& Distant Learning Mrs. Ernest

Week 3

Math

monday 4

Add and **Subtract Fractions** tuesday 5

Add and Subtrac Fractio ns

wednesda 6

Multiply Fraction thursday 7

Divide Fractio ns

friday 8

Fun Friday Zearn Or **Prodigy**

Padlet.com/sernest/18

Password=Password!

Reading 20 mins free read

Migration Time read: Then read all 123-124

Migration Find main ideas and details.

123-125

Migration Answer questions 125 with complete sentences & explanation

S

Readworks.

org



Ernest

Mini Math monday 4

Mini Math Week # 32 Day 1 tuesday 5

Mini Math day 2 wednesday,

Mini Math day 3 thursday7

Mini Math day 4 friday 8
Mini Math

Mini Math assessme nt

iterature Reading Ranger in Time Answer questions for Chapter 5-7

Ranger
In Time
Chapter 8
& draw on
Story
board- add
caption

Ranger In Time Chapter 9 & Story Boardadd caption Ranger Chapter 10 & draw on Story boardadd caption

Ranger in Time: Finish story board and questions.

@The Teacher With The Owl Tattoo

Ernest









1	monday 4 Write a	tuesday 5	wednesda6	thursday 7	friday 8
&	Summary of	Look at	Plan your	Edit your	Finish
	a story you	Student	Summary	summary	summary
	read-	evaluation	- 🗆	- 🗖	and
1	Mr_Beck	page to Maan			compare to rubric
1	Follo	Adathaw			rabite
	W	Lesson			
	Lesso	plans			
_	plans				
1					

Presidential Printable pages

State & capitals quiz online @Seterra.com

Adding & Subtracting Fractions

I. Rename the fractions to equivalent fractions with common denominators

ex:
$$4\frac{4}{9} + \frac{2}{3}$$

2. Add or subtract the numerators and keep the denominator the same

$$+ \begin{array}{cccc}
 & 4 & \times \frac{1}{q} & 4 \\
 & \times \frac{1}{q} & 4 \\
 & 2 & \times \frac{3}{q} & 6 \\
 & 3 & \times 3 & q
\end{array}$$

3. If mixed numbers, add or subtract the whole numbers

 $4 \frac{10}{9} = 5 \frac{1}{9}$

4. If possible, simplify the answer \mathcal{E} change improper fractions to mixed numbers

Multiplying Fractions

1. Turn a whole number into a fraction by giving it a denominator of 1

ex:
$$6 \times \frac{2}{3}$$

2. Cross-simplify the fractions if possible

 $\frac{2}{1} \times \frac{2}{3} = \frac{4}{1}$

3. Multiply the 2 numerators and the 2 denominators

4. If possible, simplify the answer $\mbox{\it E}$ change improper fractions to mixed numbers

Dividing Fractions

1. Turn a whole number into a fraction by giving it a denominator of 1

ex:
$$12 \div \frac{1}{2}$$

2. Keep the $I^{\rm st}$ fraction the same, change the division symbol to multiplication, and flip the $2^{\rm nd}$ fraction to its reciprocal

$$\frac{12}{1} \div \frac{1}{2}$$

3. Multiply the 2 fractions

- $\frac{12}{1} \times \frac{2}{1} = \frac{24}{1} = 24$
- 4. If possible, simplify the answer \mathcal{E} change improper fractions to mixed numbers

Find each sum or difference. Show your work.

	7	5		
67.	8 +	6		

68.
$$\frac{9}{10} - \frac{1}{2}$$

69.
$$\frac{3}{11} + \frac{2}{3}$$

70.
$$\frac{11}{12} - \frac{13}{18}$$

71.
$$4\frac{5}{9} + 7\frac{1}{3}$$

72.
$$12\frac{9}{14} - 9\frac{3}{7}$$

73.
$$3\frac{3}{5} + 2\frac{3}{4}$$

74.
$$2\frac{2}{15} - 1\frac{2}{3}$$

Find each product or quotient. Show your work.

