ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

JUNE 30, 2012

TABLE OF CONTENTS JUNE 30, 2012

FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditors' Report	2
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Assets	13
Statement of Activities	14
Fund Financial Statements	
Governmental Funds - Balance Sheet	15
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets	16
Governmental Funds - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	17
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and	
Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	18
Proprietary Fund - Statement of Net Assets	20
Proprietary Fund - Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets	21
Proprietary Fund - Statement of Cash Flows	22
Fiduciary Funds - Statement of Net Assets	23
Notes to Financial Statements	24
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
General Fund - Budgetary Comparison Schedule	52
Schedule of Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Funding Progress	53
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	55
Local Education Agency Organization Structure	57
Schedule of Average Daily Attendance	58
Schedule of Instructional Time	59
Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report With Audited Financial Statements	60
Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis	61
Combining Statements - Non-Major Governmental Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet	62
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	63
Note to Supplementary Information	64
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS	
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters	
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government	
Auditing Standards	67
Report on Compliance With Requirements That Could Have a Direct and Material Effect	
on Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With	
OMB Circular A-133	69
Report on State Compliance	71

TABLE OF CONTENTS JUNE 30, 2012

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS	
Summary of Auditors' Results	74
Financial Statement Findings	75
Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs	76
State Awards Findings and Questioned Costs	77
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	78

FINANCIAL SECTION

Vavrinek, Trine, Day & Co., LLP Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Governing Board Hanford Elementary School District Hanford, California

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hanford Elementary School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and *Standards and Procedures for Audits of California K-12 Local Educational Agencies 2011-12*, issued by the California Education Audit Appeals Panel as regulations. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to previously present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hanford Elementary School District, as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As discussed in the Notes to the basic financial statements, the State of California continues to suffer the effects of a recessionary economy, which directly impacts the funding requirements of the State of California to the K-12 educational community.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 11, 2012, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, such as management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 12, budgetary comparison information and other postemployment benefits information on pages 52 and 53, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations (Circular A-133), and other supplementary information listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Fresno, California

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Hanford Elementary School District

HANFORD ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT KINGS COUNTY

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

714 N. White Street P O. Box 1067 Hanford, CA 93232

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Superintendent
Dr. Poul I. Torry

Dr. Paul J. Terry

Governing Board
Jeff Garner
Lupe Hernandez
Dennis Hill
James L. Jay, III
Timothy L. Revious

INTRODUCTION

The Hanford Elementary School District's goal is to provide, in an atmosphere of care and concern, an opportunity for every student to recognize and fully develop his/her particular academic, technical, physical and social skills. Hanford Elementary School District students graduate prepared to continue on to high school.

The Management Discussion and Analysis of Hanford Elementary School District's financial statements provide an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. This analysis will look at the District's financial performance as a whole. The management discussion and analysis should be reviewed in conjunction with the auditor's transmittal letter, notes to the basic financial statements and the basic governmental wide financial statements to enhance the understanding of the District's financial performance.

The Hanford Elementary School District is a medium-sized rural school district offering instruction to students from kindergarten through eighth grade. During the 2011-12 school year, the District operated eight elementary schools, two junior high schools, and one community day school on the traditional August through June schedule, for the instruction of approximately 5,669 students.

USING THE COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

- This comprehensive annual financial report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. The statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a whole, and then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.
- The Management Discussion and Analysis Statement is provided to assist our citizens, taxpayers and investors in reviewing the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives.



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2012

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Hanford Elementary School District's Government-wide Statement of Net Assets illustrates total net assets of \$34.6 million, the result of assets of \$53.8 million minus liabilities of \$19.2 million.
- General Revenues accounted for \$37.6 million or 77.7 percent of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$10.8 million or 22.3 percent of total revenues of \$48.4 million.
- The District had \$48.0 million in expenses related to governmental activities.
- The General Fund reported a positive fund balance of \$8.7 million.

STUDENT ENROLLMENT & DEMOGRAPHIC TRENDS

- The School District has an enrollment of approximately 5,669 students for the current 2011-12 school year, with enrollment projected to be slightly greater at 5,715 for the coming 2012-13 school year.
- In addition to tracking enrollment, the District also watches actual Average Daily Attendance (ADA). The ADA is typically lower than a District's enrollment, although the two terms are often (though incorrectly) used interchangeably. The anticipated 2012-13 ADA for the District is 5,483. The ratio of actual attendance to enrollment summarizes the District's changes and efforts to increase attendance. Figure 1 summarizes a historical analysis of the District's enrollment to actual positive attendance ratios.

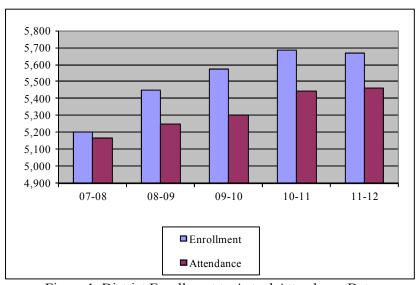


Figure 1. District Enrollment to Actual Attendance Data

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2012

School districts have traditionally placed great importance on the accurate projection of student enrollment for the ensuing budget year, due to the broad range of funding and programs impacted by this number. These impacts range from the very basic funding for California school districts which calculates the number of days attended by the enrolled students times a unique "base revenue limit amount" (for 2011-12 the School District Revenue Limit amount is approximately \$4,929 (\$6,233.51 x 0.79398 deficit factor), to how much a particular special program will receive, to the amount of one-time monies a district may receive. Increased ADA is intended to generate additional dollars to help offset normal inflationary costs of operating the business of education, and related growth cost for the additional enrollment.

REPORTING THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

• THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS AND STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

One of the most important questions asked about the District's finances is, "Is the District better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" "The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities" reports information about the District as a whole and about its activities in a manner that helps to answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by private sector corporations. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into consideration regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Hanford Elementary School District's net assets and changes in them. The change in net assets provides the reader a tool to assist in determining whether the District's financial health is improving or deteriorating. The reader will need to consider other non-financial factors, such as property tax base, current property tax laws, student enrollment, and facility conditions in arriving at their conclusion regarding the overall health of the District.

• FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds, not the District as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State stature, while many other funds are established by the District to help manage money for particular purposes and compliance with various provisions. The District's three types of funds, governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary use different accounting approaches as further described in the notes to the financial statements.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting. Governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or less financial resources available to spend in the near future to finance the District's program. The Relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the notes to the financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2012

Governmental funds include most of the major funds of the District. A more detailed discussion of Governmental funds follows.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds use the same basis of accounting as business-type activities, therefore the statements will essentially match. Our District has only one such Internal Service Fund – the Self-Insurance Employee Benefits – Dental Fund.

<u>FIDUCIARY FUNDS</u>

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the governmental entity. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. The District uses an agency fund to account for resources held for student activities and groups. These funds include Student Body funds for the two junior high schools.

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its student activity funds. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Assets. We exclude these activities from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

• NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The notes provided additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

• THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The "Statement of Net Assets" provides the perspective of the District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the District's net assets for fiscal years 2011-12 and 2010-11, respectively.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2012

Table 1. Net Assets

(Amounts in millions)	Governmental Activities				Difference	
	2	2012	2	2011	over/	(under)
Current and other assets	\$	21.2	\$	17.9	\$	3.3
Capital assets		32.6		33.3		(0.7)
Total Assets		53.8		51.2		2.6
Current liabilities	' <u>'</u>	8.8		6.1		2.7
Long-term obligations		10.4		10.3		0.1
Total Liabilities		19.2		16.4		2.8
Net assets	'					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		24.1		23.8		0.3
Restricted		4.9		5.2		(0.3)
Unrestricted		5.6		5.2		0.4
Total Net Assets	\$	34.6	\$	34.2	\$	0.4

Table 2 shows the changes in net assets for fiscal years 2011-12 and 2010-11, respectively.

Table 2. Changes in Net Assets

(Amounts in millions)	Governmental Activities				Difference		
	2	2012		2011		(under)	
Revenues					•		
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$	0.3	\$	0.3	\$	-	
Operating grants and contributions		10.5		11.4		(0.9)	
General revenues:							
Federal and State aid not restricted		32.5		32.0		0.5	
Property taxes		3.0		3.1		(0.1)	
Other general revenues		2.1		2.9		(0.8)	
Total Revenues		48.4		49.7		(1.3)	
Expenses							
Instruction related		32.5		32.5		-	
Student support services		4.7		4.8		(0.1)	
Administration		3.2		3.0		0.2	
Maintenance and operations		5.7		5.8		(0.1)	
Other		1.9		1.8		0.1	
Total Expenses		48.0		47.9		0.1	
Change in Net Assets	\$	0.4	\$	1.8	\$	(1.4)	

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2012

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

• The District's Governmental Funds include Special Revenue Funds for Deferred Maintenance and Cafeteria, Debt Service Funds for repayments of general obligation bonds, Capital Projects Funds, and most importantly, the General Fund. Figure 2 summarizes District Revenue by source of the District's Governmental Funds. Figure 3 summarize the District's Governmental Expenditures by function.

