LAGUNA BEACH UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT • SPECIAL MEETING •

550 Blumont St. Laguna Beach, CA 92651

February 6, 2019

Special Meeting 8:00 AM

AGENDA

- 1. CALL TO ORDER
- 2. ROLL CALL TO ESTABLISH QUORUM
- 3. PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE
- 4. ADOPTION OF AGENDA
- 5. PUBLIC COMMENT (Non-Agenda Items)

Opportunities for public input occur at each agenda item and at Public Comment. Members of the public may address the Board of Education regarding items not on the agenda, yet within the Board's subject matter jurisdiction, during Public Comment. The public may speak about items that are on the agenda during consideration of that item. Speaking time is limited to three (3) minutes per speaker with a maximum of twenty (20) minutes per topic.

Persons wishing to address the Board are asked to complete and submit a public comment card, available on the information table. Matters not on the agenda cannot be acted upon or discussed by the Board. The Board may ask staff to research and respond accordingly.

6. REVIEW AND DISCUSSION OF BOARD BYLAWS AND BOARD POLICIES – Jason Viloria, Ed.D., Superintendent

Board bylaws and policies will be reviewed and discussed for potential additions, revisions, and deletions. No action will be taken at this time. The Superintendent recommends a first reading by the Board of Education of the same Board bylaws and policies occur at the February 12, 2019 Board meeting, and a second reading and approval at the March 12, 2019 Board meeting. The Board may waive a second reading or require an additional reading if necessary. Board policies are brought forward for a first reading by the Board, as described in Board Bylaw 9310.

Bylaw Number	Description	Notes for Review/Recommendation (No action will be taken)
9000	Role of the Board	Review
9002	Public Participation at Meetings of the Board	Review and consider for deletion
9003	Disorderly Conduct During Any Meeting	Review and consider for deletion
9005	Governance Standards	Review
9006	President, Clerk, and Secretary	Review and consider for deletion and replacing with BB 9121, 9122 and 9123
9008	Designation of Secretary to Keep Minute Book of Closed Sessions	Review and consider for deletion

Bylaw Number	Description	Notes for Review/Recommendation (No action will be taken)
9009	Delegation of Board Authority	Review
9010	Public Statements	Review
9011	Disclosure of Confidential, Privileged Information	Review
9012	Board Member Electronic Communications	Review
9100	Annual Organizational Meeting	Bylaw updated to reflect NEW LAW (AB 2449)
9110	Terms of Office	Bylaw updated to reflect NEW LAW (AB 2449) which changes the commencement of the term of office of board members from the first Friday in December following their election to the second Friday in December.
9121	President	Review and consider for adoption
9122	Secretary	Review and consider for adoption
9123	Clerk	Review and consider for adoption
9124	Attorney	Review and consider for adoption
9130	Board Committees	Review
9140	Board Representatives	Review
9150	Student Board Members	Review
9200	Limited Board Member Authority	Review
9220	Governing Board Elections	Review
9222	Resignation	Review
9223	Filling Vacancies	Review
9224	Oath or Affirmation	Review
9230	Orientation	Review
9240	Board Training	Review and consider for adoption
9250	Remuneration, Reimbursement, and Other Benefits	Review
9260	Legal Protection	Review
9270	Conflict of Interest	Review
9310	Board Policies	Review
9320	Meetings and Notices	Review
9321	Closed Session Purposes and Agenda	Review
9321.1	Closed Session Actions and Reports	Review
9322	Agenda/Meeting Materials	Review and consider deletion of 9002
9323	Meeting Conduct	Review

Policy Number	Description	Notes for Review/Recommendation (No action will be taken)
9323.2	Actions by the Board	Review
9324	Minutes and Recordings	Review
9400	Board Self-Evaluation	Review and consider for adoption
0460	LCAP	New Law AB 2878 and AB 1840
3350	Travel Expenses	Delete BP 4014
4008	Replaced by 4200 in 2016	Submitted for deletion
4009	Replaced by AR 4112.6	Submitted for deletion
4013	Replaced by 3514.1 in 9/2018	Submitted for deletion
4400	Replaced by 4200 in 2016 and 4251	Submitted for deletion
4401	Replaced by 4161/4261/4361 in 3/2018	Submitted for deletion
4402	Replaced by 4161/4261/4361 in 3/2018	Submitted for deletion
4406	Replaced by 4161/4261/4361 in 3/2018	Submitted for deletion
4407	Replaced by 4215 in 3/2018	Submitted for deletion
4408	Replaced by 4140/4240/4340 in 3/2018	Submitted for deletion
4410	Replaced by 4161/4261/4361 in 3/2018	Submitted for deletion

7. ADJOURNMENT

- Jan Vickers, President, Board of Education

The next Regular Meeting of the Board of Education is **Tuesday**, **February 12**, **2019**, **6:00 PM** at the Laguna Beach Unified School District Office Board Room
550 Blumont St., Laguna Beach, California

INSTRUCTIONS FOR PRESENTATIONS TO THE BOARD BY PARENTS AND CITIZENS PRESENT AT THIS MEETING

We are pleased you have joined us for this meeting. Community interest in our schools is welcome and valued.

The members of the LBUSD Board of Education are locally elected officials, serve four-year terms of office, and are responsible for the schools' educational programs, grades kindergarten through twelve. The Board is a policy-making body whose actions are guided by the District's vision, mission, and goals. Administration of the District is delegated to a professional administrative staff led by the Superintendent. Board members are required to conduct the programs of the schools in accordance with the Constitution of the State of California, the California Education Code, and other laws relating to schools enacted by the Legislature, in addition to policies and procedures adopted by the Board of Education.

Materials that are public records related to open session agenda items are occasionally distributed to Board members after the agenda has been posted. These materials will be available for public inspection in the Office of the Superintendent between the hours of 7:30 a.m. and 4:30 p.m.

WHAT TO DO IF YOU WISH TO ADDRESS THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES

ITEMS ON THE AGENDA: Members of the public may address the Board of Education on agenda items during consideration of that item. Speaking time is limited to three (3) minutes per speaker with a maximum of twenty (20) minutes per topic, unless the time limit is waived by a majority of the Board.

Persons wishing to address the Board are asked to complete and submit a public comment card, available on the information table.

PUBLIC COMMENT (Non-Agenda Items): Members of the public may address the Board of Education regarding items not on the agenda, yet within the Board's subject matter jurisdiction during public comment. Speaking time is limited to three (3) minutes per speaker with a maximum of twenty (20) minutes per topic, unless the time limit waived by a majority of the Board. Legally, the Board cannot take action on topics raised by speakers and discussion may not be held by the Board. The Board may ask staff to research and respond accordingly.

REASONABLE ACCOMMODATION

In accordance with the Americans with Disability Act, members of the public who require disability accommodation(s) to participate in the meeting should contact the Office of the Superintendent in writing by noon on Monday before the scheduled meeting.

Board Policy No. 9000: Role Of The Board

Board Bylaws

The Governing Board has been elected by the community to provide leadership and citizen oversight of the district. The Board shall ensure that the District is responsive to the values, beliefs, and priorities of the community.

The Board shall work with the Superintendent to fulfill its major responsibilities, which include:

- 1. Setting direction for the district focused on student learning and achievement
- 2. Establishing an effective and efficient organizational structure for the district by:
 - a. Employing the Superintendent and setting policy for hiring of other personnel
 - b. Overseeing the development and adoption of policies
 - c. Establishing academic expectations and adopting the curriculum and instructional materials
 - d. Establishing budget priorities coordinated with the strategic plan and adopting the budget
 - e. Providing appropriate facilities that support the district's instructional program
 - f. Setting parameters for negotiations with employee organizations and ratifying collective bargaining agreements
- 3. Providing support to the Superintendent and staff as they carry out the Board's direction by:
 - a. Establishing and adhering to standards of responsible governance
 - b. Making decisions and providing resources that support district priorities and goals
 - c. Upholding Board policies
 - d. Being knowledgeable about district programs and efforts in order to serve as effective spokespersons
- 4. Ensuring accountability to the public for the performance of the district's schools by:
 - a. Evaluating the Superintendent and setting policy for the evaluation of other personnel
 - b. Monitoring and evaluating the effectiveness of policies

- c. Serving as a judicial (hearing) and appeals body in accordance with law, Board policies, and negotiated agreements
- d. Monitoring student achievement and program effectiveness and requiring program changes as necessary
- e. Monitoring and adjusting district finances
- f. Monitoring the collective bargaining process
- 5. Providing community leadership and advocacy on behalf of students, the district's educational program, and public education in order to build support within the local community and at the state and national levels

The Board is authorized to establish and finance any program or activity that is not in conflict with, inconsistent with, or preempted by law. (Education Code 35160)

Legal Reference:
EDUCATION CODE
5304 Duties of governing board (re school district elections) 12400-12405 Authority to participate in federal programs 17565-17592 Board duties re property maintenance and control 33319.5 Implementation of authority of local agencies
35000 District name
35010 Control of district; prescription and enforcement of rules 35020-35046 Officers and agents
35100-35351 Governing boards, especially:
35160-35185 Powers and duties
35291 Rules

Date Bylaw Revised by the Board of Education: August 28, 2012

Board Policy No. 9002: PUBLIC PARTICIPATION AT MEETINGS OF THE BOARD

1. The Board acknowledges that Education Code section 35145.5 authorizes members of the public to place matters directly related to business of the District on the agenda of open Board meetings, and authorizes members of the public to address the Board regarding any such items when they are considered by the Board at an open Board meeting.

Any member of the public who desires to place a matter on the agenda of an open Board meeting shall notify the Superintendent in writing at least seven (7) calendar days before any regular meeting. The written notification shall specify the matter and include any relevant background information. The Superintendent shall determine whether the specific matter is directly related to business of the District and is appropriate for an open Board meeting. Any decision by the Superintendent not to place a requested matter on the agenda may be appealed in writing to the Board.

A member of the public who wishes to address the Board on any such matter is limited to three minutes unless the time limit is waived by a majority vote of the Board. The Board by a majority vote may limit the total amount of time to be allowed on any matter.

2. The Board acknowledges that Government Code section 54954.3 requires that every agenda for regular meetings and every notice for special meetings shall provide an opportunity for members of the public to directly address the Board on items of interest to the public that are within the subject matter jurisdiction of the Board. At special meetings members of the public shall have the opportunity only to address action item(s) on the notice.

A member of the public who wishes to address the Board on any such item is limited to three minutes unless such time limit is waived by a majority vote of the Board. The Board by a majority vote may limit the total amount of time to be allowed on any item.

The Board president may rule on the appropriateness of a topic. If the topic would be more suitably addressed at a later time, the president may indicate the time and place when it should be presented.

- 3. The Board President or the chair of any Board meeting may terminate a presenter's address if a presenter persists, after a warning, not to engage in improper conduct or remarks.
- 4. No action or discussion shall be undertaken on any item not appearing on the posted agenda of a regular Board meeting, except that board members may briefly respond to statements made or questions posed by persons exercising their public testimony rights under Government Code section 54954.3. In addition, Board members on their own initiative, or in response to questions posed by the public, may ask a question for clarification, provide a reference to the Superintendent or other resources for factual information, or request the Superintendent to report back to the Board at a subsequent meeting concerning any matter. Furthermore, the Board may take action to direct the Superintendent to place a matter of business on a future agenda.

Legal Reference:

Education Code section 35145.5 Government Code section 54954.3

Date Policy Adopted by the Board: October 26, 1999

Board Bylaw No. 9003:

DISORDERLY CONDUCT DURING ANY BOARD MEETING

1. In the event of willful interruption by an individual or group so as to render the orderly conduct of any open meeting unfeasible and order cannot be restored by the removal of individuals who are willfully interrupting the meeting, the President, or in his/her absence the Clerk, may order the meeting room cleared and continue the session. Only matters appearing on the agenda may be considered in such a session. Representatives of the media, except those participating in the disturbance, shall be allowed to attend such session.

Legal Reference:

Government Code section 54957.9

Date Bylaw Adopted by the Board: October 26, 1999

GOVERNANCE STANDARDS

BB 9005

Board Bylaws

The Governing Board believes that its primary responsibility is to act in the best interests of every student in the district. The Board also has major commitments to parents/guardians, all members of the community, employees, the state of California, laws pertaining to public education, and established policies of the district. To maximize Board effectiveness and public confidence in district governance, Board members are expected to govern responsibly and hold themselves to the highest standards of ethical conduct.

The Board expects its members to work with each other and the Superintendent to ensure that a high-quality education is provided to each student. Each individual Board member shall:

- 1. Keep learning and achievement for all students as the primary focus
- 2. Value, support and advocate for public education
- 3. Recognize and respect differences of perspective and style on the Board and among staff, students, parents and the community
- 4. Act with dignity, and understand the implications of demeanor and behavior
- 5. Keep confidential matters confidential
- 6. Participate in professional development and commit the time and energy necessary to be an informed and effective leader
- 7. Understand the distinctions between Board and staff roles, and refrain from performing management functions that are the responsibility of the Superintendent and staff
- 8. Understand that authority rests with the Board as a whole and not with individuals

Board members also shall assume collective responsibility for building unity and creating a positive organizational culture. To operate effectively, the Board shall have a unity of purpose and:

- 1. Keep the district focused on learning and achievement for all students
- 2. Communicate a common vision
- 3. Operate openly, with trust and integrity
- 4. Govern in a dignified and professional manner, treating everyone with civility and respect
- 5. Govern within Board-adopted policies and procedures
- 6. Take collective responsibility for the Board's performance
- 7. Periodically evaluate its own effectiveness
- 8. Ensure opportunities for the diverse range of views in the community to inform Board deliberations

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE

35010 Power of governing board to adopt rules for its own governance

35160 Board authority to act in any manner not conflicting with law

35164 Actions by majority vote

GOVERNMENT CODE

1090 Financial interest in contract

1098 Disclosure of confidential information

1125-1129 Incompatible activities

54950-54963 The Ralph M. Brown Act

87300-87313 Conflict of interest code

Date Board Bylaw Adopted: September 25, 2018

(Replaced BB 9005 - Public Statements)

PRESIDENT, CLERK, AND SECRETARY

BB 9006

Board Bylaws

- 1. The Board each year at its annual organizational meeting shall elect a President from among its members. The President shall preside at all meetings of the Board, and shall have the authority to sign necessary documents approved by the Board.
- 2. The Board each year at its annual organizational meeting also shall elect a Clerk who shall perform the duties of the President whenever the President is absent. If both the President and Clerk are absent, the remaining three Board members shall select a Board member to chair the meeting.
- 3. The President shall have all the rights of any member of the Board, including the right to move, second, discuss and vote on all questions before the Board.
- 4. The President, with the Superintendent or designee, establishes the Board's agenda.
- 5. The Board hereby designates the Superintendent to act as Secretary for the Board to perform all duties authorized by relevant law.
- 6. Each year after the annual organizational meeting the Secretary shall appropriately notify the County Clerk and the Secretary of State on the proper Roster of Public Agencies form as to the names and specific positions of all Board members.
- 7. When making appointments, the Board shall clearly specify, on a case-by-case basis, what authority and responsibilities are involved. Board representatives shall not grant district support or endorsement for any activity without prior Board approval.
- 8. If a committee discusses a topic on which the Board has taken a position, the Board member may express that position as a representative of the Board. When contributing individual ideas or opinions on other topics, he/she shall make it clear that he/she is speaking as an individual, not on behalf of the Board.

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE

17593 Repair and supervision of property (duty of district clerk)

35022 President of the board

35038 Appointment of clerk by county superintendent of schools

35039 Dismissal of clerk

35121 Appointment of clerk in certain city and high school districts

35143 Annual organizational meetings; dates and notice

35250 Duty to keep certain records and reports

38113 Duty of clerk (re provision of school supplies)

GOVERNMENT CODE

54950-54963 Ralph M. Brown Act

Date Bylaw Adopted by the Board: October 26, 1999

Revised: March 24, 2015

Board Bylaw No. 9008:

DESIGNATION OF SECRETARY TO KEEP MINUTE BOOK OF CLOSED SESSIONS

1. The Board designates the Secretary for the Board to attend each closed session, unless excused by the Board, and to keep and enter into a confidential minute book a record of the subjects discussed in each closed session and a record of any decisions made in each closed session. The minutes of closed sessions shall be kept in a locked cabinet separate from minutes of open meetings.

Legal Reference: Education Code section 35163 Government Code section 54957.2

Date Bylaw Adopted by the Board: October 26, 1999

Board Bylaw No. 9009:	DELEGATION OF BOARD AUTHORITY		
1. The Board acknowledges under Education Code section 35161 that it may delegate to an officer of employee of the District any of the powers or duties delegated by law to the Board or the District.			
Legal Reference: Education Code section 35161			
Date Bylaw Adopted by the Board: October 26, 1999			

PUBLIC STATEMENTS

BB 9010 Board Bylaws

The Governing Board recognizes the rights and responsibility of Board members in their role as community leaders to participate in public discourse on matters of civic or community interest, including those involving the district, and their right to freely express their personal views. and encourages open discussion of issues during the Board meeting. The Board believes that effective Board members have a responsibility to express themselves, whether in agreement or disagreement with the Board majority, in ways that promote the Board's ability to govern the district. However, to ensure communication of a consistent, unified message regarding district issues, Board members are expected to respect the authority of the Board to choose its representatives to communicate its positions and to abide by established protocols. All public statements authorized to be made on behalf of the Board shall be made by the Board president or, if appropriate, by the Superintendent or other designated representative.

When speaking for the district, the Board encourages its spokespersons to exercise restraint and tact and to communicate the message in a manner that promotes public confidence in the Board's leadership.

Board spokespersons shall not disclose confidential information or information received in closed session except when authorized by a majority of the Board.

When speaking to community groups, members of the public, or the media, individual Board members should recognize that their statements may be perceived as reflecting the views and positions of the Board. Board members have a responsibility to identify personal viewpoints as such and not as the viewpoint of the Board.

In addition, the Board encourages members who participate on social networking sites, blogs, or other discussion or informational sites to conduct themselves in a respectful, courteous, and professional manner and to model good behavior for district students and the community. Such electronic communications are subject to the same standards and protocols established for other forms of communication, and the disclosure requirements of the California Public Records Act may likewise apply to them.

Legal Reference:
EDUCATION CODE
35010 Control of district; prescription and enforcement of rules
GOVERNMENT CODE
6250-6270 California Public Records Act
54960 Actions to stop or prevent violation of meeting provisions
54963 Confidential information in closed session

Date Board Bylaw Adopted by the Board: October 26, 1999

Revised: April 24, 2012 Revised: September 25, 2018

(Updated and changed from 9005 to BB 9010)

DISCLOSURE OF CONFIDENTIAL/PRIVILEGED INFORMATION

BB 9011

Board Bylaws

The Governing Board recognizes the importance of maintaining the confidentiality of information acquired as part of a Board member's official duties. Confidential/privileged information shall be released only to the extent authorized by law.

Disclosure of Closed Session Information

A Board member shall not disclose confidential information acquired during a closed session to a person not entitled to receive such information, unless a majority of the Board has authorized its disclosure.

Confidential information means a communication made in a closed session that is specifically related to the basis for the Board to meet lawfully in closed session.

The Board shall not take any action against any person for disclosing confidential information, nor shall the disclosure be considered a violation of the law or Board policy, when the person is:

- 1. Making a confidential inquiry or complaint to a district attorney or grand jury concerning a perceived violation of law, including disclosing facts necessary to establish the illegality or potential illegality of a Board action that has been the subject of deliberation during a closed session
- 2. Expressing an opinion concerning the propriety or legality of Board action in closed session, including disclosure of the nature and extent of the illegal or potentially illegal action
- 3. Disclosing information that is not confidential

Other Disclosures

A Board member shall not disclose, for pecuniary gain, confidential information acquired in the course of their official duties. Confidential information includes information that is not a public record subject to disclosure under the Public Records Act, information that by law may not be disclosed, or information that may have a material financial effect on the Board member.

Disclosures excepted from this prohibition are those made to law enforcement officials or to the joint legislative audit committee when reporting on improper governmental activities.

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE

35010 Power of governing board to adopt rules for its own governance

35146 Closed session

EVIDENCE CODE

1040 Privilege for official information

GOVERNMENT CODE

1098 Public officials and employees re confidential information

3549.1 Meeting and negotiating in public educational employment

6250-6270 Inspection of public records

54950-54963 Brown Act, especially:

54956.8 Open meeting laws

54956.9 Closed meeting for pending litigation

54957 Closed session; "employee" defined; exclusion of witnesses

54957.1 Subsequent public report and roll call vote; employee matters in closed session

54957.5 Public records

54957.6 Closed session; representatives with employee organization

54957.7 Reasons for closed session

54963 Confidential information in closed session

ATTORNEY GENERAL OPINIONS

80 Ops.Cal.Atty.Gen. 231 (1997)

Date Board Bylaw Adopted by the Board: October 26, 1999

Revised: April 24, 2012 Revised: September 25, 2018

(Updated and changed from 9010 to 9011)

BOARD MEMBER ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS

BB 9012 Board Bylaws

The Governing Board recognizes that electronic communication is an efficient and convenient way for Board members to communicate and expedite the exchange of information within the district and with members of the public. Board members shall exercise caution so as to ensure that electronic communications are not used as a means for the Board to deliberate outside of an agendized Board meeting nor to circumvent the public's right to access records regarding district business.

