KAUFMAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2018

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CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Kaufman Independent School District Name of School District	<u>Kaufman</u> County	<u>129-903</u> Co. – Dist, Number
We, the undersigned, certify that the attached annu-	ual financial reports of the	above-named school district were
reviewed and (check one) approved	_ disapproved for the year	ended August 31, 2018, at a
meeting of the Board of Trustees of such school d	istrict on the <u>14th</u> day o	of <u>January</u> , 2019.
Signature of Board Secretary		Signature of Board President

Members:
AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF
CERTIFIED PUBLIC
ACCOUNTANTS
TEXAS SOCIETY OF CERTIFIED
PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

HANKINS, EASTUP, DEATON, TONN & SEAY

A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

902 NORTH LOCUST P.O. BOX 977 DENTON, TX 76202-0977

> TEL. (940) 387-8563 FAX (940) 383-4746

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Trustees Kaufman Independent School District Kaufman, Texas

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Kaufman Independent School District (the District), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standard* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions,

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Kaufman Independent School District as of August 31, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Notes 12 and 22 to the financial statements, in the current fiscal year, the District adopted new accounting guidance prescribed by GASB Statement No. 75 for its other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan – a multiple-employer, cost-sharing, defined benefit OPEB plan that has a special funding situation. Because GASB Statement No. 75 implements new measurement criteria and reporting provisions, significant information has been added to the Government-Wide Statements. Exhibit A-1 discloses the District's Net OPEB Liability and deferred resource outflows and deferred resource inflows related to the District's OPEB plan. Exhibit B-1 discloses the adjustment to the District's Beginning Net Position. Our opinion is not modified with respect to the matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the *management's discussion and analysis* on pages 5 through 11 and the *pension and OPEB schedules* on pages 58 through 62 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Kaufman Independent School District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the required TEA schedules listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the required TEA schedules, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the required TEA schedules, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 3, 2019 on our consideration of Kaufman Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our test of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Kaufman Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Hankins, Eastup, Deaton, Tom & Seay, PC

Denton, Texas

January 3, 2019

KAUFMAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2018 (UNAUDITED)

As management of Kaufman Independent School District, we offer readers of the District's financial statement this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the year ended August 31, 2018. Please read this narrative in conjunction with the independent auditors' report on page 3, and the District's Basic Financial Statements that begin on page 14.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of Kaufman Independent School District exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$10,180,169 (net position). Of this amount, (\$11,181,205) represents negative unrestricted net position.
- The District's total net position increased by \$5,555,309 during the current fiscal year from the result of current year operations. However, beginning net position decreased by \$21,675,629 due to new standards that required recording of the District's proportionate share of the Teacher Retirement System's net OPEB liability.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$12,701,115. Over 75% of this total amount (\$9,641,354) is unassigned and available for use within the District's fund balance policies.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$9,641,354 or 27.5% of the total general fund expenditures.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 14 and 15). These provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a longer-term view of the District's property and debt obligations and other financial matters. They reflect the flow of total economic resources in a manner similar to the financial reports of a business enterprise.

Fund financial statements (starting on page 16) report the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the District's most significant funds. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term as well as what resources remain for future spending. They reflect the flow of current financial resources, and supply the basis for tax levies and the appropriations budget. The remaining statements, fiduciary statements, provide financial information about activities for which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the District.

The notes to the financial statements (starting on page 27) provide narrative explanations or additional data needed for full disclosure in the government-wide statements or the fund financial statements.

The combining statements for nonmajor funds contain even more information about the District's individual funds. The sections labeled TEA Required Schedules and Federal Awards Section contain data used by monitoring or regulatory agencies for assurance that the District is using funds supplied in compliance with the terms of grants.

Reporting the District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The analysis of the District's overall financial condition and operations begins on page 14. Its primary purpose is to show whether the District is better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities. The Statement of Net Position includes all the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources; and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the end of the year while the Statement of Activities includes all revenues and expenses generated by the District's operations during the year. These apply the accrual basis of accounting (the basis used by private sector companies).

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. The District's revenues are divided into those provided by outside parties who share the costs of some programs, such as tuition received from students from outside the district and grants provided by the U.S. Department of Education to assist children with disabilities or from disadvantaged backgrounds (program revenues), and revenues provided by the taxpayers or by TEA in equalization funding processes (general revenues). All the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources are reported whether they serve the current year or future years. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are considered regardless of whether they must be paid in the current or future years.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in net position. The District's net position (the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources; less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources) provide one measure of the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position is one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. To fully assess the overall health of the District, however, you should consider nonfinancial factors as well, such as changes in the District's average daily attendance or its property tax base and the condition of the District's facilities.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the District into two kinds of activities:

- · Governmental activities—Most of the District's basic services are reported here, including the instruction, counseling, co-curricular activities, food services, transportation, maintenance, community services, and general administration. Property taxes, tuition, fees, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- · Business-type activities—The District does not have any programs in which it charges a fee to "customers" to help it cover all or most of the cost of services it provides. Thus, the District had no business-type activities during the current fiscal year.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements begin on page 16 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds—not the District as a whole. Laws and contracts require the District to establish some funds, such as grants received from the U.S. Department of Education. The District's administration establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes (like campus activities).

· Governmental funds—Most of the District's basic services are reported in governmental funds. These use modified accrual accounting (a method that measures the receipt and disbursement of cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash) and report balances that are available for future spending. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general operations and the basic services it provides. We describe the differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation schedules following each of the fund financial statements.

The District as Trustee

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for money raised by student activities and for a scholarship fund. The District's fiduciary activity is reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position on page 24 and a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Fund Net Position on page 25. We exclude these resources from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The District is only responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in this fund are used for their intended purposes.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The analysis below presents both current and prior year data and discusses significant changes in the accounts. Our analysis focuses on the net position (Table I) and changes in net position (Table II) of the District's governmental activities.

Net position of the District's governmental activities decreased from \$26,300,489 to \$10,180,169. Unrestricted net position — the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements — was (\$11,181,205) at August 31, 2018. The decrease in governmental net position was the result of a prior period adjustment of \$21.7 million as a result of implementation of GASB Statement No. 75, which deals with accounting for the District's participation in the State of Texas retiree health insurance plan.

Table I NET POSITION

	Govern	nmental
	Acti	vities
	2018	2017
Current and other assets	\$ 18,679,486	\$ 25,854,841
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Capital assets	100,155,961	94,914,499
Total assets	118,835,447	120,769,340
Deferred outflows of resources	4,154,189	4,503,198
Long-term liabilities	100,478,974	89,999,807
Other liabilities	5,315,758	7,815,021
Total liabilities	105,794,732	97,814,828
Deferred inflows of resources	7,014,735	1,157,221
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets	18,799,164	17,543,017
Restricted	2,562,210	1,232,141
Unrestricted	(11,181,205)	7,525,331
Total Net Position	\$ 10,180,169	\$ 26,300,489
	B	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

At the end of the current fiscal year, the District reports a deficit balance in unrestricted net position, while reporting a positive balance in net investment in capital assets and restricted net position. The District's net position decreased \$16,120,320 during the current fiscal year.

The District's total ending net position is \$17.3 million lower due to new accounting standards adopted regarding the accounting for OPEB (TRS-Care retiree health insurance program) promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Table II CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	Governmental			
		Activitie		
	2018		2017	
Revenues:				
Program Revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 1,424,3	866 \$	1,273,098	
Operating grants and contributions	3,248,6	530	7,691,505	
General Revenues:				
Maintenance and operations taxes	8,284,8	372	7,196,828	
Debt service taxes	2,678,1	.83	2,209,061	
State aid	24,777,9	73	23,879,338	
Investment earnings	91,8	355	112,620	
Miscellaneous	5,0)41	65,680	
Total Revenue	40,510,9	20	42,428,130	
Evmongogy				
Expenses:	10 177 (106	22 605 242	
Instruction, curriculum and media services	18,477,0	760	23,695,343	
Instructional and school leadership	1,911,8	808	2,710,599	
Student support services	2,429,5	531	3,122,391	
Food services	1,982,6	542	1,885,487	
Extracurricular activities	1,722,3	368	1,937,649	
General administration	743,1	63	967,078	
Plant maintenance, security and	4,727,5	335	5,069,419	
data processing				
Community services	155,2	222	207,955	
Debt services	2,675,8	332	2,660,776	
Facilities acquisition, construction	1,6	598	317,750	
Intergovernmental charges	128,7	726	127,108	
Total Expenses	34,955,6		42,701,555	
Increase (decrease) in net position	5,555,3	309	(273,425)	
Net Position - beginning of year	26,300,4	189	26,573,914	
Prior period adjustment	(21,675,6	529)	-	
Net Position - end of year	\$ 10,180,		26,300,489	
			······	

Although this financial report presents an acceptable fund balance in the General and Debt Service Funds, a number of adjustments were necessary in the preparation of the 2017-18 Budget to enable the District to maintain a sound financial position.

• General Fund expenditures increased 6.9% due primarily to higher capital outlay and higher personnel costs resulting from staff raises. General Fund revenues increased 6.3% due to higher state aid and local tax collections.

The District's maintenance and operations tax rate remained \$1.17 per \$100 valuation for the eighth consecutive year. The Debt Service tax rate increased from \$0.36 per \$100 valuation to \$0.38 per \$100 valuation. The District's taxable property value increased 10.6%.

The cost of all governmental activities for the current fiscal year was \$34,955,611. However, as shown in the Statement of Activities on page 15, the amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through District taxes was only \$10,963,055 because some of the costs were paid by those who directly benefited from the programs (\$1,424,366) or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$3,248,630) or by State equalization funding (\$24,777,973).

THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As the District completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet on page 16) reported a combined fund balance of \$12,701,115, which is \$4,746,112 less than last year's total of \$17,447,227. Included in this year's total change in fund balance is a decrease of \$1,018,274 in the District's General Fund and a decrease of \$4,833,168 in the Capital Projects Fund. The Debt Service Fund fund balance increased \$1,139,414.

Over the course of the year, the Board of Trustees revised the District's budget several times. These budget amendments fall into three categories. The first category includes amendments and supplemental appropriations that were approved shortly after the beginning of the year and reflect the actual beginning balances (versus the amounts we estimated in August 2017). The second category includes changes that the Board made during the year to reflect new information regarding revenue sources and expenditure needs. The primary amendment was for additional facilities acquisition and construction budgeted for land acquisition and other construction projects. The third category involves amendments moving funds from programs that did not need all the resources originally appropriated to them to programs with resource needs.

The District's General Fund balance of \$11,244,828 reported on page 16 differs from the General Fund's budgetary fund balance of \$9,745,869 reported in the budgetary comparison schedule on page 23. This is principally due to cost savings in most functional categories and revenues higher than budgeted amounts.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At August 31, 2018, the District had \$100,155,961 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including facilities and equipment for instruction, transportation, athletics, administration, and maintenance. This amount represents a net increase of \$5,241,462, or 5.5 percent, more than last year.

More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in Note 4 to the financial statements.

Debt Administration

At August 31, 2018, the District had \$82,106,201 in bonds, notes, loans and capital leases outstanding (including accreted interest on bonds) versus \$83,015,210 last year—a decrease of \$909,009. The District's general obligation bond rating is AAA (as a result of guarantees of the Texas Permanent School Fund) according to national rating agencies.

More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 8 to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

- The District's maintenance and operations tax rate remained \$1.17 per \$100 valuation. The debt service tax rate remained \$0.38 per \$100 valuation.
- General Fund revenue from the State is budgeted to decrease approximately \$1.5 million due to higher property values and local tax collections.
- Expenditures are budgeted to decrease approximately \$750,000 due primarily to decreased capital outlay offset by higher personnel costs.
- The 2018-2019 budget has budgeted revenue equal to budgeted expenditures.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District's business office, at Kaufman Independent School District, 1000 S. Houston Street, Kaufman, Texas 75142 (972) 932–2622.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

KAUFMAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2018

Data	,	Primary Governmen		mary Government
Contro	1			overnmental
Codes				Activities
ASSE	TS			
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents		\$	15,228,987
1220	Property Taxes - Delinquent			863,818
1230	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes			(77,743)
1240	Due from Other Governments			1,056,620
1290	Other Receivables, Net			4,330
1410	Prepayments			368,279
	Capital Assets:			
1510	Land			2,645,657
1520	Buildings, Net			95,033,782
1530	Furniture and Equipment, Net			2,476,522
1800	Restricted Assets			1,235,195
1000	Total Assets			118,835,447
	CRRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			110,033,117
1701	Deferred Charge on Bond Refundings			749,404
1705	Deferred Resource Outflows Related to TRS Pension			3,201,138
1706	Deferred Resource Outflows Related to TRS OPEB			203,647
1700	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources			4,154,189
				4,134,169
	ILITIES			2.000.101
2110	Accounts Payable			3,289,181
2140	Accrued Interest Payable			123,462
2160	Accrued Wages Payable			1,663,612
2190	Due to Student Groups			200
2200	Accrued Expenses			238,857
2300	Unearned Revenue			446
	Noncurrent Liabilities:			
2501	Due Within One Year			1,920,256
2502	Due in More Than One Year			80,185,945
2540	Net Pension Liability (District's Share)			6,011,380
2545	Net OPEB Liability (District's Share)			12,361,393
2000	Total Liabilities			105,794,732
	ERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
2605	Deferred Resource Inflows Related to TRS Pension			1,843,941
2606	Deferred Resource Inflows Related to TRS OPEB			5,170,794
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources			7,014,735
NET	POSITION			
3200	Net Investment in Capital Assets			18,799,164
3820	Restricted for Federal and State Programs			20,285
3850	Restricted for Debt Service			2,541,925
3900	Unrestricted			(11,181,205)
3000	Total Net Position		\$	10,180,169
2000	1 0 m 1 10 1 0 0 m 0 m		Ψ	10,100,107

KAUFMAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2018

Net (Expense)
Revenue and
Changes in Net
Position

Data			Program Revenues			Position
Control		1		3	4	6
Codes		Expenses	(Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Primary Gov. Governmental Activities
Primary Government:						
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES: 11 Instruction	\$	17,857,902	\$	440,236	\$ (612,699)	\$ (18,030,365)
12 Instructional Resources and Media Services		211,966			(40,371)	(252,337)
13 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Develop	ment	407,218		•	(28,505)	(435,723)
21 Instructional Leadership		118,234			6,579	(111,655)
23 School Leadership		1,793,574			(206,163)	(1,999,737)
31 Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Servi	ices	1,082,757		-	184,642	(898,115)
33 Health Services		318,087		-	13,619	(304,468)
34 Student (Pupil) Transportation		1,028,687			159,572	(869,115)
35 Food Services		1,982,642		310,944	1,656,395	(15,303)
36 Extracurricular Activities		1,722,368		623,997	(92,142)	(1,190,513)
41 General Administration		743,163		-	(73,252)	(816,415)
51 Facilities Maintenance and Operations		3,735,189		13,417	(166,106)	
52 Security and Monitoring Services		225,294		-	(50,349)	
53 Data Processing Services		767,052		-	(116,299)	
61 Community Services		155,222		35,772	34,854	(84,596)
72 Debt Service - Interest on Long-Term Debt		2,672,932		-	2,578,855	(94,077)
73 Debt Service - Bond Issuance Cost and Fee	S	2,900		-	-	(2,900)
81 Capital Outlay		1,698		-	-	(1,698)
99 Other Intergovernmental Charges		128,726		-		(128,726)
[TP] TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:	\$	34,955,611	\$	1,424,366	\$ 3,248,630	(30,282,615)
MT DT SF	Prop State Aid	erty Taxes, Lev erty Taxes, Lev l - Formula Gra	ied:			8,284,872 2,678,183 24,777,973
Œ		nt Earnings				91,855
MI		neous Local an	d Int	ermediate Re	venue	5,041
TR '	Total Gene	ral Revenues				35,837,924
CN		Change in N	let Po	osition		5,555,309
NB I	Net Position	- Beginning				26,300,489
PA I	Prior Period	Adjustment				(21,675,629)
NE 1	Net Position	Ending				\$ 10,180,169

KAUFMAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2018

Data Contro	I	10 General	50 Debt Service		60 Capital
Codes		Fund	Fund		Projects
AS	SETS	 			
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 14,287,728		\$	292,425
1220	Property Taxes - Delinquent	689,530	174,288		
1230	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	(62,058)	(15,685)		` -
1240	Due from Other Governments	70,719	-		-
1260	Due from Other Funds	-	110,643		2,333,255
1290	Other Receivables	_	-		-
1410	Prepayments	368,279	-		-
1800	Restricted Assets	 1,235,195			_
1000	Total Assets	\$ 16,589,393	\$ 1,430,592	\$	2,625,680
LIA	ABILITIES				
2110	Accounts Payable	\$ 510,820	\$ 400	\$	2,625,680
2160	Accrued Wages Payable	1,523,318	- -		_
2170	Due to Other Funds	2,443,898	-		
2190	Due to Student Groups	200	-		-
2200	Accrued Expenditures	238,857	-		-
2300	Unearned Revenue	-	-		-
2000	Total Liabilities	 4,717,093	400		2,625,680
DE	FERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			. —	
2601	Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	627,472	158,603		-
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 627,472	158,603		-
FU	ND BALANCES Nonspendable Fund Balance:				
3430	Prepaid Items Restricted Fund Balance:	368,279	-		-
3450	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction	_			_
3480	Retirement of Long-Term Debt Committed Fund Balance:	1,235,195	1,271,589		
3545	Other Committed Fund Balance	_	ы		
3600	Unassigned Fund Balance	9,641,354	-		-
3000	Total Fund Balances	 11,244,828	1,271,589		-
4000	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	\$ 16,589,393	\$ 1,430,592	\$	2,625,680

Other Funds		Total Governmental Funds
\$ (512,512)	\$	15,228,987 863,818
985,901		(77,743) 1,056,620
4,330		2,443,898 4,330
 <u>-</u>		368,279 1,235,195
\$ 477,719	\$	21,123,384
\$ 152,281 140,294	\$	3,289,181 1,663,612 2,443,898 200
- 446		238,857 446
 293,021		7,636,194
-		786,075
 	_	786,075
-		368,279
20,285		20,285 2,506,784
164,413 -		164,413 9,641,354
 184,698	_	12,701,115
\$ 477,719	\$	21,123,384

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KAUFMAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

EXHIBIT C-2

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2018

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	12,701,115
1 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the fund financial statements.		142,509,577
2 Accumulated depreciation is not reported in the fund financial statements.		(42,353,616)
3 Bonds payable, capital leases payable, and notes payable are not reported in the fund financial statements.		(75,560,316)
4 Accreted interest payable on capital appreciation bonds is not reported in the fund financial statements.		(7,420)
5 Premiums and discounts on outstanding bonds payable are not recognized in the fund financial statements.		(6,538,465)
6 Property tax revenue reported as unavailable revenue in the fund financial statements is recognized as revenue in the government-wide financial statements.		786,075
7 Interest on outstanding debt is accrued in the government-wide financial statements, whereas in the fund financial statements interest expenditures are reported when due.		(123,462)
8 The deferred charge on bond refundings is not recognized in the fund financial statements.		349,404
9 Included in the items related to government-wide long-term debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability required by GASB #68 and #71 in the amount of \$6,011,380, Deferred Inflows of Resources related to TRS in the amount of \$1,843,941, and Deferred Outflows of Resources related to TRS in the amount of \$3,201,138. This results in a net decrease in Net Position in the amount of \$4,654,183.	;	(4,654,183)
10 Included in the items related to government-wide long-term debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) liability required by GASB 75 in the amount of \$12,361,393, a Deferred Resource Inflow related to TRS OPEB in the amount of \$5,170,794, and a Deferred Resource Outflow related to TRS OPEB in the amount of \$203,647. This results in a net decrease in Net Position in the amount of \$17,328,540.	7	(17,328,540)
19 Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	10,180,169

KAUFMAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2018

Data Contro	1		10 General	50 Debt Service		60 Capital
Codes			Fund	Fund		Projects
5700 5800 5900	REVENUES: Total Local and Intermediate Sources State Program Revenues Federal Program Revenues	\$	8,505,483 \$ 26,503,125 377,789	2,655,903 2,578,855	\$	7,171 - -
5020	Total Revenues		35,386,397	5,234,758		7,171
	EXPENDITURES:				-	
C	urrent:					
0011	Instruction		19,990,226	-		•
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		279,130	-		-
0013	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		453,452	-		-
0021	Instructional Leadership		117,268	-		-
0023	School Leadership		2,201,564	-		м
0031	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		935,873	-		
0033	Health Services		325,572	-		-
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation		2,241,233	-		-
0035	Food Services		24,037	-		-
0036	Extracurricular Activities		1,339,002	-		-
0041	General Administration		842,389	-		-
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		4,077,380	-		-
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		351,246	-		-
0053	Data Processing Services		981,206	-		-
0061	Community Services		65,839	-		-
D	ebt Service:					
0071	Principal on Long-Term Debt		420,780	1,218,966		••
0072	Interest on Long-Term Debt		40,872	2,874,678		-
0073	Bond Issuance Cost and Fees		1,200	1,700		-
	apital Outlay:		240.225			5 152 504
0081	Facilities Acquisition and Construction		249,337	-		7,173,594
	other Intergovernmental Charges		128,726			
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges					
6030	Total Expenditures		35,066,332	4,095,344	,	7,173,594
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):		320,065	1,139,414		(7,166,423)
7913	Capital Leases		876,395	_		_
7913	Non-Current Loans		149,433	-		
7915	Transfers In		115,100			2,333,255
8911	Transfers Out (Use)		(2,364,167)	-		=,==,===
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,338,339)	_		2,333,255
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances		(1,018,274)	1,139,414		(4,833,168)
0100	Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		12,263,102	132,175		4,833,168
3100	Tund Datance - September 1 (Deginning)		14,405,104	152,175		-1,033,100
3000	Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	11,244,828	1,271,589	\$	

Other	Total
Other Funds	Governmental Funds
\$ 869,007	
376,648	, ,
4,003,249	4,381,038
5,248,904	45,877,230
0.104.100	
2,104,133	
10.710	279,130
12,710	=
21,599	,
143,280	, ,
318,073	
61,379	,
1.00#.202	2,241,233
1,997,392	, ,
526,808	, , , ,
-	842,389
-	4,077,380
₩	351,246
129 526	981,206
128,526	194,365
-	1,639,746
-	2,915,550
-	2,900
-	7,422,931
-	128,726
5,313,900	51,649,170
(64,996	(5,771,940)
_	876,395
~	149,433
30,912	
_	(2,364,167)
30,912	
(34,084	(4,746,112)
218,782	17,447,227
\$ 184,698	3 \$ 12,701,115
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

KAUFMAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

EXHIBIT C-4

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2018

Current year capital asset additions are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they are shown as increases in capital assets in the government-wide financial statements. The effect of reclassifying the current year capital assets in the governmental funds since it does not require the use of current para capital asset additions is to increase net position. Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The effect of the current year's depreciation expense is to decrease net position. Current year long-term debt principal payments on capital leases payable and bonds payable and payments of accreted interest payable on capital appreciation bonds are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but are shown as reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements, but is shown as an increase in long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements. Current year interest accretion on capital appreciation bonds is not reflected in the fund financial statements. Interest is accrued on outstanding debt in the government-wide financial statements. Interest is accrued on outstanding debt in the government-wide financial statements, interest expenditures are reported when due. Revenues from property taxes are recorded as unavailable revenue in the fund financial statements until they are considered available to finance current expenditures, but such revenues are recognized when assessed, not of an allowance for uncollectible amounts, in the government-wide financial statements. Current year amortization of the deferred charge on bond refundings is not recognized in the fund financial statements, but is shown as a reduction of the deferred charge in the government-wide financial statements. Current year mortization of the deferred charge on bond refundings is not recognized in the government-wide financial statements. The current year proceeds from loans payable and capital leases p		
are shown as increases in capital assets in the government-wide financial statements. The effect of reclassifying the current year capital asset additions is to increase net position. Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The effect of the current year's depreciation expense is to decrease net position. Current year long-term debt principal payments on capital leases payable and bonds payable and payments of accreted interest payable on capital appreciation bonds are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but are shown as reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements, but are shown as an increase in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements, but is shown as an increase in long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements. Interest is accrued on outstanding debt in the government-wide financial statements, whereas in the fund financial statements, interest expenditures are reported when due. Revenues from property taxes are recorded as unavailable revenue in the fund financial statements until they are considered available to finance current expenditures, but such revenues are recognized when assessed, net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts, in the government-wide financial statements. Current year amortization of the permituns/discounts on bonds payable is not recognized in the fund financial statements, but is shown as an increase in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. Current year amortization of the deferred charge on bond refundings is not recognized in the fund financial statements, but is shown as a reduction of the deferred charge in the government-wide financial statements. The current year proceeds from loans payable and capital leases payable are shown as other recognized in the fund financial statements. The current year proceeds from loans payable and capital leases payable are shown as other recogniz	Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ (4,746,112)
the use of current fnancial resources. The effect of the current year's depreciation expense is to decrease net position. Current year long-term debt principal payments on capital leases payable and bonds payable and payments of accreted interest payable on capital appreciation bonds are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but are shown as reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements, but are shown as an increase in long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements, but is shown as an increase in long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements, but is shown as an increase in long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements, interest expenditures are reported when due. Revenues from property taxes are recorded as unavailable revenue in the fund financial statements until they are considered available to finance current expenditures, but such revenues are recognized when assessed, net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts, in the government-wide financial statements. Current year amortization of the premiums/discounts on bonds payable is not recognized in the fund financial statements, but is shown as an increase in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements, but is shown as a reduction of the deferred charge in the government-wide financial statements, but is shown as a reduction of the deferred charge in the government-wide financial statements, but is shown as a reduction of the deferred charge in the government-wide financial statements. The current year proceeds from loans payable and capital leases payable are shown as other resources in the fund financial statements. The implementation of GASB 68 required that certain expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. TRs contributions made after the measurement date of 8/31/2017 but during the current fiscal year caused the ending net position to increase in the position to increase in the position. The net effect of all	are shown as increases in capital assets in the government-wide financial statements. The	8,634,852
and payments of accreted interest payable on capital appreciation bonds are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but is shown as reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements, but is shown as an increase in long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements, but is shown as an increase in long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements. Interest is accrued on outstanding debt in the government-wide financial statements, whereas in the fund financial statements, interest expenditures are reported when due. Revenues from property taxes are recorded as unavailable revenue in the fund financial statements until they are considered available to finance current expenditures, but such revenues are recognized when assessed, not of an allowance for uncollectible amounts, in the government-wide financial statements. Current year amortization of the premiums/discounts on bonds payable is not recognized in the fund financial statements, but is shown as an increase in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. Current year amortization of the deferred charge on bond refundings is not recognized in the fund financial statements. Current year amortization of the deferred charge on bond refundings is not recognized in the fund financial statements. Current year proceeds from loans payable and capital leases payable are shown as other resources in the fund financial statements. The current year proceeds from loans payable and capital leases payable are shown as other resources in the fund financial statements. The implementation of GASB 68 required that certain expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. TRS contributions made after the measurement date of 8/31/17 caused the change in the ending net position to increase by \$76,775. These contributions were replaced with the District's OPEB expense for the year, which was a \$4,293,162 benefit and also caused an increase in net position. The net effect of bot	the use of current financial resources. The effect of the current year's depreciation expense is	(3,393,390)
financial statements, but is shown as an increase in long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements. Interest is accrued on outstanding debt in the government-wide financial statements, whereas in the fund financial statements, interest expenditures are reported when due. Revenues from property taxes are recorded as unavailable revenue in the fund financial statements until they are considered available to finance current expenditures, but such revenues are recognized when assessed, net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts, in the government-wide financial statements. Current year amortization of the premiums/discounts on bonds payable is not recognized in the fund financial statements, but is shown as an increase in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. Current year amortization of the deferred charge on bond refundings is not recognized in the fund financial statements. Current year proceeds from loans payable and capital leases payable are shown as other resources in the fund financial statements, but are shown as an increase in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The current year proceeds from loans payable and capital leases payable are shown as other resources in the fund financial statements. (1,025,828) The implementation of GASB 68 required that certain expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. TRS contributions made after the measurement date of 8/31/17 caused the change in the offing net position to increase by \$76,775. These contributions were replaced with the District's pension expense for the year of \$289,405, which caused a decrease in the change in net position. The net effect of all of these is to decrease the change in net position by \$212,630. The implementation of GASB 75 required that certain expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. TRS OPEB contributions made after the measurement date of 8/31/2017 but during the current fiscal year caused the change	and payments of accreted interest payable on capital appreciation bonds are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but are shown as reductions in long-term debt in the government-	1,643,204
Revenues from property taxes are recorded as unavailable revenue in the fund financial statements until they are considered available to finance current expenditures, but such revenues are recognized when assessed, net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts, in the government-wide financial statements. Current year amortization of the premiums/discounts on bonds payable is not recognized in the fund financial statements, but is shown as an increase in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements, but is shown as a reduction of the deferred charge in the government-wide financial statements, but is shown as a reduction of the deferred charge in the government-wide financial statements, but is shown as a reduction of the deferred charge in the government-wide financial statements. The current year proceeds from loans payable and capital leases payable are shown as other resources in the fund financial statements, but are shown as an increase in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The implementation of GASB 68 required that certain expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. TRS contributions made after the measurement date of 8/31/17 caused the change in the ending net position to increase by \$76,775. These contributions were replaced with the District's pension expense for the year of \$289,405, which caused a decrease in the change in net position. The net effect of all of these is to decrease the change in net position by \$212,630. The implementation of GASB 75 required that certain expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. TRS OPEB contributions made after the measurement date of 8/31/2017 but during the current fiscal year caused the ending net position to increase in the amount of \$53,927. These contributions were replaced with the District's OPEB expense for the year, which was a \$4,293,162 benefit and also caused an increase in net position. The net effect of both of these is to increase the change in net	financial statements, but is shown as an increase in long-term liabilities in the government-wide	(3,251)
statements until they are considered available to finance current expenditures, but such revenues are recognized when assessed, net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts, in the government-wide financial statements. Current year amortization of the premiums/discounts on bonds payable is not recognized in the fund financial statements, but is shown as an increase in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. Current year amortization of the deferred charge on bond refundings is not recognized in the fund financial statements, but is shown as a reduction of the deferred charge in the government-wide financial statements. The current year proceeds from loans payable and capital leases payable are shown as other resources in the fund financial statements, but are shown as an increase in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The implementation of GASB 68 required that certain expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. TRS contributions made after the measurement date of 8/31/17 caused the change in the ending net position to increase by \$76,775. These contributions were replaced with the District's pension expense for the year of \$289,405, which caused a decrease in the change in net position. The net effect of all of these is to decrease the change in net position by \$212,630. The implementation of GASB 75 required that certain expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. TRS OPEB contributions made after the measurement date of 8/31/2017 but during the current fiscal year caused the ending net position to increase in the amount of \$53,927. These contributions were replaced with the District's OPEB expense for the year, which was a \$4,293,162 benefit and also caused an increase in net position. The net effect of both of these is to increase the change in net position by \$4,347,089.		1,056
fund financial statements, but is shown as an increase in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. Current year amortization of the deferred charge on bond refundings is not recognized in the fund financial statements, but is shown as a reduction of the deferred charge in the government-wide financial statements. The current year proceeds from loans payable and capital leases payable are shown as other resources in the fund financial statements, but are shown as an increase in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The implementation of GASB 68 required that certain expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. TRS contributions made after the measurement date of 8/31/17 caused the change in the ending net position to increase by \$76,775. These contributions were replaced with the District's pension expense for the year of \$289,405, which caused a decrease in the change in net position. The net effect of all of these is to decrease the change in net position by \$212,630. The implementation of GASB 75 required that certain expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. TRS OPEB contributions made after the measurement date of 8/31/2017 but during the current fiscal year caused the ending net position to increase in the amount of \$53,927. These contributions were replaced with the District's OPEB expense for the year, which was a \$4,293,162 benefit and also caused an increase in net position. The net effect of both of these is to increase the change in net position by \$4,347,089.	statements until they are considered available to finance current expenditures, but such revenues are recognized when assessed, net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts, in the	68,964
fund financial statements, but is shown as a reduction of the deferred charge in the government-wide financial statements. The current year proceeds from loans payable and capital leases payable are shown as other resources in the fund financial statements, but are shown as an increase in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The implementation of GASB 68 required that certain expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. TRS contributions made after the measurement date of 8/31/17 caused the change in the ending net position to increase by \$76,775. These contributions were replaced with the District's pension expense for the year of \$289,405, which caused a decrease in the change in net position. The net effect of all of these is to decrease the change in net position by \$212,630. The implementation of GASB 75 required that certain expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. TRS OPEB contributions made after the measurement date of 8/31/2017 but during the current fiscal year caused the ending net position to increase in the amount of \$53,927. These contributions were replaced with the District's OPEB expense for the year, which was a \$4,293,162 benefit and also caused an increase in net position. The net effect of both of these is to increase the change in net position by \$4,347,089.	fund financial statements, but is shown as an increase in long-term debt in the government-wide	294,884
resources in the fund financial statements, but are shown as an increase in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The implementation of GASB 68 required that certain expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. TRS contributions made after the measurement date of 8/31/17 caused the change in the ending net position to increase by \$76,775. These contributions were replaced with the District's pension expense for the year of \$289,405, which caused a decrease in the change in net position. The net effect of all of these is to decrease the change in net position by \$212,630. The implementation of GASB 75 required that certain expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. TRS OPEB contributions made after the measurement date of 8/31/2017 but during the current fiscal year caused the ending net position to increase in the amount of \$53,927. These contributions were replaced with the District's OPEB expense for the year, which was a \$4,293,162 benefit and also caused an increase in net position. The net effect of both of these is to increase the change in net position by \$4,347,089.	fund financial statements, but is shown as a reduction of the deferred charge in the government-	(53,529)
recorded as deferred resource outflows. TRS contributions made after the measurement date of 8/31/17 caused the change in the ending net position to increase by \$76,775. These contributions were replaced with the District's pension expense for the year of \$289,405, which caused a decrease in the change in net position. The net effect of all of these is to decrease the change in net position by \$212,630. The implementation of GASB 75 required that certain expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. TRS OPEB contributions made after the measurement date of 8/31/2017 but during the current fiscal year caused the ending net position to increase in the amount of \$53,927. These contributions were replaced with the District's OPEB expense for the year, which was a \$4,293,162 benefit and also caused an increase in net position. The net effect of both of these is to increase the change in net position by \$4,347,089.	resources in the fund financial statements, but are shown as an increase in long-term debt in the	(1,025,828)
recorded as deferred resource outflows. TRS OPEB contributions made after the measurement date of 8/31/2017 but during the current fiscal year caused the ending net position to increase in the amount of \$53,927. These contributions were replaced with the District's OPEB expense for the year, which was a \$4,293,162 benefit and also caused an increase in net position. The net effect of both of these is to increase the change in net position by \$4,347,089.	recorded as deferred resource outflows. TRS contributions made after the measurement date of 8/31/17 caused the change in the ending net position to increase by \$76,775. These contributions were replaced with the District's pension expense for the year of \$289,405, which caused a decrease in the change in net position. The net effect of all of these is to decrease the	(212,630)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities \$ 5,555,309	recorded as deferred resource outflows. TRS OPEB contributions made after the measurement date of 8/31/2017 but during the current fiscal year caused the ending net position to increase in the amount of \$53,927. These contributions were replaced with the District's OPEB expense for the year, which was a \$4,293,162 benefit and also caused an increase in net position. The	4,347,089
	Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 5,555,309

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

KAUFMAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2018

5700 Tot 5800 Sta 5900 Fec 5020 EX Currer 0011 Ins 0012 Ins 0021 Ins 0023 Scl 0031 Gu 0033 He 0034 Stu 0035 Foo 0036 Ext 0041 Ge 0051 Fac 0052 Sec 0053 Da 0061 Co Debt \$ 0071 Pr 0072 Int 0073 Bc Capita	truction tructional Resources and Media Services rriculum and Instructional Staff Development tructional Leadership hool Leadership idance, Counseling and Evaluation Services alth Services	\$ Budgeted A Original 7,665,500 24,713,149 160,000 32,538,649 17,957,794 346,542 455,997	Final		8,505,483 .26,503,125 .377,789 .35,386,397		839,983 1,510,994 217,789 2,568,766
5700 Tol 5800 Sta 5900 Fec 5020 EX Currer 0011 Ins 0012 Ins 0021 Ins 0023 Scl 0031 Gu 0033 He 0034 Stu 0035 Foc 0036 Ext 0041 Ge 0051 Fac 0052 Sec 0053 Da 0061 Co Debt \$ 0071 Pr 0072 Int 0073 Bc Capita	tal Local and Intermediate Sources the Program Revenues deral Program Revenues Total Revenues XPENDITURES: nt: truction tructional Resources and Media Services rriculum and Instructional Staff Development tructional Leadership hool Leadership idance, Counseling and Evaluation Services alth Services	\$ 24,713,149 160,000 32,538,649 17,957,794 346,542	24,992,132 160,000 32,817,632 20,035,628		26,503,125 377,789 35,386,397	<u> </u>	839,983 1,510,994 217,789 2,568,766
5800 Sta 5900 Fec 5020 EX Currer 0011 Ins 0012 Ins 0021 Ins 0023 Scl 0031 Gu 0033 He 0034 Stu 0035 Foc 0036 Ext 0041 Ge 0051 Fac 0052 Sec 0053 Da 0061 Co Debt \$ 0071 Pr 0072 Int 0073 Bc Capita	te Program Revenues Ideral Program Revenues Total Revenues XPENDITURES: Int: Itruction Itructional Resources and Media Services Irriculum and Instructional Staff Development Itructional Leadership Interpretational Counseling and Evaluation Services Iderational Resources	\$ 24,713,149 160,000 32,538,649 17,957,794 346,542	24,992,132 160,000 32,817,632 20,035,628		26,503,125 377,789 35,386,397	\$ 	1,510,994 217,789 2,568,766
5900 Fee 5020 EX Currer 0011 Ins 0012 Ins 0013 Cu 0021 Ins 0023 Scl 0031 Gu 0033 He: 0035 Foo 0036 Exi 0041 Ge: 0051 Fac 0052 Sec 0053 Da 0061 Co Debt S 0071 Pr 0072 Int 0073 Bc Capita	Total Revenues Total Revenues KPENDITURES: nt: truction tructional Resources and Media Services rriculum and Instructional Staff Development tructional Leadership hool Leadership idance, Counseling and Evaluation Services alth Services	 160,000 32,538,649 17,957,794 346,542	32,817,632 20,035,628		377,789		217,789 2,568,766
5020 EX Currer 0011 Ins 0012 Ins 0013 Cu 0021 Ins 0023 Scl 0031 Gu 0033 He: 0035 Foo 0036 Exi 0041 Ge: 0051 Fac 0052 Sec 0053 Da 0061 Co Debt \$ 0071 Pr 0072 Int 0073 Bc Capita	Total Revenues KPENDITURES: nt: truction tructional Resources and Media Services rriculum and Instructional Staff Development tructional Leadership hool Leadership idance, Counseling and Evaluation Services alth Services	 32,538,649 17,957,794 346,542	32,817,632		35,386,397		2,568,766
Currer Currer	KPENDITURES; nt: truction tructional Resources and Media Services rriculum and Instructional Staff Development tructional Leadership hool Leadership idance, Counseling and Evaluation Services alth Services	17,957,794 346,542	20,035,628	-			
Currer 0011 Ins 0012 Ins 0013 Cu 0021 Ins 0023 Scl 0031 Gu 0033 He: 0035 Foo 0036 Exi 0041 Ge: 0051 Fac 0052 Sec 0053 Da 0061 Co Debt \$ 0071 Pr 0072 Int 0073 Bc Capita	nt: truction tructional Resources and Media Services rriculum and Instructional Staff Development tructional Leadership hool Leadership idance, Counseling and Evaluation Services alth Services	346,542			19,990.226		45 400
0011 Ins 0012 Ins 0013 Cu 0021 Ins 0023 Scl 0031 Gu 0033 He 0034 Stu 0035 Foo 0036 Exi 0041 Ge 0051 Fac 0052 Sec 0053 Da 0061 Co Debt \$ 0071 Pr 0072 Int 0073 Bc Capita	truction tructional Resources and Media Services rriculum and Instructional Staff Development tructional Leadership hool Leadership idance, Counseling and Evaluation Services alth Services	346,542			19,990,226		45 400
0012 Ins 0013 Cu 0021 Ins 0023 Scl 0031 Gu 0033 He 0034 Stu 0035 Foo 0036 Ext 0041 Ge 0051 Fac 0052 Sec 0053 Da 0061 Co Debt \$ 0071 Pr 0072 Int 0073 Bc Capita	tructional Resources and Media Services rriculum and Instructional Staff Development tructional Leadership hool Leadership idance, Counseling and Evaluation Services alth Services	346,542			19,990,226		45 400
0013 Cu 0021 Ins 0023 Scl 0023 Scl 0031 Gu 0033 He: 0034 Stu 0035 Foo 0036 Exi 0041 Ge: 0051 Fac 0052 Sec 0053 Da 0061 Co Debt \$ 0071 Pr 0072 Int 0073 Bc Capita	rriculum and Instructional Staff Development tructional Leadership hool Leadership idance, Counseling and Evaluation Services alth Services		346,542				45,402
0021 Ins 0023 Scl 0031 Gu 0033 He: 0034 Stu 0035 Foo 0036 Ext 0041 Ge: 0051 Fac 0052 Sec 0053 Da: 0061 Co: Debt \$ 0071 Pr 0072 Int 0073 Bc Capita	tructional Leadership hool Leadership idance, Counseling and Evaluation Services alth Services	455,997			279,130		67,412
0023 Scl 0031 Gu 0033 He: 0034 Stu 0035 For 0036 Ext 0041 Ge: 0051 Fac 0052 Sec 0053 Da 0061 Co Debt \$ 0071 Pr 0072 Int 0073 Bc Capita	nool Leadership idance, Counseling and Evaluation Services alth Services		475,997		453,452		22,545
0031 Gu 0033 Hei 0034 Stu 0035 Foo 0036 Exi 0041 Gei 0051 Fac 0052 Sec 0053 Da 0061 Co Debt \$ 0071 Pr 0072 Int 0073 Bo Capita	idance, Counseling and Evaluation Services alth Services	116,982	136,982		117,268		19,714
0033 He: 0034 Stu 0035 Foo 0036 Ext 0041 Ge: 0051 Fac 0052 Sec 0053 Da 0061 Co: Debt S 0071 Pr 0072 Int 0073 Bc Capita	alth Services	2,286,012	2,324,810		2,201,564		123,246
0034 Stu 0035 Foo 0036 Ext 0041 Get 0051 Fac 0052 Sec 0053 Da 0061 Co Debt 5 0071 Pr 0072 Int 0073 Bc Capita		1,198,537	1,108,537		935,873		172,664
0035 Foo 0036 Exi 0041 Gei 0051 Fac 0052 Sec 0053 Da 0061 Co Debt \$ 0071 Pr 0072 Int 0073 Bc Capita		412,654	412,654		325,572		87,082
0036 Ext 0041 Get 0051 Fac 0052 Sec 0053 Da 0061 Co Debt S 0071 Pr 0072 Int 0073 Bc Capita	ident (Pupil) Transportation	1,270,387	1,422,924		2,241,233		(818,309)
0041 Get 0051 Fac 0052 Sec 0053 Da 0061 Co Debt \$ 0071 Pr 0072 Int 0073 Bc	od Services	15,079	35,079		24,037		11,042
0051 Fac 0052 Sec 0053 Da 0061 Co Debt \$ 0071 Pr 0072 Int 0073 Bc Capita	tracurricular Activities	1,212,626	1,356,208		1,339,002		17,206
0052 Sec 0053 Dai 0061 Con Debt S 0071 Pr 0072 Int 0073 Bo Capita	neral Administration	889,801	909,801		842,389		67,412
0053 Dai 0061 Co Debt S 0071 Pr 0072 Int 0073 Bc Capita	cilities Maintenance and Operations	3,934,116	4,034,116		4,077,380		(43,264
0061 Cor Debt \$ 0071 Pr 0072 Int 0073 Bo Capita	curity and Monitoring Services	321,329	369,994		351,246		18,748
Debt S 0071 Pr 0072 Int 0073 Bo Capita	ta Processing Services	948,439	1,008,439		981,206		27,233
0071 Pri 0072 Int 0073 Bo Capita	mmunity Services	67,862	72,862		65,839		7,023
0072 Int 0073 Bo Capita	Service:						
0073 Bo Capita	incipal on Long-Term Debt	676,417	676,417		420,780		255,637
Capita	terest on Long-Term Debt	52,075	52,421		40,872		11,549
	ond Issuance Cost and Fees	6,000	25,654		1,200		24,454
0081 Fac	al Outlay:						
0001 - ***	cilities Acquisition and Construction	245,000	374,800		249,337		125,463
_~.	overnmental:	10.7.000	177.000		100 804		
	her Intergovernmental Charges	 125,000	155,000		128,726		26,274
6030	Total Expenditures	 32,538,649	35,334,865		35,066,332		268,533
	cess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) xpenditures	 w	(2,517,234)	320,065		2,837,299
CO	THER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
	pital Leases	-	-		876,395		876,395
	n-Current Loans	•	-		149,433		149,433
8911 Tra	ansfers Out (Use)	 -			(2,364,167)		(2,364,167
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 -	-		(1,338,339)		(1,338,339
1200 Ne	et Change in Fund Balances	 _	(2,517,234)	(1,018,274)		1,498,960
	nd Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	 12,263,102	12,263,102		12,263,102		-
3000 Fu		\$ 12,263,102	\$ 9,745,869	\$	11,244,828	\$	1,498,960

KAUFMAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2018

	Private Purpose Trust Fund	Agency Fund
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 248,757	\$ 73,928
Total Assets	248,757	\$ 73,92
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	2,000	\$ 80
Due to Student Groups	-	73,84
Total Liabilities	2,000	\$ 73,92
NET POSITION		
Unrestricted Net Position	246,757	
Total Net Position	\$ 246,757	

KAUFMAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY FUND NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2018

	Private Purpose Trust Fund
ADDITIONS:	
Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 71,111
Total Additions	71,111
DEDUCTIONS:	
Other Operating Costs	60,022
Total Deductions	60,022
Change in Net Position	11,089
Total Net Position - September 1 (Beginning)	235,668
Total Net Position - August 31 (Ending)	\$ 246,757

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NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Kaufman Independent School District's (the "District") combined financial statements have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units in conjunction with the Texas Education Agency's Financial Accountability System Resource Guide (FAR). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting policies of the District are described below.

A. REPORTING ENTITY

The Board of Trustees, a seven member group, has fiscal accountability over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of the District. The board of trustees is elected by the public. The trustees as a body corporate have the exclusive power and duty to govern and oversee the management of the public schools of the District. All powers and duties not specifically delegated by statute to the Texas Education Agency (Agency) or to the State Board of Education are reserved for the trustees, and the Agency may not substitute its judgment for the lawful exercise of those powers and duties by the trustees. The District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards.

The District's basic financial statements include the accounts of all District operations. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the District's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of GASB's Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, include whether:

- the organization is legally separate (can sue and be sued in their own name)
- the District holds the corporate powers of the organization
- the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- the District is able to impose its will on the organization
- the organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the District
- there is fiscal dependency by the organization on the District

Based on the aforementioned criteria, Kaufman Independent School District has no component units,

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity, within the governmental and business-type activities columns, has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely, to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The District had no business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific program. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given program and 2) operating or capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements:

The District segregates transactions related to certain functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. These statements present each major fund as a separate column on the fund financial statements; all non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

Governmental funds are those funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The measurement focus of governmental funds is on the sources, uses and balance of current financial resources. The District has presented the following major governmental fund:

- 1. General Fund This fund is established to account for resources financing the fundamental operations of the District, in partnership with the community, in enabling and motivating students to reach their full potential. All revenues and expenditures not required to be accounted for in other funds are included here. This is a budgeted fund and any fund balances are considered resources available for current operations. Fund balances may be appropriated by the Board of Trustees to implement its responsibilities.
- 2. **Debt Service Fund** This fund is established to account for payment of principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt and other long-term debts for which a tax has been dedicated. This is a budgeted fund. Any unused debt service fund balances are transferred to the General Fund after all of the related debt obligations have been met.
- 3. Capital Projects Fund This fund is established to account for proceeds, from the sale of bonds and other resources to be used for Board authorized acquisition, construction, or renovation, as well as, furnishings and equipping of major capital facilities. Upon completion of a project, any unused bond proceeds are transferred to the Debt Service Fund and are used to retire related bond principal.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

- 1. Special Revenue Funds These funds are established to account for federally financed or expenditures legally restricted for specified purposes. In many special revenue funds, any unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods. For funds in this fund type, project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds.
- 2. Private Purpose Trust Fund The District accounts for donations which have the stipulation that the funds be used for a specific purpose in this fund. The District's Private Purpose Trust Fund is a scholarship fund. These funds are not budgeted.
- 3. Agency Funds These custodial funds are used to account for activities of student groups and other organizational activities requiring clearing accounts. Financial resources for the Agency funds are recorded as assets and liabilities; therefore, these funds do not include revenues and expenditures and have no fund equity. If any unused resources are declared surplus by the student groups, they are transferred to the General Fund with a recommendation to the Board for an appropriate utilization through a budgeted program.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS/BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus refers to what is being measured; basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The economic resources measurement focus means all assets and deferred outflows of resources; and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources (whether current or non-current) are included on the statement of net position and the operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized at the time the liability is incurred.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual; i.e., when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The District considers property taxes as available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. A one-year availability period is used for recognition of all other Governmental Fund revenues. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences are recorded only when payment is due.

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS-Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS-Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as-you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

The revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, charges for services, interest income and intergovernmental revenues. All other Governmental Fund Type revenues are recognized when received.

Revenues from state and federal grants are recognized as earned when the related program expenditures are incurred. Funds received but unearned are reflected as deferred revenues, and funds expended but not yet received are shown as receivables.

Revenue from investments, including governmental external investment pool, is based upon fair value. Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. Most investments are reported at amortized cost when the investments have remaining maturities of one year of less at time of purchase. External investment pool are permitted to report short-term debt investments at amortized cost, provided that the fair value of those investments is not significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer, or other factors. For that purpose, a pool's short-term investments are those with remaining maturities of up to ninety days.

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In accordance with the FAR, the District has adopted and installed an accounting system which exceeds the minimum requirements prescribed by the State Board of Education and approved by the State Auditor. Specifically, the District's accounting system uses codes and the code structure presented in the Accounting Code Section of the FAR.

D. BUDGETARY CONTROL

Formal budgetary accounting is employed for all required Governmental Fund Types, as outlined in TEA's FAR module, and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The budget is prepared and controlled at the function level within each organization to which responsibility for controlling operations is assigned.

The official school budget is prepared for adoption for required Governmental Fund Types prior to August 20 of the preceding fiscal year for the subsequent fiscal year beginning September 1. The budget is formally adopted by the Board of Trustees at a public meeting held at least ten days after public notice has been given. The budget is prepared by fund, function, object, and organization. The budget is controlled at the organizational level by the appropriate department head or campus principal within Board allocations. Therefore, organizations may transfer appropriations as necessary without the approval of the board unless the intent is to cross fund, function or increase the overall budget allocations. Control of appropriations by the Board of Trustees is maintained within Fund Groups at the function code level and revenue object code level.

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the General Fund, the Debt Service Fund and the Food Service Fund. The other special revenue funds adopt project-length budgets which do not correspond to the District's fiscal year. Each annual budget is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The budget is amended throughout the year by the Board of Trustees. Such amendments are reflected in the official minutes of the Board.

A reconciliation of fund balances for both appropriated budget and nonappropriated budget special revenue funds is as follows:

August 31, 2018 Fund Balance

Appropriated Budget Funds - Food Service Special Revenue Fund	\$ 18,175
Nonappropriated Budget Funds	166,523

All Special Revenue Funds \$184,698

E. ENCUMBRANCE ACCOUNTING

The District employs encumbrance accounting, whereby encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders and contracts. An encumbrance represents a commitment of Board appropriation related to unperformed contracts for goods and services. The issuance of a purchase order or the signing of a contract creates an encumbrance but does not represent an expenditure for the period, only a commitment to expend resources. Appropriations lapse at August 31 and encumbrances outstanding at that time are either canceled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget. The District had no material encumbrances outstanding at August 31, 2018.

F. INVENTORIES

The District records purchases of supplies and materials as expenditures.

G. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Short-term amounts owed between funds are classified as "Due to/from other funds". Interfund loans are classified as "Advances to/from other funds" and are offset by a fund balance reserve account.

H. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, which includes property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated assets are valued at their fair market value on the date donated. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenses. Renewals and betterments are capitalized. Interest has not been capitalized during the construction period on property, plant and equipment.

Assets capitalized have an original cost of \$5,000 or more and over one-year of useful life. Depreciation has been calculated on each class of depreciable property using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings

40 Years

Furniture and Equipment

5-20 Years

I. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources are reported in the statement of financial position as described below:

A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of a government's net assets (a decrease in assets in excess of any related decrease in liabilities or an increase in liabilities in excess of any related increase in assets) by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. The District has three items that qualify for reporting in this category:

Deferred outflows of resources for refunding - Reported in the government-wide statement of net position, the deferred charge on bond refundings results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The amount of deferred outflows reported in the governmental activities for the deferred charge on bond refundings at August 31, 2018 was \$749,404.

Deferred outflows of resources for pensions - Reported in the government-wide financial statement of net position, this deferred outflow results from pension plan contributions made after the measurement date of the net pension liability and the results of differences between expected and actual actuarial experiences. The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the next fiscal year. The other pension related deferred outflows will be amortized over the expected remaining service lives of all employees (active and inactive employees) that are provided with pensions through the pension plan which is currently approximately 6.7 years.

The amount of deferred outflows reported in the governmental activities for deferred pension expenses at August 31, 2018 was \$3,201,138.

