ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

JUNE 30, 2016

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FINANCIAL SECTION

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Governing Board Hanford Elementary School District Hanford, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hanford Elementary School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the 2015-2016 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, issued by the California Education Audit Appeals Panel as regulations. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hanford Elementary School District, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 5 through 14, budgetary comparison schedule on page 65, schedule of other postemployment benefits funding progress on page 66, schedule of the district's proportionate share of net pension liability on page 67, and the schedule of district contributions on page 68, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Hanford Elementary School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information such as the combining and individual non-major fund financial statements and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the other supplementary information as listed on the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Variable, Trine, Day & Co, LLT

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 8, 2016, on our consideration of the Hanford Elementary School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Hanford Elementary School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Fresno, California December 8, 2016

Hanford Elementary School District

HANFORD ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT KINGS COUNTY

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

714 N. White Street P.O. Box 1067 Hanford, CA 93232

(559) 585-3600

Superintendent Dr. Paul J. Terry

Governing Board Robert "Bobby" Garcia Jeff Garner Lupe Hernandez Dennis Hill Timothy L. Revious

INTRODUCTION

The Hanford Elementary School District's goal is to provide, in an atmosphere of care and concern, an opportunity for every student to recognize and fully develop his/her particular academic, technical, physical and social skills. Hanford Elementary School District students graduate prepared to continue on to high school.

The Management Discussion and Analysis of Hanford Elementary School District's financial statements provide an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. This analysis will look at the District's financial performance as a whole. The management discussion and analysis should be reviewed in conjunction with the auditor's transmittal letter, notes to the basic financial statements and the basic governmental wide financial statements to enhance the understanding of the District's financial performance.

The Hanford Elementary School District is a medium-sized rural school district offering instruction to students from kindergarten through eighth grade. During the 2015-2016 school year, the District operated eight elementary schools, one K-8 charter school, two junior high schools, and one community day school on the traditional August through June schedule, for the instruction of approximately 5,890 students.

USING THE COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

- This comprehensive annual financial report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. The statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a whole, and then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.
- The Management Discussion and Analysis Statement is provided to assist our citizens, taxpayers and investors in reviewing the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives.



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2016

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Hanford Elementary School District's Government-wide Statement of Net Position illustrates total net position of \$(1.6) million, the result of assets and deferred outflows of \$66.1 million minus liabilities and deferred inflows of \$67.7 million.
- General Revenues accounted for \$59.1 million or 85 percent of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$10.4 million or 15 percent of total revenues of \$69.6 million.
- The District had \$65.0 million in expenses related to governmental activities.
- The General Fund reported a positive fund balance of \$10.0 million.

STUDENT ENROLLMENT & DEMOGRAPHIC TRENDS

- The School District has an enrollment of approximately 5,890 students for the current 2015-2016 school year, with enrollment projected to remain static at 5,890 for the coming 2016-2017 school year.
- In addition to tracking enrollment, the District also watches actual Average Daily Attendance (ADA). The ADA is typically lower than a District's enrollment, although the two terms are often (though incorrectly) used interchangeably. The anticipated 2016-2017 ADA for the District is 5,301 excluding ADA from County run programs. The ratio of actual attendance to enrollment summarizes the District's changes and efforts to increase attendance. Figure 1 summarizes a historical analysis of the District's enrollment to actual positive attendance ratios.

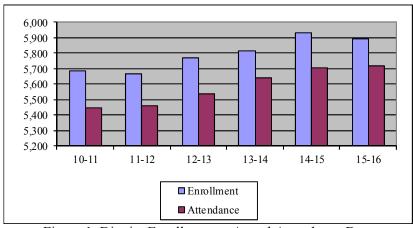


Figure 1. District Enrollment to Actual Attendance Data

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2016

School districts have traditionally placed great importance on the accurate projection of student enrollment for the ensuing budget year, due to the broad range of funding and programs impacted by this number. These impacts range from the very basic funding for California school districts which calculates the number of days attended by the enrolled students times a unique "revenue amount", to how much a particular special program will receive, to the amount of one-time monies a district may receive. Increased ADA is intended to generate additional dollars to help offset normal inflationary costs of operating the business of education, and related growth cost for the additional enrollment.

REPORTING THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

• THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

One of the most important questions asked about the District's finances is, "Is the District better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" "The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities" reports information about the District as a whole and about its activities in a manner that helps to answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by private sector corporations. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into consideration regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Hanford Elementary School District's net position and changes in them. The change in net position provides the reader a tool to assist in determining whether the District's financial health is improving or deteriorating. The reader will need to consider other non-financial factors, such as property tax base, current property tax laws, student enrollment, and facility conditions in arriving at their conclusion regarding the overall health of the District.

• FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds, not the District as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State statute, while many other funds are established by the District to help manage money for particular purposes and compliance with various provisions. The District's three types of funds, governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary use different accounting approaches as further described in the notes to the financial statements.

• GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting. Governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or less financial resources available to spend in the near future to finance the District's program. The Relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the notes to the financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2016

Governmental funds include most of the major funds of the District. A more detailed discussion of Governmental funds follows.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds use the same basis of accounting as business-type activities, therefore the statements will essentially match. Our District has only one such Internal Service Fund – the Self-Insurance Employee Benefits – Dental Fund.

<u>FIDUCIARY FUNDS</u>

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the governmental entity. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. The District uses an agency fund to account for resources held for student activities and groups. These funds include Student Body funds for the two junior high schools.

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its student activity funds. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position. We exclude these activities from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

• NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The notes provided additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

• THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The "Statement of Net Position" provides the perspective of the District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the District's net position for fiscal years 2015-2016 and 2014-2015, respectively.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2016

Table 1. Net Position

(Amounts in millions)	Governmental Activities				Difference	
	2	016	2	2015	over/(under)	
Assets						
Current and other assets	\$	21.9	\$	18.2	\$	3.7
Capital assets		33.0		31.8		1.2
Total Assets		54.9		50.0		4.9
Deferred Outflows of Resources		11.2		3.0		8.2
Liabilities					'	
Current liabilities		4.5		3.6		0.9
Long-term obligations		8.5		9.1		(0.6)
Net pension liability		45.7		36.6		9.1
Total Liabilities		58.7	•	49.3		9.4
Deferred Inflows of Resources		9.0		9.8		(0.8)
Net Position					'	
Net investment in capital assets		27.9		25.9		2.0
Restricted		5.1		5.6		(0.5)
Unrestricted		(34.6)		(37.6)		3.0
Total Net Position	\$	(1.6)	\$	(6.1)	\$	4.5

Table 2 shows the changes in net position for fiscal years 2015-2016 and 2014-2015, respectively.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2016

Table 2. Changes in Net Position

(Amounts in millions)	G	overnmen	Difference			
	2	2016		2015		(under)
Revenues	<u>-</u>					
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	0.2	\$	0.3	\$	(0.1)
Operating grants and contributions		10.2		9.6		0.6
General revenues:						
Federal and State aid not restricted		52.6		44.6		8.0
Property taxes		4.2		3.3		0.9
Other general revenues		2.3		2.0		0.3
Total Revenues		69.5		59.8		9.7
Expenses		<u> </u>				
Instruction related		43.1		37.8		5.3
Student support services		8.6	6.9			1.7
Administration		4.1		3.8		0.3
Maintenance and operations		6.6		6.1		0.5
Other		2.6		2.5		0.1
Total Expenses	-	65.0		57.1		7.9
Change in Net Position	\$	4.5	\$	2.7	\$	1.8

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2016

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

• The District's Governmental Funds include Special Revenue Funds for Deferred Maintenance and Cafeteria, Debt Service Funds for repayments of general obligation bonds, Capital Projects Funds, and most importantly, the General Fund. Figure 2 summarizes District Revenue by source of the District's Governmental Funds. Figure 3 summarize the District's Governmental Expenditures by function.

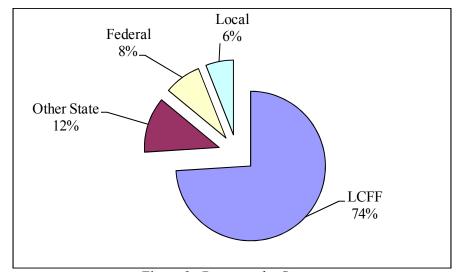


Figure 2. Revenues by Source

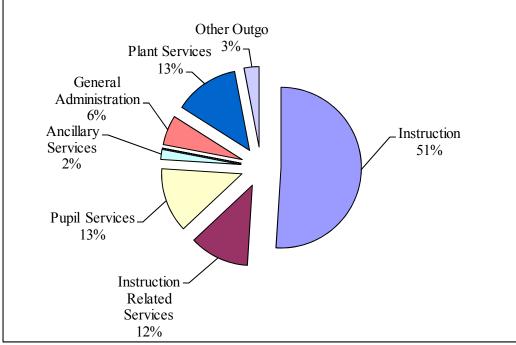


Figure 3. Expenditures by Function

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2016

GENERAL FUND BUDGET INFORMATION

The District's budget is prepared in accordance with California law and is based on the cash basis of accounting, utilizing cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

The District begins the budget process in January of each year, to be completed by June 30. After updating of the forecast for changes in revenue and expenditure assumptions, the operating budget begins at the school level. Each school in the District receives a per pupil allocation augmented with resources for special education students. The schools and departments provide input to the superintendent and to Fiscal Services for their budget needs. The site and department budgets are reviewed monthly to ensure management becomes aware of any significant variations during the year.

• GENERAL FUND BUDGET VARIATIONS

In June of each year, a Budget is adopted by the District's Board of Trustees, effective July 1 through June 30. The Budget is based on year-ending projections from the previous year's budget. As the school year progresses, the Budget is revised and updated, with numerous financial reports made public outlining the revisions. Finally, in August of the following year, the books are closed for the July 1 – June 30 fiscal year, and the results are audited, yielding actual final numbers.

There are several reasons for Budget revisions. Most notable are any salary increases granted by the Board of Trustees for district employees for the original budget does not presume salary increases unless they have already been agreed to in a multi-year contract. Also, any changes in the number of staff and/or staff utilization of health and welfare benefits that vary from the original projections would also yield budget revisions.

The implementation of new instructional or categorical programs can also effect budget projections. For the Hanford Elementary School District, the increased emphasis on closing the achievement gap for all of our students continue to push forward several academic-focused programs that impact expenditures in personnel, instructional materials, outside services and supplies.

The State and Federal budget issues have an impact on the District's General Fund budget. As revenues from these two sources change, so do District revenues, since 96% of District revenues come from State and Federal revenue streams.

The final actual numbers of the General Fund that will be certified by February of the next year will be the reflection of the culmination of these several factors.

The net difference in fund balance between the adopted budget and the final budget was an increase of \$4.7 million and may be summarized as follows:

- \$7.5 million increase in total revenue mainly due to increases state revenue.
- \$2.7 million increase in total expenditures mainly due to increases in salaries and benefits.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2016

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

CAPITAL ASSETS

At June 30, 2015, the District had \$31.8 million in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, and furniture and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation. At June 30, 2016, the District's net capital assets were \$33.0 million. This amount represents a net increase (including additions and deductions) of \$1.2 million, or 3.8 percent, from last year. Table 3 shows the balances for fiscal years 2015-2016 and 2014-2015.