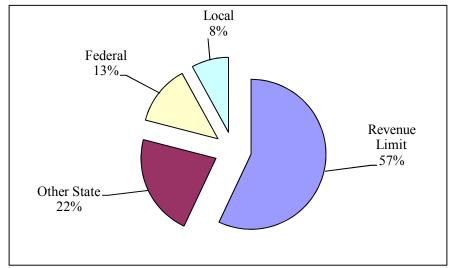


Figure 2. Revenues by Source

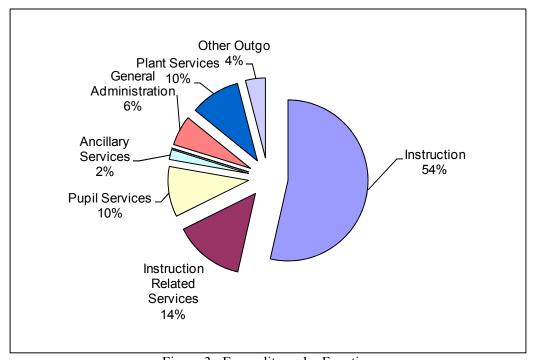


Figure 3. Expenditures by Function

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2012

GENERAL FUND BUDGET INFORMATION

The District's budget is prepared in accordance with California law and is based on the cash basis of accounting, utilizing cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

The District begins the budget process in January of each year, to be completed by June 30. After updating of the forecast for changes in revenue and expenditure assumptions, the operating budget begins at the school level. Each school in the District receives a per pupil allocation augmented with resources for special education students. The schools and departments provide input to the superintendent and to Fiscal Services for their budget needs. The site and department budgets are reviewed monthly to ensure management becomes aware of any significant variations during the year.

• GENERAL FUND BUDGET VARIATIONS

In June of each year, a Budget is adopted by the District's Board of Trustees, effective July 1 through June 30. The Budget is based on year-ending projections from the previous year's budget. As the school year progresses, the Budget is revised and updated, with numerous financial reports made public outlining the revisions. Finally, in August of the following year, the books are closed for the July 1 – June 30 fiscal year, and the results are audited, yielding actual final numbers.

There are several reasons for Budget revisions. Most notable are any salary increases granted by the Board of Trustees for district employees for the original budget does not presume salary increases unless they have already been agreed to in a multi-year contract. Also, any changes in the number of staff and/or staff utilization of health and welfare benefits that vary from the original projections would also yield budget revisions.

The implementation of new instructional or categorical programs can also effect budget projections. For the Hanford Elementary School District, the increased emphasis on closing the achievement gap for all of our students continue to push forward several academic-focused programs that impact expenditures in personnel, instructional materials, outside services and supplies.

The State and Federal budget issues have an impact on the District's budget. As revenues from these two sources change, so do District revenues, since 99% of District revenues come from State and Federal revenue streams.

The final actual numbers of the General Fund that will be certified by February of the next year will be the reflection of the culmination of these several factors.

The net difference in fund balance between the adopted budget and the final budget was a decrease of \$1.7 million and may be summarized as follows:

\$2.4 million increase in total revenue

\$4.1 million increase in total expenditures

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2012

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

CAPITAL ASSETS

At June 30, 2011, the District had \$33.3 million in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, and furniture and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation. At June 30, 2012, the District's net capital assets were \$32.6 million. This amount represents a net decrease (including additions and deductions) of \$0.7 million, or 2.1 percent, from last year. Table 3 shows the balances for fiscal years 2011-12 and 2010-11.

Table 3. Changes in Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

(Amounts in millions)	G	overnmen	Difference			
	2012		2	2011		(under)
Land	\$	2.1	\$	2.1	\$	
Buildings and improvements		29.2		30.0		(0.8)
Equipment		1.2		1.0		0.2
Construction in Progress		0.1		0.2		(0.1)
Total	\$	32.6	\$	33.3	\$	(0.7)

<u>DEBT</u>

At the end of this year, the District had \$10.4 million in long-term liabilities outstanding versus \$10.9 million last year, a decrease of 4.8 percent. Table 4 summarizes these debts.

Table 4. Outstanding Debt

(Amounts in millions)	Governmental Activities				Difference	
		2012		2011	over	(under)
General obligation bonds	\$	8.4	\$	9.3	\$	(0.9)
Compensated absences		0.3		0.3		-
Capital leases		0.1		0.2		(0.1)
Other postemployment benefits		1.6		1.1		0.5
Total	\$	10.4	\$	10.9	\$	(0.5)

The District's general obligation bond S&P rating at the time of their last issuance was "A+".

Other obligations include compensated absences payable, postemployment benefits (not including health benefits) and other long-term obligations. We present more detailed information regarding our long-term obligations in the Notes to Financial Statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2012

FOR THE FUTURE

The District's system of budgeting and internal controls is well regarded and it will take all of the District's financial abilities to meet the challenges of the future.

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the Hanford Elementary School District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Nancy White, Assistant Superintendent Fiscal Services, Hanford Elementary School District, P. O. Box 1067, Hanford, CA 93232.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2012

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Deposits and investments	\$ 6,958,431
Receivables	13,800,551
Deferred charges	257,921
Stores inventories	157,150
Nondepreciable capital assets	2,157,707
Capital assets being depreciated	50,774,193
Accumulated depreciation	(20,284,668)
Total Assets	53,821,285
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	2,693,131
Deferred revenue	20,481
Current loans	6,100,000
Current portion of long-term obligations	893,210
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations	9,479,013
Total Liabilities	19,185,835
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	24,113,363
Restricted for:	, ,
Debt service	830,188
Capital projects	164,807
Educational programs	2,030,030
Other activities	1,909,221
Unrestricted	5,587,841
Total Net Assets	\$ 34,635,450

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

			Program	Reven	iues
Functions/Programs		Expenses	narges for rvices and Sales	G	Operating Grants and Intributions
Governmental Activities:	_		 		
Instruction	\$	25,720,600	\$ -	\$	3,150,677
Instruction-related activities:					
Supervision of instruction		1,885,461	-		1,209,308
Instructional library, media, and					
technology		320,883	-		-
School site administration		4,540,161	-		1,161,752
Pupil services:					
Home-to-school transportation		729,443	-		573,696
Food services		2,440,763	293,107		2,398,798
All other pupil services		1,535,852	-		168,624
Administration:					
Data processing		525,767	-		1,196
All other administration		2,630,025	13,668		693,633
Plant services		5,724,362	3,868		47,034
Ancillary services		1,002,824	-		878,788
Interest on long-term obligations		726,680	-		-
Other outgo		240,350	-		181,878
Total Governmental Activities	\$	48,023,171	\$ 310,643	\$	10,465,384

General revenues and subventions:

Property taxes, levied for general purposes

Property taxes, levied for debt service

Taxes levied for other specific purposes

Federal and State aid not restricted to specific purposes

Interest and investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Subtotal, General Revenues

Change in Net Assets

Net Assets - Beginning, as restated

Net Assets - Ending

R	et (Expenses) evenues and Changes in Net Assets
G	overnmental Activities
\$	(22,569,923)
	(676,153)
	(320,883) (3,378,409)
	(155,747) 251,142 (1,367,228)
	(524,571) (1,922,724) (5,673,460) (124,036) (726,680)
	(58,472) (37,247,144)
	1,876,408 1,102,571 27,705
	32,549,657 218,542
	1,868,854 37,643,737
	37,643,737 396,593
\$	34,238,857 34,635,450

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2012

		General Fund				Non-Major overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS	•							
Deposits and investments	\$	3,998,301	\$	2,574,557	\$	6,572,858		
Receivables		13,195,022		605,529		13,800,551		
Stores inventories		119,306		37,844		157,150		
Total Assets	\$	17,312,629	\$	3,217,930	\$	20,530,559		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	2,499,472	\$	42,929	\$	2,542,401		
Current loans		6,100,000		-		6,100,000		
Deferred revenue		20,481		_		20,481		
Total Liabilities		8,619,953		42,929		8,662,882		
Fund Balances:		_		_		_		
Nonspendable		124,356		38,254		162,610		
Restricted		2,030,030		2,865,962		4,895,992		
Committed		-		262,214		262,214		
Assigned		700,000		8,571		708,571		
Unassigned		5,838,290		-		5,838,290		
Total Fund Balances		8,692,676		3,175,001		11,867,677		
Total Liabilities and								
Fund Balances	\$	17,312,629	\$	3,217,930	\$	20,530,559		

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2012

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Assets are Different Because:		\$ 11,867,677
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources		
and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds.		
The cost of capital assets is	\$ 52,931,900	
Accumulated depreciation is	(20,284,668)	
Net Capital Assets		32,647,232
Expenditures relating to issuance of debt were recognized on modified		
accrual basis, but are not recognized on the accrual basis.		257,921
An internal service fund is used by the District's management to charge the costs of the dental insurance program to the individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included with		
governmental activities.		234,843
Long-term obligations, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds.		
Long-term obligations at year-end consist of:		
Bonds payable	8,435,953	
Compensated absences	270,230	
Capital leases payable	97,916	
Other postemployment benefits	1,568,124	
Total Long-Term Obligations		(10,372,223)
Total Net Assets - Governmental Activities		\$ 34,635,450

