IREDELL-STATESVILLE BOARD OF EDUCATION

Financial Report

Year Ended June 30, 2019

IREDELL-STATESVILLE BOARD OF EDUCATION

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COFFEY, LOVINS & COMPANY, PLLC

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education Iredell-Statesville Board of Education Statesville, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Iredell-Statesville Board of Education, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Iredell-Statesville Board of Education's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Iredell-Statesville Board of Education as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund, State Public School Fund and Other Special Revenue Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 4 through 11 and the Schedules of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension and OPEB Liabilities and the Schedules of Board Contributions on pages 53 and 58, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Iredell-Statesville Board of Education's basic financial statements. The individual non-major fund financial statements, budgetary schedules and other schedules, as well as the accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200*, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The individual non-major fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the individual non-major fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 30, 2019 on our consideration of Iredell-Statesville Board of Education's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Iredell-Statesville Board of Education's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Coffey, Lovins & Company, PLLC

Statesville, North Carolina

September 30, 2019

This section of the Iredell-Statesville Board of Education's *(the Board)* financial report represents our discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the Board for the year ended June 30, 2019. This information should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements included in this report.

Financial Highlights

- The Board's enrollment remained virtually unchanged between 2018-19 and 2017-18. The ADM for 2018-19 was 20,155 students.
- The citizens of Iredell County passed a \$131.5 million bond referendum in November 2015 with the Board's allocation being \$119.5 million. In 2018-19, the Board started the final phase of the project by starting construction at Woodland Heights Middle School and Third Creek Middle School.
- The State of North Carolina increased teacher and administrator pay and benefit during the 2018-19 school year, this resulted in an increase of State funding of \$5.1 million. The Board's Local Current Expense funding also increased by \$1.0 million or 2.9%.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The financial statements of the Iredell-Statesville Board of Education consist of four components. They are as follows:

- Independent Auditor's Report
- Management's Discussion and Analysis (required supplementary information)
- Basic Financial Statements
- Required supplemental section that presents combining and budgetary statements for non-major governmental funds and budgetary statements for enterprise funds

The Basic Financial Statements include two types of statements that present different views of the Board's finances. The first is the Government-wide Statements. The government-wide statements are presented on the full accrual basis of accounting and include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the Board's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. Assets and liabilities are classified in the order of relative liquidity for assets and due date for liabilities. This statement provides a summary of the Board's investment in assets, net deferred outflow of resources, and obligations to creditors. Liquidity and financial flexibility can be evaluated using the information contained in this statement. The Statement of Activities summarizes the Board's revenues and expenses for the current year. A net (expense) revenue format is used to indicate to what extent each function is self-sufficient.

The second set of statements included in the basic financial statements is the *Fund Financial Statements*, which are presented for the Board's governmental and proprietary funds. These statements present the governmental funds on the modified accrual basis of accounting, measuring the near term inflows and outflows of financial resources and what is available at year-end to spend in the next fiscal year. The proprietary funds are presented on the full accrual basis of accounting. The fund financial statements focus on the Board's most significant funds. Because a different basis of accounting is used in the government wide statements, reconciliation from the governmental fund financial statements to the government-wide statements is required. The government-wide statements provide information about the Board as an economic unit while the fund financial statements provide information on the financial resources of each of the Board's major funds.

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the unit as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Positon includes all of the Board's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the board's net position and how it has changed. Net position – the difference between the board's assets and deferred outflows of resources and the total of liabilities and deferred inflows of resources – is one way to measure the unit's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the Board's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.
- To assess the Board's overall health, you need to consider additional non-financial factors such
 as changes in the County's property tax base and the condition of its school buildings and other
 physical assets.

The unit's activities are divided into two categories in the government-wide statements:

- Governmental activities: Most of the Board's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation, and administration. County funding and State and federal aid finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities: The Board charges fees to help it cover the costs of certain services it provides. School food service and childcare services are included here.

The government-wide statements are shown as Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the Board's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds – not the unit as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the Board uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs.

- Some funds are required by State law, such as the State Public School Fund.
- The Board has established other funds to control and manage money for a particular purpose or to show that it is properly using certain revenues, such as in the Federal Grants Fund.

Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Iredell-Statesville Board of Education has two types of funds:

Governmental funds: Most of the Board's basic services are included in the governmental funds, which generally focus on two things – how cash and other assets can readily be converted to cash flow in and out, and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. As a result of this focus, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the coming year to finance the Board's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements, in the form of reconciliation, explains the relationship (or differences) between the government-wide and the fund financial statements. The Board has several governmental funds: the General Fund, the State Public School Fund, the Individual Schools Fund, the Capital Outlay Fund, the Federal Grants Fund, and the other Special Revenue Fund.

The governmental fund statements are shown as Exhibits 3, 4 and 5 of this report.

Proprietary funds: Services for which the Board charges a fee are generally reported in the proprietary funds. The proprietary fund statements are reported on the same full accrual basis of accounting as the government-wide statements. Iredell-Statesville Board of Education has two proprietary funds – both enterprise funds – the School Food Service Fund and the Child Care Fund.

The proprietary fund statements are shown as Exhibits 6, 7, and 8 of this report.

Financial Analysis of the Schools as a Whole

Net position is an indicator of the fiscal health of the Board. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$211,515,790 as of June 30, 2019. The largest component of net position is net investment in capital assets of \$87,473,902.

Financial Analysis of the Schools as a Whole (Continued)

Following is a summary of the Statement of Net Position:

Table 1 Condensed Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2019 and 2018

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total Primary	Government
	6/30/2019	6/30/2018	6/30/2019	6/30/2018	6/30/2019	6/30/2018
Current assets Capital assets Total assets	\$ 19,369,926 93,075,731 112,445,657	\$ 17,303,078 99,478,042 116,781,120	\$ 1,575,821 <u>481,636</u> 2,057,457	\$ 1,952,352 503,054 2,455,406	\$ 20,945,747 <u>93,557,367</u> <u>114,503,114</u>	\$ 19,255,430 <u>99,981,096</u> 119,236,526
Deferred outflows o	f					
resources	51,261,787	41,793,172	1,828,809	1,545,228	53,090,596	43,338,400
Current liabilities Long-term	19,109,801	17,726,497	475,044	517,522	19,584,845	18,244,019
liabilities	249,274,734	274,231,165	8,789,697	9,816,622	258,064,431	284,047,787
Total liabilities	268,384,535	291,957,662	9,264,741	10,334,144	277,649,276	302,291,806
Deferred inflows of Resources	97,965,223	76,038,994	3,495,001	2,808,713	101,460,224	78,847,707
Net investment in capital assets Restricted net positi	86,992,266 ion 2,676,569	89,403,975 2,645,481	481,636 6,656	503,054 14,010	87,473,902 2,683,225	89,907,029 2,659,491
Unrestricted net position (deficit) Total net position	(292,311,149) \$ (202,642,314)	(301,471,820) \$ (209,422,364)	(9,361,768) \$ (8,873,476)	(9,659,287) \$ (9,142,223)	(301,672,917) \$(211,515,790)	(311,131,107) \$(218,564,587)

The net position increased during the year, indicating an improvement in the financial condition of the Board. The increase in net position was due largely to the change in pension and OPEB related assets and liabilities. Also note that the Board carries capital assets for which Iredell County carries the offsetting debt.

The following table shows the revenues and expenses for the Board for the current fiscal year.

Table 2 Condensed Statement of Activities for the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

	Governmen	ntal Activities	Business-typ	e Activities	Total Primary	/ Government
	6/30/2019	6/30/2018	6/30/2019	6/30/2018	6/30/2019	6/30/2018
Revenues: Program revenues	:					
Charges for						
services	\$ 1,389,140	\$ 233,858	\$ 4,726,518	\$ 4,738,036	\$ 6,115,658	\$ 4,971,894
Operating grants						
and contributions	137,391,105	133,111,623	6,024,187	6,037,949	143,415,292	139,149,572
Capital grants						
and contributions	980,735	807,150			980,735	807,150
General revenues:	10 100 000	45 400 040	0.4.004		40.400.004	45 400 040
County revenues	48,103,860	45,439,819	34,821		48,138,681	45,439,819
Other revenues	6,128,995	2,193,638	19,525	17,478	6,148,520	2,211,116
Total revenues	193,993,835	<u>181,786,088</u>	10,805,051	10,793,463	204,798,886	192,579,551
F						
Expenses:	ultina.					
Governmental acti	vities:					
Instructional services	140 755 040	140 125 010			140 755 040	140 125 010
	142,755,849	149,135,919			142,755,849	149,135,919
System-wide	25 400 700	26 902 202			25 400 700	26 902 202
support services Ancillary services	35,199,709	36,892,302	-		35,199,709	36,892,302
	49,409	55,352	-		49,409	55,352
Non-programmed charges	4,277,689	3,999,437			4,277,689	3,999,437
Interest on long-ter		3,999,431	-		4,277,009	3,999,431
debt	6,968	24.374	_		6,968	24,374
Depreciation	4,879,161	3,463,140	_		4,879,161	3,463,140
Business-type acti		3,403,140	_		4,073,101	3,403,140
Food service		_	9,388,693	10,129,582	9,388,693	10,129,582
Child care		_	1,192,611	1,261,284	1,192,611	1,261,284
Total expenses	187,168,785	193,570,524	10,581,304	11,390,866	197,750,089	204,961,390
Transfers	(45,000)	(45,000)	45,000	45,000	-	
Change	(10,000)	(10,000)	,	,		
in net position	6,780,050	(11,829,436)	268,747	(552,403)	7,048,797	(12,381,839)
Beginning net	2,1 22,222	(11,0=0,100)		(,)	.,,.	(,,)
position	(209,422,364)	65,517,950	(9,142,223)	1,128,917	(218,564,587)	66,646,867
Net position,	(,,,, -,	,,	(-,, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -,	.,,.	(=:=,==:,==:)	,- :-,- ••
Restatement		(263,110,878)		(9,718,737)		(272,829,615)
Ending net position	\$(202,642,314)	\$ (209,422,364)	\$ (8,873,476)	\$ (9,142,223)	\$ (211,515,790)	\$(218,564,587)

Total governmental activities generated revenues of \$194 million while expenses in this category totaled \$187 million for the year ended June 30, 2019. Comparatively, revenues were \$181.8 million and expenses totaled \$193.6 million for the year ended June 30, 2018. The change in net position stands at \$6,780,050 and \$(11,829,436) at June 30, 2019 and 2018, comparatively. Instructional service expenses comprised 76% of total governmental-type expenses while system-wide support services made up 19% of those expenses for 2019. County funding comprised 25% of total governmental revenue in 2019 and 25% in 2018. Much of the remaining 75% of total governmental revenue for 2019 consists of restricted State and Federal money. Business-type activities generated revenue of \$10.8 million and had expenses of \$10.6 million. Net position increased in the business-type activities by \$268,747, including a \$45,000 transfer in from governmental activities.

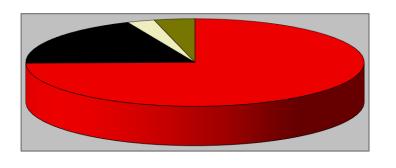
Financial Analysis of the Board's Funds

Governmental Funds: The focus of Iredell-Statesville Board of Education's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Board's financing requirements.

The Board's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$13,127,875, a \$2,171,027 increase over last year. The Capital Outlay Fund, Individual Schools Fund, Other Special Revenue Fund reported a \$316,890, \$90,810 and \$358,375 increase, respectively, in fund balance for the year ended June 30, 2019. The General Fund reported a \$1,404,952 increase in fund balance for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Proprietary Funds: The Board's business-type funds had a net increase in net position in the past year. The School Food Service Fund reflected an increase in net position from the prior year of \$180,369. The Child Care Fund's net position increased by \$88,378.





■ Instructional Services

■ System-wide Support Services

■ Non-Programmed Charges

■ Capital Projects

Expenditures presented on modified accrual basis of accounting

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the Board revised the budget to account for changes in revenue and expenditure expectations.

Capital Assets

Capital assets decreased by \$6,423,729 from the previous year as a result of depreciation exceeding capital additions. The following is a summary of the capital assets, net of depreciation at year-end.

Table 3 Summary of Capital Assets as of June 30, 2019 and 2018

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total Primary	Total Primary Government				
	6/30/2019	6/30/2018	6/30/2019	6/30/2018	6/30/2019	6/30/2018				
Land	\$ 17,925,338	\$ 17,189,476	\$	\$	\$ 17,925,338	\$ 17,189,476				
Building and improvements Equipment and	56,753,779	60,543,289			56,753,779	60,543,289				
furniture	12,960,735	17,180,475	481,636	503,054	13,442,371	17,683,529				
Vehicles	5,435,879	4,564,802			5,435,879	4,564,802				
Total	\$ 93,075,731	\$ 99,478,042	\$ 481,636	\$ 503,054	\$ 93,557,367	\$ 99,981,096				

Debt Outstanding

During the year the Board's outstanding debt decreased by \$4 million. The Board is limited by North Carolina General Statues with regards to the types of debt it can issue and for what purpose that debt can be used. The County holds the majority of the debt issued for school construction.

