## TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD CONNECTICUT



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR JULY 1, 2018 - JUNE 30, 2019

# Town of West Hartford Connecticut

**Comprehensive Annual Financial Report** 

For the Fiscal Year July 1, 2018 - June 30, 2019

Prepared By

Department of Financial Services 50 South Main Street West Hartford, Connecticut 06107

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**Introductory Section** 

#### TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT

PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

(As of June 30, 2019)

## ELECTED OFFICIALS

#### **Town Council**

Shari Cantor, Mayor Beth Kerrigan, Deputy Mayor Chris Barnes, Minority Leader Leon Davidoff Dallas Dodge Mary Fay Liam Sweeney Ben Wenograd Chris Williams

#### **Board of Education**

Carol Blanks, Chairperson Robert Levine, Vice Chairperson Cheryl Greenberg Dave Pauluk Deb Polun Lorna Thomas-Farquharson Mark Zydanowicz

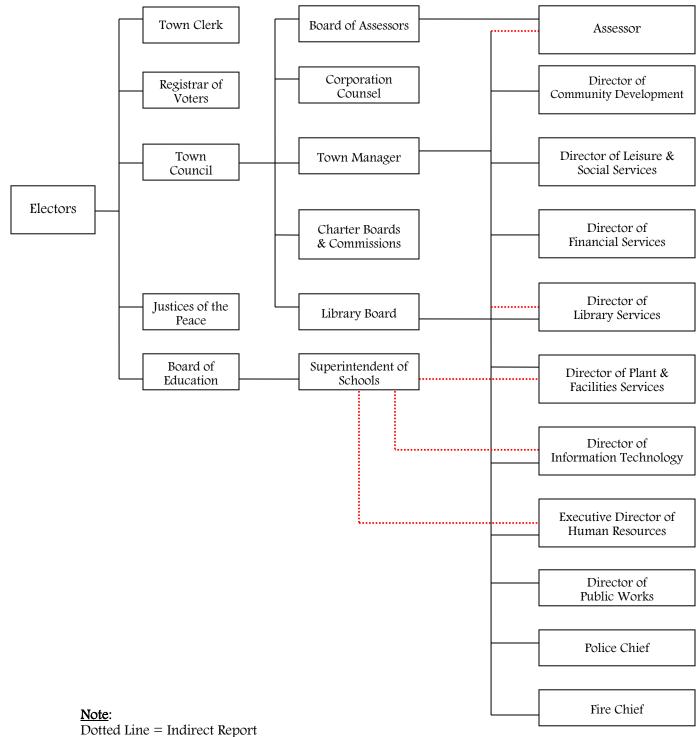
Town Clerk	Essie Labrot
Registrar of Voters	Beth Kyle
Registrar of Voters	Gail Crockett

#### **APPOINTED OFFICIALS**

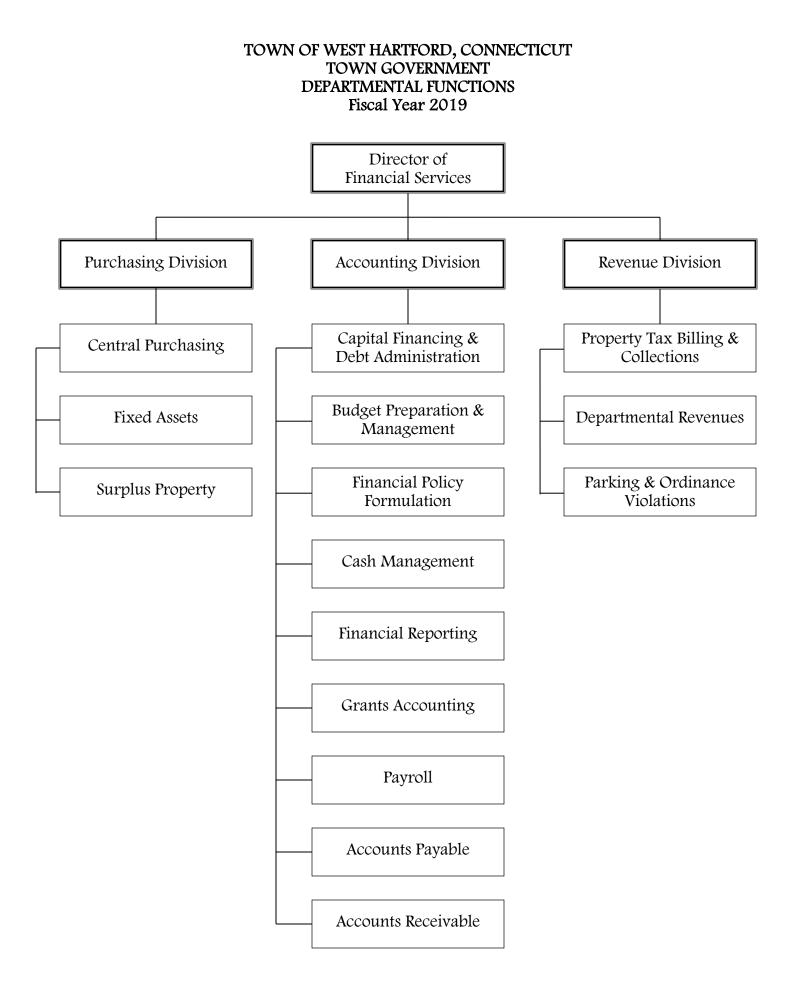
#### Appointed by Town Council

Town Manager	
Corporation Counsel	Patrick Alair
Appointed by Board of Education	
Superintendent of Schools	Thomas Moore
Appointed by Town Manager	
Chief, Fire Department	Greg Priest
Chief, Police Department	Vernon Riddick
Director of Community Development	Mark McGovern
Director of Financial Services	Peter Privitera
Director of Information Technology	Jared Morin
Director of Leisure and Social Services	Helen Rubino-Turco
Director of Plant and Facilities Services	Robert Palmer
Director of Public Works	
Executive Director of Human Resources	Richard Ledwith
Appointed by Library Board	
Director of Library Services	Martha Church
Appointed by Board of Assessors	
Assessor	Joseph Dakers

### TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT TOWN GOVERNMENT ORGANIZATIONAL CHART Fiscal Year 2019



Solid Line = Direct Report





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

## Town of West Hartford Connecticut

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2018

Christophen P. Monill

Executive Director/CEO



December 20, 2019

Mayor, Town Council, Town Manager, Citizens and Taxpayers of the Town of West Hartford:

State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish, within six months of the close of each fiscal year, a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for governmental units and audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, I am pleased to transmit to you the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the Town of West Hartford (Town) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

This report consists of management's representation concerning the Town's finances. Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Blum Shapiro and Company P.C., a firm of licensed certified public accountants, has issued an unmodified opinion on the Town of West Hartford's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component in the financial section of this report.

The Town's fiscal year 2019 audit includes an audit of all federal grants in accordance with the Single Audit Act of 1984, as amended in 1996, which provides that state and local governments expending more than \$500,000 in federal financial assistance must have a single audit for the fiscal year. The single audit consists of a financial audit, test of internal controls, and compliance audit. The single audit is in lieu of any financial and compliance audits required by any federal agency. The auditors' reports related to tests of internal controls and compliance testing have been furnished separately to the Town. In addition, the audit also includes an audit of all state financial assistance in compliance with the State Single Audit Act pursuant to Connecticut General Statutes (CGS) sections 4-230 to 4-236, inclusive (Chapter 55b). Each municipality expending more than \$100,000 in state financial assistance must have a state single audit. An audit conducted in accordance with sections 4-230 through 4-236 of the CGS shall be in lieu of any financial compliance audit of an individual state assistance program. These reports are available in the Town's separately issued single audit reports.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditors' report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it.

#### **PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT**

The Town of West Hartford is an independent full-service town with sole local government taxing power within its boundaries. The Town is autonomous from any county, municipality, or other political subdivision of the State of Connecticut. In 1919, the Town became the first in the State to appoint a Town Manager and presently operates with a Council-Manager form of government. The legislative function is performed by the Town Council (Council), which is comprised of nine members who are elected biennially. The Council formulates policies for the administration of the Town. The Town Manager is appointed by the Council to serve as the Town's Chief Executive Officer, with appointive and removal authority over department directors and other employees of the Town. The Town Manager is responsible for the implementation of policies established by the Council. An elected seven-member Board of Education appoints a Superintendent of Schools, who administers the education system of the Town.

The Town is located in central Connecticut adjacent to and west of the City of Hartford, the state capital. It is a residential suburb in the Hartford metropolitan area. The towns of Bloomfield, Newington, Farmington, and Avon also border the Town. West Hartford is approximately 100 miles southwest of Boston and approximately 100 miles northeast of New York City. The Town encompasses 22.2 square miles and has a population of 63,268.

The Town provides a comprehensive range of municipal services including police, fire, paramedic, public works, education, community development, recreation, library, transportation, human services, and cultural and historic activities.

The MD&A and the basic financial statements included in this report pertain to those functions administered by the Town Manager and Superintendent of Schools and are under the jurisdiction of the Council. These functions encompass all activities considered to be part of (controlled by or dependent on) the financial reporting entity. Control by or dependence on the Town is determined on the basis of budget adoption, taxing authority, or outstanding debt secured by revenues or general obligations of the Town. Further information concerning the financial condition of the Town is contained in the MD&A.

In accordance with these criteria, the financial statements include the financial activities of the Town of West Hartford, the Town of West Hartford Board of Education, the Town of West Hartford Library Board and the West Hartford Center Special Services District, a discretely presented component unit. The Town of West Hartford Housing Authority and The West Hartford-Bloomfield Health District, although containing the name of the Town, are excluded from the Town's financial statements. Although the Council appoints members to the Board of Directors for the West Hartford Housing Authority and the West Hartford-Bloomfield Health District, the Town has no involvement in their day-to-day operations or in the determination of their operating budget. Furthermore, the Town has no obligation for debt issued by the Housing Authority or the Health District and does not fund their operating deficits.

The Metropolitan District Commission (MDC) provides water and sewer services to West Hartford and certain other municipalities. The MDC finances water service via user fees and sewer services via tax levy on the participating municipalities. Since this is a separate governmental unit, its audited annual financial statements are not included in this report, but are available from the MDC directly.

In March 1981, the Council adopted a comprehensive budgeting and accounting ordinance. The ordinance sets forth the standards and practices that apply to the Town's financial management. Included in the ordinance is a provision requiring the appropriation of all funds not otherwise provided by specific law to be expended outside of budgetary operations.

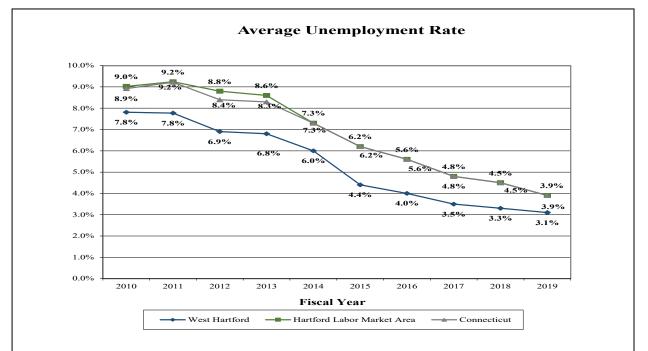
Annually, the Council adopts a balanced operating budget, a capital improvement budget, and a twelve-year capital improvement program (CIP). The budget calendar is outlined in Note 2 of the notes to the basic financial statements. Budget development and administration is performed by the Department of Financial Services.

The budget is legally enacted at the character of expenditure level within the department. Budgetary control is achieved through the use of a full encumbrance system, which encumbers appropriations upon the issuance of purchase orders. Commitments which could result in an over-expenditure of an appropriation at the character level are not issued until transfers or additional appropriations are made available. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are recorded as budgetary expenditures and reported as assigned fund balance.

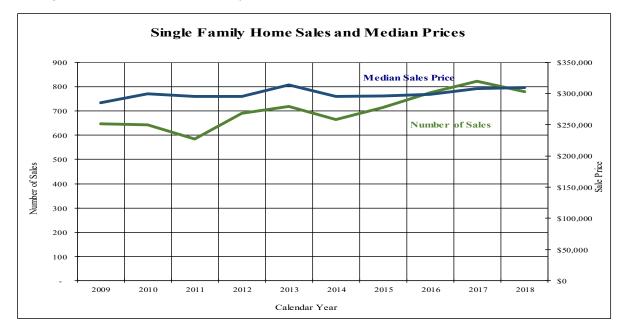
The budget is integrated into the accounting system and amended budgetary data (as presented in the financial statements for all funds with annual budgets) is compared to actual expenditures. Accordingly, budget to actual comparisons are provided in the report for each governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the General Fund and the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Housing Rehabilitation Fund, this comparison is presented as part of the required supplementary information. For governmental funds with appropriated annual budgets, this comparison is presented in Exhibits B-3 to B-11.

#### FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

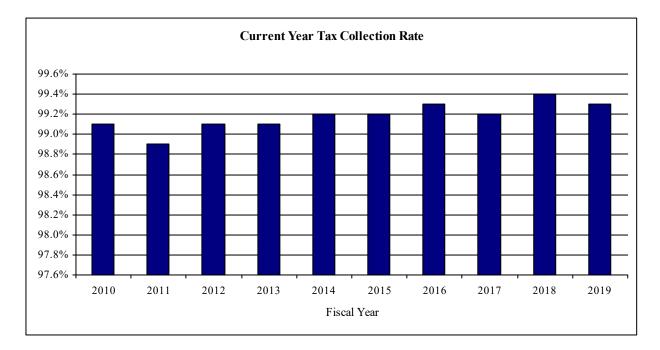
**Economic condition and outlook** – West Hartford experienced a more modest impact from the recession than the Hartford region and the State of Connecticut. As depicted on the chart below, unemployment rates in West Hartford have remained well below regional and state levels. The fiscal year 2019 unemployment rate for the Town declined to its lowest level in ten years, an indication that the economy continues to improve.



As illustrated, West Hartford experienced a decline in the annual number of single family home sales during the economic downturn. This resulted in lower conveyance tax and land record fee revenues in those years. The number of sales has been trending upward since 2011, with the exception of a slight dip in calendar year 2014. Homes in West Hartford maintained their value during this period, with median sales price relatively consistent over the timeframe presented. Buyers continue to be attracted to the excellent school system and vibrant community. Stable housing prices have insulated the community from the impact of a significant decline in value, resulting in limited foreclosure activity.



The Town achieved a property tax collection rate of 99.3% for fiscal year 2019, an increase from the prior year. Stable home prices, relatively low unemployment rates and lack of foreclosure activity contributed to strong property tax collections.



**Cash management policies and practices** - All funds not required to have separate bank accounts use a single consolidated account for deposits. The collected balance of the consolidated account not needed to liquidate current obligations is invested on a daily basis to meet future cash flow needs under the authority of the Town's General Investment Policy. The General Investment Policy, adopted pursuant to the authority of section 7-400 of the CGS and Chapter VI, Section 2 of the West Hartford Code, provides a policy for the investment of all Town funds except for reserves of the Risk Management Fund and the Pension and Other Post-Employment Benefits Trust Funds. As of June 30, 2019 this pool of funds is invested in various money market accounts, certificates of deposit, governmental securities and the State of Connecticut's Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF). STIF is a Standard & Poor's AAA rated investment pool of high quality, short-term money market instruments managed by the Cash Management Division of the Connecticut Office of the State Treasurer. The Town monitors the financial strength and stability of the institutions in which it holds money market accounts via national rating services.

The reserve funds of the Risk Management Fund are invested under the authority of the Town's Statement of Investment Policy for the Risk Reserve Accounts pursuant to the authority of section 7-403 of the CGS. The reserve pool consists of fifty percent of the liability reserve and one hundred percent of the prior year ending balance of the pre-funding reserve. The intent is to invest these funds in a manner which matches the duration of the investments with the cash flow needs inherent with long-term liabilities of this nature. Statutes governing the reserve pool provide for a wide variety of both fixed income and equity investment options. There can be no less than fifty percent of the pool invested in the following: United States government and agency obligations, United States Postal Service obligations, certificates of deposit, commercial paper, savings accounts, and bank acceptances. In addition, up to fifty percent of the total amount invested can be invested in equity securities.

The Council appointed Pension Board, governed by the Statement of Pension Plan Investment Policy, administers the funds of the employee retirement system separately. An independent custodial bank holds all of the Town's reserve pool investments.

**Long-term financial planning -** The Town has minimized property tax increases while maintaining long-term financial health through proactive financial management strategies and a moderated effect from the economic downturn. High quality educational and municipal services, which attract and retain residents and exemplify the character of the community, have been preserved. Policy decisions are made with a long-term financial perspective that balances the services expected by the community with residents' ability to pay. This perspective has enabled the Town to maintain its actuarially determined contributions for retirement benefits, strengthen levels of reserves, and avoid one-time budget strategies.

West Hartford will continue to encounter fiscal challenges in the coming years. State and federal budget constraints result in uncertainty of intergovernmental revenues. Retiree health and pension benefits continue to increase despite successful efforts at restructuring these benefits through collective bargaining agreements. The pressure of spending increases will continue to outpace growth in the value of taxable property and it will be an on-going challenge to provide a consistent level of municipal and education services while minimizing tax increases. However, it is a challenge that West Hartford is prepared to address.

#### AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Town for its CAFR for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. This was the thirty-third consecutive year the Town achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR that satisfies both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year. The Town believes the current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and it will be submitted to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

In addition, the Town has maintained an Aaa/AAA credit rating with Moody's Investor Services and Standard and Poor's Ratings Services, respectively, since 1972, with the rating reaffirmed by both rating agencies in January 2019.

The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the effective and dedicated services of the staff of the Department of Financial Services. The preparation of the CAFR requires a major effort from the accounting staff and each member of the department who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report has my sincere appreciation.

I would also like to thank the Mayor, Town Council and Town Manager for their continued interest and support in planning and executing the financial operations of the Town.

Respectfully submitted,

Peter Privitera Director of Financial Services







29 South Main Street P.O. Box 272000 West Hartford, CT 06127-2000 Tel 860.561.4000

blumshapiro.com

#### Independent Auditors' Report

To the Town Council Town of West Hartford, Connecticut

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of West Hartford, Connecticut, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of West Hartford, Connecticut's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of West Hartford, Connecticut, as of June 30, 2019 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison information and the pension and OPEB schedules, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of West Hartford, Connecticut's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

We also previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the basic financial statements of the Town of West Hartford, Connecticut, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018 (not presented herein), and have issued our report thereon dated December 18, 2018, which contained unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information. The accompanying General Fund balance sheet as of June 30, 2018 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2018 financial statements. The accompanying General Fund balance sheet has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the 2018 basic financial statements and certain additional procedures including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare those financial statements or to those financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the General Fund balance sheet is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended June 30. 2018.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 20, 2019 on our consideration of the Town of West Hartford, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of West Hartford, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of West Hartford, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Blum, Shapino + Company, P.C.

West Hartford, Connecticut December 20, 2019

#### TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

This discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the Town of West Hartford (the Town) is prepared by management to provide a narrative overview and analysis of the Town's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the additional information furnished in our transmittal letter, which can be found on pages v-x of this report, and the Town's financial statements, Exhibits I to IX. All amounts, unless otherwise stated, are expressed in thousands of dollars.

## FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- At the close of fiscal year 2019, liabilities and deferred inflows of the Town exceeded its assets and deferred outflows by \$136,797 on a government wide basis, an increase in the deficit of \$9,796 as compared to the prior year.
- The governmental activities funds reported consolidated net position of (\$138,428), an increase in the deficit of \$7,998 from fiscal year 2018.
- The business-type activities of the Town had net position of \$1,631 at fiscal year-end, a reduction of \$1,798 from the prior year.
- The Town's net investment in capital assets increased \$22,826 as the Town continued to invest in infrastructure and reduced outstanding long-term debt.
- Unassigned fund balance of the General Fund increased to \$26,350or 9.1% of total expenditures on a budgetary basis.
- The Town achieved a current year property tax collection rate of 99.3% for fiscal year 2019 and delinquent tax collections remained strong.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information.

**Government-Wide Financial Statements.** The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Town's financial position in a manner similar to the private-sector.

The *statement of net position* (Exhibit I) presents information on all the Town's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position* and is one way to measure the Town's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator as to whether the Town's financial position has improved or deteriorated.

The *statement of activities* (Exhibit II) presents changes to the Town's net position during the fiscal year presented. Changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items, such as uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave, which will only result in cash flows of future fiscal periods.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town that are primarily supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or most of their costs through user charges and fees (business-type activities). Both are discussed below:

- *Governmental Activities* Most of the Town's basic services, which include general government, public safety, community maintenance, human and cultural, and education, are recorded here. Property taxes, charges for services, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- *Business-Type Activities* The Town charges user fees to customers to help cover all or a significant portion of the costs of these services.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the Town itself, but also a discretely presented component unit known as the West Hartford Center Special Services District which was established in 2004. Financial information for the discretely presented component unit is reported separately from the financial information of the primary government. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 18-19 of this report.

**Fund Financial Statements.** A fund is a grouping of related accounts used to maintain control over resources segregated for a specific objective or activity. Some funds are required to be established by Town Charter. The Town Council establishes many other funds to help control and manage financial activities for particular purposes (such as the Capital Projects Fund and the Police Private Duty Services Fund) or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using grants and other money (such as grants received from the State Department of Education and the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development). The Town's funds are divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

**Governmental Funds (Exhibits III and IV).** The governmental fund statements provide a detailed shortterm view of the Town's general government operations and the basic services it provides. These financial statements focus on the near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's short-term financing requirements. These funds are reported using the modified accrual accounting method, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is described in the reconciliation at the bottom of the fund financial statements. By reading both of these, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's short-term financing decisions.

The Town maintains twenty-seven (27) individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Capital Projects Funds (comprised of the Capital Projects Fund and the Capital Non-recurring Expenditure Fund), CDBG (Community Development Block Grant) Housing Rehabilitation Fund, and the Debt Service Funds (comprised of the Debt Service Fund and the Blue Back Square Fund), all of which are considered major funds. The remaining twenty-one (21) funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of the non-major governmental funds is provided in the combining statements located on pages 90-95 of this report.

The Town adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement, showing original budget, final budget and actual results has been provided to demonstrate compliance with this budget and is located in the required supplementary information on pages 74-78 of this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 20-23.

**Proprietary Funds (Exhibits V, VI and VII).** The Town maintains two types of proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Town's only enterprise fund is the Leisure Services Fund. *Internal service funds* are used to accumulate and allocate internal costs among various departments. The Town uses internal service funds to account for risk management costs and utility costs. Because both of these functions predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, these activities have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Proprietary funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting, whereby revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred.

*Fiduciary Funds (Exhibits VIII and IX).* The Town is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its employees' pension plan and other postemployment benefits trust plan. It is also responsible for other assets that, because of a trust arrangement, can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. All of the Town's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net position and changes in fiduciary net position. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements as the resources for those funds are not available to support the Town's operations. The Town is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in the fund are used for their intended purposes. The accounting method used for fiduciary funds is similar to that used for proprietary funds.

**Notes to the Financial Statements**. The notes provide additional information necessary to fully understand the information provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 29-73.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful tool to analyze a government's financial position. The Town's combined net position decreased from (\$127,001) at the end of fiscal year 2018 to (\$136,797) at the end of fiscal year 2019. The discussion below focuses on the net position (Table 1) and changes in net position (Table 2) of the Town's governmental and business-type activities.

The largest component of the Town's net position is its \$238,248 investment in capital assets. This represents capital assets (such as land, buildings, infrastructure, vehicles, machinery and equipment) net of accumulated depreciation, less any related debt outstanding to acquire such assets. These assets are used to provide services to citizens and thus are not available to finance future spending. Although the Town's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that resources necessary to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, as capital assets cannot be used to satisfy these liabilities.

An additional \$82 of the Town's net position represents resources subject to use restrictions by external sources. The remaining balance is a deficit of \$375,127 and is comprised of the Town's net pension liability of \$264,815 and OPEB liability of \$173,018 offset by unrestricted funds which may be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation or other legal requirements.

			TABLE 1 let Position <i>Thousands</i>	;					
	Gove	ernm	nental	Busin	ess-Type		То	otal	
	Ac	tivit	ties	Act	tivities	_	Primary G	Gove	rnment
	2019		2018	2019	2018		2019		2018
Current and other assets Capital assets, net of	\$ 105,480	\$	112,065 \$	35	\$ 37	\$	105,515	\$	112,102
accumulated depreciation	371,533		356,980	10,779	11,663		382,312		368,643
Total assets	477,013		469,045	10,814	11,700	 	487,827		480,745
Deferred charge on refunding	873		998				873		998
Deferred outflows related to pensions	18,563		29,461	284	452		18,847		29,913
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	11,189		14,614	163	212	_	11,352		14,826
Total deferred outflows of resources	30,625		45,073	447	664		31,072		45,737
Long-term liabilities	609,261		608,539	6,602	6,478		615,863		615,017
Other liabilities	17,746		19,326	2,957	2,411		20,703		21,737
Total liabilities	627,007		627,865	9,559	8,889		636,566		636,754
Deferred inflows related to pensions	1,028		2,998	16	46		1,044		3,044
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	3,774			55			3,829		
Advance property tax collections	14,257		13,685				14,257		13,685
Total deferred inflows of resources	19,059		16,683	71	46		19,130		16,729
Net Position:									
Net investment in									
capital assets	227,469		203,759	10,779	11,663		238,248		215,422
Restricted	82		82				82		82
Unrestricted (deficit)	(365,979)	) _	(334,271)	(9,148)	(8,234)		(375,127)		(342,505)
Total Net Position	\$(138,428)	<u>)</u> \$_	(130,430) \$	1,631	\$3,429	\$	(136,797)	\$	(127,001)

**Governmental Activities**. The net position of the Town's governmental activities decreased \$7,998 from the prior year. Investment in capital assets, net of related debt, increased \$9,541 due to continued investment in the Town's buildings and infrastructure, as well as a reduction in outstanding general obligation bonds. Net position classified as unrestricted decreased \$31,708, mainly from the change in deferred outflows related to pensions and OPEB.

Total assets increased \$7,968 from the prior year due to the aforementioned investment in capital assets offset by reduced cash and investment balances on-hand as of June 30, 2019. Total deferred outflows of resources decreased \$14,448. Deferred outflows related to Pensions and OPEB decreased \$10,898 and \$3,425 respectfully due to changes in assumptions.

**Business-Type Activities.** The total net position of the Town's business-type activities decreased \$1,798 in fiscal year 2019. Investment in capital assets was reduced by \$884, as depreciation expense exceeded additions to capital assets in fiscal year 2019, and the deficit in unrestricted net position increased \$914.