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	General Fund			Non-Major Governmental Funds		Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES						
Revenue limit sources	\$	27,588,260	\$	-	\$	27,588,260
Federal sources		4,026,646		2,320,809		6,347,455
Other State sources		10,046,102		390,071		10,436,173
Other local sources		2,459,844		1,600,434		4,060,278
Total Revenues		44,120,852		4,311,314		48,432,166
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Instruction		25,413,125		-		25,413,125
Instruction-related activities:						
Supervision of instruction		1,867,875		-		1,867,875
Instructional library, media and technology		319,298		-		319,298
School site administration		4,495,395		-		4,495,395
Pupil services:						
Home-to-school transportation		936,852		-		936,852
Food services		-		2,483,821		2,483,821
All other pupil services		1,520,808		-		1,520,808
Administration:						
Data processing		521,679		-		521,679
All other administration		2,448,092		116,236		2,564,328
Plant services		4,323,255		350,064		4,673,319
Facility acquisition and construction		27,600		134,837		162,437
Ancillary services		991,400		-		991,400
Other outgo		268,896		-		268,896
Debt service						
Principal		-		948,269		948,269
Interest and other		154,159		531,462		685,621
Total Expenditures		43,288,434		4,564,689		47,853,123
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		832,418		(253,375)		579,043
Fund Balance - Beginning		7,860,258		3,428,376		11,288,634
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	8,692,676	\$	3,175,001	\$	11,867,677

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because:		\$ 579,043
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures, however, for governmental activities, those costs are shown in the statement of net assets and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expenses in the Statement of Activities.		
This is the amount by which depreciation exceeds capital outlays in the period. Capital outlays Depreciation expense	\$ 576,725 (1,264,244)	(687,519)
In the Statement of Activities, certain operating expenses - compensated absences (vacations) and special termination benefits (early retirement) are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). This year, there are no special termination benefits. Vacation used was less than the amounts earned by \$4,167.		(4,167)
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term obligations in the statement of net assets and does not affect the statement of activities:		(, ,
General obligation bonds Capital lease obligations Under the modified basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the Statement of Activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. This adjustment combines the net changes of the following balances:		853,873 94,396
Amortization of debt premium Amortization of cost of issuance Combined adjustment In governmental funds, postemployment benefits other than pensions	16,144 (41,059)	(24,915)
(OPEB) costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the statement of activities, OPEB costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between OPEB costs and actual employer contributions was:		(438,363)

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES, Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

An internal service fund is used by the District's management to charge the costs of the unemployment compensation insurance program to the individual funds. The net income of the internal service fund is reported with governmental activities.

\$ 24,245 **\$ 396,593**

Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities

PROPRIETARY FUND STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2012

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund	
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Deposits and investments	\$	385,573
Total Assets		385,573
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable		150,730
Total Current Liabilities		150,730
NET ASSETS		
Unrestricted		234,843
Total Net Assets	\$	234,843

PROPRIETARY FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund	
OPERATING REVENUES		
Charges to other funds and miscellaneous revenues	\$ 543,849	
Total Operating Revenues	543,849	
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Professional and contract services	522,994	
Total Operating Expenses	522,994	
Operating Income	20,855	
NONOPERATING REVENUES		
Interest income	3,390	
Total Nonoperating Revenues	3,390	
Change in Net Assets	24,245	
Total Net Assets - Beginning	210,598	
Total Net Assets - Ending	\$ 234,843	

PROPRIETARY FUND STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Cash receipts from premiums	\$	543,925
Cash payments for insurance claims		(523,159)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		20,766
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	·	_
Interest on investments		3,390
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		3,390
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		24,156
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning		361,417
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Ending	\$	385,573
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING		
ACTIVITIES		
Operating income	\$	20,855
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Receivables		76
Accounts payable		(165)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	20,766

FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2012

	Agency Funds	
ASSETS		
Deposits and investments	\$ 14,099	
Total Assets	\$ 14,099	
LIABILITIES		
Due to student groups	\$ 14,099	
Total Liabilities	\$ 14,099	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Financial Reporting Entity

The Hanford Elementary School District (the District) was organized under the laws of the State of California. The District operates under a locally-elected five-member Board form of government and provides educational services to grades K - 8 as mandated by the State and/or Federal agencies. The District operates eight elementary schools, two junior high schools, and one community day school.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For Hanford Elementary School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounting system is organized and operated on a fund basis. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. The District's funds are grouped into three broad fund categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major and non-major governmental funds:

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund The General Fund is the chief operating fund for all districts. It is used to account for the ordinary operations of the District. All transactions except those accounted for in another fund are accounted for in this fund.

Two funds currently defined as special revenue funds in the California State Accounting Manual (CSAM) do not meet the GASB Statement No. 54 special revenue fund definition. Specifically, Fund 15, Pupil Transportation Fund, and Fund 17, Special Reserve Non-Capital Fund, are not substantially composed of restricted or committed revenue sources. While these funds are authorized by statute and will remain open for internal reporting purposes, these funds function effectively as extensions of the General Fund, and accordingly have been combined with the General Fund for presentation in these audited financial statements.

As a result, the General Fund reflects an increase in assets, fund balance, and revenues of \$250,677, \$250,677, and \$2,938, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds The Special Revenue funds are established to account for the proceeds from specific revenue sources (other than trusts, major capital projects, or debt service) that are restricted or committed to the financing of particular activities and that compose a substantial portion of the inflows of the fund. Additional resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to the purpose of the fund may also be reported in the fund.

Cafeteria Fund The Cafeteria Fund is used to account separately for Federal, State, and local resources to operate the food service program (*Education Code* Sections 38090-38093) and is used only for those expenditures authorized by the governing board as necessary for the operation of the District's food service program (*Education Code* Sections 38091 and 38100).

Deferred Maintenance Fund The Deferred Maintenance Fund is used to account separately for State apportionments and the District's contributions for deferred maintenance purposes (*Education Code* Sections 17582-17587) and for items of maintenance approved by the State Allocation Board.

Capital Project Funds The Capital Project funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

Capital Facilities Fund The Capital Facilities Fund is used primarily to account separately for monies received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approving a development (*Education Code* Sections 17620-17626. Expenditures are restricted to the purposes specified in *Government Code* Sections 65970-65981 or to the items specified in agreements with the developer (*Government Code* Section 66006).

Special Reserve Capital Outlay Fund The Special Reserve Capital Outlay Fund exists primarily to provide for the accumulation of General Fund monies for capital outlay purposes (*Education Code* Section 42840).

Debt Service Funds The Debt Service funds are used to account for the accumulation of restricted, committed, or assigned resources for and the payment of principal and interest on general long-term obligations.

Bond Interest and Redemption Fund The Bond Interest and Redemption Fund is used for the repayment of bonds issued for a District (*Education Code* Sections 15125-15262).

Proprietary Funds Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net assets, financial position, and cash flows. The District applies all GASB pronouncements, as well as the Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. Proprietary funds are classified as enterprise or internal service. The District has the following internal service fund:

Internal Service Fund Internal service funds may be used to account for any activity for which goods or services are provided to other funds of the District on a cost-reimbursement basis. The District operates a Self-Insurance Fund for dental coverage that is accounted for in an internal service fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held in trustee or agent capacity for others that cannot be used to support the district's own programs. The fiduciary fund category is agency funds.

Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Such funds have no equity accounts since all assets are due to individuals or entities at some future time. The District's agency fund accounts for student body activities (ASB).

Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus

Government-Wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements, but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared.

The government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between expenses, both direct and indirect, and program revenues for each governmental function, and exclude fiduciary activity. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the *Statement of Activities*, except for depreciation. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities.

Net assets should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net assets restricted for other activities result from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their net asset use.

Fund Financial Statements Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. The major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements.

Governmental Funds All governmental funds are accounted for using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (revenues and other financing sources) and uses (expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide financial statements, prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, and the governmental fund financial statements, prepared using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012

Proprietary Funds Proprietary funds are accounted for using a flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of this fund are included in the statement of net assets. The statement of changes in fund net assets presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary fund.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary funds are accounted for using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. Generally, available is defined as collectible within 60 days. However to achieve comparability of reporting among California LEAs and so as not to distort normal revenue patterns, with specific respect to reimbursement grants and corrections to state-aid apportionments, the California Department of Education has defined available for LEAs as collectible within one year. The following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: State apportionments, interest, certain grants, and other local sources.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, certain grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the taxes are received. Revenue from certain grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include time and purpose requirements. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Deferred Revenue Deferred revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period or when resources are received by the District prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Certain grants received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as deferred revenue. On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period are also recorded as deferred revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable, and typically paid within 60 days. Principal and interest on long-term obligations, which has not matured, are recognized when paid in the governmental funds as expenditures. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds but are recognized in the entity-wide statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash equivalents also include cash with county treasury balances for purposes of the statement of cash flows.

Investments

Investments held at June 30, 2012, with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost. Fair values of investments in county pools are determined by the program sponsor.

Stores Inventories

Inventories consist of expendable food and supplies held for consumption. Inventories are stated at cost, on the first-in, first-out basis. The costs of inventory items are recorded as expenditures in the governmental type funds.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. General capital assets are long-lived assets of the District. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized, but are expensed as incurred.

When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized in the government-wide statement of net assets. The valuation basis for capital assets is historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement cost. Donated capital assets are capitalized at estimated fair market value on the date donated.

Depreciation of capital assets is computed and recorded by the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows: buildings, 20 to 50 years; improvements/infrastructure, 5 to 50 years; equipment, 2 to 15 years.

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental column of the statement of net assets.