Economic Factors

County funding is a major source of income for the Board; therefore the County's economic outlook directly affects that of the schools. The following factors have impacted the economic outlook of Iredell County:

- Iredell County's unemployment rate of 4.1% at June 2019 has increased slightly from 3.9% at June 2018. The State unemployment rate at June 2019 was 4.2%.
- Iredell County maintains the lowest property tax rate in the region and the 15th lowest in the State at \$0.5275 per \$100 of valuation.

Requests for Information

This report is intended to provide a summary of the financial condition of Iredell-Statesville Board of Education. Questions or requests for additional information should be addressed to:

Melissa Wike, Finance Officer Iredell-Statesville Board of Education P.O. Box 911 Statesville, NC 28687

IREDELL-STATESVILLE BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2019

Exhibit 1

	I	t		
	overnmental	siness-type		_
	Activities	Activities		Total
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 13,415,937	\$ 1,331,481	\$	14,747,418
Receivables (net)	322,436	38,433		360,869
Net OPEB asset	186,569	6,656		193,225
Due from other governments	5,444,984	116,946		5,561,930
Inventories	-	82,305		82,305
Capital assets:				
Land, improvements, and				
construction in progress	17,925,338	-		17,925,338
Other capital assets, net of				
depreciation	75,150,393	481,636		75,632,029
Total capital assets	 93,075,731	 481,636		93,557,367
Total assets	112,445,657	2,057,457		114,503,114
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	51,261,787	1,828,809		53,090,596
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and accrued				
expenses	5,830,317	125,852		5,956,169
Unearned revenue	-	123,625		123,625
Long-term liabilities:		-,-		-,-
Net pension liability	69,367,397	2,474,746		71,842,143
Net OPEB liability	177,008,749	6,314,951		183,323,700
Due within one year	13,279,484	225,567		13,505,051
Due in more than one year	2,898,588	, -		2,898,588
Total liabilities	268,384,535	9,264,741		277,649,276
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	97,965,223	3,495,001		101,460,224
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	86,992,266	481,636		87,473,902
Restricted:				
Individual schools	1,766,321	-		1,766,321
Scholarships	123,618	-		123,618
Stabilization by State Statue	600,061	-		600,061
DIPNC OPEB Plan	186,569	6,656		193,225
Unrestricted (deficit)	(292,311,149)	(9,361,768)		(301,672,917)
Total net position	\$ (202,642,314)	\$ (8,873,476)	\$	(211,515,790)

								Net (Expense) R				Net Position
				Progr	am Revenues	5			Primary	Governmen	t	
					perating	Cap	oital Grants					
- 4 -	_		harges for		rants and		and	Governmental		ness-type		
Functions/Programs Primary government:	Expenses		Services	Coi	ntributions	Coi	ntributions	Activities	A	ctivities		Total
Primary government:												
Governmental Activities:												
Instructional services:	A 04.400.544	•	100 110	•	70 000 570	•		A (40.007.555)	•		•	(40.007.555)
Regular instructional	\$ 94,132,541	\$	462,410	\$	79,982,576	\$	-	ψ (10,001,000)	\$	-	\$	(13,687,555
Special populations	16,283,417		29,876		15,740,615		-	(512,926)		-		(512,926
Alternative programs	9,599,163		-		8,949,163		-	(650,000)		-		(650,000
School leadership	10,392,890		-		7,129,961		-	(3,262,929)		-		(3,262,929
Co-curricular	744,342		-		1,780		-	(742,562)		-		(742,562
School-based support	11,603,496		-		8,048,499		-	(3,554,997)		-		(3,554,997
System-wide support services:												
Support and development	1,031,982		-		567,082		-	(464,900)		-		(464,900
Special population	930,562		-		832,220		-	(98,342)		-		(98,342
Alternative programs	355,640		-		306,332		-	(49,308)		-		(49,308
Technology support	2,725,447		-		1,276,427		-	(1,449,020)		-		(1,449,020
Operational support	26,397,653		896,854		13,413,109		980,735	(11,106,955)		-		(11,106,955
Financial and human resource	2,159,380		-		351,686		-	(1,807,694)		_		(1,807,694
Accountability	127,884		_		126,839		_	(1,045)				(1,045
System-wide pupil support	1,036		_		1,006		_	(30)		_		(30
Policy, leadership and public relations	1,470,125		_		375,806		_	(1,094,319)		_		(1,094,319
Ancillary services	49,409		_		12,277		_	(37,132)		_		(37,132
Non-programmed charges	4,277,689				275,727			(4,001,962)				(4,001,962
Interest expense	6,968		_		213,121		_	(6,968)		_		
Unallocated depreciation expense**	4,879,161		-		-		-	, ,		-		(6,968
Total governmental activities	187,168,785		1,389,140		137,391,105		980,735	(4,879,161) (47,407,805)				(4,879,161 (47,407,805
•	107,100,703		1,309,140		137,391,103		900,733	(47,407,003)				(47,407,003
Business-type activities:												
School food service	9,388,693		3,450,561		6,024,187		34,821	-		120,876		120,876
Child care	1,192,611		1,275,957				-	-	·	83,346		83,346
Total business-type activities	10,581,304		4,726,518		6,024,187		34,821	<u>-</u>		204,222		204,222
Total primary government	\$ 197,750,089	\$	6,115,658	\$	143,415,292	\$	1,015,556	(47,407,805)		204,222		(47,203,583
	General revenues	:	_									
	Unrestricted cou		propriations - o	pperatir	าต			37,189,750		_		37,189,750
	Unrestricted cou			-	.5			10,914,110		_		10,914,110
	Unrestricted Sta			-				2,015,450		_		2,015,450
	Investment earn		•	pitai				267,354		16,949		284,303
		-										
	Miscellaneous, u Transfers	unesti	icieu					3,846,191 (45,000)		2,576 45,000		3,848,767
	Transfers Total genera	al rovo	nue.					54,187,855		64,525		54,252,380
	· ·							6,780,050		268,747		7,048,797
	Change in net position Net position-beginning							(209,422,364)		(9,142,223)		(218,564,587
								、としいってとこしいすり		, U, : TL,LLU/		(= 10,00-T,001
	Net position-endin	•						\$ (202,642,314)	\$	(8,873,476)	\$	(211,515,790)

					N	lajor Funds					N	on-major Fund		Exhibit 3
		General	s 	tate Public School		Individual Schools	Са	pital Outlay		ther Special Revenue	Fed	deral Grant	Go	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$	8,603,174 177,718	\$	-	\$	1,766,321	\$	1,480,259	\$	1,566,183 144,718	\$	-	\$	13,415,937 322,436
Due from other funds Due from other governments Total assets	\$	124,517 8,905,409	\$	3,667,439 3,667,439	\$	1,766,321	\$	1,175,299 2,655,558	\$	153,108 1,864,009	\$	6,200 324,621 330,821	\$	6,200 5,444,984 19,189,557
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:		· · ·				· · ·		· · ·		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other funds	\$	1,144,953 6,200	\$	3,667,439	\$	-	\$	639,490	\$	53,814 -	\$	324,621 -	\$	5,830,317 6,200
Unavailable revenues Total liabilities	_	2,250 1,153,403		3,667,439		-	_	639,490	_	216,715 270,529		6,200 330,821		225,165 6,061,682
Fund balances: Restricted: Stabilization by State Statute		302,235		_		_		_		297,826		_		600,061
School Capital Outlay Scholarships		123,618		-		-		2,016,068		201,020		-		2,016,068 123,618
Individual Schools Committed:		-		-		1,766,321		-				-		1,766,321
Board designated Assigned:		-		-		-		-		1,295,654		-		1,295,654
Subsequent years expenditures Unassigned		1,500,000 5,826,153		- -		- -		-		-		<u>-</u>		1,500,000 5,826,153
Total fund balances Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	7,752,006 8,905,409	\$	3,667,439	\$	1,766,321 1,766,321	\$	2,016,068 2,655,558	\$	1,593,480 1,864,009	\$	330,821		13,127,875
	Ne	nounts reporte t OPEB asset pital assets us						•	`	,				186,569
	De De	nds. Iferred outflow Iferred outflow Iterred outflow	s of re	esources relat	ed to	OPEB	tatem	nents.						93,075,731 38,503,486 12,758,301 225,165
	So and	me liabilities, i d therefore are t pension liabi	nclud not	ling bonds pay	/able	and accrued in			and	payable in the	curre	nt period		(16,178,072) (69,367,397)
	Ne De	t OPEB liabilit ferred inflows ferred inflows	y of res											177,008,749) (2,022,134) (95,943,089)
	N	Net position of	gove	rnmental activ	rities								\$ (202,642,314)

IREDELL-STATESVILLE BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Tor the real Ended Julie 30, 2013											Exhibit 4
				Major Funds					Non-Major Fund		
	General	;	State Public School	Individual Schools	С	apital Outlay		her Special Revenue	Federal Grants	G	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES											
State of North Carolina	\$ -	\$	120,851,285	\$ -	\$	2,015,450	\$	56,669	\$ -	\$	122,923,404
Iredell County	37,189,750		-	-		10,914,110		-	-		48,103,860
U.S. Government	-		-	-		-		856,824	9,953,513		10,810,337
Other	1,345,304			4,713,221		171,783		6,177,688			12,407,996
Total revenues	38,535,054		120,851,285	4,713,221		13,101,343		7,091,181	9,953,513		194,245,597
EXPENDITURES											
Current:											
Instructional services:											
Regular instructional	10,010,969		73,759,973	4,622,411		2,974		1,164,620	723,693		90,284,640
Special populations	617,640		12,046,433	· · ·		, -		364,290	3,686,934		16,715,297
Alternative programs	727,003		3,986,471	-		-		560,428	4,419,069		9,692,971
School leadership	3,706,702		7,127,062	-		-		2,899	-		10,836,663
Co-curricular	774,340		-	_		_		1,780	_		776,120
School-based support	4,015,495		7,570,398	_		_		161,016	328,254		12,075,163
System-wide support services:	.,0.0,.00		.,0.0,000					,	0_0,_0 .		,,,
Support and development	446,462		479,857	_		_		140,570	8,189		1,075,078
Special population support	115,861		448,120	_		_		103,928	282,029		949,938
Alternative programs	21,933		107,992	_		_		28,366	198,340		356,631
Technology support	1,292,565		1,276,427	_		_		272,084	130,040		2,841,076
Operational support	7,692,208		13,349,406			2,116,844		3,029,080	14,793		26,202,331
Financial and human resource	1,979,341		255,365	-		2,110,044		16,834	14,735		2,251,540
Accountability	6,156		255,505	-		-		126,839	-		132,995
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0,100		-					1,006	-		
System-wide pupil support	1,031,216		344,990			-		124,200	30,016		1,006
Policy, leadership and public relations	1,031,210			-		-			30,010		1,530,422
Ancillary services	4 000 470		9,606	-		-		41,797	202.400		51,403
Non-programmed charges	4,662,478		-	-		-		14,641	262,196		4,939,315
Debt service:	00.005		40.000			4 700 400		575.040			E 444 E00
Principal	29,605		43,603	-		4,762,462		575,916	-		5,411,586
Interest expense	128		582	-		6,040		218	-		6,968
Capital outlay			-			7,317,117		2,294			7,319,411
Total expenditures	37,130,102		120,806,285	4,622,411		14,205,437		6,732,806	9,953,513		193,450,554
Revenues over (under) expenditures	1,404,952		45,000	90,810		(1,104,094)		358,375	-		795,043
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Transfers from (to) other funds	_		(45,000)	-		_		_	-		(45,000)
Debt obligations issued	-		-	_		1,420,984		_			1,420,984
Total other financing sources (uses)			(45,000)			1,420,984					1,375,984
Net change in fund balance	1,404,952		-	90,810		316,890		358,375			2,171,027
Fund balances-beginning	6,347,054		_	1,675,511		1,699,178		1,235,105	_		10,956,848
Fund balances beginning Fund balances-ending	\$ 7,752,006	\$		\$ 1,766,321	\$	2,016,068	\$	1,593,480	\$ -	\$	13,127,875
i and balanoos onding	Ψ 1,102,000	Ψ		Ψ 1,100,021	Ψ	2,010,000	Ψ	1,000,400	Ψ	Ψ	10, 121,010

IREDELL-STATESVILLE BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Exhibit 4 (Continued)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 2,171,027
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which	
depreciation exceeded capital additions in the current period.	(6,294,056)
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities	12,910,030
Contributions to the OPEB plan in the current fisal year are not included on the Statement of Activities	6,733,383
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Change in deferred revenue	(143,507)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	3,990,602
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Pension expense Net OPEB expense	(15,020,872) 2,111,845
Compensated absences	429,853
Net book value of disposed capital assets	 (108,255)
Total changes in net position of governmental activities	\$ 6,780,050

IREDELL-STATESVILLE BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND AND ANNUALLY BUDGETED MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

