#### English ACT Preparation Curriculum Guide

Pacing Guide: English ACT	Understanding the ACT and Its Components (1 marking period-assessment)
Preparation is taught along with	High Utility Academic Words & Phrases (1 list per week-assessment)
English SAT Preparation.	ACT Reading (4 weeks-assessment)
Together they are a half year	ACT Writing & Language (4 weeks-assessment)
course that meets on a rotating	Ter writing & Language (+ weeks assessment)
basis for three (3) 55-minute	
blocks and one (1) 40-minute	
block for every five (5) day cycle.	

21st Century Skills Standards:	Have students look up college majors and requirements for future goals.			
9.2 Career Awareness,	9.2.12.C.1 -Review career goals and determine steps necessary for attainment.			
Exploration and Preparation	9.2.12.C.2 -Modify Personalized Student Learning Plans to support declared career goals.			
Career Ready Practices	CRP1-Act as a responsible contributing citizen and employee			
	CRP2-Apply appropriate academic and technical skills			
	CRP4-Community clearly and effectively and with reason			
	CPR5-Consider the environment, social and economic impacts of decisions			
	CPR6-Demonstrate creativity and innovation			
	CRP7-Employ valid and reliable research strategies			
	CRP8-Utilize critical thinking to make sense of problems and persevere in solving them			
	CRP9-Model integrity, ethical leadership and effective management			
	CRP10-Plan education and career paths aligned to personal goals			
	CRP11-Use technology to advance productivity			

Technology Standards:	Use the computer for access to the College Board and research colleges
8.1 Educational Technology	8.1.12.D.1-Demonstrate appropriate application of copyright, fair use and/or Creative Commons to an original work.
	8.1.12.A.2 -Produce and edit a multi-page digital document for a commercial or professional audience and present it to
	peers and/or professionals in that related area for review.
	8.1.12.D.5-Analyze the capabilities and limitations of current and emerging technology resources and assess their
	potential to address personal, social, lifelong learning, and career needs.
	8.1.12.F.1-Evaluate the strengths and limitations of emerging technologies and their impact on educational, career,
	personal and or social needs.
8.2 Technology Education,	8.2.12.B.3 -Analyze ethical and unethical practices around intellectual property rights as influenced by human wants
Engineering, Design and	and/or needs.
Computational Thinking-	
Programming	

#### Differentiation/Accommodations/Modifications

Note: Each district should review the various strategies noted below and determine which are applicable for their population within varied grade levels and languages and make edits where needed.

Gifted and Talented	English Language Learners	Students with Disabilities	Students at Risk of School Failure
(content, process, product and	Modifications for Classroom:	(appropriate accommodations,	Modifications for Classroom:
learning environment)		instructional adaptations, and/or	
	Modified in-class assignments	modifications as determined by the	Intervention and Referral Team
Extension Activities:	Building background information	IEP or 504 team)	(I&RS) in –house strategies for
	Simplifying language for		teachers
Incorporate challenging	presentation	<b>Modifications for Classroom:</b>	• Extra textbooks at home
assessments	Internet bilingual dictionaries	I Cl C	• Extended time for assignments
Open forums and debates in the	during class and during	• In-Class-Support	Highlight key vocabulary
classroom regarding controversial	assignments	Graphic Organizers	Pair visual prompts with verbal
<ul><li>issues</li><li>Utilize advanced materials and</li></ul>	Word banks for tests and quizzes	Provide study guides/lesson	presentations
Other advanced materials and resources to meet the needs of	Developing content area	outlines	<ul> <li>Model skills/techniques</li> </ul>
student	vocabulary	• Extended time on assessments	Modify assignments
<ul> <li>Competitive and collaborative</li> </ul>	• Extended time for all assessments	Research guides	• Preferential seating as noted by
projects	Use of graphic organizers	• Analogies	student and teacher
<ul><li>Independent projects requiring</li></ul>	Internet text translators	Highlighting/underlining	Parent/teacher communication
research skills for assessing	Simplification of requirements	Note-taking guides	Provide books on tape/CD/digital
information	Access to teacher designated	• Cue cards	media as requested by the student
Anchor activities	power points and notes	• Establish timelines	when appropriate
<ul> <li>Advanced discussion techniques</li> </ul>	Concept development	Clarify assignments, directions,	Assign peer helper in class
<ul> <li>Set individual goals</li> </ul>	Collaboration between ESL and	instructions	Pair visual prompts with verbal
<ul> <li>Multimedia projects that relate to</li> </ul>	classroom teachers	• Chapter/lecture notes	presentations
student interests and apply to the	Pair novice ELL students with	Assistive technology	Repetition and practice  Provide converted along pates.
curriculum	advanced ELL students	Provide computer programs to      said with written assignments	Provide copy of class notes
Extra answer choices on multiple	Simplification or exemption from  particular assignments	assist with written assignments	Use computers to complete     assignments as requested by
choice assignments to allow for	particular assignments	Highlight key vocabulary  Model skills/techniques	assignments as requested by student
critical thinking	Audio and visual media provided  to aid comprehension	Model skills/techniques	Provide verbal reminder of
Multi-level learning stations for	to aid comprehension	Parent/teacher communication	assignment