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide statement of net assets as long-term obligations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012

Sick leave is accumulated without limit for each employee at the rate of one day for each month worked. Leave with pay is provided when employees are absent for health reasons; however, the employees do not gain a vested right to accumulated sick leave. Employees are never paid for any sick leave balance at termination of employment or any other time. Therefore, the value of accumulated sick leave is not recognized as a liability in the District's financial statements. However, credit for unused sick leave is applicable to all classified school members who retire after January 1, 1999. At retirement, each member will receive .004 year of service credit for each day of unused sick leave. Credit for unused sick leave is applicable to all certificated employees and is determined by dividing the number of unused sick days by the number of base service days required to complete the last school year, if employed full-time.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the governmental funds.

Deferred Charges and Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities. Bond issuance costs and premiums are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method.

Current Loans

Current loans consist of amounts outstanding at June 30, 2012, for Tax Revenue and Anticipation Notes. The notes were issued as short-term obligations to provide cash flow needs. This liability is offset with cash deposits in the County Treasurer, which have been set aside to repay the notes.

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

As of June 30, 2012, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable - amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed - amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the governing board. The governing board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through resolutions or other action as approved by the governing board.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012

Assigned - amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the District's adopted policy, only the Superintendent or Assistant Superintendent, Fiscal Services may assign amounts for specific purposes.

Unassigned - all other spendable amounts.

Spending Order Policy

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the governing board has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Minimum Fund Balance Policy

In fiscal year 2010-11, the governing board adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund in order to protect the district against revenue shortfalls or unpredicted one-time expenditures. The policy requires a Reserve for Economic Uncertainties consisting of unassigned amounts equal to no less than three percent of General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.

Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The District first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available. The government-wide financial statements report \$4,934,246 of restricted net assets.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the District, these revenues are dental premiums. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of the fund. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements. Interfund transfers are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the *Statement of Activities*.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012

Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Budgetary Data

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the California Education Code and requires the governing board to hold a public hearing and adopt an operating budget no later than July 1 of each year. The District governing board satisfied these requirements. The adopted budget is subject to amendment throughout the year to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption with the legal restriction that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations by major object account.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for. For budget purposes, on behalf payments have not been included as revenue and expenditures as required under generally accepted accounting principles.

Property Tax

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County of Kings bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received.

New Accounting Pronouncements

In November 2010, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus-an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34.* The objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting for a governmental financial reporting entity. The requirements of GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and the related financial reporting requirements of GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments*, were amended to better meet user needs and to address reporting entity issues that have arisen since the issuance of those Statements.

This Statement modifies certain requirements for inclusion of component units in the financial reporting entity. For organizations that previously were required to be included as component units by meeting the fiscal dependency criterion, a financial benefit or burden relationship also would need to be present between the primary government and that organization for it to be included in the reporting entity as a component unit. Further, for organizations that do not meet the financial accountability criteria for inclusion as component units but that, nevertheless, should be included because the primary government's management determines that it would be misleading to exclude them, this Statement clarifies the manner in which that determination should be made and the types of relationships that generally should be considered in making the determination.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012

This Statement also amends the criteria for reporting component units as if they were part of the primary government (that is, blending) in certain circumstances. For component units that currently are blended based on the "substantively the same governing body" criterion, it additionally requires that (1) the primary government and the component unit have a financial benefit or burden relationship or (2) management (below the level of the elected officials) of the primary government have operational responsibility (as defined in paragraph 8a) for the activities of the component unit. New criteria also are added to require blending of component units whose total debt outstanding is expected to be repaid entirely or almost entirely with resources of the primary government. The blending provisions are amended to clarify that funds of a blended component unit have the same financial reporting requirements as a fund of the primary government. Lastly, additional reporting guidance is provided for blending a component unit if the primary government is a business-type activity that uses a single column presentation for financial reporting.

This Statement also clarifies the reporting of equity interests in legally separate organizations. It requires a primary government to report its equity interest in a component unit as an asset. The provisions of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2012. Early implementation is encouraged.

In June 2012, the GASB issued Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*—an amendment of Statement No. 27. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. It also improves information provided by State and local governmental employers about financial support for pensions that is provided by other entities. This Statement results from a comprehensive review of the effectiveness of existing standards of accounting and financial reporting for pensions with regard to providing decision-useful information, supporting assessments of accountability and inter-period equity, and creating additional transparency.

This Statement replaces the requirements of Statement No. 27, *Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers*, as well as the requirements of Statement No. 50, *Pension Disclosures*, as they relate to pensions that are provided through pension plans administered as trusts or equivalent arrangements (hereafter jointly referred to as trusts) that meet certain criteria. The requirements of Statements No. 27 and No. 50 remain applicable for pensions that are not covered by the scope of this Statement.

Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, revises existing standards of financial reporting for most pension plans. This Statement and Statement No. 67 establish a definition of a pension plan that reflects the primary activities associated with the pension arrangement—determining pensions, accumulating and managing assets dedicated for pensions, and paying benefits to plan members as they come due.

The scope of this Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for pensions that are provided to the employees of State and local governmental employers through pension plans that are administered through trusts that have the following characteristics:

Contributions from employers and nonemployer contributing entities to the pension plan and earnings on those contributions are irrevocable.

Pension plan assets are dedicated to providing pensions to plan members in accordance with the benefit terms.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012

Pension plan assets are legally protected from the creditors of employers, nonemployer contributing entities, and the pension plan administrator. If the plan is a defined benefit pension plan, plan assets also are legally protected from creditors of the plan members.

This Statement establishes standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures. For defined benefit pensions, this Statement identifies the methods and assumptions that should be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value, and attribute that present value to periods of employee service.

This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. Earlier implementation is encouraged.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Summary of Deposits and Investments

Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2012, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Governmental activities	\$	6,958,431
Fiduciary funds		14,099
Total Deposits and Investments	\$	6,972,530
Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2012, consist of the following:		
Cash on hand and in banks	\$	14,099
Cash with fiscal agent	-	12,000
Cash in revolving		5,460
Investments		6,940,971
Total Deposits and Investments	\$	6,972,530

Policies and Practices

The District is authorized under California Government Code to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the State; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered State warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; and collateralized mortgage obligations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012

Investment in County Treasury - The District is considered to be an involuntary participant in an external investment pool as the District is required to deposit all receipts and collections of monies with their County Treasurer (Education Code Section 41001). The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accounting financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

General Authorizations

Limitations as they relate to interest rate risk and concentration of credit risk are indicated in the schedules below:

	Maximum	Maximum	Maximum
Authorized	Remaining	Percentage	Investment
Investment Type	Maturity	of Portfolio	in One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the County Pool and having the Pool purchase a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012

Segmented Time Distribution

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the District's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following schedule that shows the distribution of the District's investments by maturity:

	Fair	12 Months	13 - 24	25 - 60	More Than
Investment Type	Value	or Less	Months	Months	60 Months
County Pool	\$ 6,940,971	\$ 6,940,971	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by the California Government Code, the District's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of the year-end for each investment type.

	Fair	Minimum	Rating as of Year End		
Investment Type	Value	Legal Rating	AAA	Aa	Unrated
County Pool	\$ 6,940,971	N/A	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,940,971

N/A - Not applicable

Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the District contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond the amount stipulated by the California Government code. There were no investments in any one issuer that represent five percent or more of the total investments.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agency. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105 percent of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2012, none of the District's bank balance was exposed to custodial credit risk.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2012, consisted of intergovernmental grants, entitlements, state apportionments, and local sources. All receivables are considered collectible in full.

	General Fund	0.01.01.01		Total Governmental Activities	
Federal Government			,		
Categorical aid	\$ 761,347	\$	359,384	\$ 1,120,731	
State Government					
Apportionment	10,094,475		-	10,094,475	
Other state	2,155,458		220,996	2,376,454	
Local Sources	183,742		25,149	208,891	
Total	\$ 13,195,022	\$	605,529	\$ 13,800,551	

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	July 1, 2011	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2012
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated				
Land	\$ 2,052,315	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,052,315
Construction in process	173,587		68,195	105,392
Total Capital Assets Not Being				
Depreciated	2,225,902	-	68,195	2,157,707
Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
Land improvements	5,367,049	42,961	-	5,410,010
Buildings and improvements	41,027,786	187,672	-	41,215,458
Furniture and equipment	3,883,616	414,287	149,178	4,148,725
Total Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated	50,278,451	644,920	149,178	50,774,193
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Land improvements	4,017,764	175,989	-	4,193,753
Buildings and improvements	12,315,256	853,588	-	13,168,844
Furniture and equipment	2,836,582	234,667	149,178	2,922,071
Total Accumulated Depreciation	19,169,602	1,264,244	149,178	20,284,668
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 33,334,751	\$ (619,324)	\$ 68,195	\$ 32,647,232

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012

Depreciation expense was charged to the following functions as follows:

Instruction	\$	56,794
Supervision of instruction		2,923
School site administration		2,911
Home-to-school transportation		98,105
Food services		41,433
Ancillary services		6,801
All other general administration		33,417
Plant services	1	1,021,860
Total Depreciation Expenses Governmental Activities	\$ 1	1,264,244

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund Receivables/Payables (Due To/Due From)

Interfund receivable and payable balances arise from interfund transactions and are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which transactions are executed. There were no interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2012.

Operating Transfers

There were no interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2012.

