

Government that works for citizens

Financial Statements and Federal Single Audit Report

Renton School District No. 403

King County

For the period September 1, 2014 through August 31, 2015

Published May 31, 2016 Report No. 1016861





Washington State Auditor's Office

May 31, 2016

Board of Directors Renton School District No. 403 Renton, Washington

Twy X Kelley

Report on Financial Statements and Federal Single Audit

Please find attached our report on Renton School District No. 403's financial statements and compliance with federal laws and regulations.

We are issuing this report in order to provide information on the District's financial condition.

Sincerely,

TROY KELLEY

STATE AUDITOR

OLYMPIA, WA

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Schedule Of Findings And Questioned Costs	4
Schedule Of Federal Award Findings And Questioned Costs	6
Summary Schedule Of Prior Audit Findings	. 11
Independent Auditor's Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards	. 13
Independent Auditor's Report On Compliance For Each Major Federal Program And Report On Internal Control Over Compliance In Accordance With OMB Circular A-133	. 15
Independent Auditor's Report On Financial Statements	. 19
Financial Section	. 22
Corrective Action Plan For Findings Reported Under OMB Circular A-133	. 52
About The State Auditor's Office	. 54

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Renton School District No. 403 King County September 1, 2014 through August 31, 2015

SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

The results of our audit of Renton School District No. 403 are summarized below in accordance with U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133.

Financial Statements

We issued an unmodified opinion on the fair presentation of the District's financial statements in accordance with its regulatory basis of accounting. Separately, we issued an unmodified opinion on the fair presentation with regard to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

Internal Control over Financial Reporting:

- Significant Deficiencies: We reported no deficiencies in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies.
- *Material Weaknesses:* We identified no deficiencies that we consider to be material weaknesses.

We noted no instances of noncompliance that were material to the financial statements of the District.

Federal Awards

Internal Control over Major Programs:

- Significant Deficiencies: We reported no deficiencies in the design or operation of internal control over major federal programs that we consider to be significant deficiencies.
- *Material Weaknesses:* We identified deficiencies that we consider to be material weaknesses.

We issued an unmodified opinion on the District's compliance with requirements applicable to each of its major federal programs.

We reported findings that are required to be disclosed under section 510(a) of OMB Circular A-133.

Identification of Major Federal Programs:

The following programs were selected as major programs in our audit of compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

<u>CFDA No.</u>	Program or Cluster Title
10.553	Child Nutrition Cluster – School Breakfast Program
10.555	Child Nutrition Cluster - National School Lunch Program
10.559	Child Nutrition Cluster – Summer Food Service Program for Children
84.010	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies
84.416	Race to the Top – District Grants

The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs, as prescribed by OMB Circular A-133, was \$473,161.

The District did not qualify as a low-risk auditee under OMB Circular A-133.

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None reported.

SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

See finding 2015-001.

SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Renton School District No. 403 King County September 1, 2014 through August 31, 2015

2015-001 The District did not have adequate internal controls to ensure compliance with federal procurement requirements for its Race to the Top program.

CFDA Number and Title: 84.416 Race to the Top – District

Grants

Federal Grantor Name: U.S. Department of Education

Federal Award/Contract Number: NA

Pass-through Entity Name: Puget Sound Educational Service

District

Pass-through Award/Contract 8423, 8398, 9072, 8246, 8799, 8563,

Number: 8867, 8910, 8654, 8693, 8564

Questioned Cost Amount: \$0

Description of Condition

During fiscal year 2015, the District spent \$1,175,937 in Race to the Top program funds. The Race to the Top grants support locally directed improvements in learning and teaching that directly improve student achievement and educator effectiveness. It encourages and rewards Districts that have the leadership and vision to implement the strategies, structures, and systems needed to implement personalized, student-focused approaches to learning and teaching.

Federal grant regulations require recipients to follow the more restrictive of state or federal law and maintain documentation to sufficiently demonstrate its rationale for the method of procurement used to purchase goods and services. The District is required to obtain price or rate quotations from an adequate number of qualified sources for procurement of services up to \$100,000 and formal bids for contracts exceeding \$100,000. A grantee may solicit services from only one vendor if it determines the services are available from a sole source or if they determine competition is inadequate. Grantees must keep documentation to show how they reached this conclusion.

We reviewed nine vendors charged to the grant for a total of \$317,650. The District treated eight of the vendors as sole source providers. However, the sole source justifications were not maintained for three of the vendors. In addition, the District did not determine whether other vendors could provide similar services for two of the vendors and whether other vendors could provide similar services in a timely manner for three vendors. We determined that the District did not comply with applicable requirements for procurement for \$267,151 of the goods or professional services reviewed.

We consider these control deficiencies to be material weaknesses.

Cause of Condition

Employees responsible for the program do not have a full understanding of the federal requirements pertaining to procurement of goods and professional services and did not have an accurate understanding of the sole source exemption.

During our audit of fiscal year 2014 we gave the District a recommendation related to strengthening its internal controls to ensure contracts for goods and professional services are procured in accordance with federal requirements. However, the recommendation was not given until May 2015. During our audit we noted the District began implementing our recommendation in June 2015; however, the majority of procurement had already taken place earlier in the year. Therefore, the District was unable to adequately implement our recommendation in the 2015 fiscal year.

Effect of Condition and Questioned Costs

The District cannot ensure it received the best possible price for these purchases. Since the purchases are allowable under the federal program, we are not questioning these costs.

Recommendation

We recommend the District strengthen its internal controls to ensure:

- Personnel have an adequate understanding of federal procurement requirements.
- Contracts for goods and professional services are procured in accordance with federal requirements.

District's Response

District staff concurs with the audit results and has employed significant changes to its purchasing internal controls in the 2015-16 fiscal year. The original notation of this control weakness was dated May 28, 2015 leaving an inadequate timeframe for a fiscal year 2014-15 correction. The following are corrections applied to the District procurement internal controls subsequent to 2014-15:

- The District has employed the full implementation of its purchasing software. This allows for use of electronic documentation workflow and approval verification to streamline and strengthen controls.
- Business Services requires all procurement required documentation (signed contracts; evaluation quotations; sole source justifications; SAM searches) be attached to each electronic purchase requisition prior to the approval and creation of a purchase order.
- The Purchasing Manager reviews all documents prior to the approval of the purchase order and all approvals are retained in the purchasing system.
- The District has implemented revisions to our purchasing "Terms and Conditions" to include debarment language. The terms and conditions language is vital component to every purchase order accepted by our vendors.
- Quarterly targeted professional development trainings have been conducted communicating procurement requirements for all staff participating in procurement activities.

The 2015-16 systematic changes surrounding the procurement function add a layer of review and verification to ensure compliance in all areas of procurement. We are confident that these distinctive changes will provide an effective internal control system that is measurable and maintainable.

Auditor's Remarks

We thank the District for its cooperation and assistance during the audit and acknowledge its commitment to improvements. We will review the status of this issue during our next audit.

Applicable Laws and Regulations

U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of states, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, Section 300* states in part:

The auditee shall:

b) Maintain internal control over Federal programs that provides reasonable assurance that the auditee is managing Federal awards

in compliance with laws, regulations, and the provisions of contracts or grant agreements that could have a material effect on each of its Federal programs.

(c) Comply with laws, regulations, and the provisions of contracts or grant agreements related to each of its Federal programs.

Title 34, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 80.36 – Procurement, states in part:

- (b) *Procurement standards*. (1) Grantees and subgrantees will use their own procurement procedures which reflect applicable State and local laws and regulations, provided that the procurements conform to applicable Federal law and the standards identified in this section.
- (9) Grantees and subgrantees will maintain records sufficient to detail the significant history of a procurement. These records will include, but are not necessarily limited to the following: rationale for the method of procurement, selection of contract type, contractor selection or rejection, and the basis for the contract price.
 - (d) Methods of procurement to be followed—(1) Procurement by small purchase procedures. Small purchase procedures are those relatively simple and informal procurement methods for securing services, supplies, or other property that do not cost more than the simplified acquisition threshold fixed at 41 U.S.C. 403(11) (currently set at \$100,000). If small purchase procedures are used, price or rate quotations shall be obtained from an adequate number of qualified sources.

Government Auditing Standards, December 2011 Revision, paragraph 4.23 states:

4.23 When performing GAGAS financial audits, auditors should communicate in the report on internal control over financial reporting and compliance, based upon the work performed, (1) significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control; (2) instances of fraud and noncompliance with provisions of laws or regulations that have a material effect on the audit and any other instances that warrant the attention of those charged with governance; (3) noncompliance with provisions of contracts or

grant agreements that has a material effect on the audit; and (4) abuse that has a material effect on the audit.

The American Institute of Certified Public Accountants defines significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal controls over compliance in its Codification of Statements on Auditing Standards, section 935, as follows:

.11 For purposes of adapting GAAS to a compliance audit, the following terms have the meanings attributed as follows:

Material weakness in internal control over compliance.

A deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a compliance requirement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. In this section, a reasonable possibility exists when the likelihood of the event is either reasonably possible or probable as defined as follows:

Reasonably possible. The chance of the future event or events occurring is more than remote but less than likely.

Remote. The chance of the future event or events occurring is slight.

Probable. The future event or events are likely to occur...

Significant deficiency in internal control over compliance. A deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

Renton School District No. 403 King County September 1, 2014 through August 31, 2015

This schedule presents the status of federal findings reported in prior audit periods. The status listed below is the representation of Renton School District No. 403. The State Auditor's Office has reviewed the status as presented by the District.

