



STUDENTS

Self-Administration of Asthma and Anaphylaxis Medications

Asthma is an inflammatory disease of the respiratory tract. Anaphylaxis is a life-threatening allergic reaction that may involve systems of the entire body. Anaphylaxis is a medical emergency that requires immediate medical treatment and follow-up care by an allergist/immunologist.

It is the policy of the board of directors that students with asthma or anaphylaxis are afforded the opportunity to self-administer prescribed medications. The student's parent or guardian will submit a written request and other documentation required by the school. The student's prescribing health care provider must provide a written treatment plan.

The student must demonstrate to the school's professional registered nurse that the student is competent to possess and self-administer prescribed medications during school and at school sponsored events.

The superintendent will establish procedures that implement this policy and follow emergency rescue procedures outlined in the most recent edition of *AMES: Asthma Management in Educational Settings*, in cases of suspected asthma and the emergency rescue procedures outlined in the Office of the Superintendent of Public Instruction's *Guidelines for the Care of Students with Anaphylaxis (2009)* in cases of suspected anaphylaxis.

Legal References:	42 U.S.C.280, Section	Public Health Service Act
		Chapter 462, Laws of 2005 Relating to the prevention, diagnosis and treatment of asthma
	42 U.S.C. 12212Section 512	Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990
	34 CFR Part 104	Section 504 of Rehabilitation Act of 1973
	RCW 28A.210.370	Students with Asthma
	RCW 28A.210.380	Anaphylaxis-Policy guidelines-Procedures-Reports

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