WISEBURN UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

AUDIT REPORT June 30, 2019



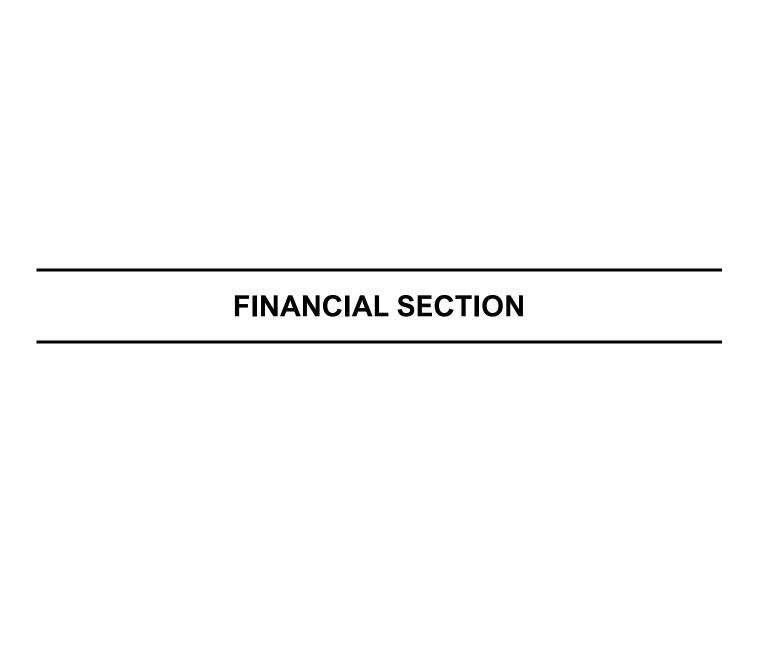
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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Governing Board Wiseburn Unified School District El Segundo, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Wiseburn Unified School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Wiseburn Unified School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Wiseburn Unified School District, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, such as management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in total OPEB liability and related ratios, schedules of proportionate share of net pension liability, and schedules of District contributions for pensions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Wiseburn Unified School District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information listed in the table of contents, including the schedule of expenditures of Federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information listed in the table of contents is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 3, 2019 on our consideration of Wiseburn Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Wiseburn Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Wiseburn Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

San Diego, California December 3, 2019

Christy White, Inc.

WISEBURN UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

INTRODUCTION

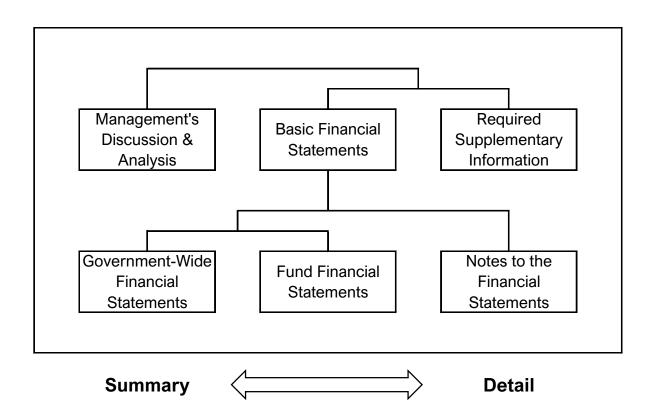
Our discussion and analysis of Wiseburn Unified School District's (District) financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. It should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- At June 30, 2019, total net position was \$50,600,585 for governmental activities and \$(2,117,066) for business-type activities. This was a decrease of \$4,693,553 from the prior year for governmental activities and a decrease of \$755,463 from the prior year for business-type activities.
- For governmental activities, overall expenses were \$44,903,303, which exceeded overall revenues of \$40,238,785.
- The District accounts for the Wiseburn Child Development Center within business-type activities. Overall expenses for business-type activities were \$3,062,916, which exceeded total revenues of \$2,278,418.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Components of the Financials Section



OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Components of the Financials Section (continued)

This annual report consists of three parts – Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The three sections together provide a comprehensive overview of the District. The basic financial statements are comprised of two kinds of statements that present financial information from different perspectives:

- **Government-wide financial statements**, which comprise the first two statements, provide both short-term and long-term information about the entity's overall financial position.
- Fund financial statements focus on reporting the individual parts of District operations in more detail. The fund financial statements comprise the remaining statements.
 - ▶ **Governmental Funds** provide a detailed *short-term* view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs.
 - **Proprietary Funds** report services for which the District charges customers a fee. Like the government-wide statements, they provide both long- and short-term financial information.
 - Fiduciary Funds report balances for which the District is a custodian or *trustee* of the funds, such as Associated Student Bodies and pension funds.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The basic financial statements are followed by a section of required and other supplementary information that further explain and support the financial statements.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position is one way to measure the District's financial health or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include governmental activities. All of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular education, food service, maintenance and general administration. Local control funding formula and federal and state grants finance most of these activities.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE

Net Position

The District's combined net position was \$48,483,519 at June 30, 2019, as reflected separately among governmental and business-type activities in the table below. Of this amount, \$(67,697,507) was unrestricted for governmental activities and \$(2,117,066) was unrestricted for business-type activities. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the Governing Board's ability to use that net position for day-to-day operations.

	Gove	Business-Type Activiti					s		
	2019	2019 2018 Net Change			2019		2018		t Change
ASSETS									
Current and other assets	\$ 23,747,010	\$ 40,294,935	\$ (16,547,925)	\$	407,377	\$	363,867	\$	43,510
Capital assets	236,812,497	223,640,134	13,172,363		-		-		-
Total Assets	260,559,507	263,935,069	(3,375,562)		407,377		363,867		43,510
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	15,562,081	17,286,026	(1,723,945)		344,844		708,028		(363,184)
LIABILITIES									
Current liabilities	14,428,811	16,125,384	(1,696,573)		350,079		292,491		57,588
Long-term liabilities	209,454,181	208,573,064	881,117		2,496,636		2,124,126		372,510
Total Liabilities	223,882,992	224,698,448	(815,456)		2,846,715		2,416,617		430,098
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,638,011	1,228,509	409,502		22,572		16,881		5,691
NET POSITION									
Net investment in capital assets	109,499,461	99,359,524	10,139,937		-		-		-
Restricted	8,798,631	14,473,261	(5,674,630)		-		-		-
Unrestricted	(67,697,507)	(58,538,647)	(9,158,860)		(2,117,066)		(1,361,603)		(755,463)
Total Net Position	\$ 50,600,585	\$ 55,294,138	\$ (4,693,553)	\$	(2,117,066)	\$	(1,361,603)	\$	(755,463)

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

Changes in Net Position

The results of this year's operations for the District as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities. The table below presents the information from the Statement and rearranges the categories slightly, so you can see our total revenues, expenses, and special items for the year.

As shown separately among governmental and business-type activities in the table below, the District's total combined revenues were \$42,517,203. Program revenues from grants and contributions were approximately 8% of the District's total revenues for 2018-19. Revenues from local control funding formula state aid and property taxes were 80% and miscellaneous local sources were 7%. Charges for services accounted for the remaining 5%.

	Gove	ernmental Activ	Business-Type Activiti					ities		
	2019	2018	Net Change		2019		2018	Net	Change	
REVENUES										
Program revenues										
Charges for services	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	2,170,183	\$	1,891,498	\$	278,685	
Operating grants and contributions	3,304,147	3,637,847	(333,700)		-		1,697		(1,697)	
Capital grants and contributions	16,515	9,817	6,698		-		-		-	
General revenues										
Property taxes	23,012,568	22,370,395	642,173		-		=		-	
Unrestricted federal and state aid	11,197,071	11,382,144	(185,073)		-		-		-	
Other	2,708,484	1,680,958	1,027,526		108,235		47,363		60,872	
Total Revenues	40,238,785	39,081,161	1,157,624		2,278,418		1,940,558		337,860	
EXPENSES										
Instruction	19,423,893	17,613,885	1,810,008		-		-		-	
Instruction-related services	3,153,944	2,647,726	506,218		-		-		-	
Pupil services	3,751,353	3,522,474	228,879		-		-		-	
General administration	3,657,695	2,566,988	1,090,707		-		=		-	
Plant services	2,429,735	2,722,152	(292,417)		-		=		-	
Ancillary and community services	29,276	91,263	(61,987)		-		-		-	
Debt service	10,116,665	9,091,634	1,025,031		-		-		-	
Other outgo	369,884	292,380	77,504		-		-		-	
Depreciation	2,164,510	2,037,874	126,636		-		-		-	
Enterprise activities	(193,652)	-	(193,652)		3,062,916		2,317,629		745,287	
Total Expenses	44,903,303	40,586,376	4,316,927		3,062,916		2,317,629		745,287	
Transfers & special items	(29,035)	=	(29,035)		29,035		-		29,035	
Change in net position	(4,693,553)	(1,505,215)	(3,188,338)		(755,463)		(377,071)		(378,392)	
Net Position - Beginning	55,294,138	56,799,353	(1,505,215)		(1,361,603)		(984,532)		(377,071)	
Net Position - Ending	\$ 50,600,585	\$ 55,294,138	\$ (4,693,553)	\$	(2,117,066)	\$ ((1,361,603)	\$	(755,463)	

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

Changes in Net Position (continued)

The total cost of all programs and services was \$47,966,219, as shown separately among governmental and business-type activities in the table on the previous page. The District's expenses are predominately related to educating and caring for students (47%). The costs associated with debt services, such as interest on long-term liabilities, accounted for 21%. Pupil services (including transportation and food) account for 8% of total expenses. Administrative activities accounted for another 8% of total expenses. Plant services, which represent the facilities maintenance and operations costs, account for 5% of the District's total expenses. The remaining expenses were for enterprise activities, ancillary, and community services, and other outgo (12%).

The cost of all our governmental activities this year was \$44,903,303. The net cost of those services was \$41,582,641. The cost paid by other governments and organizations who subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions was \$3,304,147.

	Net Cost of Services						
			2018				
Instruction	\$	17,128,707		15,280,991			
Instruction-related services		3,016,923		2,537,714			
Pupil services		2,902,622		2,617,439			
General administration		3,628,412		2,546,303			
Plant services		2,390,560		2,518,102			
Ancillary and community services		29,238		90,137			
Debt service		10,116,665		9,091,634			
Transfers to other agencies		205,004		218,518			
Depreciation		2,164,510		2,037,874			
Total Expenses	\$	41,582,641	\$	36,938,712			

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S MAJOR FUNDS

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds as well. As the District completed this year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$17,912,187, which is less than last year's ending fund balance of \$32,347,406. The District's General Fund had \$544,494 more in operating revenues than expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2019. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District's Bond Building Fund had \$8,822,529 less in operating revenues than expenditures. The District's Bond Interest and Redemption Fund had \$352,529 less in operating revenues than expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2019.

CURRENT YEAR BUDGET 2018-19

During the fiscal year, budget revisions and appropriation transfers are presented to the Board for their approval on a regular basis to reflect changes to both revenues and expenditures that become known during the year. In addition, the Board of Education approves financial projections included with the Adopted Budget, First Interim, and Second Interim financial reports. The Unaudited Actuals reflect the District's financial projections and current budget based on State and local financial information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Capital Assets

By the end of 2018-19, the District had invested \$236,812,497 in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation. Capital assets for governmental activities included land improvements, buildings, and as well as non-depreciable assets such as land and construction in progress. There were no capital assets for business-type activities as of June 30, 2019. Total depreciation expense for the year was \$2,164,510.

	Governmental Activities							
	2019	Net Change						
CAPITAL ASSETS			_					
Land	\$ 27,335,988	\$ 27,335,988	\$ -					
Construction in progress	136,014,227	121,296,702	14,717,525					
Land improvements	6,247,713	5,775,695	472,018					
Buildings & improvements	92,695,355	92,606,697	88,658					
Furniture & equipment	1,806,290	1,747,618	58,672					
Accumulated depreciation	(27,287,076)	(25,122,566)	(2,164,510)					
Total Capital Assets	\$236,812,497	\$223,640,134	\$ 13,172,363					

Long-Term Liabilities

At the end of 2018-19, the District had \$211,950,817 in combined long-term liabilities as shown separately among governmental and business-type activities in the below. This was an increase of roughly 1% from last year that is mainly attributed to the total OPEB liability. (More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in footnotes to the financial statements.)

	Gove	 Busir	ess	s-Type Acti	vitie	S			
	2019	2018	Ne	et Change	 2019		2018	Ne	t Change
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES									
Total general obligation bonds	\$180,442,157	\$180,859,407	\$	(417,250)	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Compensated absences	180,417	148,505		31,912	-		-		-
Total OPEB liability	5,352,132	3,800,007		1,552,125	-		-		-
Net pension liability	30,086,336	29,931,384		154,952	2,496,636		2,124,126		372,510
Less: current portion of long-term debt	(6,606,861)	(6,166,239)		(440,622)	-		-		-
Total Long-term Liabilities	\$209,454,181	\$208,573,064	\$	881,117	\$ 2,496,636	\$	2,124,126	\$	372,510

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of several circumstances that could affect its future financial health.

