Environmental Safety

The Superintendent may designate and train one or more employees to oversee and coordinate the district's environmental safety program(s). The responsibilities of the coordinator(s) shall include, but are not limited to, overseeing assessments of district facilities, recommending strategies for the prevention and mitigation of environmental health risks, ensuring effective implementation of environmental safety strategies, and reporting to the Superintendent regarding the district's progress in addressing environmental safety concerns.

(cf. 3510 - Green School Operations)
(cf. 3511 - Energy and Water Management)
(cf. 3517 - Facilities Inspection)
(cf. 4157/4257/4357 - Employee Safety)
(cf. 5030 - Student Wellness)
(cf. 5142 - Safety)
(cf. 7111 - Evaluating Existing Buildings)
(cf. 7150 - Site Selection and Development)

Hazard Communication Program

One purpose of this administrative regulation is to provide guidance to control the types and quantities of hazardous substances purchased, stored, handled, or removed from work areas in Tracy Unified School District work areas including chemicals purchased for use in science classrooms throughout the District. This policy establishes guidelines for these types of uses and includes a description of the District Hazard Communication Program. This guidance governs all requests for chemical purchases for science-related curriculum in the Tracy USD.

B. General Hazard Communication Program School districts are required to have a written hazard communication program. This administrative regulation details the requirements of maintaining compliance with local, state, and federal laws and guidelines related to the purchase, handling, and disposal of hazardous substances. The written hazard communication program shall be maintained in the office of each school site and in the central district office. The following materials are exempted from the hazard communication program and this district regulation: hazardous wastes; tobacco products; wood and wood products; manufactured articles; food, drugs and cosmetics intended for personal consumption by employees while in the workplace; and substances used in compliance with regulations issued by the Department of Pesticide Regulation pursuant to Food and Agriculture Code 12981.

1. Container Labeling
   Except for consumer products, pesticides, alcoholic beverages, and food, drug and additive products which are already labeled in compliance with federal law, no container of hazardous substance shall be accepted by schools or the district unless labeled by the supplier with the following information: a. Identity of the hazardous substance(s) b. Hazard warning statements c. Name and address of the chemical manufacturer or importer Whenever hazardous substances are transferred from their original containers to other containers, the secondary containers shall likewise be labeled with the identity and hazard warning statement.
2. **Material Safety Data Sheets**
   Upon receiving a hazardous substance or mixture, the Superintendent or designee shall ensure that the manufacturer has also furnished a Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) as required by law. If the MSDS is missing or obviously incomplete, the Superintendent or designee shall request a new MSDS from the manufacturer and shall notify the California Occupational Safety and Health Division (Cal/OSHA) if a complete MSDS is not received.
   
a. The Superintendent or designee shall maintain copies of the MSDS for all hazardous substances and ensure that they are kept up to date and available to all affected employees during working hours. He/she shall review each incoming MSDS for new and significant health or safety information and shall disseminate this information to affected employees.

3. **Employee In-Service Training**
   Employees shall receive in-service training on hazardous substances in their work area at the time of their initial assignment and whenever a new hazard is introduced into their work area. This training shall include but is not limited to:
   
a. An overview of the requirements of California's Hazard Communication Regulation (8 CCR 5194), including employee rights described therein
   b. The location, availability and content of the district's written hazard communication program
   c. Information as to any operations in the employees' work area where hazardous substances are present
   d. The physical and health effects of the hazardous substances in the work area
   e. Techniques and methods of observation that may determine the presence or release of hazardous substances in the work area
   f. Methods by which employees can lessen or prevent exposure to these hazardous substances, such as appropriate work practices, use of personal protective equipment and engineering controls
   g. Steps the district has taken to lessen or prevent exposure to these substances
   h. Instruction on how to read labels and review the MSDS for appropriate information
   i. Emergency and first aid procedures to follow if exposed to the hazardous substance(s)

4. **List of Hazardous Substances**
   For specific information about the hazardous substances known to be present in the district and schools, employees may consult the MSDS. a. A complete list of hazardous substances shall be provided within the written hazard communication program, with a general indication of the work area(s) where the substances are found.