Interfund transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 6 - ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

Accounts payable at June 30, 2012, consisted of the following:

		Non-Major	Governmental	Internal	Total
	General	Governmental	Activities	Service	Governmental
	Fund	Funds	Subtotal	Fund	Activities
Vendor payables	\$ 1,135,732	\$ 42,929	\$ 1,178,661	\$ 150,046	\$ 1,328,707
Salaries and benefits	1,672	-	1,672	684	2,356
Deferred payroll	1,362,068	-	1,362,068	-	1,362,068
Total	\$ 2,499,472	\$ 42,929	\$ 2,542,401	\$ 150,730	\$ 2,693,131

NOTE 7 - DEFERRED REVENUE

Deferred revenue at June 30, 2012, consists of the following:

	(jenerai
		Fund
Federal financial assistance	\$	20,481

NOTE 8 - TAX AND REVENUE ANTICIPATION NOTES (TRANS)

At July 1, 2011, the District had outstanding Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes in the amount of \$2,710,000, which matured on January 31, 2012. On July 1, 2011, the District issued \$2,175,000 Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes bearing interest at 2.0 percent. The notes were issued to supplement cash flows. Interest and principal were due and payable on March 1, 2012. On February 24, 2012, the District issued \$6,100,000 Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes bearing interest at 2.0 percent. The notes were issued to supplement cash flows. Interest and principal are due and payable on December 31, 2012. Repayment requirements are that 100 percent of principal and interest be set aside within the County Treasury and held in a restricted account by October 1, 2012. The District has recorded the liability as a current loan.

Changes in the outstanding liabilities for the Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes are as follows:

			Outstanding			Outstanding
Issue Date	Rate	Maturity Date	July 1, 2011	Additions	Payments	June 30, 2012
April 14, 2011	2.50%	January 31, 2012	\$ 2,710,000	\$ -	\$2,710,000	\$ -
July 1, 2011	2.00%	March 1, 2012	-	2,175,000	2,175,000	-
February 24, 2012	2.00%	December 31, 2012		6,100,000		6,100,000
Total			\$ 2,710,000	\$ 8,275,000	\$4,885,000	\$ 6,100,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Summary

The changes in the District's long-term obligations during the year consisted of the following:

	Balance				
	July 1, 2011			Balance	Due in
	as Restated	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2012	One Year
General obligation bonds-					
1993 Issuance	\$ 782,906	\$ -	\$ 113,873	\$ 669,033	\$ 124,150
2003 Issuance	2,580,000	-	315,000	2,265,000	305,000
2010 issuance	5,740,000	-	425,000	5,315,000	350,000
Unamortized bond premium-					
2003 Issuance	7,927	-	1,133	6,794	1,133
2010 Issuance	195,137	-	15,011	180,126	15,011
Compensated absences - net	266,063	4,167	_	270,230	-
Capital leases	192,312	-	94,396	97,916	97,916
Other postemployment benefits	1,129,761	841,054	402,691	1,568,124	
Total	\$10,894,106	\$ 845,221	\$1,367,104	\$10,372,223	\$ 893,210

Payments on the general obligation bonds are made by the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund with local revenues. Payments for the Capital leases are made by the General and Capital Facilities Funds. The compensated absences and other postemployment benefits obligations will be paid by the fund for which the employee worked.

Bonded Debt

The outstanding general obligation bonded debt is as follows:

				Outstanding			Bonds
Issue	Maturity	Interest	Original	July 1, 2011			Outstanding
Date	Date	Rate %	Issue	as restated	Issued	Redeemed	June 30, 2012
1993 1	2002-17	5.15-5.8	\$ 1,750,000	\$ 782,906	\$ -	\$ 113,873	\$ 669,033
2003	2005-18	2.0-3.5	\$4,775,000	\$ 2,580,000	\$ -	\$ 315,000	\$ 2,265,000
2010	2012-24	2.0-5.0	\$5,740,000	\$ 5,740,000	\$ -	\$ 425,000	\$ 5,315,000

Bonds are Capital Appreciation Bonds. No interest payments are due on the bonds until their maturity date at which time, the accreted interest earned on the par value of the bonds are paid in full along with the par value of the bonds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

1993 Capital Appreciation Bond Issuance

On July 1, 1993, the District issued \$1,750,000 of general obligation bonds in the aggregate. The proceeds from the sale of these bonds were used to finance the acquisition and construction of a new junior high school and for the making of safety improvements to existing school facilities. The bond interest rates range from 5.15 percent to 5.80 percent. A portion of the original 1993 general obligation bond was refunded in 2003 to obtain a lower interest rate.

The annual requirements to amortize the general obligation bonds payable outstanding as of June 30, 2012, are as follows:

	Initial		Accreted		Maturity	
Fiscal Year	Princip	Principal Interest		Value		
2013	\$ 124	,150 \$	250,850	\$	375,000	
2014	131	,631	293,369		425,000	
2015	131	,629	318,371		450,000	
2016	138	,127	361,873		500,000	
2017	143	,496	406,504		550,000	
Total	\$ 669	,033 \$	1,630,967	\$	2,300,000	

2003 General Obligation Bonds

On June 12, 2003, the District issued general obligation refunding bonds in the amount of \$4,775,000 for the purpose of refunding the *callable* outstanding 1993 General Obligation Bonds of the District. The bond interest rates range from 2.0 percent to 3.5 percent. Interest on the Bonds is payable semiannually each January 1 and July 1, commencing on July 1, 2004.

The bonds mature through 2019 as follows:

Interest to					
Prin	cipal	N	laturity		Total
\$	305,000	\$	67,948	\$	372,948
	300,000		59,178		359,178
	315,000		49,874		364,874
	325,000		39,870		364,870
	340,000		29,060		369,060
	680,000		23,275		703,275
\$ 2,	265,000	\$	269,205	\$	2,534,205
	\$	Principal \$ 305,000 300,000 315,000 325,000 340,000 680,000 \$ 2,265,000	Principal N \$ 305,000 \$ 300,000 315,000 325,000 340,000 680,000	PrincipalMaturity\$ 305,000\$ 67,948300,00059,178315,00049,874325,00039,870340,00029,060680,00023,275	Principal Maturity \$ 305,000 \$ 67,948 \$ 300,000 59,178 \$ 315,000 49,874 \$ 325,000 39,870 \$ 340,000 29,060 \$ 680,000 23,275

The bonds were sold at a premium of \$16,991 which is being amortized over the life of the bonds at \$1,133 per year. The unamortized premium as of June 30, 2012, amounted to \$6,794.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012

2010 General Obligation Bonds

On December 9, 2010, the District issued general obligation refunding bonds in the amount of \$5,740,000 for the purpose of refunding the outstanding 1998 General Obligation Bonds of the District originally issued to fund improvements to real property for school purposes. The bond interest rates range from 2.0 percent to 5.0 percent. Interest on the Bonds is payable semiannually each March 1 and September 1, commencing on March 1, 2011.

The bonds mature through 2024 as follows:

Interest to					
Principal	Principal Maturity				
\$ 350,000	\$ 224,963	\$ 574,963			
365,000	210,663	575,663			
380,000	195,763	575,763			
395,000	180,263	575,263			
410,000	164,163	574,163			
2,325,000	542,744	2,867,744			
1,090,000	55,000	1,145,000			
\$ 5,315,000	\$ 1,573,556	\$ 6,888,556			
	\$ 350,000 365,000 380,000 395,000 410,000 2,325,000 1,090,000	Principal Maturity \$ 350,000 \$ 224,963 365,000 210,663 380,000 195,763 395,000 180,263 410,000 164,163 2,325,000 542,744 1,090,000 55,000			

The bonds were sold at a premium of \$210,148 which is being amortized over the life of the bonds at \$15,011 per year. The unamortized premium as of June 30, 2012, amounted to \$180,126.

Compensated Absences

The long-term portion of compensated absences for the District at June 30, 2012, amounted to \$270,230.

Capital Leases

The District has entered into agreements to lease various facilities and equipment. Such agreements are, in substance, purchases (capital leases) and are reported as capital lease obligations. The District's liability on lease agreements with options to purchase is summarized below:

Administration

	Tui	mmstration
	an	d Library
Balance, July 1, 2011	\$	192,312
Additions		-
Payments		94,396
Balance, June 30, 2012	\$	97,916

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012

The capital leases have minimum lease payments as follows:

Year Ending		Lease
June 30,	P	Payment
2013	\$	101,569
Total		101,569
Less: Amount Representing Interest		3,653
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments	\$	97,916

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Obligation

The District's annual required contribution for the year ended June 30, 2012, was \$858,059, and contributions made by the District during the year were \$402,691. Interest on the net OPEB obligation and adjustments to the annual required contribution were \$56,488 and \$(73,493), respectively, which resulted in an increase to the net OPEB obligation of \$438,363. As of June 30, 2012, the net OPEB obligation was \$1,568,124. See Note 12 for additional information regarding the OPEB obligation and the postemployment benefits plan.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 10 - FUND BALANCES

Fund balances are composed of the following elements:

	General Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total
Nonspendable			
Revolving cash	\$ 5,050	\$ 410	\$ 5,460
Stores inventories	119,306	37,844	157,150
Total Nonspendable	124,356	38,254	162,610
Restricted			
Legally restricted programs	2,030,030	-	2,030,030
Capital projects	-	164,807	164,807
Debt services	-	830,188	830,188
Food service	-	1,870,967	1,870,967
Total Restricted	2,030,030	2,865,962	4,895,992
Committed			
Deferred maintenance program	-	262,214	262,214
Total Committed	-	262,214	262,214
Assigned			
Facilites projects	700,000	-	700,000
Capital projects	-	8,571	8,571
Total Assigned	700,000	8,571	708,571
Unassigned			
Reserve for economic uncertainties	3,010,000	-	3,010,000
Remaining unassigned	2,828,290	-	2,828,290
Total Unassigned	5,838,290	_	5,838,290
Total	\$ 8,692,676	\$ 3,175,001	\$ 11,867,677

NOTE 11 - EXPENDITURES (BUDGET VERSUS ACTUAL)

At June 30, 2012, there were no District major funds that exceeded the budgeted amounts.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE PLAN AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) OBLIGATION

Plan Description

The Postemployment Benefits Plan (the "Plan") is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the Hanford Elementary School District. The Plan provides medical and dental insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. Membership of the Plan consists of 47 retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits and 436 active plan members.