The US economy continues to grow slowly, but the State economic growth is slowing down due to low levels of available employees. However, the State is still experiencing overall economic prosperity. The State Budget for Education contained an increase of 3.26% in fiscal year 2019-20, plus \$3.15 billion in non-Proposition 98 funding for school employer pension relief.

The fiscal policy for the funding of public education changes annually, based on fluctuations in State revenues. The UCLA Anderson Forecast (June 2019) noted that the risk of recession is about 50% within the next 5-8 quarters depending on the model, the biggest economic threat being from the escalating trade war with China and Mexico. If a recession were to happen, State revenues for public education would be negatively impacted.

Landmark legislation passed in Year 2013 reformed California school district finance by creating the Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF). The LCFF is designed to provide a flexible funding mechanism that links student achievement to state funding levels. The LCFF provides a per pupil base grant amount, by grade span, that is augmented by supplemental funding for targeted student groups in low income brackets, those that are English language learners and foster youth.

Factors related to LCFF that the District is monitoring include: (1) estimates of funding in the next budget year and beyond; (2) the Local Control and Accountability Plan (LCAP) that aims to link student accountability measurements to funding allocations; (3) ensuring the integrity of reporting student data through the California Longitudinal Pupil Achievement Data System (CALPADs); and, (4) meeting annual compliance and audit requirements.

The District participates in state employee pensions plans, PERS and STRS, and both are underfunded. The District's proportionate share of the liability is reported in the Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2019. The amount of the liability is material to the financial position of the District. To address the underfunding issues, the pension plans received a one-time funding allocation from the 2019-20 State Budget and continue to raise employer rates in future years. The projected increased pension costs to school employers remain a significant fiscal factor.

Enrollment can fluctuate due to factors such as population growth, competition from private, parochial, inter-district transfers in or out, economic conditions and housing values. Losses in enrollment will cause a school district to lose operating revenues without necessarily permitting the district to make adjustments in fixed operating costs.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the District's budget for the 2019-20 fiscal year.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact the District's business office at (310) 725-2101 or 201 North Douglas Street, El Segundo, CA 90245.

WISEBURN UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

	Governmental	Business-Type	Takal
ASSETS	Activities	Activities	Total
Cash and investments	\$ 21,406,646	\$ 390,785	\$ 21,797,431
Accounts receivable	2,209,112	16,592	2,225,704
Inventory	25,115	10,002	25,115
Other current assets	106,137	_	106,137
Capital assets, not depreciated	163,350,215	_	163,350,215
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	73,462,282	_	73,462,282
Total Assets	260,559,507	407,377	260,966,884
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows related to pensions	9,071,536	344,844	9,416,380
Deferred amount on refunding	6,490,545	-	6,490,545
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	15,562,081	344,844	15,906,925
LIABILITIES			
Accrued liabilities	7,814,054	149,137	7,963,191
Unearned revenue	7,896	200,942	208,838
Long-term liabilities, current portion	6,606,861		6,606,861
Long-term liabilities, non-current portion	209,454,181	2,496,636	211,950,817
Total Liabilities	223,882,992	2,846,715	226,729,707
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows related to pensions	1,638,011	22,572	1,660,583
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,638,011	22,572	1,660,583
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	109,499,461	-	109,499,461
Restricted:			
Capital projects	467,817	-	467,817
Debt service	7,118,780	-	7,118,780
Educational programs	1,059,072	-	1,059,072
All others	152,962	-	152,962
Unrestricted	(67,697,507)	(2,117,066)	(69,814,573)
Total Net Position	\$ 50,600,585	\$ (2,117,066)	\$ 48,483,519

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in

		Program Revenues								Net Position			
		Operating Capital											
		CI	narges for	G	Grants and		Grants and	Go	overnmental	Business-Type			
Function/Programs	Expenses	;	Services	Co	ntributions	C	ontributions		Activities	Activities	Total		
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES													
Instruction	\$ 19,230,241	\$	-	\$	2,085,019	\$	16,515	\$	(17,128,707)				
Instruction-related services													
Instructional supervision and administration	730,056		-		92,818		-		(637,238)				
Instructional library, media, and technology	709,869		-		44,203		-		(665,666)				
School site administration	1,714,019		-		-		-		(1,714,019)				
Pupil services													
Home-to-school transportation	57,108		-		14,459		-		(42,649)				
Food services	903,219		-		369,154		-		(534,065)				
All other pupil services	2,791,026		-		465,118		_		(2,325,908)				
General administration													
Centralized data processing	72,258		-		_		_		(72,258)				
All other general administration	3,585,437		-		29,283		_		(3,556,154)				
Plant services	2,429,735		-		39,175		_		(2,390,560)				
Ancillary services	11,697		-		38		_		(11,659)				
Community services	17,579		-		-		_		(17,579)				
Interest on long-term debt	10,116,665		-		-		_		(10,116,665)				
Other outgo	369,884		-		164,880		_		(205,004)				
Depreciation (unallocated)	2,164,510		-		-		_		(2,164,510)				
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 44,903,303	\$	-	\$	3,304,147	\$	16,515		(41,582,641)	-			
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	<u> </u>			•			<u> </u>		, , , ,	-			
Enterprise activities	3,062,916		2,170,183		_		_			(892,733)			
Total Business-Type Activities	3,062,916		2,170,183		-		_		•	(892,733)			
Total School District	\$ 47,966,219	\$	2,170,183	\$	3,304,147	\$	16,515		•	\$	(42,475,374)		
	General revenues			•						-	, , ,		
	Taxes and subver	ntions											
	Property taxes,	levied	for general p	urpos	ses				10,857,763	_	10,857,763		
	Property taxes,								9,713,703	_	9,713,703		
	Property taxes,				purposes				2,441,102	_	2,441,102		
	Federal and sta		•			es			11,197,071	_	11,197,071		
	Interest and inves	tment	earnings						415,732	3,781	419,513		
	Interagency rever		3.							104,454	104,454		
	Miscellaneous								2,292,752	_	2,292,752		
	Subtotal, General	Rever	nue						36,918,123	108,235	37,026,358		
	Change in net pos			ers 8	special item	s			(4,664,518)		(5,449,016)		
	Internal transfers								(29,035)	29,035	-		
	Total Transfers &		al Items						(29,035)	29,035			
	CHANGE IN NET P								(4,693,553)		(5,449,016)		
	Net Position - Beg	innin	q						55,294,138	(1,361,603)	53,932,535		
	Net Position - End		•					\$	50,600,585				
		-						<u> </u>	-,,	. (, ,===) +	-,,		

WISEBURN UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2019

	General Fund Building Fund					Bond Interest & Redemption Fund					G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS												
Cash and investments	\$	11,227,598	\$	500,350	\$	9,105,907	\$	572,791	\$	21,406,646		
Accounts receivable		2,033,304		83,451		-		92,357		2,209,112		
Stores inventory		25,115		-		-		-		25,115		
Other current assets		106,137		-		-		-		106,137		
Total Assets	\$	13,392,154	\$	583,801	\$	9,105,907	\$	665,148	\$	23,747,010		
LIABILITIES												
Accrued liabilities	\$	5,761,745	\$	20,813	\$	_	\$	44,369	\$	5,826,927		
Unearned revenue		7,896		-		-		-		7,896		
Total Liabilities		5,769,641		20,813		-		44,369		5,834,823		
FUND BALANCES												
Nonspendable		32,615		-		-		-		32,615		
Restricted		1,059,072		562,988		9,105,907		620,779		11,348,746		
Assigned		3,689,846		-		-		-		3,689,846		
Unassigned		2,840,980		-		-		-		2,840,980		
Total Fund Balances		7,622,513		562,988		9,105,907		620,779		17,912,187		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	13,392,154	\$	583,801	\$	9,105,907	\$	665,148	\$	23,747,010		

WISEBURN UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

\$ 17,912,187

Amounts reported for assets and liabilities for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:

Capital assets:

In governmental funds, only current assets are reported. In the statement of net position, all assets are reported, including capital assets and accumulated depreciation:

 Capital assets
 \$ 264,099,573

 Accumulated depreciation
 (27,287,076)
 236,812,497

Deferred amount on refunding:

In governmental funds, the net effect of refunding bonds is recognized when debt is issued, whereas this amount is deferred and amortized in the government-wide financial statements:

6,490,545

Unmatured interest on long-term debt:

In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is not recognized until the period in which it matures and is paid. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. The additional liability for unmatured interest owing at the end of the period was:

(1,987,127)

Long-term liabilities:

In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the statement of net position, all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, are reported. Long-term liabilities relating to governmental activities consist of:

Total general obligation bonds	\$ 180,442,157	
Compensated absences	180,417	
Total OPEB liability	5,352,132	
Net pension liability	30,086,336	(216,061,042)

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions:

In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are reported.

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	\$ 9,071,536	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	 (1,638,011)	7,433,525

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities

\$ 50,600,585

WISEBURN UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	G	eneral Fund	Building Fund		ond Interest & demption Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES								
LCFF sources	\$	21,031,848	\$	- \$	-	*	\$	21,031,848
Federal sources		1,045,670		-	-	480,345		1,526,015
Other state sources		4,707,936	4,33		18,963	32,542		4,763,772
Other local sources		4,087,869	107,443	3	9,810,777	615,522		14,621,611
Total Revenues	-	30,873,323	111,774	ļ	9,829,740	1,128,409		41,943,246
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
Instruction		19,448,642		-	-	-		19,448,642
Instruction-related services								
Instructional supervision and administration		746,932		-	-	-		746,932
Instructional library, media, and technology		574,386		-	-	-		574,386
School site administration		1,497,191		-	-	-		1,497,191
Pupil services								
Home-to-school transportation		57,108		-	-	-		57,108
Food services		810		-	-	878,220		879,030
All other pupil services		2,802,265		-	-	-		2,802,265
General administration								
Centralized data processing		72,258		-	-	-		72,258
All other general administration		2,344,322		-	-	-		2,344,322
Plant services		2,301,008	21,448	3	-	70,143		2,392,599
Facilities acquisition and maintenance		84,877	8,912,855	5	-	5,955,666		14,953,398
Ancillary services		12,376		-	-	-		12,376
Community services		17,579		-	-	-		17,579
Enterprise activities		(809)		-	-	-		(809)
Transfers to other agencies		369,884		-	-	-		369,884
Debt service								
Principal		-	,	-	5,465,415	-		5,465,415
Interest and other		-		-	4,716,854	-		4,716,854
Total Expenditures	-	30,328,829	8,934,303	}	10,182,269	6,904,029		56,349,430
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures		544,494	(8,822,529	9)	(352,529)	(5,775,620)		(14,406,184)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			,		,	,		
Transfers out		(29,035)		_	_	-		(29,035)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		(29,035)		-	-	-		(29,035)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		515,459	(8,822,529	9)	(352,529)	(5,775,620)		(14,435,219)
Fund Balance - Beginning		7,107,054	9,385,517	•	9,458,436	6,396,399		32,347,406
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	7,622,513			9,105,907	\$ 620,779	\$	17,912,187

WISEBURN UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

\$ (14,435,219)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:

Capital outlay:

In governmental funds, the costs of capital assets are reported as expenditures in the period when the assets are acquired. In the statement of activities, costs of capital assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. The difference between capital outlay expenditures and depreciation expense for the period is:

Expenditures for capital outlay:	\$ 15,336,873	
Depreciation expense:	 (2,164,510)	13,172,363

Debt service:

In governmental funds, repayments of long-term debt are reported as expenditures. In the government-wide statements, repayments of long-term debt are reported as reductions of liabilities. Expenditures for repayment of the principal portion of long-term debt were:

5,465,415

Deferred amounts on refunding:

In governmental funds, deferred amounts on refunding are recognized in the period they are incurred. In the government-wide statements, the deferred amounts on refunding are amortized over the life of the debt. The net effect of the deferred amounts on refunding during the period was:

(376, 135)

Unmatured interest on long-term debt:

In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is recognized in the period that it becomes due. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period it is incurred. Unmatured interest owing at the end of the period, less matured interest paid during the period but owing from the prior period, was:

24.489

Accreted interest on long-term debt:

In governmental funds, accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds is not recorded as an expenditure from current sources. In the government-wide statement of activities, however, this is recorded as interest expense for the period.