Audit Period:	Report Ref. No:	Finding Ref. No:	CFDA Number(s):		
September 1, 2013	1014393	2014-001	84.416		
through August 31, 2014					
Federal Program Name and Granting		Pass-Through Agency	Pass-Through Agency Name:		
Agency:		Puget Sound Educational Service District			
Race to The Top – District	Grants, U.S.	No. 121			
Department of Education					

Finding Caption:

The District did not have adequate internal controls to ensure compliance with federal procurement requirements for its Race to the Top program.

Background:

During fiscal year 2014, the District spent \$543,871 in Race to the Top program funds. The Race to the Top grants support locally directed improvements in learning and teaching that directly improve student achievement and educator effectiveness. It encourages and rewards Districts that have the leadership and vision to implement the strategies, structures, and systems needed to implement personalized, student-focused approaches to learning and teaching.

Federal grant regulations require recipients to maintain documentation to sufficiently demonstrate its rationale for the method of procurement used to purchase goods and services. Federal grant recipients are required to obtain price or rate quotations from an adequate number of qualified sources for procurement of services up to \$100,000 and formal bids for contracts exceeding \$100,000. A grantee may solicit services from only one vendor if it determines the services are available from a sole source or if they determine competition is inadequate.

Grantees must keep documentation to show how they reached this conclusion.

We reviewed four vendors totaling \$144,612 that were for goods or professional services. The District treated all four vendors as sole source providers; however, the sole source justifications do not adequately demonstrate how the District determined no other vendors could provide similar services. We consider these control deficiencies to be material weaknesses.

Status of Con Fully Corrected	rective Action: (cl Partially Corrected	heck one)	Finding is considered no longer valid
Corrective A Due to the ti employed an previous inter	ction Taken: iming of the audit informational appropriate the	proach to its staff with core. Purchasing process for	and of the fiscal year, the District communications and support to its ms were revised and posted for use. The rements through emails and direct
communicatio	·	the timing of the report, pa	artial implementation was achieved

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Renton School District No. 403 King County September 1, 2014 through August 31, 2015

Board of Directors Renton School District No. 403 Renton, Washington

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Renton School District No. 403, King County, Washington, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 26, 2016. As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, during the year ended August 31, 2015, the District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No.* 27.

INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency,

or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of the District's compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

PURPOSE OF THIS REPORT

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited. It also serves to disseminate information to the public as a reporting tool to help citizens assess government operations.

TROY KELLEY

STATE AUDITOR

Twy X Kelley

OLYMPIA, WA

May 26, 2016

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Renton School District No. 403 King County September 1, 2014 through August 31, 2015

Board of Directors Renton School District No. 403 Renton, Washington

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM

We have audited the compliance of Renton School District No. 403, King County, Washington, with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. *Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2015. The District's major federal programs are identified in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a

major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2015.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed an instance of noncompliance with those requirements, which is required to be reported in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and which is described in the accompanying Schedule of Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs as Finding 2015-001. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to these matters.

District's Response to Findings

The District's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs. The District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program in order to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal

control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs as Finding 2015-001 to be a material weakness.

District's Response to Findings

The District's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs. The District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

It also serves to disseminate information to the public as a reporting tool to help citizens assess government operations.

TROY KELLEY

STATE AUDITOR

Twy X Kelley

OLYMPIA, WA

May 26, 2016

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Renton School District No. 403 King County September 1, 2014 through August 31, 2015

Board of Directors Renton School District No. 403 Renton, Washington

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Renton School District No. 403, King County, Washington, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's financial statements, as listed on page 22.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of Washington State statutes and the *Accounting Manual for Public School Districts in the State of Washington* (Accounting Manual) described in Note 1. This includes determining that the basis of accounting is acceptable for the presentation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's

judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant account estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Unmodified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting (Accounting Manual)

As described in Note 1, the District has prepared these financial statements to meet the financial reporting requirements of Washington State statutes using accounting practices prescribed by the Accounting Manual. Those accounting practices differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The difference in these accounting practices is also described in Note 1.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Renton School District No. 403, as of August 31, 2015, and the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Unmodified Opinions on the Governmental and Fiduciary Funds Based on U.S. GAAP

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the General, ASB, Debt Service, Capital Projects, Transportation Vehicle and Fiduciary funds as of August 31, 2015, and the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Matters of Emphasis

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the District adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No.* 27. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. The accompanying Schedules of Long-Term Liabilities are also presented for purposes of additional analysis, as required by the prescribed Accounting Manual. These schedules are not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements, and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

OTHER REPORTING REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 26, 2016 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

TROY KELLEY

STATE AUDITOR

Twy X Kelley

OLYMPIA, WA

May 26, 2016

FINANCIAL SECTION

Renton School District No. 403 King County September 1, 2014 through August 31, 2015

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds – 2015 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Funds – 2015 Statement of Net Position – Fiduciary Funds – 2015 Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds – 2015 Notes to Financial Statements – 2015

SUPPLEMENTARY AND OTHER INFORMATION

Schedules of Long-Term Liabilities – 2015 Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards – 2015 Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards – 2015

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds

August 31, 2015

	General Fund	ASB Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund	Permanent Fund	Total
ASSETS:							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	12,581,208.27	1,051,781.01	7,683,502.33	35,868,789.72	1,690,022.75	00.00	58,875,304.08
Minus Warrants Outstanding	-2,908,084.63	-40,953.16	00.00	-400,883.40	00.00	00.00	-3,349,921.19
Taxes Receivable	20,269,733.13		14,482,844.95	3,896,706.22	00.00		38,649,284.30
Due From Other Funds	314,270.87	354,193.66	00.00	28,488.40	00.00	00.00	696,952.93
Due From Other Governmental Units	2,571,712.31	1,351.74	00.0	00.0	00.0	00.0	2,573,064.05
Accounts Receivable	569,993.15	00.00	00.00	4,065,661.87	00.00	00.00	4,635,655.02
Interfund Loans Receivable	00.0			00.00			00.00
Accrued Interest Receivable	00.0	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00
Inventory	242,587.84	00.00		00.00			242,587.84
Prepaid Items	50,523.76	8,821.47			00.00	00.00	59,345.23
Investments	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00
Investments/Cash With Trustee	00.00		00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00
Investments-Deferred Compensation	00.0			00.0			00.0
Self-Insurance Security Deposit	183,050.26						183,050.26
TOTAL ASSETS	33,874,994.96	1,375,194.72	22,166,347.28	43,458,762.81	1,690,022.75	00.00	102,565,322.52
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:							
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Other	00.0		00.0	00.00	00.0		00.0
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	0.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES	33,874,994.96	1,375,194.72	22,166,347.28	43,458,762.81	1,690,022.75	00.00	102,565,322.52
LIABILITIES:							
Accounts Payable	2,267,073.06	46,369.94	00.00	4,837,047.50	138,704.40	00.00	7,289,194.90
Contracts Payable Current	00.0	00.00		538,586.33	00.00	00.00	538,586.33
Accrued Interest Payable			00.00				00.00
Accrued Salaries	27,650.65	00.00		00.00			27,650.65
Anticipation Notes Payable	00.00		00.0	00.00	00.0		00.00
	The accompanying	notes are	an integral part	of this financial	al statement.		

Page 23 Washington State Auditor's Office

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds

August 31, 2015

	General Fund	ASB	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund	Permanent Fund	Total
LIABILITIES:							
Payroll Deductions and Taxes Payable	681,791.81	00.00		00.0			681,791.81
Due To Other Governmental Units	00.0	00.00		1,264.31	00.0	00.00	1,264.31
Deferred Compensation Payable	00.00			00.00			00.0
Estimated Employee Benefits Payable	52,000.00						52,000.00
Due To Other Funds	377,745.10	4,480.07	2,412.25	312,315.51	00.00	00.00	696,952.93
Interfund Loans Payable	00.00		00.00	00.00	00.00		00.0
Deposits	00.00	00.00		00.00			00.0
Unearned Revenue	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00		00.0
Matured Bonds Payable			00.00				00.0
Matured Bond Interest Payable			00.00				00.00
Arbitrage Rebate Payable	00.00		00.00	00.00	00.00		00.0
TOTAL LIABILITIES	3,406,260.62	50,850.01	2,412.25	5,689,213.65	138,704.40	00.00	9,287,440.93
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:							
Unavailable Revenue	101,173.45	164,826.83	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	266,000.28
Unavailable Revenue - Taxes Receivable	20,269,733.13		14,482,844.95	3,896,706.22	00.00		38,649,284.30
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	20,370,906.58	164,826.83	14,482,844.95	3,896,706.22	00.00	00.00	38,915,284.58
FUND BALANCE:							
Nonspendable Fund Balance	293,111.60	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	293,111.60
Restricted Fund Balance	2,823,070.21	1,159,517.88	7,681,090.08	19,348,596.96	1,551,318.35	00.00	32,563,593.48
Committed Fund Balance	00.00	00.00	00.00	10,553,478.99	00.00	00.00	10,553,478.99
Assigned Fund Balance	712,428.00	00.00	00.00	3,970,766.99	00.00	00.00	4,683,194.99
Unassigned Fund Balance	6,269,217.95	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	6,269,217.95
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	10,097,827.76	1,159,517.88	7,681,090.08	33,872,842.94	1,551,318.35	00.00	54,362,597.01
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE	33,874,994.96	1,375,194.72	22,166,347.28	43,458,762.81	1,690,022.75	0.00	102,565,322.52

