# NOVI COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT, MICHIGAN

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2009

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#### Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Education of the Novi Community School District, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Novi Community School District, Michigan as of June 30, 2009 and for the year then ended, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These basic financial statements are the responsibility of the Novi Community School District, Michigan's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these basic financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Novi Community School District, Michigan as of June 30, 2009, and the changes in financial position for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 3 through 15 and page 49 are not required parts of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplemental information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

### **DOEREN MAYHEW**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Novi Community School District, Michigan's basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplemental information, as identified in the table of contents, is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated October 30, 2009 on our consideration of the Novi Community School District, Michigan's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

DOEREN MAYHEW

Dorn Mayhur

October 30, 2009 Troy, Michigan

#### **MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

#### Introduction

The Novi Community School District's (the District) financial year is from July 1st through June 30th. Each year the District's financial records are audited by a third party independent auditor and the results are published. The audit is performed in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* as issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). These standards require the inclusion of meaningful and useful data which broaden the reader's understanding of the District.

#### **District Characteristics**

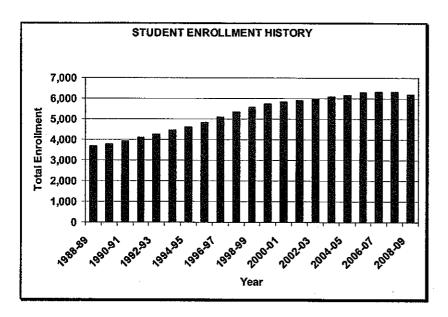
The Novi Community School District is an independent school district operating under the laws of the State of Michigan and is governed by an elected (at large) seven-member Board of Education. The District is located in southern Oakland County and encompasses 17.9 square miles with the vast majority of its area within the City of Novi except for a small parcel of land in the City of Wixom. The District has seen and continues to see growth and development of both its residential and non-residential properties.

The School District has five (5) elementary schools, grades K-4; one (1) upper elementary school, grades 5-6; one (1) middle school, grades 7-8; and one (1) high school, grades 9-12. All eligible schools are accredited by the North Central Association of Colleges and Schools (NCA) and one school, Novi High School, has achieved recognition as a National Blue Ribbon School. The District also has a pre-school building, Board of Education office, a transportation facility, and a maintenance facility.

### **Enrollment**

As shown in the following chart the District's student population grew from 3,303 in 1985-86 to a high of 6,324 in 2007. In 2007-08, the District experienced a slight reduction of 14 students, and in 2008-09 an additional reduction of 114 students. Enrollment projections are completed annually. In each five year interval, the District convenes a citizen's committee and performs a comprehensive enrollment projection analysis. Information used to complete this analysis consists of housing data (both current and proposed), economic factors, land availability and zoning, and the assistance of Michigan State University's analysis of the District's births and cohort survival ratios. To date, the studies have proven to be accurate in planning for future facility needs.

#### **Enrollment - Continued**



#### Tax Structure

Per the Tax Code of the State of Michigan, public school districts levy taxes on four types of property: Homestead (residential), Industrial - Personal, Commercial - Personal and Non-Homestead (non-residential). In addition, the State of Michigan levies a fixed 6.0000 mills against all properties. The tax levies are applied against the Taxable Value of properties or approximately 50% of the market value of the properties. A complete analysis of the tax levies can be found in the "Other Supplemental Information" portion of the audit.

In 2009, the District levies against these four property classifications can be summarized below:

Tax Description	Homestead	Industrial - Personal	Commercial - Personal	Non-Homestead
General Operating	3.6192	3.6192	9.6192	18.9800
Sinking Fund	0.4932	0.4932	0.4932	0.4932
All Debt Millage	5.8600	5.8600	5.8600	5.8600
TOTAL	9.9724	9.9724	15.9724	25.3332

### Curriculum

Novi Community School District has an extensive academic and extra-curricular program that provides comprehensive educational, athletic, and organizational opportunities to students from pre-school age through high school. An extensive curriculum, based predominantly on the Michigan Curriculum Framework and enriched with additional programs for all ages is ranked among one of the State's highest in terms of achievement levels and success rates (high school graduation, college entrance, above average scores on state and national tests).

#### Curriculum - Continued

No Child Left Behind (NCLB), a federal law enacted in 2001, issued directives to states to require Adequate Yearly Progress (AYP) for its districts and schools within them such that all students would meet 100% proficiency in English/language arts (reading and writing) and mathematics by 2014. States were required to establish a way to measure each district and school, and students within each school's demographic strands based on proficiency on the state's academic assessment (in Michigan, this assessment is the Michigan Educational Assessment Program, or MEAP). Michigan also established a report card system. The report cards for the Novi Community School District reflects that all eight schools received A's. MEAP scores for the Novi Community School District remain within the top 3-5 districts in the county out of 28 school districts and always well above the state averages.

There are two important notes to add to NCLB and AYP. The first is that it is important that MEAP (a set of tests), and through its AYP, only measures a small part of the broad range of academic achievement students demonstrate. As a result, though our District scores are consistently very high, the District also feels compelled to advocate for a broader representation of what our students actually do. Hence, we continually showcase the superb achievements our students have contributed to our community and to their futures. All academics as well as the arts, physical fitness, etc. are described. We feel strongly that this broad representation of achievement captures the integrity of why we educate in the first place - to develop an informed citizen who participates in and supports a vibrant Democracy.

The second critical note to express here is the disregard that NCLB has on including in its reporting the educational innovations that communities, districts, and schools have implemented. These educational innovations comprehensively impact achievement through their focus on making smaller, more personally responsive learning environments for students. Examples include: schools within a school, teaming, multi-age learning, continuous progress, etc. Our District has embraced these innovations because we realize they are an investment in safety, achievement, joyfulness in learning, and an expression of our local voice in the greater conversation about the future of public schooling in the United States - an integrity we value.

There is an extensive Community Education program that features a full day and half day preschool program, child care for students both before and after school and all summer, and programs for community residents and parents who are new to the District.

At the elementary levels, five (5) schools provide K-4 educational programming. There is one 5/6 elementary building and a 7/8 middle school, as well as a 9/12 comprehensive high school. The high school endeavors to integrate entering students into a very large school by keeping 'big small' in the way students are handled. The high school curriculum also features an extensive Advanced Placement curriculum and special education programs and services.

#### Curriculum - Continued

Professional staff development is a priority in the District. Many factions of the staff (including support as well as instructional staff) are well versed in the theories of Choice Theory, and a climate of respect and a 'joy for learning' is conveyed from the Superintendent's office throughout the entire school community.

#### **Financial Information**

This section of the 2009 annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the year ended 2009. Please read this in conjunction with the District's actual financial statements which immediately follow this section.

This annual report consists of three (3) parts: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the three basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. In addition, there is a section which provides other supplementary information. The statements are organized so the reader can understand the Novi Community School District financially as a whole.

The first of the basic financial statements is the *District Wide Financial Statements* which provide information about the activities of the "whole" District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and long-term view of those finances.

The second of the basic financial statements are the *Fund Financial Statements* which indicate how governmental services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The Fund Financial Statements look at the District's operations in more detail than the District Wide Financial Statements by providing information about the District's most significant funds, the General Fund and the 2007 Capital Projects Fund. All other funds are presented in one column and listed as "nonmajor" funds which include: 2001 Sinking Fund, 1993 Debt Fund, 2001 Debt Fund, 2002 Debt (Refinancing) Fund, 2005 Debt (Refinancing) Fund, 2007 Debt (Refinancing) Fund, 2007 Debt Fund, 2007 Debt

The last of the basic financial statements is the *Fiduciary Fund Statements*. These are funds with which the District act as the trustee, or fiduciary, for the assets that belong to others. The funds in this category are comprised of all of the schools' student activity funds. The District excludes these activities from the district-wide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance operations.

#### Reporting the School District as a Whole - District-wide Financial Statements

There are two (2) types of statements under this category: the statement of net assets and the statement of activities. These statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods normally used in private industry. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in these statements regardless from which fund or when they were collected or paid.