(5,748,988)

Compensated absences:

In governmental funds, compensated absences are measured by the amounts paid during the period. In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amount earned. The difference between compensated absences paid and compensated absences earned, was:

(31,912)

(Continued on the following page)

WISEBURN UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB):

In governmental funds, OPEB expenses are recognized when employer OPEB contributions are made. In the statement of activities, OPEB expenses are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between OPEB expenses and actual employer OPEB contributions was:

(1,552,125)

Pensions:

In governmental funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made, in the government-wide statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between accrual-basis pension costs and employer contributions was:

(1,912,264)

Amortization of debt issuance premium or discount:

In governmental funds, if debt is issued at a premium or at a discount, the premium or discount is recognized as an Other Financing Source or an Other Financing Use in the period it is incurred. In the government-wide statements, the premium or discount is amortized over the life of the debt. Amortization of premium or discount for the period is:

700,823

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ (4,693,553)

WISEBURN UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

	Business-Type Activities
	Wiseburn Child Development Center
ASSETS	Bevelopment Center
Current assets	
Cash and investments	\$ 390,785
Accounts receivable	16,592
Total current assets	407,377
Total Assets	407,377
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows related to pensions	344,844
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	344,844
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities	
Accrued liabilities	149,137
Unearned revenue	200,942
Total current liabilities	350,079
Non-current liabilities	
Net pension liability	2,496,636
Total non-current liabilities	2,496,636
Total Liabilities	2,846,715
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows related to pensions	22,572
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	22,572
NET POSITION	
Restricted	(2,117,066)
Total Net Position	\$ (2,117,066)

WISEBURN UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Business-Type Activities
	Wiseburn Child
	Development Center
OPERATING REVENUE	
Charges for services	\$ 2,170,183
Other local revenues	104,454
Total operating revenues	2,274,637
OPERATING EXPENSE	
Salaries and benefits	2,919,136
Supplies and materials	89,725
Professional services	54,055
Total operating expenses	3,062,916
Operating income/(loss)	(788,279)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES	
Interest income	3,781
Transfers in	29,035
Total non-operating revenues/(expenses)	32,816
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(755,463)
Net Position - Beginning	(1,361,603)
Net Position - Ending	\$ (2,117,066)

WISEBURN UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Business-Type Activities		
	Wis	eburn Child		
	Development Center			
Cash flows from operating activities				
Cash received from user charges	\$	2,622,873		
Cash payments for payroll, insurance, and operating costs		(2,627,127)		
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		(4,254)		
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities				
Interfund transfers in (out)		29,035		
Net cash provided by (used for) non-capital financing activities		29,035		
Cash flows from investing activities				
Interest received		3,781		
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities		3,781		
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		28,562		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS				
Beginning of year		362,223		
End of year	\$	390,785		
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to cash				
provided by (used for) operating activities				
Operating income/(loss)	\$	(788,279)		
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash		,		
provided by (used in) operating activities:				
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivables		(14,948)		
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources		363,184		
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		20,114		
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue		37,474		
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		372,510		
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources		5,691		
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(4,254)		

WISEBURN UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

	 Agency	/ Funds	ıds	
	rant/Pass- ough Fund		dent Body Fund	
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$ -	\$	43,769	
Prepaid expenses	 123,515			
Total Assets	\$ 123,515	\$	43,769	
LIABILITIES				
Deficit cash	\$ 123,515	\$	-	
Due to student groups	 -		43,769	
Total Liabilities	\$ 123,515	\$	43,769	

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Wiseburn Unified School District (the "District") accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the Department of Education's *California School Accounting Manual*. The accounting policies of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA).

During a local election on November 5, 2013, Measure W was proposed by the Wiseburn School District and the District voters approved the formation of the Wiseburn Unified School District, whereas the District was reorganized to form a unified school district covering territory formerly covered by the Centinela Valley Union High School District. Following the unification, effective July 1, 2014, the Wiseburn School District began operation as the Wiseburn Unified School District.

The District operates under a locally elected Board form of government and provides educational services to grades K-8 as mandated by the state. A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student-related activities.

B. Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. In addition, component units are other legally separate organizations for which the District is not financially accountable but the nature and significance of the organization's relationship with the District is such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The District has no such component units.

C. Other Related Entities

Education Foundation

The District receives local contributions from the Wiseburn Education Foundation (the "Foundation"). The Foundation is a tax-exempt organization under IRS code section 501(c)(3) with the primary exempt purpose to provide additional financial support to the Wiseburn Unified School District. The relationship between the District and the Foundation is such that the Foundation is not a component unit of the District for financial reporting purposes. The Foundation is governed by a five-member board comprised of parents and other individual supporters of the District whom do not currently serve on the District governing board.

Joint Power Authority (JPA)

The District is exposed to various loss related: torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. The District participates in JPAs to manage these risks. The relationship between the District and the JPAs is such that the JPAs are not component units of the District for financial reporting purposes. The JPAs are governed by boards consisting of representatives from the member agencies. These boards control the operations of the JPAs, including selection of management and approval of budgets, independent of any influence by the member agencies beyond their representation on the board. Each district pays premiums commensurate with the level of coverage or service requested, and shares surpluses and deficits proportionate to its participation in the JPAs.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government, the District. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenue, and other non-exchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenue for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reserved for the statement of activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting of operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including its proprietary and fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for activities that are governmental in nature. Governmental activities are typically tax-supported and include education of pupils, operation of food service and child development programs, construction and maintenance of school facilities, and repayment of long-term debt.

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities that are more business-like than government-like in nature. Business-type activities include those for which a fee is charged to external users or to other organizational units of the District, normally on a full cost-recovery basis. Proprietary funds are generally intended to be self-supporting.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee or agency capacity for others that cannot be used to support the District's own programs.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund: The General Fund is the main operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all activities except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. In keeping with the minimum number of funds principle, all of the District's activities are reported in the General Fund unless there is a compelling reason to account for an activity in another fund. A District may have only one General Fund.

Building Fund: This fund exists primarily to account separately for proceeds from the sale of bonds (*Education Code Section* 15146) and may not be used for any purposes other than those for which the bonds were issued. Other authorized revenues to the Building Fund are proceeds from the sale or lease-with-option-to-purchase of real property (*Education Code Section* 17462) and revenue from rentals and leases of real property specifically authorized for deposit into the fund by the governing board (*Education Code Section* 41003).

Bond Interest and Redemption Fund: This fund is used for the repayment of bonds issued for the District (*Education Code Sections* 15125–15262). The board of supervisors of the county issues the bonds. The proceeds from the sale of the bonds are deposited in the county treasury to the Building Fund of the District. Any premiums or accrued interest received from the sale of the bonds must be deposited in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund of the District. The county auditor maintains control over the District's Bond Interest and Redemption Fund. The principal and interest on the bonds must be paid by the county treasurer from taxes levied by the county auditor-controller.

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds: Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The District maintains the following special revenue funds:

Cafeteria Special Revenue Fund: This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local resources to operate the food service program (*Education Code Sections* 38090–38093). The Cafeteria Special Revenue Fund shall be used only for those expenditures authorized by the governing board as necessary for the operation of the District's food service program (*Education Code Sections* 38091 and 38100).

Capital Project Funds: Capital project funds are established to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

Capital Facilities Fund: This fund is used primarily to account separately for moneys received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approving a development (*Education Code Sections* 17620–17626). The authority for these levies may be county/city ordinances (*Government Code Sections* 65970–65981) or private agreements between the District and the developer. Interest earned in the Capital Facilities Fund is restricted to that fund (*Government Code Section* 66006).

County School Facilities Fund: This fund is established pursuant to *Education Code Section* 17070.43 to receive apportionments from the 1998 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 1A), the 2002 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 47), or the 2004 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 55) authorized by the State Allocation Board for new school facility construction, modernization projects, and facility hardship grants, as provided in the Leroy F. Greene School Facilities Act of 1998 (*Education Code Section* 17070 et seq.)

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Funds: Enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services.

Wiseburn Child Development Fund: The childcare and preschool program may be accounted for using an enterprise fund rather than a special revenue child development fund, because the primary source of financing comes from local fees and contracts rather than federal and state program revenues.

Fiduciary Funds

Trust and Agency Funds: Trust and agency funds are used to account for assets held in a trustee or agent capacity for others that cannot be used to support the District's own programs. The key distinction between trust and agency funds is that trust funds are subject to a trust agreement that affects the degree of management involvement and the length of time that the resources are held.

Student Body Fund: The Student Body Fund is an agency fund and, therefore, consists only of accounts such as cash and balancing liability accounts, such as due to student groups. The student body itself maintains its own general fund, which accounts for the transactions of that entity in raising and expending money to promote the general welfare, morale, and educational experiences of the student body (*Education Code Sections* 48930–48938).

Warrant/Pass-Through Fund: This fund exists primarily to account separately for amounts collected from employees for federal taxes, state taxes, transfers to credit unions, and other contributions.

E. <u>Basis of Accounting – Measurement Focus</u>

Government-Wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Financial Statements

The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

Net Position equals assets and deferred outflows of resources minus liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. The net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on its use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net position restricted for other activities results from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their use.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the internal service fund are charges to other funds for self insurance costs. Operating expenses for internal service funds include the costs of insurance premiums and claims related to self-insurance.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus (continued)

Governmental Funds

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded under the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Available" means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. Generally, "available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year-end. However, to achieve comparability of reporting among California school districts and so as not to distort normal revenue patterns, with specific respect to reimbursements grants and corrections to State-aid apportionments, the California Department of Education has defined available for school districts as collectible within one year.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, and entitlements. Under the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from the grants and entitlements is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. Under the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period or when resources are received by the District prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Certain grants received that have not met eligibility requirements are recorded as unearned revenue. On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period are also recorded as unearned revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time a liability is incurred. On the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting. However, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

F. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position</u>

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash equivalents also include cash with county treasury balances for purposes of the statement of cash flows.

Investments

Investments with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost. Fair values of investments in county and State investment pools are determined by the program sponsor.

Inventories

Inventories are recorded using the purchases method in that the cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time the individual inventory items are requisitioned. Inventories are valued at historical cost and consist of expendable supplies held for consumption.

Capital Assets

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Capital assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

Capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their acquisition value as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not own any infrastructure as defined in GASB Statement No. 34. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. All reported capital assets, except for land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class

Buildings and Improvements Furniture and Equipment Vehicles **Estimated Useful Life**

25-50 years 15-20 years 8 years

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

F. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

Compensated Absences

Accumulated unpaid employee vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is recognized upon the occurrence of relevant events such as employee resignations and retirements that occur prior to year-end that have not yet been paid with expendable available financial resource. These amounts are recorded in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid.

Accumulated sick leave benefits are not recognized as liabilities of the District. The District's policy is to record sick leave as an operating expense in the period taken because such benefits do not vest, nor is payment probable; however, unused sick leave is added to the creditable service period for calculation of retirement benefits when the employee retires.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense have been determined by an independent actuary. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Generally accepted accounting principles require the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

Valuation Date July 1, 2017 Measurement Date June 30, 2019

Measurement Period July 1, 2018 – June 30, 2019

Gains and losses related to changes in total OPEB liability are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time. The first amortized amounts are recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense. The amortization period differs depending on the source of gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized on a straight-line basis over five years. All other amounts are amortized on a straight-line basis over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive, and retired) at the beginning of the measurement period.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

F. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "Due from other funds/Due to other funds." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of net position.

Premiums and Discounts

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or proprietary fund statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method.

Deferred Outflows/Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the defined benefit pension plans (the Plans) of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Non-spendable - The non-spendable fund balance classification reflects amounts that are not in spendable form. Examples include inventory, prepaid items, the long-term portion of loans receivable, and nonfinancial assets held for resale. This classification also reflects amounts that are in spendable form but that are legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as the principal of a permanent endowment.

Restricted - The restricted fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to externally imposed and legally enforceable constraints. Such constraints may be imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or may be imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

F. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

Fund Balance (continued)

Committed - The committed fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to internal constraints self-imposed by formal action of the Governing Board. The constraints giving rise to committed fund balance must be imposed no later than the end of the reporting period. The actual amounts may be determined subsequent to that date but prior to the issuance of the financial statements. In contrast to restricted fund balance, committed fund balance may be redirected by the government to other purposes as long as the original constraints are removed or modified in the same manner in which they were imposed, that is, by the same formal action of the Governing Board.

Assigned - The assigned fund balance classification reflects amounts that the government *intends* to be used for specific purposes. Assignments may be established either by the Governing Board or by a designee of the governing body, and are subject to neither the restricted nor committed levels of constraint. In contrast to the constraints giving rise to committed fund balance, constraints giving rise to assigned fund balance are not required to be imposed, modified, or removed by formal action of the Governing Board. The action does not require the same level of formality and may be delegated to another body or official. Additionally, the assignment need not be made before the end of the reporting period, but rather may be made any time prior to the issuance of the financial statements.

Unassigned - In the General Fund only, the unassigned fund balance classification reflects the residual balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that is not restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes. However, deficits in any fund, including the General Fund that cannot be eliminated by reducing or eliminating amounts assigned to other purposes are reported as negative unassigned fund balance.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

G. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements. Interfund transfers are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of activities.

H. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

I. <u>Budgetary Data</u>

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the California Education Code and requires the governing board to hold a public hearing and adopt an operating budget no later than July 1 of each year. The District governing board satisfied these requirements. The adopted budget is subject to amendment throughout the year to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption with the legal restriction that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations by major object account.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for. For purposes of the budget, on-behalf payments have not been included as revenue and expenditures as required under generally accepted accounting principles.

J. Property Tax

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County Auditor-Controller bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received.