A majority of the Board shall not, outside of an authorized meeting, use a series of electronic communications of any kind, directly or through intermediaries, to discuss, deliberate, or take action on any item that is within the subject matter jurisdiction of the Board.

Examples of permissible electronic communications concerning district business include, but are not limited to, dissemination of Board meeting agendas and agenda packets, reports of activities from the Superintendent, and reminders regarding meeting times, dates, and places.

In addition, Board members may use electronic communications to discuss matters that do not pertain to district business, regardless of the number of Board members participating in the discussion.

Board members shall make every effort to ensure that their electronic communications conform to the same standards and protocols established for other forms of communication. A Board member may respond, as appropriate, to an electronic communication received from a member of the community and should make clear that their response does not necessarily reflect the views of the Board as a whole. Any complaint or request for information should be forwarded to the Superintendent in accordance with Board bylaws and protocols so that the issue may receive proper consideration and be handled through the appropriate district process. As appropriate, communication received from the media shall be forwarded to the designated district spokesperson.

To the extent possible, electronic communications regarding any district-related business shall be transmitted through a district-provided device or account. When any such communication is transmitted through a Board member's personal device or account, they shall copy the communication to a district electronic storage device for easy retrieval.

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE

35140 Time and place of meetings

35145 Public meetings

35145.5 Agenda; public participation; regulations

35147 Open meeting law exceptions and applications

GOVERNMENT CODE

6250-6270 California Public Records Act

11135 State programs and activities, discrimination

54950-54963 The Ralph M. Brown Act, especially:

54952.2 Meeting, defined

54953 Meetings to be open and public; attendance

54954.2 Agenda posting requirements, board actions

COURT DECISIONS

City of San Jose v. Superior Court (2017) 2 Cal.5th 608

Date Board Bylaw Adopted: September 25, 2018 (Replaced BB 9015)

ANNUAL ORGANIZATIONAL MEETING

BB 9100

Board Bylaws

The Governing Board shall hold an annual organizational meeting within the time limits prescribed by law. (Education Code 35143)

At this meeting the Board shall:

- 1. Elect a president and a clerk from its members.
- 2. Appoint a secretary to the Board.
- 3. Authorize signatures.
- 4. Develop a schedule of regular meetings for the year.
- 5. Develop a Board calendar for the year.
- 6. Designate Board representatives.

Election of Officers

The Board shall each year elect one of its members to be clerk. After serving one year as clerk, the elected member may serve one year as president of the Board. It is the intent of the Board that all board members will rotate through the sequence of clerk and president. The clerk may be seated next to the president. Newly elected board members will be seated next to sitting board members, according to the highest number of votes earned during the election.

Legal Reference:
EDUCATION
CODE
5017 Term of office
35143 Annual organizational meeting date, and notice
35145 Public meetings
GOVERNMENT CODE
54953 Meetings to be open and public; attendance

Date Bylaw adopted by the Board: August 28, 2012 Date Bylaw revised by the Board: January 27, 2015

TERMS OF OFFICE

BB 9110

Board Bylaws

The Governing Board shall consist of five members whose terms shall be staggered so that as nearly as practicable, one half of the members shall be elected in each even-numbered year year in which the Board's elections are regularly held.

Board member terms expire four years after their initial election. The term of office for Board members elected in regular elections shall be four years, commencing on the first second Friday in December following their election.

Board members whose terms have expired shall continue to discharge the duties of office until their successors have qualified by taking the oath of office

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE

5000-5033 Election of school district board members

35010 Control of district

35012 Board members; number, election and terms

35107 Eligibility

ELECTIONS CODE

1302 Local elections, school district election

10400-10418 Consolidation of elections

14050-14057 California Voter Participation Rights Act

GOVERNMENT CODE

1302 Continuance in office until qualification of successor

1303 Exercising functions of office without having qualified

1360 Necessity of taking constitutional oath

Date Board Bylaw Adopted: June 12, 2012

Revised:

Board Bylaw

President

BB 9121

Board Bylaws

Note: Education Code <u>35022</u> requires any board with five or more members to elect a president from among its members. The election of the Governing Board president at the annual organizational meeting is addressed in BB 9100 - Organization.

The Governing Board shall elect a president from among its members to provide leadership on behalf of the governance team and the educational community it serves.

To ensure that Board meetings are conducted in an efficient, transparent, and orderly manner, the president shall:

- 1. Call such meetings of the Board as he/she may deem necessary, giving notice as required by law
- 2. Consult with the Superintendent or designee on the preparation of Board meeting agendas
- 3. Call the meeting to order at the appointed time and preside over the meeting
- 4. Announce the business to come before the Board in its proper order
- 5. Enforce the Board's bylaws related to the conduct of meetings and help ensure compliance with applicable requirements of the Brown Act
- 6. Recognize persons who desire to speak, and protect the speaker who has the floor from disturbance or interference
- 7. Facilitate the Board's effective deliberation, ensuring that each Board member has an opportunity to participate in the deliberation and that the discussion remains focused
- 8. Rule on issues of parliamentary procedure
- 9. Put motions to a vote, and clearly state the results of the vote

The president shall have the same rights as other members of the Board, including the right to discuss and vote on all matters before the Board.

The president shall perform other duties in accordance with law and Board policy including, but not limited to:

1. Signing all instruments, acts, orders, and resolutions necessary to comply with legal requirements and carry out the will of the Board

- 2. Working with the Superintendent or designee to ensure that Board members have necessary materials and information
- 3. Subject to Board approval, appointing and dissolving all committees
- 4. In conjunction with the Superintendent or designee, representing the district as the Board's spokesperson in communications with the media
- 5. Leading the Board's advocacy efforts to build support within the local community and at the state and national levels

Note: The following paragraph is optional. See CSBA's web site for information about CSBA's Board President's Workshop and other education opportunities that could assist board presidents in fulfilling their responsibilities, such as the Brown Act workshop, Annual Education Conference and Trade Show, and Masters in Governance program.

The president shall participate in the California School Boards Association's Board President's Workshop and other professional development opportunities to enhance their leadership skills.

When the president resigns or is absent, the clerk shall perform the president's duties. When both the president and clerk are absent, the Board shall choose a president pro tempore to perform the president's duties.

Legal Reference:
EDUCATION CODE
35022 President of the board
35143 Annual organizational meetings; dates and notice
GOVERNMENT CODE
54950-54963 Ralph M. Brown Act

(9/89 7/03) 7/17

Board Bylaw

Secretary

BB 9122 Board Bylaws

Note: Education Code 35025 provides that the Board may employ a non-Board member to serve as secretary and bookkeeper for the Board.

The Governing Board shall appoint the Superintendent to serve as secretary to the Board. The secretary to the Board shall be responsible for maintaining an accurate and complete record of all Board proceedings and shall:

- 1. Prepare, distribute and maintain the Board agenda
- 2. Record, distribute and maintain the Board minutes
- 3. Maintain Board records and documents
- 4. Conduct official correspondence for the Board
- 5. As directed by the Board, sign and execute official papers
- 6. Perform other duties as assigned by the Board

Legal Reference:
EDUCATION CODE
35025 Secretary and bookkeeper
35143 Annual organizational meetings; dates and notice
35250 Duty to keep certain records and reports
GOVERNMENT CODE
54950-54963 Ralph M. Brown Act

(7/84 9/89) 7/03

Board Bylaw

Clerk

BB 9123

Board Bylaws

***Note: The following optional bylaw is for use by any board other than a city board of education governed by a city charter. Any board other than a city board of education is required by Education Code 35143 to elect a clerk from among its members at the annual organizational meeting. See BB 9100 - Organization for other requirements pertaining to the annual organizational meeting.

The Governing Board shall elect a clerk from its own membership at the annual organizational meeting.

The duties of the clerk shall be to:

- 1. Certify or attest to actions taken by the Board when required
- 2. Maintain such other records or reports as required by law
- 3. Sign documents on behalf of the district as directed by the Board
- 4. Notify Board members and members-elect of the date and time for the annual organizational meeting
- 5. Perform any other duties assigned by the Board

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE

17593 Repair and supervision of property (duty of district clerk)

35038 Appointment of clerk by county superintendent of schools

35039 Dismissal of clerk

35121 Appointment of clerk in certain city and high school districts

35143 Annual organizational meetings

35250 Duty to keep certain records and reports

38113 Duty of clerk (re provision of school supplies)

GOVERNMENT CODE

54950-54963 Ralph M. Brown Act

(9/88 7/03) 3/11

Board Bylaw

Attorney

BB 9124 Board Bylaws

Note: Education Code 35041.5, 35204, and 35205 authorize the Governing Board to enter into a contract to hire an attorney as a district employee or independent contractor or to contract with a private firm to provide legal services for purposes deemed appropriate by the Board. According to the Rules of Professional Conduct of the State Bar of California, when an attorney is hired by an organization such as a school district, the attorney's client is the district as a whole, and not an individual Board member or employee. However, at certain times an attorney may owe a duty of defense to a Board member or employee pursuant to the Tort Claims Act (Government Code 814-895.8). See BP/AR 3320 - Claims and Actions Against the District and BB 9260 - Legal Protection.

The Governing Board recognizes the complex legal environment in which districts operate and desires reliable, high-quality legal advice at reasonable rates. In order to meet the district's legal needs, the Board may contract with county counsel, attorneys in private practice, or appoint legal counsel as a district employee or independent contractor. The Board also supports pursuing collaborative legal efforts with other agencies and districts as appropriate.

Retaining Legal Counsel

The Board and Superintendent shall annually evaluate the performance of the firm and/or attorneys providing legal services in such areas as efficiency and adequacy of advice; results obtained for the district; reasonableness of fees; and responsiveness to and interactions with the Board, administration, and community. Upon a successful evaluation, the Board may renew the agreement with legal counsel.

The Board may also contract for temporary, specialized legal services without initiating an RFP when a majority of the Board determines that the unique demands of a particular issue or emergency situation so requires.

Contacting Legal Counsel

At his/her discretion, the Board president, Superintendent or designee may confer with district legal counsel subject to any limits or parameters established by the Board. In addition, the Superintendent, designee, or Board president may contact district legal counsel to provide the Board with legal information or advice when so directed by a majority of the Board.

Individual Board members other than the Board president may not seek advice from district legal counsel on matters of district business unless so authorized by a majority of the Board.

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE

35041 Administrative adviser

35041.5 Legal counsel

35161 Powers and duties of governing board

35200-35214 Liabilities, especially:

35204 Contract with attorney in private practice

35205 Contract for legal services

GOVERNMENT CODE

814-895.8 Liability of public entities and public employees

995-996.6 Defense of public employees

26520 Legal services to school districts

53060 Special services and advice

(6/91 12/92) 7/08

BOARD COMMITTEES

BB 9130

Board Bylaws

The Governing Board may establish Board committees as necessary. The Board shall determine the duties of the committee at the time of its appointment. Unless specifically authorized by the Board to act on its behalf, Board committees shall act in an advisory capacity. When its duties have been completed, the committee shall be dissolved.

Board committees shall provide public notice of their meetings and conduct these meetings in accordance with state open meeting laws.

Meetings of advisory committees or standing committees for which an agenda is posted at least 72 hours in advance of the meeting pursuant to Government Code 54954.2, shall be considered, for purposes of the Brown Act, as regular meetings of the Board.

Board advisory committees composed solely of less than a quorum of the members of the Board are not subject to open meeting laws unless they are standing committees that have a continuing subject matter jurisdiction or a meeting schedule established by the Board.

Standing committees with a continuing subject matter jurisdiction include but are not limited to those responsible for providing advice on budgets, audits, contracts and personnel matters at the Board's request.

When a majority of the members of the Board attend an open and noticed meeting of a standing committee, the Board members who are not members of the standing committee shall attend only as observers.

The Superintendent or designee may serve as an advisor to any committee at the discretion of the Board.

Whenever so charged, committees may actively seek input and participation by parents/guardians, staff, community and students and may consult with local public boards and agencies.

When a Board committee composed exclusively of Board members has provided for public comment on an item at a public meeting before or during the committee's consideration of the item, the Board is not obliged to provide for public comment on the item at a subsequent Board meeting. Public comment shall be afforded, however, if the Board determines that the item has been substantially changed since it was heard by the committee.

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE

35010 Control of district; prescription and enforcement of rules

35024 Executive committee

35160 Authority of governing boards

35160.1 Broad authority of school districts

GOVERNMENT CODE

54952 Legislative body, definition

54952.2 Definition of meeting

54954 Time and place of regular meetings; special meetings; emergencies

54954.3 Opportunity for public to address legislative body

Date Board Bylaw Adopted by the Board: May 28, 2013

Board Bylaw 9140:

Board Representatives

The Governing Board recognizes that effective performance of its community leadership responsibilities may require its participation in district or community committees on matters of concern to the district and its students. As needed, the Board may appoint any of its members to serve as its representative on a district committee or on a committee of another public agency or organization of which the Board or district is a member or to which the Board is invited to participate.

When making such appointments, the Board shall clearly specify the authority and responsibilities of the representative(s), including, but not limited to, reporting back to the Board regarding committee activities and/or actions. Board representatives shall not exercise the authority of the Board without prior Board approval.

If a committee discusses a topic on which the Board has taken a position, the Board member shall express the position of the Board. When contributing his/her own ideas or opinions, the representative shall clearly indicate that he/she is expressing his/her individual idea or opinion.

Board Representative to Elect Members of County Committee on School District Organization

At its annual organizational meeting, the Board shall designate one Board member as its representative to elect members to the county committee on school district organization. (Education Code 35023)

Legal Reference:
EDUCATION CODE
4000-4014 County committees on school district organization
35020-35046 School district officers and agents (power of governing board to employ or appoint)
35160 Authority of governing boards
GOVERNMENT CODE
54952.2 Meetings

Date Policy Approved by the Board: October 9, 2012

STUDENT BOARD MEMBERS

BB 9150Board Bylaws

In order to enhance communication and collaboration between the Governing Board and the student body and to teach students the importance of civic involvement, the Board supports the participation of high school students in district governance.

The Governing Board believes that engaging the student body and seeking its input and feedback regarding the district's educational programs and activities are vital to achieving the district's mission of educating district students.

To enhance communication between the Board and the student body and to encourage student involvement in district affairs, the Board shall include at least one student Board member selected in accordance with procedures approved by the Board.

The term of a student Board member shall be one year, commencing on July 1 of each year. A student Board member shall have the right to attend all Board meetings except closed (executive) sessions.

Role and Responsibilities of Student Board Members

Student Board member(s) shall have the right to attend all Board meetings except closed (executive) sessions.

A student Board member shall be seated with other members of the Board. In addition, a student Board member shall be recognized at Board meetings as a full member, shall receive all materials presented to other Board members except those related to closed sessions, and may participate in questioning witnesses and discussing issues.

A student Board member may cast preferential votes on all matters except those subject to closed session discussion. Preferential votes shall be cast prior to the official Board vote and shall not affect the final numerical outcome of a vote. Preferential votes shall be recorded in the Board minutes.

A student Board member shall not be liable for any acts of the Board.

Student Board Member Development

As necessary, the Superintendent or designee shall, at district expense, provide learning opportunities to student Board members, through trainings, workshops, and conferences, to enhance their knowledge, understanding, and performance of their Board responsibilities.

The Superintendent or designee may periodically provide an orientation for student Board member candidates to give them an understanding of the responsibilities and expectations of Board service. Elimination of Position

Once established, the student Board member position shall continue to exist until the Board, by majority vote of all voting Board members, approves a motion to eliminate the position. Such a motion shall be listed as a public agenda item for a Board meeting prior to the motion being voted upon.

Legal Reference:
EDUCATION CODE
33000.5 Appointment of student members to State Board of Education
35012 Board members; number, election and terms; pupil members
35160 Authority of governing boards
GOVERNMENT CODE
3540-3549.3 Educational Employment Relations Act

Date Bylaw Adopted: May 28, 2013

Revised: September 25, 2018

LIMITS OF BOARD MEMBER AUTHORITY

BB 9200

Board Bylaws

The Governing Board recognizes that the Board is the unit of authority over the district and that a Board member has no individual authority. Board members shall hold the education of students above any partisan principle, group interest, or personal interest.

Unless agreed to by the Board as a whole, individual members of the Board shall not exercise any administrative responsibility with respect to the schools or command the services of any school employee. Individual Board members shall submit requests for information to the Superintendent. Board members shall refer Board-related correspondence to the Superintendent for forwarding to the Board or for placement on the Board's agenda, as appropriate.

Individual Board members do not have the authority to resolve complaints. Any Board member approached directly by a person with a complaint should refer the complainant to the Superintendent or designee so that the problem may receive proper consideration and be handled through the appropriate district process.

A Board member whose child is attending a district school should be aware of his/her role as a Board member when interacting with district employees about his/her child. Because his/her position as a Board member may inhibit the performance of school personnel, the Board member should inform the Superintendent or designee before volunteering in his/her child's classroom.

The Superintendent or designee shall provide a copy of the state's open meeting laws (Brown Act) to each Board member and to anyone who is elected to the Board but has not yet assumed office.

Board members and persons elected to the Board who have not yet assumed office are responsible for complying with the requirements of the Brown Act.

Legal Reference:
EDUCATION CODE
200-262.4 Prohibition of discrimination
7054 Use of district property
35010 Control of district; prescription and enforcement of rules
35100-35351 Governing boards, especially:
35160-35184 Powers and duties
35291 Rules

35292 Visits to schools (Board members)
51101 Rights of parents/guardians
GOVERNMENT CODE
54950-54962 The Ralph M. Brown Act, especially:
54952.1 Member of a legislative body of a local agency
54952.7 Copies of chapter to members of legislative body

Date Policy was Adopted by the Board: December 11, 2012

GOVERNING BOARD ELECTIONS

BB 9220

Board Bylaws

Any person is eligible to be a member of the Governing Board, without further qualifications, if they are 18 years of age or older, a citizen of California, a resident of the school district, a registered voter, and not legally disqualified from holding civil office. Any person who has been convicted of a felony involving the giving, accepting, or offering of a bribe, embezzlement or theft of public funds, extortion, perjury, or conspiracy to commit any such crime, under California law or the law of another state, the United States of America, or another country, is not eligible to be a candidate for office or be a Board member except when they have been granted a pardon in accordance with law.

A district employee elected to the Board shall resign his/her employment before being sworn in or shall have their employment automatically terminated upon being sworn into office.

To reduce costs associated with conducting elections, the Board may consolidate Board elections with the local municipal or statewide primary or general election. Board election procedures shall be conducted in accordance with state and federal law.

Electing Board Members

Board members may reside anywhere within the district's boundaries and shall be elected by all voters in the district.

Campaign Conduct

In order to help protect the public's trust in the electoral process as well as the public's confidence in the Board and district, the Board encourages all candidates to sign and adhere to the principles in the Code of Fair Campaign Practices pursuant to Elections Code 20440.

Statement of Qualifications

The district shall assume no part of the cost of printing, handling, translating, or mailing of candidate statements filed pursuant to Elections Code 13307. As a condition of having candidate statements included in the voter's pamphlet, the district may require candidates to pay their estimated pro rata share of these costs to the district in advance pursuant to Elections Code 13307.

On the 125th day prior to the day fixed for the general district election, the Board secretary or his/her designee shall deliver a notice, bearing the secretary's signature and district seal, to the county elections official describing both of the following:

- 1. The elective offices of the district to be filled at the general election and which offices, if any, are for the balance of an unexpired term
- 2. Whether the district or the candidate is to pay for the publication of a statement of qualifications pursuant to Elections Code 13307

Candidate statements shall be limited to no more than 400 words.

Tie Votes in Board Member Elections

Before each election, the Board shall establish whether a potential tie is to be resolved by lot or with a runoff election.

After an election for which the Board has decided to resolve a tie by lot, the Board shall immediately notify the candidates who received the tie votes of the time and place where the candidates or their representatives should appear before the Board. The Board at that time shall determine the winner by lot.

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE

1000 Composition, and trustee area, county board of education

1006 Qualifications for holding office, county board of education

5000-5033 Elections

5220-5231 Elections

5300-5304 General provisions (conduct of elections)

5320-5329 Order and call of elections

5340-5345 Consolidation of elections

5360-5363 Election notice

5380 Compensation (of election officer)

5390 Qualifications of voters

5420-5426 Cost of elections

5440-5442 Miscellaneous provisions

7054 Use of district property

35107 Eligibility; school district employees

35177 Campaign expenditures or contributions

35239 Compensation of governing board member of districts with less than 70 ADA

ELECTIONS CODE

20 Public office eligibility

1302 Local elections, school district election

2201 Grounds for cancellation

4000-4004 Elections conducted wholly by mail

10400-10418 Consolidation of elections

10509 Notice of election by secretary

10600-10604 School district elections

13307 Candidate's statement

13309 Candidate's statement, indigence

14025-14032 California Voting Rights Act

20440 Code of Fair Campaign Practices

Date Policy Adopted By the Board: August 27, 2013

RESIGNATION

BB 9222 Board Bylaws

A Governing Board member who wishes to resign may do so by filing a written resignation with the County Superintendent of Schools.