Table 3. Changes in Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

(Amounts in millions)	Governmental Activities				Difference		
	2016		2016 2015		over	(under)	
Land	\$	2.1	\$	2.1	\$	-	
Buildings and improvements		28.9		27.4		1.5	
Equipment		1.6		1.5		0.1	
Construction in Progress		0.4		0.8		(0.4)	
Total	\$	33.0	\$	31.8	\$	1.2	

• LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

At the end of this year, the District had \$8.5 million in long-term obligations outstanding versus \$9.1 million last year, a decrease of 6.6 percent. Table 4 summarizes these debts.

Table 4. Outstanding Obligations

(Amounts in millions)	Governmental Activities				Difference	
	2016		2015		over	(under)
General obligation bonds	\$	5.1	\$	6.0	\$	(0.9)
Compensated absences		0.3		0.3		-
Other postemployment benefits		3.1		2.8		0.3
Total	\$	8.5	\$	9.1	\$	(0.6)

The District's general obligation bond S&P rating at the time of their last issuance was "A+".

Other obligations include compensated absences payable, postemployment benefits (not including health benefits) and other long-term obligations. We present more detailed information regarding our long-term obligations in the Notes to Financial Statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2016

• NET PENSION LIABILITY (NPL)

In the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, which required the District to recognize its proportionate share of the unfunded pension obligation for CalSTRS and CalPERS. As of June 30, 2016, the District reported Deferred Outflows from pension activities of \$11.2 million, Deferred Inflows from pension activities of \$9.0 million, and a Net Pension Liability of \$45.7 million. We present more detailed information regarding our net pension liability in the Notes to Financial Statements.

FOR THE FUTURE

The District's system of budgeting and internal controls is well regarded and it will take all of the District's financial abilities to meet the challenges of the future.

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the Hanford Elementary School District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact David Endo, Chief Business Officer, Hanford Elementary School District, P. O. Box 1067, Hanford, CA 93232.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	Ф. 20.220.121
Deposits and investments	\$ 20,239,121
Receivables	1,438,044
Stores inventories	184,109
Nondepreciable capital assets	2,421,983
Capital assets being depreciated	55,534,458
Accumulated depreciation	(24,970,116)
Total Assets	54,847,599
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	11,190,358
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	4,442,593
Unearned revenue	10,941
Long-term obligations:	
Current portion of long-term obligations	
other than pensions	909,639
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations	
other than pensions	7,589,985
Total Long-Term Obligations	8,499,624
Aggregate net pension liability	45,673,921
Total Liabilities	58,627,079
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	9,027,405
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	27,875,483
Restricted for:	, ,
Debt service	1,193,163
Capital projects	525,204
Educational programs	1,671,002
Other activities	1,670,372
Unrestricted	(34,551,751)
Total Net Position	\$ (1,616,527)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

			Program Revenues					
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales		G	Operating rants and ntributions		
Governmental Activities:	<u> </u>					_		
Instruction	\$	34,748,728	\$	-	\$	4,140,341		
Instruction-related activities:								
Supervision of instruction		2,805,168		-		1,578,951		
Instructional library, media, and								
technology		884,550		-		-		
School site administration		4,683,120		-		114,143		
Pupil services:								
Home-to-school transportation		1,091,957		-		144,080		
Food services		2,990,073		192,506		2,184,217		
All other pupil services		4,519,574		-		612,855		
Administration:								
Data processing		466,450		-		-		
All other administration		3,650,139		9,320		322,953		
Plant services		6,609,824		399		9,282		
Ancillary services		1,222,755		-		1,016,472		
Interest on long-term obligations		566,263		-		-		
Other outgo		785,400		-		110,404		
Total Governmental Activities	\$	65,024,001	\$	202,225	\$	10,233,698		

General revenues and subventions:

Property taxes, levied for general purposes

Property taxes, levied for debt service

Taxes levied for other specific purposes

Federal and State aid not restricted to specific purposes

Interest and investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Subtotal, General Revenues

Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning

Net Position - Ending

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities						
\$	(30,608,387)					
	(1,226,217)					
	(884,550) (4,568,977)					
	(947,877) (613,350) (3,906,719)					
	(466,450) (3,317,866) (6,600,143) (206,283) (566,263) (674,996)					
	2,398,612					
	1,650,341 72,327 52,595,144					
	100,281 2,234,875					
	59,051,580 4,463,502 (6,080,029)					
\$	(1,616,527)					

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2016

		General Fund		Special Reserve Capital Outlay Fund		Non-Major overnmental Funds
ASSETS	<u> </u>					_
Deposits and investments	\$	12,704,645	\$	3,212,467	\$	3,766,436
Receivables		1,243,718		-		194,242
Due from other funds		46,578		-		-
Stores inventories		150,855		-		33,254
Total Assets	\$	14,145,796	\$	3,212,467	\$	3,993,932
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	4,149,115	\$	-	\$	136,908
Due to other funds		-		46,578		-
Unearned revenue		10,941		-		-
Total Liabilities		4,160,056		46,578		136,908
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable		155,905		-		33,664
Restricted		1,617,522		-		3,408,555
Committed		-		-		179,535
Assigned		1,388,919		3,165,889		235,270
Unassigned		6,823,394		-		-
Total Fund Balances		9,985,740		3,165,889		3,857,024
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	14,145,796	\$	3,212,467	\$	3,993,932

Go	Total Governmental Funds					
\$	19,683,548 1,437,960 46,578					
\$	184,109 21,352,195					
\$	4,286,023 46,578					
	10,941 4,343,542					
	189,569 5,026,077 179,535 4,790,078 6,823,394					
	17,008,653					
\$	21,352,195					

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because:		\$ 17,008,653
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources		
and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds.		
The cost of capital assets is	\$ 57,956,441	
Accumulated depreciation is	(24,970,116)	
Net Capital Assets		32,986,325
Expenditures relating to contributions made to pension plans were recognized on the modified accrual basis, but are not recognized on the		2.007.702
accrual basis.		3,886,702
An internal service fund is used by the District's management to charge the costs of the dental insurance program to the individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included with		
governmental activities.		399,087
The net change in proportionate share of net pension liability as of the measurement date is not recognized as an expenditure under the modified accrual basis, but is recognized on the accrual basis over the expected average remaining service life of members receiving pension		
benefits.		2,084,131
The difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments are not recognized on the modified accrual basis, but are recognized on the accrual basis as an adjustment to pension expense.		(3,185,816)
The differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability are not recognized on the modified accrual basis, but are recognized on the accrual basis over the expected average remaining service life of members receiving pension benefits.		76,318
•		70,316
The changes of assumptions is not recognized as an expenditure under the modified accrual basis, but is recognized on the accrual basis over the expected average remaining service life of members receiving		
pension benefits.		(698,382)
Net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period,		()
and is not reported as a liability in the funds.		(45,673,921)

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION, Continued JUNE 30, 2016

Long-term obligations, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds.

Bonds payable \$ 5,110,842 Compensated absences 335,670 Other postemployment benefits (OPEB) 3,053,112

Total Long-Term Obligations \$

(8,499,624)

(1,616,527)

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	General Fund	Special Reserve Capital Outlay Fund		Non-Major Governmental Funds	
REVENUES					
Local Control Funding Formula	\$ 47,469,207	\$	-	\$	3,332,019
Federal sources	2,872,661		-		2,617,810
Other State sources	7,225,941		366,486		648,972
Other local sources	2,451,025		82,687		2,536,951
Total Revenues	60,018,834		449,173		9,135,752
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Instruction	32,574,642		-		1,772,491
Instruction-related activities:					
Supervision of instruction	2,656,814		-		90,828
Instructional library, media and					
technology	786,054		-		65,956
School site administration	4,267,862		-		352,052
Pupil services:	,				,
Home-to-school transportation	944,306		-		45,937
Food services	14,248		-		2,995,080
All other pupil services	4,288,504		-		181,305
Administration:					•
Data processing	479,850		-		-
All other administration	3,127,265		-		326,272
Plant services	5,430,002		12,534		958,635
Facility acquisition and construction	206,500		944,343		807,330
Ancillary services	1,152,687		-		362
Other outgo	785,400		-		-
Debt service					
Principal	-		-		858,127
Interest and other	-		-		582,406
Total Expenditures	56,714,134		956,877		9,036,781
Excess (Deficiency) of					
Revenues Over Expenditures	 3,304,700		(507,704)		98,971
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_		_		
Transfers in	-		1,481,855		472
Transfers out	 (1,300,472)				(181,855)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,300,472)		1,481,855		(181,383)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	2,004,228		974,151		(82,412)
Fund Balance - Beginning	 7,981,512		2,191,738		3,939,436
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 9,985,740	\$	3,165,889	\$	3,857,024

	Total		
Go	vernmental		
	Funds		
\$	50,801,226		
	5,490,471		
	8,241,399		
	5,070,663		
	69,603,759		
	34,347,133		
	2,747,642		
	852,010		
	4,619,914		
	1,017,711		
	990,243		
	3,009,328		
	4,469,809		
	, ,		
	479,850		
	3,453,537		
	6,401,171		
	1,958,173		
	1,153,049		
	785,400		
	858,127		
	582,406		
	66,707,792		
	2,895,967		
	1,482,327		
	(1,482,327)		
	(1,702,327)		
	2,895,967		
	14,112,686		
\$	17,008,653		

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because:		\$ 2,895,967
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures, however, for governmental activities, those costs are shown in the Statement of Net Position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expenses in the Statement of Activities.		
This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeds depreciation in the period.		
Capital outlays	\$ 2,528,270	
Depreciation expense	(1,381,407)	1,146,863
Loss on disposal of capital assets is reported in the government-wide Statement of Activities, but is not recorded in the governmental funds.		(3,237)
In the Statement of Activities, compensated absences (vacations) are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). Vacation used was less than the amounts earned by \$52,682.		(52,682)
In the governmental funds, pension costs are based on employer contributions made to pension plans during the year. However, in the Statement of Activities, pension expense is the net effect of all changes in the deferred outflows, deferred inflows and net pension liability during the year.		(206,734)
Governmental funds report the effect of premiums when the debt is first issued, whereas the amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. This amount is the net effect of these related items: Amortization on debt premium		16,143
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term obligations in the statement of Net Position and does not affect the statement of activities. Repayment of debt principal for the year consisted of:		
General obligation bonds		858,127
In governmental funds, postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the statement of activities, OPEB costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between OPEB costs and actual		
employer contributions was:		(251,704)

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES, Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

An internal service fund is used by the District's management to charge the costs of the unemployment compensation insurance program to the individual funds. The net income of the internal service fund is reported with governmental activities.