75.
$$\frac{1}{6} \times \frac{3}{4}$$

76.
$$6 \div \frac{1}{3}$$

77.
$$15 \times \frac{2}{3}$$

78.
$$\frac{1}{2} \div 3$$

79.
$$\frac{1}{6} \times 10$$

80.
$$\frac{1}{4} \div 2$$

81.
$$\frac{5}{9} \times \frac{3}{20}$$

82.
$$4 \div \frac{1}{5}$$

Solve each problem, showing all work.

- 83. Jacqui ran I $\frac{1}{2}$ miles on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday and $\frac{3}{4}$ mile on Tuesday and Thursday. How far did she run in all?
- 84. Tyrell gave 3 packs of baseball cards to his friends. He gave each friend 1/3 of a pack. How many friends got baseball cards?

132 141 154

119

179 193 207

167

279293

Read the passage. Use the ask and answer questions strategy to help you understand what you read.

Migration

You may know people who have moved from one city to another. When people move, they usually stay in their new place for quite a while. Did you know that there are many animals that move two times a year? This regular movement is called migration.

A migration is usually a round trip made between two areas. Most animals that migrate move when the seasons change in spring and fall. They go where there is better weather and more food. Some animals migrate to areas where their young will have a better chance to live.

There are different types of migration. Many kinds of birds migrate between north and south. They live in northern areas in the spring and summer. In fall, when the weather turns cold, they fly south. In spring when the weather warms up, they fly north again.

Other animals move between a higher place and a lower one when the seasons change. In summer, they make their homes high up on a mountain. When winter comes, they head to warmer areas down the slopes. Birds called mountain quail migrate in this way. These quail are birds that do not normally fly. In the fall, they walk down the mountain and in the spring they walk back up again!

Some mammals and tropical birds live in climates that are very wet for at least part of the year. When the dry season comes, these animals move to a place that is wet during this season. When the rainy season returns, they go back home.

How do these animals know when to migrate? Scientists who have studied this behavior think that animals know when seasons are about to change. They also seem to know where they are going and how to get there.

Many animals migrate to and from the same places year after year. How do they know where to go? Many birds travel the same paths

every year. These routes are called flyways. How do they know which path to follow? Human explorers have studied astronomy, and have used the sun, moon, and stars to guide them. Birds and other animals also use the stars and the sun to help them find their way. Some even use geographic features, such as rivers and mountain ranges, as landmarks. Biologists say some animals also seem to have the help of a built-in sense of direction.



Many types of birds, such as Canada geese, migrate each year.

Arctic terns are sea birds that fly huge distances. They can fly 22,000 miles in a year. That's farther than any other bird. Many terns live part of the year on the East Coast of North America and on islands in the Arctic Ocean. That is where they have their young. In late August, the terns begin their journey to Antarctica. They return to North America around the middle of June.

The monarch butterfly migrates up to 2,000 miles. They leave each fall to go to a warmer climate. In the fall, monarchs from Canada and the northeastern United States fly to a warmer climate in the mountains of central Mexico. Some from western North America seek warmer weather on the California coast.

Some fish migrate to reproduce. Salmon are known for making a hard journey to lay their eggs. Most salmon live in the ocean, but they are born in freshwater lakes and streams. To have their young, salmon travel back to the lakes and streams where they were born.

People have studied how animals migrate for hundreds of years. One famous migration is that of the swallows of Mission San Juan Capistrano in California. A popular song celebrated their annual return. Many of the swallows have now abandoned the Mission for other places in the area. But they haven't stopped migrating.

٧a	me
٨.	Reread the passage and answer the questions.
١.	What are two key details in the third paragraph?
2.	How are these details connected?
3.	What is the main idea in the third paragraph?
	nest entriueda eren a e
	to a serificaçõe el este y a cidade en el este en el est

B. Work with a partner. Read the passage aloud. Pay attention to rate and accuracy. Stop after one minute. Fill out the chart.

	Words Read	_	Number of Errors	=	Words Correct Score
First Read		_		=	
Second Read		_	290 790 790	=	

Ranger in Time Chapters 5-7

Directions: After Reading Ranger in Time Chapters 5-7, answer questions in complete sentences with any explanations, referring to the text, or adding to expand the answer. Each answer should be at least 2-3 sentences (or more). Answer on separate sheet of paper. Make sure your answer can stand alone with enough of the information, without the question.