As a courtesy, the resigning Board member should also notify the Board and give a copy of their written resignation to the Board secretary.

The resignation shall become effective when filed with the County Superintendent, except when a deferred effective date is specified in the resignation. A Board member may not defer the effective date of his/her resignation for more than 60 days after they file the resignation with the County Superintendent.

Once filed, a written resignation, whether specifying a deferred effective date or otherwise, shall be irrevocable.

A Board member who tenders their resignation with a deferred effective date shall, until the effective date of the resignation, continue to exercise all the powers of the office, except that they shall not have the right to vote for his/her successor in an action taken by the Board to make a provisional appointment.

A Board member who resigns shall file, within 30 days of leaving office, a revised Statement of Economic Interest/Form 700 covering the period of time between the closing date of the last statement required to be filed and the date they leave office.

Legal Reference:
EDUCATION CODE
5090 Definition (vacancy)
5091 Special Election
35178 Resignation with deferred effective date

Date approved by the Board: April 8, 2014
Date Revised: March 28, 2017

FILLING VACANCIES

BB 9223

Board Bylaws

Events Causing a Vacancy

A vacancy on the Governing Board may occur for any of the following events:

- 1. The death of an incumbent
- 2. The adjudication pursuant to a quo warranto proceeding declaring that an incumbent is physically or mentally incapacitated due to disease, illness, or accident and that there is reasonable cause to believe that the incumbent will not be able to perform the duties of their office for the remainder of their term
- 3. A Board member's resignation

A vacancy resulting from resignation occurs when the written resignation is filed with the County Superintendent of Schools having jurisdiction over the district, except where a deferred effective date is specified in the resignation so filed, in which case the resignation shall become operative on that date. A Board member may not defer the effective date of their resignation for more than 60 days after they file the resignation with the County Superintendent. Upon being filed with the County Superintendent, a written resignation, whether specifying a deferred effective date or otherwise, shall be irrevocable.

- 4. A Board member's removal from office, including by recall
- 5. A Board member's ceasing to be a resident of the district
- 6. A Board member's absence from the state for more than 60 days, except in the following situations:
 - a. Upon district business with the approval of the Board
 - b. With the consent of the Board for an additional period not to exceed a total absence of 90 days
 - In the case of illness or other urgent necessity, and upon a proper showing thereof, the time limited for absence from the state may be extended by the Board.
 - c. For federal military deployment, not to exceed an absence of a total of six months, as a

member of the armed forces of the United States or the California National Guard

If the absence of the Board member for this purpose exceeds six months, the Board may approve an additional six-month absence upon a showing that there is a reasonable expectation that the member will return within the second six-month period, and the Board may appoint an interim member to serve in their absence. If two or more members of the Board are absent by reason of these circumstances, and those absences result in the inability to establish a quorum at a regular meeting, the Board may immediately appoint one or more interim members as necessary to enable the Board to conduct business and discharge its responsibilities. The term of an interim member appointed in these circumstances shall not extend beyond the return of the absent Board member or beyond the next regularly scheduled election for that office, whichever occurs first.

- 7. A Board member's ceasing to discharge the duties of their office for the period of three consecutive months, except when prevented by illness or when absent from the state with the permission required by law
- 8. A Board member's conviction of a felony or any offense involving a violation of his/her official duties or conviction of a designated crime resulting in a forfeiture of office
- 9. A Board member's refusal or neglect to file their required oath or bond within the time prescribed
- 10. The decision of a competent tribunal declaring void a Board member's election or appointment
- 11. The making of an order vacating a Board member's office or declaring the office vacant when the Board member fails to furnish an additional or supplemental bond
- 12. A Board member's commitment to a hospital or sanitarium as a drug addict, dipsomaniac, inebriate, or stimulant addict by a court of competent jurisdiction, in which case the office shall not be deemed vacant until the order of commitment has become final
- 13. A "failure to elect" in which no candidate or an insufficient number of candidates have filed to run for a Board seat(s)

Timelines for Filling a Vacancy

When a vacancy occurs, the Board shall take the following action, as appropriate:

- 1. When a vacancy occurs within four months of the end of a Board member's term, the Board shall take no action.
- 2. When a vacancy occurs longer than four months before the end of a Board member's term, the Board shall, within 60 days of the date of the vacancy or the filing of the

- member's deferred resignation, either order an election or make a provisional appointment, unless a special election is mandated as described in item #3 below.
- 3. When a vacancy occurs from six months to 130 days before a regularly scheduled Board election at which the position is not scheduled to be filled, a special election to fill the position shall be consolidated with the regular election. The person so elected shall take office at the first regularly scheduled Board meeting following the certification of the election and shall serve only until the end of the term of the position which he/she was elected to fill.

Eligibility

In order to be appointed or elected to fill a vacancy on the Board, a person must meet the eligibility requirements specified in Education Code 35107.

Provisional Appointments

Within 10 days after the appointment is made, the Board shall post notices of the actual vacancy, or the filing of a deferred resignation, and the provisional appointment. The notice shall be published in the local newspaper pursuant to Government Code 6061 and posted in at least three public places within the district.

The notice shall contain:

- 1. The date of the occurrence of the vacancy or the date of the filing of, and the effective date of, the resignation
- 2. The full name of the appointee
- 3. The date of appointment
- 4. A statement notifying the voters that unless a petition calling for a special election pursuant to Education Code 5091 is filed in the office of the County Superintendent within 30 days of the provisional appointment, it shall become an effective appointment

The person appointed shall hold office until the next regularly scheduled election for district Board members and shall be afforded all the powers and duties of a Board member upon appointment.

Appointment Due to Failure to Elect

When a vacancy occurs because no candidate or an insufficient number of candidates have been nominated (i.e., a failure to elect) and a district election will not be held, the Board shall appoint a qualified person to the office. This appointment shall be made at a meeting prior to the day fixed for the election and the appointee shall be seated at the organizational meeting as if elected

at the district election.

When an appointment is being made because of a failure to elect, the district shall publish a notice once in a newspaper of general circulation published in the district, or if no such newspaper exists, in a newspaper having general circulation within the district. This notice shall state that the Board intends to make an appointment and shall inform persons of the procedure available for applying for the appointment.

The procedure for selecting and interviewing candidates shall be the same as the procedures for "Provisional Appointments," as specified above.

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE

5000-5033 Elections

5090-5095 Vacancies

5200-5208 Districts governed by boards of education

5300-5304 Elections

5320-5329 Order and call of election

5340-5345 Consolidation of elections

5360-5363 Election notice

5420-5426 Cost of elections

5440-5442 Miscellaneous provisions, elections

35107 Eligibility of board members

35178 Resignation with deferred effective date

ELECTIONS CODE

10600-10604 School district elections

11381-11386 Candidates for recall

GOVERNMENT CODE

1064 Absence from state

1770 Vacancies: definition

3000-3003 Forfeiture of office

3060-3075 Removal other than by impeachment

6061 One time notice

Date approved by the Board: April 8, 2014

LAGUNA BEACH UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT OATH OR AFFIRMATION

BB 9224Board Bylaws

Prior to entering upon the duties of their office, all Governing Board members shall take the oath or affirmation required by law.

The oath may be administered and certified by a Board member, secretary or assistant secretary to the Board, Superintendent, deputy or assistant superintendent, principal, or County Superintendent of Schools or any other person authorized in Education Code 60.

The executed oath shall be filed with the County Clerk.

Legal Reference:
EDUCATION CODE
60 Persons authorized to administer and certify oaths
GOVERNMENT CODE
1303 Misdemeanor for failure to take oath
1360-1369 Oath of office
3100-3109 Oath or affirmation of allegiance

Date approved by the Board: April 8, 2014

LAGUNA BEACH UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT ORIENTATION

BB 9230 Board Bylaws

Board Candidate Orientation

The Governing Board desires to provide Board candidates with an orientation that will enable them to understand the responsibilities and expectations of Board membership. The Superintendent or designee shall provide all candidates with general information about school programs, district operations, and Board responsibilities. They may also provide candidates with information about the election process, including, but not limited to, information about campaign conduct and ballot statement information.

The Board encourages all candidates to attend public Board meetings during the period of their candidacy. Candidates shall have the same access as members of the public to district staff and information.

New Board Member Orientation

The Board shall convene a meeting to provide an orientation and information to incoming Board members to assist them in understanding the Board's functions, policies, procedures, protocols, and agreed-upon standards of conduct. Incoming Board members shall receive the district's policy manual and other materials related to the district and Board member responsibilities.

Upon their election, incoming Board members shall be provided a copy of the Brown Act and informed that, pursuant to Government Code 54952.1, they must conform to the Act's requirements as if they had already assumed office.

The Superintendent may provide incoming Board members with additional background and information regarding the district's vision and goals, operations, and current challenges in areas that include, but are not limited to, student achievement, curriculum, finance, facilities, policy, human resources, and collective bargaining.

Incoming members are encouraged to attend Board meetings and review agenda materials available to the public in order to become familiar with current issues facing the district. Incoming members also may, at district expense and with approval of the Board, attend workshops and conferences relevant to their individual needs or to the needs of the Board as a whole or the district.

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE

33360 Department of Education and statewide association of school district boards; annual workshops

33362-33363 Reimbursement of expenses; board member or member-elect

ELECTIONS CODE

13307 Candidate's statement

20440 Code of Fair Campaign Practices

GOVERNMENT CODE

54950-54963 The Ralph M. Brown Act, especially:

54952.1 Member of a legislative body

54952.7 Copies of Brown Act to board members

Date approved by the Board:

April 8, 2014

CSBA Sample

Board Bylaw

Board Training

BB 9240 Board Bylaws

Note: The following optional bylaw may be revised to reflect district practice.

Note: CSBA's Professional Governance Standards include expectations that each individual Governing Board member will participate in professional development and commit the time and energy necessary to be an informed and effective leader. See CSBA's web site for education opportunities available through CSBA, including, but not limited to, CSBA's Institute for New and First-Term Board Members, Masters in Governance program, Annual Education Conference and Trade Show, Legal Symposium for Experienced Board Members, Board Presidents Workshop, Brown Act Workshop, Back-to-School Webcast, other workshops and webinars on specific topics, and in-district governance consulting services.

The Governing Board believes that the Board's ability to effectively and responsibly govern the district is essential to promoting student achievement, building positive community relations, and protecting the public interest in district schools. Board members shall be provided sufficient opportunities for professional development that helps them understand their responsibilities, stay abreast of new developments in education, and develop boardsmanship skills.

The Board and/or the Superintendent or designee shall provide an orientation to newly elected or appointed Board members which includes comprehensive information regarding Board roles, policies, and procedures and the district's vision and goals, operations, and current challenges. Throughout their first term, Board members shall continue to participate in additional educational opportunities designed to assist them in understanding the principles of effective governance, including, but not limited to, information on school finance and budgets, student achievement and assessment, labor relations, community relations, program evaluation, open meeting laws (the Brown Act), conflict of interest laws, and other topics necessary to govern effectively and in compliance with law.

All Board members are encouraged to continuously participate in advanced training offered by the California School Boards Association in order to reinforce boardsmanship skills and build knowledge related to key education issues. Such activities may include online courses, webinars, webcasts, and in-person attendance at workshops and conferences. In addition, workshops and consultations may be held within the district on issues that involve the entire governance team.

Note: CSBA recommends that board training and travel expenses be budgeted as separate items. While training is essential to maintain an effective, well-informed Board, travel expenses are incurred for a variety of reasons.

Note: It is also recommended that the Board determine the manner in which board training activities that require the use of district funds will be selected or approved. Districts may allocate funds equally to each Board member and allow each member discretion to select activities that meet his/her needs, or may require that all activities or activities over a specified cost be approved by the full Board. The following paragraph may be revised to reflect district practice.

Funds for board training shall be budgeted annually for the Board and each Board member. In selecting appropriate activities, the Board and/or individual Board members shall consider activities that are aligned with the district's vision and goals and the needs of the Board or individual member to obtain specific knowledge and skills. The Board shall annually develop a board training calendar in order to schedule and track board training activities and to schedule opportunities for Board members to report on the activities in which they participated.

Note: Pursuant to Government Code 54952.2, a "meeting" subject to Brown Act requirements does not include the attendance of a majority of the Board's members at a conference or similar public gathering, provided that a majority of the members do not discuss among themselves business of a specific nature that is within the subject matter jurisdiction of the Board. Also see BB 9320 - Meetings and Notices.

Board members may attend a conference or similar public gathering with other Board members and/or with the Superintendent or designee in order to develop common knowledge and understanding of an issue or engage in team-building exercises. In such cases, a majority of the Board members shall not discuss among themselves, other than as part of the scheduled program, business of a specified nature that is within the district's jurisdiction, so as not to violate the Brown Act open meeting laws pursuant to Government Code 54952.2.

Board members shall report to the Board, orally or in writing, on the board training activities they attend, for the purpose of sharing the acquired knowledge or skills with the full Board and enlarging the benefit of the activity to the Board and district.

Legal Reference: GOVERNMENT CODE 54950-54963 The Ralph M. Brown Act, especially: 54952.2 Meeting (12/87 6/94) 12/16

REMUNERATION, REIMBURSEMENT AND OTHER BENEFITS

BB 9250

Board Bylaws

Remuneration

The Governing Board views Board service as a voluntary contribution to the community and elects not to receive the compensation to which it is entitled by law.

Reimbursement of Expenses

Board members shall be reimbursed for traveling expenses incurred when authorized in advance by the Board.

The rate of reimbursement shall be the same rate specified for district personnel.

Health and Welfare Benefits

Board members may participate in the health and welfare benefits program provided for district employees.

Health and welfare benefits for Board members shall be no greater than that received by district's nonsafety employees with the most generous schedule of benefits.

The district shall pay the cost of all premiums required for Board members electing to participate in the district health and welfare benefits program to the same extent that the district pays premiums for district staff in accordance with Government Code 53208.5.

Health and welfare benefits provided to Board members shall be extended at the same level to their spouses, dependent children under the age of 21, dependent children under the age of 25 who are full-time students at a college or university, and dependent children regardless of age who are physically or mentally incapacitated.

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE

1090 Compensation for members and mileage allowance

33050-33053 General waiver authority

33362-33363 Reimbursement of expenses (Department of Education and CSBA workshops)

35012 Board members; number, election and term

35044 Payment of traveling expenses of representatives of board

35120 Compensation (services as member of governing board)

35172 Promotional activities

44038 Cash deposits for transportation purchased on credit

GOVERNMENT CODE

20322 Elective officers: election to become member

53200-53209 Group insurance

Date Bylaw Adopted By the Board: June 10, 2014

LEGAL PROTECTION

BB 9260

Board Bylaws

Liability Insurance

The Governing Board shall provide insurance necessary to protect Board members and employees while acting within the scope of their office or employment in accordance with Education Code 35208.

Protection Against Liability

No Board member shall be liable for harm caused by their act or omission when acting within the scope of district responsibilities. The act or omission must be in conformity with federal, state and local laws and made in furtherance of an effort to control, discipline, expel or suspend a student, or maintain order or control in the classroom or school.

The protection against liability shall not apply when:

- 1. The Board member acted with willful or criminal misconduct, gross negligence, recklessness, or a conscious, flagrant indifference to the harmed person's right to safety.
- 2. The Board member caused harm by operating a motor vehicle.
- 3. The Board member was not properly licensed, if required, by the State for such activities.
- 4. The Board member was found by a court to have violated a federal or state civil rights law.
- 5. The Board member was under the influence of alcohol or any drug at the time of the misconduct.
- 6. The misconduct constituted a crime of violence pursuant to 18 USC 16 or an act of terrorism for which the Board member has been convicted in a court.
- 7. The misconduct involved a sexual offense for which the Board member has been convicted in a court.

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE

17029.5 Contract funding; board liability

35208 Liability insurance

35214 Liability insurance (self-insurance or a combination of self-insurance and insurance through an insurance company)

GOVERNMENT CODE

815.3 Intentional torts

820-823 Tort Claims Act

825.6 Indemnification of public entity

1090-1098 Conflicts of interest, prohibitions applicable to specified officers

54950-54963 The Ralph M. Brown Act

87100-89503 Conflicts of interest

Date Bylaw Adopted By the Board: June 10, 2014

CONFLICT OF INTEREST

BB 9270

Board Bylaws

The Governing Board desires to maintain the highest ethical standards and help ensure that decisions are made in the best interest of the district and the public. In accordance with law, Board members and designated employees shall disclose any conflict of interest and, as necessary, shall abstain from participating in the decision.

The Board shall adopt a resolution that specifies the terms of the district's conflict of interest code, the district's designated positions, and the disclosure categories required for each position.

Upon direction by the code reviewing body, the Board shall review the district's conflict of interest code and submit any changes to the code reviewing body.

When a change in the district's conflict of interest code is necessitated due to changed circumstances, such as the creation of new designated positions, changes to the duties assigned to existing positions, amendments, or revisions, the amended code shall be submitted to the code reviewing body within 90 days.

When reviewing and preparing the district's conflict of interest code, the Superintendent or designee shall provide officers, employees, consultants, and members of the community adequate notice and a fair opportunity to present their views.

Board members and designated employees shall annually file a Statement of Economic Interest/Form 700 in accordance with the disclosure categories specified in the district's conflict of interest code. A Board member who leaves office or a designated employee who leaves district employment shall, within 30 days, file a revised statement covering the period of time between the closing date of the last statement and the date of leaving office or district employment.

Conflict of Interest under the Political Reform Act

A Board member or designated employee shall not make, participate in making, or in any way use or attempt to use their official position to influence a governmental decision in which he/she knows or has reason to know that they have a disqualifying conflict of interest. A conflict of interest exists if the decision will have a "reasonably foreseeable material financial effect" on one or more of the Board member's or designated employee's "economic interests," unless the effect is indistinguishable from the effect on the public generally or the Board member's or designated employee's participation is legally required

A Board member or designated employee makes a governmental decision when, acting within the authority of their office or position, they vote on a matter, appoints a person, obligates or commits the district to any course of action, or enters into any contractual agreement on behalf of the district. A Board member who has a disqualifying conflict of interest on an agenda item that will be heard in an open meeting of the Board shall abstain from voting on the matter. They may remain on the dais, but their presence shall not be counted towards achieving a quorum for that matter. A Board member with a disqualifying conflict of interest shall not be present during a closed session meeting of the Board when the decision is considered and shall not obtain or review a recording or any other nonpublic information regarding the issue.

Additional Requirements for Boards that Manage Public Investments

A Board member who manages public investments pursuant to Government Code 87200 and who has a financial interest in a decision shall, upon identifying a conflict or potential conflict of interest and immediately prior to the consideration of the matter, do all of the following:

- 1. Publicly identify each financial interest that gives rise to the conflict or potential conflict of interest in detail sufficient to be understood by the public, except that disclosure of the exact street address of a residence is not required.
- 2. Recuse themselves from discussing and voting on the matter, or otherwise acting in violation of Government Code 87100. The Board member shall not be counted toward achieving a quorum while the item is discussed.
 - However, the Board member may speak on the issue during the time that the general public speaks on it and may leave the dais to speak from the same area as members of the public. They may listen to the public discussion of the matter with members of the public.
- 3. Leave the room until after the discussion, vote, and any other disposition of the matter is concluded, unless the matter has been placed on the portion of the agenda reserved for uncontested matters.
 - If the item is on the consent calendar, the Board member must recuse themselves from discussing or voting on that matter, but the Board member is not required to leave the room during consideration of the consent calendar.
- 4. If the Board's decision is made during closed session, disclose their interest orally during the open session preceding the closed session. This disclosure shall be limited to a declaration that their recusal is because of a conflict of interest pursuant to Government Code 87100. They shall not be present when the item is considered in closed session and shall not knowingly obtain or review a recording or any other nonpublic information regarding the Board's decision.

Conflict of Interest under Government Code 1090

Board members, employees, or district consultants shall not be financially interested in any contract made by the Board on behalf of the district, including in the development, preliminary discussions, negotiations, compromises, planning, reasoning, and specifications and solicitations for bids. If a Board member has such a financial interest, the district is barred from entering into the contract.

A Board member shall not be considered to be financially interested in a contract if their interest is a "noninterest" as defined in Government Code 1091.5. One such noninterest is when a Board member's spouse/registered domestic partner has been a district employee for at least one year prior to the Board member's election or appointment.

A Board member shall not be considered to be financially interested in a contract if they have only a "remote interest" in the contract as specified in Government Code 1091 and if the remote interest is disclosed during a Board meeting and noted in the official Board minutes. The affected Board member shall not vote or debate on the matter or attempt to influence any other Board member to enter into the contract.

Even if there is not a prohibited conflict of interest, a Board member shall abstain from voting on personnel matters that uniquely affect their relatives. However, a Board member may vote on collective bargaining agreements and personnel matters that affect a class of employees to which their relative belongs. Relative means an adult who is related to the Board member by blood or affinity within the third degree, as determined by the common law, or an individual in an adoptive relationship within the third degree.