The statements show the difference between <u>all</u> of the District's assets and liabilities, thereby indicating the District's net asset worth, and is one way to measure the District's financial health or complete financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net assets, as reported in the statement of activities, are indicators of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The relationship between revenues and expenses is the District's operating results. However, it must be remembered it is not the function of a public school system to generate profits; instead, a district's worth is measured by its quality of instruction and the efficiency and effectiveness of its delivery.

The statement of net assets and statement of activities report the governmental activities for the District, which encompass all of the District's services, including instruction, support services, community services, athletics, and food service. Property taxes, state aid, and State and federal grants finance most of these activities.

### Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds - Fund Financial Statements

As heretofore mentioned, the District's fund financial statements provide detailed information about its most significant funds. Within these governmental funds all of the District's services are reported. Governmental fund reporting focuses on showing how money flows into and out of funds and the balances left at year end that are available for future spending. They are reported using the modified accrual method of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. These statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's operations and help to determine whether or not there may be monies available in the near future to finance the District's programs.

# The School District as Trustee - Reporting the School District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net assets. The District is only responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

#### Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

The "Statement of Net Assets" provides the perspective of the District as a whole. The table below provides a summary of the net assets as of June 30, 2009:

Table I Novi Community School District Net Assets - Governmental Activities As of June 30, 2009 and 2008						
	2009	2008				
Assets						
Current and Other Assets	\$ 32,735,494	\$ 48,478,387				
Capital Assets	151,772,100	142,460,061				
Total Assets	184,507,594	190,938,448				
Liabilities						
Current Liabilities	18,993,817	19,904,182				
Long-term Liabilities	123,160,132	132,024,193				
Total Liabilities	142,153,949	151,928,375				
Net Assets						
Invested in Capital Assets, Net						
of Related Debt	20,167,741	2,555,709				
Restricted	11,063,188	24,698,522				
Unrestricted	11,122,716	11,755,842				
Total Net Assets	<b>\$ 42,353,645</b>	<u>\$ 39,010,073</u>				

The District's net assets were \$42,353,645 at June 30, 2009. Capital assets, net of related debt, totaled \$20,167,741. This compares the original cost, less depreciation of the District's capital assets, to long-term debt used to finance the acquisition of those assets. The majority of the debt will be repaid from voter-approved property taxes collected as the debt service comes due. Restricted net assets of \$11,063,188 are reported separately and include those funds deposited in the 2007 Capital Projects Fund which are legally obligated to pay for the projects, as well as equity from the debt funds which are legally obligated for debt payments only and not for the day-to-day operations of the District. The remaining amount of net assets, \$11,122,716, was unrestricted. The \$11,122,716 in unrestricted net assets of governmental activities represents the accumulated results of all past years' operations. The unrestricted net asset balance is used for working capital and cash flow needs as well as to provide for future uncertainties. The operating results of the General Fund will have a significant impact on the change in unrestricted net assets from year-to-year.

### Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole - Continued

The results of this year's operations as a whole are reported in the "Statement of Activities" (Table II, below). This table illustrates the changes in net assets for fiscal year 2009.

Table II Novi Community School District Change in Net Assets For the Years Ended June 30, 2009 and 2008					
	2009	2008			
Revenues					
Program Revenues					
Charges for services	\$ 4,720,005	\$ 4,551,748			
Operating grants and contributions	3,769,308	1,450,045			
General Revenues					
Property taxes	39,496,913	39,803,163			
State aid	33,930,125	36,956,531			
Other	5,240,679	7,950,599			
Total Revenues	87,157,030	90,712,086			
Expenses					
Instruction	<i>47,759,7</i> 01	45,555,721			
Support services	24,088,647	24,292,433			
Community services	2,425,464	2,198,486			
Food services	2,576,550	2,623,615			
Athletics	839,084	756,536			
Principal	16,056	240,848			
Interest on long-term debt	6,021,434	7,621,846			
Buildings and additions	41,171	279,603			
Other	<u>45,351</u>	46,952			
<b>Total Expenses</b>	83,813,458	83,616,040			
Increase in Net Assets	<u>\$ 3,343,572</u>	<u>\$ 7,096,046</u>			

As reported in the statement of activities, the revenue for all *governmental* activities this year was \$87,157,030. Certain activities were partially funded from those who benefited from the programs, such as food service, athletics, and community service (\$4,720,005); or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$3,769,308). The remaining "public benefit" portion of governmental activities was funded by the \$39,496,913 in property taxes, \$33,930,125 in State aid, and with other revenues (\$5,240,679) such as interest, transfers from the Oakland Intermediate School District, and general entitlements. The Novi Community School District experienced an increase in net assets of \$3,343,572.

#### Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole - Continued

As discussed above, the net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the State and the District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Since property taxes for operations and State aid constitute the vast majority of the District's operating revenue, the Board of Education and the Administration must annually evaluate the needs of the District and balance those needs with the availability of these two revenue sources.

#### The School District's Funds

The financial performance of the Novi Community School District as a whole is also reflected in its governmental funds. Looking at the individual funds helps the reader consider whether the District is being held accountable for the resources that taxpayers and others provide to it and may give more insight into the District's overall financial health.

As the District completed this year, the governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$23,127,193, a decrease of \$14,214,513 from the previous year. These changes are summarized below:

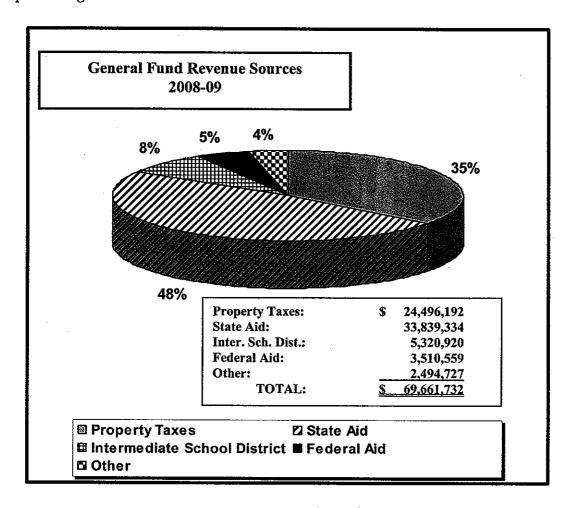
	General Fund	2007 Capital Projects Fund	Other Nonmajor Govern- mental Funds	Total
Beginning fund balances	\$ 12,721,293	\$ 22,180,877	\$ 2,439,536	\$ 37,341,706
Increase (decrease)	(869,433)	(13,812,403)	467,323	(14,214,513)
Ending fund balances	<u>\$ 11,851,860</u>	<u>\$ 8,368,474</u>	\$ 2,906,859	<u>\$ 23,127,193</u>

The reason for the net decrease in equity is due primarily to expending of funds from the 2007 Capital Projects Fund.

#### **General Fund**

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District, and provides all the educational services to our students. Revenues totaled \$69,661,732 and expenses totaled \$70,148,546 and a net decrease in the fund balance of \$869,433. As a result of this net decrease, the fund's equity decreased from \$12,721,293 in 2007-08 to the current balance of \$11,851,860. This balance is available to fund costs related to allowable school operating expenses.

An analysis of the General Fund's revenues reveals that the District is dependent upon the State for the majority of its income. A listing of the revenue sources and their respective percentage to total income is shown in the chart below:

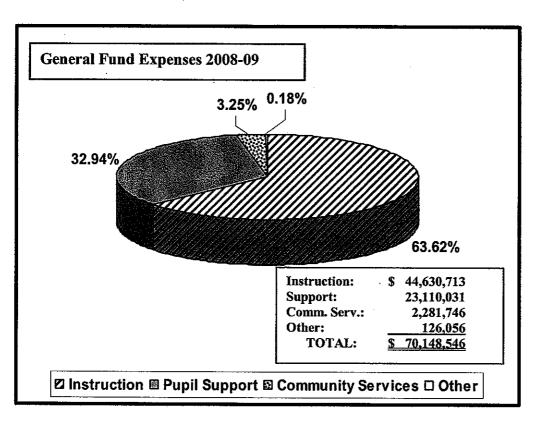


The General Fund expenses include those that are necessary to run the operations of the District. Basically, these expenses are categorized into four main areas: instructional services, support services, community services, and other. *Instructional services* are those that are directly related to the teacher in the classroom. *Support services* include pupil support services and operational expenses. Pupil support services include those things that "support" the student body, classroom instruction and student achievement, such as media, counseling, testing, psychological, and social work services. Operational expenses include such expenses as utilities, insurances, custodial, transportation, and administrative.