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended August 31, 2015

	General Fund	ASB Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund	Permanent Fund	Total
REVENUES:							
Local	43,827,849.37	1,456,166.38	33,211,232.38	9,414,284.50	8,405.79		87,917,938.42
State	108,259,436.50		00.00	500,000.00	874,948.72	1	109,634,385.22
Federal	14,796,646.80		00.00	00.00	00.00		14,796,646.80
Federal Stimulus	1,180,758.32						1,180,758.32
Other	344,276.91			92,570.73	00.00	00.00	436,847.64
TOTAL REVENUES	168,408,967.90	1,456,166.38	33,211,232.38	10,006,855.23	883,354.51	0.00	213,966,576.40
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT:							
Regular Instruction	86,119,367.41						86,119,367.41
Federal Stimulus	1,112,381.82						1,112,381.82
Special Education	28,755,856.73						28,755,856.73
Vocational Education	5,451,291.35						5,451,291.35
Skill Center	00.0						00.00
Compensatory Programs	12,445,916.79						12,445,916.79
Other Instructional Programs	145,725.81						145,725.81
Community Services	1,481,937.17						1,481,937.17
Support Services	33,581,963.33						33,581,963.33
Student Activities/Other		1,421,586.62				00.00	1,421,586.62
CAPITAL OUTLAY:							
Sites				2,921,417.06			2,921,417.06
Building				27,040,718.95			27,040,718.95
Equipment				3,427,953.74			3,427,953.74
Instructional Technology				2,434,759.70			2,434,759.70
Energy				8,193,113.65			8,193,113.65
Transportation Equipment					1,140,838.17		1,140,838.17
Sales and Lease				00.00			00.00
Other	664,191.05						664,191.05
DEBT SERVICE:							
Principal	00.00		17,555,000.00	00.00	00.0		17,555,000.00
Interest and Other Charges	00.00		13,939,248.36	00.00	00.0		13,939,248.36
Bond/Levy Issuance				1,745.44	00.0		1,745.44
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	169,758,631.46	1,421,586.62	31,494,248.36	44,019,708.54	1,140,838.17	0.00	0.00 247,835,013.15

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended August 31, 2015

	General Fund	ASB Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund	Permanent Fund	Total
DEBT SERVICE:							
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	-1,349,663.56	34,579.76	1,716,984.02	1,716,984.02 -34,012,853.31	-257,483.66	00.00	0.00 -33,868,436.75
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Bond Sales & Refunding Bond Sales	00.00		44,431,957.60	00.00	00.00		44,431,957.60
Long-Term Financing	00.00			00.00	00.00		00.00
Transfers In	00.00		00.00	00.00	00.00		00.00
Transfers Out (GL 536)	00.00		00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00
Other Financing Uses (GL 535)	00.00		-44,225,654.76	00.00	00.00		-44,225,654.76
Other	1,332.21		00.00	4,315,661.87	00.00		4,316,994.08
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	1,332.21		206,302.84	4,315,661.87	00.00	0.00	4,523,296.92
EXCESS OF REVENUES/OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	-1,348,331.35	34,579.76	1,923,286.86	-29,697,191.44	-257,483.66	00.0	0.00 -29,345,139.83
BEGINNING TOTAL FUND BALANCE	11,446,159.11	1,124,938.12	5,757,803.22	63,570,034.38	1,808,802.01	0.00	83,707,736.84
Prior Year(s) Corrections or Restatements	0.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.0	00.00	00.00
ENDING TOTAL FUND BALANCE	10,097,827.76	1,159,517.88	7,681,090.08	33,872,842.94	1,551,318.35	0.00	54,362,597.01

Statement Of Fiduciary Net Position

Funds Fiduciary

August 31, 2015

	Private	
ASSETS:	Purpose Trust	Other Trust
Imprest Cash	00.0	00.00
Cash On Hand	00.00	00.00
Cash On Deposit with Cty Treas	46,930.82	00.00
Minus Warrants Outstanding	-1,000.00	00.00
Due From Other Funds	00.0	00.00
Accounts Receivable	00.0	00.00
Accrued Interest Receivable	00.0	00.00
Investments	00.0	00.00
Investments/Cash With Trustee	00.00	00.00
Other Assets	00.0	
Capital Assets, Land	00.0	
Capital Assets, Buildings	00.0	
Capital Assets, Equipment	00.00	00.00
Accum Depreciation, Buildings	00.0	
Accum Depreciation, Equipment	00.0	00.00
TOTAL ASSETS	45,930.82	00.00
LIABILITIES:		
Accounts Payable	00.0	00.00
Due To Other Funds	00.0	00.00
TOTAL LIABILITIES	0.00	00.00
NET POSITION:		
Held in trust for:		
Held In Trust For Intact Trust Principal	00.0	00.00
Held In Trust For Private Purposes	45,930.82	
Held In Trust For Pension Or Other Post-Employment Benefits		00.0
Held In Trust For Other Purposes	00.0	00.0
TOTAL NET POSITION	45,930.82	00.0

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

Fiduciary Funds

For the Year Ended August 31, 2015

	Dv.i.	
ADDITIONS: Contributions:	Purpose Trust	Other Trust
Private Donations	9,122.89	00.0
Employer		00.0
Members		00.0
Other	00.00	00.00
TOTAL CONTRIBUTIONS	9,122.89	0.00
Investment Income:		
Net Appreciation (Depreciation) in Fair Value	00.00	00.00
Interest and Dividends	265.14	00.00
Less Investment Expenses	00.00	00.00
Net Investment Income	265.14	00.0
Other Additions:		
Rent or Lease Revenue	00.0	00.00
Total Other Additions	00.00	00.00
TOTAL ADDITIONS	9,388.03	0.00
DEDUCTIONS:		
Benefits		00.00
Refund of Contributions	00.00	00.0
Administrative Expenses	00.00	00.00
Scholarships	5,200.00	
Other	11,792.32	00.0
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	16,992.32	00.00
Net Increase (Decrease)	-7,604.29	00.0
Net PositionBeginning	53,535.11	00.0
Prior Year(s) Corrections or Restatements	00.0	00.0
NET POSITIONENDING	45,930.82	0.00

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Page 28

RENTON SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes To The Financial Statements

September 1, 2014 through August 31, 2015

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Renton School District (District) is a municipal corporation organized pursuant to Title 28A of the Revised Code of Washington (RCW) for the purposes of providing public school services to students in grades K–12. Oversight responsibility for the District's operations is vested with the independently elected board of directors. Management of the District is appointed by and is accountable to the board of directors. Fiscal responsibility, including budget authority and the power to set fees, levy property taxes, and issue debt consistent with provisions of state statutes, also rests with the board of directors.

The District presents governmental fund financial statements and related notes on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with the *Accounting Manual for Public School Districts in the State of Washington*, issued jointly by the State Auditor's Office and the Superintendent of Public Instruction by the authority of RCW 43.09.200, RCW 28A.505.140, RCW 28A.505.010(1) and RCW 28A.505.020. This manual prescribes a financial reporting framework that differs from generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the following manner:

- (1) Districtwide statements, as defined in GAAP, are not presented.
- (2) A Schedule of Long-Term Liabilities is presented as supplementary information.
- (3) Supplementary information required by GAAP is not presented.

Fund Accounting

Financial transactions of the District are reported in individual funds. Each fund uses a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures (or expenses) as appropriate. All funds are considered major funds. The various funds in the report are grouped into governmental (and fiduciary) funds as follows:

Governmental Funds

General Fund

This fund is used to account for all expendable financial resources, except for those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. In keeping with the principle of having as few funds as are necessary, activities such as food services, maintenance, data processing, printing, and student transportation are included in the General Fund.

Capital Projects Funds

These funds account for financial resources that are to be used for the construction or acquisition of major capital assets. There are two funds that are considered to be of the capital projects fund type: the Capital Projects Fund and the Transportation Vehicle Fund.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u>. This fund is used to account for resources set aside for the acquisition and construction of major capital assets such as land and buildings.

<u>Transportation Vehicle Fund</u>. This fund is used to account for the purchase, major repair, rebuilding, and debt service expenditures that relate to pupil transportation equipment.

Debt Service Fund

This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of matured general long-term debt principal and interest.

Special Revenue Fund

In Washington State, the only allowable special revenue fund for school districts is the Associated Student Body (ASB) Fund. This fund is accounted for in the District's financial statements as the financial resources legally belong to the District. As a special revenue fund, amounts within the ASB Fund may only be used for those purposes that relate to the operation of the Associated Student Body of the District.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds include pension and other employee benefit trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and agency funds, and are used to account for assets that are held in trust by the District in a trustee and agency capacity.

Private-Purpose Trust Fund

This fund is used to account for resources that are legally held in trust by the District. The trust agreement details whether principal and interest may both be spent, or whether only interest may be spent. Money from a Private-Purpose Trust Fund may not be used to support the District's programs, and may be used to benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and fund financial statement presentation

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are measurable and available. Revenues are considered "measurable" if the amount of the transaction can be readily determined. Revenues are considered "available" when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Property taxes receivable are measurable but not available and are, therefore, not accrued. Categorical program claims and interdistrict billings are measurable and available and are, therefore, accrued.

Expenditures are recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured principal and interest on long-term debt which are recorded when due. Purchases of capital assets are expensed during the year of acquisition. For federal grants, the recognition of expenditures is dependent on the obligation date. (Obligation means a purchase order has been issued, contracts have been awarded, or goods and/or services have been received.)

Budgets

Chapter 28A.505 RCW and Chapter 392-123 Washington Administrative Code (WAC) mandate school district budget policies and procedures. The board adopts annual appropriated budgets for all governmental funds. These budgets are appropriated at the fund level. The budget constitutes the legal authority for expenditures at that level. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal period.