State of North Carolina \$ Iredell County 37 U.S. Government 1 Total revenues 38 Expenditures: Current: Instructional services: Regular instructional Special populations Alternative programs School leadership Co-curricular School-based support Total instructional services System-wide support services: Support and development Special population support Alternative programs Technology support Operational support Financial and human resource Accountability System-wide pupil support Policy, leadership and public relations Total support services 15 Ancillary services Non-programmed charges Debt service: Principal Interest expense Capital Outlay Total expenditures 40	riginal - 7,189,749 - ,099,700 3,289,449	Final \$	Actual Amounts \$ - 37,189,750 - 1,345,304 38,535,054 10,010,969 617,640 727,003 3,706,702 774,340 4,015,495 19,852,149 446,462 115,861 21,933 1,292,565 7,692,208 7,692,208	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative) \$ - 106,168 106,169
Revenues: State of North Carolina Iredell County U.S. Government Other Total revenues Expenditures: Current: Instructional services: Regular instructional Special populations Alternative programs School leadership Co-curricular School-based support Total instructional services: System-wide support services: Support and development Special population support Alternative programs Technology support Operational support Financial and human resource Accountability System-wide pupil support Policy, leadership and public relations Total support services Non-programmed charges Debt service: Principal Interest expense Capital Outlay Total expenditures (20 Other financing sources:	7,189,749 - ,099,700 8,289,449	\$ - 37,189,749 - 1,239,136 38,428,885	\$ - 37,189,750 - 1,345,304 38,535,054	Final Budget - Positive (Negative) \$ - 106,168 106,169
State of North Carolina Iredell County U.S. Government Other Total revenues Expenditures: Current: Instructional services: Regular instructional Special populations Alternative programs School leadership Co-curricular School-based support Total instructional services: Support and development Special population support Alternative programs Technology support Operational support Financial and human resource Accountability System-wide pupil support Policy, leadership and public relations Total support services Ancillary services Non-programmed charges Debt service: Principal Interest expense Capital Outlay Total expenditures (20 Cother financing sources:	,099,700 8,289,449	37,189,749 - 1,239,136 38,428,885	37,189,750 1,345,304 38,535,054 10,010,969 617,640 727,003 3,706,702 774,340 4,015,495 19,852,149 446,462 115,861 21,933 1,292,565 7,692,208	1 - 106,168 106,169
Iredell County U.S. Government Other Total revenues Expenditures: Current: Instructional services: Regular instructional Special populations Alternative programs School leadership Co-curricular School-based support Total instructional services: System-wide support services: Support and development Special population support Alternative programs Technology support Operational support Financial and human resource Accountability System-wide pupil support Policy, leadership and public relations Total support services Ancillary services Non-programmed charges Debt service: Principal Interest expense Capital Outlay Total expenditures Quantification (20 Other financing sources:	,099,700 8,289,449	37,189,749 - 1,239,136 38,428,885	37,189,750 1,345,304 38,535,054 10,010,969 617,640 727,003 3,706,702 774,340 4,015,495 19,852,149 446,462 115,861 21,933 1,292,565 7,692,208	1 - 106,168 106,169
U.S. Government Other Total revenues Expenditures: Current: Instructional services: Regular instructional Special populations Alternative programs School leadership Co-curricular School-based support Total instructional services System-wide support services: Support and development Special population support Alternative programs Technology support Operational support Financial and human resource Accountability System-wide pupil support Policy, leadership and public relations Total support services Ancillary services Non-programmed charges Debt service: Principal Interest expense Capital Outlay Total expenditures Revenues over (under) expenditures (20 Other financing sources:	,099,700 8,289,449	1,239,136 38,428,885	1,345,304 38,535,054 10,010,969 617,640 727,003 3,706,702 774,340 4,015,495 19,852,149 446,462 115,861 21,933 1,292,565 7,692,208	106,169
Other Total revenues 38 Expenditures: Current: Instructional services: Regular instructional Special populations Alternative programs School leadership Co-curricular School-based support Total instructional services System-wide support services: Support and development Special population support Alternative programs Technology support Operational support Financial and human resource Accountability System-wide pupil support Policy, leadership and public relations Total support services Ancillary services Non-programmed charges Debt service: Principal Interest expense Capital Outlay Total expenditures Revenues over (under) expenditures (20 Other financing sources:	3,289,449	38,428,885	10,010,969 617,640 727,003 3,706,702 774,340 4,015,495 19,852,149 446,462 115,861 21,933 1,292,565 7,692,208	106,169
Total revenues Expenditures: Current: Instructional services: Regular instructional Special populations Alternative programs School leadership Co-curricular School-based support Total instructional services System-wide support services: Support and development Special population support Alternative programs Technology support Operational support Financial and human resource Accountability System-wide pupil support Policy, leadership and public relations Total support services Ancillary services Non-programmed charges Debt service: Principal Interest expense Capital Outlay Total expenditures Revenues over (under) expenditures (20 Other financing sources:	3,289,449	38,428,885	10,010,969 617,640 727,003 3,706,702 774,340 4,015,495 19,852,149 446,462 115,861 21,933 1,292,565 7,692,208	106,169
Expenditures: Current: Instructional services: Regular instructional Special populations Alternative programs School leadership Co-curricular School-based support Total instructional services: System-wide support services: Support and development Special population support Alternative programs Technology support Operational support Financial and human resource Accountability System-wide pupil support Policy, leadership and public relations Total support services Ancillary services Non-programmed charges Debt service: Principal Interest expense Capital Outlay Total expenditures (20 Other financing sources:			10,010,969 617,640 727,003 3,706,702 774,340 4,015,495 19,852,149 446,462 115,861 21,933 1,292,565 7,692,208	
Current: Instructional services: Regular instructional Special populations Alternative programs School leadership Co-curricular School-based support Total instructional services System-wide support services: Support and development Special population support Alternative programs Technology support Operational support Financial and human resource Accountability System-wide pupil support Policy, leadership and public relations Total support services Ancillary services Non-programmed charges Debt service: Principal Interest expense Capital Outlay Total expenditures Revenues over (under) expenditures (200	0,830,558	20,796,087	617,640 727,003 3,706,702 774,340 4,015,495 19,852,149 446,462 115,861 21,933 1,292,565 7,692,208	943,938
Instructional services: Regular instructional Special populations Alternative programs School leadership Co-curricular School-based support Total instructional services System-wide support services: Support and development Special population support Alternative programs Technology support Operational support Financial and human resource Accountability System-wide pupil support Policy, leadership and public relations Total support services Ancillary services Non-programmed charges Debt service: Principal Interest expense Capital Outlay Total expenditures Revenues over (under) expenditures (20 Other financing sources:	0,830,558	20,796,087	617,640 727,003 3,706,702 774,340 4,015,495 19,852,149 446,462 115,861 21,933 1,292,565 7,692,208	943,938
Regular instructional Special populations Alternative programs School leadership Co-curricular School-based support Total instructional services System-wide support services: Support and development Special population support Alternative programs Technology support Operational support Financial and human resource Accountability System-wide pupil support Policy, leadership and public relations Total support services Ancillary services Non-programmed charges Debt service: Principal Interest expense Capital Outlay Total expenditures Revenues over (under) expenditures (20 Other financing sources:	0,830,558	20,796,087	617,640 727,003 3,706,702 774,340 4,015,495 19,852,149 446,462 115,861 21,933 1,292,565 7,692,208	943,938
Special populations Alternative programs School leadership Co-curricular School-based support Total instructional services System-wide support services: Support and development Special population support Alternative programs Technology support Operational support Financial and human resource Accountability System-wide pupil support Policy, leadership and public relations Total support services Ancillary services Non-programmed charges Debt service: Principal Interest expense Capital Outlay Total expenditures Revenues over (under) expenditures (20 Other financing sources:	0,830,558	20,796,087	617,640 727,003 3,706,702 774,340 4,015,495 19,852,149 446,462 115,861 21,933 1,292,565 7,692,208	943,938
Alternative programs School leadership Co-curricular School-based support Total instructional services System-wide support services: Support and development Special population support Alternative programs Technology support Operational support Financial and human resource Accountability System-wide pupil support Policy, leadership and public relations Total support services Ancillary services Non-programmed charges Debt service: Principal Interest expense Capital Outlay Total expenditures Revenues over (under) expenditures (20 Other financing sources:	0,830,558	20,796,087	727,003 3,706,702 774,340 4,015,495 19,852,149 446,462 115,861 21,933 1,292,565 7,692,208	943,938
School leadership Co-curricular School-based support Total instructional services System-wide support services: Support and development Special population support Alternative programs Technology support Operational support Financial and human resource Accountability System-wide pupil support Policy, leadership and public relations Total support services Ancillary services Non-programmed charges Debt service: Principal Interest expense Capital Outlay Total expenditures Revenues over (under) expenditures (20 Other financing sources:	0,830,558	20,796,087	3,706,702 774,340 4,015,495 19,852,149 446,462 115,861 21,933 1,292,565 7,692,208	943,938
School-based support Total instructional services System-wide support services: Support and development Special population support Alternative programs Technology support Operational support Financial and human resource Accountability System-wide pupil support Policy, leadership and public relations Total support services Ancillary services Non-programmed charges Debt service: Principal Interest expense Capital Outlay Total expenditures Revenues over (under) expenditures (20 Other financing sources:	0,830,558	20,796,087	4,015,495 19,852,149 446,462 115,861 21,933 1,292,565 7,692,208	943,938
Total instructional services System-wide support services: Support and development Special population support Alternative programs Technology support Operational support Financial and human resource Accountability System-wide pupil support Policy, leadership and public relations Total support services Ancillary services Non-programmed charges Debt service: Principal Interest expense Capital Outlay Total expenditures Revenues over (under) expenditures (20 Other financing sources:	0,830,558	20,796,087	4,015,495 19,852,149 446,462 115,861 21,933 1,292,565 7,692,208	943,938
Total instructional services System-wide support services: Support and development Special population support Alternative programs Technology support Operational support Financial and human resource Accountability System-wide pupil support Policy, leadership and public relations Total support services Ancillary services Non-programmed charges Debt service: Principal Interest expense Capital Outlay Total expenditures Revenues over (under) expenditures (20 Other financing sources:	0,830,558	20,796,087	19,852,149 446,462 115,861 21,933 1,292,565 7,692,208	943,938
Support and development Special population support Alternative programs Technology support Operational support Financial and human resource Accountability System-wide pupil support Policy, leadership and public relations Total support services Ancillary services Non-programmed charges Debt service: Principal Interest expense Capital Outlay Total expenditures Revenues over (under) expenditures (2 Other financing sources:			115,861 21,933 1,292,565 7,692,208	
Special population support Alternative programs Technology support Operational support Financial and human resource Accountability System-wide pupil support Policy, leadership and public relations Total support services Ancillary services Non-programmed charges Debt service: Principal Interest expense Capital Outlay Total expenditures Revenues over (under) expenditures (2 Other financing sources:			115,861 21,933 1,292,565 7,692,208	
Alternative programs Technology support Operational support Financial and human resource Accountability System-wide pupil support Policy, leadership and public relations Total support services Ancillary services Non-programmed charges Debt service: Principal Interest expense Capital Outlay Total expenditures Revenues over (under) expenditures (2 Other financing sources:			21,933 1,292,565 7,692,208	
Technology support Operational support Financial and human resource Accountability System-wide pupil support Policy, leadership and public relations Total support services Ancillary services Non-programmed charges Pebt service: Principal Interest expense Capital Outlay Total expenditures Revenues over (under) expenditures (2) Other financing sources:			1,292,565 7,692,208	
Operational support Financial and human resource Accountability System-wide pupil support Policy, leadership and public relations Total support services Ancillary services Non-programmed charges Debt service: Principal Interest expense Capital Outlay Total expenditures Revenues over (under) expenditures (2) Other financing sources:			7,692,208	
Financial and human resource Accountability System-wide pupil support Policy, leadership and public relations Total support services Ancillary services Non-programmed charges Pebt service: Principal Interest expense Capital Outlay Total expenditures Revenues over (under) expenditures (2) Other financing sources:				
Accountability System-wide pupil support Policy, leadership and public relations Total support services Ancillary services Non-programmed charges Pebt service: Principal Interest expense Capital Outlay Total expenditures Revenues over (under) expenditures (2) Other financing sources:			4 070 044	
System-wide pupil support Policy, leadership and public relations Total support services Ancillary services Non-programmed charges Pebt service: Principal Interest expense Capital Outlay Total expenditures Revenues over (under) expenditures (2) Other financing sources:			1,979,341	
Policy, leadership and public relations Total support services Ancillary services Non-programmed charges Petrocipal Interest expense Capital Outlay Total expenditures Revenues over (under) expenditures (2) Other financing sources:			6,156	
Total support services Ancillary services Non-programmed charges Debt service: Principal Interest expense Capital Outlay Total expenditures Revenues over (under) expenditures (2) Other financing sources:			-	
Ancillary services Non-programmed charges Debt service: Principal Interest expense Capital Outlay Total expenditures Revenues over (under) expenditures (2) Other financing sources:			1,031,216	
Non-programmed charges Debt service: Principal Interest expense Capital Outlay Total expenditures AC Revenues over (under) expenditures (2) Other financing sources:	5,154,834	13,287,551	12,585,742	701,809
Debt service: Principal Interest expense Capital Outlay Total expenditures Revenues over (under) expenditures Other financing sources:	-	-	-	-
Principal Interest expense Capital Outlay Total expenditures Revenues over (under) expenditures Other financing sources:	,465,000	4,703,500	4,662,478	41,022
Interest expense Capital Outlay Total expenditures Revenues over (under) expenditures Other financing sources:				
Capital Outlay Total expenditures Revenues over (under) expenditures Other financing sources:	225,195	225,195	29,605	195,590
Total expenditures 40 Revenues over (under) expenditures (2 Other financing sources:	128	128	128	-
Revenues over (under) expenditures (2) Other financing sources:	-),675,715	39,012,461	37,130,102	1,882,359
Other financing sources:	7,070,710	(583,576)	1,404,952	1,988,528
•	2,386,266)	, ,	•	
Debt onligations issued	2,386,266)			
Transfers to other funds	2,386,266)		-	-
	2,386,266)	-	-	
Appropriated fund balance	2,386,266)		_	-
Revenues & appropriated fund balance over (under)	2,386,266) - - 2,386,266	- - 583,576	-	(583,576)
expenditures \$	- - -	- - - 583,576	-	(583,576)
Fund balances, beginning of year	- - -	583,576 \$	1,404,952	(583,576) \$ 1,404,952
Fund balances, end of year	- - -		1,404,952 6,347,054	