#### **General Fund - Continued**

Community services are those expenses related to community education including community academic and recreational classes as well as early childhood programs. Other services include debt payments and inter-fund and inter-school district transfers.

The chart below breaks down the General Fund's expenses in broad categories and indicates their respective percentages.



### 2007 Capital Projects Fund

This fund is used to pay for major construction projects within the District as indicated in a bond proposition that was passed by the voters on May 8, 2007. The bond issue generated proceeds of \$26,436,689. The bond proposition was passed for the purpose of erecting, furnishing and equipping additions to and remodeling, refurnishing and re-equipping school district buildings; acquiring and installing educational technology improvements; acquiring and installing building security systems; and developing and improving playground sites. Work on all of the projects is well underway, with the building additions and remodeling and building security projects mostly complete while installation of educational technology improvements is not yet completed. This fund's equity is \$8,368,474 as of June 30, 2009.

#### Other Nonmajor Funds

The nonmajor funds consist of the Food Service Fund, Athletic Fund, Debt Funds, and the Sinking Fund. The Food Service Fund had a decrease in its equity amounting to \$128,728. This is due primarily to a transfer of \$168,283 of fund equity to the General Fund, a practice that will occur each year until the fund equity is drawn down to a five (5%) percent balance. The remaining 2009 equity of \$446,430 leaves the fund financially sound. The Athletic Fund had an operating loss of \$550,902 which is offset by a transfer from the General Fund. This is a common occurrence in Michigan school districts and, as such, is normally budgeted in the General Fund. The five Debt Funds (2001 Debt Fund, 2002 Debt Fund, 2005 Debt Fund, 2007 Refinanced Debt Fund, and the 2007 Debt Fund) have a combined equity of \$588,378 which is available for future debt obligations. This is a decrease of \$88,724 from the 2008 equity position. Debt millage rates are determined annually to ensure that the District accumulates sufficient resources to pay annual bond issue related debt service. The Sinking Fund had an increase in its equity position by \$684,775 to cause the 2009 equity to be \$1,872,051.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Over the course of the year, the District revises its budget as it attempts to deal with unexpected changes in revenues and disbursements. In June of each year the original budget is adopted. This is normally based on estimates since the student count, state aid, and, oftentimes, salaries are unknown. In winter the budget is then amended to reflect actual data available. The final amendment to the budget is then adopted near the end of the fiscal year. A schedule showing the District's original and final budget amounts compared with actual amounts is provided in the required supplementary information of these financial statements.

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

#### **Capital Assets**

By the end of 2009, the District had invested \$151,772,100, net of depreciation, in a broad range of capital assets, including land, school buildings, athletic facilities, technology and other equipment. Table III summarizes these assets (more detailed information is found in Note 5).

Table III Novi Community School District Capital Assets As of June 30, 2009						
<u>Item</u>	Amount					
Land	\$ 9,607,341					
Construction-in-Progress	546,334					
Buildings	92,267,164					
Building Improvements	37,213,448					
Ground Improvements	6,323,408					
Vehicles, Equipment, and Other	<u>5,814,405</u>					
Total capital assets	<u>\$151,772,100</u>					

#### **Debt**

At the end of this fiscal year, the District had \$128,305,000 in bonds outstanding versus \$136,205,000 in the previous year. These bonds consisted of the following:

Bond Issue	<b>Bonds Outstanding</b>
2001 Bond Issue	\$ 8,275,000
2002 Bond Issue	20,620,000
2005 Bond Issue	9,775,000
2007 Bond Issue	63,485,000
2007 Bond Issue	26,150,000
Total bonds outstanding	\$ 128,305,000

The State limits the amount of bonded indebtedness that school districts can issue to 15% of the assessed value of all its taxable property. This amount is far below the \$385,713,189 statutorily imposed limit.

Other obligations include accrued leases on copiers, bus notes, sick leave, and severance pay. These are detailed in Note 9.

#### Factors Bearing on the District's Future

The Board of Education and the administration consider many factors when developing the District's budget. As mentioned earlier, the District is very dependant upon the State for its funding. Since 1995, school districts cannot levy any additional property taxes for general operating purposes; thus, the dependency upon State resources is magnified that much more. The majority of State aid that a district receives is calculated on a per pupil amount multiplied by a district's total enrollment (converted to full time equivalencies). Annually, the State legislature determines this per pupil amount. From 1995 to 2002 this amount has been helpful toward assisting the District to meet its financial obligations. In both the 2003-04 and 2004-05 fiscal years the State had not increased the per pupil allocation. This was primarily due to the weak condition of the State's economy. In the four years from 2005-06 to 2008-09, the State increased the allocation by \$175, \$210, \$48 and \$56 per child, respectively. In 2008-09, the State began relying on Federal funds from the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) to fill shortfalls in the School Aid Fund. Predictions are that when the Federal funds are depleted in the next year or two, the State will be unable to fund schools at previous funding levels. Although it appears that the State recognizes the importance of education and its impact on job creation, future funding is precarious given the weakening economy of the State.

The Novi Community School District is concerned about the future lack of State funding. The District's equity is sufficient to meet current estimated reductions, but it cannot continue to meet sustained losses over a period of time. Michigan's perpetual economic struggles will continue to negatively impact funding for public schools. The level of funding provided to schools is not aligned with the increasing costs to deliver the same quality education. In spite of this environment, the District will strive to maintain its long-standing commitment to academic excellence and educational opportunities for students within any financial framework.

# Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the Novi Community School District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Business Office, Novi Community School District, 25345 Taft Road, Novi, Michigan 48374.

# STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2009

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents (note 3)	\$ 20,418,059
Investments (note 3)	4,280,224
Property taxes receivable - net of allowance	185,669
Other receivables	,
State aid	4,375,164
Federal aid	2,455,728
Other	190,948
Inventories and prepaid expenses	829,702
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation (note 5)	151,772,100
1 , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	101,772,100
Total assets	184,507,594
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	2,705,378
Accrued payroll and benefits	6,049,464
Deferred revenue	13,355
Interest payable	962,980
Long-term liabilities (note 9)	30 <b>2)</b> 300
Long-term liabilities due within one year	9,262,640
Debt, net of premiums and discounts	119,973,769
Deferred bond premiums	2,714,413
Postemployment severance and employee benefits payable	471,950
2 ostoripio y menti de verance ana emproyee deficinis payable	471,930
Total liabilities	142,153,949
Net Assets	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for	20,167,741
Specific purpose	234,285
Debt service	588,378
Capital assets	10,240,525
Unrestricted	11,122,716
Total net assets	\$ 42,353,645
See accompanying notes to financial statements	

# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

				Program	Rev	enues		Activities et (Expenses)
	Expenses		Charges for Services		(	Operating Grants and ontributions	Revenues and Change in Net Assets	
Functions/Programs								
Governmental activities								
Instruction	\$	<i>47,7</i> 59 <i>,</i> 701	\$	-	\$	3,329,122	\$	(44,430,579)
Support services		24,088,647		-		181,437		(23,907,210)
Food services		2,576,550		2,116,176		258,749		(201,625)
Athletic program		839,084		240,276		-		(598,808)
Community services		2,425,464		2,363,553		-		(61,911)
Principal		16,056		-		-		(16,056)
Interest on long-term debt		6,021,434		-		-		(6,021,434)
Buildings and additions		41,171		-				(41,171)
Other		45,351		-		-		(45,351)
Total governmental activities	\$	83,813,458	\$	4,720,005	\$	3,769,308		(75,324,145)
General revenues								
Taxes				•				
Property taxes, levied for gen	era	l purpose						24,523,720
Property taxes, levied for deb								13,798,027
Property taxes, levied for cap	ital	assets						1,175,166
State aid								,
Formula grants - unrestricted								31,249,725
Restricted								2,680,400
Intermediate school district								5,320,920
Investment earnings								735,058
Miscellaneous						•		242,347
Special item - loss on disposal of	cap	ital assets						(1,057,646)
Total general revenues							_	78,667,717
Change in Net Assets								3,343,572
Net Assets - July 1, 2008								39,010,073
Net Assets - June 30, 2009							<u>\$</u>	42,353,645

### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2009

#### **ASSETS**

		General Fund	Pı	2007 Capital ojects Fund	Other Nonmajor overnmental Funds	G.	Total overnmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents (note 3)	\$	12,779,579	\$	4,284,598	\$ 3,353,882	\$	20,418,059
Investments (note 3)		-		4,280,224	-		4,280,224
Property taxes receivable - net of allowances Other receivables		122,513		-	63,156		185,669
State aid		4,359,964		-	15,200		4,375,164
Federal aid		2,415, <b>7</b> 95		_	39,933		2,455,728
Other		139,427		51,493	28		190,948
Due from other funds (note 6)		165,575		-	5,277		170,852
Inventories		123,045		-	32,660		155,705
Prepaid expenses	_	42,035			 5,203	-	47,238
Total assets	\$	20,147,933	\$	8,616,315	\$ 3,515,339	\$	32,279,587
LIABII	LITIES	S AND FUND	BAI	ANCES			
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	2,031,932	\$	247,841	\$ 305,144	\$	2,584,917
Accrued payroll and benefits		6,036,919		-	12,545		6,049,464
Due to other funds (note 6)		<b>→</b>		-	170,852		170,852
Deferred property tax revenue (note 4)		227,222		<del></del>	 119,939		347,161
Total liabilities		8,296,073		247,841	608,480		9,152,394
Fund Balances							
Reserved for							
Inventories		123,045		-	-		123,045
Prepaid expenses		42,035		-	-		42,035
Encumbrances		182,826		-	-		182,826
Unreserved					•		
Designated		259,365		-	-		259,365
Designated for debt service		-		-	588,378		588,378
Designated for capital projects		-		8,368,474	1,872,051		10,240,525
Undesignated		11,244,589		-	 446,430		11,691,019
Total fund balances	<del></del>	11,851,860		8,368,474	 2,906,859		23,127,193
Total liabilities and fund							
balances	\$	20,147,933	\$	8,616,315	\$ 3,515,339	\$	32,279,587

# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE TO GOVERNMENTAL NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2009

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 23,127,193
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, not reported as assets in governmental funds:	
Cost of capital assets Accumulated depreciation	196,655,463 (44,883,363)
Deferred bond issue costs recorded as an asset in the governmental activities - net of amortization	626,758
Property taxes and other miscellaneous receivables will be collected this year but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds	333,806
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds:	
Bonds payable Deferred bond premiums Bus loans payable Capital leases payable Capital project retainages payable Compensated absences Severance packages payable	(128,305,000) (2,938,230) (100,000) (484,946) (120,460) (264,596) (330,000)
Accrued interest payable is not included as a liability in governmental activities	(962,980)
Total net assets - governmental activities	\$ 42,353,645

See accompanying notes to financial statements

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

		General Fund	P	2007 Capital rojects Fund	Other Nonmajor overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues							
Property taxes	\$	24,496,192	\$	-	\$ 14,962,823	\$	39,459,015
Interest/earnings on investments		200,984		421,686	112,388		735,058
Fees and charges		2,266,455		-	2,362,755		4,629,210
State aid		33,839,334			90,791		33,930,125
Federal aid		3,510,559		-	258,749		3,769,308
Incoming transfers - ISD		5,320,920		-	-		5,320,920
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	_	27,288		<u>-</u>	 <del>-</del>		27,288
Total revenues		69,661,732		421,686	17,787,506		87,870,924
Expenditures							
Current			•				
Instruction and instructional - related services		44,630,713		-	-		44,630,713
Support services		23,110,031		-	-		23,110,031
Community services		2,281,746		<del>.</del>	-		2,281,746
Food services		-		• -	2,432,832		2,432,832
Athletics		-			791,178		791,178
Debt service							
Principal		-		-	7,900,000		7,900,000
Interest and fees		-		-	6,070,032		6,070,032
Capital outlay (note 5)		-		14,234,089	508,760		14,742,849
Other		126,056		-	 		126,056
Total expenditures		70,148,546		14,234,089	 17,702,802		102,085,437
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over						٠	
Expenditures		(486,814)		(13,812,403)	84,704		(14,214,513)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Operating transfers (note 6)		(382,619)			 382,619		-
Net Change in Fund Balances		(869,433)		(13,812,403)	467,323		(14,214,513)
Fund Balances - July 1, 2008		12,721,293		22,180,877	 2,439,536		37,341,706
Fund Balances - June 30, 2009	\$	11,851,860	<u>\$</u>	8,368,474	\$ 2,906,859	<u>\$</u>	23,127,193

# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ (14,214,513)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; in the statement	
of activities, these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as	
depreciation:	
Depreciation expense	(4,790,589)
Capital outlay subject to capitalization	15,334,744
The net effect of other transactions involving capital assets that decreased net assets:	
Proceeds from capital leases on copiers	-
Loss on disposal of capital assets	(1,057,646)
Because some property taxes and other miscellaneous revenues will not be collected	
for several months after the School District's fiscal year ends, they are not	
considered as "available" revenues in the governmental funds and are, instead,	
counted as deferred tax revenues. They are, however, recorded as revenues in the	
statement of activities	119,935
Some expenses are recorded in the statement of activities when incurred; they are	
not reported in governmental funds until paid:	
Accrued interest	48,598
Compensated absences	(66,599)
Severance liabilities	(315,000)
Repayment of principal and issuance costs are an expenditure in the governmental	
funds but not in the statement of activities (where it reduces long-term debt):	
Debt service principal	7,900,000
Bond issuance costs	-
Installment loans on buses	50,000
Capital lease expenditures	126,177
Decreases in severance liabilities are reported as expenditures when financial	
resources are used in the governmental funds	30,000
Amortization of bond premiums in the statement of activities	223,817
Amortization of bond issuance costs in the statement of activities	 (45,352)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ 3,343,572

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS - TRUST AND AGENCY JUNE 30, 2009

Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	886,575
Liabilities		
Due to student groups	<del></del>	886,575
Net Assets		
Restricted for specific purpose	\$	-

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2009

### Note 1 - Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Novi Community School District, Michigan, (the School District) conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to government units. The following is a summary of the more significant policies used by the School District:

#### A. Reporting Entity

The School District is governed by an elected member Board of Education. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board for determining the various governmental organizations to be included in the reporting entity. These criteria include significant operational and financial relationships that determine which of the governmental organizations are part of the School District's reporting entity, and which organizations are legally separate, component units of the School District. Based on application of the criteria, the entity does not contain component units.

#### B. <u>District-wide and Fund Financial Statements</u>

The district-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. Substantially all interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. All the School District's government-wide activities are considered governmental activities.

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# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2009

### Note 1 - Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

#### B. <u>District-wide and Fund Financial Statements</u> - Continued

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenue. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenue includes: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function; and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes, intergovernmental payments, and other items not properly included among program revenue are reported instead as general revenue.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, although the fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

# C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

#### **District-wide Statements**

The district-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants, categorical aid, and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The effect of interfund activity has been substantially eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as program revenue include: (1) charges to customers or applicant for goods, services, or privileges provided; (2) operating grants and contributions; and (3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenue rather than as program revenue. Likewise, general revenue includes all taxes and unrestricted State aid.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2009

### Note 1 - Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

# C. <u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation</u> - Continued

#### **Fund-based Statements**

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenue to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as required under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, unrestricted State aid, intergovernmental grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be available only when cash is received by the government.

Fiduciary fund statements also are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not report the measurement of results of operations.

The School District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the School District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the School District, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2009

#### Note 1 - Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

# C. <u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation</u> - Continued

#### Fund-based Statements - Continued

The Capital Projects Funds are used to record bond proceeds and other revenue and the disbursement of money specifically designated for building construction and renovation.

The School District's only Fiduciary Fund is the Trust Fund, which is a nonexpendable trust fund, used to account for the cash receipts and disbursements of the various student activity clubs of the School District.

Additionally, the School District reports the following nonmajor governmental fund types:

The School District maintains six nonmajor governmental Debt Service Funds, which are used to account for property tax and other revenue legally restricted for payment of long-term debt.