K. New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 84 – In January 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. This standard's primary objective is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2018. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 87 – In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. This standard's primary objective is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. The statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The District has not determined the impact on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 88 – In April 2018, GASB issued Statement No. 88, *Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements*. This standard's primary objective is to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. The statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018. The District has implemented GASB Statement No. 88 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

A. Summary of Cash and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2019 consisted of the following:

	Governmental		Business-Type		Fiduciary		
		Activities Activities		Funds			
Investment in county treasury	\$	21,386,818	\$	381,256	\$	-	
Cash on hand and in banks		12,328		9,529		43,769	
Cash with fiscal agent		7,500					
Total cash and investments	\$	21,406,646	\$	390,785	\$	43,769	

B. Policies and Practices

The District is authorized under California Government Code to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the state; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered state warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; collateralized mortgage obligations; and the County Investment Pool.

The District is authorized under California Government Code to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the state; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered state warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; collateralized mortgage obligations; and the County Investment Pool.

Investment in County Treasury – The District maintains substantially all of its cash in the County Treasury in accordance with *Education Code Section* 41001. The Los Angeles County Treasurer's pooled investments are managed by the County Treasurer who reports on a monthly basis to the board of supervisors. In addition, the function of the County Treasury Oversight Committee is to review and monitor the County's investment policy. The committee membership includes the Treasurer and Tax Collector, the Auditor-Controller, Chief Administrative Officer, Superintendent of Schools Representative, and a public member. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

C. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the County Treasury. The District maintains a pooled investment with the County Treasury with a fair value of approximately \$21,747,194 and an amortized book value of \$21,768,074 for governmental and business-type activities. The average weighted maturity for this pool is 547 days.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

D. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The investments in the County Treasury are not required to be rated. As of June 30, 2019, the pooled investments in the County Treasury were not rated.

E. General Authorizations

Except for investments by trustees of debt proceeds, the authority to invest District funds deposited with the county treasury is delegated to the County Treasurer and Tax Collector. Additional information about the investment policy of the County Treasurer and Tax Collector may be obtained from its website. The table below identifies the investment types permitted by California Government Code.

	Maximum	Maximum	Maximum
	Remaining	Percentage of	Investment in
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Portfolio	One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U. S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U. S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

F. <u>Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits</u>

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law. The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105 percent of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2019, the District's bank balance was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

G. Fair Value

The District categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value. The following provides a summary of the hierarchy used to measure fair value:

Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets.

Level 2 - Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs should be developed using the best information available under the circumstances, which might include the District's own data. The District should adjust that data if reasonable available information indicates that other market participants would use different data or certain circumstances specific to the District are not available to other market participants.

Uncategorized - Investments in the Los Angeles County Treasury Investment Pool are not measured using the input levels above because the District's transactions are based on a stable net asset value per share. All contributions and redemptions are transacted at \$1.00 net asset value per share.

The District's fair value measurements at June 30, 2019 were as follows:

	Un	categorized
Investment in county treasury	\$	21,747,194
Total fair market value of investments	\$	21,747,194

NOTE 3 – ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable at June 30, 2019 consisted of the following:

	Ge	neral Fund	Buil	ding Fund	Non-Major overnmental Funds	 vernmental Activities	isiness-Type Activities
Federal Government							
Categorical aid	\$	516,692	\$	-	\$ 73,537	\$ 590,229	\$ -
State Government							
Categorical aid		263,830		-	-	263,830	-
Lottery		122,598		-	-	122,598	-
Local Government							
Other local sources		1,130,184		83,451	18,820	 1,232,455	 16,592
Total	\$	2,033,304	\$	83,451	\$ 92,357	\$ 2,209,112	\$ 16,592

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

		Balance						Balance
	July 01, 2018			Additions	Deletions	Deletions		une 30, 2019
Governmental Activities								_
Capital assets not being depreciated								
Land	\$	27,335,988	\$	-	\$	-	\$	27,335,988
Construction in progress		121,296,702		14,717,525		-		136,014,227
Total Capital Assets not Being Depreciated		148,632,690		14,717,525		-		163,350,215
Capital assets being depreciated								
Land improvements		5,775,695		472,018		-		6,247,713
Buildings & improvements		92,606,697		88,658		-		92,695,355
Furniture & equipment		1,747,618		58,672		-		1,806,290
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		100,130,010		619,348		-		100,749,358
Less Accumulated Depreciation								
Land improvements		1,957,555		383,795		-		2,341,350
Buildings & improvements		22,111,421		1,678,347		-		23,789,768
Furniture & equipment		1,053,590		102,368		-		1,155,958
Total Accumulated Depreciation		25,122,566		2,164,510		-		27,287,076
Governmental Activities								
Capital Assets, net	\$	223,640,134	\$	13,172,363	\$	-	\$	236,812,497

Total depreciation for the year ended June 30, 2019 amounted to \$2,164,510 and remains unallocated among any function or program within the Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities.

NOTE 5 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2019 consisted of a transfer from the General Fund to the Wiseburn Child Development Center Enterprise Fund in the amount of \$29,035 for construction portables.

NOTE 6 – ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accrued liabilities at June 30, 2019 consisted of the following:

						Non-Major					
					G	overnmental		(Governmental	В	usiness-Type
	Ge	neral Fund	Bu	ilding Fund		Funds	District-Wide		Activities		Activities
Payroll	\$	2,232,967	\$	-	\$	20,514	\$ -	\$	2,253,481	\$	133,979
Construction		-		20,813		2,857	-		23,670		-
Vendors payable		3,528,778		-		20,998	-		3,549,776		15,158
Unmatured interest		-		-		-	1,987,127		1,987,127		
Total	\$	5,761,745	\$	20,813	\$	44,369	\$ 1,987,127	\$	7,814,054	\$	149,137

NOTE 7 – UNEARNED REVENUE

Unearned revenue for business-type activities of \$200,942 consisted fully of prepaid tuition fees for childcare services from the Wiseburn Child Development Center. Unearned revenues for governmental activities consisted of \$7,896 in the General Fund related to local sources.

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

For governmental activities, a schedule of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2019 consisted of the following:

		Balance				Balance	E	Balance Due
	J	uly 01, 2018	Additions	Deductions	J	lune 30, 2019		In One Year
Governmental Activities								
General obligation bonds	\$	132,865,644	\$ -	\$ 5,465,415	\$	127,400,229	\$	5,906,038
Unamortized premium		7,667,163	-	700,823		6,966,340		700,823
Accreted interest		40,326,600	\$ 5,748,988	-		46,075,588		_
Total general obligation bonds		180,859,407	5,748,988	6,166,238		180,442,157		6,606,861
Compensated absences		148,505	31,912	-		180,417		-
Total OPEB liability		3,800,007	1,552,125	-		5,352,132		-
Net pension liability		29,931,384	154,952	-		30,086,336		
Total	\$	214,739,303	\$ 7,487,977	\$ 6,166,238	\$	216,061,042	\$	6,606,861

Additionally, long-term debt activity related to business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2019 is as follows:

	Balance ly 01, 2018	Additions	I	Deductions		Jı	Balance une 30, 2019	Balance Due In One Year
Business-Type Activities								
Net pension liability	\$ 2,124,126	\$ 372,510	\$		-	\$	2,496,636	\$ -
Total	\$ 2,124,126	\$ 372,510	\$		-	\$	2,496,636	\$ -

A. Compensated Absences

Total unpaid employee compensated absences as of June 30, 2019 amounted to \$180,417. This amount is included as part of long-term liabilities in the government–wide financial statements. Payments for compensated absences are typically liquidated in the General Fund and the Non-Major Governmental Funds.

B. Net Pension Liability

The ending net pension liability at June 30, 2019 was \$32,582,972 for the District, which includes \$30,086,336 attributed to governmental activities and \$2,496,636 for business-type activities. See Note 11 for additional information regarding the net pension liability.

C. Other Postemployment Benefits

The District's beginning total OPEB liability was \$3,800,007 and increased by \$1,552,125 during the year ended June 30, 2019. The ending total OPEB liability at June 30, 2019 was \$5,352,132. See Note 10 for additional information regarding the total OPEB liability.

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

D. General Obligation Bonds

Payments for bonds associated with general obligation bonds are made in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund. The outstanding bonded debt of Wiseburn Unified School District at June 30, 2019 is as follows:

Series	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Original Issue		Bonds outstanding uly 01, 2018		Additions		Deductions		Bonds utstanding une 30, 2019
1997A	8/1/1997	8/1/2022	4.5 - 6.875%	\$10,996,021	\$	2,351,522	\$	131,114		-	\$	2,482,636
1999A	8/1/1999	8/1/2024	3.8 - 6.0%	3.103.182	Ψ	4.059.754	Ψ	1.187	Ψ	112,230	Ψ	3,948,711
2000A	11/15/2000	8/1/2025	3.75 - 5.25%	23.817.574		3,250,832		297,474				3,548,306
2001	11/14/2001	8/1/2026	3.75 - 5.25%	11.181.598		11.882.293		323,119		351,096		11,854,316
2007A	8/23/2007	8/1/2032	4.0 - 5.0%	20,056,687		23,060,959		1,875,382		-		24,936,341
2008A	9/4/2008	8/1/2033	3.0 - 4.5%	12.540.713		12,700,032		629,380		490,000		12,839,412
2010A	12/29/2010	8/1/2025	5.75%	10,942,983		1,417,726		320,118		88,786		1,649,058
2011B	5/4/2011	8/1/2036	5.25 - 5.625%	33,440,410		22,154,875		1,966,691		133,303		23,988,263
2012C	12/27/2012	8/1/2038	3.0 - 5.0%	37,605,135		35,939,251		204,523		1,115,000		35,028,774
2013D	12/20/2013	8/1/2033	2.0 - 5.0%	5,325,000		4,990,000		-		135,000		4,855,000
2015A Refunding	2/25/2015	8/1/2026	2.0 - 5.0%	5,590,000		5,410,000		-		160,000		5,250,000
2015B Refunding	5/5/2015	8/1/2021	2.0 - 5.0%	14,585,000		9,560,000		-		2,680,000		6,880,000
2016 Refunding	5/31/2016	8/1/2041	2.0 - 5.0%	37,280,000		36,415,000		-		200,000		36,215,000
_			General obligat	tion bonds	\$	173,192,244	\$	5,748,988	\$	5,465,415	\$	173,475,817
			Unamortized pr	remium		7,667,163		-		700,823		6,966,340
					\$	180,859,407	\$	5,748,988	\$	6,166,238	\$	180,442,157

Election of 1997

On March 4, 1997, the District voters authorized \$14.1 million in General Obligation Bonds under Measure W for the remodeling, new construction and renovations detailed in the facilities plan. On August 1, 1997, the District issued Series 1997A General Obligation Bonds in the amount of \$10,996,021. The issue consists of serial bonds with a stated interest rate ranging between 4.5% and 6.875% and fully maturing on August 1, 2022. At June 30, 2019, the principal balance outstanding was \$2,482,636, which includes \$1,686,615 of accreted interest on the capital appreciation bonds.

On August 1, 1999, the District issued Series 1999A General Obligation Bonds in the amount of \$3,103,182. The issue consists of serial bonds with a stated interest rate ranging between 3.8% and 6.0% and fully maturing on August 1, 2024. At June 30, 2019, the principal balance outstanding was \$3,948,711 which includes \$2,879,162 of accreted interest on the capital appreciation bonds.

Election of 2000

On June 6, 2000, the District voters authorized \$35 million in General Obligation Bonds under Measure E for the remodeling, new construction and renovations detailed in the facilities plan. On November 15, 2000, the District issued 2000 Series A General Obligation Bonds in the amount of \$23,817,574. The issue consists of serial bonds with a stated interest rate ranging between 3.75% and 5.25% and fully maturing on August 1, 2025. At June 30, 2019, the principal balance outstanding was \$3,548,306, which includes \$2,795,732 of accreted interest on the capital appreciation bonds.

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

D. General Obligation Bonds (continued)

Election of 2000 (continued)

On November 14, 2001, the District issued Series 2001 General Obligation Bonds in the amount of \$11,181,598. The issue consists of serial bonds with a stated interest rate ranging between 3.75% and 5.25% and fully maturing on August 1, 2026. At June 30, 2019, the principal balance outstanding was \$11,854,316, which includes \$7,540,825 of accreted interest on the capital appreciation bonds.

Election of 2007

Under a special election on June 12, 2007, the District voters authorized \$32.6 million in General Obligation Bonds under Measure A to construct, acquire, and improve District facilities. On August 23, 2007, the District issued 2007 Series A General Obligation Bonds in the amount of \$20,056,687. The issue consists of serial bonds with a stated interest rate ranging between 4.0% and 5.0% and fully maturing on August 1, 2032. A portion of this bond was defeased during 2014-15 (refer to comments on Refunding 2015A & B). At June 30, 2019, the principal balance outstanding was \$24,936,341, which includes \$11,199,654 of accreted interest on the capital appreciation bonds.

On September 4, 2008, the District issued 2008 Series A General Obligation Bonds in the amount of \$12,540,713. The issue consists of serial bonds with a stated interest rate ranging between 3.0% and 4.5% and fully maturing on August 1, 2033. A portion of this bond was defeased during 2015-16 (refer to comments on Refunding 2016). At June 30, 2019, the principal balance outstanding was \$12,839,412, which includes \$5,948,699 of accreted interest on the capital appreciation bonds.