IREDELL-STATESVILLE BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND AND ANNUALLY BUDGETED MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

			Exhib	it 5 (Continued)
		State Public	School Fund	Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	*	*	*	* (4.040.000)
State of North Carolina	\$ 119,655,542	\$ 122,765,265	\$ 120,851,285	\$ (1,913,980)
Iredell County U.S. Government	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	_	-
Total revenues	119,655,542	122,765,265	120,851,285	(1,913,980)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instructional services:				
Regular instructional			73,759,973	
Special populations			12,046,433	
Alternative programs			3,986,471	
School leadership			7,127,062	
Co-curricular				
School-based support	101 100 100	100 100 000	7,570,398	4 000 054
Total instructional services	104,162,130	106,120,388	104,490,337	1,630,051
System-wide support services: Support and development			479,857	
Support and development Special population support			448,120	
Alternative programs			107,992	
Technology support			1,276,427	
Operational support			13,349,406	
Financial and human resource			255,365	
Accountability			-	
System-wide pupil support			-	
Policy, leadership and public relations			344,990	
Total support services	15,402,727	16,545,692	16,262,157	283,535
Ancillary services	1,500	10,000	9,606	394
Non-programmed charges	-	-	-	-
Debt service:	40.000	40.000	40.000	
Principal	43,603	43,603	43,603	-
Interest expense Capital Outlay	582	582	582	-
Total expenditures	119,610,542	122,720,265	120,806,285	1,913,980
Revenues over (under) expenditures	45,000	45,000	45,000	-
Other financing sources (uses):				
Proceeds from issuance of debt	_	-	_	_
Transfers to other funds	(45,000)	(45,000)	(45,000)	-
	(45,000)	(45,000)	(45,000)	-
Appropriated fund balance				
Revenues and other sources over expenditures and				
other uses	\$ -	\$ -	-	\$ -
Fund balances, beginning of year				
Fund balances, end of year			\$ -	
•				

IREDELL-STATESVILLE BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND AND ANNUALLY BUDGETED MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Exhibit 5 (Continued)									
			C	ther Special	Rever	nue Fund		riance with al Budget -		
_	Original		Original		Final		Actual Amounts		Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:	\$ 50,0	000	\$	57,900	\$	56,669	\$	(1,231)		
	263,8 2,845,0			1,282,086 5,805,487		856,824 6,177,688		(425,262) 372,201		
Total revenues	3,158,9			7,145,473		7,091,181		(54,292)		
Expenditures: Current:										
						1,164,620 364,290 560,428 2,899 1,780				
Total instructional services	1,777,9	993		2,923,869		161,016 2,255,033	-	668,836		
Support and development						140,570 103,928 28,366 272,084 3,029,080				
Accountability System-wide pupil support Policy, leadership and public relations Total support services	1,294,3 79,8			3,842,907 103,230		16,834 126,839 1,006 124,200 3,842,907 41,797		- - 61,433		
		996		17,142		14,641		2,501		
Debt service:	332,4	182 218		575,916 218		575,916 218		-		
Capital Outlay Total expenditures	13,3 3,500,1	309		13,309 7,476,591		2,294 6,732,806		11,015 743,785		
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(341,2			(331,118)		358,375		689,493		
Other financing sources (uses):	,	,		, , ,		,		,		
outer interioring courses (ucce).		-		-		-		-		
		_								
Appropriated fund balance	341,2	220		331,118				(331,118)		
Revenues and other sources under expenditures										
and other uses	\$	1	\$			358,375	\$	358,375		
Fund balances, beginning of year Fund balances, end of year					\$	1,235,105 1,593,480				

IREDELL-STATESVILLE BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2019

Exhibit 6

	Enterprise Funds						
	Major						
	School Food Service	Child Care	Total				
ASSETS							
Current assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 981,494	\$ 349,987	\$ 1,331,481				
Due from other governments	116,761	185	116,946				
Accounts receivable	14,624	23,809	38,433				
OPEB asset	5,513	1,143	6,656				
Inventories	82,305	075.404	82,305				
Total current assets	1,200,697	375,124	1,575,821				
Noncurrent assets:							
Capital assets, net	481,636	-	481,636				
	1,682,333	375,124	2,057,457				
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,514,832	313,977	1,828,809				
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	119,845	6,007	125,852				
Compensated absences	170,345	55,222	225,567				
Unearned revenue	114,268	9,357	123,625				
Total current liabilities	404,458	70,586	475,044				
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Net pension liability	2,049,872	424,874	2,474,746				
Net OPEB liability	5,230,775	1,084,176	6,314,951				
Total noncurrent liabilities	7,280,647	1,509,050	8,789,697				
Total liabilities	7,685,105	1,579,636	9,264,741				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	2,894,965	600,036	3,495,001				
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets	481,636	-	481,636				
DIPNC OPEB plan	5,513	1,143	6,656				
Unrestricted	(7,870,054)	(1,491,714) \$ (1,490,571)	(9,361,768)				
Total net position	\$ (7,382,905)	\$ (8,873,476)					

IREDELL-STATESVILLE BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION -PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

						Exhibit 7
			Ente	erprise Funds		
	Major Funds					
		School Food Service		Child Care		Total
OPERATING REVENUES						
Food sales	\$	3,450,561	\$	-	\$	3,450,561
Child care fees				1,275,957		1,275,957
Total operating revenues		3,450,561		1,275,957		4,726,518
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Food cost:						
Purchase of food		3,096,291		50,937		3,147,228
Salaries and benefits		4,868,868		1,110,262		5,979,130
Indirect costs		794,528		-		794,528
Utilities and telephone		22,142		6,255		28,397
Contracted services		5,802		2,387		8,189
Materials and supplies		491,773		6,317		498,090
Travel		18,028		3,004		21,032
Field trips		-		12,424		12,424
Depreciation		85,638		-		85,638
Other		5,623		1,025		6,648
Total operating expenses		9,388,693		1,192,611		10,581,304
Operating profit (loss)		(5,938,132)		83,346		(5,854,786)
NONOPERATING REVENUES						
Federal reimbursements		4,758,593		-		4,758,593
State reimbursements		16,299		-		16,299
Federal commodities		454,767		-		454,767
Indirect cost not paid		794,528		-		794,528
Interest earned		11,917		5,032		16,949
Gain on disposal of capital assets		1,718		-		1,718
Other		858		-		858
Total nonoperating revenue		6,038,680		5,032		6,043,712
Profit (loss) before contributions and transfers		100,548		88,378		188,926
Transfer from other funds		45,000		<u>-</u>		45,000
Contribution of fixed assets		34,821				34,821
Change in net position		180,369		88,378		268,747
Total net position - beginning		(7,563,274)		(1,578,949)		(9,142,223)
Total net position - ending	\$	(7,382,905)	\$	(1,490,571)	\$	(8,873,476)

IREDELL-STATESVILLE BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Exhibit 8

	Enterprise Funds					
	Major Funds					
	School Food		Child Care		Total	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from customers Cash paid for goods and services Cash paid to employees for services Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		3,443,192 (3,117,912) (5,379,220) (5,053,940)	\$ 	1,230,240 (79,032) (1,178,137) (26,929)	\$	4,673,432 (3,196,944) (6,557,357) (5,080,869)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Government reimbursements Other Net cash provided by noncapital financing		4,801,854 858		- -		4,801,854 858
activities CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from sale of capital assets		1,718		<u> </u>		1,718
Acquisition of capital assets Net cash used by capital and related financing activities		(29,399)				(29,399)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest on investments		11,917		5,032		16,949
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(266,992)		(21,897)		(288,889)
Balances-beginning of the year		1,248,486		371,884		1,620,370
Balances-end of the year	\$	981,494	\$	349,987	\$	1,331,481

IREDELL-STATESVILLE BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

				Exhibit 8
			((Continued)
Reconciliation of operating profit (loss) to net cash				
used by operating activities				
Operating profit (loss)	\$ (5,938,132)	\$ 83,346	\$	(5,854,786)
Adjustments to reconcile operating profit (loss) to	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>			<u> </u>
net cash used by operating activities:				
Depreciation	85,638	-		85,638
Donated commodities consumed	454,767	-		454,767
Salaries paid by other funds	45,000	-		45,000
Indirect cost not paid	794,528	-		794,528
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(9,655)	2,001		(7,654)
Decrease in net OPEB asset	6,142	1,212		7,354
Increase in due from other governments	-	68		68
Decrease in inventories	60,912	-		60,912
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and				
accrued expenses	6,068	3,249		9,317
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	325,846	76,578		402,424
Decrease in net OPEB liability	(1,211,938)	(217,411)		(1,429,349)
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows	558,313	127,975		686,288
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows	(229,311)	(54,270)		(283,581)
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenues	2,286	(47,718)		(45,432)
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	(4,404)	 (1,959)		(6,363)
Total adjustments	884,192	(110,275)		773,917
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ (5,053,940)	\$ (26,929)	\$	(5,080,869)

Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:

The School Food Service Fund received donated commodities with a value of \$454,767 during the fiscal year. The receipt of the commodities is recognized as a nonoperating revenue on Exhibit 7.

The State Public School Fund paid salaries of \$45,000 to administrative personnel of the School Food Service Fund during the fiscal year. The payment is reflected as a transfer in and an operating expense on Exhibit 7.

Indirect costs of \$794,528 that would be due to the Other Special Revenue Fund were not paid. These unpaid costs are reflected as a nonoperating revenue and an operating expense on Exhibit 7.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of Iredell-Statesville Board of Education conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

Reporting Entity

The Iredell-Statesville Board of Education (Board) is a Local Education Agency empowered by State law [Chapter 115C of the North Carolina General Statutes] with the responsibility to oversee and control all activities related to public school education of the children of Iredell County not living within the boundaries of the Mooresville City Local Educational Agency. The Board receives State, local, and federal government funding and must adhere to the legal requirements of each funding entity.

Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Board. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the effect of internal activities on revenues and expenses. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the Board. Governmental activities generally are financed through intergovernmental revenues and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the Board and for each function of the Board's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Board's funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and proprietary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each of which is displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The Board reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Board. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. This fund is the "Local Current Expense Fund," which is mandated by State law [G.S. 115C-426].

State Public School Fund. The State Public School Fund includes appropriations from the Department of Public Instruction for the current operating expenditures of the public school system.

Individual Schools Fund. The Individual Schools Fund includes revenues and expenditures of the activity funds of the individual schools. The primary revenue sources include funds held on the behalf of various clubs and organizations, receipts from athletic events, and proceeds from various fund raising activities. The primary expenditures are for athletic teams, club programs, activity buses, and instructional needs.

Capital Outlay Fund. The Capital Outlay Fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds). It is mandated by State law [G.S.115C-426]. Capital projects are funded by Iredell County appropriations, restricted sales tax moneys, proceeds of Iredell County bonds issued for public school construction, lottery proceeds, as well as certain State assistance.

Other Special Revenue Fund. The Other Special Revenue Fund is used to account for revenues from reimbursements, including indirect costs, fees for actual costs, tuition, gifts and grants restricted as to use, federal and State grants restricted as to use, federal and State appropriations made directly to local school administrative units, funds received for prekindergarten programs and special programs.

The Board reports the following major enterprise funds:

School Food Service Fund. The School Food Service Fund is used to account for the food service program within the school system.

Child Care Fund. The Child Care Fund is used to account for the before and after school care program within the school system.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Board gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include grants and donations. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The Board considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 60 days after year-end. These could include federal, State, and county grants, and some charges for services. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for claims and judgments and compensated absences, which are recognized to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the Board funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Board's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

Budgetary Data

The Board's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. Annual budgets are adopted for all funds, except for the Individual Schools Special Revenue Funds, as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. No budget is required by State law for individual school funds. All appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annually budgeted funds. The Board has authorized the Superintendent to move moneys (up to \$1,000) from one function to another within a fund. Amendments are required for any revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund or that change functional appropriations by more than \$1,000. All amendments must be approved by the governing board. During the year, several immaterial amendments to the original budget were necessary. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Equity

Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the Board are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law [G.S. 115C-444]. The Board may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Board may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit. The Board also has money credited in its name with the State Treasurer and may issue State warrants against these funds.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

State law [G.S. 115C-443] authorizes the Board to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances; the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT), an SEC-registered (2a-7) money market mutual fund; and the North Carolina State Treasurer's Short Term Investment Fund (STIF). The STIF is managed by the staff of the Department of State Treasurer and operated in accordance with state laws and regulations. It is not registered with the SEC. It consists of an internal portion and an external portion in which the Board participates. Investments are restricted to those enumerated in G.S. 147-69.1.