A relationship within the third degree includes an individual's parents, grandparents, great-grandparents, children, grandchildren, great-grandchildren, brothers, sisters, aunts, uncles, nieces, nephews, and the similar family of the individual's spouse/registered domestic partner unless the individual is widowed or divorced.

Common Law Doctrine Against Conflict of Interest

A Board member shall abstain from any official action in which his/her private or personal interest may conflict with their official duties.

Rule of Necessity or Legally Required Participation

On a case-by-case basis and upon advice of legal counsel, a Board member with a financial interest in a contract may participate in the making of the contract if the rule of necessity or legally required participation applies pursuant to Government Code 87101 and 2 CCR 18708.

Incompatible Offices and Activities

Board members shall not engage in any employment or activity or hold any office which is inconsistent with, incompatible with, in conflict with, or inimical to the Board member's duties as an officer of the district.

Gifts

Board members and designated employees may accept gifts only under the conditions and limitations specified in Government Code 89503 and 2 CCR 18730.

The limitation on gifts does not apply to wedding gifts and gifts exchanged between individuals on birthdays, holidays, and other similar occasions, provided that the gifts exchanged are not substantially disproportionate in value.

Gifts of travel and related lodging and subsistence shall be subject to the current gift limitation except as described in Government Code 89506.

A gift of travel does not include travel provided by the district for Board members and designated employees.

Honoraria

Board members and designated employees shall not accept any honorarium, which is defined as any payment made in consideration for any speech given, article published, or attendance at any public or private gathering, in accordance with law.

The term honorarium does not include:

- 1. Earned income for personal services customarily provided in connection with a bona fide business, trade, or profession unless the sole or predominant activity of the business, trade, or profession is making speeches.
- 2. Any honorarium which is not used and, within 30 days after receipt, is either returned to the donor or delivered to the district for donation into the general fund without being claimed as a deduction from income for tax purposes.

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE

1006 Qualifications for holding office

35107 School district employees

35230-35240 Corrupt practices, especially:

35233 Prohibitions applicable to members of governing boards

41000-41003 Moneys received by school districts

FAMILY CODE

297.5 Rights, protections, and benefits of registered domestic partners

GOVERNMENT CODE

1090-1099 Prohibitions applicable to specified officers

1125-1129 Incompatible activities

81000-91014 Political Reform Act of 1974, especially:

82011 Code reviewing body

87100-87103.6 General prohibitions

87200-87210 Disclosure

87300-87313 Conflict of interest code

87500 Statements of economic interests

89501-89503 Honoraria and gifts

91000-91014 Enforcement

Date Bylaw Adopted By the Board: June 10, 2014

BOARD POLICIES

BB 9310 Board Bylaws

The Governing Board shall adopt written policies to convey its expectations for actions that will be taken in the district, clarify roles and responsibilities of the Board and Superintendent, and communicate Board philosophy and positions to the students, staff, parents/guardians and the community. Board policies are binding on the district to the extent that they do not conflict with federal or state law and are consistent with the district's collective bargaining agreements.

The Board recognizes the importance of maintaining a policy manual that is up to date and reflects the mandates of law. Policies shall be regularly reviewed at a time allocated for this purpose on the agenda of public Board meetings.

The Board shall review certain policies annually, as required by Education Code 35160.5. If no revisions are deemed necessary, the Board minutes shall nevertheless indicate that the review was conducted. Other policies shall be monitored and reviewed as specified in the policy itself or as needed to reflect changes in law or district circumstances.

Policy Development and Adoption Process

The district's policy development process shall include the following basic steps:

- 1. The Board and/or Superintendent or designee shall identify the need for a new policy or revision of an existing policy. The need may arise from a change in law, a new district vision or goals, educational research or trends, or a change in the superintendency or Board membership. The need may also occur as a result of an incident that has arisen in the district or a recommendation or request from staff or other interested persons.
- 2. As needed, the Superintendent or designee shall gather fiscal and other data, staff and public input, related district policies, sample policies from other organizations or agencies, and other useful information to fully inform the Board about the issue.
- 3. The Board may hold discussions during a public Board meeting to gain an understanding of the issue and provide initial direction to the Superintendent or designee. The discussion may include, but not be limited to, how the proposed policy may affect student learning, community expectations, staff recommendations, fiscal impact, as well as the policy's impact on governance and operational efficiency.
- 4. The Board or Superintendent may request that legal counsel review the draft policy as appropriate.
- 5. The Superintendent or designee shall develop and present a draft policy for a first reading at a public Board meeting. At its second reading, the Board may take action on the proposed policy. The Board may waive the second reading or may require an additional reading if necessary.

Only policies formally adopted by a majority vote of the Board shall constitute official Board policy.

The district's policy development process may be revised or expanded as needed based on the issue being considered, the need for more information, or to provide greater opportunities for consultation and public input.

Policies shall become effective upon Board adoption or at a future date designated by the Board at the time of adoption.

Board Bylaws

The Board shall prescribe and enforce rules for its own government consistent with state law and regulations.

Bylaws governing Board operations may be developed, adopted, and amended following the same procedures as those used for the adoption or amendment of Board policy.

Administrative Regulations

The Superintendent or designee shall be responsible for developing and enforcing administrative regulations for the operation of the district. Administrative regulations shall be consistent with law and Board policy and shall be designed to promote the achievement of district goals and objectives. Administrative regulations may describe specific actions to be taken, roles and responsibilities of staff, timelines, and/or other necessary provisions. The Superintendent or designee also may develop procedures manuals, handbooks, or other guides to carry out the intent of Board policy.

When Board policies are amended, the Superintendent or designee shall review corresponding regulations to ensure that they conform to the intent of the revised policy. In case of conflict between administrative regulation and Board policy, policy shall prevail.

The Board may review regulations for the purpose of ensuring conformity with the intent of Board policy.

Monitoring and Evaluation

At the time a policy is adopted, the Board and Superintendent or designee shall determine whether an evaluation of the policy should be scheduled and, if so, shall agree upon a timeline and measures for evaluating the effectiveness of the policy in achieving its purpose.

Access to Policies

The Superintendent or designee shall ensure that all district employees and the public have access to an up-to-date district policy manual. A public copy of the policy manual shall be maintained at the district central office and at each school site. These copies shall be maintained either electronically or by paper copy.

As necessary, the Superintendent or designee shall notify staff, parents/guardians, students, and other stakeholders whenever a policy that affects them is adopted or revised. He/she may determine the appropriate communications strategy depending on the issue.

Suspension of Policies

No Board policy, bylaw, or administrative regulation, or any portion thereof, shall be operative if it is found to be in conflict with applicable federal or state law or regulations or court decisions. If any portion of a policy is found to be invalid, that invalidity shall not affect other provisions of the policy.

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE

35010 Control of district; prescription and enforcement of rules

35160 Authority of governing boards

35160.5 Annual review of school district policies

35163 Official actions, minutes and journal

35164 Vote requirements

Date Bylaw Adopted By the Board: June 10, 2014

MEETINGS AND NOTICES

BB 9320

Board Bylaws

Meetings of the Governing Board are conducted for the purpose of accomplishing district business. In accordance with state open meeting laws (Brown Act), the Board shall hold its meetings in public and shall conduct closed sessions during such meetings only as authorized by law. To encourage community involvement in the schools, Board meetings shall provide opportunities for questions and comments by members of the public. All meetings shall be conducted in accordance with law and the Board's bylaws, policies, and administrative regulations.

A Board meeting exists whenever a majority of Board members gather at the same time and place to hear, discuss, or deliberate upon any item within the subject matter jurisdiction of the Board or district.

A majority of the Board shall not, outside of an authorized meeting, use a series of communications of any kind, directly or through intermediaries, to discuss, deliberate, or take action on any item that is within the subject matter jurisdiction of the Board. However, an employee or district official may engage in separate conversations with Board members in order to answer questions or provide information regarding an item within the subject matter jurisdiction of the Board, as long as that employee or district official does not communicate the comments or position of any Board members to other Board members.

In order to help ensure participation in the meeting by disabled individuals, the Superintendent or designee shall provide appropriate disability-related accommodations or modifications upon request in accordance with the Americans with Disabilities Act

Meeting notices and agendas shall specify that any individual who requires disability-related accommodations or modifications, including auxiliary aids and services, in order to participate in the Board meeting should contact the Superintendent or designee.

Each agenda shall also list the address(es) designated by the Superintendent or designee for public inspection of agenda documents that are distributed to the Board less than 72 hours before the meeting.

Regular Meetings

The Board shall hold one or two regular meeting(s) each month. Regular meetings shall be held at 6:00 p.m., generally on the second and/or fourth Tuesday of the month; however, only one regularly scheduled meeting will be held in the months of July, August, November, December, February, and April. Meetings will be held at the Laguna Beach Unified School District Board Room, 550 Blumont, Laguna Beach, California.

At least 72 hours prior to a regular meeting, the agenda shall be posted at one or more locations freely accessible to members of the public.

Special Meetings

Special meetings of the Board may be called at any time by the presiding officer or a majority of the Board members.

Written notice of special meetings shall be delivered personally or by any other means to all Board members and the local media who have requested such notice in writing. The notice shall be received at least 24 hours before the time of the meeting. The notice shall also be posted at least 24 hours before the meeting in a location freely accessible to the public. The notice shall specify the time and place of the meeting and the business to be transacted or discussed. No other business shall be considered at this meeting.

Any Board member may waive the 24-hour written notice requirement prior to the time of the meeting by filing a written waiver of notice with the clerk or secretary of the Board or by being present at the meeting at the time it convenes.

Every notice of a special meeting shall provide an opportunity for members of the public to directly address the Board concerning any item that has been described in the meeting notice, before or during the item's consideration.

Emergency Meetings

In the case of an emergency situation for which prompt action is necessary due to the disruption or threatened disruption of public facilities, the Board may hold an emergency meeting without complying with the 24-hour notice and/or 24-hour posting requirement for special meetings pursuant to Government Code 54956. The Board shall comply with all other requirements for special meetings during an emergency meeting.

An emergency situation means either of the following:

- 1. An emergency, which shall be defined as a work stoppage, crippling activity, or other activity that severely impairs public health and/or safety as determined by a majority of the members of the Board
- 2. A dire emergency, which shall be defined as a crippling disaster, mass destruction, terrorist activity, or threatened terrorist act that poses peril so immediate and significant that requiring the Board to provide one-hour notice before holding an emergency meeting may endanger the public health and/or safety as determined by a majority of the members of the Board

Except in the case of a dire emergency, the Board president or designee shall give notice of the emergency meeting by telephone at least one hour before the meeting to the local media that have requested notice of special meetings. All telephone numbers provided by the media in the most recent request for notification must be exhausted. If telephone services are not functioning, the notice requirement of one hour is waived and, as soon after the meeting as possible, the Board shall notify those media representatives of the meeting and shall describe the purpose of the meeting and any action taken by the Board. In the case of a dire emergency, the Board president or designee shall give such notice at or near the time he/she notifies the other members of the Board about the meeting.

The minutes of the meeting, a list of persons the Board president or designee notified or attempted to notify, a copy of the roll call vote, and any actions taken at the meeting shall be posted for at least 10 days in a public place as soon after the meeting as possible.

Adjourned/Continued Meetings

A majority vote by the Board may adjourn/continue any regular or special meeting to a later time and place that shall be specified in the order of adjournment. Less than a quorum of the Board may adjourn such a meeting. If no Board members are present, the secretary or the clerk may declare the meeting adjourned to a later time and shall give notice in the same manner required for special meetings.

Within 24 hours after the time of adjournment, a copy of the order or notice of adjournment/continuance shall be conspicuously posted on or near the door of the place where the meeting was held.

Study Sessions, Retreats, Public Forums, and Discussion Meetings

The Board may occasionally convene a study session or public forum to study an issue in more detail or to receive information from staff or feedback from members of the public.

The Board may also convene a retreat or discussion meeting to discuss Board roles and relationships.

Public notice shall be given in accordance with law when a quorum of the Board is attending a study session, retreat, public forum, or discussion meeting. All such meetings shall comply with the Brown Act and shall be held in open session and within district boundaries. Action items shall not be included on the agenda for these meetings.

Other Gatherings

Attendance by a majority of Board members at any of the following events is not subject to the Brown Act provided that a majority of the Board members do not discuss specific district business among themselves other than as part of the scheduled program:

- 1. A conference or similar public gathering open to the public that involves a discussion of issues of general interest to the public or to school board members
- 2. An open, publicized meeting organized by a person or organization other than the district to address a topic of local community concern
- 3. An open and noticed meeting of another body of the district
- 4. An open and noticed meeting of a legislative body of another local agency
- 5. A purely social or ceremonial occasion
- 6. An open and noticed meeting of a standing committee of the Board, provided that the

Board members who are not members of the standing committee attend only as observers Individual contacts or conversations between a Board member and any other person are not subject to the Brown Act.

Location of Meetings

Meetings shall not be held in a facility that prohibits the admittance of any person on the basis of ancestry or any characteristic listed in Government Code 11135, including, but not limited to, religion, sex, or sexual orientation. In addition, meetings shall not be held in a facility which is inaccessible to disabled persons or where members of the public must make a payment or purchase in order to be admitted.

Meetings shall be held within district boundaries, except to do any of the following:

- 1. Comply with state or federal law or court order or attend a judicial or administrative proceeding to which the district is a party
- 2. Inspect real or personal property which cannot conveniently be brought into the district, provided that the topic of the meeting is limited to items directly related to the property
- 3. Participate in meetings or discussions of multiagency significance, provided these meetings are held within one of the other agencies' boundaries, with all participating agencies giving the notice required by law
- 4. Meet in the closest meeting facility if the district has no meeting facility within its boundaries or if its principal office is located outside the district
- 5. Meet with elected or appointed state or federal officials when a local meeting would be impractical, solely to discuss legislative or regulatory issues affecting the district over which the state or federal officials have jurisdiction
- 6. Meet in or near a facility owned by the district but located outside the district, provided the meeting agenda is limited to items directly related to that facility
- 7. Visit the office of the district's legal counsel for a closed session on pending litigation, when doing so would reduce legal fees or costs
- 8. Attend conferences on nonadversarial collective bargaining techniques
- 9. Interview residents of another district regarding the Board's potential employment of an applicant for Superintendent of the district
- 10. Interview a potential employee from another district

Meetings exempted from the boundary requirements, as specified in items #1-10 above, shall still be subject to the notice and open meeting requirements for regular and special meetings when a quorum of the Board attends the meeting.

If a fire, flood, earthquake, or other emergency renders the regular meeting place unsafe, meetings shall be held for the duration of the emergency at a place designated by the Board president or designee, who shall so inform all news media who have requested notice of special meetings by the most rapid available means of communication.

Teleconferencing

A teleconference is a meeting of the Board in which Board members are in different locations, connected by electronic means through audio and/or video.

The Board may use teleconferences for all purposes in connection with any meeting within the Board's subject matter jurisdiction. All votes taken during a teleconference meeting shall be by roll call.

During the teleconference, at least a quorum of the members of the Board shall participate from locations within district boundaries.

Agendas shall be posted at all teleconference locations and shall list all teleconference locations whenever they are posted elsewhere. Additional teleconference locations may be provided to the public. All Board policies, administrative regulations, and bylaws shall apply equally to meetings that are teleconferenced. The Superintendent or designee shall facilitate public participation in the meeting at each teleconference location.

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE

35140 Time and place of meetings

35143 Annual organizational meeting, date, and notice

35144 Special meeting

35145 Public meetings

35145.5 Agenda; public participation; regulations

35146 Closed sessions

35147 Open meeting law exceptions and applications

GOVERNMENT CODE

11135 State programs and activities, discrimination

54950-54963 The Ralph M. Brown Act, especially:

54953 Meetings to be open and public; attendance

54954 Time and place of regular meetings

Date adopted by the Board: June 10, 2014

CLOSED SESSION PURPOSES AND AGENDAS

BB 9321

Board Bylaws

The Governing Board is committed to complying with state open meeting laws and modeling transparency in its conduct of district business. The Board shall hold closed sessions only for purposes authorized by law. A closed session may be held during a regular, special, or emergency meeting in accordance with law.

Each agenda shall contain a general description of each closed session item to be discussed at the meeting, as required by law.

The Board shall disclose in open session the items to be discussed in closed session. In the closed session, the Board may consider only those matters covered in its statement. After the closed session, the Board shall reconvene in open session before adjourning the meeting, and when applicable, shall disclose any action taken in the closed session, in the manner prescribed by Government Code 54957.1.

The Board shall not disclose any information that is protected by state or federal law. In addition, no victim or alleged victim of tortious sexual conduct or child abuse shall be identified in any Board agenda, notice, announcement, or report required by the Brown Act, unless the identity of the person has previously been publicly disclosed.

In accordance with law, a Board member shall not disclose confidential information received in a closed session unless the Board authorizes the disclosure of that information.

Personnel Matters

The Board may hold a closed session under the "personnel exception" to consider the appointment, employment, evaluation of performance, discipline, or dismissal of an employee. Such a closed session shall not include discussion or action on proposed compensation except for a reduction of compensation that results from the imposition of discipline.

The Board may also hold a closed session to hear complaints or charges brought against an employee by another person or employee, unless the employee requests an open session. Before the Board holds a closed session on specific complaints or charges brought against an employee, the employee shall receive written notice of his/her right to have the complaints or charges heard in open session if desired. This notice shall be delivered personally or by mail at least 24 hours before the time of the session.

The Board may hold a closed session to discuss a district employee's application for early withdrawal of funds in a deferred compensation plan when the application is based on financial hardship arising from an unforeseeable emergency due to illness, accident, casualty, or other extraordinary event, as specified in the deferred compensation plan.

Agenda items related to district employee appointments and employment shall describe the position to be filled. Agenda items related to performance evaluations shall specify the title of the employee being reviewed. Agenda items related to employee discipline, dismissal, or release require no additional information.

Negotiations/Collective Bargaining

Unless otherwise agreed upon by the parties involved, the following shall not be subject to the Brown Act:

- 1. Any meeting and negotiating discussion between the district and a recognized or certified employee organization
- 2. Any meeting of a mediator with either party or both parties to the meeting and negotiating process
- 3. Any hearing, meeting, or investigation conducted by a factfinder or arbitrator
- 4. Any executive (closed) session of the district or between the district and its designated representative for the purpose of discussing its position regarding any matter within the scope of representation and instructing its designated representatives

The Board may meet in closed session to review the Board's position and/or instruct its designated representative regarding salaries, salary schedules, or compensation paid in the form of fringe benefits of its represented and unrepresented employees. Prior to the closed session, the Board shall identify its designated representative in open session. Any closed session held for this purpose may include discussions of the district's available funds and funding priorities, but only insofar as they relate to providing instructions to the Board's designated representative.

Closed sessions may take place prior to and during consultations and discussions with representatives of employee organizations and unrepresented employees. For unrepresented employees, closed sessions held pursuant to Government Code 54957.6 shall not include final action on the proposed compensation of one or more unrepresented employees.

For represented employees, the Board may also meet in closed session regarding any other matter within the statutorily provided scope of representation.

The Board also may meet in closed session with a state conciliator or mediator who has intervened in proceedings regarding any of the purposes enumerated in Government Code 54957.6.

Agenda items related to negotiations shall specify the name of the district's designated representative(s) attending the closed session. If circumstances necessitate the absence of a specified designated representative, an agent or designee may participate in place of the absent representative as long as the name of the agent or designee is announced at an open session held prior to the closed session. The agenda shall also specify the name of the organization representing the employee(s) or the position title of the unrepresented employee who is the subject of the negotiations.

Matters Related to Students

The Board shall meet in closed session to consider the expulsion of a student, unless the student submits a written request at least five days before the date of the hearing that the hearing be held in open session. Regardless of whether the expulsion hearing is conducted in open or closed session, the Board may meet in closed session for the purpose of deliberating and determining whether the student should be expelled.

The Board shall meet in closed session to address any student matter that may involve disclosure of confidential student information, or to consider a suspension, disciplinary action, or any other action against a student except expulsion. If a written request for open session is received from the parent/guardian or adult student, it will be honored to the extent that it does not violate the privacy rights of any other student.

Agenda items related to student matters shall briefly describe the reason for the closed session, such as "student expulsion hearing" or "grade change appeal," without violating the confidentiality rights of individual students. The student shall not be named on the agenda, but a number may be assigned to the student in order to facilitate record keeping. The agenda shall also state that the Education Code requires closed sessions in these cases in order to prevent the disclosure of confidential student record information.

Security Matters

The Board may meet in closed session with the Governor, Attorney General, district attorney, district legal counsel, sheriff or chief of police, or their respective deputies, or a security consultant or a security operations manager, on matters posing a threat to the security of public buildings; to the security of essential public services, including water, drinking water, wastewater treatment, natural gas service, and electric service; or to the public's right of access to public services or public facilities.

