# Implementing Inclusion for Students with Disabilities

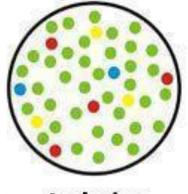
Jessica Rockhold and Kristina Davis Christensen Friends School of Louisville

## Inclusion

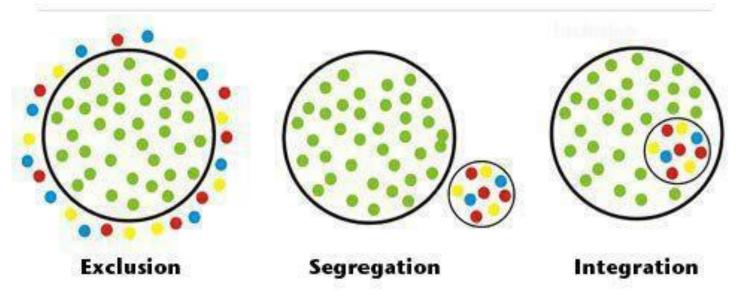
The term inclusion captures, in one word, an all-embracing societal ideology. Regarding individuals with disabilities and special education, inclusion secures opportunities for students with disabilities to learn alongside their non-disabled peers in general education classrooms. Honestly establishing a successful inclusive classroom varies in complexity, based upon the challenges created by the disability at hand. However a knowledgeable approach and positive attitudes on the parts of parents and teachers proves vital to triumphing over any obstacles which may emerge.

https://www.specialeducationguide.com/pre-k-12/inclusion/

## What does Inclusion look like?



Inclusion



ttps://www.thinkinclusive.us/inclusion-exclusion-segregation-integration-different/

## Why Inclusion?

Why integrate children with special needs into a general education classroom? Who benefits? What results? Special education professional <u>Gretchen Walsh M.S. Ed.</u>, who runs the <u>Academic Support Center</u> at Notre Dame College, gives a concise synopsis when she says "Inclusion is important because through our diversity we certainly add to our creativity. If you don't have a diverse classroom or a diverse world, you don't have the same creative levels and I think our strength lies in our diversity."

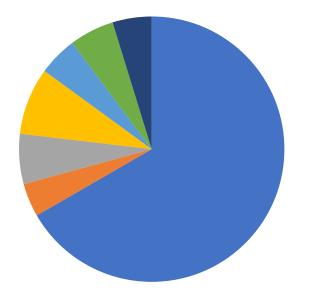
https://www.specialeducationguide.com/pre-k-12/inclusion/

## Research Basis For Inclusion

- Students with disabilities have higher achievement and improved skills through inclusive education, and their peers without challenges benefit, too (Bui, et al., 2010; Dupuis, Barclay, Holms, Platt, Shaha, & Lewis, 2006; Newman, 2006; Alquraini & Gut, 2012).
  - Academic gains in literacy (reading and writing), math, and social studies both in grades and on standardized tests — better communication skills, and improved social skills and more friendships.
- Peers without disabilities also show more positive attitudes in these same areas when in inclusive classrooms. They make greater academic gains in reading and math. Research shows the presence of SWD gives non-SWD new kinds of learning opportunities.
- Neither instructional time nor how much time students are engaged differs between inclusive and non-inclusive classrooms. (Bui, et al., 2010)