Budgets are adopted on the same modified accrual basis as used for financial reporting. Fund balance is budgeted as available resources and, under statute, may not be negative, unless the District enters into binding conditions with state oversight pursuant to RCW 28A.505.110.

The government's policy regarding whether to first apply restricted or unrestricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

The District receives state funding for specific categorical education-related programs. Amounts that are received for these programs that are not used in the current fiscal year may be carried forward into the subsequent fiscal year, where they may be used only for the same purpose as they were originally received. When the District has such carryover, those funds are expended before any amounts received in the current year are expended.

Additionally, the District has other restrictions placed on its financial resources. When expenditures are recorded for purposes for which a restriction or commitment of fund balance is available, those funds that are restricted or committed to that purpose are considered first before any unrestricted or unassigned amounts are expended.

The government's fund balance classifications policies and procedures.

The District classifies ending fund balance for its governmental funds into five categories.

<u>Nonspendable Fund Balance</u>. The amounts reported as Nonspendable are resources of the District that are not in spendable format. They are either non-liquid resources such as inventory or prepaid items, or the resources are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted Fund Balance</u>. Amounts that are reported as Restricted are those resources of the District that have had a legal restriction placed on their use either from statute, WAC, or other legal requirements that are beyond the control of the board of directors. Restricted fund balance includes anticipated recovery of revenues that have been received but are restricted as to their usage.

<u>Committed Fund Balance</u>. Amounts that are reported as Committed are those resources of the District that have had a limitation placed upon their usage by formal action of the District's board of directors. Commitments are made either through a formal adopted board resolution or are related to a school board policy. Commitments may only be changed when the resources are used for the intended purpose or the limitation is removed by a subsequent formal action of the board of directors.

Assigned Fund Balance. In the General Fund, amounts that are reported as Assigned are those resources that the District has set aside for specific purposes. These accounts reflect tentative management plans for future financial resource use such as the replacement of equipment or the assignment of resources for contingencies. Assignments reduce the amount reported as Unassigned Fund Balance, but may not reduce that balance below zero.

In other governmental funds, Assigned fund balance represents a positive ending spendable fund balance once all restrictions and commitments are considered. These resources are only available for expenditure in that fund and may not be used in any other fund without formal action by the District's board of directors and as allowed by statute.

The Board of Directors, Superintendent, and Assistant Superintendent of Finance and Operations are the only persons who have the authority to create Assignments of fund balance.

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u>. In the General Fund, amounts that are reported as Unassigned are those net spendable resources of the District that are not otherwise Restricted, Committed, or Assigned, and may be used for any purpose within the General Fund.

In other governmental funds, Unassigned fund balance represents a deficit ending spendable fund balance once all restrictions and commitments are considered.

A negative Unassigned fund balance means that the legal restrictions and formal commitments of the District exceed its currently available resources.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

All of the District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Receivables and Payables

All of the District's receivables and payables are expected to be collected within one year.

Inventory

Inventory is valued at cost using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. The consumption method of inventory is used, which charges inventory as an expenditure when it is consumed. A portion of fund balance, representing inventory, is considered Nonspendable. USDA commodity inventory consists of food donated by the United States Department of Agriculture. It is valued at the prices paid by the USDA for the commodities.

Accounting and Reporting Changes for 2014–15

Effective for the 2014–15 school year, the district implemented provisions of GASB Statement No. 68 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. As a result, the Schedule of Long-Term Liabilities now includes the district's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the cost-sharing, multiple-employer plans in which the district participates.

NOTE 2: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The King County Treasurer is the *ex officio* treasurer for the District and holds all accounts of the District. The District directs the County Treasurer to invest those financial resources of the District that the District has determined are not needed to meet the current financial obligations of the District.

All of the District's investments (except for investments of deferred compensation plans) during the year and at year-end were insured or registered and held by the District or its agent in the District's name.

The District's investments as of August 31, 2015, are as follows:

Type of Investment	Fair Value
County Treasurer's Investment Pool	\$ 59,959,660

Impaired Investments

As of August 31, 2015, all impaired commercial paper investments have completed enforcement events. The King County impaired investment pool (Impaired Pool) held one commercial paper asset where the Impaired Pool accepted an exchange offer and is receiving the cash flows from the investment's underlying securities. The Impaired Pool also held the residual investments in four commercial paper assets that were part of completed enforcement events, where the Impaired Pool accepted the cash-out option. The District's share of the impaired investment pool principal is \$98,789.19 and the District's fair value of these investments is \$59,925.52.

Interest Rate Risk

As of August 31, 2015, the Pool's average duration was 1.00 years. As a means of limiting its exposure to rising interest rates, securities purchased in the Pool must have a final maturity, or weighted average life, no longer than five years. While the Pool's market value is calculated on a monthly basis, unrealized gains and losses are not distributed to participants. The Pool distributes earnings monthly using an amortized cost methodology.

Credit Risk

As of August 31, 2015, the district's investment in the Pool was not rated by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization (NRSRO). In compliance with state statutes, Pool policies authorize investments in U.S. Treasury securities, U.S. agency securities and mortgage-backed securities, bank corporate note (rated at least "A" by two NRSROs), municipal securities (rated at least "A" by two NRSROs), commercial paper (rated at least the equivalent of "A-1" by two NRSROs), certificates of deposits issued by qualified public depositaries, repurchase agreements, and the Local Government Investment Pool managed by the Washington State Treasurer's office.

NOTE 3: SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The District has no known significant contingencies as of August 31, 2015.

Litigation

The District has no known legal obligations that would materially impact the financial position of the District.

NOTE 4: SIGNIFICANT EFFECTS OF SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In December 2015, the District issued \$44,865,000 in Unlimited Tax General Obligation Bonds to fund capital project expenditures under the authority of the 2012 Bond Measure. The interest rate on the notes range from 3.00 to 5.00 percent and the maturity date is December 1, 2035.

In March 2016, the District issued \$58,545,000 in Unlimited Tax General Obligation Bonds to refund the 2008 and 2009 bonds. The interest rate on the notes is 2.00 to 5.00 percent and the maturity date is December 1, 2028.

NOTE 5: PENSION PLANS

General Information

The Washington State Department of Retirement Systems (DRS), a department within the primary government of the state of Washington, prepares a stand-alone comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for each pension plan. The pension plan's basic financial statement is accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. The measurement date of the pension plans is June 30. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The school district is reporting the net pension liability in the notes and on the Schedule of Long-term Liabilities calculated as the district's proportionate allocation percentage multiplied by the total plan collective net pension liability.

Detailed information about the pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued DRS CAFR. Copies of the report may be obtained by contacting the Washington State Department of Retirement Systems, P.O. Box 48380, Olympia, WA 98504-8380; or online at http://www.drs.wa.gov./administrations/annual-report.

Membership Participation

Substantially all school district full-time and qualifying part-time employees participate in one of the following three contributory, multi-employer, cost-sharing statewide retirement systems managed by DRS: Teachers' Retirement System (TRS), Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and School Employees' Retirement System (SERS).

Membership participation by retirement plan as of June 30, 2015, was as follows:

		Inactive Vested	
Plan	Active Members	Members	Retired Members
PERS 1	4,782	1,178	51,070
SERS 2	22,950	5,357	5,796
SERS 3	30,832	6,963	4,825
TRS 1	1,824	323	35,639
TRS 2	13,632	2,357	3,894
TRS 3	51,837	7,655	6,094

The latest actuarial valuations for all plans was June 30, 2014.

Source: Washington State Office of the State Actuary

Membership & Plan Benefits

Certificated employees are members of TRS. Classified employees are members of PERS (if Plan 1) or SERS. Plan 1 under the TRS and PERS programs are defined benefit pension plans whose members joined the system on or before September 30, 1977. TRS 1 and PERS 1 are closed to new entrants.

TRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system comprised of three separate plans for membership purposes: Plans 1 and 2 are defined benefit plans and Plan 3 is a defined benefit plan with

a defined contribution component. TRS eligibility for membership requires service as a certificated public school employee working in an instructional, administrative or supervisory capacity.

TRS is comprised of three separate plans for accounting purposes: Plan 1, Plan 2/3, and Plan 3. Plan 1 accounts for the defined benefits of Plan 1 members. Plan 2/3 accounts for the defined benefits of Plan 2 members and the defined benefit portion of benefits for Plan 3 members. Plan 3 accounts for the defined contribution portion of benefits for Plan 3 members. Although members can only be a member of either Plan 2 or Plan 3, the defined benefit portions of Plan 2 and Plan 3 are accounted for in the same pension trust fund. All assets of this Plan 2/3 defined benefit plan may legally be used to pay the defined benefits of any of the Plan 2 or Plan 3 members or beneficiaries, as defined by the terms of the plan. Therefore, Plan 2/3 is considered to be a single plan for accounting purposes.

TRS Plan 1 provides retirement, disability and death benefits. TRS 1 members were vested after the completion of five years of eligible service. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the average final compensation (AFC), for each year of service credit, up to a maximum of 60 percent, divided by twelve. The AFC is the total earnable compensation for the two consecutive highest-paid fiscal years, divided by two. Members are eligible for retirement at any age after 30 years of service, or at the age of 60 with five years of service, or at the age of 55 with 25 years of service. Other benefits include temporary and permanent disability payments, an optional cost-of-living adjustment (COLA), and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries.

TRS Plan 2/3 provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the average final compensation (AFC) per year of service for Plan 2 members and one percent of AFC for Plan 3 members. The AFC is the monthly average of the 60 consecutive highest-paid service credit months. There is no cap on years of service credit. Members are eligible for normal retirement at the age of 65 with at least five years of service credit. Retirement before age 65 is considered an early retirement. TRS Plan 2/3 members, who have at least 20 years of service credit and are 55 years of age or older, are eligible for early retirement with a reduced benefit.

