_	25,438
Total Fund Balances	\$_	26,227	\$_	10,770	\$_	3,148	\$ 7,560	\$_	47,705

Significant encumbrances at June 30, 2018 are contained in the above table in assigned fund balance. General Fund encumbrances amounted to \$500 at June 30, 2018.

9. RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Types of Risk

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town established its Risk Management Fund (an internal service fund) in 1980 to account for and finance both its insured and self-insured risks of loss. There are six programs accounted for in the fund: Workers' Compensation, Heart and Hypertension, Town Health, Self-Insured, Insured and Board of Education Health. The Town is self-insured for workers' compensation, heart and hypertension, general liability, automobile liability, law enforcement liability, school leaders and public official's liability, and health claims. In addition, stop-loss or excess coverage is purchased for each of these programs.

B. Insurance Coverage

The following is a summary of major coverage:

Coverage	_	Retention		Limits
			-	
Excess workers' compensation	\$	500		Statutory
General liability		250	\$	20,000
Law enforcement liability		250		20,000
Public officials liability		250		20,000
School leaders liability		250		20,000
Automobile liability		250		20,000
Auto physical damage-comprehensive		5		Actual Cash Value
Property		50	\$	500,000
Excess liability		N/A		15,000

Excess liability insurance is maintained with Gemini for \$5,000 excess of \$250 self-insurance retention, with Indemnity Insurance for \$10,000 excess of \$5,000 and with American Alternative Insurance for \$5,000 excess of \$15,000. PMA Management Corporation of New England administers the Self-Insured Workers' Compensation and Self-Insured Risk Programs. Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverages above in any of the previous three years.

C. Loss Estimation Methodology

The Risk Management Fund receives revenues from other funds to finance its costs. Risk allocations are based on both exposure and experience factors, depending on the risk. In the case of the self-insured, workers' compensation and heart and hypertension programs, actuarial estimates are used to determine ultimate losses. Claims and loss expenses are accrued at their present value utilizing actuarially developed factors and discount rates. The discount rate used is 7.25%. The estimate of incurred but not reported (IBNR) health claims is based on 45 days of average claims for the Town Health program and 30 days of average claims for the Board of Education Health program. Total claims liabilities of \$10.8 million at June 30, 2018 are based on the requirements of GASB Statement 10. This Statement requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred. At the date of the financial statements, the amount of the loss must be able to be reasonably estimated.

Changes in the fund's claims liabilities for the past two years were as follows:

Fiscal Year	 Fiscal Year Liability	 Current Year Changes in Estimates	. <u>-</u>	Claim Payments	Fiscal Year Liability
2016-17 2017-18	\$ 10,067 10,262	\$ 5,992 6,956	\$	(5,797) \$ (6,425)	10,262 10,793

10. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

OPEB Trust Fund

A. Plan Description

The Town, in a single-employer plan in accordance with various collective bargaining agreements, provides retiree medical benefits for the lifetime of the retired member and covered dependents. The plan covers Town, Board of Education, Police and Fire employees as further defined in collective bargaining agreements and other written materials. Eligibility and premium sharing information is detailed in the various collective bargaining agreements.

Management of the other post-employment benefits (OPEB) plan is vested with the Town Manager and Director of Financial Services. The members of the Risk Management Advisory Board constitute the Other Post-Employment Benefits Advisory Board (OPEB Board), which provides policy oversight. The OPEB Board consists of six members, three appointed by the Town Council and three appointed by the Board of Education, who serve a three-year term.

At July 1, 2017, plan membership consisted of the following:

Number of members:	
Active members	1,456
Retired members	813
Total Participants	2,269

B. Funding Policy

The Town has actuarially calculated and funded retiree health benefits in a reserve fund since 1985. All retiree claims are paid for in the reserve fund and funded from a combination of employee contributions, investment income on the reserve balance, revenue from the Medicare subsidy and an annual appropriation from the General Fund. The Health Reserve portion of the Risk Management Fund had net position of \$13,024 on June 30, 2018. State law allows the fund to invest up to a maximum of 50% in equity securities and the assumed rate of return is 7.25%.

The Town has established a trust fund to irrevocably segregate assets to fund the liability associated with the postemployment benefits, which requires the reporting of a trust fund in accordance with GASB guidelines. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Town are negotiated with the various unions representing the employees. Other postemployment benefits for Town and Board of Education employees hired subsequent to an increase in the normal retirement age (July 2003 and forward with varying dates depending on union affiliation) are accounted for in the OPEB Trust Fund.

The Town also began to fund pre-plan change OPEB liabilities in the Trust Fund in fiscal year 2015 and is phasing in the Annual Required Contribution. Retired plan members and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits are required to contribute specified amounts monthly towards the cost of health insurance premiums as follows:

Town Employees

Date of hire prior to July 1, 1986 who receive either an early or normal retirement pension benefit: Town pays 100% of premium;

Date of hire after July 1, 1986 and prior to November 10, 1997 who receive a normal retirement pension benefit: Town pays 93% of the premium until Medicare eligibility, then Town pays 100%;

Date of hire after November 10, 1997 and prior to June 30, 2003 who receive a normal retirement pension benefit with eligibility at age 55 and 25 years of service: Town pays 85% of the premium until Medicare eligibility, then Town pays 100%;

Date of hire after November 10, 1997 and prior to June 30, 2003 who receive a normal retirement pension benefit with eligibility at age 60 and 10 years of service: Town pays 70% of the premium until Medicare eligibility, then Town pays 100%;

Date of hire after July 1, 2003 (July 1, 2007 for dispatchers union) who receive a normal retirement pension benefit with eligibility at age 65 with 15 years of service or age 62 with 35 years of service: Town pays 75% of the premium for employee and 50% of the premium for dependent until Medicare eligibility, then Town pays 100%.

Board of Education

Teachers and Administrators: Employee pays 100% of the premium for employee and dependent;

Secretarial/Clerical and Nonbargaining: Board pays 100% of the premium for employee and 50% of the premium for dependent;

Custodial and Maintenance: Pre-65, Board pays 100% of the premium for employee and 50% of the premium for dependent; Post-65, the employee pays 100% of the Major Medical premium for both employee and dependent. The Board pays 100% of the premium for the employee and 50% of the premium for dependent for the Over 65 portion;

Nurses: Board pays 50% of the premium for employee and dependent;

Police and Fire

Date of hire prior to July 1, 1986:

- 10-15 years of service: Town pays greater of rate in effect on July 1 after retirement or 50% of the premium;
- 15-20 years of service: Town pays greater of rate in effect on July 1 after retirement or 75% of the premium;
- 20+ years of service: Town pays 100% of the premium.

Fire employees with date of hire on or after July 1, 1986 and prior to July 1, 2005:

- · Less than 20 years of service: no coverage;
- 20+ years of service: Town pays 100% of the premium.

Fire employees with date of hire on or after July 1, 2005:

- Less than 25 years of service: no coverage;
- 25+ years of service and age 50: Town pays 100% of the premium.

Police employees with date of hire on or after to July 1, 1986 and prior to July 1, 2006:

- Less than 20 years of service: no coverage;
- 20+ years of service: Town pays 100% of the premium.

Police employees with date of hire on or after July 1, 2006:

- Less than 25 years of service: no coverage;
- 25+ years of service: Town pays 100% of the premium.

Member Contributions:

Effective October 2, 2000, active Police employees pay 1% of bi-weekly base wage toward the cost of retiree health benefits;

Effective July 15, 2002, active Fire employees pay 1% of bi-weekly base wage toward the cost of retiree health benefits:

Effective July 1, 2005, active Police and Fire employees pay 1.65% of bi-weekly base wage toward the cost of retiree health benefits.

C. Investments

Investment Policy

The investment policy of the OPEB Plan is established and may be amended by the OPEB Board. The investment policy is designed to reflect a prudent investor's tolerance for risk, which is achieved through diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of asset classes. It is the intent of the policy to pursue an investment strategy that produces a maximum return for the Town through prudent asset allocation and superior investment performance within designated asset classes.

Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was 2.63%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

D. Net OPEB Liability of the Town

The Town's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018. The components of the net OPEB liability of the Town at June 30, 2018 were as follows:

Total OPEB liability	\$ 179,124
Plan fiduciary net position	 4,762
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 174,362
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage	
of the total OPEB liability	2.66%

E. Actuarial Assumptions

Inflation

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Salary Increase	3.50%
Investment rate of return	7.04%
Healthcare cost trend rates	The annual healthcare cost trend rate starts at 7.1% in 2017,
	reducing by .5% each year to an ultimate rate of 4.6% per year
	rate for 2022 and later

2.60%

Mortality RP-2000 Annuitant and Non-Annuitant Mortality Tables for males and females projected from base year of 2006 to

valuation date by Scale BB. A Blue Collar adjustment is applied

pre- and post-retirement for members

There was no actuarial experience study completed.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset as of June 30, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	TargetAllocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Core fixed income	40.00 %	1.75 %
U.S. Large Cap Equities	28.50	5.60
U.S. Small Cap Equities	7.50	5.90
Developed Foreign Equities	19.00	5.80
Emerging Markets Equity	5.00	4.25
	100.00 %	

F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.04%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that Town contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

G. Changes in Net OPEB Liability

	In	crease (Decrease)	
	Total OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net OPEB Liability (a)-(b)
Balances as of July 1, 2017 \$	157,148_\$	2,961 \$	154,187
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	2,321		2,321
Interest on total pension liability	11,557		11,557
Effect of plan changes	70		70
Differences between expected and actual experience	2,694		2,694
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs	16,278		16,278
Benefit payments	(10,944)	(10,944)	-
Employer contributions		12,208	(12,208)
Member contributions		100	(100)
Contributions - TRB subsidy		358	(358)
Net investment income (loss)		79	(79)
Net changes	21,976	1,801	20,175
Balances as of June 30, 2018 \$	179,124	4,762 \$	174,362

H. Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.04%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.04%) than the current discount rate:

				Current		
	_	1% Decrease (6.04%)		Discount Rate (7.04%)		1% Increase (8.04%)
Net OPEB Liability	\$_	197,004	\$_	174,362	_ \$	155,655

I. Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.10% decreasing to 3.60%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.10% decreasing to 5.60%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Decrease (6.10% decreasing		Healthcare Cost Trend Rates (7.10% decreasing to		1% Increase (8.10% decreasing		
Net OPEB Liability	\$ to 3.60%)	\$_	4.60%) 174,362	\$	to 5.60%) 199,853		

J. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2018, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		Governmental Activities Deferred Outflows of Resources	 Business- Type Activities Deferred Outflows of Resources	-	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources
Differences between expected and	_			_	
actual experience	\$	2,053	\$ 30	\$	2,083
Changes of assumptions		12,398	180		12,578
Net difference between projected and					
actual earning on OPEB plan investments	_	163	 2	_	165
Total	\$	14,614	\$ 212	\$	14,826

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	(Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Year Ending June 30				
2019	\$	4,290	\$ 63	\$ 4,353
2020		4,290	63	4,353
2021		4,291	62	4,353
2022		1,743	24	1,767

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the Town recognized OPEB expense of \$17,557, of which \$17,306 was reported as governmental activities and \$251 as business-type activities.

The following schedule presents the net position held in trust for OPEB benefits at June 30, 2018 and the changes in net position for the year ended June 30, 2018:

	OPEB Trust Fund		
Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents Investments:	\$ 81		
Mutual funds	 4,683		
Total assets	4,764		
Liabilities:			
Accounts and other payables	 2		
Net Position:			
Restricted for OPEB Benefits	\$ 4,762		

		OPEB Trust Fund
Additions:		
Contributions:		
Employer	\$	12,208
Plan members		100
Other revenue	_	358
Total contributions	_	12,666
Investment income:		
Net change in fair value of investments		1
Interest		1
Dividends		79
Total investment income		81
Less investment expense		(2)
Net investment income	_	79
Total additions		12,745
Deductions:		
Benefits	_	10,944
Change in Net Position		1,801
Net Position at Beginning of Year	_	2,961
Net Position at End of Year	\$_	4,762

State Teachers Retirement Plan

A. Plan Description

Teachers, principals, superintendents or supervisors engaged in service of public schools plus professional employees at State Schools of higher education are eligible to participate in the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System Retiree Health Insurance Plan (TRS-RHIP), a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other post employment benefit plan administered by the Teachers' Retirement Board (TRB), if they choose to be covered.

Chapter 167a of the State Statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the TRB. TRS-RHIP issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ct.gov/trb.

B. Benefit Provisions

There are two types of the health care benefits offered through the system. Subsidized Local School District Coverage provides a subsidy paid to members still receiving coverage through their former employer and the CTRB Sponsored Medicare Supplemental Plans provide coverage for those participating in Medicare but not receiving Subsidized Local School District Coverage.

Any member who is not currently participating in Medicare Parts A & B is eligible to continue health care coverage with their former employer. A subsidy of up to \$110 per month for a retired member plus an additional \$110 per month for a spouse enrolled in a local school district plan is provided to the school district to first offset the retiree's share of the cost of coverage, and any remaining portion is used to offset the district's cost. The subsidy amount is set by statute and has not increased since July 1996. A subsidy amount of \$220 per month may be paid for a retired member, spouse or the surviving spouse of a member who has attained the normal retirement age to participate in Medicare, is not eligible for Part A of Medicare without cost, and contributes at least \$220 per month towards coverage under a local school district plan.

Any member who is currently participating in Medicare Parts A & B is eligible to either continue health care coverage with their former employer, if offered, or enroll in the plan sponsored by the System. If they elect to remain in the plan with their former employer, the same subsidies as above will be paid to offset the cost of coverage.

If a member participating in Medicare Parts A & B so elects, they may enroll in one of the CTRB Sponsored Medicare Supplemental Plans. Active members, retirees and the State pay equally toward the cost of the basic coverage (medical and prescription drug benefits). There are three choices for coverage under the CTRB Sponsored Medicare Supplemental Plans. The choices and 2017 calendar year premiums charged for each choice are shown in the table below:

Medicare Supplement with Prescriptions	\$ 92
Medicare Supplement with Prescriptions and Dental	136
 Medicare Supplement with Prescriptions, Dental, Vision & Hearing 	141

Those participants electing vision, hearing and/or dental are required by the System's funding policy to pay the full cost of coverage for these benefits, and no liability is assumed by the plan for these benefits.

Survivor Health Care Coverage

Survivors of former employees or retirees remain eligible to participate in the plan and continue to be eligible to receive either the \$110 monthly subsidy or participate in the TRB-Sponsored Medicare Supplemental Plans, as long as they do not remarry.

C. Eligibility

Any member who is currently receiving a retirement or disability benefit is eligible to participate in the plan.

Credited Service

One month for each month of service as a teacher in Connecticut public schools, maximum 10 months for each school year. Ten months of credited service constitutes one year of Credited Service. Certain other types of teaching services, State employment, or wartime military service may be purchased prior to retirement if the member pays one-half the cost.

Normal Retirement

Age 60 with 20 years of Credited Service in Connecticut, or 35 years of Credited Service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut.

Early Retirement

Age 55 with 20 years of Credited Service including 15 years of Connecticut service, or 25 years of Credited Service including 20 years of Connecticut service.

Proratable Retirement

Age 60 with 10 years of credited service.

Disability Retirement

No service requirement if incurred in the performance of duty, and 5 years of Credited Service in Connecticut if not incurred in the performance of duty.

Termination of Employment

Ten or more years of Credited Service.

D. Contributions

State of Connecticut

Per Connecticut General Statutes Section 10-183z, contribution requirements of active employees and the State of Connecticut are approved, amended and certified by the State Teachers' Retirement Board and appropriated by the General Assembly. The State contributions are not currently actuarially funded. The State appropriates from the General Fund one third of the annual costs of the Plan. Administrative costs of the Plan are financed by the State. Based upon Chapter 167a, Subsection D of Section 10-183t of the Connecticut statutes, it is assumed the State will pay for any long-term shortfall arising from insufficient active member contributions.