Election of 2010

On November 2, 2010, the District voters authorized \$87 million in General Obligation Bonds under Measure AA to finance the construction and improvement of District facilities and to build a new high school. On December 29, 2010, the District issued 2010 Series A General Obligation Bonds in the amount of \$10,942,983. The issue consists of serial bonds with a stated interest rate of 5.75% and fully maturing on August 1, 2040. A portion of this bond was defeased during 2015-16 (refer to comments on Refunding 2016), which accelerated the maturity date to August 1, 2025. At June 30, 2019, the principal balance outstanding was \$1,649,058, which includes accreted interest of \$1,042,978.

On May 4, 2011, the District issued 2011 Series B General Obligation Bonds in the amount of \$33,440,410. The issue consists of serial bonds with a stated interest rate ranging between 5.25% and 5.625% and fully maturing on August 1, 2041. A portion of this bond was defeased during 2015-16 (refer to comments on Refunding 2016), which accelerated the maturity date to August 1, 2036. At June 30, 2019, the principal balance outstanding was \$23,988,263, which includes accreted interest of \$10,838,284.

On December 27, 2012, the District issued 2011 Series C General Obligation Bonds in the amount of \$37,605,135. The issue consists of serial bonds with a stated interest rate ranging between 3.0% and 5.0% and fully maturing on August 1, 2038. At June 30, 2019, the principal balance outstanding was \$35,028,774, which includes accreted interest of \$2,143,639.

On December 20, 2013, the District issued 2013 Series D General Obligation Bonds in the amount of \$5,325,000. The issue consists of serial bonds with a stated interest rate ranging between 2.0% and 5.0% and fully maturing on August 1, 2033. At June 30, 2019, the principal balance outstanding was \$4,885,000.

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

D. General Obligation Bonds (continued)

Refunding 2015A & B

On February 25, 2015, the District issued \$20,175,000 of 2015 Series A and Series B General Obligation Refunding Bonds with interest rates ranging from 2.0% to 5.0%. The bonds were issued to refund portions of the District's outstanding bonded debt previously issued from the Refunding 2005 Bonds and Election 2007A general obligation bonds. The 2015 Series A Refunding Bonds fully mature on August 1, 2026 and Series B Refunding Bonds fully mature on August 1, 2021. At June 30, 2019, the principal balance outstanding was \$14,970,000 with \$5,250,000 attributed to 2015A and \$6,880,000 attributed to 2015B. Also at June 30, 2019, there was a deferred outflow of resources for \$551,580 associated with this refunding.

Refunding 2016

On May 31, 2016, the District issued \$37,280,000 of 2016 General Obligation Refunding Bonds with interest rates ranging from 2.0% to 5.0%. The bonds were issued to refund portions of the District's outstanding bonded debt previously issued from the 2008 Series A, 2010 Series A and 2011 Series B general obligation bonds. The 2016 Refunding Bonds fully mature on August 1, 2041. This refunding reduced total debt service payments by \$2,112,824 and resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$1,937,605. At June 30, 2019, the principal balance outstanding was \$36,215,000. Also at June 30, 2019, there was a deferred outflow of resources for \$5,938,965 associated with this refunding.

Future Payments on Bonded Debt

The annual requirements to amortize all general obligation bonds payable, outstanding as of June 30, 2019, are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 5,906,038	\$ 4,646,255	\$ 10,552,293
2021	5,726,403	5,257,641	10,984,044
2022	5,580,968	5,687,626	11,268,594
2023	4,237,279	5,725,427	9,962,706
2024	4,462,770	7,559,674	12,022,444
2025 - 2029	27,963,560	41,015,930	68,979,490
2030 - 2034	30,746,455	53,844,515	84,590,970
2035 - 2039	22,186,756	49,839,899	72,026,655
2040 - 2042	20,590,000	1,671,900	22,261,900
Accretion	 46,075,588	(46,075,588)	
Total	\$ 173,475,817	\$ 129,173,279	\$ 302,649,096

NOTE 9 – FUND BALANCES

Fund balances were composed of the following elements at June 30, 2019:

	Ge	neral Fund	Building Fund	Bond Interest &		Total Governmental Funds
Non-spendable				-		
Revolving cash	\$	7,500	\$ -	\$	- \$ -	\$ 7,500
Stores inventory		25,115	-			25,115
Total non-spendable		32,615	-			32,615
Restricted	'					
Educational programs		1,059,072	-			1,059,072
Capital projects		-	562,988		- 467,817	1,030,805
Debt service		-	-	9,105,90	7 -	9,105,907
All others		-	-		- 152,962	152,962
Total restricted		1,059,072	562,988	9,105,90	7 620,779	11,348,746
Assigned						
Deferred maintenance		526,243	-			526,243
Postemployment benefits		2,766,555	-			2,766,555
Anza discretionary		38,658	-			38,658
Cabrillo discretionary		5,793	-			5,793
Burnett discretionary		24,701	-			24,701
Dana discretionary		76,081	-			76,081
Project lead the way		130,130	-			130,130
Music account		2,585	-			2,585
Gym rental		60,405	-			60,405
One time mandate funds		58,695	-			58,695
Total assigned		3,689,846	-			3,689,846
Unassigned						
Reserve for economic uncertainties		519,639	-			519,639
Remaining unassigned		2,321,341	-			2,321,341
Total unassigned		2,840,980				2,840,980
Total	\$	7,622,513	\$ 562,988	\$ 9,105,90	7 \$ 620,779	\$ 17,912,187

The District is committed to maintaining a prudent level of financial resources to protect against the need to reduce service levels because of temporary revenue shortfalls or unpredicted expenditures. The District's Minimum Fund Balance Policy requires a Reserve for Economic Uncertainties, consisting of unassigned amounts, equal to no less than three percent of General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

A. Plan Description

The Wiseburn Unified School District substantive plan (the "Plan") is a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the District. The Plan offers medical, dental, and life insurance as post-employment benefits to eligible employees who retire from the District. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

B. Benefits Provided

The eligibility requirements and benefits provided by the Plan are described below:

Certificated - Retirees aged 55 with at least 15 years of service who were designated as Certificated at retirement are offered a lifetime District contribution of \$4,052 per year for medical coverage. All retirees are eligible for \$50,000 of life insurance coverage before age 65. After age 65, the amount of life insurance provided for all retirees is \$3,000 to age 70.

Classified - Retirees age 50 with at least 15 years of service who were designated as Classified at retirement are offered a lifetime District contribution of \$4,052 per year for medical coverage. All retirees are eligible for \$50,000 of life insurance coverage before age 65. After age 65, the amount of life insurance provided for all retirees is \$3,000 to age 70. Part-time employee's subsidy is pro-rated based on scheduled hours worked.

Certificated Management - Retirees age 55 with at least 15 years of service who were designated as Certificated Management at retirement are offered a lifetime District subsidy for employee plus one medical and dental coverage up to the highest rate. All retirees are eligible for \$50,000 of life insurance coverage before age 65. After age 65, the amount of life insurance provided for all retirees is \$3,000 to age 70.

Classified Management - Retirees age 50 with at least 15 years of service who were designated as Classified Management at retirement are offered a lifetime District subsidy for employee plus one medical and dental coverage up to the highest rate. All retirees are eligible for \$50,000 of life insurance coverage before age 65. After age 65, the amount of life insurance provided for all retirees is \$3,000 to age 70.

Confidential - Retirees age 50 with at least 15 years of service who were designated as Classified Management at retirement are offered a lifetime District subsidy for employee plus one medical and dental coverage up to the highest rate. All retirees are eligible for \$50,000 of life insurance coverage before age 65. After age 65, the amount of life insurance provided for all retirees is \$3,000 to age 70.

C. Plan Membership

Membership of the Plan consisted of the following:

	Number of participants
Inactive employees receiving benefits	51
Inactive employees entitled to but not receiving benefits*	-
Participating active employees	14
Total number of participants**	65

^{*}Information not provided

^{**}As of the July 1, 2017 valuation date

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

D. Contributions

The contribution requirements of Plan members and the Wiseburn Unified School District are established and may be amended by the Wiseburn Unified School District. For fiscal year 2018-19, the District contributed \$255,260 to the Plan, all of which was used for current premiums.

E. Total OPEB Liability

The Wiseburn Unified School District's total OPEB liability of \$5,352,132 was measured as of June 30, 2019 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017.

F. Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2019 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017 using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019:

Economic assumptions:

Inflation 2.75% Salary increases 2.75% Investment rate of return 2.79%

Healthcare cost trend rates 7.00%/Pre-65 and 4.50%/Post-65%

Non-economic assumptions:

Mortality, Retirement and Termination Rates:

Certificated 2015 CalSTRS Experience Study
Classified 2017 CalPERS Experience Study

Vesting rates:

Certificated 100% at 15 years of service at 55 Classified 100% at 15 years of service at 50

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2017 valuation were based on a review of plan experience.

The discount rate was based on the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index. The actuary assumed contributions would be sufficient to fully fund the obligation over a period not to exceed thirty years.

NOTE 10 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

G. Changes in Total OPEB Liability

	Jur	ne 30, 2019
Total OPEB Liability		
Service Cost	\$	18,808
Interest on total OPEB liability		110,025
Changes of assumptions		1,678,552
Benefits payments		(255,260)
Net change in total OPEB liability		1,552,125
Total OPEB liability - beginning		3,800,007
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	5,352,132
Covered-employee payroll	\$	1,135,402
District's total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		471.39%

H. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Wiseburn Unified School District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (1.79 percent) or one percentage point higher (3.79 percent) than the current discount rate:

	19	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase		
		(1.79%)	(2.79%)		(3.79%)			
Total OPEB liability	\$	5,943,875	\$	5,352,132	\$	4,852,839		

I. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Wiseburn Unified School District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

			Heal	thcare Cost			
	1%	Decrease	T	rend Rate	19	6 Increase	
	•	(6.00%/Pre-65 and 3.50%/Post-65)		(7.00%/Pre-65 and 4.50%/Post-65)		(8.00%/Pre-65 and 5.50%/Post-65)	
Total OPEB liability	\$	4,969,003	\$	5,352,132	\$	5,799,192	

J. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the Wiseburn Unified School District recognized OPEB expense of \$218,116. At June 30, 2019, the Wiseburn Unified School District did not have any deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB nor any deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB to report.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer contributory retirement plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Certificated employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS), and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). The District reported its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities, pension expense, deferred outflow of resources, and deferred inflow of resources for each of the above plans as follows:

			Deferred	Defe	erred inflows		
	N	et pension liabilitv	 flows related	_	related to	Done	oion ovnonco
		парші	 pensions		pensions	Pens	sion expense
STRS Pension	\$	23,806,368	\$ 7,029,833	\$	1,556,213	\$	3,054,855
PERS Pension		8,776,604	 2,386,547		104,370		2,453,703
Total	\$	32,582,972	\$ 9,416,380	\$	1,660,583	\$	5,508,558

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS); a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalSTRS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law. CalSTRS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalSTRS annual financial report may be obtained from CalSTRS, 7919 Folsom Blvd., Sacramento, CA 95826.

Benefits Provided

The CalSTRS defined benefit plan has two benefit formulas:

- 1. CalSTRS 2% at 60: Members first hired on or before December 31, 2012, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS. CalSTRS 2% at 60 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 60, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. Early retirement options are available at age 55 with five years of credited service or as early as age 50 with 30 years of credited service. The age factor for retirements after age 60 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 63 or older. Members who have 30 years or more of credited service receive an additional increase of up to 0.2 percent to the age factor, known as the career factor. The maximum benefit with the career factor is 2.4 percent of final compensation.
- 2. CalSTRS 2% at 62: Members first hired on or after January 1, 2013, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS. CalSTRS 2% at 62 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 62, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. An early retirement option is available at age 55. The age factor for retirement after age 62 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 65 or older.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Contributions

Active plan CalSTRS 2% at 60 and 2% at 62 members are required to contribute 10.25% and 10.205% of their salary for fiscal year 2019, respectively, and the District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by CalSTRS Teachers' Retirement Board. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2019 was 16.28% of annual payroll. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by state statute. Contributions to the plan from the District were \$2,324,712 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

On-Behalf Payments

The District was the recipient of on-behalf payments made by the State of California to CalSTRS for K-12 education. These payments consist of state general fund contributions of approximately \$2,173,049 to CalSTRS, which included a supplemental contribution for fiscal year 2019 due to California Senate Bill No. 90.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the	
net pension liability	\$ 23,806,368
State's proportionate share of the net	
pension liability associated with the District	13,630,326
Total	\$ 37,436,694

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017 and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2018. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was 0.026 percent, which was unchanged from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$3,054,855. In addition, the District recognized pension expense and revenue of \$468,588 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	\$	-	\$	916,696
Differences between expected and				
actual experience		73,822		345,801
Changes in assumptions		3,698,254		-
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and				
proportionate share of contributions		933,045		293,716
District contributions subsequent				
to the measurement date		2,324,712		
	\$	7,029,833	\$	1,556,213
	-			

The \$2,324,712 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Defe	Deferred Outflows		rred Inflows
Year Ended June 30,	of	of Resources		Resources
2020	\$	1,062,870	\$	(51,401)
2021		1,062,870		292,729
2022		1,062,867		918,051
2023		762,102		301,258
2024		754,412		54,844
2025		-		40,732
	\$	4,705,121	\$	1,556,213

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2018 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Consumer Price Inflation	2.75%
Investment Rate of Return*	7.10%
Wage Inflation	3.50%

^{*} Net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses.