#### TABLE 2

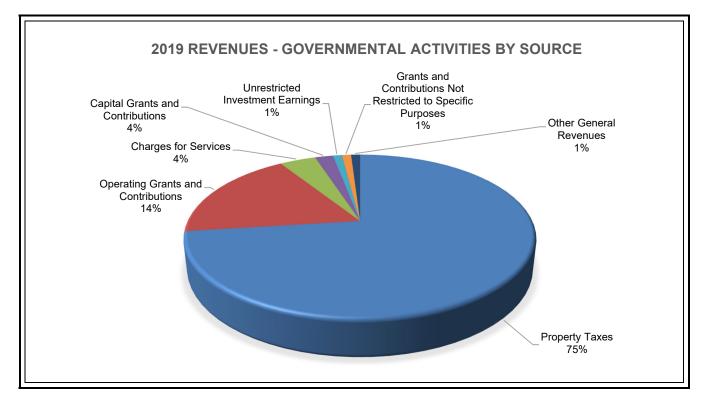
		Ĭn	The	n Net Po o <i>usands</i>		on								
	Governmental Business-Type								ota					
	_	Act	tiviti	es		Act	ivitie	es	Primary Government					
	_	2019		2018		2019		2018	_	2019		2018		
Revenues:														
Program revenues:														
Charges for services	\$	15,298	\$	15,406	\$	3,694	\$	3,814	\$	18,992	\$	19,220		
Operating grants and														
contributions		46,558		63,999						46,558		63,999		
Capital grants and														
contributions		12,970		6,673		168		356		13,138		7,029		
General revenues:														
Property taxes		258,308		252,899						258,308		252,899		
Grants and contributions not														
restricted to specific purposes		2,127		2,360						2,127		2,360		
Unrestricted investment														
earnings		3,719		2,737						3,719		2,737		
Other general revenues		4,718		4,855						4,718		4,855		
Total revenues	_	343,698		348,929		3,862		4,170	_	347,560		353,099		
Program expenses:														
General government		15,076		12,947						15,076		12,947		
Public safety		65,519		62,903						65,519		62,903		
Community maintenance		37,686		42,443						37,686		42,443		
Human and cultural		20,843		13,812						20,843		13,812		
Education		208,031		220,200						208,031		220,200		
Interest on long-term debt		4,271		4,601						4,271		4,601		
Leisure services						5,930		6,179		5,930		6,179		
Total program expenses	_	351,426		356,906		5,930		6,179	_	357,356		363,085		
Change in net position before transfers		(7,728)		(7,977)		(2,068)		(2,009)		(9,796)		(9,986)		
Transfers		(270)	_	(20)	_	270	_	20						
Change in net position	_	(7,998)		(7,997)		(1,798)		(1,989)		(9,796)		(9,986)		
Net Position at Beginning of Year	_	(130,430)		(122,433)		3,429		5,418		(127,001)		(117,015)		
Net Position at End of Year	\$_	(138,428)	\$	(130,430)	\$	1,631	\$	3,429	\$	(136,797)	\$	(127,001)		

## **Primary Government**

Total primary government revenues decreased \$5,539 or 1.5% from the prior year, while total primary government program expenses decreased \$5,729 or 1.5% over the same time period. The following analysis separately considers the operations of governmental and business-type activities.

#### **Governmental Activities**

Revenues from governmental activities exclusive of transfers totaled \$343,698 for fiscal year 2019, a decrease of \$5,231 over the prior year. Property taxes (75%) and operating grants and contributions (14%) were the primary revenue sources, while charges for services, capital grants and contributions, unrestricted grants, investment earnings and other general revenues combined (11%) comprised the balance of the Town's revenues.



Operating grants and contributions totaled \$46,558 in fiscal year 2019, a reduction of \$17,441 from the prior year. Capital grants and contributions increased \$6,297 from the prior year from funds received from Federal and State reimbursements for the construction of the Park Road Interchange project as well as the Hall High School Science labs. On a government-wide basis, unrestricted investment earnings include both short-term investments in the governmental funds as well as investment income from the risk management reserve accounts. There was a favorable variance of \$982 in unrestricted investment earnings in fiscal year 2019 as compared to the prior year.

In order to cover the increased cost of services and significant uncertainty regarding State aid, the fiscal year 2019 adopted General Fund budget required an increase in current year property tax revenue. Actual property tax revenue was \$5,409 higher than in fiscal year 2018.

Program expenses for governmental activities totaled \$351,426 for fiscal year 2019. Approximately 21% of program expenses were supported by program revenues with the balance funded from general revenues, primarily property taxes. Expenses for education (59%), public safety (19%), and community maintenance (11%) comprise 89% of total governmental activities program expenses, with general government, human and cultural, and interest on long-term debt comprising the balance (11%).

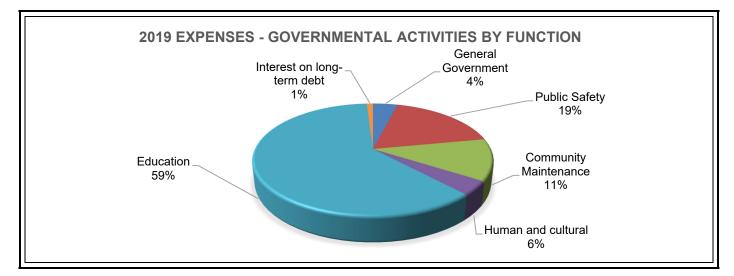
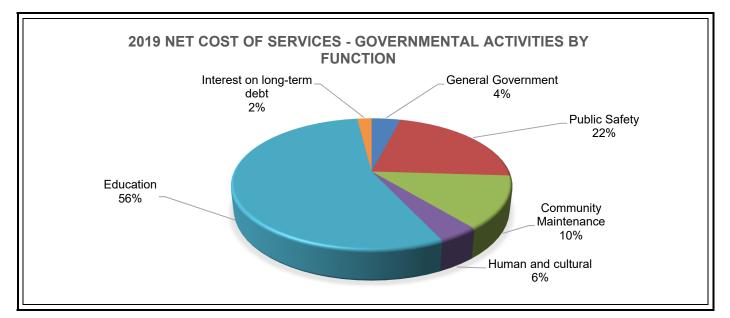


Table 3 presents the total cost and net cost of services (total cost less revenues from non-tax sources directly related to the individual function) for each of the Town's six major functions: education, public safety, community maintenance, human and cultural, general government, and interest on long-term debt. The net cost shows the financial burden placed on the Town's taxpayers by function.

Cost of Governm Ir	n Thousand	ls	-	tion		f	Comilaro
	Total Cos 2019		2018	· ·	2019		Services 2018
Education \$	208,031	\$	220,200	\$	153,859	\$	151,435
Public safety	65,519		62,903		61,586		58,351
Community maintenance	37,686		42,443		26,409		34,055
Human and cultural	20,843		13,812		18,087		11,135
General government	15,076		12,947		12,388		11,251
Interest on long-term debt	4,271	· _	4,601		4,271		4,601
Total \$	351,426	\$	356,906	\$	276,600	\$	270,828



#### **Business-Type Activities**

Revenues from business-type activities decreased \$308 from the prior year. Program revenue declined \$120 primarily due to declining sales experienced at Rockledge Golf Course. Program expenses decreased \$249 over the prior year, while net transfers were \$250 more than the prior year. The change in net assets for fiscal year 2019 was a net reduction of \$1,798 from the prior year.

#### FUND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to control and manage financial activities for a particular purpose or to demonstrate compliance with legal requirements.

#### **Governmental Funds**

As of June 30, 2019, the Town's governmental funds (as presented in the Balance Sheet - Exhibit III) reported a combined fund balance of \$40,690. This represents a decrease of \$7,015 or 14.7% from the prior year. Based upon fund balance classification under GASB 54, \$26,375 or 64.8% is unassigned and comprised of fund balance of the General Fund. An additional \$11,396 or 28% is committed or constrained for a specific purpose by the Town Council. The remainder is comprised of non-spendable (\$410), restricted (\$2,066), and assigned (\$443) fund balance, as defined in footnote 1.

For fiscal year 2019, the total net change in fund balances for governmental funds (Exhibit IV) was a decrease of \$7,015. Included in this total is an increase of \$800 for the General Fund. Factors affecting the General Fund are discussed below in the General Fund Highlights section. Fund balance of the Capital Project Funds decreased \$7,868, reflecting intergovernmental revenue of \$11,309 for school and infrastructure projects, transfers in of \$2,780, charges for services of \$173 and miscellaneous revenues from sale of assets and reimbursements of \$1,590. Capital expenditures totaled \$33,386, and transfers out were \$372. Non-major Governmental Funds experienced a net increase in fund balance of \$332, as detailed by fund in Exhibit B-2. Significant changes in fund balance were seen in the Parking Lot Fund (\$26), School Special Programs Fund (\$96), Westmoor Park Fund(-\$41), Cafeteria Fund (\$111), Cemetery Operating Fund (\$51) and Police Private Duty Fund (\$63), while the remaining non-major governmental funds experienced a net increase of \$26.

## **Proprietary Funds**

The Town's proprietary fund statements (Exhibits V-VII) provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Total net position of proprietary funds was \$17,966 at year-end, a decrease of \$1,519 from the prior year. Net position of the Internal Service Funds had a net increase of \$279 primarily from lower claim expense in the Risk Management Fund offset by increased expenses in the Utilities Services Fund. As mentioned previously, the Leisure Services Fund experienced a reduction in net position of \$1,798.

#### General Fund Highlights

Over the course of the year, the Town Council approved budget revisions for factors not known during the budget process. Tables 4 and 5 highlight the changes from the original adopted budget to the final amended budget for fiscal year 2019 and the variance between the final budget and actual results.

TABLE 4 Summary of General Fund Budget Original and Final Estimated Revenues vs. Actual <i>In Thousands</i>											
Revenue		Bu Original	udg	et Final				Actual Revenue		Over/ (Under) Final Budget	
		e i gilla	• -		• •	Change					
Property taxes	\$	257,144	\$	258,119	\$	975	\$	258,047	\$	(72)	
Federal		8		498		490		453		(45)	
State		22,916		23,937		1,021		23,989		52	
Charges for services		5,296		5,429		133		5,768		339	
Local revenues		1,305		1,429		124		929		(500)	
Income on investments		630		1,650		1,020		1,714		64	
Transfers in		484		484				396		(88)	
Total	\$	287,783	\$	291,546	\$	3,763	\$	291,296	\$	(250)	

#### General Fund Budgetary Amendments

The General Fund's final estimated revenues increased \$3,763 or 1.3% from the original adopted budget.

- Estimated revenues from property taxes increased \$975 to fund year-end contributions to the Capital Non-recurring Expenditure (CNRE) Fund.
- Additional federal grants totaling \$490 were appropriated during the fiscal year. These included police grants (\$264) relating to underage drinking, distracted driving and driving under the influence, Federal Emergency Management Agency reimbursement (\$215) for winter storms, and Dial-a-Ride grants (\$11).
- Estimated intergovernmental revenue from the State of Connecticut increased \$1,021 primarily due to an increase in Education Cost Sharing grant which was used to fund year-end transfers to the CNRE and Utility Services Funds.
- Estimated charges for services increased \$133 primarily due to an increase in building permit revenue which was used to fund year end transfers to the CNRE Fund.
- The increase in local revenues of \$124 resulted from the expired tax overpayments.
- Estimated income on investments increased \$1,020 to fund a year-end transfer to the Debt Service Fund.

#### General Fund Revenue Variance

When compared to final estimated revenues, total revenue was slightly less than budgeted by \$250. Successful collection of property taxes has been key to the financial health of the Town. Current year property tax collection remains strong, with the Town achieving a collection rate of 99.3% and demonstrated strong collection of delinquent taxes.

State revenue was greater than the final budget by \$52 primarily due to an increase in the payment-inlieu of taxes grant and school building subsidy grants. Charges for services exceeded budget by \$339. Favorable variances in paramedic services (\$106), program registrations at leisure facilities (\$96), conveyance tax (\$20), fire plan review fees (\$76), parking violations (\$58), miscellaneous permits and licenses (\$27), alarm fees (\$7) and public works permits (\$21) were offset by lower than land record fees (-\$45) library fees (-\$21) and refuse fees (-\$8). Local revenue fell short of budget by (-\$500) exceeded estimates due to positive variances in workers' compensation reimbursements (\$187) and refund of prior year expenditures (\$194). Income on investments achieved a favorable variance of \$64 due to favorable interest rates. Transfers in fell short of budget by (-\$88). A transfer from the Police Private Duty Fund for Construction Site Traffic Control (\$125) was not deemed necessary and was offset by an increase in reimbursements from the Capital Projects Fund for survey and design related to the Park Road interchange project (\$74).

Sumi	nary of Gen Aբ	propi	TABLE 5 und Bud iations v <i>Thousan</i>	get s. A	-	nd	l Final		
Department	Original		Final		Change		Actual Expenditure	-	(Over)/ Under Final Budget
Town Clerk \$	253	\$	260	\$	7	\$	258	\$	2
Town Council	384		392		8		389		3
Town Manager	384		386		2		386		-
Corporation Counsel	382		463		81		463		-
Registrar of Voters	267		323		56		323		-
Information Technology	914		936		22		936		-
Financial Services	2,367		2,215		(152)		2,215		-
Assessment	753		766		13		766		-
Human Resources	444		493		49		493		-
Fire	11,614		12,973		1,359		12,973		-
Police	14,928		16,019		1,091		16,019		-
Community Development	2,453		2,408		(45)		2,408		-
Public Works	10,518		10,150		(368)		10,104		46
Facilities	2,423		2,936		513		2,936		-
Library	3,432		3,305		(127)		3,305		-
Leisure and Social Services	3,130		2,964		(166)		2,964		-
Education	164,058		164,058		-		163,007		1,051
Debt and Sundry	49,528		47,712		(1,816)		47,624		88
Transfers Out	19,551		22,787	· _	3,236		22,787	-	
Total \$	287,783	\$	291,546	\$	3,763	\$	290,356	\$	1,190

Changes to departmental budgets resulted from resolutions relating to grant funds, transfers between departments, and transfers of current year surplus to other funds. Significant variances between the original and amended budget result from the following:

- The Corporation Counsel budget increased \$81 due to the need for retain outside counsel for various issues including resolving billing disputes with the former Advanced Life Support provider. These paramedic services were brought in house.
- The Registrar of Voters budget was increased \$56 primarily due to additional costs of the 2018 primaries.
- The budget of the Financial Services department decreased \$152 due to savings from vacant positions and reduced banking services fees and software maintenance costs.
- The final budget of the Fire Department was \$1,359 higher than that originally adopted. The Fire union contract settled during fiscal year 2019. Budgeted cost for this had previously been budgeted in contingency and was transferred to Fire. The retirement thirteen firefighters also attributed to the increase. These vacancies resulted in an increase overtime due to minimum staffing requirements.
- The Police department budget had an increase of \$1,091 from the originally adopted budget. Appropriations were increased as a result of the Police union contract which settled during fiscal year 2019 and had previously been budgeted in contingency.
- The Department of Public Works budget was reduced \$368 primarily due to payroll savings from a reduction in the number of snow operations from 17 in fiscal year 2018 to 12 in the current year.
- Facilities Services had an increase of \$513 over the original and used this surplus to fund additional contributions to the Utility Services Fund, offset by overtime and regular payroll savings.
- The final budget of the Library was \$127 lower than the original budget. Personal services costs were reduced \$100, primarily in part-time personnel, and office expenses were deferred due to budget constraints.
- The budget of the Department of Leisure and Social Services was reduced \$166 in non-personal savings in accounts throughout the department.
- The final Debt and Sundry budget was decreased \$1,816 primarily from transferring accrued costs associated with previous unsettled Police and Fire collective bargaining agreements to the respective department's budget.
- The final budget for transfers to other funds increased \$3,236 from the original budget. The majority of the current year surplus funded transfers of \$2,375 to the CNRE Fund and \$950 to the Debt Service Fund.

#### General Fund Expenditure Variance

• In comparison to final appropriations, actual expenditures were \$1,190 less than budgeted. Public Works generated savings of \$46 in personal services due to a concerted effort to limit overtime and temporary payroll expenditures. The Board of Education achieved savings of \$1,051, primarily in personnel costs. Debt and sundry was \$88 under budget due to an accrual for unsettled collective bargaining agreements.

## CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### **Capital Assets**

At June 30, 2019 the Town had \$382.3 million (net of accumulated depreciation) invested in a broad range of capital assets including land, land improvements, buildings, park facilities, vehicles, furniture and equipment, and infrastructure (such as roads, bridges, dams, storm sewers, and traffic signals) as detailed in Table 6. This amount represents a net increase of \$13.6 million, or 3.6%, from the prior year.

TABLE 6Capital Assets at Year-endNet of DepreciationIn Millions									
	Governn Activit		Business Activi	•••	Total Primary Government				
-	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018			
Land \$	10.5 \$	10.5 \$	\$	\$	10.5 \$	10.5			
Construction in progress Buildings and land	102.0	79.8	1.0	1.1	103.0	80.9			
improvements	168.8	174.9	9.7	10.5	178.5	185.4			
Furniture and equipment	4.2	4.6	0.1	0.1	4.3	4.7			
Vehicles	4.5	3.0			4.5	3.0			
Infrastructure	81.5	84.2			81.5	84.2			
Total Capital Assets \$	371.5 \$	357.0 \$	10.8 \$	11.7_\$	382.3 \$	368.7			

The increase is primarily due to the reconstruction of the Park Road Interchange. This project, which began in fiscal year 2017, has an estimated cost of \$10,265, with 90% of the funded from Federal and State reimbursements. In addition, the continued construction of the new science labs at Hall High School totaled \$9,841 in the current year. The Town has no plans to fund current operations from the proceeds of debt issuance. Detailed information about the Town's capital assets is presented in note 5 to the basic financial statements.

## Long-Term Debt

On June 30, 2019, the Town had \$139,675 in bonds outstanding versus \$147,085 at the end of the prior year.

Table 7 Outstanding Debt at Year-End <i>In Millions</i>								
	Governmental Activities		Business Activiti	•••	Total Primary Government			
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018		
General Obligation Bonds (backed by the Town) \$	139.7	\$ <u>147.1</u> \$	\$ _	<u> </u>	<u>139.7</u> \$	147.1		

The reduction in outstanding debt results from principal payments on existing debt of \$17,410 in fiscal year 2019, offset by the issuance of \$10,000 in general obligation bonds in January 2019. Long-term debt is discussed in greater detail in note 7 to the financial statements. The Town's general obligation bonds continue to carry the highest ratings awarded by both Moody's Investors Services, Inc. and Standard & Poor's Financial Services, LLC (Aaa and AAA, respectively). These ratings, which have been assigned to the Town since 1972, were reaffirmed by the rating agencies in January 2019.

The State limits the amount of general obligation debt towns can issue based upon a State mandated formula calculated on the type of debt and tax base. The Town's total debt, as calculated by State guidelines, is significantly below the \$1.78 billion State imposed limit. The Town has adopted its own capital financing guidelines which state that annual debt service as a percentage of General Fund expenditures shall not exceed 10% and is targeted to be 8% or less. Actual debt service for fiscal year 2019, inclusive of debt service of the Blue Back Square Fund, was 7.7% of General Fund expenditures. The General Fund portion of debt service was 6.3% of General Fund expenditures. More information on the Town's debt is available in Tables 8, 9 and 10 in the statistical section of this document.

## ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The fiscal year 2020 budget process focused on providing a consistent level of services to residents and visitors while limiting the increase in local taxes. Doing so was challenging as operating expenses continue to increase and there is uncertainty in State aid and diminishing non-tax revenue. The fiscal year 2020 General Fund budget totals \$296,494 and represents an increase of \$8,412 or 2.9% over fiscal year 2019, at the time of adoption. The municipal services portion of the budget totals \$110,360, an increase of \$4,192 or 4%. The education budget totals \$168,801, an increase of \$4,449 or 2.7%. The capital financing portion of the budget for both municipal and education services is \$17,333, a decrease of \$229 or 1.3%.

The fiscal year 2020 budget maintains town and education services with the following assumptions and policy decisions reflected in the adopted budget:

- Grand List increase of approximately \$27.4 million, or 0.4%;
- A current year property tax collection rate of 99.1%;
- A uniform mill rate for real, personal and motor vehicle property;
- Conservative estimates of non-current year tax revenue;
- Current services budget with no new programs;
- Full funding of the actuarially determined contribution to the Town's Pension Plan;
- Reduce debt service costs by utilizing the Capital Non-recurring Expenditure Fund rather than long-term debt financing; and,
- Continued efforts to modify employee benefit programs to reduce costs.

In order to finance the budget, an increase in current year property tax revenue of \$6,471 or 2.6% was required. Approximately \$1,100 will be generated as a result of growth in the Grand List, effectively reducing the tax increase for existing taxpayers by .18mills In order to generate the necessary property tax revenue, a uniform mill rate of 41.8 was adopted, an increase of 0.8 mills from the prior year rate on real and personal property and motor vehicles.

#### CONTACTING THE TOWN'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to show the Town's accountability for the monies it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Department of Financial Services, Town of West Hartford, 50 South Main Street, West Hartford, Connecticut 06107, (860) 561-7460, or visit the Town's website at http://www.westhartfordct.gov.



## **Basic Financial Statements**

#### TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

		Primary		Government				Component Unit West Hartford
	-	Governmental		Business-Type				Special
	-	Activities	_	Activities		Total		Services District
Assets:	-						-	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	62,549	\$	2	\$	62,551	\$	26
Investments		27,362				27,362		
Receivables, net		15,239		15		15,254		9
Inventories		328				328		
Prepaid items		2		18		20		
Capital assets:								
Assets not being depreciated		112,538		1,003		113,541		
Assets being depreciated, net	_	258,995	_	9,776		268,771		
Total assets	-	477,013	_	10,814		487,827		35
Deferred Outflaure of Deservices								
Deferred Outflows of Resources:		070				070		
Deferred charge on refunding		873		004		873		
Deferred outflows related to pensions		18,563		284		18,847		
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	-	11,189	-	163		11,352		
Total deferred outflows of resources		30,625	-	447		31,072		-
Liabilities:								
Accounts and other payables		8,330		148		8,478		
Payroll liabilities		6,480		158		6,638		
Other current liabilities		930				930		4
Internal balances		(2,055)		2,055		-		
Unearned revenue		4,061		596		4,657		31
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Due within one year		32,194		53		32,247		
Due in more than one year		577,067		6,549		583,616		
Total liabilities	•	627,007	-	9,559		636,566		35
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Deferred inflows of Resources.		1 0 2 9		16		1 0 4 4		
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		1,028 3,774		16 55		1,044 3,829		
				55				
Advance property tax collections Total deferred inflows of resources		14,257 19,059	-	71	_	<u>14,257</u> 19,130	•	
	-	10,000	-	, ,		13,100	•	
Net Position:								
Net investment in capital assets		227,469		10,779		238,248		
Restricted for:								
Perpetual care:								
Nonexpendable		82				82		
Unrestricted		(365,979)	_	(9,148)		(375,127)		
Total Net Position	\$	(138,428)	\$	1,631	\$	(136,797)	\$	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

#### TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

											Net (Expense Changes i			
				Р	rogram Revenue	s		-	Р	rin	nary Governmen			Component Unit
Functions/Programs	Expen	ses	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions	-	Capital Grants and Contributions	-	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	West Hartford Special Services District
Primary Government: Governmental activities:														
General government	\$1	5,076 \$	1,516	\$	7	\$	1,165	\$	(12,388)	\$		\$	(12,388)	\$
Public safety	6	5,519	3,319		360		254		(61,586)				(61,586)	
Community maintenance	3	7,686	4,960		686		5,631		(26,409)				(26,409)	
Human and cultural	2	0,843	1,527		1,229				(18,087)				(18,087)	
Education		8,031	3,976		44,276		5,920		(153,859)				(153,859)	
Interest on long-term debt		4,271				-			(4,271)	-			(4,271)	
Total governmental activities	35	1,426	15,298		46,558		12,970		(276,600)		-		(276,600)	-
Business-type activities:														
Leisure services		5,930	3,694			-	168			•	(2,068)		(2,068)	
Total Primary Government	\$ <u>35</u>	7,356 \$	18,992	\$	46,558	\$	13,138	-	(276,600)		(2,068)		(278,668)	
Component Unit:														
West Hartford Special Services District	\$	4,748 \$	2,992	\$		\$	-							(1,756)
	General re													
	Property								258,308				258,308	1,711
		•	butions not restri	cter	d to specific progr	ams	s		2,127				2,127	1,7 11
			stment earnings	0101	a to specific progr	uni	5		3,719				3,719	45
	Miscella		stinont ourningo						4,718				4,718	10
	Transfers								(270)		270		1,7 10	
			evenues and tran	sfer	s				268,602	•	270	•	268,872	1,756
	Chan	ge in net p	position						(7,998)		(1,798)		(9,796)	-
	Net Positi	on at Beg	inning of Year						(130,430)		3,429		(127,001)	
	Net Positi	on at End	of Year					\$	(138,428)	\$	1,631	\$	(136,797)	\$

#### TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

	_	General		Capital Project Funds	 CDBG Housing Rehabilitation Fund	 Debt Service Funds		Nonmajor Governmental Funds	_	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	38,718	\$	5,571	\$	\$ 3,135	\$	8,810	\$	56,234
Investments		5,729								5,729
Receivables, net		3,065		5,272	2,777	2		1,743		12,859
Due from other funds		9,102								9,102
Inventories	_	263						65	-	328
Total Assets	\$	56,877	\$_	10,843	\$ 2,777	\$ 3,137	\$	10,618	\$_	84,252
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RES	OURCES	AND FUN	D B	ALANCES						
Liabilities:										
Accounts and other payables	\$	3,322	\$	2,195	\$	\$	\$	283	\$	5,800
Payroll liabilities		6,193						257		6,450
Due to other funds				5,746		268		1,033		7,047
Other liabilities		874						56		930
Unearned revenue	_	3,051						1,010	_	4,061
Total liabilities		13,440		7,941	 -	 268	• •	2,639	-	24,288
Deferred inflows of resources:										
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		2,153								2,153
Unavailable revenue - loans receivable					2,777			87		2,864
Advance property tax collections		14,257							_	14,257
Total deferred inflows of resources		16,410		-	 2,777	 -		87	_	19,274
Fund balances:										
Nonspendable		263						147		410
Restricted								2,066		2,066
Committed				2,902		2,869		5,625		11,396
Assigned		389						54		443
Unassigned		26,375							_	26,375
Total fund balances	_	27,027		2,902	 -	 2,869		7,892	-	40,690
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of										
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	56,877	\$	10,843	\$ 2,777	\$ 3,137	\$	10,618	\$_	84,252

(Continued on next page)

## TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position: Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position different because of the following:	(Exhil	bit I) are		
Fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit III)			\$	40,690
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:				
Governmental capital assets Less accumulated depreciation Net capital assets	\$	643,618 (272,085)		371,533
Other long-term assets and deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not recorded in the funds:				
Property tax receivables greater than 60 days Interest receivable on property taxes Housing loans receivable Interest receivable on housing loans Deferred charges Deferred outflows related to pensions Deferred outflows related to OPEB				2,153 1,058 2,865 754 873 18,563 11,189
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of risk management and utility services to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities in the statement of net position. Long-term liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, are not due and				16,335
payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:				
Bonds and notes payable Interest payable on bonds and notes Compensated absences Bond premium Net pension liability Net OPEB liability Deferred inflows related to pensions Deferred inflows related to OPEB			_	(139,675) (2,016) (21,326) (5,262) (260,816) (170,544) (1,028) (3,774)
Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit I)			\$	(138,428)

#### TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

		General		Capital Project Funds	CDBG Housing Rehabilitation Fund		Debt Service Funds		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:			-			-		-		-	
Property taxes	\$	258,047	\$		\$	\$		\$		\$	258,047
Intergovernmental		39,827		11,309	154				8,546		59,836
Charges for services		5,768		173			19		8,852		14,812
Income on investments		1,714		38					500		2,252
Miscellaneous		930		1,590			3,643		856		7,019
Total revenues	_	306,286	_	13,110	154	-	3,662	-	18,754	_	341,966
Expenditures:											
Current:											
General government		6,236									6,236
Public safety		28,971							1,628		30,599
Community maintenance		15,464							2,895		18,359
Human and cultural		6,256			27				1,746		8,029
Education		178,489							13,697		192,186
Debt and sundry		47,679					22,420				70,099
Capital outlay			_	33,386		_		_	179	_	33,565
Total expenditures	_	283,095	_	33,386	27	_	22,420	-	20,145	_	359,073
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over											
Expenditures		23,191	_	(20,276)	127	_	(18,758)	-	(1,391)	_	(17,107)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):											
Transfers in		396		2,780			18,422		2,218		23,816
Transfers out		(22,787)		(372)	(127)		(250)		(495)		(24,031)
Issuance of bonds				10,000							10,000
Bond premium	_		_			_	307	-		_	307
Total other financing sources (uses)		(22,391)	-	12,408	(127)	-	18,479	-	1,723	-	10,092
Net Change in Fund Balances		800		(7,868)	-		(279)		332		(7,015)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	_	26,227	_	10,770		_	3,148	-	7,560	_	47,705
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	27,027	\$	2,902	\$ 	\$	2,869	\$	7,892	\$	40,690

(Continued on next page)

#### TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities:	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit II) are different because:	
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit IV)	\$ (7,015)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense:	
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	32,820 (15,849)
The statement of activities reports losses arising from the trade-in or disposal of existing capital assets to acquire new capital assets. Conversely, governmental funds do not report any gain or loss on a trade-in or disposal of capital assets.	(2,418)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds, and revenues recognized in the funds are not reported in the statement of activities:	
Property tax receivable - accrual basis change Property tax interest and lien revenue - accrual basis change Housing loans accrued interest Housing loans receivable	147 114 (127) 43
Change in deferred outflows related to pensions Change in deferred outflows related to OPEB Change in deferred inflows related to pensions Change in deferred inflows related to OPEB	(10,898) (3,425) 1,970 (3,774)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are amortized and deferred in the statement of activities. The details of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items are as follows:	
Bond proceeds Bond premium Bond principal payments	(10,000) (307) 17,410
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	
Compensated absences Accrued interest Amortization of deferred charge on refunding Amortization of bond premiums	(374) 137 (125) 727
Change in net OPEB liability Change in net pension liability	1,323 (8,656)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal services funds is reported with governmental activities.	 279
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit II)	\$ (7,998)

#### TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

	Business-Type Activities		Governmental Activities
	Leisure	•	Internal
	Services Fund		Service Funds
Assets:			
Current:			
	\$2	\$	6,315
Investments	Ψ <u>-</u>	Ψ	21,633
Receivables, net	15		567
Prepaid items	18		2
Total current assets	35		28,517
			<u> </u>
Noncurrent:			
Capital assets:			
Assets not being depreciated	1,003		
Assets being depreciated, net	9,776		
Total noncurrent assets	10,779		
Total assets	10,814		28,517
Deferred Outflows of Resources:			
Deferred outflows related to pensions	284		
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	163		
Total deferred outflows of resources	447		
Liabilities:			
Current:			
Accounts and other payables	148		516
Payroll liabilities	158		28
Due to other funds	2,055		
Risk management claims			6,401
Unearned revenue	596		
Compensated absences	53		
Total current liabilities	3,010		6,945
Noncurrent:			
Compensated absences	76		
Net pension liability	3,999		
Net OPEB liability	2,474		
Risk management claims	_,		5,237
Total noncurrent liabilities	6,549		5,237
	0,040		0,201
Total liabilities	9,559		12,182
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Deferred inflows related to pensions	16		
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	55		
Total deferred inflows of resources	71	•	
-			
Net Position:			
Invested in capital assets	10,779		
Unrestricted	(9,148)		16,335
	<b>• •</b> • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	*	40.005
Total Net Position	\$1,631	\$	16,335

# TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

	-	Business-Type Activities Leisure Services Fund		Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
Operating Revenues:				
Fund premiums	\$		\$	40,758
Charges for services	Ŧ	3,685	Ŧ	,
Employee contributions				7,536
Other	_	9	_	386
Total operating revenues	-	3,694	-	48,680
Operating Expenses:				
Administrative expense				256
Personal services		1,290		
Employee benefits				39,048
Insurance and program services		(00		5,847
Utilities		483		4,668
Other operating expense		3,013		
Depreciation	-	1,144	-	40.910
Total operating expenses	-	5,930	-	49,819
Operating Loss		(2,236)		(1,139)
Nonoperating Revenue:				
Income on investments	-		-	1,473
Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers		(2,236)		334
Capital contributions		168		
Transfers in		270		
Transfers out	-		-	(55)
Change in Net Position		(1,798)		279
Net Position at Beginning of Year	-	3,429	-	16,056
Net Position at End of Year	\$_	1,631	\$	16,335

## TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

(In Thousands)

	Business-Type Activities Leisure Services Fund	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Cash received from employees	;	\$ 7,536
Cash received from operating funds		40,758
Cash received from customers	3,731	
Cash payments to employees for services	(847)	(11 470)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Cash payment to providers benefits	(3,071)	(11,472) (37,597)
Other operating receipts	9	(37,397) 386
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(178)	(389)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:		
Transfers from other funds	270	
Transfers to other funds		(55)
Net cash flows provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	270	(55)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:	(00)	
Acquisition of capital assets	(92)	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		
Gain on investments		88
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	-	(356)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	2	6,671
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	2	\$ 6,315
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by		
(Used in) Operating Activities:		
Operating income (loss)	(2,236)	\$ (1,139)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by		
(used in) operating activities:		
Depreciation	1,144	
Change in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in receivables	(1)	606
(Increase) decrease in receivables (Increase) decrease in prepaid items	(1)	000
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows	217	
Increase (decrease) in accounts and other payables	3	(713)
Increase (decrease) in payroll liabilities	87	12
Increase (decrease) in pension liability	133	
Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability	(19)	
Increase (decrease) in risk management claim liability		845
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds	419	
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows	25	
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue	47	
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities		\$(389)
Nenersh Investing and Capital Financing Activities		
Noncash Investing and Capital Financing Activities:		¢ 4.004
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments	-	\$1,381
Contribution of Capital Assets from Town	169	\$
Continuation of Capital Associa IIOIII TOWI	100	\$

# TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

	-	Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds	_	Student Activity Fund
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents Investments:	\$	3,101	\$	1,173
Mutual funds		176,283		
Common stock		16,928		
Alternative investments		23,203		
Receivables: Interest and dividends		16		
	-	10	-	
Total assets	-	219,531	\$_	1,173
Liabilities:				
Accounts and other payables	-	156	\$_	1,173
Net Position:				
Restricted for Pension and OPEB Benefits	\$	219,375		

# TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

		Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds
Additions:	-	
Contributions:		
Employer	\$	36,431
Plan members		3,410
Other revenue	-	294
Total contributions	-	40,135
Investment income (loss):		
Net change in fair value of investments		7,456
Interest		151
Dividends		4,401
Total investment income (loss)	-	12,008
Less investment expense	_	(445)
Net investment income (loss)	-	11,563
Total additions	-	51,698
Deductions:		
Benefits		43,971
Administration	-	338
Total deductions	-	44,309
Change in Net Position		7,389
Net Position at Beginning of Year	-	211,986
Net Position at End of Year	\$	219,375

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Town of West Hartford, Connecticut (the Town) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant policies of the Town are described below.

## A. Reporting Entity

The Town was incorporated in 1854. The Town operates under a Council-Manager form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its Charter: public safety, community maintenance, human and cultural resources, education and general government.

The primary government includes the Town of West Hartford, the Town of West Hartford Board of Education and the Town of West Hartford Library Board, as the Town exercises legal powers on their behalf. All functions included in the primary government are under the jurisdiction of the Town Council and administered by the Town Manager as determined on the basis of budget adoption. The West Hartford-Bloomfield Health District, the West Hartford Housing Authority and the Metropolitan District Commission (MDC), a quasi-municipal corporation that provides water and sewer services to West Hartford and other member communities, are excluded from this report.

## **Discretely Presented Component Unit**

Pursuant to Chapter 105A of the Connecticut General Statutes, the Town established a special service district to be known as "West Hartford Center Special Service District." The purpose of the West Hartford Center Special Service District shall be to promote the economic and general welfare of the citizens and property owners of West Hartford both within and without such district through the preservation, enhancement, protection and development of the economic health and vitality of West Hartford. This legally separate entity is included as a component unit due to its close relationship to, or financial integration with the Town. This entity has its own separate corporate powers and cannot be reported as a component unit of another entity. The governing body of the special service district is substantially the same as the governing body of the Town. The Town is not responsible for the operational management of the special service district and the services provided by the district are not provided entirely to the Town or exclusively benefit the Town. Separate financial statements have not been prepared for the West Hartford Center Special Service District.

## **B.** Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Town. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements where appropriate. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items that do not meet the criteria for program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

## C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Proprietary Fund and Trust Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues, including property taxes, to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, are recorded only when payment is due.

Charges for services, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of housing loans receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the Town, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources to acquire or construct major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary funds.

The CDBG Housing Rehabilitation Fund accounts for housing loan activity under the federal grant program. The major source of revenue for this fund is federal assistance.

The Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term principal, interest and related costs.

The Town reports the following major proprietary fund:

The Leisure Services Fund accounts for recreation activities of the Town.

Additionally, the Town reports the following fund types:

The Internal Service Funds account for the risk management activities and utilities services of the Town.

The Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds account for the activities of the defined benefit pension plans and Other Post Employment Benefits Trust Fund, which accumulate resources for pension and health benefit payments to qualified employees upon retirement.

The Agency Fund is used to account for assets held by the Town in an agent capacity for student activities. These funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operation.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes and other charges between certain Town functions because the elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include property taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Leisure Services Fund, the Town's Risk Management Fund and the Utility Services Fund are charges to internal and external customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the enterprise fund and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. Unrestricted resources are used in the following order: committed, assigned then unassigned.

## D. Deposits and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash in banks and short-term investments in certificates of deposits having an original maturity of 90 days or less, money market accounts and the State of Connecticut's Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF), which has legislative approval for municipal use. The Town uses a pooled investment account for all funds except the Pension Trust Fund to maximize cash management opportunities. Section 18-41 of the Town code requires apportionment of interest income, which is done on a monthly basis, based on the average daily cash balance of all funds in the pooled cash account.

Investments are reported at fair value.

## E. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

Property taxes are levied on July 1 on all assessed property on the Grand List as of October 1 prior to the beginning of the fiscal year. Taxes are due July 1; however, at the discretion of the Town, and for the convenience of the taxpayer, real estate and business personal property tax bills are payable in two installments - July 1 and January 1. Motor vehicle taxes are due in one installment on July 1. Supplemental motor vehicle taxes (for vehicles registered between October 1 and August 1) are due in one installment on January 1. Taxes become delinquent one month after the installment is due. Delinquent taxes are billed at least four times a year, with interest charged at the rate of 1.5% per month retroactive to the original due date.

In accordance with state law, the oldest outstanding tax is collected first. Prior to June 30 of each year, liens are automatically placed on outstanding real estate tax accounts, with legal demands and alias tax warrants used in the collection of personal property and motor vehicle tax bills. Delinquent motor vehicle and personal property accounts are transferred to a suspense account after three years, at which time they cease to be carried as receivables.

Real estate, motor vehicle and personal property accounts are no longer collectible 15 years after due date in accordance with State Statutes. An amount of \$468 has been established as an allowance for uncollectible taxes at June 30, 2019. This represents 14.6% of all property taxes receivable.

## F. Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

## G. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Town as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (\$100,000 for infrastructure) (amounts not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is not included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the Town is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	25-50
Land improvements	20
Vehicles	5-15
Furniture and equipment	3-20
Infrastructure	15-60

## H. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Town reports a deferred charge on refunding and deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB in the government-wide statement of net position and proprietary funds statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. A deferred outflow of resources related to pension and OPEB results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions or other inputs. These amounts are deferred and included in pension and OPEB expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension and OPEB plan (active employees and inactive employees).

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town reports advance property tax collection in the government-wide statement of net position and in the governmental funds balance sheet and deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB results from differences of assumption or other inputs. Advance property tax collections represent taxes inherently associated with a future period. This amount is recognized during the period in which the revenue is associated. A deferred inflow of resources related to pension and OPEB results from differences between changes in assumptions or other inputs. These amounts are deferred and included in pension and OPEB expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension and OPEB plan (active employees and inactive employees). Also, for governmental funds, the Town reports unavailable revenue, which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from several sources: property taxes, long-term loans and other revenues. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) in the period in which the amounts become available.

## I. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of any significant applicable bond premium or discount. Significant bond issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

## J. Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability is measured as the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefits that is attributed to past periods of employee service (total pension liability), net of the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The pension plan's fiduciary net position is determined using the same valuation methods that are used by the pension plan for purposes of preparing its statement of fiduciary net position. The net pension liability is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year, consistently applied from period to period.

## K. Net OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability is measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service (total OPEB liability), less the amount of the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is determined using the same valuation methods that are used by the OPEB plan for purposes of preparing its statement of fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year, consistently applied from period.

## L. Compensated Absences

A limited amount of vacation earned may be accumulated by employees until termination of their employment, at which time they are paid for accumulated vacation. Vacation leave liability is valued using current salary costs, as well as any salary-related payments that are directly and incrementally connected with leave payments to employees. (The calculation includes any nonvested leave earned by employees that are considered likely to vest for both sick and vacation leave). Sick leave is accrued and is contingent upon absences being caused by employees' future illnesses or retirements. The sick leave calculation is also based on current salary costs as well as salary-related payments.

Eligible Town employees earn 15 days of sick leave per year and 10-25 days of vacation per year depending on the employees' length of service. A maximum of 150 days of sick leave and 50 days of vacation leave may be accrued. An employee leaving the employ of the Town is entitled to be paid a maximum of 50 days for vacation and 70-100 days unused sick leave upon retirement, based upon union contract.

Board of Education employees earn 10-18 days of sick leave per year. Maximum sick leave accrual varies by bargaining units from 90-220 days. Board of Education employees, with the exception of teachers, earn 10-30 days of vacation leave that cannot be accrued and must be used within the fiscal year. Upon termination, Board employees are paid for all unused vacation leave. Unused sick leave is paid only on retirement to a maximum of 35-60 days depending on bargaining units.

## M. Equity

Equity in the government-wide financial statements is defined as "net position" and is classified in the following categories:

## Net Investment in Capital Assets

This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

## Restricted

Net position is restricted because it is externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

## Unrestricted

This component consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

The equity of the fund financial statements is defined as "fund balance" and is classified in the following categories:

## Nonspendable Fund Balance

This represents amounts that cannot be spent due to form (e.g., inventories and prepaid amounts).

## **Restricted Fund Balance**

This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, such as grantors, creditors, contributors, or laws and regulations of their governments.

## **Committed Fund Balance**

This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by a government using its highest level of decision-making authority (Town of West Hartford Town Council). A commitment of fund balance and any subsequent modification or rescission requires a resolution of the West Hartford Town Council.

## **Assigned Fund Balance**

This balance represents amounts constrained for the intent to be used for a specific purpose by the Town of West Hartford Town Council. The Town Council has authorized the finance director to assign fund balance.

## Unassigned Fund Balance

This represents fund balance in the General Fund in excess of nonspendable, restricted, committed and assigned fund balance. If another governmental fund has a fund balance deficit, it is reported as a negative amount in unassigned fund balance.

## N. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the Town will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Town's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

## O. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## P. Subsequent Events Evaluation by Management

Management has evaluated subsequent events for disclosure and/or recognition in the financial statements through the date the financial statements were available to be issued, which date is December 20, 2019.

## 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

## A. Budgetary Information

The budgetary basis follows the modified accrual basis of accounting except that encumbrances are recognized as a valid and proper charge against an appropriation in the year the purchase order is issued. In accordance with the Town Charter, Chapter VII, not later than 130 days before the end of the fiscal year, each department files a detailed statement of estimated revenues and proposed expenditures for the ensuing fiscal year. The Superintendent of Schools files a similar statement with the Board of Education and Town Manager at least 115 days prior to the end of the fiscal year.

Not later than 110 days prior to the end of the fiscal year, the Town Manager submits to the Town Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

Not later than 75 days before the end of the fiscal year, two or more public hearings are conducted at locations throughout the Town to obtain taxpayer comments.

Not later than 65 days before the end of the fiscal year, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, department and character of expenditure. The legal level of budgetary control is at both the character and department level. Each department's budget is appropriated at four characters of expenditure (personal services, nonpersonal services, capital outlay and debt and sundry). The budget for education is appropriated at the department level.

## TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

The Town Manager is authorized to transfer appropriated amounts within departments as long as the characters of expenditure remain the same. Transfers between characters of expenditure and departments must be approved by resolution of the Town Council. During the last three months of the fiscal year, the Town Council may delegate this authority to transfer between departments to the Town's administration. Any revisions that alter the total revenues or expenditures must be approved by the Town Council.

Legally adopted operating budgets were employed during the year for the General Fund and all special revenue funds, except the following: Cafeteria Fund, Drug Enforcement Fund, School Grants Fund, School Special Programs Fund, School Interscholastic Sports Fund, Police Home Ownership Program Fund, C.F. Morway Fund, The Town That Cares Fund, School Donations Trust, Affordable Housing Trust and Veterans Memorial. A budget is also adopted for the Leisure Services Fund (enterprise fund). The Capital Projects Fund budget is adopted on a project basis for the life of the project, and a budgetary comparison is included as a schedule in this report and includes the activity of the Capital and Nonrecurring Expenditure Fund.

For financial statement comparisons, budgetary results have been reconciled to GAAP. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by the Town Council. Supplemental budget amendments totaling \$3,763 were made to the adopted fiscal year 2019 General Fund budget to increase total appropriations.

Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end with the exception of the Capital Projects Fund.

Appropriations in addition to those contained in the budget, made for the purpose of meeting a public emergency threatening the public peace, life, health or property within the Town and emergency appropriations, the total amount of which shall not exceed 3% of the current tax levy in any one fiscal year, may be made upon the recommendation of the Town Manager and by a vote of not less than two-thirds of the entire membership of the Town Council. A public hearing, at which any elector or taxpayer of the Town shall have an opportunity to be heard, shall be held prior to making such appropriation, notice of which hearing shall be given in a newspaper having circulation in the Town not more than ten (10) nor less than five (5) days prior to such hearing.

Such hearing and notice of hearing may be waived if the Town Council, by at least two-thirds of its entire membership, shall decide that a delay in making the emergency appropriation would jeopardize the public peace, life, health or property within the Town. In the absence of an available unappropriated and unencumbered General Fund cash balance to meet such appropriation, additional means of financing shall be provided in such manner, consistent with the provisions of the Connecticut General Statutes and of the Town Charter, as may be determined by the Town Council.

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders, contracts) outstanding at year end are reported as commitment or assignment of fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be reappropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

## 3. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-402). Deposits may be made in a "qualified public depository" as defined by Statute or, in amounts not exceeding the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance limit, in an "out of state bank" as defined by the Statutes, which is not a "qualified public depository."

## TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

The Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-400) permit municipalities to invest in: 1) obligations of the United States and its agencies, 2) highly rated obligations of any state of the United States or of any political subdivision, authority or agency thereof, and 3) shares or other interests in custodial arrangements or pools maintaining constant net asset values and in highly rated no-load open end money market and mutual funds (with constant or fluctuating net asset values) whose portfolios are limited to obligations of the United States and its agencies, and repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such obligations. Other provisions of the Statutes cover specific municipal funds with particular investment authority. The provisions of the Statutes regarding the investment of municipal pension funds do not specify permitted investments. Therefore, investment of such funds is generally controlled by the laws applicable to fiduciaries and the provisions of the applicable plan.

The Statutes (Sections 3-24f and 3-27f) also provide for investment in shares of the State Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF). These investment pools are under the control of the State Treasurer, with oversight provided by the Treasurer's Cash Management Advisory Board, and are regulated under the State Statutes and subject to annual audit by the Auditors of Public Accounts. Investment yields are accounted for on an amortized-cost basis with an investment portfolio that is designed to attain a market-average rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles. Investors accrue interest daily based on actual earnings, less expenses and transfers to the designated surplus reserve, and the fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

# Deposits

# Deposit Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposit will not be returned. The Town does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes. Deposits may be placed with any qualified public depository that has a branch office in the state of Connecticut. Connecticut General Statutes require that each depository maintain segregated collateral (not required to be based on a security agreement between the depository and the municipality and, therefore, not perfected in accordance with federal law) in an amount equal to a defined percentage of its public deposits based upon the depository's risk-based capital ratio.

Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures*, \$49,151 of the Town's bank balance of \$54,522 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$ 44,136
Uninsured and collateral held by the pledging	
trust department, not in the Town's name	 5,015
Total Amount Subject to Custodial Credit Risk	\$ 49,151

The table above includes \$26 related to West Hartford Special Service District (a discretely presented component unit).

## Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash and purchased within 90 days of maturity. At June 30, 2019, the Town's cash equivalents amounted to \$16,909. The following table provides a summary of the Town's cash equivalents (excluding U.S. government guaranteed obligations) as rated by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations.

	Standard & Poor's
State Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF)	AAAm
Wells Fargo	*

\* Not Rated

## Investments

As of June 30, 2019, the Town had the following investments in the General Fund, Pension, OPEB and Risk Management Funds:

				Inv	/estm	nent Maturities	s (Ye	ars)
Investment Type		Fair Value		Less Than 1		1-10		More Than 10
Interest-bearing investments:								
Certificates of Deposit	\$	3,249	\$	1,999	\$	1,250	\$	
U.S. Government Securities		5,742		2,480		1,856		1,406
U.S. Government Agencies		3,913		279		1,778		1,856
Corporate Bonds		1,173				1,084		89
Total		14,077	\$	4,758	\$	5,968	\$	3,351
Other investments:			-					
Common Stock		16,928						
Mutual Funds		189,568						
Alternative Investments	_	23,203	•					
Total Investments	\$	243,776	=					

## **Interest Rate Risk**

The Town does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

#### Credit Risk - Investments

As indicated above, State Statutes limit the investment options of cities and towns. The Town has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of a debt type investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized rating organization. U.S. government obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government are not considered to have credit risk exposure. Presented below is the average rating of investments in debt securities.

Average Rating		Corporate Bonds	_	U.S. Government Securities	 U.S. Government Agencies	 Certificates of Deposit
Aaa Unrated	\$	1,173	\$	5,742	\$ 3,913	\$ 3,249
	\$_	1,173	\$_	5,742	\$ 3,913	\$ 3,249

## Concentration of Credit Risk

The Town's general investment policy does not allow for an investment in any one issuer that is in excess of 5% of the Town's total investments at the time of purchase.

## **Custodial Credit Risk**

Custodial credit risk for an investment is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (the institution that pledges collateral or repurchase agreement securities to the Town or that sells investments to or buys them for the Town), the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At June 30, 2019, the Town's investments, other than open-end mutual funds and other pooled accounts that are not categorized as to custodial credit risk, were uninsured and unregistered securities held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent, and were not in the Town's name.

The Town categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements); followed by quoted prices in inactive markets or for similar assets or with observable inputs (Level 2 measurements); and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The Town has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2019:

	June 30,		Fair Val	ue M	leasurement	s Us	Jsing			
	2019		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3			
Investments by fair value level:		_		_		. –				
U.S. Government Securities	\$ 5,742	\$	3,262	\$	2,480	\$				
U.S. Government Agencies	3,913				3,913					
Corporate Bonds	1,173				1,173					
Common Stock	16,928		16,204		724					
Mutual Funds	189,568		189,568							
Alternative Investments	 23,203			_			23,203			
Total Investments by Fair Value Level	\$ 240,527	\$	209,034	\$	8,290	\$	23,203			

## TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

Debt and equity securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Debt securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices. The alternative investments classified in Level 3 are not actively traded and significant observable inputs are not available; therefore, a degree of judgment is necessary to estimate fair value. The valuation process for alternative investments takes into consideration factors such as interest rate changes, movement in credit spreads, default rate assumptions, prepayment assumptions, type and quality of collateral and market dislocation.

## 4. RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year end for the Town's individual major funds and nonmajor, enterprise, internal service and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	-	General		Capital Projects		CDBG Housing Rehabilitation	1	Debt Service	-	Leisure Service Fund	-	Nonmajor and Other Funds	_	Total
Receivables:														
Taxes	\$	3,211	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	3,211
Interest*												16		16
Accounts and other		88		34				2		15		1,059		1,198
Housing loans						2,777						84		2,861
Intergovernmental	_	234	_	5,238					_		_	1,167	_	6,639
Gross receivables		3,533	_	5,272		2,777		2	_	15	=	2,326		13,925
Less allowance for uncollectibles	_	468	_								_		_	468
					-						_			
Net Total Receivables	\$	3,065	\$	5,272	\$	2,777	\$	2	\$_	15	\$	2,326	\$	13,457

\*Accrued interest on property taxes and long-term housing loans in the amount of \$1,812 are not included in the fund financial statements.