Contribution Information

The contribution requirements of plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the District and the Hanford Elementary Teachers Association (HETA), the local California Service Employees Association (CSEA), and unrepresented groups. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements. For fiscal year 2011-12, the District contributed \$402,691 to the plan, all of which was used for current premiums (approximately 69.9 percent of total premiums). Plan members receiving benefits contributed \$173,615, or approximately 30.1 percent of the total premiums.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The District's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities (UAAL) (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the District's net OPEB obligation to the Plan:

Annual required contribution	\$ 858,059
Interest on net OPEB obligation	56,488
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(73,493)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	841,054
Contributions made	(402,691)_
Increase in net OPEB obligation	438,363
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year	1,129,761
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$ 1,568,124

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012

Trend Information

Trend information for annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the Plan, and the net OPEB obligation is as follows:

Year Ended	Ann	ual OPEB		Actual	Percentage	N	Net OPEB
June 30,		Cost	Co	ntribution	Contributed		Obligation
2012	\$	841,054	\$	402,691	47.88%	\$	1,568,124
2011	\$	815,448	\$	445,255	54.60%	\$	1,129,761
2010	\$	494,639	\$	826,881	59.82%	\$	759,568

Funded Status and Funding Progress

A schedule of funding progress as of the most recent actuarial valuation is as follows:

		Actuarial				
		Accrued				UAAL as a
		Liability	Unfunded			Percentage
Actuarial	Actuarial	(AAL) -	AAL	Funded		of Covered
Valuation	Value of	Projected	(UAAL)	Ratio	Covered	Payroll
Date	Assets (a)	Unit Credit (b)	(b - a)	(a/b)	Payroll (c)	([b - a] / c)
July 1, 2011	\$ -	\$ 6,907,714	\$ 6,907,714	0%	\$ 27,944,015	24.72%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, investment returns, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the Plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012

In the July 1, 2011, actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 5.0 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), based on the plan being funded in an irrevocable employee benefit trust invested in a combined equity and fixed income portfolio. Healthcare cost trend rates ranged from an initial 8.0 percent to an ultimate rate of 5.0 percent. The cost trend rate used for the Dental and Vision programs was 4.0 percent. The UAAL is being amortized at a level dollar method. The remaining amortization period at July 1, 2012, was 27 years.

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT

Property and Liability

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year ending June 30, 2012, the District contracted with Northern California Regional Excess Liability Fund for property and liability insurance coverage. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has not been a significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2012, the District participated in the Kings County Self-Insured Schools (KCSIC), an insurance purchasing pool. The intent of KCSIC is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in KCSIC. The workers' compensation experience of the participating districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all districts in KCSIC. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium based on its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "equity-pooling fund." This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of KCSIC. Participation in KCSIC is limited to districts that can meet KCSIC's selection criteria.

Employee Medical and Vision Benefits

The District has contracted with the Self-Insured Schools of California (SISC III) to provide employee medical benefits. SISC III is a shared risk pool comprised of agencies in California. Rates are set through an annual calculation process. The District pays a monthly contribution, which is placed in a common fund from which claim payments are made for all participating Districts. Claims are paid for all participants regardless of claims flow. The Board of Directors has a right to return monies to a district subsequent to the settlement of all expenses and claims if a district withdraws from the pool. The District has a contract with Keenan-Medical Eye Services for employee vision benefits. The plan is fully insured.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012

Employee Dental Benefits Claims Liabilities

The District records an estimated liability for dental claims paid out of the Self-Insurance Fund of the District. Claims liabilities are based on estimates of the ultimate cost of reported claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) and an estimate for claims incurred, but not reported based on historical experience. The following represent the changes in approximate aggregate liabilities for the District from June 30, 2010 to June 30, 2012 (in thousands):

Dental Care

	 tiliai Cale
Liability Balance, June 30, 2010	\$ 149,757
Claims and changes in estimates	 1,138
Liability Balance, June 30, 2011	150,895
Claims and changes in estimates	 (165)
Liability Balance, June 30, 2012	\$ 150,730
Assets available to pay claims at June 30, 2012	\$ 385,573

NOTE 14 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer retirement plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Certificated employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS).

CalSTRS

Plan Description

The District contributes to the CalSTRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalSTRS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law. CalSTRS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalSTRS annual financial report may be obtained from CalSTRS, 7919 Folsom Blvd., Sacramento, California 95826.

Funding Policy

Active plan members are required to contribute 8.0 percent of their salary and the District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by CalSTRS Teachers' Retirement Board. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2011-12 was 8.25 percent of annual payroll. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by State statute. The District's contributions to CalSTRS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2012, 2011, and 2010, were \$1,691,897, \$1,656,601, and \$1,670,086, respectively, and equal 100 percent of the required contributions for each year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012

CalPERS

Plan Description

The District contributes to the School Employer Pool under the CalPERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and survivor benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Laws. CalPERS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalPERS' annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 P Street, Sacramento, California 95811.

Funding Policy

Active plan members are required to contribute 7.0 percent of their salary and the District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2011-12 was 10.923 percent of covered payroll. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by State statute. The District's contributions to CalPERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2012, 2011, and 2010, were \$811,957, \$799,687, and \$777,789, respectively, and equal 100 percent of the required contributions for each year.

Social Security

As established by Federal law, all public sector employees who are not members of their employer's existing retirement system (CalSTRS or CalPERS) must be covered by Social Security or an alternative plan. The District has elected to use Social Security. Contributions made by the District and an employee vest immediately. The District contributes 6.0 percent of an employee's gross earnings. An employee is required to contribute 6.0 percent of his or her gross earnings Social Security.

On Behalf Payments

The State of California makes contributions to CalSTRS on behalf of the District. These payments consist of State General Fund contributions to CalSTRS in the amount of \$982,820 (4.855 percent of annual payroll). Contributions are no longer appropriated in the annual *Budget Act* for the legislatively mandated benefits to CalPERS. Therefore, there is no on behalf contribution rate for CalPERS. Under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these amounts are to be reported as revenues and expenditures. Accordingly, these amounts have been recorded in these financial statements. On behalf payments have been excluded from the calculation of available reserves, and have not been included in the budgeted and actual amounts reported in the *General Fund - Budgetary Comparison Schedule*.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 15 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Grants

The District received financial assistance from Federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2012.

Litigation

The District is not currently a party to any legal proceedings.

NOTE 16 - PARTICIPATION IN JOINT POWERS AUTHORITIES

The District is a member of the Northern California Regional Excess Liability Fund (NorCal ReLiEF), the Self-Insured Schools of California (SISC III), and the Kings County Self-Insured Schools (KCSIS) joint powers authorities (JPAs). The District pays an annual premium to each entity for its health, workers' compensation, and property liability coverage. The relationships between the District, the pools, and the JPAs are such that they are not component units of the District for financial reporting purposes.

These entities have budgeting and financial reporting requirements independent of member units and their financial statements are not presented in these financial statements; however, fund transactions between the entities and the District are included in these statements. Audited financial statements are available from the respective entities.

The District has an appointed representative to the governing board of NorCal ReLiEF.

During the year ended June 30, 2012, the District made payment of \$250,453 to NorCal ReLiEF for property and liability insurance.

The District has appointed no members to the governing board of SISC III.

During the year ended June 30, 2012, the District made payment of \$4,930,624 to SISC III for health insurance.

The District has appointed no members to the governing board of KCSIS.

During the year ended June 30, 2012, the District made payment of \$455,473 to KCSIS for workers' compensation insurance.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 17 - FISCAL ISSUES RELATING TO BUDGET REDUCTIONS

The State of California continues to suffer the effects of a recessionary economy. California school districts are reliant on the State of California to appropriate the funding necessary to continue the level of educational services expected by the State constituency. With the implementation of education trailer bill Senate Bill 70 (Chapter 7, Statutes of 2011), 39 percent of current year funding has now been deferred to a subsequent period, creating significant cash flow management issues for districts in addition to requiring substantial budget reductions, ultimately impacting the ability of California school districts to meet their goals for educational services.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

				Variances -
				Favorable
				(Unfavorable)
		Amounts		Final
	Original	<u>Final</u>	Actual	to Actual
REVENUES				
Revenue limit sources	\$ 26,038,153	\$ 27,566,241	\$ 27,588,260	\$ 22,019
Federal sources	4,266,044	4,252,766	4,026,646	(226,120)
Other State sources	8,633,108	8,797,790	9,063,282	265,492
Other local sources	1,937,165	2,587,014	2,459,844	(127,170)
Total Revenues 1	40,874,470	43,203,811	43,138,032	(65,779)
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Certificated salaries	20,802,592	20,881,114	20,624,089	257,025
Classified salaries	7,616,318	7,564,692	7,548,028	16,664
Employee benefits	9,285,413	9,442,030	9,271,026	171,004
Books and supplies	1,793,994	2,203,630	1,637,778	565,852
Services and operating expenditures	289,559	3,252,284	2,724,067	528,217
Other outgo	96,647	153,358	153,076	282
Capital outlay	103,000	370,140	347,550	22,590
Total Expenditures ¹	39,987,523	43,867,248	42,305,614	1,561,634
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	886,947	(663,437)	832,418	1,495,855
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	20,000	28,547	-	(28,547)
Transfers out	191,218			
Net Financing Sources (Uses)	211,218	28,547	-	(28,547)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	1,098,165	(634,890)	832,418	1,467,308
Fund Balance - Beginning	7,860,258	7,860,258	7,860,258	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 8,958,423	\$ 7,225,368	\$ 8,692,676	\$ 1,467,308

On behalf payments are not included in revenues and expenditures in this schedule. In addition, due to the consolidation of Fund 15, Pupil Transportation Fund and Fund 17, Special Reserve Non-Capital Fund for reporting purposes into the General Fund, additional revenues and expenditures pertaining to these other funds are included in the actual revenues and expenditures, however, are not included in the original and final General Fund budgets.