- 1- Isaac was ill; describe his recovery and how he found the soldiers.
- 2- Why is Isaac chosen as a spy?
- 3- How will Isaac enter the Hessian camp to gain knowledge of the troops?
- 4- Why is this a difficult decision for Isaac to make?
- 5- What dangers did Isaac befall in the river on his way to the Hessian camp?
- 6- How did Ranger help Isaac?

Day '

Day 1

 $9 \div \frac{1}{5} =$

Write six and seven hundred one-thousandths in standard form.

Plot the following coordinates on the coordinate plane. Then, connect the points. What polygon have you created?

968 × 97 =

(3,5)

(5,8)

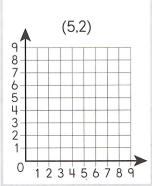
(7,5)

4.301 + 6.121 =

Write <, >, or = to make the statement true.

10.365 () 103.5

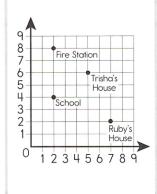
2.863 - 2.304 =



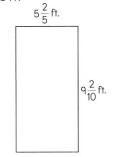
Using the coordinate grid,

Using the coordinate grid, which ordered pair represents the location of Ruby's house?

Explain a possible path from Ruby's house to the school.



Find the area of the rectangle below.

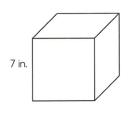


$$720 \div 10^3 =$$

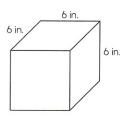
$$\frac{3}{6}$$
 × 90 =

Round 11.83 to the nearest whole number.

Find the volume of the cube.

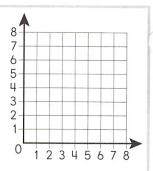


1. Find the volume of the cube.



2. Plot the following coordinates on the coordinate plane. Then, connect the points. What polygon have you created? (3,1)(3,8)

(7,8)(7,1)



3. 4.232 - 1.963 =

 $4.226 \times 22 =$

5. Write <, >, or = to make the statement true.

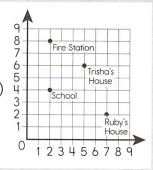
13.33 (

 $4 \div \frac{1}{9} =$

- 7. Round 35.26 to the nearest whole number.
- 8. Find the area of the rectangle below.

 $6\frac{3}{4}$ ft.

9. Using the coordinate grid, which ordered pair represents the location of the fire station? (____, ___)



10. $\frac{2}{8} \times 40 =$

Write a summary of a story:

What is the title of the story? Author?

Who are the characters? What is the theme of the story and how do the characters get us through the story?

Conflict and resolution? (Plot)

Here's a good way to start:

In the story, "	" by
	, the central theme is

(Ex.) In the story of "Charlotte's Web" by E.B. White, the central theme is friendship. Fern is a little girl who adopts a runt of a pig. She names the pig Wilbur. Wilbur eventually goes to the farm.

While at the farm, Wilbur is bullied by the other farm animals. Wilbur becomes upset and lonely. One day, he comes across an unusual friend, a spider named Charlotte. Throughout their friendship, Charlotte tries to save Wilbur's life through unusual messages she spins in her web.

Eventually, the messages save Wilbur's life, but a strong friendship developed during this time. The friendship continued,

even	after	Charlotte	dies.	Wilbur	lived	on and	d told	stories	of tl	neir
frienc	dship	to Charlot	te's c	hildren	and g	grando	hildre	en.		

now it your turn, Write a summary of a story you read.

Student Evaluation of Summary writing				
Name:	Date:	Date:		
Title of writing:				
	Yes	No		
Introduction:				
I began my writing with a hook and introduction.				
I stated the Theme of the story				
I included the <u>Title of the book</u> and author (s)				
Theme:				
The story has a theme.				
(state the theme:)				
Setting:				
I told WHEN the story takes place.				
I told WHERE the story takes place.				
Characters:				
I introduced the main character.				
I told about the other characters.				
Problem:				
I stated a problem or goal of the story.				
Events:				
I told about details to the theme.				
Each detail had more than 3 sentences to tell about the beginning, middle, and end of the detail.				
Solution:				
I told how the problem was solved or the goal was met.				
Conclusion:				
I have a conclusion that restated the introduction of theme, but in				
different words.				
When I summarized on my own, I included:				
The next time I summarize, I need to remember to include the				
following:				