# 5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

	_	Beginning Balance	Increases		Transfers	Decreases	_	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	10,516	\$	\$		\$	\$	10,516
Construction in progress	•	79,826	32,202		(8,714)	(1,292)	•	102,022
Total capital assets not being depreciated	-	90,342	32,202		(8,714)	(1,292)	_	112,538
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings		278,279			4,177	(4,178)		278,278
Land improvements		22,103			180			22,283
Vehicles		11,999	408		1,886	(716)		13,577
Furniture and equipment		14,737	210		666	(400)		15,213
Infrastructure	_	199,924			1,805		_	201,729
Total capital assets being depreciated	-	527,042	618		8,714	(5,294)	_	531,080
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings		(116,208)	(8,191)			3,052		(121,347)
Land improvements		(9,274)	(1,145)					(10,419)
Vehicles		(9,068)	(722)			716		(9,074)
Furniture and equipment		(10,126)	(1,331)			400		(11,057)
Infrastructure	_	(115,728)	(4,460)				_	(120,188)
Total accumulated depreciation	-	(260,404)	(15,849)			4,168	_	(272,085)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	-	266,638	(15,231)		8,714	(1,126)	_	258,995
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	356,980	\$ 16,971	\$		\$ (2,418)	\$	371,533
	_	Beginning Balance	Increases		Transfers	Decreases	_	Ending Balance
Business-type activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Construction in progress	\$	1,078	\$ 168	\$	(243)	\$ 	\$	1,003
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings and systems		20,027			243			20,270
Land improvements		10,431						10,431
Furniture and equipment	-	1,303	92			(45)	_	1,350
Total capital assets being depreciated	-	31,761	92		243	(45)	_	32,051
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and systems		(15,993)	(590)					(16,583)
Land improvements		(3,934)	(539)					(4,473)
Furniture and equipment	_	(1,249)	(15)			45	_	(1,219)
Total accumulated depreciation	-	(21,176)	(1,144)		-	45	_	(22,275)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	-	10,585	(1,052)	,	243		_	9,776
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	11,663	\$ (884)	\$		\$ -	\$	10,779

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the Town as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	2,489
Public safety		1,205
Community maintenance		5,284
Human and cultural		736
Education	_	6,135
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$	15,849
Business-type activities: Leisure Services Fund	\$	1,144

## **Construction Commitments**

The Town had numerous active construction projects during the year ended June 30, 2019. The following is a summary of capital projects as of June 30, 2019:

	 Project Authorization	Cumulative Expenditures and Encumbrances
Public buildings	\$ 11,276	\$ 10,922
Parks and recreation	4,260	2,899
Infrastructure	35,883	30,160
Miscellaneous	14,117	11,205
Schools	 72,875	69,484
Total	\$ 138,411	\$ 124,670

The commitments are being financed with general obligation bonds and state and federal grants.

# 6. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2019 are as follows:

	Interfund Receivable	_	Interfund Payable
General Fund Capital Projects Fund Debt Service Funds Nonmajor Governmental Funds Leisure Services Fund	\$ 9,102	\$ _	5,746 268 1,033 2,055
Total	\$ 9,102	\$_	9,102

The above interfund balances are the result of temporary circumstances where one fund is due amounts based on budgetary or Town Council requirements or funds being temporarily advanced to provide cash flow.

The following is a schedule of transfers by fund type:

							-	Fransfers O	ut			
Transfers In	_	General	•	Capital Projects		CDBG Housing Rehabilitation Fund		Debt Service		Nonmajor Governmental	Internal Service	Total Transfers In
General	\$		\$	271	\$		\$		\$	70	\$ 55	\$ 396
Capital Projects		2,375								405		2,780
Debt Service Fund		18,422										18,422
Nonmajor Governmental		1,990		101		127						2,218
Leisure Services Fund			•		-		• •	250		20		270
Total Transfers Out	\$	22,787	\$	372	\$	127	\$	250	\$	495	\$ 55	\$ 24,086

Note: Transfers represent normal operating procedures required by budgetary or Town Council action.

## 7. LONG-TERM DEBT

## **Changes in Long-Term Liabilities**

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Additions	_	Reductions	Ending Balance	 Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities: Bonds payable:							
General obligation bonds	\$ 147,085	\$	10,000	\$	(17,410) \$	139,675	\$ 17,310
Bond premium	5,682	_	307	_	(727)	5,262	 
Total bonds payable	152,767		10,307		(18,137)	144,937	 17,310
Compensated absences	20,952		8,597		(8,223)	21,326	8,483
Net OPEB liability	171,867				(1,323)	170,544	
Net pension liability	252,160		8,656			260,816	
Risk management liability	10,793	_	38,442	-	(37,597)	11,638	 6,401
Total Governmental Activities							
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 608,539	= \$	66,002	\$	(65,280) \$	609,261	\$ 32,194
Business-Type Activities:							
Compensated absences	\$ 119	\$	61	\$	(51) \$	129	\$ 53
Net OPEB liability	2,493				(19)	2,474	
Net pension liability	3,866	_	133	-		3,999	 
Total Business-Type Activities							
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 6,478	= \$	194	\$	(70) \$	6,602	\$ 53

All general obligation long-term bonds are secured by the general revenue raising powers of the Town. No sinking funds have been established as of June 30, 2019. The net pension liability is paid from primarily the General Fund and Leisure Fund. The net OPEB obligation is paid from primarily the General Fund. Compensated absences are paid from revenues of the fund in which the employee is budgeted.

The liability for compensated absences includes termination payments for unused vacation and sick leave using the vesting method outlined in GASB Statement No. 16.

# **Bonds Payable**

The annual debt service requirements of the Town's bonded indebtedness reported in governmental activities described above are as follows:

Ge	General Obligations														
Year Ending June 30		Principal		Interest	-	Total									
2020 2021 2022 2023	\$	17,310 17,465 15,755 14,155	\$	4,609 3,867 3,165 2,595	\$	21,919 21,332 18,920 16,750									
2024 2025-2029 2030-2034 2035	-	13,240 43,425 17,275 1,050		2,110 5,702 1,466 32	-	15,350 49,127 18,741 1,082									
Total	\$	139,675	\$	23,546	\$	163,221									

## **Principal Amount of Debt Indebtedness**

Date	Purpose	Rate %	Original Issue	 Debt Outstanding	Date of Fiscal Year Maturity
1/15/2001	General Purpose	4.10-4.50	\$ 10,250	\$ 1,025	2021
1/15/2001	Schools	4.10-4.50	4,750	475	2021
1/15/2002	General Purpose	3.50-4.75	6,415	962	2022
1/15/2002	Schools	3.50-4.75	7,085	1,063	2022
6/15/2009	General Purpose	2.00-3.50	10,903	727	2024
6/15/2009	Schools	2.00-3.50	4,097	273	2024
9/15/2009	Refunding - General Purpose	2.00-4.00	38,583	24,302	2026
9/15/2009	Refunding - Schools	2.00-4.00	3,077	1,938	2026
4/1/2010	Refunding - General Purpose	2.00-5.00	10,280	5,497	2024
4/1/2010	Refunding - Schools	2.00-5.00	10,330	5,523	2024
10/15/2010	General Purpose	2.00-4.00	6,002	803	2026
10/15/2010	Schools	2.00-4.00	1,998	267	2026
2/15/2012	General Purpose	2.50-5.00	11,648	6,989	2028
2/15/2012	Schools	2.50-5.00	3,352	2,011	2028
2/5/2014	General Purpose	2.63-5.00	12,830	8,532	2029
2/5/2014	Schools	2.63-5.00	7,170	4,768	2029
2/12/2015	General Purpose	2.00-3.00	9,655	7,724	2035
2/12/2015	Schools	2.00-3.00	11,345	9,076	2035
1/28/2016	General Purpose	2.00-4.00	12,537	10,025	2031
1/28/2016	Schools	2.00-4.00	1,463	1,170	2031
3/2/2016	Refunding - General Purpose	2.00-4.00	7,055	6,527	2025
3/2/2016	Refunding - Schools	2.00-4.00	5,240	3,138	2025
2/16/2017	General Purpose	2.00-5.00	12,065	10,237	2032
2/16/2017	Schools	2.00-5.00	4,935	4,493	2032
1/11/2018	General Purpose	2.00-5.00	7,665	7,152	2033
1/11/2018	Schools	2.00-5.00	5,335	4,978	2033
2/5/2019	General Purpose	2.00-5.00	5,745	5,745	2034
2/5/2019	Schools	2.00-5.00	4,255	 4,255	2034
			\$236,065	\$ 139,675	

## Prior Years' In-Substance Defeasance

In prior years, the Town defeased certain bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the Town's financial statements. At June 30, 2019, \$7,650 of prior bonds outstanding is considered defeased, of which \$7,781 is held in escrow.

Jurisdiction	 Outstanding Debt	Percentage Applicable to West Hartford		Outstanding Debt Applicable to Town
West Hartford Metropolitan District	\$ 139,675	100.00%	\$	139,675
Commission	922,227	22.93%	_	211,467
Total			\$_	351,142

The following is a schedule of direct and overlapping debt as of June 30, 2019:

The Town's indebtedness does not exceed the legal debt limitations as required by the Connecticut General Statutes as reflected in the following schedule:

Category	 Debt Limit	In	debtedness	_	Balance
General purpose	\$ 571,309	\$	99,207	\$	472,102
Schools	1,142,617		47,278		1,095,339
Sewers	952,181		211,467		740,714
Urban renewal	825,224				825,224
Pension deficit	761,745				761,745

The total overall statutory debt limit for the Town is equal to seven times annual receipts from taxation or \$1.78 billion. Except for proprietary fund bonds, if any, all long-term debt obligations are retired through General Fund appropriations.

Indebtedness, in accordance with State Statutes, includes long-term debt outstanding, bond anticipation notes outstanding and the amount of bonds authorized and unissued against which bonds have been issued to partially finance the project. There were \$6,810 of bonds authorized and unissued, for debt limitation purposes, at June 30, 2019.

As of June 30, 2019 the Town had, in addition to amounts referred to above, a total of \$39,410 authorized but unissued debt, consisting of \$21,775 for general public improvements and \$17,635 for school purposes. It is the Town Council's policy to authorize the issuance of bonds for the first two years of the Capital Improvement Program to improve the ability to plan and execute projects. Project funding will be released over a two-year period according to the capital financing policy.

## 8. FUND BALANCE

The components of fund balance for the governmental funds at June 30, 2019 are as follows:

		General Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Debt Service Fund		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total
Fund balances:			• •		• •				_	
Nonspendable:										
Inventory	\$	263	\$		\$		\$	65	\$	328
Private Cemetery								82		82
Restricted for:										
Grants								110		110
Westmoor park								394		394
Cemetery operating								1,267		1,267
C.F. Morway								13		13
Town that cares								121		121
School donations								91		91
Affordable housing								4		4
Veteran memorial								38		38
State Housing and Community Development								28		28
Committed to:										
Parking lot								2,667		2,667
Cafeteria								692		692
School special programs								1,449		1,449
West Hartford library								81		81
School interscholastic sports								173		173
Technology investment								17		17
Police private duty								75		75
Police home ownership								17		17
Cemetery operating								454		454
Debt and sundry						2,869				2,869
Capital projects				2,902						2,902
Assigned to:										
General government encumbrances		9								9
Community maintenance encumbrances		62						37		99
Human and cultural encumbrances		18						17		35
Education encumbrances		279								279
Public safety encumbrances		21								21
Unassigned	_	26,375					-			26,375
Total Fund Balances	\$	27,027	\$	2,902	\$	2,869	\$	7,892	\$	40,690

Significant encumbrances at June 30, 2019 are contained in the above table in assigned fund balance. General Fund encumbrances amounted to \$389 at June 30, 2019.

## 9. RISK MANAGEMENT

## A. Types of Risk

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town established its Risk Management Fund (an internal service fund) in 1980 to account for and finance both its insured and self-insured risks of loss. There are six programs accounted for in the fund: Workers' Compensation, Heart and Hypertension, Town Health, Self-Insured, Insured and Board of Education Health. The Town is self-insured for workers' compensation, heart and hypertension, general liability, automobile liability, law enforcement liability, school leaders and public official's liability, and health claims. In addition, stop-loss or excess coverage is purchased for each of these programs.

## **B.** Insurance Coverage

The following is a summary of major coverage:

Coverage	 Retention	 Limits		
Excess workers' compensation	\$ 500	Statutory		
General liability	250	\$ 20,000		
Law enforcement liability	250	20,000		
Public officials liability	250	20,000		
School leaders liability	250	20,000		
Automobile liability	250	20,000		
Auto physical damage-comprehensive	5	Actual Cash Value		
Property	50	\$ 500,000		
Excess liability	N/A	15,000		

Excess liability insurance is maintained with Gemini for \$5,000 excess of \$250 self-insurance retention, with Indemnity Insurance for \$10,000 excess of \$5,000 and with American Alternative Insurance for \$5,000 excess of \$15,000. PMA Management Corporation of New England administers the Self-Insured Workers' Compensation and Self-Insured Risk Programs. Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverages above in any of the previous three years.

## C. Loss Estimation Methodology

The Risk Management Fund receives revenues from other funds to finance its costs. Risk allocations are based on both exposure and experience factors, depending on the risk. In the case of the self-insured, workers' compensation and heart and hypertension programs, actuarial estimates are used to determine ultimate losses. Claims and loss expenses are accrued at their present value utilizing actuarially developed factors and discount rates. The discount rate used is 7.25%. The estimate of incurred but not reported (IBNR) health claims is based on 45 days of average claims for the Town Health program and 30 days of average claims for the Board of Education Health program. Total claims liabilities of \$11.6 million at June 30, 2019 are based on the requirements of GASB Statement 10. This Statement requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred. At the date of the financial statements, the amount of the loss must be able to be reasonably estimated.

_	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year Liability	 Current Year Changes in Estimates	 Claim Payments	Fiscal Year Liability
	2017-18 2018-19	\$ 10,262 10,793	\$ 38,318 38,442	\$ (37,787) \$ (37,597)	10,793 11,638

Changes in the fund's claims liabilities for the past two years were as follows:

# **10. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS**

## **OPEB Trust Fund**

# A. Plan Description

The Town, in a single-employer plan in accordance with various collective bargaining agreements, provides retiree medical benefits for the lifetime of the retired member and covered dependents. The plan covers Town, Board of Education, Police and Fire employees as further defined in collective bargaining agreements and other written materials. Eligibility and premium sharing information is detailed in the various collective bargaining agreements.

Management of the other post-employment benefits (OPEB) plan is vested with the Town Manager and Director of Financial Services. The members of the Risk Management Advisory Board constitute the Other Post-Employment Benefits Advisory Board (OPEB Board), which provides policy oversight. The OPEB Board consists of six members, three appointed by the Town Council and three appointed by the Board of Education, who serve a three-year term.

At July 1, 2017, plan membership consisted of the following:

Number of members:	
Active members	1,456
Retired members	813
Total Participants	2,269

## **B.** Funding Policy

The Town has actuarially calculated and funded retiree health benefits in a reserve fund since 1985. All retiree claims are paid for in the reserve fund and funded from a combination of employee contributions, investment income on the reserve balance, revenue from the Medicare subsidy and an annual appropriation from the General Fund. The Health Reserve portion of the Risk Management Fund had net position of \$14,256 on June 30, 2019. State law allows the fund to invest up to a maximum of 50% in equity securities and the assumed rate of return is 7.25%.

## TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

The Town has established a trust fund to irrevocably segregate assets to fund the liability associated with the postemployment benefits, which requires the reporting of a trust fund in accordance with GASB guidelines. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Town are negotiated with the various unions representing the employees. Other postemployment benefits for Town and Board of Education employees hired subsequent to an increase in the normal retirement age (July 2003 and forward with varying dates depending on union affiliation) are accounted for in the OPEB Trust Fund.

The Town also began to fund pre-plan change OPEB liabilities in the Trust Fund in fiscal year 2015 and is phasing in the Annual Required Contribution. Retired plan members and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits are required to contribute specified amounts monthly towards the cost of health insurance premiums as follows:

## Town Employees

Date of hire prior to July 1, 1986 who receive either an early or normal retirement pension benefit: Town pays 100% of premium;

Date of hire after July 1, 1986 and prior to November 10, 1997 who receive a normal retirement pension benefit: Town pays 93% of the premium until Medicare eligibility, then Town pays 100%;

Date of hire after November 10, 1997 and prior to June 30, 2003 who receive a normal retirement pension benefit with eligibility at age 55 and 25 years of service: Town pays 85% of the premium until Medicare eligibility, then Town pays 100%;

Date of hire after November 10, 1997 and prior to June 30, 2003 who receive a normal retirement pension benefit with eligibility at age 60 and 10 years of service: Town pays 70% of the premium until Medicare eligibility, then Town pays 100%;

Date of hire after July 1, 2003 (July 1, 2007 for dispatchers union) who receive a normal retirement pension benefit with eligibility at age 65 with 15 years of service or age 62 with 35 years of service: Town pays 75% of the premium for employee and 50% of the premium for dependent until Medicare eligibility, then Town pays 100%.

## Board of Education

Teachers and Administrators: Employee pays 100% of the premium for employee and dependent;

Secretarial/Clerical and Nonbargaining: Board pays 100% of the premium for employee and 50% of the premium for dependent;

Custodial and Maintenance: Pre-65, Board pays 100% of the premium for employee and 50% of the premium for dependent; Post-65, the employee pays 100% of the Major Medical premium for both employee and dependent. The Board pays 100% of the premium for the employee and 50% of the premium for dependent for the Over 65 portion;

Nurses: Board pays 50% of the premium for employee and dependent;

## Police and Fire

Date of hire prior to July 1, 1986:

- 10-15 years of service: Town pays greater of rate in effect on July 1 after retirement or 50% of the premium;
- 15-20 years of service: Town pays greater of rate in effect on July 1 after retirement or 75% of the premium;
- 20+ years of service: Town pays 100% of the premium.

Fire employees with date of hire on or after July 1, 1986 and prior to July 1, 2005:

- Less than 20 years of service: no coverage;
- 20+ years of service: Town pays 100% of the premium.

Fire employees with date of hire on or after July 1, 2005:

- Less than 25 years of service: no coverage;
- 25+ years of service and age 50: Town pays 100% of the premium.

Police employees with date of hire on or after to July 1, 1986 and prior to July 1, 2006:

- Less than 20 years of service: no coverage;
- 20+ years of service: Town pays 100% of the premium.

Police employees with date of hire on or after July 1, 2006:

- Less than 25 years of service: no coverage;
- 25+ years of service: Town pays 100% of the premium.

Member Contributions:

Effective October 2, 2000, active Police employees pay 1% of bi-weekly base wage toward the cost of retiree health benefits;

Effective July 15, 2002, active Fire employees pay 1% of bi-weekly base wage toward the cost of retiree health benefits;

Effective July 1, 2005, active Police and Fire employees pay 1.65% of bi-weekly base wage toward the cost of retiree health benefits.

## C. Investments

#### **Investment Policy**

The investment policy of the OPEB Plan is established and may be amended by the OPEB Board. The investment policy is designed to reflect a prudent investor's tolerance for risk, which is achieved through diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of asset classes. It is the intent of the policy to pursue an investment strategy that produces a maximum return for the Town through prudent asset allocation and superior investment performance within designated asset classes.

## Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was 6.73%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

## D. Net OPEB Liability of the Town

The Town's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019. The components of the net OPEB liability of the Town at June 30, 2019 were as follows:

Total OPEB liability	\$ 180,222
Plan fiduciary net position	 7,204
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 173,018
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage	
of the total OPEB liability	4.00%

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Town's net OPEB liability is \$173,018, of which \$170,544 is reported as governmental activities and \$2,474 as business-type activities.

## E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation Salary increase Investment rate of return Healthcare cost trend rates	2.60% 3.50% 7.25% The annual healthcare cost trend rate starts at 7.1% in 2017, reducing by .5% each year to an ultimate rate of 4.6% per year rate for 2022 and later.
Mortality	RP-2000 Annuitant and Non-Annuitant Mortality Tables for males and females projected from base year of 2006 to valuation date by Scale BB. A Blue Collar adjustment is applied pre- and post-retirement for members.

There was no actuarial experience study completed.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset as of June 30, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Core fixed income	40.00 %	1.75 %
U.S. Large Cap Equities	28.50	5.60
Developed Foreign Equities	19.00	5.80
U.S. Small Cap Equities	7.50	5.90
Emerging Markets Equity	5.00	4.25
	100.00 %	

#### F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that Town contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

## G. Changes in Net OPEB Liability

	In	crease (Decrease)	
	Total OPEB	Plan Fiduciary	Net OPEB
	Liability	Net Position	Liability
	(a)	(b)	(a)-(b)
Balances as of July 1, 2018 \$	179,124_\$	4,762 \$	174,362
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	2,903		2,903
Interest on total pension liability	12,439		12,439
Differences between expected and actual experience	915		915
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs	(4,314)		(4,314)
Benefit payments	(10,845)	(10,845)	-
Employer contributions		12,551	(12,551)
Member contributions		118	(118)
Contributions - TRB subsidy		294	(294)
Net investment income (loss)		324	(324)
Net changes	1,098	2,442	(1,344)
Balances as of June 30, 2019 \$	180,222_\$	7,204 \$	173,018

## H. Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

		Current 1% Decrease Discount Rate 1% Increas							
	_	(6.25%)		(7.25%)		(8.25%)	_		
Net OPEB Liability	\$	195,209	_ \$ _	173,018	_ \$ _	154,626	_		

## I. Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Decrease (6.10% decreasing to 3.60%)	ר 	Healthcare Cost Frend Rates (7.10% decreasing to 4.60%)	<b>.</b> ,	1% Increase (8.10% decreasing to 5.60%)
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 151,060	\$	173,018	\$	199,930

## J. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2019, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	_	Governmental Activities			_	Business-Type Activities				Total			
	-	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and	\$	2,249 8,752	\$	3,774	\$	33 127	\$	55	\$	2,282 8,879	\$	3,829	
actual earning on OPEB plan investments	-	188				3	-			191	_		
Total	\$	11,189	\$	3,774	\$	163	\$	55	\$	11,352	\$_	3,829	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	0	Sovernmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Year Ending June 30				
2020	\$	3,931 \$	57	\$ 3,988
2021		3,931	57	3,988
2022		1,381	20	1,401
2023		(360)	(5)	(365)
2024		(377)	(5)	(382)
Thereafter		(1,091)	(16)	(1,107)

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Town recognized OPEB expense of \$18,510, of which \$18,245 was reported as governmental activities and \$265 as business-type activities.

The following schedule presents the net position held in trust for OPEB benefits at June 30, 2019 and the changes in net position for the year ended June 30, 2019:

	T	OPEB rust Fund
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments:	\$	2,049
Mutual funds Total assets		<u>5,157</u> 7,206
Liabilities: Accounts and other payables		2
Net Position: Restricted for OPEB Benefits	\$	7,204
	Т	OPEB rust Fund
Additions: Contributions:		
Employer Plan members	\$	12,551 118
Other revenue		294
Total contributions		12,963
Investment income:		0.4.0
Net change in fair value of investments Interest		213 1
Dividends		112
Total investment income		326
Less investment expense Net investment income		<u>(2)</u> 324
Total additions		13,287
Deductioner		
Deductions: Benefits		10,845
Change in Net Position		2,442
Net Position at Beginning of Year		4,762
Net Position at End of Year	\$	7,204

## Other Post Employment Benefit - Connecticut State Teachers Retirement Plan

#### A. Plan Description

Teachers, principals, superintendents or supervisors engaged in service of public schools plus professional employees at State Schools of higher education are eligible to participate in the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System Retiree Health Insurance Plan (TRS-RHIP), a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other post employment benefit plan administered by the Teachers' Retirement Board (TRB), if they choose to be covered.

Chapter 167a of the State Statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the TRB. TRS-RHIP issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <u>www.ct.gov/trb</u>.

#### B. Benefit Provisions (not rounded)

There are two types of the health care benefits offered through the system. Subsidized Local School District Coverage provides a subsidy paid to members still receiving coverage through their former employer and the CTRB Sponsored Medicare Supplement Plans provide coverage for those participating in Medicare but not receiving Subsidized Local School District Coverage.

Any member who is not currently participating in Medicare Parts A & B is eligible to continue health care coverage with their former employer. A subsidy of up to \$110 per month for a retired member plus an additional \$110 per month for a spouse enrolled in a local school district plan is provided to the school district to first offset the retiree's share of the cost of coverage, and any remaining portion is used to offset the district's cost. The subsidy amount is set by statute and has not increased since July 1996. A subsidy amount of \$220 per month may be paid for a retired member, spouse or the surviving spouse of a member who has attained the normal retirement age to participate in Medicare, is not eligible for Part A of Medicare without cost and contributes at least \$220 per month towards coverage under a local school district plan.

Any member who is currently participating in Medicare Parts A & B is eligible to either continue health care coverage with their former employer, if offered, or enroll in the plan sponsored by the System. If they elect to remain in the plan with their former employer, the same subsidies as above will be paid to offset the cost of coverage.

If a member participating in Medicare Parts A & B so elects, they may enroll in one of the CTRB Sponsored Medicare Supplement Plans. Effective July 1, 2018, the System added a Medicare Advantage Plan option. Active members, retirees and the State pay equally toward the cost of the basic coverage (medical and prescription drug benefits) under the Medicare Advantage Plan. Retired members who choose to enroll in the Medicare Supplement Plan are responsible for the full difference in the premium cost between the two plans. Additionally, effective July 1, 2018, retired members who cancel their health care coverage or elect to not enroll in a CTRB sponsored health care coverage option must wait two years to re-enroll.

#### Survivor Health Care Coverage

Survivors of former employees or retirees remain eligible to participate in the plan and continue to be eligible to receive either the \$110 monthly subsidy or participate in the TRB-Sponsored Medicare Supplement or Medicare Advantage Plan options, as long as they do not remarry.

### C. Eligibility

Any member who is currently receiving a retirement or disability benefit is eligible to participate in the plan.

#### **Credited Service**

One month for each month of service as a teacher in Connecticut public schools, maximum 10 months for each school year. Ten months of credited service constitutes one year of Credited Service. Certain other types of teaching services, State employment, or wartime military service may be purchased prior to retirement if the member pays one-half the cost.

#### **Normal Retirement**

Age 60 with 20 years of Credited Service in Connecticut, or 35 years of Credited Service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut.

#### Early Retirement

Age 55 with 20 years of Credited Service including 15 years of Connecticut service, or 25 years of Credited Service including 20 years of Connecticut service.

#### **Proratable Retirement**

Age 60 with 10 years of Credited Service.

#### **Disability Retirement**

No service requirement if incurred in the performance of duty, and 5 years of Credited Service in Connecticut if not incurred in the performance of duty.

#### Termination of Employment

Ten or more years of Credited Service.

#### D. Contributions (not rounded)

#### State of Connecticut

Per Connecticut General Statutes Section 10-183z, contribution requirements of active employees and the State of Connecticut are approved, amended and certified by the State Teachers' Retirement Board and appropriated by the General Assembly. The State contributions are not currently actuarially funded. The State appropriates from the General Fund one third of the annual costs of the Plan. Administrative costs of the Plan are financed by the State. Based upon Chapter 167a, Subsection D of Section 10-183t of the Connecticut statutes, it is assumed the State will pay for any long-term shortfall arising from insufficient active member contributions.

#### Employer (School Districts)

School District employers are not required to make contributions to the plan.

#### Employees

Each member is required to contribute 1.25% of their annual salary up to \$500,000. Contributions in excess of \$500,000 will be credited to the Retiree Health Insurance Plan.

## E. OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2019, the Town reports no amounts for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows, due to the statutory requirement that the State pay 100% of the required contribution. The amount recognized by the Town as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the Town was as follows:

Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the Town	 48,724
Total	\$ 48,724

The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as June 30, 2018. At June 30, 2019, the Town has no proportionate share of the net OPEB liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Town recognized OPEB expense and revenue of \$16,186 in Exhibit II.