The Board's investments are reported at amortized cost or at fair value as determined by either quoted market prices or a matrix pricing model. Bank deposits and the NCCMT Government Portfolio are measured at amortized cost, which is the NCCMT's share price. Ownership interest of the STIF is determined on a fair market valuation basis as of fiscal year end in accordance with STIF procedures. Valuation of the underlying assets is performed by the custodian. Under the authority of G.S. 147-69.3, no unrealized gains or losses of the STIF are distributed to external participants of the fund.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Board pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents.

<u>Inventories</u>

The inventories of the Board are valued at cost and the Board uses the first-in, first-out (FIFO) flow assumption in determining cost.

Proprietary Fund inventories consist of food and supplies and are recorded as expenses when consumed.

Capital Assets

Donated assets received prior to July 1, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation or forfeiture. Donated capital assets received after July 1, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other capital assets are recorded at original cost. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Certain items acquired before July 1, 1970 are recorded at an estimated original historical cost. The total of these estimates is not considered large enough that any errors would be material when capital assets are considered as a whole.

It is the policy of the Board to capitalize all capital assets costing more than \$5,000 with an estimated useful life of two or more years. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Iredell County holds title to certain properties, which are reflected as capital assets in the financial statements of the Board. The properties have been deeded to the County to permit installment purchase financing of acquisition and construction costs and to permit the County to receive refunds of sales tax paid for construction costs. Agreements between the County and the Board gives the schools full use of the facilities, full responsibility for maintenance of the facilities, and provides that the County will convey title of the property back to the Board, once all restrictions of the financing agreements and all sales tax reimbursement requirements have been met.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Years
Buildings	30
Equipment and furniture	12
Vehicles	7
Computer equipment	5

Depreciation for building and equipment that serve multiple purposes cannot be allocated ratably and is therefore reported as "unallocated depreciation" on the Statement of Activities.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflow of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The Board has two items that meet this criterion – pension and OPEB related deferrals and contributions made to the plans subsequent to the measurement date. The statement of financial position also reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. The separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Board had one item that meet this criterion – pension and OPEB related deferrals.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities.

Compensated Absences

The Board follows the State's policy for vacation and sick leave. Employees may accumulate up to thirty (30) days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the Board, the current portion of the accumulated vacation pay is not considered to be material. The Board's liability for accumulated earned vacation and the salary-related payments as of June 30, 2019 is recorded in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements on a FIFO basis. An estimate has been made based on prior years' records of the current portion of compensated absences.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The sick leave policy of the Board provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the Board has no obligation for accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

Net Position

Net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through State statute.

Fund Balance

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of four classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Restricted Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute – portion of fund balance that is restricted by State Statute [G.S. 115C-425(a)].

Restricted for School Capital Outlay – portion of fund balance that can be only used for School Capital Outlay [G.S. 159-18 through 22].

Restricted for Scholarships – portion of fund balance <u>not</u> available for appropriation because it represents the year-end fund balance of scholarships, which are not expendable, available resources.

Restricted for Individual Schools – revenue sources restricted for expenditures for the various clubs and organizations, athletic events, and various fund raising activities for which they were collected.

Committed Fund Balance – Portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by majority vote of the Iredell-Statesville Schools governing body (highest level of decision-making authority). Any changes or removal of specific purpose requires majority action by the governing body.

Committed for Board designated purposes – portion of fund balance generated by revenues that can only be expended for specific purposes as designated by the Board.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assigned fund balance – portion of fund balance that Iredell-Statesville Board of Education intends to use for specific purposes.

Subsequent year's expenditures – portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed. The governing body approves the appropriation.

Unassigned fund balance – the portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

A. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position.

The governmental fund balance sheet includes reconciliation between fund balance - total governmental funds and net position – governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. The net adjustment of \$(215,770,189) consists of several elements as follows:

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Description	Amount
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are therefore not reported in the funds (total capital assets on government-wide statement in governmental	
activities column) Less Accumulated depreciation	\$ 214,418,001 121,342,270
Net capital assets	93,075,731
Net OPEB asset	186,569
Pension related deferred outflows of resources OPEB related deferred outflow of resources	38,503,486 12,758,301
Liabilities for revenue unavailable but earned and therefore recorded in the fund statements but not the government-wide	225,165
Liabilities that, because they are not due and payable in the current period, do not require current resources to pay and are therefore not recorded in the fund statements:	
Leases and installment financing	(6,083,465)
Compensated absences	(10,094,607)
Net pension liability	(69,367,397)
Net OPEB liability	(177,008,749)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions:	(2,022,134)
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(95,943,089)
Total adjustment	\$ (215,770,189)

B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance and the government-wide statement of activities.

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. There are several elements of that total adjustment of \$4,609,023 as follows:

NOTE 2 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

Description	Amount
Capital outlay expenditures recorded in the fund statements but capitalized as assets in the statement of activities.	\$ 4,272,081
Depreciation expense, the allocation of those assets over their useful lives, that is recorded on the statement of activities but not in the fund statements.	(10,566,137)
Revenues reported in the statement of activities that do not provide current resources are not recorded as revenues in the fund statements.	
Change in deferred revenue	(143,507)
New debt issued during the year is recorded as a source of funds on the funds statements, but has no effect on the statement of activities – it affects only the government-wide statement of net position.	
Principal payments on debt owed are recorded as a use of funds on the fund statements but affect only the statement of net position in the government-wide statements.	5,411,586
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities	12,910,030
Contributions to the OPEB plans in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities	6,733,383
Expenses reported in the statement of activities that do not require the use of current resources to pay are not recorded as expenditures in the fund statements. Pension expense OPEB expense Compensated absences are accrued in the government-wide statements but not in the fund statements because they do not use current resources. Net book value of disposed capital assets	(15,020,872) 2,111,845
Total adjustment	\$ 4,609,023

Defined Benefit Pension Plan and OPEB Plans

For the purposes of measuring the net pension asset and liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (TSERS), the Retiree Health Benefit Fund (RHBF), and the Disability Income Plan of NC (DIPNC) and additions to/deductions from TSERS', RHBF, and DIPNC's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TSERS, RHBF, and DIPNC. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The Board's employer contributions are recognized when due and the Board has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of TSERS, RHBF, and DIPNC. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 2 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

<u>Assets</u>

Deposits

All of the Board's deposits are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits exceeding the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Board's agents in the unit's name. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Board, these deposits are considered to be held by the agent in the entity's name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Board or with the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral pledged for the Board under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Board has no policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At June 30, 2019, the Board had deposits with banks and savings and loans with a carrying amount of \$14,727,352 and with the State Treasurer of \$-0. The bank balances with the financial institutions and the State Treasurer were \$14,750,298 and \$1,411,275, respectively. Of these balances, \$2,431,650 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$13,729,923 was covered by collateral held by authorized escrow agents in the name of the State Treasurer.

At June 30, 2019, the Board had \$8,204 invested with the North Carolina Capital Management Trust's Government Portfolio which carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. There was \$11,862 invested with the State Treasurer in the Short Term Investment Fund (STIF). The STIF is unrated and is authorized under NC General Statute 147-69.1 and had a weighted average maturity of 1.3 years at June 30, 2019. The Board has no policy for managing interest rate risk or credit risk.

NOTE 2 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Accounts Receivable

Receivables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2019, were as follows:

	Due from other	Accounts receivable,	-
	governments	net	Total
Governmental activities: General Fund Other governmental activities Total	\$ 124,517 \$ 5,320,467 \$ 5,444,984 \$	177,718 144,718 322,436	\$ 302,235 5,465,185 \$ 5,767,420
Business-type activities: School Food Service Child Care Total	\$ 116,761 \$	14,624 23,809 38,433	\$ 131,385 23,994 \$ 155,379

Due from other governments consists of the following:

Governmental	activities.
Governmeniai	acuviues.

General Fund	\$ 124,517	Sales tax refund due from the State
State Public School Fund	3,667,439	Salary accrual due from NC
Federal Grants Fund	324,621	Salary accrual due from Federal Grants
Capital Outlay	1,175,299	Iredell County and the State of NC
Other Special Revenue Fund	153,108	Grant funds
•		

\$ 5,444,984

Business-type activities

type activities:		
School Food Service Fund \$	116,761	Federal reimbursements and NC sales tax
Child Care Fund	185	Sales tax refund due from the State
\$	116 946	

NOTE 2 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Governmental activities:	-			
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 17,189,476	\$ 735,862	\$ -	\$ 17,925,338
Capital assets being	<u> </u>	+ 100,000	<u>*</u>	- +
depreciated:				
Buildings and	440.047.000	040.700	7.540	4.40.050.400
improvements Equipment and furniture	148,317,029 34,390,039	643,700 674,539	7,540 11,141,837	
Vehicles	22,011,731	2,217,980	612,978	23,616,733
Total capital assets		2,217,000	012,010	20,010,100
being depreciated	204,718,799	3,536,219	11,762,355	196,492,663
Less accumulated				
depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	87,773,740	4,433,210	7,540	92,199,410
Equipment and furniture	17,209,564	4,879,161	11,126,719	
Vehicles	17,446,929	1,253,766	519,841	18,180,854
Total accumulated				
depreciation	122,430,233	10,566,137	11,654,100	121,342,270
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	82,288,566			75,150,393
Governmental activity	02,200,300			73,130,333
capital assets, net	\$ 99,478,042			\$ 93,075,731
	Beginning			Ending
		ncreases	Decreases	Balances
Business-type activities:	<u> </u>		200104000	<u> </u>
School Food Service Fund:				
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Furniture and office equipment	\$ 2,459,573 \$	64,220 \$	32,192	\$ 2,491,601
Less accumulated depreciation for:	4.050.540	05.000	00.400	0 000 005
Furniture and office equipment	1,956,519	85,638	32,192	2,009,965
Business-type activity capital assets,	¢ 502.054			¢ 404 606
net	<u>\$ 503,054</u>			<u>\$ 481,636</u>

NOTE 2 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Depreciation was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instructional services	\$ 4,433,210
Operational support	1,253,766
Unallocated depreciation	4,879,161
Total	\$10,566,137

<u>Liabilities</u>

Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Obligations

a. Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The Board is a participating employer in the statewide Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (TSERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. TSERS membership is comprised of employees of the State (state agencies and institutions), universities, community colleges, and certain proprietary component units along with the employees of Local Education Agencies and charter schools. Article 1 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the TSERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the state Senate, one appointed by the state House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for TSERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. TSERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.82% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. General employee plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service (or 10 years of creditable service for members joining TSERS on or after August 1, 2011), at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. General employee plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (or 10 years of creditable service for members joining TSERS on or after August 1, 2011). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60 (10 years for members joining on or after August 1, 2011). Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

TSERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer (or 10 years of creditable service for members joining TSERS on or after August 1, 2011), or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 135-8 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Board employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the TSERS Board of Trustees. The Board's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2019, was 12.29% of covered payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the Board were \$13,370,604 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Refunds of Contributions – Board employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of TSERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60 day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by TSERS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the Board reported a liability of \$71,842,143 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The Board's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Board's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating TSERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018 and at June 30, 2017, the Board's proportion was .72% and .73%, respectively.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Board recognized pension expense of \$15,518,859. At June 30, 2019, the Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

NOTE 2 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

	 erred Outflows f Resources	_	erred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 5,243,087	\$	720,983
Changes of assumptions	14,416,870		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	6,846,569		-
Changes in proportion and differences between Board contributions and proportionate share of contributions			1,373,292
Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 13,370,604		-
Total	\$ 39,877,130	\$	2,094,275

\$13,370,604 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflow/inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:

2020	\$ 14,523,357
2021	9,044,415
2022	970,201
2023	(125,723)
2024	
Thereafter	

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0%

Salary increases 3.5% to 8.10%, including inflation and productivity

factor

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

NOTE 2 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	TargetAllocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	29.0%	1.4%
Global Equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real Estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation Protection	6.0%	4.0%
Total	100.0%	

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2016 asset liability and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including TSERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.05%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.0%. The discount rate was lowered from 7.2% to 7% for the December 31, 2017 valuation and is in line with the expected long-term return on pension investments. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTE 2 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent, as well as what the Board's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.0 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.0 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Discounted	1% Increase
	(6.0%)	Rate (7.0%)	(8.0%)
Board's proportionate share of the			
net pension liability (asset)	\$ 137,015,141	\$ 71,842,143	\$ 17,155,542

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

b. Other Post-employment Benefits

Healthcare Benefits

Plan Description. The Retiree Health Benefit Fund (RHBF) has been established as a fund to provide health benefits to retired and disabled employees and their applicable beneficiaries. RHBF is established by General Statute 135-7, Article 1. It is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit healthcare plan, exclusively for the benefit of former employees of the State, the University of North Carolina System, and community colleges. In addition, LEAs, charter schools, and some select local governments also participate.