Writing Rubric / Narrative

Grade Level: 5

] name

	•		•		
Content	1	2	3	4	Feedback
Create a hook, opening, that clearly introduces situation, narrator, and characters					
Sequence of at least 3 events, including descriptions using sensory details.					
Use dialog correctly that moves the story along.	overu se	misus e	adequ ate	dynam ic	
Closing sentence - Concludes the sequence of events in a reasonable way					
Conventions	1	2	3	4	Feedback
Start each sentence with a capital letter					
Use proper punctuation; periods, commas, other punctuation marks					
Uses commas when using a prepositional phrases and transitional words					
Indent and use proper paragraph format					

1 = Missing; 2 = Not Yet; 3 = nearly there; 4=Got it!

Update: 3/2020

LYRICS

Presidents of the USA

Verses:

George Washington, John Adams, Thomas Jefferson, James Madison, James Monroe, John Quincy Adams, Andrew Jackson. Martin Van Buren. William Harrison. John Tyler. James Polk, Zachary Taylor, Millard Fillmore,

Franklin Pierce, James Buchanan, Abraham Lincoln, Andrew Johnson, Ulysses S. Grant,

Rutherford B. Hayes, James Garfield, Chester Arthur, **Grover Cleveland. Beniamin Harrison.**

Grover Cleveland (again), William McKinley, Theodore Roosevelt, William Taft, **Woodrow Wilson, Warren Harding, Calvin Coolidge, Herbert Hoover,** Franklin Delano Roosevelt, Harry Truman,

Dwight Eisenhower, John F. Kennedy, Lyndon Johnson, Richard Nixon, Gerald Ford, Jimmy Carter,

Ronald Reagan, George H Bush, Bill Clinton, George W. Bush, Barack Obama, Donald Trump

Chorus: These are the Presidents of the USA from George Washington until today.

Outro:

Hello there! This is Uncle Sam. and I'm here to tell you that whether your hair's blonde, black, blue, or gray... one day you'll have your own say. on or after your 18th birthday you'll be able to cast the vote which just might sway who will be the next President of the USA. And who knows?! Maybe someday you'll become one. Because any natural born citizen over thirty-five can run.

Name FILL-IN-THE-BLANKS

Presidents of the USA
Verses:
George Washington, John, Thomas Jefferson,
James Madison, Monroe, John Quincy Adams,
Andrew Jackson, Martin Van Buren, Harrison, John Tyler,
James Polk, Zachary, Millard Fillmore,
Franklin Dioreo James Abraham Lincoln
Franklin Pierce, James, Abraham Lincoln,
Andrew Johnson, S. Grant,
Rutherford B. Hayes, James Garfield, Arthur,
Grover Cleveland, Harrison,
Grover Cleveland (again), McKinley,
Theodore, William Taft,
Woodrow Wilson, Warren Harding, Calvin Coolidge, Herbert Hoover,
Franklin Delano, Harry Truman,
Dwight Eisenhower, John F, Lyndon Johnson,
Richard Nixon, Ford, Jimmy Carter,
Parald Parana Carana II
Ronald Reagan, George H, Bill Clinton,
George W. Bush, Barack, Donald Trump
Chorus: These are the presidents of the USA from George Washington until today.
A
Outro:
Hello there! This is Uncle Sam,
and I'm here to tell you that whether your hair's blonde, black, blue, or gray
one day you'll have your own say.
on or after your birthday
you'll be able to cast the vote which just might sway
who will be the next of the USA.
And who knows?! Maybe someday you'll become one.
Because any natural born citizen over can run.