#### F. Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75%
Health care costs trend rate	
Pre-Medicare	5.95% decreasing to 4.75% by 2025
Medicare	5.00% decreasing to 4.75% by 2028
Salary increases	3.25-6.50%, including inflation
Investment rate of return	3.00%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation
Year fund net position will	
be depleted	2019

Mortality rates were based on the RPH-2014 White Collar table with employee and annuitant rates blended from ages 50 to 80, projected to the year 2020 using the BB improvement scale, and further adjusted to grade in increases (5% for females and 8% for males) over age 80. For disabled retirees, mortality rates were based on the RPH-2014 Disabled Mortality Table projected to 2020 using the BB improvement scale.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010 - June 30, 2015.

#### TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the GASB 75 valuation process. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including the plan's current asset allocations and a log-normal distribution analysis using the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class. The long-term expected rate of return was determined by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The assumption is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years. The plan is 100% invested in U.S. Treasuries (Cash Equivalents) for which the expected 10-Year Geometric Real Rate of Return is (0.27%).

## G. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.87%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current member contribution rate and that contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members. No future State contributions were assumed to be made. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be depleted in 2019 and, as a result, the Municipal Bond Index Rate was used in the determination.

# H. Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate and the Discount Rate

The Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability is \$-0- and, therefore, the change in the health care cost trend rate or the discount rate would only impact the amount recorded by the State of Connecticut.

## I. Other Information

Additional information is included in the required supplementary information section of the financial statements. A schedule of contributions is not presented as the Town has no obligation to contribute to the plan. Detailed information about the Connecticut State Teachers OPEB Plan fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued State of Connecticut Comprehensive Annual Financial Report at <u>www.ct.gov</u>.

## 11. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS

#### Town of West Hartford Retirement System

## A. Plan Description and Benefits Provided

By the authority of Chapter VIII, Section 3, of the Town Charter and Chapter 30, Article II of the Code of Ordinances, the Town sponsors and maintains a single-employer defined benefit plan (West Hartford Retirement System). This plan covers all full-time employees of the Town and Board of Education, except for those employees eligible for participation in the State of Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System.

The Plan is administered by a Pension Board that is appointed by the Town Council and represents both management and employees. The Pension Board consists of 5 members who serve a 5-year term.

#### TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

Certified teachers employed by the Board of Education are eligible to participate in the State of Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System, which is a cost-sharing multi-employer defined benefit Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) with the State acting as a nonemployer contributor.

An annual valuation of the pension plan is conducted on July 1 of each year for the subsequent fiscal year.

Membership in the Plan as of July 1, 2018 was as follows:

Inactive participants:	
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	1,124
Terminated vested employees	67
Total inactive participants	1,191
Active participants	854
Total	2,045

## B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters

#### **Basis of Accounting**

Plan financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employee and employer contributions are recognized as revenues in the period in which employee services are performed. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

#### Method Used to Value Investments

Investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national exchange are valued at the last reported sales price. Investment income is recognized as earned.

#### C. Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of plan members are established and may be amended by the Town Council subject to union contract negotiation. As a condition of participation, members are required to contribute a specified portion (1.8% to 7%) of their salary to the Plan, depending upon their class of membership.

The Plan's funding policy provides for actuarially determined periodic contributions at rates that, for individual employees, increase gradually over time so that sufficient assets will be available to pay benefits when due. The Plan amortizes the actuarial accrued liability over a 30-year period. Contributions are recommended by the actuary through the Town's fiscal year end of June 30. The Town's contributions for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 were \$23,880 and \$21,615, respectively, and were in accordance with actuarially determined requirements.

#### **D.** Investments

#### Investment Policy

The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the Pension Board by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the Pension Board to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The pension plan's investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over short time spans.

Concentrations: The following investment represents more than 5% of the Pension Trust Funds net position as of June 30, 2019:

Baring Core Property Fund, LP	\$ 12,408
Acadian Non-US All Cap Equity Fund, USD Hedged, LLC	\$ 10,795

#### Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 5.22%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

#### E. Net Pension Liability of the Town

The components of the net pension liability of the Town at June 30, 2019, were as follows:

Total pension liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$ 476,986 212,171
Net Pension Liability	\$
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	44.48%

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Town's net pension liability is \$264,815, of which \$260,816 is reported as governmental activities and \$3,999 as business-type activities.

#### F. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	2.50%
Investment rate of return	7.13%
Mortality	RP-2000 Annuitant and Non-Annuitant Mortality Tables for
	males and females projected from base year of 2006 to
	valuation date by Scale BB.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and the best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. large cap equities	35.50 %	5.55 %
Core fixed income	30.00	1.65
Developed foreign equities	19.00	5.55
U.S. small cap equities	8.00	6.00
Real estate (property)	5.00	4.20
Emerging market equities	2.50	6.50
	<u> </u>	

## G. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.13%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Town contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current and active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

#### TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

	_	Increase (Decrease)						
		Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a)-(b)				
Balances as of July 1, 2018	\$_	463,250 \$	<u> </u>	256,026				
Changes for the year:								
Service cost		7,986		7,986				
Interest on total pension liability		32,985		32,985				
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs		5,891		5,891				
Benefit payments		(33,126)	(33,126)	-				
Employer contributions			23,880	(23,880)				
Member contributions			3,292	(3,292)				
Net investment income (loss)			11,239	(11,239)				
Administrative expenses	-		(338)	338				
Net changes	-	13,736	4,947	8,789				
Balances as of June 30, 2019	\$	476,986	5 <u>212,171</u> \$	264,815				

#### H. Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Town, calculated using the current discount rate, as well as what the Town's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	_	1% Decrease (6.13%)	 Current Discount Rate (7.13%)		1% Increase (8.13%)
Net Pension Liability	\$_	322,193	\$ 264,815	_\$_	216,549

#### I. Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	_				Employees	' Pe	nsion Plan			
	_	Governme	ntal	Activities	Business-1	Гуре	Activities	Т	otal	
	-	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	 Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and										
actual experience	\$	2,814	\$		\$ 43	\$		\$ 2,857	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		15,749			241			15,990		-
Net difference between projected and										
actual earning on pension plan investments	-		• <del>-</del>	1,028		-	16	-	-	1,044
Total	\$	18,563	\$	1,028	\$ 284	\$	16	\$ 18,847	\$	1,044

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	-	Governmental Activities	 Business-Type Activities	. <u> </u>	Total
2020	\$	9,500	\$ 146	\$	9,646
2021		5,901	90		5,991
2022		1,290	20		1,310
2023		844	12		856

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Town recognized pension expense of \$41,735, of which \$41,138 is reported as governmental activities and \$597 as business-type activities.

The following schedule presents the net position held in trust for pension benefits at June 30, 2019 and the changes in net position for the year ended June 30, 2019:

	 Pension Trust Fund
Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,052
Investments:	
Mutual funds	171,126
Common stock	16,928
Alternative investments	23,203
Receivables:	
Accounts and other receivables	
Interest and dividends	 16
Total assets	212,325
Liabilities:	
Accounts and other payables	 154
Net Position:	
Restricted for Pension Benefits	\$ 212,171

#### TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

		Pension Trust Fund
Additions:	—	
Contributions:		
Employer	\$	23,880
Plan members	_	3,292
Total contributions	_	27,172
Investment income:		
Net change in fair value of investments		7,243
Interest		150
Dividends	_	4,289
Total investment income		11,682
Less investment expense	_	(443)
Net investment income	_	11,239
Total additions	_	38,411
Deductions:		
Benefits		33,126
Administration	_	338
Total deductions	_	33,464
Change in Net Position		4,947
Net Position at Beginning of Year	_	207,224
Net Position at End of Year	\$	212,171

## **Connecticut Teachers Retirement System - Pension**

## A. Plan Description

Teachers, principals, superintendents or supervisors engaged in service of public schools are provided with pensions through the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System, a cost sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Teachers Retirement Board. Chapter 167a of the State Statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the Teachers Retirement Board. The Teachers Retirement Board issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <u>www.ct.gov</u>.

## **B. Benefit Provisions**

The plan provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Employees are eligible to retire at age 60 with 20 years of credited service in Connecticut, or 35 years of credited service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut.

#### Normal Retirement

Retirement benefits for employees are calculated as 2% of the average annual salary times the years of credited service (maximum benefit is 75% of average annual salary during the 3 years of highest salary).

#### **Early Retirement**

Employees are eligible after 25 years of credited service including 20 years of Connecticut service, or age 55 with 20 years of credited service including 15 years of Connecticut service with reduced benefit amounts.

#### **Disability Retirement**

Employees are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service. Five years of credited service is required for nonservice-related disability eligibility. Disability benefits are calculated as 2% of average annual salary times credited service to date of disability, but not less than 15% of average annual salary, nor more than 50% of average annual salary.

#### C. Contributions

Per Connecticut General Statutes Section 10-183z (which reflects Public Act 79-436 as amended), contribution requirements of active employees and the State of Connecticut are approved, amended and certified by the State Teachers Retirement Board and appropriated by the General Assembly.

#### Employer (School Districts)

School District employers are not required to make contributions to the plan.

The statutes require the State of Connecticut to contribute 100% of each school districts' required contributions, which are actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of the benefits earned by employees during the year, with any additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

#### Employees

Effective July 1, 1992, each teacher is required to contribute 6% of salary for the pension benefit.

Effective January 1, 2018, the required contribution increased to 7% of pensionable salary.

#### D. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the Town reports no amounts for its proportionate share of the net pension liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows, due to the statutory requirement that the State pay 100% of the required contribution. The amount recognized by the Town as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the Town were as follows:

Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	
associated with the Town	 243,735
Total	\$ 243,735

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018. At June 30, 2019, the Town has no proportionate share of the net pension liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Town recognized pension expense and revenue of \$27,355 in Exhibit II.

### E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75%
Salary increase	3.25-6.50%, including inflation
Investment rate of return	8.00%, net of pension plan investment
	expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RPH-2014 White Collar table with employee and annuitant rates blended from ages 50 to 80, projected to the year 2020 using the BB improvement scale, and further adjusted to grade in increased rates (5% for females and 8% for males) over age 80 for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries as well as for active members. The RPH-2014 Disabled Mortality Table projected to 2017 with Scale BB is used for the period after disability retirement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010 - June 30, 2015.

For teachers who retired prior to September 1, 1992, pension benefit adjustments are made in accordance with increases in the Consumer Price Index, with a minimum of 3% and a maximum of 5% per annum.

#### TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

For teachers who were members of the Teachers' Retirement System before July 1, 2007 and retire on or after September 1, 1992, pension benefit adjustments are made that are consistent with those provided for Social Security benefits on January 1 of the year granted, with a maximum of 6% per annum. If the return on assets in the previous year was less than 8.5%, the maximum increase is 1.5%.

For teachers who were members of the Teachers' Retirement System after July 1, 2007, pension benefit adjustments are made that are consistent with those provided for Social Security benefits on January 1 of the year granted, with a maximum of 5% per annum. If the return on assets in the previous year was less than 11.5%, the maximum increase is 3%, and if the return on the assets in the previous year was less than 8.5%, the maximum increase is 1.0%.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	_	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	_
		_		_
Large cap U.S. equities	21.00	%	5.80	%
Developed non-U.S. equities	18.00		6.60	
Private equity	11.00		7.60	
Emerging markets (non-U.S.)	9.00		8.30	
Alternative investments	8.00		4.10	
Real estate	7.00		5.10	
Fixed income (core)	7.00		1.30	
Cash	6.00		0.40	
High yield bonds	5.00		3.90	
Emerging market bond	5.00		3.70	
Inflation linked bonds	3.00	_	1.00	
Total	100.00	%		

## F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that State contributions will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rates in the future years. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### G. Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability is \$-0- and, therefore, the change in the discount rate would only impact the amount recorded by the State of Connecticut.

#### H. Other Information

Additional information is included in the required supplementary information section of the financial statements. A schedule of contributions is not presented as the Town has no obligation to contribute to the plan.

#### **12. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

The West Hartford-Bloomfield Health District is a regional health department servicing the towns of West Hartford and Bloomfield. The Town of West Hartford expends at least \$1.00 per capita per fiscal year from annual local tax receipts for the district's services.

The Metropolitan District Commission (the Commission) provides water and sewer services to the Town and certain other area municipalities financed by a service levy on the participating municipalities and user charges. This does not result in overlapping property tax for the residents of the Town. Since this is a separate governmental unit, its audited annual statements are not included in this report but are available from the Commission directly.

The Town, its officers, employees, boards and commissions are defendants in a number of lawsuits. It is the opinion of Town officials that such pending litigation will not be finally determined so as to result individually or in the aggregate in a final judgment against the Town that would materially adversely affect its financial position.

## 13. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On July 9, 2019, the Town issued \$19,900,000 in General Obligation Refunding Bonds (Series B) with a coupon rate between 1.1% and 5.0%. These bonds were issued to refund 2009 Series B Tax Exempt Bonds.

On December 18, 2019, the Town issued \$13,850,000 in General Obligation Refunding Bonds with a coupon rate between 4.0% and 5.0%.

## Required Supplementary Information

#### TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

	_	Budgeted Amounts				Variance -
	_	Original		Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Property taxes:						
Current year levy	\$	252,544	\$	253,244 \$	253,136 \$	(108)
Prior year's collections		1,425		1,425	1,404	(21)
Interest and liens fees		775		875	879	4
Motor vehicle supplement		2,400		2,575	2,575	-
Suspense		,			53	53
Total property taxes		257,144	_	258,119	258,047	(72)
Intergovernmental revenues:						
Federal:						
Impact Aid				215	218	3
EMS grant		8		8	32	24
Police Grants				264	154	(110)
Dial-A-Ride grant				11	49	38
Total federal assistance	_	8	_	498	453	(45)
State:						
Education Cost-Sharing		20,387		21,053	21,060	7
School Building Grants		121		121	137	16
Payments In Lieu of Taxes		518		867	900	33
Municipal Revenue Sharing		806		806	806	-
Disabled Tax Relief		6		6	5	(1)
Veterans Exemptions		63		63	57	(6)
Youth Services Grant		38		38	38	-
Alcohol/Drug Abuse Grant		7		7	7	-
Highway Town Aid		686		686	686	-
Mashantucket Pequot Fund		28		28	28	-
Miscellaneous State Grants				6	12	6
Emergency 911 Grant		141		141	139	(2)
Telephone Grant		115		115	114	(1)
Total state assistance	_	22,916		23,937	23,989	52
Total intergovernmental revenues	_	22,924		24,435	24,442	7

(Continued on next page)

#### TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

	_	Budge	eted	Amounts		Variance -
	_	Original		Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Charges for services:						
Town Clerk	\$	1,534	\$	1,542	\$ 1,497 \$	\$ (45)
Corporation Counsel					1	ĺ ĺ
Financial Services		1		1	1	-
Assessment		2		2	2	-
Fire Department		960		960	1,170	210
Police Department		274		274	344	70
Community Services		1,515		1,640	1,649	9
Public Works		229		229	247	18
Human & Leisure Services		726		726	822	96
Library		55		55	35	(20)
Total charges for services	-	5,296		5,429	5,768	339
Miscellaneous local revenues:						
Workers' compensation reimbursement		420		420	365	(55)
Town-owned property rentals		352		352	337	(15)
Miscellaneous		533		657	227	(430)
Total miscellaneous local revenues	-	1,305		1,429	929	(500)
Income on investments	_	630		1,650	1,714	64
Total revenues		287,299		291,062	290,900	(162)
Other financing sources:						
Transfers in	_	484		484	396	(88)
Total	\$	287,783	\$	291,546	291,296	\$(250)
Budgetary revenues are different than GAAP reven On-behalf contributions to the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System for Town teacher Pension OPEB			d:		27,355 (16,186)	
The Board of Education does not budget for intergovernmental grants, which are credited a expenditures for budgetary reporting. These a revenues and expenditures for GAAP financia	amou	nts are record		5	4,217	
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources as F of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Funds - Exhibit IV					\$306,682	

#### TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

	-	Budgeted	d Amounts		Variance - Positive
		Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
General Government:	_				
Town Clerk: Personal services	\$	159	\$ 165	\$ 165 \$	
Non-personal expense	φ	84	φ 105 85	φ 105 φ 84	- 1
Debt and sundry		10	10	9	1
Total	—	253	260	258	2
lotal	-	200	200		Z
Town Council:					
Personal services		118	121	120	1
Non-personal expense		257	262	260	2
Debt and sundry	_	9	9	9	
Total	_	384	392	389	3
Town Manager:					
Personal services		353	351	351	-
Non-personal expense		9	13	13	-
Debt and sundry		22	22	22	-
Total	_	384	386	386	
Corporation Counsel:					
Personal services		291	281	281	_
Non-personal expense		70	162	162	_
Debt and sundry		21	20	20	-
Total	_	382	463	463	-
Registrar of Voters:					
Personal services		221	260	260	_
Non-personal expense		35	53	53	-
Debt and sundry		11	10	10	-
Total	_	267	323	323	
Information Technology:					
Personal services		438	445	445	_
Non-personal expense		445	460	460	_
Debt and sundry		31	31	31	_
Total		914	936	936	
Financial Services:					
Personal services		1,635	1,619	1,619	-
Non-personal expense		613	481	481	-
Debt and sundry		119	115	115	-
Total	_	2,367	2,215	2,215	
Assessment:					
Personal services		647	668	668	_
Non-personal expense		58	52	52	-
Debt and sundry		48	46	46	-
Total	—	753	766	766	
	—	100			

(Continued on next page)

#### TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

	_	Budgete	ed Ar	nounts		Actual		Variance -
	_	Original		Final		Actual		Positive (Negative)
Human Resources:			_		<u> </u>			
Personal services	\$	350	\$	353	\$	353	\$	-
Non-personal expense		69		114		114		-
Debt and sundry		25		26	_	26		-
Total	_	444		493	-	493	<b>.</b> .	-
Total general government	_	6,148		6,234	_	6,229		5
Public Safety:								
Fire Department:								
Personal services		10,333		11,627		11,627		-
Non-personal expense		1,106		1,163		1,163		-
Debt and sundry		175		183		183		-
Total		11,614		12,973	_	12,973		-
Police Department:								
Personal services		13,725		14,687		14,687		-
Non-personal expense		899		974		974		-
Debt and sundry		304		358		358		-
Total		14,928		16,019	_	16,019	· ·	-
Total public safety	_	26,542		28,992	_	28,992		
Community Maintenance:								
Community Development:								
Personal services		2,100		2,084		2,084		-
Non-personal expense		198		174		174		-
Debt and sundry		155		150		150		-
Total		2,453		2,408	_	2,408	•••••	-
Public Works:								
Personal services		4,098		4,011		3,965		46
Non-personal expense		6,107		5,867		5,867		_
Debt and sundry		313		272		272		-
Total	_	10,518		10,150	_	10,104	• •	46
Plant and Facility Services:								
Personal services		1,119		1,005		1,005		-
Non-personal expense		1,227		1,856		1,856		_
Debt and sundry		77		75		75		-
Total		2,423		2,936	_	2,936	• •	-
Total community maintenance	_	15,394		15,494	_	15,448		46

(Continued on next page)

#### TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

financial statement purposes.

Funds - Exhibit IV

Encumbrances for purchases and commitments ordered but not

in the year received for financial statement purposes.

received are reported in the year the order is placed for budgetary purposes, but

Inventory purchases are reported as expenditures for budgetary purposes

Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses as Reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental

		Budgete	ed A	mounts				Variance - Positive
		Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)
Human and Cultural:							-	
Library:								
Personal services	\$	2,598	\$	2,486	\$	2,486	\$	-
Non-personal expense		655		644		644		-
Debt and sundry		179		175		175		-
Total		3,432		3,305	_	3,305	-	-
Leisure and Social Services:								
Personal services		2,032		1,904		1,904		-
Non-personal expense		983		966		966		-
Debt and sundry		115		94		94	_	-
Total		3,130		2,964	_	2,964	-	-
Total human and cultural		6,562		6,269		6,269	-	-
Education		164,058		164,058		163,007	-	1,051
Debt and sundry		49,528		47,712		47,624	-	88
Total expenditures		268,232		268,759		267,569		1,190
Other financing uses:								
Transfers out		19,551		22,787		22,787	-	-
Total	\$	287,783	\$	291,546		290,356	\$	1,190
Budgetary expenditures are different than GAAI State of Connecticut on-behalf payments to th Retirement System for Town teachers are n	ie Co	nnecticut Sta						
Pension		-9010-11				27,355		
OPEB						(16,186)		
The Board of Education does not budget for ir grants, which are credited against educatior reporting. These amounts are recorded as	n exp	enditures for				<b>x</b> · · <i>y</i>		
financial statement nurnesses		·				4 0 1 7		

4,217

111

305,882

\$

29

## TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT CDBG HOUSING REHABILITATION FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

	E	_	Actual	_	Variance - Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$	200	\$	154	\$	(46)
Expenditures: Current: Human and cultural:						
Non-personal expense		200		27	_	173
Excess of Revenues over Expenditures		-		127		127
Other Financing Uses: Transfers out				(127)	_	(127)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$			-	\$_	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year						
Fund Balance at End of Year			\$	_		

#### TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS\* (In Thousands)

		2014		2015		2016	2017		2018	2019
Total pension liability:										
Service cost	\$	5,563	\$	5,845	\$	5,841 \$	7 64	1 \$	7,832 \$	7,986
Interest	Ψ	27,384	Ψ	27,666	Ψ	27,784	30,63		31,343	32,985
Effect of plan changes		57		(185)		3	00,00	0	(334)	02,000
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses				886		31,784			5,865	
Effect of assumption changes or inputs				7,220		(12)			23,677	5,891
Benefit payments		(24,332)		(25,209)		(26,515)	(28,08	0)	(29,877)	(33,126)
Net change in total pension liability		8,672		16,223		38,885	10,19	4 _	38,506	13,736
Total pension liability - beginning		350,770		359,442		375,665	414,55	0	424,744	463,250
Total pension liability - ending	_	359,442	_	375,665		414,550	424,74	4	463,250	476,986
Plan fiduciary net position:										
Contributions - employer		15,957		17,712		17,917	20,55		21,615	23,880
Contributions - member		2,621		2,675		3,047	3,06		3,166	3,292
Net investment income (loss)		28,230		8,632		(976)	23,64		18,555	11,239
Benefit payments		(24,332)		(25,209)		(26,515)	(28,08		(29,877)	(33,126)
Administrative expense		(314)		(306)		(313)	(30		(357)	(338)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		22,162		3,504		(6,840)	18,87		13,102	4,947
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		156,420		178,582		182,086	175,24		194,122	207,224
Plan fiduciary net position - ending		178,582		182,086		175,246	194,12	2	207,224	212,171
Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$	180,860	\$	193,579	\$	239,304 \$	230,62	2 \$	256,026 \$	264,815
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		49.68%		48.47%		42.27%	45.70	%	44.73%	44.48%
Covered payroll	\$	57,281	\$	53,742	\$	59,332 \$	60,81	5\$	58,708 \$	60,176
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		315.74%		360.20%		403.33%	379.22	%	436.10%	440.07%
Notes to Schedule										
Assumption Changes:										
Investment rate of return		7.95%		7.54%		7.50%	7.50%		7.25%	7.13%
Discount rate		7.95%		7.54%		7.50%	7.50%		7.25%	7.13%
Inflation		2.75%		2.75%		3.00%	3.00%		2.75%	2.75%
Mortality:										
RP-2000 Annuitant and Non-Annuitant Mortality Tables for males and females projected										
from base year of 2006 to valuation date by Scale BB. A Blue Collar adjustment									**	**
is applied pre- and post-retirement for members.										
RP-2000 Mortality Table with separate male and female rates, with separate tables		**		**		**	**			
for nonannuitants and annuitants, projected to the valuation date with Scale AA.										

\* Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available

\*\* Applicable for that particular year

#### TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (In Thousands)

	 2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$ 7,481 \$ 7,480	10,002 \$ 10,000	11,648 \$ 11,648	14,167 \$ 14,167	15,957 \$ 15,957	17,712 \$ 17,712	17,917 \$ 17,917	20,551 \$ 20,551	21,615 \$ 21,615	23,880 23,880
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 1_\$	2 \$	\$	\$	- \$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Covered payroll	\$ 50,031 \$	53,028 \$	55,150 \$	55,078 \$	57,281 \$	53,742 \$	59,332 \$	60,815 \$	58,708 \$	60,176
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.95%	18.86%	21.12%	25.72%	27.86%	32.96%	30.20%	33.79%	36.82%	39.68%

#### Notes to Schedule

Valuation date: July 1, 2018 Measurement date: June 30, 2019 Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Remaining amortization period	27-year closed period
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market
Inflation	2.75%; Prior: 3%
Salary increases	2.50%
Investment rate of return	7.125%; Prior: 7.250%
Retirement age	Rates vary by group and age
Mortality	RP-2000 Annuitant and Non-Annuitant Mortality Tables for males and females projected from base year of 2006 to valuation date by Scale BB. A Blue
	Collar adjustment is applied pre- and post-retirement for members. Prior: RP-2000 Mortality Table with separate male and female rates, with separate
	tables for nonannuitants and annuitants, projected to the valuation date with Scale AA.

#### TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS\*

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	18.43%	4.69%	-0.52%	12.95%	9.21%	5.22%

\* Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available

#### TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS' RETIREMENT PLAN LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS\*

(In Thousands)

	 2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Town's proportion of the net pension liability	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Town	 188,888	204,358	262,780	249,079	243,735
Total	\$ 188,888_\$	204,358 \$	262,780 \$	249,079 \$	243,735
Town's covered payroll	\$ 70,896 \$	73,271 \$	75,921 \$	76,720 \$	79,162
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension	61.51%	59.50%	52.26%	55.93%	57.69%

#### Notes to Schedule

Changes in benefit terms Changes of assumptions Beginning January 1, 2018, member contributions increased from 6% to 7% of salary. During 2016, rates of withdrawal, disability, retirement, mortality and assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience. These assumptions were recommended as part of the Experience Study for the System for the five-year period ended June 30, 2015.