https://education.cu-portland.edu/blog/classroom-resources/inclusive-education/

### 2019-2020 Student Composition

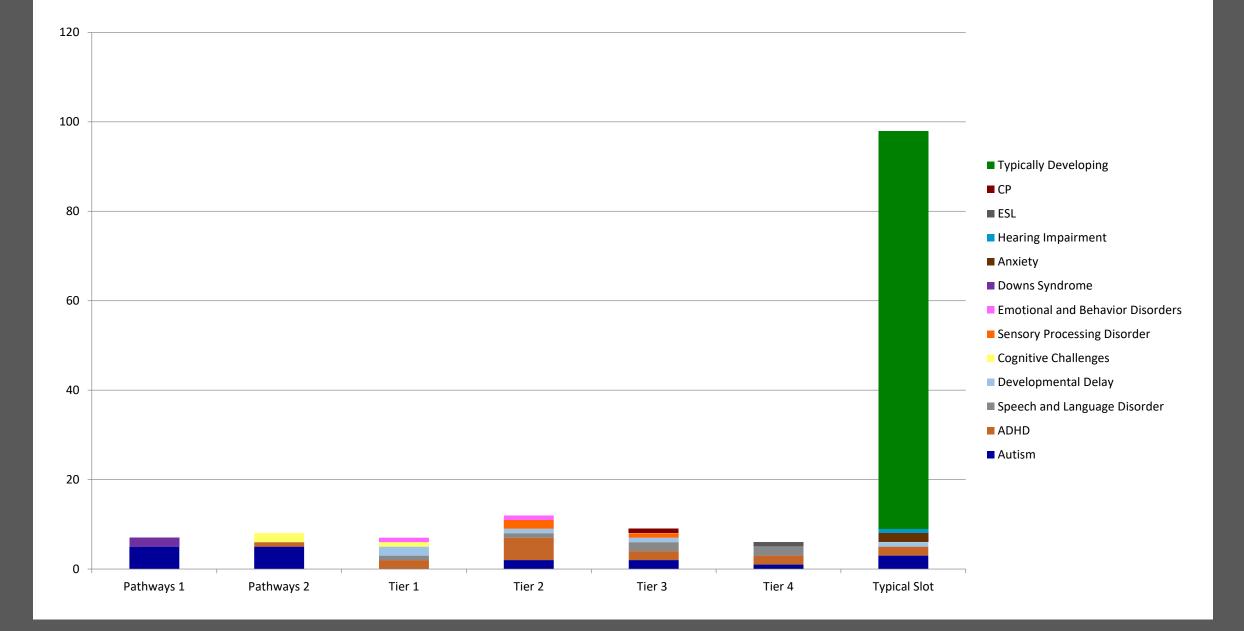


Typical Enrollment Slot
Tier 4
Tier 3
Tier 2
Tier 1
Pathways 2
Pathways 1

Typically Developing Students
Autism
ADHD
Speech / Language Delay
Developmental Delay
Cognitive Challenges
Sensory Processing Disorder
Emotional / Behavior Disorders
Downs Syndrome
Anxiety
Hearing Impairment
ESL

### Student Body Composition 2019-2020

CP



## History of Friends School

Friends School was founded in 1980 upon a mission of inclusion.

By 2002, Friends School was accepting students on a case by case basis, with support from the public school system for preschool students only. That meant that there was a narrow funnel between our preschool and elementary programs.

All students paid the same amount in tuition, regardless of needs.

In 2006, the public school system withdrew their support, forcing us to consider other options.

## Additional Services Plan

- Through grants and private donations, Friends School was able to hire a Special Needs Coordinator to write Individual Education Plans and support students in the classroom. In addition, we added a special needs assistant.
- We widened the funnel between preschool and elementary and began accepting more students with needs into our elementary classrooms.
- Teachers and assistant teachers provided feedback – they needed more classroom support and more guidance in how to best serve students with needs.

## Additional Services Plan (Cont'd)

- In 2011-2012, we proposed the Additional Services Plan (ASP). In the ASP, we asked parents to pay for the services their children received at school. We added an SLP, Resource Teachers, Special Needs Coordinators, and Special Needs Assistants.
- We defined the profile of student we would accept (students needed to be spontaneously and relevantly verbal and independently ambulatory). We defined "Tiers" of services and corresponding tuition rates.
- We staffed our new program!

## Tier Forms



Preschool services form-Revised 2019.pdf



Elementary\_Middle services form-Revised 2019.pdf



Tier Placement Information 2019-2020 - DATA.pdf





- Our main goal was to live up to our mission of Inclusion. We wanted our services delivered collaboratively in the classrooms, rather than through a more clinical model.
- From a marketing perspective, we advertised the ASP to our typically developing students in addition to our students with needs. If we had a whole team of folks here to serve students with needs, our regular classroom educators could better serve our typically developing students. And, if parents had concerns about their children, our experts were available for assessments of student needs.