The Board may meet in closed session during an emergency meeting held pursuant to Government Code 54956.5 to meet with law enforcement officials for the emergency purposes specified in Government Code 54957 if agreed to by a two-thirds vote of the Board members present. If less than two-thirds of the members are present, then the Board must agree by a unanimous vote of the members present.

Agenda items related to security matters shall specify the name of the law enforcement agency and the title of the officer, or name of applicable agency representative and title, with whom the Board will consult.

Conference with Real Property Negotiator

The Board may meet in closed session with its real property negotiator prior to the purchase, sale, exchange, or lease of real property by or for the district in order to grant its negotiator authority regarding the price and terms of payment for the property.

Before holding the closed session, the Board shall hold an open and public session to identify its

negotiator(s) and the property under negotiation and to specify the person(s) with whom the negotiator may negotiate.

For purposes of real property transactions, negotiators may include members of the Board.

Agenda items related to real property negotiations shall specify the district negotiator attending the closed session. If circumstances necessitate the absence of a specified negotiator, an agent or designee may participate in place of the absent negotiator as long as the name of the agent or designee is announced at an open session held prior to the closed session. The agenda shall also specify the name of the negotiating parties and the street address of the real property under negotiation. If there is no street address, the agenda item shall specify the parcel number or another unique reference of the property. The agenda item shall also specify whether instruction to the negotiator will concern price, terms of payment, or both.

Pending Litigation

Based on the advice of its legal counsel, the Board may hold a closed session to confer with or receive advice from its legal counsel regarding a pending litigation when a discussion of the matter in open session would prejudice the district's position in the litigation. For this purpose, "litigation" means any adjudicatory proceeding, including eminent domain, before a court, administrative body exercising its adjudicatory authority, hearing officer, or arbitrator.

Litigation is considered "pending" in any of the following circumstances:

- 1. Litigation to which the district is a "party" has been initiated formally.
- 2. A point has been reached where, in the Board's opinion based on the advice of its legal counsel regarding the "existing facts and circumstances," there is a "significant exposure to litigation" against the district, or the Board is meeting solely to determine whether, based on existing facts or circumstances, a closed session is authorized.

Existing facts and circumstances for these purposes are limited to the following:

- a. Facts and circumstances that might result in litigation against the district but which the district believes are not yet known to potential plaintiffs and which do not need to be disclosed.
- b. Facts and circumstances including, but not limited to, an accident, disaster, incident, or transactional occurrence which might result in litigation against the district, which are already known to potential plaintiffs and which must be publicly disclosed before the closed session or specified on the agenda.
- c. The receipt of a claim pursuant to the Tort Claims Act or a written threat of litigation from a potential plaintiff. The claim or written communication must be available for public inspection.
- d. A threat of litigation made by a person in an open meeting on a specific matter within the responsibility of the Board.

- e. A threat of litigation made by a person outside of an open meeting on a specific matter within the responsibility of the Board, provided that the district official or employee receiving knowledge of the threat made a record of the statement before the meeting and the record is available for public inspection. Such record does not need to identify an alleged victim of tortious sexual conduct or anyone making a threat on his/her behalf or identify an employee who is the alleged perpetrator of any unlawful or tortious conduct, unless the identity of this person has been publicly disclosed.
- 3. Based on existing facts and circumstances, the Board has decided to initiate or is deciding whether to initiate litigation.

Before holding a closed session pursuant to the pending litigation exception, the Board shall state on the agenda or publicly announce the subdivision of Government Code 54956.9 under which the closed session is being held. If authority is based on Government Code 54956.9(a), the Board shall either state the title or specifically identify the litigation to be discussed or state that doing so would jeopardize the district's ability to effectuate service of process upon unserved parties or to conclude existing settlement negotiations to its advantage.

Agenda items related to pending litigation shall be described as a conference with legal counsel regarding either "existing litigation" or "anticipated litigation."

"Existing litigation" items shall identify the name of the case specified by either the claimant's name, names of parties, or case or claim number, unless the Board states that to identify the case would jeopardize service of process or existing settlement negotiations.

"Anticipated litigation" items shall state that there is significant exposure to litigation pursuant to Government Code 54956.9(b) and shall specify the potential number of cases. When the district expects to initiate a suit, items related to anticipated litigation shall state that the discussion relates to the initiation of litigation pursuant to Government Code 54956.9(c) and shall specify the potential number of cases. The agenda or an oral statement before the closed session may be required to provide additional information regarding existing facts and circumstances described in item #2 b-e above.

Joint Powers Agency Issues

The Board may meet in closed session to discuss a claim for the payment of tort liability losses, public liability losses, or workers' compensation liability incurred by a joint powers agency (JPA) formed for the purpose of insurance pooling or self-insurance authority of which the district is a member.

Closed session agenda items related to liability claims shall specify the claimant's name and the name of the agency against which the claim is made.

When the board of the JPA has so authorized and upon advice of district legal counsel, the Board may meet in closed session in order to receive, discuss, and take action concerning information obtained in a closed session of the JPA. During the Board's closed session, a Board member serving on the JPA board may disclose confidential information acquired during a closed session of the JPA to fellow Board members.

The Board member may also disclose the confidential JPA information to district legal counsel in order to obtain advice on whether the matter has direct financial or liability implications for the district.

Closed session agenda items related to conferences involving a JPA shall specify the closed session description used by the JPA and the name of the Board member representing the district on the JPA board. Additional information listing the names of agencies or titles of representatives attending the closed session as consultants or other representatives shall also be included.

Review of Audit Report from California State Auditor's Office

Upon receipt of a confidential final draft audit report from the California State Auditor's Office, the Board may meet in closed session to discuss its response to that report. After public release of the report from the California State Auditor's Office, any Board meeting to discuss the report must be conducted in open session, unless exempted from that requirement by some other provision of law.

Closed session agenda items related to an audit by the California State Auditor's Office shall state "Audit by California State Auditor's Office."

Review of Assessment Instruments

The Board may meet in closed session to review the contents of any student assessment instrument approved or adopted for the statewide testing system. Before any such meeting, the Board shall agree by resolution to accept any terms or conditions established by the State Board of Education for this review.

Agenda items related to the review of student assessment instruments shall state that the Board is reviewing the contents of an assessment instrument approved or adopted for the statewide testing program and that Education Code 60617 authorizes a closed session for this purpose in order to maintain the confidentiality of the assessment under review.

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE

35145 Public meetings

35146 Closed session (re student suspension)

44929.21 Districts with ADA of 250 or more

48912 Governing board suspension

48918 Rules governing expulsion procedures; hearings and notice

49070 Challenging content of students records

60617 Meetings of governing board

GOVERNMENT CODE 3540-3549.3 Educational Employment Relations Act 6252-6270 California Public Records Act 54950-54963 The Ralph M. Brown Act

Date Bylaw Adopted by the Board: March 24, 2015 Date Revisions Approved by the Board: January 24, 2017

CLOSED SESSION ACTIONS AND REPORTS

BB 9321.1

Board Bylaws

No matters other than those announced in open session shall be acted upon during the closed session.

The Board shall reconvene in open session before adjourning and report closed session actions, the votes or abstentions thereon, and other disclosures required by Government Code 54957.1. These disclosures may be made at the location announced in the agenda for the closed session, as long as the public is allowed to be present at that location for the purpose of hearing them.

Personnel Matters

The Board shall report any personnel action taken and the votes or abstentions thereon at the public meeting during which the closed session is held. This report shall identify the title of the position. However, the report of a dismissal or nonrenewal of an employment contract shall be deferred until the first public meeting after administrative remedies, if any, have been exhausted.

Negotiations/Collective Bargaining

Final action on the proposed compensation of one or more unrepresented employees shall not be taken during the closed session.

Approval of an agreement concluding closed session labor negotiations with represented employees shall be reported after the agreement is final and has been accepted or ratified by the other party. This report shall identify the item approved and the other party or parties to the negotiation.

Student Matters

Actions related to student matters shall be taken in open session and shall be a matter of public record. No information shall be released in violation of student privacy rights provided in law.

In an expulsion action, the student's name shall not be disclosed, but the cause for the expulsion shall be disclosed in open session.

Real Estate Negotiations

Approval of an agreement concluding real estate negotiations shall be reported after the agreement is final. If the Board renders the agreement final, it shall report that approval, the votes or abstentions thereon, and the substance of the agreement in open session at the public meeting during which the closed session is held. If final approval rests with the other party, the Superintendent or designee shall disclose the fact of that approval and the substance of the agreement upon inquiry by any person, as soon as the other party or its agent has informed the district of its approval.

Pending Litigation

The Board shall report the following actions related to pending litigation, and the votes or abstentions thereon, at the public meeting during which the closed session is held:

- 1. Approval to legal counsel to defend, appeal or not appeal, or otherwise appear in litigation. This report shall identify the adverse parties, if known, and the substance of the litigation.
- 2. Approval to legal counsel to initiate or intervene in a lawsuit. This report shall state that directions to initiate or intervene in the action have been given and that details will be disclosed to inquiring parties after the lawsuit is commenced unless doing so would jeopardize the district's ability to serve process on unserved parties or its ability to conclude existing settlement negotiations to its advantage.
- 3. Acceptance of a signed offer from the other party or parties which finalizes the settlement of pending litigation. This report shall state the substance of the agreement.

If approval is given to legal counsel to settle pending litigation and if final approval rests with the other party or with the court, the district shall report the fact of approval, the substance of the agreement and the vote and abstentions thereon to persons who inquire once the settlement is final.

JPA/Self-Insurance Claims

The Board shall report the disposition of joint powers authority or self-insurance claims and the votes or abstentions thereon at the public meeting during which the closed session is held. This report shall include the name of the claimant(s), the name of the agency claimed against, the substance of the claim and the monetary settlement agreed upon by the claimant.

Review of Assessment Instruments

At the public meeting during which the Board holds a closed session to review student assessment instruments, the Board shall confirm that this review was made. Any actions related

to the review shall be taken in open session without revealing any proprietary or confidential information and shall be a matter of public record.

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE

35145 Public meetings

35146 Closed session (re student matters)

48918 Rules governing expulsion procedures; hearings and notice

49073-49079 Privacy of student records

60617 Meetings of governing board

GOVERNMENT CODE

54950-54963 The Ralph M. Brown Act, especially:

54957.1 Closed sessions; public report of action taken

54957.6 Closed sessions; representatives to employee organization(s)

54957.7 Disclosure of items to be discussed

Date Board Bylaw Adopted by Board: March 24, 2015

LAGUNA BEACH UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

AGENDA/MEETING MATERIALS

BB 9322 Board Bylaws

Agenda Content

Governing Board meeting agendas shall reflect the district's vision and goals and the Board's focus on student learning. (Moved from agenda preparation section)

Each agenda shall state the meeting time and place and shall briefly describe each business item to be transacted or discussed, including items to be discussed in closed session.

The agenda shall provide members of the public the opportunity to address the Board on any agenda item before or during the Board's consideration of the item. However, the agenda need not provide an opportunity for public comment when the agenda item has previously been considered at an open meeting of a committee comprised exclusively of Board members, provided that members of the public were afforded an opportunity to comment on the item at that meeting and that the item has not been substantially changed since the committee considered it.

The agenda for a regular Board meeting shall also provide members of the public an opportunity to testify at regular meetings provide comment on matters which are not on the agenda but which are within the subject matter jurisdiction of the Board.

Each agenda for a regular meeting shall list the address designated by the Superintendent or designee for public inspection of documents related to an open session item that have been distributed to the Board less than 72 hours before the meeting.

The agenda shall specify that an individual who requires disability-related accommodations or modifications, including auxiliary aids and services, in order to participate in the Board meeting should contact the Superintendent or designee.

The agenda shall include information regarding how, when, and to whom a request should be made if an individual requires disability-related accommodations or modifications, including auxiliary aids and services, in order to participate in the Board meeting

Agenda Preparation

The Board president and the Superintendent, as secretary to the Board, shall work together to develop the agenda for each regular and special meeting. Each agenda shall reflect the district's vision and goals and the Board's focus on student learning. (moved to first paragraph)

A Any Board member or member of the public may request that a matter within the jurisdiction of the Board be placed on the agenda of a regular meeting. The request shall be submitted in writing to the Superintendent or designee with supporting documents and information, if any, at

least one week two weeks before the scheduled meeting date. Items submitted less than two weeks a week before the scheduled meeting date may be postponed to a later meeting in order to allow sufficient time for consideration and research of the issue.

The Board president and Superintendent shall decide whether a request from a member of the public is within the subject matter jurisdiction of the Board. Items not within the subject matter jurisdiction of the Board may not be placed on the agenda. In addition, before placing the item on the agenda, the Board president and Superintendent shall determine if the item is merely a request for information or whether the issue is covered by an existing policy or administrative regulation. before placing the item on the agenda.

If the Board president and Superintendent deny a request from a Board member to place an item on the agenda, the Board member may request the Board to take action to determine whether the item shall be placed on the agenda.

The Board president and Superintendent shall also decide whether an agenda item is appropriate for discussion in open or closed session, and whether the item should be an action item subject to Board vote or an information item that does not require immediate action. or a consent item that is routine in nature and for which no discussion is anticipated.

In order to promote efficient meetings, the Board may bundle a number of items and act upon them together by a single vote through the use of a consent agenda. Consent items shall be items of a routine nature and items for which Board discussion is not anticipated and for which the Superintendent recommends approval. When any Board member requests the removal of an item from the consent agenda, the item shall be removed and given individual consideration for action as a regular agenda item.

The agenda shall provide an opportunity for members of the public to comment on any consent agenda item that has not been previously considered.

Any Board action that involves borrowing \$100,000 or more shall be discussed, considered, and deliberated upon as a separate item of business on the meeting agenda.

All public communications with the Board are subject to requirements of relevant Board policies and administrative regulations.

Agenda Dissemination to Board Members

At least three days-72 hours before each regular meeting, each Board member shall be provided a copy of the agenda and agenda packet, including the Superintendent or designee's report; minutes to be approved; copies of communications; reports from committees, staff, and others; and other available documents pertinent to the meeting.

When special meetings are called, the Superintendent or designee shall make every effort to distribute the agenda and supporting materials to Board members as soon as possible before the meeting. Board members shall receive, at least 24 hours prior to the meeting, notice of the business to be transacted.

Board members shall review agenda materials before each meeting. Individual members may confer directly with the Superintendent or designee to request additional information on agenda items. to ask questions and/or request additional information on agenda items. However, a majority of Board members shall not, outside of a noticed meeting, directly or through intermediaries or electronic means discuss, deliberate, or take action on any matter within the subject matter jurisdiction of the Board.

Agenda Dissemination to Members of the Public

Any agenda and related materials distributed to the Board shall be made available to the public upon request without delay. Only those documents which are disclosable public records under the Public Records Act and which relate to an agenda item scheduled for the open session portion of a regular meeting shall be made available to the public.

Any documents prepared by the district or the Board and distributed during a public meeting shall be made available for public inspection at the meeting. Any documents prepared by another person shall be made available for public inspection after the meeting. These requirements shall not apply to a document that is exempt from public disclosure under the Public Records Act.

At least 72 hours prior to a regular meeting, the agenda shall be posted at one or more locations freely accessible to members of the public.

In addition, the Superintendent or designee shall post the agenda on the homepage of the district web site. The posted agenda shall be accessible through a prominent direct link to the current agenda or to the district's agenda management platform in accordance with Government Code 54954.2. When the district utilizes an integrated agenda management platform, the link to that platform shall take the user directly to the web site with the district's agendas, and the current agenda shall be the first available.

If a document which relates to an open session agenda item of a regular Board meeting is distributed to the Board less than 72 hours prior to a meeting, the Superintendent or designee shall make the document available for public inspection at a designated location at the same time the document is distributed to all or a majority of the Board. provided that the document is a public record under the Public Records Act and relates to an agenda item for an open session of a regular Board meeting. The Superintendent or designee may also post the document on the district's web site in a position and manner that makes it clear that the document relates to an agenda item for an upcoming meeting.

The Superintendent or designee shall mail a copy of the agenda or a copy of all the documents constituting the agenda packet to any person who requests the items. The materials shall be mailed at the time the agenda is posted or upon distribution of the agenda to a majority of the Board, whichever occurs first.

Any request for mailed copies of agendas or agenda packets shall be in writing and shall be valid for the calendar year in which it is filed. Written requests must be renewed following January 1 of each year.

Persons requesting mailing of the agenda or agenda packet shall pay an annual fee, as determined by the Superintendent or designee, not to exceed the cost of providing the service.

Upon request, the Superintendent or designee shall make the agenda, agenda packet, and/or any writings distributed at the meeting available in appropriate alternative formats to persons with a disability, as required by the Americans with Disabilities Act.

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE

35144 Special meetings

35145 Public meetings

35145.5 Right of public to place matters on agenda

GOVERNMENT CODE

6250-6270 Public Records Act

53635.7 Separate item of business

54954.1 Mailed agenda of meeting

54954.2 Agenda posting requirements; board actions

54954.3 Opportunity for public to address legislative body

54954.5 Closed session item descriptions

54956.5 Emergency meetings

54957.5 Availability of public records

54960.2 Challenging board actions; cease and desist

UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 42

12101-12213 Americans with Disabilities Act

CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS, TITLE 28

35.160 Effective communications

36.303 Auxiliary aids and services

COURT DECISIONS

Mooney v. Garcia, (2012) 207 Cal. App. 4th 229

Caldwell v. Roseville Joint Union High School District, 2007 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 66318

ATTORNEY GENERAL OPINIONS

99 Ops. Cal. Atty. Gen. 11 (2016)

78 Ops.Cal.Atty.Gen. 327 (1995)

Date Board Bylaw Adopted by Board: March 24, 2015

Revised:

(3/08 11/12) 12/18

LAGUNA BEACH UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

MEETING CONDUCT

BB 9323Board Bylaws

Meeting Procedures

All Governing Board meetings shall begin on time and shall be guided by an agenda prepared in accordance with Board bylaws and posted and distributed in accordance the Ralph M. Brown Act (open meeting requirements) and other applicable laws.

The Board president shall conduct Board meetings in accordance with Board bylaws and procedures that enable the Board to efficiently consider issues and carry out the will of the majority.

The Board believes that late night meetings deter public participation, can affect the Board's decision-making ability and can be a burden to staff. Regular Board meetings shall be adjourned at 10:00 p.m. unless extended to a specific time determined by a majority of the Board. The meeting shall be extended no more than once and subsequently may be adjourned to a later date.

Quorum and Abstentions

The Board shall act by majority vote of all of the members constituting the Board.

The Board believes that when no conflict of interest requires abstention, its members have a duty to vote on issues before them. When a member abstains, his/her abstention shall not be counted for purposes of determining whether a majority of the membership of the Board has taken action.

Public Participation

Members of the public are encouraged to attend Board meetings and to address the Board concerning any item on the agenda or within the Board's jurisdiction. So as not to inhibit public participation, persons attending Board meetings shall not be requested to sign in, complete a questionnaire, or otherwise provide their name or other information as a condition of attending the meeting.

In order to conduct district business in an orderly and efficient manner, the Board requires that public presentations to the Board comply with the following procedures:

- 1. The Board shall give members of the public an opportunity to address the Board on any item of interest to the public that is within the subject matter jurisdiction of the Board, either before or during the Board's consideration of the item.
- 2. At a time so designated on the agenda at a regular meeting, members of the public may

bring before the Board matters that are not listed on the agenda. The Board shall take no action or discussion on any item not appearing on the posted agenda, except as authorized by law.

3. Without taking action, Board members or district staff members may briefly respond to statements made or questions posed by the public about items not appearing on the agenda. Additionally, on their own initiative or in response to questions posed by the public, a Board or staff member may ask a question for clarification, make a brief announcement, or make a brief report on his/her own activities.

Furthermore, the Board or a Board member may provide a reference to staff or other resources for factual information, ask staff to report back to the Board at a subsequent meeting concerning any matter.

- 4. The Board need not allow the public to speak on any item that has already been considered by a committee composed exclusively of Board members at a public meeting where the public had the opportunity to address the committee on that item. However, if the Board determines that the item has been substantially changed since the committee heard the item, the Board shall provide an opportunity for the public to speak.
- 5. A person wishing to be heard by the Board shall first be recognized by the president and shall then proceed to comment as briefly as the subject permits.

Individual speakers shall be allowed three minutes to address the Board on each agenda or non-agenda item. The Board shall limit the total time for public input on each item to 20 minutes. With Board consent, the president may increase or decrease the time allowed for public presentation, depending on the topic and the number of persons wishing to be heard. The president may take a poll of speakers for or against a particular issue and may ask that additional persons speak only if they have something new to add.

In order to ensure that non-English speakers receive the same opportunity to directly address the Board, any member of the public who utilizes a translator shall be provided at least twice the allotted time to address the Board, unless simultaneous translation equipment is used to allow the Board to hear the translated public testimony simultaneously.

- 6. The Board president may rule on the appropriateness of a topic, subject to the following conditions:
 - a. If a topic would be suitably addressed at a later time, the Board president may indicate the time and place when it should be presented.
 - b. The Board shall not prohibit public criticism of its policies, procedures, programs, services, acts, or omissions.
 - c. The Board shall not prohibit public criticism of district employees. However, whenever a member of the public initiates specific complaints or charges against an individual employee, the Board president shall inform the complainant of the appropriate complaint procedure.