Cleveland

McKinley

Roosevelt

Taft

Wilson

Harding

Coolidge

Hoover

Truman

D. Roosevelt

Eisenhower

F. Kennedy

Johnson

Nixon

Ford

Carter

Reagan

H. Bush

Clinton

W. Bush

Obama

Trump

Name FIRST NAME QUIZ

Presidents of the USA

1	Washington	24
2	Adams	25
3	Jefferson	26
4	Madison	27
5	Monroe	28
6	Quincy Adams	29
7	Jackson	30
8	Van Buren	31
9	Harrison	32
10	Tyler	33
11	Polk	34
12	Taylor	35
13	Fillmore	36
14	Pierce	37
15	Buchanan	38
16	Lincoln	39
17	Johnson	40
18	S. Grant	41
19	B. Hayes	42
20	Garfield	43
21	Arthur	44
22	Cleveland	45
23	Harrison	

Name LAST NAME QUIZ



Presidents of the USA

1. George _____ 2. John 3. Thomas _____ 4. James _____ 5. James _____ 6. John Quincy 7. Andrew _____ 8. Martin _____ 9. William 10. John _____ 11. James _____ 12. Zachary 13. Millard _____ 14. Franklin _____ 15. James _____ 16. Abraham _____ 17. Andrew _____ 18. Ulysses S. 19. Rutherford B. 20. James _____ **21. Chester** _____

24. Grover
25. William
26. Theodore
27. William
28. Woodrow
29. Warren
30. Calvin
31. Herbert
32. Franklin D.
33. Harry
34. Dwight
35. John F
36. Lyndon
37. Richard
38. Gerald
39. Jimmy
40. Ronald
41. George H
42. Bill
43. George W
44. Barack
45. Donald

22. Grover

23. Benjamin

FULL NAME QUIZ

Presidents of the USA

Name

1	 	 	 	
2				
3				
л —— Л				

 6.

7. _____

9. _____

10. _____

11. _____

12.

13. _____

15. _____

16. _____

17. _____

18. _____

19. _____

20. _____

 21.

 22.

23._____

24. _____

25. _____

26.

27. _____

28. _____

29. _____

30.

31. _____

32. _____

33. _____

34. _____

35. _____

36. _____

37. _____

38. _____

39. _____

40.

41. _____

42. _____

43. _____

44. _____

45. _____

PRESIDENT REPORT



Directions: Cut along the dottel line and glue the pages together. Then do research in your school or home library to fill in each section.

Presidential Portrait

President:
Date of birth:
Date of death:
Years they were President:
Political party:
First Lady:
Number of children:
Where they were born:
w.numberock.com

FIRST LADY REPORT NUMBEROCK

by:____

Firet Lady Dortrait

rii si Ludy Poi ii dii	
	First Lady:
	Date of birth:
	Date of death:
	Years they were First Lady:
	President she was married to:
	Number of children:
	Years they were married:
	Where they were born:

IF I WAS PRESIDENT... Presidents of the USA

lf I was Pre	sident of the United States, these o	are the things I wo	ould do:
	vote for the President, these are t		

ANSWER KEY

Presidents of the USA

Fill-in-the-blanks (page 2): Adams, James, William, Taylor, Buchanan, Ulysses, Chester, Benjamin, William, Roosevelt, Roosevelt, Kennedy, Gerald, Bush, Obama, 18th, President, 35

President Quizzes (pages 3-5):

- 1. George Washington
- 2. John Adams
- 3. Thomas Jefferson
- 4. James Madison
- 5. James Monroe
- **6. John Quincy Adams**
- 7. Andrew Jackson
- 8. Martin Van Buren
- 9. William Harrison
- 10. John Tyler
- 11. James Polk
- 12. Zachary Taylor
- 13. Millard Fillmore
- 14. Franklin Pierce
- 15. James Buchanan
- 16. Abraham Lincoln
- 17. Andrew Johnson
- 18. Ulysses S. Grant
- 19. Rutherford B. Hayes
- 20. James Garfield
- 21. Chester Arthur
- 22. Grover Cleveland
- 23. Benjamin Harrison

- 24. Grover Cleveland
- 25. William McKinley
- 26. Theodore Roosevelt
- 27. William Taft
- 28. Woodrow Wilson
- 29. Warren Harding
- 30. Calvin Coolidge
- 31. Herbert Hoover
- 32. Franklin Delano Roosevelt
- 33. Harry Truman
- 34. Dwight Eisenhower
- 35. John F. Kennedy
- 36. Lyndon Johnson
- 37. Richard Nixon
- 38. Gerald Ford
- **39. Jimmy Carter**
- 40. Ronald Reagan
- 41. George H Bush
- 42. Bill Clinton
- 43. George W. Bush
- 44. Barack Obama
- **45. Donald Trump**