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level percent of salary, closed
Remaining amortization period	17.6 years
Asset valuation method	4-year smoothed market
Investment rate of return	8.00%, net of investment-related expense

\* Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available

#### TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT TRUST FUND LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS\*

(In Thousands)

		2017		2018		2019	
Total OPEB liability:							
Service cost	\$	2.242	\$	2,321	\$	2.903	
Interest	÷	11,278	Ŧ	11,557	Ŧ	12,439	
Change of benefit terms		,		70		,	
Differences between expected and actual experience		2,300		2,694		915	
Changes of assumptions		_,		16,278		(4,314)	
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(11,141)		(10,944)		(10,845)	
Net change in total OPEB liability		4,679		21,976		1,098	
Total OPEB liability - beginning		152,469		157,148		179,124	
Total OPEB liability - ending		157,148	_	179,124		180,222	
Plan fiduciary net position:							
Contributions - employer		12,019		12,208		12,551	
Contributions - member		99		100		118	
Contributions - TRB subsidy		378		358		294	
Net investment income		166		79		324	
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(11,141)		(10,944)		(10,845)	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		1,521		1,801		2,442	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		1,440		2,961		4,762	
Plan fiduciary net position - ending		2,961		4,762		7,204	
Net OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	154,187	\$	174,362	\$	173,018	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		1.88%		2.66%		4.00%	
Covered payroll	\$	113,393	\$	120,515	\$	124,733	
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		135.98%		144.68%		138.71%	
Notes to Schedule							
Assumption Changes:							
Investment rate of return		7.50%		7.04%		7.25%	
Inflation		2.50%		2.60%		2.60%	
Healthcare cost trend rates:							
7.1% in 2017, reducing by .5% each year to an ultimate rate of 4.6% per year rate for 2022 and later				**		**	
8% in 2015, decreases by .5% per year down to 4.5% in 2022 and later.		**					
Mortality:							
RP-2000 Annuitant and Non-Annuitant Mortality Tables for males and females projected							
from base year of 2006 to valuation date by Scale BB. A Blue Collar adjustment				**		**	
is applied pre- and post-retirement for members.							
RP-2000 Mortality Table with separate male and female rates, with separate tables							
for nonannuitants and annuitants, projected to the valuation date with Scale AA.		**					
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							

\* Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available

\*\* Applicable for that particular year

#### TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS TRUST FUND LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (In Thousands)

	 2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Actuarially determined contribution (1) Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$ 7,062 \$	6,979 \$	7,318 \$	8,506 \$	8,999 \$	9,780 \$	11,251 \$	11,981 \$	12,689 \$	14,255
	 6,400	6,381	6,450	7,381	7,690	8,473	10,813	12,019	12,208	12,551
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 662 \$	598_\$	868_\$	1,125 \$	1,309 \$	1,307 \$	438 \$	(38) \$	481_\$	1,704
Covered payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A \$	105,853 \$	109,558 \$	113,393 \$	120,515 \$	124,733
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	8.00%	9.87%	10.60%	10.13%	10.06%

1) Actuarially Determined Contributions prior to fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 is based on the Annual Required Contribution (ARC) calculated in accordance with GASB No. 45

#### Notes to Schedule

Valuation date:	July 1, 2017			
Measurement date:	June 30, 2019			
Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported				

#### Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Remaining amortization period	27 years, closed
Asset valuation method	Market Value
Inflation	2.60%; Prior: 2.50%
	The annual healthcare cost trend rate starts at 7.1% in 2017, reducing by .5% each year to an ultimate rate of 4.6% per year rate for 2022 and later. Prior: 8% in
Healthcare cost trend rates	2015, decreases by .5% per year down to 4.5% in 2022 and later.
Salary increases	3.50%
Investment rate of return	7.25%; Prior: 7.04%
Retirement age	Varies by function
	RP-2000 Annuitant and Non-Annuitant Mortality Tables for males and females projected from base year of 2006 to valuation date by Scale BB. A Blue Collar adjustment is applied pre- and post-retirement for members. Prior: RP-2000 Mortality Table with separate male and female rates, with separate tables for
Mortality	nonannuitants and annuitants, projected to the valuation date with Scale AA.

N/A - not available

	2017	2018	2019
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	11.19%	2.63%	6.73%

\* Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available

#### TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHERS' RETIREMENT PLAN LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS\* (In Thousands)

	_	2018	_	2019
Town's proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.00%		0.00%
Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	-	\$	-
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the Town		64,110		48,724
Total	\$	64,110	\$_	48,724
Town's covered payroll	\$	76,720	\$	79,162
Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		0.00%		0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		1.79%		1.49%

Notes to Schedule	
Changes in benefit terms	Effective July 1, 2018, Medicare Advantage Plan was added to available options, changed the base plan to the Medicare Advantage Plan for the purposes of determining retiree subsidies and/or cost sharing amounts, and introduced a two-year waiting period for re-enrollment in a System-sponsored Plan for those who cancel their coverage or choose not to enroll after the effective date.
Changes of assumptions	The expected rate of return on assets was changed from 2.75% to 3.00% to better reflect the anticipated returns on cash and other high quality short-term fixed income investments.
	Based on the procedure described in GASB 75, the discount rate used to measure Plan obligations for financial accounting purposes as of June 30, 2018 was updated to equal the Municipal Bond Index Rate as of June 30, 2018. The System selected the 3.87% discount rate used to measure the Total OPEB Liability as of the June 30, 2018 measurement date.
	Expected annual per capita claims costs were updated to better reflect anticipated medical and prescription drug claim experience both before and after the plan change that became effective on July 1, 2018.
	The assumed age-related annual percentage increases in expected annual per capita health care claim costs were updated to better reflect the expected differences between the Medicare Supplement and Medicare Advantage Plan amounts as part of the plan change that became effective on July 1, 2018.
	Long-term health care cost trend rates were updated to better reflect the anticipated impact of changes in medical inflation, utilization, leverage in the plan design, improvements in technology, and fees and charges on expected claims and retiree contributions in future periods.
	The percentage of retired members who are not currently participating in the Plan, but are expected to elect coverage for themselves and their spouses under a System-sponsored health care plan option in the future, was updated to better reflect anticipated plan experience.
	The percentages of participating retirees who are expected to enroll in the Medicare Supplement Plan and the Medicare Advantage Plan options, as well as the portion who are expected to migrate to the Medicare Advantage Plan over the next several years, were updated to better reflect anticipated plan experience after the plan change that became effective on July 1, 2018.
	The post-disability mortality table was updated to extend the period of projected mortality improvements from 2017 to 2020. This change was made to better reflect anticipated post-disablement plan experience.
	The percentages of deferred, vested members who will become ineligible for future health care benefits because they are expected to withdraw their contributions from the System was updated to better reflect anticipated plan experience.
Actuarial cost method Amortization method	Entry age Level percent of payroll
Remaining amortization period Asset valuation method	30 years, open Market value of assets
Investment rate of return	4.25%, net of investment-related expense including price inflation

\* Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years' will be displayed as they become available

## Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules





## **General Fund**

## GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is used to account for resources traditionally associated with government that are not required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in another fund.

## TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018 (In Thousands)

	2019			2018
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables:	\$	38,718 5,729	\$	41,047 8,900
Property taxes - net of allowance \$468 for 2019 and 2018 Due from other governments Due from component unit		2,743 234		2,523 514 21
Other Due from other funds		88 9,102		278 2,494
Inventory		263	. <u> </u>	2,494
Total Assets	\$	56,877	\$	56,066
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUNI	D BAL	ANCES		
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable Payroll liabilities	\$	3,322 6,193	\$	2,640 8,142
Other liabilities		874		888
Unearned revenues		3,051		2,478
Total liabilities		13,440		14,148
Deferred inflows of resources:		- /		
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		2,153		2,006
Advance property tax collections		14,257	· <u> </u>	13,685
Total deferred inflows of resources		16,410		15,691
Fund balances:				
Nonspendable		263		289
Assigned Unassigned		389 26,375		500 25,438
Onassigned		20,070	· <u> </u>	20,400
Total fund balances		27,027		26,227
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	56,877	\$	56,066

#### TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND REPORT OF TAX COLLECTOR FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

	Uncollected	Lawful	Corrections	Transfers			Collections				Uncolle		
Grand List	Taxes July 1, 2018	Additions	Deductions	To Suspense	Amount Collectible	Taxes		Interest	Fee	s	Total	Tax June 30	
2017	\$ 259,572	\$ 583	\$ 1,508		\$ 258,647	\$ 256,84	IO \$	443	\$	3	\$ 257,286	\$	1,807
2016	1,579	137	540		1,176			185		3	750		614
2015	712	94	44	250	512	29	94	100		1	395		218
2014	230	2	2		230	-	2	28			100		158
2013	117	3			120		0	18			28		110
2012	102	2			104	2	21	22			43		83
2011	82	2			84	2	25	22			47		59
2010	41	2			43		5	2			7		38
2009	39				39						-		39
2008	31				31						-		31
2007	20				20						-		20
2006	13				13						-		13
2005	9				9						-		9
2004	7				7						-		7
2003	5				5								5
Total	\$262,559	\$825	\$2,094	\$	\$ 261,040	257,82	29	820		7	258,656	\$	3,211
			Suspense colle	ections		Ę	53	51		1	105		
				ents, June 30, 20	18	(13,68	35)				(13,685)		
			Advance paym	ents, June 30, 20	19	14,2					14,257		
			Total			\$ 258,4	2 L	871	\$	8	\$ 259,333		



# **Nonmajor Governmental Funds**

### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

### Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are created in the Town of West Hartford pursuant to State Statutes or local ordinances and resolutions. The criteria for the creation of a Special Revenue Fund are generally the desire or need to conspicuously segregate revenues, which are to be utilized for special and specific purposes, or expenditures incurred for the performance of specific activities, or both.

Fund	Funding Source	Function
Community Development Block Grant	Federal grant - DHUD	Community development programs
State Housing and Community Development	Program income	Community development program
Parking Lot	Charges for services	West Hartford Center off-street parking
Drug Enforcement	State and federal grants	Drug enforcement and education
Westmoor Park	External trust and charges for services	Park maintenance and environmental education
Cafeteria	Sales of food, state and federal subsidies	Operation of the school cafeterias
Private School Services	State grant and General Fund	Transportation and health services
School Grants	State and federal grants	Education programs
School Special Programs	Charges for services, state and federal grants	Education special programs
West Hartford Library	State, Hartford Foundation for Public Giving and charges for services	Library activities
School Interscholastic Sports	Charges for services	Educational programs
Technology Investment	Parking ticket and ordinance violation surcharge, subscriptions	E-business strategy
Police Private Duty Services	Charges for services	Police private duty services to the public
Police Home Ownership Program	Revolving loans	Assist police officers with closing and down payment costs with the intent of encouraging them to reside in the Southeast quadrant of West Hartford
Cemetery Operating	Donations and charges for services	Care and maintenance of Town- owned and/or operated cemeteries
C.F. Morway	Trust revenue	Purchase of park and recreation equipment and facilities
The Town That Cares	Donations	Financial assistance to needy
School Donations Trust	Contributions and charges for services	Public school purchases
Affordable Housing Trust	Loan repayments	Assistance to low and moderate income families
Veterans Memorial	Donations and state grant	Community memorial to honor veterans

## **Permanent Funds**

Permanent funds are used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs. The Private Cemetery Fund is the Town's only permanent fund. Contributions and trust income is used for the maintenance of private cemetery lots.

#### TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

							Special Revenu	e Fı	unds						
ASSETS	-	Community Development Block Grant Fund		State Housing and Community Development Fund	Parking Lot Fund	_	Drug Enforcement Fund		Westmoor Park Fund	_	Cafeteria Fund		Private School Services Fund		School Grants Fund
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables, net Inventory	\$ 	140	\$	28 84	\$ 2,832 10	\$	105	\$	458 25	\$	636 233 65	\$	637	\$	156 130
Total Assets	\$	140	\$	112	\$ 2,842	\$_	105	\$	483	\$	934	\$_	637	\$	286
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES															
Liabilities:															
Accounts payable Payroll liabilities Due to other funds	\$	1 7 132	\$		\$ 83 52	\$		\$	5 28	\$	35	\$	33 51 553	\$	76 10
Other liabilities Unearned revenue					3				56		142				195
Total liabilities	-	140		-	138	_	-	_	89	_	177	_	637	_	281
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue - loans on receivables	-		-	84		_		_		_		_		_	
Fund balances: Nonspendable Restricted				28			105		394		65				5
Committed Assigned					2,667 37						692				
Total fund balances	-	-		28	2,704	_	105	_	394	_	757	_	-	_	5
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$_	140	\$	112	\$ 2,842	\$_	105	\$	483	\$_	934	\$_	637	\$	286

(Continued on next page)

#### TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

	_	Special Revenue Funds														
ASSETS	-	School Special Programs Fund		West Hartford Library Fund	 	School Interscholastic Sports Fund	-	Technology Investment Fund	_	Police Private Duty Services Fund	_	Police Home Ownership Program Fund	_	Cemetery Operating Fund	_	C.F. Morway Fund
A33E13																
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables, net Inventory	\$	1,705 27	\$	81 1	\$	209	\$	17	\$	442	\$	17	\$	1,771 10	\$	12 1
Total Assets	\$	1,732	\$	82	\$	209	\$	17	\$	442	\$	17	\$	1,781	\$	13
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES																
Liabilities:																
Accounts payable Payroll liabilities Due to other funds Other liabilities	\$	44	\$		\$	36	\$		\$	19 348	\$		\$	35 8	\$	
Unearned revenue	_	239		1			-		_		_		_			
Total liabilities	_	283	· -	1		36	-	-	-	367		-	-	43		-
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue - loans on receivables	-						-		-		_		_		_	
Fund balances: Nonspendable														4 007		10
Restricted Committed Assigned		1,449		81		173		17		75		17		1,267 454 17		13
Total fund balances	-	1,449	· –	81		173	-	17	-	75	_	17	_	1,738	_	13
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$_	1,732	\$	82	\$	209	\$	17	\$	442	\$_	17	\$_	1,781	\$	13

(Continued on next page)

#### TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

	Special Revenue Funds								-	Permanent Fund		
ASSETS	The Town That Cares Fund		School Donations Trust Fund	_	Affordable Housing Trust Fund	_	Veterans Memorial Fund		Total	-	Private Cemetery Fund	 Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables, net Inventory	\$ 562	\$	97	\$	4 3	\$	38	\$	8,728 1,743 65	\$	82	\$ 8,810 1,743 65
Total Assets	\$ 562	\$	97	\$	7	\$_	38	\$	10,536	\$	82	\$ 10,618
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES												
Liabilities: Accounts payable Payroll liabilities Due to other funds Other liabilities Unearned revenue Total liabilities	\$ 11 <u>430</u> 441	\$	3 3 6	\$		\$	<u> </u>	\$	283 257 1,033 56 1,010 2,639	\$		\$ 283 257 1,033 56 1,010 2,639
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue - loans on receivables		_			3	_			87	-		 87
Fund balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Total fund balances	121		91	_	4	_	38		65 2,066 5,625 54 7,810	-	82	 147 2,066 5,625 54 7,892
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 562	\$	97	\$	7	\$_		\$	10,536	\$	82	\$ 10,618

#### TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

	Special Revenue Funds										
Revenues:	Community Development Block Grant Fund	State Housing and Community Development Fund	Parking Lot Fund	Drug Enforcement Fund	Westmoor Park Fund	Cafeteria Fund	Private School Services Fund	School Grants Fund			
Intergovernmental Charges for services Income on investments	\$ 832	\$	\$ 3,062 31	\$ 21 2	\$ 306 374	\$ 1,663 \$ 1,870 12	\$ 688 \$	5,026			
Miscellaneous Total revenues	832	28 28	2 3,095	23	21 701	3,545	688	5,026			
Expenditures: Current: Public safety				16							
Community maintenance Human and cultural Education	554		2,895		664	3,428	2,414	5,024			
Capital outlay Total expenditures	554		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	664	3,428	2,414	5,024			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	278	28	26	2	37	117	(1,726)	22			
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out	127 (405)				(78)	(6)	1,726				
Total other financing sources (uses)	(278)	-	-	-	(78)	(6)	1,726	-			
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	28	26	2	(41)	111	-	2			
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year			2,678	103	435	646	<u> </u>	3			
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	\$\$	\$2,704	\$105_	\$394_	\$\$	\$ <u> </u>	5			

(Continued on next page)

#### TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

				Special Revo	enue Funds			
	School Special Programs Fund	West Hartford Library Fund	School Interscholastic Sports Fund	Technology Investment Fund	Police Private Duty Services Fund	Police Home Ownership Program Fund	Cemetery Operating Fund	C.F. Morway Fund
Revenues:	• • • • • •	<b>•</b> • • •	•	•	•	•		
Intergovernmental	\$ 283	\$ 30	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$\$	
Charges for services	1,601	17	0	15	1,675		304	7
Income on investments	39	1	3				26	7
Miscellaneous	70		505		4.075			7
Total revenues	1,993	48	508	15	1,675	-	330	1
Expenditures: Current: Public safety					1,612			
Community maintenance								
Human and cultural		38					376	
Education	2,159		498					
Capital outlay								
Total expenditures	2,159	38	498	-	1,612	-	376	-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(166)	10	10	15	63	-	(46)	7
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in	265						100	
Transfers out	(3)						(3)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	262	-	-	-	-	-	97	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	96	10	10	15	63	-	51	7
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	1,353	71	163	2	12	17	1,687	6
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$1,449	\$81	\$173_	\$17_	\$75_	\$	\$\$	13

(Continued on next page)

EXHIBIT B-2

#### TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

	_			Sp	ecia	al Revenue Fu	und	s			F	Permanent Fund		
	_	The Town That Cares Fund		School Donations Trust Fund	_	Affordable Housing Trust Fund	-	Veterans Memorial Fund		Total		Private Cemetery Fund	(	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues:														
Intergovernmental	\$		\$	3	\$		\$		\$	8,546	\$		\$	8,546
Charges for services		_		_				2		8,852				8,852
Income on investments		2		2				1		500				500
Miscellaneous	_	79	_	151	-		-			856				856
Total revenues		81	-	156	-	-	-	3	_	18,754		-	_	18,754
Expenditures:														
Current:														
Public safety										1,628				1,628
Community maintenance										2,895				2,895
Human and cultural		110						4		1,746				1,746
Education				174						13,697				13,697
Capital outlay										179				179
Total expenditures	-	110	_	174	-	-	-	4	_	20,145		-	_	20,145
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues														
over Expenditures	_	(29)	_	(18)	-	-	-	(1)	_	(1,391)			_	(1,391)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):														
Transfers in										2,218				2,218
Transfers out										(495)				(495)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	_	1,723	_	-	_	1,723
Net Change in Fund Balances		(29)		(18)		-		(1)		332		-		332
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	-	150	_	109	_	4	-	39	_	7,478		82		7,560
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$_	121	\$_	91	\$_	4	\$	38	\$	7,810	\$	82	\$	7,892

# TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

		Budget	Actual	_	Variance - Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$	1,704 \$	832	¢	(872)
intergovernmental	Ψ	<u>1,704</u> φ	002_	Ψ_	(072)
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Human and cultural: Human services:					
Personal services		257	237		20
Non-personal expense		136	122		14
Capital outlay		103	6		97
Debt and sundry		186	189	_	(3)
Total expenditures		682	554	_	128
Excess of Revenues over Expenditures		1,022	278	_	(744)
Other Financing Uses:					
Transfers in			127		127
Transfers out		(1,022)	(405)		617
Total other financing uses		(1,022)	(278)	_	744
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$		-	\$_	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year					
Fund Balance at End of Year		\$			

# TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT STATE HOUSING AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

	Bud	lget A	ctual		Variance - Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Miscellaneous	\$	\$	28	\$	28
Expenditures: Human and cultural: Non-personal	Ψ			Ф 	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$		28	\$	28
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year					
Fund Balance at End of Year		\$	28		

# TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT PARKING LOT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

	 Budget		Actual	_	Variance - Positive (Negative)
Revenues:					(
Charges for services	\$ 3,385	\$	2,958	\$	(427)
Fines and forfeitures	75		104		29
Interest	8		31		23
Miscellaneous	 0.400		2	_	2
Total revenues	 3,468	·	3,095	_	(373)
Expenditures: Current: Community maintenance: Personal services Non-personal expense Capital outlay Debt and sundry Total expenditures	 898 1,350 370 848 3,466	. <u></u>	883 1,168 210 845 3,106	-	15 182 160 3 360
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 2	:	(11)	\$_	(13)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year			2,678		
Fund Balance at End of Year		\$	2,667		

# TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT WESTMOOR PARK FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

	_	Budget		Actual	_	Variance - Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Charges for services Interest	\$	300 359	\$	306 374	\$	6 15
Miscellaneous Total revenues	_	42 701		21 701	-	(21)
Expenditures: Current: Human and cultural: Personal services Non-personal expense Debt and sundry Total expenditures		359 122 192 673	_	336 142 186 664	-	23 (20) 6 9
Excess of Revenues over Expenditures		28		37		9
Other Financing Uses: Transfers out	_	(28)		(78)	_	(50)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-		(41)	\$_	(41)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year				435		
Fund Balance at End of Year			\$	394		

# TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT PRIVATE SCHOOL SERVICES FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

	_		Actual	-	Variance - Positive (Negative)	
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$	620	\$	688	\$	68
-	ψ	020	Ψ	000	Ψ	00
Expenditures: Current:						
Education	_	2,406	_	2,414	-	(8)
Deficiency of Revenues over Expenditures		(1,786)		(1,726)		60
Other Financing Sources: Transfers in	_	1,786	_	1,726	-	(60)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$_			-	\$_	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year			_	-		
Fund Balance at End of Year			\$_			

# TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT WEST HARTFORD LIBRARY FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

	Budget			Actual	Variance - Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$	5	\$	30	\$	25
Charges for services		15		17		2
Interest	_			1	-	1
Total revenues	_	20	· -	48	-	28
Expenditures: Current: Human and cultural:						
Non-personal expense		92	_	38	_	54
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	\$	(72)		10	\$	82_
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year			_	71	-	
Fund Balance at End of Year			\$_	81	=	

# TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT TECHNOLOGY INVESTMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

	_	Budget	_	Actual	_	Variance - Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Charges for services	\$	12	¢	15	¢	3
Charges for services	φ	12	φ	15	φ	5
Expenditures:						
Current: General government:						
Non-personal expense	-		-		_	-
Deficiency of Revenues over Expenditures	\$_	12		15	\$_	3
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year			_	2		
Fund Balance at End of Year			\$_	17		

## TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT POLICE PRIVATE DUTY SERVICES FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

	 Budget	_	Actual	_	Variance - Positive (Negative)
Revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 1,900	\$	1,675	\$_	(225)
Expenditures: Current: Public safety:					
Personal services	1,200		1,082		118
Non-personal expense	18		18		-
Debt and sundry	 512		512	-	-
Total expenditures	 1,730		1,612	-	118
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	170		63		(107)
Other Financing Uses: Transfers out	 (125)				125
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 45		63	\$_	18
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year			12		
Fund Balance at End of Year		\$	75		

## TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT CEMETERY OPERATING FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

	 Budget		Actual	_	Variance - Positive (Negative)
Revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 340	\$	304	\$	(36)
Income on investments Total revenues	 347		<u>26</u> 330		<u> </u>
Total levenues	 347		330	-	(17)
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Human and cultural:					
Personal services	134		133		1
Non-personal expense	175		144		31
Debt and sundry	 102		117	-	(15)
Total expenditures	 411		394	_	17
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over					
Expenditures	(64)		(64)		-
Other Financing Uses:					
Transfers out	 (3)		(3)	_	-
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (67)		(67)	\$	-
				-	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year			521		
Fund Balance at End of Year		\$_	454		
		_			



# **Capital Projects Fund**

# CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the financial resources for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds.

Revenues to the Capital Projects Fund consist of the proceeds of long- and short-term debt, grants and transfers from operating funds and the Capital and Nonrecurring Expenditure Fund. For the purposes of this report, the activity of the Capital Nonrecurring Expenditure Fund is included in the activities of the Capital Projects Fund.

Appropriations are made on a project life basis by the Town Council in the form of resolutions or bond ordinances.

The schedule on the following pages displays for each project:

- 1. The original appropriation as amended.
- 2. Expenditures for the current fiscal year.
- 3. Expenditures for all fiscal years.
- 4. Outstanding encumbrances.
- 5. Total expenditures on a budgetary basis.
- 6. The project balance at fiscal year end.

For management reporting purposes, projects are classified into functional areas.

If projects are completed with remaining funded balances, the unexpended balance is transferred to the Capital Reserve Account of the Capital and Nonrecurring Expenditure Fund. The Reserve is then used as a source of funding for future projects.

#### TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL VS. APPROPRIATIONS (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

Fiscal Year	Project Name	 Amended Budget		Expended and Encumbered Current Year		Total All Years	-	Project Balance
	Public Buildings:							
2016	Town Building Improvements	\$ 1,430	\$	5	\$	1,430	\$	-
2016	Energy Conservation	5,093	•	787	·	4,739		354
2017	Town Building Improvements	1,470		109		1,470		-
2017	Energy Conservation	100		100		100		-
2017	Cemetery Improvements	210		100		210		-
2018	Town Building Improvements	1,364		573		1,364		-
2019	Town Building Improvements	1,509		1,509		1,509		-
2019	Energy Conservation	50		50		50		-
2019	Town Building Improvements	50		50	_	50		-
	Total Public Buildings	11,276		3,283	_	10,922	_	354
	Parks and Recreation:							
2010	WH Dog Park	2		-		-		2
2013	Beachland Pool	150		-		139		11
2014	Park/Playscape Improvements	88		5		88		-
2014	Troutbrook Trail - Phase II	76		-		58		18
2015	Athletic Playfield Improvements	110		70		109		1
2015	Cornerstone Pool	25		1		23		2
2015	Goodrich Field Improvements	165		-		162		3
2015	Troutbrook Trail - Phase II Construction	560		18		439		121
2015	Troutbrook Trail - Phase VI	330		6		70		260
2015	Sarah Whitman Hooker House	25		1		25		-
2016 2016	Rockledge Golf Course Outdoor Pool Improvements	50 51		22 11		49 40		1 11
2010	Park/Playscape Improvements	60		23		40 60		
2010	Sitework - Recreational Facilities	50		- 25		50		-
2017	Cornerstone - CDBG	218		29		218		_
2017	Outdoor Pool Improvements	75		20		7		68
2017	Park & Playfield Improvements	100		100		, 100		-
2017	Park & Playscape Management	78		62		62		16
2018	Sitework - Recreational Facilities	50		45		48		2
2018	Rockledge Improvements	68		64		64		4
2018	Park & Playfield Improvements	125		125		125		-
2018	Park & Playscape Management	62		5		5		57
2018	Troutbrook Trail - Phase III	500		-		-		500
2019	Sitework - Recreational Facilities	40		4		4		36
2019	Beachland Park Improvements - CDBG	180		180		180		-
2019	Outdoor Pool Improvements	67		-		-		67
2019	Wolcott Park Improvements	300		300		300		-
2019	Park & Playfield Improvements	200		192		192		8
2019	Westmoor Park Improvements	50		1		1		49
2019	Fernridge Park	20		-		-		20
2019	Park & Playscape Management - CDBG	175		71		71		104
2019	Sterling Field - CDBG	210		210	_	210	_	-
	Total Parks and Recreation	4,260		1,545	-	2,899	-	1,361
0011	Infrastructure:	0.5						10
2014	Streetlight Relamping	90 740		-		74		16
2014	Stormwater Management	740		7		740		-
2014	Park Road/I84 Design	431		1		399		32
2016	Braeburn Road Culvert	277		1		35		242
2016	Traffic System Management	200		45		200		-

#### TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL VS. APPROPRIATIONS (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

Fiscal Year	Project Name		Amended Budget	Expended and Encumbered Current Year	Total All Years	Project Balance
	Infrastructure (continued):					
2016	Stormwater Management	\$	720 \$	5	\$ 720 \$	\$ -
2016	Mayflower Street Bridge	Ψ	720 φ 71	- -	φ 720 . 70	φ - 1
2017	Arterial Street Reconstruction		1,390	31	1,390	-
2017	Neighborhood Street Improvements		1,532	3	1,532	-
2017	Street Resurfacing		1,473	30	1,473	-
2017	Traffic System Management		82	9	82	-
2017	Stormwater Management		628	-	628	-
2017	Pedestrian & Bicycle Management		1,174	46	767	407
2017	Park Road Interchange		5,088	3,432	5,088	-
2018	Arterial Street Reconstruction		1,442	12	1,442	-
2018	Neighborhood Street Reconstruction		1,478	143	1,478	-
2018	Street Resurfacing		856	2	856	-
2018	Street Resurfacing - CDBG		80	80	80	-
2018	Traffic System Management		234	243	234	-
2018	Stormwater Management		570	224	570	-
2018	North Main Street Bridge Rehabilitation		1,696	-	35	1,661
2018	Pedestrian and Bicycle Management		470	-	470	-
2018	Park Road Interchange		2,951	2,191	2,891	60
2018	Albany Ave at Mountain Road		1,555	-	-	1,555
2019	Arterial Street Reconstruction		1,486	1,484	1,486	-
2019	Neighborhood Street Reconstruction		1,625	1,071	1,624	1
2019	Street Resurfacing		1,320	897	1,319	1
2019	Stormwater Management		400	399	399	1
2019	Pedestrian & Bicycle Management		400	256	400	-
2019	Street Resurfacing – CDBG		200	191	191	9
2019	Traffic System Management		61	50	50	11
2019	Traffic System Improvements		103	-	-	103
2020	Arterial Street Reconstruction		1,530	467	467	1,063
2020	Neighborhood Street Reconstruction		1,672	1,527	1,527	145
2020	Street Resurfacing		478	478	478	-
2020	Traffic System Management		200	22	22	178
2020	Stormwater Management		262	262	262	-
2020 2020	Drainage Study - FEAT		200 412	200 405	200 405	- 7
2020	Pedestrian & Bicycle Management Stormwater Management		306	405	405	230
2021	Total Infrastructure		35,883	14,290	30,160	5,723
	Miscellaneous:		00,000	14,200		
2011	Radio Communications System		995	265	995	
2013	Fire Station Alerting System		100	51	100	-
2015	Fire Apparatus		790	161	790	-
2015	Personal Property Assessment		50	15	50	-
2015	Economic Development		350	-	320	30
2016	Financial Management System		500	18	500	-
2017	Radio System Replacement		4,900	2,675	4,061	839
2017	Public Safety Facility		100	_,0.0	-	100
2017	Recycling Center		200	80	123	77
2018	Communications Infrastructure		657	-	657	-
2018	Public Works Rolling Stock		482	126	482	-
2019	Communications Infrastructure		750	652	739	11
2019	Public Works Rolling Stock		510	509	509	1
2019	Financial Management System		850	259	259	591
2019	Property Revaluation 2020		300			300
2020	Fire Apparatus		770	301	301	469
2020	Communications Infrastructure		300	126	126	174
2020	Public Works Rolling Stock		263	263	263	-
2020	Recycling Center		1,250	930	930	320
	Total Miscellaneous		14,117	6,431	11,205	2,912
			·	·	·	·

Fiscal			Amended	En	pended and cumbered	Total	Project
Year	Project Name		Budget	Cı	irrent Year	 All Years	Balance
	Schools:						
2014	Charter Oak School	\$	3,000	\$	17	\$ 3,000	5
2015	Charter Oak School		42,000		200	41,433	56
2016	School Security		350		-	350	
2016	Heating & Ventilation Systems		800		1	800	
2017	Hall Science Labs		6,400		4,755	5,766	63
2017	Furniture & Equipment Replacement		175		5	175	
2017	School Security		350		59	350	
2018	Hall Science Labs		6,400		5,720	6,400	
2018	Asbestos Removal		225		186	225	
2018	Furniture & Equipment Replacement		75		75	75	
2018	Exterior School Building Improvements		1,450		710	1,450	
2018	Interior School Building Improvements		750		118	750	
2018	Stage & Auditorium Renovations		200		108	200	
2018	Heating & Ventilation Systems		800		2	800	
2018	Site and Athletic Fields		900		6	900	
2018	Heating & Ventilation Systems		150		11	132	1
2019	Site and Athletic Fields		550		539	550	
2019	Asbestos Removal		250		250	250	
2019	Interior School Building Improvements		1,350		1,253	1,350	
2019	Computer Infrastructure		300		300	300	
2019	Furniture & Equipment Replacement		125		58	58	6
2019	Exterior School Building Improvements		1,550		1,550	1,550	
2019	Stage & Auditorium Renovations		200		200	200	
2019	Heating & Ventilation Systems		150		15	15	13
2020	Asbestos Removal		250		113	113	13
2020	Exterior School Building Improvements		1,575		624	624	95
2020	Interior School Building Improvements		1,100		558	558	54
2020	School Security		1,000		964	964	3
2020	Stage & Auditorium Improvements		200		101	101	9
2020	Site & Athletic Field Improvements		250		45	 45	20
	Total Schools	_	72,875		18,543	 69,484	3,39
	Total	\$	138,411	\$	44,092	\$ 124,670	6 13,74

Note: Schedule of expenditures does not include Capital and Nonrecurring Expenditure Fund.



# **Internal Service Funds**

# INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

The Internal Service Funds are used for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the Town, or to other governments, on a costreimbursement basis. The Risk Management Fund and the Utilities Services Fund are the Town's only Internal Service Funds.

# TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

	-	Risk Utilities Management Services Fund Fund				Total
Assets:						
Current:	•	4	<u> </u>		•	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,328	\$	1,987	\$	6,315
Investments		21,633				21,633
Receivables, net		567				567
Prepaid items	-	2	-	4.007		2
Total assets	-	26,530		1,987	_	28,517
Liabilities:						
Current:						
Accounts and other payables		301		215		516
Payroll liabilities		26		2		28
Risk management claims		6,401				6,401
Total current liabilities	-	6,728	_	217		6,945
Noncurrent:						
Risk management claims		5,237				5,237
Total liabilities	-	11,965	_	217		12,182
	-					
Net Position:	<i>.</i>					
Unrestricted	\$	14,565	\$_	1,770	\$	16,335

# TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

	Risk Management Fund	_	Utilities Services Fund		Total
Operating Revenues:					
Fund premiums	\$ 35,448	\$	5,310	\$	40,758
Employee contributions	7,536				7,536
Other	386	_			386
Total operating revenues	43,370	_	5,310		48,680
Operating Expenses:					
Administrative expense	172		84		256
Employee benefits	39,048				39,048
Insurance and program services	5,847				5,847
Utility services		_	4,668		4,668
Total operating expenses	45,067	-	4,752		49,819
Operating (Income) Loss	(1,697)		558		(1,139)
Nonoperating Revenue:					
Income on investments	1,452	_	21	·	1,473
Income Before Transfers	(245)		579		334
Transfers Out	(55)	_			(55)
Change in Net Position	(300)		579		279
Net Position at Beginning of Year	14,865	_	1,191		16,056
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 14,565	\$_	1,770	\$	16,335

## TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

(In Thousands)

		Risk Management Fund	_	Utilities Services Fund		Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:						
Cash received from employees	\$	7,536	\$		\$	7,536
Cash received from operating funds		35,448		5,310		40,758
Cash payments to providers benefits Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(37,597) (6,711)		(4,761)		(37,597)
Other operating receipts		386		(4,701)		(11,472) 386
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	•	(938)	-	549	_	(389)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:						
Transfers to other funds		(55)	_			(55)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:						
Income on investments		67	-	21		88
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(926)		570		(356)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		5,254	-	1,417		6,671
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	4,328	\$_	1,987	\$	6,315
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash						
Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:	•		•		•	(4, 400)
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	\$	(1,697)	\$	558	\$	(1,139)
Change in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		606				606
Increase (decrease) in accounts and other payables		(704)		(9)		(713)
Increase (decrease) in payroll liabilities		12		( )		12
Increase (decrease) in risk management claim liability		845	-		_	845
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$	(938)	\$_	549	\$	(389)
Noncash Investing and Capital Financing Activities:						
Net Increase in Fair Value of Investments	\$	1,381	\$_		\$	1,381

### TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT RISK MANAGEMENT FUND OPERATING RESULTS BY PROGRAM FOR FISCAL YEAR JUNE 30, 2019 WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR 2018

(In Thousands)

	Worker Compensa	-	Town Health	Heart and Hypertension	Self-Insured Program	Insured Program	BOE Health	Interfund Elimination	2019 Total	2018 Total
Operating revenues:										
Fund premiums	\$2	2,909 \$	,	\$ 64	\$ 855	\$ 1,213				36,041
Employee contributions			1,217				6,319		7,536	8,021
Subrogations/miscellaneous		276	85				25		386	138
Total	3	9,185	16,625	64	855	1,213	32,273	(10,845)	43,370	44,200
Investment income		130	129	43	158		992		1,452	1,270
Total revenues	3	3,315	16,754	107	1,013	1,213	33,265	(10,845)	44,822	45,470
Operating expenses:										
Employee claims expenses	2	.625	8,374	376	1,150		25,106	(10,845)	26,786	26.661
Retiree claims expenses		,	7,612		,		4,650		12,262	12,161
Program expenses		134	1,136	8	61	1,280	1,088		3,707	4,082
Insurance services		374	465	4	100	,	1,197		2,140	2,040
Administrative expenses		69		17	69	17			172	266
Total expenses	3	3,202	17,587	405	1,380	1,297	32,041	(10,845)	45,067	45,210
Income (loss) before transfers		113	(833)	(298)	(367)	(84)	1,224	-	(245)	260
Other financing uses:										
Transfers out		(7)	(40)	(1)	(6)	(1)	<u> </u>		(55)	(50)
Change in Net Position		106	(873)	(299)	(373)	(85)	1,224	-	(300)	210
Net Position at Beginning of Year		(134)	178	(31)	1,660	101	13,091	<u> </u>	14,865	14,655
Net Position at End of Year	\$	(28) \$	(695)	\$(330)	\$1,287	\$16	\$ 14,315	\$\$	14,565 \$	14,865
Distribution of net position:										
Reserved net position	\$	\$	(691)	\$	\$ 1,596	\$	\$ 13,946	\$\$	14,851 \$	14,517
Unreserved net position	- 	(28)	(4)	(330)	(309)	16	369		(286)	348
Net Position at End of Year	¢	(20) *		¢ (220)	\$ 1.287	\$ 16	¢ 14.045	- <u> </u>	14.565 \$	14 965
Net Fosition at End Of Year	\$	(28) \$	(695)	\$(330)	\$1,287	\$16	\$ 14,315	- a	14,565 \$	14,865



**Fiduciary Funds** 

## FIDUCIARY FUNDS

The Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the Town in an agency capacity on behalf of others. The agency funds of the Town are as follows:

## **TRUST FUNDS:**

**Pension Trust Fund** - This fund is used for the accumulation of resources and to be used for retirement payments to members of the Towns as defined in the Charter of the Town upon their retirement.

**Other Postemployment (OPEB) Trust Fund** - This fund is used for the accumulation of resources and to be used for payments of healthcare benefits for retired employees.

## AGENCY FUND:

**Student Activity Fund** - The Student Activity Fund accounts for the monies generated by student activities in the West Hartford school system.

# TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PENSION AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT TRUST FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

	-	Pension Trust Fund		OPEB Trust Fund		Total
Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents Investments:	\$	1,052	\$	2,049	\$	3,101
Mutual funds		171,126		5,157		176,283
Common stock		16,928				16,928
Alternative investments		23,203				23,203
Receivables:						
Interest and dividends	_	16	_			16
Total assets	-	212,325	-	7,206		219,531
Liabilities:						
Accounts and other payables	-	154	-	2		156
Net Position:						
Restricted for pension benefits		212,171				212,171
Restricted for OPEB benefits	-		-	7,204		7,204
Total Net Position	\$	212,171	\$_	7,204	\$_	219,375

## TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION PENSION AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT TRUST FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

Additions:		Pension rust Fund	-	OPEB Trust Fund		Total
Contributions:						
Employer	\$	23,880	\$	12,551	\$	36,431
Plan members	•	3,292	·	118	·	3,410
Other revenue		,		294		294
Total contributions		27,172	-	12,963		40,135
Investment income:						
Net change in fair value of investments		7,243		213		7,456
Interest		150		1		151
Dividends		4,289		112		4,401
Total investment income		11,682	_	326		12,008
Less investment expense		(443)	_	(2)		(445)
Net investment income		11,239	_	324		11,563
Total additions		38,411	-	13,287	•	51,698
Deductions:						
Benefits		33,126		10,845		43,971
Administration		338	-			338
Total deductions		33,464	_	10,845		44,309
Change in Net Position		4,947		2,442		7,389
Net Position at Beginning of Year		207,224	_	4,762		211,986
Net Position at End of Year	\$	212,171	\$_	7,204	\$	219,375

# TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT AGENCY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

Student Activity Fund	Balance ly 1, 2018		Additions	-	Deductions	-	Balance June 30, 2019
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,118	\$_	2,679	\$	2,624	\$_	1,173
Liabilities: Due to student groups	\$ 1,118	\$	2,679	\$	2,624	\$	1,173





# **Statistical Section Information**

The objectives of statistical section information are to provide financial statement users with additional historical perspective, context and detail to assist in using the information in the financial statements, notes to financial statements and required supplementary information to understand and assess economic condition.

Statistical section information is presented in the following categories:

- *Financial trends information* is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing how financial position has changed over time.
- *Revenue capacity information* is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing the factors affecting the ability to generate *own-source revenues* (property taxes, charges for services, etc.).
- *Debt capacity information* is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing debt burden and the ability to issue additional debt.
- Demographic and economic information is intended 1) to assist users in understanding the socioeconomic environment and 2) to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial statement information over time and among governments.
- *Operating information* is intended to provide contextual information about operations and resources to assist readers in using financial statement information to understand and assess economic condition.

The accompanying tables are presented in the above order. Refer to the Table of Contents for applicable page number locations.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in the tables is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

#### TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT NET POSITION BY COMPONENT Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

						Fisca	al Y	ear				
	2010		2011	2012	2013	2014		2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Governmental activities:												
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 164,752	<b>\$</b> 1	167,371	\$ 159,716	\$ 171,505	\$ 161,236	\$	154,273	\$ 180,092	\$ 194,218	\$ 203,759	\$ 227,469
Restricted	2,273		2,502	2,508	2,601	2,515		891	831	82	82	82
Unrestricted	23,132		23,842	28,991	22,389	32,883		(133,041)	(152,445)	(173,088)	(334,271)	(365,979)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 190,157	<b>\$</b> 1	193,715	\$ 191,215	\$ 196,495	\$ 196,634	\$	22,123	\$ 28,478	\$ 21,212	\$ (130,430)	\$ (138,428)
Business-type activities: Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	\$ 12,490 (2,137)	\$	11,950 (2,185)	\$ 13,010 (2,244)	\$ 13,040 (2,256)	\$ 12,533 (2,186)	\$	14,052 (5,034)	\$ 13,740 (5,007)	\$ 12,937 (5,313)	\$ 11,663 (8,234)	\$ 10,779 (9,148)
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 10,353	\$	9,765	\$ 10,766	\$ 10,784	\$ 10,347	\$	9,018	\$ 8,733	\$ 7,624	\$ 3,429	\$ 1,631
Primary government:												
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 177,242	<b>\$</b> 1	179,321	\$ 172,726	\$ 184,545	\$ 173,769	\$	168,325	\$ 193,832	\$ 207,155	\$ 215,422	\$ 238,248
Restricted	2,273		2,502	2,508	2,601	2,515		891	831	82	82	82
Unrestricted	20,995		21,657	26,747	20,133	30,697		(138,075)	(157,452)	(178,401)	(342,505)	(375,127)
Total primary government net position	\$ 200,510	\$ 2	203,480	\$ 201,981	\$ 207,279	\$ 206,981	\$	31,141	\$ 37,211	\$ 28,836	\$ (127,001)	\$ (136,797)

																		TAB	LE	2
										Fisca	I Ye	ear								
		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019
Expenses:																				
Governmental activities:																				
General government	\$	8,168	\$	8,088	\$	8,220	\$	9,410	\$	11,362	\$	10,059	\$	13,391	\$	15,064	\$	12,947	\$	15,076
Public safety		32,541		35,114		40,231		43,699		45,213		48,798		55,382		56,932		62,903		65,519
Community maintenance		35,908		36,593		45,350		34,227		35,598		37,042		39,475		40,717		42,443		37,686
Human and cultural		9,246		9,459		11,833		11,308		11,526		13,858		13,356		13,144		13,812		20,843
Education		152,122		161,282		167,347		172,635		178,648		180,805		191,683		213,041		220,200		208,031
Interest on long-term debt		5,835		5,679		5,458		4,978		4,963		4,989		4,826		4,696		4,601		4,271
Total governmental activities expenses		243,820		256,215		278,439		276,257		287,310		295,551		318,113		343,594		356,906		351,426
Business-type activities:																				
Leisure services		3,686		3,694		3,761		3,896		3,971		4,122		4,503		4,668		6,179		5,930
Total primary government expenses	\$	247,506	\$	259,909	\$	282,200	\$	280,153	\$	291,281	\$	299,673	\$	322,616	\$	348,262	\$	363,085	\$	357,356
Program Revenues:																				
Governmental activities:																				
Charges for services:																				
General government	\$	1,482	\$	1,271	\$	1,359	\$	1,478	\$	1,445	\$	1,434	\$	1,676	\$	1,570	\$	1,376	\$	1,516
Public safety		1,851		2,847		3,171		3,290		3,048		3,021		2,784		3,333		3,668		3,319
Community maintenance		4,140		3,386		3,847		4,132		4,128		5,303		5,083		5,064		5,078		4,960
Human and cultural		1,374		1,579		1,422		1,409		1,423		1,493		1,463		1,523		1,601		1,527
Education		3,903		4,549		4,522		4,288		3,918		3,888		3,730		3,692		3,683		3,976
Interest on long-term debt		94		71		47														
Operating grants and contributions		39,951		41,375		51,883		45,239		48,077		46,460		49,472		64,163		63,999		46,558
Capital grants and contributions		2,317		1,837		1,857		2,277		962		7,627		21,695		8,388		6,673		12,970
Total governmental activities program revenues		55,112		56,915		68,108		62,113		63,001		69,226		85,903		87,733		86,078		74,826
Business-type activities:																				
Charges for services		2,794		2,752		2,766		2,648		2,889		2,968		3,140		2,943		3,814		3,694
Operating grants and contributions						19		20		26										
Capital grants and contributions		279		332		1,906		923		468		2,520		757		299		356		168
Total business-type activities program revenues		3,073		3,084		4,691		3,591		3,383		5,488		3,897		3,242		4,170		3,862
Total primary government program revenues	\$	58,185	\$	59,999	\$	72,799	\$	65,704	\$	66,384	\$	74,714	\$	89,800	\$	90,975	\$	90,248	\$	78,688
Net (Expense) Revenue:	_		-		-		-												-	
Governmental activities	\$	(188 708)	\$	(199,300)	\$	(210.331)	\$	(214 144)	\$	(224 309)	\$	(226,325)	\$	(232,210)	\$	(255 861)	\$	(270,828)	\$	(276 600
Business-type activities	Ť	(613)	Ŷ	(610)	Ŷ	930	Ŷ	(305)	Ŷ	(588)	Ŷ	1,366	Ŷ	(606)	Ŷ	(1,426)	Ŷ	(2,009)	Ŷ	(2,068
Total primary government net expense	\$	(189,321)	\$	(199,910)	\$		\$	(214,449)	\$	(224,897)	\$	(224,959)	\$	(232,816)	\$	(257,287)	\$	(272,837)	\$	(278,668
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net I		1 . /	Ŷ	(100,010)	Ŷ	(200,101)	Ŷ	(211,110)	Ŷ	(221,001)	Ŷ	(221,000)	Ŷ	(202,010)	Ŷ	(201,201)	Ŷ	(212,001)	Ŷ	(210,000
Governmental activities:		••••																		
Property taxes	\$	186,278	\$	193,695	\$	199,769	\$	210,661	\$	214,970	\$	222,840	\$	229,698	\$	237,427	\$	252,899	\$	258.308
Unrestricted grants and contributions	Ψ	2,750	Ψ	2.800	Ψ	3,185	Ψ	3,001	Ψ	2,855	Ψ	2,895	Ψ	2,495	Ψ	4,261	Ψ	2,360	Ψ	2.127
Unrestricted grants and contributions		2,750		2,300		1,076		2,024		2,635		1,378		1,567		2,356		2,300		3,719
Miscellaneous		4,700		4,072		3,859		4,042		4.089		4,512		5,126		4,868		4,855		4,718
Transfers		(313)		(20)		(58)		(304)		(151)		(145)		(321)		(317)		(20)		(270
Total governmental activities		195,574		202.858		207,831		219,424		224,448		231,480		238,565		248,595		262,831		268,602
Business-type activities:		195,574		202,000		207,031		219,424		224,440		231,400		236,303		240,393		202,031		200,002
Miscellaneous		1		2		13		19												
				20		58		304		454		145		321		247		20		270
Transfers		313		20		71		304		151 151		145 145		321		317 317		20		270
Total business-type activities	-	314	^		ŕ		•		¢		<b>^</b>		<u>^</u>	-	<u>^</u>	-	¢		*	270
Total primary government	\$	195,888	\$	202,880	\$	207,902	\$	219,747	\$	224,599	\$	231,625	\$	238,886	\$	248,912	\$	262,851	\$	268,872
Changes in Net Position:																				
Governmental activities	\$	6,866	\$	3,558	\$	(2,500)	\$	5,280	\$	139	\$	5,155	\$	6,355	\$	(7,266)	\$	(7,997)	\$	(7,998
Business-type activities		(299)		(588)		1,001		18		(437)		1,511		(285)		(1,109)		(1,989)		(1,798
Total primary government	\$	6,567	\$	2,970	\$	(1,499)	\$	5,298	\$	(298)	\$	6,666	\$	6,070	\$	(8,375)	\$	(9,986)	\$	(9,796

## TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

									TAB	LE 3
					Fiscal	Year				
	2010	2011*	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
General Fund:										
Reserved	\$ 809									
Unreserved	17,193									
Nonspendable	,	\$ 178	\$ 169	\$ 179	\$ 178	\$ 172	\$ 257	\$ 193	\$ 289	\$ 263
Assigned		652	355	333	374	262	441	541	500	389
Unassigned		17,881	17,831	18,931	19,653	20,621	21,094	21,811	25,438	26,375
Total General Fund	\$ 18,002	\$ 18,711	\$ 18,355	\$ 19,443	\$ 20,205	\$ 21,055	\$ 21,792	\$ 22,545	\$ 26,227	\$27,027
All other Governmental Funds:										
Reserved	\$ 5,642									
Unreserved, reported in:										
Special Revenue Funds	8,400									
Capital Projects Funds	4,103									
Nonspendable		\$ 77	\$81	\$ 66	\$88	\$ 55	\$ 128	\$ 128	\$ 141	\$ 147
Restricted		1,191	1,104	1,164	1,136	2,535	2,282	2,088	2,015	2,066
Committed		17,254	18,704	9,409	17,459	28,682	16,681	16,755	19,322	11,396
Assigned		56	13	11	74	28	4	52		54
Unassigned		(720						(10)		
Total all other Governmental Funds	\$ 18,145	\$ 17,858	\$ 19,867	\$ 9,399	\$ 18,757	\$ 31,300	\$ 19,095	\$ 19,013	\$ 21,478	\$13,663

\*The Town implemented GASB Statement No.54

#### TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

									TABL	.E 4
					Fisca	al Year				
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Revenues:										
Property taxes	\$ 186,852	\$ 192,984	\$ 200,033	\$ 210,571	\$ 214,923	\$ 223,062	\$ 229,630	\$ 236,916	\$ 253,000	\$ 258,047
Intergovernmental	42,039	45,636	55,878	49,523	51,510	56,573	73,428	75,975	72,835	59,836
Charges for services	12,724	13,252	13,939	14,499	13,577	14,734	14,547	14,853	14,928	14,812
Income on investments	1,420	1,077	796	790	678	695	1,011	751	1,434	2,252
Miscellaneous	7,632	5,221	5,535	5,500	5,195	5,601	5,908	6,243	5,961	7,019
Total revenues	250,667	258,170	276,181	280,883	285,883	300,665	324,524	334,738	348,158	341,966
Expenditures:										
General government	4,797	5,114	5,116	5,220	5,328	5,440	5,842	6,321	5,954	6,236
Public safety	23,215	24,998	26,802	27,660	27,337	27,495	27,917	28,461	28,658	30,599
Community maintenance	17.250	17,134	16,523	17,484	17,881	18,122	18,329	18,482	17,973	18,359
Human and cultural	8,038	7,646	7,705	7,531	7,929	7,916	8,118	8,095	8,175	8,029
Education	146,455	155,709	162,737	168,117	173,040	175,600	180,708	199,184	207,915	192,186
Capital outlay	10.003	9.749	12,150	13,665	14,378	18,862	50,360	28,407	18,785	33,565
Debt:	10,000	0,110	12,100	10,000	11,010	10,002	00,000	20,101	10,100	00,000
Principal	12,895	14,130	14,475	12,535	12,255	12,550	26,900	15,220	16,370	17,410
Interest	6,288	5.679	5,458	5,417	4,977	4,977	5,233	5,116	5,166	17,110
Other charges	85	68	89	5	4,011	4,011	0,200	0,110	0,100	
Sundry	24,997	25,854	40,512	32,375	34,564	37,629	26,997	42,193	46,537	52,689
Total expenditures	254,023	266,081	291,567	290,009	297,689	308,591	350,404	351,479	355,533	359,073
Excess of revenue under expenditures	(3,356)	(7,911)	(15,386)	(9,126)	(11,806)	(7,926)	(25,880)	(16,741)	(7,375)	(17,107)
Other financing sources (uses):										
Bonds issued	15,000	8,000	15,000		20,000	21,000	14,000	17,000	13,000	10,000
Refunding bonds issued	10,000	0,000	10,000		20,000	21,000	12,295	11,000	10,000	10,000
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	(67,257)						(13,424)			
Premium on refunding bonds issued	67,710						1,258			
Premium on bonds issued	273	302	2.047		2,027	414	554	679	492	307
Transfers in	4,644	17,789	14,585	16,941	17,372	19,981	21,367	22,190	27,582	23,816
Transfers out	(4,633)		(14,593)	(17,195)		,	(21,638)		(27,552)	(24,031)
Total other financing sources (uses)	15,737	8,332	17,039	(17,193)	21,926	21,319	14,412	17,412	13,522	10,092
Total other infancing sources (uses)	15,757	0,002	17,039	(234)	21,920	21,319	14,412	17,412	13,322	10,092
Net change in fund balances	\$ 12,381	\$ 421	\$ 1,653	\$ (9,380)	\$ 10,120	\$ 13,393	\$ (11,468)	\$ 671	\$ 6,147	\$ (7,015)
Debt service as a percentage of										
noncapital expenditures	7.85%	7.71%	7.05%	7.05%	6.05%	5.99%	10.61%	6.27%	6.39%	5.34%

## TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY Last Ten Fiscal Years

(amounts expressed in thousands)

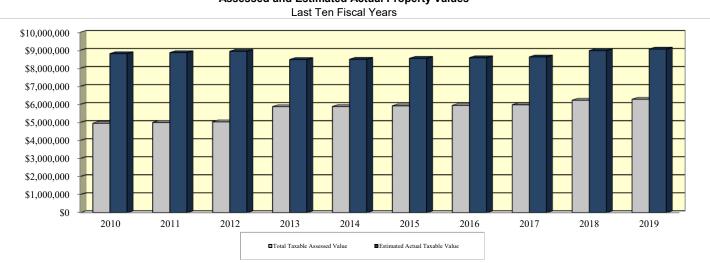
TABLE 5	
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		Real Property		Personal	Property					Taxable
						Less:	Total Taxable	Total	Estimated Actual	Assessed Value
Fiscal					Motor	Tax Exempt	Assessed	Direct Tax	Taxable	Percentage of Actual
Year	Residential <sup>1</sup>	Commercial <sup>1</sup>	Industrial <sup>1</sup>	Other <sup>1</sup>	Vehicle <sup>1</sup>	Property	Value	Rate	Value	Taxable Value <sup>2</sup>
2010	4,711,416	828,729	73,027	195,797	362,919	1,217,965	4,953,923	37.54	8,816,983	70%
2011	4,738,213	837,183	71,579	197,343	366,554	1,211,022	4,999,850	38.38	8,872,674	70%
2012	4,763,366	842,798	71,412	197,281	387,159	1,227,614	5,034,402	39.44	8,945,737	70%
2013	4,399,030	843,891	86,022	201,370	413,576	65,870	5,878,020	35.75	8,491,271	70%
2014	4,410,715	845,821	86,130	204,405	406,403	64,939	5,888,536	36.30	8,504,964	70%
2015	4,429,342	845,804	86,007	212,811	415,829	65,131	5,924,662	37.37	8,556,847	70%
2016	4,448,363	846,482	81,656	218,010	419,255	67,595	5,946,171	38.31	8,591,093	70%
2017	4,467,509	854,835	81,443	218,497	422,102	63,913	5,980,473	39.51	8,634,838	70%
2018	4,517,901	1,038,528	87,682	213,611	429,408	54,419	6,232,712	41.04	8,981,615	70%
2019	4,524,296	1,061,804	87,823	237,868	436,673	63,346	6,285,118	41.00	9,069,234	70%

Source: Town of West Hartford, Department of Assessment

<sup>1</sup>Includes tax exempt property.