Management of the plan is vested in the State Health Plan Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – eight appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer the State Superintendent and the Director of the Office of State Human Resources who serve as ex-officio members. RHBF is supported by a percent of payroll contribution from participating employing units. Each year the percentage is set in legislation, as are the maximum per retiree contributions from RHBF to the State Health Plan. The State Treasurer, with the approval of the State Health Plan Board of Trustees, then sets the employer contributions (subject to the legislative cap) and the premiums to be paid by retirees, as well as the health benefits to be provided through the State Health Plan.

The financial statements and other required disclosures for the plan are presented in the State of North Carolina's CAFR, which can be found at https://www.osc.nc.gov/public-information/reports.

Benefits provided. Plan benefits received by retired employees and disabled employees from RHBF are OPEB. The healthcare benefits for retired and disabled employees who are not eligible for Medicare are the same as for active employees. The plan options change when former employees become eligible for Medicare. Medicare retirees have the option or selecting one of two fully-insured Medicare Advantage/Prescription Drug Plan (MA-PDP) options or the self-funded Traditional 70/30 preferred Provider Organization plan option that is also offered to non-Medicare members. If the Traditional 70/30 Plan is selected by a Medicare retiree, the self-funded State Health Plan coverage is secondary to Medicare.

NOTE 2 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Those former employees who are eligible to receive medical benefits from RHBF are long-term disability beneficiaries of the Disability Income Plan of North Carolina (DIPNC) and retirees of the TSERS, the Consolidated Judicial Retirement System (CJRS), the Legislative Retirement System (LRS), the University Employees' Optional Retirement Program (ORP), and a small number of local governments, with five or more years of contributory membership service in their retirement system prior to disability or retirement, with the following exceptions: for employees first hired on or after October 1, 2006, and members of the General Assembly first taking office on or after February 1, 2007, future coverage as retired employees and retired members of the General Assembly is subject to the requirement that the future retiree have 20 or more years of retirement service credit in order to receive coverage on a noncontributory basis. Employees first hired on or after October 1, 2006 and members of the General Assembly first taking office on or after February 1, 2007 with 10 but less than 20 years of retirement service credit are eligible for coverage on a partially contributory basis. For such future retirees, the State will pay 50% of the State Health Plan's noncontributory premium.

Section 35.21 (c) and (d) of Session Law 2017-57 repeals retiree medical benefits for employees first hired after January 1, 2021. The legislation amends Article 3B of Chapter 135 of the General Statutes to require that retirees must earn contributory retirement service in TSERS (or in an allowed local system unit), CJRS, or LRS prior to January 1, 2021, and not withdraw that service, in order to be eligible for retiree medical benefits under the amended law. Consequently, members first hired on and after January 1, 2021 will not be eligible to receive retiree medical benefits.

RHBF's benefit and contribution provisions are established by Chapter 135-7, Article 1 and Chapter 135, Article 3B of the General Statutes and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. RHBF does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases.

Contributions. By General Statute, accumulated contributions from employers to RHBF and any earnings on those contributions shall be used to provide health benefits to retired and disabled employees and their applicable beneficiaries. By statute, contributions to RHBF are irrevocable. Also by law, fund assets are dedicated to providing benefits to retired and disabled employees and their applicable beneficiaries and are not subject to the claims of creditors of the employers making contributions to RHBF. However, RHBF assets may be used for reasonable expenses to administer the RHBF, including costs to conduct required actuarial valuations of state—supported retired employees' health benefits. Contribution rates to RHBF, which are intended to finance benefits and administrative expenses on a pay-as-you-go basis are determined by the General Assembly in the Appropriations Bill. For the current fiscal year, the Board contributed 6.27% of covered payroll which amounted to \$6,821,293.

At June 30, 2019, Board reported a liability of \$183,323,700 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017. The total OPEB liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The Board's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the Board's present value of future salary, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017, the Board's proportion was 0.6435% and 0.6631%, respectively.

NOTE 2 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

\$6,821,293 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2020	\$ (21,379,209)
2021	(21,379,209)
2022	(21,379,209)
2023	(21,359,606)
2024	(8,155,977)
Thereafter	_

Administrative

Obligation Index as of June 30, 2018.

Actuarial assumptions. Common actuarial assumptions for both OPEB plans follow individual note disclosures for each OPEB plan.

Inflation	3.00%
Salary Increases	3.50-8.10%, include 3.5% inflation
	and productivity factor
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of OPEB plan investment
	expense, including inflation
Healthcare cost trend rate – medical	5.00-6.50%
Healthcare cost trend rate – prescription drug	5.00-7.25%
Healthcare cost trend rate – Medicare advantage	5.00%

3.00%

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability for the RHBF was 3.87%. The discount rate was increased from 3.58% to 3.87% for the December 31, 2017 valuation as a result of an actuarial experience study of medical claims and medical trend rate assumptions. The projection of cash flow used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from employers would be made at the current statutorily determined contribution rate. Based on the above assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members. As a result, a municipal bond rate of 3.87% was used as the discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability. The 3.87% rate is based on the Bond Buyer 20-year General

Sensitivity of the Board's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Board's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.87 percent) or 1-percentage point higher (4.87 percent) than the current discount rate:

NOTE 2 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

	1% decrease	Γ	Discount Rate	1% Increase			
	 (2.87%)	(3.87%)		(4.87%)			
Net OPEB liability	\$ 216,598,803	\$	183,323,700	\$	156,650,137		

Sensitivity of the Board's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare trend rates. The following presents the Board's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease	(Medica Pharma Medicar	are Trend Rates 1-5.00-6.50%, cy - 5.00-7.25%, re Advantage - Administrative -	1% Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$ 151,237,281	\$	183,323,700	\$ 225,446,885

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CAFR for the State of North Carolina.

Disability Benefits

Plan description. Short-term and long-term disability benefits are provided through the Disability Income Plan of North Carolina (DIPNC), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan, to the eligible members of TSERS which includes employees of the State, the University of North Carolina System, community colleges, certain Local Education Agencies, and ORP.

Management of the plan is vested in the State Health Plan Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – eight appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer the State Superintendent and the Director of the Office of State Human Resources who serve as ex-officio members.

The financial statements and other required disclosures for the plan are presented in the State of North Carolina's CAFR, which can be found at https://www.osc.nc.gov/public-information/reports.

NOTE 2 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Benefits Provided. Long-term disability benefits are payable as an OPEB from DIPNC after the conclusion of the short-term disability period or after salary continuation payments cease, whichever is later, for as long as an employee is disabled. An employee is eligible to receive long-term disability benefits provided the following requirements are met: (1) the employee has five or more years of contributing membership service in TSERS or ORP, earned within 96 months prior to the end of the short-term disability period or cessation of salary continuation payments, whichever is later; (2) the employee must make application to receive long-term benefits within 180 days after the conclusion of the short-term disability period or after salary continuation payments cease or after monthly payments for Workers' Compensation cease (excluding monthly payments for permanent partial benefits), whichever is later; (3) the employee must be certified by the Medical Board to be mentally or physically disabled for the further performance of his/her usual occupation; (4) the disability must have been continuous, likely to be permanent, and incurred at the time of active employment; (5) the employee must not be eligible to receive an unreduced retirement benefit from TSERS after (1) reaching the age of 65 and completing 5 years of membership service, or (2) reaching the age of 60 and completing 25 years of creditable service, or (3) completing 30 years of service at any age.

Contributions. Benefit and contribution provisions are established by Chapter 135, Article 6, of the General Statutes and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Disability income benefits are funded by actuarially determined employer contributions that are established in the Appropriations Bill by the General Assembly and coincide with the State fiscal year. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, employers made a statutory contribution of 0.14% of covered payroll which was equal to the actuarially required contribution. Board contributions to the plan were \$152,310 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

The contributions cannot be separated between the amounts that relate to other postemployment benefits and employment benefits for active employees. Those individuals who are receiving extended short-term disability benefit payments cannot be separated from the number of members currently eligible to receive disability benefits as an other postemployment benefit.

OPEB Expense, OPEB Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2019, Board reported an asset of \$193,225 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017. The total OPEB liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The Board's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the Board's present value of future salary, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018 and 2017, the Board's proportion was 0.63611% and 0.6435%, respectively.

\$152,310 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

NOTE 2 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Year ended June 30	
2020 \$	129,305
2021	129,287
2022	93,923
2023	72,645
2024	50,992
Thereafter	50,973

Actuarial assumptions. Common actuarial assumptions for both OPEB plans follow individual note disclosures for each OPEB plan.

Inflation 3.00%

Salary increases 3.5%-8.10%, include 3.5% inflation and productivity factor Investment rate of return 3.75%, net of OPEB plan expense, including inflation

Sensitivity of the Board's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Board's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.75percent) or 1-percentage point higher (4.75 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		
		(2.75%)		(3.75%)	1%	Increase (4.75%)
Net OPEB asset	\$	148,055	\$	193,225	\$	236,557

Common actuarial assumptions for both OPEB plans. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of December 31, 2017 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement, unless otherwise specified. The total OPEB liability was calculated through the use of update procedures to roll forward from the actuarial valuation date to the measurement date of June 30, 2018. The update procedures incorporated the actuarial assumptions used in the valuation. The entry age normal cost method was utilized.

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. teacher, general, law enforcement officer), and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions were based on the results of an actuarial experience review for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

NOTE 2 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
Fixed Income	29%	1.4%
Global Equity	42%	5.3%
Real Estate	8%	4.3%
Alternatives	8%	8.9%
Opportunistic Fixed Income	7%	6.0%
Inflation Sensitive	6%	4.0%
Total	100%	

NOTE 2 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Total OPEB Expense, OPEB Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	RHBF	DIPNC	Total
OPEB Expense	\$ (2,538,394)	\$ 12,493	\$ (2,525,901)
OPEB Liability (Asset)	183,323,700	(193,225)	183,130,475
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	0.64350%	0.63611%	
Deferred of Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	-	337,062	337,062
Changes of assumptions	-	36,487	36,487
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan			
investments	19,716	150,485	170,201
Changes in proportion and differences between Board			
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	5,692,672	3,441	5,696,113
Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date	6,821,293	152,310	6,973,603
Deferred of Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	12,536,483	_	12,536,483
Changes of assumptions	79,420,060	-	79,420,060
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan			
investments	-	-	-
Changes in proportion and differences between Board			
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	7,409,055	351	7,409,406

Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses

Accounts payable and accrued expenses at June 30, 2019, are as follows:

Covernmental Activities	<u>Vendors</u>	Accrued Salaries & Benefits	Total
Governmental Activities: General Other Governmental Total governmental activities	\$ 106,651	\$ 1,038,302	\$ 1,144,953
	653,871	4,031,493	<u>4,685,364</u>
	\$ 760,522	\$ 5,069,795	\$ 5,830,317
Business-type Activities: School Food Service Child Care Total business-type activities	\$ 4,609	\$ 115,236	\$ 119,845
	2,055	3,952	6,007
	\$ 6,664	\$ 119,188	\$ 125,852

NOTE 2 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The balance in deferred outflows and inflows of resources at year-end is composed of the following:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Change in proportion and difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions - Pension and OPEB	\$ 5,696,113	\$ 8,782,698
Changes of assumptions - Pension and OPEB	14,453,357	79,420,060
Difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments - Pension and OPEB	7,016,770	-
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date - Pension and OPEB	20,344,207	-
Difference between expected and actual experience - Pension and OPEB	5,580,149	13,257,466
Totals	\$ 53,090,596	\$ 101,460,224

Risk Management

The Board is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Board participates in the North Carolina School Boards Trust (the Trust), a member funded risk management program administered by the North Carolina School Boards Association. Through the Trust, the Board maintains general liability and errors and omissions coverage of \$1 million per claim. The Trust has an annual aggregate limit of \$3,150,000 for general liability and errors and omissions claims. Workers' compensation coverage is provided by Liberty Mutual Insurance Company up to \$100,000 per accident for employees to the extent they are paid from local or federal funds. The State of North Carolina provides workers' compensation for employees to the extent they are paid from State funds. The Trust is reinsured through commercial companies for losses in excess of \$150,000 per claim for errors and omissions and general liability coverage. The Board also participates in the Public School Insurance Fund (the Fund), a voluntary, self-insured risk control and risk financing fund administered by the North Carolina Department of Public Instruction. The Fund insures the tangible property assets of the Board. Coverage is provided on an 'all risk' perils contract. Building and contents are insured on a replacement

NOTE 2 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

cost basis. The Fund purchases excess reinsurance to protect the assets of the Fund in the event of a catastrophic event. The Fund maintains a self-insured retention of \$10 million. Excess reinsurance is purchased through commercial insurers. A limit of \$5 million per occurrence is provided on Flood, Earthquake, Business Interruption and Extra Expense. \$10 million per occurrence is provided on Increased Cost of Construction.

The Board also participates in the Teachers' and State Employees' Comprehensive Major Medical Plan, a self-funded risk financing pool of the State administered by Blue Cross and Blue Shield of North Carolina. Through the Plan, permanent full-time employees of the Board are eligible to receive health care benefits. The Board pays the full cost of coverage for employees enrolled in the Comprehensive Major Medical Plan.