Changing our Verbiage to Reflect our Values

- Since our main goal is a mission of Inclusion, we decided to change our titles.
- Inclusion Program
- Inclusion Team
- Inclusion Coordinator
- Inclusion Assistant



# Our Current Inclusion Team

- Assistant Head of School (Head of Inclusion Program)
- Inclusion Coordinators (also serve as resource teachers)

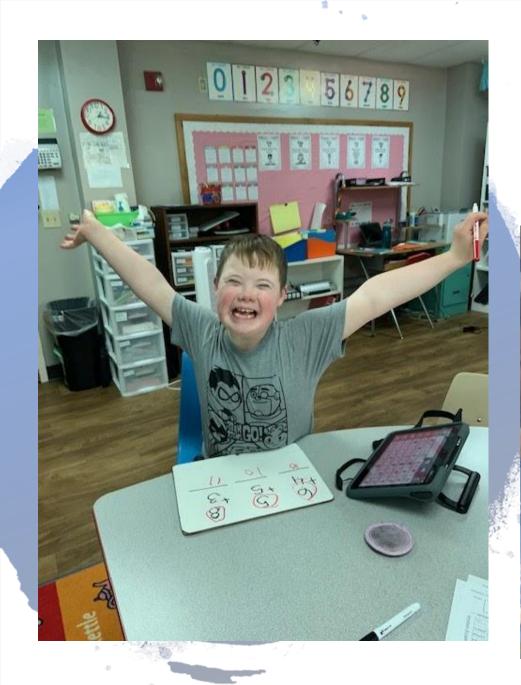
(Preschool / Kindergarten; Elementary / Middle; Pathways)

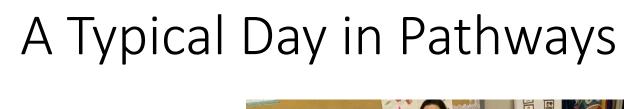
- Resource Teacher
- Speech and Language Pathologist
- Behavior Assistant
- Inclusion / Pathways Assistants