Deferred outflows of resources for OPEB- Reported in the government-wide financial statement of net position, this deferred outflow results from OPEB plan contributions made after the measurement date of the net OPEB liability and the results of differences between expected and actual investment earnings and changes in proportionate share. The deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the next fiscal year. The other OPEB related deferred outflows will be amortized over the expected remaining service lives of all employees (active and inactive employees) that are provided with OPEB through the OPEB plan which is currently approximately 8.6 years. The amount of deferred outflows reported for deferred OPEB expense at August 31, 2018 was \$203,647.

A deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of a government's net assets (an increase in assets in excess of any related increase in liabilities or a decrease in liabilities in excess of any related decrease in assets) by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. The District has three items that qualify for reporting in this category:

Deferred inflows of resources for unavailable revenues - Reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet, unavailable revenues from property taxes arise under the modified accrual basis of accounting. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The District reported property taxes that are unavailable as deferred inflows of resources in the fund financial statements. The amount of deferred inflows of resources reported in the governmental funds at August 31, 2018 was \$786,075.

Deferred inflows of resources for pensions - Reported in the government-wide financial statement of net position, these deferred inflows result primarily from differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments and other actuarial and other assumption differences. These amounts will be amortized over a closed 5 year period. In fiscal year 2018, the District reported deferred inflows of resources for pensions in the governmental activities in the amount of \$1,843,941.

Deferred inflows of resources for OPEB - Reported in the government-wide financial statement of net position, these deferred inflows result primarily from differences between expected and actual experience and from changes in assumptions. These amounts will be amortized over the average expected remaining service life (AERSL) of all members (8.6 years for the 2017 measurement year). In fiscal year 2018, the District reported deferred inflows of resources for OPEB in the governmental activities in the amount of \$5,170,794.

J. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

It is the District's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the District does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the District. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

K. CASH EQUIVALENTS

Investments are considered to be cash equivalents if they are highly liquid with maturity within three months or less when purchased.

L. NET POSITION

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources; less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation's adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

When both restricted and unrestricted net position is available, restricted net position is expended before unrestricted net position if such use is consistent with the restricted purpose.

M. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

N. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal 2018, the district purchased commercial insurance to cover general liabilities. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year, and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

O. ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

P. IMPLEMENTATION OF NEW STANDARD

In the current fiscal year the District implemented the following new standard:

GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits other than Pensions ("GASB 75") establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for other postemployment benefits (OPEB) that are provided to the employees of state and local governmental employers through plans that are administered through trusts or similar arrangements that meet certain criteria. The Statement establishes standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and expenses/expenditures. Implementation is reflected in the financial statements, notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

NOTE 2. FUND BALANCES

The District has implemented GASB Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions." This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balances more transparent.

<u>Fund Balance Classification</u>: The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- <u>Nonspendable</u>: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form, such as prepaid items, or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The District has nonspendable fund balance for prepaid items.
- Restricted: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. General Fund amounts that have been deposited into a sinking fund account for future debt service payments on the District's 2010 Maintenance Tax Notes are restricted for retirement of long-term debt. Debt service fund resources are to be used for future servicing of the District's bonded debt and are restricted through debt covenants. Federal and State grant resources are restricted because their use is restricted pursuant to the grant requirements.
- <u>Committed:</u> This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the District's Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. This can also be done through adoption and amendment of the budget. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The Board of Trustees has committed resources as of August 31, 2018 for campus activities.
- Assigned: This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the Board of Trustees or through the Board of Trustees delegating this responsibility to other individuals in the District. Under the District's adopted policy, only the Board of Trustees may assign amounts for specific purposes. This classification also includes the remaining positive fund balance for all governmental funds except for the General Fund. The District has not assigned any fund balance as of August 31, 2018.
- <u>Unassigned:</u> This classification includes all amounts not included in other spendable classifications, including the residual fund balance of the General Fund.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Board of Trustees has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

The details of the fund balances are included in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and are described below:

General Fund

The General Fund has \$368,279 of nonspendable fund balance for prepaid items.

The General Fund has \$1,235,195 of fund balance restricted for future retirement of long-term debt on the QSC Maintenance Tax Notes issued in October 2010. The General Fund has unassigned fund balance of \$9,641,354 at August 31, 2018.

Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund has restricted funds of \$1,271,589 at August 31, 2018 consisting primarily of property tax collections that are restricted for debt service payments on bonded debt.

Other Funds

The fund balance of \$164,413 of the Campus Activity Funds (a special revenue fund) is shown as committed due to Board policy committing those funds to campus activities. The following special revenue fund fund balance is restricted by Federal or State grant restrictions:

Child Nutrition Program	\$18,175
Advanced Placement Incentives	2,110
Total	\$20,285

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust, with the District's agent bank, approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

1. Cash Deposits:

At August 31, 2018, the carrying amount of the District's deposits (checking accounts and interest-bearing demand accounts) was \$11,979,596 and the bank balance was \$12,992,136. The District's cash deposits at August 31, 2018 were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's name. During the year ended August 31, 2018, District deposits were fully collateralized throughout the year.

2. Investments:

The Public Funds Investment Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the District to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the District to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas; (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) Mutual Funds, (8) Investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, (10) and common trust funds. The Act also requires the District to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The District is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

In compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act, the District has adopted a deposit and investment policy. That policy addresses the following risks:

- a. Custodial Credit Risk Deposits: In the case of deposits, this is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. As of August 31, 2018, the District's cash deposits totaled \$12,992,136. This entire amount was either collateralized with securities held by the District's agent or covered by FDIC insurance. Thus, the District's deposits are not exposed to custodial credit risk as of August 31, 2018.
- b. Custodial Credit Risk Investments: For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At August 31, 2018, the District held investments in three public funds investment pools. Investments in external investment pools are considered unclassified as to custodial credit risk because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.
- c. Credit Risk: This is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will be unable to fulfill its obligations. The rating of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies is designed to give an indication of credit risk. The credit quality rating for all three of the external investment pools held by the District at year-end was AAAm (Standard & Poor's).
- d. Interest Rate Risk: This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The District manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio to less than one year from the time of purchase. The weighted average maturity for the District's investment in external investment pools is less than 90 days.
- e. Foreign Currency Risk: This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At August 31, 2018, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.
- f. Concentration of Credit Risk: This is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the District's investment in a single issuer (i.e., lack of diversification). Concentration risk is defined as positions of 5 percent or more in the securities of a single issuer. Investment pools are excluded from the 5 percent disclosure requirement.

Public funds investment pools in Texas ("Pools") are established under the authority of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 79 of the Texas Government Code, and are subject to the provisions of the Public Funds Investment Act (the "Act"), Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. In addition to other provisions of the Act designed to promote liquidity and safety of principal, the Act requires Pools to: 1) have an advisory board composed of participants in the pool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with the pool and are qualified to advise the pool; 2) maintain a continuous rating of no lower than AAA or AAA-m or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service; and 3) maintain the market value of its underlying investment portfolio within one half of one percent of the value of its shares.

The District's investments in Pools are reported at an amount determined by the fair value per share of the pool's underlying portfolio, unless the pool is 2a7-like, in which case they are reported at share value. A 2a7-like pool is one which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

The District's investments at August 31, 2018, are shown below:

Name	Carrying <u>Amount</u>	Market <u>Value</u>	
Lone Star Investment Pool	\$ 4,398	\$ 4,398	
TexPool Investment Pool	2,920	2,920	
MBIA Texas CLASS	3,564,755	3,564,755	
	\$3,572,073	<u>\$3,572,073</u>	

Fair Value Measurements

The District categorizes its fair value measurements with the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy below.

In instances where inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The District's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgement and considers factors specific to each asset or liability.

The District's investments in Public Investment Pools are not required to be measured at fair value but are measured at amortized cost.

NOTE 4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended August 31, 2018, was as follows:

	Balance September 1	Additions/ Completions	Retirement/ Adjustments	Balance August 31
Governmental Activities:		Compression	114,454110116	1146401 51
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 2,645,657	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,645,657
Construction in Progress	13,377,208	7,173,594	(20,550,802)	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	16,022,865	7,173,594	(20,550,802)	2,645,657
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings	110,566,376	20,731,842		131,298,218
Furniture and Equipment	7,285,484	1,280,218		8,565,702
Total capital assets being depreciated	117,851,860	22,012,060		139,863,920
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(32,303,179)	(2,713,706)	-	(35,016,885)
Furniture and Equipment	(6,657,047)	(679,684)	<u> </u>	(7,336,731)
Total accumulated depreciation	(38,960,226)	(3,393,390)	<u> </u>	(42,353,616)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	78,891,634	18,618,670	_	97,510,304
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 94,914,499	\$ 25,792,264	\$ (20,550,802)	\$ 100,155,961

Depreciation expense was charged as direct expense to programs of the District as follows:

Governmental activities:	
Instruction	\$2,334,989
Instructional Resources & Media Services	28,411
Curriculum & Instructional Staff Development	38,631
Instructional Leadership	14,925
School Leadership	276,024
Guidance, Counseling & Evaluation Services	144,704
Health Services	45,058
Student (Pupil) Transportation	119,035
Food Services	4,013
Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	74,701
General Administration	74,195
Plant Maintenance and Operations	113,838
Security and Monitoring	33,042
Data Processing Services	77,547
Community Services	14,277

Total depreciation expense-Governmental activities \$3,393,390

NOTE 5. MAINTENANCE TAX NOTES PAYABLE

Kaufman Independent School District Qualified School Construction Maintenance Tax Notes, Taxable Series 2010 were issued by the District on October 12, 2010 with an interest rate of 5.298%.

Debt service payments for the notes will be paid from the General Fund. 2010 Maintenance Tax Note payment requirements are as follows:

Year Ended			Total
August 31,	Principal	Interest	Requirements
2019	\$ -	\$ 185,430	\$ 185,430
2020	-	185,430	185,430
2021	-	185,430	185,430
2022	-	185,430	185,430
2023	No.	185,430	185,430
2024-2027	3,500,000	741,720	4,241,720
Thereafter		<u> </u>	
	\$3,500,000	\$1,668,870	\$5,168,870

The District is required to transfer into a sinking fund \$250,000 on August 15, 2014 and \$250,000 annually through August 15, 2027. These deposits are recorded as restricted cash in the General Fund and as a restriction of fund balance for retirement of long-term debt. At August 31, 2018 the District had \$1,235,195 in the sinking fund.

The District will receive an interest subsidy payment on the notes from the federal government of up to \$175,000 per year through 2027.

NOTE 6. LOAN PAYABLE

The District is obligated under a loan payable as follows:

			Final		Balance		
		Date of	Maturity	Original	August 31,		
	Interest Rate	Loan	Date	_Amount_	2018	Purpose	
American National Bank	4.250%	2/15/2018	11/1/2022	\$ 149,433	\$ 149,433	Band Instruments	_

Future loan payable debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending August 31,	Principal	Interest	Total Requirements
2019	\$ 28,885	\$ 4,569	\$ 33,454
2020	28,260	5,194	33,454
2021	29,467	3,988	33,455
2022	30,748	2,707	33,455
2023	32,073	1,382	33,455
	<u>\$149,433</u>	<u>\$17,840</u>	<u>\$167,273</u>

NOTE 7. CAPITAL LEASES PAYABLE

The following is a summary of leased property under capital leases at August 31, 2018:

Buses	\$ 859,854
Buses	876,395
Total	\$1,736,249

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments as of August 31, 2018, for each of the next five years and in the aggregate:

Year Ended August 31,	Principa	<u>Interest</u>	Total Lease <u>Payment</u>
2019	\$ 350,503	\$19,912	\$ 370,415
2020	344,203	,	370,414
2021	172,114	•	189,446
2022	177,708	•	189,447
2023	183,484	5,963	189,447
Thereafter		<u> </u>	<u>-</u>
	\$1,228,012	\$81,157	\$1,309,169

The lease payments will be made out of local general fund revenues. The interest rate on the capital leases are 1.25%-3.25%.

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt includes par bonds, capital appreciation (deep discount) serial bonds, loans, and capital leases. All long-term debt represents transactions in the District's governmental activities.

The District has entered into a continuing disclosure undertaking to provide Annual Reports and Material Event Notices to the State Information Depository of Texas (SID), which is the Municipal Advisory Council. This information is required under SEC Rule 15c2-12 to enable investors to analyze the financial condition and operations of the District.

The following is a summary of the changes in the District's Long-term Debt for the year ended August 31, 2018:

	Interest	Amounts	Issued			Amounts	Due
	Rate	Outstanding	Current	Interest	Retired/	Outstanding	Within
Description	Payable	9/1/17	Year	Accretion	Refunded	8/31/18	One Year
Bonded Indebtedness:							
	1.00.0.140/	\$ 726,837	ď	\$ -	Ф 2066	e 700 071	Φ 1.021
2014 Refunding Bonds	1.00-2.14%	\$ 726,837	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,966	\$ 722,871	\$ 1,931
2015 Unlimited Tax School							
Building Bonds	4.00%	8,295,000	-	-	-	8,295,000	-
2016 Unlimited Tax School Bldg.							
& Refunding Bonds	2.00-5.00%	53,645,000		-	835,000	52,810,000	1,130,000
2017 Unlimited Tax School							
Building Bonds	2.00-4.00%	9,235,000			380,000	8,855,000	110,000
Total Bonded Indebtedness:		71,901,837			1,218,966	70,682,871	1,241,931
Other Direct Obligations:							
Accreted Interest-							
Capital Appreciation Bonds		7,627	-	3,251	3,458	7,420	3,446
Premiums/Discounts on Bonds Pay	yable	6,833,349	-	-	294,884	6,538,465	295,491
Loans Payable	4.25%	_	149,433	-		149,433	28,885
Qualified School Construction			,			,	,
Maint. Tax Notes, 2010	5.298%	3,500,000	~	_	_	3,500,000	
Capital Leases Payable	1.25-3.25%	772,397	876,395		420,780	1,228,012	350,503
Total Other Obligations:		11,113,373	1,025,828	3,251	719,122	11,423,330	678,325
Total Obligations of District		\$ 83,015,210	\$ 1,025,828	\$ 3,251	\$1,938,088	\$82,106,201	\$1,920,256

Presented below is a summary of general obligation bond requirements to maturity:

General Obligation					
Year Ended			Total		
August 31,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Requirements</u>		
2019	\$ 1,241,931	\$ 2,852,163	\$ 4,094,094		
2020	1,660,940	2,816,904	4,477,844		
2021	1,755,000	2,718,332	4,473,332		
2022	1,825,000	2,650,419	4,475,419		
2023	1,885,000	2,588,631	4,473,631		
2024-2028	10,755,000	11,611,555	22,366,555		
2029-2033	13,085,000	8,867,843	21,952,843		
2034-2038	13,865,000	6,298,940	20,163,940		
2039-2043	16,870,000	3,289,400	20,159,400		
2044-2045	<u>7,740,000</u>	312,600	8,052,600		
•	<u>\$70,682,871</u>	<u>\$44,006,787</u>	<u>\$114,689,658</u>		

The 2014 bond series include Capital Appreciation Bonds. No interest is paid on these bonds prior to maturity. The bonds mature variously in 2019 through 2020. Interest accrues on these bonds each February 15 and August 15 even though the interest is not paid until maturity.