7. The Board president shall not permit any disturbance or willful interruption of Board meetings. Persistent disruption by an individual or group or statements that threaten the safety of any person(s) at the meeting shall be grounds for the president to terminate the privilege of addressing the Board.

The Board may remove disruptive individuals and order the room cleared if necessary. In this case, members of the media not participating in the disturbance shall be allowed to remain, and individuals not participating in such disturbances may be allowed to remain at the discretion of the Board. When the room is ordered cleared due to a disturbance, further Board proceedings shall concern only matters appearing on the agenda.

When such disruptive conduct occurs, the Superintendent or designee shall contact local law enforcement as necessary.

Recording by the Public

Members of the public may record an open Board meeting using an audio or video recorder, still or motion picture camera, cell phone, or other devices, provided that the noise, illumination, or obstruction of view does not persistently disrupt the meeting. The Superintendent or designee shall designate locations from which members of the public may broadcast, photograph, or tape record open meetings without causing a distraction.

If the Board finds that noise, illumination, or obstruction of view related to these activities would persistently disrupt the proceedings, these activities shall be discontinued or restricted as determined by the Board.

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE

5095 Powers of remaining board members and new appointees

32210 Willful disturbance of public school or meeting a misdemeanor

35010 Prescription and enforcement of rules

35145.5 Agenda; public participation; regulations

35163 Official actions, minutes and journal

35164 Vote requirements

35165 Effect of vacancies upon majority and unanimous votes by seven member board

GOVERNMENT CODE

54953.5 Audio or video tape recording of proceedings

54953.6 Broadcasting of proceedings

54954.2 Agenda; posting; action on other matters

54954.3 Opportunity for public to address legislative body; regulations

54957 Closed sessions

54957.9 Disorderly conduct of general public during meeting; clearing of room

Date Bylaw Adopted: May 12, 2015

Revised: November 14, 2017

LAGUNA BEACH UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

ACTIONS BY THE BOARD

BB 9323.2

Board Bylaws

The Governing Board shall act by a majority vote of all of the membership constituting the Board, unless otherwise required by law.

An "action" by the Board means:

- 1. A collective decision by a majority of the Board members
- 2. A collective commitment or promise by a majority of the members to make a positive or negative decision
- 3. A vote by a majority of the members when sitting as the Board upon a motion, proposal, resolution, order, or ordinance

The Board shall not take action by secret ballot, whether preliminary or final.

Actions taken by the Board in open session shall be recorded in the Board minutes.

Action on Non-Agenda Items

After publicly identifying the item, the Board may take action on a subject not appearing on the posted meeting agenda under any of the following conditions:

- 1. When a majority of the Board determines that an emergency situation exists, as defined for emergency meetings pursuant to Government Code 54956.5
- 2. When two-thirds of the members present, or if less than two-thirds of the members are present then by a unanimous vote of all members present, determine that the need to take immediate action came to the district's attention after the agenda was posted
- 3. When an item appeared on the agenda of, and was continued from, a meeting that occurred not more than five days earlier

Challenging Board Actions

Any interested person or the district attorney's office may present a demand that the Board cure and correct a Board action which he/she alleges is in violation of Government Code 54954.2 (agenda posting), Government Code 54953 (open meeting and teleconferencing), Government Code 54954.5 (closed session item descriptions), Government Code 54954.6 (new or increased tax assessments), Government Code 54956 (special meetings), or Government Code 54956.5 (emergency meetings).

Any demand to "cure and correct" an alleged violation shall clearly describe the challenged action and the nature of the alleged violation and shall be presented to the Board in writing within 90 days of the date when the action was taken. If the alleged violation concerns action taken in an open session but in violation of Government Code 54954.2 (agenda posting), the written demand must be made within 30 days of the date when the alleged action took place.

Within 30 days of receiving the demand, the Board shall do one of the following:

- 1. Cure or correct the challenged action and inform the demanding party in writing of its actions to cure or correct.
- 2. Determine not to cure or correct the alleged violation and inform the demanding party in writing of its decision to not cure or correct.
- 3. Take no action. If the Board takes no action within the 30-day review period, its inaction shall be considered a decision not to cure or correct the action.

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE

15266 School construction bonds

17466 Declaration of intent to sell or lease real property

17481 Lease of property with residence for nondistrict purposes

17510-17511 Resolution requiring unanimous vote of all members constituting board

17546 Private sale of personal property

17556-17561 Dedication of real property

17582-17583 District deferred maintenance fund

35140-35149 Meetings

35160-35178.4 Powers and duties

48660-48661 Community day schools establishment and restrictions

GOVERNMENT CODE

53090-53097.5 Regulation of local agencies by counties and cities

53724 Parcel tax resolution requirements

53790-53792 Exceeding the budget

53820-53833 Temporary borrowing

53850-53858 Temporary borrowing

54950-54963 The Ralph M. Brown Act, especially:

54952.6 Action taken, definition

54953 Meetings to be open and public; attendance; secret ballots

54960 Action to prevent violations

65352.2 Coordination with planning agency

Date Board Bylaw Adopted by the Board: March 24, 2015

LAGUNA BEACH UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

MINUTES AND RECORDINGS

BB 9324

Board Bylaws

The Governing Board recognizes that maintaining accurate minutes of Board meetings provides a record of Board actions for use by district staff and the public. Accurate minutes also help foster public trust that Board actions are occurring in public in accordance with law.

The secretary of the Board shall keep minutes and record all official Board actions. The Board's minutes shall be public records and shall be made available to the public upon request.

The Superintendent or designee shall distribute a copy of the "unapproved" minutes of the previous meeting(s) with the agenda for the next regular meeting. At the next meeting, the Board shall approve the minutes as circulated or with necessary amendments.

In order to ensure that the minutes are focused on Board action, the minutes shall include only a brief summary of the Board's discussion but shall not include a verbatim record of the Board's discussion on each agenda topic or the names of Board members who made specific points during the discussion.

The minutes shall include the specific language of each motion, the names of members who made and seconded the motion, and the individual votes of each member, unless the action was unanimous. When a roll call vote is taken, the names and votes of each member shall be listed. Motions or resolutions shall be recorded as having passed or failed. All motions and Board resolutions shall be numbered consecutively from the beginning of each fiscal year.

The minutes shall reflect the names of those individuals who comment during the meeting's public comment period as well as the topics they address.

The minutes shall record which members are present and whether a member is not present for part of the meeting due to late arrival and/or early departure.

Official Board minutes and recordings shall be stored in a secure location and shall be retained in accordance with law.

Any minutes or recordings kept for Board meetings held in closed session shall be kept separately from the minutes or recordings of regular and special meetings. Minutes or recordings of closed sessions are not public records.

Recording or Broadcasting of Meetings

The district may tape, film, or broadcast any open Board meeting. The Board president shall announce that a recording or broadcasting is being made at the beginning of the meeting and, as practicable, the recorder or camera shall be placed in plain view of meeting participants.

Any district recording may be erased or destroyed 30 days after the meeting. Recordings made during a meeting are public records and, upon request, shall be made available for inspection by members of the public on a district recorder without charge.

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE

35145 Public meetings

35163 Official actions, minutes and journals

35164 Vote requirements

GOVERNMENT CODE

54952.2 Meeting defined

54953.5 Audio or video recording of proceedings

54953.6 Broadcasting of proceedings

54957.2 Closed sessions; clerk; minute book

54960 Violations and remedies

Date Board Bylaw Adopted by Board: March 24, 2015

CSBA Sample

Board Bylaw

Board Self-Evaluation

BB 9400 Board Bylaws

Note: The following optional bylaw may be revised to reflect district practice.

The Governing Board shall annually conduct a self-evaluation in order to demonstrate accountability to the community and ensure that district governance effectively supports student achievement and the attainment of the district's vision and goals.

The evaluation may address any area of Board responsibility, including, but not limited to, Board performance in relation to vision setting, curriculum, personnel, finance, policy development, collective bargaining, community relations, and advocacy. The evaluation may also address objectives related to Board meeting operations, relationships among Board members, relationship with the Superintendent, understanding of Board and Superintendent roles and responsibilities, communication skills, or other governance or boardsmanship skills.

The Board shall evaluate itself as a whole. Individual Board members are also expected to use the evaluation process as an opportunity to assess and set goals for their own personal performance.

Each year, the Board, with assistance from the Superintendent, shall determine an evaluation method or instrument that measures key components of board responsibility and previously identified performance objectives. Visual and/or audio recordings of a Board meeting may only be used as an evaluation tool when consent is given by all Board members.

Note: Pursuant to Government Code 54962, the Board may hold a closed session only for purposes expressly authorized by the Brown Act (Government Code 54950-54963) or by a provision of the Education Code. Neither code authorizes closed session discussions for the purpose of board self-evaluations; see BB 9321 - Closed Session Purposes and Agendas. Government Code 54957, which authorizes closed sessions for personnel matters such as evaluations, specifically excludes elected officers or members of a legislative body.

Any discussion involving the Board's self-evaluation shall be conducted in open session.

At the request of the Board, a facilitator may be used to assist with the evaluation process. The Board may invite the Superintendent or other individual(s) with pertinent information to provide input into the evaluation process.

Following the evaluation, the Board shall set goals, define and/or refine protocols, and establish priorities and objectives for the following year's evaluation. The Board shall also develop strategies for strengthening Board performance based on identified areas of need, including, but not limited to, Board trainings such as those offered by the California School Boards Association.

Legal Reference:
GOVERNMENT CODE
54950-54963 Brown Act; board self-evaluations not covered

(9/88 3/02) 7/17

LAGUNA BEACH UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

LOCAL CONTROL AND ACCOUNTABILITY PLAN (LCAP)

BP 0460

Philosophy, Goals, Objectives and Comprehensive Plans

The Governing Board desires to ensure the most effective use of available funding to improve outcomes for all students. A community-based, comprehensive, data-driven planning process shall be used to identify annual goals and specific actions and to facilitate continuous improvement of district practices.

The Board shall adopt a districtwide local control and accountability plan (LCAP), following the template provided in 5 CCR 15497.5, based on the template adopted by the State Board of Education that addresses the state priorities in Education Code 52060 and any local priorities adopted by the Board. The LCAP shall be updated on or before July 1 of each year and, like the district budget, shall cover the next fiscal year and subsequent two fiscal years

The LCAP shall focus on improving outcomes for all students, particularly those who are "unduplicated students" and other underperforming students or are part of any numerically significant student subgroup that is at risk of or is underperforming.

Unduplicated students include students who are eligible for free or reduced-price meals, English learners, and foster youth and are counted only once for purposes of the local control funding formula.

Numerically significant student subgroups include ethnic subgroups, socioeconomically disadvantaged students, English learners, students with disabilities, foster youth, and homeless students, when there are at least 30 students in the subgroup or at least 15 foster youth or homeless students, or as otherwise defined by the Superintendent of Public Instruction (SPI).

The Superintendent or designee shall review the Single Plan for Student Achievement (SPSA) submitted by each district school pursuant to Education Code 64001 to ensure that the specific actions included in the LCAP are consistent with strategies included in the SPSA.

The LCAP shall also be aligned with other district and school plans to the extent possible in order to minimize duplication of effort and provide clear direction for program implementation.

As part of the LCAP adoption and annual update to the LCAP, the Board shall separately adopt an LCFF budget overview for parents/guardians, based on the template developed by the SBE, which includes specified information relating to the district's budget. The budget overview shall be adopted, reviewed, and approved in the same manner as the LCAP and the annual update.

Any complaint that the District has not complied with legal requirements pertaining to the LCAP may be filed pursuant to AR 1312.3 - Uniform Complaint Procedures.

Plan Development

The Superintendent or designee shall gather data and information needed for effective and meaningful plan development and present it to the Board and community. Such data and information shall include, but not be limited to, data regarding the numbers of students in various student subgroups, disaggregated data on student achievement levels, and information about current programs and expenditures.

The District shall consult with teachers, principals, administrators, other school personnel, employee bargaining units, parents/guardians, and students in developing the LCAP. Consultation with students shall enable unduplicated students and other numerically significant student subgroups to review and comment on LCAP development and may include surveys of students, student forums, student advisory committees, and/or meetings with student government bodies or other groups representing students.

Public Review and Input

The District shall establish a parent advisory committee to review and comment on the LCAP. The committee shall be composed of a majority of parents/guardians and shall include at least one parent/guardian of an unduplicated student as defined above.

Whenever district enrollment includes at least 15 percent English learners, with at least 50 students who are English learners, the district shall establish an English learner parent advisory committee composed of a majority of parents/guardians of English learners.

The Superintendent or designee shall present the LCAP to the committee(s) before it is submitted to the Board for adoption, and shall respond in writing to comments received from the committee(s).

The Superintendent or designee shall notify members of the public of the opportunity to submit written comments regarding the specific actions and expenditures proposed to be included in the LCAP. The notification shall be provided using the most efficient method of notification possible, which may not necessarily include producing printed notices or sending notices by mail. All written notifications related to the LCAP shall be provided in the primary language of parents/guardians when required by Education Code 48985.

As part of the parent and community engagement process, the district shall solicit input on effective and appropriate instructional methods, including, but not limited to, establishing language acquisition programs to enable all students, including English learners and native English speakers, to have access to the core academic content standards and to become proficient in English.

The Superintendent or designee shall consult with the administrator(s) of the special education local plan area of which the district is a member to ensure that specific actions for students with disabilities are included in the LCAP and are consistent with strategies included in the annual assurances support plan for the education of students with disabilities.

The Board shall hold at least one public hearing to solicit the recommendations and comments of members of the public regarding the specific actions and expenditures proposed to be included in the LCAP. The public hearing shall be held at the same meeting as the budget hearing required pursuant to Education Code 42127 and AR 3100 - Budget.

Adoption of the Plan

The Board shall adopt the LCAP prior to adopting the district budget, but at the same public meeting. This meeting shall be held after the public hearing described above, but not on the same day as the hearing.

The Board may adopt revisions to the LCAP at any time during the period in which the plan is in effect, provided the Board follows the process to adopt the LCAP pursuant to Education Code 52062 and the revisions are adopted in a public meeting.

Submission of Plan to County Superintendent of Schools

Not later than five days after adoption of the LCAP, the district budget, and the budget overview for parents/guardians, the Board shall file the LCAP, the budget, and the budget overview with the County Superintendent of Schools.

If the County Superintendent sends, by August 15, a written request for clarification of the contents of the LCAP, the Board shall respond in writing within 15 days of the request. If the County Superintendent then submits recommendations for amendments to the LCAP within 15 days of receiving the Board's response, the Board shall consider those recommendations in a public meeting within 15 days of receiving the recommendations.

If the County Superintendent does not approve the district's LCAP, the Board shall accept technical assistance from the County Superintendent focused on revising the plan so that it can be approved.

Monitoring Progress

The Superintendent or designee shall report to the Board, at least annually in accordance with the timeline and indicators established by them and the Board, regarding the district's progress toward attaining each goal identified in the LCAP. Evaluation shall include, but not be limited to, an assessment of district and school performance on the California School Dashboard. Evaluation data shall be used to recommend any necessary revisions to the LCAP.

Technical Assistance/Intervention

When it is in the best interest of the district, the Board may submit a request to the County Superintendent for technical assistance, including, but not limited to:

1. Assistance in the identification of district strengths and weaknesses in regard to state priorities and review which includes the review of performance data on the state and local indicators included in the Dashboard and other relevant local data, and in identifying of effective, evidence-based programs or practices that address any areas of weakness. that apply to the district's goals

- 2. Assistance from an academic, programmatic, or fiscal expert, team of academic experts, or another district in the county in identifying and implementing effective programs and practices that are designed to improve the outcomes for student subgroups performance in any identified areas of weakness. The district may engage other service providers, including, but not limited to, other school districts, county offices of education, or charter schools, to provide such assistance.
- 3. Advice and assistance from the California Collaborative for Educational Excellence established pursuant to Education Code 52074

In the event that the County Superintendent requires the district to receive technical assistance based on one or more numerically significant student subgroups meeting the criteria established pursuant Education Code 52064.5, the Board shall work with the County Superintendent, or another service provider at district expense, and shall provide the County Superintendent timely documentation of the district's completion of the activities listed in items #1-2 above or substantially similar activities. pursuant to Education Code 52071, the Board shall review all recommendations received from the County Superintendent or other advisor and shall consider revisions to the LCAP as appropriate in accordance with the process specified in Education Code 52062.

If referred to the California Collaborative for Educational Excellence by either the County Superintendent or the Superintendent of Public Instruction (SPI), the district shall implement the recommendations of that agency in order to accomplish the goals set forth in the district's LCAP.

If the Superintendent of Public Instruction (SPI) identifies the district as needing intervention pursuant to Education Code 52072, the district shall cooperate with any action taken by the SPI or any academic advisor appointed by the SPI, which may include one or more of the following:

- 1. Revision of the district's LCAP
- 2. Revision of the district's budget in accordance with changes in the LCAP
- 3. A determination to stay or rescind any district action that would prevent the district from improving outcomes for all student subgroups, provided that action is not required by a collective bargaining agreement

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE

305-306 English language education

17002 State School Building Lease-Purchase Law, including definition of good repair 33430-33436 Learning Communities for School Success Program; grants for LCAP implementation

41020 Audits

41320-41322 Emergency apportionments

42127 Public hearing on budget adoption

42238.01-42238.07 Local control funding formula

44258.9 County superintendent review of teacher assignment

48985 Parental notices in languages other than English

51210 Course of study for grades 1-6

51220 Course of study for grades 7-12

52052 Numerically significant student subgroups

52059.5 Statewide system of support

52060-52077 Local control and accountability plan

52302 Regional occupational centers and programs

52372.5 Linked learning pilot program

54692 Partnership academies

60119 Sufficiency of textbooks and instructional materials; hearing and resolution

60605.8 California Assessment of Academic Achievement; Academic Content Standards Commission

60811.3 Assessment of language development

64001 Single plan for student achievement

99300-99301 Early Assessment Program

WELFARE AND INSTITUTIONS CODE

300 Dependent child of the court

CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 5

15494-15497 Local control and accountability plan and spending requirements

UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 20

6312 Local educational agency plan

6826 Title III funds, local plans

Dated Adopted by the Board:

August 25, 2015

Revised:

September 25, 2018

Revised:

LAGUNA BEACH UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

TRAVEL EXPENSES

BP 3350

Business and Noninstructional Operations

The Governing Board recognizes that district employees may incur expenses in the course of performing their assigned duties and responsibilities. To ensure the prudent use of public funds, the Superintendent or designee shall establish rules to keep such expenses to a minimum while affording employees a reasonable level of safety and convenience.

The Board shall authorize payment for actual and necessary travel expenses incurred by any employee performing authorized services for the district, whether within or outside district boundaries.

The Superintendent or designee shall establish procedures for the approval of travel requests and the submission and verification of expense claims. They also shall establish reimbursement rates in accordance with law and Board policy.

An employee shall obtain approval from the Superintendent or designee prior to traveling. The Superintendent or designee must verify that travel requests are in accordance with the adopted budget and upon determining that the travel is authorized or assigned by the employee's supervisor, is necessary to attend a conference or other staff development opportunity that will enhance employee performance, and/or is otherwise necessary to the performance of the employee's duties. Travel expenses not previously budgeted may be approved on a case-by-case basis by the Superintendent or designee if they determine that the travel is essential and that resources may be obtained or redirected for this purpose.

Reimbursable travel expenses may include, but are not limited to, costs of transportation, parking fees, bridge or road tolls, lodging when district business reasonably requires an overnight stay, registration fees for seminars and conferences, telephone and other communication expenses incurred on district business, and other necessary incidental expenses.

The district shall not reimburse personal travel expenses including, but not limited to, alcohol, entertainment, laundry, expenses of any family member who is accompanying the employee on district-related business, personal use of an automobile, and personal losses or traffic violation fees incurred while on district business.

Except as otherwise provided, reimbursement of travel expenses shall be based on actual expenses as documented by receipts.

Authorized employees shall be reimbursed for the use of their own private vehicles in the performance of assigned duties, on either a mileage or monthly basis as determined by the Superintendent or designee.

The mileage allowance provided by the district for employees' use of their private vehicles shall be equal to the rate established by the Internal Revenue Service.

Vehicles should be shared whenever possible to minimize travel costs. No employee shall be entitled to reimbursement for automobile travel when they are transported free of charge or by another employee who is entitled to the expense reimbursement.

Meal costs shall be reimbursed based on documented actual expenses within the maximum amounts established by the Superintendent or designee and based on the time of day that travel for district business begins and ends.

Any expense that exceeds the maximum rate of reimbursement established by the district shall be reimbursed only with the approval of the Superintendent or designee.

All expense reimbursement claims shall be submitted on a district form, within 1 month following return from travel when possible. The form shall be accompanied by receipts and any explanation necessary to document that the expenses meet district criteria for reimbursement.

The Superintendent or designee shall approve expense claims only upon verifying that all necessary documentation is provided and that all expenses are appropriate and related to district business. If an expense claim is disallowed due to lack of documentation or inappropriate expenses, the employee may be personally responsible for any improper costs incurred.