CalSTRS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are based on MP-2016 series tables adjusted to fit CalSTRS experience.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010–June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best-estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS general investment consultant (Pension Consulting Alliance–PCA) as an input to the process. The actuarial investment rate of return assumption was adopted by the board in February 2017 in conjunction with the most recent experience study. For each future valuation, CalSTRS consulting actuary (Milliman) reviews the return assumption for reasonableness based on the most current capital market assumptions. Best estimates of 20-year geometrically-linked real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class for the year ended June 30, 2018, are summarized in the following table:

	Assumed Asset	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return*
Global Equity	47%	6.30%
Fixed Income	12%	0.30%
Real Estate	13%	5.20%
Private Equity	13%	9.30%
Risk Mitigating Strategies	9%	2.90%
Inflation Sensitive	4%	3.80%
Cash/Liquidity	2%	-1.00%
-	100%	

^{*20-}year geometric average

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rate increases per AB 1469. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.10 percent) and assuming that contributions, benefit payments, and administrative expense occur midyear. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.10 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10 percent) than the current rate:

	1%		Current	1%
	Decrease (6.10%)	Di:	scount Rate (7.10%)	Increase (8.10%)
District's proportionate share of	 _			_
the net pension liability	\$ 34,873,544	\$	23,806,368	\$ 14,630,606

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalSTRS financial report.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the School Employer Pool under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS); a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Laws. CalPERS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 P Street, Sacramento, CA 95811.

Benefits Provided

The benefits for the defined benefit plan are based on members' years of service, age, final compensation, and benefit formula. Benefits are provided for disability, death, and survivors of eligible members or beneficiaries. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits earned to date after five years of credited service.

Contributions

Active plan members who entered into the plan prior to January 1, 2013, are required to contribute 7.0% of their salary. The California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act (PEPRA) specifies that new members entering into the plan on or after January 1, 2013, shall pay the higher of fifty percent of normal costs or 7.0% of their salary. Additionally, for new members entering the plan on or after January 1, 2013, the employer is prohibited from paying any of the employee contribution to CalPERS unless the employer payment of the member's contribution is specified in an employment agreement or collective bargaining agreement that expires after January 1, 2013.

The District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2019 was 18.062% of annual payroll. Contributions to the plan from the District were \$530,197 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

On-Behalf Payments

The District was the recipient of on-behalf payments made by the State of California to CalPERS for K-12 education. These payments consisted of state general fund contributions of approximately \$297,595 to CalPERS for fiscal year 2019 due to California Senate Bill No. 90.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$8,776,604 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017 and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2018. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was 0.033 percent, which was unchanged from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$2,453,703. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	\$	71,988	\$	-
Differences between expected and				
actual experience		575,362		-
Changes in assumptions		876,305		-
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and				
proportionate share of contributions		332,695		104,370
District contributions subsequent				
to the measurement date		530,197		
	\$	2,386,547	\$	104,370

The \$530,197 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Defe	Deferred Outflows		red Inflows
Year Ended June 30,	of	of Resources of Resource		esources
2020	\$	1,240,803	\$	35,990
2021		678,496		35,990
2022		(11,145)		32,390
2023		(51,804)		-
	\$	1,856,350	\$	104,370

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2018 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50% Discount Rate 7.15%

Salary Increases Varies by Entry Age and Service

CalPERS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are derived using CalPERS' membership data for all funds. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using the Society of Actuaries Scale 90% of scale MP 2016.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 to 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. In determining the long-term expected rate of return, both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows were taken into account. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These geometric rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Real Return Years 1 – 10*	Real Return Years 11+**
Global Equity	50.0%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28.0%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Assets	0.0%	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.0%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Estate	13.0%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.0%	0.0%	-0.92%
-	100.0%		

^{*}An expected inflation of 2.00% used for this period.

^{**}An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15 percent. A projection of the expected benefit payments and contributions was performed to determine if assets would run out. The test revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability for the Schools Pool. The results of the crossover testing for the Schools Pool are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained at CalPERS' website.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.15 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.15 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.15 percent) than the current rate:

	1%			Current	1%			
		Decrease (6.15%)	Dis	count Rate (7.15%)		Increase (8.15%)		
District's proportionate share of						_		
the net pension liability	\$	12,778,316	\$	8,776,604	\$	5,456,611		

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial report.

NOTE 12 - DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

A. Refunded Debt

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position and GASB Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities, the District recognized deferred outflows or inflows of resources in the District-wide financial statements. The deferred outflow of resources pertains to the difference in the carrying value of the refunded debt and its reacquisition price (deferred amount on refunding). Previous financial reporting standards require this to be presented as part of the District's long-term debt. This deferred outflow of resources is recognized as a component of interest expense in a systematic and rational manner over the remaining life of the old debt or the new debt, whichever is shorter. At June 30, 2019, the deferred amount on refunding was \$6,490,545.

B. Pension Plans

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, the District recognized deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions in the District-wide financial statements. Further information regarding the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources can be found at Note 11. At June 30, 2019, total deferred outflows related to pensions was \$9,416,380 and total deferred inflows related to pensions was \$1,660,583. Deferred outflows for governmental activities related to pensions was \$9,071,536 and deferred inflows related to pensions was \$1,638,011. For business-type activities, deferred outflows related to pensions was \$344,844 and deferred inflows related to pensions was \$22,572 at June 30, 2019.

NOTE 13- COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2019.

B. Litigation

The District is involved in various litigation arising from the normal course of business. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of all litigation pending is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2019.

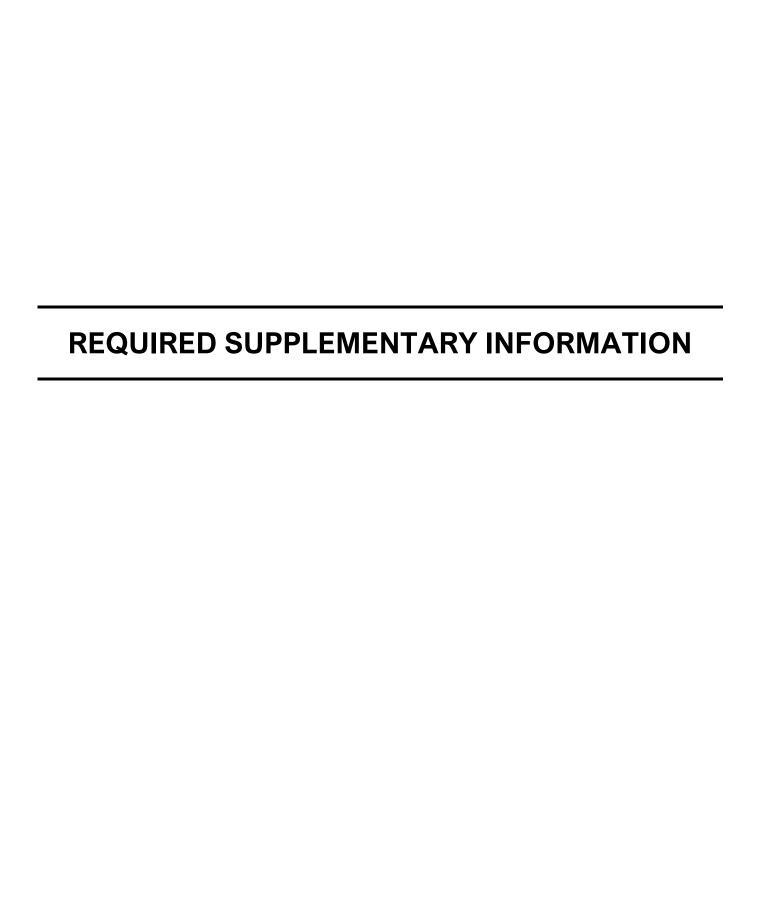
C. Construction Commitments

As of June 30, 2019, the District was still under contract with Gensler (architect firm) for work including DSA closeout and architectural services for the unfinished high school kitchen, in the amount of \$152,015.

NOTE 14 – PARTICIPATION IN JOINT POWERS AUTHORITIES

During the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019, the District participated in joint ventures with four joint powers authorities (JPAs). There were no significant reductions in coverage during the year. The JPAs and the services they provide to the District are as follows:

- Property and Liability Insurance Alliance of Schools Cooperative Insurance Program (ASCIP), which
 arranges for and provides liability and property insurance for its member districts. The district pays premiums
 commensurate with the level of coverage requested through ASCIP.
- Workers' Compensation Insurance Protected Insurance Program for Schools (PIPS), which investigates, defends and/or settles, and administrates Workers' Compensation claims. The district pays premiums based on their respective experience rating.
- Employee Benefits Self-Insurance Risk Management Authority III (SIRMA III), which provides the capability
 of self-insuring for dental, vision benefits and other employee benefit protection plans.
- Parcel Tax Revenue After the passage of Measure CL in the November 2012 election, the District joined with four other school districts in the impacted area to create a joint powers authority under the Local Classroom Funding Authority.



WISEBURN UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT GENERAL FUND – BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual*	Variances -		
		Original		Final	(Bu	dgetary Basis)	Final	to Actual
REVENUES		-						
LCFF sources	\$	21,060,000	\$	21,112,000	\$	21,017,599	\$	(94,401)
Federal sources		888,500		934,000		1,045,670		111,670
Other state sources		2,643,500		3,219,000		3,639,557		420,557
Other local sources		2,901,500		3,457,500		3,816,491		358,991
Total Revenues		27,493,500		28,722,500		29,519,317		796,817
EXPENDITURES								
Certificated salaries		13,653,000		14,368,000		14,332,504		35,496
Classified salaries		3,902,000		4,111,000		3,970,273		140,727
Employee benefits		6,089,000		6,439,000		6,619,743		(180,743)
Books and supplies		670,000		684,500		661,558		22,942
Services and other operating expenditures		2,442,000		2,744,000		2,987,087		(243,087)
Capital outlay		15,000		20,000		67,579		(47,579)
Other outgo								
Excluding transfers of indirect costs		100,000		225,000		369,884		(144,884)
Total Expenditures		26,871,000		28,591,500		29,008,628		(417,128)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures		622,500		131,000		510,689		379,689
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers out		-		-		(234,745)		(234,745)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-		(234,745)		(234,745)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		622,500		131,000		275,944		144,944
Fund Balance - Beginning		3,519,883		3,519,883		3,534,132		14,249
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	4,142,383	\$	3,650,883	\$	3,810,076	\$	159,193

^{*}The actual amounts reported in this schedule are for the General Fund only, and do not agree with the amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances because the amounts on this schedule do not include the financial activity of the Deferred Maintenance Fund, Special Revenue Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay Projects, and Special Revenue Fund for Postemployment Benefits, in accordance with the fund type definitions promulgated by GASB Statement No. 54. Additionally, on-behalf payments amounting to \$1,068,379 are not included in the actual revenues and expenditure reported in this schedule as this relates to the portion of onbehalf payments not recorded by the client related to Senate Bill 90.