\$ 60,759 **\$ 4,463,502**

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

PROPRIETARY FUND STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund		
ASSETS		_	
Current Assets			
Deposits and investments	\$	555,573	
Receivables		84	
Total Current Assets		555,657	
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities			
Accounts payable		156,570	
Total Current Liabilities		156,570	
NET POSITION Unrestricted		399,087	
Total Net Position	\$	399,087	

PROPRIETARY FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund
OPERATING REVENUES	
Charges to other funds and miscellaneous revenues	\$ 688,505
Total Operating Revenues	688,505
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Professional and contract services	630,956
Total Operating Expenses	630,956
Operating Income	57,549
NONOPERATING REVENUES	
Interest income	3,210
Total Nonoperating Revenues	3,210
Change in Net Position	60,759
Total Net Position - Beginning	338,328
Total Net Position - Ending	\$ 399,087

PROPRIETARY FUND STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		<u> </u>	
Cash receipts from premiums	\$	688,439	
Cash payments for insurance claims		(631,683)	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		56,756	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Interest on investments		3,210	
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		3,210	
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		59,966	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning		495,607	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Ending	\$	555,573	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Operating income	\$	57,549	
Changes in assets and liabilities:	Ψ	31,547	
Receivables		(66)	
Accounts payable		(727)	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	56,756	

FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

Agency Funds	
\$ 33,689	
\$ 33,689	
\$ 33,689	
\$ 33,689	
\$ \$	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Financial Reporting Entity

The Hanford Elementary School District (the District) was organized under the laws of the State of California. The District operates under a locally-elected five-member Board form of government and provides educational services to grades K - 8 as mandated by the State and/or Federal agencies. The District operates eight elementary schools, one K-8 charter schools, two junior high schools, and one community day school.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For Hanford Elementary School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounting system is organized and operated on a fund basis. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. The District's funds are grouped into three broad fund categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major and non-major governmental funds:

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund The General Fund is the chief operating fund for all districts. It is used to account for the ordinary operations of the District. All transactions except those accounted for in another fund are accounted for in this fund.

Two funds currently defined as special revenue funds in the California State Accounting Manual (CSAM) do not meet the GASB Statement No. 54 special revenue fund definition. Specifically, Fund 15, Pupil Transportation Equipment Fund, and Fund 20, Special Reserve Fund for Postemployment Benefits, are not substantially composed of restricted or committed revenue sources. While these funds are authorized by statute and will remain open for internal reporting purposes, these funds function effectively as an extension of the General Fund, and accordingly have been combined with the General Fund for presentation in these audited financial statements.

As a result, the General Fund reflects an increase in assets, fund balance, and revenues of \$1,388,919, \$1,388,919, and \$2,445, respectively.

Special Reserve Capital Outlay Fund The Special Reserve Capital Outlay Fund exists primarily to provide for the accumulation of General Fund monies for capital outlay purposes (*Education Code* Section 42840).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds The Special Revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds from specific revenue sources (other than trusts, major capital projects, or debt service) that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes and that compose a substantial portion of the inflows of the fund. Additional resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to the purpose of the fund may also be reported in the fund.

Charter School Fund The Charter School Fund may be used by authorizing districts to account separately for the activities of district-operated charter schools that would otherwise be reported in the authorizing District's General Fund.

Cafeteria Fund The Cafeteria Fund is used to account separately for Federal, State, and local resources to operate the food service program (*Education Code* Sections 38090-38093) and is used only for those expenditures authorized by the governing board as necessary for the operation of the District's food service program (*Education Code* Sections 38091 and 38100).

Deferred Maintenance Fund The Deferred Maintenance Fund is used to account separately for State apportionments and the District's contributions for deferred maintenance purposes (*Education Code* Sections 17582-17587) and for items of maintenance approved by the State Allocation Board.

Capital Project Funds The Capital Project funds are used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

Capital Facilities Fund The Capital Facilities Fund is used primarily to account separately for monies received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approving a development (*Education Code* Sections 17620-17626. Expenditures are restricted to the purposes specified in *Government Code* Sections 65970-65981 or to the items specified in agreements with the developer (*Government Code* Section 66006).

Debt Service Funds The Debt Service funds are used to account for the accumulation of restricted, committed, or assigned resources for and the payment of principal and interest on general long-term obligations.

Bond Interest and Redemption Fund The Bond Interest and Redemption Fund is used for the repayment of bonds issued for a District (*Education Code* Sections 15125-15262).

Proprietary Funds Proprietary funds are used to account for activities that are more business-like than government-like in nature. Business-type activities include those for which a fee is charged to external users or to other organizational units of the local education agency, normally on a full cost-recovery basis. Proprietary funds are generally intended to be self-supporting and are classified as enterprise or internal service. The District has the following internal service fund:

Internal Service Fund Internal service funds may be used to account for goods or services provided to other funds of the District on a cost-reimbursement basis. The District operates a Self-Insurance Fund for dental coverage that is accounted for in an internal service fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held in trustee or agent capacity for others that cannot be used to support the District's own programs. The fiduciary fund category is agency funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Such funds have no equity accounts since all assets are due to individuals or entities at some future time. The District's agency fund accounts for student body activities (ASB).

Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus

Government-Wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements, but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared.

The government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between expenses, both direct and indirect, and program revenues for each governmental function, and exclude fiduciary activity. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the *Statement of Activities*, except for depreciation. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities.

Net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net position restricted for other activities result from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their use.

Fund Financial Statements Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements.

Governmental Funds All governmental funds are accounted for using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (revenues and other financing sources) and uses (expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide financial statements, prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, and the governmental fund financial statements, prepared using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Proprietary Funds Proprietary funds are accounted for using a flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of this fund are included in the statement of net position. The statement of changes in fund net position presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary fund.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary funds are accounted for using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements because they do not represent resources of the District.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. Generally, available is defined as collectible within 60 days. However to achieve comparability of reporting among California LEAs and so as not to distort normal revenue patterns, with specific respect to reimbursement grants and corrections to state-aid apportionments, the California Department of Education has defined available for LEAs as collectible within one year. The following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: State apportionments, interest, certain grants, and other local sources.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, certain grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the taxes are received. Revenue from certain grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include time and purpose requirements. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Unearned Revenue Unearned revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period or when resources are received by the District prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Certain grants received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as unearned revenue. On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period are also recorded as unearned revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable, and typically paid within 60 days. Principal and interest on long-term obligations, which has not matured, are recognized when paid in the governmental funds as expenditures. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds but are recognized in the entity-wide statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash equivalents also include cash with county treasury balances for purposes of the statement of cash flows.

Investments

Investments held at June 30, 2016, with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost. Fair values of investments in county pools are determined by the program sponsor.

Stores Inventories

Inventories consist of expendable food and supplies held for consumption. Inventories are stated at cost, on the first-in, first-out basis. The costs of inventory items are recorded as expenditures in the governmental type funds.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. General capital assets are long-lived assets of the District. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized, but are expensed as incurred.

When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized in the government-wide statement of net position. The valuation basis for capital assets is historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement cost. Donated capital assets are capitalized at estimated fair market value on the date donated.

Depreciation of capital assets is computed and recorded by the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows: buildings, 20 to 50 years; improvements/infrastructure, 5 to 50 years; equipment, 2 to 15 years.

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the statement of net position.

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide statement of net position as long-term obligations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Sick leave is accumulated without limit for each employee at the rate of one day for each month worked. Leave with pay is provided when employees are absent for health reasons; however, the employees do not gain a vested right to accumulated sick leave. Employees are never paid for any sick leave balance at termination of employment or any other time. Therefore, the value of accumulated sick leave is not recognized as a liability in the District's financial statements. However, credit for unused sick leave is applicable to all classified school members who retire after January 1, 1999. At retirement, each member will receive .004 year of service credit for each day of unused sick leave. Credit for unused sick leave is applicable to all certificated employees and is determined by dividing the number of unused sick days by the number of base service days required to complete the last school year, if employed full-time.

Accounts Payable and Long-Term Obligations

Accounts payable and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund accounts payable that are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds.

Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Debt premiums are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method.

In governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums are recognized in the current period. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are also reported as other financing sources.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position also reports deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The District reports deferred outflows of resources for pension related items.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The District reports deferred inflows of resources for pension related items.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plan for schools (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalSTRS and CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Member contributions are recognized in the period in which they are earned. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

As of June 30, 2016, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable - amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed - amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the governing board. The governing board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through resolutions or other action as approved by the governing board.

Assigned - amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the District's adopted policy, only the Superintendent or Assistant Superintendent, Fiscal Services may assign amounts for specific purposes.

Unassigned - all other spendable amounts.

Spending Order Policy

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the governing board has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Minimum Fund Balance Policy

The governing board adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund in order to protect the district against revenue shortfalls or unpredicted one-time expenditures. The policy requires a Reserve for Economic Uncertainties consisting of unassigned amounts equal to no less than three percent of General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position net of investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The District first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available. The government-wide financial statements report \$5,059,741 of restricted net position.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the District, these revenues are dental premiums. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of the fund. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements. Interfund transfers are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the Statement of Activities.

Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Budgetary Data

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the *California Education Code* and requires the governing board to hold a public hearing and adopt an operating budget no later than July 1 of each year. The District governing board satisfied these requirements. The adopted budget is subject to amendment throughout the year to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption with the legal restriction that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations by major object account.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for. For budget purposes, on behalf payments have not been included as revenue and expenditures as required under generally accepted accounting principles.

Property Tax

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County of Kings bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Change in Accounting Principles

In February 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. The definition of fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. This Statement provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes. This Statement also provides guidance for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements.

The District has implemented the provisions of this Statement as of June 30, 2016.

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not Within the Scope of GASB Statement No. 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68. The objective of this Statement is to improve the usefulness of information about pensions included in the general purpose external financial reports of state and local governments for making decisions and assessing accountability. This Statement results from a comprehensive review of the effectiveness of existing standards of accounting and financial reporting for all postemployment benefits with regard to providing decision-useful information, supporting assessments of accountability and inter-period equity, and creating additional transparency.

This Statement establishes requirements for defined benefit pensions that are not within the scope of Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, as well as for the assets accumulated for purposes of providing those pensions. In addition, it establishes requirements for defined contribution pensions that are not within the scope of Statement No. 68. It also amends certain provisions of Statement No. 67, *Financial Reporting for Pension Plans*, and Statement No. 68 for pension plans and pensions that are within their respective scopes.

The provisions in this Statement effective as of June 30, 2016, include the provisions for assets accumulated for purposes of providing pensions through defined benefit plans and the amended provisions of Statements No. 67 and No. 68. The District has implemented these provisions as of June 30, 2016. The provisions in this Statement related to defined benefit pensions that are not within the scope of Statement No. 68 are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2016.

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 76, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments*. The objective of this Statement is to identify—in the context of the current governmental financial reporting environment—the hierarchy of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The "GAAP hierarchy" consists of the sources of accounting principles used to prepare financial statements of state and local governmental entities in conformity with GAAP and the framework for selecting those principles. This Statement reduces the GAAP hierarchy to two categories of authoritative GAAP and addresses the use of authoritative and non-authoritative literature in the event that the accounting treatment for a transaction or other event is not specified within a source of authoritative GAAP.

This Statement supersedes Statement No. 55, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments*.