When approved by the Superintendent or designee, an employee may be issued a district credit card for use while on authorized district business. Receipts documenting the expenses incurred on a district credit card shall be submitted promptly following return from travel. Under no circumstances shall personal expenses be charged on a district credit card, even if the employee intends to subsequently reimburse the district for the personal charges.

When necessary, the Superintendent or designee may approve a cash advance, not to exceed the estimated out-of-pocket reimbursable expenses, to an employee authorized to travel on district business. Within 1 month following return from travel, the employee shall submit a final accounting with all necessary supporting documentation. They shall refund to the district any amount of cash advance exceeding the actual approved reimbursable expenses.

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE

42634 Itemization of expenses

44016 Travel expense to employment interview

44032 Travel expenses

44033 Automobile allowance

44802 Student teacher's travel expense

LAGUNA BEACH UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

I. Board Policies Covering All Employees

Board Policy No. 4014:

REIMBURSEMENT OF EXPENSES FOR EMPLOYEE

- A. The Superintendent shall develop and implement guidelines, including maximum amounts for reimbursement of actual and necessary expenses incurred in the course of performing required services for the District, whether within or outside the District.
- B. The Superintendent may authorize an advance of funds for the payment of an employee's actual and necessary expenses as long as the employee files a proper and timely written claim.
- C. The Superintendent may authorize the payment of an employee's actual and necessary expenses as long as the employee files a proper and timely written claim and there are sufficient funds budgeted for such purposes.

Legal Reference: Education Code sections 44032, 35161

Date Policy Adopted By The Board: July 23, 2001

LAGUNA BEACH UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

I. Board Policies Covering All Employees

Board Policy No. 4008:

JOB DESCRIPTIONS

- A. The Superintendent shall exercise control and authority over the preparation, review or revision of job descriptions for all employees. Each job description shall contain at a minimum the following information:
 - 1. Job title
 - 2. List of specific and essential duties
 - 3. List of minimum qualifications

The Board retains the authority to take action on all job descriptions including any revisions.

- B. Each employee shall be required to perform all listed duties and responsibilities contained in applicable Board Policies, the applicable job description and applicable law.
- C. Each employee shall follow all reasonable directives from the immediate supervisor, the Superintendent and the Board.

Legal Reference:

Education Code sections 35010, 35020, 35160, 35160.1, 35161

Date Policy Adopted By The Board: July 23, 2001

LAGUNA BEACH UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

I. **Board Policies Covering All Employees**

Board Policy No. 4009: PERSONNEL FILES

- A. The District shall maintain personnel files of employees at its discretion.
- B. Materials in the personnel files of an employee which may serve as a basis for affecting the status of the employee's employment are to be made available for the inspection of the employee. However, an employee may not inspect ratings, reports, or records which: 1) were obtained prior to the employment of the employee, 2) were prepared by identifiable examination committee members, or 3) were obtained in connection with a promotional examination. Every employee shall have the right to inspect such materials upon request, provided that the request is made at a time when such person is not actually required to render services to the District.
- C. Information of a derogatory nature shall not be entered or filed unless and until the employee is given notice and an opportunity to review and comment thereon. Such notice shall allow ten (10) calendar days for review and comment. An employee shall have the right to enter comments and have them attached to any such derogatory information. Review of any derogatory information may take place during normal business hours, and the employee shall be released from duty for this purpose without salary reduction.
 - Paragraph C does not apply to information listed in the three numbered phrases in paragraph B immediately above. An employee may not inspect ratings, reports, or records which: 1) were obtained prior to the employment of the employee, 2) were prepared by identifiable examination committee members, or 3) were obtained in connection with a promotional examination.
- D. If an employee disagrees with materials or the contents of materials to be placed in the employee's personnel files, the employee may prepare a written statement within ten (10) days of knowledge of the materials which will be attached to the materials in the personnel file.

Legal Reference: Education Code section 44031

Date Policy Adopted By The Board: July 23, 2001

LAGUNA BEACH UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

I.

Board Policies Covering All Employees

Board Policy No. 4013:

HAZARDOUS MATERIALS

A. The Superintendent is directed to develop and implement a Hazard Communication Program to enhance employees' health and safety which is consistent with applicable law.

Legal Reference: Labor Code section 6328, Title 8, California Code of Regulations section 340

Date Policy Adopted By The Board: October 8, 2002

LAGUNA BEACH UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

V.

Board Policies Covering All Unrepresented Classified Employees

Board Policy No. 4400: HOURS OF EMPLOYMENT AND OVERTIME

A. Workweek: The workweek for full-time classified employees shall consist of five (5) consecutive days, Monday through Friday, or eight (8) hours per day and forty (40) hours per week. This Policy shall not restrict the extension of the regular workday or workweek on an over-time basis when such is necessary to carry on the business of the District.

The Board may establish a 10-hour-per-day, 40-hour, four-consecutive-day workweek for classified employees pursuant to Education Code section 45132 and any other applicable law, or any other different schedule as authorized by law, such as a nine-hour-per-day, 80-hour-per-two-week schedule authorized by Education Code section 45133.

- B. Workday: The length of the workday shall be designated by the District for each classified position at the time of employment. Each employee shall be assigned a fixed, regular, and ascertainable minimum number of hours. The District may change the times of an employee's assignment within its discretion.
- C. <u>Changes In Hours Of Employment</u>: The District may change within its discretion the work year, the workweek or the workday for classified employees.
- D. Adjustment Of Assigned Time: Any classified employee who works an average of thirty (30) minutes or more per day in excess of their regular part-time assignment for a period of twenty (20) consecutive working days or more shall have the regular assignment adjusted upward to reflect the longer hours, effective with the next pay period.
- E. <u>Lunch Periods</u>: Employees shall be entitled to an uninterrupted lunch period after the employee has been on duty for six (6) hours. The length of time for such lunch period shall be for a period of one (1) or one-half ($\frac{1}{2}$) hour and shall be scheduled for full-time employees at or about midpoint of each work shift.

F. Rest Periods:

- 1. Employees shall be granted rest periods which, insofar as practicable, shall be in the middle of each work period at the rate of fifteen (15) minutes per four (4) hours worked or major fraction thereof.
- 2. Specified periods may be designated when the operations of the District require someone to be present at the employee's work site at all times or when the District determines it is necessary for the efficient operation of the District. Such times shall be determined by supervisors after consultation with the employees involved.
- 3. Rest periods are a part of the regular workday and shall be compensated at the regular rate of pay for the employees.

- G. <u>Voting Time Off</u>: If an employee's work schedule is such that it does not allow sufficient time to vote in any federal, state, or local election in which the employee is entitled to vote, the District shall arrange to allow sufficient time for such voting by the employee without loss of pay.
- H. Overtime: Overtime must have prior written approval from the employee's supervisor. All overtime hours as defined in this section shall be compensated at a rate of pay equal to time and one-half the regular rate of pay of the employee. Overtime is defined to include any time worked in excess of eight (8) hours in any one day or in excess of forty (40) hours in any calendar week, whether such hours are worked prior to the commencement of a regularly assigned starting time or subsequent to the assigned quitting time leading to the maximum eight (8) hours in any day or on any one shift or in excess of the forty (40) hour week.

I. Compensatory Time Off:

- 1. Subject to limitations under the federal Fair Labor Standards Act, an employee, with District approval, shall have the option to elect to take compensatory time off in lieu of cash compensation for overtime work. Such election shall be submitted in writing to the immediate supervisor within the pay period earned. Compensatory time off shall be granted at the appropriate rate of overtime.
- 2. Subject to limitations under the federal Fair Labor Standards Act, compensatory time shall be taken at a time mutually acceptable to the employee and the District within twelve (12) months of the date on which it was earned. If the compensatory time has not been taken within twelve (12) months of the date on which it was earned, the District shall pay the employee in cash for all such time at the appropriate overtime rate based on the employee's rate of pay at the time it was earned.
- 3. As long as the federal Fair Labor Standards Act or similar statute is applicable to the District, an employee, with District approval, may take compensatory time off in lieu of cash for overtime work, but an employee may accrue no more than 240 hours and must take compensatory time off within twelve months of the time of the overtime work.
- J. <u>Minimum Call-In Time</u>: Any employee called in to work on a day when the employee is not scheduled to work shall receive a minimum of one (1) hour pay at the appropriate rate of pay.
- K. <u>Call Back Time</u>: Any employee called back to work after completion of the regular assignment shall be compensated for at least one (1) hour of work at the overtime rate, irrespective of the actual time spent.

L. Absence From Work:

1. Tardiness

a. In addition to pay being docked for tardiness, an employee is subject to discipline for unexcused irregularities discovered in time cards. No employee may be terminated for tardiness unless there is an excessive number of unexcused tardies.

- b. An employee who has provided a written excuse which appears questionable shall be provided the opportunity to meet and discuss the circumstances with the supervisor.
- 2. An employee who is absent from work for any reason shall complete a District Absence Form, indicating the type of absence.
- 3. Employees are expected to cease work at the end of their regularly scheduled work period. Overtime or compensatory time will be granted only upon written approval by the supervisor.
- 4. Employees may be excused from work during assigned work time only upon approval of the Superintendent or the Principal.
- M. <u>Application Of Fair Labor Standards Act</u>: The District may take any action necessary to ensure compliance with the federal FLSA.
- N. **Exempt From Overtime**: The following supervisory or administrative classified positions are exempt from overtime pursuant to Education Code section 45130:

Legal Reference:

Education Code sections 45109, 45113, 45127, 45128, 45129, 45130, 45131, 45132

Date Policy Adopted By The Board: September 25, 2001

LAGUNA BEACH UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

V.

Board Policies Covering All Unrepresented Classified Employees

Board Policy No. 4401:

HOLIDAYS

A. Classified employees on the management team shall be granted the following holidays with pay to be scheduled each year by the District provided they are in paid status during a portion of the working day immediately preceding or succeeding the holiday:

New Year's Day
Martin Luther King, Jr.'s Day
Lincoln's Day
Admission Day In Lieu Of
Washington's Day
Spring Vacation Day
Memorial Day
Floating Holiday
Independence Day
Labor Day
Veterans' Day
Thanksgiving Day
Day After Thanksgiving
Christmas Eve
Christmas Day

- B. Classified employees also shall be granted pursuant to applicable and current law additional holidays. To be eligible for any such additional holidays, classified employees must be in paid status during a portion of the working day immediately preceding or succeeding the holiday.
- C. Pursuant to applicable and current law, classified employees also shall receive regular pay whether or not they are required to report for work on school days which pupils would otherwise have been in attendance but are not and for which certificated personnel receive regular pay. To be eligible for any such additional paid day, classified employees must be in paid status during a portion of the working day immediately preceding or succeeding the paid day.

Legal Reference:

Education Code sections

45203, 45204, 45205, 45206, 45206.5

Date Policy Adopted By The Board: September 25, 2001

LAGUNA BEACH UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

V.

Board Policies Covering All Unrepresented Classified Employees

Board Policy No. 4402: VACATION PLAN

- A. <u>Eligibility</u>: Full-time classified employees assigned on a twelve month basis, after serving a minimum period of six months, are entitled to paid vacation pursuant to this policy. Earned vacation will be granted only after the completion of the initial six (6) months of employment.
- B. <u>Paid Vacation</u>: Employees shall receive a monthly rate of vacation, according to years of service, for each month they are in a paid status for more than one-half of the working days of the month. The employee's anniversary date shall be the basis for the computation of earned vacation for longevity in service.

C. Vacation Schedule For 12 Month Employees:

12 working days with pay: 0 to 4 years of experience

15 working days with pay: 5-9 years of experience

18 working days with pay: 10-14 years of experience

19 days of vacation with pay: 15+ years of experience

Vacation Schedule For Less Than 12 Month Employees:

Employees who work less than 12 months shall receive <u>paid</u> vacation prorated on the basis of the length of their regularly assigned work year.

D. Vacation Pay

Pay for vacation days for classified employees shall be the same as that which the employee would have received had they been in a working status.

E. Vacation Pay Upon Termination

An employee terminating for any reason, after six (6) months of service, shall be paid for any unused vacation earned. The termination date will be the employee's last day of service, and any unused vacation to be paid will be computed to that date.

F. Vacation Postponement:

1. If an employee's vacation becomes due during a period when they are on leave due to illness or injury, they may request that their vacation date be changed, and the District shall grant such request in accordance with vacation dates available at that time. The employee may elect to have their vacation rescheduled in accordance with the vacation schedule available at that time, or may request to carry-over vacation to the following year.

- 2. If for any reason a classified employee is not permitted to take all or any part of their annual vacation the amount not taken shall be accumulated for use in the following year.
- G. <u>Limit On Accrual of Vacation</u>: An employee is entitled to earn or accrue no more than forty (40) vacation days.
- H. <u>Holidays</u>: When a paid holiday falls during the scheduled vacation of an employee, such paid holiday shall not be counted as a vacation day.
- I. <u>Vacation Scheduling</u>: Vacations shall be scheduled by the District at times requested by employees consistent with the best interests of the District and within the District's work requirements.
- J. <u>Interruption Of Vacation</u>: A classified employee shall be permitted to interrupt or terminate vacation leave in order to begin another type of paid leave without a return to active service, provided the employee supplies prior written notice and supporting information regarding the basis for such interruption or termination.

Legal Reference: Education Code sections 45197, 45200

Date Policy Adopted By The Board: September 25, 2001

LAGUNA BEACH UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

V.

Board Policies Covering All Unrepresented Classified Employees

Board Policy No. 4406: <u>LEAVES OF ABSENCE</u>

- A. The leaves herein are granted in compliance with the minimum requirements of the Education Code. Unless the number of days of leave set forth in this Policy is greater than the minimums set forth in the Education Code, only the minimums in the Education Code are granted.
- B. The leaves included under paragraph D are leaves that must be granted by the District as long as all express conditions are satisfied. The leaves under paragraph E are leaves that may be granted within the sole discretion of the District.
- C. Only the Superintendent has the authority of the District to approve verifications of leaves or make final decisions on leaves. The Superintendent may prepare and distribute leave forms as long as those forms do not violate the paragraphs of this Policy. The Superintendent may adopt verification procedures to implement the paragraphs of this Policy as long as those verification procedures do not violate the paragraphs of this Policy.
- D. Sick Leave (Education Code section 45191)
 - a) Every classified employee on a full-time basis shall be entitled to twelve (12) days leave of absence for illness or injury. A classified employee employed for a full workweek, but less than a full fiscal year, is entitled to that proportion of 12 days as the number of months he/she is employed bears to twelve (12).
 - b) Sick leave for a part-time or regular hourly employee shall be on the basis of his/her daily hours prorated one (1) day per month of service.
 - c) Credit for illness and injury need not be accrued prior to taking such leave by the employee and such leave may be taken at any time during the year. However, a new employee of the District shall not be eligible to take more than six (6) days or the proportionate number to which he/she may be entitled, until the first day of the calendar months after completion of six (6) months of service with the District.
 - d) If the employee does not utilize the full amount of leave allowed in any year, the amount not taken shall be accumulated from year to year so long as he/she remains in the employment of the District.
 - e) Employees shall be required to present a licensed California Physician's or Christian Science Practitioner's certificate verifying the personal illness or injury after five (5) consecutive working days of absence, or sooner if so determined by the Superintendent.

- 2. Extended Sick Leave (Education Code section 45196)
 - a) When an employee is absent from his/her duties on account of illness or an due him/her for any month in which the absence occurs shall not exceed the sum which is actually paid a substitute employee employed to fill his/her position during his/her absence.
 - b) The extended leave provisions pertain to each illness or accident of the employee and shall commence on the first day of absence from his/her duties.
 - c) The extended leave provision applies to whether the accident or illness occurred on or off the job, except that if the accident or illness was suffered as a result of the job entitlement shall commence after the sixty (60) working days paid leave provided in provision 4.
 - d) All other leave benefits will be exhausted before the sum paid a substitute is deducted from an employee's wages.
- 3. Pregnancy Leave (Education Code section 45193)
 - a) Employees are entitled to use sick leave for disabilities caused or contributed to by pregnancy, miscarriage, childbirth, or recovery therefrom. Such leave shall not be used for child care, child rearing, or preparation for child bearing, but shall be limited to those disabilities as set forth above.
 - b) The length of such disability leave, including the date on which the leave shall commence and the date on which the duties are to be resumed, shall be determined by the employee and the employee's physician; however, the District may require a verification of the extent of disability through consultation with the employee's physician or through a physical examination of the employee by a physician appointed by the District.
 - c) The date on which the employee shall resume duties shall be determined by the employee on leave and the employee's physician; however, the District may require a verification of the extent of disability through consultation with the employee's physician or through a physical examination of the employee by a physician appointed by the District as to the employee's ability to return to normal duty.
 - d) The employee on leave for pregnancy disability shall be entitled to return to a position comparable to that held at the time the leave commences.
- 4. Industrial Accident And Illness Leave (Education Code section 45192)
 - a) An employee shall be eligible for industrial accident and illness leave for personal illness or injury which has qualified for workers' compensation under the provisions of the State Compensation Insurance Fund.

- An employee who has sustained a job-related injury or illness shall report the same to his/her immediate supervisor on the appropriate District form within twenty-four (24) hours of the injury or illness. To qualify for industrial accident or illness leave, an employee shall be examined and treated, if necessary, by a physician designated by the District or the District's industrial accident insurance carrier. Whoever may be designated to treat the employee, if necessary, the District retains the right to have the employee thereafter examined by a physician designated by the District to assist in determining the length of time during which the employee will be temporarily unable to perform assigned duties and the degree to which a disability or illness is attributable to the injury and job.
- c) Industrial accident or illness leave shall be subject to the following limitations:
 - (1) Such leave shall not exceed sixty (60) days during which schools of the District are required to be in session or when the employee would otherwise have been performing work for the District in any one fiscal year for the same industrial accident or illness.
 - (2) Such leave shall not be accumulated from year to year.
 - Such leave shall commence on the first day of authorized absence and shall be reduced by one (1) day for each day of authorized absence regardless of a temporary disability indemnity award.
 - (4) When such leave overlaps into the next fiscal year, the employee shall be entitled to only the amount of unused leave due for the same injury or illness.
 - (5) For any days of absence from duty as a result of the same industrial accident or illness, the employee shall endorse to the District any temporary disability indemnity checks received by him/her which could make the total compensation from both the District and such disability indemnity exceed 100% of the amount the employee would have received as salary had there been no industrial accident or illness. If the employee fails to endorse to the District any temporary disability indemnity checks received on account of the industrial accident or illness as provided herein, the District shall deduct from the employee's salary warrant the amount of such disability indemnity actually paid to and retained by the employee.
 - (6) Upon conclusion of such leave, an employee may utilize any available personal illness or injury leave providing that any personal illness or injury leave utilization, when combined with any temporary disability indemnity shall not exceed 100% of the amount the employee would have received as salary had there been no industrial accident or illness.
 - (7) Any employee receiving benefits for such leave shall, during the period of injury or illness, remain within the State of California unless the District previously authorized travel outside the State.

- d) Any employee shall be permitted to return to service following an industrial accident or illness only upon presentation of a release from the authorized worker's compensation physician certifying the employee's ability to return to his/her position without restrictions or detriment to the employee's physical and emotional well-being, and the health and safety of others.
- e) When all available leaves of absence, paid or unpaid, have been exhausted and if the employee is not medically able to assume the duties of his/her position, he/she shall be placed on a re-employment list for a period of thirty-nine (39) months. When available, during the 39-month period, he/she shall be employed in a vacant position in the class of his/her previous assignment over all other available candidates except for a re-employment list established because of lack of work or lack of funds, in which case he/she shall be listed in accordance with appropriate seniority regulations. An employee who has been placed on a reemployment list, as provided herein, who has been medically released for return to duty and who fails to accept an appropriate assignment shall be dismissed for cause.
- 5. Personal Necessity Leave (Education Code section 45207)
 - a) An employee may use no more than seven (7) days of accumulated sick leave per school year in case of personal necessity.
 - b) For purposes of this provision, "personal necessity" is defined as:
 - Death or serious illness of a member of the employee's immediate family;
 - Accident involving his person or property, or the person or property of a member of his immediate family:
 - Religious observance.
 - Attendance at birth of child during regular workday; or
 - An emergency requiring prompt response, which response cannot reasonably be made by anyone other than the employee and cannot be made at any time other than during the employee's working hours.
 - c) For purposes of this provision, "personal necessity" shall not include:
 - Pursuit of business, financial, or economic interests of the employee;
 - Vacation or other recreational pursuits; or
 - Social events

- d) Effective January 1, 2000, pursuant to Labor Code section 233, an employee may use no more than six (6) days in any calendar year of accumulated sick leave to attend to the illness of a child, parent, or spouse of the employee. All conditions and restrictions for use of sick leave by the employee shall apply.
- 6. Bereavement Leave (Education Code section 45194)
 - a) An employee shall be eligible for a minimum of three (3) days bereavement leave of absence, or five (5) days leave of absence if out-of-state travel is required, without loss of salary on account of the death of any member of his/her immediate family.
 - b) For the purpose of this Policy, an immediate family shall be limited to the mother, father, mother-in-law, father-in-law, grandmother, grandfather, or grandchild of the employee or of the spouse of the employee and the spouse, son, son-in-law, daughter, daughter-in-law, brother or sister of the employee, or any relative living in the immediate household of the employee.
- 7. Jury Duty Leave (Education Code section 44036 and 44037)

Employees shall be eligible for leave of absence when regularly called for jury duty in the manner provided for by law subject to the following provisions:

- a) Subject to the provisions below, the employee, while serving on jury duty, shall receive his/her regular earnings from the District and shall transmit to the District all fees, exclusive of mileage received from jury service.
- As a matter of general policy, the District does not normally encourage employees to seek exemption from or postponement of jury duty; the District will cooperate with the employee in any appropriate manner. Employees, who would otherwise be ineligible for paid leave under these provisions, who are denied an exemption or postponement after a good-faith application for same, shall be eligible for paid leave for a period not to exceed the normal tour of jury service for the particular judicial jurisdiction.
- An employee on jury leave for one semester or less shall be entitled to return to the same assignment held at the time such leave commenced, unless such assignment had been discontinued, in which case the employee shall be entitled to a comparable position. An employee on jury leave for more than one semester shall be entitled to return to an assignment comparable to the assignment held at the time such leave commenced. In any case, the assignment of the employee upon return to work shall be comparable to that held at the time jury leave began.
- d) No more than one classified employee or two (2) percent of the classified staff, whichever is greater, shall be granted jury duty leave with pay at any one time.