The benefit is reduced by a factor that varies according to age, for each year before age 65. TRS Plan 2/3 members who have 30 or more years of service credit, were hired prior to May 1, 2013, and are at least 55 years old, can retire under one of two provisions: With a benefit that is reduced by three percent for each year before age 65; or with a benefit that has a smaller (or no) reduction (depending on age) that imposes stricter return-to-work rules.

TRS Plan 2/3 members hired on or after May 1, 2013 have the option to retire early by accepting a reduction of five percent for each year of retirement before age 65. This option is available only to those who are age 55 or older and have at least 30 years of service.

TRS Plan 2/3 retirement benefits are also actuarially reduced to reflect the choice of a survivor benefit.

Other benefits include duty and non-duty disability payments, a cost-of-living allowance (based on the Consumer Price Index), capped at three percent annually and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries.

PERS Plan 1 provides retirement, disability and death benefits. PERS 1 members were vested after the completion of five years of eligible service. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the member's average final compensation (AFC) times the member's years of service. The AFC is the average of the member's 24 highest consecutive service months. Members are eligible for retirement from active status at any age with at least 30 years of service, at age 55 with at least 25 years of service, or at age 60 with at least five years of service.

Members retiring from inactive status prior to the age of 65 may receive actuarially reduced benefits. PERS Plan 1 retirement benefits are actuarially reduced to reflect the choice of a survivor benefit. Other benefits include duty and non-duty disability payments, an optional cost-of-living adjustment (COLA), and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries.

SERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system comprised of two separate plans for membership purposes. SERS Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan and SERS Plan 3 is a defined benefit plan with a defined contribution component. SERS members include classified employees of school districts and educational service districts.

SERS is reported as two separate plans for accounting purposes: Plan 2/3 and Plan 3. Plan 2/3 accounts for the defined benefits of Plan 2 members and the defined benefit portion of benefits for Plan 3 members. Plan 3 accounts for the defined contribution portion of benefits for Plan 3 members.

Although members can only be a member of either Plan 2 or Plan 3, the defined benefit portions of Plan 2 and Plan 3 are accounted for in the same pension trust fund. All assets of this Plan 2/3 defined benefit plan may legally be used to pay the defined benefits of any of the Plan 2 or Plan 3 members or beneficiaries. Therefore, Plan 2/3 is considered to be a single plan for accounting purposes.

SERS provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the member's average final compensation (AFC) times the member's years of service for Plan 2 and one percent of AFC for Plan 3. The AFC is the monthly average of the member's 60 highest-paid consecutive service months before retirement, termination or death. There is no cap on years of service credit. Members are eligible for retirement with a full benefit at 65 with at least five years of service credit. Retirement before age 65 is considered an early retirement. SERS members, who have at least 20 years of service credit and are 55 years of age or older, are eligible for early retirement with a reduced benefit.

The benefit is reduced by a factor that varies according to age, for each year before age 65. SERS members who have 30 or more years of service credit and are at least 55 years old can retire under one of two provisions, if hired prior to May 2, 2013: With a benefit that is reduced by three percent for each year before age 65; or with a benefit that has a smaller (or no) reduction (depending on age) that imposes stricter return-to-work rules.

SERS members hired on or after May 1, 2013, have the option to retire early by accepting a reduction of five percent for each year of retirement before age 65. This option is available only to those who are age 55 or older and have at least 30 years of service. SERS retirement benefits are also actuarially reduced to reflect the choice of a survivor benefit. Other benefits include duty and non-duty disability payments, a cost- of-living allowance (based on the Consumer Price Index), capped at three percent annually and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries.

Plan Contributions

The employer contribution rates for PERS, TRS, and SERS (Plans 1, 2, and 3) and the TRS and SERS Plan 2 employee contribution rates are established by the Pension Funding Council based upon the rates set by the Legislature. The methods used to determine the contribution requirements are established under chapters 41.40, 41.32, and 41.35 RCW for PERS, TRS and SERS respectively. Employers do not contribute to the defined contribution portions of TRS Plan 3 or SERS Plan 3. Under current law the employer must contribute 100 percent of the employer-required contribution. The employee contribution rate for Plan 1 in PERS and TRS is set by statute at six percent and does not vary from year to year.

The Employer and employee contribution rates for the PERS plan are effective as of July 1. SERS and TRS contribution rates are effective as of September 1. The pension plan contribution rates (expressed as a percentage of covered payroll) for 2015 were as follows:

Pe	ension Rates		
	7/1/2014 Rate	7/1/2015 Rate	
PERS 1			
Member Contribution Rate	6.00%	6.00%	
Employer Contribution Rate	9.21%	11.18%	
Pe	ension Rates		
	9/1/2014 Rate	9/1/2015 Rate	
TRS 1			
Member Contribution Rate	6.00%	6.00%	
Employer Contribution Rate	10.39%	13.13%	
TRS 2			
Member Contribution Rate	4.96%	5.95%	
Employer Contribution Rate	10.39%	13.13%	
TRS 3			
Member Contribution Rate	*	*	
Employer Contribution Rate	10.39%	13.13%	**
SERS 2			
Member Contribution Rate	4.64%	5.63%	
Employer Contribution Rate	9.82%	11.58%	
SERS 3			
Member Contribution Rate	*	*	
Employer Contribution Rate	9.82%	11.58%	**
Note: The DRS administrative rate of .0018	is included in the employer	rate.	
* = Variable from 5% to 15% based on rate s	selected by the member.		
** = Defined benefit portion only.			

The Collective Net Pension Liability

The collective net pension liabilities for the pension plans districts participated in are reported in the following tables.

The Collective Net Pension Liability as of June 30, 2014:					
	PERS 1	SERS 2/3	TRS 1	TRS 2/3	
Total Pension Liability	12,979,104,000	4,066,004,000	9,443,688,000	10,113,479,000	
Plan fiduciary net position	(7,941,557,000)	(3,856,083,000)	(6,494,234,000)	(9,790,490,000)	
Participating employers' net pension liability	5,037,547,000	209,921,000	2,949,454,000	322,989,000	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	61.19%	94.84%	68.77%	96.81%	

The Net Pension Liability as of June 30, 2015:					
	PERS 1	SERS 2/3	TRS 1	TRS 2/3	
Total Pension Liability	12,789,242,000	4,473,428,000	9,237,730,000	11,220,833,000	
Plan fiduciary net position	(7,558,312,000)	(4,067,277,000)	(6,069,588,000)	(10,377,031,000)	
Participating employers' net pension liability	5,230,930,000	406,151,000	3,168,142,000	843,802,000	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	59.10%	90.92%	65.70%	92.48%	

The School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (NPL)

At June 30, 2015, the school district reported a total liability of \$79,592,521 for its proportionate shares of the individual plans' collective net pension liability. Proportions of net pension liability is based on annual contributions for each of the employers participating in the DRS administered plans. At June 30, 2015, the district's proportionate share of each plan's net pension liability is reported below:

June 30, 2015	PERS 1	SERS 2/3	TRS 1	TRS 2/3	Totals
District's					
Annual	1,167,386	1,577,422	3,330,424	3,957,319	10,032,551
Contributions					
Employer					
Allocation	0.254001%	1.622500%	1.488279%	1.489129%	XXXXXXXXX
Percentage					
Proportionate					
Share of the	13,286,637	6,589,799	47,150,788	12,565,297	79,592,521
Net Pension	13,200,037	0,569,799	47,130,766	12,505,297	79,092,021
Liability					

The change in the allocation percentage from the prior year is illustrated below:

Change in Proportionate shares	PERS 1	SERS 2/3	TRS 1	TRS 2/3
Current year proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability	0.254001%	1.622500%	1.488279%	1.489129%
Prior year proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability	0.233471%	1.610422%	1.525715%	1.509392%
Net difference percentage	0.020530%	0.012078%	-0.037436%	-0.020263%

Actuarial Assumptions

Capital Market Assumptions (CMAs) and expected rates of return by asset class provided by the Washington State Investment Board. The Office of the State Actuary relied on the CMAs in the selection of the long-term expected rate of return for reporting purposes.

The total pension liabilities for TRS 1, TRS 2/3, PERS 1 and SERS 2/3 were determined by actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, with the results rolled forward to June 30, 2015, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0% total economic inflation, 3.75% salary inflation
Salary increases	In addition to the base 3.75% salary inflation assumption, salaries
	are also expected to grow by promotions and longevity.
Investment rate of return	7.50%

Mortality Rates

Mortality rates used in the plans were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Table and Combined Disabled Table published by the Society of Actuaries. The Office of the State Actuary applied offsets to the base table and recognized future improvements in mortality by projecting the mortality rates using 100 percent Scale BB. Mortality rates are applied on a generational basis, meaning members are assumed to receive additional mortality improvements in each future year, throughout their lifetime. The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014, valuation were based on the results of the 2007–2012 Experience Study. Additional assumptions for subsequent events and law changes are current as of the 2014 actuarial valuation report.

Long-term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which a best-estimate of expected future rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, but including inflation) are developed for each major asset class by the Washington State Investment Board (WSIB). Those expected returns make up one component of WSIB's CMAs. The CMAs contain three pieces of information for each class of assets the WSIB currently invest in:

- Expected annual return
- Standard deviation of the annual return;
- Correlations between the annual returns of each asset class with every other asset class

WSIB uses the CMAs and their target asset allocation to simulate future investment returns over various time horizons.