SCHEDULE OF OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) FUNDING PROGRESS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Actuarial Valuation Date	Va	uarial lue of ets (a)]	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) - Projected it Credit (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b - a)	Funded Ratio (a / b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ([b - a] / c)
July 1, 2011	\$	-	\$	6,907,714	\$ 6,907,714	0%	\$ 27,944,015	24.72%
July 1, 2009	\$	-	\$	6,767,755	\$ 6,767,755	0%	\$ 26,464,473	25.57%
July 1, 2007	\$	-	\$	6,232,463	\$ 6,232,463	0%	\$ 25,315,899	24.62%

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Passed Through California Department of Education (CDE):			
No Child Left Behind Act			
Title I, Part A Cluster			
Title I, Part A, Basic Grants - Reallocation Funds	84.010	14981	\$ 1,614,341
ARRA, Title I, Part A, Basic Grants	84.389	15005	25,345
Subtotal Title I, Part A Cluster			1,639,686
Title I, Migrant Education, Regular	84.011	14326	173,657
Title I, Migrant Education, Summer Program	84.011	10005	74,328
Title II, Part A, Teacher Quality	84.367	14341	371,603
Title II, Part A, Administrator Training	84.367	14344	9,000
Education Technology Cluster			
Title II - Part D, EETT - Formula Grants	84.318	14334	1,010
Title II - Part D, EETT - Competitive Grants	84.318	14368	5,269
ARRA, Title II - Part D, EETT - Formula Grants	84.386	15019	1,394
Subtotal Education Technology Cluster			7,673
Title III, Limited English Proficiency	84.365	14346	184,888
Education Jobs Fund	84.410	25152	1,029,781
Special Education Cluster			
Local Assistance	84.027	13379	210,650
Local Assistance, Part B, Section 611, Private School	84.027	10115	3,259
IDEA, Mental Health Allocation Plan, Part B, Section 611	84.027	14468	4,915
Subtotal Special Education Cluster			218,824
Total U.S. Department of Education			3,709,440
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			
Passed Through California Department of Health Care Services:			
Medicaid Programs	02.770	10060	201.027
Medi-Cal Administrative Assistance	93.778	10060	291,827
Medi-Cal Billing Option	93.778	10013	25,379
Total U.S. Department of Health and			217.206
Human Services			317,206

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS, Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
Passed Through CDE:			
Child Nutrition Cluster			
National School Lunch	10.555	13391	\$ 1,703,079
Especially Needy Breakfast	10.553	13526	511,108
Meals Supplements - Snack	10.555	13391	90,485
Summer Food Program	10.559	13004	16,137
Food Distribution	10.555	13391	144,373
Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster			2,465,182
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			2,465,182
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 6,491,828

LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCY ORGANIZATION STRUCTURE JUNE 30, 2012

ORGANIZATION

The Hanford Elementary School District was established in August 1891 and consists of an area comprising approximately 12.92 square miles. The District operates eight elementary schools, two junior high schools, and one community day school. As of July 1, 2006, the Hanford Elementary School District transferred to Pioneer School District an area consisting of approximately 237.31 square acres to be included in the Pioneer School District boundaries. On that same date, Pioneer School District transferred to Hanford Elementary School District 427 acres to be included in the Hanford Elementary School District.

GOVERNING BOARD

OFFICE	TERM EXPIRES
President	2012
Vice President	2012
Clerk	2014
Member	2014
Member	2014
	President Vice President Clerk Member

ADMINISTRATION

Paul J. Terry, Ed.D. Superintendent

Nancy White Assistant Superintendent Fiscal Services
Diane Williams Assistant Superintendent Human Resources

Joy Gabler Assistant Superintendent Curriculum, Instruction and Professional Development

SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Second Period Report	Annual Report
ELEMENTARY		
Kindergarten	662.65	662.83
First through third	1,921.20	1,919.33
Fourth through sixth	1,708.25	1,709.22
Seventh and eighth	1,064.75	1,060.06
Home and hospital	2.59	2.32
Special education	90.97	91.41
Community day school	11.42	12.70
Total	5,461.83	5,457.87

SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	1982-83	Reduced 1982-83	1986-87	Reduced 1986-87	2011-12	Number	of Days	
	Actual	Actual	Minutes	Minutes	Actual	Traditional	Multitrack	
Grade Level	Minutes	Minutes	Requirement	Requirement	Minutes	Calendar	Calendar	Status
Kindergarten	31,680	30,800	36,000	33,600	52,513	180	N/A	Complied
Grades 1 - 3	42,240	41,067	50,400	47,040				
Grade 1					52,103	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 2					52,103	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 3					52,103	180	N/A	Complied
Grades 4 - 6	48,224	46,884	54,000	50,400				
Grade 4					55,293	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 5					55,293	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 6					55,293	180	N/A	Complied
Grades 7 - 8	48,224	46,884	54,000	50,400				
Grade 7					57,451	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 8					57,451	180	N/A	Complied

RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

There were no adjustments to the Unaudited Actual Financial Report, which required reconciliation to the audited financial statements at June 30, 2012.

See accompanying note to supplementary information.

SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	(Budget)			
	2013 ¹	2012 4	2011 4	2010 4
GENERAL FUND				
Revenues	\$ 39,195,673	\$ 43,135,093	\$ 44,475,921	\$ 40,966,950
Other sources and transfers in		28,546	10,000	
Total Revenues				
and Other Sources ³	39,195,673	43,163,639	44,485,921	40,966,950
Expenditures	42,557,341	42,305,614	42,724,288	42,428,448
Other uses and transfers out			398,978	20,767
Total Expenditures				
and Other Uses ³	42,557,341	42,305,614	43,123,266	42,449,215
INCREASE (DECREASE)				
IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (3,361,668)	\$ 858,025	\$ 1,362,655	\$ (1,482,265)
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$ 5,080,331	\$ 8,441,999	\$ 7,583,974	\$ 6,221,319
AVAILABLE RESERVES ²	\$ 1,315,875	\$ 5,838,290	\$ 5,304,682	\$ 2,741,604
AVAILABLE RESERVES AS A				
PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL OUTGO	3.09%	13.80%	12.30%	6.46%
LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS	Not Available	\$ 10,372,223	\$ 10,894,106	\$ 10,796,094
AVERAGE DAILY				
ATTENDANCE AT P-2	5,483	5,462	5,445	5,350

The General Fund balance has increased by \$2,220,680 over the past two years. The fiscal year 2012-13 budget projects a decrease of \$3,361,668 (39.82 percent). For a district this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least 3.0 percent of total General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo).

The District has incurred operating surpluses in two of the past three years but anticipates incurring an operating deficit during the 2012-13 fiscal year. Total long-term obligations decreased by \$423,871 over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has increased by 112 ADA over the past two years. Additional growth of 21 ADA is anticipated during fiscal year 2012-13.

See accompanying note to supplementary information.

Budget 2013 is included for analytical purposes only and has not been subjected to audit.

² Available reserves consist of all undesignated fund balances and all funds designated for economic uncertainty contained within the General Fund.

On behalf payments have been excluded from revenues and expenditures in this schedule.

⁴ General Fund amounts do not include activity related to the consolidation of the Pupil Transportation Fund and the Special Reserve Non-Capital Fund as required by GASB Statement No. 54.