WISEBURN UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Ju	ne 30, 2019	Ju	ne 30, 2018
Total OPEB Liability				
Service Cost	\$	18,808	\$	45,801
Interest on total OPEB liability		110,025		117,196
Changes of assumptions		1,678,552		55,119
Benefits payments		(255,260)		(231,421)
Net change in total OPEB liability		1,552,125		(13,305)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		3,800,007		3,813,312
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	5,352,132	\$	3,800,007
Covered-employee payroll	\$	1,135,402	\$	1,453,957
District's total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		471.39%		261.36%

WISEBURN UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CALSTRS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Ju	June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018		June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016		June 30, 2015	
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.026%		0.026%		0.026%		0.026%		0.023%	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	23,806,368	\$	24,250,060	\$	21,264,742	\$	17,735,055	\$	13,667,116	
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District Total	\$	13,630,326 37,436,694	\$	14,346,248 38,596,308	\$	12,107,421 33,372,163	\$	9,380,393 27,115,448	\$	8,252,795 21,919,911	
District's covered payroll	\$	14,222,358	\$	13,957,587	\$	13,565,918	\$	11,635,754	\$	10,416,982	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		167.4%		173.7%		156.8%		152.4%		131.2%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		71.0%		69.5%		70.0%		74.0%		76.5%	

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

WISEBURN UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CALPERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Ju	June 30, 2019		ne 30, 2018	June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016		June 30, 2015	
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.033%		0.033%		0.032%		0.031%		0.029%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	8,776,604	\$	7,805,450	\$	6,261,722	\$	4,512,421	\$	3,274,417
District's covered payroll	\$	6,041,300	\$	5,524,428	\$	5,509,114	\$	3,379,739	\$	3,027,827
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		145.3%		141.3%		113.7%		133.5%		108.1%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		70.8%		71.9%		73.9%		79.4%		83.4%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

WISEBURN UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - CALSTRS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Ju	ne 30, 2019	Ju	ne 30, 2018	Ju	ne 30, 2017	Ju	ne 30, 2016	Ju	ne 30, 2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	2,324,712	\$	1,977,160	\$	1,698,417	\$	1,494,563	\$	1,033,255
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution*		(2,324,712)		(1,977,160)		(1,698,417)		(1,494,563)		(1,033,255)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	_	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	
District's covered payroll	\$	14,729,417	\$	14,222,358	\$	13,957,587	\$	13,565,918	\$	11,635,754
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		15.78%		13.90%		12.17%		11.02%		8.88%

^{*}Amounts do not include on-behalf contributions

WISEBURN UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - CALPERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Ju	ne 30, 2019	Jui	ne 30, 2018	Ju	ne 30, 2017	Jui	ne 30, 2016	Jur	ne 30, 2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	530,197	\$	492,105	\$	416,958	\$	337,073	\$	397,829
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(530,197)		(492,105)		(416,958)		(337,073)		(397,829)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	-	\$		\$		\$	
District's covered payroll	\$	6,040,795	\$	6,041,300	\$	5,524,428	\$	5,509,114	\$	3,379,739
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		8.78%		8.15%		7.55%		6.12%		11.77%

^{*}Amounts do not include on-behalf contributions

WISEBURN UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

This schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 34 as required supplementary information (RSI) for the General Fund and for each major special revenue fund that has a legally adopted annual budget. The budgetary comparison schedule presents both (a) the original and (b) the final appropriated budgets for the reporting period as well as (c) actual inflows, outflows, and balances, stated on the District's budgetary basis. A separate column to report the variance between the final budget and actual amounts is also presented, although not required.

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 75 for all sole and agent employers that provide other postemployment benefits (OPEB). Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 75 was applicable. The schedule presents the sources of change in the total OPEB liability, and the components of the total OPEB liability and related ratios, including the total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll.

Changes in Benefit Terms

There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuations for OPEB.

Changes in Assumptions

The discount rate as of the end of the fiscal year changed from 2.98% to 2.79% based on the change in 20 year municipal bond yields. Additionally, the morbidity assumption was updated to reflect PEMHCA risk scores developed by CalPERS for participants of the CalPERS Health Benefits Program.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 68 for each cost-sharing pension plan. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 68 was applicable. The schedule presents the District's proportion (percentage) of the collective net pension liability, the District's proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability, the District's covered payroll, the District's proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability as a percentage of the employer's covered payroll, and the pension plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability.

Changes in Benefit Terms

There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuations for CalSTRS and CalPERS.

Changes in Assumptions

There were no changes in economic assumptions since the previous valuations for CalSTRS and CalPERS.

Schedule of District Contributions

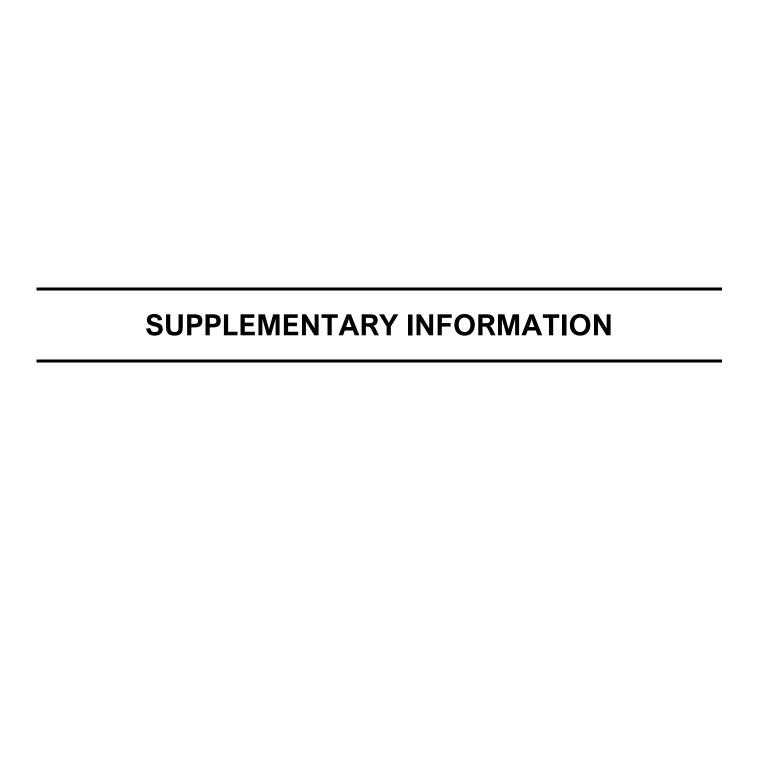
This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 68 for each cost-sharing pension plan. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 68 was applicable. The schedule presents the District's statutorily or contractually required employer contribution, the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution, the District's covered payroll, and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution as a percentage of the District's covered payroll.

WISEBURN UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 2 - EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District incurred amounts in excess of expenditures over appropriations in the General Fund as presented in the Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the major object codes noted below:

	Expenditures and Other Uses									
		Budget		Actual	Excess					
General Fund						_				
Employee benefits	\$	6,439,000	\$	6,619,743	\$	180,743				
Services and other operating expenditures	\$	2,744,000	\$	2,987,087	\$	243,087				
Capital outlay	\$	20,000	\$	67,579	\$	47,579				
Other outgo										
Excluding transfers of indirect costs	\$	225,000	\$	369,884	\$	144,884				



WISEBURN UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster	CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:			
Passed through California Department of Education:			
Title I, Part A, Basic Grants Low-Income and Neglected	84.010	14329	\$ 390,952
Title II, Part A, Supporting Effective Instruction Local Grants	84.367	14341	52,481
Title III, English Learner Student Program	84.365	14346	32,046
Title IV, Part A, Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grants	84.424	15396	2,759
Special Education Cluster			
IDEA Basic Local Assistance Entitlement, Part B, Sec 611	84.027	13379	430,242
IDEA Local Assistance, Part B, Sec 611, Private Schools ISPs	84.027	10115	3,164
IDEA Preschool Grants, Part B, Section 619 (Age 3-4-5)	84.173	13430	38,445
IDEA Preschool Staff Development, Part B, Sec 619	84.173A	13431	160
Subtotal Special Education Cluster			472,011
Total U. S. Department of Education			950,249
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE:			
Passed through California Department of Education:			
Child Nutrition Cluster [1]			
National School Lunch Program	10.555	13391	406,500
USDA Commodities [2]	10.555	*	73,845
Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster			480,345
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture			480,345
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES:			
Passed through California Department of Health Services:			
Medicaid Cluster			
Medi-Cal Billing Option	93.778	10013	28,362
Medi-Cal Administrative Activities	93.778	10060	67,059
Subtotal Medicaid Cluster			95,421
Total U. S. Department of Health & Human Services			95,421
Total Federal Expenditures			\$ 1,526,015

^{[1] -} Major Program

^{[2] -} In-Kind Contribution

^{* -} Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number not available or not applicable

WISEBURN UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE (ADA) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Second Period Report	Annual Report
	Certificate No. 274BA331	Certificate No. 3D84F3FC
SCHOOL DISTRICT		
TK/K through Third		
Regular ADA	955.27	956.35
Extended Year Special Education	2.94	2.94
Total TK/K through Third	958.21	959.29
Fourth through Sixth		
Regular ADA	824.82	824.28
Extended Year Special Education	1.03	1.03
Total Fourth through Sixth	825.85	825.31
Seventh through Eighth		
Regular ADA	647.14	647.28
Extended Year Special Education	0.88	0.88
Total Seventh through Eighth	648.02	648.16
Ninth through Twelfth		
Regular ADA	13.33	13.56
Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	0.03	0.02
Extended Year Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	0.09	0.09
Total Ninth through Twelfth	13.45	13.67
TOTAL SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,445.53	2,446.43

WISEBURN UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		2018-19		
	Minutes	Actual	Number	
Grade Level	Requirement	Minutes	of Days	Status
Kindergarten	36,000	41,470	180	Complied
Grade 1	50,400	50,875	180	Complied
Grade 2	50,400	50,875	180	Complied
Grade 3	50,400	53,775	180	Complied
Grade 4	54,000	54,140	180	Complied
Grade 5	54,000	54,140	180	Complied
Grade 6	54,000	54,950	180	Complied
Grade 7	54,000	54,950	180	Complied
Grade 8	54,000	54,950	180	Complied

Note: Instruction related to ADA reported for grade span 9 - 12 was provided via nonpublic schools; therefore, there is no instructional time noted above for grades 9 - 12.

WISEBURN UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	2	020 (Budget)	2019		2018	2017
General Fund - Budgetary Basis** Revenues And Other Financing Sources Expenditures And Other Financing Uses	\$	28,923,500 \$ 29,168,000	29,519,317 29,243,373	\$	27,216,992 27,589,828	\$ 26,856,510 27,486,400
Net change in Fund Balance	\$	(244,500) \$	275,944	\$	(372,836)	\$ (629,890)
Ending Fund Balance	\$	3,565,576 \$	3,810,076	\$	3,519,883	\$ 3,892,719
Available Reserves*	\$	1,851,694 \$	2,840,980	\$	2,569,479	\$ 4,273,763
Available Reserves As A Percentage Of Outgo		6.35%	9.71%	ı	9.31%	15.55%
Long-term Liabilities	\$	209,454,181 \$	216,061,042	\$	214,739,303	\$ 209,993,481
Average Daily Attendance At P-2		2,426	2,446		2,441	2,456

The General Fund balance has decreased by \$82,643 over the past two years. The fiscal year 2019-20 budget projects a further decrease of \$244,500. For a District this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least 3% of General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo).

The District has incurred operating deficits in two of the past three years and anticipates an operating deficit during the 2019-20 fiscal year. Total long-term obligations have increased by \$6,067,561 over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has decreased by 10 ADA over the past two years. A decrease of 20 ADA is anticipated during the 2019-20 fiscal year.

^{*}Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balance within the General Fund and the Special Reserve Fund for Other than Capital Outlay Projects

^{**}The actual amounts reported in this schedule are for the General Fund only, and do not agree with the amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances because the amounts on that schedule include the financial activity of the Deferred Maintenance Fund, Special Reserve Fund for Other than Capital Outlay Projects, and Special Reserve Fund for Postemployment Benefits, in accordance with the fund type definitions promulgated by GASB Statement No. 54. Additionally, on-behalf payments amounting to \$1,068,379 are not included in the actual revenues and expenditure reported in this schedule as this relates to the portion of on-behalf payments not recorded by the client related to Senate Bill 90.

WISEBURN UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	General Fund		Deferred Maintenance Fund		Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay Projecs		Special Reserve Fund for Postemployment Benefits		Other Enterprise Fund	
June 30, 2019, annual financial and budget report fund balance Adjustments and reclassifications: Increase (decrease) in total fund balances:	\$	3,810,076	\$	526,243	\$	519,639	\$	2,766,555	\$	57,298
Pension related adjustments (GASB 68)		-		-		-		-		(2,174,364)
Fund balance transfer (GASB 54)		3,812,437		(526,243)		(519,639)		(2,766,555)		
Net adjustments and reclassifications		3,812,437		(526,243)		(519,639)		(2,766,555)		(2,174,364)
June 30, 2019, audited financial statement fund balance	\$	7,622,513	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(2,117,066)

WISEBURN UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOLS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Charter#	Charter School	Status	Included in Audit Report
1689	Da Vinci Communications High	Active	No
1081	Da Vinci Design	Active	No
1597	Da Vinci Connect	Active	No
1060	Da Vinci Science	Active	No

WISEBURN UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF BOND EXPENDITURES – MEASURE A AND MEASURE AA FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	2018-19		
Measure A Bond Projects		penditures	
Wiseburn High School			
Construction management	\$	7,219,791	
Attorney fees		94,214	
Architect fees		302,448	
Other contract services		269,793	
Employee salaries and benefits	112,348		
Equipment		797,716	
Utilities and communications		24,263	
Mileage and travel		735	
Total Measure A Expenditures	\$	8,821,308	

	2018-19	
Measure AA Bond Projects	Expenditures	
Wiseburn High School		
Other contract services	\$	5,142
Total Measure AA Expenditures	\$	5,142

WISEBURN UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCY ORGANIZATION STRUCTURE JUNE 30, 2019

Wiseburn School District was established in 1896 and became unified and is known as the Wiseburn Unified School District after it was approved for unification beginning July 1, 2014. The District is comprised of an area approximately 6½ square miles located in Los Angeles County, California. The boundaries are in the city limits of Hawthorne, El Segundo, and a portion of the unincorporated area of Los Angeles County. No boundary changes were made during the current year. The District currently operates three elementary schools and one middle school as well as served as the authorizing agency for five independent charter schools operated by Da Vinci Schools.

