

Sample Resolution

CAISL Delegate – Carolina A.

ISSUE: 2

QUESTION OF: Establishing new guidelines for migrants in the present world

SUBMITTER: Libya

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY,

Bearing in mind that one of the purposes of the United Nations, as stated in its Charter, is “to maintain international peace and security,”

Guided by the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, particularly Article 13, which states that “everyone has the right to freedom of movement and residence within the borders of each state” and “everyone has the right to leave any country, including his own, and to return to his country,” and Article 14, which states that “everyone has the right to seek and to enjoy in other countries asylum from persecution,”

Affirming that in 2005, the number of people living outside of their country of origin was 191 million and 34 percent of these lived in Europe, 28 percent in Asia, 23 percent in North America, 9 percent in Africa, 3 percent in South America, and another 3 percent in Oceania,

Reaffirming that, according to the 2010 Global Trends Report, the total number of displaced people worldwide reached 43.7 million, of which 15.4 million were refugees, 27.5 million were people displaced within their own country by conflict, and nearly 850,000 were asylum seekers,

Keeping in mind that remittances have been increasing steadily over the past decades (in 2005, remittances were at \$232 billion) as have the share of remittances going to LEDCs (in 2005, the share of remittances going to LEDCs was at 72 percent or \$167 billion),

Fully aware that people migrate for a series of reasons, which can be divided into push factors such as lack of jobs, poverty, civil strife, war, political and religious persecution, and environmental problems; and pull factors such as higher standards of living, higher wages, labor demand, and political and religious freedom,

Recognizing that migration has a large impact on individual countries’ economies and, thus, on the global economy too,

Fully aware of the recent shift in global migration patterns as a result of events such as the financial crisis of 2008 and the Arab Spring uprisings,

Expresses its appreciation of agencies such as the International Organization for Migration (IOM), the International Labor Organization (ILO), the Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR), and the Committee on Migrant Workers (CMW) that promote migration and protect the rights of migrants,

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1. Calls upon all Member States to sign and ratify the Migrant Workers Convention, the Convention on the Protection of the Rights of All Migrant Workers and Members of Their Families, and the Convention Relating to the Status of Refugees;
2. Requests that all Member States devise a census of all migrants every four years (the first one to be completed and submitted by 1 January 2014) with the purpose of ameliorating national migration policy, which would include the following information:
 - a. Race and ethnicity,
 - b. Age,
 - c. Career choice,
 - d. Amount of work experience,
 - e. The reason for migration, which classifies migrants as either:
 - i. Political refugees,
 - ii. Religious refugees,
 - iii. War-torn refugees,
 - iv. Environmental refugees,
 - v. Impoverished individuals,
 - vi. Migrant workers;
3. Urges all Member States to establish a national guest worker program that will:
 - a. Work in conformity with the country's other migration programs,
 - b. Include a nationwide system of biometric identification (fingerprints, retina scans, etc.) so that employers who want to hire a guest worker can verify electronically that the particular worker is registered in the system and is eligible to work in the country,
 - c. Provide incentives for migrant workers to register with the program, which include, but are not limited to:
 - i. Renewable short-term work permits rather than nonrenewable ones with a more extended expiration date,
 - ii. Punishments, which will vary based on the case, for non-compliance to both guest workers and their employers,
 - d. Include a system of internal enforcement led by the country's national police, which will have the sole purpose of monitoring the employment of migrant workers and prosecuting both guest workers and employers who break the law,
 - e. Provide migrant workers with their desired guest worker status, which establishes them as legal migrants but does not provide them with rights to certain social benefits, such as but not limited to:

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- i. Welfare,
 - ii. Unemployment insurance,
 - f. Offer a program of efficient legal entry for migrants who comply with biometric identification,
 - g. Set a brief waiting period for migrants after they have been biometrically identified to give law enforcement agencies the necessary time to screen their biometrics against criminal and terrorist databases,
 - h. Use bonds to promote compliance after entry by either:
 - i. Demanding that guest workers pay upon entry for a bond that is redeemable upon exit,
 - ii. Demanding that their employers pay for a bond that would likewise be repaid once the migrant had exited the country,
 - i. Create an institution under the aforementioned program that will monitor the employment of guest workers by:
 - i. Setting a time period of two months for guest workers to find a sponsoring employer,
 - ii. Requiring migrants to provide the program with proof that they have located an employer after the set time period,
 - iii. Demanding that migrants exit the county if they have not been able to secure an employer within the limited time frame,
 - iv. Requiring that employers submit payroll records to the program for review every month,
 - v. Giving migrants another two months to find an employer if the sponsor with the first one ends,
 - vi. Sending personnel to control the working conditions of migrant workers,
 - j. Be partially funded by Member States but mostly by the IOM and ILO;
4. Declares that all Member States have the right, but not the obligation, to impose quotas or other limiting systems on migration and, if so happens, Member States that refuse refugees and/or asylum seekers must find another Member State that is willing to accommodate them;
5. Requests that all Member States guarantee that their national curriculum makes some mention to the benefits of migration and its importance;
6. Recommends the creation of information campaigns, particularly in LEDCs, which inform about the dangers of the migration process in order to prevent potential migrants from creating false hopes with regards to the living conditions in the countries that they might wish to migrate to;

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7. Proposes a meeting to take place between all Member States that belong to the European Union and all those affected by the Arab Spring uprisings so that a Convention on the Reintegration of Refugees and Asylum Seekers may be devised and adopted, and such a convention would:
 - a. Allow for refugees and asylum seekers to return to their country of origin in safety and dignity,
 - b. Create a database with accurate and reliable information on the number of refugees and asylum seekers living in a specific country, their economic status, nationality, and willingness to return to their country of origin,
 - c. Integrate those refugees and asylum seekers that are not willing to return to their country of origin;

8. Suggests that all Member States that find themselves in a similar situation to that between certain European countries and all those affected by the Arab Spring uprisings to do likewise and cooperate through meetings and international conventions to solve the issue;

9. Recommends the creation of a subcommittee to the CMW that will be active in all Member States and therefore aid migrant workers, refugees, and asylum seekers by:
 - a. Assisting them when they are searching for employment,
 - b. Locating possible houses for them to settle in,
 - c. Assisting them in the completion of all subsequent paperwork seeing as they are probably not fluent in the host language,
 - d. Assisting them in the learning of the host language,
 - e. Locating possible schools for their children to attend,
 - f. Directing them in the case of a health emergency,
 - g. Helping them to communicate with their country of origin;

10. Recommends other continents to follow Europe's example and in this way create a continental border patrol agency in order to minimize the amount of illegal immigration between continents;

11. Supports United Nations organs, such as UNEP (United Nations Environment Program), which tackle global warming by ensuring that the migration policy of each Member State is environmentally sustainable;

12. Decides to remain actively seized upon this matter.