5. **Hazardous Non-routine Tasks**
   When employees are required to perform hazardous non-routine tasks, they shall first receive information about the specific hazards to which they may be exposed during this activity and the protective/safety measures which must be used. They shall also receive information about emergency procedures and the measures the district has
taken to lessen the hazards, including ventilation, respirators, and the presence of another employee.

6. **Hazardous Substances in Unlabeled Pipes**
   Before starting to work on unlabeled pipes, employees shall contact their supervisors for information as to the hazardous substance(s) contained in the pipes, the potential hazards, and safety precautions which must be taken.

7. **Informing Contractors**
   To ensure that outside contractors and their employees work safely in district buildings and schools, the Superintendent or designee shall inform these contractors of hazardous substances which are present on the site and precautions that employees may take to lessen the possibility of exposure. It shall be the contractor's responsibility to disseminate this information to his/her employees and subcontractors.

8. **Materials for Science Curriculum**
   The potential hazards, special storage methods, and high disposal costs associated with some chemical products outweighs the educational value of the material. Therefore:
   a. All employees involved in the purchase of chemicals for science-related curriculum in the District will be trained as to the content of this policy.
   b. **Process:** Before a request for a chemical purchase is made, the requesting employee must check the chemical for inclusion on the Prohibited Chemicals Lists (see below). The list follows the guidelines of the most current Science Safety Handbook for California Schools. If the chemical is listed as prohibited, the employee must seek an alternative or substitute chemical not on the Prohibited Chemicals Lists. A requesting employee may appeal to the District Safety Committee if they feel there is no alternative and the educational value of the purchase outweighs the hazards associated with it (see below).
   c. All requests for District purchases of chemicals for science classrooms will follow the standard District purchasing process that includes Department Head, Principal, and District Purchasing Office review.
   d. **Prohibited Chemicals Lists:** The criteria for determining the acceptance of a chemical purchase will be based on the most current Science Safety Handbook for California Public Schools (www.cde.ca.gov/ci/SciSafety.pdf). The handbook contains three tables: Table 1 – Explosives, Table 2 – Extremely Hazardous Chemicals, and Table 3 – Hazardous Chemicals Reference Table. Chemicals included in Tables 1 and 2 are strictly prohibited from purchase. Table 3 of the Science Safety Handbook lists chemicals by varying degree of hazard including those where “the hazard risk outweighs the educational value” and those that are listed by the State as “chemicals known to the State to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity”. **Purchase requests for chemicals that are listed as “hazard risk outweighs educational value” and “those known to the State to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity” in Table 3 will be prohibited.**
   e. **Appeal Process:** A requestor who has had a chemical purchase request denied due to the product’s inclusion on the Prohibited Chemicals List, may appeal
the denial to the District Safety Committee or appropriate Science Safety Sub Committee as prescribed by the Assistant Superintendent of Business Services and the Science Department Chairs of the Science Departments of each comprehensive High School. The instructor will be required to appear before the Safety Committee to state their case for the purchase. Information as to why the need for the purchase may outweigh the intent of this policy must be presented. Issues to consider should include educational value versus the potential hazards of the material, the use/handling/storage of the material, and costs associated with purchase and disposal. If an appeal is brought forward, the Safety Committees’ decision on the appeal will be considered final.

9. **Hazardous Material Disposal**
   The removal and disposal of chemicals shall be accomplished through the district Maintenance Department to ensure compliance with local, state, and federal safety laws and guidelines.

10. **Notifications**
    The district maintenance department shall annually notify parents and staff of certain hazardous materials information. Two specific letters will be distributed each year: a. School Asbestos Inspections and Management Plans annual notifications to Parents and Staff b. Healthy Schools Act 200 annual notification to parents.