# Pathways to Inclusion

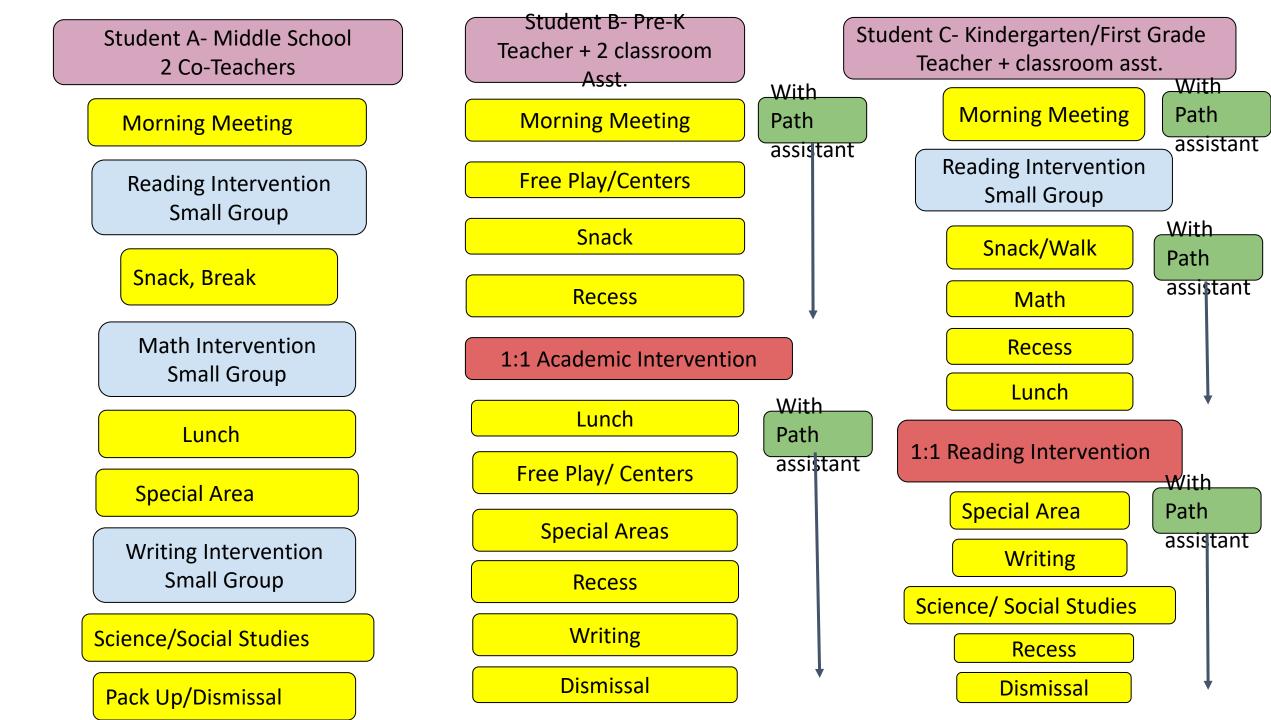


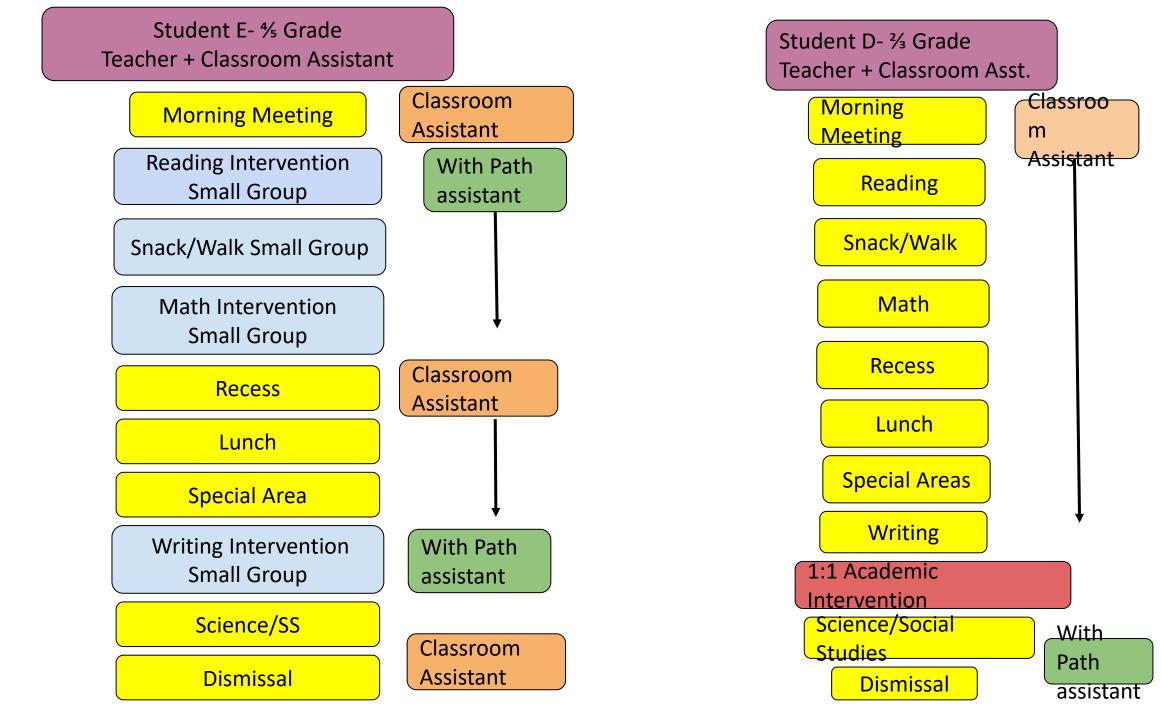
- Inclusion means inclusion we need to welcome all children and families. That includes low-incidence kids and kids with emotional and behavior disorders. A "special special room!"
- A maximum of 14 (15) students, with very significant needs, who are monitored / educated by their own Inclusion Coordinator and supported by a system of classroom supports. Fully included, these students are a member of their grade level homeroom.











## Goals for Pathways Students

- Full Inclusion!
- Make measurable progress on IEP goals.
- Demonstrate appropriate behavior in a variety of settings.
- Move out of Pathways into a Tier slot and eventually, a typical slot – this is not always possible but it is always a goal.
- Increase students' self- efficacy and self-determination
- Give access to core content curriculum while teaching students the life skills and social skills to live an independent life into adulthood.