The School District maintains two nonmajor governmental Special Revenue Funds, which account for the School District's food service and athletic activities.

# D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

#### **Deposits and Investments**

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value. Pooled investment income from the General Fund and various Debt Service Funds is allocated to each fund using a weighted average of balance for the principal invested.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2009

#### Note 1 - Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

#### D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity - Continued

#### Receivables and Payables

In general, outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds".

All property tax and other trade receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes are levied on July 1st on the taxable valuation of property as of the preceding December 31st. Taxes are considered delinquent on March 1st of the following year at which time penalties and interest are assessed and the total obligation is added to county tax rolls.

The State of Michigan utilizes a foundation allowance approach, which provides for a specific annual amount of revenue per student based on a state-wide formula. The foundation allowance is funded from a combination of state and local sources. Revenues from state sources are primarily governed by the School Aid Act and the School Code of Michigan. The State portion of the foundation is provided from the State's School Aid Fund and is recognized as revenue in accordance with state law and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The School District also receives revenue from the State to administer certain categorical educational programs. State rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be used for its specific purpose. Certain categorical funds require an accounting to the State of the expenditures incurred. For categorical funds meeting this requirement, funds received which are not expected to be expended by the close of the fiscal year are recorded as deferred revenue. Other categorical funding is recognized when the appropriation is received. Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

# **Inventories and Prepaid Items**

Inventories are valued at cost, on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2009

#### Note 1 - Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

#### D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity - Continued

#### **Deferred Revenue**

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenue that is not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, deferred revenue consists of property taxes and fees for services received prior to meeting spending restrictions or providing the related services.

#### **Restricted Assets**

The unspent bond proceeds of the Capital Projects Fund require amounts to be set aside for construction and capital asset acquisition. The property taxes levied in the Debt Service Fund are required to be set aside for future principal and interest payments on bonded debt. These amounts have been classified as restricted assets.

### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, equipment, and vehicles, are reported in the applicable governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the School District as assets with an individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Costs of normal repair and maintenance that do not add to the value or materially extend asset life are not capitalized. The School District does not have any infrastructure-type assets.

Buildings, improvements other than buildings, equipment, and vehicles are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings	20 - 50 years
Improvements other than buildings	15 - 30 years
Equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	5 - 10 years

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2009

#### Note 1 - Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

#### D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity - Continued

#### **Compensated Absences**

The liability for compensated absences reported in the government-wide statements consists of unpaid, accumulated annual and sick leave balances. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for both employees who are currently eligible to receive termination payments and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon termination are included.

#### **Long-term Obligations**

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond proceeds, premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period.

#### **Fund Equity**

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservation of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

### **Comparative Data**

Comparative data is not included in the School District's financial statements.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2009

#### Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

#### **Budgetary Information**

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles and State law for all governmental funds. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year end. The budget document presents information by the general and major Special Revenue Fund by function. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the functional level. State law requires the School District to have its budget in place by July 1st. Expenditures in excess of amounts budgeted are a violation of Michigan law. State law permits districts to amend their budgets during the year. The School District increased/decreased budgeted amounts during the year in response to changes in anticipated spending for salaries, benefits, and other expenditures.

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders and contracts) outstanding at year-end are reported as reservations of fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the goods or services have not been received as of year-end. The commitments will be reappropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

#### **Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations in Budgeted Funds**

The School District did not have significant expenditure budget variances.

# Note 3 - Deposits and Investments

The School District's deposits and investments at June 30, 2009, are composed of the following:

	Cash and Cash <u>Equivalents</u>		
Demand deposits and certificates of deposit Investments in Michigan School District -	\$	6,966,882	
Liquid Asset Fund (CADRE)		13,447,517	
Petty cash and cash on hand		3,660	
Total	<u>\$</u>	20,418,059	

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# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2009

#### Note 3 - Deposits and Investments - Continued

#### **Deposits**

At June 30, 2009, the carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents was \$21,304,634, and the bank balance was \$22,518,617. Of that amount, \$1,053,064 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance and \$21,465,553 was uninsured and uncollateralized.

The School District believes that due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all bank deposits. As a result, the School District evaluates each financial institution it deposits School District funds with and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

#### **Investments**

The School District is authorized by Michigan Public Act 132 of 1986 to invest surplus monies in U.S. bonds and notes, certain commercial paper, U.S. government repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances and mutual funds and investment pools that are composed of authorized investment vehicles.

#### Custodial Credit Risk of Investments

Custodial credit risk is that risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School District's policy for custodial credit risk states that the School District will minimize this risk by limiting the types of investments and prequalififying the financial institutions, brokers/dealers, and advisors with which the School District will do business. At June 30, 2009, the School District does not have investments with custodial credit risk.

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of investments will decrease as a result of a rise in interest rates. The School District's investment policy states that where there is a possibility that the interest changes could adversely affect the fair value of a district's investment, as determined under the generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) standards, the following method(s) will be used to assess and control such risks: segmented timed distribution, specific identification, weighted average maturity, duration, and simulation model.

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#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2009

#### Note 3 - Deposits and Investments - Continued

#### **Credit Risk**

State law limits investments in commercial paper to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The School District's investment policy does not further limit its investment choices, nor does it place limits on the amount the School District may invest in any one issuer.

At June 30, 2009, the School District held investments in Agency bonds with a Moody rating of Aaa. The description, fair value, and maturity range of investments held at June 30, 2009 are as follows:

Name of Investment/Description		Fair Value	<u>Maturity</u>		
			•		
U.S. Agency Bonds	\$	4,280,224	7/15/09 -	10/15/11	

# Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that an investment denominated in the currency of a foreign country could reduce its U.S. dollar value as a result of changes in foreign currency exchange rates. State law prohibits investments in foreign currency.

#### Note 4 - Deferred Revenue

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenue that is not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, deferred revenue consists of property taxes and fees for services received prior to meeting spending restrictions or providing the related services.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2009

Note 5 - Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the School District's governmental activities was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2008	مردناند ۸	Reductions/	Balance June 30,
		Additions	<u>Disposals</u>	2009
Assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 9,607,341	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,607,341
Construction-in-progress	5,553,652	544,196	(5,551,514)	
Assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	99,901,741	12,895,884	-	112,797,625
Building improvements	44,413,458	4,731,337	(2,495,448)	46,649,347
Ground improvements	10,965,694	-	~	10,965,694
Equipment	11,141,434	2,122,956	-	13,264,390
Buses and equipment	2,594,701	376,247	(616,465)	2,354,483
Vehicles	349,447	41,168	(14,000)	376,615
Other	93,634		<del></del>	93,634
Subtotal	169,460,109	20,167,592	(3,125,913)	186,501,788
Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings	18,640,387	1,890,074	-	20,530,461
Building improvements	9,755,987	1,117,714	(1,437,802)	9,435,899
Ground improvements	4,030,553	611,733	-	4,642,286
Equipment	7,342,689	954,823	-	8,297,512
Buses and equipment	2,043,545	208,244	(616,465)	1,635,324
Vehicles	301,429	4,271	(14,000)	291,700
Other	46,451	<u>3,730</u>		50,181
Subtotal	42,161,041	4,790,589	(2,068,267)	44,883,363
Net capital assets being				
depreciated	127,299,068	15,377,003	(1,057,646)	141,618,425
Net capital assets	<u>\$142,460,061</u>	<u>\$ 15,921,199</u>	<u>\$ (6,609,160</u> )	<u>\$151,772,100</u>

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2009

#### Note 5 - Capital Assets - Continued

Depreciation expense was charged to specific activities of the School District as follows:

Governmental activities:	
Instruction	\$ 2,922,259
Support services	1,532,988
Food services	143,718
Athletics	47,906
Community services	143,718
Total governmental activities	\$ 4 <i>,</i> 790,589

#### **Construction Commitments**

The School District has active construction projects in the Capital Projects and Sinking Funds. At year end, the School District's commitments with contractors are as follows:

		Spent to Date	Remaining Commitment
Orchard Hills Construction	\$	4,405,161	\$ 129,766
Village Oaks Construction		4,273,736	146,705
Parkview Construction		4,388,075	699,229
District-wide Technology/Security		1,167,117	133,365
District-wide Sinking Fund Projects	<u></u>	508,760	1,221,134
Total	· <u>\$</u>	14,742,849	<u>\$ 2,330,199</u>

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2009

#### Note 6 - Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances is as follows:

Funds Due To	Funds Due From Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u>
General Fund Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$ 165,575 5,277
Total	\$ 170,852
	Transfers - Out General Fund
Transfers - in:	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	<u>\$ 550,902</u>
	Transfers - Out Nonmajor
	Governmental
Transfers - in:	<u>Funds</u>
General Fund	<u>\$ 168,283</u>

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2009

#### Note 7 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan and Postretirement Benefits

#### Plan Description

The School District participates in the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS), which is a cost-sharing multiple employer, state-wide pension plan governed by the State of Michigan. The plan provides retirement, health and death and disability benefits. Public Act Number 136 of 1945, recodified and currently operating under the provisions of Public Act Number 300 of 1980, as amended assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of the MPSERS plan document. The MPSERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of Retirement Services, Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement Systems, 7150 Harris Drive, P.O. Box 30171, Lansing, Michigan 48909-7671 or by calling (517) 322-5103.

#### **Funding Policy**

The contribution requirements of the School District are established by the State of Michigan statutes and may be amended only by action of the State of Michigan Legislature. The School District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The required employer contribution rates for retirement benefits, including pension and health care benefits for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2009 and 2008 were 16.54% and 16.72%, respectively, of annual covered payroll. The actual contribution rates for pension benefits for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2009 and 2008 were 5.17% and 5.28%, respectively. The fiscal year 2008 annual covered payroll is not yet available.

The School District is not responsible for the payment of retirement benefits; it is the responsibility of the State of Michigan.

#### **Postemployment Benefits**

Under the MPSERS Act, all retirees participating in the MPSERS pension plan have the option of continuing health, dental and vision coverage. Retirees having these coverages contribute an amount equivalent to 10 percent of the monthly premium amount for the dental and vision coverages. Retirees who are not yet eligible for Medicare coverage pay an amount equal to the Medicare Part B premiums. Required contributions for postemployment health care benefits are included as part of the School District's total contribution to the MPSERS plan discussed above.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2009

#### Note 8 - Risk Management

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The School District participates in the Middle Cities Risk Management Trust risk pool for claims relating to property liability, and errors and omissions; the School District is partially insured for medical benefits provided to the employees and workers' compensation claims. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The shared-risk pool program in which the School District participates operates as a common risk-sharing management program for school districts in Michigan; member premiums are used to purchase commercial excess insurance coverage and to pay member claims in excess of deductible amounts.

#### Note 9 - Long-Term Debt

The School District issues bonds, notes, and other contractual commitments to provide for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and the acquisition of certain equipment. General Obligation Bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the School District. Other long-term obligations include installment loans, compensated absences, and severance benefits.

Long-term obligation activity can be summarized as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2008	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2009	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities Bonds Other obligations	\$136,205,000 <u>4,166,167</u>	\$ - 381,599	\$ 7,900,000 429,994	\$ 128,305,000 4,117,772	\$ 8,740,000 522,640
Total governmental activities	<u>\$140,371,167</u>	<u>\$ 381,599</u>	<u>\$ 8,329,994</u>	<u>\$ 132,422,772</u>	<u>\$ 9,262,640</u>

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2009

#### Note 9 - Long-Term Debt - Continued

Total long-term debt at June 30, 2009, consists of the following:

#### **Bonds Payable**

2001 bond issue - original amount	\$ 75,640,000
Less: Bonds paid in prior years Bonds paid May 1, 2009 Bonds refinanced	12,715,000 3,875,000 50,775,000
Bonds outstanding - June 30, 2009	<u>\$ 8,275,000</u>

<u>Year</u>	Rate	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Total</u>
2010 2011	4.125 4.125	\$ 341,344 174,282	\$ 4,050,000 <u>4,225,000</u>	\$ 4,391,344 4,399,282
		<u>\$ 515,626</u>	<u>\$ 8,275,000</u>	<u>\$ 8,790,626</u>

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2009

#### Note 9 - Long-Term Debt - Continued

#### **Bonds Payable** - Continued

2002 bond issue - original amount	\$ 28,460,000
Less: Bonds paid in prior years Bonds paid May 1, 2009	5,990,000 1,850,000
Bonds outstanding - June 30, 2009	\$ 20,620,000

Year	Rate	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>	Total
2010	3.150	\$ 883,608	\$ 1,815,000	\$ 2,698,608
2011	4.000	826,436	1,785,000	2,611,436
2012	3.350	755,036	1,770,000	2,525,036
2013	5.000	695,740	1,740,000	2,435,740
2014	3. <b>7</b> 00	608,740	1,740,000	2,348,740
2015	4.000	544,360	1,715,000	2,259,360
2016	4.000	475,760	1,700,000	2,175,760
2017	5.000	407,760	1,680,000	2,087,760
2018	5.000	323,760	1,675,000	1,998,760
2019	5.000	240,010	1,670,000	1,910,010
2020	5.000	156,510	1,665,000	1,821,510
2021	4.000	<u>73,257</u>	1,665,000	1,738,257
		<u>\$ 5,990,977</u>	\$ 20,620,000	<u>\$ 26,610,977</u>

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2009

#### Note 9 - Long-Term Debt - Continued

#### **Bonds Payable - Continued**

2005 bond issue - original amount	\$	11,920,000
Less: Bonds paid in prior years Bonds paid May 1, 2009		1,070,000 1,075,000
Bonds outstanding - June 30, 2009	<u>\$</u>	9,775,000

Year	Rate	Interest	<u>Principal</u>	Total
2010	3.500	\$ 437,688	\$ 1,075,000	\$ 1,512,688
2011	3.500	400,063	1,075,000	1,475,063
2012	3.875	362,438	1,075,000	1,437,438
2013	5.000	320,781	1,075,000	1,395,781
2014	4.375	267,031	1,075,000	1,342,031
2015	5.000	220,000	1,100,000	1,320,000
2016	5.000	165,000	1,100,000	1,265,000
2017	5.000	110,000	1,100,000	1,210,000
2018	5.000	54,998	1,100,000	1,154,998
		<u>\$ 2,337,999</u>	<u>\$ 9,775,000</u>	<u>\$ 12,112,999</u>

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2009

#### Note 9 - Long-Term Debt - Continued

#### **Bonds Payable - Continued**

2007 Refinanced bond issue - original amount \$ 64,360,000

Less: Bonds paid in prior years
Bonds paid May 1, 2009

Bonds outstanding - June 30, 2009

\$ 63,485,000

<u>Year</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Total</u>
2010	4.000	\$ 2,960,550	\$ 1,300,000	\$ 4,260,550
2011	4.000	2,908,550	1,475,000	4,383,550
2012	4.000	2,849,550	5,845,000	8,694,550
2013	4.000	2,557,300	5,905,000	8,462,300
2014	4.000	2,262,050	5,970,000	8,232,050
2015	4.000	1,963,550	6,025,000	7,988,550
2016	4.000	1,662,300	6,075,000	7,737,300
2017	4.000	1,358,550	6,135,000	7,493,550
2018	4.000	1,051,800	6,160,000	7,211,800
2019	5.000	743,800	4,725,000	5,468,800
2020	4.250	554,800	4,670,000	5,224,800
2021	4.250	368,000	4,615,000	4,983,000
2022	5.000	183,400	4,585,000	4,768,400
		<u>\$ 21,424,200</u>	<u>\$ 63,485,000</u>	<u>\$ 84,909,200</u>

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2009

#### Note 9 - Long-Term Debt - Continued

#### **Bonds Payable - Continued**

2007 bond issue - original amount	\$ 26,375,000
Less: Bonds paid in prior years Bonds paid May 1, 2009	225,000
Bonds outstanding - June 30, 2009	<u>\$ 26,150,000</u>