The long-term expected rate of return of 7.50 percent approximately equals the median of the simulated investment returns over a fifty-year time horizon, increased slightly to remove WSIB's implicit and small short-term downward adjustment due to assumed mean reversion. WSIB's implicit short-term adjustment, while small and appropriate over a ten to fifteen-year period, becomes amplified over a fifty-year measurement period.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plans' target asset allocation as of June 30, 2015, are summarized in the following table:

TRS1, TRS 2/3, PERS 1, and SERS 2/3				
Asset Class	Target Allocation Percentage	% Long-term Expected Real		
		Rate of Return		
Fixed Income	20.00%	1.70%		
Tangible Assets	5.00%	4.40%		
Real Estate	15.00%	5.80%		
Global Equity	37.00%	6.60%		
Private Equity	23.00%	9.60%		

The inflation component used to create the above table is 2.20 percent, and represents WSIB's most recent long-term estimate of broad economic inflation.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50 percent. To determine the discount rate, an asset sufficiency test was completed to test whether the pension plan's fiduciary net position was sufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Consistent with current law, the completed asset sufficiency test included an assumed 7.70 percent long-term discount rate to determine funding liabilities for calculating future contributions rate requirements. Consistent with the long-term expected rate of return, a 7.50 percent future investment rate of return on invested assets was assumed for the test. Contributions from plan members and employers are assumed to continue to be made at contractually required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members.

Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.50 percent on pension plan investments was applied to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the Renton School District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability (NPL) calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (6.50 percent) or one percentage-point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate. Amounts are calculated using the school district's specific allocation percentage, by plan, to determine the proportionate share of the collective net pension liability.

	1% Decrease (6.50%)	Current Discount Rate (7.50%)	1% Increase (8.50%)
PERS1 NPL	\$6,368,671,000	\$5,230,930,000	\$4,252,577,000
Allocation Percentage	0.254001%	0.254001%	0.254001%
Proportionate Share of Collective NPL	\$16,176,516	\$13,286,637	\$10,801,607
SERS2/3 NPL	\$1,282,039,000	\$406,151,000	(\$273,474,000)
Allocation Percentage	1.622500%	1.622500%	1.622500%
Proportionate Share of Collective NPL	\$20,801,081	\$6,589,799	(\$4,437,115)
TRS1 NPL	\$3,982,571,000	\$3,168,142,000	\$2,467,801,000
Allocation Percentage	1.488279%	1.488279%	1.488279%
Proportionate Share of Collective NPL	\$59,271,762	\$47,150,787	\$36,727,760
TRS2/3 NPL	\$3,570,229,000	\$843,802,000	(\$1,183,066,000)
Allocation Percentage	1.489129%	1.489129%	1.489129%
Proportionate Share of Collective NPL	\$53,165,299	\$12,565,296	(\$17,617,374)

NOTE 6: ANNUAL OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT COST AND NET OPEB OBLIGATIONS

The state, through the Health Care Authority (HCA), administers an agent multi-employer other post-employment benefit plan. The Public Employees Benefits Board (PEBB), created within the HCA, is authorized to design benefits and determine the terms and conditions of employee and retired employee participation and coverage, including establishment of eligibility criteria for both active and retired employees. Programs include medical, dental, life insurance and long-term disability insurance.

Employers participating in the plan include the state of Washington (which includes general government agencies and higher education institutions), 60 of the state's K–12 school districts and educational service districts (ESDs), and 221 political subdivisions and tribal governments. Additionally, the PEBB plan is available to the retirees of the remaining 237 K–12 school districts and ESDs. The District's retirees are eligible to participate in the PEBB plan under this arrangement.

According to state law, the Washington State Treasurer collects a fee from all school district entities which have employees that are not current active members of the state Health Care Authority but participate in the state retirement system. The purpose of this fee is to cover the impact of the subsidized rate of health care benefits for school retirees that elect to purchase their health care benefits through the state Health Care Authority. For the fiscal year 2014-15, the District was required to pay the HCA \$66.64 per month per full-time equivalent employee to support the program, for a total payment of \$1,404,393.62. This assessment to the District is set forth in the state's operating budget and is subject to change on an annual basis. This amount is not actuarially determined and is not placed in a trust to pay the obligations for post-employment health care benefits.

The District has no control over the benefits offered to retirees, the rates charged to retirees, nor the fee paid to the Health Care Authority. The District does not determine its annual required contribution nor the net other post-employment benefit obligation associated with this plan. Accordingly, these amounts are not shown on the financial statements.

NOTE 7: COMMITMENTS UNDER NONCAPITALIZED (OPERATING) LEASES

For the fiscal year ended August 31, 2015, the District had incurred additional long-term debt as follows:

The District currently holds building and property lease agreements with other educational institutions and communication companies. All revenues received from the lease of facilities are recorded in the Capital Projects Fund as required by State law. The District leased the following facilities during the 2014-2015 fiscal year:

The following lease agreement exists for Renton Memorial Stadium, located at North Fourth and Logan Avenue North in Renton:

An area not to exceed 600 square feet is leased to AT&T Wireless Services effective April 1, 2009 for five years, with three additional five-year terms available for extension, in the annual amount of \$12,441.72. Renewal is automatic, unless written notice is provided 30 days prior to renewal. This lease provides space for an antenna tower for wireless communication systems. Lease payments are adjusted every five years by 15 percent beginning April 1, 2014.

The following lease agreement exists for Kohlwes Education Center (KEC), located at 300 SW 7th Street in Renton:

An on-going lease with Toyota of Renton, from March 1, 2006 provides for 41,500 square feet of certain parking lot space at a current annual rental rate of \$30,564.12. An additional 10,800 square feet was added to the lease at the annual rate of \$8,904.00. Lease payments are adjusted every five years on July 1, accumulated in accordance with the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers, Seattle Index, with the first five-year adjustment effective July 2011. The current adjusted annual rate is \$39,468.12 for the entire 52,300 square feet. An option to terminate the lease is available with six months' prior written notice.

The following lease agreement exists for the Secondary Learning Center, located at 7800 South 132nd Street in Seattle:

An area not to exceed 1,600 square feet is leased to T-Mobile USA, Inc. effective December 9, 2004 for ten years, with two additional ten-year terms available for extension, in the initial amount of \$15,000. Renewal is automatic, unless written notice is provided 30 days prior to renewal. This lease replaces a previous lease for two separate sites and began upon completion of construction in July 2012. The current annual rate is \$15,000, with the first ten-year adjustment effective July 2022. This lease provides space for an antenna tower for wireless communication systems. Lease payments are adjusted annually by three percent on December 1st.

Future Minimum Lease Revenue					
	Secondary Learning Center	KEC Parking Lot	Renton Memorial Stadium		
Year	T-Mobile, USA, Inc.	Toyota of Renton	AT&T Wireless	Total	
2015-16	\$ 15,000	39,468	14,308	68,776	
2016-17	15,000	ı	14,308	29,308	
2017-18	15,000	ı	14,308	29,308	
2018-19	15,000	•	14,308	29,308	
2019-20	15,000	-	14,308	29,308	

The District has only operating leases on all copy machines, equipment, and property. All current operating leases for copy machines and equipment expire before or during the year 2017.

Operating Leases for the Year Ending August 31, 2015					
Year	Copiers	Rent	Total		
2015	\$ 130,379	\$	\$ 130,379		
2016	16,062	-	16,062		
2017	1,268	-	1,268		
Total Minimum					
Payments Required	\$ 147,708	\$ -	\$ 147,708		

NOTE 8: OTHER SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS AND ENCUMBRANCES

Construction commitments in progress are composed of:

Project	Project Authorization Amount	Expended as of 8/31/15	Additional Local Funds Committed
08/09 BOND PROJECTS:			
Building Improvements:			
Early Childhood Center	\$ 28,622,698	\$ 28,046,138	\$ 1,132,032
Stadium Improvements	14,858,377	14,755,172	
Nelsen Improvements	5,937,835	5,875,367	
Building Finishes	3,012,975	2,055,808	
KEC Reconfiguration	761,500	734,763	
Field Improvements:			
Nelsen Field	1,630,202	1,550,516	
Other Projects:			
Secondary Alternative Campus	30,481,876	29,976,173	
Energy Conservation	8,830,302	8,755,344	
Black River Annex	4,381,777	3,995,883	
Other Project Commitments	6,374,350	6,202,522	
Safety and Security:			
Portable Classrooms	3,871,420	3,830,337	
Security Upgrades	1,666,514	848,710	
Other Safety and Security	1,710,738	1,614,029	
12/13 BOND PROJECTS:			
New Middle School	47,000,000	13,210,708	
Energy Conservation	10,050,000	7,217,131	
Lindbergh Pool	7,025,000	6,887,801	
Grounds Upgrades	6,550,000	1,956,712	
Roof Upgrades	5,455,000	4,862,308	
Land Acquisition	5,000,000	1,587,015	
Other 12/13 PROJECTS	19,150,000	4,696,498	
OTHER PROJECTS:			
Renton Academy @ Spring Glen	12,158,635	11,307,058	
Other Projects	700,000	559,931	
Total	\$ 225,229,199	\$ 160,525,924	\$ 1,132,032

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of moneys are recorded in order to reserve a portion of the applicable appropriation. Encumbrances lapse at the end of the fiscal year and may be re-encumbered the following year. The following encumbrance amounts were re-encumbered by fund on September 1, 2015:

Fund	Amount
Capital Projects Fund	\$ 90,464,831

NOTE 9: REQUIRED DISCLOSURES ABOUT CAPITAL ASSETS

The District's capital assets are insured in the amount of \$150,000,000 for fiscal year 2015. In the opinion of the District's insurance consultant, the amount is sufficient to adequately fund replacement of the District's assets.