General Obligation Bonds are direct obligations issued on a pledge of the general taxing power for the payment of the debt obligations of the District. General Obligation Bonds require the District to compute, at the time taxes are levied, the rate of tax required to provide (in each year bonds are outstanding) a fund to pay interest and principal at maturity. The District is in compliance with this requirement.

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the various general obligation bonds indentures. The District is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions at August 31, 2018.

NOTE 9. DEFEASED DEBT

In prior years, the District has refunded certain bond series in advanced refunding transactions. Funds were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the refunded bonds. All refunded bonds have been repaid.

The District's deferred charges on bond refundings are as follows:

Balance – August 31, 2017	\$802,933
Increase due to current year refunding Current year amortization	(53,529)
Balance - August 31 2018	\$749 404

NOTE 10. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are considered available when collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The District levies its taxes on October 1 on the assessed (appraised) value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the District in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due upon receipt of the tax bill and are past due and subject to interest if not paid by February 1 of the year following the October 1 levy date. The assessed value of the property tax roll upon which the levy for the 2017-18 fiscal year was based was \$692,312,937. Taxes are delinquent if not paid by June 30. Delinquent taxes are subject to both penalty and interest charges plus 15 % delinquent collection fees for attorney costs.

The tax rates assessed for the year ended August 31, 2018, to finance General Fund operations and the payment of principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt were \$1.17 and \$0.38 per \$100 valuation, respectively, for a total of \$1.55 per \$100 valuation.

Current tax collections for the year ended August 31, 2018 were 96.2% of the year-end adjusted tax levy. Delinquent taxes are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. Allowances for uncollectible taxes within the General and Debt Service Funds are based on historical experience in collecting taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature. As of August 31, 2018, property taxes receivable, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, totaled \$627,472 and \$158,603 for the General and Debt Service Funds, respectively.

Property taxes are recorded as receivables and unavailable revenues at the time the taxes are assessed. Revenues are recognized as the related ad valorem taxes are collected.

NOTE 11. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description. Kaufman Independent School District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). TRS's defined benefit pension plan is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

Benefits Provided. TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description above.

Contributions. Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year. Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. Senate Bill 1458 of the 83rd Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and established employee contribution rates for fiscal years 2014 thru 2017. The 83rd Texas Legislature, General Appropriations Act (GAA) established the employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2014 and 2015. The 84th Texas Legislature, General Appropriations Act (GAA) established the employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2016 and 2017.

<u>Contribution Ra</u>	<u>tes</u>	
	2018	<u>2017</u>
Member	7.7%	7.7%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	6.8%	6.8%
Employers	6.8%	6.8%
Kaufman ISD FY2018 Employer Contribution	ons	\$ 692,942
Kaufman ISD FY2018 Member Contribution	ns	\$ 1,735,257
Kaufman ISD 2018 NECE On-Behalf Contr	ibutions	\$ 1,155,252

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including the TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during the fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers including public schools are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding source or a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two additional surcharges an employer is subject to.

- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.
- When a school district does not contribute to the Federal Old-Age, Survivors and Disability Insurance (OASDI) Program for certain employees, they must contribute 1.5% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the August 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	August 31, 2017
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value
Single Discount Rate	8.00%
Long-term expected Investment Rate of Return	8.00%
Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases Including Inflation	3.50% to 9.50%
Payroll Growth Rate	2.50%
Benefit Changes During the Year	None
Ad hoc Post Employment Benefit Changes	None

The actuarial methods and assumptions are primarily based on a study of actual experience for the four year period ending August 31, 2014 and adopted on September 24, 2015.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.0%. There was no change in the discount rate since the previous year. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 8%. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of August 31, 2017 are summarized below:

	Target	Real Return	Long-Term Expected Portfolio Real Rate of
Asset Class	Allocation	Geometric Basis	Return*
Global Equity			
U.S.	18%	4.6%	1.0%
Non-U.S. Developed	13%	5.1%	0.8%
Emerging Markets	9%	5.9%	0.7%
Directional Hedge Funds	4%	3.2%	0.1%
Private Equity	13%	7.0%	1.1%
Stable Value			
U.S. Treasuries	11%	0.7%	0.1%
Absolute Return	0%	1.8%	0.0%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	4%	3.0%	0.1%
Cash	1%	-0.2%	0.0%
Real Return			
Global Inflation Linked Bonds	3%	0.9%	0.0%
Real Assets	16%	5.1%	1.1%
Energy and Natural Resources	· 3%	6.6%	0.2%
Commodities	0%	1.2%	0.0%
Risk Parity			
Risk Parity	5%	6.7%	0.3%
Inflation Expectation			2.2%
Alpha	0%		1.0%
Total	<u>100%</u>		8.7%

^{*} The Expected Contribution to Returns incorporates the volatility drag resulting from the conversion between Arithmetic and Geometric mean returns.

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis. The following schedule shows the impact of the Net Pension Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (8%) in measuring the Net Pension Liability.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (7.0%)	Discount Rate (8.0%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (9.0%)
Kaufman ISD's proportionate			
share of the net pension liability:	\$10,133,994	\$6,011,380	\$2,578,629

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At August 31, 2018, Kaufman Independent School District reported a liability of \$6,011,380 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to Kaufman Independent School District. The amount recognized by Kaufman Independent School District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with Kaufman Independent School District were as follows:

District's Proportionate share of the collective net pension liability State's proportionate share that is associated with the District Total \$ 6,011,380 11,294,384 \$17,305,764

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2017 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2016 thru August 31, 2017.

At August 31, 2017 the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.0188005%, a decrease of 0.0003175% from its proportionate share of 0.018483% at August 31, 2016.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation – There were no changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability since the prior measurement period:

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

For the year ended August 31, 2018, Kaufman Independent School District recognized pension expense of \$1,155,252 and revenue of \$1,155,252 for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2018, Kaufman Independent School District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 87,949	\$ 324,186
Changes in actuarial assumptions	273,828	156,760
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	924,481	1,362,577
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's		
contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	1,221,938	418
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	692,942	-
Total	\$3,201,138	\$1,843,941

\$692,942 reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended August 31, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended August 31:	Pension Expense Amount
2019	\$ 105,459
2020	489,181
2021	75,979
2022	(41,402)
2023	28,642
Thereafter	6,396

NOTE 12. DEFINED OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS

Plan Description. The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS- Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered through a trust by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) Board of Trustees. It is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detail information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately-issued TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

Components of the net OPEB liability of the TRS-Care plan as of August 31, 2017 are as follows:

Net OPEB Liability	<u>Total</u>
Total OPEB Liability	\$43,885,784,621
Less: plan fiduciary net position	399,535,986
Net OPEB liability	<u>\$43,486,248,635</u>
Net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability	0.91%

Benefits Provided. TRS-Care provides a basic health insurance coverage (TRS-Care 1), at no cost to all retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible retirees and their dependents not enrolled in Medicare may pay premiums to participate in one of two optional insurance plans with more comprehensive benefits (TRS-Care 2 and TRS-Care 3). Eligible retirees and dependents enrolled in Medicare may elect to participate in one of the two Medicare health plans for an additional fee. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs.

The premium rates for the optional health insurance are based on years of service of the member. The schedule below shows the monthly rates for the average retiree with Medicare Parts A&B coverage, with 20 to 29 years of service for the basic plan and the two optional plans.

TRS-Care Plan Premium Rates Effective Sept. 1, 2016 - Dec. 31, 2017						
TRS-Care 1 TRS-Care 2 TRS-Care 3					TRS-Care 3	
		<u>Basic Plan</u>		Optional Plan		Optional Plan
Retiree*	\$	0	\$	70	\$	100
Retiree and Spouse		20		175		255
Retiree* and Children		41		132		
Retiree and Family		61		237		182
Surviving Children only		28		62		337
Saiviving Children Only	Surviving Children only 28 62 82					

^{*} or surviving spouse

Contributions. Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS Board of trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.0% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is .65% of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25 percent or not more than 0.75 percent of the salary of each active employee of the public. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

Contribution Rate	<u>tes</u>	
	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Active Employee	0.65%	0.65%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	1.25%	1.00%
Employers	0.75%	0.55%
Federal/private Funding remitted by Employers	1.25%	1.00%
Kaufman ISD FY18 Employer Contributions	\$20	1,714
Kaufman ISD FY18 Member Contributions	\$14	16,483
Kaufman ISD 2018 NECE On-behalf Contributions	\$31	9,966

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to, regardless of whether or not they participate in the TRS Care OPEB program. When employers hire a TRS retiree, they are required to pay to TRS Care, a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$15.6 million in fiscal year 2017 and \$182.6 million in fiscal year 2018. House Bill 21 was passed in special session and provided a supplemental appropriation in the amount of \$212 million in fiscal year 2018.

The District's proportionate of share of the \$212,000,000 received during the District's 2018 fiscal year is reported in the fund level financial statements as an on-behalf contribution as required by GASB 85 and GASB 24.

Actuarial Assumptions. The actuarial valuation of TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuations performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. All of the demographic assumptions, including mortality, and most of the economic assumptions are identical to those which were adopted by the Board in 2015 and are based on the 2014 actuarial experience study of TRS.

The active mortality rates were based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables for males and females. The post-retirement mortality rates were based on the 2015 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables.

The total OPEB liability in the August 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions. The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2017 TRS pension actuarial valuation:

Rates of Mortality

Rates of Retirement

Rates of Termination

Rates of Disability Incidence

General Inflation
Wage Inflation

Expected Payroll Growth

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date

Actuarial Cost Method

Inflation

Discount Rate

Aging Factors

Expenses

Payroll Growth Rate
Projected Salary Increases

Healthcare Trend Rates

Election Rates

August 31, 2017

Individual Entry Age Normal

2.50%

3,42%

Based on specific plan experience

Third-party administrative expenses related to the delivery of health care benefits are included in the

age-adjusted claim costs

2.50%

3.50% to 9.50%

4.50% to 12.00%

Normal Retirement: 70%

participation prior to age 65 and 75% participation after age 65

None

Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes

Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 3.42% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was a change of .44 percent in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of currentplan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability. The source of the municipal bond rate was Fixed-income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of August 31, 2017.

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis. The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (3.42%) in measuring the Net OPEB Liability.

	1% Decrease in	Current Single Discount	1% Increase in
	Discount Rate (2.42%)	Rate (3.42%)	Discount Rate (4.42%)
District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability:	\$14,589,511	\$12,361,393	\$10,570,488

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Sensitivity Analysis - The following presents the net OPEB liability of the plan using the assumed healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is one-percentage lower or one-percentage point higher than the assumed healthcare cost trend rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	1% Increase
District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability:	\$10,292,094	\$12,361,393	\$15,076,573

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expenses, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs. At August 31, 2018, the District reported a liability of \$12,361,393 for its proportionate share of the TRS's Net OPEB Liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's Proportionate share of the collective Net OPEB Liability	\$12,361,393
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	16,691,956
Total	\$29.053.349

The Net OPEB Liability was measured as of August 31, 2017 and the Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability was based on the employer's contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2016 thru August 31, 2017.

At August 31, 2017 the employer's proportion of the collective Net OPEB Liability was 0.028426% which was the same proportion measured as of August 31, 2016.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation – The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

1. Significant plan changes were adopted during fiscal year ending August 31, 2017. Effective January 1, 2018, only one health plan option will exist (instead of three), and all retirees will be required to contribute monthly premiums for coverage. The health plan changes triggered changes to several of the assumptions including participation rates, retirement rates, and spousal participation rates.

- 2. The August 31, 2016 valuation had assumed that the savings related to the Medicare Part D reimbursements would phase out by 2022. This assumption was removed for the August 31, 2017 valuation. Although there is uncertainty regarding these federal subsidies, the new assumption better reflects the current substantive plan. This change was unrelated to the plan amendment, and its impact included assumption change in the reconciliation of the total OPEB liability. This change significantly lowered the OPEB liability.
- 3. The discount rate changed from 2.98 percent as of August 31, 2016 to 3.42 percent as of August 31, 2017. This change lowered the total OPEB liability.

In this valuation the impact of the Cadillac Tax has been calculated as a portion of the trend assumption. Assumptions and methods used to determine the impact of the Cadillac Tax include:

- 2018 thresholds of \$850/\$2,292 were indexed annually by 2.50 percent.
- Premium data submitted was not adjusted for permissible exclusions to the Cadillac Tax.
- There were no special adjustments to the dollar limit than those permissible for non-Medicare retirees over 55.