Year	Rate	Interest Principal		Total
			_	
2010	4.000	\$ 1,154,688	\$ 500,000	\$ 1,654,688
2011	4.000	1,134,688	700,000	1,834,688
2012	4.000	1,106,688	925,000	2,031,688
2013	4.000	1,069,688	1,150,000	2,219,688
2014	4.000	1,023,688	1,200,000	2,223,688
2015	4.000	975,688	1,275,000	2,250,688
2016	4.000	924,688	1,325,000	2,249,688
2017	4.000	871,688	1,375,000	2,246,688
2018	4.000	816,688	1,425,000	2,241,688
2019	5.000	759,688	1,500,000	2,259,688
2020	4.250	684,688	1,575,000	2,259,688
2021	4.250	61 <b>7,7</b> 50	1,650,000	2,267,750
2022	5.000	547,626	1,775,000	2,322,626
2023	5.000	458,876	1,875,000	2,333,876
2024	5.000	365,126	1,925,000	2,290,126
2025	4.500	268,876	1,975,000	2,243,876
2026	4.500	180,000	2,000,000	2,180,000
2027	4.500	90,000	2,000,000	2,090,000
		<u>\$ 13,050,822</u>	<u>\$ 26,150,000</u>	\$ 39,200,822

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2009

#### Note 9 - Long-Term Debt - Continued

The annual requirements to service the bonds outstanding to maturity, including both principal and interest, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30th:		Principal	Interest			Total	
2010	\$	8,740,000	\$	5,777,878	\$	14,517,878	
2011		9,260,000		5,444,019		14,704,019	
2012		9,615,000		5,073,712		14,688,712	
2013		9,870,000		4,643,509		14,513,509	
2014 - 2018		50,950,000		16,088,099		67,038,099	
2019 - 2023		31,970,000		5,388,405		37,358,405	
2024 - 2028		7,900,000	_	904,002	_	8,804,002	
Total	\$	128,305,000	\$	43,319,624	\$ :	171,624,624	

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2009

#### Note 9 - Long-Term Debt - Continued

#### **Capital Leases**

The School District leases copy machines under a separate capital lease arrangement entered into during May 2008. The lease calls for monthly payments of \$7,182 including interest through June 2013.

The minimum future lease payments under the capital lease obligation as of June 30, 2009 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30th:	Total
2010	\$ 86,183
2011	86,182
2012	86,183
2013	86,182
Total minimum lease payments	344,730
Less portion representing interest	39,784
Present value of net minimum	
lease payments	<u>\$ 304,946</u>

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2009

#### Note 9 - Long-Term Debt - Continued

#### **Capital Leases - Continued**

The School District entered into a Lease Purchase Agreement for the purchase of four (4) school buses. The lease calls for annual payments ranging from \$52,120 to \$58,480, including interest, through 2011.

The minimum future lease payments under the capital lease obligations as of June 30, 2009 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30th:	<u>Total</u>
2010 2011	\$ 54,240 52,120
Total minimum lease payments	106,360
Less portion representing interest	6,360
Present value of net minimum lease payments	<u>\$ 100,000</u>

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2009

#### Note 9 - Long-Term Debt - Continued

#### **Capital Leases** - Continued

Year Ending June 30th:

The School District entered into a Lease Purchase Agreement for the purchase of five (5) school buses. The lease calls for annual payments ranging from \$62,469 to \$70,428, including interest, through 2012.

The minimum future lease payments under the capital lease obligations as of June 30, 2009 are as follows:

**Total** 

	<u> totai</u>
2010 2011 2012	\$ 67,408 64,939 62,469
Total minimum lease payments	194,816
Less portion representing interest	14,816
Present value of net minimum lease payments	<u>\$ 180,000</u>
Other Long-Term Obligations	
Other long-term obligations consist of the following:	
Severance liability Compensated absences liability	\$ 330,000 264,596
Total	<u>\$ 594,596</u>

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2009

#### Note 10 - Capital Projects Funds

The 2001 Sinking Fund includes capital project activities funded by a .5 millage rate. The 2007 Capital Projects Fund includes activities funded with bonds issued after June 28, 2007. The following is a summary of the revenues and expenditures in the 2001 Sinking Fund and the 2007 Capital Projects Fund from inception of the funds through the current fiscal year:

	2001 Sinking Fund	2007 Capital Projects Fund
Revenues	\$ 8,152,678	\$ 28,382,530
Expenditures	6,280,627	20,014,056

For the 2007 Capital Projects Fund and 2001 Sinking Fund, the School District has complied with the applicable provisions of Sections 1351(a) of the Revised School Code.

#### Note 11 - Contingent Liabilities

The School District participates in a number of federally assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits as described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement.* The audits of these programs for and including the year ended June 30, 2009, have been conducted and reported in this audit report. However, the compliance audit reports have not yet been accepted by the grantors. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time; although the School District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

#### Note 12 - Subsequent Event

Subsequent to June 30, 2009, the State of Michigan has announced various decreases in anticipated funding to local education agencies for the year ending June 30, 2010. The effects of this anticipated decrease in State funding upon the School District's operations cannot be determined at this time.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2009

#### Note 13 - Governmental Regulation

Substantially all of the School District's facilities are subject to federal, state, and local provisions regulating the discharge of materials into the environment. Compliance with these provisions has not had, nor does the School District expect such compliance to have, any material effect upon the capital expenditures, net revenue in excess of expenditures, or financial condition of the School District. Management believes that its current practices and procedures for the control and disposition of such wastes comply with applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

#### Note 14 - Compensated Absences

Teachers are provided with 15 sick days per year. An unlimited number of days can be accumulated. Upon retirement, the School District will reimburse a maximum of 35 days at rates ranging from \$50 to \$70 per day. Eligible teachers must have ten or more years of service in the School District and have not used more than six paid (sick) leave allowance days during five of the ten years preceding the severance of employment. In addition, each eligible teacher must have accumulated at least 80 days in their sick leave allowance bank.

Secretaries are provided with 15 sick days per year. An unlimited number of days can be accumulated. Upon retirement, the School District will reimburse a maximum of 35 days at rates ranging from \$20 to \$40 per day. Eligible secretaries must have ten or more years of service in the School District and have not used more than six paid (sick) leave allowance days during five of the ten years preceding the severance of employment. In addition, each eligible secretary must have accumulated at least 130 days in their sick leave allowance bank.

Custodians are provided with 15 sick days per year. An unlimited number of days can be accumulated. Upon retirement, the School District will reimburse a maximum of 50 days at the custodian's daily rate. Eligible custodians must have ten or more years of service in the School District and have accumulated at least 50 days in their sick leave allowance bank.

Bus drivers are provided with 15 sick days per year. An unlimited number of days can be accumulated. Upon retirement, the School District will reimburse accumulated days exceeding 100 at the rate of 50% of the average daily rate of pay at the time of retirement. Eligible bus drivers must have ten or more years of service in the School District and have accumulated at least 100 days in their sick leave allowance bank.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

		Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual		Variance Over (Under) Final Budget	
Revenues								
Local sources								
Taxes	\$	24,669,372	\$	24,651,511	\$	24,496,192	\$	(155,319)
Interest		240,000	1	210,000		200,984		(9,016)
Other sources		2,772,460		2,033,447		2,266,455		233,008
State sources - state school aid								
Restricted		2,949,582		2,706,918		2,680,400		(26,518)
Unrestricted		33,555,903		31,717,622		31,158,934		(558,688)
Federal sources								
Restricted grants		1,196,453		3,006,625		1,194,642		(1,811,983)
Unrestricted grants				· · ·		2,315,917		2,315,917
Payments from other schools and						.,,.		_,,,
intermediate school districts		5,193,106		5,273,825		5,320,920		47,095
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets		-				27,288		27,288
Total revenues		70,576,876		69,599,948		69,661,732		61,784
Expenditures				-				
Instructional		45,469,983		44,821,506		44,630,713		(190,793)
Supporting services		24,873,299		23,735,826		23,110,031		(625,795)
Community services		2,402,516		2,280,916		2,281,746		830
Total expenditures		72,745,798		70,838,248		70,022,490		(815,758)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					-			
Operating transfers - out		(571,061)		(572,225)		(550,902)		21,323
Operating transfers - in		555,000		197,041		168,283		(28,758)
Principal and interest payments on loans		(211,718)		(126,056)		(126,056)		
Total other financing sources (uses)		(227,779)		(501,240)		(508,675)		(7,435)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(2,396,701)		(1,739,540)		(869,433)		(870,107)
Fund Balance - July 1, 2008		12,721,293		12,721,293		12,721,293		
Fund Balance - June 30, 2009	<u>\$</u>	10,324,592	\$	10,981,753	\$	11,851,860	\$	(870,107)