NOTE 10: REQUIRED DISCLOSURES ABOUT LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-Term Debt

Bonds payable at August 31, 2015, are comprised of the following individual issues:

		Amount	2014-15 Annual	Final	Interest Rates	Amount
Issue Name	Issue Date	Issued	Installments	Maturity	(%)	Outstanding
2005 UTGO Refunding	2/15/2005	\$72,000,000	\$14,761,875	12/01/2016	3.00-5.00	\$11,250,000
2008 UTGO	12/3/2008	10,000,000	457,500	12/01/2027	4.55-4.60	10,000,000
2009 UTGO & Refunding	4/29/2009	85,400,000	2,794,238	12/01/2028	2.50-5.00	57,810,000
2011 UTGO	8/23/2011	60,005,000	2,616,500	12/01/2031	3.00-5.00	60,005,000
2012 UTGO & Refunding	9/5/2012	109,335,000	7,396,050	12/01/2031	3.00-5.00	104,255,000
2014 UTGO Refunding	09/19/2014	37,800,000	2,627,164	12/01/2025	3.75-5.00	36,360,000
Total Bonds		\$374,540,000	\$30,653,327			\$279,680,000

The following is a summary of general obligation long-term debt transactions of the District for the fiscal year(s) ended August 31, 2015:

Long-Term Debt Payable at 9/1/2014	\$ 300,205,000
New Issues	37,800,000
Debt Retired	(58,325,000)
Long-Term Debt Payable at 8/31/2015	\$ 279,680,000

The following is a schedule of annual requirements to amortize debt at August 31, 2015:

	T		
Years Ending August 31	Principal	Interest	Total
2016	\$ 11,350,000	\$ 12,804,725	\$ 24,154,725
2017	13,395,000	12,114,675	25,509,675
2018	14,085,000	11,452,825	25,537,825
2019	14,770,000	10,749,700	25,519,700
2020	15,495,000	10,013,375	25,508,375
2021-2025	87,615,000	37,911,075	125,526,075
2026-2030	98,830,000	16,357,150	115,187,150
2031-2032	24,140,000	1,033,625	25,173,625
Total	\$ 279,680,000	\$ 112,437,150	\$ 392,117,150

At August 31, 2015, the District had \$7,681,090 available in the Debt Service Fund to service the general obligation bonds.

Refunded Debt

On September 25, 2014, the District issued \$37.8 million in general obligation bonds with a True Interest Cost of 2.46 percent to advance refund \$2.87 million of outstanding 2004 series refunded bonds with an average interest rate of 5.1 percent and \$37.9 million of outstanding 2006 series refunded bonds with an

average interest rate of 4.9 percent. The net proceeds of \$44.9 million, including a contribution from the District's Debt Service Fund of \$634,620, after payment of \$193,623 in underwriting fees, insurance, and other issuance costs were used to purchase U.S. Government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the 2004 and 2006 series bonds. As a result, the 2004 and 2006 series bonds are considered defeased.

The District advance refunded the 2004 and 2006 series bonds to reduce its total debt service payments over the next 11 years by \$5.9 million and to obtain an economic gain of \$4.9 million.

Cash Flows Difference	2004 Bonds	2006 Bonds	Total
Old Debt Service Cash Flows	\$ 3,083,875	\$ 57,565,125	\$ 60,649,000
Less New Debt Service Cash Flows	(2,904,037)	(51,248,032)	(54,152,069)
Less Debt Service Fund Contribution	(45,607)	(589,013)	(634,620)
Total Cash Flow Difference	134,231	5,728,080	5,862,311
Economic Gain			
Present Value of New Debt Service Cash Flows	175,996	5,356,337	5,532,333
Less Debt Service Fund Contribution	(46,035)	(590,504)	(636,539)
Total Economic Gain	\$ 129,960	\$ 4,765,833	\$ 4,895,793

NOTE 11: INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

Renton School District did not participate in any interfund loan activity.

NOTE 12: ENTITY RISK MANAGEMENT ACTIVITIES

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

In September, 1995 the District joined together with other school districts in the state to form Schools Insurance Association of Washington (SIAW), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for property and casualty insurance. The District pays an annual premium to the pool for its general insurance coverage. The agreement for formation of the SIAW provides that the pool will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of various amounts for each insured event.

Beginning in January 1970, the District began covering all claim settlements and judgments out of its General Fund. The District currently reports all of its risk management activities in its General Fund. Claim expenditures and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. These losses include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not recorded.

At August 31, 2015, the amount of liabilities totaled \$675,910. This liability is the District's best estimate based on available information. Changes in the reported liability since August 31, 2015, resulted in the following:

	9/1	Current Year Claims and	Claim	8/31	
	Liability	Changes in Estimates	Payments	Balance	
2013-2014	\$ 97,960	\$ 571,076	\$ (379,512)	\$ 289,524	
2014-2015	289,524	832,313	(445,927)	675,910	

At August 31, 2015, General Fund investments of \$137,500 were held for purposes of funding the District's future claims liabilities. As a result, \$137,500 of the General Fund balance is considered restricted for payment of future claim liabilities.

NOTE 13: PROPERTY TAXES

Property tax revenues are collected as the result of special levies passed by the voters in the District. Taxes are levied on January 1. The taxpayer has the obligation of paying all taxes on April 30 or one-half then and one-half on October 31. Typically, slightly more than half of the collections are made on the April 30 date. The October 31 collection is not available in time to cover liabilities for the fiscal period ended August 31. Therefore, the fall portion of property taxes is not accrued as revenue. Instead, the property taxes due on October 31 are recorded as unavailable revenue.

NOTE 14: JOINT VENTURES AND JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

The District is a member of the King County Director's Association (KCDA). KCDA is a purchasing cooperative designed to pool the member districts' purchasing power. The board authorized joining the association by signing an agreement dated April 18, 1974, and has remained in the joint venture ever since. The District's current equity of \$190,483.67 is the accumulation of the annual assignment of KCDA's operating surplus based upon the percentage derived from KCDA's total sales to the District compared to all other districts applied against paid administrative fees. The District may withdraw from the joint venture and will receive its equity in ten annual allocations of merchandise or 15 annual payments.

NOTE 15: FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATION DETAILS

The District's financial statements include the following amounts presented in the aggregate.

	General Fund	ASB Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Debt Service Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund
Nonspendable Fund	General i unu	ASDIUIU	r rojects i unu	i uliu	i uiiu
Balance					
Inventory and Prepaid					
Items	\$ 293,112				
Restricted Fund	φ 293,112				
Balance					
Other Items	779,135				
	119,133				
Carryover of	767 570				
Restricted Revenues	767,579				
Carryover of Food	055 005				
Service Revenue	955,805				
Self-Insurance	183,050				
Uninsured Risks	137,500				
Fund Purpose		\$ 1,159,518			\$ 1,551,318
Bond Proceeds			\$ 18,117,163		
Other Proceeds			1,231,424		
Debt Service				\$ 7,681,090	
Committed Fund					
Balance					
Levy Proceeds			10,553,479		
Assigned Fund Balance					
Other Purposes	712,428				
Fund Purposes	·		\$ 3,970,777		\$ 45,931
Unassigned Fund			, ,		,
Balance	\$ 6,269,218				

NOTE 16: POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS OTHER THAN PENSION PLANS—BOTH IN SEPARATELY ISSUED PLAN FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND EMPLOYER STATEMENTS

457 Plan – Deferred Compensation Plan

District employees have the option of participating in a deferred compensation plan as defined in §457 of the Internal Revenue Code that is administered by the state deferred compensation plan, or the District.

403(b) Plan – Tax Sheltered Annuity (TSA)

The District offers a tax deferred annuity plan for its employees. The plan permits participants to defer a portion of their salary until future years under two types of deferrals: elective deferrals (employee contribution).

The District complies with IRS regulations that require school districts to have a written plan to include participating investment companies, types of investments, loans, transfers, and various requirements. The plan is administered by a third party administrator (OMNI). The plan assets are assets of the District employees, not the school district, and are therefore not reflected on these financial statements.

NOTE 17: TERMINATION BENEFITS

Compensated Absences

Employees earn sick leave at a rate of 12 days per year up to a maximum of one contract year.

Under the provisions of RCW 28A.400.210, sick leave accumulated by District employees is reimbursed at death or retirement at the rate of one day for each four days of accrued leave, limited to 180 accrued days. This chapter also provides for an annual buyout of an amount up to the maximum annual accumulation of 12 days. For buyout purposes, employees may accumulate such leave to a maximum of 192 days, including the annual accumulation, as of December 31 of each year.

These expenditures are recorded when paid, except termination sick leave that is accrued upon death, retirement, or upon termination provided the employee is at least 55 years of age and has sufficient years of service. Vested sick leave was computed using the vesting method.