The District has implemented the provisions of this Statement as of June 30, 2016.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

In December 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain external investment pools and pool participants. Specifically, it establishes criteria for an external investment pool to qualify for making the election to measure all of its investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. An external investment pool qualifies for that reporting if it meets all of the applicable criteria established in this Statement. The specific criteria address (1) how the external investment pool transacts with participants; (2) requirements for portfolio maturity, quality, diversification, and liquidity; and (3) calculation and requirements of a shadow price. Significant noncompliance prevents the external investment pool from measuring all of its investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. Professional judgment is required to determine if instances of noncompliance with the criteria established by this Statement during the reporting period, individually or in the aggregate, were significant.

If an external investment pool does not meet the criteria established by this Statement, that pool should apply the provisions in paragraph 16 of Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools*, as amended. If an external investment pool meets the criteria in this Statement and measures all of its investments at amortized cost, the pool's participants also should measure their investments in that external investment pool at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. If an external investment pool does not meet the criteria in this Statement, the pool's participants should measure their investments in that pool at fair value, as provided in paragraph 11 of Statement No. 31, as amended.

This Statement establishes additional note disclosure requirements for qualifying external investment pools that measure all of their investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes and for governments that participate in those pools. Those disclosures for both the qualifying external investment pools and their participants include information about any limitations or restrictions on participant withdrawals.

The District has implemented the provisions of this Statement as of June 30, 2016.

New Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 74, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans*. The objective of this Statement is to improve the usefulness of information about postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB) included in the general purpose external financial reports of state and local governmental OPEB plans for making decisions and assessing accountability. This Statement results from a comprehensive review of the effectiveness of existing standards of accounting and financial reporting for all postemployment benefits (pensions and OPEB) with regard to providing decision-useful information, supporting assessments of accountability and inter-period equity, and creating additional transparency.

This Statement replaces Statements No. 43, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans. It also includes requirements for defined contribution OPEB plans that replace the requirements for those OPEB plans in Statement No. 25, Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosures for Defined Contribution Plans, as amended, Statement No. 43, and Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2016. Early implementation is encouraged.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for OPEB that is provided by other entities. This Statement results from a comprehensive review of the effectiveness of existing standards of accounting and financial reporting for all postemployment benefits (pensions and OPEB) with regard to providing decision-useful information, supporting assessments of accountability and inter-period equity, and creating additional transparency.

This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans, for OPEB. Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements for OPEB plans.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2017. Early implementation is encouraged.

In August 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures*. This Statement requires governments that enter into tax abatement agreements to disclose the following information about the agreements:

- Brief descriptive information, such as the tax being abated, the authority under which tax abatements are provided, eligibility criteria, the mechanism by which taxes are abated, provisions for recapturing abated taxes, and the types of commitments made by tax abatement recipients
- The gross dollar amount of taxes abated during the period
- Commitments made by a government, other than to abate taxes, as part of a tax abatement agreement

The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2015. Early implementation is encouraged.

In December 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 78, *Pensions Provided Through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans*. The objective of this Statement is to address a practice issue regarding the scope and applicability of Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*. This issue is associated with pensions provided through certain multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans and to state or local governmental employers whose employees are provided with such pensions.

Prior to the issuance of this Statement, the requirements of Statement No. 68 applied to the financial statements of all state and local governmental employers whose employees are provided with pensions through pension plans that are administered through trusts that meet the criteria in paragraph 4 of that Statement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

This Statement amends the scope and applicability of Statement No. 68 to exclude pensions provided to employees of state or local governmental employers through a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that (1) is not a state or local governmental pension plan, (2) is used to provide defined benefit pensions both to employees of state or local governmental employers and to employees of employers that are not state or local governmental employers, and (3) has no predominant state or local governmental employer (either individually or collectively with other state or local governmental employers that provide pensions through the pension plan). This Statement establishes requirements for recognition and measurement of pension expense, expenditures, and liabilities; note disclosures; and required supplementary information for pensions that have the characteristics described above.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015. Early implementation is encouraged.

In January 2016, the GASB issued Statement No. 80, Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units - amendment of GASB Statement No. 14. The objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by clarifying the financial statement presentation requirements for certain component units. This Statement amends the blending requirements established in paragraph 53 of Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, as amended. The additional criterion requires blending of a component unit incorporated as a not-for-profit corporation in which the primary government is the sole corporate member. The additional criterion does not apply to component units included in the financial reporting entity pursuant to the provisions of Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2016. Early implementation is encouraged.

In March 2016, the GASB issued Statement No. 81, *Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements*. The objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting for irrevocable split-interest agreements by providing recognition and measurement guidance for situations in which a government is a beneficiary of the agreement.

This Statement requires that a government that receives resources pursuant to an irrevocable split-interest agreement recognize assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources at the inception of the agreement. Furthermore, this Statement requires that a government recognize assets representing its beneficial interests in irrevocable split-interest agreements that are administered by a third party, if the government controls the present service capacity of the beneficial interests. This Statement requires that a government recognize revenue when the resources become applicable to the reporting period.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2016, and should be applied retroactively. Early implementation is encouraged.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

In March 2016, the GASB issued Statement No. 82, Pension Issues - An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73. The objective of this Statement is to address certain issues that have been raised with respect to Statements No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement No. 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68. Specifically, this Statement addresses issues regarding (1) the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, (2) the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and (3) the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2016, except for the requirements of this Statement for the selection of assumptions in a circumstance in which an employer's pension liability is measured as of a date other than the employer's most recent fiscal year-end. In that circumstance, the requirements for the selection of assumptions are effective for that employer in the first reporting period in which the measurement date of the pension liability is on or after June 15, 2017. Early implementation is encouraged.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Summary of Deposits and Investments

Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2016, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Governmental activities	\$ 20,239,121
Fiduciary funds	33,689
Total Deposits and Investments	\$ 20,272,810
Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2016, consist of the following:	
Cash on hand and in banks	\$ 45,689
Cash in revolving	5,460
Investments	20,221,661
Total Deposits and Investments	\$ 20,272,810

Policies and Practices

The District is authorized under *California Government Code* to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the State; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered State warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; and collateralized mortgage obligations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Investment in County Treasury - The District is considered to be an involuntary participant in an external investment pool as the District is required to deposit all receipts and collections of monies with their County Treasurer (*Education Code* Section 41001). The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accounting financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

General Authorizations

Limitations as they relate to interest rate risk are indicated in the schedules below:

	Maximum	Maximum	Maximum
Authorized	Remaining	Percentage	Investment
Investment Type	Maturity	of Portfolio	in One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the County Pool which purchases a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and which also times cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Segmented Time Distribution

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the District's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following schedule that shows the distribution of the District's investments by maturity:

	Fair	12 Months	13 - 24	25 - 60	More Than
Investment Type	Value	or Less	Months	Months	60 Months
County Pool	\$ 20,270,233	\$ -	\$ 20,270,233	\$ -	\$ -

NOTE 3 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The District categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy, which has three levels, is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value. The following provides a summary of the hierarchy used to measure fair value:

Level 1 - Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets that the District has the ability to access at the measurement date. Level 1 assets may include debt and equity securities that are traded in an active exchange market and that are highly liquid and are actively traded in over-the-counter markets.

Level 2 - Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable, such as interest rates and curves observable at commonly quoted intervals, implied volatilities, and credit spreads. For financial reporting purposes, if an asset has a specified term, a Level 2 input is required to be observable for substantially the full term of the asset.

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs should be developed using the best information available under the circumstances, which might include the District's own data. The District should adjust that data if reasonably available information indicates that other market participants would use different data or certain circumstances specific to the District are not available to other market participants.

Uncategorized - Investments in the Kings County Treasury Investment Pool are not measured using the input levels above because the District's transactions are based on a stable net asset value per share. All contributions and redemptions are transacted at \$1.00 net asset value per share.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 4 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2016, consist of intergovernmental grants, entitlements, and local sources. All receivables are considered collectible in full.

			N	on-Major	Int	ernal		Total
		General	Go	vernmental	Se	rvice	Go	vernmental
	Fund		Funds		Fund		Activities	
Federal Government			<u> </u>	_				_
Categorical aid	\$	384,864	\$	-	\$	-	\$	384,864
State Government								
Grants and entitlements		776,196		88,843		-		865,039
Local Sources		82,658		105,399		84		188,141
Total	\$	1,243,718	\$	194,242	\$	84	\$	1,438,044

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, are as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	July 1, 2015	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2016
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated				
Land	\$ 2,052,315	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,052,315
Construction in progress	810,697	366,141	807,170	369,668
Total Capital Assets Not Being				
Depreciated	2,863,012	366,141	807,170	2,421,983
Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
Land improvements	5,964,716	225,365	-	6,190,081
Buildings and improvements	41,942,203	2,173,837	-	44,116,040
Furniture and equipment	4,730,806	570,097	72,566	5,228,337
Total Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated	52,637,725	2,969,299	72,566	55,534,458
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Land improvements	4,683,956	150,701	-	4,834,657
Buildings and improvements	15,724,703	918,386	-	16,643,089
Furniture and equipment	3,249,380	312,320	69,330	3,492,370
Total Accumulated Depreciation	23,658,039	1,381,407	69,330	24,970,116
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 31,842,698	\$ 1,954,033	\$ 810,406	\$ 32,986,325

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Depreciation expense was charged to the following functions as follows:

Governmental Activities	
Instruction	\$ 632,500
Supervision of instruction	53,902
School site administration	101,931
Home-to-school transportation	75,462
Food services	98,767
All other pupil services	37,908
Ancillary services	27,502
All other general administration	155,316
Plant services	 198,119
Total Depreciation Expenses Governmental Activities	\$ 1,381,407

NOTE 6 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund Receivables/Payables (Due To/Due From)

Interfund receivable and payable balances arise from interfund transactions and are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which transactions are executed. Interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2016, between major governmental funds are as follows:

		nterfund ceivables	 terfund ayables
Major Governmental Funds			
General	\$	46,578	\$ -
Special Reserve Capital Outlay			 46,578
Total All Governmental Funds	\$	46,578	\$ 46,578
The Special Reserve Capital Outlay Fund owes the General Fund to repay con	nstruct	ion costs.	\$ 46,578

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Operating Transfers

Interfund transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2016, consist of the following:

The General Fund transferred to the Special Reserve Capital Outlay Fund for capital	
projects.	\$ 1,300,000
The General Fund transferred to the Cafeteria Fund for uncollected food service charges.	472
The Charter School Fund transferred to the Special Reserve Capital Outlay Fund for capital	
projects.	181,855
Total	\$ 1,482,327

NOTE 7 - ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

Accounts payable at June 30, 2016, consist of the following:

	General Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Internal Service Fund	Total Governmental Activities
Vendor payables	\$ 2,260,088	\$ 136,908	\$ 156,570	\$ 2,553,566
Salaries and benefits	3,953	-	_	3,953
Deferred payroll	1,711,417	-	-	1,711,417
LCFF funding	173,657	-	-	173,657
Total	\$ 4,149,115	\$ 136,908	\$ 156,570	\$ 4,442,593

NOTE 8 - UNEARNED REVENUE

Unearned revenue at June 30, 2016, consists of the following:

	(General
		Fund
Federal financial assistance	\$	10,941

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Summary

The changes in the District's long-term obligations during the year consisted of the following:

	Balance			Balance	Due in
	July 1, 2015	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2016	One Year
General obligation bonds-					
1993 Issuance	\$ 281,623	\$ -	\$ 138,127	\$ 143,496	\$ 143,496
2003 Issuance	1,345,000	-	325,000	1,020,000	340,000
2010 issuance	4,220,000	-	395,000	3,825,000	410,000
Unamortized bond premium-					
2003 Issuance	3,396	-	1,132	2,264	1,132
2010 Issuance	135,093	-	15,011	120,082	15,011
Compensated absences - net	282,988	52,682	-	335,670	-
Other postemployment benefits	2,801,408	1,076,893	825,189	3,053,112	
Total	\$ 9,069,508	\$ 1,129,575	\$ 1,699,459	\$ 8,499,624	\$ 909,639

Payments on the general obligation bonds are made by the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund with local revenues. The compensated absences and other postemployment benefits obligations will be paid by the fund for which the employee worked.

