

Students

Students/Probation/Police/Courts

Notification to Superintendent when Student Arrested for Felony.

Police who arrest an enrolled district student, ages seven to twenty, for a Class A misdemeanor or felony are required by Public Act 94-221 and Public Act 95-304 to notify orally the Superintendent of Schools not later than the school day following the arrest of the identity of the student and the offense or offenses for which the student was arrested and follow up in writing, including a brief description of the incident, not later than seventy-two hours of the arrest.

The Superintendent shall keep this information confidential in accordance with 46b-124 and in a secure location and disclosed only the Administrator of the school in which such person is a student or to the Administrator or supervisory agent of any other school in which the Superintendent knows such person is a student. The Administrator may disclose the information only to special services staff or a consultant (such as a psychiatrist, psychologist, or social worker) for the purpose of assessing the danger posed by such person to him/herself, other students, school employees, or school property and to effect an appropriate modification of such person's educational plan or placement, and for disciplinary purposes.

Attendance of Students Placed on Probation by a Court

Before allowing a student placed on probation to return to school, the Connecticut court will request from the Superintendent of Schools information on the attendance, adjustment, and behavior of the student along with the Superintendent's recommendation for conditions of sentencing or disposition of the case.

School Officials and Probation Investigations

If requested by the court prior to disposition of a case, the Superintendent of Schools, or designee, shall provide information on a student's attendance, adjustment, and behavior, and any recommendations regarding the proposed conditions of probation included in the probation officer's investigation report.

School Attendance as a Condition of Probation

Under section 46b-140, a court may include regular school attendance and compliance with school policies on student conduct and discipline as a condition of probation.

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Students/Probation/Police/Courts (continued)

Information to Superintendents on a Student Adjudged to be a Delinquent as a Result of Felony

Under section 46b-124 of CGS, courts are required to release the identity of a student adjudged a delinquent as a result of felony to the Superintendent of Schools who may only use this information for school placement and disciplinary decisions.

Information to Superintendents on a Student Adjudged to be a Youthful Offender

Under section 54-761 of CGS, courts are required to release the identity of a student adjudged a youthful offender to the Superintendent of Schools who may only use this information for school placement and disciplinary decisions.

(cf. 1411 - Law Enforcement Agencies)

(cf. 5145.11 - Police in Schools)

Legal Reference: Connecticut General Statutes
 46b-121 "Juvenile matter" defined Authority of court. Fee.
 46b-124 Confidentiality of records of juvenile matters. Exceptions.
 46b-134 Investigation by probation officer prior to disposition of delinquency case. Physical mental and diagnostic examination
 46b-140 Disposition upon conviction of child as delinquent.
 53-206c Sale, carrying and brandishing of facsimile firearms prohibited. Class B misdemeanor.
 54-761 Records confidential. Exceptions.
 10-233a through 10-233g re student suspension, expulsion... Public Act
 94-221 Public Act 95-304
 10-233h Arrested students. Reports by police to superintendent, disclosure, confidentiality.

Policy adopted: December 11, 2006 AMITY REGIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 5
 Woodbridge, Connecticut