Results indicate that the value of the excise tax would be reasonably represented by a 25 basis point addition to the long term rate assumption.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements; and changes in plan provisions or applicable law.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

For the year ended August 31, 2018, the District recognized OPEB expense of (\$5,585,572) and revenue of (\$5,585,572) for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2018, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ -	\$ 258,053
Changes in actuarial assumptions	-	4,912,741
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	1,878	-
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's		
contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	55	-
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	201,714	•
Total	\$ 203,647	\$ 5,170,794

The net amounts of the employer's balance of deferred outflows and inflows of resources (not including the deferred contribution paid subsequent to the measurement date) related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended August 31:	OPEB Expense Amount
2019	\$ (682,037)
2020	(682,037)
2021	(682,037)
2022	(682,037)
2023	(682,505)
Thereafter	(1,758,208)

NOTE 13. SCHOOL DISTRICT RETIREE HEALTH PLAN

Plan Description. Kaufman Independent School District contributes to the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment health care plan administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas. TRS-Care Retired Plan provides health care coverage for certain persons (and their dependents) who retired under the Teacher Retirement System of Texas. The statutory authority for the program is Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575. Section 1575.052 grants the TRS Board of Trustees authority to establish and amend the basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants. The TRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for TRS-Care. That report may be obtained by visiting the TRS Web site at www.trs.state.tx.us, by writing to the Communications Department of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, Texas 78701, or by calling 1-800-223-8778.

Funding Policy. Contribution requirements are not actuarially determined but are legally established each biennium by the Texas Legislature. Texas Insurance Code, Sections 1575.202, 203, and 204 establish state, active employee, and public school contributions, respectively. The State of Texas and active public school employee contribution rates were 1.0% and 0.65% of public school payroll, respectively, with school districts contributing a percentage of payroll set at 0.55% for fiscal years 2017 and 2016. In fiscal year 2018, the State of Texas contribution rate increased to 1.25% and the District contribution rate increased to 0.75%. Per Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575, the public school contribution may not be less than 0.25% or greater than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the public school. For the years ended August 31, 2018, 2017, and 2016, the State's contributions to TRS-Care were \$319,966, \$200,653, and \$196,004, respectively, the active member contributions were \$146,483, \$141,633, and \$138,052, respectively, and the school district's contribution were \$201,714, \$137,086, and \$133,198, respectively, which equaled the required contributions each year.

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003, which was effective January 1, 2006, established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. One of the provisions of Medicare D allows for the Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) to receive retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. These on-behalf payments are recognized as equal revenues and expenditures/expenses by the District. For the year ended August 31, 2018, the contribution made on behalf of the District was \$68,178.

NOTE 14. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund receivables and payables at August 31, 2018 represented short-term advances between funds. These amounts are expected to be repaid in less than one year from August 31, 2018.

	Due from	Due to
<u>Fund</u>	Other Funds	Other Funds
Major Governmental Funds:		
General Fund:		
Debt Service Fund	\$ 110,643	\$ 110,643
Capital Projects Fund	2,333,255	2,333,255
Total Major Governmental Funds	<u>\$2,443,898</u>	<u>\$2,443,898</u>

During the fiscal year ended August 31, 2018, \$30,912 was transferred from the General Fund to the District's Child Care Center. The District also transferred \$2,333,255 from the General Fund to the Capital Projects Fund. These transfers were made to cover the operating deficit of the Child Care Center and as an equity transfer to the Capital Projects Fund.

NOTE 15. HEALTH CARE

During the year ended August 31, 2018, employees of Kaufman Independent School District were covered by a health insurance plan (the Plan). The District contributed \$260 per month per employee to the Plan and employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay any additional contribution and contributions for dependents. All contributions were paid to a fully insured plan.

NOTE 16. WORKERS COMPENSATION

The District participates in the Texas Educational Insurance Association Workers Compensation Self-Insurance Joint Fund. The District is partially self-funded to a loss fund maximum of \$234,794 for the 17-18 fiscal year. Additionally, the District incurred fixed costs of \$59,022 for their share of claims administration, loss control, record keeping, and cost of excess insurance.

Claims Administrative Services, Inc. provides claims administration. Reinsurance is provided for aggregate claim losses exceeding \$500,000 for the entire pool. The fixed cost charge is based on total payroll paid by the District. Increases or decreases in the fixed costs will adjust subsequent year charges.

The accrued liability for workers compensation self-insurance of \$238,857 includes incurred but not reported claims. This liability is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues," which require that a liability for claims be reported if information indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. The liability recorded is an undiscounted actuarial calculation.

Changes in workers compensation claims liability amounts in fiscal years 2018 and 2017 are represented below:

	September 1	Claims and		August 31
Fiscal	Claims	Changes in	Claims	Claims
Year	Liability	Estimates	Payments	<u>Liability</u>
2018	\$201,312	\$ 93,972	\$56,427	\$238,857
2017	227,379	68,694	94,761	201,312

NOTE 17. DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to partially or fully finance certain activities. In addition, the District receives entitlements from the State through the School Foundation, Per Capita, Existing Debt Allotment, and Instruction Facilities Allotment Programs. Amounts due from federal and state governments as of August 31, 2018, are summarized below. All federal grants shown below are passed through the TEA and are reported on the combined financial statements as Due from Other Governments.

	State	Federal	Local	
Fund	Entitlements	Grants	Governments	Total
General	\$ 70,719	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 70,719
Debt Service Fund		-	~	
Nonmajor Special Revenue	275,449	710,452		985,901
Total	<u>\$346,168</u>	<u>\$710,452</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$1,056,620</u>

NOTE 18. LITIGATION AND CONTINGENCIES

The District participates in numerous state and Federal grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, if any, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at August 31, 2018 may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying combined financial statements for such contingencies.

NOTE 19. REVENUES FROM LOCAL AND INTERMEDIATE SOURCES

During the current year, revenues from local and intermediate sources consisted of the following:

	General	Capital	Capital Special		
	Fund	Projects Fund	Revenue Funds	Service Fund	Total
Property Taxes	\$8,093,847	\$ -	\$ -	\$2,611,420	\$10,705,267
Food Sales	-	N.	310,943	-	310,943
Investment Income	80,582	7,171		4,102	91,855
Penalties, interest and other					
tax related income	148,442	-	-	40,381	188,823
Co-curricular student activities	101,706	-	519,791	_	621,497
Other	<u>80,906</u>	<u></u>	38,273		119,179
Total	<u>\$8,505,483</u>	<u>\$ 7,171</u>	\$869,007	\$2,655,903	\$12,037,564

NOTE 20. UNEARNED REVENUE

Unearned revenue at year-end consisted of the following:

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total
Read to Succeed Tobacco Grant	\$ - <u>-</u> \$ -	\$ 406 40 <u>\$ 446</u>	\$ - <u>\$</u> -	\$ 406 <u>40</u> <u>\$ 446</u>

NOTE 21. EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS BY FUNCTION

The Texas Education Agency requires the budgets for certain Governmental fund types to be filed with the Texas Education Agency. The budget should not be exceeded in any functional category under TEA requirements. Expenditures exceeded appropriations in two functional categories in the General Fund and one functional category in the Child Nutrition Fund for the year ended August 31, 2018.

NOTE 22. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

In fiscal year 2018, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB). As such, a prior period adjustment was necessary to record the beginning OPEB liability of the District. The following illustrates the effect of the prior period adjustment:

Beginning Net Position – As Originally Presented	\$ 26,300,489
Restatement due to:	
Net OPEB liability (measurement date as of	
August 31, 2016)	(21,823,416)
Deferred Outflows:	
District contributions made to TRS after August 31, 2016	<u> 147,787</u>
Beginning Net Position - As Restated	\$ 4,624,860

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

KAUFMAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2018

	Pl	FY 2018 an Year 2017	P	FY 2017 Plan Year 2016	FY 2016 Plan Year 2015	I	FY 2015 Plan Year 2014
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)		0.0188005%		0.018483%	0.019083%		0.012095%
District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	6,011,380	\$	6,984,597	\$ 6,745,586	\$	3,230,741
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Associated with the District		11,294,384		13,778,519	13,297,354		11,592,865
Total	\$	17,305,764	\$	20,763,116	\$ 20,042,940	\$	14,823,606
District's Covered Payroll	\$	21,789,747	\$	21,238,941	\$ 20,367,180	\$	19,926,088
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		27.59%		32.89%	33.12%		16.21%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		82.17%		78.00%	78.43%		83.25%

Note: GASB 68, Paragraph 81 requires that the information on this schedule be data from the period corresponding with the periods covered as of the measurement dates of August 31, 2017 for year 2018, August 31, 2016 for Year 2017, August 31, 2015 for Year 2016 and August 31, 2014 for 2015.

Note: In accordance with GASB 68, Paragraph 138, only four years of data are presented this reporting period. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

KAUFMAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR PENSIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2018

	 2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 692,942 \$	616,167 \$	588,657 \$	565,057
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(692,942)	(616,167)	(588,657)	(565,057)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -0- \$	-0-\$	-0- \$	-0-
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 22,535,810 \$	21,789,747 \$	21,238,941 \$	20,367,180
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	3.07%	2.83%	2.77%	2.77%

Note: GASB 68, Paragraph 81 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending August 31 of the preceding year.

Note: In accordance with GASB 68, Paragraph 138, only four years of data are presented this reporting period. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

KAUFMAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2018

	Pla	FY 2018 n Year 2017	
District's Proportion of the Net Liability (Asset) for Other Post Employment Benefits		0.028426%	
District's Proportionate Share of Net Post Employment Benefit Liability (Asset)	\$	12,361,393	
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Post Employment Benefit Liability (Asset) Associated with the District		16,691,956	
Total	\$	29,053,349	
District's Covered Payroll	\$	21,789,747	
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		56.73%	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		0.91%	

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P50.238 states that the information on this schedule should be determined as of the measurement date. Therefore the amounts reported for FY 2018 are based on the August 31, 2017 measurement date.

This schedule shows only the year for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

KAUFMAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2018

	2018		
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 201,714		
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(201,714)		
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -0-		
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 22,535,810		
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.90%		

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P50.238 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending August 31 of the preceding year.

Information in this schedule should be provided only for the years where data is available. Eventually 10 years of data should be presented.

KAUFMAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PENSION AND OPEB INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2018

PENSION LIABILITY:

Changes of benefit terms:

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

Changes of assumptions:

There were no changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability since the prior measurement period.

OPEB LIABILITY:

Changes of benefit terms:

There were no changes in benefit terms that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

Changes of assumptions:

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

- 1. Significant plan changes were adopted during fiscal year ending August 31, 2017. Effective January 1, 2018, only one health plan option will exist (instead of three), and all retirees will be required to contribute monthly premiums for coverage. The health plan changes triggered changes to several of the assumptions including participation rates, retirement rates, and spousal participation rates.
- 2. The August 31, 2016 valuation had assumed that the savings related to the Medicare Part D reimbursements would phase out by 2022. This assumption was removed for the August 31, 2017 valuation. Although there is uncertainty regarding these federal subsidies, the new assumption better reflects the current substantive plan. This change was unrelated to the plan amendment, and its impact included assumption change in the reconciliation of the total OPEB liability. This change significantly lowered the OPEB liability.
- 3. The discount rate changed from 2.98 percent as of August 31, 2016 to 3.42 percent as of August 31, 2017. This change lowered the total OPEB liability.

COMBINING SCHEDULES

KAUFMAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2018

72-4-			205		211		224		225
Data Contro	1				ESEA I, A	ID	EA - Part B	IDI	EA - Part B
Codes	ı				Improving		Formula	F	reschool
Codes		I	Head Start	Ba	sic Program				
	ASSETS								
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	(124,673)	\$	(143,155)	\$	(141,731)	\$	(4,270)
1240	Due from Other Governments		170,447		197,756		167,876		5,832
1290	Other Receivables		_		-		-		-
1000	Total Assets	\$	45,774	\$	54,601	\$	26,145	\$	1,562
	LIABILITIES								
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	2,959	. \$	-	\$	_	\$	-
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		42,815		54,601		26,145		1,562
2300	Unearned Revenue				-		-		**
2000	Total Liabilities		45,774		54,601		26,145		1,562
	FUND BALANCES								
	Restricted Fund Balance:								
3450	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction		_		-		_		to to
	Committed Fund Balance:								
3545	Other Committed Fund Balance		-		-				_
3000	Total Fund Balances		-		***	_	**		-
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	45,774	\$	54,601	\$	26,145	\$	1,562

240		244		255		263		270		392		397		410		
N	National		Career and		ESEA II,A		Title III, A		ESEA VI, Pt B		Non-Ed.		Advanced		State	
Bre	akfast and	Tech	nnical -	Tra	aining and	Eng	glish Lang.	Ru	ral & Low	Co	mmunity	P	lacement		Fextbook	
Lunc	ch Program	Basic	c Grant	R	ecruiting	A	cquisition		Income	Bas	ed Support	Incentives		Fund		
\$	68,726	\$	(67)	\$	(29,329)	\$	(13,156)	\$	(26,202)	\$	(17,072)	\$	2,110	\$	(255,787)	
	88,036		67		36,080		18,156		26,202		17,072		-		258,377	
	630		-		-		-		•		-		-		-	
\$	157,392	\$	_	\$	6,751	\$	5,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,110	\$	2,590	
				-										-		
\$	135,797	\$		\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$		\$	2,590	
	3,420		-		6,751		5,000				_		-		-	
	_		-		-		-		_		-		-			
	139,217		-		6,751		5,000				-		-		2,590	
				<u> </u>								-				
	18,175		cus		_		_		-		_		2,110		_	
	,												,,			
	-		-		-		-		-		-		Re		-	
	18,175		-		-		-						2,110		-	
										•						
\$	157,392	\$	-	\$	6,751	\$	5,000	\$	-	\$		\$	2,110	\$	2,590	

KAUFMAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2018

· .			423	4	427		129	461			
Data			Read			Other State			Campus		
Contro Codes			to	G	rant	Sp	ecial	Activity			
Codes		Su				Revenue Funds		Funds			
	ASSETS										
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	406	\$	40	\$	-	\$	171,648		
1240	Due from Other Governments		-		-		-		· -		
1290	Other Receivables		-		_		-		3,700		
1000	Total Assets	\$	406	\$	40	\$	_	\$	175,348		
	LIABILITIES										
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,935		
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		160		_		-				
2300	Unearned Revenue		406		40		-		4 9		
2000	Total Liabilities		406		40		-		10,935		
	FUND BALANCES										
	Restricted Fund Balance:										
3450	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction		-		-		-		**		
	Committed Fund Balance:										
3545	Other Committed Fund Balance		-		_		-		164,413		
3000	Total Fund Balances		-		-				164,413		
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	406	\$	40	\$	-	\$	175,348		

	498	Total						
C	hild	ì	Nonmajor					
(Care	Go	vernmental					
C	enter		Funds					
\$	-	\$	(512,512)					
	-		985,901					
			4,330					
\$	-	\$	477,719					
		• •						
\$	-	\$	152,281					
	-		140,294					
	-		446					
	_		293,021					
	-		20,285					
	-		164,413					
	-	-	184,698					
\$	*	\$	477,719					

KAUFMAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2018

Data Control Codes	 205 211 ESEA I, A Improving Head Start Basic Program		224 IDEA - Part B Formula	225 IDEA - Part B Preschool	
REVENUES: 5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources 5800 State Program Revenues 5900 Federal Program Revenues 5020 Total Revenues	\$ 610,468 610,468	\$	- 740,590 740,590	\$ - 746,406 746,406	\$ - 17,488 17,488
EXPENDITURES: Current: 0011 Instruction 0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development 0021 Instructional Leadership 0023 School Leadership 0031 Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services 0033 Health Services 0035 Food Services 0036 Extracurricular Activities 0061 Community Services 6030 Total Expenditures	 494,947 12,710 - 35,578 - 61,379 - 5,854 610,468		632,888 - - 107,702 - - - - 740,590	406,734 - 21,599 - 318,073 - - - - 746,406	17,488 - - - - - - - 17,488
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): 7915 Transfers In	 -		-	-	-
Net Change in Fund Balance 1200 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	 -		-	-	-
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -

240		244	255	263	270	392	397	410	
National Breakfast and		Career and	ESEA II,A	Title III, A	ESEA VI, Pt B	Non-Ed.	Advanced	State Textbook	
		Technical -	Training and	English Lang.	Rural & Low	Community	Placement		
Lui	nch Program	Basic Grant	Recruiting	Acquisition	Income	Based Support	Incentives	Fund	
\$	310,944 \$	_	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	S - \$		
	11,346	-			-	51,638	285	297,978	
	1,645,049	34,746	96,306	56,632	55,564		-	_	
	1,967,339	34,746	96,306	56,632	55,564	51,638	285	297,978	
		34,746	96,306	56,632	55,564	_	_	297,978	
	-	-	70,500	-	55,50-		-	271,710	
		-	-	-	-	-	-	_	
	-	-		-	-	-		-	
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	4 005 000	-	-	-	-	•	•	•	
	1,997,392	-	-	-	~	•	-	-	
	-			_	-	51,638	_	-	
	1,997,392	34,746	96,306	56,632	55,564		-	297,978	
	(30,053)	24	-	-	-	-	285	-	
	-	w.	-	-	-	-		-	
	(30,053)	-	=				285	_	
	48,228	-		_		_	1,825	_	
\$	18,175 \$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - 5	\$ 2,110 \$	-	

KAUFMAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2018

Data Control Codes	4 R Suc	427 Tobacc Grant		429 Other State Special Revenue Funds		461 Campus Activity Funds	
REVENUES: 5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources 5800 State Program Revenues 5900 Federal Program Revenues 5020 Total Revenues	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	-	\$ 10,	- \$ 850 -	522,291 201 - 522,492
EXPENDITURES: Current: 0011 Instruction 0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development 0021 Instructional Leadership 0023 School Leadership 0031 Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services 0033 Health Services 0035 Food Services 0036 Extracurricular Activities 0061 Community Services		- - - - - - - -		-	10,	850 - - - - -	- - - - - 526,808
6030 Total Expenditures 1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): 7915 Transfers In		- - -		-	10,	-	(4,316)
Net Change in Fund Balance 1200 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		-		-		-	(4,316) 168,729
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	164,413

	498	Total
	Child	Nonmajor
	Care	Governmental
-	Center	Funds
ø	25 550	ф <u>0</u> 20.00 д
\$	35,772	
	4,350	376,648 4,003,249
	40,122	5,248,904
	40,122	3,248,904
	-	2,104,133
	-	12,710
	•	21,599
	-	143,280
	-	318,073
	-	61,379
	÷	1,997,392
	-	526,808
	71,034	128,526
	71,034	5,313,900
	(30,912)	(64,996)
	30,912	30,912
	-	(34,084)
	•	218,782
\$	-	\$ 184,698

REQUIRED T.E.A. SCHEDULES

KAUFMAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FISCAL YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2018

	(1)	(3) Assessed/Appraised				
Last 10 Years Ended	Tax I	Tax Rates				
August 31	Maintenance	Debt Service	Value for School Tax Purposes			
2009 and prior years	Various	Various	\$ 662,907,636			
010	1.040000	0.260000	643,399,255			
011	1.170000	0.130000	640,085,175			
012	1.170000	0.130000	630,217,324			
013	1.170000	0.130000	611,557,905			
014	1.170000	0.130000	609,875,328			
015	1.170000	0.130000	608,966,432			
016	1.170000	0.290000	611,281,966			
2017	1.170000	0.360000	628,724,630			
018 (School year under audit)	1.170000	0.380000	692,312,937			
000 TOTALS						

(10) Beginning Balance 9/1/2017	(20) Current Year's Total Levy	Current Year's Maintenance		(32) Debt Service Collections			(40) Entire Year's Adjustments	(50) Ending Balance 8/31/2018	
\$ 120,419	\$ -	\$	5,435	\$	1,066	\$	(8,538) \$	105,380	
27,676	-		1,103		276		(25)	26,272	
28,941	-		2,167		241		(24)	26,509	
34,096	-		3,745		416		(24)	29,911	
33,611	-		8,284		920		4,865	29,272	
42,279	-		12,396		1,377		5,518	34,024	
58,963	-		18,261		2,029		6,741	45,414	
99,410	-		35,771		8,866		6,782	61,555	
342,639	-		168,366		51,805		(28,108)	94,360	
-	10,556,289		7,834,141		2,544,422		233,395	411,121	
\$ 788,034	\$ 10,556,289	\$	8,089,669	\$	2,611,418	\$	220,582 \$	863,818	

KAUFMAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CHILD NUTRITION PROGRAM FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2018

Data Control Codes		Budgeted Amounts					Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)		Variance With Final Budget Positive or	
		Original		Final		•		(Negative)		
	REVENUES:								· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
5700	Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	321,669	\$.	321,669	\$	310,944	\$	(10,725)	
	State Program Revenues		13,151		13,151		11,346		(1,805)	
5900 I	Federal Program Revenues		1,523,663		1,523,663		1,645,049		121,386	
5020	Total Revenues		1,858,483		1,858,483		1,967,339		108,856	
	EXPENDITURES:									
0035 I	Food Services		1,905,212		1,905,212		1,997,392		(92,180)	
6030	Total Expenditures		1,905,212		1,905,212		1,997,392		(92,180)	
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances		(46,729)		(46,729)		(30,053)		16,676	
0100	Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		48,228		48,228		48,228			
3000	Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	1,499	\$	1,499	\$	18,175	\$	16,676	

KAUFMAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2018

Data Control		Budgeted Amounts					Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)		Variance With Final Budget Positive or	
Code	Codes		Original		Final				Negative)	
	REVENUES:									
5700	Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	2,285,000	\$	2,285,000	\$	2,655,903	\$	370,903	
5800	State Program Revenues		2,087,791		2,087,791		2,578,855		491,064	
5020	Total Revenues		4,372,791		4,372,791		5,234,758		861,967	
	EXPENDITURES:									
	Debt Service:									
0071	Principal on Long-Term Debt		1,218,966		1,218,966		1,218,966		-	
0072	Interest on Long-Term Debt		2,874,679		2,874,679		2,874,678		1	
0073	Bond Issuance Cost and Fees		3,000		23,000		1,700		21,300	
6030	Total Expenditures		4,096,645		4,116,645		4,095,344		21,301	
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances		276,146		256,146		1,139,414		883,268	
0100	Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		132,175		132,175		132,175			
3000	Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	408,321	\$	388,321	\$	1,271,589	\$	883,268	

FEDERAL AWARDS SECTION

Members:
AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF
CERTIFIED PUBLIC
ACCOUNTANTS
TEXAS SOCIETY OF CERTIFIED
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HANKINS, EASTUP, DEATON, TONN & SEAY

A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

902 NORTH LOCUST P.O. BOX 977 DENTON, TX 76202-0977

> TEL. (940) 387-8563 FAX (940) 383-4746

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Trustees Kaufman Independent School District Kaufman, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Kaufman Independent School District, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Kaufman Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report dated January 3, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of the audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hankins, Eastup, Deaton, Town & Seay, PC

Denton, Texas

January 3, 2019

Members:
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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Trustees Kaufman Independent School District Kaufman, Texas

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Kaufman Independent School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Kaufman Independent School District's major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2018. Kaufman Independent School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of finding and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Kaufman Independent School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Costs Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Kaufman Independent School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Kaufman Independent School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Kaufman Independent School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2018.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Kaufman Independent School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Kaufman Independent School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Kaufman Independent School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hankins, Eastup, Deaton, Tonn + Leay
Hankins, Eastup, Deaton, Tonn & Seay, PC

Denton, Texas

January 3, 2019

KAUFMAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2018

- I. Summary of Auditor's Results
 - 1. Type of auditor's report issued on the financial statements: Unmodified.
 - 2. Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified: None Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses: None reported

- 3. Noncompliance which is material to the financial statements: None
- 4. Internal controls over major federal programs:

Material weakness(es) identified: None Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses: None reported

- 5. Type of auditor's report on compliance for major federal programs: Unmodified.
- 6. Did the audit disclose findings which are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?: No
- 7. Major programs include:

CFDA 84.010A ESEA, Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs

Special Education Cluster: CFDA 84.027 IDEA-Part B, Formula CFDA 84.173 IDEA-Part B, Preschool

- 8. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$750,000.
- 9. Low risk auditee: Yes
- II. Findings Related to the Financial Statements

None

III. Findings and Questioned Costs Related to Federal Awards

None

IV. Other Findings

None

KAUFMAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF STATUS OF PRIOR FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2018

PRIOR YEAR FINDING/NONCOMPLIANCE

No prior year findings.

KAUFMAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2018

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

None required.

KAUFMAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2018

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	١	
FEDERAL GRANTOR/	• •	• •	(4))	
PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/	Federal CFDA	Pass-Through	17-1-	1	
PROGRAM or CLUSTER TITLE	Number	Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditure		
	Number	Number	Expend	itures	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through Region 10 Service Center					
	84.010.4	10/10101057050	ф	607.000	
ESEA, Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs ESEA, Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010A 84.010A	18610101057950 19610101057950	\$	685,989 54,601	
Total CFDA Number 84.010A				740,590	
Title III, Part A - English Language Acquisition ESEA, Title II, Part A, Supporting Effective Instr	84.365A 84.367A	18671001057950 18694501057950		56,632 96,306	
Total Passed Through Region 10 Service Center				893,528	
Passed Through State Department of Education			·		
*IDEA - Part B, Formula *IDEA - Part B, Preschool	84.027 84.173	186600011299036600 186610011299036610		746,406 17,488	
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)				763,894	
Career and Technical - Basic Grant	84.048	18420006129903	·	34,746	
ESEA, Title V, Part B - Rural & Low Income Prog.	84.358B	18696001129903		55,564	
Total Passed Through State Department of Education				854,204	
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION		,	1	1,747,732	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Direct Programs					
Head Start	93.600	06CH010150-03-02		610,468	
Total Direct Programs				610,468	
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN	SERVICES			610,468	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE					
Passed Through the State Department of Agriculture					
*School Breakfast Program	10.553	71401801		423,149	
*National School Lunch Program - Cash Assistance	10.555	71301801	1	1,076,257	
*National School Lunch Prog Non-Cash Assistance	10.555	71301801	<u></u>	145,643	
Total CFDA Number 10.555			1	1,221,900	
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			1	1,645,049	
Total Passed Through the State Department of Agriculture	•		1	1,645,049	
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			1	1,645,049	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 4	4,003,249	
*Clustanad Decompa					

KAUFMAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2018

- 1. The District uses the fund types specified in Texas Education Agency's Financial Accountability System Resource Guide. Special Revenue Funds are used to account for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by a grantor. Federal and state financial assistance generally is accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund. Generally, unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.
- 2. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The Governmental Fund types are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. All Federal grant funds were accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund which is a Governmental Fund type. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities and the fund balance are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases and decreases in net current assets.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for the Governmental Fund types and Agency Funds. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available, and expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on Long-Term Debt, which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments, which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Federal grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant, and, accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as deferred revenues until earned.

- 3. The District participates in numerous state and Federal grant programs that are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, if any, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at August 31, 2018, may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are not significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provisions has been recorded in the accompanying combined financial statements for such contingencies.
- 4. The District also received \$377,789 of School Health and Related Services (SHARS) payments. These payments are not considered Federal awards for purposes of the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and were recorded as Federal revenues in the General Fund.