Bonded Debt

The outstanding general obligation bonded debt is as follows:

				Bonds		
Issue	Maturity	Interest	Original	Outstanding		Outstanding
Date	Date	Rate %	Issue	July 1, 2015	Redeemed	June 30, 2016
1993 1	2002-17	5.15-5.8	\$ 1,750,000	\$ 281,623	\$ 138,127	\$ 143,496
2003	2005-19	2.0-3.5	\$ 4,775,000	\$ 1,345,000	\$ 325,000	\$ 1,020,000
2010	2012-24	2.0-5.0	\$ 5,740,000	\$ 4,220,000	\$ 395,000	\$ 3,825,000
2010	2012-24	2.0-5.0	\$ 5,740,000	\$ 4,220,000	\$ 395,000	\$ 3,825,00

Bonds are Capital Appreciation Bonds. No interest payments are due on the bonds until their maturity date at which time, the accreted interest earned on the par value of the bonds are paid in full along with the par value of the bonds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

1993 Capital Appreciation Bond Issuance

On July 1, 1993, the District issued \$1,750,000 of general obligation bonds in the aggregate. The proceeds from the sale of these bonds were used to finance the acquisition and construction of a new junior high school and for the making of safety improvements to existing school facilities. The bond interest rates range from 5.15 percent to 5.80 percent. A portion of the original 1993 general obligation bond was refunded in 2003 to obtain a lower interest rate.

The annual requirements to amortize the general obligation bonds payable outstanding as of June 30, 2016, are as follows:

	Accreted		Interest		Maturity	
Fiscal Year	Obligation		portion		Value	
2017	\$	143,496	\$	406,504	\$	550,000

2003 General Obligation Bonds

On June 12, 2003, the District issued general obligation refunding bonds in the amount of \$4,775,000 for the purpose of refunding the *callable* outstanding 1993 General Obligation Bonds of the District. The bond interest rates range from 2.0 percent to 3.5 percent. Interest on the Bonds is payable semiannually each January 1 and July 1, commencing on July 1, 2004.

The bonds mature through 2019 as follows:

		Interest to					
Fiscal Year	Pri	Principal		Maturity		Total	
2017	\$	340,000	\$	29,060	\$	369,060	
2018		350,000		17,500		367,500	
2019		330,000		5,775		335,775	
Total	\$ 1.	,020,000	\$	52,335	\$	1,072,335	

The bonds were sold at a premium of \$16,991 which is being amortized over the life of the bonds at \$1,132 per year. The unamortized premium as of June 30, 2016, amounted to \$2,264.

2010 General Obligation Bonds

On December 9, 2010, the District issued general obligation refunding bonds in the amount of \$5,740,000 for the purpose of refunding the outstanding 1998 General Obligation Bonds of the District originally issued to fund improvements to real property for school purposes. The bond interest rates range from 2.0 percent to 5.0 percent. Interest on the Bonds is payable semiannually each March 1 and September 1, commencing on March 1, 2011.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

The bonds mature through 2024 as follows:

		Interest to					
Fiscal Year	Principal		Maturity			Total	
2017	\$ 410,000)	\$	164,163	\$	574,163	
2018	430,000)		147,363		577,363	
2019	445,000)		129,306		574,306	
2020	460,000)		109,500		569,500	
2021	485,000)		89,450		574,450	
2022-2024	1,595,000)		122,124		1,717,124	
Total	\$ 3,825,000)	\$	761,906	\$	4,586,906	

The bonds were sold at a premium of \$210,148 which is being amortized over the life of the bonds at \$15,011 per year. The unamortized premium as of June 30, 2016, amounted to \$120,082.

Compensated Absences

The long-term portion of compensated absences for the District at June 30, 2016, amounted to \$335,670.

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Obligation

The District's annual required contribution for the year ended June 30, 2016, was \$964,836, and contributions made by the District during the year were \$663,164, (includes implicit subsidy rate of 1.2544). Interest on the net OPEB obligation and adjustments to the annual required contribution were \$112,057 and \$(162,025), respectively, which resulted in an increase to the net OPEB obligation of \$251,704. As of June 30, 2016, the net OPEB obligation was \$3,053,112. See Note 12 for additional information regarding the OPEB obligation and the postemployment benefits plan.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 10 - FUND BALANCES

Fund balances are composed of the following elements:

	General Fund	Special Reserve Capital Outlay Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total
Nonspendable	1 unu		Tunus	Total
Revolving cash	\$ 5,050	\$ -	\$ 410	\$ 5,460
Stores inventories	150,855	Ψ -	33,254	184,109
Total Nonspendable	155,905		33,664	189,569
Restricted	100,500		33,001	
Legally restricted programs	1,617,522	_	1,690,188	3,307,710
Capital projects	-,,	_	525,204	525,204
Debt service	_	_	1,193,163	1,193,163
Total Restricted	1,617,522		3,408,555	5,026,077
Committed			, ,	, ,
Deferred maintenance program	-	-	179,535	179,535
Assigned				
Transportation Equipment	125,779	-	-	125,779
Charter school activities	-	-	235,270	235,270
Postemployment benefits	1,263,140	-	-	1,263,140
Future capital projects	-	3,165,889	-	3,165,889
Total Assigned	1,388,919	3,165,889	235,270	4,790,078
Unassigned				
Reserve for economic				
uncertainties	3,500,000	-	-	3,500,000
Remaining unassigned	3,323,394	<u>-</u>		3,323,394
Total Unassigned	6,823,394	-		6,823,394
Total	\$ 9,985,740	\$ 3,165,889	\$ 3,857,024	\$ 17,008,653

NOTE 11 - EXPENDITURES (BUDGET VERSUS ACTUAL)

At June 30, 2016, there were no District major funds that exceeded the budgeted amounts.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE PLAN AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) OBLIGATION

Plan Description

The Postemployment Benefits Plan (the "Plan") is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the Hanford Elementary School District. The Plan provides medical and dental insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. Membership of the Plan consists of approximately 45 retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits and approximately 470 active plan members.

Contribution Information

The contribution requirements of plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the District and the Hanford Elementary Teachers Association (HETA), the local California Service Employees Association (CSEA), and unrepresented groups. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements. For fiscal year 2015-2016, the District contributed \$528,670 to the plan excluding the implicit rate subsidy factor of 1.2544 percent, all of which was used for current premiums (approximately 78 percent of total premiums). Plan members receiving benefits contributed \$145,201, or approximately 22 percent of the total premiums.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The District's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities (UAAL) (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the District's net OPEB obligation to the Plan:

\$ 964,836
112,057
 (162,025)
 914,868
 (663,164)
251,704
2,801,408
\$ 3,053,112
\$

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Trend Information

Trend information for annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the Plan, and the net OPEB obligation is as follows:

Year Ended	Ann	nual OPEB		Actual	Percentage	1	Net OPEB
June 30,		Cost		ntribution	Contributed	(Obligation
2016	\$	914,868	\$	663,164	72.49%	\$	3,053,112
2015		920,927		581,196	63.11%		2,801,408
2014		928,339		512,826	55.24%		2,461,677

Funded Status and Funding Progress

A schedule of funding progress as of the most recent actuarial valuation is as follows:

		Actuarial				
		Accrued				UAAL as a
		Liability	Unfunded			Percentage
Actuarial	Actuarial	(AAL) -	AAL	Funded		of Covered
Valuation	Value of	Projected	(UAAL)	Ratio	Covered	Payroll
Date	Assets (a)	Unit Credit (b)	(b - a)	(a / b)	Payroll (c)	([b - a] / c)
July 1, 2015	\$ -	\$ 9,362,395	\$ 9,362,395	0%	\$ 35,225,292	26.58%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, investment returns, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the Plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

In the July 1, 2015, actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.0 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), based on the plan being funded in an irrevocable employee benefit trust invested in a combined equity and fixed income portfolio. Healthcare cost trend rates ranged from an initial 8.0 percent to an ultimate rate of 5.0 percent. The cost trend rate used for the Dental and Vision programs was 4.0 percent. The UAAL is being amortized at a level dollar method. The remaining amortization period at July 1, 2015, was 30 years.

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT

Property and Liability

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year ending June 30, 2016, the District contracted with Northern California Regional Excess Liability Fund for property and liability insurance coverage. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has not been a significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2016, the District participated in the Kings County Self-Insured Schools (KCSIC), an insurance purchasing pool. The intent of KCSIC is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in KCSIC. The workers' compensation experience of the participating districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all districts in KCSIC. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium based on its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "equity-pooling fund." This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of KCSIC. Participation in KCSIC is limited to districts that can meet KCSIC's selection criteria.

Employee Medical and Vision Benefits

The District has contracted with the Self-Insured Schools of California (SISC III) to provide employee medical benefits. SISC III is a shared risk pool comprised of agencies in California. Rates are set through an annual calculation process. The District pays a monthly contribution, which is placed in a common fund from which claim payments are made for all participating Districts. Claims are paid for all participants regardless of claims flow. The Board of Directors has a right to return monies to a district subsequent to the settlement of all expenses and claims if a district withdraws from the pool. The District has a contract with Keenan-Medical Eye Services for employee vision benefits. The plan is fully insured.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Employee Dental Benefits Claims Liabilities

The District records an estimated liability for dental claims paid out of the Self-Insurance Fund of the District. Claims liabilities are based on estimates of the ultimate cost of reported claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) and an estimate for claims incurred, but not reported based on historical experience. The following represent the changes in approximate aggregate liabilities for the District from June 30, 2014 to June 30, 2016 (in thousands):

	 entai Care
Liability Balance, June 30, 2014	\$ 136,721
Claims and changes in estimates	 20,576
Liability Balance, June 30, 2015	 157,297
Claims and changes in estimates	 (727)
Liability Balance, June 30, 2016	\$ 156,570
Assets available to pay claims at June 30, 2016	\$ 555,657

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NOTE 14 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Academic employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS).

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the District reported net pension liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense for each of the above plans as follows:

			(Collective	Collective					
	C	Collective Net		Deferred Outflows Deferred Inflows		(Collective			
Pension Plan	Per	Pension Liability		of Resources		of Resources		Resources	Pens	sion Expense
CalSTRS	\$	34,307,537	\$	7,180,565	\$	6,073,021	\$	2,830,139		
CalPERS		11,366,384		4,009,793		2,954,384		1,085,768		
Total	\$	45,673,921	\$	11,190,358	\$	9,027,405	\$	3,915,907		

The details of each plan are as follows:

California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement Plan (STRP) administered by the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS). STRP is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

A full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2014, annual actuarial valuation report, Defined Benefit Program Actuarial Valuation. This report and CalSTRS audited financial information are publically available reports that can be found on the CalSTRS website under Publications at: http://www.calstrs.com/member-publications.