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2009

#### **ASSETS**

	Special Revenue Funds			Debt Service Funds				
	Cafeteria Fund		Athletic Fund		2001 Debt Fund		2002 Debt Fund	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	594,250	\$	_	\$	188,524	\$	71,808
Receivables								
Accounts		55,161				_		-
Taxes		-		-	٠.	17,345		10,981
Due from other funds		-		5,277		-		
Inventories		32,660		-		-		<b></b> .
Prepaid expenses		5,203				<u></u>		_
Total assets	\$	687,274	\$	5,277	<u>\$</u>	205,869	\$	82,789
LIAI	BILITI	ES AND FU	ND BA	ALANCES				
Salaries payable	\$	12,545	\$	-	\$	-	\$	• •
Accounts payable		664		5,277		-		-
Deferred revenue		56,783		-		17,345		10,981
Due to other funds		170,852		<u>-</u>				· -
Total liabilities		240,844		5,277		17,345		10,981
Fund balances		446,430		-	<u></u>	188,524		71,808
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	687,274	\$	5,277	\$	205,869	\$	82,789

		Debt	Service Fund	s			Capital Project Fund	-			
D	2005 ebt Fund		Refinanced ebt Fund	D	2007 ebt Fund	Sinking Fund			Total		
\$	78,749	\$	229,510	\$	19,787	\$	2,171,254	\$	3,353,882		
	- 5,675		- 17,518		- 5,642		- 5,995		55,161 63,156		
	-	-	-		-		-		5,277		
	-		-		-		-		32,660		
	-		<del>-</del>		<del>"</del>		<del>-</del>		5,203		
\$	84,424	\$	247,028	\$	25,429	<u>\$</u>	2,177,249	\$	3,515,339		
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,545		
	-		-		-		299,203		305,144		
	5,675		17,518		5,642		5 <b>,9</b> 95		119,939		
			-						170,852		
	5,675		17,518		5,642		305,198		608,480		
	78,749		229,510		19,787		1,872,051		2,906,859		
<u>\$</u>	84,424	\$	247,028	\$	25,429	\$	2,177,249	\$	3,515,339		

## OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Special Re	evenue Funds	Debt Service Funds			
	Cafeteria	Athletic	1993	2001		
	Fund	Fund	Debt Fund	Debt Fund		
Revenues						
Local sources						
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,321,373		
Interest	6,902	-	-	26,675		
Cafeteria sales	2,115,945	-	-	-		
Other sources	-	240,276	~	-		
State sources - state school aid	90,791	-	-	-		
Federal sources	258,749	-				
Total revenues	2,472,387	240,276	-	4,348,048		
Expenditures						
Supporting services	2,432,832	791,178	-	-		
Buildings and additions	-		<b></b>	-		
Principal	-	-	-	3,875,000		
Interest and fees	-		<del></del>	501,600		
Total expenditures	2,432,832	791,178	-	4,376,600		
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)						
Expenditures	39,555	(550,902)	-	(28,552)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Operating transfers - in/(out)	(168,283)	550,902	(73,881)			
Net Change in Fund Balances	(128,728)	-	(73,881)	(28,552)		
Fund Balances - July 1, 2008	575,158	<u>-</u>	73,881	217,076		
Fund Balances - June 30, 2009	\$ 446,430	\$ -	<u>\$</u>	\$ 188,524		

		Debt Ser	vice Funds		Project Fund	
2002 Debt Fund I		2005 Debt Fund	2007 Refinanced Debt Fund	2007 Debt Fund	Sinking Fund	Total
					,	
\$	2,683,195 17,196	\$ 1,510,809 9,334	\$ 3,906,185 24,471	\$ 1,367,085 8,451	\$ 1,174,176 19,359	\$ 14,962,823 112,388
	-	· -	· -	- -	-	2,115,945
	· <u>-</u>	-	_	6,534	-	246,810
	<del></del>	-	-	, <del>-</del>	<b>-</b> :	90,791
	-		<u> </u>		<u></u>	258,749
	2,700,391	1,520,143	3,930,656	1,382,070	1,193,535	17,787,506
	_	-	-	_	-	3,224,010
	<b>-</b> ·	_	-	-	508,760	508,760
	1,850,000	1,075,000	875,000	225,000	<del>-</del>	7,900,000
	939,520	469,420	2,996,000	1,163,492		6,070,032
_	2,789,520	1,544,420	3,871,000	1,388,492	508,760	17,702,802
	(89,129)	(24,277)	59,656	(6,422)	684,775	84,704
	<u>-</u>	_	73,881			382,619
	(89,129)	(24,277)	133,537	(6,422)	684,775	467,323
	160,937	103,026	95,973	26,209	1,187,276	2,439,536
\$	71,808	\$ 78,749	\$ 229,510	\$ 19,787	\$ 1,872,051	\$ 2,906,859

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# ANALYSIS OF 2008 TAX LEVIES AND SUMMARY OF DELINQUENT TAXES

## ANALYSIS OF 2008 TAX LEVIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

Tax Rates:		,		
General Fund				
Homestead Hold Harmless				
Recreational				2.6392
Sinking Fund				0.9800 0.4932
State Millage				6.0000
Total homestead	ŕ			10.1124
Industrial - Personal				20.2121
Hold Harmless				2.6392
Recreational				0.9800
Sinking Fund				0.4932
State Millage				6.0000
Total industrial - personal				10.1124
Commercial - Personal				
General Operating			•	6.0000
Hold Harmless				2.6392
Recreational				0.9800
Sinking Fund				0.4932
State Millage				6.0000
Total commercial - personal				16.1124
Non-Homestead				
General Operating				18.0000
Recreational				0.9800
Sinking Fund				0.4932
State Millage				6.0000
Total non-homestead				25.4732
Debt Fund				
2001 Debt				1.8100
2002 Debt				1.1900
2005 Debt				0.6300
2007 Refinanced Debt 2007 Debt				1.6600
2007 Debt				0.5700
Total debt fund				5.8600
Total tax rate - Homestead				15.9724
Total tax rate - Industrial - Personal				15.9724
Total tax rate - Commercial - Personal				21.9724
Total tax rate - Non-Homestead				31.3332
Taxable Values: City of Novi				
City of Wixom				\$ 2,382,595,230 2,549,080
Tabel sought makes				
Total taxable values				<u>\$ 2,385,144,310</u>
	Operating	Sinking Fund	Debt	<u>Total</u>
Taxes Levied				
City of Novi City of Wixom	\$ 24,469,6			
City of Wixoni	46,0	93 1,257	14,938	62,288
Total taxes levied	24,515,7	50 1,175,585	13,805,087	39,496,422
	. ,	.,,		07/170/1111
Taxes Collected				
City of Novi City of Wixom	24,364,6			39,282,774
City of Pricont	38,7	38 1,064	12,642	52,494
Total taxes collected	24,403,4	1,171,765	13,760,092	39,335,268
Delinquent Taxes				
City of Novi	\$ 105.00	34 <b>\$</b> 3,627	\$ 42,699	<u>\$ 151,360</u>
City of Wixom	¢ Fo			
	\$ 7.34	<u>\$</u> 193	\$ 2,296	\$

## SUMMARY OF DELINQUENT TAXES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	General <u>Fund</u>	Sinking Fund	Debt <u>Fund</u>	Total
Balance - July 1, 2008	\$ 94,98	5 \$ 5,005	\$ 47,781	\$ 147,771
Additions				
2008 delinquent taxes	112,33	9 3,820	44,995	161,154
Deductions				
Delinquent tax collections	92,78	2,411	28,556	123,747
Prior year taxes written-off	(7,96	9) 419	7,059	(491)
Balance - June 30, 2009	<u>\$ 122,51</u>	3 <u>\$ 5,995</u>	<u>\$ 57,161</u>	<u>\$ 185,669</u>

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