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meaningful independent work that
extends topics and ideas

- Daily positive reinforcement
- Set/post class rules

#### Modifications for Homework/Assignments:

- Extended time to complete homework
- Internet text translators
- Use of graphic organizers
- Modified homework assignments
- Internet bilingual dictionaries
- Provide student with clearly stated and written expectations and grading criteria for homework
- Frequent reminders using Google Classroom

#### **Modification for Assessments:**

- Extended time for tests and quizzes
- Restate and clarify directions and questions
- Establish procedures for accommodations/modifications for assessments
- Grade + Effort

- Provide books on tape/CD/digital media as requested by student when appropriate
- Assign peer helper in class
- Pair visual prompts with verbal presentations
- Provide verbal reminder of assignments
- Check student independent work
- Assist student with planning of assignments
- Simplification or exemption from particular assignments
- Preferential seating
- Communication and collaboration with 504 Coordinator and Child Study Team

#### **Modifications for Homework:**

- Extended time to complete homework Simplify complicated assignments into smaller units in phases as needed by student
- Modified homework
- Provide student with clearly stated and written expectations and grading criteria for assignments
- Frequent reminders using Google Classroom

- Check student independent work
- Assist student with planning of assignment
- Assist with technology

#### **Modifications for Homework:**

- Extended time to complete homework
- Simplify complicated assignments into smaller units in phases as needed by student
- Provide student with clearly stated and written expectations and grading criteria for assignments
- Frequent reminders using Google Classroom

#### **Modification for Assessments:**

- Extended time for tests and quizzes
- Restate and clarify directions and questions
- Provide study guides for classroom tests
- Establish procedures for accommodations/modifications for assessments
- Modify answer choices
- Email parent/guardian to remind child at home to study for test

Resources	Modification for Assessments:
<ul> <li>WIDA Standards</li> <li>Standard 1:Social and Instructional Language</li> <li>Standard 2:The language of Language Arts</li> <li>Standard 3:The language of Mathematics</li> <li>Standard 4:The language of Science</li> <li>Standard 5:The language of Social Studies</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Extended time for tests and quizzes</li> <li>Restate and clarify directions and questions</li> <li>Provide study guides for classroom tests</li> <li>Establish procedures for accommodations/modifications for assessments</li> </ul>

