Amity Regional School District No. 5 COVID-19 Protocols

These protocols are based on recommendations from Quinnipiack Valley Health District, the Connecticut Department of Public Health, and the Centers for Disease Control.

Employees at Work:

- Employees who are ill should stay home. This includes not only symptoms of COVID-19, but other illnesses as well (cold/flu symptoms, and gastrointestinal (GI) issues)
- Staff should practice proper sneeze and cough etiquette, avoid touching their face, and wash hands frequently, especially after touching common areas such as door handles, bathrooms, refrigerators/kitchens, copiers, etc.
- Maintain social distance (greater than six (6) feet.
- Do not share office tools such as phones, computer keyboards, pens, etc.
- Minimize the passing of papers or wear gloves when filing.

Employees who are ill:

- Employees who have symptoms should notify their supervisor and stay home.
- These symptoms may appear 2-14 days after exposure and include, but are not limited to:
 - o Fever
 - Cough
 - Shortness of breath
- Employees who appear to have symptoms upon arrival at work or who become sick during the
 day should immediately be separated from other employees, customers, and visitors and sent
 home.
- Sick employees should follow CDC-recommended steps. These include, but are not limited to:
 - Stay home. Do not leave your home, except to get medical care. Do not visit public areas.
 - Stay in touch with your doctor. Call before you get medical care.
 - Avoid public transportation.
 - O Stay away from others. Stay in a specific "sick room" if possible, and use a separate bathroom, if available.
 - O Cover your coughs and sneezes.
 - Clean your hands often.
 - Clean and disinfect. Routinely clean high-touch surfaces in your "sick room" and bathroom. Let someone else clean and disinfect surfaces in common areas, but not your bedroom and bathroom.
 - Avoid sharing personal household items.

Ill Employees Return to Work:

- Employees should not return to work until the criteria to <u>discontinue home isolation</u> are met, in consultation with healthcare providers and state and local health departments.
- People with COVID-19 who have stayed home (home isolated) can stop home isolation under the following conditions:
 - o <u>If you do not have a test</u> to determine if you are still contagious, you can leave home after these three things have happened:
 - You have had no fever for at least 72 hours (that is three full days of no fever without the use medicine that reduces fevers)

AND

 other symptoms have improved (for example, when your cough or shortness of breath have improved)

AND

- at least 7 days have passed since your symptoms first appeared
- If you are tested to determine if you are still contagious, you can leave home after these three things have happened:
 - You no longer have a fever (without the use medicine that reduces fevers)
 - other symptoms have improved (for example, when your cough or shortness of breath have improved)

AND

you received two negative tests in a row, 24 hours apart. Your doctor will follow CDC guidelines.

Employees who are well but who have a sick family member at home with diagnosed COVID-19:

- Notify their supervisor and follow CDC recommended precautions.
- Self-quarantine at home for 14 days from the sick family member's onset of symptoms and monitor themselves for symptoms.
- Household members should stay in another room or be separated from the patient as much as possible. Household members should use a separate bedroom and bathroom, if available.
- help the patient with basic needs in the home and provide support for getting groceries, prescriptions, and other personal needs.
- Make sure that shared spaces in the home have good air flow, such as by an air conditioner or an opened window, weather permitting.
- Perform hand hygiene frequently. Wash your hands often with soap and water for at least 20 seconds or use an alcohol-based hand sanitizer that contains 60 to 95% alcohol, covering all surfaces of your hands and rubbing them together until they feel dry. Soap and water should be used preferentially if hands are visibly dirty.
- Avoid touching your eyes, nose, and mouth with unwashed hands.
- Avoid sharing household items with the patient.
- Wash laundry thoroughly.

Presumed COVID-19 Infection in the Workplace:

- If an employee is presumed to have COVID-19 infection, employers should inform fellow employees of their possible exposure to COVID-19 in the workplace but maintain confidentiality as required by the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA). The employees who were in close contact with the presumed infected should then self-monitor for symptoms.
- These symptoms may appear 2-14 days after exposure and include, but are not limited to:
 - o Fever
 - Cough
 - Shortness of breath
- Close contact is defined as:
 - Being within approximately 6 feet (2 meters) of a COVID-19 case for a prolonged period of time; close contact can occur while caring for, living with, visiting, or sharing a health care waiting area or room with a COVID-19 case; OR
 - Having direct contact with infectious secretions of a COVID-19 case (e.g., being coughed on).

Confirmed COVID-19 Infection in the Workplace:

- If an employee is confirmed to have COVID-19 infection, employers should inform fellow employees of their possible exposure to COVID-19 in the workplace but maintain confidentiality as required by the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA). The employees who were in close contact with the confirmed infected should then self-quarantine at home for 14 days from the sick co-worker's onset of symptoms and monitor themselves for symptoms.
- These symptoms may appear 2-14 days after exposure and include, but are not limited to:
 - o Fever
 - Cough
 - Shortness of breath
- Close contact is defined as:
 - Being within approximately 6 feet (2 meters) of a COVID-19 case for a prolonged period of time; close contact can occur while caring for, living with, visiting, or sharing a health care waiting area or room with a COVID-19 case; OR
 - Having direct contact with infectious secretions of a COVID-19 case (e.g., being coughed on).

Perform enhanced cleaning and disinfection after persons suspected/confirmed to have COVID-19 have been in the workplace. Use guidelines from CDC - "Disinfecting Your Facility if Someone is Sick".

General Flow Chart of Responsibilities for COVID-19 in the Workplace