11. **Hazard Communication Reports Required**
    Reports required for hazardous substances are governed by the following agencies.

    | Agency                                      | Reports                      |
    |---------------------------------------------|------------------------------|
    | San Joaquin County Office of Emergency Services | Emergency Response           |
    |                                             | Hazmat Inventory Reporting    |
    |                                             | Site Evaluations             |
    |                                             | Insecticide Spraying         |
    | San Joaquin Public Health Blood             | Borne Pathogens              |
    | San Joaquin County Air Resource Board       | Air Quality                  |
    |                                             | Asbestos                     |
    |                                             | Small Quantities of Hazardous Materials |
    |                                             | Fuel Permitting              |
    | California Air Resources Board              | Same as county               |
    | San Joaquin County Environmental Health Dept. | Swimming Pool and Site Inspections |
    | Department of Health (agency of Environmental Health Department) | Swimming Pools, Kitchens |
Indoor Air Quality

In order to provide proper ventilation, humidity, and temperature in school facilities and to reduce indoor air contaminants, the Superintendent or designee shall ensure that the following strategies are implemented:

1. Mechanically driven heating, ventilation, and air conditioning systems shall be operated continuously during working hours except under the circumstances specified in 8 CCR 5142. The systems shall be inspected at least annually and problems corrected within a reasonable time. Where the air supply is filtered, the filters shall be replaced or cleaned regularly to prevent significant reductions in airflow. Documentation of inspections, tests of ventilation rates, and maintenance shall be retained for at least five years. (8 CCR 5142-5143)
   (cf. 3580 - District Records)
   Staff shall ensure that airflow is not obstructed by the blocking of ventilators with
posters, furniture, books, or other obstacles.

2. School facilities shall be regularly inspected for water damage, spills, leaks in plumbing and roofs, poor drainage, and improper ventilation so as to preclude the buildup of mold and mildew. Wet building materials and furnishings shall be dried within 48 hours if possible to prevent mold growth. When evidence of mold or mildew is found, maintenance staff shall locate and repair the source of water intrusion and remove or clean moldy materials.

3. Exterior wall and foundation cracks and openings shall be sealed as soon as possible to minimize seepage of radon into buildings from surrounding soils.

4. Least toxic pest management practices shall be used to control and manage pests at school sites.
   (cf. 3514.2 - Integrated Pest Management)

5. In any new school construction after January 1, 2017, the Superintendent or designee shall install a carbon monoxide detector in each school building that contains a fossil fuel burning furnace. The device shall be placed in close proximity to the furnace in order to accurately detect any leakage of carbon monoxide.

6. Schedules and practices for routine housekeeping and maintenance shall be designed to effectively reduce levels of dust, dirt, and debris. Plain water, soap and water, or low-emission cleaning products shall be used whenever possible. Aerosols, including air fresheners and other products containing ozone, shall be avoided to the extent possible.
   (cf. 5141.23 - Asthma Management)

7. Painting of school facilities and maintenance or repair duties that require the use of potentially harmful substances shall be limited to those times when school is not in session. Following any such activity, the facility shall be properly ventilated with adequate time allowed prior to reopening for use by any person.

8. Paints, adhesives, and solvents shall be used and stored in well-ventilated areas. These items shall be purchased in small quantities to avoid storage exposure.
   (cf. 3514.1 - Hazardous Substances)
   (cf. 6161.3 - Toxic Art Supplies)

9. To the extent possible, printing and duplicating equipment that may generate indoor air pollutants, such as methyl alcohol or ammonia, shall be placed in locations that are well ventilated and not frequented by students and staff.

10. The district’s tobacco-free schools policy shall be consistently enforced in order to reduce the health risks caused by second-hand smoke.
    (cf. 3513.3 - Tobacco-Free Schools)
11. Staff and students shall be asked to refrain from bringing common irritants such as furred or feathered animals, stuffed toys that may collect dust mites, scented candles, **essential oils, aromatherapy**, incense, or air fresheners and from using perfume or cologne, scented lotion or hair spray, nail polish or nail polish remover, or other personal care products that are not fragrance-free in classrooms or other enclosed areas or buildings.

   (cf. 6163.2 - Animals at School)

**Outdoor Air Quality**

The Superintendent or designee may monitor local health advisories and outdoor air quality alerts, including forecasts of ozone levels, particle pollution, and/or ultraviolet radiation levels.