standard to increase scores?  Skills: (As a result of this learning segment, students will be able to)  Determine the best colleges to apply to be determined by their	Assessments: (The above Essential Questions will be assessed with the following formative and summative	Standards: NJSLS: ELA. Literacy.
Skills: (As a result of this learning segment, students will be able to)  • Determine the best colleges to	Questions will be assessed with the	
Skills: (As a result of this learning segment, students will be able to)  • Determine the best colleges to	Questions will be assessed with the	
Skills: (As a result of this learning segment, students will be able to)  • Determine the best colleges to	Questions will be assessed with the	
<ul><li>segment, students will be able to)</li><li>Determine the best colleges to</li></ul>	Questions will be assessed with the	
needs and ability.  Use diagnostic testing to better understand baseline scores and determine improvement plans.  Use time appropriately to maximize scores.  Set a personal goal.  Apply Internet Skills	<ul> <li>Class Work</li> <li>Class Discussions</li> <li>Question of the Day</li> <li>Do-Now Activities</li> <li>Hand Written Homework</li> <li>Homework Quizzes</li> <li>ACT Diagnostic Test</li> <li>ACT Practice Tests</li> <li>Quizzes</li> <li>Tests</li> <li>Benchmark assessment</li> <li>Final Exam will consist of an actual ACT practice test</li> <li>*Score must improve by the end of the marking period, and then again by the midterm/final exam.</li> </ul>	RL.11-12.1, RL 11-12.4 RI.11-12.1, R.I.11-12.4 SL.11-12.1, SL.11-12.3 L.11-12.4 L.11-12.6 RH.11-12.1 RH.11-12.10 RST.11-12.10 U.S. History: America and the World 6.1.12.A.2.a 6.1.12.A.2.b 6.1.12.C.6.b 6.1.12.C.6.c 6.1.12.D.8.b 6.1.12.D.9.a
		World History /Global Studies 6.2.12.D.2.a 6.2.12.C.5.b
	<ul> <li>Use diagnostic testing to better understand baseline scores and determine improvement plans.</li> <li>Use time appropriately to maximize scores.</li> <li>Set a personal goal.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Use diagnostic testing to better understand baseline scores and determine improvement plans.</li> <li>Use time appropriately to maximize scores.</li> <li>Set a personal goal.</li> <li>Apply Internet Skills</li> <li>ACT Diagnostic Test</li> <li>ACT Practice Tests</li> <li>Quizzes</li> <li>Tests</li> <li>Benchmark assessment</li> <li>Final Exam will consist of an actual ACT practice test</li> <li>*Score must improve by the end of the marking period, and then again</li> </ul>

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 LITOLIA	 
	Science:
	ESS1.A
	ESS1.B
	ESS1.C
	ESS2.A
	ESS2.B
	ESS2.C
	ESS2.D
	ESS3.A
	ESS3.B
	ESS3.C
	ESS3.D
	LS1.A
	LS1.B
	LS1.C
	LS2.A
	LS2.B
	Career Ready Practices:
	CRP 1,2,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11
	21st Century Life and Careers:
	9.2.12.C.1
	9.2.12.C.2
1	

	Technology
	8.1.12.D.1
	8.1.12.A.2
	8.1.12.D.5
	8.1.12.F.1
	8.1.12.B.3
	Pacing Chart/Time Frame:
	Course is taught and assessed in one
	marking period. Skills are reinforced
	throughout the entire marking period.
	Materials:
	Kaplan ACT, 2016, Strategies,
	Practice and Review
	Kaplan ACT, English ,Reading and
	Writing Workbook
	Willing Worksook
	College Board ACT Question of the
	Day
	Google Classroom
	Chromebooks
	LCD projector

CONTENT: English Language Arts			
Theme: English			
	How can a student determine the task? Why should a student consider the passage as a whole?  Assessments: (The above Essential Questions will be assessed with the following formative and summative measures:)  Class Work  Class Work  Class Discussions  Question of the Day  Do-Now Activities  Hand Written Homework Homework Quizzes  ACT Diagnostic Test Quizzes  ACT Practice Tests Quizzes  Tests  ACT Practice Tests Quizzes  Tests  Benchmark assessments  Tests  Benchmark assessments  Final Exam will consist of an actual ACT practice test  World History/Global Studies		
Understand the different commonly inverted work or well, etc.)	etween by the midterm/final exam.		

<u></u>	LINGLIA	7111101	
•			Science:
	forms, especially of the verb to be		ESS1.A
•	Know what punctuation marks mean and how they are commonly		ESS1.B
	used		ESS1.C
			ESS2.A
	including run-on sentences,		ESS2.B
	parallel structure and verbs ending		ESS2.C
	with –ing Understand the use of idioms		ESS2.D
	Onderstand the use of idioms		ESS3.A
			ESS3.B
			ESS3.C
			ESS3.D
			LS1.A
			LS1.B
			LS1.C
			LS2.A
			LS2.B
			Career Ready Practices:
			CRP 1,2,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11
			aust o
			21 <sup>st</sup> Century Life and Careers:
			9.2.12.C.1
			9.2.12.C.2
			,

	m 1 1
	Technology
	8.1.12.D.1
	8.1.12.A.2
	8.1.12.D.5
	8.1.12.F.1
	8.1.12.B.3
	Pacing Chart/Time Frame:
	Course is taught and assessed in one
	marking period. Skills are reinforced
	throughout the entire marking period.
	Materials:
	Kaplan ACT, 2016, Strategies,
	Practice and Review
	Tractice and Review
	v i e i i p i i iw
	Kaplan English, Reading and Writing
	Workbook
	College Board ACT Question of the
	Day
	Google Classroom
	Chromebooks
	LCD projector