<sup>2</sup>Assessed Value is 70% of Estimated Actual Value.



Assessed and Estimated Actual Property Values

## TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS

Current Year and Nine Years Ago (amounts expressed in thousands)

TABLE 6

			and Lis		-	rand L	ist of , 2008
Taxpayer	Nature of Business	Taxable Assessed Value		Percent of Total Town Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value		Percent of Total Town Taxable Assessed Value
Blue Back Square, LLC	Real Estate Inv	\$ 79,794	1	1.27%	\$ 65,341	1	1.06%
Westfarms Associates	Shopping Mall	52,150	2	0.83%	35,000	2	0.57%
FW CT Corbins Corner Shopping Center	Retail	42,378	3	0.67%	34,558	3	0.56%
Connecticut Light and Power	Utility	41,736	4	0.66%	28,267	4	0.46%
Town Center West Associates	Office/Retail	28,069	5	0.45%	23,054	6	0.37%
McAuley Center Inc. (Sisters of Mercy)	Assisted Living	24,529	6	0.39%	15,963	9	0.26%
Westgate Apartments LLC	Apartments	20,516	7	0.33%			
E&A Northeast Limited Partnership	Retail	18,885	8	0.30%	27,933	5	0.45%
Bishop's Corner (E&A) LLC	Retail	18,789	9	0.30%	17,039	8	0.28%
Prospect Plaza Improvements LLC	Retail	17,927	10	0.29%	14,619	10	0.24%
Wiremold	Industrial				19,517	7	0.32%
		\$ 344,772		5.49%	\$ 281,291		4.57%

2019 Revenue from Principal Taxpayers	\$ 14,136
2019 Percent of Total General Fund Revenue	4.84%

Source: Town of West Hartford, Department of Assessment

Note: Assessments include Real Property, Personal Property and Motor Vehicles.

#### TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT **PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS** Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

#### TABLE 7

			Collected v Fiscal Year			Total Collections	
Fiscal	Tax Rate	Total Tax Levy for		Percentage	Collections in Subsequent		Percentage
Year	in Mills	Fiscal Year	Amount	of Levy	Years	Amount	of Levy
2010	37.54	\$ 186,542	\$ 184,817	99.1%	1,539	\$ 186,356	99.9%
2011	38.38	192,761	190,585	98.9%	1,759	192,344	99.8%
2012	39.44	199,192	197,344	99.1%	1,441	198,785	99.8%
2013	35.75	210,065	208,258	99.1%	1,449	209,707	99.8%
2014	36.30	214,310	212,530	99.2%	1,348	213,878	99.8%
2015	37.37	222,213	220,483	99.2%	1,336	221,819	99.8%
2016	38.31	229,112	227,450	99.3%	1,309	228,759	99.8%
2017	39.51	236,740	234,921	99.2%	1,169	236,090	99.7%
2018	41.04	252,998	251,418	99.4%	562	251,980	99.6%
2019	41.00	258,647	256,840	99.3%	n/a	256,840	99.3%

Source: Tax Collector's Report; Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Note: A portion of property tax collections was reported in the Blue Back Square Fund in fiscal years 2007-2010.

**n/a** - Not applicable to current fiscal year.

#### TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands, except per capita amount)

	Governn Activit		Business-Type Activities			Bonded Debt as	
	General			Total	Bonded	Percentage	Bonded Debt
Fiscal	Obligation	Capital	Leisure	Primary	Debt to Estimated	of Personal	Per
Year	Bonds	Leases	Services	Government	Actual Taxable Value <sup>1</sup>	Income <sup>2</sup>	Capita <sup>3</sup>
2010	\$ 150,200	\$-	\$-	\$ 150,200	1.7%	7.4%	2,460
2011	144,299	-	-	144,299	1.6%	7.1%	2,364
2012	148,551	-	-	148,551	1.7%	7.3%	2,433
2013	135,686	-	-	135,686	1.6%	4.9%	2,145
2014	145,706	-	-	145,706	1.7%	5.2%	2,303
2015	154,045	-	-	154,045	1.8%	5.5%	2,435
2016	154,667	-	-	154,667	1.8%	5.6%	2,445
2017	156,308	-	-	156,308	1.8%	5.6%	2,471
2018	152,770	-	-	152,770	1.7%	5.5%	2,415
2019	145,173	-	-	145,173	1.6%	5.2%	2,295

**Note:** The Town's net direct debt is equal to its direct debt. Details regarding the Town's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

<sup>1</sup> See Table 5 for property value data.

<sup>2</sup> See Table 11 for Personal Income data.

<sup>3</sup> See Table 11 for Population data.

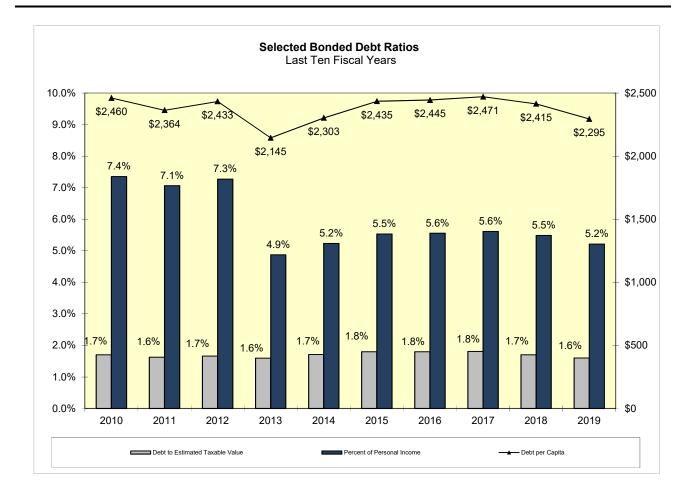


TABLE 8

#### TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF DEBT LIMITATION **Current Fiscal Year**

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	TABLE
\$ 253,910	*
 5	_
\$ 253,915	_
\$	5

General Purpose		Schools		Sewers		Urban Renewal		I	Pension Deficit
\$	571,309	\$		\$		\$		\$	
			1,142,617						
					952,181		005 004		
							825,224		764 745
	571 300		1 1/2 617		052 181		825 224		761,745 761,745
	571,509		1,142,017		952,101		023,224		701,743
	96,247		43,428						
	2,960		3,850						
					211,467				
	99,207		47,278		211,467				
\$	472,102	\$	1,095,339	\$	740,714	<u>\$</u>	825,224	\$	761,745
	P	Purpose \$ 571,309 571,309 96,247 2,960	Purpose           \$ 571,309         \$           571,309         \$           96,247         2,960           99,207         \$	Purpose         Schools           \$ 571,309         \$ 1,142,617           571,309         1,142,617           571,309         1,142,617           96,247         43,428           2,960         3,850           99,207         47,278	Purpose         Schools           \$ 571,309         \$ 1,142,617         \$           571,309         1,142,617         \$           571,309         1,142,617         \$           96,247         43,428         \$           2,960         3,850         \$           99,207         47,278         \$	Purpose         Schools         Sewers           \$ 571,309         \$ 1,142,617         \$ 952,181           571,309         1,142,617         952,181           571,309         1,142,617         952,181           96,247         43,428         2,960           2,960         3,850         211,467           99,207         47,278         211,467	Purpose         Schools         Sewers         F           \$ 571,309         \$ 1,142,617         \$ 952,181         \$ 952,181         \$ 952,181         \$ 96,247         43,428         952,181         \$ 96,247         43,428         2,960         211,467         211,467           99,207         47,278         211,467         211,467         3000 <td>PurposeSchoolsSewersRenewal<math>\\$</math> 571,309<math>\\$</math> 1,142,617<math>\\$</math> 952,181<math>\\$</math> 825,224<math>571,309</math>1,142,617952,181825,224<math>571,309</math>1,142,617952,181825,22496,24743,4282,9603,8502,9603,850211,46799,20747,278211,467</td> <td>PurposeSchoolsSewersRenewal<math>\$ 571,309</math><math>\$ 1,142,617</math><math>\$ 952,181</math><math>\$ 25,224</math><math>\$ 1,142,617</math><math>952,181</math><math>952,181</math><math>825,224</math><math>825,224</math><math>\$ 1,142,617</math><math>96,247</math><math>43,428</math><math>3,850</math><math>211,467</math><math>99,207</math><math>47,278</math><math>211,467</math></td>	PurposeSchoolsSewersRenewal $\$$ 571,309 $\$$ 1,142,617 $\$$ 952,181 $\$$ 825,224 $571,309$ 1,142,617952,181825,224 $571,309$ 1,142,617952,181825,22496,24743,4282,9603,8502,9603,850211,46799,20747,278211,467	PurposeSchoolsSewersRenewal $$ 571,309$ $$ 1,142,617$ $$ 952,181$ $$ 25,224$ $$ 1,142,617$ $952,181$ $952,181$ $825,224$ $825,224$ $$ 1,142,617$ $96,247$ $43,428$ $3,850$ $211,467$ $99,207$ $47,278$ $211,467$

\* Source: Tax Collector's Report

Note 1: In no event shall total indebtedness exceed seven times annual receipts from taxation (\$1.78 billion)

Note 2: Bonds authorized-unissued represents bond authorizations for projects which have bond anticipation notes outstanding or for which bonds have been authorized and partially issued.

#### TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

TABLE 10

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Debt limitation	\$1,307,495	\$1,349,971	\$ 1,400,560	\$ 1,474,494	\$ 1,504,811	\$ 1,561,140	\$ 1,607,788	\$ 1,659,315	\$ 1,659,315	\$ 1,777,370
Total net debt applicable to limit	194,672	207,145	237,328	254,930	285,919	314,603	368,176	379,642	380,471	357,953
Legal Debt Margin	\$1,112,823	\$1,142,826	\$1,163,232	\$1,219,564	\$1,218,892	\$1,246,537	\$1,239,612	\$1,279,673	\$1,278,844	\$1,419,417
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	14.89%	15.34%	16.95%	17.29%	19.00%	20.15%	22.90%	22.88%	22.93%	20.14%

Note: See Table 9 for calculation of current year debt limitation.

#### TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT DEMOGRAPHIC & ECONOMIC STATISTICS Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal		Total Personal Income <sup>1</sup>	-		School	Average Unemployment
Year	Population <sup>1</sup>	(in thousands)	Income <sup>1</sup>	Age <sup>1</sup>	Enrollment <sup>2</sup>	Rate <sup>3</sup>
2010	61,045	\$ 2,042,810	\$ 33,464	40.0	9,996	7.9%
2011	63,268	2,783,665	43,998	41.5	10,035	8.0%
2012	63,268	2,783,665	43,998	41.5	9,885	6.8%
2013	63,268	2,783,665	43,998	41.5	9,817	6.8%
2014	63,268	2,783,665	43,998	41.5	9,657	6.0%
2015	63,268	2,783,665	43,998	41.5	9,531	4.4%
2016	63,268	2,783,665	43,998	41.5	9,483	4.0%
2017	63,268	2,783,665	43,998	41.5	9,435	3.5%
2018	63,268	2,783,665	43,998	41.5	9,400	3.3%
2019	63,268	2,783,665	43,998	41.5	9,313	3.1%

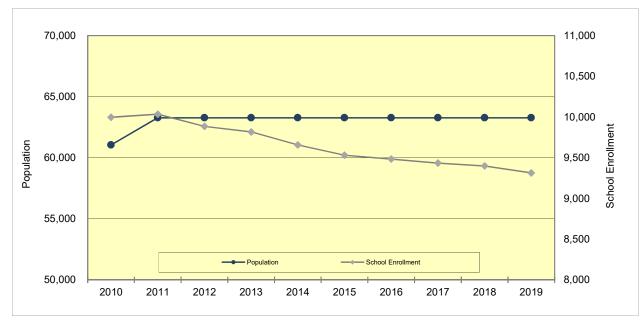
TABLE 11

<sup>1</sup> Fiscal year 2010, U.S. Census Bureau - 2000 Census.

Fiscal years 2011-2019, U.S. Census Bureau - 2010 Census.

<sup>2</sup> Town of West Hartford Board of Education.

<sup>3</sup> State of Connecticut Labor Department, Office of Research





### TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT **PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS** Current Year and Nine Years Ago

TABLE 12

		2019				2010	
	Nature of			Percentage of Total Town			Percentage of Total Town
Employer	Business	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Town of West Hartford	Government	2,000-2,999	1	6.9%	1,000-1,999	2	5.2%
University of Hartford	Education	1,000-1,999	2	5.2%	1,000-1,999	1	5.2%
Hospital at Hebrew Health Care	Hospital	500-999	3	2.6%	500-999	3	2.6%
Wiremold Products, Inc.	Manufacturing	500-999	4	2.6%	500-999	4	2.6%
UTC-Aerospace Systems/Goodrich Corp.	Manufacturing	250-499	5	1.3%	250-499	5	1.3%
Colt Manufacturing	Manufacturing	250-499	6	1.3%	250-499	10	1.3%
American School for the Deaf	Education	250-499	7	1.3%			
American Medical Response	Ambulance Service	250-499	8	1.3%	250-499	7	1.3%
St. Mary's Home	Nursing Home	250-499	9	1.3%	250-499	9	1.3%
Cheesecake Factory	Restaurant	250-499	10	1.3%	250-499	8	1.3%
University of Connecticut	Education				250-499	6	1.3%
		5,500-9,990		25.1%	5,500-10,990		23.4%

Source: 2019 data - Connecticut Department of Labor and Connecticut Economic Resources Center, Inc.

2010 data - Fiscal year 2010 Town of West Hartford Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

#### TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT FULL-TIME EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Fiscal Year						
Function/Department	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
General Government										
Town Clerk/Town Council	4.5	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Town Manager	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	3.0
Corporation Counsel	3.5	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.0	2.0
Registrar of Voters	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assessor	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0
Information Technology <sup>1</sup>	-	-	-	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Financial Services	22.5	21.0	21.0	17.0	17.0	17.0	17.0	17.0	17.0	17.0
Employee Services	10.0	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5
Public Safety										
Fire	92.0	92.0	92.0	92.0	92.0	92.0	92.0	92.0	93.0	92.0
Police	152.0	152.0	152.0	152.0	152.0	152.0	153.0	153.0	153.0	153.0
Communications System	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Community Maintenance										
Community Services	28.0	27.0	26.0	24.5	24.5	24.2	25.2	26.2	26.0	25.0
Public Works	58.0	58.0	58.0	58.0	58.0	58.0	58.0	60.0	60.0	60.0
Plant and Facilities Services	7.5	7.5	7.5	9.0	9.0	8.3	8.3	8.3	8.5	8.5
Human and Cultural										
Human and Leisure Services	27.0	26.0	26.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0
Library	26.0	25.0	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0
Private School Nurses	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0
Total - Town	450.0	444.0	442.0	441.0	441.0	440.0	442.0	445.0	445.0	444.0
Education										
Instructional Staff	1,188.1	1,182.2	1,196.0	1,213.1	1,225.0	1,225.5	1,250.1	1,273.9	1,260.5	1,273.3
Non-instructional staff	293.5	292.5	293.3	283.3	286.2	285.3	284.3	287.1	280.8	281.0
Total - Education	1,481.6	1,474.7	1,489.3	1,496.4	1,511.2	1,510.8	1,534.4	1,561.0	1,541.3	1,554.3
Total	1,931.6	1,918.7	1,931.3	1,937.4	1,952.2	1,950.8	1,976.4	2,006.0	1,986.3	1,998.3

TABLE 13

Source: Department of Financial Services and Board of Education

<sup>1</sup>Effective 7/01/2013 the Department of Information Technology was created with staff previously managed under Financial Services.

#### TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION Last Five Years

	Last Five Years									
					TABLE 14					
	For the Year Ended December 31,									
Function/Department	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018					
General Government										
Town Clerk <sup>1</sup>										
Land records processed	8,856	9,295	9,031	8,897	8,335					
Registrar of Voters <sup>1</sup>										
Number of registered voters	39,517	38,266	43,248	38,855	40,568					
Voter turnout percent - national election			78%							
Voter turnout percent - state election	61%				75%					
Voter turnout percent - local election		29%		32%						
Public Safety										
Fire <sup>1</sup>										
Number of fire related calls	184	228	205	179	184					
Number of emergency medical/rescue calls <sup>2</sup>	1,742	5,646	5,820	6,781	6,360					
Number of hazardous material calls	157	157	162	150	420					
Number of other calls for service	1,814	2,202	2,214	2,367	2,689					
Total Calls	3,897	8,233	8,401	9,477	9,653					
Extent of flame damage confined to room of origin	98.0%	98.0%	98.0%	98.0%	90.0%					
Percentage of fires handled by 20 or fewer firefighters	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%					
Community Maintenance										
Community Services <sup>1</sup>										
Miles of street repaved	7.27	10.63	9.04	10.21	8.29					

	For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30,								
Function/Department		2015	2016		2017		2018		2019
Public Safety									
Police									
Reported crimes or town ordinance violations		11,601		709	10,971		10,210		9,399
Service and medical calls		33,625	31	955	27,512		30,705		25,734
Motor vehicle accidents		2,422		460	2,498		2,264		2,244
Number of motor vehicle stops		8,533	9	255	6,959		5,657		5,935
Total calls for service		66,888		483	45,374		45,228		43,778
Number of criminal arrests		1,881		719	1,237		1,122		1,195
Number of motor vehicle arrests		6,203	5	313	5,036		5,218		4,901
Number of DUI arrests		199		157	93		77		80
Community Maintenance									
Community Services									
Number of inspections conducted		10,474		486	10,280		11,106		10,888
Number of total building permits <sup>3</sup>		5,567		223	6,005		6,321		5,958
Dollar value of total building permits <sup>3</sup> Public Works	\$	151,335,754	\$ 104,751	012 \$	\$ 72,729,574	\$	88,272,197	\$	91,838,479
Volume of leaves collected (cubic yards) <sup>4</sup>		6,637	8	010	6,606		5,750		6,074
Tons of leave collected <sup>4</sup>		1,659	2	002	1,651		1,438		1,518
Tons of refuse collected		18,938	19	533	18,824		18,674		18,246
Refuse contractor cost per household	\$	153.57	\$ 16	6.76	\$ 161.00	\$	124.45	\$	114.58
Tons of waste recycled		6,942	7	014	6,853		7,269		7,042
Percent of total waste recycled		26.8%	2	6.4%	26.6%		28.0%		27.8%
Amount recycled per household (tons)		0.34		0.34	0.33		0.34		0.38
Number of snow operations		18		14	17		17		12
Percent of snowstorms cleared within 8 hours		89%		92%	89%		100%		100%
Percent of catch basins cleaned		1%		8%	9%		4%	1	7%

<sup>1</sup>Performance data maintained on a calendar year basis.

<sup>2</sup>Effective January 1, 2015 the Fire Department began traveling to all medical calls.

<sup>3</sup>In fiscal year 2015, Total Building Permits includes approximately \$40 million in value not subject to Building Permit fees.

<sup>4</sup>The method to calculate the volume and weight of leaves was modified in fiscal year 2015.

#### TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION Last Five Years

TABLE 14 (continued)

		For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30,								
Function/Department		2015	2016	2017	2018	2019				
Human and Cultural										
Leisure Services										
Number of instructiona	I programs conducted	2,896	2,780	2,803	3,807	6,643				
Number of instructiona	program registrations	28,596	30,781	29,061	34,314	36,701				
Number of Senior Cent	ter members	1,959	1,952	1,941	1,785	1,686				
Number of swim lessor	n registrations-outdoor pools	1,741	1,470	1,579	1,312	1,227				
Number of swim lessor	n registrations-indoor pool	4,862	4,789	4,754	2,836	2,971				
Public session attendat	nce at Veterans Memorial Skating Rink	23,967	19,914	19,857	22,551	22,978				
Number of golf rounds	played at Rockledge Golf Course	43,106	46,898	39,422	37,337	32,007				
Number of golf rounds	played at Buena Vista Golf Course	16,094	16,308	11,869	10,884	8,381				
Social Services										
Hours of volunteer serv	vice	9,590	9,302	9,751	9,002	9,017				
Number of Dial-A-Ride	trips	12,052	11,308	11,186	11,300	10,612				
Library										
Library visitors		470,676	472,554	461,084	437,580	448,164				
Library website visitors		391,619	357,847	331,812	315,289	308,641				
Programs and museun	n passes	3,105	3,323	3,608	3,916	3,838				
Card Holders		29,934	28,541	27,588	27,008	26,426				
Social Media Followers	/Subscribers			35,798	129,767	134,732				
Newsletter Views				195,054	214,151	204,944				
Number of print book a	ind media loans	798,797	756,673	635,681	597,763	725,852				
Number of electronic b	ook and media loans	38,427	42,286	49,438	59,238	87,809				
Loans per capita		13.2	12.6	10.8	10.4	12.9				
Reference inquiries		86,588	83,467	77,676	74,902	81,189				
Electronic information r	retrievals	370,292	373,657	309,818	444,368	388,721				
Wireless (WIFI) usage		75,714	94,698	100,340	94,820	101,539				
Number of computer se	essions	58,686	56,871	53,438	47,528	46,560				
Education										
Average Class Size	Elementary School	19.7	19.5	20.0	20.2	19.8				
-	Middle School	19.8	19.7	19.8	19.8	19.3				
	High School	21.1	21.2	21.1	21.4	21.8				
SAT Scores - Math/Ver	rbal/Writing	533/525/526	543/538/531							
SAT Scores - Math/ER	W			559/575	568/580	566/557				
SBAC Scores -	Grade 3 - ELA, Math	68.4%	68.4%	69.1%	67.8%	67.8%				
% meeting target	Grade 4 - ELA, Math	69.3%	70.6%	70.2%	67.5%	67.8%				
- •	Grade 5 - ELA, Math	68.0%	67.8%	63.5%	68.4%	68.8%				
	Grade 6 - ELA, Math		62.2%	64.3%	59.6%	62.3%				
	Grade 7 - ELA, Math	58.8%	61.6%	65.6%	61.7%	63.3%				
	Grade 8 - ELA, Math	59.3%	56.5%	64.0%	66.5%	67.1%				
	Overall SBAC Average	64.6%	64.5%	66.1%	65.3%	66.2%				
% of Students Pursuing	g Higher Education within 4 years	94.1%	94.5%	93.9%	93.2%	93.2%				
Annual Dropout Rate	•	0.6%	1.2%	0.4%	0.5%	0.3%				

n/a - SBAC tests not administered prior to FY 2015.

#### TOWN OF WEST HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years

TABLE 15

Function	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Public Safety										
Police Cars	67	67	67	67	67	67	70	76	76	78
Fire Stations		5	5	5	5	5	70 5	76 5	70 5	70 5
	5 7	5 7	5 7	5	5 7	5 7	5 7	5 7		5
Fire Apparatus	1	/	/	1	/	/	/	/	8	ð
Community Maintenance Miles of Town Streets	040	010	212	040	017	017	047	047	047	017
	212	212	212	212	217	217	217	217	217	217
Miles of Private Streets	11	11	11	11	15	15	15	15	15	15
Miles of State Highway	15	15	15	15	17	17	17	17	17	17
Miles of Curb	220	220	220	220	220	220	221	222	222	222
Miles of Sidewalk	245	245	245	245	300	300	300	300	300	300
Miles of Storm Sewers	170	170	170	170	170	170	170	170	170	170
Number of Catch Basins	6,620	6,620	6,620	6,620	7,640	7,640	7,640	7,640	7,640	7,640
Metered Parking Spaces	498	498	498	498	533	533	533	1,673	1,689	1,933
Leased Parking Spaces	337	337	337	337	393	393	393	393	393	393
Gated Parking Spaces	1,392	1,392	1,392	1,392	1,514	1,514	1,514	755	779	535
Parking Garages	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Human and Cultural										
Senior Centers	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Community Centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Cemeteries	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Golf Courses	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Ice Skating Rink	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Aquatic Facilities	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Parks	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Acres of Park Land	1,182	1,182	1,182	1,182	1,182	1,182	1,182	1,182	1,182	1,182
Playgrounds	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29
Tennis Courts	53	53	53	53	42	42	42	42	42	42
Athletic Fields	99	99	99	99	99	99	92	92	92	92
Basketball Courts	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Library Branches	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Education										
Elementary Schools	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Middle Schools	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
High Schools	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
5	_	_		_						_