Renton School District No. 403

Schedule of Long-Term Liabilities: GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended August 31, 2015

Description	Beginning Outstanding Debt September 1, 2014	Amount Issued / Increased	Amount Redeemed / Decreased	Ending Outstanding Debt August 31, 2015	Amount Due Within One Year
Non-Voted Debt and Liabilities					
Capital Leases	00.00	00.0	00.00	00.0	00.00
Contracts Payable	00.00	00.0	00.00	00.0	00.00
Non-Cancellable Operating Leases	465,977.62	6,048.34	324,317.63	147,708.33	130,378.53
Claims & Judgements	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.0	00.00
Compensated Absences	3,439,867.00	4,974,480.41	4,009,545.31	4,404,802.10	3,209,360.00
Long-Term Notes	00.00	00.0	00.00	00.0	00.0
Anticipation Notes Payable	00.00	00.0	00.00	00.00	00.00
Lines of Credit	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.0	00.0
Other Non-Voted Debt	00.0	00.00	00.0	00.0	00.0
Other Liabilities					
Non-Voted Notes Not Recorded as Debt	00.00	00.0	00.00	00.0	00.00
Net Pension Liabilities:					
Net Pension Liabilities TRS 1	00.00	47,150,787.00	00.00	47,150,787.00	
Net Pension Liabilities TRS 2/3	00.00	12,565,296.00	00.00	12,565,296.00	
Net Pension Liabilities SERS 2/3	00.00	6,589,799.00	00.00	6,589,799.00	
Net Pension Liabilities PERS 1	00.0	13,286,637.00	0.00	13,286,637.00	
Total Long-Term Liabilities	3,905,844.62	84,573,047.75	4,333,862.94	84,145,029.43	3,339,738.53

Renton School District No. 403

Schedule of Long-Term Liabilities: DEBT SERVICE FUND

For the Year Ended August 31, 2015

Description	Beginning Outstanding Debt September 1, 2014	Amount Issued / Increased	Amount Redeemed / C Decreased	Ending Outstanding Debt August 31, 2015	Amount Due Within One Year
Voted Debt					
Voted Bonds	300,205,000.00	37,800,000.00	58,325,000.00	279,680,000.00	11,350,000.00
LOCAL Program Proceeds Issued in Lieu of Bonds	00.00	00.0	00.0	00.00	00.00
Non-Voted Debt					
Non-Voted Bonds	00.00	00.0	00.0	00.00	00.00
LOCAL Program Proceeds	00.00	00.0	00.0	00.00	00.0
Total Long-Term Liabilities	300,205,000.00	37,800,000.00	58,325,000.00	279,680,000.00	11,350,000.00

RENTON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 403 SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For the year ending August 31, 2015

Employer Identification Number (EIN): 91-6001635

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
						Expend	litures	
Federal Agency Name	Pass Through Agency	Federal Program Title	CFDA Number	Other Identification Number	From Direct Awards	From Pass Through Awards	Total	Footnote
U.S. Dept	of Agriculture							
	WA OSPI	School Breakfast Program	10.553	N/A		663,340	663,340	6
	WA OSPI	National School Lunch Program - Cash Assistance	10.555	N/A		3,532,261	3,532,261	6
	WA OSPI	National School Lunch Program - Non Cash Assistance Commodities		N/A		393,904	393,904	4, 6
	WA OSPI	Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	N/A		85,882	85,882	6
			Sub	total Child Nutrition Cluster	-	4,675,387	4,675,387	
	WA OSPI	Child & Adult Care Food Program	10.558	N/A		1,277	1,277	
	Office of State Treasurer	School & Roads - Grants to States	10.665	N/A		7,831	7,831	6
			Sub	total US Dept of Agriculture	-	4,684,495	4,684,495	
US Dept of	of Education							
	WA OSPI	Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	304804 & 337765		3,524,424	3,524,424	7
	WA OSPI	Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	363162		99,766	99,766	7
			Subtot	al Special Education Cluster	-	3,624,190	3,624,190	-
	WA OSPI	Title I Grants to LEA	84.010	201831 & 228712		3,903,297	3,903,297	5, 7
		Indian Education Grants to LEA	84.060	S060A140390	52,002		52,002	7
	WA OSPI	Career & Technical Education Basic Grants to States	84.048	173307		127,378	127,378	7
	WA OSPI	English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	402005		410,523	410,523	8
	WA OSPI	Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	523652		311,644	311,644	7
	WA OSPI	School Improvement Grants	84.377	225357		230,596	230,596	7
	Puget Sound ESD No. 121	Early Learning Challenge	84.412			4,821	4,821	
	Puget Sound ESD No. 121	Race to the Top - District Grants	84.416	8423, 8398, 9072, 8246, 8799, 8563, 8867, 8910, 8654, 8693, 8564		1,175,937	1,175,937	
				Subtotal Dept of Education	52,002	9,788,386	9,840,388	-
U.S. Dept	of Labor Employment Tra	aining Administration						
	Workforce Devel Council	WIA Youth Activities	17.259	N/A		11,515	11,515	6
		Subtotal Dept of	of Labor, E	Imployment Training Admin	-	11,515	11,515	-
U.S. Dept	of Health & Human Servi	ces						
	School's Out	Refugee and Entrant Assistance Discretionary Grants	93.576	N/A		18,700	18,700	6, 7
	ESD 121	Head Start	93.600	N/A		794,418	794,418	6
	WA DSHS	Medical Assistance Program	93.778	N/A		422,716	422,716	6
		Sub	total Dept	of Health & Human Services	-	1,235,834	1,235,834	-
TOTAL I	FEDERAL AWARDS				52,002	15,720,230	15,772,232	1, 2, 3

The Accompanying Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are an Integral Part of this Schedule.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For the Year Ending August 31, 2015

NOTE 1—BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is prepared on the same basis of accounting as the district's financial statements. The district uses the modified accrua basis of accounting. Expenditures represent only the federally funded portions of the program. District records should be consulted to determine amounts expended or matched from non-federal sources.

NOTE 2—AMERICAN RECOVERY AND REINVESTMENT ACT (ARRA) of 2009

Of the amount shown for this program, \$0 was paid from ARRA funds.

NOTE 3—PROGRAM COSTS/MATCHING CONTRIBUTIONS

The amounts shown as current year expenses represent only the federal grant portion of the program costs. Entire program costs, including the district's portion, may be more than shown.

NOTE 4—NONCASH AWARDS

The amount of commodities reported on the schedule is the value of commodities distributed by the district during the current year and priced as prescribed by the USDA.

NOTE 5—SCHOOLWIDE PROGRAMS

The district operates a "schoolwide program" in three elementary buildings. Using federal funding, schoolwide programs are designed to upgrade an entire educational program within a school for all students, rather than limit services to certain targeted students. The following federal program amounts were expended by the ditsrict in its school wide program. Title I (84.010) \$2,588,220.

NOTE 6—NOT AVAILABLE (N/A)

The district was unable to obtain other identification number.

NOTE 7—FEDERAL INDIRECT RATE

The district used the federal restricted rate of 3.13 percent for this program.

NOTE 8—INDIRECT RATE

The district used the specified rate of 2 percent for this program.

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR FINDINGS REPORTED UNDER OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Renton School District No. 403 King County September 1, 2014 through August 31, 2015

This schedule presents the corrective action planned by the auditee for findings reported in this report in accordance with OMB Circular A-133. The information in this schedule is the representation of the Renton School District No. 403.

Finding ref number:	Finding caption:
2015-001	The District did not have adequate internal controls to ensure
	compliance with federal procurement requirements for its Race to the
	Top program.

Name, address, and telephone of auditee contact person:

Susan Smith Leland

Interim Assistant Superintendent - Finance and Operations

Renton School District

300 SW 7th Street

Renton, WA 98057

(425) 204-2388

Corrective action the auditee plans to take in response to the finding:

The following are corrections applied to the District procurement internal controls:

- The District has employed the full implementation of its purchasing software. This allows for use of electronic documentation workflow and approval verification to streamline and strengthen controls.
- Business Services requires all procurement required documentation (signed contracts; evaluation quotations; sole source justifications; SAM searches) be attached to each electronic purchase requisition prior to the approval and creation of a purchase order.
- The Purchasing Manager reviews all documents prior to the approval of the purchase order and all approvals are retained in the purchasing system.
- The District has implemented revisions to our purchasing "Terms and Conditions" to include debarment language. The terms and conditions language is vital component to every purchase order accepted by our vendors.
- Quarterly targeted professional development trainings have been conducted communicating procurement requirements for all staff participating in procurement activities.

The 2015-16 systematic changes surrounding the procurement function add a layer of review and verification to ensure compliance in all areas of procurement. We are confident that these distinctive changes will provide an effective internal control system that is measurable and maintainable.

Anticipated date to complete the corrective action: 09/01/2015

ABOUT THE STATE AUDITOR'S OFFICE

The State Auditor's Office is established in the state's Constitution and is part of the executive branch of state government. The State Auditor is elected by the citizens of Washington and serves four-year terms.

We work with our audit clients and citizens to achieve our vision of government that works for citizens, by helping governments work better, cost less, deliver higher value, and earn greater public trust.

In fulfilling our mission to hold state and local governments accountable for the use of public resources, we also hold ourselves accountable by continually improving our audit quality and operational efficiency and developing highly engaged and committed employees.

As an elected agency, the State Auditor's Office has the independence necessary to objectively perform audits and investigations. Our audits are designed to comply with professional standards as well as to satisfy the requirements of federal, state, and local laws.

Our audits look at financial information and compliance with state, federal and local laws on the part of all local governments, including schools, and all state agencies, including institutions of higher education. In addition, we conduct performance audits of state agencies and local governments as well as <u>fraud</u>, state <u>whistleblower</u> and <u>citizen hotline</u> investigations.

The results of our work are widely distributed through a variety of reports, which are available on our <u>website</u> and through our free, electronic <u>subscription</u> service.

We take our role as partners in accountability seriously, and provide training and technical assistance to governments, and have an extensive quality assurance program.

Contact information for the State A	uditor's Office
Public Records requests	PublicRecords@sao.wa.gov
Main telephone	(360) 902-0370
Toll-free Citizen Hotline	(866) 902-3900
Website	www.sao.wa.gov