CONTENT: English Language Arts			
Theme: Reading			
Essential Questions:			
What are the different types of passages?		How to know where the passage is going?	
What are the different types of question	s?	How to tackle a set of paired passages?	
How to conquer the questions?			time?
How to conquer the questions?  Content: (As a result of this learning segment, students will know)  The different types of passages Strategies for paired passages Strategies for prose fiction Pacing and approach Scoring Passage mapping Key words that indicate cause and effect and contrast Question stem indicators Vocabulary in context questions Inference, making conclusions about a small of the passage Function, making conclusions about a small to medium part of the passage	<ul> <li>Skills: (As a result of this learning segment, students will be able to)</li> <li>Examine the stem question, looking for clues.</li> <li>Predict the answer and select the choice that best matches the prediction</li> <li>Know where the passage is going</li> <li>Conquer the question</li> <li>Understand the questions and the most accurate way to answer</li> <li>How to score the ACT</li> <li>How to actively read the passages</li> <li>Passage mapping, take notes in the margins</li> <li>Understand the purpose of the paragraphs in the passages: <ul> <li>State a thesis</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	What to do when you are running out of Assessments: (The above Essential Questions will be assessed with the following formative and summative measures:)  Class Work Class Discussions Question of the Day Do-Now Activities Hand Written Homework Homework Quizzes ACT Diagnostic Test ACT Practice Tests Quizzes Tests Benchmark assessments Final Exam will consist of an	Standards: NJSLS: ELA. Literacy. RL.11-12.1 RL.11-12.4 RI.11-12.2 RI.11-12.4 RI.11-12.4 RI.11-12.10  U.S. History: America and the World 6.1.12.A.2.a 6.1.12.A.2.b 6.1.12.C.6.b 6.1.12.C.6.c 6.1.12.D.8.b
<ul> <li>Writers view, questions from the point of view of the writer</li> <li>Generalizations, questions ask about large pieces of the passage, and task the reader with putting it all together to draw a supported conclusion</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Establish a tone</li> <li>Provide a supporting argument</li> <li>Give an opinion</li> <li>Provide a counter argument</li> <li>Give a history</li> </ul>	actual ACT practice test  Score must improve by the end of the marking period, and then again by the midterm/final exam.	6.1.12.D.9.a  World History /Global Studies 6.2.12.D.2.a 6.2.12.C.5.b

LITOLIA	 
 	Science:
	ESS1.A
	ESS1.B
	ESS1.C
	ESS2.A
	ESS2.B
	ESS2.C
	ESS2.D
	ESS3.A
	ESS3.B
	ESS3.C
	ESS3.D
	LS1.A
	LS1.B
	LS1.C
	LS2.A
	LS2.B
	Career Ready Practices
	CRP 1,2,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11
	21st Century Life and Careers:
	9.2.12.C.1
	9.2.12.C.2

	Taskaslasy
	Technology
	8.1.12.D.1
	8.1.12.A.2
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#### **NJSLS ELA Standards**

NJSLS Reading Literature	RL.9-10.1. Cite strong and thorough textual evidence and make relevant connections to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferentially, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.
	RL.9-10.2. Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze in detail its development over the course of the text, including how it emerges and is shaped and refined by specific details and provide an objective summary of the text.
	RL.9-10.3. Analyze how complex characters (e.g., those with multiple or conflicting motivations) develop over the course of a text, interact with other characters, and advance the plot or develop the theme.
	RL.9-10.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the cumulative impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone (e.g., how the language evokes a sense of time and place; how it sets a formal or informal tone).
	RL.9-10.5. Analyze how an author's choices concerning how to structure a text, order events within it (e.g., parallel plots), and manipulate time (e.g., pacing, flashbacks) create specific effects (e.g. mystery, tension, or surprise).
	RL.9-10.6. Analyze a particular point of view or cultural experience reflected in a work of literature from outside the United States, drawing on a wide reading of world literature.
	RL.9-10.7. Analyze the representation of a subject or a key scene in two different artistic mediums, including what is emphasized or absent in each work (e.g., Auden's "Musée des Beaux Arts" and Breughel's <i>Landscape with the Fall of Icarus</i> ).
	RL.9-10.9. Analyze and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) how an author draws on and transforms source material in a specific work (e.g., how Shakespeare treats a theme or topic from mythology or the Bible or how a later author draws on a play by Shakespeare).
	RL.9-10.10. By the end of grade 9, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems at grade level text-complexity or above with scaffolding as needed.