- 8. Additional Leave For Nonindustrial Accident Or Illness; Reemployment Preference (Education Code section 45195)
 - a) A permanent employee of the classified service who has exhausted all entitlement to sick leave, vacation, compensatory overtime, or other available paid leave and who is absent because of nonindustrial accident or illness may be granted additional leave, paid or unpaid, not to exceed six months. The Board may renew the leave of absence, paid or unpaid, for two additional six-month periods or such lesser leave periods that it may provide but not to exceed a total of 18 months.
 - An employee, upon ability to resume the duties of a position within the class to which he was assigned, may do so at any time during the leaves of absence granted under this Policy and time lost shall not be considered a break in service. He shall be restored to a position within the class to which he was assigned and, if at all possible, to his position with all the rights, benefits and burdens of a permanent employee.
 - c) If at the conclusion of all leaves of absence, paid or unpaid, the employee is still unable to assume the duties of his position, he shall be placed on a reemployment list for a period of 39 months.
 - d) At any time, during the prescribed 39 months, the employee is able to assume the duties of his position he shall be reemployed in the first vacancy in the classification of his previous assignment. His reemployment will take preference over all other applicants except for those laid off for lack of work or funds in which case he shall be ranked according to his proper seniority. Upon resumption of his duties, the break in service will be disregarded and he shall be fully restored as a permanent employee.
- E. The District may grant, within its sole discretion and pursuant to any of its Policies, leaves of absence for the following reasons:
 - 1. Special Leave

A special leave of absence with or without pay may be granted by the Board upon the recommendation of the Superintendent.

Legal Reference:

Education Code sections 45190, 45191, 45196, 45192, 45193, 45207, 45194, 44036, 44037, 45195 Labor Code section 233

Date Policy Adopted By The Board: September 25, 2001

LAGUNA BEACH UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

V.

Board Policies Covering All Unrepresented Classified Employees

Board Policy No. 4407: <u>EVALUATION PROCEDURE</u>

- A. The District retains sole responsibility for the evaluation and assessment of the job performance of each employee, and except as required by law, the implementation and administration of the procedures for such evaluation and assessment is solely within the discretion of the District.\
- B. The Superintendent shall establish appropriate evaluation forms and procedures so that classified employees may be evaluated. Evaluation forms shall be placed in the personnel files of classified employees.

Date Policy Adopted By The Board: September 25, 2001

LAGUNA BEACH UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

V.

Board Policies Covering All Unrepresented Classified Employees

Board Policy No. 4408 GRIEVANCE PROCEDURE

A. <u>Definitions</u>.

- 1. A "grievance" is a formal written allegation by an employee who has been adversely affected by a violation of the specific Policies concerning his/her working conditions. Actions to challenge or change the Policies of the District as set forth in other Policies must be undertaken under separate legal processes. Other matters for which a specific method of review is provided by law or by rules of the employer are not within the scope of this procedure.
- 2. A "grievant" is an employee.
- 3. A "day" is a day in which the administrative office of the District is open.

B. Informal Level.

Before filing a formal written grievance, the grievant shall attempt to resolve it by an informal conference with the Superintendent.

C. Formal Levels.

Step 1

Within twenty (20) days after the occurrence of the act or omission, or within twenty (20) days after the grievant knew or reasonably should have known of the act or omission giving rise to the grievance, the grievant must present such grievance in writing.

This statement shall be a clear, concise statement of the grievance, the circumstances involved, the decision rendered at the informal conference, under B above, and the specific remedy sought.

The Superintendent shall communicate a decision to the employee in writing within fifteen (15) days after receiving the grievance. If the Superintendent does not respond within the time limits, the grievant may appeal to the next step.

Within the above time limits, either party may request a personal conference with the other party.

Step 2

In the event that the grievant is not satisfied with the decision at Step 1, he/she may request to the Board that the grievance be submitted to the Board. Such request must be in writing, filed within ten (10) days with the Board President

The Board may or may not schedule a conference. The decision of the Board shall be final.

D. <u>Miscellaneous</u>

No grievant shall use the grievance procedure to appeal any decision of the District or its representatives if such decision is pursuant to any order of or written agreement with any state or federal court, regulatory commission or agency.

No grievant shall use the grievance procedure in regard to any claim or complaint for which there is another remedial procedure or course established by statute or by regulation having the force of law.

If the grievant introduces new evidence at any Step in the grievance procedure, the District may require that the grievance be returned to the prior Step.

Grievances will be filed and processed on forms developed by the District.

E. <u>Contents of Formal Grievance</u>

A formal grievance shall be signed and dated by the employee submitting the grievance and shall contain a specific description of all of the facts which the employee claims violated a specific policy of the District concerning the employee's working conditions. The grievance must identify the specific policy claimed to have been violated, how and by whom it was violated, the date of the violation, and the names of any witnesses or individuals who can or may provide information regarding the claimed violation.

Date Policy Adopted By The Board: September 25, 2001

LAGUNA BEACH UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

V.

Board Policies Covering All Unrepresented Classified Employees

Board Policy No. 4410: FAMILY CARE AND MEDICAL LEAVE

A. Intent Of Policy

This policy is intended to comply with the federal Family Medical Leave Act of 1993, 29 U.S.C. § 2601 et seq., and the California Family Rights Act of 1991 as amended October 5, 1993, Cal. Gov't Code § 12945.2. No greater or lesser leave benefits will be granted than those provided by applicable state or federal laws. This policy shall be interpreted so that there will be no violation of either state or federal law.

B. Family Care And Medical Leave

Family care and medical leave consists of unpaid leave for a period of up to twelve (12) work weeks in a school year (July 1 through June 30) for one of the following reasons:

- 1. The birth or placement of a child for adoption or foster care with the employee within one year of such birth or placement;
- 2. to care for the employee's spouse, child or parent with a serious health condition; or
- 3. if an employee has a serious health condition that makes the employee unable to perform his or her job.

Family Care and Medical leave is separate and distinct from disability leave for pregnant employees. Pregnant employees may be entitled to a disability leave in addition to a family care and medical leave. Section K describes in detail the interplay between pregnancy leave and family care and medical leave.

If the leave is requested for the placement or birth of a child, and both parents are employees of the District, the total amount of family care and medical leave for both parents is limited to twelve (12) weeks.

C. Definitions

- 1. "Accumulated Sick Leave" means days of sick leave the employee earned in previous school years and has not taken, thereby accruing a balance from year to year.
- 2. "Child" means a biological, adopted, or foster child, a step-child, a legal ward or a child of a person standing in loco parentis who is either i) under eighteen (18) years old or ii) over eighteen (18) years old and incapable of self-care because of a mental or physical disability.
- 3. "Differential Pay Sick Leave" means the right to receive the difference between an employee's regular salary and the amount of money the District pays a substitute.

- 4. "Employee Benefits" means all benefits provided or made available to employees by the District, including group life insurance, health insurance, disability insurance, sick leave, annual leave, educational benefits, and pensions, regardless of whether such benefits are provided by a practice or written policy of the District or through an employee benefit plan as defined in Section 3(3) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. 1002 (3)).
- 5. "Employment in the same position" means employment in the position which the employee held prior to taking a family care and medical leave.
- 6. "Employment in an equivalent position" means a position that has the same or similar duties, pay, and employment benefits which can be performed at the same or similar geographic location as the position held prior to the leave.
- 7. "Group health plan" means any plan provided or contributed to by the District to provide health care (directly or otherwise) to the employers, employees, former employees, or the families of such employees or former employees.
- 8. "Health care provider" means an individual:
 - a. holding a physician's and surgeon's certificate or an osteopathic physician's and surgeon's certificate; or
 - b. duly licensed as a physician, surgeon, or osteopathic physician or surgeon in another state or jurisdiction, who directly treats or supervises the treatment of the serious health condition; or
 - c. who has been determined by the United States Secretary of Labor to be capable of providing health care services under the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993.
- 9. "Industrial Accident and Illness" means a work related injury or illness.
- 10. "Intermittent Leave" means a leave taken in separate blocks of time due to a single illness or injury and may include leave periods from one hour or more to several weeks.
- 11. "Parent" means a biological, foster, or adoptive parent, a step-parent, a legal guardian or someone who stood in loco parentis to an employee when the employee was a child.
- 12. "Reduced Leave Schedule" means a leave schedule that reduces an employee's usual number of working hours per day or per week.
- 13. "Serious health condition" means an illness, injury, impairment or physical or mental condition which involves either of the following:
 - a. Inpatient care (overnight stay) in a hospital, hospice, or residential medical care facility; or
 - b. Continuing treatment or continuing supervision by a health care provider.

- 14. "Sick leave" means days for which an employee is paid but is not required to work because of illness or injury.
- 15. "Spouse" means a husband or wife according to California law.

D. Eligibility For Family Care And Medical Leave

Employees are required to have completed more than twelve (12) months of continuous service with the District to be eligible for family care and medical leave. Continuous service consists of full-time or part-time employment for the number of months customarily worked by employees in that job classification. If an employee separates from service after attaining more than one year of continuous service and is subsequently reemployed by the District, the employee is not eligible for family care and medical leave until he or she completes another year of service. Employees are required to have completed 1,250 hours of service in the twelve months preceding the leave for eligibility.

E. Right To Family Care And Medical Leave

Subject to the terms and conditions stated in this policy, an eligible employee shall be granted an unpaid family care and medical leave for up to a total of twelve work weeks in a school year (July 1 through June 30), after making a request for such leave in accordance with the procedures set forth below.

A request for family care and medical leave must comply with the applicable notice requirements described below. Appropriate certification as described in Section G is also required.

F. Requests For Family Care and Medical Leave

- 1. If the employee learns of facts necessitating a family care and medical leave more than thirty (30) calendar days prior to the time the leave is needed, the employee shall provide written notice to the District immediately. A minimum of thirty calendar days written notice is required.
- 2. If the employee learns of facts necessitating the family and medical care leave less that thirty (30) calendar days prior to the time the leave is needed, the employee shall provide written notice to the District as soon as possible. The employee is required to provide the District with written notice within five (5) working days of learning of the need for the leave.
- 3. If the employee's need for the leave is foreseeable due to a planned medical treatment or planned supervision of the employee, or that of a child, parent or spouse with a serious health condition, the employee shall consult with the District regarding the scheduling of the treatment or supervision so as to prevent undue disruption to the operations of the District. Any scheduling of treatment or supervision shall be subject to the approval of the health care provider of the individual with the serious health condition. In any event, thirty (30) calendar days written notice is required.

G. Certification Of Serious Health Condition From Health Care Provider

- 1. If the employee is requesting the leave to care for a child, parent or spouse with a serious health condition, the District may require certification of the serious medical condition by the individual's health care provider.
 - a. The certification shall include:
 - (1) the date on which the serious health condition commenced;
 - (2) the probable duration of the condition;
 - (3) an estimate of the time that the health care provider believes the employee needs to care for the individual requiring the care.
 - (4) a statement that the serious health condition warrants the participation of the employee to provide care for the employee's child, parent or spouse.
 - b. If additional leave is requested beyond the period stated in the certification, the District may require the employee to obtain recertification in accordance with the procedures set forth above.
- 2. If the employee is requesting the leave for his or her own serious medical condition, the District may require certification of the serious medical condition by his or her health care provider.
 - a. The certification shall include:
 - (1) the date on which the serious health condition commenced;
 - (2) the probable duration of the condition;
 - (3) a statement that, due to the serious health condition, the employee is unable to perform the functions of his or her position.
 - b. If additional leave is requested beyond the period stated in the certification, the District may require the employee to obtain recertification in accordance with the procedures set forth above.
 - c. If the District has reason to doubt the validity of the certification, the District may require the employee to undergo an examination by a health care provider of the District's choice to obtain a second opinion. If the second opinion differs from the opinion in the original certification, the District may require the employee undergo a third examination conducted by a health care provider jointly selected by the District and the employee. The third opinion shall be binding on the District and the employee. All subsequent opinions obtained after the initial certification shall be at District expense.

d. Prior to returning to work after an employee has been granted family care and medical leave for his or her own serious medical condition, the District may require the employee to obtain certification from his or her health care provider that the employee is able to resume his or her duties.

H. Right To Reinstatement

1. In general, an employee returning from a family care and medical leave shall be assigned to the position he or she occupied prior to the leave, or an equivalent position with equivalent terms and conditions of employment, including employment benefits such as pay, working conditions, privileges, and status. Additionally, an employee's use of family care and medical leave will not result in the loss of any other employment benefit that the employee earned or was entitled to before using the leave.

I. <u>Intermittent Or Reduced Schedule Leave</u>

- 1. Leave taken because of the serious health condition of the employee or the employee's spouse, child or parent, may be taken intermittently or on a reduced schedule leave when medically necessary. Intermittent or reduced schedule leave shall not result in a reduction of the total amount of family care and medical leave to which the employee is entitled pursuant to state and federal law. Leave taken because of the birth of a child or placement of a child with the employee, shall not be taken intermittently or on a reduced schedule leave unless expressly agreed to by the District and the employee.
- 2. If an employee requests intermittent leave, or a reduced schedule leave, the District may require the employee to transfer temporarily to an available alternative position. The alternative position must be one which the employee is qualified for, which has equivalent pay and benefits, and better accommodates the recurring periods of leave than the employee's regular position.

J. <u>Terms Of Family Care And Medical Leave</u>

1. Leave taken pursuant to this policy is unpaid leave. However, an eligible employee may elect, or the District may require the employee, to substitute accrued paid sick leave, differential pay sick leave or other paid leave for any part of the twelve week period. Nothing in this policy shall require the District to provide paid sick leave or paid medical leave in any situation in which the District would not otherwise provide any such paid leave.

In the event the employee elects or is required to use sick leave, the accumulated sick leave shall be used first. After the accumulated sick leave is exhausted, the employee may elect or the District may require the employee, to use any available differential pay sick leave during the period of the family care and medical leave.

Because family care and medical leave is limited to a duration of twelve (12) work weeks, it is unlikely the employee will run out of differential pay sick leave within the duration of the family care and medical leave for a particular individual serious health condition.

- 2. During the period of family care and medical leave, the District shall maintain coverage under any group health plan (as defined in Section 5000(b)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986) for a maximum of twelve (12) work weeks. The coverage shall be under the same terms and conditions as if the employee had continued in employment for the duration of the leave. The District may collect the amount of premiums paid by the District from the employee if the employee fails to return from leave after the contemplated time period for a reason other than the continuation, recurrence or onset of a serious health condition.
- 3. During the period of the family care and medical leave, the employee is entitled to participate in pension and retirement plans (hereinafter, "retirement plans") and supplemental employment benefit plans to the same extent and under the same conditions as would apply to any other unpaid personal leave granted by the District for any reason other than family care and medical necessity. The District is not required to make plan payments to any retirement plan or to count the leave period for purposes of "time accrued" under any such retirement plan during the unpaid portion of the leave period. However, during the portion of the leave period wherein the employee has elected or the District has required the employee to utilize accrued vacation or other paid leave, applicable payments will be made to the retirement plan. In addition, accrued vacation or other accrued paid time off shall count towards "time accrued" under the retirement plan in the same manner as if the employee had utilized the paid leave other than for family care and medical leave. Employees are allowed to continue making contributions to their retirement plan, in accordance with the terms of the plan, during the unpaid portion of the leave.
- 4. The employee shall maintain employee status during the period of the family care and medical leave. The leave shall not constitute a break in service for purposes of seniority and/or longevity.
- 5. The employee returning from family care and medical leave shall return with no less seniority than the employee had when the leave commenced for purposes of layoff, recall, promotion, job assignment and seniority-related benefits, such as vacation.
- 6. Other than as set forth in this policy, the District shall not refuse to hire, discharge, fine, suspend, expel or discriminate in any fashion against any individual who:
 - a. utilizes the family care and medical leave set forth in this policy;
 - b. gives information or testimony regarding the employee's own family care and medical leave, or another employee's family care and medical leave, in any inquiry or proceeding related to family care and medical leave.

K. Effect of Family Care and Medical Leave on Pregnancy Disability Leave

1. Leave Available

Leave taken under a pregnancy disability policy runs concurrently with family care and medical leave under federal law, but not family care and medical leave under California law. Consequently, an eligible employee may take a pregnancy disability leave of up to four (4) months and a family care and medical leave of up to twelve (12) work weeks, for a combination of four (4) months plus twelve (12) weeks (approximately seven (7) months).

In order to be eligible for a combination pregnancy disability/family care and medical leave, pregnant employees must meet the eligibility requirements set forth at Section D above.

2. Compensation During Leave

Leave necessitated by pregnancy, miscarriage, childbirth and recovery therefrom shall be treated the same as sick leave. Consequently, a classified employee shall utilize sick leave and any available differential pay sick leave during the period of the pregnancy disability/family care and medical leave.

The accumulated sick leave shall be used first. After the accumulated leave is exhausted, the employee shall use any available differential pay sick leave.

The employee may also elect, or the District may require the employee to utilize any other paid leave during the pregnancy disability/family care medical leave. Nothing in this policy shall require the District to provide paid sick leave or paid medical leave in any situation in which the District would not otherwise provide any such paid leave.

3. Benefits During Leave

The District shall maintain coverage under any group health plan (as defined in Section 5000(b)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986) for employees who are eligible for combination pregnancy disability/family care and medical leave for the amount of time the employee utilizes accumulated and differential pay sick leave. In addition, the District shall maintain coverage for a maximum of twelve (12) work weeks of unpaid leave taken pursuant to this policy. In some instances, the District may recover premiums it paid to maintain health coverage for an employee who fails to return to work following a combination pregnancy disability/family care and medical leave.

Employees on a combination pregnancy disability/family care and medical leave whose paid coverage ceases in accordance with this policy, may continue their group health insurance coverage through the District in conjunction with federal COBRA guidelines by making monthly payments to the District for the amount of the relevant premium. Employees should contact their supervisor or the District Office for further information.

4. Reinstatement

In general, employees returning from a combination pregnancy disability/family care and medical leave shall be reinstated pursuant to the reinstatement rights set forth in Section H.

However, if an employee returning from pregnancy disability leave is unable to perform the essential functions of the job because of a physical or mental condition, the District's obligations to that employee may be governed by the Americans with Disabilities Act.

L. Effect of Family Care and Medical Leave on Industrial Accident or Illness Disability Leave

1. Leave Available

Leave taken under any industrial accident or illness disability policy runs concurrently with family care and medical leave under both federal and state law.

2. Benefits During Leave

The District shall maintain coverage under any group health plan (as defined in Section 5000(b)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986) for employees who are eligible for combination industrial injury or illness disability/family care and medical leave for a maximum of twelve (12) work weeks. In some instances, the District may recover premiums it paid to maintain health coverage for an employee who fails to return to work following a combination industrial injury or illness disability/family care and medical leave.

Employees on a combination industrial injury or illness disability/family care and medical leave whose paid coverage ceases after 12 work weeks, may continue their group health insurance coverage through the District in conjunction with federal COBRA guidelines by making monthly payments to the District for the amount of the relevant premium. Employees should contact their supervisor or the District Office for further information.

3. Reinstatement

In general, employees returning from a combination industrial injury or illness disability/family care and medical leave shall be reinstated pursuant to the reinstatement rights set forth in Section H.

However, if an employee returning from industrial injury or illness disability leave is unable to perform the essential functions of the job because of a physical or mental condition, the District's obligations to that employee may be governed by the Americans with Disabilities Act.

Legal References: Family Medical Leave Act of 1993 California Family Rights Act of 1991, as amended October 5, 1993

Date Policy Adopted By The Board: September 25, 2001