Employer (School Districts)

School District employers are not required to make contributions to the plan.

Employees

Each member is required to contribute 1.25% of their annual salary up to \$500,000. Contributions in excess of \$500,000 will be credited to the Retiree Health Insurance Plan.

E. OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2018, the Town reports no amounts for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows, due to the statutory requirement that the State pay 100% of the required contribution. The amount recognized by the Town as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the Town was as follows:

Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	-
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated		
with the Town	-	64,110
Total	\$	64,110

The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as June 30, 2016. At June 30, 2018, the Town has no proportionate share of the net OPEB liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the Town recognized OPEB expense and revenue of \$2,971 in Exhibit II for on-behalf amounts for the benefits provided by the State.

F. Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.75%

Health care costs trend rate 7.25% decreasing to 5.00% by 2022

Salary increases 3.25-6.50%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 3.56%, net of OPEB plan investment

expense, including inflation

Year fund net position will

be depleted 2018

Mortality rates were based on the RPH-2014 White Collar table with employee and annuitant rates blended from ages 50 to 80, projected to the year 2020 using the BB improvement scale, and further adjusted to grade in increases (5% for females and 8% for males) over age 80. For disabled retirees, mortality rates were based on the RPH-2014 Disabled Mortality Table projected to 2017 using the BB improvement scale.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010 - June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the GASB 74 valuation process. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including the plan's current asset allocations and a log-normal distribution analysis using the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class. The long-term expected rate of return was determined by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The assumption is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years. The plan is 100% invested in U.S. Treasuries (Cash Equivalents) for which the expected 10-Year Geometric Real Rate of Return is (0.04%).

G. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.56%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current member contribution rate and that contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members. No future State contributions were assumed to be made. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be depleted in 2018 and, as a result, the Municipal Bond Index Rate was used in the determination.

H. Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate and the Discount Rate

The Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability is \$-0- and, therefore, the change in the health care cost trend rate or the discount rate would only impact the amount recorded by the State of Connecticut.

I. Other Information

Additional information is included in the required supplementary information section of the financial statements. A schedule of contributions is not presented as the Town has no obligation to contribute to the plan. Detailed information about the Connecticut State Teachers OPEB Plan fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued State of Connecticut Comprehensive Annual Financial Report at www.ct.gov.

11. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS

Town of West Hartford Retirement System

A. Plan Description and Benefits Provided

By the authority of Chapter VIII, Section 3, of the Town Charter and Chapter 30, Article II of the Code of Ordinances, the Town sponsors and maintains a single-employer defined benefit plan (West Hartford Retirement System). This plan covers all full-time employees of the Town and Board of Education, except for those employees eligible for participation in the State of Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System.

The Plan is administered by a Pension Board that is appointed by the Town Council and represents both management and employees. The Pension Board consists of 5 members who serve a 5-year term.

Certified teachers employed by the Board of Education are eligible to participate in the State of Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System, which is a cost-sharing multi-employer defined benefit Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) with the State acting as a nonemployer contributor.

An annual valuation of the pension plan is conducted on July 1 of each year for the subsequent fiscal year.

Membership in the Plan as of July 1, 2017 was as follows:

Inactive participants: Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits Terminated vested employees Total inactive participants	1,124 <u>67</u> 1,191
Active participants	854
Total	2,045

B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters

Basis of Accounting

Plan financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employee and employer contributions are recognized as revenues in the period in which employee services are performed. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Method Used to Value Investments

Investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national exchange are valued at the last reported sales price. Investment income is recognized as earned.

C. Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of plan members are established and may be amended by the Town Council subject to union contract negotiation. As a condition of participation, members are required to contribute a specified portion (1.8% to 7%) of their salary to the Plan, depending upon their class of membership.

The Plan's funding policy provides for actuarially determined periodic contributions at rates that, for individual employees, increase gradually over time so that sufficient assets will be available to pay benefits when due. The Plan amortizes the actuarial accrued liability over a 30-year period. Contributions are recommended by the actuary through the Town's fiscal year end of June 30. The Town's contributions for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, were \$21,615 and \$20,551, respectively, and were in accordance with actuarially determined requirements.

D. Investments

Investment Policy

The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the Pension Board by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the Pension Board to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The pension plan's investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over short time spans.

Concentrations: The following investment represents more than 5% of the Pension Trust Funds net position as of June 30, 2018:

Baring Core Property Fund, LP	\$ 13,993
Acadian Non-US All Cap Equity Fund, USD Hedged, LLC	\$ 11,066

Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 9.21%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

E. Net Pension Liability of the Town

The components of the net pension liability of the Town at June 30, 2018, were as follows:

Total pension liability	\$	463,250
Plan fiduciary net position	_	207,224
	_	
Net Pension Liability	\$_	256,026
	=	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage		
of the total pension liability		44.73%

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the Town's net pension liability is \$256,026, of which \$252,160 is reported as governmental activities and \$3,866 as business-type activities.

F. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	2.50%
Investment rate of return	7.25%
Mortality	RP-2000 Annuitant and Non-Annuitant Mortality Tables for males and females projected from base year of 2006 to valuation date by Scale BB. A Blue Collar adjustment is applied pre- and post-retirement for members.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and the best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	TargetAllocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return				
U.S. Large Cap Equities	44.50 %	5.60 %				
Core fixed income	30.00	1.75				
U.S. Small Cap Equities	10.50	5.90				
Developed foreign equities	10.00	5.80				
Real estate (property)	5.00	4.25				
	100.00 %					

G. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Town contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current and active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

Employees' Pension Plan									
		Increase (Decrease)							
		Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a)-(b)					
Balances as of July 1, 2017	\$	424,744_\$	194,122 \$	230,622					
Changes for the year:									
Service cost		7,832		7,832					
Interest on total pension liability		31,343		31,343					
Effect of plan changes		(334)		(334)					
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses		5,865		5,865					
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs		23,677		23,677					
Benefit payments		(29,877)	(29,877)	-					
Employer contributions			21,615	(21,615)					
Member contributions			3,166	(3,166)					
Net investment income (loss)			18,555	(18,555)					
Administrative expenses			(357)	357					
Net changes		38,506	13,102	25,404					
Balances as of June 30, 2018	\$	463,250 \$	207,224 \$	256,026					

H. Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Town, calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the Town's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.25%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	_	1% Decrease (6.25%)		Current Discount Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)
Net Pension Liability	\$_	306,137	\$	256,026	\$ 213,731

I. Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	Employees' Pension Plan											
		Governme	ntal	Activities		Business-1	Activities		Total			
		Deferred Deferred			Deferred		Deferred		Deferred		Deferred	
		Outflows of		Inflows of		Outflows of		Inflows of		Outflows of		Inflows of
	_	Resources	_	Resources		Resources		Resources	. ,	Resources	_	Resources
Differences between expected and												
actual experience	\$	12,121	\$		\$	186	\$		\$	12,307	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		17,340		3		266				17,606		3
Net difference between projected and												
actual earning on pension plan investments	_		_	2,995				46		-	-	3,041
Total	\$	29,461	\$	2,998	\$	452	\$	46	\$	29,913	\$	3,044

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

		Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total			
Year Ending June 30,							
2018	\$	16,122	\$ 247	\$ 16,369			
2019		7,383	113	7,496			
2020		3,784	57	3,841			
2021		(826)	(11)	(837)			

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the Town recognized pension expense of \$38,305, of which \$37,727 is reported as governmental activities and \$578 as business-type activities.

The following schedule presents the net position held in trust for pension benefits at June 30, 2018 and the changes in net position for the year ended June 30, 2018:

		Pension Trust Fund
Accepta		
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	616
Investments:	Ψ	010
Mutual funds		154,765
Common stock		26,998
Alternative investments		25,059
Receivables:		
Interest and dividends	,	14
Total assets		207,452
Liabilities:		
Accounts and other payables		228
Net Position:		
Restricted for Pension Benefits	\$	207,224
	·	
		Pension
A daliking a		Trust Fund
Additions: Contributions:		
Employer	\$	21,615
Plan members	Ψ	3,166
Total contributions	•	24,781
	•	, -
Investment income:		
Net change in fair value of investments		15,244
Interest		56
Dividends		3,654
Total investment income		18,954
Less investment expense		(399)
Net investment income	•	18,555
Total additions		43,336
Deductions:		
Benefits		29,877
Administration		357
Total deductions		30,234
Change in Net Position		13,102
Net Position at Beginning of Year		194,122
Net Position at End of Year	\$.	207,224

Teachers Retirement

A. Plan Description

Teachers, principals, superintendents or supervisors engaged in service of public schools are provided with pensions through the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System, a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Teachers Retirement Board. Chapter 167a of the State Statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the Teachers Retirement Board. The Teachers Retirement Board issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ct.gov.

B. Benefit Provisions

The plan provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Employees are eligible to retire at age 60 with 20 years of credited service in Connecticut, or 35 years of credited service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut.

Normal Retirement

Retirement benefits for employees are calculated as 2% of the average annual salary times the years of credited service (maximum benefit is 75% of average annual salary during the 3 years of highest salary).

Early Retirement

Employees are eligible after 25 years of credited service including 20 years of Connecticut service, or age 55 with 20 years of credited service including 15 years of Connecticut service with reduced benefit amounts.

Disability Retirement

Employees are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service. Five years of credited service is required for nonservice-related disability eligibility. Disability benefits are calculated as 2% of average annual salary times credited service to date of disability, but not less than 15% of average annual salary, nor more than 50% of average annual salary.

C. Contributions

Per Connecticut General Statutes Section 10-183z (which reflects Public Act 79-436 as amended), contribution requirements of active employees and the State of Connecticut are approved, amended and certified by the State Teachers Retirement Board and appropriated by the General Assembly.

Employer (School Districts)

School District employers are not required to make contributions to the plan.

The statutes require the State of Connecticut to contribute 100% of each school districts' required contributions, which are actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of the benefits earned by employees during the year, with any additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employees

Effective July 1, 1992, each teacher is required to contribute 6% of salary for the pension benefit.

Effective January 1, 2018, the required contribution increased to 7% of pensionable salary.

D. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the Town reports no amounts for its proportionate share of the net pension liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows, due to the statutory requirement that the State pay 100% of the required contribution. The amount recognized by the Town as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the Town were as follows:

Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability

State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Town

Total

\$ 249,079

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016. At June 30, 2018, the Town has no proportionate share of the net pension liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the Town recognized pension expense and revenue of \$28,811 in Exhibit II for on-behalf amounts for the benefits provided by the State.

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.75%

Salary increase 3.25-6.50%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 8.00%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RPH-2014 White Collar table with employee and annuitant rates blended from ages 50 to 80, projected to the year 2020 using the BB improvement scale, and further adjusted to grade in increased rates (5% for females and 8% for males) over age 80 for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries as well as for active members. The RPH-2014 Disabled Mortality Table projected to 2017 with Scale BB is used for the period after disability retirement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010 - June 30, 2015.

For teachers who retired prior to September 1, 1992, pension benefit adjustments are made in accordance with increases in the Consumer Price Index, with a minimum of 3% and a maximum of 5% per annum.

For teachers who were members of the Teachers' Retirement System before July 1, 2007 and retire on or after September 1, 1992, pension benefit adjustments are made that are consistent with those provided for Social Security benefits on January 1 of the year granted, with a maximum of 6% per annum. If the return on assets in the previous year was less than 8.5%, the maximum increase is 1.5%.

For teachers who were members of the Teachers' Retirement System after July 1, 2007, pension benefit adjustments are made that are consistent with those provided for Social Security benefits on January 1 of the year granted, with a maximum of 5% per annum. If the return on assets in the previous year was less than 11.5%, the maximum increase is 3%, and if the return on the assets in the previous year was less than 8.5%, the maximum increase is 1.0%.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation		Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	
		-		_
Large Cap U.S. equities	21.00	%	5.80	%
Developed non-U.S. equities	18.00		6.60	
Private equity	11.00		7.60	
Emerging Markets (non-U.S.)	9.00		8.30	
Alternative investments	8.00		4.10	
Real Estate	7.00		5.10	
Fixed income (core)	7.00		1.30	
Cash	6.00		0.40	
High yield bonds	5.00		3.90	
Emerging market bond	5.00		3.70	
Inflation linked bonds	3.00		1.00	
Total	100.00	%		

F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that State contributions will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rates in the future years. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

G. Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability is \$-0- and, therefore, the change in the discount rate would only impact the amount recorded by the State of Connecticut.

H. Other Information

Additional information is included in the required supplementary information section of the financial statements. A schedule of contributions is not presented as the Town has no obligation to contribute to the plan.

12. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The West Hartford-Bloomfield Health District is a regional health department servicing the towns of West Hartford and Bloomfield. The Town of West Hartford expends at least \$1.00 per capita per fiscal year from annual local tax receipts for the district's services.

The Metropolitan District Commission (the Commission) provides water and sewer services to the Town and certain other area municipalities financed by a service levy on the participating municipalities and user charges. This does not result in overlapping property tax for the residents of the Town. Since this is a separate governmental unit, its audited annual statements are not included in this report but are available from the Commission directly.

The Town, its officers, employees, boards and commissions are defendants in a number of lawsuits. It is the opinion of Town officials that such pending litigation will not be finally determined so as to result individually or in the aggregate in a final judgment against the Town that would materially adversely affect its financial position.

13. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT AND RESTATEMENT

The following restatements were recorded to the beginning net position of the governmental activities as a result of implementation of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions:

Governmental Activities:

Net position at June 30 2017, as previously reported	\$	21,212
Adjustments: Eliminate net OPEB obligation reported per GASB No. 45 Record net OPEB liability per GASB No. 75		8,336 (151,981)
Net Position Balance at July 1, 2017, as Restated	\$	(122,433)
Business-Type Activities:		
Net position at June 30 2017, as previously reported	\$	7,624
Adjustments: Record net OPEB liability per GASB No. 75	_	(2,206)
Net Position Balance at July 1, 2017, as Restated	\$	5,418
Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds Leisure Services Fund:		
Net position at June 30 2017, as previously reported	\$	7,624
Adjustments: Record net OPEB liability per GASB No. 75		(2,206)
Net Position Balance at July 1, 2017, as Restated	\$	5,418

Required Supplementary Information

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (In Thousands)

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance -		
	_	Original	. <u>-</u>	Final	_	Actual	Positive (Negative)	
Property taxes:								
Current year levy	\$	246,073	\$	248,073	\$	248,463 \$	390	
Prior year's collections		1,375		1,375		1,577	202	
Interest and liens fees		775		775		860	85	
Motor vehicle supplement		1,700		2,000		2,045	45	
Suspense						55	55	
Total property taxes	_	249,923	_	252,223	_	253,000	777	
Intergovernmental revenues: Federal:								
Impact Aid						75	75	
EMS grant		8		8		18	10	
Police Grants		· ·		302		222	(80)	
Dial-A-Ride grant				59		68	9	
Total federal assistance	-	8	· -	369	_	383	14	
State:								
Education Cost-Sharing		20,961		20,961		18,233	(2,728)	
School Building Grants		126		126		126	-	
Payments In Lieu of Taxes		1,163		1,163		519	(644)	
Municipal Revenue Sharing						1,461	1,461	
Municipal Revenue Sharing - Sales Tax		2,075		2,075			(2,075)	
Municipal Revenue Sharing - Motor Vehicles		2,506		2,506			(2,506)	
Disabled Tax Relief		6		6		6	-	
Elderly Tax Relief - Circuit Breaker		182		182			(182)	
Veterans Exemptions		63		63		63	-	
Youth Services Grant		37		37		36	(1)	
Alcohol/Drug Abuse Grant		7		7		7	-	
Highway Town Aid		687		687		686	(1)	
Mashantucket Pequot Fund		195		195		195	-	
Miscellaneous State Grants				7		7	-	
Emergency 911 Grant		141		141		140	(1)	
Telephone Grant		115		115		116	1	
Total state assistance	_	28,264	_	28,271	· –	21,595	(6,676)	
Total intergovernmental revenues	_	28,272	. <u>-</u>	28,640	. <u> </u>	21,978	(6,662)	

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT
GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018
(In Thousands)

	_	Budgeted Amounts			-			Variance -	
	_	Original	_	Final		Actual		Positive (Negative)	
Charges for services: Town Clerk	\$	1,501	\$	1,501	\$	1,360	\$	(141)	
Corporation Counsel	*	1,00	•	.,	•	1	*	1	
Financial Services		1		1		1		-	
Assessment		2		2		2		-	
Fire Department		890		890		1,213		323	
Police Department		307		307		290		(17)	
Community Services		1,747		1,747		1,636		(111)	
Public Works		357		357		250		(107)	
Human & Leisure Services		722		722		778		56	
Library	_	65	_	65	-	48		(17)	
Total charges for services	_	5,592	-	5,592	-	5,579		(13)	
Miscellaneous local revenues:									
Workers' compensation reimbursement		300		300		487		187	
Sale of Assets						1		1	
Town-owned property rentals		361		361		350		(11)	
Miscellaneous		94	_	108		317		209	
Total miscellaneous local revenues	_	755	-	769	-	1,155		386	
Income on investments	_	384	=	884		987		103	
Total revenues		284,926		288,108		282,699		(5,409)	
Other financing sources:									
Transfers in	_	448	_	448		3,577		3,129	
Total	\$_	285,374	\$	288,556		286,276	\$	(2,280)	
Budgetary revenues are different than GAAP revenue On-behalf contributions to the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System for Town teacher			d:						
Pension OPEB		J				28,811 2,971			
The Board of Education does not budget for intergovernmental grants, which are credited ag expenditures for budgetary reporting. These an revenues and expenditures for GAAP financials	noui	nts are record		as		3,950			
Toversides and expenditures for Onthi illiandars	Jiait	mont purpost				3,330			
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources as Re of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund									
Funds - Exhibit IV					\$	322,008	3		

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (In Thousands)

	_	Budgete	ed Amount		Variance - Positive	
	_	Original	Fi	nal	Actual	(Negative)
General Government:						
Town Clerk: Personal services	\$	165	\$	157 \$	157 \$	
Non-personal expense	Φ	80	φ	157 ş	157 \$ 84	-
Debt and sundry		10		9	9	_
Total	_	255		250	250	
Total	_	200				
Town Council:						
Personal services		119		118	118	-
Non-personal expense		251		247	247	-
Debt and sundry		9		9	9	
Total	_	379		374	374	
Town Manager:						
Personal services		266		288	288	_
Non-personal expense		4		12	12	-
Debt and sundry		16		18	18	-
Total		286		318	318	_
Corporation Counsel:						
Personal services		257		287	287	_
Non-personal expense		70		65	65	_
Debt and sundry		18		19	19	_
Total	_	345		371	371	
Denistran of Veterra	_					
Registrar of Voters: Personal services		187		183	183	_
Non-personal expense		37		26	26	_
Debt and sundry		12		9	9	_
Total		236	-	218	218	
	_					
Information Technology:		470		400	400	
Personal services		472 431		466 441	466 441	-
Non-personal expense Debt and sundry		34		33	33	-
Total	_	937		940	940	
	_					
Financial Services:		4 000		4.050	4.050	
Personal services		1,666		1,658	1,658	-
Non-personal expense		556 405		540	540	-
Debt and sundry Total	_	125 2,347	· —	116 2,314	<u>116</u> 2,314	<u> </u>
Total	_	2,047	· ·	2,017	2,514	
Assessment:						
Personal services		618		648	648	-
Non-personal expense		59		53	53	-
Debt and sundry	_	47		48	48	
Total	_	724		749	749	

(Continued on next page)

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT
GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018
(In Thousands)

	_	Budgete	d An	nounts				Variance - Positive
	_	Original		Final		Actual	_	(Negative)
Human Resources:	_		_		_			
Personal services	\$		\$	350	\$	350	\$	-
Non-personal expense		63		60		60		-
Debt and sundry	_	25	_	25		25	=	<u>-</u>
Total		436	_	435	_	435	-	
Total general government	_	5,945	_	5,969	_	5,969	-	
Public Safety:								
Fire Department:								
Personal services		10,435		10,591		10,591		-
Non-personal expense		1,005		988		988		-
Debt and sundry		164		159		159	_	
Total	<u> </u>	11,604	_	11,738	_	11,738	-	
Police Department:								
Personal services		13,619		13,728		13,728		-
Non-personal expense		921		780		780		-
Debt and sundry		307		291		291		-
Total	_	14,847		14,799	_	14,799		
Total public safety		26,451	_	26,537	_	26,537	_	
Community Maintenance:								
Community Development:								
Personal services		2,196		2,134		2,134		-
Non-personal expense		171		136		136		-
Debt and sundry		164		154		154		-
Total	_	2,531	_	2,424	_	2,424	-	-
Public Works:								
Personal services		4,200		4,193		3,799		394
Non-personal expense		7,187		5,905		5,905		-
Debt and sundry		315		258		258		-
Total	_	11,702	_	10,356	_	9,962	-	394
Plant and Facility Services:								
Personal services		1,184		1,072		1,072		_
Non-personal expense		1,295		1,703		1,703		_
Debt and sundry		84		78		78		_
Total		2,563	_	2,853	_	2,853	-	-
Total community maintenance		16,796	_	15,633	_	15,239		394

(Continued on next page)

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT
GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018
(In Thousands)

		Budgete	ed A	Amounts				Variance -
		Original		Final		Actual		Positive (Negative)
Human and Cultural: Library:			•		_	7101001	-	(Hogailto)
Personal services	\$	2,588	\$	2,488	\$	2,488	\$	_
Non-personal expense	Ψ	655	*	621	*	621	*	_
Debt and sundry		179		179		179		_
Total		3,422	-	3,288	_	3,288	-	
Leisure and Social Services:								
Personal services		2,050		2,018		2,018		_
Non-personal expense		955		926		926		-
Debt and sundry		118		98		98		-
Total		3,123		3,042	_	3,042	-	_
Total human and cultural		6,545	_	6,330	_	6,330	_	
Education		159,575	-	159,575	_	158,523	_	1,052
Debt and sundry		50,884	-	50,935	_	46,400	_	4,535
Total expenditures		266,196		264,979		258,998		5,981
Other financing uses:								
Transfers out		19,178	_	23,577	_	23,568	-	9
Total	\$	285,374	\$	288,556		282,566	\$_	5,990
Budgetary expenditures are different than GAAF State of Connecticut on-behalf payments to th Retirement System for Town teachers are no	e Co	nnecticut Sta						
Pension OPEB						28,811 2,971		
The Board of Education does not budget for in grants, which are credited against education reporting. These amounts are recorded as a financial statement purposes. Encumbrances for purchases and commitmen received are reported in the year the order is in the year received for financial statement purchases are reported as expenditure.	n experevents order orde	enditures for ues and expendenced but not ced for budgeses.	endi : :tary	tures for GAAP purposes, but	_	3,950 40 (12)		
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses a of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Funds - Exhibit IV					\$ <u>_</u>	318,326		

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT
CDBG HOUSING REHABILITATION FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018
(In Thousands)

	_	Budget	_	Actual	_	Variance - Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$	250	\$_	227	\$_	(23)
Expenditures: Current: Human and cultural:						
Non-personal expense	_	250	_	114	_	136
Excess of Revenues over Expenditures		-		113		113
Other Financing Uses: Transfers out			_	(113)	-	(113)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$_			-	\$_	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year			_			
Fund Balance at End of Year			\$_			

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS* (In Thousands)

		2014		2015		2016	_	2017	_	2018
Total pension liability:										
Service cost	\$	5,563	\$	5,845	\$	5,841	\$	7,641	\$	7,832
Interest	•	27,384	*	27,666	*	27,784	•	30,633	*	31,343
Effect of plan changes		57		(185)		3		,		(334)
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses				`886		31,784				5,865
Effect of assumption changes or inputs				7,220		(12)				23,677
Benefit payments		(24,332)		(25,209)		(26,515)		(28,080)		(29,877)
Net change in total pension liability		8,672		16,223		38,885		10,194		38,506
Total pension liability - beginning		350,770		359,442		375,665		414,550	_	424,744
Total pension liability - ending		359,442	_	375,665	_	414,550	_	424,744	_	463,250
Plan fiduciary net position:										
Contributions - employer		15,957		17,712		17,917		20,551		21,615
Contributions - member		2,621		2,675		3,047		3,063		3,166
Net investment income (loss)		28,230		8,632		(976)		23,647		18,555
Benefit payments		(24,332)		(25,209)		(26,515)		(28,080)		(29,877)
Administrative expense		(314)		(306)		(313)		(305)		(357)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		22,162		3,504		(6,840)		18,876		13,102
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	_	156,420		178,582		182,086		175,246		194,122
Plan fiduciary net position - ending		178,582		182,086		175,246	_	194,122		207,224
Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$	180,860	\$	193,579	\$	239,304	\$	230,622	\$	256,026
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		49.68%		48.47%		42.27%		45.70%		44.73%
Covered payroll	\$	57,281	\$	53,742	\$	59,332	\$	60,815	\$	58,708
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		315.74%		360.20%		403.33%		379.22%		436.10%
Notes to Schedule										
Assumption Changes:										
Investment rate of return		7.95%		7.54%		7.50%		7.50%		7.25%
Discount rate		7.95%		7.54%		7.50%		7.50%		7.25%
Inflation		2.75%		2.75%		3.00%		3.00%		2.75%
Mortality:										
RP-2000 Annuitant and Non-Annuitant Mortality Tables for males and females projected										
from base year of 2006 to valuation date by Scale BB. A Blue Collar adjustment										**
is applied pre- and post-retirement for members.										
RP-2000 Mortality Table with separate male and female rates, with separate tables										
for nonannuitants and annuitants, projected to the valuation date with Scale AA.		**		**		**		**		
ior nonarmulariis and armultariis, projected to the valuation date with scale AA.										

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available

^{**} Applicable for that particular year

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (In Thousands)

	_	2009	_	2010		2011	_	2012	 2013	_	2014	_	2015	_	2016		2017		2018
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$	6,813 6,812	\$	7,481 7,480	\$_	10,002 10,000	\$	11,648 11,648	\$ 14,167 14,167	\$_	15,957 15,957	\$_	17,712 17,712	\$_	17,917 17,917	\$_	20,551 20,551	\$	21,615 21,615
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$_	1	\$_	1	\$_	2	\$		\$ _	\$_	_	\$		\$_		\$_		\$_	
Covered payroll	\$	48,107	\$	50,031	\$	53,028	\$	55,150	\$ 55,078	\$	57,281	\$	53,742	\$	59,332	\$	60,815	\$	58,708
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		14.16%		14.95%		18.86%		21.12%	25.72%		27.86%		32.96%		30.20%		33.79%		36.82%

Notes to Schedule

Valuation date: July 1, 2017 Measurement date: June 30, 2018

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to

the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Amortization method

Remaining amortization period Asset valuation method

Inflation

Salary increases

Investment rate of return

Retirement age

Mortality

Entry age

Level percentage of payroll, closed

28-year closed period 5-year smoothed market

2.75%; Prior: 3%

2.50%

7.25%; Prior: 7.5%

Rates vary by group and age

RP-2000 Annuitant and Non-Annuitant Mortality Tables for males and females projected from base year of 2006 to valuation date by Scale BB. A Blue Collar adjustment is applied pre- and post-retirement for members. Prior: RP-2000 Mortality Table with separate male and female rates, with separate tables for nonannuitants and annuitants, projected to the valuation date with Scale AA.

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS*

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	18.43%	4.69%	-0.52%	12.95%	9.21%	

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY **TEACHERS' RETIREMENT PLAN LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS***

(In Thousands)

	_	2015	2016		2017	-	2018
Town's proportion of the net pension liability		0.00%	0.00%)	0.00%		0.00%
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Town	_	188,888	204,358		262,780	-	249,079
Total	\$ <u>_</u>	188,888	\$ 204,358	\$	262,780	\$	249,079
Town's covered-employee payroll	\$	70,896	\$ 73,271	\$	75,921	\$	76,720
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		0.00%	0.00%	,	0.00%		0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension		61.51%	59.50%	,	52.26%		55.93%

Notes to Schedule

Changes in benefit terms Changes of assumptions

During 2016, rates of withdrawal, disability, retirement, mortality and assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience. These assumptions were recommended

as part of the Experience Study for the System for the five-year period ended June 30, 2015.

During 2011, rates of withdrawal, retirement and assumed rates of salary increases were adjusted to reflect actual and anticipated experience. These assumptions were recommended as part of the Experience Study

for the System for the five-year period ended June 30, 2010.

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Level percent of salary, closed Amortization method

Remaining amortization period 20.4

Asset valuation method 4-year smoothed market

Investment rate of return 8.50%, net of investment related expense

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT TRUST FUND LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS*

(In Thousands)

	_	2017	2018
Total OPEB liability:			
Service cost	\$	2,242 \$	2,321
Interest	•	11,278	11,557
Change of benefit terms		•	70
Differences between expected and actual experience		2,300	2,694
Changes of assumptions			16,278
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	_	(11,141)	(10,944)
Net change in total OPEB liability		4,679	21,976
Total OPEB liability - beginning	_	152,469	157,148
Total OPEB liability - ending	_	157,148	179,124
Plan fiduciary net position:			
Contributions - employer		12,019	12,208
Contributions - member		99	100
Contributions - TRB subsidy		378	358
Net investment income		166	79
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	_	(11,141)	(10,944)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		1,521	1,801
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	_	1,440	2,961
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	_	2,961	4,762
Net OPEB Liability - Ending	\$_	154,187 \$	174,362
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		1.88%	2.66%
Covered payroll	\$	113,393 \$	120,515
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		135.98%	144.68%
Notes to Schedule			
Assumption Changes:			
Investment rate of return		7.50%	7.04%
Inflation		2.50%	2.60%
Healthcare cost trend rates:			
7.1% in 2017, reducing by .5% each year to an ultimate rate of 4.6% per year rate for 2022 and later			**
8% in 2015, decreases by .5% per year down to 4.5% in 2022 and later.		**	
Mortality:			
RP-2000 Annuitant and Non-Annuitant Mortality Tables for males and females projected			
from base year of 2006 to valuation date by Scale BB. A Blue Collar adjustment			**
is applied pre- and post-retirement for members.			
RP-2000 Mortality Table with separate male and female rates, with separate tables		**	
for nonannuitants and annuitants, projected to the valuation date with Scale AA.			

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available

^{**} Applicable for that particular year

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS TRUST FUND LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	_	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Actuarially determined contribution (1) Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$	6,658 \$	7,062 \$	6,979 \$	7,318 \$	8,506 \$	8,999 \$	9,780 \$	11,251 \$	11,981 \$	12,689
determined contribution	_	5,910	6,400	6,381	6,450	7,381	7,690	8,473	10,813	12,019	12,208
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	748 \$	662 \$	598 \$	868 \$	1,125 \$	1,309 \$	1,307 \$	438 \$	(38) \$	481
Covered payroll		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A \$	105,853 \$	109,558 \$	113,393 \$	120,515
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	8.00%	9.87%	10.60%	10.13%

¹⁾ Actuarially Determined Contributions prior to fiscal year ending June 30, 2017 is based on the Annual Required Contribution (ARC) calculated in accordance with GASB No. 45

Notes to Schedule

(In Thousands)

Valuation date: July 1, 2017

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period 28 years, closed
Asset valuation method Market Value
Inflation 2.60%; Prior: 2.50%

The annual healthcare cost trend rate starts at 7.1% in 2017, reducing by .5% each year to an ultimate rate of 4.6% per year rate for 2022 and later. Prior: 8% in

2015, decreases by .5% per year down to 4.5% in 2022 and later.