NJSLS Reading Informational Text	RI.9-10.1. Accurately cite strong and thorough textual evidence, (e.g., via discussion, written response, etc.) and make relevant connections, to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferentially, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.
	RI.9-10.2. Determine a central idea of a text and analyze how it is developed and refined by specific details; provide an objective summary of the text.
	RI.9-10.3. Analyze how the author unfolds an analysis or series of ideas or events, including the order in which the points are made, how they are introduced and developed, and the connections that are drawn between them.
	RI.9-10.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the cumulative impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone (e.g., how the language of a court opinion differs from that of a newspaper).
	RI.9-10.5. Analyze in detail how an author's ideas or claims are developed and refined by particular sentences, paragraphs, or larger portions of a text (e.g., a section or chapter).
	RI.9-10.6. Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how an author uses rhetorical devices to advance that point of view or purpose.
	RI.9-10.7. Analyze various perspectives as presented in different mediums (e.g., a person's life story in both print and multimedia), determining which details are emphasized in each account.
	RI.9-10.8. Describe and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is valid and the evidence is relevant and sufficient; identify false statements and reasoning.
	RI.9-10.9. Analyze and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) documents of historical and literary significance, (e.g., Washington's Farewell Address the Gettysburg Address, Roosevelt's Four Freedoms speech, King's "Letter from Birmingham Jail", Declaration of the Rights of Man and Citizen, U.N. Universal Declaration of Human Rights, etc.), including how they relate in terms of themes and

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	RI.9-10.10. By the end of grade 9, read and comprehend literary nonfiction at grade level text-complexity above with scaffolding as needed. By the end of grade 10, read and comprehend literary nonfiction at grade level text-complexity or above.	
NJSLS Speaking and Listening	SL.9-10.1. Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with peers on <i>grades 9–10 topics</i> , <i>texts</i> , <i>and issues</i> , building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.	
	<ul> <li>A. Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.</li> <li>B. Collaborate with peers to set rules for discussions (e.g. informal consensus, taking votes on key issues, presentation of alternate views); develop clear goals and assessment criteria (e.g. student developed rubric) and assign individual roles as needed.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>C. Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that relate the current discussion to broader themes or larger ideas; actively incorporate others into the discussion; and clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions.</li> <li>D. Respond thoughtfully to various perspectives, summarize points of agreement and disagreement, and justify own views. Make new connections in light of the evidence and reasoning presented.</li> </ul>	
	SL.9-10.2. Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, qualitatively, orally) evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source.	
	SL.9-10.3. Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric, identifying any false reasoning or distorted evidence.	
	SL.9-10.4. Present information, findings, and supporting evidence clearly, concisely, and logically. The content, organization, development, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.	

	SL.9-10.5. Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest.  SL.9-10.6. Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English.
NJSLS Language	L.9-10.1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.  A. Use parallel structure.  B. Use various types of phrases (noun, verb, adjectival, adverbial, participial, prepositional, absolute) and clauses (independent, dependent; noun, relative, adverbial) to convey specific meanings and add variety and interest to writing or presentations.
	<ul> <li>L.9-10.2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.</li> <li>A. Use a semicolon (and perhaps a conjunctive adverb) to link two or more closely related independent clauses.</li> <li>B. Use a colon to introduce a list or quotation.</li> <li>C. Spell correctly.</li> <li>L.9-10.3. Apply knowledge of language to make effective choices for meaning, or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading, writing, speaking or listening.</li> <li>A. Vary word choice and sentence structure to demonstrate an understanding of the influence of language.</li> <li>L.9-10.4. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on <i>grades</i></li> <li>9-10 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.</li> <li>A. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence, paragraph, or text; a word's position or function in a</li> </ul>