Whenever these measures indicate a significant health risk, the Superintendent or designee shall communicate with each principal so that outdoor activities, especially those requiring prolonged or heavy exertion, may be avoided, limited in duration, or modified as necessary for all persons or for persons who may be particularly susceptible to the health risk involved.

   (cf. 5141.7 - Sun Safety)
   (cf. 6142.7 - Physical Education and Activity)
   (cf. 6145 - Extracurricular and Cocurricular Activities)
   (cf. 6145.2 - Athletic Competition)

**Vehicle Emissions**

In order to reduce public exposure to toxic air contaminants, school bus drivers and other drivers of commercial motor vehicles shall limit unnecessary idling of vehicles at or near schools in accordance with 13 CCR 2480.

   (cf. 3540 - Transportation)
   (cf. 3541.1 - Transportation for School-Related Trips)
   (cf. 3542 - School Bus Drivers)

Any diesel-fueled school bus with a gross vehicle weight rating over 14,000 pounds manufactured on or after April 1, 1977 shall be equipped with a particulate filter designed to reduce particulate matter emissions, oxides of nitrogen emissions, and other pollutants. (13 CCR 2025)

**Drinking Water**

The quality and safety of the district's drinking water sources shall be regularly assessed.

Whenever testing of drinking water finds concentrations of lead that exceed federal and state standards in 40 CFR 141.80 and 22 CCR 64678, water outlets shall be flushed thoroughly each day before use or made inoperable until a plan for remediation can be implemented.

Whenever levels of arsenic, bacteria, or other contaminants in the drinking water are determined to be a concern, the Superintendent or designee may recommend basic filtration or pipe flushing when feasible.
Until drinking water is assured to be safe, the Superintendent or designee may explore alternatives, such as bottled water, to ensure that students have access to fresh drinking water at mealtimes and at other times throughout the day. As needed, he/she also may encourage appropriate governmental agencies to conduct regular testing of the water quality in district schools and to implement strategies to improve water quality in the community.  

(cf. 3550 - Food Service/Child Nutrition Program)

Drinking fountains in district schools shall be regularly cleaned and maintained to avoid the presence of dirt, mold, or other impurities or health concerns.

Lead Exposure
In addition to keeping school facilities as dust-free and clean as possible, the following steps shall be taken to minimize potential exposure to lead in school facilities:

1. Lead-based paint, lead plumbing and solders, or other potential sources of lead contamination shall not be used in the construction of any new school facility or the modernization or renovation of any existing school facility. (Education Code 32244)

2. Lead exposure hazards shall be evaluated before any renovation or remodeling is begun, and children shall not be allowed in or near buildings in which these activities may create lead dust. Contractors and workers shall comply with state and federal standards related to the handling and disposal of lead debris and the clean-up and containment of dust within the construction area.

3. Lead-based painted surfaces that are in good condition shall be kept intact. If lead-based paint is peeling, flaking, or chalking, contractors or workers shall follow state and federal standards for safe work practices to minimize contamination when removing the paint.

4. Soil with high lead content may be covered with grass, other plantings, concrete, or asphalt.

5. Drinking water shall be regularly tested for lead and remediated as provided in the section "Drinking Water" above.

12. Any action to abate existing lead hazards, excluding containment or cleaning, shall be taken only by contractors, inspectors, and workers certified by the California Department of Public Health in accordance with 17 CCR 35001-35099. (Education Code 32243)

Mercury Exposure
The Superintendent or designee shall identify any products containing mercury that are present in district facilities and, to the extent possible, shall replace them with mercury-free alternatives.
Staff shall receive information about proper procedures to follow in the event of a mercury spill. Clean-up instructions, a clearly labeled kit with necessary clean-up supplies, and a list of local resources shall be readily accessible.

In the event of a spill, staff shall evacuate all students from the immediate area of the spill, ensure that any clothing or other items with mercury on them remain in the room, open windows to the outside, and close doors to other parts of the school. Staff who are trained in proper clean-up procedures may carefully clean a small spill. As needed for larger or difficult-to-clean spills, the Superintendent or designee shall use an experienced professional referred by the local health department or environmental agency.