Benefits Provided

The STRP provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' final compensation, age, and years of service credit. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 60. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 62. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service.

The STRP is comprised of four programs: Defined Benefit Program, Defined Benefit Supplement Program, Cash Balance Benefit Program, and Replacement Benefits Program. The STRP holds assets for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits to members and beneficiaries of these programs. CalSTRS also uses plan assets to defray reasonable expenses of administering the STRP. Although CalSTRS is the administrator of the STRP, the state is the sponsor of the STRP and obligor of the trust. In addition, the state is both an employer and nonemployer contributing entity to the STRP.

The District contributes exclusively to the STRP Defined Benefit Program, thus disclosures are not included for the other plans.

The STRP provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2016, are summarized as follows:

	STRP Defined Benefit Program			
	On or before	On or after		
Hire date	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2013		
Benefit formula	2% at 60	2% at 62		
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service		
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life		
Retirement age	60	62		
Monthly benefits as a precentage of eligible compensation	2.0% - 2.4%	2.0% - 2.4%		
Required employee contribution rate	9.20%	8.56%		
Required employer contribution rate	10.73%	10.73%		
Required state contribution rate	7.12589%	7.12589%		

Contributions

Required member, District and State of California contributions rates are set by the California Legislature and Governor and detailed in Teachers' Retirement Law. The contributions rates are expressed as a level percentage of payroll using the entry age normal actuarial method. In accordance with AB 1469, employer contributions into the CalSTRS will be increasing to a total of 19.1 percent of applicable member earnings phased over a seven-year period. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2016, are presented above and the District's total contributions were \$2,751,552.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2016, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

Total net pension liability, including State share:

District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 34,307,537
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	 18,144,905
Total	\$ 52,452,442

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts and the State, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share for the measurement period June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively was 0.051 percent and 0.482 percent, resulting in a net increase in the proportionate share of 0.0028 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the District recognized pension expense of \$2,830,139. In addition, the District recognized pension expense and revenue of \$1,405,527 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2016, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 rred Outflows Resources	of Resources		
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$ 2,751,552	\$		
Net change in proportionate share of net pension liability	1,725,901		-	
Difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments	2,703,112		5,499,734	
Differences between expected and actual experience in the				
measurement of the total pension liability	 _		573,287	
Total	\$ 7,180,565	\$	6,073,021	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year. The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be amortized over a closed five-year period and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Deferred
Year Ended	Outflows/(Inflows)
June 30,	of Resources
2017	\$ (1,157,467)
2018	(1,157,467)
2019	(1,157,467)
2020	675,779_
Total	\$ (2,796,622)

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The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the net change in proportionate share of net pension liability and the differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability will be amortized over the Expected Average Remaining Service Life (EARSL) of all members that are provided benefits (active, inactive, and retirees) as of the beginning of the measurement period. The EARSL for the 2014-2015 measurement period is seven years and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Deferred
Year Ended	Outflows/(Inflows)
June 30,	of Resources
2017	\$ 192,102
2018	192,102
2019	192,102
2020	192,102
2021	192,102
Thereafter	192,104_
Total	\$ 1,152,614

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Total pension liability for STRP was determined by applying update procedures to a financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2015. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, used the following methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	June 30, 2014
Measurement date	June 30, 2015
Experience study	July 1, 2006 through June 30, 2010
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Discount rate	7.60%
Investment rate of return	7.60%
Consumer price inflation	3.00%
Wage growth	3.75%

CalSTRS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are based on RP2000 series tables adjusted to fit CalSTRS experience.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS general investment consultant. Based on the model for CalSTRS consulting actuary's investment practice, a best estimate range was determined by assuming the portfolio is re-balanced annually and that the annual returns are lognormally distributed and independent from year to year to develop expected percentiles for the long-term distribution of annualized returns. The assumed asset allocation is based on Teachers' Retirement Board of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (board) policy for target asset allocation in effect on February 2, 2012, the date the current experience study was approved by the board. Best estimates of ten-year geometric real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class used as input to develop the actuarial investment rate of return are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Assumed Asset	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Global equity	47%	4.50%
Private equity	12%	6.20%
Real estate	15%	4.35%
Inflation sensitive	5%	3.20%
Fixed income	20%	0.20%
Cash/liquidity	1%	0.00%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.60 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.60 percent) and assuming that contributions, benefit payments and administrative expense occurred midyear. Based on these assumptions, the STRP's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

	Net Pension
Discount Rate	Liability
1% decrease (6.60%)	\$ 51,801,710
Current discount rate (7.60%)	\$ 34,307,537
1% increase (8.60%)	\$ 19,768,467

California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS)

Plan Description

Qualified employees are eligible to participate in the School Employer Pool (SEP) under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

A full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2014 annual actuarial valuation report, Schools Pool Actuarial Valuation, 2014. This report and CalPERS audited financial information are publically available reports that can be found on the CalPERS website under Forms and Publications at: https://www.calpers.ca.gov/page/forms-publications.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of service credit, a benefit factor and the member's final compensation. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 52 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after five years of service. The Basic Death Benefit is paid to any member's beneficiary if the member dies while actively employed. An employee's eligible survivor may receive the 1957 Survivor Benefit if the member dies while actively employed, is at least age 50 (or 52 for members hired on or after January 1, 2013), and has at least five years of credited service. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The CalPERS provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2016, are summarized as follows:

	School Employer Pool (CalPERS)	
	On or before	On or after
Hire date	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	2% at 55	2% at 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life
Retirement age	55	62
Monthly benefits as a precentage of eligible compensation	1.1% - 2.5%	1.0% - 2.5%
Required employee contribution rate	7.000%	6.000%
Required employer contribution rate	11.847%	11.847%

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Total plan contributions are calculated through the CalPERS annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. The contributions rates are expressed as percentage of annual payroll. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2016, are presented above and the total District contributions were \$1,135,150.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2016, the District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate share of the CalPERS net pension liability totaling \$11,366,384. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share for the measurement period June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively was 0.0771 percent and 0.0740 percent, resulting in a net increase in the proportionate share of 0.0032 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,085,768. At June 30, 2016, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Defe	rred Outflows	Def	erred Inflows	
	of Resources		of	of Resources	
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	1,135,150	\$	-	
Net change in proportionate share of net pension liability		358,230		-	
Difference between projected and actual earnings on					
pension plan investments		1,866,807		2,256,002	
Differences between expected and actual experience in the					
measurement of the total pension liability		649,606		-	
Changes of assumptions		-		698,382	
Total	\$	4,009,793	\$	2,954,384	

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year. The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be amortized over a closed five-year period and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

D C

	Deferred
Year Ended	Outflows/(Inflows)
June 30,	of Resources
2017	\$ (285,299)
2018	(285,299)
2019	(285,299)
2020	466,703_
Total	\$ (389,194)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the net change in proportionate share of net pension liability, changes of assumptions, and the differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability will be amortized over the Expected Average Remaining Service Life (EARSL) of all members that are provided benefits (active, inactive, and retirees) as of the beginning of the measurement period. The EARSL for the 2014-2015 measurement period is 3.9 years and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Deferred
Year Ended	Outflows/(Inflows)
June 30,	of Resources
2017	\$ 106,708
2018	106,708
2019	93,038_
Total	\$ 306,454

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Total pension liability for the SEP was determined by applying update procedures to a financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2015. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, used the following methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	June 30, 2014
Measurement date	June 30, 2015
Experience study	July 1, 1997 through June 30, 2011
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Discount rate	7.65%
Investment rate of return	7.65%
Consumer price inflation	2.75%
Wage growth	Varies by entry age and service

Mortality assumptions are based on mortality rates resulting from the most recent CalPERS experience study adopted by the CalPERS Board. For purposes of the post-retirement mortality rates, those revised rates include five years of projected ongoing mortality improvement using Scale AA published by the Society of Actuaries.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first ten years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Assumed Asset	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Global equity	51%	5.25%
Global fixed income	19%	0.99%
Private equity	10%	6.83%
Real estate	10%	4.50%
Inflation sensitive	6%	0.45%
Infrastructure and Forestland	2%	4.50%
Liquidity	2%	-0.55%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.65 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Based on these assumptions, the School Employer Pool fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

	Net Pension
Discount rate	Liability
1% decrease (6.65%)	\$ 18,499,736
Current discount rate (7.65%)	\$ 11,366,384
1% increase (8.65%)	\$ 5,434,524

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Social Security

As established by Federal law, all public sector employees who are not members of their employer's existing retirement system (CalSTRS or CalPERS) must be covered by Social Security or an alternative plan. The District has elected to use Social Security. Contributions made by the District and an employee vest immediately. The District contributes 6.2 percent of an employee's gross earnings. An employee is required to contribute 6.2 percent of his or her gross earnings Social Security.

On Behalf Payments

The State of California makes contributions to CalSTRS on behalf of the District. These payments consist of State General Fund contributions to CalSTRS in the amount of \$1,521,783 (7.12589 percent of annual payroll). Contributions are no longer appropriated in the annual *Budget Act* for the legislatively mandated benefits to CalPERS. Therefore, there is no on behalf contribution rate for CalPERS. Under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these amounts are to be reported as revenues and expenditures. Accordingly, these amounts have been recorded in these financial statements.

NOTE 15 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Grants

The District received financial assistance from Federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2016.

Litigation

The District is not currently a party to any legal proceedings.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Construction Commitments

As of June 30, 2016, the District had the following commitments with respect to the unfinished capital projects:

	Remaining	Expected
	Construction	Date of
Captial Projects	Commitment	Completion
Monroe new administration building	\$ 60,000	Unknown
Data center remodel	350,000	12/2016
Central kitchen remodel	1,100,000	10/2016
JFK shade structure	50,000	10/2016
Total remaining construction commitments	\$ 1,560,000	

NOTE 16 - PARTICIPATION IN JOINT POWERS AUTHORITIES

The District is a member of the Northern California Regional Excess Liability Fund (NorCal ReLiEF), the Self-Insured Schools of California (SISC III), and the Kings County Self-Insured Schools (KCSIS) joint powers authorities (JPAs). The District pays an annual premium to each entity for its health, workers' compensation, and property liability coverage. The relationships between the District, the pools, and the JPAs are such that they are not component units of the District for financial reporting purposes.

These entities have budgeting and financial reporting requirements independent of member units and their financial statements are not presented in these financial statements; however, fund transactions between the entities and the District are included in these statements. Audited financial statements are available from the respective entities.

The District has an appointed representative to the governing board of NorCal ReLiEF.

During the year ended June 30, 2016, the District made payment of \$294,078 to NorCal ReLiEF for property and liability insurance.

The District has appointed no members to the governing board of SISC III.

During the year ended June 30, 2016, the District made payment of \$5,681,692 to SISC III for health insurance.