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2012

	Cafeteria Fund		Deferred Maintenance Fund		Capital Facilities Fund	
ASSETS						
Deposits and investments	\$	1,518,707	\$	72,168	\$	144,923
Receivables		394,357		190,552		20,620
Stores inventories		37,844		-		-
Total Assets	\$	1,950,908	\$	262,720	\$	165,543
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	41,687	\$	506	\$	736
Total Liabilities		41,687		506		736
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable		38,254		-		_
Restricted		1,870,967		-		164,807
Committed		-		262,214		-
Assigned		-		-		-
Total Fund Balances		1,909,221		262,214		164,807
Total Liabilities and						
Fund Balances	\$	1,950,908	\$	262,720	\$	165,543

Special Reserve Capital Outlay Fund			Bond terest and edemption Fund	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds		
\$	8,571	\$	830,188	\$	2,574,557	
	-		_		605,529	
	-		-		37,844	
\$	8,571	\$	830,188	\$	3,217,930	
Ф		Ф		Ф	42.020	
\$		\$		\$	42,929	
					42,929	
	-		-		38,254	
	-		830,188		2,865,962	
	-		-		262,214	
	8,571		_		8,571	
	8,571		830,188		3,175,001	
\$	8,571	\$	830,188	\$	3,217,930	

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Cafeteria Fund		Deferred Maintenance Fund		Capital Facilities Fund	
REVENUES	•					
Federal sources	\$	2,320,809	\$	-	\$	-
Other State sources		196,934		189,886		-
Other local sources		335,204		827		159,287
Total Revenues		2,852,947		190,713		159,287
EXPENDITURES				_		
Current						
Pupil services:						
Food services		2,483,821		-		-
Administration:						
All other administration		115,820		-		416
Plant services		32,776		91,727		225,561
Facility acquisition and construction		-		134,837		-
Debt service						
Principal		-		-		94,396
Interest and other		-		-		7,173
Total Expenditures		2,632,417		226,564		327,546
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		220,530		(35,851)		(168,259)
Fund Balance - Beginning		1,688,691		298,065		333,066
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	1,909,221	\$	262,214	\$	164,807

Special Reserve Capital Outlay Fund		Bond nterest and edemption Fund	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds		
\$	-	\$ -	\$	2,320,809	
	-	3,251		390,071	
	95	 1,105,021		1,600,434	
	95	1,108,272		4,311,314	
	-	-		2,483,821	
	_	-		116,236	
	-	_		350,064	
	-	-		134,837	
	-	853,873		948,269	
	-	524,289		531,462	
	-	1,378,162		4,564,689	
	95	(269,890)		(253,375)	
	8,476	1,100,078		3,428,376	
\$	8,571	\$ 830,188	\$	3,175,001	

NOTE TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the Federal grant activity of the District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the United States Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

The following schedule provides reconciliation between revenues reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances, and the related expenditures reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. The reconciling amount consists primarily of the fair market of federal food commodities received but not recorded by the District.

	CFDA	
	Number	Amount
Total Federal Revenues From the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures,		
and Changes in Fund Balances:		\$ 6,347,455
Reconciling items:		
Food Distribution	10.555	144,373
Total Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$ 6,491,828

Local Education Agency Organization Structure

This schedule provides information about the District's boundaries and schools operated, members of the governing board, and members of the administration.

Schedule of Average Daily Attendance (ADA)

Average daily attendance (ADA) is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of State funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

Schedule of Instructional Time

The District has received incentive funding for increasing instructional time as provided by the Incentives for Longer Instructional Day. This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of Education Code Sections 46200 through 46206.

Districts must maintain their instructional minutes at either the 1982-83 actual minutes or the 1986-87 requirement, whichever is greater, as required by *Education Code* Section 46201.

NOTE TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2012

Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report With Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balance of all funds reported on the Unaudited Actual Financial Report to the audited financial statements.

Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

Non-Major Governmental Funds - Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

The Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet and Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is included to provide information regarding the individual funds that have been included in the Non-Major Governmental Funds column on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS



Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Governing Board Hanford Elementary School District Hanford, California

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hanford Elementary School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise Hanford Elementary School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 11, 2012. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

As discussed in the Notes to the basic financial statements, the State of California continues to suffer the effects of a recessionary economy, which directly impacts the funding requirements of the State of California to the K-12 educational community.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of Hanford Elementary School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Hanford Elementary School District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Hanford Elementary School District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Hanford Elementary School District's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined previously.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Hanford Elementary School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of Hanford Elementary School District in a separate letter dated December 11, 2012.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the governing board, management, the California Department of Education, the State Controller's Office, and Federal awarding agencies, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Fresno, California December 11, 2012

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Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Governing Board Hanford Elementary School District Hanford, California

Compliance

We have audited Hanford Elementary School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Hanford Elementary School District's major Federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012. Hanford Elementary School District's major Federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major Federal programs is the responsibility of Hanford Elementary School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Hanford Elementary School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major Federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Hanford Elementary School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Hanford Elementary School District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Hanford Elementary School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major Federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of Hanford Elementary School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to Federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Hanford Elementary School District's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major Federal program to determine the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Hanford Elementary School District's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the governing board, management, the California Department of Education, the State Controller's Office, and Federal awarding agencies, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Fresno, California

week, Ein, Day & Co. LAP

December 11, 2012

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE

Governing Board Hanford Elementary School District Hanford, California

We have audited Hanford Elementary School District's compliance with the requirements as identified in the *Standards and Procedures for Audits of California K-12 Local Educational Agencies 2011-12*, applicable to Hanford Elementary School District's government programs as noted below for the year ended June 30, 2012. Compliance with the requirements referred to above is the responsibility of Hanford Elementary School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Hanford Elementary School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Standards and Procedures for Audits of California K-12 Local Educational Agencies 2011-12* require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a material effect on the applicable government programs noted below. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Hanford Elementary School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Hanford Elementary School District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Hanford Elementary School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the government programs noted below that were audited for the year ended June 30, 2012.

In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine the Hanford Elementary School District's compliance with the State laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

	Procedures in	Procedures
	Audit Guide	Performed
Attendance Accounting:		
Attendance reporting	6	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	3	Yes
Kindergarten continuance	3	Yes
Independent study	23	Not Applicable
Continuation education	10	Not Applicable
Instructional Time:		
School districts	6	Yes
County offices of education	3	Not Applicable

	Procedures in Audit Guide	Procedures Performed
Instructional Materials:		
General requirements	8	Yes
Ratios of Administrative Employees to Teachers	1	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	1	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	4	Not Applicable
Gann Limit Calculation	1	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	3	Yes
Public Hearing Requirement - Receipt of Funds	1	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	8	Not Applicable
Exclusion of Pupils - Pertussis Immunization	2	Yes
Class Size Reduction Program (including in charter schools):		
General requirements	7	Yes
Option one classes	3	Yes
Option two classes	4	Not Applicable
Districts or charter schools with only one school serving K-3	4	Not Applicable
After School Education and Safety Program:		
General requirements	4	Yes
After school	5	Yes
Before school	6	Not Applicable
Charter Schools:		
Contemporaneous records of attendance	3	Not Applicable
Mode of instruction	1	Not Applicable
Non classroom-based instruction/independent study	15	Not Applicable
Determination of funding for non classroom-based instruction	3	Not Applicable
Annual instruction minutes classroom based	4	Not Applicable

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the governing board, management, the California Department of Education, the State Controller's Office, the California Department of Finance, and Federal awarding agencies, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Fresno, California December 11, 2012

Variable Ein, Day & Co., LAP

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS		
Type of auditors' report issued:		Unqualified
Internal control over financial repo	orting:	
Material weakness(es) identification	ed?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) idea	ntified?	None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		No
FEDERAL AWARDS		
Internal control over major progra	ms:	
Material weakness(es) identified?		No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		None reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:		Unqualified
Any audit findings disclosed that a	are required to be reported in accordance with	
Section .510(a) of OMB Circular A-133?		No
Identification of major programs:		
CFDA Numbers	Name of Federal Program or Cluster	
84.410	Education Jobs Fund	
10.553, 10.555, 10.559	Child Nutrition Cluster	_
Dollar threshold used to distinguis	h between Type A and Type B programs:	\$ 300,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		Yes
STATE AWARDS		
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for programs:		Unqualified

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

None reported.

FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

None reported.

STATE AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

None reported.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

There were no audit findings reported in the prior year's schedule of financial statement findings.



Vavrinek, Trine, Day & Co., LLP Certified Public Accountants

December 11, 2012

Governing Board Hanford Elementary School District Hanford, California

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Hanford Elementary School District for the year ended June 30, 2012, we considered its internal control structure in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

However, during our audit we noted matters that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiency. The following items represent conditions noted by our audit that we consider important enough to bring to your attention. This letter does not affect our report dated December 11, 2012, on the financial statements of Hanford Elementary School District.

JOHN F. KENNEDY JR. HIGH SCHOOL - ASSOCIATED STUDENT BODY (ASB)

Cash Disbursements

Finding

We noted that purchase orders were dated after the date on the invoice. This would indicate that items are being purchased prior to their approval.

Recommendation

The site should review the cash disbursement procedures outlined in the California Department of Education's manual titled, "Accounting and Procedures for Student Organization." In order to provide proper controls over spending, the site should take the necessary steps to ensure that expenditures are approved prior to the item being purchased.

Budgeting

Finding

The student body organization at the site does not incorporate a budget into their control procedures as suggested in the "Accounting Procedures for Student Organizations" manual, as prepared by the School Business Services Division of the California Department of Education.

Governing Board Hanford Elementary School District December 11, 2012

Recommendation

The manual suggests preparing budgets to control and monitor the financial activities of the student body organizations. The ASB should prepare a budget at the beginning of the school year. Some aspects that the Department of Education highlights are:

- Updates will be necessary to the budget as circumstances change; the budgeting procedures are an ongoing process.
- The preliminary budget should include the beginning balances of the organizations, estimated sources of income, and estimated expenditures.
- The surplus left over in the accounts at the end of the year must be kept at a minimum. The underlying focus of a student body is that the funds generated by a group of students should be spent during the same year for the benefit of those students.
- The budget should be compared regularly to the actual financial activities of the organizations. One reason for this is to ensure that no organization enters into a deficit spending situation during the year.

We will review the status of the current year comments during our next audit engagement.

Fresno, California

Variable, Ein, Day & Co. LAP

December 11, 2012