In accordance with G.S. 115C-442, the Board's employees who have custody of the Board's monies at any given time are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The finance officer is bonded for \$100,000. The remaining employees who have access to funds are bonded under a \$10,000/person bond.

The Board carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Contingent Liabilities

At June 30, 2019, the Board was a defendant to various lawsuits. In the opinion of the Board's management and the Board's attorney, the ultimate effect of these legal matters will not have a material adverse effect on the Board's financial position.

Long-Term Obligations

a. Capital Leases

As authorized in State law [G.S. 115C-528(a)], the Board entered into various lease agreements to lease equipment and vehicles. The leasing arrangements were made for various years and, at the conclusion of each of the leases, ownership is transferred to the Board. The lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes; therefore, the obligations are have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception.

At June 30, 2019, assets recorded under the capital leases were as follows:

Classes of Property	Cost		Accumulated Depreciation		Net Book Value
Equipment	\$ 13,127,596	\$	2,926,997	\$	10,200,599

NOTE 2 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments and the net present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2019:

Year Ending June 30	 Governmental Activities
2020 2021	\$ 4,364,178 63,823
	 4,428,001
Less: amount representing interest Present value of the minimum lease payments	\$ 994 4,427,007

b. Installment Purchases

The Board is authorized to finance the purchase of school buses and other property under G.S. 115C-528(a). Session law 2003-284, section 7.25 authorized the State Board of Education to allot monies for the payments on school bus financing contracts entered into pursuant to G.S. 115C-528. The State has accepted the bid to purchase Thomas Built Buses through a special third party financing arrangement by Bank of America Public Capital Corp at total payments less than the purchase price. During the various years, the Board entered into direct placement installment purchase contracts to finance the purchase school buses and other property. The buses are pledged as collateral for the debt while the debt is outstanding. The financing contracts require only principal payments of varying amounts due at the beginning of each contract year.

The future minimum payments of the installment purchases as of June 30, 2019, are as follows:

	 Governmen	Activities	
Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest
2020	\$ 770,276	\$	
2021	530,939		
2022	355,243		
	\$ 1,656,458	\$	

NOTE 2 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

c. Long-Term Obligation Activity

The following is a summary of changes in the Board's long-term obligations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019:

	Balance, July 1, 2018	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2019	Current Portion
Governmental activities:					
Direct placement financing	j :				
Installment purchases	\$ 1,216,208	\$ 1,420,984	\$ 980,734	\$ 1,656,458	\$ 770,276
Capital leases	8,857,859		4,430,852	4,427,007	4,364,177
Net pension liability	56,103,000	13,264,397		69,367,397	
Net OPEB liability	209,657,850		32,649,101	177,008,749	
Compensated absences	10,524,460	7,715,178	8,145,031	10,094,607	8,145,031
Total	\$286,359,377	\$22,400,559	<u>\$46,205,718</u>	<u>\$262,554,218</u>	<u>\$13,279,484</u>
Business-type activities:					
Net pension liability	\$ 2,072,322	402,424		\$ 2,474,746	\$
Net OPEB liability	7,744,300		1,429,349	6,314,951	
Compensated absences	231,930	380,565	386,928	225,567	225,567
	\$10,048,552	\$ 782,989	\$ 1,816,277	\$ 9,015,264	\$ 225,567

Compensated absences are typically liquidated by the general and other governmental funds.

Interfund Balances and Activity

Transfers to/from other funds at June 30, 2019 consist of the following:

From the State Public School Fund to the School Food Service Fund for administrative costs

45,000

NOTE 3 - SUMMARY DISCLOSURE OF SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES

Fund Balance

The Board of Education has a revenue spending policy that provides a policy for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Officer will use resources in the following hierarchy: federal funds, State funds, local non-Board of Education funds, Board of Education funds. For purposes of fund balance classification expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the Board of Education.

NOTE 3 – SUMMARY DISCLOSURE OF SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General fund balance that is available for appropriation.

Total fund balance – General Fund	\$ 7,752,006
Less: Stabilization by State Statute Subsequent years expenditures Scholarships	302,235 1,500,000 123,618
Remaining Fund Balance	\$ 5,826,153

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The Board has received proceeds from several federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant moneys to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant moneys.



IREDELL-STATESVILLE BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF THE BOARD'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS' AND STATE EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last Six Fiscal Years *

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Board's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.722%	0.733%	0.737%	0.757%	0.754%
Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 71,842,143	\$ 58,175,322	\$ 67,730,562	\$ 27,883,682	\$ 8,837,119
Board's covered-employee payroll	\$ 104,322,182	\$ 102,838,697	\$ 98,459,836	\$ 100,923,997	\$ 96,688,155
Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a					
percentage of its covered-employee payroll	68.87%	56.57%	68.79%	27.63%	9.14%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	87.61%	89.51%	87.32%	94.64%	98.24%
	2014				
Board's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.775%				
Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 47,044,326				
Board's covered-employee payroll	\$ 98,880,344				
Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	47.58%				
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	90.60%				

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

IREDELL-STATESVILLE BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF BOARD CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHERS' AND STATE EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last Six Fiscal Years

	 2019	ī	2018	 2017	2016	 2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 13,370,604	\$	11,245,931	\$ 10,263,302	\$ 9,009,075	\$ 9,234,546
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 13,370,604		11,245,931	 10,263,302	 9,009,075	 9,234,546
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$	_	\$ 	\$ 	\$ _
Board's covered-employee payroll	\$ 108,792,545	\$ 1	104,322,182	\$ 102,838,697	\$ 98,459,836	\$ 100,923,997
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	12.29%		10.78%	9.98%	9.15%	9.15%
	2014					
Contractually required contribution	\$ 8,402,201					
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 8,402,201					
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -					
Board's covered-employee payroll	\$ 96,688,155					
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	8.69%					

This schedule is required supplementary information.

IREDELL-STATESVILLE BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET OPEB LIABILITY RETIREE HEALTH BENEFIT FUND Last Three Fiscal Years*

	2019	2018	2017
Board's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	0.6435%	0.6631%	0.6427%
Board's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 183,323,700	\$ 217,402,150	\$ 279,591,436
Board's covered-employee payroll	\$ 104,322,182	\$ 102,838,697	\$ 98,459,836
Board's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	175.73%	211.40%	283.96%
Plan Fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	4.40%	3.52%	2.41%

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

IREDELL-STATESVILLE BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF BOARD CONTRIBUTIONS RETIREE HEALTH BENEFIT FUND Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2019		2018		2017	 2016		2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 6,821,293	\$	6,311,492	\$	5,974,928	\$ 5,513,751	\$	5,540,727
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	6,821,293		6,311,492		5,974,928	 5,513,751		5,540,727
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$		\$	-	\$ 	\$	-
Board's covered-employee payroll	\$ 108,792,545	\$	104,322,182	\$	102,838,697	\$ 98,459,836	\$	100,923,997
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	6.27%		6.05%		5.81%	5.60%		5.49%
	 2014		2013		2012	 2011		2010
Contractually required contribution	\$ 2014 5,221,160	\$		\$	2012 4,897,104	\$ 2011 4,868,669	\$	2010 4,673,152
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 	\$		\$		\$	\$	
	\$ 5,221,160	\$	5,240,658	\$	4,897,104	\$ 4,868,669	\$	4,673,152
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 5,221,160	\$ \$	5,240,658 5,240,658 -	\$ \$	4,897,104	\$ 4,868,669	\$ \$	4,673,152 4,673,152

This schedule is required supplementary information.

IREDELL-STATESVILLE BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET OPEB ASSET DISABILITY INCOME PLAN OF NORTH CAROLINA Last Three Fiscal Years*

	-	2019		2018	 2017
Board's proportion of the net OPEB asset		0.6361%		0.6435%	0.6534%
Board's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	193,225	\$	393,283	\$ 405,786
Board's covered-employee payroll	\$ 10	04,322,182	\$ 10	2,838,697	\$ 98,459,836
Board's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset as a percentage of its covered payroll		0.19%		0.38%	0.41%
Plan Fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB asset		108.47%		116.23%	116.06%

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

IREDELL-STATESVILLE BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF BOARD CONTRIBUTIONS DISABILITY INCOME PLAN OF NORTH CAROLINA Last Ten Fiscal Years

		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	152,310	\$	146,051	\$	390,787	\$	403,685	\$	413,788
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		152,310		146,051		390,787		403,685	_	413,788
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	_	\$	_	\$		\$		\$	
Board's covered-employee payroll	\$	108,792,545	\$	104,322,182	\$	102,838,697	\$	98,459,836	\$	100,923,997
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		0.14%		0.14%		0.38%		0.41%		0.41%
		2014		2013		2012		2011	_	2010
Contractually required contribution	\$	425,428	\$	435,073	\$	509,299	\$	516,675	\$	540,009
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		425,428		435,073		509,299		516,675		540,009
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	425,428	\$	435,073	\$	509,299	\$	516,675	\$	540,009
	\$ \$	425,428 - 96,688,155	\$ \$	435,073 - 98,880,340	\$ \$	509,299 - 97,942,080	<u>\$</u>	-	\$ \$	

This schedule is required supplementary information.

IREDELL-STATESVILLE BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

			Exhibit A-1
	Budget	Actual	Positive (Negative) Variance
Revenues:			
Iredell County	\$ 37,189,749	\$ 37,189,750	\$ 1
Other:			
Fines and forfeitures	776,963	831,005	54,042
Interest	224,097	267,354	43,257
Rental of school property	61,431	77,287	15,856
Other	176,645	169,658	(6,987)
Total	1,239,136	1,345,304	106,168
Total revenues	38,428,885	38,535,054	106,169
Expenditures:			
Instructional services:			
Regular instructional		10,010,969	
Special populations		617,640	
Alternative programs		727,003	
School leadership		3,706,702	
Co-curricular		774,340	
School-based support		4,015,495	
Total instructional services	20,796,087	19,852,149	943,938
System-wide support services:			
Support and development		446,462	
Special population support		115,861	
Alternative programs		21,933	
Technology support		1,292,565	
Operational support		7,692,208	
Financial and human resource		1,979,341	
Accountability		6,156	
Policy, leadership and public relations	42 207 554	1,031,216	704 000
Total system-wide support services	13,287,551	12,585,742	701,809
Non-programmed charges	4,703,500	4,662,478	41,022
Debt service:			
Principal	225,195	29,605	195,590
Interest expense	128	128	
	225,323	29,733	195,590
Total expenditures	39,012,461	37,130,102	1,882,359
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(583,576)	1,404,952	1,988,528
Appropriated fund balance	583,576		(583,576)

IREDELL-STATESVILLE BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

				xhibit A-1 Continued)
	Budget	Actual	,	Positive Negative) Variance
Other financing sources (uses): Debt obligations issued				<u> </u>
Revenues, other sources & appropriated fund balance under expenditures \$		1,404,952	\$	1,404,952
Fund balance: Beginning of year, July 1		6,347,054		
End of year, June 30		\$ 7,752,006		

IREDELL-STATESVILLE BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

·			Exhibit B-1
	D. Leat	A I	Variance Positive
Revenues:	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
State of North Carolina:			
Public School Building Capital Fund - Lottery State appropriations - buses	\$ 677,346 980,735	\$ 1,034,715 980,735	\$ 357,369 -
	1,658,081	2,015,450	357,369
Iredell County: Middle School bond projects	-	-	-
General county revenues	14,148,928	10,914,110	(3,234,818)
•	14,148,928	10,914,110	(3,234,818)
Other: State sales tax refund Contributions and donations	2,525	116,381	113,856
Miscellaneous	33,188 455,856	18,181 37,221	(15,007) (418,635)
Miscolaricous	491,569	171,783	(319,786)
	,	· · ·	
Total revenues	16,298,578	13,101,343	(3,197,235)
Expenditures: Current:			
Instructional services	2,974	2,974	-
System-wide support services	2,157,519	2,116,844	40,675
Capital outlay	10,986,107	7,317,117	3,668,990
Debt Service:			
Principal	4,899,897	4,762,462	137,435
Interest	6,040	6,040	
Total expenditures	18,052,537	14,205,437	3,847,100
Revenues under expenditures	(1,753,959)	(1,104,094)	649,865
Other financing sources:	4 400 004	4 400 004	
Debt obligations issued Transfer in from Local Current Expense fund	1,420,984	1,420,984	-
Transier in nom Escar Surrent Expense fund	1,420,984	1,420,984	
Appropriated fund balance	332,975		(332,975)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	316,890	\$ 316,890
Fund balance:			
Beginning of year, July 1		1,699,178	
End of year, June 30		\$ 2,016,068	

IREDELL-STATESVILLE BOARD OF EDUCATION NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - FEDERAL GRANTS FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

			Exhibit C-1
Devenues	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues: U. S. Government	\$ 13,274,679	\$ 9,953,513	\$ (3,321,166)
Expenditures: Instructional services System-wide supporting services Ancillary services Non-programmed charges Total expenditures	10,509,826 550,579 - 2,214,274 13,274,679	9,157,950 533,367 - 262,196 9,953,513	1,351,876 17,212 - 1,952,078 3,321,166
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ -</u>	-	\$ -
Fund balances: Beginning of year, July 1 End of year, June 30		\$ -	