The District has appointed no members to the governing board of KCSIS.

During the year ended June 30, 2016, the District made payment of \$707,319 to KCSIS for workers' compensation insurance.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

			Variances -
			Favorable
D 1 4 1			(Unfavorable)
		A streat	Final
Originai	Finai	Actual	to Actual
¢ 45 151 227	¢ 47 460 207	¢ 47 460 207	¢
			\$ -
			-
			-
1,883,000	2,451,025	2,451,025	
52,561,589	60,018,834	60,018,834	
25,210,553	24,503,831	24,503,831	-
9,072,947	9,725,086	9,725,086	-
11,713,908	13,199,802	13,199,802	-
3,987,756	4,914,095	4,914,095	-
3,104,381	3,249,893	3,249,893	-
805,866	495,400	495,400	-
1,403,300	626,027	626,027	
55,298,711	56,714,134	56,714,134	
(2,737,122)	3,304,700	3,304,700	
(1,500)	(1,300,472)	(1,300,472)	
(1,500)	(1,300,472)	(1,300,472)	
(2,738,622)	2,004,228	2,004,228	
7,981,512	7,981,512	7,981,512	-
\$ 5,242,890	\$ 9,985,740	\$ 9,985,740	\$ -
	Original \$ 45,151,337 2,935,944 2,591,308 1,883,000 52,561,589 25,210,553 9,072,947 11,713,908 3,987,756 3,104,381 805,866 1,403,300 55,298,711 (2,737,122) (1,500) (2,738,622) 7,981,512	\$ 45,151,337 \$ 47,469,207 2,935,944 2,872,661 2,591,308 7,225,941 1,883,000 2,451,025 52,561,589 60,018,834 25,210,553 24,503,831 9,072,947 9,725,086 11,713,908 13,199,802 3,987,756 4,914,095 3,104,381 3,249,893 805,866 495,400 1,403,300 626,027 55,298,711 56,714,134 (2,737,122) 3,304,700 (1,500) (1,300,472) (1,500) (1,300,472) (2,738,622) 2,004,228 7,981,512 7,981,512	Original Final Actual \$ 45,151,337 \$ 47,469,207 \$ 47,469,207 2,935,944 2,872,661 2,872,661 2,591,308 7,225,941 7,225,941 1,883,000 2,451,025 2,451,025 52,561,589 60,018,834 60,018,834 25,210,553 24,503,831 24,503,831 9,072,947 9,725,086 9,725,086 11,713,908 13,199,802 13,199,802 3,987,756 4,914,095 4,914,095 3,104,381 3,249,893 3,249,893 805,866 495,400 495,400 1,403,300 626,027 626,027 55,298,711 56,714,134 56,714,134 (2,737,122) 3,304,700 3,304,700 (1,500) (1,300,472) (1,300,472) (1,500) (1,300,472) (1,300,472) (2,738,622) 2,004,228 2,004,228 7,981,512 7,981,512 7,981,512

Due to the consolidation of Fund 15, Pupil Transportation Fund and Fund 20, Special Reserve Fund for Postemployment Benefits for reporting purposes into the General Fund, additional revenues and expenditures pertaining to these other funds are included in the actual revenues and expenditures, however, are not included in the original and final General Fund budgets.

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

SCHEDULE OF OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) FUNDING PROGRESS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Actuarial Valuation Date	Va	cuarial lue of sets (a)]	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) - Projected it Credit (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b - a)	Funded Ratio (a / b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ([b - a] / c)
July 1, 2015	\$	_	\$	9,362,395	\$ 9,362,395	0%	\$ 35,225,292	26.58%
July 1, 2013	\$	-	\$	8,053,583	\$ 8,053,583	0%	\$ 29,114,134	27.66%
July 1, 2011	\$	-	\$	6,907,714	\$ 6,907,714	0%	\$ 27,944,015	24.72%

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

CalSTRS	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0510%	0.0482%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 34,307,537	\$ 28,163,133
associated with the District Total	18,144,905 \$ 52,452,442	17,006,116 \$ 45,169,249
District's covered - employee payroll	\$ 23,320,878	\$ 21,702,145
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered - employee payroll	147.11%	129.77%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	74%	77%
CalPERS		
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0771%	0.0740%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 11,366,384	\$ 8,395,535
District's covered - employee payroll	\$ 8,524,832	\$ 7,842,555
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered - employee payroll	133.33%	107.05%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	79%	83%

Note: In the future, as data become available, ten years of information will be presented.

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

CalSTRS		2016		2015
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	2,751,552 2,751,552	\$	2,070,894 2,070,894 -
District's covered - employee payroll	\$	25,643,541	\$	23,320,878
Contributions as a percentage of covered - employee payroll		10.73%		8.88%
CalPERS	Φ.	1.107.170	ф	1 002 170
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$	1,135,150 1,135,150	\$	1,003,458 1,003,458
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-
District's covered - employee payroll	\$	9,581,751	\$	8,524,832
Contributions as a percentage of covered - employee payroll		11.847%		11.771%

Note: In the future, as data become available, ten years of information will be presented.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

This schedule presents information for the original and final budgets and actual results of operations, as well as the variances from the final budget to actual results of operations.

Schedule of Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Funding Progress

This schedule is intended to show trends about the funding progress of the District's actuarially determined liability for postemployment benefits other than pensions.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This schedule presents information on the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (NPL), the plans' fiduciary net position and, when applicable, the State's proportionate share of the NPL associated with the District. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Schedule of District Contributions

This schedule presents information on the District's required contribution, the amounts actually contributed, and any excess or deficiency related to the required contribution. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

NOTE 2 - CHANGES IN BENEFIT TERMS AND ASSUMPTIONS

Changes in Benefit Terms

There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuation for either CalSTRS and CalPERS.

Changes in Assumptions

The CalSTRS plan rate of investment return assumption was not changed from the previous valuation. The CalPERS plan rate of investment return assumption was changed from 7.50 percent to 7.65 percent since the previous valuation.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Passed Through California Department of Education (CDE):			
No Child Left Behind Act	0.4.04.0	1.4220	A 2 020 150
Title I, Part A, Basic Grants	84.010	14329	\$ 2,039,470
Title II, Part A, Teacher Quality	84.367	14341	278,471
Title III, Limited English Proficiency	84.365	14346	127,231
Special Education Programs	0.4.0.	400=0	10
Local Assistance	84.027	13379	195,758
IDEA, Mental Health Allocation Plan, Part B, Section 611	84.027	14468	62,752
Subtotal Special Education Programs			258,510
Total U.S. Department of Education			2,703,682
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			
Passed Through California Department of Health Care Services:			
Medicaid Programs	02.550	10060	110.000
Medi-Cal Administrative Assistance	93.778	10060	118,880
Medi-Cal Billing Option	93.778	10013	50,099
Total U.S. Department of Health and			1.60.050
Human Services			168,979
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
Passed Through CDE:			
Child Nutrition Cluster	10.555	12201	1 0 1 1 0 1 6
National School Lunch	10.555	13391	1,944,946
Especially Needy Breakfast	10.553	13526	562,412
Meals Supplements - Snack	10.555	13391	93,631
Summer Food Program	10.559	13004	16,821
Food Distribution - Commodities	10.555	13391	133,382
Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster			2,751,192
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			2,751,192
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 5,623,853

LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCY ORGANIZATION STRUCTURE JUNE 30, 2016

ORGANIZATION

The Hanford Elementary School District was established in August 1891 and consists of an area comprising approximately 12.92 square miles. The District operates eight elementary schools, one K-8 charter school, two junior high schools, and one community day school. As of July 1, 2006, the Hanford Elementary School District transferred to Pioneer School District an area consisting of approximately 237.31 square acres to be included in the Pioneer School District boundaries. On that same date, Pioneer School District transferred to Hanford Elementary School District 427 acres to be included in the Hanford Elementary School District.

GOVERNING BOARD

MEMBER	OFFICE	TERM EXPIRES
Timothy Revious	President	2016
Dennis Hill	Vice President	2016
Lupe Hernandez	Clerk	2018
Robert "Bobby" Garcia	Trustee	2018
Jeff Garner	Trustee	2018

ADMINISTRATION

Paul J. Terry, Ed.D. Superintendent

David Endo Chief Business Official

Jaime Martinez Assistant Superintendent Human Resources

Joy Gabler Assistant Superintendent Curriculum, Instruction and Professional Development

Karen McConnell Assistant Superintendent, Special Services

SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Second Period Report	Annual Report
HANFORD ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT		
Regular ADA		
Transitional kindergarten through third	2,455.71	2,456.86
Fourth through sixth	1,770.35	1,764.41
Seventh and eighth	1,081.01	1,076.58
Total Regular ADA	5,307.07	5,297.85
Extended Year Special Education		
Transitional kindergarten through third	0.97	0.97
Total Extended Year		
Special Education	0.97	0.97
Community Day School		
Transitional kindergarten through third	4.45	4.81
Fourth through sixth	5.13	6.11
Seventh and eighth	7.39	8.84
Total Community Day School	16.97	19.76
Total ADA	5,325.01	5,318.58
JEFFERSON CHARTER ACADEMY		
Regular ADA - All classroom based	100 26	197.06
Transitional kindergarten through third	188.26	187.96
Fourth through sixth	145.13	144.86
Seventh and eighth	59.72	59.83
Total Regular ADA	393.11	392.65

SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

HANFORD ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT

	1986-1987	2015-2016	Number of Days		
	Minutes	Actual	Traditional	Multitrack	
Grade Level	Requirement	Minutes	Calendar	Calendar	Status
Kindergarten	36,000	48,980	180	N/A	Complied
Grades 1 - 3	50,400				
Grade 1		52,180	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 2		52,180	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 3		52,180	180	N/A	Complied
Grades 4 - 6	54,000				
Grade 4		55,380	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 5		55,380	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 6		55,380	180	N/A	Complied
Grades 7 - 8	54,000				
Grade 7		57,239	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 8		57,239	180	N/A	Complied

JEFFERSON CHARTER ACADEMY

	1986-1987	2015-2016	Number of Days		
	Minutes	Actual	Traditional	Multitrack	
Grade Level	Requirement	Minutes	Calendar	Calendar	Status
Kindergarten	36,000	48,980	180	N/A	Complied
Grades 1 - 3	50,400				
Grade 1		52,180	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 2		52,180	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 3		52,180	180	N/A	Complied
Grades 4 - 6	54,000				
Grade 4		55,380	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 5		55,380	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 6		55,380	180	N/A	Complied
Grades 7 - 8	54,000				
Grade 7		57,239	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 8		57,239	180	N/A	Complied

RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

There were no adjustments to the Unaudited Actual Financial Report which required reconciliation to the audited financial statements at June 30, 2016.

SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	(Budget)			
	2017 1	2016	2015	2014
GENERAL FUND				
Revenues ⁴	\$ 60,985,203	\$ 60,016,389	\$ 49,940,640	\$ 47,346,669
Expenditures	60,244,847	56,714,134	48,104,751	47,277,264
Other uses and transfers out	840,000	2,647,472	501,801	1,701,545
Total Expenditures				
and Other Uses 4	61,084,847	59,361,606	48,606,552	48,978,809
INCREASE (DECREASE)				
IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (99,644)	\$ 654,783	\$ 1,334,088	\$ (1,632,140)
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$ 8,497,177	\$ 8,596,821	\$ 7,942,038	\$ 6,607,950
AVAILABLE RESERVES ²	\$ 7,876,038	\$ 6,823,394	\$ 6,004,597	\$ 5,397,160
AVAILABLE RESERVES AS A				
PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL OUTGO	12.89%	11.49%	12.35%	11.02%
LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS	Not Available	\$ 8,499,624	\$ 9,069,508	\$ 9,561,373
AVERAGE DAILY				
ATTENDANCE AT P-2 ³	5,301	5,325	5,372	5,640

The General Fund balance has increased by \$1,988,871 over the past two years. The fiscal year 2016-2017 budget projects a decrease of \$99,644 (1.16 percent). For a district this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least 3.0 percent of total General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo).

The District has incurred operating surpluses in two of the past three years but anticipates incurring a deficit during the 2016-2017 fiscal year. Total long-term obligations have decreased by \$1,061,749 over the past two years due primarily to the payment of bonded debt.

Average daily attendance has decreased by 315 ADA over the past two years primarily due to the opening of Jefferson Charter School. Further decline of 24 ADA is anticipated during fiscal year 2016-2017.

Budget 2017 is included for analytical purposes only and has not been subjected to audit.

² Available reserves consist of all undesignated fund balances and all funds designated for economic uncertainty contained within the General Fund.

³ Excludes Charter School average daily attendance.

⁴ General Fund amounts do not include activity related to the consolidation of the Pupil Transportation Fund and the Special Reserve Fund for Postemployment Benefits as required by GASB Statement No. 54.

SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOLS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Included in
Name of Charter School	Audit Report
Jefferson Charter Academy (Charter School Number 1637)	Yes

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2016

			Cafeteria Fund		Deferred intenance Fund	
ASSETS						
Deposits and investments	\$	295,154	\$	1,639,513	\$	197,855
Receivables		38,684		57,212		-
Stores inventories		-		33,254		-
Total Assets	\$	333,838	\$	1,729,979	\$	197,855
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	45,088	\$	59,607	\$	18,320
Total Liabilities		45,088		59,607		18,320
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable		-		33,664		-
Restricted		53,480		1,636,708		-
Committed		-		-		179,535
Assigned		235,270		-		-
Total Fund Balances		288,750		1,670,372		179,535
Total Liabilities and			-			
Fund Balances	\$	333,838	\$	1,729,979	\$	197,855

Capital Facilities Fund		Bond Interest and Redemption Fund		Total Ion-Major overnmental Funds
\$ 440,751 98,346	\$	1,193,163	\$	3,766,436 194,242
\$ 539,097	\$	1,193,163	\$	33,254 3,993,932
				424.000
\$ 13,893	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	136,908 136,908
525,204 - - 525,204		1,193,163 - - 1,193,163		33,664 3,408,555 179,535 235,270 3,857,024
\$ 539,097	\$	1,193,163	\$	3,993,932

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Charter School Fund			Cafeteria Fund	
REVENUES	·	_			
Local Control Funding Formula	\$	3,032,019	\$	-	
Federal sources		-		2,617,810	
Other State sources		412,913		205,103	
Other local sources		31,619		274,064	
Total Revenues		3,476,551		3,096,977	
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Instruction		1,772,491		-	
Instruction-related activities:					
Supervision of instruction		90,828		-	
Instructional library, media,					
and technology		65,956		-	
School site administration		352,052		-	
Pupil services:					
Home-to-school transportation		45,937		-	
Food services		-		2,995,080	
All other pupil services		181,305		-	
Administration:					
All other administration		145,000		145,000	
Plant services		389,837		6,206	
Facility acquisition and construction		-		756,440	
Ancillary services		362		-	
Debt service					
Principal		-		-	
Interest and other		<u>-</u> _			
Total Expenditures		3,043,768		3,902,726	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		432,783		(805,749)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		_		_	
Transfers in		-		472	
Transfers out		(181,855)			
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		(181,855)		472	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		250,928		(805,277)	
Fund Balance - Beginning		37,822		2,475,649	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	288,750	\$	1,670,372	

Deferred Maintenance Fund		Capital Facilities Fund		Bond Interest and Redemption Fund		Total Non-Major Governmental Funds	
\$	300,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,332,019
	-		-		-		2,617,810
	-		-		30,956		648,972
	1,550		605,910		1,623,808		2,536,951
	301,550		605,910		1,654,764		9,135,752
	-		-		-		1,772,491
	-		-		-		90,828
	-		-		-		65,956
	-		-		-		352,052
	_		_		-		45,937
	_		_		_		2,995,080
	-		-		-		181,305
	-		36,272		-		326,272
	151,326		411,266		-		958,635
	-		50,890		-		807,330
	-		-		-		362
	-		-		858,127		858,127
					582,406		582,406
	151,326		498,428		1,440,533		9,036,781
	150,224		107,482		214,231		98,971
	-		-		-		472
					<u> </u>		(181,855)
			_				(181,383)
	150,224		107,482		214,231		(82,412)
	29,311		417,722		978,932		3,939,436
\$	179,535	\$	525,204	\$	1,193,163	\$	3,857,024

NOTE TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the Federal grant activity of the District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements. The District has not elected to use the ten percent de minimis cost rate as covered in Section 200.414 Indirect (F&A) costs of the Uniform Guidance.

The following schedule provides reconciliation between revenues reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances, and the related expenditures reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. The reconciling amount consists of the fair market of federal food commodities received but not recorded by the District.

	CFDA	
	Number	Amount
Total Federal Revenues From the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures,		
and Changes in Fund Balances:		\$ 5,490,471
Reconciling item:		
Food Distribution - Commodities	10.555	133,382
Total Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$ 5,623,853

Local Education Agency Organization Structure

This schedule provides information about the District's boundaries and schools operated, members of the governing board, and members of the administration.

Schedule of Average Daily Attendance (ADA)

Average daily attendance (ADA) is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of State funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

Schedule of Instructional Time

The District has received incentive funding for increasing instructional time as provided by the Incentives for Longer Instructional Day. The District neither met nor exceeded its target funding. This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of *Education Code* Sections 46200 through 46206.

Districts must maintain their instructional minutes at the 1986-1987 requirements as required by *Education Code* Section 46201.

NOTE TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2016

Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report With Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balance of all funds reported on the Unaudited Actual Financial Report to the audited financial statements.

Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

Schedule of Charter Schools

This schedule lists all charter schools chartered by the District, and displays information for each charter school on whether or not the charter school is included in the District audit.

Non-Major Governmental Funds - Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

The Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet and Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is included to provide information regarding the individual funds that have been included in the Non-Major Governmental Funds column on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Governing Board Hanford Elementary School District Hanford, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hanford Elementary School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Hanford Elementary School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 8, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Hanford Elementary School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Hanford Elementary School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Hanford Elementary School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Hanford Elementary School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Fresno, California December 8, 2016

Variable, Trins, Day & Co, LET



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Governing Board Hanford Elementary School District Hanford, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Hanford Elementary School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Hanford Elementary School District's (the District) major Federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. Hanford Elementary School District's major Federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its Federal awards applicable to its Federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Hanford Elementary School District's major Federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major Federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Hanford Elementary School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major Federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Hanford Elementary School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Hanford Elementary School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major Federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Hanford Elementary School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Hanford Elementary School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major Federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major Federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Hanford Elementary School District's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Fresno, California December 8, 2016

Variable, Trine, Day & Co, LET

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE

Governing Board Hanford Elementary School District Hanford, California

Report on State Compliance

We have audited Hanford Elementary School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements as identified in the 2015-2016 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Hanford Elementary School District's State government programs as noted below for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of State laws, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its State awards applicable to its State programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance of each of the Hanford Elementary School District's State programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the 2015-2016 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a material effect on the applicable government programs noted below. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Hanford Elementary School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Hanford Elementary School District's compliance with those requirements.

Unmodified Opinion

In our opinion, Hanford Elementary School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the government programs noted below that were audited for the year ended June 30, 2016.

In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine the Hanford Elementary School District's compliance with the State laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

	Procedures Performed
LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCIES OTHER THAN CHARTER SCHOOLS	1 criornicu
Attendance	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	Yes
Independent Study	No (see below)
Continuation Education	No (see below)
Instructional Time	Yes
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratios of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	No (see below)
Gann Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	No (see below)
Middle or Early College High Schools	No (see below)
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	Yes
Transportation Maintenance of Effort	Yes
SCHOOL DISTRICTS, COUNTY OFFICES OF EDUCATION, AND	
CHARTER SCHOOLS	
Educator Effectiveness	Yes
California Clean Energy Jobs Act	No (see below)
After School Education and Safety Program:	
General Requirements	Yes
After School	Yes
Before School	No (see below)
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Local Control Accountability Plan	Yes
Independent Study - Course Based	No (see below)
Immunizations	Yes
CHARTER SCHOOLS	
Attendance	Yes
Mode of Instruction	Yes
Non Classroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study for Charter Schools	No (see below)
Determination of Funding for Non Classroom-Based Instruction	No (see below)
Annual Instruction Minutes Classroom-Based	Yes
Charter School Facility Grant Program	No (see below)

We did not perform procedures for Independent Study because the independent study ADA was under the level that requires testing.

We did not perform Continuation Education procedures because the program is not offered by the District.

The District did not have any employees retire under the CalSTRS Early Retirement Incentive program; therefore, testing was not required.

The District does not have any Juvenile Court Schools; therefore, we did not perform procedures related to Juvenile Court Schools.

The District does not have any Middle or Early College High Schools; therefore, we did not perform procedures related to Middle or Early College High Schools.

We did not perform procedures for the California Clean Energy Jobs Act because the District did not expend any of the California Clean Energy Jobs Act funding received.

The District does not offer a Before School Education and Safety Program; therefore, we did not perform procedures related to the Before School Education and Safety Program.

The District does not offer Independent Study - Course Based program; therefore, we did not perform any procedures related to Independent Study - Course Based Program.

We did not perform procedures for the Non Classroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study nor for Determination of Funding for Non Classroom-Based Instruction because the Charter School is classroom-based.

Additionally, we did not perform procedures for the Charter School Facility Grant Program because the District did not receive funding for this program.

Fresno, California December 8, 2016

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SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS					
Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified				
Internal control over financial report					
Material weakness identified?	No				
Significant deficiency identified?	None reported				
Noncompliance material to financial	No				
FEDERAL AWARDS					
Internal control over major Federal p					
Material weakness identified?	No				
Significant deficiency identified?	None reported				
Type of auditor's report issued on con	Unmodified				
Any audit findings disclosed that are					
Section 200.516(a) of the Uniform C	No				
Identification of major Federal programs:					
CFDA Number	Name of Federal Program or Cluster				
84.010	Title I, Part A, Basic Grants				
Dollar threshold used to distinguish l	\$ 750,000				
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee	Yes				
STATE AWARDS					
Type of auditor's report issued on co	Unmodified				

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

None reported.

FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

None reported.

STATE AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

None reported.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

There were no audit findings reported in the prior year's schedule of financial statement findings.