Salary increases 3.50%

Investment rate of return 7.04%; Prior: 7.5% Retirement age Varies by age

RP-2000 Annuitant and Non-Annuitant Mortality Tables for males and females projected from base year of 2006 to valuation date by Scale BB. A Blue Collar

adjustment is applied pre- and post-retirement for members. Prior: RP-2000 Mortality Table with separate male and female rates, with separate tables for

nonannuitants and annuitants, projected to the valuation date with Scale AA.

N/A - not available

Mortality

Healthcare cost trend rates

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS TRUST FUND LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS*

	2017	2018
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	11.19%	2.63%

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHERS' RETIREMENT PLAN LAST FISCAL YEAR*

(In Thousands)

	_	2018
Town's proportion of the net pension liability		0.00%
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	-
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Town	_	64,110
Total	\$	64,110
Town's covered payroll	\$	76,720
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		1.79%

Notes to Schedule

Changes in benefit terms Changes of assumptions None

The discount rate was increased from 3.01% to 3.56% to reflect the change in the Municipal Bond Index Rate.

Changes were made to the assumed initial per capita health care costs, rates of health care inflation used to project the per capita costs, and the rates of Plan participation based upon recent experience and current expectations.

As a result of the experience study for the five-year period ended June 30, 2015, the payroll growth rate assumption was decreased from 3.75% to 3.25% to reflect the decrease in the rate of inflation and the decrease in the rate of real wage increase. Last, the salary growth assumption, the payroll growth rate, the rates of withdrawal, the rates of retirement, the rates of mortality, and the rates of disability incidence were adjusted based upon the experience study's findings and their adoption by the Board.

Actuarial cost method
Amortization method
Remaining amortization period
Asset valuation method
Investment rate of return

Entry age
Level percent of payroll
30 years, open
Market value of assets
4.25% not of investment

4.25%, net of investment related expense including

price inflation

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available

Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules



GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is used to account for resources traditionally associated with government that are not required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in another fund.

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2018 AND 2017 (In Thousands)

(iii Tilousalius)			
	2018	. <u></u>	2017
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents \$	41,047	\$	34,059
Investments	8,900		10,211
Receivables:			
Property taxes - net of allowance \$468 for 2018 and 2017	2,523		2,602
Due from other governments	514		746
Due from component unit	21		
Other	278		96
Due from other funds	2,494		2,457
Inventory	289		193
Total Assets \$	56,066	\$	50,364
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BA	ALANCES		
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable \$	2,640	\$	2,847
Payroll liabilities	8,142	·	6,503
Other liabilities	888		792
Unearned revenues	2,478		1,347
Total liabilities	14,148	. <u> </u>	11,489
Deferred inflows of resources:			
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	2,006		2,174
Unavailable revenue - school building grants	,		253
Advance property tax collections	13,685	· <u></u>	13,903
Total deferred inflows of resources	15,691		16,330
Fund balances:			
Nonspendable	289		193
Assigned	500		541
Unassigned	25,438		21,811
Total fund balances	26,227		22,545
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances \$	56,066	\$	50,364
		_	

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND REPORT OF TAX COLLECTOR FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (In Thousands)

Out and	Uncollected	Lawfu	Corrections	Transfers	Net		Collections			
Grand List	Taxes July 1, 2017	Additions	Deductions	To Suspense	Amount Collectible	Taxes	Interest	Fees	Total	Taxes June 30, 2018
2016	\$ 253,661	\$ 567	\$ 1,230	\$	\$ 252,998	\$ 251,419	\$ 343	\$ 2	\$ 251,764	\$ 1,579
2015	1,819	234			1,881	1,169	259		1,431	712
2014	692	175		278	554	324	125		450	230
2013	161				161	44	22		66	117
2012	111				111	9	8		17	102
2011	96				96	14	12		26	82
2010	54				54	13	16		29	41
2009	42				42	3	2		5	39
2008	33				33	2	1		3	31
2007	20				20		1		1	20
2006	13				13		1		1	13
2005	9				9		1		1	9
2004	7				7				-	7
2003	5				5				-	5
2002	4			<u> </u>	4	<u>.</u>			<u> </u>	4
Total	\$ 256,727	\$ 976	\$	\$ 278	\$ 255,988	252,997	791	6	253,794	\$
			Suspense col	lections		53	55	8	116	
			Advance payı	ments, June 30, 20	017	(13,903)			(13,903)	
			Advance payı	ments, June 30, 20	018	13,685			13,685	
			Total			\$ 252,832	\$ 846	\$14_	\$ 253,692	

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are created in the Town of West Hartford pursuant to State Statutes or local ordinances and resolutions. The criteria for the creation of a Special Revenue Fund are generally the desire or need to conspicuously segregate revenues, which are to be utilized for special and specific purposes, or expenditures incurred for the performance of specific activities, or both.

Fund	Funding Source	Function
Community Development Block Grant	Federal grant - DHUD	Community development programs
State Housing and Community Development	Program income	Community development program
Parking Lot	Charges for services	West Hartford Center off-street parking
Drug Enforcement	State and federal grants	Drug enforcement and education
Westmoor Park	External trust and charges for services	Park maintenance and environmental education
Cafeteria	Sales of food, state and federal subsidies	Operation of the school cafeterias
Private School Services	State grant and General Fund	Transportation and health services
School Grants	State and federal grants	Education programs
School Special Programs	Charges for services, state and federal grants	Education special programs
West Hartford Library	State, Hartford Foundation for Public Giving and charges for services	Library activities
School Interscholastic Sports	Charges for services	Educational programs
Technology Investment	Parking ticket and ordinance violation surcharge, subscriptions	E-business strategy
Police Private Duty Services	Charges for services	Police private duty services to the public
Police Home Ownership Program	Revolving loans	Assist police officers with closing and downpayment costs with the intent of encouraging them to reside in the Southeast quadrant of West Hartford
Cemetery Operating	Donations and charges for services	Care and maintenance of Town- owned and/or operated cemeteries
C.F. Morway	Trust revenue	Purchase of park and recreation equipment and facilities
The Town That Cares	Donations	Financial assistance to needy
School Donations Trust	Contributions and charges for services	Public school purchases
Affordable Housing Trust	Loan repayments	Assistance to low and moderate income families
Veterans Memorial	Donations and state grant	Community memorial to honor veterans

Permanent Funds

Permanent funds are used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs. The Private Cemetery Fund is the Town's only permanent fund. Contributions and trust income is used for the maintenance of private cemetery lots.

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018 (In Thousands)

		Special Revenue Funds													
ASSETS	-	Community Development Block Grant Fund	-	State Housing and Community Development Fund		Parking Lot Fund	_	Drug Enforcement Fund	_	Westmoor Park Fund	 Cafeteria Fund	_	Private School Services Fund	_	School Grants Fund
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables, net Inventory	\$	9	\$	111	\$	2,724 10	\$	103	\$	410 56	\$ 484 248 59	\$	540	\$	152 118
Total Assets	\$	9	\$	111	\$	2,734	\$	103	\$_	466	\$ 791	\$_	540	\$_	270
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES															
Liabilities: Accounts payable Payroll liabilities Due to other funds Unearned revenue Total liabilities	\$	1 8	\$	-	\$	26 29 1 56	\$ 		\$	4 25 2 31	\$ 1 144 145	\$	45 22 473	\$ 	242 8 17 267
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue - loans on receivables	-		-	111	. <u>-</u>				_					_	
Fund balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Total fund balances	- -		-	-	· -	2,678 2,678	· -	103	<u>-</u>	435 435	 59 587 646	. <u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	3
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	9	\$	111	\$	2,734	\$	103	\$	466	\$ 791	\$	540	\$	270

(Continued on next page)

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018 (In Thousands)

							Special Re	ever	nue Funds						
ASSETS	_	School Special Programs Fund		West Hartford Library Fund	- -	School Interscholastic Sports Fund	 Technology Investment Fund		Police Private Duty Services Fund	_	Police Home Ownership Program Fund		Cemetery Operating Fund	_	C.F. Morway Fund
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables, net Inventory	\$	1,629 37	\$	75	\$	169	\$ 2	\$	125 550	\$_	17	\$	1,715 4	\$	5 1
Total Assets	\$_	1,666	\$_	75	\$	169	\$ 2	\$	675	\$_	17	\$	1,719	\$	6
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES															
Liabilities: Accounts payable Payroll liabilities Due to other funds Unearned revenue	\$	27 37 249	\$	2	\$	6	\$	\$	356 307	\$		\$	27 5	\$	
Total liabilities	_	313		4		6	 -		663	-	-		32	_	
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue - loans on receivables	_									_				_	
Fund balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Total fund balances	<u>-</u>	1,353 1,353		71 71		163 163	 <u>2</u> 2		12 12	_	17 17	· -	1,166 521 1,687	_	6
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$_	1,666	\$_	75	\$	169	\$ 2	\$	675	\$_	17	\$	1,719_	\$	6_

(Continued on next page)

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018 (In Thousands)

	-	Special Revenue Funds									Permanent Fund			
ASSETS		The Town That Cares Fund	_	School Donations Trust Fund		Affordable Housing Trust Fund		Veterans Memorial Fund	_	Total	_	Private Cemetery Fund	_	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS														
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables, net Inventory	\$	579	\$	113	\$	4 3	\$	41	\$	8,356 1,678 59	\$	82	\$ 	8,438 1,678 59
Total Assets	\$	579	\$_	113	\$_	7	\$_	41	\$_	10,093	\$_	82	\$_	10,175
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES														
Liabilities:														
Accounts payable	\$	8	\$	2	\$		\$	2	\$	392	\$		\$	392
Payroll liabilities				2						493				493
Due to other funds										780				780
Unearned revenue		421	_				-		_	836	_		_	836
Total liabilities	-	429	-	4	-	-	-	2	_	2,501	-		_	2,501
Deferred inflows of resources:														
Unavailable revenue - loans on receivables	-		_		-	3			_	114	_		_	114
Fund balances:														
Nonspendable										59		82		141
Restricted		150		109		4		39		2,015				2,015
Committed										5,404				5,404
Total fund balances	- -	150	_	109	_	4	_	39	_	7,478	-	82	_	7,560
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of														
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	579	\$	113	\$	7	\$	41	\$	10,093	\$	82	\$	10,175

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (In Thousands)

	Special Revenue Funds										
	Community Development Block Grant Fund	State Housing and Community Development Fund	Parking Lot Fund	Drug Enforcement Fund	Westmoor Park Fund	Cafeteria Fund	Private School Services Fund	School Grants Fund			
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$ 753	\$ \$	Ş	6 9	\$ \$	1,568 \$	559 \$	5,250			
Charges for services	Ψ	*	3,188		306	1,976	Ψ	0,200			
Income on investments			14	1	381	5					
Miscellaneous				5	16						
Total revenues	753	<u> </u>	3,202	12	703	3,549	559	5,250			
Expenditures:											
Current:											
Public safety				16							
Community maintenance			2,775								
Human and cultural	537				651						
Education						3,501	2,159	5,247			
Capital outlay	-		91	21	-						
Total expenditures	537		2,866	37	651	3,501	2,159	5,247			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues											
over Expenditures	216	<u> </u>	336	(25)	52_	48_	(1,600)	3			
Other Financing Sources (Uses):											
Transfers in	113						1,600				
Transfers out	(329)	(9)			(28)	(6)					
Total other financing sources (uses)	(216)	(9)	<u> </u>		(28)	(6)	1,600	<u>-</u>			
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	(9)	336	(25)	24	42	-	3			
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		9	2,342	128	411	604					
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	\$ <u> </u>	2,678	103	\$\$	646 \$	\$	3			

(Continued on next page)

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (In Thousands)

	Special Revenue Funds															
	_	School Special Programs Fund		West Hartford Library Fund	_	School Interscholastic Sports Fund	_	Technology Investment Fund		Police Private Duty Services Fund		Police Home Ownership Program Fund		Cemetery Operating Fund		C.F. Morway Fund
Revenues:																
Intergovernmental	\$	265	\$	8	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Charges for services		1,217		18				12		2,007				407		_
Income on investments		21		1		1						1		14		6
Miscellaneous	_	176	_		_	489	_						_			
Total revenues	_	1,679	_	27	-	490	_	12		2,007		1	_	421	_	6
Expenditures:																
Current:																
Public safety										2,112						
Community maintenance																
Human and cultural				19										390		
Education		2,130				410										
Capital outlay																
Total expenditures	_	2,130	_	19	-	410	_	-		2,112		-	_	390	_	-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues																
over Expenditures		(451)		8		80		12		(105)		1		31		6
over Experialities	_	(451)	_		-	00	-	12		(103)			-	31	_	0
Other Financing Sources (Uses):																
Transfers in		283														
Transfers out		(3)												(3)		(45)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	280		-	-	-	_	-		-		-	_	(3)		(45)
- , ,					-		_						_		_	<u> </u>
Net Change in Fund Balances		(171)		8		80		12		(105)		1		28		(39)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	_	1,524	_	63	-	83	_	(10)		117		16	_	1,659	_	45_
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$_	1,353	\$_	71	\$	163	\$_	2	\$	12	\$	17	\$_	1,687	\$_	6

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TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (In Thousands)

	_		Permanent Fund					
	_	The Town That Cares Fund	School Donations Trust Fund	Affordable Housing Trust Fund	Veterans Memorial Fund	Total	Private Cemetery Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$		\$	\$	\$	\$ 8,409	\$	\$ 8,409
Charges for services	Ψ		Ψ	Ψ	Ψ	9,131	Ψ	9,131
Income on investments		1	1			447		447
Miscellaneous		125	163			974		974
Total revenues	_	126	164			18,961	-	18,961
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Public safety						2,128		2,128
Community maintenance						2,775		2,775
Human and cultural		136			4	1,737		1,737
Education			177			13,624		13,624
Capital outlay	_					112		112
Total expenditures	_	136	177	·	4	20,376		20,376
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
over Expenditures	_	(10)	(13)	-	(4)	(1,415)		(1,415)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in						1,996		1,996
Transfers out	-					(423)		(423)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	-		<u> </u>	-	1,573		1,573
Net Change in Fund Balances		(10)	(13)	-	(4)	158	-	158
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	_	160	122	4	43	7,320	82	7,402
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$_	150	\$ 109	\$ 4	\$ 39	\$	\$ 82	\$ 7,560

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (In Thousands)

	Budget	Actual	Variance - Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Intergovernmental	\$1,440_	\$ 753	\$ (687)
Expenditures: Current: Human and cultural: Human services:			
Personal services	263	250	13
Non-personal expense	132	123	9
Capital outlay	121		121
Debt and sundry	161	164	(3)
Total expenditures	677	537	140
Excess of Revenues over Expenditures	763	216	(547)
Other Financing Uses:			
Transfers in		113	113
Transfers out	(763)	(329)	434
Total other financing uses	(763)	(216)	547_
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	- ;	\$
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year			
Fund Balance at End of Year		\$	

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT STATE HOUSING AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (In Thousands)

	<u>E</u>	Budget	Actual	Variance - Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Interest Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$	\$	<u>-</u> _	\$ - - - -
Expenditures: Human and cultural: Non-personal				<u> </u>
Excess of Revenues over Expenditures		-	-	-
Other Financing Uses: Transfers out		(9)	(9)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(9)	(9)	\$
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year			9	
Fund Balance at End of Year		\$		