## Sample Report Card

- Accommodations
- Grade level placement is noted,
  - as well as working grade level



Sample Report Card.pdf



# Goal Pages

### Friends School Student Goal Page

						-			
Name:	D.O.B:	Diagnosis/Disability:	Tier:		Medications: Yes/No	Month:			
Receiving other services from:	from Friends: Behavior		Considerations: GlassesVisually ImpairedAssistive Technology Hearing ImpairedMobility SupportSeizures Food Allergy: Medical Condition:						
Physical: Behavior: Psychologist:			Accommodations for Assessments/Testing:No Accommodations NeededPrompting/cueing ReadersExtended Time ScribesFlexible Time Use of TechnologyExtra Breaks ParaphrasingManipulatives Curriculum ModificationsBraille Interpreters Visual AidsEnlarged Print Reinforcement/Behavior Modification Strategies Small Group or One on One Administration Other:						
When a student reaches the final	l level (1) in the progression toward	Is their goal, then the goal will be dismissed.	Previous	Current	1	1			
Annual Goals	Benchmarks	Levels towards the goal		goal level	Notes	Strategies	Accommodations		
1. Academic/Cognitive:									
2. Communication:									
3. Motor: Fine/Gross:									
4. Social:									
5. Self-Help:									
6. Behavior:									
Positives:									

Qualifying students for Additional Services Plan

Ĩ	Application
<b>A</b>	Supporting Documentation
=	Shadow Day(s)
¥:	Tier Form / Placement
<b>2</b> /	IEP / BIP
	Data Collection
	Revisit the Tier Placement at every Team Meeting (every 8-10 weeks)
₿	ASP is required, if student is determined eligible

## Developing the Individual Education Program (IEP)



The Inclusion Team drafts the initial document



Presented to the classroom teacher and parents for comments and revisions

Changes are made based upon input from all constituencies



Everyone signs in agreement



Revisited at every Team Meeting (every 8-10 weeks)



Living, evolving document



Safeguards



- Tier Form Review and Signature Page presented at every Team Meeting (every 8-10 weeks)
- Data is reviewed and analyzed at Tier Meetings and during Team Meetings with the parents
- Inclusion Coordinators, Assistant Head and Head of School are available at any time to consult, answer questions, or modify the Tier Form, IEP, BIP

## Team Meetings

- Team Meetings are composed of:
  - Parent/Guardian
  - Pathways Coordinator
  - Speech/Language Pathologist
  - Classroom Teacher
  - Resource/Intervention Teacher

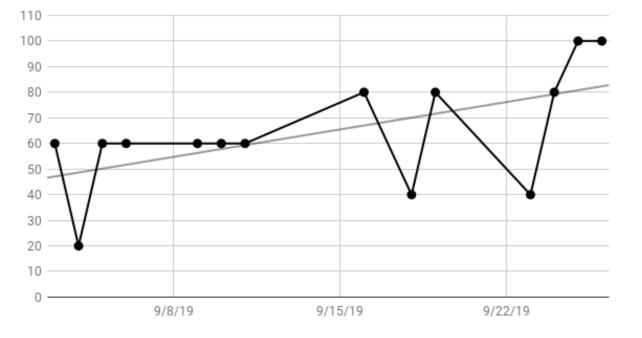


## Goal Sheets are reviewed and revised by all members of the team:

• This student is a Pathways 2 student, which means he can be independent at times but needs significant academic and behavioral support.

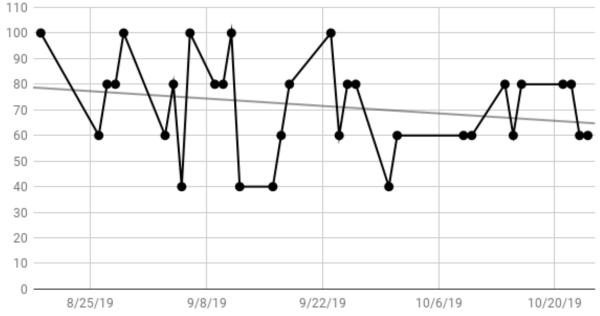
## Team Meetings Continued....