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	sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.  B. Identify and correctly use patterns of word changes that indicate different meanings or parts of speech (e.g.,
	analyze, analysis, analytical; advocate, advocacy).
	C. Consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning, its part of speech, or its etymology.
	D. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).
	L.9-10.5. Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.  A. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., euphemism, oxymoron) in context and analyze their role in the text.  B. Analyze nuances in the meaning of words with similar denotations.
	L.9-10.6. Acquire and use accurately general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.
NJSLS Writing	W.9-10.1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.
	A. Introduce precise claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an
	organization that establishes clear relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.  B. Develop claim(s) and counterclaims avoiding common logical fallacies, propaganda devices, and using sound reasoning, supplying evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level and concerns.
	C. Use transitions (e.g. words, phrases, clauses) to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims.
	<ul><li>D. Establish and maintain a style and tone appropriate to the audience and purpose (e.g. formal and objective for academic writing) while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.</li><li>E. Provide a concluding paragraph or section that supports the argument presented.</li></ul>
	W.9-10.2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information

clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.

- A. Introduce a topic; organize complex ideas, concepts, and information to make important connections and distinctions; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
- B. Develop the topic with well-chosen, relevant, and sufficient facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic.
- C. Use appropriate and varied transitions to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts.
- D. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to manage the complexity of the topic.
- E. Establish and maintain a style and tone appropriate to the audience and purpose (e.g. formal and objective for academic writing) while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.
- F. Provide a concluding paragraph or section that supports the information or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).

W.9-10.3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.

- A. Engage and orient the reader by setting out a problem, situation, or observation, establishing one or multiple point(s) of view, and introducing a narrator and/or characters; create a smooth progression of experiences or events.
- B. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description, reflection, and multiple plot lines, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.
- C. Use a variety of techniques to sequence events so that they build on one another to create a coherent whole.
- D. Use precise words and phrases, telling details, and sensory language to convey a vivid picture of the experiences, events, setting, and/or characters.
- E. Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on what is experienced, observed, or resolved over the course of the narrative.

W.9-10.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)

W.9-10.5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, trying a new approach, or consulting a style manual (such as MLA or APA Style), focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.

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	W.9-10.6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, share, and update individual or shared writing products, taking advantage of technology's capacity to link to other information and to display information flexibly and dynamically.	
	W.9-10.7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.	
	W.9-10.8. Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the usefulness of each source in answering the research question; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation (MLA or APA Style Manuals).	
	<ul> <li>W.9-10.9. Draw evidence from literary or nonfiction informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.</li> <li>A. Apply grades 9–10 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Analyze how an author draws on and transforms source material in a specific work [e.g., how Shakespeare treats a theme or topic from Ovid mythology or the Bible or how a later author draws on a play by Shakespeare]").</li> <li>B. Apply grades 9–10 Reading standards to nonfiction informational e.g., "Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is valid and the evidence is relevant and sufficient; identify false statements and fallacious reasoning").</li> <li>W.9-10.10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences.</li> </ul>	
NJSLS Reading History	RH.9-10.1. Accurately cite strong and thorough textual evidence, to support analysis of primary and secondary sources, attending to such features as the date and origin of the information.	
	RH.9-10.2. Determine the theme, central ideas, key information and/or perspective(s) presented in a primary or	

	secondary source; provide an accurate summary that makes clear the relationships among the key details and ideas.
	RH.9-10.3. Analyze in detail a series of events described in a text; draw connections between the events, to determine whether earlier events caused later ones or simply preceded them.
	RH.9-10.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including vocabulary describing political, social, or economic aspects of history and the social sciences; analyze the cumulative impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone.
	RH.9-10.5. Analyze how a text uses structure to emphasize key points or advance an explanation or analysis.
	RH.9-10.6. Compare the point of view of two or more authors in regards to how they treat the same or similar topics, including which details they include and emphasize in their respective accounts. Read and analyze history as a primary or secondary source in relation to literature.
	RH.9-10.8. Assess the extent to which the reasoning and evidence in a text support the author's claims.
NJSLS Reading Science and Technical Subjects	RST.9-10.1. Accurately cite strong and thorough evidence from the text to support analysis of science and technical texts, attending to precise details for explanations or descriptions.
	RST.9-10.2. Determine the central ideas, themes, or conclusions of a text; trace the text's explanation or depiction of a complex process, phenomenon, or concept; provide an accurate summary of the text.