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT PARKING LOT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (In Thousands)

						Variance - Positive
	_	Budget		Actual	_	(Negative)
Revenues: Charges for services	\$	3,401	\$	3,109	\$	(292)
Fines and forfeitures Interest	_	100 5		79 14	_	(21)
Total revenues		3,506		3,202	_	(304)
Expenditures: Current: Community maintenance:						
Personal services		908		911		(3)
Non-personal expense		1,141		1,115		26
Capital outlay		246		39		207
Debt and sundry		744		749		(5)
Total expenditures		3,039	_	2,814	_	225
Excess of Revenues over Expenditures	\$_	467		388	\$_	(79)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year				2,290		
Fund Balance at End of Year			\$	2,678		

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT WESTMOOR PARK FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (In Thousands)

	_	Budget	_	Actual	_	Variance - Positive (Negative)		
Revenues: Charges for services Interest Miscellaneous	\$	307 340 22	\$	306 381 16	\$	(1) 41 (6)		
Total revenues Expenditures: Current: Human and cultural: Personal services Non-personal expense Debt and sundry Total expenditures	_	355 116 172 643	_	351 134 166 651	-	34 4 (18) 6 (8)		
Excess of Revenues over Expenditures	_	26		52	-	26		
Other Financing Uses: Transfers out	_	(28)		(28)	_	- _		
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$_	(2)		24	\$_	26		
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year			_	411				
Fund Balance at End of Year			\$_	435				

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT PRIVATE SCHOOL SERVICES FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (In Thousands)

	_	Budget	_	Actual	<u>-</u>	Variance - Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$	656	\$	559	\$	(97)
Expenditures: Current:						
Education	_	2,266	_	2,159	_	107
Deficiency of Revenues over Expenditures		(1,610)		(1,600)		10
Other Financing Sources: Transfers in	_	1,610		1,600	_	(10)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$_			-	\$_	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year			_			
Fund Balance at End of Year			\$_			

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT WEST HARTFORD LIBRARY FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (In Thousands)

	_	Budget		Actual		Variance - Positive (Negative)
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$		\$	8	\$	8
Charges for services		15		18		3
Interest	_		_	1		1
Total revenues		15	· <u> </u>	27		12
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Human and cultural:						
Non-personal expense		15		19		(4)
Capital outlay		85	. <u> </u>			85
Total expenditures		100	_	19		81
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over						
Expenditures	\$_	(85)	:	8	\$	93
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year				63	ī	
Fund Balance at End of Year			\$_	71		

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT TECHNOLOGY INVESTMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (In Thousands)

	B	udget	Actual	Variance - Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Charges for services	\$	12 \$	12	\$
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year			(10)	
Fund Balance at End of Year		\$	2	

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT POLICE PRIVATE DUTY SERVICES FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE **BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)** FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (In Thousands)

		Budget	_	Actual	_	Variance - Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ <u>_</u>	2,100	\$_	2,007	\$_	(93)		
Expenditures: Current: Public safety: Personal services Non-personal expense Debt and sundry Total expenditures	_	1,400 17 529 1,946	_	1,466 118 528 2,112	_	(66) (101) 1 (166)		
rotal experiultures	_	1,940	-	2,112	_	(100)		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		154		(105)		(259)		
Other Financing Uses: Transfers out	_	(125)	_		_	125		
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$_	29		(105)	\$_	(134)		
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year			-	117				
Fund Balance at End of Year			\$	12				

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT CEMETERY OPERATING FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (In Thousands)

	1	Budget		Actual	_	Variance - Positive (Negative)
Revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	340	\$	407	\$	67
Income on investments		7	_	14	_	7
Total revenues		347	_	421	_	74
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Human and cultural:						
Personal services		132		136		(4)
Non-personal expense		179		164		15
Debt and sundry		91		90		1
Total expenditures		402		390	_	12
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over						
Expenditures		(55)		31		86
Other Financing Uses:						
Transfers out		(3)		(3)	_	-
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(58)		28	\$	86
Not Change in Fana Balance	Ψ	(00)		20	Ψ=	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year			_	493		
Fund Balance at End of Year			\$_	521		

Capital Projects Fund

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the financial resources for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds.

Revenues to the Capital Projects Fund consist of the proceeds of long- and short-term debt, grants and transfers from operating funds and the Capital and Nonrecurring Expenditure Fund. For the purposes of this report, the activity of the Capital Nonrecurring Expenditure Fund is included in the activities of the Capital Projects Fund.

Appropriations are made on a project life basis by the Town Council in the form of resolutions or bond ordinances.

The schedule on the following pages displays for each project:

- 1. The original appropriation as amended.
- 2. Expenditures for the current fiscal year.
- 3. Expenditures for all fiscal years.
- 4. Outstanding encumbrances.
- 5. Total expenditures on a budgetary basis.
- 6. The project balance at fiscal year end.

For management reporting purposes, projects are classified into functional areas.

If projects are completed with remaining funded balances, the unexpended balance is transferred to the Capital Reserve Account of the Capital and Nonrecurring Expenditure Fund. The Reserve is then used as a source of funding for future projects.

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT
CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL VS. APPROPRIATIONS
(NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018
(In Thousands)

Fiscal Year	Project Name	 Amended Budget	Expended and Encumbered Current Year	Total All Years	Project Balance
	Public Buildings:				
2012	Town Building Improvements	\$ 1,268	\$ 19	\$ 1,268	\$ -
2013	Town Building Improvements	1,386	1	1,386	_
2015	Town Building Improvements	1,385	4	1,385	_
2015	Cemetery Improvements	310	-	310	_
2016	Town Building Improvements	1,430	114	1,430	_
2016	Energy Conservation	4,399	2,135	4,262	137
2017	Town Building Improvements	1,470	511	1,442	28
2017	Energy Conservation	100	-	-	100
2017	Cemetery Improvements	210	76	110	100
2018	Town Building Improvements	1,364	922	922	442
	Total Public Buildings	13,322	3,782	12,515	807
	Parks and Recreation:				
2003	Beachland Park Improvements	150	4	150	=
2010	Children's Museum	499	=	499	-
2010	WH Dog Park	2	=	=	2
2011	Fernridge Pool	150	-	150	=
2013	Beachland Pool	150	25	139	11
2014	Park/Playscape Improvements	88	7	88	-
2014	Troutbrook Trail - Phase II	76	-	58	18
2015	Athletic Playfield Improvements	110	3	39	71
2015	Cornerstone Pool	25	9	22	3
2015	Outdoor Pool Improvements	50	-	50	=
2015	Goodrich Field Improvements	165	-	162	3
2015	Troutbrook Trail - Phase II Construction	560	57	440	120
2015	Troutbrook Trail - Phase VI	330	19	64	266
2015	Sarah Whitman Hooker House	25	22	24	1
2016	Sitework - Recreational Facilities	50	-	50	-
2016	Rockledge Golf Course	50	20	27	23
2016	Outdoor Pool Improvements	51	33	36	15
2016	Park/Playscape Improvements	60	58	60	-
2017	Sitework - Recreational Facilities	50	20	50	-
2017	ECC Site Improvements - CDBG	96	5	96	-
2017	Cornerstone - CDBG	218	218	218	-
2017	Outdoor Pool Improvements	75	5	7	68
2017	Park & Playfield Improvements	100	-	-	100
2017	Park & Playscape Management	78	14	14	64
2018	Sitework - Recreational Facilities	50	38	38	12
2018	Rockledge Improvements	50	-	-	50
2018	Rockledge Deck Improvements	45	45	45	-
2018	Park & Playfield Improvements	125	-	-	125
2018	Park & Playscape Management	62	-	-	62
2018	Troutbrook Trail - Phase III	500			500
	Total Parks and Recreation	4,040	602	2,526	1,514

(Continued on next page)

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT
CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL VS. APPROPRIATIONS
(NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018
(In Thousands)

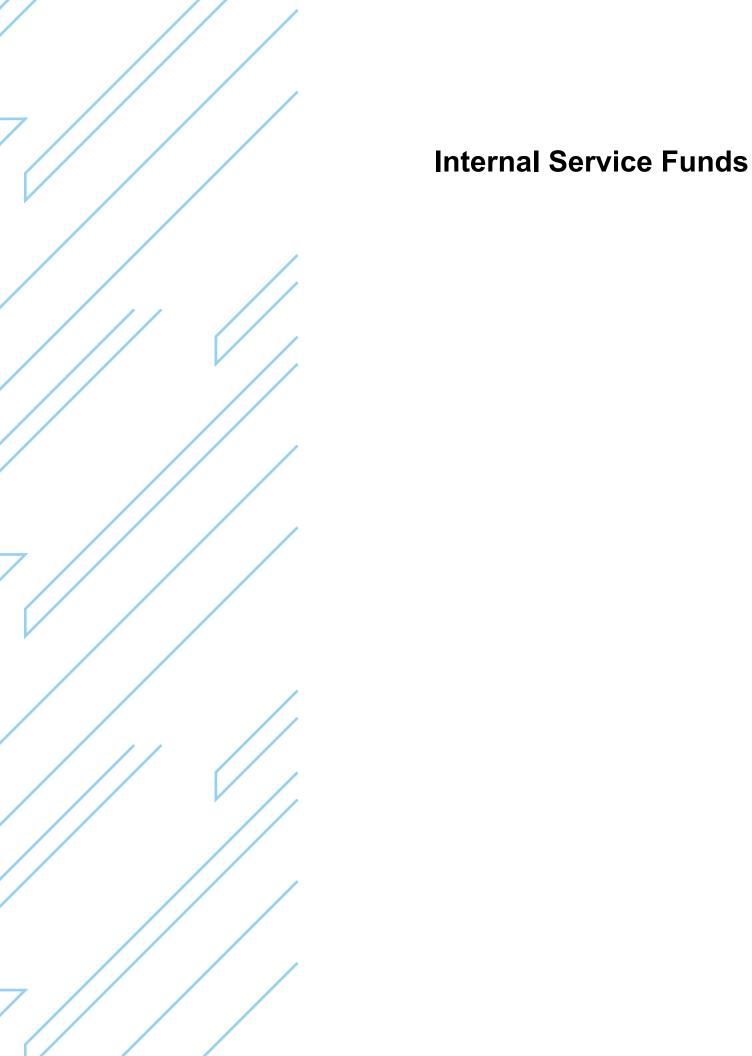
			Expended and						
Fiscal		Amended		Encumbered		Total		Project	
Year	Project Name		Budget	_	Current Year		All Years	_	Balance
	Infrastructure:								
2014	Streetlight Relamping	\$	90	\$	_	\$	74	\$	16
2014	Stormwater Management	Ψ	740	Ψ	8	Ψ	740	Ψ	-
2014	Park Road/I84 Design		431		1		399		32
2015	Stormwater Management		340		18		340		-
2016	Arterial Street Reconstruction		1,360		5		1,360		_
2016	Street Resurfacing		706		43		706		_
2016	Street Resurfacing - CDBG		138				138		_
2016	Traffic System Management		200		65		161		39
2016	Stormwater Management		720		5		720		-
2016	Whitman Avenue Bridge		129		4		35		94
2016	Mayflower Street Bridge		71		12		70		1
2016	Pedestrian & Bicycle Management		402		-		402		-
2017	Arterial Street Reconstruction		1,390		260		1,390		_
2017	Neighborhood Street Improvements		1,532		85		1,532		_
2017	Street Resurfacing		1,473		61		1,473		_
2017	Street Resurfacing - CDBG		85		85		85		_
2017	Traffic System Management		82		21		82		_
2017	Stormwater Management		628		17		628		_
2017	Pedestrian & Bicycle Management		1,174		82		723		451
2017	Park Road Interchange		5,088		5,030		5,088		-
2018	Arterial Street Reconstruction		1,442		817		1,442		_
2018	Neighborhood Street Reconstruction		1,478		796		1,478		-
2018	Street Resurfacing		856		706		856		-
2018	Street Resurfacing - CDBG		100		100		100		-
2018	Traffic System Management		234		203		203		31
2018	Stormwater Management		699		405		541		158
2018	North Main Street Bridge Rehabilitation		1,696		35		35		1,661
2018	Pedestrian and Bicycle Management		470		175		470		-
2018	Park Road Interchange		2,951		2,214		2,214		737
2018	Albany Ave at Mountain Road		1,555		=		-		1,555
2018	Arterial Street Reconstruction		1,486		364		364		1,122
2018	Neighborhood Street Reconstruction		1,625		1,323		1,323		302
2018	Street Resurfacing		962		814		814		148
2018	Stormwater Management		400		=		-		400
2018	Pedestrian & Bicycle Management	_	400		378		378	_	22
	Total Infrastructure	-	33,133	_	14,132		26,364	_	6,769
	Miscellaneous:								
2011	Radio Communications System		995		509		995		_
2013	Fire Station Alerting System		100		100		100		_
2015	Fire Apparatus		790		-		629		161
2015	Property Revaluation - 2016		600		12		600		-
2015	Personal Property Assessment		50		13		35		15
2015	Economic Development		350		55		334		16
2016	Financial Management System		500		55		482		18
2017	Communications Infrastructure		708		18		708		_
2017	Public Works Rolling Stock		780		49		780		_
2017	Radio System Replacement		4,900		3,693		3,693		1,207
2017	Public Safety Facility		100		-		_		100
2017	Recycling Center		200		13		43		157
2018	Communications Infrastructure		657		256		657		-
2018	Public Works Rolling Stock		482		222		482		_
2019	Communications Infrastructure		100		100		100		-
2019	Public Works Rolling Stock		510	_	210		210		300
	Total Miscellaneous	-	11,822	_	5,305		9,848	_	1,974
		-		_	·	-			

(Continued on next page)

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT
CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL VS. APPROPRIATIONS
(NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018
(In Thousands)

Fiscal Year Project Name		Amended Budget		Expended and Encumbered Current Year		Total All Years		Project Balance	
	Schools:								
2012	School Building Improvements	\$	982	\$	_	\$	982	\$	-
2013	School Building Improvements	,	1,028	,	20	•	1,028	·	-
2014	Charter Oak School		3,000		20		3,000		-
2015	Charter Oak School		42,000		873		41,368		632
2015	Exterior School Building Improvements		1,100		2		1,100		_
2016	Interior School Building Improvements		620		=		620		_
2016	School Security		350		114		350		-
2016	Stage and Auditorium Renovations		200		19		200		-
2017	Computer Infrastructure		300		1		300		_
2017	Hall Science Labs		6,400		5,333		5,334		1,066
2017	Asbestos Removal		225		63		225		· =
2017	Furniture & Equipment Replacement		175		55		175		=
2017	Exterior School Building Improvements		1,150		19		1,150		-
2017	School Security		350		86		319		31
2017	Stage & Auditorium Renovations		200		41		200		=
2018	Computer Infrastructure		300		300		300		=
2018	Hall Science Labs		6,400		6,400		6,400		-
2018	Asbestos Removal		225		222		222		3
2018	Furniture & Equipment Replacement		75		10		10		65
2018	Exterior School Building Improvements		1,450		619		781		669
2018	Interior School Building Improvements		750		656		750		_
2018	Stage & Auditorium Renovations		200		181		181		19
2019	Asbestos Removal		250		4		4		246
2019	Interior School Building Improvements		1,350		292		292		1,058
2014	Site & Athletic Field Improvements		862		5		862		-
2016	Site & Athletic Field Improvements		500		1		500		-
2016	Heating & Ventilation Systems		800		17		800		-
2018	Heating & Ventilation Systems		800		266		800		-
2018	Site and Athletic Fields		900		770		900		_
2018	Heating & Ventilation Systems		150		121		121		29
2019	Site and Athletic Fields		20		16		16		4
	Total Schools		73,112	_	16,526	_	69,290	_	3,822
	Total	\$	135,429	\$_	40,347	\$_	120,543	\$	14,886

Note: Schedule of expenditures does not include Capital and Nonrecurring Expenditure Fund.



INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

The Internal Service Funds are used for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the Town, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The Risk Management Fund and the Utilities Services Fund are the Town's only Internal Service Funds.

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

(In Thousands)

	Risk Management Fund	,	Utilities Services Fund	_	Total
Assets:					
Current:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,254	\$	1,417	\$	6,671
Investments	20,248				20,248
Receivables, net	1,174				1,174
Prepaid items	1			_	1
Total assets	26,677	•	1,417	_	28,094
Liabilities:					
Current:					
Accounts and other payables	1,005		225		1,230
Payroll liabilities	14		1		15
Risk management claims	5,941				5,941
Total current liabilities	6,960	•	226	_	7,186
Noncurrent:					
Risk management claims	4,852				4,852
Total liabilities	11,812		226	_	12,038
Net Position:					
Unrestricted	\$ 14,865	\$	1,191	\$_	16,056

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (In Thousands)

	Risk Management Fund	_	Utilities Services Fund	· -	Total
Operating Revenues:					
Fund premiums	\$ 36,041	\$	4,855	\$	40,896
Employee contributions	8,021				8,021
Other	138	_			138
Total operating revenues	44,200	_	4,855	_	49,055
Operating Expenses:					
Administrative expense	266		92		358
Employee benefits	38,822				38,822
Insurance and program services	6,122				6,122
Utility services		_	4,464		4,464
Total operating expenses	45,210	_	4,556	-	49,766
Operating (Income) Loss	(1,010)		299		(711)
Nonoperating Revenue:					
Income on investments	1,270	_	6	_	1,276
Income Before Transfers	260		305		565
Transfers Out	(50)	_			(50)
Change in Net Position	210		305		515
Net Position at Beginning of Year	14,655	_	886	· <u>-</u>	15,541
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 14,865	\$_	1,191	\$_	16,056

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

(In Thousands)

		Risk Management Fund	_	Utilities Services Fund	_	Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:						
Cash received from employees	\$	8,021	\$		\$	8,021
Cash received from operating funds		36,041		4,855		40,896
Cash payments to providers benefits		(37,787)				(37,787)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(6,215)		(4,378)		(10,593)
Other operating receipts		140	_	_	_	140
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		200	_	477	_	677
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:						
Transfers to other funds		(50)	_		_	(50)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:						
Income on investments		32		6		38
Purchase of investments		(107)		Ü		(107)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		(75)	_	6	_	(69)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		75		483		558
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		5,179	_	934	_	6,113
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	5,254	\$_	1,417	\$_	6,671
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:						
Operating income (loss)	\$	(1,010)	\$	299	\$	(711)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	•	(1,010)	•		•	()
Change in assets and liabilities:						
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		504				504
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items		2		400		2
Increase (decrease) in accounts and other payables		167		180		347
Increase (decrease) in payroll liabilities		6 531		(2)		4 531
Increase (decrease) in risk management claim liability		531	_		_	331
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$	200	\$_	477	\$_	677
Noncash Investing and Capital Financing Activities:						
Net Increase in Fair Value of Investments	\$	873	\$_		\$_	873

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT
RISK MANAGEMENT FUND
OPERATING RESULTS BY PROGRAM
FOR FISCAL YEAR JUNE 30, 2018 WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR 2017
(In Thousands)

	Workers' Compensation	_	Town Health	<u> </u>	Heart and Hypertension	_	Self-Insured Program	_	Insured Program	_	BOE Health		Interfund Elimination	_	2018 Total		2017 Total
Operating revenues: Fund premiums	\$ 2,920	\$	16,024	\$	117	\$	949	\$	1,146	\$	25,829	\$	(10,944)	\$	36,041	\$	41,906
Employee contributions	φ 2,920	Φ	1,178	Φ	117	Φ	949	Φ	1,140	Φ	6,843	Φ	(10,944)	Φ	8,021	Φ	7,497
Subrogations/miscellaneous	16		99								23				138		186
Total	2,936		17,301	_	117	_	949	_	1,146	_	32,695	_	(10,944)	-	44,200	_	49,589
Investment income	111		32		34		155				938				1,270		1,546
Total revenues	3,047		17,333	_	151	_	1,104	_	1,146	_	33,633	_	(10,944)	_	45,470	_	51,135
Total levellues	3,047		17,333	_	131	_	1,104	-	1,140	_	33,033	_	(10,944)	_	43,470	_	31,133
Operating expenses:																	
Employee claims expenses	2,142		8,376		316		1,120				25,651		(10,944)		26,661		35,844
Retiree claims expenses			7,652								4,509				12,161		12,369
Program expenses	126		1,419		2		57		1,169		1,309				4,082		4,539
Insurance services	361		433		5		112				1,129				2,040		1,708
Administrative expenses	106				27		106		27						266		279
Total expenses	2,735	_	17,880	_	350	_	1,395	_	1,196		32,598		(10,944)		45,210		54,739
Income (loss) before transfers	312	_	(547)	_	(199)	_	(291)	_	(50)	_	1,035	_		_	260	_	(3,604)
Other financing uses:																	
Transfers in	750												(750)		-		
Transfers out	(4)		(40)		(1)		(754)		(1)				`750 [°]		(50)		(50)
Total other financing sources (uses)	746		(40)	_	(1)		(754)	_	(1)		_	_	-		(50)		(50)
Change in Net Position	1,058		(587)		(200)		(1,045)		(51)		1,035				210		(3,654)
Net Position at Beginning of Year	(1,192)		765	_	169	_	2,705	_	152	_	12,056	_		_	14,655	_	18,309
Net Position at End of Year	\$(134)	\$	178	\$_	(31)	\$_	1,660	\$_	101	\$_	13,091	\$_		\$_	14,865	\$_	14,655
Distribution of net position:																	
Reserved net position	\$	\$	(143)	\$		\$	1,493	\$		\$	13,167	\$		\$	14,517	\$	13,549
Unreserved net position	(134)		321	_	(31)	_	167	_	101	_	(76)	_		_	348	_	1,106
Net Position at End of Year	\$ (134)	\$	178	\$	(31)	\$	1,660	\$	101	\$	13,091	\$	-	\$	14,865	\$	14,655
				_		=		=		_		_		_		_	



FIDUCIARY FUNDS

The Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the Town in an agency capacity on behalf of others. The agency funds of the Town are as follows:

TRUST FUNDS:

Pension Trust Fund - This fund is used for the accumulation of resources and to be used for retirement payments to members of the Towns as defined in the Charter of the Town upon their retirement.

Other Postemployment (OPEB) Trust Fund - This fund is used for the accumulation of resources and to be used for payments of healthcare benefits for retired employees.

AGENCY FUND:

Student Activity Fund - The Student Activity Fund accounts for the monies generated by student activities in the West Hartford school system.

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PENSION AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT TRUST FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

(In Thousands)

	_	Pension Trust Fund	. <u>-</u>	OPEB Trust Fund	. <u>-</u>	Total
Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	616	\$	81	\$	697
Investments:						
Mutual funds		154,765		4,683		159,448
Common stock		26,998				26,998
Alternative investments		25,059				25,059
Receivables:						
Interest and dividends		14			_	14
Total assets	_	207,452	. <u>-</u>	4,764	. <u>-</u>	212,216
Liabilities:						
Accounts and other payables	_	228	-	2	-	230
Net Position:						
Restricted for pension benefits		207,224				207,224
Restricted for OPEB benefits	_			4,762	-	4,762
Total Net Position	\$	207,224	\$	4,762	\$	211,986

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION PENSION AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT TRUST FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (In Thousands)

	Pension Trust Fund		OPEB Trust Fund		Total
Additions:		-	_	-	-
Contributions:					
Employer \$	21,615	\$	12,208	\$	33,823
Plan members	3,166		100		3,266
Other revenue		_	358	_	358
Total contributions	24,781	-	12,666	_	37,447
Investment income:					
Net change in fair value					
of investments	15,244		1		15,245
Interest	56		1		57
Dividends	3,654	_	79	_	3,733
Total investment income	18,954		81		19,035
Less investment expense	(399)	_	(2)	_	(401)
Net investment income	18,555	-	79	-	18,634
Total additions	43,336	_	12,745	_	56,081
Deductions:					
Benefits	29,877		10,944		40,821
Administration	357	-		-	357
Total deductions	30,234	-	10,944	_	41,178
Change in Net Position	13,102		1,801		14,903
Net Position at Beginning of Year	194,122	-	2,961	_	197,083
Net Position at End of Year \$	207,224	\$_	4,762	\$_	211,986

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT AGENCY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (In Thousands)

	Balance July 1, 2017	<u> </u>	Additions	į	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2018
Student Activity Fund						
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 914	= \$ <u>=</u>	2,986	\$	2,782	\$ 1,118
Liabilities: Due to student groups	\$ <u>914</u>	_ \$_	2,986	\$	2,782	\$ 1,118



Statistical Section Information

The objectives of statistical section information are to provide financial statement users with additional historical perspective, context and detail to assist in using the information in the financial statements, notes to financial statements and required supplementary information to understand and assess economic condition.

Statistical section information is presented in the following categories:

- Financial trends information is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing how financial position has changed over time.
- Revenue capacity information is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing the factors affecting the ability to generate own-source revenues (property taxes, charges for services, etc.).
- Debt capacity information is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing debt burden and the ability to issue additional debt.
- Demographic and economic information is intended 1) to assist users in understanding the socioeconomic environment and 2) to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial statement information over time and among governments.
- Operating information is intended to provide contextual information about operations and resources to assist readers in using financial statement information to understand and assess economic condition.

The accompanying tables are presented in the above order. Refer to the Table of Contents for applicable page number locations.

Sources:

Unless otherwise noted, the information in the tables is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT NET POSITION BY COMPONENT Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

												TAB	LE	1
							Fisca	-I V	`oor					1
	2009	Г	2010	2011	Ī	2012	2013	ai i	2014	2015	2016	2017		2018
	 2003		2010	2011	<u> </u>	2012	2013		2014	2013	2010	2017		2010
Governmental activities:														
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 167,077	\$	164,752	\$ 167,371	\$	159,716	\$ 171,505	\$	161,236	\$ 154,273	\$ 180,092	\$ 194,218	\$	203,759
Restricted	2,350		2,273	2,502		2,508	2,601		2,515	891	831	82		82
Unrestricted	13,864		23,132	23,842		28,991	22,389		32,883	(133,041)	(152,445)	(173,088)		(334,271)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 183,291	\$	190,157	\$ 193,715	\$	191,215	\$ 196,495	\$	196,634	\$ 22,123	\$ 28,478	\$ 21,212	\$	(130,430)
Business-type activities:														
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 12,781	\$	12,490	\$ 11,950	\$	13,010	\$ 13,040	\$	12,533	\$ 14,052	\$ 13,740	\$ 12,937	\$	11,663
Unrestricted	(2,129)		(2,137)	(2,185)		(2,244)	(2,256)		(2,186)	(5,034)	(5,007)	(5,313)		(8,234)
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 10,652	\$	10,353	\$ 9,765	\$	10,766	\$ 10,784	\$	10,347	\$ 9,018	\$ 8,733	\$ 7,624	\$	3,429
Primary government:														
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 179,858	\$	177,242	\$ 179,321	\$	172,726	\$ 184,545	\$	173,769	\$ 168,325	\$ 193,832	\$ 207,155	\$	215,422
Restricted	2,350		2,273	2,502		2,508	2,601		2,515	891	831	82		82
Unrestricted	11,735		20,995	21,657		26,747	20,133		30,697	(138,075)	(157,452)	(178,401)		(342,505)
Total primary government net position	\$ 193,943	\$	200,510	\$ 203,480	\$	201,981	\$ 207,279	\$	206,981	\$ 31,141	\$ 37,211	\$ 28,836	\$	(127,001)

																		TABI	LE :	2
																•				
		2000		0040		0044	1	2010	_	Fisca	I Y			0045		2042		2047		0040
Frances	<u> </u>	2009		2010		2011		2012		2013	<u> </u>	2014		2015		2016		2017		2018
Expenses: Governmental activities:																				
General government	\$	9.424	Ф	8.168	\$	8.088	\$	8,220	\$	9.410	\$	11,362	Φ	10,059	\$	13,391	\$	15,064	\$	12.947
Public safety	Ψ	31,629	Ψ	32,541	φ	35,114	φ	40,231	Ψ	43,699	Ψ	45,213	φ	48,798	φ	55,382	φ	56,932	Ψ	62,903
Community maintenance		36,133		35,908		36,593		45,350		34,227		35,598		37,042		39,475		40,717		42,443
Human and cultural		9,043		9,246		9,459		11,833		11,308		11,526		13,858		13,356		13,144		13,812
Education		149,585		152,122		161,282		167,347		172,635		178,648		180,805		191,683		213,041		220,200
Interest on long-term debt		6.843		5.835		5.679		5,458		4,978		4,963		4.989		4.826		4.696		4,601
Total governmental activities expenses	_	242,657		243,820		256,215		278,439		276,257		287,310		295,551		318,113		343,594		356,906
Business-type activities:	_	212,001		2.0,020		200,210		2.0,100		2.0,20.		201,010		200,00		0.0,0		0.0,00.		000,000
Leisure services		3,386		3.686		3.694		3,761		3,896		3,971		4,122		4.503		4,668		6,179
Total primary government expenses	\$	246.043	\$:	247,506	\$	259,909	\$	282,200	\$	280,153	\$	291,281	\$	299,673	\$	322,616	\$	348,262	\$	363,085
Program Revenues:	_	,		,	_			,								,	_	,	_	,
Governmental activities:																				
Charges for services:																				
General government	\$	1,264	\$	1,482	\$	1,271	\$	1,359	\$	1,478	\$	1,445	\$	1,434	\$	1,676	\$	1,570	\$	1,376
Public safety	•	1.772	•	1.851	-	2.847	-	3,171	•	3.290	_	3.048	-	3.021	-	2.784	-	3,333	•	3.668
Community maintenance		3,619		4,140		3,386		3,847		4,132		4,128		5,303		5,083		5,064		5,078
Human and cultural		1,337		1,374		1,579		1,422		1,409		1,423		1,493		1,463		1,523		1,601
Education		3,916		3.903		4.549		4.522		4,288		3,918		3,888		3,730		3.692		3.683
Interest on long-term debt		-,-		94		71		47		,				.,		.,		.,		
Operating grants and contributions		36,938		39,951		41,375		51,883		45,239		48,077		46,460		49,472		64,163		63,999
Capital grants and contributions		6,560		2,317		1,837		1,857		2,277		962		7,627		21,695		8,388		6,673
Total governmental activities program revenues		55,406		55,112		56,915		68,108		62,113		63,001		69,226		85,903		87,733		86,078
Business-type activities:																				
Charges for services		2,729		2,794		2,752		2,766		2,648		2,889		2,968		3,140		2,943		3,814
Operating grants and contributions								19		20		26								
Capital grants and contributions				279		332		1,906		923		468		2,520		757		299		356
Total business-type activities program revenues		2,729		3,073		3,084		4,691		3,591		3,383		5,488		3,897		3,242		4,170
Total primary government program revenues	\$	58,135	\$	58,185	\$	59,999	\$	72,799	\$	65,704	\$	66,384	\$	74,714	\$	89,800	\$	90,975	\$	90,248
Net (Expense) Revenue:																				
Governmental activities	\$	(187, 251)	\$ (188,708)	\$	(199,300)	\$	(210,331)	\$	(214,144)	\$	(224,309)	\$	(226, 325)	\$	(232,210)	\$	(255,861)	\$	(270,828)
Business-type activities		(657)		(613)		(610)		930		(305)	1	(588)		1,366		(606)		(1,426)		(2,009)
Total primary government net expense	\$	(187,908)	\$ (189,321)	\$	(199,910)	\$	(209,401)	\$	(214,449)	\$	(224,897)	\$	(224,959)	\$	(232,816)	\$	(257,287)	\$	(272,837)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net P	ositi	ion:																		
Governmental activities:																				
Property taxes	\$	182,124	\$	186,278	\$	193,695	\$	199,769	\$	210,661	\$	214,970	\$	222,840	\$	229,698	\$	237,427	\$	252,899
Unrestricted grants and contributions		3,742		2,750		2,800		3,185		3,001		2,855		2,895		2,495		4,261		2,360
Unrestricted investment earnings		1,804		2,159		2,311		1,076		2,024		2,685		1,378		1,567		2,356		2,737
Miscellaneous		4,476		4,700		4,072		3,859		4,042		4,089		4,512		5,126		4,868		4,855
Transfers		(710)		(313)		(20)		(58)		(304)	1	(151)		(145)		(321)		(317)		(20)
Total governmental activities		191,436		195,574		202,858		207,831		219,424		224,448		231,480		238,565		248,595		262,831
Business-type activities:																				
Miscellaneous		21		1		2		13		19										
Transfers	_	710		313		20		58		304		151		145		321		317		20
Total business-type activities	_	731		314		22		71		323		151		145		321		317		20
Total primary government	\$	192,167	\$	195,888	\$	202,880	\$	207,902	\$	219,747	\$	224,599	\$	231,625	\$	238,886	\$	248,912	\$	262,851
Changes in Net Position:																	_			
Governmental activities	\$	4,185	\$	6,866	\$	- ,	\$	(2,500)	\$	5,280	\$		\$	5,155	\$	-,	\$	(7,266)	\$	(7,997)
Business-type activities		74		(299)		(588)		1,001		18		(437)		1,511		(285)		(1,109)		(1,989)
Total primary government	\$	4,259	\$	6,567	\$	2,970	\$	(1,499)	\$	5,298	\$	(298)	\$	6,666	\$	6,070	\$	(8,375)	\$	(9,986)