Any products containing mercury shall be properly disposed at an appropriate hazardous waste collection facility.

**Asbestos Management**

The Superintendent shall designate an employee who shall ensure that the district's responsibilities related to asbestos inspection and abatement are implemented in accordance with federal and state regulations. This employee shall receive adequate training to perform these duties, including, as necessary, training on the health effects of asbestos; detection, identification, and assessment of asbestos-containing materials; options for controlling asbestos-containing building materials; and relevant federal and state regulations. (40 CFR 763.84)

(cf. 4231 - Staff Development)
(cf. 4331 - Staff Development)

The designated employee shall ensure that the district complies with the following requirements:

School facilities shall be inspected for asbestos-containing materials as necessary in accordance with the following:

1. Any school building that is leased or acquired by the district shall be inspected for asbestos-containing materials prior to its use as a school building, unless exempted by federal regulations. (40 CFR 763.85, 763.99)
   a. At least once every six months, the district shall conduct a periodic surveillance consisting of a visual inspection of each school building that contains or is assumed to contain asbestos-containing building materials. (40 CFR 763.92)
   b. At least once every three years, the district shall conduct a re-inspection of all known or assumed asbestos-containing building materials in each school building. (40 CFR 763.85)

2. Based on the results of the inspection, an appropriate response which is sufficient to protect human health and the environment shall be determined from among the options specified in 40 CFR 763.90. The district may select the least burdensome response, taking into consideration local circumstances, including occupancy and use patterns within the school building and economic concerns such as short-term and long-term costs. (40 CFR 763.90)
3. An asbestos management plan for each school site shall be maintained and regularly updated to keep it current with ongoing operations and maintenance, periodic surveillance, inspection, re-inspection, and response action activities. (15 USC 2643; 40 CFR 763.93)

The asbestos management plan shall be available for inspection in district and school offices during normal business hours. Parent/guardian, teacher, and employee organizations shall be annually informed of the availability of these plans. (40 CFR 763.84)

(cf. 4112.9/4212.9/4312.9 - Employee Notifications)
(cf. 5145.6 - Parental Notifications)

4. Staff, students, and parents/guardians shall be informed at least once each school year about any inspections, response actions, and post-response actions, including periodic re-inspection and surveillance activities, that are planned or in progress. (40 CFR 763.84)

5. Inspections, re-inspections, periodic surveillance, and response actions, including operations and maintenance, shall be conducted in compliance with state and federal regulations for the protection and safety of workers and all other individuals. (Education Code 49410.5; 40 CFR 763.84)

Asbestos inspection and abatement work and any maintenance activities that may disturb asbestos-containing building materials, except for emergency repairs or small-scale, short-duration maintenance activities, shall be completed by state-certified asbestos inspectors or contractors. (15 USC 2646; 40 CFR 763.84, 763.85, 763.91)

6. All custodial and maintenance employees shall be properly trained in accordance with applicable federal and/or state regulations. (40 CFR 763.84)

All district maintenance and custodial staff who may work in a building that contains asbestos-containing materials, regardless of whether they are required to work with such materials, shall receive at least two hours of related asbestos awareness training. New maintenance and custodial staff shall receive such training within 60 days after beginning employment. Any maintenance or custodial staff who conduct activities that will disturb asbestos-containing materials shall receive 14 hours of additional training. The trainings shall address the topics specified in 40 CFR 763.92. (15 USC 2655; 40 CFR 763.84, 763.92)

7. Short-term workers, such as telephone repair workers, utility workers, or exterminators, who may come in contact with asbestos in a school shall be provided information regarding the locations of known or suspected asbestos-containing building materials. (40 CFR 763.84)
8. Warning labels shall be posted immediately adjacent to any known or suspected asbestos-containing building material located in routine maintenance areas in accordance with 40 CFR 763.95. (40 CFR 763.84)

The district shall maintain, in both the district and school offices and for a period of three years, records pertaining to each preventive measure and response action taken; staff training; periodic surveillances conducted; cleaning, operations, and maintenance activities; and any fiber release episode. (40 CFR 763.94)