The Board of Education and the business office administrators for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 were as follows:

GOVERNING BOARD

	GOVERNING BOARD			
Member	Office	Term Expires		
Mr. Israel A. Mora	President	December 2022		
Ms. JoAnne Kaneda	Vice President/Clerk	December 2020		
Dr. Neil Goldman	Member	December 2020		
Mr. Nelson Martinez	Member	December 2022		
Mr. Roger Bañuelos	Member	December 2022		

DISTRICT ADMINISTRATORS

Dr. Blake Silvers Superintendent

Dr. Aileen Harbeck
Assistant Superintendent, Educational Services

Mr. David Wilson Chief Business Official

WISEBURN UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the Federal grant activity of the District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements. The District has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate.

Schedule of Average Daily Attendance (ADA)

Average daily attendance (ADA) is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of state funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

Schedule of Instructional Time

This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of *Education Code Sections* 46200 through 46208. During the year ended June 30, 2019, the District participated in the Longer Day incentive funding program. As of June 30, 2019, the District had met its target funding.

Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balance of all funds reported on the Annual Financial and Budget Report Unaudited Actuals to the audited financial statements.

Schedule of Charter Schools

This schedule lists all Charter Schools chartered by the District, and displays information for each Charter School on whether or not the Charter School is included in the District audit.

Schedule of Bond Expenditures – Measure A and Measure AA

This schedule provides a summary of Measure A and Measure AA expenditures by project subjected to auditing procedures performed in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Local Education Agency Organization Structure

This schedule provides information about the District's boundaries and schools operated, members of the governing board, and members of the administration.



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board Wiseburn Unified School District El Segundo, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Wiseburn Unified School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Wiseburn Unified School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 3, 2019.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Wiseburn Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Wiseburn Unified School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Wiseburn Unified School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Wiseburn Unified School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

San Diego, California December 3, 2019

Christy White, Inc.

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board Wiseburn Unified School District El Segundo, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Wiseburn Unified School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Wiseburn Unified School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. Wiseburn Unified School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Wiseburn Unified School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Wiseburn Unified School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Wiseburn Unified School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Wiseburn Unified School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Wiseburn Unified School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Wiseburn Unified School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Wiseburn Unified School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

San Diego, California December 3, 2019

Christy White, Inc.

REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board Wiseburn Unified School District El Segundo, California

Report on State Compliance

We have audited Wiseburn Unified School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the 2018-19 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, prescribed in Title 5, California Code of Regulations, section 19810, that could have a direct and material effect on each of Wiseburn Unified School District's state programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, as identified below.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its state programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Wiseburn Unified School District's state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the 2018-19 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, prescribed in Title 5, California Code of Regulations, section 19810. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the state programs noted below occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Wiseburn Unified School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance with the requirements referred to above. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Wiseburn Unified School District's compliance with those requirements.

Opinion on State Compliance

In our opinion, Wiseburn Unified School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the state programs noted in the table below for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance, which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item #2019-001. Our opinion on state compliance is not modified with respect to these matters.

Wiseburn Unified School District's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs and corrective action plan. Wiseburn Unified School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Procedures Performed

In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine Wiseburn Unified School District's compliance with the state laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

	PROCEDURES
PROGRAM NAME	PERFORMED
Attendance	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	Yes
Independent Study	Not Applicable
Continuation Education	Not Applicable
Instructional Time	Yes
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratios of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	Not Applicable
Gann Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	Not Applicable
Middle or Early College High Schools	Not Applicable
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	Yes
Transportation Maintenance of Effort	Yes
Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	Not Applicable
Comprehensive School Safety Plan	Yes
District of Choice	Not Applicable
California Clean Energy Jobs Act	Yes

(Continued on the following page)

Procedures Performed (continued)

PROGRAM NAME	PROCEDURES PERFORMED
After/Before School Education and Safety Program	Not Applicable
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Local Control and Accountability Plan	Yes
Independent Study-Course Based	Not Applicable
Attendance; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Mode of Instruction; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study;	
for charter schools	Not Applicable
Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based	
Instruction; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Annual Instructional Minutes - Classroom Based; for	
charter schools	Not Applicable
Charter School Facility Grant Program	Not Applicable

Christy White, Inc.
San Diego, California
December 3, 2019

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

WISEBURN UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS			
Type of auditors' report issued:		Unmodified	
Internal control over financial reporting:			
Material weakness(es) identified?		No	
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		None Reported	
Non-compliance material to financial state	ments noted?	No	
FEDERAL AWARDS			
Internal control over major program:			
Material weakness(es) identified?		No	
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		None Reported	
Type of auditors' report issued:		Unmodified	
Any audit findings disclosed that are requi	red to be reported in accordance		
with Uniform Guidance 2 CFR 200.516(a)?		No	
Identification of major programs:			
CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster		
10.555	Child Nutrition Cluster	_	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:		\$ 750,000	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		Yes	
STATE AWARDS			
Internal control over state programs:			
Material weaknesses identified?		No	
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		Yes	
Type of auditors' report issued on complia	nce for state programs:	Unmodified	

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WISEBURN UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

FIVE DIGIT CODE20000
30000

AB 3627 FINDING TYPE

Inventory of Equipment Internal Control

There were no financial statement findings for the year ended June 30, 2019.

WISEBURN UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

FIVE DIGIT CODE 50000

AB 3627 FINDING TYPE

Federal Compliance

There were no federal award findings or questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

WISEBURN UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

FIVE DIGIT CODE	AB 3627 FINDING TYPE
10000	Attendance
40000	State Compliance
42000	Charter School Facilities Programs
43000	Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental
60000	Miscellaneous
61000	Classroom Teacher Salaries
62000	Local Control Accountability Plan
70000	Instructional Materials
71000	Teacher Misassignments
72000	School Accountability Report Card

FINDING #2019-001: KINDERGARTEN CONTINUANCE (40000)

Criteria: Per Education Code sections 46300 and 48011, every retained Kindergarten pupil and pupils participating in a transitional kindergarten program pursuant to Education Code 48000(c) must have a signed Kindergarten Continuance Form or an approved alternative signed kindergarten continuance parental agreement.

Condition: During our testing, we found one student who turned six years old by September 1, 2018 and was enrolled in kindergarten for the year audited did not have a CDE approved Kindergarten Continuance Form maintained on file.

Effect: The District has overstated ADA.

Cause: Oversight of applicable Education Code requirements.

Questioned Costs: The overstatement of calculated ADA of 0.93, multiplied by the current year base grant per ADA in grades K-3 (\$8,235), totaling \$7,659.

Repeat Finding: This is not a repeat finding.

Recommendation: We recommend the District provide an overview of compliance requirements to site personnel responsible for obtaining kindergarten continuance forms. The District should provide CDE approved Kindergarten Continuance form to all school sites.

Corrective Action Plan: The District has provided our schools that have Kindergarten classes with the approved California Department of Education's Kindergarten Continuance form. We have directed the site principals to not alter or change the Kindergarten Continuance form that is used. This will alleviate any additional findings in the future. If any new principals are hired by the District that have Kindergarten classes at their school sites, they will be directed to use the approved Kindergarten Continuance form.

WISEBURN UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

FINDING #2018-001: TRANSPORTATION MAINTENANCE OF EFFORT (40000)

Criteria: In accordance with Education Code 2575(k) and 42238.03(a)(6)(b), a school district shall expend for home-to-school transportation programs in the current year, at least the lesser of the amount of funds expended on those programs in the fiscal year 2012-13 or the amount of funds for home-to-school transportation programs received in the 2012-13 fiscal year.

Condition: During our review of transportation maintenance of effort requirements, it was noted that the District did not expend at least the dollar amount of 2012-13 revenues received for home-to-school transportation. 2012-13 transportation revenues were \$42,857 and current year transportation expenditures amounted to \$29,356. It was further noted that the amount of expenditures in 2012-13 exceeded revenues received in 2012-13 for home to school transportation programs.

Effect: The District is not in compliance with the Transportation Maintenance of Effort requirement.

Cause: The District failed to monitor the maintenance of effort requirements specific to home-to-school transportation. Additionally, the District experienced a decrease in student transportation needs resulting in a decrease in current year program expenditures. Further,

Questioned Costs: 2017-18 expenditures fell short of 2012-13 revenues by a deficit of \$13,501.

Recommendation: We recommend that the District implement procedures to verify that the District meets its maintenance of effort requirements for home-to-school transportation programs.

Corrective Action Plan: The District will review the Transportation Maintenance of Effort calculation at year end closing. In 2017-18, the District had less students requiring home-to-school transportation, as some of the Districts Special Education students aged out of the grade levels the District offers. In addition, most of the District's Special Education programs that were provided by the County Office of Education, were placed in programs closer to the District, thus reducing transportation needs.

Current Status: Implemented.

WISEBURN UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

FINDING #2018-002: UNDUPLICATED LOCAL CONTROL FUNDING FORMULA PUPIL COUNT (40000)

Criteria: Students classified as English Learners (EL), who are not Free and Reduced Price Meal (FRPM) eligible or directly certified on the CALPADS 1.18 FRPM/English Learner/Foster Youth – Student List report must have supporting documentation, such as a copy of the California English Language Development Test (CELDT) Student Performance Level Report that indicates the student's overall performance and domain scores do not meet the CELDT criterion for English proficiency or other documentation indicating the student was property designated as EL. The unduplicated local control funding formula pupil count affects the percentage used as data in calculating Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF) apportionment. Auditors are required to verify compliance with California Education Code Section 42238.02(b)(3)(B) in Section W of the 2017-18 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting.

Condition: Based on review and testing of student designations as EL-only from the 2017-18 certified CALPADS 1.18 *FRPM/English Learner/Foster Youth – Student List* report, we noted an exception in our initial test work for one (1) of three (3) Dana Middle School students. The student in question was tested in May of 2017 and was found to be Initial Fluent English Proficient (IFEP). As a result, we performed further audit procedures to test 100 percent of the EL- only students at Dana Middle School. From our testing of EL designations for the remaining twelve (12) students at Dana Middle School, no other exceptions were noted. It was determined that no similar errors or inaccuracies would be likely to produce material results; therefore, testing of additional schools was not deemed necessary.

Effect: The District is not in compliance with State requirements. A total of one (1) student was found to be ineligible for the EL designation.

Cause: The individual designation for the student in question was not timely updated in the CALPADS system to allow for accurate reporting as of census date.

Questioned Cost: \$321 as calculated using guidance from the California Department of Education (CDE). Refer to "Questioned Cost Calculation" on the following page.

Recommendation: We recommend that all EL students be annually assessed and the student information system and CALPADS be updated timely to allow for timely and accurate reporting.

Corrective Action Plan: The District has implemented trainings to the District's English Language Coordinator that covered practices and procedures, including the re-designation process and EL documentation requirements. All Wiseburn students are now manually checked against CALPADS ELA status records prior to the submission of Fall 1 in order to ensure that previously identified RFEP/IFEP/EL students are correctly identified in our Student Information System.

(continued on the following page)

WISEBURN UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

FINDING #2018-002: UNDUPLICATED LOCAL CONTROL FUNDING FORMULA PUPIL COUNT (40000), (continued)

Question Cost Calculation:

UPP A	udit Adjustment	_			
1	Total Adjusted Enrollment from the UPP exhibit as of P-2	7,575		7,575	
2	Total Adjusted Unduplicated Pupil Count from the UPP exhibit as of P-2		3,485		3,485
3	Audit Adjustment - Number of Enrollment				-
4	Audit Adjustment - Number of Unduplicated Pupil Count				(1)
5	Revised Adjusted Enrollment		7,575		
6	Revised Adjusted Unduplicated Pupil Count				3,484
7	UPP calculated as of P-2		0.4601		
8	Revised UPP for audit finding	0.4599			
9	Charter Schools Only: Determinative School District Concentration Cap				
10	Revised UPP adjusted for Concentration Cap	0.4599			
LCFF	Target Supplemental Grant Funding Audit Adjustment	TK/K-3	4–6	7–8	9–12
9	Supplemental and Concentration Grant ADA	954.85	845.20	655.22	2.54
10	Adjusted Base Grant per ADA	\$7,941	\$7,301	\$7,518	\$8,939
11	Target Supplemental Grant Funding calculated as of P-2	\$1,720,949			
12	Revised Target Supplemental Grant Funding for audit finding		\$1,720,202		
13	Target Supplemental Grant Funding audit adjustment		(\$747)		
LCFF 7	Target Concentration Grant Funding Audit Adjustment				
14	Target Concentration Grant Funding calculated as of P-2	\$0			
15	Revised Target Concentration Grant Funding for audit finding	\$0			
16	Target Concentration Grant Funding audit adjustment	\$0			
Estima	ted Cost of Unduplicated Pupil Count Audit Adjustment for LEAs funded at	LCFF Ta	rget		
18	Total Target Supplemental and Concentration audit adjustment	(\$747)			
Estima	ted Cost of Unduplicated Pupil Count Audit Adjustment for LEAs funded or	LCFF Flo	oor and C	Gap	
19	Statewide Gap Funding Rate as of P-2	0.4296644273			
20	Estimated Cost of Unduplicated Pupil Count audit adjustment	(\$321)			

Current Status: Implemented.