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

TABLE 3 Fiscal Year 2009 2010 2011* 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 General Fund: Reserved \$ 482 \$ 809 16,378 17,193 Unreserved \$ 169 289 Nonspendable 178 \$ 179 \$ 178 \$ 172 \$ 257 193 652 355 333 374 262 441 541 500 Assigned Unassigned 17,881 17,831 18,931 19,653 20,621 21,094 21,811 25,438 **Total General Fund** \$ 16.860 \$ 18,002 \$ 18,711 \$ 18,355 \$ 19,443 \$ 20,205 \$ 21,055 \$ 22,545 \$ 21.792 \$26,227 All other Governmental Funds: 6,314 \$ 5,642 Reserved Unreserved, reported in: Special Revenue Funds 5,399 8,400 Capital Projects Funds (4,807)4.103 Nonspendable \$ 81 \$ 77 \$ 66 \$ 88 \$ 55 \$ 128 \$ 128 \$ 141 2,282 2,088 2,015 1,136 2,535 Restricted 1.191 1.104 1.164 17,254 17,459 16.681 Committed 18.704 9.409 28.682 16.755 19,322 13 52 Assigned 56 11 74 28 4 Unassigned (720)(35)(1,251)(10)6,906 \$ 18,145 \$ 17,858 \$ 19,867 9,399 \$ 18,757 \$ 31,300 \$ 19,013 \$21,478 Total all other Governmental Funds \$ 19,095

^{*}The Town implemented GASB Statement No.54

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

(amounts expressed in thousands)

								[TAB	LE 4
					Fisca	al Year				
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Revenues:										
Property taxes	\$ 182,125	\$ 186,852	\$ 192,984	\$ 200,033	\$ 210,571	\$ 214,923	\$ 223,062	\$ 229,630	\$ 236,916	\$ 253,000
Intergovernmental	47,143	42,039	45,636	55,878	49,523	51,510	56,573	73,428	75,975	72,835
Charges for services	11,839	12,724	13,252	13,939	14,499	13,577	14,734	14,547	14,853	14,928
Income on investments	2,463	1,420	1,077	796	790	678	695	1,011	751	1,434
Miscellaneous	4,573	7,632	5,221	5,535	5,500	5,195	5,601	5,908	6,243	5,961
Total revenues	248,143	250,667	258,170	276,181	280,883	285,883	300,665	324,524	334,738	348,158
Expenditures:										
General government	6,357	4,797	5,114	5,116	5,220	5,328	5,440	5,842	6,321	5,954
Public safety	30,686	23,215	24,998	26,802	27,660	27,337	27,495	27,917	28,461	28,658
Community maintenance	20,913	17,250	17,134	16,523	17,484	17,881	18,122	18,329	18,482	17,973
Human and cultural	8,900	8,038	7,646	7,705	7,531	7,929	7,916	8,118	8,095	8,175
Education	143,262	146,455	155,709	162,737	168,117	173,040	175,600	180,708	199,184	207,915
Capital outlay	17,806	10,003	9,749	12,150	13,665	14,378	18,862	50,360	28,407	18,785
Debt:	,	,	,	•	,	,	,	•	,	,
Principal	12,845	12,895	14,130	14,475	12,535	12,255	12,550	26,900	15,220	16,370
Interest	6,843	6,288	5,679	5,458	5,417	4,977	4,977	5,233	5,116	5,166
Other charges	1	85	68	89	5	,	•	•	,	•
Sundry	11,961	24,997	25,854	40,512	32,375	34,564	37,629	26,997	42,193	46,537
Total expenditures	259,574	254,023	266,081	291,567	290,009	297,689	308,591	350,404	351,479	355,533
Excess of revenue under expenditures	(11,431)	(3,356)	(7,911)	(15,386)	(9,126)	(11,806)	(7,926)	(25,880)	(16,741)	(7,375)
Other financing sources (uses):										
Bonds issued		15,000	8,000	15,000		20,000	21,000	14,000	17,000	13,000
Refunding bonds issued								12,295		
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		(67,257)						(13,424)		
Premium on refunding bonds issued		67,710						1,258		
Premium on bonds issued		273	302	2,047		2,027	414	554	679	492
Transfers in	4,789	4,644	17,789	14,585	16,941	17,372	19,981	21,367	22,190	27,582
Transfers out	(4,736)	(4,633)	(17,759)	(14,593)	(17,195)	(17,473)	(20,076)		(22,457)	(27,552)
Total other financing sources (uses)	53	15,737	8,332	17,039	(254)	21,926	21,319	14,412	17,412	13,522
Net change in fund balances	\$ (11,378)	\$ 12,381	\$ 421	\$ 1,653	\$ (9,380)	\$ 10,120	\$ 13,393	\$ (11,468)	\$ 671	\$ 6,147
Debt service as a percentage of										
noncapital expenditures	8.04%	7.85%	7.71%	7.05%	7.05%	6.05%	5.99%	10.61%	6.27%	6.39%

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT

ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

Last Ten Fiscal Years

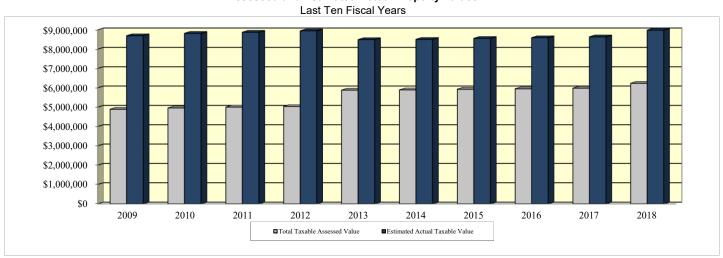
(amounts expressed in thousands)

TABLE 5

		Real Property		Persona	I Property					Taxable
						Less:	Total Taxable	Total	Estimated Actual	Assessed Value
Fiscal					Motor	Tax Exempt	Assessed	Direct Tax	Taxable	Percentage of Actual
Year	Residential ¹	Commercial ¹	Industrial ¹	Other ¹	Vehicle ¹	Property	Value	Rate	Value	Taxable Value ²
2009	\$ 4,651,563	\$ 801,976	\$ 74,008	\$ 180,180	\$ 377,062	\$ 1,195,360	\$ 4,889,429	36.97	\$ 8,692,556	70%
2010	4,711,416	828,729	73,027	195,797	362,919	1,217,965	4,953,923	37.54	8,816,983	70%
2011	4,738,213	837,183	71,579	197,343	366,554	1,211,022	4,999,850	38.38	8,872,674	70%
2012	4,763,366	842,798	71,412	197,281	387,159	1,227,614	5,034,402	39.44	8,945,737	70%
2013	4,399,030	843,891	86,022	201,370	413,576	65,870	5,878,020	35.75	8,491,271	70%
2014	4,410,715	845,821	86,130	204,405	406,403	64,939	5,888,536	36.30	8,504,964	70%
2015	4,429,342	845,804	86,007	212,811	415,829	65,131	5,924,662	37.37	8,556,847	70%
2016	4,448,363	846,482	81,656	218,010	419,255	67,595	5,946,171	38.31	8,591,093	70%
2017	4,467,509	854,835	81,443	218,497	422,102	63,913	5,980,473	39.51	8,634,838	70%
2018	4,517,901	1,038,528	87,682	213,611	429,408	54,419	6,232,712	41.04	8,981,615	70%

Source: Town of West Hartford, Department of Assessment

Assessed and Estimated Actual Property Values



¹Includes tax exempt property.

²Assessed Value is 70% of Estimated Actual Value.

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS

Current Year and Nine Years Ago (amounts expressed in thousands)

TABLE 6

			Gra	and Lis	st of		Gı	rand L	ist of
			Octo	ber 1,	2016		Oct	tober 1	, 2007
					Percent of				Percent of
			Taxable		Total Town	T	axable		Total Town
	Nature of	1	Assessed		Taxable	As	ssessed		Taxable
Taxpayer	Business		Value	Rank	Assessed Value		Value	Rank	Assessed Value
Blue Back Square, LLC	Real Estate Inv	\$	79,794	1	1.28%	\$	39,182	1	0.70%
Westfarms Associates	Shopping Mall		57,586	2	0.92%		35,000	2	0.66%
FW CT Corbins Corner Shopping Center	Retail		42,378	3	0.68%		34,558	3	0.62%
Connecticut Light and Power	Utility		39,016	4	0.63%		26,674	5	0.55%
Town Center West Associates	Office/Retail		28,069	5	0.45%		23,053	6	0.48%
McAuley Center Inc. (Sisters of Mercy)	Assisted Living		24,529	6	0.39%		15,963	9	0.24%
Westgate Apartments LLC	Apartments		20,504	7	0.33%				
E&A Northeast Limited Partnership	Retail		18,885	8	0.30%		27,933	4	0.56%
Bishop's Corner (E&A) LLC	Retail		18,789	9	0.30%		17,039	8	0.33%
Prospect Plaza Improvements LLC	Retail		17,142	10	0.28%		14,619	10	0.21%
Wiremold	Industrial						21,875	7	0.45%
		\$	346,691		5.56%	\$	255,896		4.80%

2018 Revenue from Principal Taxpayers \$ 14,228 2018 Percent of Total General Fund Revenue 4.97%

Source: Town of West Hartford, Department of Assessment

Note: Assessments include Real Property, Personal Property and Motor Vehicles.

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

TABLE 7

			Collected v	-		Total	
		Total Tax	Fiscal Year	of Levy	Callagtiana	Collections	to Date
Figaal	Tou Date	Total Tax		Donosutono	Collections		Damaantama
Fiscal	Tax Rate	Levy for	A	_	in Subsequent	A	Percentage
Year	in Mills	Fiscal Year	Amount	of Levy	Years	Amount	of Levy
2009	36.97	\$ 181,771	\$ 180,089	99.1%	1,345	\$ 181,434	99.8%
2010	37.54	186,542	184,817	99.1%	1,539	186,356	99.9%
2011	38.38	192,761	190,585	98.9%	1,759	192,344	99.8%
2012	39.44	199,192	197,344	99.1%	1,441	198,785	99.8%
2013	35.75	210,065	208,258	99.1%	1,449	209,707	99.8%
2014	36.30	214,310	212,530	99.2%	1,348	213,878	99.8%
2015	37.37	222,213	220,483	99.2%	1,336	221,819	99.8%
2016	38.31	229,112	227,450	99.3%	1,309	228,759	99.8%
2017	39.51	236,740	234,921	99.2%	1,169	236,090	99.7%
2018	41.04	252,998	251,418	99.4%	n/a	251,418	99.4%

Source: Tax Collector's Report; Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Note: A portion of property tax collections was reported in the Blue Back Square Fund in fiscal years 2007-2010.

n/a - Not applicable to current fiscal year.

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

Last Ten Fiscal Years

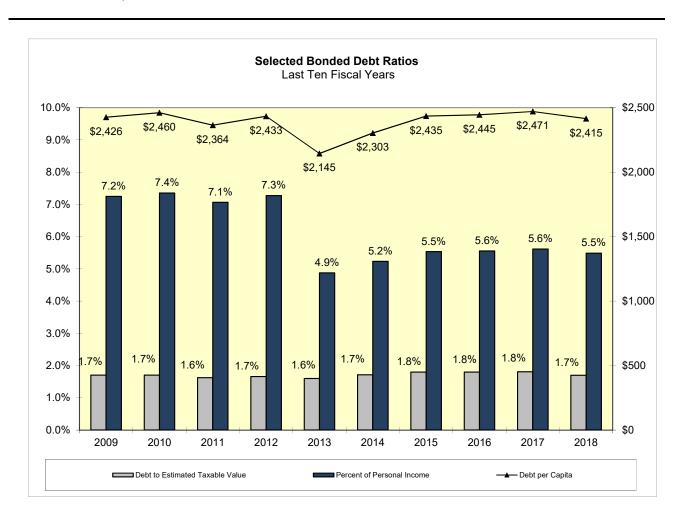
(amounts expressed in thousands, except per capita amount)

TABLE 8

	Governm Activit		Business-Type Activities			Bonded Debt as	
	General			Total	Bonded	Percentage	Bonded Debt
Fiscal	Obligation	Capital	Leisure	Primary	Debt to Estimated	of Personal	Per
Year	Bonds	Leases	Services	Government	Actual Taxable Value ¹	Income ²	Capita ³
2009	\$ 148,079	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 148,079	1.7%	7.2%	2,426
2010	150,200	-	-	150,200	1.7%	7.4%	2,460
2011	144,299	-	-	144,299	1.6%	7.1%	2,364
2012	148,551	-	-	148,551	1.7%	7.3%	2,433
2013	135,686	-	-	135,686	1.6%	4.9%	2,145
2014	145,706	-	-	145,706	1.7%	5.2%	2,303
2015	154,045	-	-	154,045	1.8%	5.5%	2,435
2016	154,667	-	-	154,667	1.8%	5.6%	2,445
2017	156,308	-	-	156,308	1.8%	5.6%	2,471
2018	152,770	-	-	152,770	1.7%	5.5%	2,415

Note: Details regarding the Town's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

³ See Table 11 for Population data.



¹ See Table 5 for property value data.

² See Table 11 for Personal Income data.