## Academic Intervention data is shared:



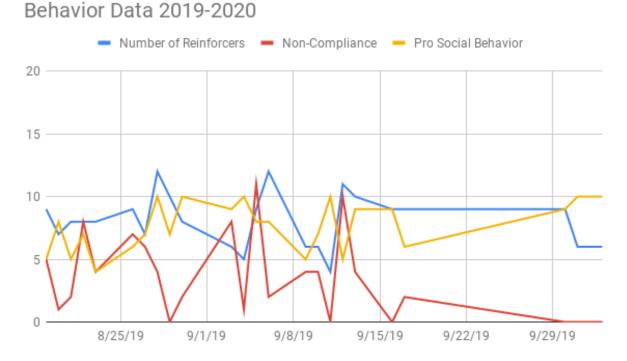
### Beginning Sound Identification- Receptive

#### Alphabet Identification- Receptive

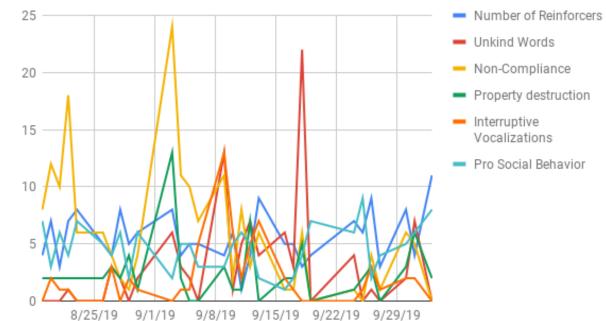


Team Meetings Continued...

Behavioral Data is shared:



#### 2019-2020 Behavior Data



- BIP (Behavior Intervention Plan)
- Individualized and targets known, observed behavior
- Foundations in Applied Behavior Analysis
- Positive reinforcement is key
- Data collection is essential to success



# Student conduct and discipline

## Daily Behavior Data Collection

Name:

Time		Group leader	Group size (circle one)	Number of reinforcers earned (tally)	Interruptive Vocalizations	Non-compliance	Tantrum	Tantrum Intensity (rate 1-5) & Duration	Self-Injurious Bx	Notes	pro-social behavior
8:00-8:25	Morning Meeting		1:1 CLASS SM Group								
8:30- 10:00	ELA		1:1 CLASS SM Group								
10:00- 10:15	Snack/break		1:1 CLASS SM Group								
10:15- 11:35	Math		1:1 CLASS SM Group								
11:35- 12:00	Lunch		1:1 CLASS SM Group								
12:00- 12:30	Executive Functioning Community helpers Spanish PE		1:1 CLASS SM Group								
12:30- 1: 00	Conflict Resolution Music Social Skills Art Writing		1:1 CLASS SM Group								
1:00-	Writing Science Social Studies		1:1 CLASS SM Group								
1:30- 2: 50	Science Health Social Studies Library Assembly		1:1 CLASS SM Group								
2:50-3	Pack Up/Dismissal		CLASS								

 Intensity Rating Scale:
 IV Rating Scale:

 1: Minimal crying/scripting but needed redirection
 Tally for any interruptive vocalization that impedes the learning of others (interruptions to instructional groups or diverting teacher attention from others). Scripting and/or singing quiety is acceptable and does not require a tally.
 Notes:

# Diagnosis

- While Friends School recommends evaluation and diagnosis, we do not require a diagnosis to participate in programming.
- If a student needs assistance in order to be successful in the regular classroom setting, they can qualify for the ASP.
- A diagnosis alone is not reason enough to be on a Tier or to participate in the ASP. Several students with a diagnosis are in typical enrollment slots at Friends.

Transition Services for Students in Special Education Friends School is, by and large, a transitional school. Students come to us for remediation, expecting to move along in 1-3 years or when able. All IEPs, BIPs, Goal Pages, Data Sheets, Tier Forms, Report Cards, accommodations, supports, and strategies are provided to receiving schools.

We assist 8<sup>th</sup> grade students in finding appropriate high school placement.

We assist students at all grade levels to find "best fit" schools.

## Works cited

- <u>https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Special\_education\_i</u>
   <u>n\_the\_United\_States</u>
- <u>https://www.specialeducationguide.com/pre-k-12/inclusion/</u>
- <u>https://education.cu-</u>
   <u>portland.edu/blog/classroom-</u>
   <u>resources/inclusive-education/</u>
- <u>ttps://www.thinkinclusive.us/inclusion-</u> <u>exclusion-segregation-integration-different/</u>
- <u>https://www.teacherspayteachers.com/Produc</u>
   <u>t/Welcoming-ASL-Quotes-for-Your-</u>
   <u>Classroom-4095658</u>