IREDELL-STATESVILLE BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) - SCHOOL FOOD SERVICE FUND

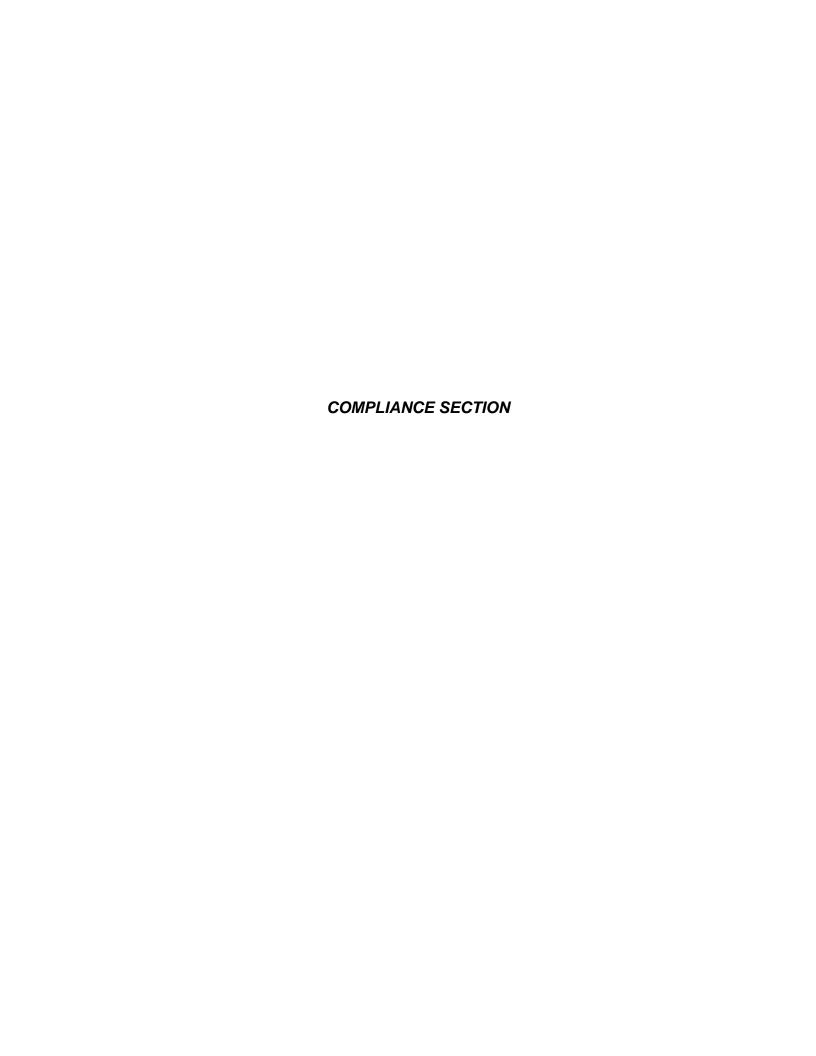
For the Year Ended June 30	, 2019
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·				E	xhibit D-1
		Budget	Actual		Variance Positive Negative)
Revenues: Food sales	\$	3,641,000	\$ 3,450,561	\$	(190,439)
Operating expenditures:					
Food costs:					
Purchase of food			3,035,379		
Salaries and benefits			5,424,220		
Utilities and telephone			22,142 5,802		
Contracted services Materials and supplies			491,773		
Travel			18,028		
Capital outlay			29,399		
Other			5,623		
Total expenditures		9,373,000	9,032,366		340,634
Operating loss		(5,732,000)	 (5,581,805)		150,195
Nonoperating revenues:					
Federal reimbursements		5,150,000	4,758,593		(391,407)
State reimbursements		20,000	16,299		(3,701)
Federal commodities		500,000	454,767		(45,233)
Interest earned		15,000	11,917		(3,083)
Gain on disposal of capital assets		1,500	1,718		218
Other		500	 858		358
Total nonoperating revenues		5,687,000	 5,244,152		(442,848)
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(45,000)	(337,653)		(292,653)
Other financing sources:		45.000	45.000		
Operating transfer in	_	45,000	 45,000	_	(222.252)
Revenues and other financing sources under expenditures	\$		(292,653)	\$	(292,653)
Reconciliation of modified accrual to full accrual basis:					
Reconciling items:					
Depreciation			(85,638)		
Net OPEB asset			(6,142)		
Net pension liability			(325,846)		
Net OPEB liability Deferred outflows - pension and OPEB			1,211,938		
Deferred outflows - pension and OPEB Deferred inflows - pension and OPEB			229,311 (558,313)		
Decrease in inventories			(60,912)		
Capital outlay			29,399		
Contribution of fixed assets			34,821		
Indirect cost			794,528		
Indirect cost not paid			(794,528)		
Decrease in compensated absences payable			4,404		
Change in net position (full accrual)			\$ 180,369		

IREDELL-STATESVILLE BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) - CHILD CARE FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 201	For the	Year	Ended	June	30.	2019
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			Exhibit D-2
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Child care fees	\$ 1,355,095	\$ 1,275,957	\$ (79,138)
Expenditures: Food purchases Salaries and benefits Utilities and telephone Contracted services Material and supplies Travel Field trips		50,937 1,178,137 6,255 2,387 6,317 3,004 12,424	
Other	1 255 005	1,025	04.600
Total expenditures	1,355,095	1,260,486	94,609
Operating income	-	15,471	15,471
Nonoperating revenues: Interest and other		5,032	5,032
Revenues over expenditures	\$ -	20,503	\$ 20,503
Reconciliation of modified accrual to full accrual basis:			
Reconciling items: Decrease in compensated absences Net OPEB asset Net pension liability Net OPEB liability Deferred outflows - pension and OPEB Deferred inflows - pension and OPEB Change in net position (full accrual)		\$ 1,959 (1,212) (76,578) 217,411 54,270 (127,975) \$ 88,378	



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Independent Auditor's Report On Internal Control Over Financial
Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of
Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With
Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Education Iredell-Statesville Board of Education Statesville, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Iredell-Statesville Board of Education (the "Board"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Board's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 30, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Board's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Board's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Coffey, Lovins & Company, PLLC

Statesville, North Carolina

September 30, 2019

COFFEY, LOVINS & COMPANY, PLLC

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Independent Auditor's Report On Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Uniform Guidance and The State Single Audit Implementation Act

To the Board of Education Iredell-Statesville Board of Education Statesville, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Iredell-Statesville Board of Education (the "Board"), compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* and the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Board's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. The Board's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Board's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) and the State Single Audit Implementation Act.* Those standards, the Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Board's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Board's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Board, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Board, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Board's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Coffey, Lovins & Company, PLLC

Statesville, North Carolina September 30, 2019

COFFEY, LOVINS & COMPANY, PLLC

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Independent Auditor's Report On Compliance For Each Major State Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance In Accordance With OMB Uniform Guidance and The State Single Audit Implementation Act

To the Board of Education Iredell-Statesville Board of Education Statesville, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

We have audited Iredell-Statesville Board of Education (the "Board"), compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Board's major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. The Board's major state programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its state programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Board's major state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and applicable sections of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance)*, as described in the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, the Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major state program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Board's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Board's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major State Program

In our opinion, the Board complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Board is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Board's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major state program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Coffey, Lovins & Company, PLLC

Statesville, North Carolina September 30, 2019

Iredell-Statesville Board of Education Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section I. Summary of Auditors' Results		
Financial Statements		
Type of auditors' report issued on whether the financial statements awith GAAP: Unmodified	udited were	prepared in accordance
Internal control over financial reporting:		
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	X_no
 Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? 	yes	X none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes	<u>X</u> no
Federal Awards		
Internal control over major federal programs:		
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	X_no
 Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? 	yes	X none reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major federal progr	rams: Unm	odified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	yes	<u>X</u> no

Iredell-Statesville Board of Education Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

identification of major federal programs:				
CFDA Numbers	Names of Federal Program or Cluster			
	U.S. Department of Education			
84.010	Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies - Educationally Deprived Children			
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B Programs:	<u>\$ 750,000</u>			
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X yesno			
State Awards				
Internal control over major State programs:				
 Material weakness(es) identified? 	yes <u>X</u> no			
 Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? 	yesX_none reported			
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major State programs: Unmodified				
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be re in accordance with the State Single Audit Implementation				
Identification of major State programs:				
Program Name				
State Public School Fund				
School Technology Fund – SPSF				
Public School Building Capital Fund				

Iredell-Statesville Board of Education Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section II.	Financial Statement Findings
Finding:	None
Section III.	Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs
Finding:	None
Section IV	State Award Findings and Questioned Costs
Finding:	None

Iredell-Statesville Board of Education Corrective Action Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section II. Financial Statement Findings
None Reported
Section III. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs
None Reported
Section IV. State Award Findings and Questioned Costs
None Reported

Iredell-Statesville Board of Education Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Findings: 2018

None

Findings: 2017

None

Findings: 2016 None

IREDELL-STATESVILLE BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		State/	
	Federal	Pass-through	
Grantor/Pass-through	CFDA	Grantor's	
Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	Expenditures
Federal Grants:			
Cash Programs:			
U. S. Department of Agriculture			
School Nutrition Program (Note 3):			
Child Nutrition Cluster:			
Non-Cash Assistance (Commodities)			
Passed-through the N.C. Department of Public Agricul	ture:		
National School Lunch Program -	40.550		Ф 4E47C7
Non-cash (Commodities) Cash Assistance:	10.559		\$ 454,767
Passed-through the N.C. Department of Public Instruct	tion:		
School Breakfast Program	10.553		1,065,543
National School Lunch Program	10.555		3,464,591
After School Snack Program	10.555		23,632
Total Cash Assistance			4,553,766
			, ,
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			5,008,533
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558		204,827
Total School Nutrition Program (Note 3)			5,213,360
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture			5,213,360
U.S. Department of Education			
Cash Assistance:			
Office of Elementary and Secondary Education			
Passed-through the N.C. Department of Public Instruction	n:		
Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies -			
Educationally Deprived Children	84.010	PRC 050, 115	4,699,508
School Improvement Grant	84.377	PRC 105	9,398
			4,708,906
Education for Homeless Children and Youth	84.196	PRC 026	2,090
English Language Acquisition Grant	84.365	PRC 104, 111	167,485
Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424	PRC 108	291,860
Improving Teacher Quality State Grant	84.367	PRC 103	516,858
Office of Special Education and Rehabilitative Services			
Passed-through the N.C. Department of Public Instruction	n:		
Special Education Cluster:			
Individuals with Disabilities Education Act			
Education of the Handicapped	84.027	PRC 060	3,701,650
Special Needs Targeted Assistance	84.027	PRC 118	77,743
Special Education - Risk Pool Preschool Handicapped	84.027 84.173	PRC 114 PRC 049	116,216 86,496
Preschool Franticapped Preschool Grants Targeted Assistance	84.173	PRC 119	1,316
Total Special Education Cluster	3		3,983,421
•			, -,

IREDELL-STATESVILLE BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	State/ Pass-through Grantor's Number	Expenditures
Title VI-B, State Improvement Grant	84.323	PRC 082	33,295
Passed-through the N.C. Department of Public Instruction Carl D. Perkins Vocational and Applied Technology Education Act Amendments of 1990 Basic Grants to States	on: 84.048	PRC 017	240 509
- Program Development	84.048	PRC 017	249,598
Office of Postsecondary Education Direct Program:			
Gear-Up Program	84.334		615,192
Total U. S. Department of Education			10,568,705
U.S. Department of Defense Direct Program: ROTC Total federal assistance	NONE		241,632 16,023,697
State Grants: Cash Assistance: N.C. Department of Public Instruction: State Public School Fund Driver Training - SPSF School Technology Fund - SPSF Vocational Education - State Months of Employment - Program Support Funds		PRC 012 PRC 015 PRC 013 PRC 014	112,443,930 463,194 594,641 6,491,257 858,263 120,851,285
Passed through Iredell County: Public School Building Capital Fund Total N.C. Department of Public Instruction			1,034,715 121,886,000
<u>Division of School Food Service:</u> Kindergarten Breakfast Program			16,299
N.C. Department of Health & Human Services Division of Public Health Passed through Iredell County Health Department: School Nursing Funding Initiative			50,000
CDC HIV Prevention Grant Total N.C. Department of Health and Human Services	5		6,669 56,669

IREDELL-STATESVILLE BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	State/ Pass-through Grantor's Number	Expenditures
Non-Cash Assistance N.C. Department of Public Instruction: School buses			980,735
Total State assistance			122,939,703
Total federal and State assistance			\$ 138,963,400

Note 1: Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards (SEFSA) includes the federal and State grant activity of Iredell-Statesville Board of Education under the programs of the federal government and the State of NC for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principals, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Iredell-Statesville Board of Education, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net positions or cash flows of Iredell-Statesville Board of Education.

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the SEFSA are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited to reimbursement.

Iredell-Statesville Board of Education has elected not to use the 10-percent deminimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note 3: Cluster of Programs

The following are clustered by the NC Department of Public Instruction and are treated separately for state audit requirement purposes: School Nutrition Program.