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT **STATEMENT OF DEBT LIMITATION**

Current Fiscal Year (amounts expressed in thousands)

TABLE 9

Total tax collections (including interest and lien fees) received by
Treasurer for year ended June 30, 2017 \$ 237,039 *

Reimbursement for revenue loss on:
Tax Relief for Elderly 6
Base \$ 237,045

	(General				Urban	Pension
	F	Purpose	Schools	Sewers	F	Renewal	Deficit
Debt limitation:							
2.25 times base	\$	533,351	\$	\$	\$		\$
4.50 times base			1,066,703				
3.75 times base				888,919			
3.25 times base						770,396	
3.00 times base							711,135
Total debt limitation		533,351	1,066,703	888,919		770,396	711,135
Indebtedness: Bonds payable Bonds authorized-unissued Overlapping debt School building grants Total indebtedness		102,610 5,314 107,924	44,475 8,507 (133) 52,849	219,698 219,698			
Debt margin	\$	425,427	\$ 1,013,854	\$ 669,221	\$	770,396	\$ 711,135

^{*} Source: Tax Collector's Report

Note 1: In no event shall total indebtedness exceed seven times annual receipts from taxation (\$1.66 billion)

Note 2: Bonds authorized-unissued represents bond authorizations for projects which have bond anticipation notes outstanding or for which bonds have been authorized and partially issued.

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION

Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

TABLE 10

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Debt limitation	\$1,275,330	\$1,307,495	\$1,349,971	\$ 1,400,560	\$ 1,474,494	\$ 1,504,811	\$ 1,561,140	\$ 1,607,788	\$ 1,659,315	\$ 1,659,315
Total net debt applicable to limit	177,669	194,672	207,145	237,328	254,930	285,919	314,603	368,176	379,642	380,471
Legal debt margin	\$1,097,661	\$1,112,823	\$1,142,826	\$1,163,232	\$1,219,564	\$1,218,892	\$1,246,537	\$1,239,612	\$1,279,673	\$1,278,844
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	13.93%	14.89%	15.34%	16.95%	17.29%	19.00%	20.15%	22.90%	22.88%	22.93%

Note: See Table 9 for calculation of current year debt limitation.

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT **DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS**

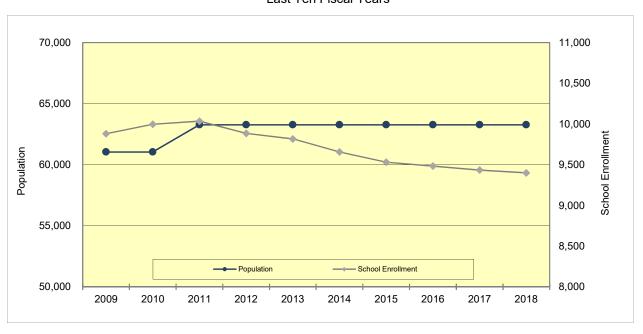
Last Ten Fiscal Years

TABLE 11

		Total Personal	Per Capita			Average
Fiscal		Income ¹	Personal	Median	School	Unemployment
Year	Population ¹	(in thousands)	Income ¹	Age ¹	Enrollment ²	Rate ³
2009	61,045	\$ 2,042,810	\$ 33,464	40.0	9,881	6.0%
2010	61,045	2,042,810	33,464	40.0	9,996	7.9%
2011	63,268	2,783,665	43,998	41.5	10,035	8.0%
2012	63,268	2,783,665	43,998	41.5	9,885	6.8%
2013	63,268	2,783,665	43,998	41.5	9,817	6.8%
2014	63,268	2,783,665	43,998	41.5	9,657	6.0%
2015	63,268	2,783,665	43,998	41.5	9,531	4.4%
2016	63,268	2,783,665	43,998	41.5	9,483	4.0%
2017	63,268	2,783,665	43,998	41.5	9,435	3.5%
2018	63,268	2,783,665	43,998	41.5	9,400	3.3%

¹ Fiscal years 2008-2010, U.S. Census Bureau - 2000 Census.

Population and School Enrollments Last Ten Fiscal Years



Fiscal years 2011-2018, U.S. Census Bureau - 2010 Census.

² Town of West Hartford Board of Education.

³ State of Connecticut Labor Department, Office of Research

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

TABLE 12

			2018	
Employer	Nature of Business	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Town Employment
University of Hartford	Education	2,000-2,999	1	8.7%
Town of West Hartford	Government	1,000-1,999	2	5.2%
Hospital at Hebrew Health Care	Hospital	500-999	3	2.6%
Wiremold Products, Inc.	Manufacturing	500-999	4	2.6%
UTC-Aerospace Systems/Goodrich Corp.	Manufacturing	250-499	5	1.3%
Colt Manufacturing	Manufacturing	250-499	6	1.3%
American School for the Deaf	Education	250-499	7	1.3%
American Medical Response	Ambulance Service	250-499	8	1.3%
St. Mary's Home	Nursing Home	250-499	9	1.3%
Cheesecake Factory	Restaurant	250-499	10	1.3%
St. Joseph College	Education			
Macy's/Filene's	Retail			
University of Connecticut	Education			
		5,500-9,990		26.9%

	2009	
		Percentage
		of Total Town
Employees	Rank	Employment
1,000-1,999	1	5.2%
1,000-1,999	2	5.2%
500-999	3	2.6%
500-999	7	2.6%
250-499	9	1.3%
500-999	6	2.6%
500-999	5	2.6%
500-999	4	2.6%
500-999	8	2.6%
250-499	10	1.3%
5,500-10,990		28.6%

Source: 2018 data - Connecticut Department of Labor and Connecticut Economic Resources Center, Inc.

2009 data - Fiscal year 2009 Town of West Hartford Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Note: Percentage of Total Town employment is calculated on the midpoint of the range given.

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT FULL-TIME EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

TABLE 13

Fiscal Year										
Function/Department	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
General Government										
Town Clerk/Town Council	4.5	4.5	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Town Manager	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Corporation Counsel	3.5	3.5	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.0
Registrar of Voters	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assessor	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0
Information Technology ¹	-	-	-	-	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Financial Services	22.5	22.5	21.0	21.0	17.0	17.0	17.0	17.0	17.0	17.0
Employee Services	11.0	10.0	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5
Public Safety										
Fire	92.0	92.0	92.0	92.0	92.0	92.0	92.0	92.0	92.0	93.0
Police	152.0	152.0	152.0	152.0	152.0	152.0	152.0	153.0	153.0	153.0
Communications System	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Community Maintenance										
Community Services	31.0	28.0	27.0	26.0	24.5	24.5	24.2	25.2	26.2	26.0
Public Works	61.0	58.0	58.0	58.0	58.0	58.0	58.0	58.0	60.0	60.0
Plant and Facilities Services	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	9.0	9.0	8.3	8.3	8.3	8.5
Human and Cultural										
Human and Leisure Services	28.0	27.0	26.0	26.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0
Library	28.0	26.0	25.0	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0
Private School Nurses	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0
Total - Town	460.0	450.0	444.0	442.0	441.0	441.0	440.0	442.0	445.0	445.0
Education										
Instructional Staff	1,182.1	1,188.1	1,182.2	1,196.0	1,213.1	1,225.0	1,225.5	1,250.1	1,273.9	1,260.5
Non-instructional staff	302.3	293.5	292.5	293.3	283.3	286.2	285.3	284.3	287.1	280.8
Total - Education	1,484.4	1,481.6	1,474.7	1,489.3	1,496.4	1,511.2	1,510.8	1,534.4	1,561.0	1,541.3
Total	1,944.4	1,931.6	1,918.7	1,931.3	1,937.4	1,952.2	1,950.8	1,976.4	2,006.0	1,986.3

Source: Department of Financial Services and Board of Education

¹Effective 7/01/2013 the Department of Information Technology was created with staff previously managed under Financial Services.

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION Last Five Years

	Last Five Years			_						
					TABLE 14					
	For the Year Ended December 31,									
Function/Department	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017					
General Government										
Town Clerk ¹										
Land records processed	12,158	8,856	9,295	9,031	8,897					
Registrar of Voters ¹										
Number of registered voters	38,826	39,517	38,266	43,248	38,855					
Voter turnout percent - national election				78%						
Voter turnout percent - state election		61%								
Voter turnout percent - local election	27%		29%		32%					
Public Safety										
Fire ¹										
Number of fire related calls	168	184	228	205	179					
Number of emergency medical/rescue calls ²	1,602	1,742	5,646	5,820	6,781					
Number of hazardous material calls	189	157	157	162	150					
Number of other calls for service	1,832	1,814	2,202	2,214	2,367					
Total Calls	3,791	3,897	8,233	8,401	9,477					
Extent of flame damage confined to room of origin	98.0%	98.0%	98.0%	98.0%	98.0%					
Percentage of fires handled by 20 or fewer firefighters	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%					
Community Maintenance										
Community Services ¹										
Miles of street repaved	8.03	7.27	10.63	9.04	10.21					

	For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30,									
Function/Department	2014		2015		2016		2017	2018		
Public Safety										
Police										
Reported crimes or town ordinance violations	11,673		11,601		11,709		10,971		10,210	
Service and medical calls	32,532		33,625		31,955		27,512		30,705	
Motor vehicle accidents	2,286		2,422		2,460		2,498		2,264	
Number of motor vehicle stops	7,187		8,533		9,255		6,959		5,657	
Total calls for service	66,835		66,888		65,483		45,374		45,228	
Number of criminal arrests	1,848		1,881		1,719		1,237		1,122	
Number of motor vehicle arrests	5,423		6,203		5,313		5,036		5,218	
Number of DUI arrests	215		199		157		93		77	
Community Maintenance										
Community Services										
Number of inspections conducted	8,812		10,474		10,486		10,280		11,106	
Number of total building permits ³	5,604		5,567		6,223		6,005		6,321	
Dollar value of total building permits ³	\$ 71,572,250	\$	151,335,754	\$ 10	4,751,012	\$	72,729,574	\$	88,272,197	
Public Works										
Volume of leaves collected (cubic yards) ⁴	23,865		6,637		8,010		6,606		5,750	
Tons of leave collected ⁴	5,966		1,659		2,002		1,651		1,438	
Tons of refuse collected	19,551		18,938		19,533		18,824		18,674	
Refuse contractor cost per household	\$ 141.82	\$	153.57	\$	166.76	\$	161.00	\$	124.45	
Tons of waste recycled	7,152		6,942		7,014		6,853		7,269	
Percent of total waste recycled	26.8%		26.8%		26.4%		26.6%		28.0%	
Amount recycled per household (tons)	0.37		0.34		0.34		0.33		0.34	
Number of snow operations	25		18		14		17		17	
Percent of snowstorms cleared within 8 hours	75%		89%		92%		89%		100%	
Percent of catch basins cleaned	1%		1%		8%		9%		4%	

Performance data maintained on a calendar year basis.

²Effective January 1, 2015 the Fire Department began traveling to all medical calls.

³In fiscal year 2015, Total Building Permits includes approximately \$40 million in value not subject to Building Permit fees.

⁴The method to calculate the volume and weight of leaves was modified in fiscal year 2015.

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION Last Five Years

TABLE 14 (continued)

		For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30,								
Function/Department		2014	2015	2016	2017	2018				
Human and Cultural										
Leisure Services										
Number of instructional	2,946	2,896	2,780	2,803	3,807					
Number of instructional	program registrations	28,688	28,596	30,781	29,061	34,314				
Number of Senior Center	er members	1,939	1,959	1,952	1,941	1,785				
Number of swim lesson	registrations-outdoor pools	1,682	1,741	1,470	1,579	1,312				
Number of swim lesson	registrations-indoor pool	5,065	4,862	4,789	4,754	2,836				
Public session attendan	ce at Veterans Memorial Skating Rink	25,276	23,967	19,914	19,857	22,551				
Number of golf rounds p	played at Rockledge Golf Course	45,042	43,106	46,898	39,422	37,337				
Number of golf rounds p	played at Buena Vista Golf Course	15,406	16,094	16,308	11,869	10,884				
Social Services	•									
Hours of volunteer servi	ice	9,272	9,590	9,302	9,751	9,002				
Number of Dial-A-Ride t	trips	13,688	12,052	11,308	11,186	11,300				
Library	·	·	·		·					
Library visitors		510,489	470,676	472,554	461,084	437,580				
Library website visitors		481,513	391,619	357,847	331,812	315,289				
Programs and museum	passes	2,635	3,105	3,323	3,608	3,916				
Card Holders	'	31,236	29,934	28,541	27,588	27,008				
Social Media Followers/	,	.,	-,-	35,798	129,767					
Newsletter Views				195.054	214,151					
Number of print book ar	820.678	798.797	756.673	635,681	597,763					
Number of electronic book and media loans		34.687	38,427	42.286	49,438	59.238				
Loans per capita		13.5	13.2	12.6	10.8	10.4				
Reference inquiries		54.345	86.588	83.467	77.676	74.902				
Electronic information re	etrievals	341.668	370,292	373.657	309.818	444.368				
Wireless (WIFI) usage		50.529	75,714	94,698	100,340	94,820				
Hours of computer use		94,436	,	.,	,	- 1,0_0				
Number of computer se	ssions	- 1, 1	58.686	56.871	53,438	47,528				
Education			***************************************		33,133	,				
Average Class Size	Elementary School	20.2	19.7	19.5	20.0	20.2				
, wordgo class class	Middle School	19.4	19.8	19.7	19.8	19.8				
	High School	21.1	21.1	21.2	21.1	21.4				
SAT Scores - Math/Verb		537/533/535	533/525/526	543/538/531	2					
SAT Scores - Math/ERV		00170007000	000/020/020	0.07000700.	559/575	568/580				
SBAC Scores -	Grade 3 - ELA, Math	n/a	68.4%	68.4%	69.1%	67.8%				
% meeting target	Grade 4 - ELA, Math	n/a	69.3%	70.6%	70.2%	67.5%				
,	Grade 5 - ELA, Math	n/a	68.0%	67.8%	63.5%	68.4%				
	Grade 6 - ELA, Math	n/a	63.5%	62.2%	64.3%	59.6%				
	Grade 7 - ELA, Math Grade 8 - ELA, Math		58.8%	61.6%	65.6%	61.7%				
			59.3%	56.5%	64.0%	66.5%				
	Overall SBAC Average	n/a n/a	64.6%	64.5%	66.1%	65.3%				
% of Students Pursuing		93.2%	94.1%	94.5%	93.9%	93.2%				
Annual Dropout Rate		1.0%	0.6%	1.2%	0.4%	0.5%				
Ailliudi Diopout Nate	1.070	0.070	1.2 /0	0.470	0.07					

n/a - SBAC tests not administered prior to FY 2015.

TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

TABLE 15

Function	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Public Safety										
Police Cars	76	67	67	67	67	67	67	70	76	76
Fire Stations	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Fire Apparatus	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	8
Community Maintenance	,	,	•	,	•	•	•	,	,	ĭ
Miles of Town Streets	212	212	212	212	212	217	217	217	217	217
Miles of Private Streets	11	11	11	11	11	15	15	15	15	15
Miles of State Highway	15	15	15	15	15	17	17	17	17	17
Miles of Curb	220	220	220	220	220	220	220	221	222	222
Miles of Sidewalk	245	245	245	245	245	300	300	300	300	300
Miles of Storm Sewers	170	170	170	170	170	170	170	170	170	170
Number of Catch Basins	6,620	6,620	6,620	6,620	6,620	7,640	7,640	7,640	7,640	7,640
Metered Parking Spaces	498	498	498	498	498	533	533	533	1,673	1,689
Leased Parking Spaces	132	337	337	337	337	393	393	393	393	393
Gated Parking Spaces	1,392	1,392	1,392	1,392	1,392	1,514	1,514	1,514	755	779
Parking Garages	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Human and Cultural										
Senior Centers	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Community Centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Cemeteries	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Golf Courses	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Ice Skating Rink	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Aquatic Facilities	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Parks	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Acres of Park Land	1,182	1,182	1,182	1,182	1,182	1,182	1,182	1,182	1,182	1,182
Playgrounds	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29
Tennis Courts	53	53	53	53	53	42	42	42	42	42
Athletic Fields	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	92	92	92
Basketball Courts	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Library Branches	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Education										
Elementary Schools	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Middle Schools	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
High Schools	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2